

Gödel's Incompleteness Theorems

Lawrence C. Paulson

July 22, 2014

Abstract

Gödel's two incompleteness theorems [2] are formalised, following a careful presentation by Świerczkowski [3], in the theory of hereditarily finite sets. This represents the first ever machine-assisted proof of the second incompleteness theorem. Compared with traditional formalisations using Peano arithmetic [1], coding is simpler, with no need to formalise the notion of multiplication (let alone that of a prime number) in the formalised calculus upon which the theorem is based. However, other technical problems had to be solved in order to complete the argument.

Contents

1 Syntax of Terms and Formulas using Nominal Logic	6
1.1 Terms and Formulas	6
1.1.1 \mathbf{Hf} is a pure permutation type	6
1.1.2 The datatypes	6
1.1.3 Substitution	7
1.1.4 Semantics	9
1.1.5 Derived syntax	11
1.1.6 Derived logical connectives	12
1.2 Axioms and Theorems	13
1.2.1 Logical axioms	13
1.2.2 Concrete variables	14
1.2.3 The \mathbf{HF} axioms	14
1.2.4 Equality axioms	15
1.2.5 The proof system	16
1.2.6 Derived rules of inference	17
1.2.7 The Deduction Theorem	20
1.2.8 Cut rules	21
1.3 Miscellaneous logical rules	22
1.3.1 Quantifier reasoning	26
1.3.2 Congruence rules	27
1.4 Equality reasoning	28
1.4.1 The congruence property for $\text{op } EQ$, and other basic properties of equality	28
1.4.2 The congruence property for $\text{op } IN$	30
1.4.3 The congruence properties for $Eats$ and $HPair$	31
1.4.4 Substitution for Equalities	32
1.4.5 Congruence Rules for Predicates	33
1.5 Zero and Falsity	34
1.5.1 The Formula Fls	35
1.5.2 More properties of $Zero$	36
1.5.3 Basic properties of $Eats$	37
1.6 Bounded Quantification involving $Eats$	39
1.7 Induction	41

2 De Bruijn Syntax, Quotations, Codes, V-Codes	42
2.1 de Bruijn Indices (locally-nameless version)	42
2.2 Characterising the Well-Formed de Bruijn Formulas	46
2.2.1 Well-Formed Terms	46
2.2.2 Well-Formed Formulas	47
2.3 Well formed terms and formulas (de Bruijn representation) .	48
2.4 Quotations	51
2.4.1 Quotations of de Bruijn terms	51
2.4.2 Quotations of de Bruijn formulas	52
2.5 Definitions Involving Coding	55
2.6 Quotations are Injective	57
2.6.1 Terms	57
2.6.2 Formulas	57
2.6.3 The set Γ of Definition 1.1, constant terms used for coding	58
2.7 V-Coding for terms and formulas, for the Second Theorem .	59
3 Basic Predicates	61
3.1 The Subset Relation	61
3.2 Extensionality	64
3.3 The Disjointness Relation	65
3.4 The Foundation Theorem	68
3.5 The Ordinal Property	70
3.6 Induction on Ordinals	74
3.7 Linearity of Ordinals	75
3.8 The predicate <i>OrdNotEqP</i>	77
3.9 Predecessor of an Ordinal	78
3.10 Case Analysis and Zero/SUCC Induction	79
3.11 The predicate <i>HFun-Sigma</i>	81
3.12 The predicate <i>HDomain-Incl</i>	83
3.13 <i>HPair</i> is Provably Injective	85
3.14 <i>SUCC</i> is Provably Injective	86
3.15 The predicate <i>LstSeqP</i>	88
4 Sigma-Formulas and Theorem 2.5	90
4.1 Ground Terms and Formulas	90
4.2 Sigma Formulas	91
4.2.1 Strict Sigma Formulas	91
4.2.2 Closure properties for Sigma-formulas	92
4.3 Lemma 2.2: Atomic formulas are Sigma-formulas	92
4.4 Universal Quantification Bounded by an Arbitrary Term . .	97
4.5 Lemma 2.3: Sequence-related concepts are Sigma-formulas .	98
4.6 A Key Result: Theorem 2.5	99
4.6.1 Sigma-Eats Formulas	99

4.6.2	Preparation	99
4.6.3	The base cases: ground atomic formulas	101
5	Predicates for Terms, Formulas and Substitution	103
5.1	Predicates for atomic terms	103
5.1.1	Free Variables	103
5.1.2	De Bruijn Indexes	104
5.1.3	Various syntactic lemmas	105
5.2	The predicate <i>SqCTermP</i> , for Terms and Constants	105
5.3	The predicates <i>TermP</i> and <i>ConstP</i>	108
5.3.1	Definition	108
5.3.2	Correctness: It Corresponds to Quotations of Real Terms	108
5.3.3	Correctness properties for constants	109
5.4	Abstraction over terms	110
5.4.1	Defining the syntax: quantified body	110
5.4.2	Defining the syntax: main predicate	112
5.4.3	Correctness: It Coincides with Abstraction over real terms	113
5.5	Substitution over terms	114
5.5.1	Defining the syntax	114
5.6	Abstraction over formulas	116
5.6.1	The predicate <i>AbstAtomicP</i>	116
5.6.2	The predicate <i>AbsMakeForm</i>	117
5.6.3	Defining the syntax: the main <i>AbstForm</i> predicate . .	119
5.6.4	Correctness: It Coincides with Abstraction over real Formulas	120
5.7	Substitution over formulas	121
5.7.1	The predicate <i>SubstAtomicP</i>	121
5.7.2	The predicate <i>SubstMakeForm</i>	122
5.7.3	Defining the syntax: the main <i>SubstForm</i> predicate .	124
5.7.4	Correctness of substitution over formulas	125
5.8	The predicate <i>AtomicP</i>	127
5.9	The predicate <i>MakeForm</i>	127
5.10	The predicate <i>SqFormP</i>	128
5.11	The predicate <i>FormP</i>	129
5.11.1	Definition	129
5.11.2	Correctness: It Corresponds to Quotations of Real Formulas	130
5.11.3	The predicate <i>VarNonOccFormP</i> (Derived from <i>Sub-</i> <i>stFormP</i>)	133
5.11.4	Correctness for Real Terms and Formulas	133

6 Formalizing Provability	135
6.1 Section 4 Predicates (Leading up to Pf)	135
6.1.1 The predicate <i>SentP</i> , for the Sentential (Boolean) Axioms	135
6.1.2 The predicate <i>Equality-axP</i> , for the Equality Axioms	136
6.1.3 The predicate <i>HF-axP</i> , for the HF Axioms	136
6.1.4 The specialisation axioms	137
6.1.5 The induction axioms	138
6.1.6 The predicate <i>AxiomP</i> , for any Axioms	142
6.1.7 The predicate <i>ModPonP</i> , for the inference rule Modus Ponens	143
6.1.8 The predicate <i>ExistsP</i> , for the existential rule	143
6.1.9 The predicate <i>SubstP</i> , for the substitution rule	145
6.1.10 The predicate <i>PrfP</i>	146
6.1.11 The predicate <i>PfP</i>	148
6.2 Proposition 4.4	148
6.2.1 Left-to-Right Proof	148
6.2.2 Right-to-Left Proof	150
7 Uniqueness Results: Syntactic Relations are Functions	153
7.0.3 <i>SeqStTermP</i>	153
7.0.4 <i>SubstAtomicP</i>	158
7.0.5 <i>SeqSubstFormP</i>	159
7.0.6 <i>SubstFormP</i>	164
8 Section 6 Material and Gdel's First Incompleteness Theorem	165
8.1 The Function W and Lemma 6.1	165
8.1.1 Predicate form, defined on sequences	165
8.1.2 Predicate form of W	166
8.1.3 Proving that these relations are functions	168
8.1.4 The equivalent function	170
8.2 The Function HF and Lemma 6.2	170
8.2.1 Defining the syntax: quantified body	171
8.2.2 Defining the syntax: main predicate	172
8.2.3 Proving that these relations are functions	173
8.2.4 Finally The Function HF Itself	176
8.3 The Function K and Lemma 6.3	177
8.4 The Diagonal Lemma and Gdel's Theorem	178
9 Syntactic Preliminaries for the Second Incompleteness Theorem	180
9.1 <i>NotInDom</i>	181
9.2 Restriction of a Sequence to a Domain	182

9.3	Applications to LstSeqP	184
9.4	Ordinal Addition	185
9.4.1	Predicate form, defined on sequences	185
9.4.2	Proving that these relations are functions	187
9.5	A Shifted Sequence	192
9.6	Union of Two Sets	194
9.7	Append on Sequences	196
9.8	LstSeqP and SeqAppendP	198
9.9	Substitution and Abstraction on Terms	200
9.9.1	Atomic cases	200
9.9.2	Non-atomic cases	202
9.9.3	Substitution over a constant	202
9.10	Substitution on Formulas	203
9.10.1	Membership	203
9.10.2	Equality	204
9.10.3	Negation	206
9.10.4	Disjunction	206
9.10.5	Existential	207
9.11	Constant Terms	207
9.12	Proofs	207
10	Pseudo-Coding: Section 7 Material	209
10.1	General Lemmas	209
10.2	Simultaneous Substitution	210
10.3	The Main Theorems of Section 7	214
11	Quotations of the Free Variables	217
11.1	Sequence version of the “Special p-Function, F*”	217
11.1.1	Defining the syntax: quantified body	217
11.1.2	Correctness properties	219
11.2	The “special function” itself	220
11.2.1	Defining the syntax	220
11.2.2	Correctness properties	221
11.3	The Operator <i>quote-all</i>	227
11.3.1	Definition and basic properties	227
11.3.2	Transferring theorems to the level of derivability	228
11.4	Star Property. Equality and Membership: Lemmas 9.3 and 9.4	230
11.5	Star Property. Universal Quantifier: Lemma 9.7	238
11.6	The Derivability Condition, Theorem 9.1	245
12	Gdel’s Second Incompleteness Theorem	249

Chapter 1

Syntax of Terms and Formulas using Nominal Logic

```
theory SyntaxN
imports ..../Nominal2/Nominal2 ..../HereditarilyFinite/OrdArith
begin

1.1 Terms and Formulas

1.1.1 Hf is a pure permutation type

instantiation hf :: pt
begin
  definition p · (s::hf) = s
  instance
    by default (simp-all add: permute-hf-def)
  end

  instance hf :: pure
    proof qed (rule permute-hf-def)

atom-decl name

declare fresh-set-empty [simp]

lemma supp-name [simp]: fixes i::name shows supp i = {atom i}
  by (rule supp-at-base)
```

1.1.2 The datatypes

```
nominal-datatype tm = Zero | Var name | Eats tm tm
```

```

nominal-datatype fm =
  Mem tm tm  (infixr IN 150)
  | Eq tm tm  (infixr EQ 150)
  | Disj fm fm  (infixr OR 130)
  | Neg fm
  | Ex x::name f::fm binds x in f

  Mem, Eq are atomic formulas; Disj, Neg, Ex are non-atomic

declare tm.supp [simp] fm.supp [simp]

```

1.1.3 Substitution

```

nominal-function subst :: name  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm
  where
    subst i x Zero      = Zero
    | subst i x (Var k) = (if  $i=k$  then x else Var k)
    | subst i x (Eats t u) = Eats (subst i x t) (subst i x u)
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def subst-graph-aux-def) (metis tm.strong-exhaust)

```

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

```

```

lemma fresh-subst-if [simp]:
   $j \notin subst i x t \longleftrightarrow (atom i \notin t \wedge j \notin t) \vee (j \notin x \wedge (j \notin t \vee j = atom i))$ 
  by (induct t rule: tm.induct) (auto simp: fresh-at-base)

```

```

lemma forget-subst-tm [simp]: atom a  $\notin$  tm  $\Longrightarrow$  subst a x tm = tm
  by (induct tm rule: tm.induct) (simp-all add: fresh-at-base)

```

```

lemma subst-tm-id [simp]: subst a (Var a) tm = tm
  by (induct tm rule: tm.induct) simp-all

```

```

lemma subst-tm-commute [simp]:
  atom j  $\notin$  tm  $\Longrightarrow$  subst j u (subst i t tm) = subst i (subst j u t) tm
  by (induct tm rule: tm.induct) (auto simp: fresh-Pair)

```

```

lemma subst-tm-commute2 [simp]:
  atom j  $\notin$  t  $\Longrightarrow$  atom i  $\notin$  u  $\Longrightarrow$  i  $\neq$  j  $\Longrightarrow$  subst j u (subst i t tm) = subst i t (subst j u tm)
  by (induct tm rule: tm.induct) auto

```

```

lemma repeat-subst-tm [simp]: subst i u (subst i t tm) = subst i (subst i u t) tm
  by (induct tm rule: tm.induct) auto

```

```

nominal-function subst-fm :: fm  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm (-'(-::=-') [1000, 0, 0]
200)
  where
    Mem: (Mem t u)(i::=x) = Mem (subst i x t) (subst i x u)
    | Eq: (Eq t u)(i::=x) = Eq (subst i x t) (subst i x u)
    | Disj: (Disj A B)(i::=x) = Disj (A(i::=x)) (B(i::=x))

```

```

| Neg: (Neg A)(i::=x) = Neg (A(i::=x))
| Ex: atom j # (i, x) ==> (Ex j A)(i::=x) = Ex j (A(i::=x))
apply (simp add: eqvt-def subst-fm-graph-aux-def)
apply auto [16]
apply (rule-tac y=a and c=(aa, b) in fm.strong-exhaust)
apply (auto simp: eqvt-at-def fresh-star-def fresh-Pair fresh-at-base)
apply (metis flip-at-base-simps(3) flip-fresh-fresh)
done

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

lemma size-subst-fm [simp]: size (A(i::=x)) = size A
  by (nominal-induct A avoiding: i x rule: fm.strong-induct) auto

lemma forget-subst-fm [simp]: atom a # A ==> A(a::=x) = A
  by (nominal-induct A avoiding: a x rule: fm.strong-induct) (auto simp: fresh-at-base)

lemma subst-fm-id [simp]: A(a::=Var a) = A
  by (nominal-induct A avoiding: a rule: fm.strong-induct) (auto simp: fresh-at-base)

lemma fresh-subst-fm-if [simp]:
  j # (A(i::=x)) <=> (atom i # A ∧ j # A) ∨ (j # x ∧ (j # A ∨ j = atom i))
  by (nominal-induct A avoiding: i x rule: fm.strong-induct) (auto simp: fresh-at-base)

lemma subst-fm-commute [simp]:
  atom j # A ==> (A(i::=t))(j::=u) = A(i ::= subst j u t)
  by (nominal-induct A avoiding: i j t u rule: fm.strong-induct) (auto simp: fresh-at-base)

lemma repeat-subst-fm [simp]: (A(i::=t))(i::=u) = A(i ::= subst i u t)
  by (nominal-induct A avoiding: i t u rule: fm.strong-induct) auto

lemma subst-fm-Ex-with-renaming:
  atom i' # (A, i, j, t) ==> (Ex i A)(j ::= t) = Ex i' (((i ↔ i') • A)(j ::= t))
  by (rule subst [of Ex i' ((i ↔ i') • A) Ex i A])
    (auto simp: Abs1-eq-iff flip-def swap-commute)

  the simplifier cannot apply the rule above, because it introduces a new
  variable at the right hand side.

simproc-setup subst-fm-renaming ((Ex i A)(j ::= t)) = << fn - => fn ctxt => fn
  ctrm =>
  let
    val - $ (- $ i $ A) $ j $ t = term-of ctrm

    val atoms = Simplifier.premises-of ctxt
    |> map-filter (fn thm => case Thm.prop-of thm of
      - $ (Const (@{const-name fresh}, -) $ atm $ -) => SOME (atm) | - =>
      NONE)
    |> distinct (op=)

```

```

fun get-thm atm =
  let
    val goal = HOLogic.mk_Trueprop (mk-fresh atm (HOLogic.mk-tuple [A, i,
j, t]))
  in
    SOME ((Goal.prove ctxt [] [] goal (K (asm-full-simp-tac ctxt 1)))
      RS @{thm subst-fm-Ex-with-renaming} RS eq-reflection)
    handle ERROR - => NONE
  end
  in
    get-first get-thm atoms
  end
>>

```

1.1.4 Semantics

definition $e\theta :: (name, hf) finfun$ — the null environment
where $e\theta \equiv finfun\text{-const } 0$

nominal-function $eval-tm :: (name, hf) finfun \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow hf$
where
 $eval-tm e \text{ Zero} = 0$
 $| eval-tm e (\text{Var } k) = finfun\text{-apply } e k$
 $| eval-tm e (\text{Eats } t u) = eval-tm e t \triangleleft eval-tm e u$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def eval-tm-graph-aux-def) (metis tm.strong-exhaust)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

syntax

$-EvalTm :: tm \Rightarrow (name, hf) finfun \Rightarrow hf \quad ([\cdot]_- [0,1000] 1000)$

translations

$\llbracket tm \rrbracket e == CONST eval-tm e tm$

nominal-function $eval-fm :: (name, hf) finfun \Rightarrow fm \Rightarrow bool$
where
 $eval-fm e (t IN u) \longleftrightarrow \llbracket t \rrbracket e \in \llbracket u \rrbracket e$
 $| eval-fm e (t EQ u) \longleftrightarrow \llbracket t \rrbracket e = \llbracket u \rrbracket e$
 $| eval-fm e (A OR B) \longleftrightarrow eval-fm e A \vee eval-fm e B$
 $| eval-fm e (Neg A) \longleftrightarrow (\sim eval-fm e A)$
 $| atom k \# e \implies eval-fm e (Ex k A) \longleftrightarrow (\exists x. eval-fm (finfun-update e k x) A)$
apply(simp add: eqvt-def eval-fm-graph-aux-def)
apply(auto del: iffI)[16]
apply(rule-tac y=b and c=(a) in fm.strong-exhaust)
apply(auto simp: fresh-star-def)[5]
using [[simproc del: alpha-lst]] **apply** clarsimp
apply(erule-tac c=(ea) in Abs-lst1-fcb2')

```

apply(rule pure-fresh)
apply(simp add: fresh-star-def)
apply (simp-all add: eqvt-at-def)
apply (simp-all add: perm-supp-eq)
done

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma eval-tm-rename:
assumes atom k' # t
shows [[t]](finfun-update e k x) = [[(k' ↔ k) • t]](finfun-update e k' x)
using assms
by (induct t rule: tm.induct) (auto simp: permute-flip-at)

lemma eval-fm-rename:
assumes atom k' # A
shows eval-fm (finfun-update e k x) A = eval-fm (finfun-update e k' x) ((k' ↔
k) • A)
using assms
apply (nominal-induct A avoiding: e k k' x rule: fm.strong-induct)
apply (simp-all add: eval-tm-rename[symmetric], metis)
apply (simp add: fresh-finfun-update fresh-at-base finfun-update-twist)
done

lemma better-ex-eval-fm[simp]:
eval-fm e (Ex k A) ⟷ (Ex k. eval-fm (finfun-update e k x) A)
proof –
obtain k':name where k': atom k' # (k, e, A)
by (rule obtain-fresh)
then have eq: Ex k' ((k' ↔ k) • A) = Ex k A
by (simp add: Abs1-eq-iff flip-def)
have eval-fm e (Ex k' ((k' ↔ k) • A)) = (Ex k. eval-fm (finfun-update e k' x) ((k'
↔ k) • A))
using k' by simp
also have ... = (Ex k. eval-fm (finfun-update e k x) A)
by (metis eval-fm-rename k' fresh-Pair)
finally show ?thesis
by (metis eq)
qed

lemma forget-eval-tm [simp]: atom i # t ⟹ [[t]](finfun-update e i x) = [[t]]e
by (induct t rule: tm.induct) (simp-all add: fresh-at-base)

lemma forget-eval-fm [simp]:
atom k # A ⟹ eval-fm (finfun-update e k x) A = eval-fm e A
by (nominal-induct A avoiding: k e rule: fm.strong-induct)
(simp-all add: fresh-at-base finfun-update-twist)

```

```

lemma eval-subst-tm:  $\llbracket \text{subst } i t u \rrbracket e = \llbracket u \rrbracket (\text{finfun-update } e i \llbracket t \rrbracket e)$ 
  by (induct u rule: tm.induct) (auto)

lemma eval-subst-fm: eval-fm e (fm(i ::= t)) = eval-fm (finfun-update e i \llbracket t \rrbracket e) fm
  by (nominal-induct fm avoiding: i t e rule: fm.strong-induct)
    (simp-all add: eval-subst-tm finfun-update-twist fresh-at-base)

```

1.1.5 Derived syntax

Ordered pairs

```

definition HPair :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm
  where HPair a b = Eats (Eats Zero (Eats (Eats Zero b) a)) (Eats (Eats Zero a) a)

```

```

lemma HPair-eqvt [eqvt]: (p  $\cdot$  HPair a b) = HPair (p  $\cdot$  a) (p  $\cdot$  b)
  by (auto simp: HPair-def)

```

```

lemma fresh-HPair [simp]:  $x \# \text{HPair } a b \longleftrightarrow (x \# a \wedge x \# b)$ 
  by (auto simp: HPair-def)

```

```

lemma HPair-injective-iff [iff]: HPair a b = HPair a' b'  $\longleftrightarrow (a = a' \wedge b = b')$ 
  by (auto simp: HPair-def)

```

```

lemma subst-tm-HPair [simp]: subst i x (HPair a b) = HPair (subst i x a) (subst i x b)
  by (auto simp: HPair-def)

```

```

lemma eval-tm-HPair [simp]:  $\llbracket \text{HPair } a b \rrbracket e = \text{hpair } \llbracket a \rrbracket e \llbracket b \rrbracket e$ 
  by (auto simp: HPair-def hpair-def)

```

Ordinals

definition

```

SUCC :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm where
  SUCC x  $\equiv$  Eats x x

```

```

fun ORD-OF :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  tm
  where
    ORD-OF 0 = Zero
    | ORD-OF (Suc k) = SUCC (ORD-OF k)

```

```

lemma eval-tm-SUCC [simp]:  $\llbracket \text{SUCC } t \rrbracket e = \text{succ } \llbracket t \rrbracket e$ 
  by (simp add: SUCC-def succ-def)

```

```

lemma SUCC-fresh-iff [simp]:  $a \# \text{SUCC } t \longleftrightarrow a \# t$ 
  by (simp add: SUCC-def)

```

```

lemma SUCC-eqvt [eqvt]: (p  $\cdot$  SUCC a) = SUCC (p  $\cdot$  a)
  by (simp add: SUCC-def)

```

lemma *SUCC-subst* [simp]: $\text{subst } i \ t \ (\text{SUCC } k) = \text{SUCC} \ (\text{subst } i \ t \ k)$
by (simp add: SUCC-def)

lemma *eval-tm-ORD-OF* [simp]: $\llbracket \text{ORD-OF } n \rrbracket e = \text{ord-of } n$
by (induct n) auto

lemma *ORD-OF-fresh* [simp]: $a \notin \text{ORD-OF } n$
by (induct n) (auto simp: SUCC-def)

lemma *ORD-OF-eqvt* [eqvt]: $(p \cdot \text{ORD-OF } n) = \text{ORD-OF} \ (p \cdot n)$
by (induct n) (auto simp: permute-pure SUCC-eqvt)

1.1.6 Derived logical connectives

abbreviation *Imp* :: $fm \Rightarrow fm \Rightarrow fm$ (infixr IMP 125)
where $\text{Imp } A \ B \equiv \text{Disj} \ (\text{Neg } A) \ B$

abbreviation *All* :: $name \Rightarrow fm \Rightarrow fm$
where $\text{All } i \ A \equiv \text{Neg} \ (\text{Ex } i \ (\text{Neg } A))$

abbreviation *All2* :: $name \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm \Rightarrow fm$ — bounded universal quantifier,
for Sigma formulas
where $\text{All2 } i \ t \ A \equiv \text{All } i \ ((\text{Var } i \ IN \ t) \ IMP \ A)$

Conjunction

definition *Conj* :: $fm \Rightarrow fm \Rightarrow fm$ (infixr AND 135)
where $\text{Conj } A \ B \equiv \text{Neg} \ (\text{Disj} \ (\text{Neg } A) \ (\text{Neg } B))$

lemma *Conj-eqvt* [eqvt]: $p \cdot (A \ AND \ B) = (p \cdot A) \ AND \ (p \cdot B)$
by (simp add: Conj-def)

lemma *fresh-Conj* [simp]: $a \notin A \ AND \ B \longleftrightarrow (a \notin A \wedge a \notin B)$
by (auto simp: Conj-def)

lemma *supp-Conj* [simp]: $\text{supp} \ (A \ AND \ B) = \text{supp } A \cup \text{supp } B$
by (auto simp: Conj-def)

lemma *size-Conj* [simp]: $\text{size} \ (A \ AND \ B) = \text{size } A + \text{size } B + 4$
by (simp add: Conj-def)

lemma *Conj-injective-iff* [iff]: $(A \ AND \ B) = (A' \ AND \ B') \longleftrightarrow (A = A' \wedge B = B')$
by (auto simp: Conj-def)

lemma *subst-fm-Conj* [simp]: $(A \ AND \ B)(i ::= x) = (A(i ::= x)) \ AND \ (B(i ::= x))$
by (auto simp: Conj-def)

lemma eval-fm-Conj [simp]: eval-fm e (*Conj A B*) \longleftrightarrow (eval-fm e *A* \wedge eval-fm e *B*)
by (auto simp: Conj-def)

If and only if

definition Iff :: fm \Rightarrow fm \Rightarrow fm (infixr IFF 125)
where Iff *A B* = Conj (Imp *A B*) (Imp *B A*)

lemma Iff-eqvt [eqvt]: $p \cdot (A \text{ IFF } B) = (p \cdot A) \text{ IFF } (p \cdot B)$
by (simp add: Iff-def)

lemma fresh-Iff [simp]: $a \# A \text{ IFF } B \longleftrightarrow (a \# A \wedge a \# B)$
by (auto simp: Conj-def Iff-def)

lemma size-Iff [simp]: size (A IFF B) = 2*(size *A* + size *B*) + 8
by (simp add: Iff-def)

lemma Iff-injective-iff [iff]: (A IFF B) = (A' IFF B') \longleftrightarrow (A = A' \wedge B = B')
by (auto simp: Iff-def)

lemma subst-fm-Iff [simp]: (A IFF B)(i ::= x) = (A(i ::= x)) IFF (B(i ::= x))
by (auto simp: Iff-def)

lemma eval-fm-Iff [simp]: eval-fm e (Iff *A B*) \longleftrightarrow (eval-fm e *A* \longleftrightarrow eval-fm e *B*)
by (auto simp: Iff-def)

1.2 Axioms and Theorems

1.2.1 Logical axioms

inductive-set boolean-axioms :: fm set

where

- | *Ident*: A IMP A \in boolean-axioms
- | *DisjI1*: A IMP (A OR B) \in boolean-axioms
- | *DisjCont*: (A OR A) IMP A \in boolean-axioms
- | *DisjAssoc*: (A OR (B OR C)) IMP ((A OR B) OR C) \in boolean-axioms
- | *DisjConj*: (C OR A) IMP (((Neg C) OR B) IMP (A OR B)) \in boolean-axioms

lemma boolean-axioms-hold: A \in boolean-axioms \implies eval-fm e *A*
by (induct rule: boolean-axioms.induct, auto)

inductive-set special-axioms :: fm set **where**
I: A(i ::= x) IMP (Ex i A) \in special-axioms

lemma special-axioms-hold: A \in special-axioms \implies eval-fm e *A*
by (induct rule: special-axioms.induct, auto) (metis eval-subst-fm)

```

inductive-set induction-axioms :: fm set where
  ind:
    atom (j::name) # (i,A)
    ==> A(i::=Zero) IMP ((All i (All j (A IMP (A(i::= Var j) IMP A(i::= Eats(Var
    i)(Var j)))))) IMP (All i A))
    ∈ induction-axioms
  
```

```

lemma twist-forget-eval-fm [simp]:
  atom j # (i, A)
  ==> eval-fm (finfun-update (finfun-update (finfun-update e i x) j y) i z) A =
    eval-fm (finfun-update e i z) A
by (metis finfun-update-twice finfun-update-twist forget-eval-fm fresh-Pair)
  
```

```

lemma induction-axioms-hold: A ∈ induction-axioms ==> eval-fm e A
by (induction rule: induction-axioms.induct) (auto simp: eval-subst-fm intro:
hf-induct-ax)
  
```

1.2.2 Concrete variables

declare Abs-name-inject[simp]

abbreviation

$X0 \equiv \text{Abs-name} (\text{Atom} (\text{Sort "SyntaxN.name"}) \ 0)$

abbreviation

$X1 \equiv \text{Abs-name} (\text{Atom} (\text{Sort "SyntaxN.name"}) \ (\text{Suc } 0))$

— We prefer $\text{Suc } 0$ because simplification will transform 1 to that form anyway.

abbreviation

$X2 \equiv \text{Abs-name} (\text{Atom} (\text{Sort "SyntaxN.name"}) \ 2)$

abbreviation

$X3 \equiv \text{Abs-name} (\text{Atom} (\text{Sort "SyntaxN.name"}) \ 3)$

abbreviation

$X4 \equiv \text{Abs-name} (\text{Atom} (\text{Sort "SyntaxN.name"}) \ 4)$

1.2.3 The HF axioms

definition HF1 :: fm **where** — the axiom $(z = 0) = (\forall x. \neg x \in z)$
 $HF1 = (\text{Var } X0 \text{ EQ Zero}) \text{ IFF } (\text{All } X1 (\text{Neg } (\text{Var } X1 \text{ IN } \text{Var } X0)))$

lemma HF1-holds: eval-fm e HF1

by (auto simp: HF1-def)

definition HF2 :: fm **where** — the axiom $(z = x \triangleleft y) = (\forall u. (u \in z) = (u \in x \vee u = y))$

$HF2 \equiv \text{Var } X0 \text{ EQ Eats } (\text{Var } X1) (\text{Var } X2) \text{ IFF}$
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{All } X3 \ (\text{Var } X3 \text{ IN Var } X0 \text{ IFF Var } X3 \text{ IN Var } X1 \text{ OR Var } X3 \text{ EQ Var } X2)$

lemma $HF2\text{-holds} : \text{eval-fm } e \text{ HF2}$
by (auto simp: HF2-def)

definition $HF\text{-axioms where } HF\text{-axioms} = \{HF1, HF2\}$

lemma $HF\text{-axioms-hold} : A \in HF\text{-axioms} \implies \text{eval-fm } e \text{ A}$
by (auto simp: HF-axioms-def HF1-holds HF2-holds)

1.2.4 Equality axioms

definition $\text{refl-ax} :: \text{fm where}$
 $\text{refl-ax} = \text{Var } X1 \text{ EQ Var } X1$

lemma $\text{refl-ax-holds} : \text{eval-fm } e \text{ refl-ax}$
by (auto simp: refl-ax-def)

definition $\text{eq-cong-ax} :: \text{fm where}$
 $\text{eq-cong-ax} = ((\text{Var } X1 \text{ EQ Var } X2) \text{ AND } (\text{Var } X3 \text{ EQ Var } X4)) \text{ IMP}$
 $\quad \quad \quad ((\text{Var } X1 \text{ EQ Var } X3) \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } X2 \text{ EQ Var } X4))$

lemma $\text{eq-cong-ax-holds} : \text{eval-fm } e \text{ eq-cong-ax}$
by (auto simp: Conj-def eq-cong-ax-def)

definition $\text{mem-cong-ax} :: \text{fm where}$
 $\text{mem-cong-ax} = ((\text{Var } X1 \text{ EQ Var } X2) \text{ AND } (\text{Var } X3 \text{ EQ Var } X4)) \text{ IMP}$
 $\quad \quad \quad ((\text{Var } X1 \text{ IN Var } X3) \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } X2 \text{ IN Var } X4))$

lemma $\text{mem-cong-ax-holds} : \text{eval-fm } e \text{ mem-cong-ax}$
by (auto simp: Conj-def mem-cong-ax-def)

definition $\text{eats-cong-ax} :: \text{fm where}$
 $\text{eats-cong-ax} = ((\text{Var } X1 \text{ EQ Var } X2) \text{ AND } (\text{Var } X3 \text{ EQ Var } X4)) \text{ IMP}$
 $\quad \quad \quad ((\text{Eats } (\text{Var } X1) (\text{Var } X3)) \text{ EQ } (\text{Eats } (\text{Var } X2) (\text{Var } X4)))$

lemma $\text{eats-cong-ax-holds} : \text{eval-fm } e \text{ eats-cong-ax}$
by (auto simp: Conj-def eats-cong-ax-def)

definition $\text{equality-axioms} :: \text{fm set where}$
 $\text{equality-axioms} = \{\text{refl-ax}, \text{eq-cong-ax}, \text{mem-cong-ax}, \text{eats-cong-ax}\}$

lemma $\text{equality-axioms-hold} : A \in \text{equality-axioms} \implies \text{eval-fm } e \text{ A}$
by (auto simp: equality-axioms-def refl-ax-holds eq-cong-ax-holds mem-cong-ax-holds eats-cong-ax-holds)

1.2.5 The proof system

This arbitrary additional axiom generalises the statements of the incompleteness theorems and other results to any formal system stronger than the HF theory. The additional axiom could be the conjunction of any finite number of assertions. Any more general extension must be a form that can be formalised for the proof predicate.

```
consts extra-axiom :: fm
```

```
specification (extra-axiom)
  extra-axiom-holds: eval-fm e extra-axiom
  by (rule exI [where x = Zero IN Eats Zero Zero], auto)
```

```
inductive hfthm :: fm set ⇒ fm ⇒ bool (infixl ⊢ 55)
```

```
where
```

```
Hyp: A ∈ H ⇒ H ⊢ A
| Extra: H ⊢ extra-axiom
| Bool: A ∈ boolean-axioms ⇒ H ⊢ A
| Eq: A ∈ equality-axioms ⇒ H ⊢ A
| Spec: A ∈ special-axioms ⇒ H ⊢ A
| HF: A ∈ HF-axioms ⇒ H ⊢ A
| Ind: A ∈ induction-axioms ⇒ H ⊢ A
| MP: H ⊢ A IMP B ⇒ H' ⊢ A ⇒ H ∪ H' ⊢ B
| Exists: H ⊢ A IMP B ⇒ atom i # B ⇒ ∀ C ∈ H. atom i # C ⇒ H ⊢ (Ex i A) IMP B
```

Soundness theorem!

```
theorem hfthm-sound: assumes H ⊢ A shows (∀ B ∈ H. eval-fm e B) ⇒ eval-fm e A
using assms
proof (induct arbitrary: e)
  case (Hyp A H) thus ?case
    by auto
  next
    case (Extra H) thus ?case
      by (metis extra-axiom-holds)
  next
    case (Bool A H) thus ?case
      by (metis boolean-axioms-hold)
  next
    case (Eq A H) thus ?case
      by (metis equality-axioms-hold)
  next
    case (Spec A H) thus ?case
      by (metis special-axioms-hold)
  next
    case (HF A H) thus ?case
      by (metis HF-axioms-hold)
  next
```

```

case (Ind A H) thus ?case
  by (metis induction-axioms-hold)
next
  case (MP H A B H') thus ?case
    by auto
next
  case (Exists H A B i e) thus ?case
    by auto (metis forget-eval-fm)
qed

```

1.2.6 Derived rules of inference

lemma *contraction*: *insert A (insert A H) ⊢ B* \implies *insert A H ⊢ B*
by (*metis insert-absorb2*)

lemma *thin-Un*: *H ⊢ A* \implies *H ∪ H' ⊢ A*
by (*metis Bool MP boolean-axioms.Ident sup-commute*)

lemma *thin*: *H ⊢ A* \implies *H ⊆ H' ⊢ A*
by (*metis Un-absorb1 thin-Un*)

lemma *thin0*: *{} ⊢ A* \implies *H ⊢ A*
by (*metis sup-bot-left thin-Un*)

lemma *thin1*: *H ⊢ B* \implies *insert A H ⊢ B*
by (*metis subset-insertI thin*)

lemma *thin2*: *insert A1 H ⊢ B* \implies *insert A1 (insert A2 H) ⊢ B*
by (*blast intro: thin*)

lemma *thin3*: *insert A1 (insert A2 H) ⊢ B* \implies *insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 H)) ⊢ B*
by (*blast intro: thin*)

lemma *thin4*:
insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 H)) ⊢ B
 \implies *insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 H))) ⊢ B*
by (*blast intro: thin*)

lemma *rotate2*: *insert A2 (insert A1 H) ⊢ B* \implies *insert A1 (insert A2 H) ⊢ B*
by (*blast intro: thin*)

lemma *rotate3*: *insert A3 (insert A1 (insert A2 H)) ⊢ B* \implies *insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 H)) ⊢ B*
by (*blast intro: thin*)

lemma *rotate4*:
insert A4 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 H))) ⊢ B
 \implies *insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 H))) ⊢ B*

```

by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate5:
  insert A5 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 H)))) ⊢ B
  ⟹ insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 H)))) ⊢ B
by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate6:
  insert A6 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 H))))) ⊢ B
  ⟹ insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 H))))) ⊢ B
by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate7:
  insert A7 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 H)))))) ⊢ B
  ⟹ insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 H)))))) ⊢ B
by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate8:
  insert A8 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 H))))))) ⊢ B
  ⟹ insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 (insert A8 H))))))) ⊢ B
by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate9:
  insert A9 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 (insert A8 H)))))))) ⊢ B
  ⟹ insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 H)))))))) ⊢ B
by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate10:
  insert A10 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 H))))))))) ⊢ B
  ⟹ insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 H))))))))) ⊢ B
by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate11:
  insert A11 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 H)))))))))) ⊢ B
  ⟹ insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 H)))))))))) ⊢ B
by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate12:

```

```

insert A12 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6
(insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 H)))))))))) ⊢ B
    ==> insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert
A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 (insert A12 H)))))))))) ⊢ B
    by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate13:
  insert A13 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6
  (insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 (insert A12 H))))))))))) ⊢ B
    ==> insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7
  (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 (insert A12 (insert A13 H))))))))))) ⊢ B
    by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate14:
  insert A14 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6
  (insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 (insert A12 (insert A13
  H)))))))))))) ⊢ B
    ==> insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7
  (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 (insert A12 (insert A13 (insert
  A14 H)))))))))))) ⊢ B
    by (blast intro: thin)

lemma rotate15:
  insert A15 (insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6
  (insert A7 (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 (insert A12 (insert A13
  (insert A14 H)))))))))))))) ⊢ B
    ==> insert A1 (insert A2 (insert A3 (insert A4 (insert A5 (insert A6 (insert A7
  (insert A8 (insert A9 (insert A10 (insert A11 (insert A12 (insert A13 (insert
  A14 (insert A15 H)))))))))))))) ⊢ B
    by (blast intro: thin)

lemma MP-same:  $H \vdash A \text{ IMP } B \implies H \vdash A \implies H \vdash B$ 
  by (metis MP Un-absorb)

lemma MP-thin:  $HA \vdash A \text{ IMP } B \implies HB \vdash A \implies HA \cup HB \subseteq H \implies H \vdash B$ 
  by (metis MP-same le-sup-iff thin)

lemma MP-null:  $\{\} \vdash A \text{ IMP } B \implies H \vdash A \implies H \vdash B$ 
  by (metis MP-same thin0)

lemma Disj-commute:  $H \vdash B \text{ OR } A \implies H \vdash A \text{ OR } B$ 
  using DisjConj [of B A B] Ident [of B]
  by (metis Bool MP-same)

lemma S: assumes  $H \vdash A \text{ IMP } (B \text{ IMP } C)$   $H' \vdash A \text{ IMP } B$  shows  $H \cup H' \vdash A \text{ IMP } C$ 
  proof –

```

```

have  $H' \cup H \vdash (\text{Neg } A) \text{ OR } (C \text{ OR } (\text{Neg } A))$ 
  by (metis Bool MP MP-same boolean-axioms.DisjConj Disj-commute DisjAssoc
assms)
  thus ?thesis
  by (metis Bool Disj-commute Un-commute MP-same DisjAssoc DisjCont DisjI1)
qed

```

```

lemma Assume: insert A H ⊢ A
  by (metis Hyp insertI1)

```

```

lemmas AssumeH = Assume Assume [THEN rotate2] Assume [THEN rotate3]
Assume [THEN rotate4] Assume [THEN rotate5]
  Assume [THEN rotate6] Assume [THEN rotate7] Assume [THEN
rotate8] Assume [THEN rotate9] Assume [THEN rotate10]
  Assume [THEN rotate11] Assume [THEN rotate12]
declare AssumeH [intro!]

```

```

lemma Imp-triv-I: H ⊢ B ==> H ⊢ A IMP B
  by (metis Bool Disj-commute MP-same boolean-axioms.DisjI1)

```

```

lemma DisjAssoc1: H ⊢ A OR (B OR C) ==> H ⊢ (A OR B) OR C
  by (metis Bool MP-same boolean-axioms.DisjAssoc)

```

```

lemma DisjAssoc2: H ⊢ (A OR B) OR C ==> H ⊢ A OR (B OR C)
  by (metis DisjAssoc1 Disj-commute)

```

```

lemma Disj-commute-Imp: H ⊢ (B OR A) IMP (A OR B)
  using DisjConj [of B A B] Ident [of B]
  by (metis Bool DisjAssoc2 Disj-commute MP-same)

```

```

lemma Disj-Semicong-1: H ⊢ A OR C ==> H ⊢ A IMP B ==> H ⊢ B OR C
  using DisjConj [of A C B]
  by (metis Bool Disj-commute MP-same)

```

```

lemma Imp-Imp-commute: H ⊢ B IMP (A IMP C) ==> H ⊢ A IMP (B IMP C)
  by (metis DisjAssoc1 DisjAssoc2 Disj-Semicong-1 Disj-commute-Imp)

```

1.2.7 The Deduction Theorem

```

lemma deduction-Diff: assumes H ⊢ B shows H - {C} ⊢ C IMP B
using assms
proof (induct)
  case (Hyp A H) thus ?case
    by (metis Bool Imp-triv-I boolean-axioms.Ident hfthm.Hyp member-remove
remove-def)
  next
    case (Extra H) thus ?case
      by (metis Imp-triv-I hfthm.Extra)
  next

```

```

case (Bool A H) thus ?case
  by (metis Imp-triv-I hfthm.Bool)
next
  case (Eq A H) thus ?case
    by (metis Imp-triv-I hfthm.Eq)
next
  case (Spec A H) thus ?case
    by (metis Imp-triv-I hfthm.Spec)
next
  case (HF A H) thus ?case
    by (metis Imp-triv-I hfthm.HF)
next
  case (Ind A H) thus ?case
    by (metis Imp-triv-I hfthm.Ind)
next
  case (MP H A B H')
  hence (H − {C}) ∪ (H' − {C}) ⊢ Imp C B
    by (simp add: S)
  thus ?case
    by (metis Un-Diff)
next
  case (Exists H A B i) show ?case
  proof (cases C ∈ H)
    case True
    hence atom i # C using Exists by auto
    moreover have H − {C} ⊢ A IMP C IMP B using Exists
      by (metis Imp-Imp-commute)
    ultimately have H − {C} ⊢ (Ex i A) IMP C IMP B using Exists
      by (metis fm.fresh(3) fm.fresh(4) hfthm.Exists member-remove remove-def)
    thus ?thesis
      by (metis Imp-Imp-commute)
next
  case False
  hence H − {C} = H by auto
  thus ?thesis using Exists
    by (metis Imp-triv-I hfthm.Exists)
qed
qed

```

theorem *Imp-I [intro!]*: *insert A H ⊢ B* \implies *H ⊢ A IMP B*
by (*metis Diff-insert-absorb Imp-triv-I deduction-Diff insert-absorb*)

lemma *anti-deduction*: *H ⊢ A IMP B* \implies *insert A H ⊢ B*
by (*metis Assume MP-same thin1*)

1.2.8 Cut rules

lemma *cut*: *H ⊢ A* \implies *insert A H' ⊢ B* \implies *H ∪ H' ⊢ B*
by (*metis MP Un-commute Imp-I*)

lemma *cut-same*: $H \vdash A \implies \text{insert } A H \vdash B \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis Un-absorb cut*)

lemma *cut-thin*: $HA \vdash A \implies \text{insert } A HB \vdash B \implies HA \cup HB \subseteq H \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis thin cut*)

lemma *cut0*: $\{\} \vdash A \implies \text{insert } A H \vdash B \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis cut-same thin0*)

lemma *cut1*: $\{A\} \vdash B \implies H \vdash A \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis cut sup-bot-right*)

lemma *rcut1*: $\{A\} \vdash B \implies \text{insert } B H \vdash C \implies \text{insert } A H \vdash C$
by (*metis Assume cut1 cut-same rotate2 thin1*)

lemma *cut2*: $\llbracket \{A,B\} \vdash C; H \vdash A; H \vdash B \rrbracket \implies H \vdash C$
by (*metis Un-empty-right Un-insert-right cut cut-same*)

lemma *rcut2*: $\{A,B\} \vdash C \implies \text{insert } C H \vdash D \implies H \vdash B \implies \text{insert } A H \vdash D$
by (*metis Assume cut2 cut-same insert-commute thin1*)

lemma *cut3*: $\llbracket \{A,B,C\} \vdash D; H \vdash A; H \vdash B; H \vdash C \rrbracket \implies H \vdash D$
by (*metis MP-same cut2 Imp-I*)

lemma *cut4*: $\llbracket \{A,B,C,D\} \vdash E; H \vdash A; H \vdash B; H \vdash C; H \vdash D \rrbracket \implies H \vdash E$
by (*metis MP-same cut3 [of B C D] Imp-I*)

1.3 Miscellaneous logical rules

lemma *Disj-I1*: $H \vdash A \implies H \vdash A \text{ OR } B$
by (*metis Bool MP-same boolean-axioms.DisjI1*)

lemma *Disj-I2*: $H \vdash B \implies H \vdash A \text{ OR } B$
by (*metis Disj-commute Disj-I1*)

lemma *Peirce*: $H \vdash (\text{Neg } A) \text{ IMP } A \implies H \vdash A$
using *DisjConj* [*of Neg A A A*] *DisjCont* [*of A*]
by (*metis Bool MP-same boolean-axioms.Ident*)

lemma *Contra*: $\text{insert } (\text{Neg } A) H \vdash A \implies H \vdash A$
by (*metis Peirce Imp-I*)

lemma *Imp-Neg-I*: $H \vdash A \text{ IMP } B \implies H \vdash A \text{ IMP } (\text{Neg } B) \implies H \vdash \text{Neg } A$
by (*metis DisjConj [of B Neg A Neg A] DisjCont Bool Disj-commute MP-same*)

lemma *NegNeg-I*: $H \vdash A \implies H \vdash \text{Neg } (\text{Neg } A)$
using *DisjConj* [*of Neg (Neg A) Neg A Neg (Neg A)*]
by (*metis Bool Ident MP-same*)

lemma *NegNeg-D*: $H \vdash \text{Neg}(\text{Neg } A) \implies H \vdash A$
by (*metis Disj-I1 Peirce*)

lemma *Neg-D*: $H \vdash \text{Neg } A \implies H \vdash A \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis Imp-Neg-I Imp-triv-I NegNeg-D*)

lemma *Disj-Neg-1*: $H \vdash A \text{ OR } B \implies H \vdash \text{Neg } B \implies H \vdash A$
by (*metis Disj-I1 Disj-Semicong-1 Disj-commute Peirce*)

lemma *Disj-Neg-2*: $H \vdash A \text{ OR } B \implies H \vdash \text{Neg } A \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis Disj-Neg-1 Disj-commute*)

lemma *Neg-Disj-I*: $H \vdash \text{Neg } A \implies H \vdash \text{Neg } B \implies H \vdash \text{Neg}(A \text{ OR } B)$
by (*metis Bool Disj-Neg-1 MP-same boolean-axioms.Ident DisjAssoc*)

lemma *Conj-I* [*intro!*]: $H \vdash A \implies H \vdash B \implies H \vdash A \text{ AND } B$
by (*metis Conj-def NegNeg-I Neg-Disj-I*)

lemma *Conj-E1*: $H \vdash A \text{ AND } B \implies H \vdash A$
by (*metis Conj-def Bool Disj-Neg-1 NegNeg-D boolean-axioms.DisjI1*)

lemma *Conj-E2*: $H \vdash A \text{ AND } B \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis Conj-def Bool Disj-I2 Disj-Neg-2 MP-same DisjAssoc Ident*)

lemma *Conj-commute*: $H \vdash B \text{ AND } A \implies H \vdash A \text{ AND } B$
by (*metis Conj-E1 Conj-E2 Conj-I*)

lemma *Conj-E*: **assumes** *insert A (insert B H) ⊢ C* **shows** *insert (A AND B) H ⊢ C*
apply (*rule cut-same [where A=A]*, *metis Conj-E1 Hyp insertI1*)
by (*metis (full-types) AssumeH(2) Conj-E2 assms cut-same [where A=B] insert-commute thin2*)

lemmas *Conj-EH* = *Conj-E Conj-E [THEN rotate2] Conj-E [THEN rotate3]*
Conj-E [THEN rotate4] Conj-E [THEN rotate5]
Conj-E [THEN rotate6] Conj-E [THEN rotate7] Conj-E [THEN rotate8]
Conj-E [THEN rotate9] Conj-E [THEN rotate10]
declare *Conj-EH* [*intro!*]

lemma *Neg-I0*: **assumes** $(\bigwedge B. \text{atom } i \notin B \implies \text{insert } A H \vdash B)$ **shows** $H \vdash \text{Neg } A$
by (*rule Imp-Neg-I [where B = Zero IN Zero]*) (*auto simp: assms*)

lemma *Neg-mono*: $\text{insert } A H \vdash B \implies \text{insert } (\text{Neg } B) H \vdash \text{Neg } A$
by (*rule Neg-I0*) (*metis Hyp Neg-D insert-commute insertI1 thin1*)

lemma *Conj-mono*: $\text{insert } A H \vdash B \implies \text{insert } C H \vdash D \implies \text{insert } (A \text{ AND } C) H \vdash B \text{ AND } D$

by (metis Conj-E1 Conj-E2 Conj-I Hyp Un-absorb2 cut insertI1 subset-insertI)

lemma Disj-mono:

assumes insert A H ⊢ B insert C H ⊢ D **shows** insert (A OR C) H ⊢ B OR D
proof –
{ fix A B C H
have insert (A OR C) H ⊢ (A IMP B) IMP C OR B
by (metis Bool Hyp MP-same boolean-axioms.DisjConj insertI1)
hence insert A H ⊢ B ==> insert (A OR C) H ⊢ C OR B
by (metis MP-same Un-absorb Un-insert-right Imp-I thin-Un)
}
thus ?thesis
by (metis cut-same assms thin2)
qed

lemma Disj-E:

assumes A: insert A H ⊢ C and B: insert B H ⊢ C **shows** insert (A OR B) H ⊢ C
by (metis A B Disj-mono NegNeg-I Peirce)

lemmas Disj-EH = Disj-E Disj-E [THEN rotate2] Disj-E [THEN rotate3] Disj-E [THEN rotate4] Disj-E [THEN rotate5]
Disj-E [THEN rotate6] Disj-E [THEN rotate7] Disj-E [THEN rotate8]
Disj-E [THEN rotate9] Disj-E [THEN rotate10]
declare Disj-EH [intro!]

lemma Contra': insert A H ⊢ Neg A ==> H ⊢ Neg A
by (metis Contra Neg-mono)

lemma NegNeg-E [intro!]: insert A H ⊢ B ==> insert (Neg (Neg A)) H ⊢ B
by (metis NegNeg-D Neg-mono)

declare NegNeg-E [THEN rotate2, intro!]
declare NegNeg-E [THEN rotate3, intro!]
declare NegNeg-E [THEN rotate4, intro!]
declare NegNeg-E [THEN rotate5, intro!]
declare NegNeg-E [THEN rotate6, intro!]
declare NegNeg-E [THEN rotate7, intro!]
declare NegNeg-E [THEN rotate8, intro!]

lemma Imp-E:

assumes A: H ⊢ A and B: insert B H ⊢ C **shows** insert (A IMP B) H ⊢ C
proof –
have insert (A IMP B) H ⊢ B
by (metis Hyp A thin1 MP-same insertI1)
thus ?thesis
by (metis cut [where B=C] Un-insert-right sup-commute sup-idem B)
qed

lemma *Imp-cut*:

assumes *insert C H ⊢ A IMP B {A} ⊢ C*

shows *H ⊢ A IMP B*

by (*metis Contra Disj-I1 Neg-mono assms rcut1*)

lemma *Iff-I [intro!]*: *insert A H ⊢ B ⟹ insert B H ⊢ A ⟹ H ⊢ A IFF B*

by (*metis Iff-def Conj-I Imp-I*)

lemma *Iff-MP-same*: *H ⊢ A IFF B ⟹ H ⊢ A ⟹ H ⊢ B*

by (*metis Iff-def Conj-E1 MP-same*)

lemma *Iff-MP2-same*: *H ⊢ A IFF B ⟹ H ⊢ B ⟹ H ⊢ A*

by (*metis Iff-def Conj-E2 MP-same*)

lemma *Iff-refl [intro!]*: *H ⊢ A IFF A*

by (*metis Hyp Iff-I insertI1*)

lemma *Iff-sym*: *H ⊢ A IFF B ⟹ H ⊢ B IFF A*

by (*metis Iff-def Conj-commute*)

lemma *Iff-trans*: *H ⊢ A IFF B ⟹ H ⊢ B IFF C ⟹ H ⊢ A IFF C*

unfolding *Iff-def*

by (*metis Conj-E1 Conj-E2 Conj-I Disj-Semicong-1 Disj-commute*)

lemma *Iff-E*:

insert A (insert B H) ⊢ C ⟹ insert (Neg A) (insert (Neg B) H) ⊢ C ⟹ insert (A IFF B) H ⊢ C

apply (*auto simp: Iff-def insert-commute*)

apply (*metis Disj-I1 Hyp anti-deduction insertCI*)

apply (*metis Assume Disj-I1 anti-deduction*)

done

lemma *Iff-E1*:

assumes *A: H ⊢ A and B: insert B H ⊢ C shows insert (A IFF B) H ⊢ C*

by (*metis Iff-def A B Conj-E Imp-E insert-commute thin1*)

lemma *Iff-E2*:

assumes *A: H ⊢ A and B: insert B H ⊢ C shows insert (B IFF A) H ⊢ C*

by (*metis Iff-def A B Bool Conj-E2 Conj-mono Imp-E boolean-axioms.Ident*)

lemma *Iff-MP-left*: *H ⊢ A IFF B ⟹ insert A H ⊢ C ⟹ insert B H ⊢ C*

by (*metis Hyp Iff-E2 cut-same insertI1 insert-commute thin1*)

lemma *Iff-MP-left'*: *H ⊢ A IFF B ⟹ insert B H ⊢ C ⟹ insert A H ⊢ C*

by (*metis Iff-MP-left Iff-sym*)

lemma *Swap*: *insert (Neg B) H ⊢ A ⟹ insert (Neg A) H ⊢ B*

by (*metis NegNeg-D Neg-mono*)

lemma *Cases*: $\text{insert } A \ H \vdash B \implies \text{insert } (\text{Neg } A) \ H \vdash B \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis Contra Neg-D Neg-mono*)

lemma *Neg-Conj-E*: $H \vdash B \implies \text{insert } (\text{Neg } A) \ H \vdash C \implies \text{insert } (\text{Neg } (A \text{ AND } B)) \ H \vdash C$
by (*metis Conj-I Swap thin1*)

lemma *Disj-CI*: $\text{insert } (\text{Neg } B) \ H \vdash A \implies H \vdash A \text{ OR } B$
by (*metis Contra Disj-I1 Disj-I2 Swap*)

lemma *Disj-3I*: $\text{insert } (\text{Neg } A) (\text{insert } (\text{Neg } C) \ H) \vdash B \implies H \vdash A \text{ OR } B \text{ OR } C$
by (*metis Disj-CI Disj-commute insert-commute*)

lemma *Contrapos1*: $H \vdash A \text{ IMP } B \implies H \vdash \text{Neg } B \text{ IMP } \text{Neg } A$
by (*metis Bool MP-same boolean-axioms.DisjConj boolean-axioms.Ident*)

lemma *Contrapos2*: $H \vdash (\text{Neg } B) \text{ IMP } (\text{Neg } A) \implies H \vdash A \text{ IMP } B$
by (*metis Bool MP-same boolean-axioms.DisjConj boolean-axioms.Ident*)

lemma *ContraAssumeN* [*intro*]: $B \in H \implies \text{insert } (\text{Neg } B) \ H \vdash A$
by (*metis Hyp Swap thin1*)

lemma *ContraAssume*: $\text{Neg } B \in H \implies \text{insert } B \ H \vdash A$
by (*metis Disj-I1 Hyp anti-deduction*)

lemma *ContraProve*: $H \vdash B \implies \text{insert } (\text{Neg } B) \ H \vdash A$
by (*metis Swap thin1*)

lemma *Disj-IE1*: $\text{insert } B \ H \vdash C \implies \text{insert } (A \text{ OR } B) \ H \vdash A \text{ OR } C$
by (*metis Assume Disj-mono assms*)

lemmas *Disj-IE1H* = *Disj-IE1* *Disj-IE1* [*THEN rotate2*] *Disj-IE1* [*THEN rotate3*] *Disj-IE1* [*THEN rotate4*] *Disj-IE1* [*THEN rotate5*]
Disj-IE1 [*THEN rotate6*] *Disj-IE1* [*THEN rotate7*] *Disj-IE1* [*THEN rotate8*]
declare *Disj-IE1H* [*intro!*]

1.3.1 Quantifier reasoning

lemma *Ex-I*: $H \vdash A(i ::= x) \implies H \vdash \text{Ex } i \ A$
by (*metis MP-same Spec special-axioms.intros*)

lemma *Ex-E*:
assumes $\text{insert } A \ H \vdash B$ $\text{atom } i \notin B \ \forall C \in H. \text{atom } i \notin C$
shows $\text{insert } (\text{Ex } i \ A) \ H \vdash B$
by (*metis Exists Imp-I anti-deduction assms*)

lemma *Ex-E-with-renaming*:

assumes *insert* $((i \leftrightarrow i') \cdot A) H \vdash B$ *atom* $i' \notin (A, i, B)$ $\forall C \in H.$ *atom* $i' \notin C$
shows *insert* $(Ex\ i\ A) H \vdash B$
proof –
have $Ex\ i\ A = Ex\ i'\ ((i \leftrightarrow i') \cdot A)$ **using** *assms*
apply (*auto simp: Abs1-eq-iff fresh-Pair*)
apply (*metis flip-at-simps(2) fresh-at-base-permute-iff*)
done
thus *?thesis*
by (*metis Ex-E assms fresh-Pair*)
qed

lemmas $Ex\text{-}EH = Ex\text{-}E\ Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate2]\ Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate3]\ Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate4]\ Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate5]$
 $Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate6]\ Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate7]\ Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate8]$
 $Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate9]\ Ex\text{-}E\ [THEN\ rotate10]$
declare *Ex-EH* [*intro!*]

lemma *Ex-mono*: $insert\ A\ H \vdash B \implies \forall C \in H.\ atom\ i \notin C \implies insert\ (Ex\ i\ A)$
 $H \vdash (Ex\ i\ B)$
by (*auto simp add: intro: Ex-I [where $x=Var\ i$])*

lemma *All-I* [*intro!*]: $H \vdash A \implies \forall C \in H.\ atom\ i \notin C \implies H \vdash All\ i\ A$
by (*auto intro: ContraProve Neg-I0*)

lemma *All-D*: $H \vdash All\ i\ A \implies H \vdash A(i ::= x)$
by (*metis Assume Ex-I NegNeg-D Neg-mono SyntaxN.Neg cut-same*)

lemma *All-E*: $insert\ (A(i ::= x))\ H \vdash B \implies insert\ (All\ i\ A)\ H \vdash B$
by (*metis Ex-I NegNeg-D Neg-mono SyntaxN.Neg*)

lemma *All-E'*: $H \vdash All\ i\ A \implies insert\ (A(i ::= x))\ H \vdash B \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis All-D cut-same*)

lemma *All2-E*: $\llbracket atom\ i \notin t; H \vdash x\ IN\ t; insert\ (A(i ::= x))\ H \vdash B \rrbracket \implies insert\ (All2\ i\ t\ A)\ H \vdash B$
apply (*rule All-E [where $x=x$], auto*)
by (*metis Swap thin1*)

lemma *All2-E'*: $\llbracket H \vdash All2\ i\ t\ A; H \vdash x\ IN\ t; insert\ (A(i ::= x))\ H \vdash B; atom\ i \notin t \rrbracket \implies H \vdash B$
by (*metis All2-E cut-same*)

1.3.2 Congruence rules

lemma *Neg-cong*: $H \vdash A \iff A' \implies H \vdash Neg\ A \iff Neg\ A'$
by (*metis Iff-def Conj-E1 Conj-E2 Conj-I Contrapos1*)

lemma *Disj-cong*: $H \vdash A \iff A' \implies H \vdash B \iff B' \implies H \vdash A \ OR\ B \iff A' \ OR\ B'$

```

by (metis Conj-E1 Conj-E2 Disj-mono Iff-I Iff-def anti-deduction)

lemma Conj-cong:  $H \vdash A \text{ IFF } A' \implies H \vdash B \text{ IFF } B' \implies H \vdash A \text{ AND } B \text{ IFF } A' \text{ AND } B'$ 
by (metis Conj-def Disj-cong Neg-cong)

lemma Imp-cong:  $H \vdash A \text{ IFF } A' \implies H \vdash B \text{ IFF } B' \implies H \vdash (A \text{ IMP } B) \text{ IFF } (A' \text{ IMP } B')$ 
by (metis Disj-cong Neg-cong)

lemma Iff-cong:  $H \vdash A \text{ IFF } A' \implies H \vdash B \text{ IFF } B' \implies H \vdash (A \text{ IFF } B) \text{ IFF } (A' \text{ IFF } B')$ 
by (metis Iff-def Conj-cong Imp-cong)

lemma Ex-cong:  $H \vdash A \text{ IFF } A' \implies \forall C \in H. \text{ atom } i \notin C \implies H \vdash (\text{Ex } i A) \text{ IFF } (\text{Ex } i A')$ 
apply (rule Iff-I)
apply (metis Ex-mono Hyp Iff-MP-same Un-absorb Un-insert-right insertI1 thin-Un)
apply (metis Ex-mono Hyp Iff-MP2-same Un-absorb Un-insert-right insertI1 thin-Un)
done

lemma All-cong:  $H \vdash A \text{ IFF } A' \implies \forall C \in H. \text{ atom } i \notin C \implies H \vdash (\text{All } i A) \text{ IFF } (\text{All } i A')$ 
by (metis Ex-cong Neg-cong)

lemma Subst:  $H \vdash A \implies \forall B \in H. \text{ atom } i \notin B \implies H \vdash A (i ::= x)$ 
by (metis All-D All-I)

```

1.4 Equality reasoning

1.4.1 The congruence property for $\text{op } EQ$, and other basic properties of equality

```

lemma Eq-cong1:  $\{\} \vdash (t \text{ EQ } t' \text{ AND } u \text{ EQ } u') \text{ IMP } (t \text{ EQ } u \text{ IMP } t' \text{ EQ } u')$ 
proof -
  obtain v2::name and v3::name and v4::name
  where v2: atom v2  $\notin (t, X_1, X_3, X_4)$ 
    and v3: atom v3  $\notin (t, t', X_1, v2, X_4)$ 
    and v4: atom v4  $\notin (t, t', u, X_1, v2, v3)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have  $\{\} \vdash (\text{Var } X_1 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_2 \text{ AND } \text{Var } X_3 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_4) \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } X_1 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_3 \text{ IMP } \text{Var } X_2 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_4)$ 
    by (rule Eq) (simp add: eq-cong-ax-def equality-axioms-def)
  hence  $\{\} \vdash (\text{Var } X_1 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_2 \text{ AND } \text{Var } X_3 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_4) \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } X_1 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_3 \text{ IMP } \text{Var } X_2 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_4)$ 
    by (drule-tac i=X1 and x=Var X1 in Subst) simp-all
  hence  $\{\} \vdash (\text{Var } X_1 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } v2 \text{ AND } \text{Var } X_3 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X_4) \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } X_1 \text{ EQ }$ 

```

```

Var X3 IMP Var v2 EQ Var X4)
  by (drule-tac i=X2 and x=Var v2 in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (Var X1 EQ Var v2 AND Var v3 EQ Var X4) IMP (Var X1 EQ
Var v3 IMP Var v2 EQ Var X4)
    using v2
    by (drule-tac i=X3 and x=Var v3 in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (Var X1 EQ Var v2 AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (Var X1 EQ Var
v3 IMP Var v2 EQ Var v4)
    using v2 v3
    by (drule-tac i=X4 and x=Var v4 in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (t EQ Var v2 AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (t EQ Var v3 IMP Var
v2 EQ Var v4)
    using v2 v3 v4
    by (drule-tac i=X1 and x=t in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (t EQ t' AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (t EQ Var v3 IMP t' EQ
Var v4)
    using v2 v3 v4
    by (drule-tac i=v2 and x=t' in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (t EQ t' AND u EQ Var v4) IMP (t EQ u IMP t' EQ Var v4)
    using v3 v4
    by (drule-tac i=v3 and x=u in Subst) simp-all
  thus ?thesis
    using v4
    by (drule-tac i=v4 and x=u' in Subst) simp-all
qed

```

```

lemma Refl [iff]: H ⊢ t EQ t
proof -
  have {} ⊢ Var X1 EQ Var X1
    by (rule Eq) (simp add: equality-axioms-def refl-ax-def)
  hence {} ⊢ t EQ t
    by (drule-tac i=X1 and x=t in Subst) simp-all
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis empty-subsetI thin)
qed

```

Apparently necessary in order to prove the congruence property.

```

lemma Sym: assumes H ⊢ t EQ u shows H ⊢ u EQ t
proof -
  have {} ⊢ (t EQ u AND t EQ t) IMP (t EQ t IMP u EQ t)
    by (rule Eq-cong1)
  moreover have {t EQ u} ⊢ t EQ u AND t EQ t
    by (metis Assume Conj-I Refl)
  ultimately have {t EQ u} ⊢ u EQ t
    by (metis MP-same MP Refl sup-bot-left)
  thus H ⊢ u EQ t by (metis assms cut1)
qed

```

```

lemma Sym-L: insert (t EQ u) H ⊢ A ==> insert (u EQ t) H ⊢ A

```

by (metis Assume Sym Un-empty-left Un-insert-left cut)

lemma Trans: **assumes** $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } y$ $H \vdash y \text{ EQ } z$ **shows** $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } z$
proof –
have $\bigwedge H. H \vdash (x \text{ EQ } x \text{ AND } y \text{ EQ } z) \text{ IMP } (x \text{ EQ } y \text{ IMP } x \text{ EQ } z)$
by (metis Eq-cong1 bot-least thin)
moreover have $\{x \text{ EQ } y, y \text{ EQ } z\} \vdash x \text{ EQ } x \text{ AND } y \text{ EQ } z$
by (metis Assume Conj-I Refl thin1)
ultimately have $\{x \text{ EQ } y, y \text{ EQ } z\} \vdash x \text{ EQ } z$
by (metis Hyp MP-same insertI1)
thus ?thesis
by (metis assms cut2)
qed

lemma Eq-cong:
assumes $H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t'$ $H \vdash u \text{ EQ } u'$ **shows** $H \vdash t \text{ EQ } u \text{ IFF } t' \text{ EQ } u'$
proof –
{ fix $t t' u u'$
assume $H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t'$ $H \vdash u \text{ EQ } u'$
moreover have $\{t \text{ EQ } t', u \text{ EQ } u'\} \vdash t \text{ EQ } u \text{ IMP } t' \text{ EQ } u'$ using Eq-cong1
by (metis Assume Conj-I MP-null insert-commute)
ultimately have $H \vdash t \text{ EQ } u \text{ IMP } t' \text{ EQ } u'$
by (metis cut2)
}
thus ?thesis
by (metis Iff-def Conj-I assms Sym)
qed

lemma Eq-Trans-E: $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } u \implies \text{insert } (t \text{ EQ } u) H \vdash A \implies \text{insert } (x \text{ EQ } t) H \vdash A$
by (metis Assume Sym-L Trans cut-same thin1 thin2)

1.4.2 The congruence property for op IN

lemma Mem-cong1: $\{\} \vdash (t \text{ EQ } t' \text{ AND } u \text{ EQ } u') \text{ IMP } (t \text{ IN } u \text{ IMP } t' \text{ IN } u')$
proof –
obtain $v2::name$ and $v3::name$ and $v4::name$
where $v2: \text{atom } v2 \notin (t, X1, X3, X4)$
and $v3: \text{atom } v3 \notin (t, t', X1, v2, X4)$
and $v4: \text{atom } v4 \notin (t, t', u, X1, v2, v3)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
have $\{\} \vdash (\text{Var } X1 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X2 \text{ AND } \text{Var } X3 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X4) \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } X1 \text{ IN } \text{Var } X3 \text{ IMP } \text{Var } X2 \text{ IN } \text{Var } X4)$
by (metis mem-cong-ax-def equality-axioms-def insert-iff Eq)
hence $\{\} \vdash (\text{Var } X1 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } v2 \text{ AND } \text{Var } X3 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X4) \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } X1 \text{ IN } \text{Var } X3 \text{ IMP } \text{Var } v2 \text{ IN } \text{Var } X4)$
by (drule-tac i=X2 and x=Var v2 in Subst) simp-all
hence $\{\} \vdash (\text{Var } X1 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } v2 \text{ AND } \text{Var } v3 \text{ EQ } \text{Var } X4) \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } X1 \text{ IN } \text{Var } v3 \text{ IMP } \text{Var } v2 \text{ IN } \text{Var } X4)$

```

using v2
by (drule-tac i=X3 and x=Var v3 in Subst) simp-all
hence {} ⊢ (Var X1 EQ Var v2 AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (Var X1 IN Var
v3 IMP Var v2 IN Var v4)
using v2 v3
by (drule-tac i=X4 and x=Var v4 in Subst) simp-all
hence {} ⊢ (t EQ Var v2 AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (t IN Var v3 IMP Var
v2 IN Var v4)
using v2 v3 v4
by (drule-tac i=X1 and x=t in Subst) simp-all
hence {} ⊢ (t EQ t' AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (t IN Var v3 IMP t' IN Var
v4)
using v2 v3 v4
by (drule-tac i=v2 and x=t' in Subst) simp-all
hence {} ⊢ (t EQ t' AND u EQ Var v4) IMP (t IN u IMP t' IN Var v4)
using v3 v4
by (drule-tac i=v3 and x=u in Subst) simp-all
thus ?thesis
using v4
by (drule-tac i=v4 and x=u' in Subst) simp-all
qed

```

```

lemma Mem-cong:
assumes H ⊢ t EQ t' H ⊢ u EQ u' shows H ⊢ t IN u IFF t' IN u'
proof –
{ fix t t' u u'
  have cong: {t EQ t', u EQ u'} ⊢ t IN u IMP t' IN u'
    by (metis AssumeH(2) Conj-I MP-null Mem-cong1 insert-commute)
}
thus ?thesis
  by (metis Iff-def Conj-I cut2 assms Sym)
qed

```

1.4.3 The congruence properties for Eats and HPair

```

lemma Eats-cong1: {} ⊢ (t EQ t' AND u EQ u') IMP (Eats t u EQ Eats t' u')
proof –
obtain v2::name and v3::name and v4::name
  where v2: atom v2 # (t,X1,X3,X4)
    and v3: atom v3 # (t,t',X1,v2,X4)
    and v4: atom v4 # (t,t',u,X1,v2,v3)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have {} ⊢ (Var X1 EQ Var X2 AND Var X3 EQ Var X4) IMP (Eats (Var X1)
(Var X3) EQ Eats (Var X2) (Var X4))
    by (metis eats-cong-ax-def equality-axioms-def insert-iff Eq)
  hence {} ⊢ (Var X1 EQ Var v2 AND Var X3 EQ Var X4) IMP (Eats (Var X1)
(Var X3) EQ Eats (Var v2) (Var X4))
    by (drule-tac i=X2 and x=Var v2 in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (Var X1 EQ Var v2 AND Var v3 EQ Var X4) IMP (Eats (Var X1)

```

```

(Var v3) EQ Eats (Var v2) (Var X4))
  using v2
  by (drule-tac i=X3 and x=Var v3 in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (Var X1 EQ Var v2 AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (Eats (Var X1)
(Var v3) EQ Eats (Var v2) (Var v4))
  using v2 v3
  by (drule-tac i=X4 and x=Var v4 in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (t EQ Var v2 AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (Eats t (Var v3) EQ
Eats (Var v2) (Var v4))
  using v2 v3 v4
  by (drule-tac i=X1 and x=t in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (t EQ t' AND Var v3 EQ Var v4) IMP (Eats t (Var v3) EQ Eats
t' (Var v4))
  using v2 v3 v4
  by (drule-tac i=v2 and x=t' in Subst) simp-all
  hence {} ⊢ (t EQ t' AND u EQ Var v4) IMP (Eats t u EQ Eats t' (Var v4))
  using v3 v4
  by (drule-tac i=v3 and x=u in Subst) simp-all
  thus ?thesis
  using v4
  by (drule-tac i=v4 and x=u' in Subst) simp-all
qed

```

lemma *Eats-cong*: $\llbracket H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t'; H \vdash u \text{ EQ } u' \rrbracket \implies H \vdash \text{Eats } t \text{ } u \text{ EQ } \text{Eats } t' \text{ } u'$
by (*metis Conj-I anti-deduction Eats-cong1 cut1*)

lemma *HPair-cong*: $\llbracket H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t'; H \vdash u \text{ EQ } u' \rrbracket \implies H \vdash \text{HPair } t \text{ } u \text{ EQ } \text{HPair } t' \text{ } u'$
by (*metis HPair-def Eats-cong Refl assms*)

lemma *SUCC-cong*: $H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t' \implies H \vdash \text{SUCC } t \text{ EQ } \text{SUCC } t'$
by (*metis Eats-cong SUCC-def assms*)

1.4.4 Substitution for Equalities

lemma *Eq-subst-tm-Iff*: $\{t \text{ EQ } u\} \vdash \text{subst } i \text{ } t \text{ tm } \text{EQ } \text{subst } i \text{ } u \text{ tm}$
by (*induct tm rule: tm.induct*) (*auto simp: Eats-cong*)

lemma *Eq-subst-fm-Iff*: *insert* (*t EQ u*) $H \vdash A(i ::= t)$ IFF $A(i ::= u)$
proof –

have $\{t \text{ EQ } u\} \vdash A(i ::= t)$ IFF $A(i ::= u)$
by (*nominal-induct A avoiding: i t u rule: fm.strong-induct*)
(auto simp: Disj-cong Neg-cong Ex-cong Mem-cong Eq-cong Eq-subst-tm-Iff)
thus ?thesis
by (*metis Assume cut1*)

qed

lemma *Var-Eq-subst-Iff*: *insert* (*Var i EQ t*) $H \vdash A(i ::= t)$ IFF A
by (*metis Eq-subst-fm-Iff Iff-sym subst-fm-id*)

lemma *Var-Eq-imp-subst-Iff*: $H \vdash \text{Var } i \text{ EQ } t \implies H \vdash A(i ::= t) \text{ IFF } A$
by (*metis Var-Eq-subst-Iff cut-same*)

1.4.5 Congruence Rules for Predicates

lemma *P1-cong*:

```

fixes tms :: tm list
assumes  $\bigwedge i t x. \text{atom } i \notin \text{tms} \implies (P t)(i ::= x) = P (\text{subst } i x t)$  and  $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } x'$ 
shows  $H \vdash P x \text{ IFF } P x'$ 
proof –
  obtain i::name where i: atom i ∉ tms
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have insert (x EQ x') H ⊢ (P (Var i))(i ::= x) IFF (P(Var i))(i ::= x')
    by (rule Eq-subst-fm-Iff)
  thus ?thesis using assms i
    by (metis cut-same subst.simps(2))
qed
```

lemma *P2-cong*:

```

fixes tms :: tm list
assumes sub:  $\bigwedge i t u x. \text{atom } i \notin \text{tms} \implies (P t u)(i ::= x) = P (\text{subst } i x t) (\text{subst } i x u)$ 
and eq:  $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } x' H \vdash y \text{ EQ } y'$ 
shows  $H \vdash P x y \text{ IFF } P x' y'$ 
proof –
  have yy': {y EQ y'} ⊢ P x' y IFF P x' y'
    by (rule P1-cong [where tms=[y,x']@tms]) (auto simp: fresh-Cons sub)
  have {x EQ x'} ⊢ P x y IFF P x' y
    by (rule P1-cong [where tms=[y,x']@tms]) (auto simp: fresh-Cons sub)
  hence {x EQ x', y EQ y'} ⊢ P x y IFF P x' y'
    by (metis Assume Iff-trans cut1 rotate2 yy')
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis cut2 eq)
qed
```

lemma *P3-cong*:

```

fixes tms :: tm list
assumes sub:  $\bigwedge i t u v x. \text{atom } i \notin \text{tms} \implies$ 
   $(P t u v)(i ::= x) = P (\text{subst } i x t) (\text{subst } i x u) (\text{subst } i x v)$ 
and eq:  $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } x' H \vdash y \text{ EQ } y' H \vdash z \text{ EQ } z'$ 
shows  $H \vdash P x y z \text{ IFF } P x' y' z'$ 
proof –
  obtain i::name where i: atom i ∉ (z,z',y,y',x,x')
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have tl: {y EQ y', z EQ z'} ⊢ P x' y z IFF P x' y' z'
    by (rule P2-cong [where tms=[z,z',y,y',x,x']@tms]) (auto simp: fresh-Cons sub)
qed
```

```

have hd: { x EQ x' } ⊢ P x y z IFF P x' y z
  by (rule P1-cong [where tms=[z,y,x']@tms]) (auto simp: fresh-Cons sub)
have {x EQ x', y EQ y', z EQ z'} ⊢ P x y z IFF P x' y' z'
  by (metis Assume thin1 hd [THEN cut1] tl Iff-trans)
thus ?thesis
  by (rule cut3) (rule eq)+
qed

lemma P4-cong:
fixes tms :: tm list
assumes sub: ⋀ i t1 t2 t3 t4 x. atom i # tms ==>
  (P t1 t2 t3 t4)(i::=x) = P (subst i x t1) (subst i x t2) (subst i x t3)
(subst i x t4)
and eq: H ⊢ x1 EQ x1' H ⊢ x2 EQ x2' H ⊢ x3 EQ x3' H ⊢ x4 EQ x4'
shows H ⊢ P x1 x2 x3 x4 IFF P x1' x2' x3' x4'
proof -
obtain i::name where i: atom i # (x4,x4',x3,x3',x2,x2',x1,x1')
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
have tl: { x2 EQ x2', x3 EQ x3', x4 EQ x4' } ⊢ P x1' x2 x3 x4 IFF P x1' x2'
x3' x4'
  by (rule P3-cong [where tms=[x4,x4',x3,x3',x2,x2',x1,x1']@tms]) (auto simp:
fresh-Cons sub)
have hd: { x1 EQ x1' } ⊢ P x1 x2 x3 x4 IFF P x1' x2 x3 x4
  by (auto simp: fresh-Cons sub intro!: P1-cong [where tms=[x4,x3,x2,x1']@tms])
have {x1 EQ x1', x2 EQ x2', x3 EQ x3', x4 EQ x4'} ⊢ P x1 x2 x3 x4 IFF P x1'
x2' x3' x4'
  by (metis Assume thin1 hd [THEN cut1] tl Iff-trans)
thus ?thesis
  by (rule cut4) (rule eq)+
qed

```

1.5 Zero and Falsity

```

lemma Mem-Zero-iff:
assumes atom i # t shows H ⊢ (t EQ Zero) IFF (All i (Neg ((Var i) IN t)))
proof -
obtain i':name where i': atom i' # (t, X0, X1, i)
  by (rule obtain-fresh)
have {} ⊢ ((Var X0) EQ Zero) IFF (All X1 (Neg ((Var X1) IN (Var X0))))
  by (simp add: HF HF-axioms-def HF1-def)
then have {} ⊢ (((Var X0) EQ Zero) IFF (All X1 (Neg ((Var X1) IN (Var X0))))) (X0 ::= t)
  by (rule Subst) simp
hence {} ⊢ (t EQ Zero) IFF (All i' (Neg ((Var i') IN t))) using i'
  by simp
also have ... = (FRESH i'. (t EQ Zero) IFF (All i' (Neg ((Var i') IN t))))
  using i' by simp
also have ... = (t EQ Zero) IFF (All i (Neg ((Var i) IN t)))
  using assms by simp

```

```

finally show ?thesis
  by (metis empty-subsetI thin)
qed

lemma Mem-Zero-E [intro!]: insert (x IN Zero) H ⊢ A
proof –
  obtain i::name where atom i # Zero
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  hence {} ⊢ All i (Neg ((Var i) IN Zero))
    by (metis Mem-Zero-iff Iff-MP-same Refl)
  hence {} ⊢ Neg (x IN Zero)
    by (drule-tac x=x in All-D) simp
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis Contrapos2 Hyp Imp-triv-I MP-same empty-subsetI insertI1 thin)
qed

declare Mem-Zero-E [THEN rotate2, intro!]
declare Mem-Zero-E [THEN rotate3, intro!]
declare Mem-Zero-E [THEN rotate4, intro!]
declare Mem-Zero-E [THEN rotate5, intro!]
declare Mem-Zero-E [THEN rotate6, intro!]
declare Mem-Zero-E [THEN rotate7, intro!]
declare Mem-Zero-E [THEN rotate8, intro!]

```

1.5.1 The Formula Fls

definition Fls **where** Fls ≡ Zero IN Zero

lemma Fls-eqvt [eqvt]: (p · Fls) = Fls
by (simp add: Fls-def)

lemma Fls-fresh [simp]: a # Fls
by (simp add: Fls-def)

lemma Neg-I [intro!]: insert A H ⊢ Fls ⇒ H ⊢ Neg A
unfolding Fls-def
by (rule Neg-I0) (metis Mem-Zero-E cut-same)

lemma Neg-E [intro!]: H ⊢ A ⇒ insert (Neg A) H ⊢ Fls
by (rule ContraProve)

```

declare Neg-E [THEN rotate2, intro!]
declare Neg-E [THEN rotate3, intro!]
declare Neg-E [THEN rotate4, intro!]
declare Neg-E [THEN rotate5, intro!]
declare Neg-E [THEN rotate6, intro!]
declare Neg-E [THEN rotate7, intro!]
declare Neg-E [THEN rotate8, intro!]

```

We need these because Neg (A IMP B) doesn't have to be syntactically

a conjunction.

lemma *Neg-*Imp-I** [*intro!*]: $H \vdash A \implies \text{insert } B H \vdash \text{Fls} \implies H \vdash \text{Neg } (A \text{ IMP } B)$

by (*metis NegNeg-*I* Neg-*Disj-I* Neg-*I**)

lemma *Neg-*Imp-E** [*intro!*]: $\text{insert } (\text{Neg } B) (\text{insert } A H) \vdash C \implies \text{insert } (\text{Neg } (A \text{ IMP } B)) H \vdash C$

apply (*rule cut-same [where A=A]*)

apply (*metis Assume Disj-*I1* NegNeg-*D* Neg-mono*)

apply (*metis Swap Imp-*I* rotate2 thin1*)

done

declare *Neg-*Imp-E** [*THEN rotate2, intro!*]

declare *Neg-*Imp-E** [*THEN rotate3, intro!*]

declare *Neg-*Imp-E** [*THEN rotate4, intro!*]

declare *Neg-*Imp-E** [*THEN rotate5, intro!*]

declare *Neg-*Imp-E** [*THEN rotate6, intro!*]

declare *Neg-*Imp-E** [*THEN rotate7, intro!*]

declare *Neg-*Imp-E** [*THEN rotate8, intro!*]

lemma *Fls-*E** [*intro!*]: $\text{insert } \text{Fls } H \vdash A$

by (*metis Mem-Zero-*E* Fls-def*)

declare *Fls-*E** [*THEN rotate2, intro!*]

declare *Fls-*E** [*THEN rotate3, intro!*]

declare *Fls-*E** [*THEN rotate4, intro!*]

declare *Fls-*E** [*THEN rotate5, intro!*]

declare *Fls-*E** [*THEN rotate6, intro!*]

declare *Fls-*E** [*THEN rotate7, intro!*]

declare *Fls-*E** [*THEN rotate8, intro!*]

lemma *truth-provable*: $H \vdash (\text{Neg } \text{Fls})$

by (*metis Fls-*E* Neg-*I**)

lemma *ExFalse*: $H \vdash \text{Fls} \implies H \vdash A$

by (*metis Neg-*D* truth-provable*)

1.5.2 More properties of Zero

lemma *Eq-Zero-*D**:

assumes $H \vdash t \text{ EQ } \text{Zero}$ $H \vdash u \text{ IN } t$ **shows** $H \vdash A$

proof –

obtain *i::name where i: atom i # t*

by (*rule obtain-fresh*)

with assms have an: $H \vdash (\text{All } i (\text{Neg } ((\text{Var } i) \text{ IN } t)))$

by (*metis Iff-MP-same Mem-Zero-iff*)

have $H \vdash \text{Neg } (u \text{ IN } t)$ **using** *All-*D** [*OF an, of u*] *i*

by *simp*

thus *?thesis* **using** *assms*

by (*metis Neg-*D**)

qed

lemma Eq-Zero-thm:

assumes atom $i \# t$ shows $\{All\ i\ (Neg\ ((Var\ i)\ IN\ t))\} \vdash t\ EQ\ Zero$
by (metis Assume Iff-MP2-same Mem-Zero-iff assms)

lemma Eq-Zero-I:

assumes insi: insert $((Var\ i)\ IN\ t)\ H \vdash Fls$ and $i1: atom\ i \# t$ and $i2: \forall B \in H.\ atom\ i \# B$

shows $H \vdash t\ EQ\ Zero$

proof –

have $H \vdash All\ i\ (Neg\ ((Var\ i)\ IN\ t))$

by (metis All-I Neg-I i2 insi)

thus ?thesis

by (metis cut-same cut [OF Eq-Zero-thm [OF i1] Hyp] insertCI insert-is-Un)

qed

1.5.3 Basic properties of Eats

lemma Eq-Eats-iff:

assumes atom $i \# (z, t, u)$

shows $H \vdash (z\ EQ\ Eats\ t\ u) IFF (All\ i\ (Var\ i\ IN\ z\ IFF\ Var\ i\ IN\ t\ OR\ Var\ i\ EQ\ u))$

proof –

obtain $v1::name$ and $v2::name$ and $i'::name$

where $v1: atom\ v1 \# (z, X0, X2, X3)$

and $v2: atom\ v2 \# (t, z, X0, v1, X3)$

and $i': atom\ i' \# (t, u, z, X0, v1, v2, X3)$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

have $\{\} \vdash ((Var\ X0)\ EQ\ (Eats\ (Var\ X1)\ (Var\ X2))) IFF$

$(All\ X3\ (Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ X0\ IFF\ Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ X1\ OR\ Var\ X3\ EQ\ Var\ X2))$

by (simp add: HF HF-axioms-def HF2-def)

hence $\{\} \vdash ((Var\ X0)\ EQ\ (Eats\ (Var\ X1)\ (Var\ X2))) IFF$

$(All\ X3\ (Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ X0\ IFF\ Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ X1\ OR\ Var\ X3\ EQ\ Var\ X2))$

by (drule-tac $i=X0$ and $x=Var\ X0$ in Subst) simp-all

hence $\{\} \vdash ((Var\ X0)\ EQ\ (Eats\ (Var\ v1)\ (Var\ X2))) IFF$

$(All\ X3\ (Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ X0\ IFF\ Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ v1\ OR\ Var\ X3\ EQ\ Var\ X2))$

using $v1$ by (drule-tac $i=X1$ and $x=Var\ v1$ in Subst) simp-all

hence $\{\} \vdash ((Var\ X0)\ EQ\ (Eats\ (Var\ v1)\ (Var\ v2))) IFF$

$(All\ X3\ (Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ X0\ IFF\ Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ v1\ OR\ Var\ X3\ EQ\ Var\ v2))$

using $v1\ v2$ by (drule-tac $i=X2$ and $x=Var\ v2$ in Subst) simp-all

hence $\{\} \vdash (((Var\ X0)\ EQ\ (Eats\ (Var\ v1)\ (Var\ v2)))) IFF$

$(All\ X3\ (Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ X0\ IFF\ Var\ X3\ IN\ Var\ v1\ OR\ Var\ X3\ EQ\ Var\ v2)))(X0 ::= z)$

by (rule Subst) simp

```

hence {} ⊢ (( $z \text{ EQ } (\text{Eats} (\text{Var } v1) (\text{Var } v2))$ ) IFF
  ( $\text{All } i' (\text{Var } i' \text{ IN } z \text{ IFF } \text{Var } i' \text{ IN } \text{Var } v1 \text{ OR } \text{Var } i' \text{ EQ } \text{Var } v2)$ ))
  using  $v1\ v2\ i'$  by (simp add: Conj-def Iff-def)
hence {} ⊢ ( $z \text{ EQ } (\text{Eats } t (\text{Var } v2))$ ) IFF
  ( $\text{All } i' (\text{Var } i' \text{ IN } z \text{ IFF } \text{Var } i' \text{ IN } t \text{ OR } \text{Var } i' \text{ EQ } \text{Var } v2)$ )
  using  $v1\ v2\ i'$  by (drule-tac  $i=v1$  and  $x=t$  in Subst) simp-all
hence {} ⊢ ( $z \text{ EQ } \text{Eats } t u$ ) IFF
  ( $\text{All } i' (\text{Var } i' \text{ IN } z \text{ IFF } \text{Var } i' \text{ IN } t \text{ OR } \text{Var } i' \text{ EQ } u)$ )
  using  $v1\ v2\ i'$  by (drule-tac  $i=v2$  and  $x=u$  in Subst) simp-all
also have ... = (FRESH  $i'.$  ( $z \text{ EQ } \text{Eats } t u$ ) IFF ( $\text{All } i' (\text{Var } i' \text{ IN } z \text{ IFF } \text{Var } i' \text{ IN } t \text{ OR } \text{Var } i' \text{ EQ } u)$ ))
  using  $i'$  by simp
also have ... = ( $z \text{ EQ } \text{Eats } t u$ ) IFF ( $\text{All } i (\text{Var } i \text{ IN } z \text{ IFF } \text{Var } i \text{ IN } t \text{ OR } \text{Var } i \text{ EQ } u)$ )
  using assms  $i'$  by simp
finally show ?thesis
  by (rule thin0)
qed

```

lemma Eq-Eats-I:

```

 $H \vdash \text{All } i (\text{Var } i \text{ IN } z \text{ IFF } \text{Var } i \text{ IN } t \text{ OR } \text{Var } i \text{ EQ } u) \implies \text{atom } i \notin (z, t, u) \implies$ 
 $H \vdash z \text{ EQ } \text{Eats } t u$ 
by (metis Iff-MP2-same Eq-Eats-iff)

```

lemma Mem-Eats-Iff:

```

 $H \vdash x \text{ IN } (\text{Eats } t u) \text{ IFF } x \text{ IN } t \text{ OR } x \text{ EQ } u$ 
proof –
  obtain  $i::name$  where  $\text{atom } i \notin (\text{Eats } t u, t, u)$ 
  by (rule obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
  using Iff-MP-same [OF Eq-Eats-iff, THEN All-D]
  by auto
qed

```

lemma Mem-Eats-I1: $H \vdash u \text{ IN } t \implies H \vdash u \text{ IN } \text{Eats } t z$
by (metis Disj-I1 Iff-MP2-same Mem-Eats-Iff)

lemma Mem-Eats-I2: $H \vdash u \text{ EQ } z \implies H \vdash u \text{ IN } \text{Eats } t z$
by (metis Disj-I2 Iff-MP2-same Mem-Eats-Iff)

lemma Mem-Eats-E:

```

assumes A: insert ( $u \text{ IN } t$ )  $H \vdash C$  and B: insert ( $u \text{ EQ } z$ )  $H \vdash C$ 
shows insert ( $u \text{ IN } \text{Eats } t z$ )  $H \vdash C$ 
by (rule Mem-Eats-Iff [of -  $u\ t\ z$ , THEN Iff-MP-left']) (metis A B Disj-E)

```

lemmas Mem-Eats-EH = Mem-Eats-E Mem-Eats-E [THEN rotate2] Mem-Eats-E
[THEN rotate3] Mem-Eats-E [THEN rotate4] Mem-Eats-E [THEN rotate5]
Mem-Eats-E [THEN rotate6] Mem-Eats-E [THEN rotate7] Mem-Eats-E
[THEN rotate8]

```

declare Mem-Eats-EH [intro!]

lemma Mem-SUCC-I1:  $H \vdash u \text{ IN } t \implies H \vdash u \text{ IN SUCC } t$ 
  by (metis Mem-Eats-I1 SUCC-def)

lemma Mem-SUCC-I2:  $H \vdash u \text{ EQ } t \implies H \vdash u \text{ IN SUCC } t$ 
  by (metis Mem-Eats-I2 SUCC-def)

lemma Mem-SUCC-RefI [simp]:  $H \vdash k \text{ IN SUCC } k$ 
  by (metis Mem-SUCC-I2 Refl)

lemma Mem-SUCC-E:
  assumes insert ( $u \text{ IN } t$ )  $H \vdash C$  insert ( $u \text{ EQ } t$ )  $H \vdash C$  shows insert ( $u \text{ IN }$ 
 $\text{SUCC } t$ )  $H \vdash C$ 
  by (metis assms Mem-Eats-E SUCC-def)

lemmas Mem-SUCC-EH = Mem-SUCC-E Mem-SUCC-E [THEN rotate2] Mem-SUCC-E
[THEN rotate3] Mem-SUCC-E [THEN rotate4] Mem-SUCC-E [THEN rotate5]
Mem-SUCC-E [THEN rotate6] Mem-SUCC-E [THEN rotate7]
Mem-SUCC-E [THEN rotate8]

lemma Eats-EQ-Zero-E: insert (Eats  $t u \text{ EQ Zero}$ )  $H \vdash A$ 
  by (metis Assume Eq-Zero-D Mem-Eats-I2 Refl)

lemmas Eats-EQ-Zero-EH = Eats-EQ-Zero-E Eats-EQ-Zero-E [THEN rotate2]
Eats-EQ-Zero-E [THEN rotate3] Eats-EQ-Zero-E [THEN rotate4] Eats-EQ-Zero-E
[THEN rotate5]
Eats-EQ-Zero-E [THEN rotate6] Eats-EQ-Zero-E [THEN rotate7]
Eats-EQ-Zero-E [THEN rotate8]
declare Eats-EQ-Zero-EH [intro!]

lemma Eats-EQ-Zero-E2: insert (Zero EQ Eats  $t u$ )  $H \vdash A$ 
  by (metis Eats-EQ-Zero-E Sym-L)

lemmas Eats-EQ-Zero-E2H = Eats-EQ-Zero-E2 Eats-EQ-Zero-E2 [THEN ro-
tate2] Eats-EQ-Zero-E2 [THEN rotate3] Eats-EQ-Zero-E2 [THEN rotate4] Eats-EQ-Zero-E2
[THEN rotate5]
Eats-EQ-Zero-E2 [THEN rotate6] Eats-EQ-Zero-E2 [THEN rotate7]
Eats-EQ-Zero-E2 [THEN rotate8]
declare Eats-EQ-Zero-E2H [intro!]

```

1.6 Bounded Quantification involving *Eats*

```

lemma All2-cong:  $H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t' \implies H \vdash A \text{ IFF } A' \implies \forall C \in H. \text{ atom } i \notin C \implies$ 
 $H \vdash (\text{All2 } i \ t \ A) \text{ IFF } (\text{All2 } i \ t' \ A')$ 
  by (metis All-cong Imp-cong Mem-cong Refl)

lemma All2-Zero-E [intro!]:  $H \vdash B \implies \text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ \text{Zero } A) \ H \vdash B$ 
  by (rule thin1)

```

lemma *All2-Eats-I-D*:

atom $i \# (t,u) \implies \{ \text{All2 } i \ t \ A, A(i ::= u) \} \vdash (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{Eats } t \ u) \ A)$

apply (auto, auto intro!: Ex-I [where $x = \text{Var } i$])

apply (metis Assume thin1 Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same])

done

lemma *All2-Eats-I*:

[atom $i \# (t,u); H \vdash \text{All2 } i \ t \ A; H \vdash A(i ::= u)] \implies H \vdash (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{Eats } t \ u) \ A)$

by (rule cut2 [OF All2-Eats-I-D], auto)

lemma *All2-Eats-E1*:

[atom $i \# (t,u); \forall C \in H. \text{atom } i \# C] \implies \text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{Eats } t \ u) \ A) \ H \vdash \text{All2 } i \ t \ A$

by auto (metis Assume Ex-I Imp-E Mem-Eats-I1 Neg-mono subst-fm-id)

lemma *All2-Eats-E2*:

[atom $i \# (t,u); \forall C \in H. \text{atom } i \# C] \implies \text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{Eats } t \ u) \ A) \ H \vdash A(i ::= u)$

by (rule All-E [where $x = u$]) (auto intro: ContraProve Mem-Eats-I2)

lemma *All2-Eats-E*:

assumes $i: \text{atom } i \# (t,u)$

and $B: \text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ t \ A) (\text{insert } (A(i ::= u)) \ H) \vdash B$

shows $\text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{Eats } t \ u) \ A) \ H \vdash B$

using i

apply (rule cut-thin [OF All2-Eats-E2, where $HB = \text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{Eats } t \ u) \ A) \ H$], auto)

apply (rule cut-thin [OF All2-Eats-E1 B], auto)

done

lemma *All2-SUCC-I*:

atom $i \# t \implies H \vdash \text{All2 } i \ t \ A \implies H \vdash A(i ::= t) \implies H \vdash (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{SUCC } t) \ A)$

by (simp add: SUCC-def All2-Eats-I)

lemma *All2-SUCC-E*:

assumes atom $i \# t$

and $\text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ t \ A) (\text{insert } (A(i ::= t)) \ H) \vdash B$

shows $\text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{SUCC } t) \ A) \ H \vdash B$

by (simp add: SUCC-def All2-Eats-E assms)

lemma *All2-SUCC-E'*:

assumes $H \vdash u \text{ EQ SUCC } t$

and atom $i \# t \ \forall C \in H. \text{atom } i \# C$

and $\text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ t \ A) (\text{insert } (A(i ::= t)) \ H) \vdash B$

shows $\text{insert } (\text{All2 } i \ u \ A) \ H \vdash B$

by (metis All2-SUCC-E Iff-MP-left' Iff-refl All2-cong assms)

1.7 Induction

lemma *Ind*:

assumes *j*: atom (*j*::name) # (*i*,*A*)
 and *prems*: $H \vdash A(i ::= \text{Zero})$ $H \vdash \text{All } i \ (\text{All } j \ (A \text{ IMP } (A(i ::= \text{Var } j) \text{ IMP } A(i ::= \text{Eats}(\text{Var } i)(\text{Var } j)))))$
 shows $H \vdash A$
 proof –
 have $\{A(i ::= \text{Zero}), \text{All } i \ (\text{All } j \ (A \text{ IMP } (A(i ::= \text{Var } j) \text{ IMP } A(i ::= \text{Eats}(\text{Var } i)(\text{Var } j))))\} \vdash \text{All } i \ A$
 by (metis *j* hftthm.Ind ind anti-deduction insert-commute)
 hence $H \vdash (\text{All } i \ A)$
 by (metis cut2 prems)
 thus ?thesis
 by (metis All-E' Assume subst-fm-id)
 qed

 end

Chapter 2

De Bruijn Syntax, Quotations, Codes, V-Codes

```
theory Coding
imports SyntaxN
begin
```

```
declare fresh-Nil [iff]
```

2.1 de Bruijn Indices (locally-nameless version)

```
nominal-datatype dbtm = DBZero | DBVar name | DBInd nat | DBEats dbtm
dbtm
```

```
nominal-datatype dbfm =
DBMem dbtm dbtm
| DBEq dbtm dbtm
| DBDisj dbfm dbfm
| DBNeg dbfm
| DBEx dbfm
```

```
declare dbtm.supp [simp]
declare dbfm.supp [simp]
```

```
fun lookup :: name list ⇒ nat ⇒ name ⇒ dbtm
where
lookup [] n x = DBVar x
| lookup (y # ys) n x = (if x = y then DBInd n else (lookup ys (Suc n) x))
```

```
lemma fresh-imp-notin-env: atom name # e ⇒ name ∉ set e
by (metis List.finite-set fresh-finite-set-at-base fresh-set)
```

```
lemma lookup-notin: x ∉ set e ⇒ lookup e n x = DBVar x
by (induct e arbitrary: n) auto
```

```

lemma lookup-in:
   $x \in \text{set } e \implies \exists k. \text{lookup } e n x = DBInd k \wedge n \leq k \wedge k < n + \text{length } e$ 
apply (induct e arbitrary: n)
apply (auto intro: Suc-leD)
apply (metis Suc-leD add-Suc-right add-Suc-shift)
done

lemma lookup-fresh:  $x \notin \text{set } e \iff y \in \text{set } e \vee x \neq \text{atom } y$ 
by (induct arbitrary: n rule: lookup.induct) (auto simp: pure-fresh fresh-at-base)

lemma lookup-eqvt[eqvt]:  $(p \cdot \text{lookup } xs n x) = \text{lookup } (p \cdot xs) (p \cdot n) (p \cdot x)$ 
by (induct xs arbitrary: n) (simp-all add: permute-pure)

lemma lookup-inject [iff]:  $(\text{lookup } e n x = \text{lookup } e n y) \iff x = y$ 
apply (induct e n x arbitrary: y rule: lookup.induct, force, simp)
by (metis Suc-n-not-le-n dbtm.distinct(7) dbtm.eq-iff(3) lookup-in lookup-notin)

nominal-function trans-tm :: name list  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  dbtm
where
   $| \text{trans-tm } e \text{ Zero} = DBZero$ 
   $| \text{trans-tm } e (\text{Var } k) = \text{lookup } e 0 k$ 
   $| \text{trans-tm } e (\text{Eats } t u) = DBEats (\text{trans-tm } e t) (\text{trans-tm } e u)$ 
by (auto simp: eqvt-def trans-tm-graph-aux-def) (metis tm.strong-exhaust)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma fresh-trans-tm-iff [simp]:  $i \notin \text{set } e t \iff i \notin t \vee i \in \text{atom } ' \text{set } e$ 
by (induct t rule: tm.induct, auto simp: lookup-fresh fresh-at-base)

lemma trans-tm-forget:  $\text{atom } i \notin t \implies \text{trans-tm } [i] t = \text{trans-tm } [] t$ 
by (induct t rule: tm.induct, auto simp: fresh-Pair)

nominal-function (invariant  $\lambda(xs, -) y. \text{atom } ' \text{set } xs \nmid y$ )
trans-fm :: name list  $\Rightarrow$  fm  $\Rightarrow$  dbfm
where
   $| \text{trans-fm } e (\text{Mem } t u) = DBMem (\text{trans-tm } e t) (\text{trans-tm } e u)$ 
   $| \text{trans-fm } e (\text{Eq } t u) = DBEq (\text{trans-tm } e t) (\text{trans-tm } e u)$ 
   $| \text{trans-fm } e (\text{Disj } A B) = DBDisj (\text{trans-fm } e A) (\text{trans-fm } e B)$ 
   $| \text{trans-fm } e (\text{Neg } A) = DBNeg (\text{trans-fm } e A)$ 
   $| \text{atom } k \notin e \implies \text{trans-fm } e (\text{Ex } k A) = DBEx (\text{trans-fm } (k \# e) A)$ 
apply (simp add: eqvt-def trans-fm-graph-aux-def)
apply (erule trans-fm-graph.induct)
using [[simproc del: alpha-lst]]
apply (auto simp: fresh-star-def)
apply (rule-tac y=b and c=a in fm.strong-exhaust)
apply (auto simp: fresh-star-def)
apply (erule-tac c=ea in Abs-lst1-fcb2')

```

```

apply (simp-all add: eqvt-at-def)
apply (simp-all add: fresh-star-Pair perm-supp-eq)
apply (simp add: fresh-star-def)
done

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

lemma fresh-trans-fm [simp]:  $i \notin \text{trans-fm } e A \longleftrightarrow i \notin A \vee i \in \text{atom} ` \text{set } e$ 
  by (nominal-induct A avoiding: e rule: fm.strong-induct, auto simp: fresh-at-base)

abbreviation DBConj :: dbfm  $\Rightarrow$  dbfm  $\Rightarrow$  dbfm
  where DBConj t u  $\equiv$  DBNeg (DBDisj (DBNeg t) (DBNeg u))

lemma trans-fm-Conj [simp]: trans-fm e (Conj A B) = DBConj (trans-fm e A) (trans-fm e B)
  by (simp add: Conj-def)

lemma trans-tm-inject [iff]: (trans-tm e t = trans-tm e u)  $\longleftrightarrow$  t = u
proof (induct t arbitrary: e u rule: tm.induct)
  case Zero show ?case
    apply (cases u rule: tm.exhaust, auto)
    apply (metis dbtm.distinct(1) dbtm.distinct(3) lookup-in lookup-notin)
    done
  next
  case (Var i) show ?case
    apply (cases u rule: tm.exhaust, auto)
    apply (metis dbtm.distinct(1) dbtm.distinct(3) lookup-in lookup-notin)
    apply (metis dbtm.distinct(10) dbtm.distinct(11) lookup-in lookup-notin)
    done
  next
  case (Eats tm1 tm2) thus ?case
    apply (cases u rule: tm.exhaust, auto)
    apply (metis dbtm.distinct(12) dbtm.distinct(9) lookup-in lookup-notin)
    done
qed

lemma trans-fm-inject [iff]: (trans-fm e A = trans-fm e B)  $\longleftrightarrow$  A = B
proof (nominal-induct A avoiding: e B rule: fm.strong-induct)
  case (Mem tm1 tm2) thus ?case
    by (rule fm.strong-exhaust [where y=B and c=e]) (auto simp: fresh-star-def)
  next
  case (Eq tm1 tm2) thus ?case
    by (rule fm.strong-exhaust [where y=B and c=e]) (auto simp: fresh-star-def)
  next
  case (Disj fm1 fm2) show ?case
    by (rule fm.strong-exhaust [where y=B and c=e]) (auto simp: Disj fresh-star-def)
  next
  case (Neg fm) show ?case

```

```

by (rule fm.strong-exhaust [where y=B and c=e]) (auto simp: Neg fresh-star-def)
next
  case (Ex name fm)
  thus ?case using [[simproc del: alpha-lst]]
    proof (cases rule: fm.strong-exhaust [where y=B and c=(e, name)], simp-all
      add: fresh-star-def)
      fix name'::name and fm'::fm
      assume name': atom name' # (e, name)
      assume atom name' # fm' ∨ name = name'
      thus (trans-fm (name # e) fm = trans-fm (name' # e) fm') = ([[atom
        name]]lst. fm = [[atom name']]lst. fm')
        (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
      proof (rule disjE)
        assume name = name'
        thus ?lhs = ?rhs
          by (metis fresh-Pair fresh-at-base(2) name')
      next
        assume name: atom name # fm'
        have eq1: (name ↔ name') • trans-fm (name' # e) fm' = trans-fm (name'
          # e) fm'
          by (simp add: flip-fresh-fresh name)
        have eq2: (name ↔ name') • ([[atom name']]lst. fm') = [[atom name']]lst.
          fm'
          by (rule flip-fresh-fresh) (auto simp: Abs-fresh-iff name)
        show ?lhs = ?rhs using name' eq1 eq2 Ex(1) Ex(3) [of name#e (name ↔
          name') • fm']
          by (simp add: flip-fresh-fresh) (metis Abs1-eq(3))
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed

lemma trans-fm-perm:
  assumes c: atom c # (i,j,A,B)
  and t: trans-fm [i] A = trans-fm [j] B
  shows (i ↔ c) • A = (j ↔ c) • B
proof -
  have c-fresh1: atom c # trans-fm [i] A
    using c by (auto simp: supp-Pair)
  moreover
  have i-fresh: atom i # trans-fm [i] A
    by auto
  moreover
  have c-fresh2: atom c # trans-fm [j] B
    using c by (auto simp: supp-Pair)
  moreover
  have j-fresh: atom j # trans-fm [j] B
    by auto
  ultimately have ((i ↔ c) • (trans-fm [i] A)) = ((j ↔ c) • trans-fm [j] B)
    by (simp only: flip-fresh-fresh t)

```

```

then have trans-fm [c] ((i ↔ c) · A) = trans-fm [c] ((j ↔ c) · B)
  by simp
then show (i ↔ c) · A = (j ↔ c) · B by simp
qed

```

2.2 Characterising the Well-Formed de Bruijn Formulas

2.2.1 Well-Formed Terms

```

inductive wf-dbtm :: dbtm ⇒ bool
where
  Zero: wf-dbtm DBZero
  | Var: wf-dbtm (DBVar name)
  | Eats: wf-dbtm t1 ⇒ wf-dbtm t2 ⇒ wf-dbtm (DBEats t1 t2)

```

equivariance wf-dbtm

```

inductive-cases Zero-wf-dbtm [elim!]: wf-dbtm DBZero
inductive-cases Var-wf-dbtm [elim!]: wf-dbtm (DBVar name)
inductive-cases Ind-wf-dbtm [elim!]: wf-dbtm (DBInd i)
inductive-cases Eats-wf-dbtm [elim!]: wf-dbtm (DBEats t1 t2)

```

declare wf-dbtm.intros [intro]

```

lemma wf-dbtm-imp-is-tm:
  assumes wf-dbtm x
  shows ∃ t::tm. x = trans-tm [] t
  using assms
  proof (induct rule: wf-dbtm.induct)
    case Zero thus ?case
      by (metis trans-tm.simps(1))
    next
      case (Var i) thus ?case
        by (metis lookup.simps(1) trans-tm.simps(2))
    next
      case (Eats dt1 dt2) thus ?case
        by (metis trans-tm.simps(3))
  qed

```

```

lemma wf-dbtm-trans-tm: wf-dbtm (trans-tm [] t)
  by (induct t rule: tm.induct) auto

```

```

theorem wf-dbtm-iff-is-tm: wf-dbtm x ←→ (∃ t::tm. x = trans-tm [] t)
  by (metis wf-dbtm-imp-is-tm wf-dbtm-trans-tm)

```

```

nominal-function abst-dbtm :: name ⇒ nat ⇒ dbtm ⇒ dbtm
where
  abst-dbtm name i DBZero = DBZero

```

```

| abst-dbtm name i (DBVar name') = (if name = name' then DBInd i else DBVar
name')
| abst-dbtm name i (DBInd j) = DBInd j
| abst-dbtm name i (DBEats t1 t2) = DBEats (abst-dbtm name i t1) (abst-dbtm
name i t2)
apply (simp add: eqvt-def abst-dbtm-graph-aux-def, auto)
apply (metis dbtm.exhaust)
done

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

nominal-function subst-dbtm :: dbtm  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\Rightarrow$  dbtm  $\Rightarrow$  dbtm
where
  subst-dbtm u i DBZero = DBZero
| subst-dbtm u i (DBVar name) = (if i = name then u else DBVar name)
| subst-dbtm u i (DBInd j) = DBInd j
| subst-dbtm u i (DBEats t1 t2) = DBEats (subst-dbtm u i t1) (subst-dbtm u i t2)
by (auto simp: eqvt-def subst-dbtm-graph-aux-def) (metis dbtm.exhaust)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma fresh-iff-non-subst-dbtm: subst-dbtm DBZero i t = t  $\longleftrightarrow$  atom i  $\notin$  t
by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) (auto simp: pure-fresh fresh-at-base(2))

lemma lookup-append: lookup (e @ [i]) n j = abst-dbtm i (length e + n) (lookup
e n j)
by (induct e arbitrary: n) (auto simp: fresh-Cons)

lemma trans-tm-abs: trans-tm (e@[name]) t = abst-dbtm name (length e) (trans-tm
e t)
by (induct t rule: tm.induct) (auto simp: lookup-notin lookup-append)

```

2.2.2 Well-Formed Formulas

```

nominal-function abst-dbfm :: name  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  dbfm  $\Rightarrow$  dbfm
where
  abst-dbfm name i (DBMem t1 t2) = DBMem (abst-dbtm name i t1) (abst-dbtm
name i t2)
| abst-dbfm name i (DBEq t1 t2) = DBEq (abst-dbtm name i t1) (abst-dbtm name
i t2)
| abst-dbfm name i (DBDisj A1 A2) = DBDisj (abst-dbfm name i A1) (abst-dbfm
name i A2)
| abst-dbfm name i (DBNeg A) = DBNeg (abst-dbfm name i A)
| abst-dbfm name i (DBEx A) = DBEx (abst-dbfm name (i+1) A)
apply (simp add: eqvt-def abst-dbfm-graph-aux-def, auto)
apply (metis dbfm.exhaust)
done

```

nominal-termination (*eqvt*)

by lexicographic-order

nominal-function *subst-dbfm* :: *dbtm* \Rightarrow *name* \Rightarrow *dbfm* \Rightarrow *dbfm*

where

subst-dbfm u i (DBMem t1 t2) = *DBMem (subst-dbtm u i t1) (subst-dbtm u i t2)*
| *subst-dbfm u i (DBEq t1 t2)* = *DBEq (subst-dbtm u i t1) (subst-dbtm u i t2)*
| *subst-dbfm u i (DBDisj A1 A2)* = *DBDisj (subst-dbfm u i A1) (subst-dbfm u i A2)*
| *subst-dbfm u i (DBNeg A)* = *DBNeg (subst-dbfm u i A)*
| *subst-dbfm u i (DBEx A)* = *DBEx (subst-dbfm u i A)*
by (auto simp: *eqvt-def subst-dbfm-graph-aux-def*) (metis *dbfm.exhaust*)

nominal-termination (*eqvt*)

by lexicographic-order

lemma *fresh-iff-non-subst-dbfm*: *subst-dbfm DBZero i t* = *t* \longleftrightarrow *atom i # t*

by (induct *t* rule: *dbfm.induct*) (auto simp: *fresh-iff-non-subst-dbtm*)

2.3 Well formed terms and formulas (de Bruijn representation)

inductive *wf-dbfm* :: *dbfm* \Rightarrow *bool*

where

Mem: *wf-dbtm t1* \Longrightarrow *wf-dbtm t2* \Longrightarrow *wf-dbfm (DBMem t1 t2)*
| *Eq*: *wf-dbtm t1* \Longrightarrow *wf-dbtm t2* \Longrightarrow *wf-dbfm (DBEq t1 t2)*
| *Disj*: *wf-dbfm A1* \Longrightarrow *wf-dbfm A2* \Longrightarrow *wf-dbfm (DBDisj A1 A2)*
| *Neg*: *wf-dbfm A* \Longrightarrow *wf-dbfm (DBNeg A)*
| *Ex*: *wf-dbfm A* \Longrightarrow *wf-dbfm (DBEx (abst-dbfm name 0 A))*

equivariance *wf-dbfm*

lemma *atom-fresh-abst-dbtm* [simp]: *atom i # abst-dbtm i n t*

by (induct *t* rule: *dbtm.induct*) (auto simp: *pure-fresh*)

lemma *atom-fresh-abst-dbfm* [simp]: *atom i # abst-dbfm i n A*

by (nominal-induct *A* arbitrary: *n* rule: *dbfm.strong-induct*) auto

Necessary to allow some proofs to go through

nominal-inductive *wf-dbfm*

avoids *Ex: name*

by (auto simp: *fresh-star-def*)

inductive-cases *Mem-wf-dbfm* [elim!]: *wf-dbfm (DBMem t1 t2)*

inductive-cases *Eq-wf-dbfm* [elim!]: *wf-dbfm (DBEq t1 t2)*

inductive-cases *Disj-wf-dbfm* [elim!]: *wf-dbfm (DBDisj A1 A2)*

```

inductive-cases Neg-wf-dbfm [elim!]: wf-dbfm (DBNeg A)
inductive-cases Ex-wf-dbfm [elim!]: wf-dbfm (DBEx z)

declare wf-dbfm.intros [intro]

lemma trans-fm-abs: trans-fm (e@[name]) A = abst-dbfm name (length e) (trans-fm
e A)
  apply (nominal-induct A avoiding: name e rule: fm.strong-induct)
  apply (auto simp: trans-tm-abs fresh-Cons fresh-append)
  apply (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 append-Cons list.size(4))
  done

lemma abst-trans-fm: abst-dbfm name 0 (trans-fm [] A) = trans-fm [name] A
  by (metis append-Nil list.size(3) trans-fm-abs)

lemma abst-trans-fm2: i ≠ j ⟹ abst-dbfm i (Suc 0) (trans-fm [j] A) = trans-fm
[j,i] A
  using trans-fm-abs [where e=[j] and name=i]
  by auto

lemma wf-dbfm-imp-is-fm:
  assumes wf-dbfm x shows ∃ A::fm. x = trans-fm [] A
  using assms
  proof (induct rule: wf-dbfm.induct)
    case (Mem t1 t2) thus ?case
      by (metis trans-fm.simps(1) wf-dbtm-imp-is-tm)
    next
      case (Eq t1 t2) thus ?case
        by (metis trans-fm.simps(2) wf-dbtm-imp-is-tm)
    next
      case (Disj fm1 fm2) thus ?case
        by (metis trans-fm.simps(3))
    next
      case (Neg fm) thus ?case
        by (metis trans-fm.simps(4))
    next
      case (Ex fm name) thus ?case
        apply auto
        apply (rule-tac x=Ex name A in exI)
        apply (auto simp: abst-trans-fm)
        done
    qed

lemma wf-dbfm-trans-fm: wf-dbfm (trans-fm [] A)
  apply (nominal-induct A rule: fm.strong-induct)
  apply (auto simp: wf-dbtm-trans-tm abst-trans-fm)
  apply (metis abst-trans-fm wf-dbfm.Ex)
  done

```

```

lemma wf-dbfm-iff-is-fm: wf-dbfm x  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists A::fm. x = \text{trans-fm} [] A$ )
  by (metis wf-dbfm-imp-is-fm wf-dbfm-trans-fm)

lemma dbtm-abst-ignore [simp]:
  abst-dbtm name i (abst-dbtm name j t) = abst-dbtm name j t
  by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) auto

lemma abst-dbtm-fresh-ignore [simp]: atom name  $\# u \implies$  abst-dbtm name j u =
  u
  by (induct u rule: dbtm.induct) auto

lemma dbtm-subst-ignore [simp]:
  subst-dbtm u name (abst-dbtm name j t) = abst-dbtm name j t
  by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) auto

lemma dbtm-abst-swap-subst:
  name  $\neq$  name'  $\implies$  atom name'  $\# u \implies$ 
  subst-dbtm u name (abst-dbtm name' j t) = abst-dbtm name' j (subst-dbtm u
  name t)
  by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) auto

lemma dbfm-abst-swap-subst:
  name  $\neq$  name'  $\implies$  atom name'  $\# u \implies$ 
  subst-dbfm u name (abst-dbfm name' j A) = abst-dbfm name' j (subst-dbfm u
  name A)
  by (induct A arbitrary: j rule: dbfm.induct) (auto simp: dbtm-abst-swap-subst)

lemma subst-trans-commute [simp]:
  atom i  $\# e \implies$  subst-dbtm (trans-tm e u) i (trans-tm e t) = trans-tm e (subst i
  u t)
  apply (induct t rule: tm.induct)
  apply (auto simp: lookup-notin fresh-imp-notin-env)
  apply (metis abst-dbtm-fresh-ignore dbtm-subst-ignore lookup-fresh lookup-notin
  subst-dbtm.simps(2))
  done

lemma subst-fm-trans-commute [simp]:
  subst-dbfm (trans-tm [] u) name (trans-fm [] A) = trans-fm [] (A (name::= u))
  apply (nominal-induct A avoiding: name u rule: fm.strong-induct)
  apply (auto simp: lookup-notin abst-trans-fm [symmetric])
  apply (metis dbfm-abst-swap-subst fresh-at-base(2) fresh-trans-tm-iff)
  done

lemma subst-fm-trans-commute-eq:
  du = trans-tm [] u  $\implies$  subst-dbfm du i (trans-fm [] A) = trans-fm [] (A(i::=u))
  by (metis subst-fm-trans-commute)

```

2.4 Quotations

```

fun htuple :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  hf where
  htuple 0 = ⟨0,0⟩
  | htuple (Suc k) = ⟨0, htuple k⟩

fun HTuple :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  tm where
  HTuple 0 = HPair Zero Zero
  | HTuple (Suc k) = HPair Zero (HTuple k)

lemma eval-tm-HTuple [simp]: ⟦HTuple n⟧e = htuple n
  by (induct n) auto

lemma fresh-HTuple [simp]: x  $\notin$  HTuple n
  by (induct n) auto

lemma HTuple-eqvt[eqvt]: (p · HTuple n) = HTuple (p · n)
  by (induct n, auto simp: HPair-eqvt permute-pure)

lemma htuple-nonzero [simp]: htuple k  $\neq$  0
  by (induct k) auto

lemma htuple-inject [iff]: htuple i = htuple j  $\longleftrightarrow$  i=j
proof (induct i arbitrary: j)
  case 0 show ?case
    by (cases j) auto
  next
    case (Suc i) show ?case
      by (cases j) (auto simp: Suc)
  qed

```

2.4.1 Quotations of de Bruijn terms

```

definition nat-of-name :: name  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  where nat-of-name x = nat-of (atom x)

lemma nat-of-name-inject [simp]: nat-of-name n1 = nat-of-name n2  $\longleftrightarrow$  n1 =
n2
  by (metis nat-of-name-def atom-components-eq-iff atom-eq-iff sort-of-atom-eq)

definition name-of-nat :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  name
  where name-of-nat n  $\equiv$  Abs-name (Atom (Sort "SyntaxN.name" []) n)

lemma nat-of-name-Abs-eq [simp]: nat-of-name (Abs-name (Atom (Sort "SyntaxN.name" []
)) n)) = n
  by (auto simp: nat-of-name-def atom-name-def Abs-name-inverse)

lemma nat-of-name-name-eq [simp]: nat-of-name (name-of-nat n) = n
  by (simp add: name-of-nat-def)

```

```
lemma name-of-nat-nat-of-name [simp]: name-of-nat (nat-of-name i) = i
by (metis nat-of-name-inject nat-of-name-name-eq)
```

```
lemma HPair-neq-ORD-OF [simp]: HPair x y ≠ ORD-OF i
by (metis Not-Ord-hpair Ord-ord-of eval-tm-HPair eval-tm-ORD-OF)
```

Infinite support, so we cannot use nominal primrec.

```
function quot-dbtm :: dbtm ⇒ tm
where
  quot-dbtm DBZero = Zero
  | quot-dbtm (DBVar name) = ORD-OF (Suc (nat-of-name name))
  | quot-dbtm (DBInd k) = HPair (HTuple 6) (ORD-OF k)
  | quot-dbtm (DBEats t u) = HPair (HTuple 1) (HPair (quot-dbtm t) (quot-dbtm
    u))
by (rule dbtm.exhaust) auto
```

```
termination
  by lexicographic-order
```

```
lemma quot-dbtm-inject-lemma [simp]: [[quot-dbtm t]]e = [[quot-dbtm u]]e ↔ t=u
proof (induct t arbitrary: u rule: dbtm.induct)
  case DBZero show ?case
    by (induct u rule: dbtm.induct) auto
  next
    case (DBVar name) show ?case
      by (induct u rule: dbtm.induct) (auto simp: hpair-neq-Ord')
  next
    case (DBInd k) show ?case
      by (induct u rule: dbtm.induct) (auto simp: hpair-neq-Ord hpair-neq-Ord')
  next
    case (DBEats t1 t2) thus ?case
      by (induct u rule: dbtm.induct) (simp-all add: hpair-neq-Ord)
  qed
```

```
lemma quot-dbtm-inject [iff]: quot-dbtm t = quot-dbtm u ↔ t=u
by (metis quot-dbtm-inject-lemma)
```

2.4.2 Quotations of de Bruijn formulas

Infinite support, so we cannot use nominal primrec.

```
function quot-dbfm :: dbfm ⇒ tm
where
  quot-dbfm (DBMem t u) = HPair (HTuple 0) (HPair (quot-dbtm t) (quot-dbtm
    u))
  | quot-dbfm (DBEq t u) = HPair (HTuple 2) (HPair (quot-dbtm t) (quot-dbtm
    u))
  | quot-dbfm (DBDisj A B) = HPair (HTuple 3) (HPair (quot-dbfm A) (quot-dbfm
    B))
  | quot-dbfm (DBNeg A) = HPair (HTuple 4) (quot-dbfm A)
```

```

| quot-dbfm (DBEx A) = HPair (HTuple 5) (quot-dbfm A)
by (rule-tac y=x in dbfm.exhaust, auto)

termination
  by lexicographic-order

lemma htuple-minus-1: n > 0 ==> htuple n = ⟨0, htuple (n - 1)⟩
  by (metis Suc-diff-1 htuple.simps(2))

lemma HTuple-minus-1: n > 0 ==> HTuple n = HPair Zero (HTuple (n - 1))
  by (metis Suc-diff-1 HTuple.simps(2))

lemmas HTS = HTuple-minus-1 HTuple.simps — for freeness reasoning on codes

lemma quot-dbfm-inject-lemma [simp]: ⟦quot-dbfm A⟧e = ⟦quot-dbfm B⟧e ↔
A=B
proof (induct A arbitrary: B rule: dbfm.induct)
  case (DBMem t u) show ?case
    by (induct B rule: dbfm.induct) (simp-all add: htuple-minus-1)
next
  case (DBEq t u) show ?case
    by (induct B rule: dbfm.induct) (auto simp: htuple-minus-1)
next
  case (DBDisj A B') thus ?case
    by (induct B rule: dbfm.induct) (simp-all add: htuple-minus-1)
next
  case (DBNeg A) thus ?case
    by (induct B rule: dbfm.induct) (simp-all add: htuple-minus-1)
next
  case (DBEx A) thus ?case
    by (induct B rule: dbfm.induct) (simp-all add: htuple-minus-1)
qed

class quot =
  fixes quot :: 'a ⇒ tm ([-])
instantiation tm :: quot
begin
  definition quot-tm :: tm ⇒ tm
    where quot-tm t = quot-dbtm (trans-tm [] t)

  instance ..
end

lemma quot-dbtm-fresh [simp]: s # (quot-dbtm t)
  by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) auto

```

```

lemma quot-tm-fresh [simp]: fixes  $t::tm$  shows  $s \notin \llbracket t \rrbracket$ 
  by (simp add: quot-tm-def)

lemma quot-Zero [simp]:  $\llbracket \text{Zero} \rrbracket = \text{Zero}$ 
  by (simp add: quot-tm-def)

lemma quot-Var:  $\llbracket \text{Var } x \rrbracket = \text{SUCC}(\text{ORD-OF}(\text{nat-of-name } x))$ 
  by (simp add: quot-tm-def)

lemma quot-Eats:  $\llbracket \text{Eats } x \ y \rrbracket = \text{HPair}(\text{HTuple } 1)(\text{HPair} \llbracket x \rrbracket \llbracket y \rrbracket)$ 
  by (simp add: quot-tm-def)

irrelevance of the environment for quotations, because they are ground
terms

lemma eval-quot-dbtm-ignore:
   $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } t \rrbracket e = \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } t \rrbracket e'$ 
  by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) auto

lemma eval-quot-dbdfm-ignore:
   $\llbracket \text{quot-dbdfm } A \rrbracket e = \llbracket \text{quot-dbdfm } A \rrbracket e'$ 
  by (induct A rule: dbfm.induct) (auto intro: eval-quot-dbtm-ignore)

instantiation fm :: quot
begin
  definition quot-fm :: fm  $\Rightarrow$  tm
    where quot-fm A = quot-dbdfm (trans-fm [] A)

  instance ..
end

lemma quot-dbdfm-fresh [simp]:  $s \notin \llbracket \text{quot-dbdfm } A \rrbracket$ 
  by (induct A rule: dbfm.induct) auto

lemma quot-fm-fresh [simp]: fixes A::fm shows  $s \notin \llbracket A \rrbracket$ 
  by (simp add: quot-fm-def)

lemma quot-fm-permute [simp]: fixes A::fm shows  $p \cdot \llbracket A \rrbracket = \llbracket A \rrbracket$ 
  by (metis fresh-star-def perm-supp-eq quot-fm-fresh)

lemma quot-Mem:  $\llbracket x \text{ IN } y \rrbracket = \text{HPair}(\text{HTuple } 0)(\text{HPair}(\llbracket x \rrbracket)(\llbracket y \rrbracket))$ 
  by (simp add: quot-fm-def quot-tm-def)

lemma quot-Eq:  $\llbracket x \text{ EQ } y \rrbracket = \text{HPair}(\text{HTuple } 2)(\text{HPair}(\llbracket x \rrbracket)(\llbracket y \rrbracket))$ 
  by (simp add: quot-fm-def quot-tm-def)

lemma quot-Disj:  $\llbracket A \text{ OR } B \rrbracket = \text{HPair}(\text{HTuple } 3)(\text{HPair}(\llbracket A \rrbracket)(\llbracket B \rrbracket))$ 
  by (simp add: quot-fm-def)

```

```

lemma quot-Neg:  $\lceil \text{Neg } A \rceil = \text{HPair} (\text{HTuple } 4) (\lceil A \rceil)$ 
  by (simp add: quot-fm-def)

lemma quot-Ex:  $\lceil \text{Ex } i \ A \rceil = \text{HPair} (\text{HTuple } 5) (\text{quot-dbfm} (\text{trans-fm } [i] \ A))$ 
  by (simp add: quot-fm-def)

lemma eval-quot-fm-ignore: fixes  $A :: \text{fm}$  shows  $\llbracket \lceil A \rceil \rrbracket e = \llbracket \lceil A \rceil \rrbracket e'$ 
  by (metis eval-quot-dbfm-ignore quot-fm-def)

lemmas quot-simps = quot-Var quot-Eats quot-Eq quot-Mem quot-Disj quot-Neg
quot-Ex

```

2.5 Definitions Involving Coding

```

definition q-Var :: name  $\Rightarrow hf$ 
  where q-Var  $i \equiv \text{succ} (\text{ord-of} (\text{nat-of-name } i))$ 

definition q-Ind :: hf  $\Rightarrow hf$ 
  where q-Ind  $k \equiv \langle \text{htuple } 6, k \rangle$ 

abbreviation Q-Eats :: tm  $\Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm$ 
  where Q-Eats  $t u \equiv \text{HPair} (\text{HTuple} (\text{Suc } 0)) (\text{HPair } t u)$ 

definition q-Eats :: hf  $\Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf$ 
  where q-Eats  $x y \equiv \langle \text{htuple } 1, x, y \rangle$ 

abbreviation Q-Succ :: tm  $\Rightarrow tm$ 
  where Q-Succ  $t \equiv Q\text{-Eats } t t$ 

definition q-Succ :: hf  $\Rightarrow hf$ 
  where q-Succ  $x \equiv q\text{-Eats } x x$ 

lemma quot-Succ:  $\lceil \text{SUCC } x \rceil = Q\text{-Succ } \lceil x \rceil$ 
  by (auto simp: SUCC-def quot-Eats)

abbreviation Q-HPair :: tm  $\Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm$ 
  where Q-HPair  $t u \equiv$ 
    
$$\begin{aligned} & Q\text{-Eats} (Q\text{-Eats Zero} (Q\text{-Eats} (Q\text{-Eats Zero } u) t)) \\ & (Q\text{-Eats} (Q\text{-Eats Zero } t) t) \end{aligned}$$


definition q-HPair :: hf  $\Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf$ 
  where q-HPair  $x y \equiv$ 
    
$$\begin{aligned} & q\text{-Eats} (q\text{-Eats } 0 (q\text{-Eats} (q\text{-Eats } 0 y) x)) \\ & (q\text{-Eats} (q\text{-Eats } 0 x) x) \end{aligned}$$


abbreviation Q-Mem :: tm  $\Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm$ 
  where Q-Mem  $t u \equiv \text{HPair} (\text{HTuple } 0) (\text{HPair } t u)$ 

definition q-Mem :: hf  $\Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf$ 

```

where $q\text{-Mem } x \ y \equiv \langle \text{htuple } 0, \ x, \ y \rangle$

abbreviation $Q\text{-Eq} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm$
where $Q\text{-Eq } t \ u \equiv \text{HPair } (\text{HTuple } 2) \ (\text{HPair } t \ u)$

definition $q\text{-Eq} :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf$
where $q\text{-Eq } x \ y \equiv \langle \text{htuple } 2, \ x, \ y \rangle$

abbreviation $Q\text{-Disj} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm$
where $Q\text{-Disj } t \ u \equiv \text{HPair } (\text{HTuple } 3) \ (\text{HPair } t \ u)$

definition $q\text{-Disj} :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf$
where $q\text{-Disj } x \ y \equiv \langle \text{htuple } 3, \ x, \ y \rangle$

abbreviation $Q\text{-Neg} :: tm \Rightarrow tm$
where $Q\text{-Neg } t \equiv \text{HPair } (\text{HTuple } 4) \ t$

definition $q\text{-Neg} :: hf \Rightarrow hf$
where $q\text{-Neg } x \equiv \langle \text{htuple } 4, \ x \rangle$

abbreviation $Q\text{-Conj} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm$
where $Q\text{-Conj } t \ u \equiv Q\text{-Neg } (Q\text{-Disj } (Q\text{-Neg } t) \ (Q\text{-Neg } u))$

definition $q\text{-Conj} :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf$
where $q\text{-Conj } t \ u \equiv q\text{-Neg } (q\text{-Disj } (q\text{-Neg } t) \ (q\text{-Neg } u))$

abbreviation $Q\text{-Imp} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm$
where $Q\text{-Imp } t \ u \equiv Q\text{-Disj } (Q\text{-Neg } t) \ u$

definition $q\text{-Imp} :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf$
where $q\text{-Imp } t \ u \equiv q\text{-Disj } (q\text{-Neg } t) \ u$

abbreviation $Q\text{-Ex} :: tm \Rightarrow tm$
where $Q\text{-Ex } t \equiv \text{HPair } (\text{HTuple } 5) \ t$

definition $q\text{-Ex} :: hf \Rightarrow hf$
where $q\text{-Ex } x \equiv \langle \text{htuple } 5, \ x \rangle$

abbreviation $Q\text{-All} :: tm \Rightarrow tm$
where $Q\text{-All } t \equiv Q\text{-Neg } (Q\text{-Ex } (Q\text{-Neg } t))$

definition $q\text{-All} :: hf \Rightarrow hf$
where $q\text{-All } x \equiv q\text{-Neg } (q\text{-Ex } (q\text{-Neg } x))$

lemmas $q\text{-defs} = q\text{-Var-def } q\text{-Ind-def } q\text{-Eats-def } q\text{-HPair-def } q\text{-Eq-def } q\text{-Mem-def}$
 $q\text{-Disj-def } q\text{-Neg-def } q\text{-Conj-def } q\text{-Imp-def } q\text{-Ex-def } q\text{-All-def}$

lemma $q\text{-Eats-iff [iff]}: q\text{-Eats } x \ y = q\text{-Eats } x' \ y' \longleftrightarrow x=x' \wedge y=y'$
by (*metis hpair-iff q-Eats-def*)

```

lemma quot-subst-eq:  $\lceil A(i ::= t) \rceil = \text{quot-dbfm}(\text{subst-dbfm}(\text{trans-tm}[] t) i (\text{trans-fm}[] A))$ 
  by (metis quot-fm-def subst-fm-trans-commute)

lemma Q-Succ-cong:  $H \vdash x \text{EQ} x' \implies H \vdash \text{Q-Succ } x \text{EQ } \text{Q-Succ } x'$ 
  by (metis HPair-cong Refl)

```

2.6 Quotations are Injective

2.6.1 Terms

```

lemma eval-tm-inject [simp]: fixes  $t::tm$  shows  $\lceil \lceil t \rceil \rceil e = \lceil \lceil u \rceil \rceil e \longleftrightarrow t = u$ 
proof (induct t arbitrary: u rule: tm.induct)
  case Zero thus ?case
    by (cases u rule: tm.exhaust) (auto simp: quot-Var quot-Eats)
  next
    case (Var i) thus ?case
      apply (cases u rule: tm.exhaust, auto)
      apply (auto simp: quot-Var quot-Eats)
      done
  next
    case (Eats t1 t2) thus ?case
      apply (cases u rule: tm.exhaust, auto)
      apply (auto simp: quot-Eats quot-Var)
      done
  qed

```

2.6.2 Formulas

```

lemma eval-fm-inject [simp]: fixes  $A::fm$  shows  $\lceil \lceil A \rceil \rceil e = \lceil \lceil B \rceil \rceil e \longleftrightarrow A = B$ 
proof (nominal-induct B arbitrary: A rule: fm.strong-induct)
  case (Mem tm1 tm2) thus ?case
    by (cases A rule: fm.exhaust, auto simp: quot-simps htuple-minus-1)
  next
    case (Eq tm1 tm2) thus ?case
      by (cases A rule: fm.exhaust, auto simp: quot-simps htuple-minus-1)
  next
    case (Neg α) thus ?case
      by (cases A rule: fm.exhaust, auto simp: quot-simps htuple-minus-1)
  next
    case (Disj fm1 fm2)
    thus ?case
      by (cases A rule: fm.exhaust, auto simp: quot-simps htuple-minus-1)
  next
    case (Ex i α)
    thus ?case
      apply (induct A arbitrary: i rule: fm.induct)
      apply (auto simp: trans-fm-perm quot-simps htuple-minus-1 Abs1-eq-iff-all)

```

```

by (metis (no-types) Abs1-eq-iff-all(3) dbfm.eq-iff(5) fm.eq-iff(5) fresh-Nil
trans-fm.simps(5))
qed

```

2.6.3 The set Γ of Definition 1.1, constant terms used for coding

```
inductive coding-tm :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  bool
```

```
where
```

```
  Ord:  $\exists i. x = \text{ORD-OF } i \implies \text{coding-tm } x$ 
  | HPair: coding-tm x  $\implies$  coding-tm y  $\implies$  coding-tm (HPair x y)
```

```
declare coding-tm.intros [intro]
```

```
lemma coding-tm-Zero [intro]: coding-tm Zero
```

```
by (metis ORD-OF.simps(1) Ord)
```

```
lemma coding-tm-HTuple [intro]: coding-tm (HTuple k)
```

```
by (induct k, auto)
```

```
inductive-simps coding-tm-HPair [simp]: coding-tm (HPair x y)
```

```
lemma quot-dbtm-coding [simp]: coding-tm (quot-dbtm t)
```

```
apply (induct t rule: dbtm.induct, auto)
```

```
apply (metis ORD-OF.simps(2) Ord)
```

```
done
```

```
lemma quot-dbfm-coding [simp]: coding-tm (quot-dbfm fm)
```

```
by (induct fm rule: dbfm.induct, auto)
```

```
lemma quot-fm-coding: fixes A::fm shows coding-tm 「A」
```

```
by (metis quot-dbfm-coding quot-fm-def)
```

```
inductive coding-hf :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
```

```
where
```

```
  Ord:  $\exists i. x = \text{ord-of } i \implies \text{coding-hf } x$ 
  | HPair: coding-hf x  $\implies$  coding-hf y  $\implies$  coding-hf ((x,y))
```

```
declare coding-hf.intros [intro]
```

```
lemma coding-hf-0 [intro]: coding-hf 0
```

```
by (metis coding-hf.Ord ord-of.simps(1))
```

```
inductive-simps coding-hf-hpair [simp]: coding-hf ((x,y))
```

```
lemma coding-tm-hf [simp]: coding-tm t  $\implies$  coding-hf «t» e
```

```
by (induct t rule: coding-tm.induct) auto
```

2.7 V-Coding for terms and formulas, for the Second Theorem

Infinite support, so we cannot use nominal primrec.

```
function vquot-dbtm :: name set  $\Rightarrow$  dbtm  $\Rightarrow$  tm
  where
    vquot-dbtm V DBZero = Zero
    | vquot-dbtm V (DBVar name) = (if name  $\in$  V then Var name
                                    else ORD-OF (Suc (nat-of-name name)))
    | vquot-dbtm V (DBInd k) = HPair (HTuple 6) (ORD-OF k)
    | vquot-dbtm V (DBEats t u) = HPair (HTuple 1) (HPair (vquot-dbtm V t)
                                         (vquot-dbtm V u))
  by (auto, rule-tac y=b in dbtm.exhaust, auto)
```

termination

by lexicographic-order

```
lemma fresh-vquot-dbtm [simp]: i  $\notin$  vquot-dbtm V tm  $\longleftrightarrow$  i  $\notin$  tm  $\vee$  i  $\notin$  atom ` V
  by (induct tm rule: dbtm.induct) (auto simp: fresh-at-base pure-fresh)
```

Infinite support, so we cannot use nominal primrec.

```
function vquot-dbfm :: name set  $\Rightarrow$  dbfm  $\Rightarrow$  tm
  where
    vquot-dbfm V (DBMem t u) = HPair (HTuple 0) (HPair (vquot-dbtm V t)
                                              (vquot-dbtm V u))
    | vquot-dbfm V (DBEq t u) = HPair (HTuple 2) (HPair (vquot-dbtm V t) (vquot-dbtm V u))
    | vquot-dbfm V (DBDisj A B) = HPair (HTuple 3) (HPair (vquot-dbfm V A)
                                                (vquot-dbfm V B))
    | vquot-dbfm V (DBNeg A) = HPair (HTuple 4) (vquot-dbfm V A)
    | vquot-dbfm V (DBEx A) = HPair (HTuple 5) (vquot-dbfm V A)
  by (auto, rule-tac y=b in dbfm.exhaust, auto)
```

termination

by lexicographic-order

```
lemma fresh-vquot-dbfm [simp]: i  $\notin$  vquot-dbfm V fm  $\longleftrightarrow$  i  $\notin$  fm  $\vee$  i  $\notin$  atom ` V
  by (induct fm rule: dbfm.induct) (auto simp: HPair-def HTuple-minus-1)
```

```
class vquot =
  fixes vquot :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  name set  $\Rightarrow$  tm ([`-] - [0,1000] 1000)

instantiation tm :: vquot
begin
  definition vquot-tm :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  name set  $\Rightarrow$  tm
    where vquot-tm t V = vquot-dbtm V (trans-tm [] t)
  instance ..
end
```

```

lemma vquot-dbtm-empty [simp]: vquot-dbtm {} t = quot-dbtm t
  by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) auto

lemma vquot-tm-empty [simp]: fixes t::tm shows ⌈t⌉{} = ⌈t⌉
  by (simp add: vquot-tm-def quot-tm-def)

lemma vquot-dbtm-eq: atom ` V ∩ supp t = atom ` W ∩ supp t ==> vquot-dbtm
  V t = vquot-dbtm W t
  by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) (auto simp: image-iff, blast+)

instantiation fm :: vquot
begin
  definition vquot-fm :: fm ⇒ name set ⇒ tm
    where vquot-fm A V = vquot-dbfm V (trans-fm [] A)
  instance ..
end

lemma vquot-fm-fresh [simp]: fixes A::fm shows i # ⌈A⌉ V ⟹ i # A ∨ i ∉ atom
  ` V
  by (simp add: vquot-fm-def)

lemma vquot-dbfm-empty [simp]: vquot-dbfm {} A = quot-dbfm A
  by (induct A rule: dbfm.induct) auto

lemma vquot-fm-empty [simp]: fixes A::fm shows ⌈A⌉{} = ⌈A⌉
  by (simp add: vquot-fm-def quot-fm-def)

lemma vquot-dbfm-eq: atom ` V ∩ supp A = atom ` W ∩ supp A ==> vquot-dbfm
  V A = vquot-dbfm W A
  by (induct A rule: dbfm.induct) (auto simp: intro!: vquot-dbtm-eq, blast+)

lemma vquot-fm-insert:
  fixes A::fm shows atom i ∉ supp A ==> ⌈A⌉(insert i V) = ⌈A⌉ V
  by (auto simp: vquot-fm-def supp-conv-fresh intro: vquot-dbfm-eq)

declare HTuple.simps [simp del]

end

```

Chapter 3

Basic Predicates

```

theory Predicates
imports SyntaxN
begin

nominal-function Subset :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm (infixr SUBS 150)
  where atom z # (t, u)  $\Longrightarrow$  t SUBS u = All2 z t ((Var z) IN u)
    by (auto simp: eqvt-def Subset-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

declare Subset.simps [simp del]

lemma Subset-fresh-iff [simp]: a # t SUBS u  $\longleftrightarrow$  a # t  $\wedge$  a # u
  apply (rule obtain-fresh [where x=(t, u)])
  apply (subst Subset.simps, auto)
  done

lemma eval-fm-Subset [simp]: eval-fm e (Subset t u)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\llbracket t \rrbracket e \leq \llbracket u \rrbracket e$ )
  apply (rule obtain-fresh [where x=(t, u)])
  apply (subst Subset.simps, auto)
  done

lemma subst-fm-Subset [simp]: (t SUBS u)(i::=x) = (subst i x t) SUBS (subst i x u)
  proof -
    obtain j::name where atom j # (i,x,t,u)
      by (rule obtain-fresh)
    thus ?thesis
      by (auto simp: Subset.simps [of j])
  qed

```

```

lemma Subset-I:
  assumes insert ((Var i) IN t) H ⊢ (Var i) IN u atom i # (t,u) ∀ B ∈ H. atom
  i # B
  shows H ⊢ t SUBS u
  by (subst Subset.simps [of i]) (auto simp: assms)

lemma Subset-D:
  assumes major: H ⊢ t SUBS u and minor: H ⊢ a IN t shows H ⊢ a IN u
  proof -
    obtain i::name where i: atom i # (t, u)
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
    hence H ⊢ (Var i IN t IMP Var i IN u) (i ::= a)
    by (metis Subset.simps major All-D)
    thus ?thesis
      using i by simp (metis MP-same minor)
  qed

lemma Subset-E: H ⊢ t SUBS u ==> H ⊢ a IN t ==> insert (a IN u) H ⊢ A ==>
H ⊢ A
  by (metis Subset-D cut-same)

lemma Subset-cong: H ⊢ t EQ t' ==> H ⊢ u EQ u' ==> H ⊢ t SUBS u IFF t'
SUBS u'
  by (rule P2-cong) auto

lemma Set-MP: x SUBS y ∈ H ==> z IN x ∈ H ==> insert (z IN y) H ⊢ A ==>
H ⊢ A
  by (metis Assume Subset-D cut-same insert-absorb)

lemma Zero-SubsetI [intro!]: H ⊢ Zero SUBS t
  proof -
    have {} ⊢ Zero SUBS t
    by (rule obtain-fresh [where x=(Zero,t)]) (auto intro: Subset-I)
    thus ?thesis
      by (auto intro: thin)
  qed

lemma Zero-SubsetE: H ⊢ A ==> insert (Zero SUBS X) H ⊢ A
  by (rule thin1)

lemma Subset-Zero-D:
  assumes H ⊢ t SUBS Zero shows H ⊢ t EQ Zero
  proof -
    obtain i::name where i [iff]: atom i # t
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
    have {t SUBS Zero} ⊢ t EQ Zero
    proof (rule Eq-Zero-I)
      fix A
      show {Var i IN t, t SUBS Zero} ⊢ A
  
```

```

    by (metis Hyp Subset-D insertI1 thin1 Mem-Zero-E cut1)
qed auto
thus ?thesis
  by (metis assms cut1)
qed

lemma Subset-refl:  $H \vdash t \text{ SUBS } t$ 
proof -
  obtain i::name where atom i # t
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis Assume Subset-I empty-iff fresh-Pair thin0)
qed

lemma Eats-Subset-Iff:  $H \vdash \text{Eats } x \ y \text{ SUBS } z \text{ IFF } (\text{x SUBS } z) \text{ AND } (y \text{ IN } z)$ 
proof -
  obtain i::name where i: atom i # (x,y,z)
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  have {} ⊢ (Eats x y SUBS z) IFF (x SUBS z AND y IN z)
  proof (rule Iff-I)
    show {Eats x y SUBS z} ⊢ x SUBS z AND y IN z
    proof (rule Conj-I)
      show {Eats x y SUBS z} ⊢ x SUBS z
      apply (rule Subset-I [where i=i]) using i
      apply (auto intro: Subset-D Mem-Eats-I1)
      done
    next
      show {Eats x y SUBS z} ⊢ y IN z
      by (metis Subset-D Assume Mem-Eats-I2 Refl)
    qed
  next
    show {x SUBS z AND y IN z} ⊢ Eats x y SUBS z using i
    by (auto intro!: Subset-I [where i=i] intro: Subset-D Mem-cong [THEN
      Iff-MP2-same])
  qed
  thus ?thesis
    by (rule thin0)
qed

lemma Eats-Subset-I [intro!]:  $H \vdash x \text{ SUBS } z \implies H \vdash y \text{ IN } z \implies H \vdash \text{Eats } x \ y \text{ SUBS } z$ 
by (metis Conj-I Eats-Subset-Iff Iff-MP2-same)

lemma Eats-Subset-E [intro!]:
  insert (x SUBS z) (insert (y IN z) H) ⊢ C  $\implies$  insert (Eats x y SUBS z) H ⊢ C
by (metis Conj-E Eats-Subset-Iff Iff-MP-left')

```

A surprising proof: a consequence of $?H \vdash \text{Eats } ?x \ ?y \text{ SUBS } ?z \text{ IFF } ?x \text{ SUBS } ?z \text{ AND } ?y \text{ IN } ?z$ and reflexivity!

```

lemma Subset-Eats-I [intro!]:  $H \vdash x \text{ SUBS } Eats x y$ 
by (metis Conj-E1 Eats-Subset-Iff Iff-MP-same Subset-refl)

lemma SUCC-Subset-I [intro!]:  $H \vdash x \text{ SUBS } z \implies H \vdash x \text{ IN } z \implies H \vdash SUCC x \text{ SUBS } z$ 
by (metis Eats-Subset-I SUCC-def)

lemma SUCC-Subset-E [intro!]:

$$\text{insert } (x \text{ SUBS } z) (\text{insert } (x \text{ IN } z) H) \vdash C \implies \text{insert } (\text{SUCC } x \text{ SUBS } z) H \vdash C$$

by (metis Eats-Subset-E SUCC-def)

lemma Subset-trans0: { a SUBS b, b SUBS c }  $\vdash a \text{ SUBS } c$ 
proof -
  obtain i::name where [simp]: atom i  $\notin$  (a,b,c)
  by (rule obtain-fresh)
  show ?thesis
  by (rule Subset-I [of i]) (auto intro: Subset-D)
qed

lemma Subset-trans:  $H \vdash a \text{ SUBS } b \implies H \vdash b \text{ SUBS } c \implies H \vdash a \text{ SUBS } c$ 
by (metis Subset-trans0 cut2)

lemma Subset-SUCC:  $H \vdash a \text{ SUBS } (\text{SUCC } a)$ 
by (metis SUCC-def Subset-Eats-I)

lemma All2-Subset-lemma: atom l  $\notin$  (k',k)  $\implies \{P\} \vdash P' \implies \{\text{All2 } l k P, k' \text{ SUBS } k\} \vdash \text{All2 } l k' P'$ 
  apply auto
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var l])
  apply (auto intro: ContraProve Set-MP cut1)
  done

lemma All2-Subset:  $\llbracket H \vdash \text{All2 } l k P; H \vdash k' \text{ SUBS } k; \{P\} \vdash P'; \text{atom } l \notin (k', k) \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies H \vdash \text{All2 } l k' P'$ 
by (rule cut2 [OF All2-Subset-lemma]) auto

```

3.2 Extensionality

```

lemma Extensionality:  $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } y \text{ IFF } x \text{ SUBS } y \text{ AND } y \text{ SUBS } x$ 
proof -
  obtain i::name and j::name and k::name
    where atoms: atom i  $\notin$  (x,y) atom j  $\notin$  (i,x,y) atom k  $\notin$  (i,j,y)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have {}  $\vdash (\text{Var } i \text{ EQ } y \text{ IFF } \text{Var } i \text{ SUBS } y \text{ AND } y \text{ SUBS } \text{Var } i)$  (is {}  $\vdash ?\text{scheme}$ )
  proof (rule Ind [of j])
    show atom j  $\notin$  (i, ?scheme) using atoms
    by simp
  next
    show {}  $\vdash ?\text{scheme}(i ::= \text{Zero})$  using atoms

```

```

proof auto
  show {Zero EQ y} ⊢ y SUBS Zero
    by (rule Subset-cong [OF Assume Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same]) (rule Subset-refl)
next
  show {Zero SUBS y, y SUBS Zero} ⊢ Zero EQ y
    by (metis AssumeH(2) Subset-Zero-D Sym)
qed
next
  show {} ⊢ All i (All j (?scheme IMP ?scheme(i::=Var j) IMP ?scheme(i::=Eats
(Var i) (Var j))))
    using atoms
    apply auto
    apply (metis Subset-cong [OF Refl Assume, THEN Iff-MP-same] Subset-Eats-I)
    apply (metis Mem-cong [OF Refl Assume, THEN Iff-MP-same] Mem-Eats-I2
Refl)
    apply (metis Subset-cong [OF Assume Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same] Subset-refl)
    apply (rule Eq-Eats-I [of - k, THEN Sym])
    apply (auto intro: Set-MP [where x=y] Subset-D [where t = Var i] Disj-I1
Disj-I2)
    apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same], auto)
    done
qed
hence {} ⊢ (Var i EQ y IFF Var i SUBS y AND y SUBS Var i)(i::=x)
  by (metis Subst emptyE)
thus ?thesis using atoms
  by (simp add: thin0)
qed

lemma Equality-I: H ⊢ y SUBS x ==> H ⊢ x SUBS y ==> H ⊢ x EQ y
  by (metis Conj-I Extensionality Iff-MP2-same)

lemma EQ-imp-SUBS: insert (t EQ u) H ⊢ (t SUBS u)
proof -
  have {t EQ u} ⊢ (t SUBS u)
    by (metis Assume Conj-E Extensionality Iff-MP-left')
thus ?thesis
  by (metis Assume cut1)
qed

lemma EQ-imp-SUBS2: insert (u EQ t) H ⊢ (t SUBS u)
  by (metis EQ-imp-SUBS Sym-L)

lemma Equality-E: insert (t SUBS u) (insert (u SUBS t) H) ⊢ A ==> insert (t
EQ u) H ⊢ A
  by (metis Conj-E Extensionality Iff-MP-left')

```

3.3 The Disjointness Relation

The following predicate is defined in order to prove Lemma 2.3, Foundation

```

nominal-function Disjoint :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where atom z # (t, u)  $\implies$  Disjoint t u = All2 z t (Neg ((Var z) IN u))
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def Disjoint-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

declare Disjoint.simps [simp del]

lemma Disjoint-fresh-iff [simp]: a # Disjoint t u  $\longleftrightarrow$  a # t  $\wedge$  a # u
proof -
  obtain j::name where j: atom j # (a,t,u)
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: Disjoint.simps [of j])
qed

lemma subst-fm-Disjoint [simp]:
  (Disjoint t u)(i::=x) = Disjoint (subst i x t) (subst i x u)
proof -
  obtain j::name where j: atom j # (i,x,t,u)
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: Disjoint.simps [of j])
qed

lemma Disjoint-cong: H  $\vdash$  t EQ t'  $\implies$  H  $\vdash$  u EQ u'  $\implies$  H  $\vdash$  Disjoint t u IFF
  Disjoint t' u'
  by (rule P2-cong) auto

lemma Disjoint-I:
  assumes insert ((Var i) IN t) (insert ((Var i) IN u) H)  $\vdash$  Fls
    atom i # (t,u)  $\forall$  B  $\in$  H. atom i # B
  shows H  $\vdash$  Disjoint t u
  by (subst Disjoint.simps [of i]) (auto simp: assms insert-commute)

lemma Disjoint-E:
  assumes major: H  $\vdash$  Disjoint t u and minor: H  $\vdash$  a IN t H  $\vdash$  a IN u shows
  H  $\vdash$  A
proof -
  obtain i::name where i: atom i # (t, u)
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  hence H  $\vdash$  (Var i IN t IMP Neg (Var i IN u)) (i::=a)
    by (metis Disjoint.simps major All-D)
  thus ?thesis using i
    by simp (metis MP-same Neg-D minor)
qed

lemma Disjoint-commute: { Disjoint t u }  $\vdash$  Disjoint u t

```

```

proof -
  obtain  $i::name$  where atom  $i \# (t,u)$ 
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
    thus ?thesis
      by (auto simp: fresh-Pair intro: Disjoint-I Disjoint-E)
qed

lemma Disjoint-commute-I:  $H \vdash \text{Disjoint } t u \implies H \vdash \text{Disjoint } u t$ 
  by (metis Disjoint-commute cut1)

lemma Disjoint-commute-D:  $\text{insert } (\text{Disjoint } t u) H \vdash A \implies \text{insert } (\text{Disjoint } u t) H \vdash A$ 
  by (metis Assume Disjoint-commute-I cut-same insert-commute thin1)

lemma Zero-Disjoint-I1 [iff]:  $H \vdash \text{Disjoint Zero } t$ 
proof -
  obtain  $i::name$  where  $i: \text{atom } i \# t$ 
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  hence  $\{\} \vdash \text{Disjoint Zero } t$ 
    by (auto intro: Disjoint-I [of i])
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis thin0)
qed

lemma Zero-Disjoint-I2 [iff]:  $H \vdash \text{Disjoint } t \text{ Zero}$ 
  by (metis Disjoint-commute Zero-Disjoint-I1 cut1)

lemma Disjoint-Eats-D1:  $\{ \text{Disjoint } (\text{Eats } x y) z \} \vdash \text{Disjoint } x z$ 
proof -
  obtain  $i::name$  where  $i: \text{atom } i \# (x,y,z)$ 
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule Disjoint-I [of i])
    apply (blast intro: Disjoint-E Mem-Eats-I1)
    using i apply auto
    done
qed

lemma Disjoint-Eats-D2:  $\{ \text{Disjoint } (\text{Eats } x y) z \} \vdash \text{Neg}(y \text{ IN } z)$ 
proof -
  obtain  $i::name$  where  $i: \text{atom } i \# (x,y,z)$ 
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  show ?thesis
    by (force intro: Disjoint-E [THEN rotate2] Mem-Eats-I2)
qed

lemma Disjoint-Eats-E:
   $\text{insert } (\text{Disjoint } x z) (\text{insert } (\text{Neg}(y \text{ IN } z)) H) \vdash A \implies \text{insert } (\text{Disjoint } (\text{Eats } x y) z) H \vdash A$ 

```

```

apply (rule cut-same [OF cut1 [OF Disjoint-Eats-D2, OF Assume]])
apply (rule cut-same [OF cut1 [OF Disjoint-Eats-D1, OF Hyp]])
apply (auto intro: thin)
done

lemma Disjoint-Eats-E2:
  insert (Disjoint z x) (insert (Neg(y IN z)) H) ⊢ A ==> insert (Disjoint z (Eats x y)) H ⊢ A
  by (metis Disjoint-Eats-E Disjoint-commute-D)

lemma Disjoint-Eats-Imp: { Disjoint x z, Neg(y IN z) } ⊢ Disjoint (Eats x y) z
proof -
  obtain i::name where atom i # (x,y,z)
  by (rule obtain-fresh)
  then show ?thesis
  by (auto intro: Disjoint-I [of i] Disjoint-E [THEN rotate3]
        Mem-cong [OF Assume Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same])
qed

lemma Disjoint-Eats-I [intro!]: H ⊢ Disjoint x z ==> insert (y IN z) H ⊢ Fls ==>
H ⊢ Disjoint (Eats x y) z
by (metis Neg-I cut2 [OF Disjoint-Eats-Imp])

lemma Disjoint-Eats-I2 [intro!]: H ⊢ Disjoint z x ==> insert (y IN z) H ⊢ Fls
==> H ⊢ Disjoint z (Eats x y)
by (metis Disjoint-Eats-I Disjoint-commute cut1)

```

3.4 The Foundation Theorem

```

lemma Foundation-lemma:
  assumes i: atom i # z
  shows { All2 i z (Neg (Disjoint (Var i) z)) } ⊢ Neg (Var i IN z) AND Disjoint (Var i) z
proof -
  obtain j::name where j: atom j # (z,i)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  show ?thesis
  apply (rule Ind [of j]) using i j
  apply auto
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Zero], auto)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Eats (Var i) (Var j)], auto)
  apply (metis ContraAssume insertI1 insert-commute)
  apply (metis ContraProve Disjoint-Eats-Imp rotate2 thin1)
  apply (metis Assume Disj-I1 anti-deduction rotate3)
  done
qed

```

theorem Foundation: atom i # z ==> {} ⊢ All2 i z (Neg (Disjoint (Var i) z))
IMP z EQ Zero

```

apply auto
apply (rule Eq-Zero-I)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = (Neg ((Var i) IN z) AND Disjoint (Var i)
z)])
apply (rule Foundation-lemma [THEN cut1], auto)
done

lemma Mem-Neg-refl: {} ⊢ Neg (x IN x)
proof -
  obtain i::name where i: atom i # x
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have {} ⊢ Disjoint x (Eats Zero x)
    apply (rule cut-same [OF Foundation [where z = Eats Zero x]]) using i
    apply auto
    apply (rule cut-same [where A = Disjoint x (Eats Zero x)])
    apply (metis Assume thin1 Disjoint-cong [OF Assume Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same])
    apply (metis Assume AssumeH(4) Disjoint-E Mem-Eats-I2 Refl)
    done
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis Disjoint-Eats-D2 Disjoint-commute cut-same)
qed

lemma Mem-refl-E [intro!]: insert (x IN x) H ⊢ A
  by (metis Disj-I1 Mem-Neg-refl anti-deduction thin0)

lemma Mem-non-refl: assumes H ⊢ x IN x shows H ⊢ A
  by (metis Mem-refl-E assms cut-same)

lemma Mem-Neg-sym: { x IN y, y IN x } ⊢ Fls
proof -
  obtain i::name where i: atom i # (x,y)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have {} ⊢ Disjoint x (Eats Zero y) OR Disjoint y (Eats Zero x)
    apply (rule cut-same [OF Foundation [where i=i and z = Eats (Eats Zero
y) x]]) using i
    apply (auto intro!: Disjoint-Eats-E2 [THEN rotate2])
    apply (rule Disj-I2, auto)
    apply (metis Assume EQ-imp-SUBS2 Subset-D insert-commute)
    apply (blast intro!: Disj-I1 Disjoint-cong [OF Hyp Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same])
    done
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto intro: cut0 Disjoint-Eats-E2)
qed

lemma Mem-not-sym: insert (x IN y) (insert (y IN x) H) ⊢ A
  by (rule cut-thin [OF Mem-Neg-sym]) auto

```

3.5 The Ordinal Property

```

nominal-function OrdP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where  $\llbracket \text{atom } y \# (x, z); \text{atom } z \# x \rrbracket \implies$ 
     $\text{OrdP } x = \text{All2 } y \ x ((\text{Var } y) \text{ SUBS } x \text{ AND } \text{All2 } z (\text{Var } y) ((\text{Var } z) \text{ SUBS } (\text{Var } y)))$ 
    by (auto simp: eqvt-def OrdP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

lemma
  shows OrdP-fresh-iff [simp]:  $a \# \text{OrdP } x \longleftrightarrow a \# x$  (is ?thesis1)
  and eval-fm-OrdP [simp]: eval-fm e (OrdP x)  $\longleftrightarrow$  Ord  $\llbracket x \rrbracket e$  (is ?thesis2)
proof -
  obtain z::name and y::name where atom z  $\# x$  atom y  $\# (x, z)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2
    by (auto simp: OrdP.simps [of y - z] Ord-def Transset-def)
qed

lemma subst-fm-OrdP [simp]:  $(\text{OrdP } t)(i ::= x) = \text{OrdP } (\text{subst } i x t)$ 
proof -
  obtain z::name and y::name where atom z  $\# (t, i, x)$  atom y  $\# (t, i, x, z)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: OrdP.simps [of y - z])
qed

lemma OrdP-cong:  $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } x' \implies H \vdash \text{OrdP } x \text{ IFF } \text{OrdP } x'$ 
  by (rule P1-cong) auto

lemma OrdP-Mem-lemma:
  assumes z: atom z  $\# (k, l)$  and l: insert (OrdP k) H  $\vdash l \text{ IN } k$ 
  shows insert (OrdP k) H  $\vdash l \text{ SUBS } k \text{ AND } \text{All2 } z l (\text{Var } z \text{ SUBS } l)$ 
proof -
  obtain y::name where y: atom y  $\# (k, l, z)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have insert (OrdP k) H
     $\vdash (\text{Var } y \text{ IN } k \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } y \text{ SUBS } k \text{ AND } \text{All2 } z (\text{Var } y) (\text{Var } z \text{ SUBS } \text{Var } y))) (y ::= l)$ 
    by (rule All-D) (simp add: OrdP.simps [of y - z] y z Assume)
  also have ... = l IN k IMP (l SUBS k AND All2 z l (Var z SUBS l))
    using y z by simp
  finally show ?thesis
    by (metis MP-same l)
qed

lemma OrdP-Mem-E:
```

```

assumes atom z # (k,l)
  insert (OrdP k) H ⊢ l IN k
  insert (l SUBS k) (insert (All2 z l (Var z SUBS l)) H) ⊢ A
shows insert (OrdP k) H ⊢ A
apply (rule OrdP-Mem-lemma [THEN cut-same])
apply (auto simp: insert-commute)
apply (blast intro: assms thin1)+
done

lemma OrdP-Mem-imp-Subset:
assumes k: H ⊢ k IN l and l: H ⊢ OrdP l shows H ⊢ k SUBS l
apply (rule obtain-fresh [of (l,k)])
apply (rule cut-same [OF l])
using k apply (auto intro: OrdP-Mem-E thin1)
done

lemma SUCC-Subset-Ord-lemma: { k' IN k, OrdP k } ⊢ SUCC k' SUBS k
by auto (metis Assume thin1 OrdP-Mem-imp-Subset)

lemma SUCC-Subset-Ord: H ⊢ k' IN k ==> H ⊢ OrdP k ==> H ⊢ SUCC k' SUBS k
by (blast intro!: cut2 [OF SUCC-Subset-Ord-lemma])

lemma OrdP-Trans-lemma: { OrdP k, i IN j, j IN k } ⊢ i IN k
proof –
  obtain m::name where atom m # (i,j,k)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
  by (auto intro: OrdP-Mem-E [of m k j] Subset-D [THEN rotate3])
qed

lemma OrdP-Trans: H ⊢ OrdP k ==> H ⊢ i IN j ==> H ⊢ j IN k ==> H ⊢ i IN k
by (blast intro: cut3 [OF OrdP-Trans-lemma])

lemma Ord-IN-Ord0:
assumes l: H ⊢ l IN k
shows insert (OrdP k) H ⊢ OrdP l
proof –
  obtain z::name and y::name where z: atom z # (k,l) and y: atom y # (k,l,z)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have { Var y IN l, OrdP k, l IN k } ⊢ All2 z (Var y) (Var z SUBS Var y) using
  y z
  apply (simp add: insert-commute [of - OrdP k])
  apply (auto intro: OrdP-Mem-E [of z k Var y] OrdP-Trans-lemma del: All-I Neg-I)
  done
  hence { OrdP k, l IN k } ⊢ OrdP l using z y
  apply (auto simp: OrdP.simps [of y l z])

```

```

apply (simp add: insert-commute [of - OrdP k])
apply (rule OrdP-Mem-E [of y k l], simp-all)
apply (metis Assume thin1)
apply (rule All-E [where x= Var y, THEN thin1], simp)
apply (metis Assume anti-deduction insert-commute)
done
thus ?thesis
  by (metis (full-types) Assume l cut2 thin1)
qed

lemma Ord-IN-Ord:  $H \vdash l \text{ IN } k \implies H \vdash \text{OrdP } k \implies H \vdash \text{OrdP } l$ 
  by (metis Ord-IN-Ord0 cut-same)

lemma OrdP-I:
  assumes insert (Var y IN x)  $H \vdash (\text{Var } y) \text{ SUBS } x$ 
    and insert (Var z IN Var y) (insert (Var y IN x) H)  $\vdash (\text{Var } z) \text{ SUBS } (\text{Var } y)$ 
      and atom y # (x, z)  $\forall B \in H. \text{atom } y \# B \text{ atom } z \# x \forall B \in H. \text{atom } z \# B$ 
  shows  $H \vdash \text{OrdP } x$ 
  using assms by auto

lemma OrdP-Zero [simp]:  $H \vdash \text{OrdP Zero}$ 
proof -
  obtain y::name and z::name where atom y # z
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  hence {}  $\vdash \text{OrdP Zero}$ 
    by (auto intro: OrdP-I [of y - - z])
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis thin0)
qed

lemma OrdP-SUCC-I0: { OrdP k }  $\vdash \text{OrdP } (\text{SUCC } k)$ 
proof -
  obtain w::name and y::name and z::name where atoms: atom w # (k,y,z)
    atom y # (k,z) atom z # k
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have 1: { Var y IN SUCC k, OrdP k }  $\vdash \text{Var } y \text{ SUBS SUCC } k$ 
    apply (rule Mem-SUCC-E)
    apply (rule OrdP-Mem-E [of w - Var y, THEN rotate2]) using atoms
    apply auto
    apply (metis Assume Subset-SUCC Subset-trans)
    apply (metis EQ-imp-SUBS Subset-SUCC Subset-trans)
    done
  have in-case: { Var y IN k, Var z IN Var y, OrdP k }  $\vdash \text{Var } z \text{ SUBS Var } y$ 
    apply (rule OrdP-Mem-E [of w - Var y, THEN rotate3]) using atoms
    apply (auto intro: All2-E [THEN thin1])
    done
  have { Var y EQ k, Var z IN k, OrdP k }  $\vdash \text{Var } z \text{ SUBS Var } y$ 
    by (metis AssumeH(2) AssumeH(3) EQ-imp-SUBS2 OrdP-Mem-imp-Subset)

```

```

Subset-trans)
hence eq-case: { Var y EQ k, Var z IN Var y, OrdP k } ⊢ Var z SUBS Var y
  by (rule cut3) (auto intro: EQ-imp-SUBS [THEN cut1] Subset-D)
have 2: { Var z IN Var y, Var y IN SUCC k, OrdP k } ⊢ Var z SUBS Var y
  by (metis rotate2 Mem-SUCC-E in-case eq-case)
show ?thesis
  apply (rule OrdP-I [OF 1 2])
  using atoms apply auto
  done
qed

lemma OrdP-SUCC-I: H ⊢ OrdP k ==> H ⊢ OrdP (SUCC k)
  by (metis OrdP-SUCC-I0 cut1)

lemma Zero-In-OrdP: { OrdP x } ⊢ x EQ Zero OR Zero IN x
proof -
  obtain i::name and j::name
    where i: atom i # x and j: atom j # (x,i)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule cut-thin [where HB = { OrdP x }, OF Foundation [where i=i and
z = x]])
    using i j apply auto
    prefer 2 apply (metis Assume Disj-I1)
    apply (rule Disj-I2)
    apply (rule cut-same [where A = Var i EQ Zero])
    prefer 2 apply (blast intro: Iff-MP-same [OF Mem-cong [OF Assume Refl]])
    apply (auto intro!: Eq-Zero-I [where i=j] Ex-I [where x=Var i])
    apply (blast intro: Disjoint-E Subset-D)
    done
  qed

lemma OrdP-HPairE: insert (OrdP (HPair x y)) H ⊢ A
proof -
  have { OrdP (HPair x y) } ⊢ A
  by (rule cut-same [OF Zero-In-OrdP]) (auto simp: HPair-def)
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis Assume cut1)
  qed

lemmas OrdP-HPairEH = OrdP-HPairE OrdP-HPairE [THEN rotate2] OrdP-HPairE
[THEN rotate3] OrdP-HPairE [THEN rotate4] OrdP-HPairE [THEN rotate5]
          OrdP-HPairE [THEN rotate6] OrdP-HPairE [THEN rotate7]
          OrdP-HPairE [THEN rotate8] OrdP-HPairE [THEN rotate9] OrdP-HPairE [THEN
rotate10]
declare OrdP-HPairEH [intro!]

lemma Zero-Eq-HPairE: insert (Zero EQ HPair x y) H ⊢ A
  by (metis Eats-EQ-Zero-E2 HPair-def)

```

```

lemmas Zero-Eq-HPairEH = Zero-Eq-HPairE Zero-Eq-HPairE [THEN rotate2]
Zero-Eq-HPairE [THEN rotate3] Zero-Eq-HPairE [THEN rotate4] Zero-Eq-HPairE
[THEN rotate5]
Zero-Eq-HPairE [THEN rotate6] Zero-Eq-HPairE [THEN rotate7]
Zero-Eq-HPairE [THEN rotate8] Zero-Eq-HPairE [THEN rotate9] Zero-Eq-HPairE
[THEN rotate10]
declare Zero-Eq-HPairEH [intro!]

lemma HPair-Eq-ZeroE: insert (HPair x y EQ Zero) H ⊢ A
by (metis Sym-L Zero-Eq-HPairE)

lemmas HPair-Eq-ZeroEH = HPair-Eq-ZeroE HPair-Eq-ZeroE [THEN rotate2]
HPair-Eq-ZeroE [THEN rotate3] HPair-Eq-ZeroE [THEN rotate4] HPair-Eq-ZeroE
[THEN rotate5]
HPair-Eq-ZeroE [THEN rotate6] HPair-Eq-ZeroE [THEN rotate7]
HPair-Eq-ZeroE [THEN rotate8] HPair-Eq-ZeroE [THEN rotate9] HPair-Eq-ZeroE
[THEN rotate10]
declare HPair-Eq-ZeroEH [intro!]

```

3.6 Induction on Ordinals

```

lemma OrdInd-lemma:
assumes j: atom (j::name) # (i,A)
shows { OrdP (Var i) } ⊢ (All i (OrdP (Var i) IMP ((All2 j (Var i) (A(i::= Var j))) IMP A))) IMP A
proof -
obtain l::name and k::name
where l: atom l # (i,j,A) and k: atom k # (i,j,l,A)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
have { (All i (OrdP (Var i) IMP ((All2 j (Var i) (A(i::= Var j))) IMP A))) }
    ⊢ (All2 l (Var i) (OrdP (Var l) IMP A(i::= Var l)))
apply (rule Ind [of k])
using j k l apply auto
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var l, THEN rotate5], auto)
apply (metis Assume Disj-I1 anti-deduction thin1)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var l], auto)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var j, THEN rotate6], auto)
apply (blast intro: ContraProve Iff-MP-same [OF Mem-cong [OF Refl]])
apply (metis Assume Ord-IN-Ord0 ContraProve insert-commute)
apply (metis Assume Neg-D thin1) +
done
hence { (All i (OrdP (Var i) IMP ((All2 j (Var i) (A(i::= Var j))) IMP A))) }
    ⊢ (All2 l (Var i) (OrdP (Var l) IMP A(i::= Var l)))(i::= Eats Zero (Var i))
by (rule Subst, auto)
hence indlem: { All i (OrdP (Var i) IMP ((All2 j (Var i) (A(i::= Var j))) IMP A)) }

```

```

    ⊢ All2 l (Eats Zero (Var i)) (OrdP (Var l) IMP A(i ::= Var l))
using j l by simp
show ?thesis
apply (rule Imp-I)
apply (rule cut-thin [OF indlem, where HB = {OrdP (Var i)}])
apply (rule All2-Eats-E) using j l
apply auto
done
qed

lemma OrdInd:
assumes j: atom (j::name) # (i,A)
and x: H ⊢ OrdP (Var i) and step: H ⊢ All i (OrdP (Var i) IMP (All2 j (Var i) (A(i ::= Var j)) IMP A))
shows H ⊢ A
apply (rule cut-thin [OF x, where HB=H])
apply (rule MP-thin [OF OrdInd-lemma step])
apply (auto simp: j)
done

lemma OrdIndH:
assumes atom (j::name) # (i,A)
and H ⊢ All i (OrdP (Var i) IMP (All2 j (Var i) (A(i ::= Var j)) IMP A))
shows insert (OrdP (Var i)) H ⊢ A
by (metis assms thin1 Assume OrdInd)

```

3.7 Linearity of Ordinals

```

lemma OrdP-linear-lemma:
assumes j: atom j # i
shows { OrdP (Var i) } ⊢ All j (OrdP (Var j) IMP (Var i IN Var j OR Var i EQ Var j OR Var j IN Var i))
(is - ⊢ ?scheme)

proof -
obtain k::name and l::name and m::name
where k: atom k # (i,j) and l: atom l # (i,j,k) and m: atom m # (i,j)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
show ?thesis
proof (rule OrdIndH [where i=i and j=k])
show atom k # (i, ?scheme)
using k by (force simp add: fresh-Pair)
next
show {} ⊢ All i (OrdP (Var i) IMP (All2 k (Var i) (?scheme(i ::= Var k)) IMP ?scheme))
using j k
apply simp
apply (rule All-I Imp-I)+
defer 1
apply auto [2]

```

```

apply (rule OrdIndH [where i=j and j=l] using l
— nested induction
apply (force simp add: fresh-Pair)
apply simp
apply (rule All-I Imp-I)+
prefer 2 apply force
apply (rule Disj-3I)
apply (rule Equality-I)
— Now the opposite inclusion, Var j SUBS Var i
apply (rule Subset-I [where i=m])
apply (rule All2-E [THEN rotate4]) using l m
apply auto
apply (blast intro: ContraProve [THEN rotate3] OrdP-Trans)
apply (blast intro: ContraProve [THEN rotate3] Mem-cong [OF Hyp Refl,
THEN Iff-MP2-same])
— Now the opposite inclusion, Var i SUBS Var j
apply (rule Subset-I [where i=m])
apply (rule All2-E [THEN rotate6], auto)
apply (rule All-E [where x = Var j], auto)
apply (blast intro: ContraProve [THEN rotate4] Mem-cong [OF Hyp Refl,
THEN Iff-MP-same])
apply (blast intro: ContraProve [THEN rotate4] OrdP-Trans)
done
qed
qed

lemma OrdP-linear-imp: {} ⊢ OrdP x IMP OrdP y IMP x IN y OR x EQ y OR y
IN x
proof –
obtain i::name and j::name
  where atoms: atom i # (x,y) atom j # (x,y,i)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
have { OrdP (Var i) } ⊢ (OrdP (Var j) IMP (Var i IN Var j OR Var i EQ Var
j OR Var j IN Var i))(j::=y)
  using atoms by (metis All-D OrdP-linear-lemma fresh-Pair)
hence {} ⊢ OrdP (Var i) IMP OrdP y IMP (Var i IN y OR Var i EQ y OR y
IN Var i)
  using atoms by auto
hence {} ⊢ (OrdP (Var i) IMP OrdP y IMP (Var i IN y OR Var i EQ y OR y
IN Var i))(i::=x)
  by (metis Subst empty-if)
thus ?thesis
  using atoms by auto
qed

lemma OrdP-linear:
assumes H ⊢ OrdP x H ⊢ OrdP y
      insert (x IN y) H ⊢ A insert (x EQ y) H ⊢ A insert (y IN x) H ⊢ A
shows H ⊢ A

```

```

proof -
  have {  $\text{OrdP } x, \text{OrdP } y \}$   $\vdash x \text{ IN } y \text{ OR } x \text{ EQ } y \text{ OR } y \text{ IN } x$ 
    by (metis OrdP-linear-imp Imp-Imp-commute anti-deduction)
    thus  $\text{?thesis}$ 
      using assms by (metis cut2 Disj-E cut-same)
  qed

lemma Zero-In-SUCC: {  $\text{OrdP } k \}$   $\vdash \text{Zero IN SUCC } k$ 
  by (rule OrdP-linear [OF OrdP-Zero OrdP-SUCC-I]) (force simp: SUCC-def)+

3.8 The predicate  $\text{OrdNotEqP}$ 

nominal-function  $\text{OrdNotEqP} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$  (infixr NEQ 150)
  where  $\text{OrdNotEqP } x \ y = \text{OrdP } x \text{ AND } \text{OrdP } y \text{ AND } (x \text{ IN } y \text{ OR } y \text{ IN } x)$ 
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def OrdNotEqP-graph-aux-def)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

lemma OrdNotEqP-fresh-iff [simp]:  $a \# \text{OrdNotEqP } x \ y \longleftrightarrow a \# x \wedge a \# y$ 
  by auto

lemma eval-fm-OrdNotEqP [simp]:  $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{OrdNotEqP } x \ y) \longleftrightarrow \text{Ord } \llbracket x \rrbracket e \wedge \text{Ord } \llbracket y \rrbracket e \wedge \llbracket x \rrbracket e \neq \llbracket y \rrbracket e$ 
  by (auto simp: hmem-not-refl) (metis Ord-linear)

lemma OrdNotEqP-subst [simp]:  $(\text{OrdNotEqP } x \ y)(i ::= t) = \text{OrdNotEqP } (\text{subst } i \ t \ x) (\text{subst } i \ t \ y)$ 
  by simp

lemma OrdNotEqP-cong:  $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } x' \implies H \vdash y \text{ EQ } y' \implies H \vdash \text{OrdNotEqP } x \ y \text{ IFF } \text{OrdNotEqP } x' \ y'$ 
  by (rule P2-cong) auto

lemma OrdNotEqP-self-contra: {  $x \text{ NEQ } x \}$   $\vdash \text{Fls}$ 
  by auto

lemma OrdNotEqP-OrdP-E:  $\text{insert } (\text{OrdP } x) (\text{insert } (\text{OrdP } y) H) \vdash A \implies \text{insert } (x \text{ NEQ } y) H \vdash A$ 
  by (auto intro: thin1 rotate2)

lemma OrdNotEqP-I:  $\text{insert } (x \text{ EQ } y) H \vdash \text{Fls} \implies H \vdash \text{OrdP } x \implies H \vdash \text{OrdP } y \implies H \vdash x \text{ NEQ } y$ 
  by (rule OrdP-linear [of - x y]) (auto intro: ExFalse thin1 Disj-I1 Disj-I2)

declare OrdNotEqP.simps [simp del]

lemma OrdNotEqP-imp-Neg-Eq: {  $x \text{ NEQ } y \}$   $\vdash \text{Neg } (x \text{ EQ } y)$ 
  by (blast intro: OrdNotEqP-cong [THEN Iff-MP2-same] OrdNotEqP-self-contra)

```

[of x , THEN cut1])

lemma *OrdNotEqP-E*: $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } y \implies \text{insert}(x \text{ NEQ } y) H \vdash A$
by (metis *ContraProve OrdNotEqP-imp-Neg-Eq rcut1*)

3.9 Predecessor of an Ordinal

lemma *OrdP-set-max-lemma*:
assumes $j: \text{atom } (j::\text{name}) \# i$ **and** $k: \text{atom } (k::\text{name}) \# (i,j)$
shows $\{\} \vdash (\text{Neg } (\text{Var } i \text{ EQ } \text{Zero}) \text{ AND } (\text{All2 } j \text{ (Var } i) \text{ (OrdP } (\text{Var } j))) \text{ IMP}$
 $(\text{Ex } j \text{ (Var } j \text{ IN Var } i \text{ AND } (\text{All2 } k \text{ (Var } i) \text{ (Var } k \text{ SUBS Var } j)))$

proof –

obtain $l::\text{name}$ **where** $l: \text{atom } l \# (i,j,k)$
by (metis *obtain-fresh*)

show ?thesis

apply (rule *Ind* [of l i]) **using** j k l
apply *simp-all*
apply (metis *Conj-E Refl Swap Imp-I*)
apply (rule *All-I Imp-I*)+
apply *simp-all*
apply *clarify*
apply (rule *thin1*)
apply (rule *thin1* [THEN *rotate2*])
apply (rule *Disj-EH*)
apply (rule *Neg-Conj-E*)
apply (auto *simp*: *All2-Eats-E1*)
apply (rule *Ex-I* [**where** $x = \text{Var } l$], *auto intro*: *Mem-Eats-I2*)
apply (metis *Assume Eq-Zero-D rotate3*)
apply (metis *Assume EQ-imp-SUBS Neg-D thin1*)
apply (rule *Cases* [**where** $A = \text{Var } j \text{ IN Var } l$])
apply (rule *Ex-I* [**where** $x = \text{Var } l$], *auto intro*: *Mem-Eats-I2*)
apply (rule *Ex-I* [**where** $x = \text{Var } l$], *auto intro*: *Mem-Eats-I2 ContraProve*)
apply (rule *Ex-I* [**where** $x = \text{Var } k$], *auto*)
apply (metis *Assume Subset-trans OrdP-Mem-imp-Subset thin1*)
apply (rule *Ex-I* [**where** $x = \text{Var } l$], *auto intro*: *Mem-Eats-I2 ContraProve*)
apply (metis *ContraProve EQ-imp-SUBS rotate3*)
— final case
apply (rule *All2-Eats-E* [THEN *rotate4*], *simp-all*)
apply (rule *Ex-I* [**where** $x = \text{Var } j$], *auto intro*: *Mem-Eats-I1*)
apply (rule *All2-E* [**where** $x = \text{Var } k$, THEN *rotate3*], *auto*)
apply (rule *Ex-I* [**where** $x = \text{Var } k$], *simp*)
apply (metis *Assume NegNeg-I Neg-Disj-I rotate3*)
apply (rule *cut-same* [**where** $A = \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } j)$])
apply (rule *All2-E* [**where** $x = \text{Var } j$, THEN *rotate3*], *auto*)
apply (rule *cut-same* [**where** $A = \text{Var } l \text{ EQ } \text{Var } j \text{ OR } \text{Var } l \text{ IN Var } j$])
apply (rule *OrdP-linear* [of - $\text{Var } l \text{ Var } j$], *auto intro*: *Disj-CI*)
apply (metis *Assume ContraProve rotate7*)
apply (metis *ContraProve* [THEN *rotate4*] *EQ-imp-SUBS Subset-trans rotate3*)
apply (blast *intro*: *ContraProve* [THEN *rotate4*] *OrdP-Mem-imp-Subset Iff-MP2-same*)

```

[OF Mem-cong])
  done
qed

lemma OrdP-max-imp:
  assumes j: atom j # (x) and k: atom k # (x,j)
  shows { OrdP x, Neg (x EQ Zero) } ⊢ Ex j (Var j IN x AND (All2 k x (Var k SUBS Var j)))
  proof –
    obtain i::name where i: atom i # (x,j,k)
      by (metis obtain-fresh)
    have {} ⊢ ((Neg (Var i EQ Zero) AND (All2 j (Var i) (OrdP (Var j)))) IMP
      (Ex j (Var j IN Var i AND (All2 k (Var i) (Var k SUBS Var j))))(i::=x))
    apply (rule Subst [OF OrdP-set-max-lemma])
    using i k apply auto
    done
    hence { Neg (x EQ Zero) AND (All2 j x (OrdP (Var j))) }
      ⊢ Ex j (Var j IN x AND (All2 k x (Var k SUBS Var j)))
    using i j k by simp (metis anti-deduction)
    hence { All2 j x (OrdP (Var j)), Neg (x EQ Zero) }
      ⊢ Ex j (Var j IN x AND (All2 k x (Var k SUBS Var j)))
    by (rule cut1) (metis Assume Conj-I thin1)
    moreover have { OrdP x } ⊢ All2 j x (OrdP (Var j)) using j
      by auto (metis Assume Ord-IN-Ord thin1)
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by (metis rcut1)
qed

declare OrdP.simps [simp del]

```

3.10 Case Analysis and Zero/SUCC Induction

```

lemma OrdP-cases-lemma:
  assumes p: atom p # x
  shows { OrdP x, Neg (x EQ Zero) } ⊢ Ex p (OrdP (Var p) AND x EQ SUCC (Var p))
  proof –
    obtain j::name and k::name where j: atom j # (x,p) and k: atom k # (x,j,p)
      by (metis obtain-fresh)
    show ?thesis
      apply (rule cut-same [OF OrdP-max-imp [of j x k]])
      using p j k apply auto
      apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var j], auto)
        apply (metis Assume Ord-IN-Ord thin1)
      apply (rule cut-same [where A = OrdP (SUCC (Var j))])
      apply (metis Assume Ord-IN-Ord0 OrdP-SUCC-I rotate2 thin1)
      apply (rule OrdP-linear [where x = x, OF-Assume], auto intro!: Mem-SUCC-EH)
      apply (metis Mem-not-sym rotate3)
      apply (rule Mem-non-refl, blast intro: Mem-cong [OF Assume Refl, THEN

```

```

Iff-MP2-same])
  apply (force intro: thin1 All2-E [where  $x = SUCC(Var j)$ , THEN rotate4])
  done
qed

lemma OrdP-cases-disj:
  assumes  $p: atom p \# x$ 
  shows  $\text{insert}(\text{OrdP } x) H \vdash x \text{ EQ Zero OR } \exists p (\text{OrdP } (Var p) \text{ AND } x \text{ EQ } SUCC(Var p))$ 
  by (metis Disj-CI Assume cut2 [OF OrdP-cases-lemma [OF p]] Swap thin1)

lemma OrdP-cases-E:
  [insert ( $x \text{ EQ Zero}$ )  $H \vdash A;$ 
   insert ( $x \text{ EQ } SUCC(Var k)$ ) ( $\text{insert}(\text{OrdP } (Var k)) H \vdash A;$ 
    $atom k \# (x, A); \forall C \in H. atom k \# C$ ]
   $\implies \text{insert}(\text{OrdP } x) H \vdash A$ 
  by (rule cut-same [OF OrdP-cases-disj [of k]]) (auto simp: insert-commute intro: thin1)

lemma OrdInd2-lemma:
  {  $\text{OrdP } (Var i), A(i ::= \text{Zero}), (\text{All } i (\text{OrdP } (Var i) \text{ IMP } A \text{ IMP } (A(i ::= SUCC(Var i)))) \vdash A$ 
  proof -
    obtain  $j ::= name$  and  $k ::= name$  where atoms:  $atom j \# (i, A)$   $atom k \# (i, j, A)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
    show ?thesis
    apply (rule OrdIndH [where  $i=i$  and  $j=j$ ])
    using atoms apply auto
    apply (rule OrdP-cases-E [where  $k=k$ , THEN rotate3])
    apply (rule ContraProve [THEN rotate2]) using Var-Eq-imp-subst-Iff
    apply (metis Assume AssumeH(3) Iff-MP-same)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x=Var k$ ], simp)
    apply (rule Neg-Imp-I, blast)
    apply (rule cut-same [where  $A = A(i ::= Var k)$ ])
    apply (rule All2-E [where  $x = Var k$ , THEN rotate5])
    apply (auto intro: Mem-SUCC-I2 Mem-cong [OF Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])
    apply (rule ContraProve [THEN rotate5])
    by (metis Assume Iff-MP-left' Var-Eq-subst-Iff thin1)
  qed

lemma OrdInd2:
  assumes  $H \vdash \text{OrdP } (Var i)$ 
  and  $H \vdash A(i ::= \text{Zero})$ 
  and  $H \vdash \text{All } i (\text{OrdP } (Var i) \text{ IMP } A \text{ IMP } (A(i ::= SUCC(Var i))))$ 
  shows  $H \vdash A$ 
  by (metis cut3 [OF OrdInd2-lemma] assms)

lemma OrdInd2H:
  assumes  $H \vdash A(i ::= \text{Zero})$ 

```

and $H \vdash \text{All } i (\text{OrdP} (\text{Var } i) \text{ IMP } A \text{ IMP } (A(i ::= \text{SUCC} (\text{Var } i))))$
shows $\text{insert} (\text{OrdP} (\text{Var } i)) H \vdash A$
by (*metis assms thin1 Assume OrdInd2*)

3.11 The predicate *HFun-Sigma*

To characterise the concept of a function using only bounded universal quantifiers.

See the note after the proof of Lemma 2.3.

definition hfun-sigma where

$\text{hfun-sigma } r \equiv \forall z \in r. \forall z' \in r. \exists x y x' y'. z = \langle x, y \rangle \wedge z' = \langle x', y' \rangle \wedge (x = x' \longrightarrow y = y')$

definition hfun-sigma-ord where

$\text{hfun-sigma-ord } r \equiv \forall z \in r. \forall z' \in r. \exists x y x' y'. z = \langle x, y \rangle \wedge z' = \langle x', y' \rangle \wedge \text{Ord } x \wedge \text{Ord } x' \wedge (x = x' \longrightarrow y = y')$

nominal-function *HFun-Sigma* :: tm \Rightarrow fm

where $\llbracket \text{atom } z \# (r, z', x, y, x', y'); \text{atom } z' \# (r, x, y, x', y'); \text{atom } x \# (r, y, x', y'); \text{atom } y \# (r, x', y'); \text{atom } x' \# (r, y); \text{atom } y' \# (r) \rrbracket$
 \implies

$\text{HFun-Sigma } r =$
 $\text{All2 } z \ r (\text{All2 } z' \ r (\text{Ex } x (\text{Ex } y (\text{Ex } x' (\text{Ex } y' (\text{Var } z \text{ EQ HPair } (\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } y) \text{ AND } \text{Var } z' \text{ EQ HPair } (\text{Var } x') (\text{Var } y') \text{ AND } \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x) \text{ AND } \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x') \text{ AND } ((\text{Var } x \text{ EQ Var } x') \text{ IMP } (\text{Var } y \text{ EQ Var } y'))))))))$
by (*auto simp: eqvt-def HFun-Sigma-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh*) (*metis obtain-fresh*)

nominal-termination (eqvt)

by *lexicographic-order*

lemma

shows *HFun-Sigma-fresh-iff* [*simp*]: $a \# \text{HFun-Sigma } r \longleftrightarrow a \# r$ (**is** *?thesis1*)

and eval-fm-HFun-Sigma [*simp*]:

$\text{eval-fm } e (\text{HFun-Sigma } r) \longleftrightarrow \text{hfun-sigma-ord } \llbracket r \rrbracket e$ (**is** *?thesis2*)

proof –

obtain $x::name$ **and** $y::name$ **and** $z::name$ **and** $x'::name$ **and** $y'::name$ **and** $z'::name$

where $\text{atom } z \# (r, z', x, y, x', y') \quad \text{atom } z' \# (r, x, y, x', y')$
 $\text{atom } x \# (r, y, x', y') \quad \text{atom } y \# (r, x', y')$
 $\text{atom } x' \# (r, y') \quad \text{atom } y' \# (r)$

by (*metis obtain-fresh*)

thus *?thesis1* *?thesis2*

by (*auto simp: HBall-def hfun-sigma-ord-def, metis+*)

qed

lemma *HFun-Sigma-subst* [simp]: $(HFun\text{-}Sigma\ r)(i ::= t) = HFun\text{-}Sigma\ (\text{subst } i\ t\ r)$

proof –

obtain $x::name$ and $y::name$ and $z::name$ and $x'::name$ and $y'::name$ and $z'::name$
where atom $z \# (r, t, i, z', x, y, x', y')$ atom $z' \# (r, t, i, x, y, x', y')$
atom $x \# (r, t, i, y, x', y')$ atom $y \# (r, t, i, x', y')$
atom $x' \# (r, t, i, y')$ atom $y' \# (r, t, i)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: *HFun-Sigma.simps* [of $z - z' x y x' y'$])
qed

lemma *HFun-Sigma-Zero*: $H \vdash HFun\text{-}Sigma\ Zero$

proof –

obtain $x::name$ and $y::name$ and $z::name$ and $x'::name$ and $y'::name$ and $z'::name$ and $z''::name$
where atom $z'' \# (z, z', x, y, x', y')$ atom $z \# (z', x, y, x', y')$ atom $z' \# (x, y, x', y')$
atom $x \# (y, x', y')$ atom $y \# (x', y')$ atom $x' \# y'$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
hence $\{\} \vdash HFun\text{-}Sigma\ Zero$
by (auto simp: *HFun-Sigma.simps* [of $z - z' x y x' y'$])
thus ?thesis
by (metis thin0)
qed

lemma *Subset-HFun-Sigma*: $\{HFun\text{-}Sigma\ s, s' \text{ SUBS } s\} \vdash HFun\text{-}Sigma\ s'$

proof –

obtain $x::name$ and $y::name$ and $z::name$ and $x'::name$ and $y'::name$ and $z'::name$ and $z''::name$
where atom $z'' \# (z, z', x, y, x', y', s, s')$
atom $z \# (z', x, y, x', y', s, s')$ atom $z' \# (x, y, x', y', s, s')$
atom $x \# (y, x', y', s, s')$ atom $y \# (x', y', s, s')$
atom $x' \# (y', s, s')$ atom $y' \# (s, s')$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
apply (auto simp: *HFun-Sigma.simps* [of $z - z' x y x' y'$])
apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = \text{Var } z$], auto)
apply (blast intro: *Subset-D ContraProve*)
apply (rule All-E [where $x = \text{Var } z'$], auto intro: *Subset-D ContraProve*)
done
qed

Captures the property of being a relation, using fewer variables than the full definition

lemma *HFun-Sigma-Mem-imp-HPair*:

assumes $H \vdash HFun\text{-}Sigma\ r\ H \vdash a\ IN\ r$
and $xy: \text{atom } x \# (y, a, r)\ \text{atom } y \# (a, r)$
shows $H \vdash (Ex\ x\ (Ex\ y\ (a\ EQ\ HPair\ (Var\ x)\ (Var\ y))))\ (\text{is } - \vdash ?concl)$

```

proof -
  obtain  $x'::name$  and  $y'::name$  and  $z::name$  and  $z'::name$ 
    where atoms: atom  $z \# (z',x',y',x,y,a,r)$  atom  $z' \# (x',y',x,y,a,r)$ 
          atom  $x' \# (y',x,y,a,r)$  atom  $y' \# (x,y,a,r)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  hence {HFun-Sigma  $r, a IN r\} \vdash ?concl$  using xy
    apply (auto simp: HFun-Sigma.simps [of  $z r z' x y x' y'$ ])
    apply (rule All-E [where  $x=a$ ], auto)
    apply (rule All-E [where  $x=a$ ], simp)
    apply (rule Imp-E, blast)
    apply (rule Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
    apply simp-all
    apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x=Var x$ ], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x=Var y$ ], auto)
    done
  thus ?thesis
    by (rule cut2) (rule assms)+
  qed

```

3.12 The predicate $HDomain-Incl$

This is an internal version of $\forall x \in d. \exists y z. z \in r \wedge z = \langle x, y \rangle$.

```

nominal-function  $HDomain-Incl :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$ 
  where  $\llbracket \text{atom } x \# (r,d,y,z); \text{atom } y \# (r,d,z); \text{atom } z \# (r,d) \rrbracket \implies$ 
         $HDomain-Incl r d = \text{All2 } x d (\text{Ex } y (\text{Ex } z (\text{Var } z IN r \text{ AND } \text{Var } z EQ HPair$ 
         $(\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } y))))$ 
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def HDomain-Incl-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

```

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

```

lemma

```

  shows  $HDomain-Incl$ -fresh-iff [simp]:
     $a \# HDomain-Incl r d \longleftrightarrow a \# r \wedge a \# d$  (is ?thesis1)
  and eval-fm-HDomain-Incl [simp]:
    eval-fm  $e (HDomain-Incl r d) \longleftrightarrow \llbracket d \rrbracket e \leq hdomain \llbracket r \rrbracket e$  (is ?thesis2)

```

proof

```

  obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  and  $z::name$ 
    where atom  $x \# (r,d,y,z)$  atom  $y \# (r,d,z)$  atom  $z \# (r,d)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2
    by (auto simp: HDomain-Incl.simps [of  $x - y z$ ] hdomain-def)
  qed

```

```

lemma  $HDomain-Incl$ -subst [simp]:
   $(HDomain-Incl r d)(i:=t) = HDomain-Incl (\text{subst } i t r) (\text{subst } i t d)$ 
proof -
  obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  and  $z::name$ 

```

```

where atom  $x \# (r,d,y,z,t,i)$  atom  $y \# (r,d,z,t,i)$  atom  $z \# (r,d,t,i)$ 
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: HDomain-Incl.simps [of  $x - - y z$ ])
qed

lemma HDomain-Incl-Subset-lemma: { HDomain-Incl  $r k$ ,  $k' \text{ SUBS } k$  }  $\vdash$  HDomain-Incl  $r k'$ 
proof -
obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  and  $z::name$ 
where atom  $x \# (r,k,k',y,z)$  atom  $y \# (r,k,k',z)$  atom  $z \# (r,k,k')$ 
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
apply (simp add: HDomain-Incl.simps [of  $x - - y z$ ], auto)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } x$ ], auto intro: ContraProve Subset-D)
done
qed

lemma HDomain-Incl-Subset:  $H \vdash \text{HDomain-Incl } r k \implies H \vdash k' \text{ SUBS } k \implies H$ 
 $\vdash \text{HDomain-Incl } r k'$ 
by (metis HDomain-Incl-Subset-cut2)

lemma HDomain-Incl-Mem-Ord:  $H \vdash \text{HDomain-Incl } r k \implies H \vdash k' \text{ IN } k \implies H$ 
 $\vdash \text{OrdP } k \implies H \vdash \text{HDomain-Incl } r k'$ 
by (metis HDomain-Incl-Subset OrdP-Mem-imp-Subset)

lemma HDomain-Incl-Zero [simp]:  $H \vdash \text{HDomain-Incl } r \text{ Zero}$ 
proof -
obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  and  $z::name$ 
where atom  $x \# (r,y,z)$  atom  $y \# (r,z)$  atom  $z \# r$ 
by (metis obtain-fresh)
hence {}  $\vdash \text{HDomain-Incl } r \text{ Zero}$ 
by (auto simp: HDomain-Incl.simps [of  $x - - y z$ ])
thus ?thesis
by (metis thin0)
qed

lemma HDomain-Incl-Eats: { HDomain-Incl  $r d$  }  $\vdash$  HDomain-Incl (Eats  $r (\text{HPair } d d')$ ) ( $SUCC d$ )
proof -
obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  and  $z::name$ 
where  $x: \text{atom } x \# (r,d,d',y,z)$  and  $y: \text{atom } y \# (r,d,d',z)$  and  $z: \text{atom } z \# (r,d,d')$ 
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
apply (auto simp: HDomain-Incl.simps [of  $x - - y z$ ] intro!: Mem-SUCC-EH)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } x$ ], auto)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } y$ ], auto)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } z$ ], auto intro: Mem-Eats-II)

```

```

apply (rule rotate2 [OF Swap])
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = d'$ ], auto)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{HPair } d \ d'$ ], auto intro: Mem-Eats-I2 HPair-cong
      Sym)
done
qed

lemma HDomain-Incl-Eats-I:  $H \vdash \text{HDomain-Incl } r \ d \implies H \vdash \text{HDomain-Incl}$ 
(Eats  $r$  ( $\text{HPair } d \ d'$ )) ( $\text{SUCC } d$ )
by (metis HDomain-Incl-Eats cut1)

```

3.13 HPair is Provably Injective

```

lemma Doubleton-E:
assumes insert (a EQ c) (insert (b EQ d) H) ⊢ A
      insert (a EQ d) (insert (b EQ c) H) ⊢ A
shows insert ((Eats (Eats Zero b) a) EQ (Eats (Eats Zero d) c)) H ⊢ A
apply (rule Equality-E) using assms
apply (auto intro!: Zero-SubsetE rotate2 [of a IN b])
apply (rule-tac [|] rotate3)
apply (auto intro!: Zero-SubsetE rotate2 [of a IN b])
apply (metis Sym-L insert-commute thin1)+
done

lemma HFST: {HPair a b EQ HPair c d} ⊢ a EQ c
unfolding HPair-def by (metis Assume Doubleton-E thin1)

lemma b-EQ-d-1: {a EQ c, a EQ d, b EQ c} ⊢ b EQ d
by (metis Assume thin1 Sym Trans)

lemma HSND: {HPair a b EQ HPair c d} ⊢ b EQ d
unfolding HPair-def
by (metis AssumeH(2) Doubleton-E b-EQ-d-1 rotate3 thin2)

lemma HPair-E [intro!]:
assumes insert (a EQ c) (insert (b EQ d) H) ⊢ A
shows insert (HPair a b EQ HPair c d) H ⊢ A
by (metis Conj-E [OF assms] Conj-I [OF HFST HSND] rcut1)

declare HPair-E [THEN rotate2, intro!]
declare HPair-E [THEN rotate3, intro!]
declare HPair-E [THEN rotate4, intro!]
declare HPair-E [THEN rotate5, intro!]
declare HPair-E [THEN rotate6, intro!]
declare HPair-E [THEN rotate7, intro!]
declare HPair-E [THEN rotate8, intro!]

lemma HFun-Sigma-E:
assumes r:  $H \vdash \text{HFun-Sigma } r$ 

```

and $b: H \vdash \text{HPair } a \ b \ IN \ r$
 and $b': H \vdash \text{HPair } a \ b' \ IN \ r$
 shows $H \vdash b \ EQ \ b'$
proof –
 obtain $x::name$ and $y::name$ and $z::name$ and $x':::name$ and $y':::name$ and $z':::name$
 where atoms: atom $z \notin (r,a,b,b',z',x,y,x',y')$ atom $z' \notin (r,a,b,b',x,y,x',y')$
 atom $x \notin (r,a,b,b',y,x',y')$ atom $y \notin (r,a,b,b',x,y,x',y')$
 atom $x' \notin (r,a,b,b',y')$ atom $y' \notin (r,a,b,b')$
 by (metis obtain-fresh)
 hence $d1: H \vdash \text{All2 } z \ r (\text{All2 } z' \ r (\text{Ex } x (\text{Ex } y (\text{Ex } x' (\text{Ex } y' (\text{Var } z \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } y) \ AND \ \text{Var } z' \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x') (\text{Var } y') \ AND \ \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x) \ AND \ \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x') \ AND \ ((\text{Var } x \ EQ \ \text{Var } x') \ IMP \ (\text{Var } y \ EQ \ \text{Var } y'))))))$
 using $r \text{HFun-Sigma.simps [of } z \ r \ z' \ x \ y \ x' \ y']$
 by simp
 have $d2: H \vdash \text{All2 } z' \ r (\text{Ex } x (\text{Ex } y (\text{Ex } x' (\text{Ex } y' (\text{HPair } a \ b \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } y) \ AND \ \text{Var } z' \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x') (\text{Var } y') \ AND \ \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x) \ AND \ \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x') \ AND \ ((\text{Var } x \ EQ \ \text{Var } x') \ IMP \ (\text{Var } y \ EQ \ \text{Var } y'))))))$
 using All-D [where $x = \text{HPair } a \ b$, OF d1] atoms
 by simp (metis MP-same b)
 have $d4: H \vdash \text{Ex } x (\text{Ex } y (\text{Ex } x' (\text{Ex } y' (\text{HPair } a \ b \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } y) \ AND \ \text{HPair } a \ b' \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x') (\text{Var } y') \ AND \ \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x) \ AND \ \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x') \ AND \ ((\text{Var } x \ EQ \ \text{Var } x') \ IMP \ (\text{Var } y \ EQ \ \text{Var } y'))))))$
 using All-D [where $x = \text{HPair } a \ b'$, OF d2] atoms
 by simp (metis MP-same b')
 have $d': \{ \text{Ex } x (\text{Ex } y (\text{Ex } x' (\text{Ex } y' (\text{HPair } a \ b \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } y) \ AND \ \text{HPair } a \ b' \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x') (\text{Var } y') \ AND \ \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x) \ AND \ \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } x') \ AND \ ((\text{Var } x \ EQ \ \text{Var } x') \ IMP \ (\text{Var } y \ EQ \ \text{Var } y')))) \} \vdash b \ EQ \ b'$
 using atoms
 by (auto intro: ContraProve Trans Sym)
 thus ?thesis
 by (rule cut-thin [OF d4], auto)
 qed

3.14 SUCC is Provably Injective

lemma SUCC-SUBS-lemma: $\{SUCC \ x \ SUBS \ SUCC \ y\} \vdash x \ SUBS \ y$
 apply (rule obtain-fresh [where $x=(x,y)$])
 apply (auto simp: SUCC-def)
 prefer 2 apply (metis Assume Conj-E1 Extensionality Iff-MP-same)
 apply (auto intro!: Subset-I)

```

apply (blast intro: Set-MP cut-same [OF Mem-cong [OF Refl Assume, THEN
Iff-MP2-same]]
      Mem-not-sym thin2)
done

lemma SUCC-SUBS: insert (SUCC x SUBS SUCC y) H ⊢ x SUBS y
by (metis Assume SUCC-SUBS-lemma cut1)

lemma SUCC-inject: insert (SUCC x EQ SUCC y) H ⊢ x EQ y
by (metis Equality-I EQ-imp-SUBS SUCC-SUBS Sym-L cut1)

lemma SUCC-inject-E [intro!]: insert (x EQ y) H ⊢ A ==> insert (SUCC x EQ
SUCC y) H ⊢ A
by (metis SUCC-inject cut-same insert-commute thin1)

declare SUCC-inject-E [THEN rotate2, intro!]
declare SUCC-inject-E [THEN rotate3, intro!]
declare SUCC-inject-E [THEN rotate4, intro!]
declare SUCC-inject-E [THEN rotate5, intro!]
declare SUCC-inject-E [THEN rotate6, intro!]
declare SUCC-inject-E [THEN rotate7, intro!]
declare SUCC-inject-E [THEN rotate8, intro!]

lemma OrdP-IN-SUCC-lemma: {OrdP x, y IN x} ⊢ SUCC y IN SUCC x
apply (rule OrdP-linear [of - SUCC x SUCC y])
apply (auto intro!: Mem-SUCC-EH intro: OrdP-SUCC-I Ord-IN-Ord0)
apply (metis Hyp Mem-SUCC-I1 Mem-not-sym cut-same insertCI)
apply (metis Assume EQ-imp-SUBS Mem-SUCC-I1 Mem-non-refl Subset-D thin1)

apply (blast intro: cut-same [OF Mem-cong [THEN Iff-MP2-same]])
done

lemma OrdP-IN-SUCC: H ⊢ OrdP x ==> H ⊢ y IN x ==> H ⊢ SUCC y IN SUCC
x
by (rule cut2 [OF OrdP-IN-SUCC-lemma])

lemma OrdP-IN-SUCC-D-lemma: {OrdP x, SUCC y IN SUCC x} ⊢ y IN x
apply (rule OrdP-linear [of - x y], auto)
apply (metis Assume AssumeH(2) Mem-SUCC-Refl OrdP-SUCC-I Ord-IN-Ord)
apply (rule Mem-SUCC-E [THEN rotate3])
apply (blast intro: Mem-SUCC-Refl OrdP-Trans)
apply (metis AssumeH(2) EQ-imp-SUBS Mem-SUCC-I1 Mem-non-refl Subset-D)
apply (metis EQ-imp-SUBS Mem-SUCC-I2 Mem-SUCC-EH(2) Mem-SUCC-I1
Refl SUCC-Subset-Ord-lemma Subset-D thin1)
done

lemma OrdP-IN-SUCC-D: H ⊢ OrdP x ==> H ⊢ SUCC y IN SUCC x ==> H ⊢
y IN x
by (rule cut2 [OF OrdP-IN-SUCC-D-lemma])

```

lemma *OrdP-IN-SUCC-Iff*: $H \vdash \text{OrdP } y \implies H \vdash \text{SUCC } x \text{ IN SUCC } y \text{ IFF } x \text{ IN } y$
by (*metis Assume Iff-I OrdP-IN-SUCC OrdP-IN-SUCC-D assms thin1*)

3.15 The predicate *LstSeqP*

lemma *hfun-sigma-ord-iff*: $\text{hfun-sigma-ord } s \longleftrightarrow \text{OrdDom } s \wedge \text{hfun-sigma } s$
by (*auto simp: hfun-sigma-ord-def OrdDom-def hfun-sigma-def HBall-def, metis+*)

lemma *hfun-sigma-iff*: $\text{hfun-sigma } r \longleftrightarrow \text{hfunction } r \wedge \text{hrelation } r$
by (*auto simp add: HBall-def hfun-sigma-def hfunction-def hrelation-def is-hpair-def, metis+*)

lemma *Seq-iff*: $\text{Seq } r d \longleftrightarrow d \leq \text{hdomain } r \wedge \text{hfun-sigma } r$
by (*auto simp: Seq-def hfun-sigma-iff*)

lemma *LstSeq-iff*: $\text{LstSeq } s k y \longleftrightarrow \text{succ } k \leq \text{hdomain } s \wedge \langle k, y \rangle \in s \wedge \text{hfun-sigma-ord } s$
by (*auto simp: OrdDom-def LstSeq-def Seq-iff hfun-sigma-ord-iff*)

nominal-function *LstSeqP* :: $tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
where

$\text{LstSeqP } s k y = \text{OrdP } k \text{ AND HDomain-Incl } s (\text{SUCC } k) \text{ AND HFun-Sigma } s$
 $\text{AND HPair } k y \text{ IN } s$
by (*auto simp: eqvt-def LstSeqP-graph-aux-def*)

nominal-termination (*eqvt*)
by *lexicographic-order*

lemma

shows *LstSeqP-fresh-iff* [*simp*]:
 $a \notin \text{LstSeqP } s k y \longleftrightarrow a \notin s \wedge a \notin k \wedge a \notin y$ (is ?thesis1)
and *eval-fm-LstSeqP* [*simp*]:
 $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{LstSeqP } s k y) \longleftrightarrow \text{LstSeq } \llbracket s \rrbracket e \llbracket k \rrbracket e \llbracket y \rrbracket e$ (is ?thesis2)

proof -

show ?thesis1 ?thesis2
by (*auto simp: LstSeq-iff OrdDom-def hfun-sigma-ord-iff*)

qed

lemma *LstSeqP-subst* [*simp*]:
 $(\text{LstSeqP } s k y)(i:=t) = \text{LstSeqP } (\text{subst } i t s) (\text{subst } i t k) (\text{subst } i t y)$
by (*auto simp: fresh-Pair fresh-at-base*)

lemma *LstSeqP-E*:

assumes *insert* (*HDomain-Incl s (SUCC k)*)
 $(\text{insert } (\text{OrdP } k) (\text{insert } (\text{HFun-Sigma } s)$
 $\quad (\text{insert } (\text{HPair } k y \text{ IN } s) H))) \vdash B$
shows *insert* (*LstSeqP s k y*) $H \vdash B$

```

using assms by (auto simp: insert-commute)

declare LstSeqP.simps [simp del]

lemma LstSeqP-cong:
assumes H ⊢ s EQ s' H ⊢ k EQ k' H ⊢ y EQ y'
shows H ⊢ LstSeqP s k y IFF LstSeqP s' k' y'
by (rule P3-cong [OF - assms], auto)

lemma LstSeqP-OrdP: H ⊢ LstSeqP r k y ==> H ⊢ OrdP k
by (metis Conj-E1 LstSeqP.simps)

lemma LstSeqP-Mem-lemma: { LstSeqP r k y, HPair k' z IN r, k' IN k } ⊢
LstSeqP r k' z
by (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps intro: Ord-IN-Ord OrdP-SUCC-I OrdP-IN-SUCC
HDomain-Incl-Mem-Ord)

lemma LstSeqP-Mem: H ⊢ LstSeqP r k y ==> H ⊢ HPair k' z IN r ==> H ⊢ k'
IN k ==> H ⊢ LstSeqP r k' z
by (rule cut3 [OF LstSeqP-Mem-lemma])

lemma LstSeqP-imp-Mem: H ⊢ LstSeqP s k y ==> H ⊢ HPair k y IN s
by (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps) (metis Conj-E2)

lemma LstSeqP-SUCC: H ⊢ LstSeqP r (SUCC d) y ==> H ⊢ HPair d z IN r ==>
H ⊢ LstSeqP r d z
by (metis LstSeqP-Mem Mem-SUCC-I2 Refl)

lemma LstSeqP-EQ: [| H ⊢ LstSeqP s k y; H ⊢ HPair k y' IN s |] ==> H ⊢ y EQ y'
by (metis AssumeH(2) HFun-Sigma-E LstSeqP-E cut1 insert-commute)

end

```

Chapter 4

Sigma-Formulas and Theorem 2.5

```
theory Sigma
imports Predicates
begin
```

4.1 Ground Terms and Formulas

```
definition ground-aux :: tm ⇒ atom set ⇒ bool
  where ground-aux t S ≡ (supp t ⊆ S)
```

```
abbreviation ground :: tm ⇒ bool
  where ground t ≡ ground-aux t {}
```

```
definition ground-fm-aux :: fm ⇒ atom set ⇒ bool
  where ground-fm-aux A S ≡ (supp A ⊆ S)
```

```
abbreviation ground-fm :: fm ⇒ bool
  where ground-fm A ≡ ground-fm-aux A {}
```

```
lemma ground-aux-simps[simp]:
  ground-aux Zero S = True
  ground-aux (Var k) S = (if atom k ∈ S then True else False)
  ground-aux (Eats t u) S = (ground-aux t S ∧ ground-aux u S)
  unfolding ground-aux-def
  by (simp-all add: supp-at-base)
```

```
lemma ground-fm-aux-simps[simp]:
  ground-fm-aux Fls S = True
  ground-fm-aux (t IN u) S = (ground-aux t S ∧ ground-aux u S)
  ground-fm-aux (t EQ u) S = (ground-aux t S ∧ ground-aux u S)
  ground-fm-aux (A OR B) S = (ground-fm-aux A S ∧ ground-fm-aux B S)
  ground-fm-aux (A AND B) S = (ground-fm-aux A S ∧ ground-fm-aux B S)
```

```

ground-fm-aux ( $A \text{ IFF } B$ )  $S = (\text{ground-fm-aux } A \ S \wedge \text{ground-fm-aux } B \ S)$ 
ground-fm-aux ( $\text{Neg } A$ )  $S = (\text{ground-fm-aux } A \ S)$ 
ground-fm-aux ( $\text{Ex } x \ A$ )  $S = (\text{ground-fm-aux } A \ (S \cup \{\text{atom } x\}))$ 
by (auto simp: ground-fm-aux-def ground-aux-def supp-conv-fresh)

```

```

lemma ground-fresh[simp]:
ground  $t \implies \text{atom } i \notin t$ 
ground-fm  $A \implies \text{atom } i \notin A$ 
unfolding ground-aux-def ground-fm-aux-def fresh-def
by simp-all

```

4.2 Sigma Formulas

Section 2 material

4.2.1 Strict Sigma Formulas

Definition 2.1

```

inductive ss-fm ::  $fm \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  where
  MemI: ss-fm ( $\text{Var } i \text{ IN } \text{Var } j$ )
  | DisjI: ss-fm  $A \implies \text{ss-fm } B \implies \text{ss-fm } (A \text{ OR } B)$ 
  | ConjI: ss-fm  $A \implies \text{ss-fm } B \implies \text{ss-fm } (A \text{ AND } B)$ 
  | ExI: ss-fm  $A \implies \text{ss-fm } (\text{Ex } i \ A)$ 
  | All2I: ss-fm  $A \implies \text{atom } j \notin (i, A) \implies \text{ss-fm } (\text{All2 } i \ (\text{Var } j) \ A)$ 

```

equivariance *ss-fm*

```

nominal-inductive ss-fm
  avoids ExI:  $i \mid \text{All2I}$ :  $i$ 
  by (simp-all add: fresh-star-def)

```

declare *ss-fm.intros* [*intro*]

```

definition Sigma-fm ::  $fm \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 
  where Sigma-fm  $A \longleftrightarrow (\exists B. \text{ss-fm } B \wedge \text{supp } B \subseteq \text{supp } A \wedge \{\} \vdash A \text{ IFF } B)$ 

```

```

lemma Sigma-fm-Iff:  $\llbracket \{\} \vdash B \text{ IFF } A; \text{supp } A \subseteq \text{supp } B; \text{Sigma-fm } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Sigma-fm } B$ 
  by (metis Sigma-fm-def Iff-trans order-trans)

```

```

lemma ss-fm-imp-Sigma-fm [intro]: ss-fm  $A \implies \text{Sigma-fm } A$ 
  by (metis Iff-refl Sigma-fm-def order-refl)

```

```

lemma Sigma-fm-Fls iff: Sigma-fm Fls
  by (rule Sigma-fm-Iff [of - Ex i (Var i IN Var i)]) auto

```

4.2.2 Closure properties for Sigma-formulas

lemma

assumes *Sigma-fm A Sigma-fm B*
shows *Sigma-fm-AND [intro!]: Sigma-fm (A AND B)*
and *Sigma-fm-OR [intro!]: Sigma-fm (A OR B)*
and *Sigma-fm-Ex [intro!]: Sigma-fm (Ex i A)*

proof –

obtain *SA SB where ss-fm SA {} ⊢ A IFF SA supp SA ⊆ supp A*
and *ss-fm SB {} ⊢ B IFF SB supp SB ⊆ supp B*
using *assms by (auto simp add: Sigma-fm-def)*
then show *Sigma-fm (A AND B) Sigma-fm (A OR B) Sigma-fm (Ex i A)*
apply *(auto simp: Sigma-fm-def)*
apply *(metis ss-fm.ConjI Conj-cong Un-mono supp-Conj)*
apply *(metis ss-fm.DisjI Disj-cong Un-mono fm.supp(3))*
apply *(rule exI [where x = Ex i SA])*
apply *(auto intro!: Ex-cong)*
done

qed

lemma *Sigma-fm-All2-Var:*

assumes *H0: Sigma-fm A and ij: atom j # (i,A)*
shows *Sigma-fm (All2 i (Var j) A)*

proof –

obtain *SA where SA: ss-fm SA {} ⊢ A IFF SA supp SA ⊆ supp A*
using *H0 by (auto simp add: Sigma-fm-def)*
show *Sigma-fm (All2 i (Var j) A)*
apply *(rule Sigma-fm-Iff [of - All2 i (Var j) SA])*
apply *(metis All2-cong Refl SA(2) emptyE)*
using *SA ij*
apply *(auto simp: supp-conv-fresh subset-iff)*
apply *(metis ss-fm.All2I fresh-Pair ss-fm-imp-Sigma-fm)*
done

qed

4.3 Lemma 2.2: Atomic formulas are Sigma-formulas

lemma *Eq-Eats-Iff:*

assumes *[unfolded fresh-Pair, simp]: atom i # (z,x,y)*
shows *{} ⊢ z EQ Eats x y IFF (All2 i z (Var i IN x OR Var i EQ y)) AND x SUBS z AND y IN z*
proof *(rule Iff-I, auto)*

have *{ Var i IN z, z EQ Eats x y } ⊢ Var i IN Eats x y*
by *(metis Assume Iff-MP-left Iff-sym Mem-cong Refl)*
then show *{ Var i IN z, z EQ Eats x y } ⊢ Var i IN x OR Var i EQ y*
by *(metis Iff-MP-same Mem-Eats-Iff)*

next

show *{z EQ Eats x y} ⊢ x SUBS z*
by *(metis Iff-MP2-same Subset-cong [OF Refl Assume] Subset-Eats-I)*

```

next
  show { $z \text{ EQ } Eats x y\} \vdash y \text{ IN } z$ 
    by (metis Iff-MP2-same Mem-cong Assume Refl Mem-Eats-I2)
next
  show { $x \text{ SUBS } z, y \text{ IN } z, \text{All2 } i \text{ } z \text{ (Var } i \text{ IN } x \text{ OR Var } i \text{ EQ } y)\} \vdash z \text{ EQ } Eats x y$ 
    (is {-, -, ?allHyp}  $\vdash$  -)
    apply (rule Eq-Eats-iff [OF assms, THEN Iff-MP2-same], auto)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } i$ ])
    apply (auto intro: Subset-D Mem-cong [OF Assume Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])
    done
qed

lemma Subset-Zero-sf: Sigma-fm (Var i SUBS Zero)
proof -
  obtain j::name where j: atom  $j \# i$ 
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  hence Subset-Zero-Iff: {}  $\vdash \text{Var } i \text{ SUBS Zero IFF (All2 } j \text{ (Var } i\text{) Fls)}$ 
    by (auto intro!: Subset-I [of j] intro: Eq-Zero-D Subset-Zero-D All2-E [THEN rotate2])
  thus ?thesis using j
    by (auto simp: supp-conv-fresh
      intro!: Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Subset-Zero-Iff] Sigma-fm-All2-Var)
qed

lemma Eq-Zero-sf: Sigma-fm (Var i EQ Zero)
proof -
  obtain j::name where atom  $j \# i$ 
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp add: supp-conv-fresh
      intro!: Sigma-fm-Iff [OF --Subset-Zero-sf] Subset-Zero-D EQ-imp-SUBS)
qed

lemma theorem-sf: assumes {}  $\vdash A$  shows Sigma-fm A
proof -
  obtain i::name and j::name
    where ij: atom  $i \# (j, A)$  atom  $j \# A$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule Sigma-fm-Iff [where  $A = \text{Ex } i \text{ (Ex } j \text{ (Var } i \text{ IN } \text{Var } j\text{))}] )
    using ij
    apply (auto simp: )
    apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Zero}$ ], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Eats Zero Zero}$ ])
    apply (auto intro: Mem-Eats-I2 assms thin0)
    done
qed$ 
```

The subset relation

```

lemma Var-Subset-sf: Sigma-fm (Var i SUBS Var j)
proof -
  obtain k::name where k: atom (k::name) # (i,j)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
  proof (cases i=j)
    case True thus ?thesis using k
      by (auto intro!: theorem-sf Subset-I [where i=k])
  next
    case False thus ?thesis using k
      by (auto simp: ss-fm-imp-Sigma-fm Subset.simps [of k] ss-fm.intros)
  qed
qed

lemma Zero-Mem-sf: Sigma-fm (Zero IN Var i)
proof -
  obtain j::name where atom j # i
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  hence Zero-Mem-Iff: {} ⊢ Zero IN Var i IFF (Ex j (Var j EQ Zero AND Var j IN Var i))
    by (auto intro: Ex-I [where x = Zero] Mem-cong [OF Assume Reft, THEN Iff-MP-same])
  show ?thesis
    by (auto intro!: Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Zero-Mem-Iff] Eq-Zero-sf)
  qed

lemma ijk: i + k < Suc (i + j + k)
by arith

lemma All2-term-Iff-fresh: i ≠ j ==> atom j' # (i,j,A) ==>
  {} ⊢ (All2 i (Var j) A) IFF Ex j' (Var j EQ Var j' AND All2 i (Var j') A)
apply auto
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var j], auto)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var i], auto intro: ContraProve Mem-cong [THEN Iff-MP-same])
done

lemma Sigma-fm-All2-fresh:
  assumes Sigma-fm A i ≠ j
  shows Sigma-fm (All2 i (Var j) A)
proof -
  obtain j'::name where j': atom j' # (i,j,A)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  show Sigma-fm (All2 i (Var j) A)
    apply (rule Sigma-fm-Iff [OF All2-term-Iff-fresh [OF - j']])
    using assms j'
    apply (auto simp: supp-conv-fresh Var-Subset-sf
      intro!: Sigma-fm-All2-Var Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Extensionality - -])
  done

```

qed

lemma *Subset-Eats-sf*:

assumes $\bigwedge j::name. \text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Var } j \text{ IN } t)$
and $\bigwedge k::name. \text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Var } k \text{ EQ } u)$
shows $\text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Var } i \text{ SUBS Eats } t \text{ } u)$

proof –

obtain $k::name$ where $k: \text{atom } k \# (t, u, \text{Var } i)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
hence $\{\} \vdash \text{Var } i \text{ SUBS Eats } t \text{ } u \text{ IFF } \text{All2 } k (\text{Var } i) (\text{Var } k \text{ IN } t \text{ OR } \text{Var } k \text{ EQ } u)$
apply (auto simp: fresh-Pair intro: Set-MP Disj-I1 Disj-I2)
apply (force intro!: Subset-I [where $i=k$] intro: All2-E' [OF Hyp] Mem-Eats-I1
Mem-Eats-I2)
done
thus ?thesis
apply (rule Sigma-fm-Iff)
using k
apply (auto intro!: Sigma-fm-All2-fresh simp add: assms fresh-Pair supp-conv-fresh
fresh-at-base)
done
qed

lemma *Eq-Eats-sf*:

assumes $\bigwedge j::name. \text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Var } j \text{ EQ } t)$
and $\bigwedge k::name. \text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Var } k \text{ EQ } u)$
shows $\text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Var } i \text{ EQ Eats } t \text{ } u)$

proof –

obtain $j::name$ and $k::name$ and $l::name$
where atoms: $\text{atom } j \# (t, u, i)$ $\text{atom } k \# (t, u, i, j)$ $\text{atom } l \# (t, u, i, j, k)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
hence $\{\} \vdash \text{Var } i \text{ EQ Eats } t \text{ } u \text{ IFF }$
 $\text{Ex } j (\text{Ex } k (\text{Var } i \text{ EQ Eats } (\text{Var } j) (\text{Var } k) \text{ AND } \text{Var } j \text{ EQ } t \text{ AND } \text{Var } k \text{ EQ } u))$
apply auto
apply (rule Ex-I [where $x=t$, simp])
apply (rule Ex-I [where $x=u$], auto intro: Trans Eats-cong)
done
thus ?thesis
apply (rule Sigma-fm-Iff)
apply (auto simp: assms supp-at-base)
apply (rule Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Eq-Eats-Iff [of l]])
using atoms
apply (auto simp: supp-conv-fresh fresh-at-base Var-Subset-sf
intro!: Sigma-fm-All2-Var Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Extensionality - -])
done
qed

lemma *Eats-Mem-sf*:

```

assumes  $\bigwedge j::name. \text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Var } j \text{ EQ } t)$ 
       and  $\bigwedge k::name. \text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Var } k \text{ EQ } u)$ 
shows  $\text{Sigma-fm} (\text{Eats } t \text{ } u \text{ IN } \text{Var } i)$ 
proof -
  obtain  $j::name$  where  $j: \text{atom } j \notin (t, u, \text{Var } i)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  hence  $\{\} \vdash \text{Eats } t \text{ } u \text{ IN } \text{Var } i \text{ IFF}$ 
     $\exists j (\text{Var } j \text{ IN } \text{Var } i \text{ AND } \text{Var } j \text{ EQ } \text{Eats } t \text{ } u)$ 
  apply (auto simp: fresh-Pair intro: Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Eats } t \text{ } u$ ])
  apply (metis Assume Mem-cong [OF - Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same] rotate2)
  done
  thus ?thesis
    by (rule Sigma-fm-Iff) (auto simp: assms supp-conv-fresh Eq-Eats-sf)
qed

lemma Subset-Mem-sf-lemma:
size  $t + size u < n \implies \text{Sigma-fm} (t \text{ SUBS } u) \wedge \text{Sigma-fm} (t \text{ IN } u)$ 
proof (induction n arbitrary:  $t \text{ } u$  rule: less-induct)
  case (less  $n \text{ } t \text{ } u$ )
  show ?case
  proof
    show  $\text{Sigma-fm} (t \text{ SUBS } u)$ 
    proof (cases t rule: tm.exhaust)
      case Zero thus ?thesis
        by (auto intro: theorem-sf)
    next
      case (Var i) thus ?thesis using less.prems
        apply (cases u rule: tm.exhaust)
        apply (auto simp: Subset-Zero-sf Var-Subset-sf)
        apply (force simp: supp-conv-fresh less.IH
          intro: Subset-Eats-sf Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Extensionality])
        done
    next
      case (Eats  $t_1 \text{ } t_2$ ) thus ?thesis using less.IH [OF - ijk] less.prems
        by (auto intro!: Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Eats-Subset-Iff] simp: supp-conv-fresh)
        (metis add.commute)
    qed
  next
    show  $\text{Sigma-fm} (t \text{ IN } u)$ 
    proof (cases u rule: tm.exhaust)
      case Zero show ?thesis
        by (rule Sigma-fm-Iff [where A=Fls]) (auto simp: supp-conv-fresh Zero)
    next
      case (Var i) show ?thesis
      proof (cases t rule: tm.exhaust)
        case Zero thus ?thesis using (u = Var i)
          by (auto intro: Zero-Mem-sf)
      next
        case (Var j)
    
```

```

thus ?thesis using <u = Var i>
  by auto
next
  case (Eats t1 t2) thus ?thesis using <u = Var i> less.prems
    by (force intro: Eats-Mem-sf Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Extensionality - -]
      simp: supp-conv-fresh less.IH [THEN conjunct1])
qed
next
  case (Eats t1 t2) thus ?thesis using less.prems
    by (force intro: Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Mem-Eats-Iff] Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Extensionality - -]
      simp: supp-conv-fresh less.IH)
qed
qed

```

lemma Subset-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm ($t \text{ SUBS } u$)
by (metis Subset-Mem-sf-lemma [OF lessI])

lemma Mem-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm ($t \text{ IN } u$)
by (metis Subset-Mem-sf-lemma [OF lessI])

The equality relation is a Sigma-Formula

```

lemma Equality-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm ( $t \text{ EQ } u$ )
  by (auto intro: Sigma-fm-Iff [OF Extensionality] simp: supp-conv-fresh)

```

4.4 Universal Quantification Bounded by an Arbitrary Term

```

lemma All2-term-Iff: atom i # t ==> atom j # (i,t,A) ==>
  {} ⊢ (All2 i t A) IFF Ex j (Var j EQ t AND All2 i (Var j) A)
apply auto
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=t], auto)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var i])
apply (auto intro: ContraProve Mem-cong [THEN Iff-MP2-same])
done

```

```

lemma Sigma-fm-All2 [intro!]:
  assumes Sigma-fm A atom i # t
  shows Sigma-fm (All2 i t A)
proof -
  obtain j::name where j: atom j # (i,t,A)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  show Sigma-fm (All2 i t A)
    apply (rule Sigma-fm-Iff [OF All2-term-Iff [of i t j]])
    using assms j
    apply (auto simp: supp-conv-fresh Sigma-fm-All2-Var)
  done

```

qed

4.5 Lemma 2.3: Sequence-related concepts are Sigma-formulas

lemma *OrdP-sf* [iff]: *Sigma-fm* (*OrdP t*)

proof –

obtain *z::name and y::name where atom z # t atom y # (t, z)*

by (*metis obtain-fresh*)

thus *?thesis*

by (*auto simp: OrdP.simps*)

qed

lemma *OrdNotEqP-sf* [iff]: *Sigma-fm* (*OrdNotEqP t u*)

by (*auto simp: OrdNotEqP.simps*)

lemma *HDomain-Incl-sf* [iff]: *Sigma-fm* (*HDomain-Incl t u*)

proof –

obtain *x::name and y::name and z::name*

where *atom x # (t,u,y,z) atom y # (t,u,z) atom z # (t,u)*

by (*metis obtain-fresh*)

thus *?thesis*

by *auto*

qed

lemma *HFun-Sigma-Iff*:

assumes *atom z # (r,z',x,y,x',y') atom z' # (r,x,y,x',y')*
 atom x # (r,y,x',y') atom y # (r,x',y')
 atom x' # (r,y') atom y' # (r)

shows

 { } \vdash *HFun-Sigma r IFF*

All2 z r (All2 z' r (Ex x (Ex y (Ex x' (Ex y'

(Var z EQ HPair (Var x) (Var y) AND Var z' EQ HPair (Var x') (Var y')))

AND OrdP (Var x) AND OrdP (Var x') AND

((Var x NEQ Var x') OR (Var y EQ Var y'))))))

apply (*simp add: HFun-Sigma.simps [OF assms]*)

apply (*rule Iff-refl All-cong Imp-cong Ex-cong*) +

apply (*rule Conj-cong [OF Iff-refl]*)

apply (*rule Conj-cong [OF Iff-refl], auto*)

apply (*blast intro: Disj-I1 Neg-D OrdNotEqP-I*)

apply (*blast intro: Disj-I2*)

apply (*blast intro: OrdNotEqP-E rotate2*)

done

lemma *HFun-Sigma-sf* [iff]: *Sigma-fm* (*HFun-Sigma t*)

proof –

obtain *x::name and y::name and z::name and x':::name and y':::name and*

```

 $z'::name$ 
where atoms: atom  $z \# (t, z', x, y, x', y')$  atom  $z' \# (t, x, y, x', y')$   

atom  $x \# (t, y, x', y')$  atom  $y \# (t, x', y')$   

atom  $x' \# (t, y')$  atom  $y' \# (t)$   

by (metis obtain-fresh)
show ?thesis
by (auto intro!: Sigma-fm-Iff [OF HFun-Sigma-Iff [OF atoms]] simp: supp-conv-fresh
atoms)
qed

lemma LstSeqP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (LstSeqP t u v)
by (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps)

```

4.6 A Key Result: Theorem 2.5

4.6.1 Sigma-Eats Formulas

```

inductive se-fm :: fm  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  MemI: se-fm (t IN u)
  | DisjI: se-fm A  $\Rightarrow$  se-fm B  $\Rightarrow$  se-fm (A OR B)
  | ConjI: se-fm A  $\Rightarrow$  se-fm B  $\Rightarrow$  se-fm (A AND B)
  | ExI: se-fm A  $\Rightarrow$  se-fm (Ex i A)
  | All2I: se-fm A  $\Rightarrow$  atom i  $\#$  t  $\Rightarrow$  se-fm (All2 i t A)

```

equivariance se-fm

```

nominal-inductive se-fm
avoids ExI: i | All2I: i
by (simp-all add: fresh-star-def)

```

declare se-fm.intros [intro]

```

lemma subst-fm-in-se-fm: se-fm A  $\Rightarrow$  se-fm (A(k::=x))
by (nominal-induct avoiding: k x rule: se-fm.strong-induct) (auto)

```

4.6.2 Preparation

To begin, we require some facts connecting quantification and ground terms.

```

lemma obtain-const-tm: obtains t where  $\llbracket t \rrbracket e = x$  ground t
proof (induct x rule: hf-induct)
  case 0 thus ?case
    by (metis ground-aux-simps(1) eval-tm.simps(1))
  next
    case (hinsert y x) thus ?case
      by (metis ground-aux-simps(3) eval-tm.simps(3))
  qed

```

```

lemma ex-eval-fm-iff-exists-tm:
eval-fm e (Ex k A)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists t$ . eval-fm e (A(k::=t))  $\wedge$  ground t)

```

```
by (auto simp: eval-subst-fm) (metis obtain-const-tm)
```

In a negative context, the formulation above is actually weaker than this one.

```
lemma ex-eval-fm-iff-exists-tm':
eval-fm e (Ex k A)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists t$ . eval-fm e (A(k ::= t)))
by (auto simp: eval-subst-fm) (metis obtain-const-tm)
```

A ground term defines a finite set of ground terms, its elements.

```
nominal-function elts :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm set where
elts Zero      = {}
| elts (Var k) = {}
| elts (Eats t u) = insert u (elts t)
by (auto simp: eqvt-def elts-graph-aux-def) (metis tm.exhaust)
```

```
nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order
```

```
lemma eval-fm-All2-Eats:
atom i # (t,u)  $\implies$ 
eval-fm e (All2 i (Eats t u) A)  $\longleftrightarrow$  eval-fm e (A(i ::= u))  $\wedge$  eval-fm e (All2 i t A)
by (simp only: ex-eval-fm-iff-exists-tm' eval-fm.simps) (auto simp: eval-subst-fm)
```

The term t must be ground, since elts doesn't handle variables.

```
lemma eval-fm-All2-Iff-elts:
ground t  $\implies$  eval-fm e (All2 i t A)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall u \in \text{elts } t$ . eval-fm e (A(i ::= u)))
apply (induct t rule: tm.induct)
apply auto [2]
apply (simp add: eval-fm-All2-Eats del: eval-fm.simps)
done
```

```
lemma prove-elts-imp-prove-All2:
ground t  $\implies$  ( $\bigwedge u$ .  $u \in \text{elts } t \implies \{\} \vdash A(i ::= u)$ )  $\implies$   $\{\} \vdash \text{All2 } i t A$ 
proof (induct t rule: tm.induct)
  case Zero thus ?case
    by auto
  next
  case (Var i) thus ?case — again: vacuously!
    by simp
  next
  case (Eats t u)
  hence pt:  $\{\} \vdash \text{All2 } i t A$  and pu:  $\{\} \vdash A(i ::= u)$ 
    by auto
  have  $\{\} \vdash ((\text{Var } i \text{ IN } t) \text{ IMP } A)(i ::= \text{Var } i)$ 
    by (rule All-D [OF pt])
  hence  $\{\} \vdash ((\text{Var } i \text{ IN } t) \text{ IMP } A)$ 
    by simp
  thus ?case using pu
```

```

by (auto intro: anti-deduction) (metis Iff-MP-same Var-Eq-subst-Iff thin1)
qed

```

4.6.3 The base cases: ground atomic formulas

lemma ground-prove:

$\llbracket \text{size } t + \text{size } u < n; \text{ground } t; \text{ground } u \rrbracket$

$\implies (\llbracket t \rrbracket e \leq \llbracket u \rrbracket e \longrightarrow \{\} \vdash t \text{ SUBS } u) \wedge (\llbracket t \rrbracket e \in \llbracket u \rrbracket e \longrightarrow \{\} \vdash t \text{ IN } u)$

proof (induction n arbitrary: t u rule: less-induct)

case (less n t u)

show ?case

proof

show $\llbracket t \rrbracket e \leq \llbracket u \rrbracket e \longrightarrow \{\} \vdash t \text{ SUBS } u$ **using** less

by (cases t rule: tm.exhaust) auto

next

{ fix y t u

have $\llbracket y < n; \text{size } t + \text{size } u < y; \text{ground } t; \text{ground } u; \llbracket t \rrbracket e = \llbracket u \rrbracket e \rrbracket$

$\implies \{\} \vdash t \text{ EQ } u$

by (metis Equality-I less.IH add.commute order-refl)

}

thus $\llbracket t \rrbracket e \in \llbracket u \rrbracket e \longrightarrow \{\} \vdash t \text{ IN } u$ **using** less.prem

by (cases u rule: tm.exhaust) (auto simp: Mem-Eats-I1 Mem-Eats-I2 less.IH)

qed

qed

lemma

assumes ground t ground u

shows ground-prove-SUBS: $\llbracket t \rrbracket e \leq \llbracket u \rrbracket e \implies \{\} \vdash t \text{ SUBS } u$

and ground-prove-IN: $\llbracket t \rrbracket e \in \llbracket u \rrbracket e \implies \{\} \vdash t \text{ IN } u$

and ground-prove-EQ: $\llbracket t \rrbracket e = \llbracket u \rrbracket e \implies \{\} \vdash t \text{ EQ } u$

by (metis Equality-I assms ground-prove [OF lessI] order-refl)+

lemma ground-subst:

ground-aux tm (insert (atom i) S) \implies ground t \implies ground-aux (subst i t tm) S

by (induct tm rule: tm.induct) (auto simp: ground-aux-def)

lemma ground-subst-fm:

ground-fm-aux A (insert (atom i) S) \implies ground t \implies ground-fm-aux (A(i:=t))

S

apply (nominal-induct A avoiding: i arbitrary: S rule: fm.strong-induct)

apply (auto simp: ground-subst Set.insert-commute)

done

lemma elts-imp-ground: $u \in \text{elts } t \implies \text{ground-aux } t S \implies \text{ground-aux } u S$

by (induct t rule: tm.induct) auto

lemma ground-se-fm-induction:

ground-fm $\alpha \implies \text{size } \alpha < n \implies \text{se-fm } \alpha \implies \text{eval-fm } e \alpha \implies \{\} \vdash \alpha$

proof (induction n arbitrary: α rule: less-induct)

```

case (less n α)
show ?case using <se-fm α>
proof (cases rule: se-fm.cases)
  case (MemI t u) thus {} ⊢ α using less
    by (auto intro: ground-prove-IN)
next
  case (DisjI A B) thus {} ⊢ α using less
    by (auto intro: Disj-I1 Disj-I2)
next
  case (ConjI A B) thus {} ⊢ α using less
    by auto
next
  case (ExI A i)
  thus {} ⊢ α using less.prem
  apply (auto simp: ex-eval-fm-iff-exists-tm simp del: better-ex-eval-fm)
  apply (auto intro!: Ex-I less.IH subst-fm-in-se-fm ground-subst-fm)
  done
next
  case (All2I A i t)
  hence t: ground t using less.prem
    by (auto simp: ground-aux-def fresh-def)
  hence (∀ u∈elts t. eval-fm e (A(i:=u)))
    by (metis All2I(1) t eval-fm-All2-Iff-elts less(5))
  thus {} ⊢ α using less.prem All2I t
    apply (auto del: Neg-I intro!: prove-elts-imp-prove-All2 less.IH)
    apply (auto intro: subst-fm-in-se-fm ground-subst-fm elts-imp-ground)
    done
qed
qed

```

lemma *ss-imp-se-fm*: *ss-fm A* ⇒ *se-fm A*
by (erule *ss-fm.induct*) auto

lemma *se-fm-imp-thm*: [[*se-fm A*; *ground-fm A*; *eval-fm e A*]] ⇒ {} ⊢ *A*
by (metis ground-se-fm-induction lessI)

Theorem 2.5

theorem *Sigma-fm-imp-thm*: [[*Sigma-fm A*; *ground-fm A*; *eval-fm e0 A*]] ⇒ {} ⊢ *A*
by (metis Iff-MP2-same ss-imp-se-fm empty-iff Sigma-fm-def eval-fm-Iff ground-fm-aux-def
hfthm-sound *se-fm-imp-thm* subset-empty)

end

Chapter 5

Predicates for Terms, Formulas and Substitution

```
theory Coding-Predicates
imports Coding Sigma
begin
```

```
declare succ-iff [simp del]
```

This material comes from Section 3, greatly modified for de Bruijn syntax.

5.1 Predicates for atomic terms

5.1.1 Free Variables

```
definition is-Var :: hf ⇒ bool where is-Var x ≡ Ord x ∧ 0 ∈ x
```

```
definition VarP :: tm ⇒ fm where VarP x ≡ OrdP x AND Zero IN x
```

```
lemma VarP-eqvt [eqvt]: (p · VarP x) = VarP (p · x)
  by (simp add: VarP-def)
```

```
lemma VarP-fresh-iff [simp]: a # VarP x ←→ a # x
  by (simp add: VarP-def)
```

```
lemma eval-fm-VarP [simp]: eval-fm e (VarP x) ←→ is-Var [x]e
  by (simp add: VarP-def is-Var-def)
```

```
lemma VarP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (VarP x)
  by (auto simp: VarP-def)
```

```
lemma VarP-subst [simp]: (VarP x)(i ::= t) = VarP (subst i t x)
  by (simp add: VarP-def)
```

```

lemma VarP-cong:  $H \vdash x \text{ EQ } x' \implies H \vdash \text{VarP } x \text{ IFF } \text{VarP } x'$ 
  by (rule P1-cong) auto

lemma VarP-HPairE [intro!]: insert (VarP (HPair x y))  $H \vdash A$ 
  by (auto simp: VarP-def)

lemma is-Var-succ-iff [simp]: is-Var (succ x) = Ord x
  by (metis Ord-succ-iff is-Var-def succ-iff zero-in-Ord)

lemma is-Var-q-Var [iff]: is-Var (q-Var i)
  by (simp add: q-Var-def)

definition decode-Var :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  name
  where decode-Var x  $\equiv$  name-of-nat (nat-of-ord (pred x))

lemma decode-Var-q-Var [simp]: decode-Var (q-Var i) = i
  by (simp add: decode-Var-def q-Var-def)

lemma is-Var-imp-decode-Var: is-Var x  $\implies$  x =  $\llbracket \text{Var} (\text{decode-Var } x) \rrbracket e$ 
  by (simp add: is-Var-def quot-Var decode-Var-def) (metis hempty-iff succ-pred)

lemma is-Var-iff: is-Var v  $\longleftrightarrow$  v = succ (ord-of (nat-of-name (decode-Var v)))
  by (metis eval-tm-ORD-OF eval-tm-SUCC is-Var-imp-decode-Var quot-Var is-Var-succ-iff
    Ord-ord-of)

lemma decode-Var-inject [simp]: is-Var v  $\implies$  is-Var v'  $\implies$  decode-Var v = decode-Var
  v'  $\longleftrightarrow$  v=v'
  by (metis is-Var-iff)

```

5.1.2 De Bruijn Indexes

```

definition is-Ind :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where is-Ind x  $\equiv$  ( $\exists$  m. Ord m  $\wedge$  x =  $\langle \text{htuple } 6, m \rangle$ )

abbreviation Q-Ind :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm
  where Q-Ind k  $\equiv$  HPair (HTuple 6) k

nominal-function IndP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where atom m # x  $\implies$ 
    IndP x = Ex m (OrdP (Var m) AND x EQ HPair (HTuple 6) (Var m))
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def IndP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

lemma
  shows IndP-fresh-iff [simp]: a # IndP x  $\longleftrightarrow$  a # x           (is ?thesis1)
  and eval-fm-IndP [simp]: eval-fm e (IndP x)  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-Ind  $\llbracket x \rrbracket e$  (is ?thesis2)
  and IndP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (IndP x)           (is ?thsf)

```

```

and OrdP-IndP-Q-Ind: {OrdP x} ⊢ IndP (Q-Ind x) (is ?thqind)
proof -
  obtain m::name where atom m # x
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf ?thqind
    by (auto simp: is-Ind-def intro: Ex-I [where x=x])
qed

lemma IndP-Q-Ind: H ⊢ OrdP x ==> H ⊢ IndP (Q-Ind x)
  by (rule cut1 [OF OrdP-IndP-Q-Ind])

lemma subst-fm-IndP [simp]: (IndP t)(i::=x) = IndP (subst i x t)
proof -
  obtain m::name where atom m # (i,t,x)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: IndP.simps [of m])
qed

lemma IndP-cong: H ⊢ x EQ x' ==> H ⊢ IndP x IFF IndP x'
  by (rule P1-cong) auto

definition decode-Ind :: hf ⇒ nat
  where decode-Ind x ≡ nat-of-ord (hsnd x)

lemma is-Ind-pair-iff [simp]: is-Ind ⟨x, y⟩ ←→ x = htuple 6 ∧ Ord y
  by (auto simp: is-Ind-def)

```

5.1.3 Various syntactic lemmas

```

lemma eval-Var-q: [[ Var i ]] e = q-Var i
  by (simp add: quot-tm-def q-Var-def)

lemma is-Var-eval-Var [simp]: is-Var [[ Var i ]] e
  by (metis decode-Var-q-Var is-Var-imp-decode-Var is-Var-q-Var)

```

5.2 The predicate *SeqCTermP*, for Terms and Constants

```

definition SeqCTerm :: bool ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ bool
  where SeqCTerm vf s k t ≡ BuildSeq (λu. u=0 ∨ vf ∧ is-Var u) (λu v w. u =
    q-Eats v w) s k t

nominal-function SeqCTermP :: bool ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
  where [[atom l # (s,k,sl,m,n,sm,sn); atom sl # (s,m,n,sm,sn);
    atom m # (s,n,sm,sn); atom n # (s,sm,sn);
    atom sm # (s,sn); atom sn # (s)]] ==>
    SeqCTermP vf s k t =

```

$LstSeqP s k t \text{ AND}$
 $\text{All2 } l (\text{SUCC } k) (\text{Ex } sl (\text{HPair} (\text{Var } l) (\text{Var } sl) \text{ IN } s \text{ AND}$
 $(\text{Var } sl \text{ EQ Zero OR (if } vf \text{ then VarP} (\text{Var } sl) \text{ else Fls) OR}$
 $\text{Ex } m (\text{Ex } n (\text{Ex } sm (\text{Ex } sn (\text{Var } m \text{ IN } \text{Var } l \text{ AND } \text{Var } n \text{ IN } \text{Var } l$
 AND
 $\text{HPair} (\text{Var } m) (\text{Var } sm) \text{ IN } s \text{ AND HPair} (\text{Var } n) (\text{Var } sn)$
 $\text{IN } s \text{ AND}$
 $\text{Var } sl \text{ EQ Q-Eats } (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sn))))))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqCTermP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows SeqCTermP-fresh-iff [simp]:

$a \# \text{SeqCTermP } vf \text{ s k t} \longleftrightarrow a \# s \wedge a \# k \wedge a \# t$ (**is** ?thesis1)

and eval-fm-SeqCTermP [simp]:

$\text{eval-fm } e (\text{SeqCTermP } vf \text{ s k t}) \longleftrightarrow \text{SeqCTerm } vf \llbracket s \rrbracket e \llbracket k \rrbracket e \llbracket t \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)

and SeqCTermP-sf [iff]:

$\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{SeqCTermP } vf \text{ s k t})$ (**is** ?thsf)

and SeqCTermP-imp-LstSeqP:

$\{ \text{SeqCTermP } vf \text{ s k t} \} \vdash \text{LstSeqP } s k t$ (**is** ?thlstseq)

and SeqCTermP-imp-OrdP [simp]:

$\{ \text{SeqCTermP } vf \text{ s k t} \} \vdash \text{OrdP } k$ (**is** ?thord)

proof –

obtain l::name **and** sl::name **and** m::name **and** n::name **and** sm::name **and** sn::name

where atoms: atom l # (s,k,sl,m,n,sm,sn) atom sl # (s,m,n,sm,sn)

atom m # (s,n,sm,sn) atom n # (s,sm,sn)

atom sm # (s,sn) atom sn # (s)

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thsf ?thlstseq ?thord

by (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps)

show ?thesis2 **using** atoms

by (simp cong: conj-cong add: LstSeq-imp-Ord SeqCTerm-def BuildSeq-def Builds-def

$\text{HBall-def HBex-def q-Eats-def Fls-def}$

$\text{Seq-iff-app [of } \llbracket s \rrbracket e, \text{ OF LstSeq-imp-Seq-succ]}$

$\text{Ord-trans [of - succ } \llbracket k \rrbracket e]$)

qed

lemma SeqCTermP-subst [simp]:

$(\text{SeqCTermP } vf \text{ s k t})(j := w) = \text{SeqCTermP } vf (\text{subst } j w s) (\text{subst } j w k)$
 $(\text{subst } j w t)$

proof –

obtain l::name **and** sl::name **and** m::name **and** n::name **and** sm::name **and** sn::name

where atom l # (j,w,s,k,sl,m,n,sm,sn) atom sl # (j,w,s,m,n,sm,sn)

```

atom m # (j,w,s,n,sm,sn) atom n # (j,w,s,sm,sn)
atom sm # (j,w,s,sn) atom sn # (j,w,s)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (force simp add: SeqCTermP.simps [of l - - sl m n sm sn])
qed

declare SeqCTermP.simps [simp del]

abbreviation SeqTerm :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where SeqTerm  $\equiv$  SeqCTerm True

abbreviation SeqTermP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where SeqTermP  $\equiv$  SeqCTermP True

abbreviation SeqConst :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where SeqConst  $\equiv$  SeqCTerm False

abbreviation SeqConstP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where SeqConstP  $\equiv$  SeqCTermP False

lemma SeqConst-imp-SeqTerm: SeqConst s k x  $\implies$  SeqTerm s k x
  by (auto simp: SeqCTerm-def intro: BuildSeq-mono)

lemma SeqConstP-imp-SeqTermP: {SeqConstP s k t}  $\vdash$  SeqTermP s k t
proof -
  obtain l::name and sl::name and m::name and n::name and sm::name and sn::name
    where atom l # (s,k,t,sl,m,n,sm,sn) atom sl # (s,k,t,m,n,sm,sn)
      atom m # (s,k,t,n,sm,sn) atom n # (s,k,t,sm,sn)
      atom sm # (s,k,t,sn) atom sn # (s,k,t)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    apply (auto simp: SeqCTermP.simps [of l s k sl m n sm sn])
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var l], auto)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sl], force intro: Disj-I1)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sl], simp)
    apply (rule Conj-I, blast)
    apply (rule Disj-I2)+
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var m], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var n], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sm], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sn], auto)
    done
qed

```

5.3 The predicates $TermP$ and $ConstP$

5.3.1 Definition

```

definition CTerm :: bool  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where CTerm vf t  $\equiv$  ( $\exists$  s k. SeqCTerm vf s k t)

nominal-function CTermP :: bool  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where  $\llbracket$ atom k # (s,t); atom s # t $\rrbracket \implies$ 
    CTermP vf t = Ex s (Ex k (SeqCTermP vf (Var s) (Var k) t))
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def CTermP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

lemma
  shows CTermP-fresh-iff [simp]: a # CTermP vf t  $\longleftrightarrow$  a # t           (is ?thesis1)
  and eval-fm-CTermP [simp]: eval-fm e (CTermP vf t)  $\longleftrightarrow$  CTerm vf  $\llbracket$ t $\rrbracket$  e (is
?thesis2)
  and CTermP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (CTermP vf t)                               (is ?thsf)
proof -
  obtain k::name and s::name where atom k # (s,t) atom s # t
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
    by (auto simp: CTerm-def)
qed

lemma CTermP-subst [simp]: (CTermP vf i)(j:=w) = CTermP vf (subst j w i)
proof -
  obtain k::name and s::name where atom k # (s,i,j,w) atom s # (i,j,w)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: CTermP.simps [of k s])
qed

abbreviation Term :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where Term  $\equiv$  CTerm True

abbreviation TermP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where TermP  $\equiv$  CTermP True

abbreviation Const :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where Const  $\equiv$  CTerm False

abbreviation ConstP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where ConstP  $\equiv$  CTermP False

```

5.3.2 Correctness: It Corresponds to Quotations of Real Terms

lemma wf-Term-quot-dbtm [simp]: wf-dbtm u \implies Term \llbracket quot-dbtm u \rrbracket e

```

by (induct rule: wf-dbtm.induct)
  (auto simp: CTerm-def SeqCTerm-def q-Eats-def intro: BuildSeq-combine BuildSeq-exI)

corollary Term-quot-tm [iff]: fixes t :: tm shows Term [[t]]e
  by (metis quot-tm-def wf-Term-quot-dbtm wf-dbtm-trans-tm)

lemma SeqCTerm-imp-wf-dbtm:
  assumes SeqCTerm vf s k x
  shows ∃ t::dbtm. wf-dbtm t ∧ x = [[quot-dbtm t]]e
  using assms [unfolded SeqCTerm-def]
  proof (induct x rule: BuildSeq-induct)
    case (B x) thus ?case
      by auto (metis ORD-OF.simps(2) Var quot-dbtm.simps(2) is-Var-imp-decode-Var
quot-Var)
    next
    case (C x y z)
    then obtain tm1::dbtm and tm2::dbtm
      where wf-dbtm tm1 y = [[quot-dbtm tm1]]e
            wf-dbtm tm2 z = [[quot-dbtm tm2]]e
      by blast
    thus ?case
      by (auto simp: wf-dbtm.intros C q-Eats-def intro!: exI [of - DBEats tm1 tm2])
  qed

corollary Term-imp-wf-dbtm:
  assumes Term x obtains t where wf-dbtm t x = [[quot-dbtm t]]e
  by (metis assms SeqCTerm-imp-wf-dbtm CTerm-def)

corollary Term-imp-is-tm: assumes Term x obtains t::tm where x = [[t]] e
  by (metis assms Term-imp-wf-dbtm quot-tm-def wf-dbtm-imp-is-tm)

lemma Term-Var: Term (q-Var i)
  using wf-Term-quot-dbtm [of DBVar i]
  by (metis Term-quot-tm is-Var-imp-decode-Var is-Var-q-Var)

lemma Term-Eats: assumes x: Term x and y: Term y shows Term (q-Eats x
y)
  proof -
    obtain t u where x = [[quot-dbtm t]]e y = [[quot-dbtm u]]e
      by (metis Term-imp-wf-dbtm x y)
    thus ?thesis using wf-Term-quot-dbtm [of DBEats t u] x y
      by (auto simp: q-defs) (metis Eats Term-imp-wf-dbtm quot-dbtm-inject-lemma)
  qed

```

5.3.3 Correctness properties for constants

```

lemma Const-imp-Term: Const x ==> Term x
  by (metis SeqConst-imp-SqTerm CTerm-def)

```

```

lemma Const-0: Const 0
  by (force simp add: CTerm-def SeqCTerm-def intro: BuildSeq-exI)

lemma ConstP-imp-TermP: {ConstP t} ⊢ TermP t
proof -
  obtain k::name and s::name where atom k # (s,t) atom s # t
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    apply auto
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var s], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var k], auto intro: SeqConstP-imp-SeqTermP
    [THEN cut1])
    done
qed

```

5.4 Abstraction over terms

```

definition SeqStTerm :: hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ bool
where SeqStTerm v u x x' s k ≡
  is-Var v ∧ BuildSeq2 (λy y'. (is-Ind y ∨ Ord y) ∧ y' = (if y=v then u else
  y))
  (λu u' v v' w w'. u = q-Eats v w ∧ u' = q-Eats v' w') s k x x'

definition AbstTerm :: hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ bool
where AbstTerm v i x x' ≡ Ord i ∧ (exists s k. SeqStTerm v (q-Ind i) x x' s k)

```

5.4.1 Defining the syntax: quantified body

```

nominal-function SeqStTermP :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
where []atom l # (s,k,v,i,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn');
      atom sl # (s,v,i,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn'); atom sl' # (s,v,i,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn');
      atom m # (s,n,sm,sm',sn,sn'); atom n # (s,sm,sm',sn,sn');
      atom sm # (s,sm',sn,sn'); atom sm' # (s,sn,sn');
      atom sn # (s,sn'); atom sn' # s] ==>
SeqStTermP v i t u s k =
  VarP v AND LstSeqP s k (HPair t u) AND
  All2 l (SUCC k) (Ex sl (Ex sl' (HPair (Var l) (HPair (Var sl) (Var sl')) IN
  s AND
    (((Var sl EQ v AND Var sl' EQ i) OR
      ((IndP (Var sl) OR Var sl NEQ v) AND Var sl' EQ Var sl)) OR
      Ex m (Ex n (Ex sm (Ex sm' (Ex sn (Ex sn' (Var m IN Var l AND
      Var n IN Var l AND
        HPair (Var m) (HPair (Var sm) (Var sm')) IN s AND
        HPair (Var n) (HPair (Var sn) (Var sn')) IN s AND
        Var sl EQ Q-Eats (Var sm) (Var sn) AND
        Var sl' EQ Q-Eats (Var sm') (Var sn'))))))))) )
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqStTermP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)

by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows SeqStTermP-fresh-iff [simp]:

$$a \# SeqStTermP v i t u s k \longleftrightarrow a \# v \wedge a \# i \wedge a \# t \wedge a \# u \wedge a \# s \wedge a \# k$$

(is ?thesis1)

and eval-fm-SeqStTermP [simp]:

$$\text{eval-fm } e (\text{SeqStTermP } v i t u s k) \longleftrightarrow \text{SeqStTerm } [[v]]e [[i]]e [[t]]e [[u]]e [[s]]e$$

[[k]]e (is ?thesis2)

and SeqStTermP-sf [iff]:

$$\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{SeqStTermP } v i t u s k) \text{ (is ?thsf)}$$

and SeqStTermP-imp-OrdP:

$$\{ \text{SeqStTermP } v i t u s k \} \vdash \text{OrdP } k \text{ (is ?thord)}$$

and SeqStTermP-imp-VarP:

$$\{ \text{SeqStTermP } v i t u s k \} \vdash \text{VarP } v \text{ (is ?thvar)}$$

and SeqStTermP-imp-LstSeqP:

$$\{ \text{SeqStTermP } v i t u s k \} \vdash \text{LstSeqP } s k (\text{HPair } t u) \text{ (is ?thlstseq)}$$

proof –

obtain $l::\text{name}$ and $sl::\text{name}$ and $sl'::\text{name}$ and $m::\text{name}$ and $n::\text{name}$ and
 $sm::\text{name}$ and $sm'::\text{name}$ and $sn::\text{name}$ and $sn'::\text{name}$

where atoms:

$$\text{atom } l \# (s, k, v, i, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$$

$$\text{atom } sl \# (s, v, i, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn') \text{ atom } sl' \# (s, v, i, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$$

$$\text{atom } m \# (s, n, sm, sm', sn, sn') \text{ atom } n \# (s, sm, sm', sn, sn')$$

$$\text{atom } sm \# (s, sm', sn, sn') \text{ atom } sm' \# (s, sn, sn')$$

$$\text{atom } sn \# (s, sn') \text{ atom } sn' \# (s)$$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thsf ?thord ?thvar ?thlstseq

by (auto intro: LstSeqP-OrdP)

show ?thesis2 using atoms

apply (simp add: LstSeq-imp-Ord SeqStTerm-def ex-disj-distrib

BuildSeq2-def BuildSeq-def Builds-def

HBall-def q-Eats-def q-Ind-def is-Var-def

Seq-iff-app [of [[s]]e, OF LstSeq-imp-Seq-succ]

Ord-trans [of - - succ [[k]]e]

cong: conj-cong)

apply (rule conj-cong refl all-cong) +

apply auto

apply (metis Not-Ord-hpair is-Ind-def)

done

qed

lemma SeqStTermP-subst [simp]:

$$(\text{SeqStTermP } v i t u s k)(j ::= w) =$$

$$\text{SeqStTermP } (\text{subst } j w v) (\text{subst } j w i) (\text{subst } j w t) (\text{subst } j w u) (\text{subst } j w$$

s) (subst $j w k$)

proof –

obtain $l::\text{name}$ and $sl::\text{name}$ and $sl'::\text{name}$ and $m::\text{name}$ and $n::\text{name}$ and
 $sm::\text{name}$ and $sm'::\text{name}$ and $sn::\text{name}$ and $sn'::\text{name}$

where atom $l \# (s, k, v, i, w, j, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 atom $sl \# (s, v, i, w, j, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 atom $sl' \# (s, v, i, w, j, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 atom $m \# (s, w, j, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $n \# (s, w, j, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 atom $sm \# (s, w, j, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $sm' \# (s, w, j, sn, sn')$
 atom $sn \# (s, w, j, sn')$ atom $sn' \# (s, w, j)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (force simp add: SeqStTermP.simps [of $l \dots sl \dots m \dots n \dots sm \dots sm' \dots sn \dots sn'$])
qed

lemma SeqStTermP-cong:
 $\llbracket H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t'; H \vdash u \text{ EQ } u'; H \vdash s \text{ EQ } s'; H \vdash k \text{ EQ } k' \rrbracket$
 $\implies H \vdash \text{SeqStTermP } v \ i \ t \ u \ s \ k \text{ IFF SeqStTermP } v \ i \ t' \ u' \ s' \ k'$
by (rule P4-cong [where tms=[v,i]]) (auto simp: fresh-Cons)

declare SeqStTermP.simps [simp del]

5.4.2 Defining the syntax: main predicate

nominal-function AbstTermP :: $tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
where $\llbracket \text{atom } s \# (v, i, t, u, k); \text{atom } k \# (v, i, t, u) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{AbstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u =$
 $\text{OrdP } i \text{ AND Ex } s \ (\text{Ex } k \ (\text{SeqStTermP } v \ (\text{Q-Ind } i) \ t \ u \ (\text{Var } s) \ (\text{Var } k)))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def AbstTermP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma
shows AbstTermP-fresh-iff [simp]:
 $a \# \text{AbstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u \longleftrightarrow a \# v \wedge a \# i \wedge a \# t \wedge a \# u$ (**is** ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-AbstTermP [simp]:
 $\text{eval-fm } e \ (\text{AbstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u) \longleftrightarrow \text{AbstTerm } \llbracket v \rrbracket e \llbracket i \rrbracket e \llbracket t \rrbracket e \llbracket u \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)
and AbstTermP-sf [iff]:
 $\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{AbstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u)$ (**is** ?thsf)
proof –
obtain $s::\text{name}$ **and** $k::\text{name}$ **where** atom $s \# (v, i, t, u, k)$ atom $k \# (v, i, t, u)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
by (auto simp: AbstTerm-def q-defs)
qed

lemma AbstTermP-subst [simp]:
 $(\text{AbstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u)(j ::= w) = \text{AbstTermP } (\text{subst } j \ w \ v) \ (\text{subst } j \ w \ i) \ (\text{subst } j \ w \ t) \ (\text{subst } j \ w \ u)$
proof –
obtain $s::\text{name}$ **and** $k::\text{name}$ **where** atom $s \# (v, i, t, u, w, j, k)$ atom $k \# (v, i, t, u, w, j)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)

```

thus ?thesis
  by (simp add: AbstTermP.simps [of s - - - k])
qed

```

```
declare AbstTermP.simps [simp del]
```

5.4.3 Correctness: It Coincides with Abstraction over real terms

```
lemma not-is-Var-is-Ind: is-Var v ==> ~ is-Ind v
  by (auto simp: is-Var-def is-Ind-def)
```

```

lemma AbstTerm-imp-abst-dbtm:
  assumes AbstTerm v i x x'
  shows ∃ t. x = [quot-dbtm t]e ∧
    x' = [quot-dbtm (abst-dbtm (decode-Var v) (nat-of-ord i) t)]e
proof -
  obtain s k where v: is-Var v and i: Ord i and sk: SeqStTerm v (q-Ind i) x x'
  s k
    using assms
    by (auto simp: AbstTerm-def SeqStTerm-def)
  from sk [unfolded SeqStTerm-def, THEN conjunct2]
  show ?thesis
  proof (induct x x' rule: BuildSeq2-induct)
    case (B x x') thus ?case using v i
      apply (auto simp: not-is-Var-is-Ind)
      apply (rule-tac [1] x=DBInd (nat-of-ord (hsnd x)) in exI)
      apply (rule-tac [2] x=DBVar (decode-Var v) in exI)
      apply (case-tac [3] is-Var x)
      apply (rule-tac [3] x=DBVar (decode-Var x) in exI)
      apply (rule-tac [4] x=DBZero in exI)
      apply (auto simp: is-Ind-def q-Ind-def is-Var-iff [symmetric])
      apply (metis hmem-0-Ord is-Var-def)
      done
    next
    case (C x x' y y' z z')
    then obtain tm1 and tm2
      where y = [quot-dbtm tm1]e
        y' = [quot-dbtm (abst-dbtm (decode-Var v) (nat-of-ord i) tm1)]e
        z = [quot-dbtm tm2]e
        z' = [quot-dbtm (abst-dbtm (decode-Var v) (nat-of-ord i) tm2)]e
      by blast
    thus ?case
      by (auto simp: wf-dbtm.intros C q-Eats-def intro!: exI [where x=DBEats tm1
      tm2])
    qed
  qed

```

```
lemma AbstTerm-abst-dbtm:
```

```


$$\text{AbstTerm } (q\text{-Var } i) \text{ (ord-of } n) \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } t \rrbracket e$$


$$= \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } (\text{abst-dbtm } i \ n \ t) \rrbracket e$$

by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct)
(auto simp: AbstTerm-def SeqStTerm-def q-defs intro: BuildSeq2-exI BuildSeq2-combine)

```

5.5 Substitution over terms

definition $\text{SubstTerm} :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where $\text{SubstTerm } v \ u \ x \ x' \equiv \text{Term } u \wedge (\exists s \ k. \text{SeqStTerm } v \ u \ x \ x' \ s \ k)$

5.5.1 Defining the syntax

nominal-function $\text{SubstTermP} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
where $\llbracket \text{atom } s \ # (v, i, t, u, k); \text{atom } k \ # (v, i, t, u) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{SubstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u = \text{TermP } i \text{ AND } \text{Ex } s \ (\text{Ex } k \ (\text{SeqStTermP } v \ i \ t \ u \ (\text{Var } s) \ (\text{Var } k)))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def SubstTermP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows $\text{SubstTermP-fresh-iff}$ [simp]:
 $a \ # \text{SubstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u \longleftrightarrow a \ # v \wedge a \ # i \wedge a \ # t \wedge a \ # u$ (**is** ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-SubstTermP [simp]:
 $\text{eval-fm } e \ (\text{SubstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u) \longleftrightarrow \text{SubstTerm } \llbracket v \rrbracket e \ \llbracket i \rrbracket e \ \llbracket t \rrbracket e \ \llbracket u \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)

and SubstTermP-sf [iff]:
 $\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{SubstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u) \quad (\text{is } ?thsf)$
and SubstTermP-imp-TermP:
 $\{ \text{SubstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u \} \vdash \text{TermP } i \quad (\text{is } ?thterm)$

and SubstTermP-imp-VarP:
 $\{ \text{SubstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u \} \vdash \text{VarP } v \quad (\text{is } ?thvar)$

proof –

obtain $s::\text{name}$ **and** $k::\text{name}$ **where** $\text{atom } s \ # (v, i, t, u, k)$ $\text{atom } k \ # (v, i, t, u)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf ?thterm ?thvar

by (auto simp: SubstTerm-def intro: SeqStTermP-imp-VarP thin2)

qed

lemma SubstTermP-subst [simp]:

$(\text{SubstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u)(j ::= w) = \text{SubstTermP } (\text{subst } j \ w \ v) \ (\text{subst } j \ w \ i) \ (\text{subst } j \ w \ t) \ (\text{subst } j \ w \ u)$

proof –

obtain $s::\text{name}$ **and** $k::\text{name}$
where $\text{atom } s \ # (v, i, t, u, w, j, k)$ $\text{atom } k \ # (v, i, t, u, w, j)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (simp add: SubstTermP.simps [of s - - - k])

qed

lemma *SubstTermP-cong*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket H \vdash v \text{ EQ } v'; H \vdash i \text{ EQ } i'; H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t'; H \vdash u \text{ EQ } u' \rrbracket \\ & \implies H \vdash \text{SubstTermP } v \ i \ t \ u \text{ IFF } \text{SubstTermP } v' \ i' \ t' \ u' \end{aligned}$$

by (rule *P4-cong*) **auto**

declare *SubstTermP.simps* [*simp del*]

lemma *SubstTerm-imp-subst-dbtm*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{assumes } \text{SubstTerm } v \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } u \rrbracket e \ x \ x' \\ & \text{shows } \exists t. \ x = \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } t \rrbracket e \wedge \\ & \quad x' = \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } (\text{subst-dbtm } u (\text{decode-Var } v) \ t) \rrbracket e \end{aligned}$$

proof –

obtain *s k* **where** *v*: *is-Var v* **and** *u*: *Term* $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } u \rrbracket e$

and *sk*: *SeqStTerm v* $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } u \rrbracket e \ x \ x' \ s \ k$

using *assms* [*unfolded SubstTerm-def*]

by (auto *simp*: *SeqStTerm-def*)

from *sk* [*unfolded SeqStTerm-def*, THEN *conjunct2*]

show ?thesis

proof (*induct* *x x'* *rule*: *BuildSeq2-induct*)

case (*B x x'*) **thus** ?case **using** *v*

apply (auto *simp*: *not-is-Var-is-Ind*)

apply (rule-tac [1] *x=DBInd (nat-of-ord (hsnd x))* **in** *exI*)

apply (rule-tac [2] *x=DBVar (decode-Var v)* **in** *exI*)

apply (case-tac [3] *is-Var x*)

apply (rule-tac [3] *x=DBVar (decode-Var x)* **in** *exI*)

apply (rule-tac [4] *x=DBZero* **in** *exI*)

apply (auto *simp*: *is-Ind-def q-Ind-def is-Var-iff [symmetric]*)

apply (metis *hmem-0-Ord is-Var-def*)

done

next

case (*C x x' y y' z z'*)

then obtain *tm1* **and** *tm2*

where *y* = $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } tm1 \rrbracket e$

y' = $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } (\text{subst-dbtm } u (\text{decode-Var } v) \ tm1) \rrbracket e$

z = $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } tm2 \rrbracket e$

z' = $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } (\text{subst-dbtm } u (\text{decode-Var } v) \ tm2) \rrbracket e$

by *blast*

thus ?case

by (auto *simp*: *wf-dbtm.intros C q-Eats-def intro!*: *exI* [**where** *x=DBEats tm1 tm2*])

qed

qed

corollary *SubstTerm-imp-subst-dbtm'*:

assumes *SubstTerm v y x x'*

obtains *t::dbtm and u::dbtm*

where *y* = $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } u \rrbracket e$

$x = \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } t \rrbracket e$
 $x' = \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } (\text{subst-dbtm } u \ (\text{decode-Var } v) \ t) \rrbracket e$
by (metis SubstTerm-def SubstTerm-imp-subst-dbtm Term-imp-is-tm assms quot-tm-def)

lemma SubstTerm-subst-dbtm:
assumes Term $\llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } u \rrbracket e$
shows SubstTerm $(q\text{-Var } v) \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } u \rrbracket e \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } t \rrbracket e \llbracket \text{quot-dbtm } (\text{subst-dbtm } u \ v \ t) \rrbracket e$
by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct)
 (auto simp: assms SubstTerm-def SeqStTerm-def q-defs intro: BuildSeq2-exI BuildSeq2-combine)

5.6 Abstraction over formulas

5.6.1 The predicate AbstAtomicP

definition $\text{AbstAtomic} :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where $\text{AbstAtomic } v \ i \ y \ y' \equiv$
 $(\exists t \ u \ t' \ u'. \text{AbstTerm } v \ i \ t \ t' \wedge \text{AbstTerm } v \ i \ u \ u' \wedge$
 $((y = q\text{-Eq } t \ u \wedge y' = q\text{-Eq } t' \ u') \vee (y = q\text{-Mem } t \ u \wedge y' = q\text{-Mem } t' \ u')))$

nominal-function $\text{AbstAtomicP} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
where $\llbracket \text{atom } t \ # (v, i, y, y', t', u, u') \text{; atom } t' \ # (v, i, y, y', u, u') \text{; atom } u \ # (v, i, y, y', u') \text{; atom } u' \ # (v, i, y, y') \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{AbstAtomicP } v \ i \ y \ y' =$
 $\text{Ex } t \ (\text{Ex } u \ (\text{Ex } t' \ (\text{Ex } u'$
 $\ (\text{AbstTermP } v \ i \ (\text{Var } t) \ (\text{Var } t') \ \text{AND} \ \text{AbstTermP } v \ i \ (\text{Var } u) \ (\text{Var } u')$
 AND
 $((y \ EQ \ Q\text{-Eq } (\text{Var } t) \ (\text{Var } u) \ \text{AND} \ y' \ EQ \ Q\text{-Eq } (\text{Var } t') \ (\text{Var } u')) \ OR$
 $(y \ EQ \ Q\text{-Mem } (\text{Var } t) \ (\text{Var } u) \ \text{AND} \ y' \ EQ \ Q\text{-Mem } (\text{Var } t') \ (\text{Var } u')))))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def AbstAtomicP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma
shows AbstAtomicP-fresh-iff [simp]:
 $a \ # \text{AbstAtomicP } v \ i \ y \ y' \longleftrightarrow a \ # v \wedge a \ # i \wedge a \ # y \wedge a \ # y'$ (is ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-AbstAtomicP [simp]:
 $\text{eval-fm } e \ (\text{AbstAtomicP } v \ i \ y \ y') \longleftrightarrow \text{AbstAtomic } \llbracket v \rrbracket e \llbracket i \rrbracket e \llbracket y \rrbracket e \llbracket y' \rrbracket e$ (is ?thesis2)
and AbstAtomicP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm $(\text{AbstAtomicP } v \ i \ y \ y')$ (is ?thsf)
proof -
obtain $t::\text{name}$ **and** $u::\text{name}$ **and** $t'::\text{name}$ **and** $u'::\text{name}$
where atom $t \ # (v, i, y, y', t', u, u')$ atom $t' \ # (v, i, y, y', u, u')$

```

atom u # (v,i,y,y',u') atom u' # (v,i,y,y')
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
  by (auto simp: AbstAtomic-def q-defs)
qed

lemma AbstAtomicP-subst [simp]:
  (AbstAtomicP v tm y y')(i:=w) = AbstAtomicP (subst i w v) (subst i w tm)
  (subst i w y) (subst i w y')
proof -
  obtain t::name and u::name and t'::name and u'::name
    where atom t # (v,tm,y,y',w,i,t',u,u') atom t' # (v,tm,y,y',w,i,u,u')
          atom u # (v,tm,y,y',w,i,u') atom u' # (v,tm,y,y',w,i)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: AbstAtomicP.simps [of t - - - t' u u'])
qed

declare AbstAtomicP.simps [simp del]

```

5.6.2 The predicate AbsMakeForm

```

definition AbstMakeForm :: hf ⇒ bool
where AbstMakeForm k y y' i u u' j w w' ≡
  Ord k ∧
  ((k = i ∧ k = j ∧ y = q-Disj u w ∧ y' = q-Disj u' w') ∨
   (k = i ∧ y = q-Neg u ∧ y' = q-Neg u') ∨
   (succ k = i ∧ y = q-Ex u ∧ y' = q-Ex u'))
definition SeqAbstForm :: hf ⇒ bool
where SeqAbstForm v i x x' s k ≡
  BuildSeq3 (AbstAtomic v) AbstMakeForm s k i x x'

nominal-function SeqAbstFormP :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
where !!atom l # (s,k,v,sli,sl,sl',m,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn');
      atom sli # (s,v,sl,sl',m,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn');
      atom sl # (s,v,sl',m,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn');
      atom sl' # (s,v,m,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn');
      atom m # (s,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn');
      atom n # (s,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn'); atom smi # (s,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn');
      atom sm # (s,sm',sni,sn,sn'); atom sm' # (s,sni,sn,sn');
      atom sni # (s,sn,sn'); atom sn # (s,sn'); atom sn' # (s)!! ==>
SeqAbstFormP v i x x' s k =
  LstSeqP s k (HPair i (HPair x x')) AND
  All2 l (SUCC k) (Ex sli (Ex sl (Ex sl' (HPair (Var l) (HPair (Var sli) (HPair
  (Var sl) (Var sl')))) IN s AND
    (AbstAtomicP v (Var sli) (Var sl) (Var sl') OR
     OrdP (Var sli) AND

```

```


$$\begin{aligned}
& \exists m (\exists n (\exists smi (\exists sm (\exists sm' (\exists sni (\exists sn (\exists sn' \\
& (\text{Var } m \text{ IN Var } l \text{ AND Var } n \text{ IN Var } l \text{ AND} \\
& \text{HPair } (\text{Var } m) (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } smi) (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } sn) (\text{Var } sn')))) \\
& \text{IN } s \text{ AND} \\
& \text{HPair } (\text{Var } n) (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } sni) (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } sn) (\text{Var } sn')))) \\
& \text{IN } s \text{ AND} \\
& ((\text{Var } sli \text{ EQ Var } smi \text{ AND Var } sli \text{ EQ Var } sni \text{ AND} \\
& \text{Var } sl \text{ EQ Q-Disj } (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sn) \text{ AND} \\
& \text{Var } sl' \text{ EQ Q-Disj } (\text{Var } sm') (\text{Var } sn') \text{ OR} \\
& (\text{Var } sli \text{ EQ Var } smi \text{ AND} \\
& \text{Var } sl \text{ EQ Q-Neg } (\text{Var } sm) \text{ AND Var } sl' \text{ EQ Q-Neg } (\text{Var } sm'))) \\
& \text{OR} \\
& (\text{SUCC } (\text{Var } sli) \text{ EQ Var } smi \text{ AND} \\
& \text{Var } sl \text{ EQ Q-Ex } (\text{Var } sm) \text{ AND Var } sl' \text{ EQ Q-Ex } (\text{Var } \\
& sm'))))))))))))) \\
& \text{by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqAbstFormP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)}
\end{aligned}$$


```

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows SeqAbstFormP-fresh-iff [simp]:

```


$$\begin{aligned}
& a \# \text{SeqAbstFormP } v i x x' s k \longleftrightarrow a \# v \wedge a \# i \wedge a \# x \wedge a \# x' \wedge a \# s \wedge \\
& a \# k \text{ (is ?thesis1)} \\
& \text{and eval-fm-SeqAbstFormP [simp]:} \\
& \text{eval-fm } e (\text{SeqAbstFormP } v i x x' s k) \longleftrightarrow \text{SeqAbstForm } \llbracket v \rrbracket e \llbracket i \rrbracket e \llbracket x \rrbracket e \\
& \llbracket s \rrbracket e \llbracket k \rrbracket e \text{ (is ?thesis2)} \\
& \text{and SeqAbstFormP-sf [iff]:} \\
& \text{Sigma-fm } (\text{SeqAbstFormP } v i x x' s k) \text{ (is ?thsf)}
\end{aligned}$$


```

proof –

```


$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{obtain } l::name \text{ and } sli::name \text{ and } sl::name \text{ and } sl'::name \text{ and } m::name \text{ and} \\
& n::name \text{ and} \\
& smi::name \text{ and } sm::name \text{ and } sm'::name \text{ and } sni::name \text{ and } sn::name \\
& \text{and } sn'::name
\end{aligned}$$


```

where atoms:

```


$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{atom } l \# (s, k, v, sli, sl, sl', m, n, smi, sm, sm', sni, sn, sn') \\
& \text{atom } sli \# (s, v, sl, sl', m, n, smi, sm, sm', sni, sn, sn') \\
& \text{atom } sl \# (s, v, sl', m, n, smi, sm, sm', sni, sn, sn') \\
& \text{atom } sl' \# (s, v, m, n, smi, sm, sm', sni, sn, sn') \\
& \text{atom } m \# (s, n, smi, sm, sm', sni, sn, sn') \text{ atom } n \# (s, smi, sm, sm', sni, sn, sn') \\
& \text{atom } smi \# (s, sm, sm', sni, sn, sn') \\
& \text{atom } sm \# (s, sm', sni, sn, sn') \\
& \text{atom } sm' \# (s, sni, sn, sn') \\
& \text{atom } sni \# (s, sn, sn') \text{ atom } sn \# (s, sn') \text{ atom } sn' \# s
\end{aligned}$$


```

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thsf

by (auto intro: LstSeqP-OrdP)

show ?thesis2 **using** atoms

by (force simp add: LstSeq-imp-Ord SeqAbstForm-def)

```

BuildSeq3-def BuildSeq-def Builds-def
HBall-def HBEx-def q-defs AbstMakeForm-def
Seq-iff-app [of  $\llbracket s \rrbracket e$ , OF LstSeq-imp-Seq-succ]
Ord-trans [of - - succ  $\llbracket k \rrbracket e$ ]
cong: conj-cong intro!: conj-cong [OF refl] all-cong)
qed

lemma SeqAbstFormP-subst [simp]:
(SeqAbstFormP v u x x' s k)(i ::= t) =
SeqAbstFormP (subst i t v) (subst i t u) (subst i t x) (subst i t x') (subst i t
s) (subst i t k)
proof -
obtain l::name and sli::name and sl::name and sl'::name and m::name and
n::name and
smi::name and sm::name and sm'::name and sni::name and sn::name
and sn'::name
where atom l # (i,t,s,k,v,sli,sl,sl',m,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn')
atom sli # (i,t,s,v,sl,sl',m,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn')
atom sl # (i,t,s,v,sl',m,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn')
atom sl' # (i,t,s,v,m,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn')
atom m # (i,t,s,n,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn')
atom n # (i,t,s,smi,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn')
atom smi # (i,t,s,sm,sm',sni,sn,sn')
atom sm # (i,t,s,sm',sni,sn,sn') atom sm' # (i,t,s,sni,sn,sn')
atom sni # (i,t,s,sn,sn') atom sn # (i,t,s,sn') atom sn' # (i,t,s)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (force simp add: SeqAbstFormP.simps [of l - - - sli sl sl' m n smi sm sm'
sni sn sn'])
qed

```

```
declare SeqAbstFormP.simps [simp del]
```

5.6.3 Defining the syntax: the main AbstForm predicate

```
definition AbstForm :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where AbstForm v i x x'  $\equiv$  is-Var v  $\wedge$  Ord i  $\wedge$  ( $\exists$  s k. SeqAbstForm v i x x' s k)
```

```
nominal-function AbstFormP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
where  $\llbracket \text{atom } s \ # (v,i,x,x',k);$ 
 $\text{atom } k \ # (v,i,x,x') \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $\text{AbstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x' = \text{VarP } v \text{ AND } \text{OrdP } i \text{ AND } \text{Ex } s \ (\text{Ex } k \ (\text{SeqAbstFormP } v$ 
 $i \ x' \ (\text{Var } s) \ (\text{Var } k)))$ 
by (auto simp: eqvt-def AbstFormP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)
```

```
nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order
```

```
lemma
```

```

shows AbstFormP-fresh-iff [simp]:
  a # AbstFormP v i x x'  $\longleftrightarrow$  a # v  $\wedge$  a # i  $\wedge$  a # x  $\wedge$  a # x' (is ?thesis1)
  and eval-fm-AbstFormP [simp]:
    eval-fm e (AbstFormP v i x x')  $\longleftrightarrow$  AbstForm [v]e [i]e [x]e [x]e (is
?thesis2)
  and AbstFormP-sf [iff]:
    Sigma-fm (AbstFormP v i x x') (is ?thsf)
proof -
  obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (v,i,x,x',k) atom k # (v,i,x,x')
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
    by (auto simp: AbstForm-def)
qed

lemma AbstFormP-subst [simp]:
  (AbstFormP v i x x')(j:=t) = AbstFormP (subst j t v) (subst j t i) (subst j t
x) (subst j t x')
proof -
  obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (v,i,x,x',t,j,k) atom k # (v,i,x,x',t,j)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: AbstFormP.simps [of s - - - k])
qed

declare AbstFormP.simps [simp del]

```

5.6.4 Correctness: It Coincides with Abstraction over real Formulas

```

lemma AbstForm-imp-Ord: AbstForm v u x x'  $\implies$  Ord v
  by (metis AbstForm-def is-Var-def)

lemma AbstForm-imp-abst-dbfm:
  assumes AbstForm v i x x'
  shows  $\exists A. x = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } A \rrbracket e \wedge$ 
         $x' = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{abst-dbfm } (\text{decode-Var } v) (\text{nat-of-ord } i) A) \rrbracket e$ 
proof -
  obtain s k where v: is-Var v and i: Ord i and sk: SeqAbstForm v i x x' s k
    using assms [unfolded AbstForm-def]
    by auto
  from sk [unfolded SeqAbstForm-def]
  show ?thesis
  proof (induction i x x' rule: BuildSeq3-induct)
    case (B i x x') thus ?case
      apply (auto simp: AbstAtomic-def dest!: AbstTerm-imp-abst-dbtm [where
e=e])
      apply (rule-tac [1] x=dbeq ta tb in exI)
      apply (rule-tac [2] x=dbmem ta tb in exI)
      apply (auto simp: q-defs)

```

```

done
next
case ( $C i x x' j y y' k z z'$ )
then obtain  $A1$  and  $A2$ 
where  $y = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } A1 \rrbracket e$ 
 $y' = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{abst-dbfm } (\text{decode-Var } v) (\text{nat-of-ord } j) A1) \rrbracket e$ 
 $z = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } A2 \rrbracket e$ 
 $z' = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{abst-dbfm } (\text{decode-Var } v) (\text{nat-of-ord } k) A2) \rrbracket e$ 
by blast
with  $C.hyps$  show ?case
apply (auto simp: AbstMakeForm-def)
apply (rule-tac [1]  $x = \text{DBDisj } A1 A2$  in exI)
apply (rule-tac [2]  $x = \text{DBNeg } A1$  in exI)
apply (rule-tac [3]  $x = \text{DBEx } A1$  in exI)
apply (auto simp:  $C q\text{-defs}$ )
done
qed
qed

lemma AbstForm-abst-dbfm:
 $\text{AbstForm } (q\text{-Var } i) (\text{ord-of } n) \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } fm \rrbracket e \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{abst-dbfm } i n fm) \rrbracket e$ 
apply (induction fm arbitrary: n rule: dbfm.induct)
apply (force simp add: AbstForm-def SeqAbstForm-def AbstMakeForm-def AbstAtomic-def
          AbstTerm-abst-dbtm htuple-minus-1 q-defs simp del: q-Var-def
          intro: BuildSeq3-exI BuildSeq3-combine) +
done

```

5.7 Substitution over formulas

5.7.1 The predicate SubstAtomicP

```

definition SubstAtomic ::  $hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow bool$ 
where SubstAtomic  $v tm y y' \equiv$ 
 $(\exists t u t' u'. \text{SubstTerm } v tm t t' \wedge \text{SubstTerm } v tm u u' \wedge$ 
 $((y = q\text{-Eq } t u \wedge y' = q\text{-Eq } t' u') \vee (y = q\text{-Mem } t u \wedge y' = q\text{-Mem } t' u')))$ 

nominal-function SubstAtomicP ::  $tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$ 
where  $\llbracket \text{atom } t \# (v, tm, y, y', t', u, u') \rrbracket;$ 
 $\text{atom } t' \# (v, tm, y, y', u, u');$ 
 $\text{atom } u \# (v, tm, y, y', u');$ 
 $\text{atom } u' \# (v, tm, y, y') \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $\text{SubstAtomicP } v tm y y' =$ 
 $\text{Ex } t (\text{Ex } u (\text{Ex } t' (\text{Ex } u'$ 
 $\quad (\text{SubstTermP } v tm (\text{Var } t) (\text{Var } t') \text{ AND } \text{SubstTermP } v tm (\text{Var } u) (\text{Var } u') \text{ AND }$ 
 $\quad ((y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Eq } (\text{Var } t) (\text{Var } u) \text{ AND } y' \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Eq } (\text{Var } t') (\text{Var } u')) \text{ OR }$ 
 $\quad (y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Mem } (\text{Var } t) (\text{Var } u) \text{ AND } y' \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Mem } (\text{Var } t'))$ 

```

```

(Var u'))))))))
by (auto simp: eqvt-def SubstAtomicP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

lemma
  shows SubstAtomicP-fresh-iff [simp]:
    a # SubstAtomicP v tm y y'  $\longleftrightarrow$  a # v  $\wedge$  a # tm  $\wedge$  a # y  $\wedge$  a # y'           (is
?thesis1)
  and eval-fm-SubstAtomicP [simp]:
    eval-fm e (SubstAtomicP v tm y y')  $\longleftrightarrow$  SubstAtomic [|v|]e [|tm|]e [|y|]e [|y|]e
(is ?thesis2)
  and SubstAtomicP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (SubstAtomicP v tm y y')                         (is
?thsf)
proof -
  obtain t::name and u::name and t':::name and u':::name
    where atom t # (v,tm,y,y',t',u,u') atom t' # (v,tm,y,y',u,u')
          atom u # (v,tm,y,y',u') atom u' # (v,tm,y,y')
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
    by (auto simp: SubstAtomic-def q-defs)
qed

lemma SubstAtomicP-subst [simp]:
  (SubstAtomicP v tm y y')(i:=w) = SubstAtomicP (subst i w v) (subst i w tm)
  (subst i w y) (subst i w y')
proof -
  obtain t::name and u::name and t':::name and u':::name
    where atom t # (v,tm,y,y',w,i,t',u,u') atom t' # (v,tm,y,y',w,i,u,u')
          atom u # (v,tm,y,y',w,i,u') atom u' # (v,tm,y,y',w,i)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: SubstAtomicP.simps [of t - - - t' u u'])
qed

lemma SubstAtomicP-cong:
  [|H ⊢ v EQ v'; H ⊢ tm EQ tm'; H ⊢ x EQ x'; H ⊢ y EQ y|]
   $\implies$  H ⊢ SubstAtomicP v tm x y IFF SubstAtomicP v' tm' x' y'
by (rule P4-cong) auto

```

5.7.2 The predicate SubstMakeForm

```

definition SubstMakeForm :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where SubstMakeForm y y' u u' w w'  $\equiv$ 
  ((y = q-Disj u w  $\wedge$  y' = q-Disj u' w')  $\vee$ 
   (y = q-Neg u  $\wedge$  y' = q-Neg u')  $\vee$ 
   (y = q-Ex u  $\wedge$  y' = q-Ex u'))

```

```

definition SeqSubstForm :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where SeqSubstForm v u x x' s k  $\equiv$  BuildSeq2 (SubstAtomic v u) SubstMakeForm
  s k x x'

nominal-function SeqSubstFormP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where  $\llbracket$  atom l # (s,k,v,u,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') $\rrbracket$ ;
    atom sl # (s,v,u,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn');
    atom sl' # (s,v,u,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn');
    atom m # (s,n,sm,sm',sn,sn'); atom n # (s,sm,sm',sn,sn');
    atom sm # (s,sm',sn,sn'); atom sm' # (s,sn,sn');
    atom sn # (s,sn'); atom sn' # s  $\implies$ 
  SeqSubstFormP v u x x' s k =
    LstSeqP s k (HPair x x') AND
    All2 l (SUCC k) (Ex sl (Ex sl' (HPair (Var l) (HPair (Var sl) (Var sl')) IN
  s AND
    (SubstAtomicP v u (Var sl) (Var sl') OR
      Ex m (Ex n (Ex sm (Ex sm' (Ex sn (Ex sn' (Var m IN Var l AND
      Var n IN Var l AND
        HPair (Var m) (HPair (Var sm) (Var sm')) IN s AND
        HPair (Var n) (HPair (Var sn) (Var sn')) IN s AND
        ((Var sl EQ Q-Disj (Var sm) (Var sn) AND
          Var sl' EQ Q-Disj (Var sm') (Var sn')) OR
          (Var sl EQ Q-Neg (Var sm) AND Var sl' EQ Q-Neg (Var sm'))))
    OR
    (Var sl EQ Q-Ex (Var sm) AND Var sl' EQ Q-Ex (Var
    sm')))))))))))))))

by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqSubstFormP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)

by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows SeqSubstFormP-fresh-iff [simp]:

$a \# \text{SeqSubstFormP } v u x x' s k \longleftrightarrow a \# v \wedge a \# u \wedge a \# x \wedge a \# x' \wedge a \# s \wedge a \# k$ (**is** ?thesis1)

and eval-fm-SeqSubstFormP [simp]:

 eval-fm e (SeqSubstFormP v u x x' s k) \longleftrightarrow
 $\text{SeqSubstForm } \llbracket v \rrbracket e \llbracket u \rrbracket e \llbracket x \rrbracket e \llbracket x' \rrbracket e \llbracket s \rrbracket e \llbracket k \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)

and SeqSubstFormP-sf [iff]:

 Sigma-fm (SeqSubstFormP v u x x' s k) (**is** ?thsf)

and SeqSubstFormP-imp-OrdP:

$\{ \text{SeqSubstFormP } v u x x' s k \} \vdash \text{OrdP } k$ (**is** ?thOrd)

and SeqSubstFormP-imp-LstSeqP:

$\{ \text{SeqSubstFormP } v u x x' s k \} \vdash \text{LstSeqP } s k (\text{HPair } x x')$ (**is** ?thLstSeq)

proof –

obtain l::name **and** sl::name **and** sl'::name **and** m::name **and** n::name **and** sm::name **and** sm'::name **and** sn::name **and** sn'::name

where atoms:

 atom l # (s,k,v,u,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

```

atom sl # (s,v,u,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom sl' # (s,v,u,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom m # (s,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (s,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom sm # (s,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (s,sn,sn')
atom sn # (s,sn') atom sn' # (s)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thsf ?thOrd ?thLstSeq
  by (auto intro: LstSeqP-OrdP)
show ?thesis2 using atoms
  by (force simp add: LstSeq-imp-Ord SeqSubstForm-def
    BuildSeq2-def BuildSeq-def Builds-def
    HBall-def HBex-def q-defs SubstMakeForm-def
    Seq-iff-app [of [|s|]e, OF LstSeq-imp-Seq-succ]
    Ord-trans [of - - succ [|k|]e]
    cong: conj-cong intro!: conj-cong [OF refl] all-cong)
qed

lemma SeqSubstFormP-subst [simp]:
  (SeqSubstFormP v u x x' s k)(i ::= t) =
  SeqSubstFormP (subst i t v) (subst i t u) (subst i t x) (subst i t x') (subst i t
  s) (subst i t k)
proof -
  obtain l::name and sl::name and sl'::name and m::name and n::name and
    sm::name and sm'::name and sn::name and sn'::name
  where atom l # (s,k,v,u,t,i,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom sl # (s,v,u,t,i,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom sl' # (s,v,u,t,i,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom m # (s,t,i,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (s,t,i,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom sm # (s,t,i,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (s,t,i,sn,sn')
    atom sn # (s,t,i,sn') atom sn' # (s,t,i)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp add: SeqSubstFormP.simps [of l - - - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])
qed

```

```

lemma SeqSubstFormP-cong:
  [|H ⊢ t EQ t'; H ⊢ u EQ u'; H ⊢ s EQ s'; H ⊢ k EQ k|]
  ==> H ⊢ SeqSubstFormP v i t u s k IFF SeqSubstFormP v i t' u' s' k'
  by (rule P4-cong [where tms=[v,i]]) (auto simp: fresh-Cons)

```

```
declare SeqSubstFormP.simps [simp del]
```

5.7.3 Defining the syntax: the main SubstForm predicate

```

definition SubstForm :: hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ bool
where SubstForm v u x x' ≡ is-Var v ∧ Term u ∧ (∃ s k. SeqSubstForm v u x x'
s k)

```

```
nominal-function SubstFormP :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
```

```

where  $\llbracket \text{atom } s \# (v, i, x, x', k); \text{atom } k \# (v, i, x, x') \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $\text{SubstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x' =$ 
 $\text{VarP } v \ AND \ \text{TermP } i \ AND \ \text{Ex } s \ (\text{Ex } k \ (\text{SeqSubstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x' \ (\text{Var } s) \ (\text{Var } k)))$ 
by (auto simp: eqvt-def SubstFormP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma
shows SubstFormP-fresh-iff [simp]:
 $a \# \text{SubstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x' \longleftrightarrow a \# v \wedge a \# i \wedge a \# x \wedge a \# x'$  (is ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-SubstFormP [simp]:
 $\text{eval-fm } e \ (\text{SubstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x') \longleftrightarrow \text{SubstForm } \llbracket v \rrbracket e \ \llbracket i \rrbracket e \ \llbracket x \rrbracket e \ \llbracket x' \rrbracket e$  (is ?thesis2)
and SubstFormP-sf [iff]:
 $\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{SubstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x')$  (is ?thsf)
proof –
obtain s::name and k::name
where atom s # (v,i,x,x',k) atom k # (v,i,x,x')
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
by (auto simp: SubstForm-def)
qed

lemma SubstFormP-subst [simp]:
 $(\text{SubstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x')(j ::= t) = \text{SubstFormP } (\text{subst } j \ t \ v) \ (\text{subst } j \ t \ i) \ (\text{subst } j \ t \ x) \ (\text{subst } j \ t \ x')$ 
proof –
obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (v,i,x,x',t,j,k) atom k # (v,i,x,x',t,j)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: SubstFormP.simps [of s - - - k])
qed

lemma SubstFormP-cong:
 $\llbracket H \vdash v \ EQ \ v'; H \vdash i \ EQ \ i'; H \vdash t \ EQ \ t'; H \vdash u \ EQ \ u' \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies H \vdash \text{SubstFormP } v \ i \ t \ u \ IFF \ \text{SubstFormP } v' \ i' \ t' \ u'$ 
by (rule P4-cong) auto

lemma ground-SubstFormP [simp]: ground-fm (SubstFormP v y x x')  $\longleftrightarrow$  ground v  $\wedge$  ground y  $\wedge$  ground x  $\wedge$  ground x'
by (auto simp: ground-aux-def ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh)

declare SubstFormP.simps [simp del]

```

5.7.4 Correctness of substitution over formulas

lemma SubstForm-imp-subst-dbfm-lemma:

```

assumes SubstForm v quot-dbtm u e x x'
shows ∃ A. x = quot-dbfm A e ∧
      x' = quot-dbfm (subst-dbfm u (decode-Var v) A) e
proof -
  obtain s k where v: is-Var v and u: Term quot-dbtm u e
    and sk: SeqSubstForm v quot-dbtm u e x x' s k
    using assms [unfolded SubstForm-def]
    by blast
  from sk [unfolded SeqSubstForm-def]
  show ?thesis
  proof (induct x x' rule: BuildSeq2-induct)
    case (B x x') thus ?case
      apply (auto simp: SubstAtomic-def elim!: SubstTerm-imp-subst-dbtm' [where
e=e])
      apply (rule-tac [1] x=dbeq ta tb in exI)
      apply (rule-tac [2] x=dbmem ta tb in exI)
      apply (auto simp: q-defs)
      done
    next
    case (C x x' y y' z z')
    then obtain A and B
      where y = quot-dbfm A e y' = quot-dbfm (subst-dbfm u (decode-Var v)
A) e
      z = quot-dbfm B e z' = quot-dbfm (subst-dbfm u (decode-Var v) B) e
      by blast
    with C.hyps show ?case
      apply (auto simp: SubstMakeForm-def)
      apply (rule-tac [1] x=dbdisj A B in exI)
      apply (rule-tac [2] x=dbneg A in exI)
      apply (rule-tac [3] x=dbex A in exI)
      apply (auto simp: C q-defs)
      done
    qed
  qed

lemma SubstForm-imp-subst-dbfm:
assumes SubstForm v u x x'
obtains t A where u = quot-dbtm t e
      x = quot-dbfm A e
      x' = quot-dbfm (subst-dbfm t (decode-Var v) A) e
proof -
  obtain t where u = quot-dbtm t e
    using assms [unfolded SubstForm-def]
    by (metis Term-imp-wf-dbtm)
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis SubstForm-imp-subst-dbfm-lemma assms that)
qed

lemma SubstForm-subst-dbfm:

```

```

assumes u: wf-dbtm u
shows SubstForm (q-Var i) [quot-dbtm u]e [quot-dbfm A]e
          [quot-dbfm (subst-dbfm u i A)]e
apply (induction A rule: dbfm.induct)
apply (force simp: u SubstForm-def SeqSubstForm-def SubstAtomic-def SubstMakeForm-def

          SubstTerm-subst-dbtm q-defs simp del: q-Var-def
          intro: BuildSeq2-exI BuildSeq2-combine) +
done

corollary SubstForm-subst-dbfm-eq:
[ $v = q\text{-Var } i; \text{ Term } ux; ux = [\text{quot-dbtm } u]e; A' = \text{subst-dbfm } u i A]$ 
 $\implies \text{SubstForm } v ux [\text{quot-dbfm } A]e [\text{quot-dbfm } A]e$ 
by (metis SubstForm-subst-dbfm Term-imp-is-tm quot-dbtm-inject-lemma quot-tm-def
wf-dbtm-iff-is-tm)

```

5.8 The predicate *AtomicP*

```

definition Atomic :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where Atomic y  $\equiv$   $\exists t u. \text{Term } t \wedge \text{Term } u \wedge (y = q\text{-Eq } t u \vee y = q\text{-Mem } t u)$ 

```

```

nominal-function AtomicP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
where [ $\text{atom } t \# (u,y); \text{ atom } u \# y$ ]  $\implies$ 
      AtomicP y = Ex t (Ex u (TermP (Var t) AND TermP (Var u) AND
      (y EQ Q-Eq (Var t) (Var u) OR
      y EQ Q-Mem (Var t) (Var u)))))
by (auto simp: eqvt-def AtomicP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

```

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

```

```

lemma
shows AtomicP-fresh-iff [simp]: a # AtomicP y  $\longleftrightarrow$  a # y (is ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-AtomicP [simp]: eval-fm e (AtomicP y)  $\longleftrightarrow$  Atomic[y]e (is ?thesis2)
and AtomicP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (AtomicP y) (is ?thsf)
proof -
  obtain t::name and u::name where atom t # (u,y) atom u # y
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
  by (auto simp: Atomic-def q-defs)
qed

```

5.9 The predicate *MakeForm*

```

definition MakeForm :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where MakeForm y u w  $\equiv$ 
      y = q-Disj u w  $\vee$  y = q-Neg u  $\vee$ 

```

$(\exists v u'. \text{AbstForm } v 0 u u' \wedge y = q\text{-Ex } u')$

nominal-function $\text{MakeFormP} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
where $\llbracket \text{atom } v \# (y,u,w,au); \text{atom } au \# (y,u,w) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{MakeFormP } y u w =$
 $y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Disj } u w \text{ OR } y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Neg } u \text{ OR }$
 $\text{Ex } v (\text{Ex } au (\text{AbstFormP } (\text{Var } v) \text{ Zero } u (\text{Var } au) \text{ AND } y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Ex } (\text{Var } au)))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def MakeFormP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows $\text{MakeFormP-fresh-iff}$ [simp]:
 $a \# \text{MakeFormP } y u w \longleftrightarrow a \# y \wedge a \# u \wedge a \# w$ (**is** ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-MakeFormP [simp]:
 $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{MakeFormP } y u w) \longleftrightarrow \text{MakeForm } \llbracket y \rrbracket e \llbracket u \rrbracket e \llbracket w \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)
and MakeFormP-sf [iff]:
 $\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{MakeFormP } y u w)$ (**is** ?thsf)

proof –

obtain $v::name$ **and** $au::name$ **where** $\text{atom } v \# (y,u,w,au)$ $\text{atom } au \# (y,u,w)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
by (auto simp: MakeForm-def q-defs)

qed

declare MakeFormP.simps [simp del]

5.10 The predicate SeqFormP

definition $\text{SeqForm} :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow bool$
where $\text{SeqForm } s k y \equiv \text{BuildSeq } \text{Atomic } \text{MakeForm } s k y$

nominal-function $\text{SeqFormP} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
where $\llbracket \text{atom } l \# (s,k,t,sl,m,n,sm,sn); \text{atom } sl \# (s,k,t,m,n,sm,sn);$
 $\text{atom } m \# (s,k,t,n,sm,sn); \text{atom } n \# (s,k,t,sm,sn);$
 $\text{atom } sm \# (s,k,t,sn); \text{atom } sn \# (s,k,t) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{SeqFormP } s k t =$
 $LstSeqP s k t \text{ AND }$
 $\text{All2 } n (\text{SUCC } k) (\text{Ex } sn (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } n) (\text{Var } sn) \text{ IN } s \text{ AND } (\text{AtomicP } (\text{Var } sn) \text{ OR }$
 $\text{Ex } m (\text{Ex } l (\text{Ex } sm (\text{Ex } sl (\text{Var } m \text{ IN } \text{Var } n \text{ AND } \text{Var } l \text{ IN } \text{Var } n$
 AND
 $\text{HPair } (\text{Var } m) (\text{Var } sm) \text{ IN } s \text{ AND } \text{HPair } (\text{Var } l) (\text{Var } sl) \text{ IN }$
 $s \text{ AND }$
 $\text{MakeFormP } (\text{Var } sn) (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sl))))))))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqFormP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (*eqvt*)
 by *lexicographic-order*

lemma

shows *SeqFormP-fresh-iff* [*simp*]:
 $a \# SeqFormP s k t \longleftrightarrow a \# s \wedge a \# k \wedge a \# t$ (**is** *?thesis1*)
 and *eval-fm-SeqFormP* [*simp*]:
 $eval-fm e (SeqFormP s k t) \longleftrightarrow SeqForm [\![s]\!]e [\![k]\!]e [\![t]\!]e$ (**is** *?thesis2*)
 and *SeqFormP-sf* [*iff*]: *Sigma-fm* (*SeqFormP s k t*) (**is** *?thsf*)

proof –

obtain *l::name* and *sl::name* and *m::name* and *n::name* and *sm::name* and *sn::name*
 where *atoms*: atom *l* $\# (s, k, t, sl, m, n, sm, sn)$ atom *sl* $\# (s, k, t, m, n, sm, sn)$
 atom *m* $\# (s, k, t, n, sm, sn)$ atom *n* $\# (s, k, t, sm, sn)$
 atom *sm* $\# (s, k, t, sn)$ atom *sn* $\# (s, k, t)$
 by (*metis obtain-fresh*)
 thus *?thesis1* *?thsf*
 by *auto*
 show *?thesis2* using *atoms*
 by (*simp cong: conj-cong add: LstSeq-imp-Ord SeqForm-def BuildSeq-def Builds-def HBall-def HBex-def q-defs Seq-iff-app [of [\![s]\!]e, OF LstSeq-imp-Seq-succ] Ord-trans [of - - succ [\![k]\!]e]*)
qed

lemma *SeqFormP-subst* [*simp*]:
 $(SeqFormP s k t)(j := w) = SeqFormP (subst j w s) (subst j w k) (subst j w t)$

proof –

obtain *l::name* and *sl::name* and *m::name* and *n::name* and *sm::name* and *sn::name*
 where atom *l* $\# (j, w, s, t, k, sl, m, n, sm, sn)$ atom *sl* $\# (j, w, s, k, t, m, n, sm, sn)$
 atom *m* $\# (j, w, s, k, t, n, sm, sn)$ atom *n* $\# (j, w, s, k, t, sm, sn)$
 atom *sm* $\# (j, w, s, k, t, sn)$ atom *sn* $\# (j, w, s, k, t)$
 by (*metis obtain-fresh*)
 thus *?thesis*
 by (*auto simp: SeqFormP.simps [of l - - - sl m n sm sn]*)
qed

5.11 The predicate *FormP*

5.11.1 Definition

definition *Form* :: *hf* \Rightarrow *bool*
 where *Form y* $\equiv (\exists s k. SeqForm s k y)$

nominal-function *FormP* :: *tm* \Rightarrow *fm*
 where $[\![\text{atom } k \# (s, y); \text{ atom } s \# y]\!] \implies$
 $FormP y = Ex k (Ex s (SeqFormP (Var s) (Var k) y))$
 by (*auto simp: eqvt-def FormP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh*) (*metis obtain-fresh*)

nominal-termination (*eqvt*)

by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows *FormP-fresh-iff* [simp]: $a \# \text{FormP } y \longleftrightarrow a \# y$ (is ?thesis1)
and *eval-fm-FormP* [simp]: $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{FormP } y) \longleftrightarrow \text{Form } \llbracket y \rrbracket e$ (is ?thesis2)
and *FormP-sf iff*: $\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{FormP } y)$ (is ?thsf)

proof –

obtain $k::\text{name}$ and $s::\text{name}$ where $k: \text{atom } k \# (s, y) \text{ atom } s \# y$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
by (auto simp: Form-def)

qed

lemma *FormP-subst* [simp]: $(\text{FormP } y)(j ::= w) = \text{FormP } (\text{subst } j w y)$

proof –

obtain $k::\text{name}$ and $s::\text{name}$ where $\text{atom } k \# (s, j, w, y) \text{ atom } s \# (j, w, y)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: FormP.simps [of k s])

qed

5.11.2 Correctness: It Corresponds to Quotations of Real Formulas

lemma *AbstForm-trans-fm*:

$\text{AbstForm } (\text{q-Var } i) 0 \llbracket \llbracket A \rrbracket \rrbracket e \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{trans-fm } [i] A) \rrbracket e$
by (metis abst-trans-fm ord-of.simps(1) quot-fm-def AbstForm-abst-dbfm)

corollary *AbstForm-trans-fm-eq*:

$\llbracket x = \llbracket \llbracket A \rrbracket \rrbracket e; x' = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{trans-fm } [i] A) \rrbracket e \rrbracket \implies \text{AbstForm } (\text{q-Var } i) 0 x = x'$
by (metis AbstForm-trans-fm)

lemma *wf-Form-quot-dbfm* [simp]:

assumes *wf-dbfm A* shows *Form* $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } A \rrbracket e$

using *assms*

proof (induct rule: *wf-dbfm.induct*)

case (Mem $tm1\ tm2$)

hence *Atomic* $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{DBMem } tm1\ tm2) \rrbracket e$

by (auto simp: *Atomic-def quot-Mem q-Mem-def dest: wf-Term-quot-dbtm*)

thus ?case

by (auto simp: *Form-def SeqForm-def BuildSeq-exI*)

next

case (Eq $tm1\ tm2$)

hence *Atomic* $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{DBEq } tm1\ tm2) \rrbracket e$

by (auto simp: *Atomic-def quot-Eq q-Eq-def dest: wf-Term-quot-dbtm*)

thus ?case

```

    by (auto simp: Form-def SeqForm-def BuildSeq-exI)
next
  case (Disj A1 A2)
    have MakeForm quot-dbfm (DBDisj A1 A2) e quot-dbfm A1 e quot-dbfm A2 e
      by (simp add: quot-Disj q-Disj-def MakeForm-def)
    thus ?case using Disj
      by (force simp add: Form-def SeqForm-def intro: BuildSeq-combine)
next
  case (Neg A)
    have A y. MakeForm quot-dbfm (DBNeg A) e quot-dbfm A e y
      by (simp add: quot-Neg q-Neg-def MakeForm-def)
    thus ?case using Neg
      by (force simp add: Form-def SeqForm-def intro: BuildSeq-combine)
next
  case (Ex A i)
    have A y. MakeForm quot-dbfm (DBEx (abst-dbfm i 0 A)) e quot-dbfm A e y
      by (simp add: quot-Ex q-defs MakeForm-def) (metis AbstForm-abst-dbfm ord-of.simps(1))
    thus ?case using Ex
      by (force simp add: Form-def SeqForm-def intro: BuildSeq-combine)
qed

lemma Form-quot-fm [iff]: fixes A :: fm shows Form [[A]] e
  by (metis quot-fm-def wf-Form-quot-dbfm wf-dbfm-trans-fm)

lemma Atomic-Form-is-wf-dbfm: Atomic x ==> ∃ A. wf-dbfm A ∧ x = [[quot-dbfm A]] e
proof (auto simp: Atomic-def)
  fix t u
  assume t: Term t and u: Term u
  then obtain tm1 and tm2
    where tm1: wf-dbtm tm1 t = [[quot-dbtm tm1]] e
      and tm2: wf-dbtm tm2 u = [[quot-dbtm tm2]] e
      by (metis Term-imp-is-tm quot-tm-def wf-dbtm-trans-tm) +
    thus ∃ A. wf-dbfm A ∧ q-Eq t u = [[quot-dbfm A]] e
      by (auto simp: quot-Eq q-Eq-def)
next
  fix t u
  assume t: Term t and u: Term u
  then obtain tm1 and tm2
    where tm1: wf-dbtm tm1 t = [[quot-dbtm tm1]] e
      and tm2: wf-dbtm tm2 u = [[quot-dbtm tm2]] e
      by (metis Term-imp-is-tm quot-tm-def wf-dbtm-trans-tm) +
    thus ∃ A. wf-dbfm A ∧ q-Mem t u = [[quot-dbfm A]] e
      by (auto simp: quot-Mem q-Mem-def)
qed

lemma SeqForm-imp-wf-dbfm:

```

```

assumes SeqForm s k x
shows ∃ A. wf-dbfm A ∧ x = [[quot-dbfm A]]e
using assms [unfolded SeqForm-def]
proof (induct x rule: BuildSeq-induct)
  case (B x) thus ?case
    by (rule Atomic-Form-is-wf-dbfm)
next
  case (C x y z)
  then obtain A B where wf-dbfm A y = [[quot-dbfm A]]e
    wf-dbfm B z = [[quot-dbfm B]]e
    by blast
  thus ?case using C
    apply (auto simp: MakeForm-def dest!: AbstForm-imp-abst-dbfm [where e=e])
    apply (rule exI [where x=DBDisj A B])
    apply (rule-tac [2] x=DBNeg A in exI)
    apply (rule-tac [3] x=DBEx (abst-dbfm (decode-Var v) 0 A) in exI)
    apply (auto simp: q-defs)
    done
qed

lemma Form-imp-wf-dbfm:
assumes Form x obtains A where wf-dbfm A x = [[quot-dbfm A]]e
by (metis assms SeqForm-imp-wf-dbfm Form-def)

lemma Form-imp-is-fm: assumes Form x obtains A::fm where x = [[A]] e
by (metis assms Form-imp-wf-dbfm quot-fm-def wf-dbfm-imp-is-fm)

lemma SubstForm-imp-subst-fm:
assumes SubstForm v [[u]]e x x' Form x
obtains A::fm where x = [[A]] e x' = [[A(decode-Var v:=u)]] e
using assms [unfolded quot-tm-def]
by (auto simp: quot-fm-def dest!: SubstForm-imp-subst-dbfm-lemma)
  (metis Form-imp-is-fm eval-quot-dbfm-ignore quot-dbfm-inject-lemma quot-fm-def)

lemma SubstForm-unique:
assumes is-Var v and Term y and Form x
shows SubstForm v y x x' ↔
  (∃ t::tm. y = [[t]]e ∧ (∃ A::fm. x = [[A]]e ∧ x' = [[A(decode-Var v:=t)]]e))
using assms
apply (auto elim!: Term-imp-wf-dbtm [where e=e] Form-imp-is-fm [where e=e]
  SubstForm-imp-subst-dbfm [where e=e])
apply (auto simp: quot-tm-def quot-fm-def is-Var-iff q-Var-def intro: SubstForm-subst-dbfm-eq)
apply (metis subst-fm-trans-commute wf-dbtm-imp-is-tm)
done

lemma SubstForm-quot-unique: SubstForm (q-Var i) [[t]]e [[A]]e x' ↔ x' =
  [[A(i:=t)]] e

```

```

by (subst SubstForm-unique [where e=e]) auto

lemma SubstForm-quot: SubstForm [[Var i]]e [[t]]e [[A]]e [[A(i:=t)]]e
  by (metis SubstForm-quot-unique eval-Var-q)

```

5.11.3 The predicate VarNonOccFormP (Derived from SubstFormP)

```

definition VarNonOccForm :: hf ⇒ hf ⇒ bool
  where VarNonOccForm v x ≡ Form x ∧ SubstForm v 0 x x

```

```

nominal-function VarNonOccFormP :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
  where VarNonOccFormP v x = FormP x AND SubstFormP v Zero x x
    by (auto simp: eqvt-def VarNonOccFormP-graph-aux-def)

```

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

```

```

lemma
  shows VarNonOccFormP-fresh-iff [simp]: a # VarNonOccFormP v y ←→ a # v
  ∧ a # y (is ?thesis1)
  and eval-fm-VarNonOccFormP [simp]:
    eval-fm e (VarNonOccFormP v y) ←→ VarNonOccForm [[v]]e [[y]]e (is
  ?thesis2)
  and VarNonOccFormP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (VarNonOccFormP v y) (is ?thsf)
proof -
  show ?thesis1 ?thsf ?thesis2
  by (auto simp add: VarNonOccForm-def)
qed

```

5.11.4 Correctness for Real Terms and Formulas

```

lemma VarNonOccForm-imp-dbfm-fresh:
  assumes VarNonOccForm v x
  shows ∃ A. wf-dbfm A ∧ x = [[quot-dbfm A]]e ∧ atom (decode-Var v) # A
proof -
  obtain A' where A': wf-dbfm A' x = [[quot-dbfm A]]e SubstForm v [[quot-dbtm
DBZero]]e x x
    using assms [unfolded VarNonOccForm-def]
    by auto (metis Form-imp-wf-dbfm)
  then obtain A where x = [[quot-dbfm A]]e
    x = [[quot-dbfm (subst-dbfm DBZero (decode-Var v) A)]]e
    by (metis SubstForm-imp-subst-dbfm-lemma)
  thus ?thesis using A'
    by auto (metis fresh-iff-non-subst-dbfm)
qed

```

```

corollary VarNonOccForm-imp-fresh:
  assumes VarNonOccForm v x obtains A::fm where x = [[A]]e atom (decode-Var

```

```

v)  $\# A$ 
  using VarNonOccForm-imp-dbfm-fresh [OF assms, where e=e]
  by (auto simp: quot-fm-def wf-dbfm-iff-is-fm)

lemma VarNonOccForm-dbfm:
  wf-dbfm A  $\implies$  atom i  $\# A \implies$  VarNonOccForm (q-Var i)  $\llbracket$  quot-dbfm A  $\rrbracket$  e
  by (auto intro: SubstForm-subst-dbfm-eq [where u=DBZero]
    simp add: VarNonOccForm-def Const-0 Const-imp-Term fresh-iff-non-subst-dbfm
    [symmetric])

corollary fresh-imp-VarNonOccForm:
  fixes A::fm shows atom i  $\# A \implies$  VarNonOccForm (q-Var i)  $\llbracket$  [A]  $\rrbracket$  e
  by (simp add: quot-fm-def wf-dbfm-trans-fm VarNonOccForm-dbfm)

declare VarNonOccFormP.simps [simp del]

end

```

Chapter 6

Formalizing Provability

```
theory Pf-Predicates
imports Coding-Predicates
begin
```

6.1 Section 4 Predicates (Leading up to Pf)

6.1.1 The predicate *SentP*, for the Sentential (Boolean) Axioms

```
definition Sent-axioms :: hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ bool where
  Sent-axioms x y z w ≡
    x = q-Impl y y ∨
    x = q-Impl y (q-Disj y z) ∨
    x = q-Impl (q-Disj y y) y ∨
    x = q-Impl (q-Disj y (q-Disj z w)) (q-Disj (q-Disj y z) w) ∨
    x = q-Impl (q-Disj y z) (q-Impl (q-Disj (q-Neg y) w) (q-Disj z w))
```

```
definition Sent :: hf set where
  Sent ≡ {x. ∃ y z w. Form y ∧ Form z ∧ Form w ∧ Sent-axioms x y z w}
```

```
nominal-function SentP :: tm ⇒ fm
  where [atom y # (z,w,x); atom z # (w,x); atom w # x] ==>
    SentP x = Ex y (Ex z (Ex w (FormP (Var y) AND FormP (Var z) AND
      FormP (Var w) AND
        ( (x EQ Q-Impl (Var y) (Var y)) OR
          (x EQ Q-Impl (Var y) (Q-Disj (Var y) (Var z))) OR
          (x EQ Q-Impl (Q-Disj (Var y) (Var y)) (Var y)) OR
          (x EQ Q-Impl (Q-Disj (Var y) (Q-Disj (Var z) (Var w))) (Q-Disj (Q-Disj (Var y) (Var z)) (Var w))) OR
          (x EQ Q-Impl (Q-Disj (Var y) (Var z)) (Q-Impl (Q-Disj (Q-Neg (Var y) (Var w)) (Q-Disj (Var z) (Var w)))))) OR
        (x EQ Q-Impl (Q-Disj (Var y) (Var z)) (Q-Impl (Q-Disj (Q-Neg (Var y) (Var w)) (Q-Disj (Var z) (Var w)))))))))])
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def SentP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)
```

nominal-termination (*eqvt*)
 by *lexicographic-order*

lemma

shows *SentP-fresh-iff* [*simp*]: $a \notin \text{SentP } x \longleftrightarrow a \notin x$ (is ?thesis1)
 and *eval-fm-SentP* [*simp*]: $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{SentP } x) \longleftrightarrow \llbracket x \rrbracket e \in \text{Sent}$ (is ?thesis2)
 and *SentP-sf* [*iff*]: $\text{Sigma-fm} (\text{SentP } x)$ (is ?thsf)

proof –

obtain $y::name$ and $z::name$ and $w::name$ where atom $y \notin (z,w,x)$ atom $z \notin (w,x)$ atom $w \notin x$
 by (metis obtain-fresh)
 thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
 by (auto simp: Sent-def Sent-axioms-def q-defs)

qed

6.1.2 The predicate *Equality-axP*, for the Equality Axioms

definition *Equality-ax* :: *hf set* **where**

$\text{Equality-ax} \equiv \{ \llbracket \text{refl-ax} \rrbracket e0, \llbracket \text{eq-cong-ax} \rrbracket e0, \llbracket \text{mem-cong-ax} \rrbracket e0, \llbracket \text{eats-cong-ax} \rrbracket e0 \}$

function *Equality-axP* :: *tm \Rightarrow fm*

where *Equality-axP* $x =$
 $x \text{ EQ } \llbracket \text{refl-ax} \rrbracket \text{ OR } x \text{ EQ } \llbracket \text{eq-cong-ax} \rrbracket \text{ OR } x \text{ EQ } \llbracket \text{mem-cong-ax} \rrbracket \text{ OR } x \text{ EQ } \llbracket \text{eats-cong-ax} \rrbracket$
 by auto

termination

by *lexicographic-order*

lemma *eval-fm-Equality-axP* [*simp*]: $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{Equality-axP } x) \longleftrightarrow \llbracket x \rrbracket e \in \text{Equality-ax}$

by (auto simp: Equality-ax-def intro: eval-quot-fm-ignore)

6.1.3 The predicate *HF-axP*, for the HF Axioms

definition *HF-ax* :: *hf set* **where**

$\text{HF-ax} \equiv \{ \llbracket \text{HF1} \rrbracket e0, \llbracket \text{HF2} \rrbracket e0 \}$

function *HF-axP* :: *tm \Rightarrow fm*

where *HF-axP* $x = x \text{ EQ } \llbracket \text{HF1} \rrbracket \text{ OR } x \text{ EQ } \llbracket \text{HF2} \rrbracket$
 by auto

termination

by *lexicographic-order*

lemma *eval-fm-HF-axP* [*simp*]: $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{HF-axP } x) \longleftrightarrow \llbracket x \rrbracket e \in \text{HF-ax}$

by (auto simp: HF-ax-def intro: eval-quot-fm-ignore)

lemma *HF-axP-sf* [*iff*]: $\text{Sigma-fm} (\text{HF-axP } t)$

by auto

6.1.4 The specialisation axioms

inductive-set *Special-ax* :: *hf set where*

$$I: \llbracket \text{AbstForm } v \ 0 \ x \ ax; \text{SubstForm } v \ y \ x \ sx; \text{Form } x; \text{is-Var } v; \text{Term } y \rrbracket \\ \implies q\text{-Imp } sx \ (q\text{-Ex } ax) \in \text{Special-ax}$$

Defining the syntax

nominal-function *Special-axP* :: *tm* \Rightarrow *fm* **where**

$$\llbracket \text{atom } v \ \# (p, sx, y, ax, x); \text{atom } x \ \# (p, sx, y, ax); \\ \text{atom } ax \ \# (p, sx, y); \text{atom } y \ \# (p, sx); \text{atom } sx \ \# p \rrbracket \implies \\ \text{Special-axP } p = \text{Ex } v \ (\text{Ex } x \ (\text{Ex } ax \ (\text{Ex } y \ (\text{Ex } sx \\ (\text{FormP } (\text{Var } x) \ \text{AND} \ \text{VarP } (\text{Var } v) \ \text{AND} \ \text{TermP } (\text{Var } y) \ \text{AND} \\ \text{AbstFormP } (\text{Var } v) \ \text{Zero } (\text{Var } x) \ (\text{Var } ax) \ \text{AND} \\ \text{SubstFormP } (\text{Var } v) \ (\text{Var } y) \ (\text{Var } x) \ (\text{Var } sx) \ \text{AND} \\ p \ \text{EQ} \ Q\text{-Imp } (\text{Var } sx) \ (Q\text{-Ex } (\text{Var } ax)))))))$$

by (auto simp: eqvt-def Special-axP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)

by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows *Special-axP-fresh-iff* [simp]: $a \ \# \text{Special-axP } p \longleftrightarrow a \ \# p$ (**is** ?thesis1)

and eval-fm-Special-axP [simp]: eval-fm *e* (*Special-axP p*) $\longleftrightarrow \llbracket p \rrbracket e \in \text{Special-ax}$ (**is** ?thesis2)

and Special-axP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (*Special-axP p*) (**is** ?thesis3)

proof –

obtain *v::name* **and** *x::name* **and** *ax::name* **and** *y::name* **and** *sx::name*

where atom *v* $\# (p, sx, y, ax, x)$ atom *x* $\# (p, sx, y, ax)$

atom *ax* $\# (p, sx, y)$ atom *y* $\# (p, sx)$ atom *sx* $\# p$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thesis3

apply auto

apply (metis q-Disj-def q-Ex-def q-Imp-def q-Neg-def Special-ax.intros)

apply (metis q-Disj-def q-Ex-def q-Imp-def q-Neg-def Special-ax.cases)

done

qed

Correctness (or, correspondence)

lemma *Special-ax-imp-special-axioms*:

assumes *x* \in *Special-ax* **shows** $\exists A. x = \llbracket \llbracket A \rrbracket \rrbracket e \wedge A \in \text{special-axioms}$

using assms

proof (induction rule: *Special-ax.induct*)

case (*I v x ax y sx*)

obtain *fm::fm* **and** *u::tm* **where** *fm*: *x* = $\llbracket \llbracket fm \rrbracket \rrbracket e$ **and** *u*: *y* = $\llbracket \llbracket u \rrbracket \rrbracket e$

using *I* **by** (auto elim!: Form-imp-is-fm Term-imp-is-tm)

obtain *B* **where** *x*: *x* = $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } B \rrbracket e$

and *ax*: *ax* = $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{abst-dbfm } (\text{decode-Var } v) \ 0 \ B) \rrbracket e$

using *I AbstForm-imp-abst-dbfm* **by** force

```

obtain B' where x': x =  $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } B \rrbracket e$ 
    and sx: sx =  $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{subst-dbfm } (\text{trans-tm } [] u) (\text{decode-Var } v) B') \rrbracket e$ 
    using I by (metis u SubstForm-imp-subst-dbfm-lemma quot-tm-def)
have eq: B'=B
    by (metis quot-dbfm-inject-lemma x x')
have fm(decode-Var v::=u) IMP SyntaxN.Ex (decode-Var v) fm ∈ special-axioms
    by (metis special-axioms.intros)
thus ?case using eq
    apply (auto simp: quot-simps q-defs
        intro!: exI [where x = fm((decode-Var v)::=u)] IMP (Ex (decode-Var v) fm)])
        apply (metis fm quot-dbfm-inject-lemma quot-fm-def subst-fm-trans-commute
            sx x')
        apply (metis abst-trans-fm ax fm quot-dbfm-inject-lemma quot-fm-def x)
        done
qed

lemma special-axioms-into-Special-ax: A ∈ special-axioms  $\implies \llbracket \lceil A \rceil \rrbracket e \in \text{Special-ax}$ 
proof (induct rule: special-axioms.induct)
    case (I A i t)
    have  $\llbracket \lceil A(i ::= t) \rceil \rrbracket e =$ 
        q-Imp  $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{subst-dbfm } (\text{trans-tm } [] t) i (\text{trans-fm } [] A)) \rrbracket e$ 
        (q-Ex  $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{trans-fm } [i] A) \rrbracket e$ )
    by (simp add: quot-fm-def q-defs)
    also have ... ∈ Special-ax
    apply (rule Special-ax.intros [OF AbstForm-trans-fm])
    apply (auto simp: quot-fm-def [symmetric] intro: SubstForm-quot [unfolded
        eval-Var-q])
    done
    finally show ?case .
qed

```

We have precisely captured the codes of the specialisation axioms.

```

corollary Special-ax-eq-special-axioms: Special-ax = ( $\bigcup A \in \text{special-axioms}. \{ \llbracket \lceil A \rceil \rrbracket e \}$ )
by (force dest: special-axioms-into-Special-ax Special-ax-imp-special-axioms)

```

6.1.5 The induction axioms

```

inductive-set Induction-ax :: hf set where
    I:  $\llbracket \text{SubstForm } v 0 x x0;$ 
         $\text{SubstForm } v w x xw;$ 
         $\text{SubstForm } v (q\text{-Eats } v w) x xevw;$ 
         $\text{AbstForm } w 0 (q\text{-Imp } x (q\text{-Imp } xw xevw)) allw;$ 
         $\text{AbstForm } v 0 (q\text{-All } allw) allvw;$ 
         $\text{AbstForm } v 0 x ax;$ 
         $v \neq w; \text{VarNonOccForm } w x \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies q\text{-Imp } x0 (q\text{-Imp } (q\text{-All } allvw) (q\text{-All } ax)) \in \text{Induction-ax}$ 

```

Defining the syntax

nominal-function *Induction-axP* :: *tm* \Rightarrow *fm* **where**

```

  [[atom ax # (p,v,w,x,x0,xw,xevw,allw,allvw);
    atom allvw # (p,v,w,x,x0,xw,xevw,allw); atom allw # (p,v,w,x,x0,xw,xevw);
    atom xevw # (p,v,w,x,x0,xw); atom xw # (p,v,w,x,x0);
    atom x0 # (p,v,w,x); atom x # (p,v,w);
    atom w # (p,v); atom v # p]]  $\implies$ 
Induction-axP p = Ex v (Ex w (Ex x (Ex x0 (Ex xw (Ex xevw (Ex allw (Ex allvw
Ex ax
      (((Var v NEQ Var w) AND VarNonOccFormP (Var w) (Var x) AND
      SubstFormP (Var v) Zero (Var x) (Var x0) AND
      SubstFormP (Var v) (Var w) (Var x) (Var xw) AND
      SubstFormP (Var v) (Q-Eats (Var v) (Var w)) (Var x) (Var xevw)
      AND
      AbstFormP (Var w) Zero (Q-Imp (Var x) (Q-Imp (Var xw) (Var
      xevw))) (Var allw) AND
      AbstFormP (Var v) Zero (Q-All (Var allw)) (Var allvw) AND
      AbstFormP (Var v) Zero (Var x) (Var ax) AND
      p EQ Q-Imp (Var x0) (Q-Imp (Q-All (Var allvw)) (Q-All (Var
      ax)))))))))))
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def Induction-axP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

```

nominal-termination (*eqvt*)

by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows *Induction-axP-fresh-iff* [simp]: *a # Induction-axP p* \longleftrightarrow *a # p* (**is** ?thesis1)
and *eval-fm-Induction-axP* [simp]:

eval-fm e (*Induction-axP p*) \longleftrightarrow [[*p*]] *e* \in *Induction-ax* (**is** ?thesis2)

and *Induction-axP-sf* [iff]: *Sigma-fm* (*Induction-axP p*) (**is** ?thesis3)

proof –

obtain *v::name and w::name and x::name and x0::name and xw::name and xevw::name*

and *allw::name and allvw::name and ax::name*

where atoms: *atom ax # (p,v,w,x,x0,xw,xevw,allw,allvw)*

atom allvw # (p,v,w,x,x0,xw,xevw,allw) *atom allw # (p,v,w,x,x0,xw,xevw)*

atom xevw # (p,v,w,x,x0,xw) *atom xw # (p,v,w,x,x0)* *atom x0 #*

(p,v,w,x)

atom x # (p,v,w) *atom w # (p,v)* *atom v # p*

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thesis3

by auto

show ?thesis2

proof

assume *eval-fm e* (*Induction-axP p*)

thus [[*p*]] *e* \in *Induction-ax* **using** atoms

by (auto intro!: Induction-ax.I [unfolded q-defs])

next

assume [[*p*]] *e* \in *Induction-ax*

```

thus eval-fm e (Induction-axP p)
  apply (rule Induction-ax.cases) using atoms
  apply (force simp: q-defs htuple-minus-1 intro!: AbstForm-imp-Ord)
  done
qed
qed

```

Correctness (or, correspondence)

lemma *Induction-ax-imp-induction-axioms*:

assumes $x \in \text{Induction-ax}$ shows $\exists A. x = \llbracket A \rrbracket e \wedge A \in \text{induction-axioms}$

using *assms*

proof (*induction rule: Induction-ax.induct*)

case ($I v x x0 w xw xevw allw allvw ax$)

then have $v: \text{is-Var } v$ and $w: \text{is-Var } w$

and dvw [simp]: $\text{decode-Var } v \neq \text{decode-Var } w$ atom ($\text{decode-Var } w$) \notin [$\text{decode-Var } v$]

by (auto simp: AbstForm-def fresh-Cons)

obtain $A::fm$ where $A: x = \llbracket A \rrbracket e$ and $wfresh: \text{atom } (\text{decode-Var } w) \notin A$

using $I \text{VarNonOccForm-imp-fresh}$ by blast

then obtain $A' A''$ where $A': q\text{-Imp} (\llbracket A \rrbracket e) (q\text{-Imp} xw xevw) = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } A \rrbracket e$

and $A'': q\text{-All } allw = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } A' \rrbracket e$

using $I \text{VarNonOccForm-imp-fresh}$ by (auto dest!: AbstForm-imp-abst-dbfm)

def $Aw \equiv A(\text{decode-Var } v ::= \text{Var } (\text{decode-Var } w))$

def $Ae \equiv A(\text{decode-Var } v ::= \text{Eats } (\text{Var } (\text{decode-Var } v)) (\text{Var } (\text{decode-Var } w)))$

have $x0: x0 = \llbracket A(\text{decode-Var } v ::= \text{Zero}) \rrbracket e$ using $I \text{SubstForm-imp-subst-fm}$

by (metis A Form-quot-fm eval-fm-inject eval-tm.simps(1) quot-Zero)

have $xw: xw = \llbracket Aw \rrbracket e$ using $I \text{SubstForm-imp-subst-fm}$

by (metis A Form-quot-fm eval-fm-inject is-Var-imp-decode-Var w Aw-def)

have $\text{SubstForm } v (\llbracket \text{Eats } (\text{Var } (\text{decode-Var } v)) (\text{Var } (\text{decode-Var } w)) \rrbracket e) x xevw$

using I by (simp add: quot-simps q-defs) (metis is-Var-iff v w)

hence $xevw: xevw = \llbracket Ae \rrbracket e$

by (metis A Ae-def Form-quot-fm SubstForm-imp-subst-fm eval-fm-inject)

have $ax: ax = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{abst-dbfm } (\text{decode-Var } v) 0 (\text{trans-fm } [] A)) \rrbracket e$

using I by (metis A AbstForm-imp-abst-dbfm nat-of-ord-0 quot-dbfm-inject-lemma quot-fm-def)

have $evw: q\text{-Imp } x (q\text{-Imp} xw xevw) =$

$\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{trans-fm } [] (A \text{ IMP } (Aw \text{ IMP } Ae))) \rrbracket e$

using $A xw xevw$ by (auto simp: quot-simps q-defs quot-fm-def)

hence $allw: allw = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{abst-dbfm } (\text{decode-Var } w) 0$

$(\text{trans-fm } [] (A \text{ IMP } (Aw \text{ IMP } Ae))) \rrbracket e$

using I by (metis AbstForm-imp-abst-dbfm nat-of-ord-0 quot-dbfm-inject-lemma)

then have $evw: q\text{-All } allw = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{trans-fm } [] (\text{All } (\text{decode-Var } w) (A$

$\text{IMP } (Aw \text{ IMP } Ae))) \rrbracket e$

by (auto simp: q-defs abst-trans-fm)

hence $allvw: allvw = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm } (\text{abst-dbfm } (\text{decode-Var } v) 0$

$(\text{trans-fm } [] (\text{All } (\text{decode-Var } w) (A \text{ IMP } (Aw \text{ IMP } Ae)))) \rrbracket e$

```

using I by (metis AbstForm-imp-abst-dbfm nat-of-ord-0 quot-dbfm-inject-lemma)
def ind-ax ≡
  A(decode-Var v::=Zero) IMP
  ((All (decode-Var v) (All (decode-Var w) (A IMP (Aw IMP Ae)))) IMP
   (All (decode-Var v) A))
have atom (decode-Var w) # (decode-Var v, A) using I wfresh v w
  by (metis atom-eq-iff decode-Var-inject fresh-Pair fresh-ineq-at-base)
hence ind-ax ∈ induction-axioms
  by (auto simp: ind-ax-def Aw-def Ae-def induction-axioms.intros)
thus ?case
  by (force simp: quot-simps q-defs ind-ax-def allvw ax x0 abst-trans-fm2 abst-trans-fm)
qed

```

```

lemma induction-axioms-into-Induction-ax:
  A ∈ induction-axioms  $\implies \llbracket [A] \rrbracket e \in \text{Induction-ax}$ 
proof (induct rule: induction-axioms.induct)
  case (ind j i A)
  hence eq:  $\llbracket [A(i::=Zero)] \rrbracket e \implies \llbracket [A(i::=Var j)] \rrbracket e \implies \llbracket [A(i::=Eats (Var i) (Var j))] \rrbracket e =$ 
     $\llbracket q\text{-Imp } \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{subst-dbfm} (\text{trans-tm} [] \text{Zero}) i (\text{trans-fm} [] A)) \rrbracket e$ 
     $\llbracket q\text{-Imp } (q\text{-All } (q\text{-All } (q\text{-Imp } \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{trans-fm} [j, i] A) \llbracket e$ 
     $\llbracket q\text{-Imp } \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{trans-fm} [j, i] (A(i::=Var j))) \rrbracket e$ 
     $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{trans-fm} [j, i] (A(i::=Eats (Var i) (Var j))) \rrbracket e) \rrbracket e \rrbracket e)$ 
     $\llbracket q\text{-All } \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{trans-fm} [i] A) \rrbracket e \rrbracket e)$ 
  by (simp add: quot-simps q-defs quot-subst-eq fresh-Cons fresh-Pair)
  have [simp]: atom j # [i] using ind
  by (metis fresh-Cons fresh-Nil fresh-Pair)
  show ?case
  proof (simp only: eq, rule Induction-ax.intros [where v = q-Var i and w = q-Var j])
    show SubstForm (q-Var i) 0  $\llbracket [A] \rrbracket e$ 
       $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{subst-dbfm} (\text{trans-tm} [] \text{Zero}) i (\text{trans-fm} [] A)) \rrbracket e$ 
    by (metis SubstForm-subst-dbfm-eq Term-quot-tm eval-tm.simps(1) quot-Zero
      quot-fm-def quot-tm-def)
    next
    show SubstForm (q-Var i) (q-Var j)  $\llbracket [A] \rrbracket e$   $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{subst-dbfm} (\text{DBVar } j$ 
       $i (\text{trans-fm} [] A)) \rrbracket e$ 
    by (auto simp: quot-fm-def intro!: SubstForm-subst-dbfm-eq Term-Var)
      (metis q-Var-def)
    next
    show SubstForm (q-Var i) (q-Eats (q-Var i) (q-Var j))  $\llbracket [A] \rrbracket e$ 
       $\llbracket \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{subst-dbfm} (\text{DBEats } (\text{DBVar } i) (\text{DBVar } j)) i (\text{trans-fm} []$ 
       $A)) \rrbracket e$ 
    unfolding quot-fm-def
    by (auto intro!: SubstForm-subst-dbfm-eq Term-Eats Term-Var) (simp add:
      q-defs)

```

```

next
  show AbstForm (q-Var j) 0
    (q-Imp [[A]]e
      (q-Imp [[quot-dbfm (subst-dbfm (DBVar j) i (trans-fm [] A))]]e
        [[quot-dbfm (subst-dbfm (DBEats (DBVar i)) (DBVar j)) i (trans-fm
        [] A))]]e)
        [[quot-dbfm (trans-fm [j] (A IMP (A(i::= Var j) IMP A(i::= Eats( Var
        i)(Var j))))]]e
        by (rule AbstForm-trans-fm-eq [where A = (A IMP A(i::= Var j) IMP
        A(i::= Eats( Var i)(Var j)))]
        (auto simp: quot-simps q-defs quot-fm-def subst-fm-trans-commute-eq))
  next
    show AbstForm (q-Var i) 0
      (q-All [[quot-dbfm (trans-fm [j] (A IMP A(i::=Var j) IMP A(i::=Eats ( Var i)
      (Var j))))]]e)
      (q-All
        (q-Imp [[quot-dbfm (trans-fm [j, i] A)]]]e
        (q-Imp [[quot-dbfm (trans-fm [j, i] (A(i::=Var j)))]]]e
          [[quot-dbfm (trans-fm [j, i] (A(i::=Eats ( Var i) (Var j))))]]e)))
      apply (rule AbstForm-trans-fm-eq
        [where A = All j (A IMP (A(i::= Var j) IMP A(i::= Eats( Var i)( Var
        j))))])
      apply (auto simp: q-defs quot-fm-def)
      done
  next
    show AbstForm (q-Var i) 0 ([[A]]e) [[quot-dbfm (trans-fm [i] A)]]]e
    by (metis AbstForm-trans-fm)
  next
    show q-Var i ≠ q-Var j using ind
    by (simp add: q-Var-def)
  next
    show VarNonOccForm (q-Var j) ([[A]]e)
    by (metis fresh-Pair fresh-imp-VarNonOccForm ind)
  qed
qed

```

We have captured the codes of the induction axioms.

corollary *Induction-ax-eq-induction-axioms*:
 $Induction\text{-}ax = (\bigcup A \in induction\text{-}axioms. \{[[A]]e\})$
by (force dest: induction-axioms-into-Induction-ax Induction-ax-imp-induction-axioms)

6.1.6 The predicate *AxiomP*, for any *Axioms*

definition *Extra-ax* :: *hf set* **where**
 $Extra\text{-}ax \equiv \{[[extra\text{-}axiom]]e0\}$

definition *Axiom* :: *hf set* **where**
 $Axiom \equiv Extra\text{-}ax \cup Sent \cup Equality\text{-}ax \cup HF\text{-}ax \cup Special\text{-}ax \cup Induction\text{-}ax$

definition *AxiomP* :: *tm ⇒ fm*

where $AxiomP x \equiv x EQ \lceil extra-axiom \rceil OR SentP x OR Equality-axP x OR HF-axP x OR Special-axP x OR Induction-axP x$

lemma $AxiomP\text{-eqvt} [eqvt]: (p \cdot AxiomP x) = AxiomP (p \cdot x)$
by (*simp add: AxiomP-def*)

lemma $AxiomP\text{-fresh-iff} [simp]: a \# AxiomP x \longleftrightarrow a \# x$
by (*auto simp: AxiomP-def*)

lemma $eval\text{-fm}\text{-}AxiomP [simp]: eval\text{-fm} e (AxiomP x) \longleftrightarrow \llbracket x \rrbracket e \in Axiom$
unfolding $AxiomP\text{-def} Axiom\text{-def Extra-ax-def}$
by (*auto simp del: Equality-axP.simps HF-axP.simps intro: eval-quot-fm-ignore*)

lemma $AxiomP\text{-sf} [iff]: Sigma\text{-fm} (AxiomP t)$
by (*auto simp: AxiomP-def*)

6.1.7 The predicate $ModPonP$, for the inference rule Modus Ponens

definition $ModPon :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow bool$ **where**
 $ModPon x y z \equiv (y = q\text{-Imp } x z)$

definition $ModPonP :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
where $ModPonP x y z = (y EQ Q\text{-Imp } x z)$

lemma $ModPonP\text{-eqvt} [eqvt]: (p \cdot ModPonP x y z) = ModPonP (p \cdot x) (p \cdot y) (p \cdot z)$
by (*simp add: ModPonP-def*)

lemma $ModPonP\text{-fresh-iff} [simp]: a \# ModPonP x y z \longleftrightarrow a \# x \wedge a \# y \wedge a \# z$
by (*auto simp: ModPonP-def*)

lemma $eval\text{-fm}\text{-}ModPonP [simp]: eval\text{-fm} e (ModPonP x y z) \longleftrightarrow ModPon \llbracket x \rrbracket e \llbracket y \rrbracket e \llbracket z \rrbracket e$
by (*auto simp: ModPon-def ModPonP-def q-defs*)

lemma $ModPonP\text{-sf} [iff]: Sigma\text{-fm} (ModPonP t u v)$
by (*auto simp: ModPonP-def*)

lemma $ModPonP\text{-subst} [simp]:$
 $(ModPonP t u v)(i ::= w) = ModPonP (subst i w t) (subst i w u) (subst i w v)$
by (*auto simp: ModPonP-def*)

6.1.8 The predicate $ExistsP$, for the existential rule Definition

definition $Exists :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow bool$ **where**
 $Exists p q \equiv (\exists x x' y v. Form x \wedge VarNonOccForm v y \wedge AbstForm v 0 x x' \wedge p = q\text{-Imp } x y \wedge q = q\text{-Imp } (q\text{-Ex } x') y)$

nominal-function $\text{ExistsP} :: \text{tm} \Rightarrow \text{tm} \Rightarrow \text{fm}$ **where**
 $\llbracket \text{atom } x \# (p, q, v, y, x'); \text{atom } x' \# (p, q, v, y);$
 $\text{atom } y \# (p, q, v); \text{atom } v \# (p, q) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{ExistsP } p \ q = \text{Ex } x (\text{Ex } x' (\text{Ex } y (\text{Ex } v (\text{FormP } (\text{Var } x) \text{ AND } \text{VarNonOccFormP } (\text{Var } v) (\text{Var } y) \text{ AND } \text{AbstFormP } (\text{Var } v) \text{ Zero } (\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } x') \text{ AND } p \text{ EQ Q-Imp } (\text{Var } x) (\text{Var } y) \text{ AND } q \text{ EQ Q-Imp } (\text{Q-Ex } (\text{Var } x')) (\text{Var } y))))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def ExistsP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows ExistsP-fresh-iff [simp]: $a \# \text{ExistsP } p \ q \longleftrightarrow a \# p \wedge a \# q$ (**is** ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-ExistsP [simp]: eval-fm e (ExistsP p q) $\longleftrightarrow \text{Exists } \llbracket p \rrbracket e \llbracket q \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)
and ExistsP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (ExistsP p q) (**is** ?thesis3)

proof -

obtain $x::\text{name}$ **and** $x'::\text{name}$ **and** $y::\text{name}$ **and** $v::\text{name}$
where atom $x \# (p, q, v, y, x')$ atom $x' \# (p, q, v, y)$ atom $y \# (p, q, v)$ atom $v \# (p, q)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thesis3
by (auto simp: Exists-def q-defs)
qed

lemma ExistsP-subst [simp]: $(\text{ExistsP } p \ q)(j ::= w) = \text{ExistsP } (\text{subst } j w p) (\text{subst } j w q)$

proof -

obtain $x::\text{name}$ **and** $x'::\text{name}$ **and** $y::\text{name}$ **and** $v::\text{name}$
where atom $x \# (j, w, p, q, v, y, x')$ atom $x' \# (j, w, p, q, v, y)$
atom $y \# (j, w, p, q, v)$ atom $v \# (j, w, p, q)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: ExistsP.simps [of x - - x' y v])
qed

Correctness

lemma Exists-imp-exists :

assumes $\text{Exists } p \ q$

shows $\exists A \ B \ i. \ p = \llbracket \lceil A \text{ IMP } B \rceil \rrbracket e \wedge q = \llbracket \lceil (\text{Ex } i \ A) \text{ IMP } B \rceil \rrbracket e \wedge \text{atom } i \# B$

proof -

obtain $x \ ax \ y \ v$

where $x: \text{Form } x$

and $\text{noc}: \text{VarNonOccForm } v \ y$

and $\text{abst}: \text{AbstForm } v \ 0 \ x \ ax$

```

and p:  $p = q\text{-}\mathit{Imp} \ x \ y$ 
and q:  $q = q\text{-}\mathit{Imp} \ (q\text{-}\mathit{Ex} \ ax) \ y$ 
using assms by (auto simp: Exists-def)
then obtain B::fm where B:  $y = \llbracket B \rrbracket e$  and vfresh: atom (decode-Var v)  $\notin B$ 
by (metis VarNonOccForm-imp-fresh)
obtain A::fm where A:  $x = \llbracket A \rrbracket e$ 
by (metis Form-imp-is-fm x)
with AbstForm-imp-abst-dbfm [OF abst, of e]
have ax:  $ax = \llbracket \text{quot-dbfm} (\text{abst-dbfm} (\text{decode-Var } v) \ 0 \ (\text{trans-fm} \ [] \ A)) \rrbracket e$ 
 $p = \llbracket A \text{ IMP } B \rrbracket e$  using p A B
by (auto simp: quot-simps quot-fm-def q-defs)
have q =  $\llbracket (Ex \ (\text{decode-Var } v) \ A) \text{ IMP } B \rrbracket e$  using q A B ax
by (auto simp: abst-trans-fm quot-simps q-defs)
then show ?thesis using vfresh ax
by blast
qed

```

lemma $\text{Exists-intro}: \text{atom } i \notin B \implies \text{Exists} (\llbracket A \text{ IMP } B \rrbracket e) \llbracket (Ex \ i \ A) \text{ IMP } B \rrbracket e$
by (simp add: Exists-def quot-simps q-defs)
(metis AbstForm-trans-fm Form-quot-fm fresh-imp-VarNonOccForm)

Thus, we have precisely captured the codes of the specialisation axioms.

corollary Exists-iff-exists :

$\text{Exists } p \ q \longleftrightarrow (\exists A \ B \ i. \ p = \llbracket A \text{ IMP } B \rrbracket e \wedge q = \llbracket (Ex \ i \ A) \text{ IMP } B \rrbracket e \wedge \text{atom } i \notin B)$
by (force dest: Exists-imp-exists Exists-intro)

6.1.9 The predicate SubstP , for the substitution rule

Although the substitution rule is derivable in the calculus, the derivation is too complicated to reproduce within the proof function. It is much easier to provide it as an immediate inference step, justifying its soundness in terms of other inference rules.

Definition

This is the inference $H \vdash A \implies H \vdash A \ (i ::= x)$

definition $\text{Subst} :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
 $\text{Subst } p \ q \equiv (\exists v \ u. \ \text{SubstForm } v \ u \ p \ q)$

nominal-function $\text{SubstP} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$ **where**
 $\llbracket \text{atom } u \notin (p, q, v); \text{atom } v \notin (p, q) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{SubstP } p \ q = \text{Ex } v \ (\text{Ex } u \ (\text{SubstFormP} (\text{Var } v) \ (\text{Var } u) \ p \ q))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def SubstP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

```

lemma
  shows SubstP-fresh-iff [simp]:  $a \# \text{SubstP } p q \longleftrightarrow a \# p \wedge a \# q$  (is ?thesis1)
    and eval-fm-SubstP [simp]: eval-fm e (SubstP p q)  $\longleftrightarrow \text{Subst } \llbracket p \rrbracket e \llbracket q \rrbracket e$  (is ?thesis2)
    and SubstP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (SubstP p q) (is ?thesis3)

proof -
  obtain u::name and v::name where atom u  $\# (p,q,v)$  atom v  $\# (p,q)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thesis3
    by (auto simp: Subst-def q-defs)
qed

lemma SubstP-subst [simp]: (SubstP p q)(j:=w) = SubstP (subst j w p) (subst j w q)
proof -
  obtain u::name and v::name where atom u  $\# (j,w,p,q,v)$  atom v  $\# (j,w,p,q)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (simp add: SubstP.simps [of u - - v])
qed

```

Correctness

```

lemma Subst-imp-subst:
  assumes Subst p q Form p
  shows  $\exists A::fm. \exists i t. p = \llbracket A \rrbracket e \wedge q = \llbracket A(i:=t) \rrbracket e$ 
proof -
  obtain v u where subst: SubstForm v u p q using assms
    by (auto simp: Subst-def)
  then obtain t::tm where substt: SubstForm v  $\llbracket t \rrbracket e$  p q
    by (metis SubstForm-def Term-imp-is-tm)
  with SubstForm-imp-subst-fm [OF substt] assms
  obtain A where p =  $\llbracket A \rrbracket e$  q =  $\llbracket A(\text{decode-Var } v := t) \rrbracket e$ 
    by auto
  thus ?thesis
    by blast
qed

```

6.1.10 The predicate PrfP

```

definition Prf :: hf  $\Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow bool$ 
  where Prf s k y  $\equiv \text{BuildSeq} (\lambda x. x \in \text{Axiom}) (\lambda u v w. \text{ModPon } v w u \vee \text{Exists } v u \vee \text{Subst } v u) s k y$ 

```

```

nominal-function PrfP :: tm  $\Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$ 
  where  $\llbracket \text{atom } l \# (s, sl, m, n, sm, sn); \text{atom } sl \# (s, m, n, sm, sn);$ 
     $\text{atom } m \# (s, n, sm, sn); \text{atom } n \# (s, k, sm, sn);$ 
     $\text{atom } sm \# (s, sn); \text{atom } sn \# (s) \rrbracket \implies$ 
  PrfP s k t =
    LstSeqP s k t AND

```

$\text{All2 } n (\text{SUCC } k) (\text{Ex } sn (\text{HPair} (\text{Var } n) (\text{Var } sn) \text{ IN } s \text{ AND } (\text{AxiomP} (\text{Var } sn) \text{ OR }$
 $\text{Ex } m (\text{Ex } l (\text{Ex } sm (\text{Ex } sl (\text{Var } m \text{ IN } \text{Var } n \text{ AND } \text{Var } l \text{ IN } \text{Var } n$
 AND
 $\text{HPair} (\text{Var } m) (\text{Var } sm) \text{ IN } s \text{ AND } \text{HPair} (\text{Var } l) (\text{Var } sl) \text{ IN }$
 $s \text{ AND}$
 $(\text{ModPonP} (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sl) (\text{Var } sn) \text{ OR }$
 $\text{ExistsP} (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sn) \text{ OR }$
 $\text{SubstP} (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sn))))))))))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def PrfP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows PrfP-fresh-iff [simp]: $a \# \text{PrfP } s \text{ } k \text{ } t \longleftrightarrow a \# s \wedge a \# k \wedge a \# t$ (is ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-PrfP [simp]: eval-fm e (PrfP s k t) $\longleftrightarrow \text{Prf } \llbracket s \rrbracket e \llbracket k \rrbracket e \llbracket t \rrbracket e$ (is ?thesis2)
and PrfP-imp-OrdP [simp]: $\{\text{PrfP } s \text{ } k \text{ } t\} \vdash \text{OrdP } k$ (is ?thord)
and PrfP-imp-LstSeqP [simp]: $\{\text{PrfP } s \text{ } k \text{ } t\} \vdash \text{LstSeqP } s \text{ } k \text{ } t$ (is ?thlstseq)
and PrfP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (PrfP s k t) (is ?thsf)

proof –

obtain l::name **and** sl::name **and** m::name **and** n::name **and** sm::name **and** sn::name
where atoms: atom l # (s,sl,m,n,sm,sn) atom sl # (s,m,n,sm,sn)

$atom m \# (s, n, sm, sn)$ $atom n \# (s, k, sm, sn)$
 $atom sm \# (s, sn)$ $atom sn \# (s)$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thord ?thlstseq ?thsf

by (auto intro: LstSeqP-OrdP)

show ?thesis2 **using** atoms

by simp

(simp cong: conj-cong add: LstSeq-imp-Ord Prf-def BuildSeq-def Builds-def
ModPon-def Exists-def HBall-def HBEx-def
Seq-iff-app [OF LstSeq-imp-Seq-succ]
Ord-trans [of - - succ \llbracket k \rrbracket e])

qed

lemma PrfP-subst [simp]:

$(\text{PrfP } t \text{ } u \text{ } v)(j ::= w) = \text{PrfP } (\text{subst } j \text{ } w \text{ } t) (\text{subst } j \text{ } w \text{ } u) (\text{subst } j \text{ } w \text{ } v)$

proof –

obtain l::name **and** sl::name **and** m::name **and** n::name **and** sm::name **and** sn::name

where atom l # (t,u,v,j,w,sl,m,n,sm,sn) atom sl # (t,u,v,j,w,m,n,sm,sn)
 $atom m \# (t, u, v, j, w, n, sm, sn)$ $atom n \# (t, u, v, j, w, sm, sn)$
 $atom sm \# (t, u, v, j, w, sn)$ $atom sn \# (t, u, v, j, w)$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis

by (simp add: PrfP.simps [of $l - sl m n sm sn$])
qed

6.1.11 The predicate PfP

definition $Pf :: hf \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where $Pf y \equiv (\exists s k. \text{Prf } s k y)$

nominal-function $PfP :: tm \Rightarrow fm$
where $\llbracket \text{atom } k \# (s,y); \text{atom } s \# y \rrbracket \implies$
 $PfP y = \text{Ex } k (\text{Ex } s (\text{PrfP } (\text{Var } s) (\text{Var } k) y))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def PfP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma
shows PfP-fresh-iff [simp]: $a \# PfP y \longleftrightarrow a \# y$ (**is ?thesis1**)
and eval-fm-PfP [simp]: $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{PfP } y) \longleftrightarrow Pf \llbracket y \rrbracket e$ (**is ?thesis2**)
and PfP-sf [iff]: $\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{PfP } y) \longleftrightarrow$ (**is ?thsf**)

proof –
obtain $k::name$ **and** $s::name$ **where** $\text{atom } k \# (s,y)$ $\text{atom } s \# y$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
by (auto simp: Pf-def)
qed

lemma PfP-subst [simp]: $(\text{PfP } t)(j:=w) = \text{PfP } (\text{subst } j w t)$
proof –
obtain $k::name$ **and** $s::name$ **where** $\text{atom } k \# (s,t,j,w)$ $\text{atom } s \# (t,j,w)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: PfP.simps [of k s])
qed

lemma ground-PfP [simp]: $\text{ground-fm } (\text{PfP } y) = \text{ground } y$
by (simp add: ground-aux-def ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh)

6.2 Proposition 4.4

6.2.1 Left-to-Right Proof

lemma $\text{extra-axiom-imp-Pf}$: $\text{Pf } \llbracket \text{extra-axiom} \rrbracket e$
proof –
have $\llbracket \text{extra-axiom} \rrbracket e \in \text{Extra-ax}$
by (simp add: Extra-ax-def) (rule eval-quot-fm-ignore)
thus ?thesis
by (force simp add: Pf-def Prf-def Axiom-def intro: BuildSeq-exI)
qed

```

lemma boolean-axioms-imp-Pf:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{boolean-axioms}$  shows Pf  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e$ 
proof -
  have  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e \in \text{Sent}$  using assms
    by (rule boolean-axioms.cases)
      (auto simp: Sent-def Sent-axioms-def quot-Disj quot-Neg q-defs)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp add: Pf-def Prf-def Axiom-def intro: BuildSeq-exI)
qed

lemma equality-axioms-imp-Pf:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{equality-axioms}$  shows Pf  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e$ 
proof -
  have  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e \in \text{Equality-ax}$  using assms [unfolded equality-axioms-def]
    by (auto simp: Equality-ax-def eval-quot-fm-ignore)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp add: Pf-def Prf-def Axiom-def intro: BuildSeq-exI)
qed

lemma HF-axioms-imp-Pf:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{HF-axioms}$  shows Pf  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e$ 
proof -
  have  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e \in \text{HF-ax}$  using assms [unfolded HF-axioms-def]
    by (auto simp: HF-ax-def eval-quot-fm-ignore)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp add: Pf-def Prf-def Axiom-def intro: BuildSeq-exI)
qed

lemma special-axioms-imp-Pf:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{special-axioms}$  shows Pf  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e$ 
proof -
  have  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e \in \text{Special-ax}$ 
    by (metis special-axioms-into-Special-ax assms)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp add: Pf-def Prf-def Axiom-def intro: BuildSeq-exI)
qed

lemma induction-axioms-imp-Pf:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{induction-axioms}$  shows Pf  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e$ 
proof -
  have  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e \in \text{Induction-ax}$ 
    by (metis induction-axioms-into-Induction-ax assms)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp add: Pf-def Prf-def Axiom-def intro: BuildSeq-exI)
qed

lemma ModPon-imp-Pf:  $\llbracket \text{Pf } (\text{Q-} \text{Imp } x \ y) e; \text{Pf } \llbracket x \rrbracket e \rrbracket \implies \text{Pf } \llbracket y \rrbracket e$ 
  by (auto simp: Pf-def Prf-def ModPon-def q-defs intro: BuildSeq-combine)

```

```

lemma quot-ModPon-imp-Pf:  $\llbracket Pf \llbracket \alpha \text{ IMP } \beta \rrbracket e; Pf \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e \rrbracket \implies Pf \llbracket \beta \rrbracket e$ 
  by (simp add: ModPon-imp-Pf quot-fm-def quot-simps q-defs)

lemma quot-Exists-imp-Pf:  $\llbracket Pf \llbracket \alpha \text{ IMP } \beta \rrbracket e; \text{atom } i \notin \beta \rrbracket \implies Pf \llbracket \exists x. i \in \alpha \text{ IMP } \beta \rrbracket e$ 
  by (force simp: Pf-def Prf-def Exists-def quot-simps q-defs
    intro: BuildSeq-combine AbstForm-trans-fm-eq fresh-imp-VarNonOccForm)

lemma proved-imp-Pf: assumes  $H \vdash \alpha$   $H = \{\}$  shows  $Pf \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e$ 
  using assms
  proof (induct)
    case (Hyp A H) thus ?case
      by auto
    next
      case (Extra H) thus ?case
        by (metis extra-axiom-imp-Pf)
    next
      case (Bool A H) thus ?case
        by (metis boolean-axioms-imp-Pf)
    next
      case (Eq A H) thus ?case
        by (metis equality-axioms-imp-Pf)
    next
      case (HF A H) thus ?case
        by (metis HF-axioms-imp-Pf)
    next
      case (Spec A H) thus ?case
        by (metis special-axioms-imp-Pf)
    next
      case (Ind A H) thus ?case
        by (metis induction-axioms-imp-Pf)
    next
      case (MP H A B H') thus ?case
        by (metis quot-ModPon-imp-Pf Un-empty)
    next
      case (Exists H A B i) thus ?case
        by (metis quot-Exists-imp-Pf)
  qed

corollary proved-imp-proved-PfP:  $\{\} \vdash \alpha \implies \{\} \vdash PfP \lceil \alpha \rceil$ 
  by (rule Sigma-fm-imp-thm [OF PfP-sf])
    (auto simp: ground-aux-def supp-conv-fresh proved-imp-Pf)

```

6.2.2 Right-to-Left Proof

```

lemma Sent-imp-hfthm:
  assumes  $x \in \text{Sent}$  shows  $\exists A. x = \llbracket A \rrbracket e \wedge \{\} \vdash A$ 
  proof -

```

```

obtain y z w where Form y Form z Form w and axs: Sent-axioms x y z w
  using assms by (auto simp: Sent-def)
then obtain A::fm and B::fm and C::fm
  where A: y = [[A]]e and B: z = [[B]]e and C: w = [[C]]e
    by (metis Form-imp-is-fm)
have ∃ A. q-Imp y y = [[A]]e ∧ {} ⊢ A
  by (force simp add: A quot-Disj quot-Neg q-defs hfthm.Bool boolean-axioms.intros)
moreover have ∃ A. q-Imp y (q-Disj y z) = [[A]]e ∧ {} ⊢ A
  by (force intro!: exI [where x=A IMP (A OR B)]
    simp add: A B quot-Disj quot-Neg q-defs hfthm.Bool boolean-axioms.intros)
moreover have ∃ A. q-Imp (q-Disj y y) y = [[A]]e ∧ {} ⊢ A
  by (force intro!: exI [where x=(A OR A) IMP A]
    simp add: A quot-Disj quot-Neg q-defs hfthm.Bool boolean-axioms.intros)
moreover have ∃ A. q-Imp (q-Disj y (q-Disj z w)) (q-Disj (q-Disj y z) w) =
  [[A]]e ∧ {} ⊢ A
  by (force intro!: exI [where x=(A OR (B OR C)) IMP ((A OR B) OR C)]
    simp add: A B C quot-Disj quot-Neg q-defs hfthm.Bool boolean-axioms.intros)
moreover have ∃ A. q-Imp (q-Disj y z) (q-Imp (q-Disj (q-Neg y) w) (q-Disj z
w)) = [[A]]e ∧ {} ⊢ A
  by (force intro!: exI [where x=(A OR B) IMP ((Neg A OR C) IMP (B OR
C))]
    simp add: A B C quot-Disj quot-Neg q-defs hfthm.Bool boolean-axioms.intros)
ultimately show ?thesis using axs [unfolded Sent-axioms-def]
  by blast
qed

```

lemma Extra-ax-imp-hfthm:

```

assumes x ∈ Extra-ax obtains A where x = [[A]]e ∧ {} ⊢ A
using assms unfolding Extra-ax-def
by (auto intro: eval-quot-fm-ignore hfthm.Extra)

```

lemma Equality-ax-imp-hfthm:

```

assumes x ∈ Equality-ax obtains A where x = [[A]]e ∧ {} ⊢ A
using assms unfolding Equality-ax-def
by (auto intro: eval-quot-fm-ignore hfthm.Eq [unfolded equality-axioms-def])

```

lemma HF-ax-imp-hfthm:

```

assumes x ∈ HF-ax obtains A where x = [[A]]e ∧ {} ⊢ A
using assms unfolding HF-ax-def
by (auto intro: eval-quot-fm-ignore hfthm.HF [unfolded HF-axioms-def])

```

lemma Special-ax-imp-hfthm:

```

assumes x ∈ Special-ax obtains A where x = [[A]]e {} ⊢ A
by (metis Spec Special-ax-imp-special-axioms assms)

```

lemma Induction-ax-imp-hfthm:

```

assumes x ∈ Induction-ax obtains A where x = [[A]]e {} ⊢ A
by (metis Induction-ax-imp-induction-axioms assms hfthm.Ind)

```

```

lemma Exists-imp-hfthm:  $\llbracket \text{Exists } \llbracket A \rrbracket e \; y; \{ \} \vdash A \rrbracket \implies \exists B. \; y = \llbracket B \rrbracket e \wedge \{ \} \vdash B$ 
by (drule Exists-imp-exists [where e=e]) (auto intro: anti-deduction)

lemma Subst-imp-hfthm:  $\llbracket \text{Subst } \llbracket A \rrbracket e \; y; \{ \} \vdash A \rrbracket \implies \exists B. \; y = \llbracket B \rrbracket e \wedge \{ \} \vdash B$ 
by (drule Subst-imp-subst [where e=e], auto intro: Subst)

lemma eval-Neg-imp-Neg:  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e = q\text{-Neg } x \implies \exists A. \; \alpha = \text{Neg } A \wedge \llbracket A \rrbracket e = x$ 
by (cases α rule: fm.exhaust) (auto simp: quot-simps q-defs htuple-minus-1)

lemma eval-Disj-imp-Disj:  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e = q\text{-Disj } x \; y \implies \exists A \; B. \; \alpha = A \text{ OR } B \wedge \llbracket A \rrbracket e = x \wedge \llbracket B \rrbracket e = y$ 
by (cases α rule: fm.exhaust) (auto simp: quot-simps q-defs htuple-minus-1)

lemma Prf-imp-proved: assumes Prf s k x shows  $\exists A. \; x = \llbracket A \rrbracket e \wedge \{ \} \vdash A$ 
using assms [unfolded Prf-def Axiom-def]
proof (induction x rule: BuildSeq-induct)
  case (B x) thus ?case
    by (auto intro: Extra-ax-imp-hfthm Sent-imp-hfthm Equality-ax-imp-hfthm HF-ax-imp-hfthm
          Special-ax-imp-hfthm Induction-ax-imp-hfthm)
next
  case (C x y z)
  then obtain A::fm and B::fm where  $y = \llbracket A \rrbracket e \; \{ \} \vdash A \; z = \llbracket B \rrbracket e \; \{ \} \vdash B$ 
    by blast
  thus ?case using C.hyps ModPon-def q-Imp-def
    by (auto dest!: MP-same eval-Neg-imp-Neg eval-Disj-imp-Disj Exists-imp-hfthm
          Subst-imp-hfthm)
qed

corollary Pf-quot-imp-is-proved: Pf  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket e \implies \{ \} \vdash \alpha$ 
by (metis Pf-def Prf-imp-proved eval-fm-inject)

  Proposition 4.4!

theorem proved-iff-proved-PfP:  $\{ \} \vdash \alpha \longleftrightarrow \{ \} \vdash \text{PfP } \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket$ 
by (metis Pf-quot-imp-is-proved emptyE eval-fm-PfP hfthm-sound proved-imp-proved-PfP)

end

```

Chapter 7

Uniqueness Results: Syntactic Relations are Functions

```
theory Functions
imports Coding-Predicates
begin
```

7.0.3 SeqStTermP

```
lemma not-IndP-VarP: {IndP x, VarP x} ⊢ A
proof -
  obtain m::name where atom m # (x,A)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: fresh-Pair) (blast intro: ExFalse cut-same [OF VarP-cong
      [THEN Iff-MP-same]])
qed
```

It IS a pair, but not just any pair.

```
lemma IndP-HPairE: insert (IndP (HPair (HPair Zero (HPair Zero Zero)) x))
H ⊢ A
proof -
  obtain m::name where atom m # (x,A)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  hence { IndP (HPair (HPair Zero (HPair Zero Zero)) x) } ⊢ A
    by (auto simp: IndP.simps [of m] HTuple-minus-1_intro: thin1)
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis Assume cut1)
qed

lemma atom-HPairE:
assumes H ⊢ x EQ HPair (HPair Zero (HPair Zero Zero)) y
shows insert (IndP x OR x NEQ v) H ⊢ A
```

proof –

have { $\text{IndP } x \text{ OR } x \text{ NEQ } v, x \text{ EQ HPair } (\text{HPair Zero } (\text{HPair Zero Zero})) y \}$ }
 $\vdash A$
by (auto intro!: OrdNotEqP-OrdP-E IndP-HPairE
intro: cut-same [OF IndP-cong [THEN Iff-MP-same]]
cut-same [OF OrdP-cong [THEN Iff-MP-same]])
thus ?thesis
by (metis Assume assms rcut2)
qed

lemma SeqStTermP-lemma:

assumes atom $m \# (v, i, t, u, s, k, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $n \# (v, i, t, u, s, k, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
atom $sm \# (v, i, t, u, s, k, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $sm' \# (v, i, t, u, s, k, sn, sn')$
atom $sn \# (v, i, t, u, s, k, sn')$ atom $sn' \# (v, i, t, u, s, k)$
shows { SeqStTermP $v i t u s k$ }
 $\vdash ((t \text{ EQ } v \text{ AND } u \text{ EQ } i) \text{ OR }$
 $((\text{IndP } t \text{ OR } t \text{ NEQ } v) \text{ AND } u \text{ EQ } t)) \text{ OR }$
 $\text{Ex } m (\text{Ex } n (\text{Ex } sm (\text{Ex } sm' (\text{Ex } sn (\text{Ex } sn' (\text{Var } m \text{ IN } k \text{ AND } \text{Var } n$
 $\text{IN } k \text{ AND }$
 $\text{SeqStTermP } v i (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sm') s (\text{Var } m) \text{ AND }$
 $\text{SeqStTermP } v i (\text{Var } sn) (\text{Var } sn') s (\text{Var } n) \text{ AND }$
 $t \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Eats } (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sn) \text{ AND }$
 $u \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Eats } (\text{Var } sm') (\text{Var } sn')))))$

proof –

obtain $l::\text{name}$ **and** $sl::\text{name}$ **and** $sl'::\text{name}$
where atom $l \# (v, i, t, u, s, k, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
atom $sl \# (v, i, t, u, s, k, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
atom $sl' \# (v, i, t, u, s, k, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis **using** assms
apply (simp add: SeqStTermP.simps [of $l s k v i sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'$])
apply (rule Conj-EH Ex-EH All2-SUCC-E [THEN rotate2] | simp)+
apply (rule cut-same [**where** $A = \text{HPair } t u \text{ EQ HPair } (\text{Var } sl) (\text{Var } sl')$])
apply (metis Assume AssumeH(4) LstSeqP-EQ)
apply clarify
apply (rule Disj-EH)
apply (rule Disj-I1)
apply (rule anti-deduction)
apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Sym-L, THEN Iff-MP-same])
apply (rule Sym-L [THEN rotate2])
apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same], force)
— now the quantified case
— auto could be used but is VERY SLOW
apply (rule Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
apply simp-all
apply (rule Disj-I2)
apply (rule Ex-I [**where** $x = \text{Var } m$, simp])
apply (rule Ex-I [**where** $x = \text{Var } n$, simp])
apply (rule Ex-I [**where** $x = \text{Var } sm$, simp])

```

apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sm'$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sn$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sn'$ ], simp)
apply (simp-all add: SeqStTermP.simps [of  $l\ s - v\ i\ sl\ sl'\ m\ n\ sm\ sm'\ sn\ sn'$ ])
apply ((rule Conj-I)+, blast intro: LstSeqP-Mem)+
— first SeqStTermP subgoal
apply (rule All2-Subset [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (blast intro!: SUCC-Subset-Ord LstSeqP-OrdP, blast, simp)
— next SeqStTermP subgoal
apply ((rule Conj-I)+, blast intro: LstSeqP-Mem)+
apply (rule All2-Subset [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (blast intro!: SUCC-Subset-Ord LstSeqP-OrdP, blast, simp)
— finally, the equality pair
apply (blast intro: Trans)
done
qed

```

```

lemma SeqStTermP-unique: {SeqStTermP v a t u s kk, SeqStTermP v a t u' s'
kk'} ⊢ u' EQ u
proof –
  obtain i::name and j::name and j'::name and k::name and k'::name and
l::name
    and m::name and n::name and sm::name and sn::name and sm'::name and
sn'::name
    and m2::name and n2::name and sm2::name and sn2::name and sm2'::name
and sn2'::name
    where atoms: atom i # (s,s',v,a,t,u,u') atom j # (s,s',v,a,t,i,t,u,u')
atom j' # (s,s',v,a,t,i,j,t,u,u')
atom k # (s,s',v,a,t,u,u',kk',i,j,j') atom k' # (s,s',v,a,t,u,u',k,i,j,j')
atom l # (s,s',v,a,t,i,j,j',k,k')
atom m # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l) atom n # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m)
atom sm # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n) atom sn # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm)
atom sm' # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sm') atom sn' #
(s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sm')
atom m2 # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sm',sn') atom n2 #
(s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sm',sn',m2)
atom sm2 # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2) atom
sn2 # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2)
atom sm2' # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2,sn2)
atom sn2' # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2,sn2,sm2')
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have { OrdP (Var k), VarP v }
    ⊢ All i (All j (All j' (All k' (SeqStTermP v a (Var i) (Var j) s (Var k)
IMP (SeqStTermP v a (Var i) (Var j') s' (Var k') IMP
Var j' EQ Var j))))))
  apply (rule OrdIndH [where j=l])
  using atoms apply auto
  apply (rule Swap)

```

```

apply (rule cut-same)
apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqStTermP-lemma [of m v a Var i Var j s Var k n sm sm' sn sn']], simp-all, blast)
apply (rule cut-same)
apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqStTermP-lemma [of m2 v a Var i Var j' s' Var k' n2 sm2 sm2' sn2 sn2']], simp-all, blast)
apply (rule Disj-EH Conj-EH)+
— case 1, both sides equal "v"
apply (blast intro: Trans Sym)
— case 2, Var i EQ v and also IndP (Var i) OR Var i NEQ v
apply (rule Conj-EH Disj-EH)+
apply (blast intro: IndP-cong [THEN Iff-MP-same] not-IndP-VarP [THEN cut2])
apply (metis Assume OrdNotEqP-E)
— case 3, both a variable and a pair
apply (rule Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
apply simp-all
apply (rule cut-same [where A = VarP (Q-Eats (Var sm) (Var sn))])
apply (blast intro: Trans Sym VarP-cong [where x=v, THEN Iff-MP-same]
Hyp, blast)
— towards remaining cases
apply (rule Disj-EH Ex-EH)+
— case 4, Var i EQ v and also IndP (Var i) OR Var i NEQ v
apply (blast intro: IndP-cong [THEN Iff-MP-same] not-IndP-VarP [THEN cut2] OrdNotEqP-E)
— case 5, Var i EQ v for both
apply (blast intro: Trans Sym)
— case 6, both an atom and a pair
apply (rule Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
apply simp-all
apply (rule atom-HPairE)
apply (simp add: HTuple.simps)
apply (blast intro: Trans)
— towards remaining cases
apply (rule Conj-EH Disj-EH Ex-EH)+
apply simp-all
— case 7, both an atom and a pair
apply (rule cut-same [where A = VarP (Q-Eats (Var sm2) (Var sn2))])
apply (blast intro: Trans Sym VarP-cong [where x=v, THEN Iff-MP-same]
Hyp, blast)
— case 8, both an atom and a pair
apply (rule Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
apply simp-all
apply (rule atom-HPairE)
apply (simp add: HTuple.simps)
apply (blast intro: Trans)
— case 9, two Eats terms
apply (rule Ex-EH Disj-EH Conj-EH)+
apply simp-all

```

```

apply (rule All-E' [OF Hyp, where x=Var m], blast)
apply (rule All-E' [OF Hyp, where x=Var n], blast, simp)
apply (rule Disj-EH, blast intro: thin1 ContraProve)+
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm2'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var m2], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn, THEN rotate2], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn2'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var n2], simp)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = Q-Eats (Var sm) (Var sn) EQ Q-Eats (Var sm2) (Var sn2)])
apply (blast intro: Sym Trans, clarify)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = SeqStTermP v a (Var sn) (Var sn2') s' (Var n2)])
apply (blast intro: Hyp SeqStTermP-cong [OF Hyp Refl Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])
apply (rule cut-same [where A = SeqStTermP v a (Var sm) (Var sm2') s' (Var m2)])
apply (blast intro: Hyp SeqStTermP-cong [OF Hyp Refl Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])
apply (rule Disj-EH, blast intro: thin1 ContraProve)+
apply (blast intro: HPair-cong Trans [OF Hyp Sym])
done
hence p1: {OrdP (Var k), VarP v}
  ⊢ (All j (All j' (All k' (SeqStTermP v a (Var i) (Var j) s (Var k)
    IMP (SeqStTermP v a (Var i) (Var j') s' (Var k') IMP Var j' EQ
    Var j)))))(i::=t)
  by (metis All-D)
have p2: {OrdP (Var k), VarP v}
  ⊢ (All j' (All k' (SeqStTermP v a t (Var j) s (Var k)
    IMP (SeqStTermP v a t (Var j') s' (Var k') IMP Var j' EQ Var
    j)))(j::=u)
  apply (rule All-D)
  using atoms p1 by simp
have p3: {OrdP (Var k), VarP v}
  ⊢ (All k' (SeqStTermP v a t u s (Var k) IMP (SeqStTermP v a t (Var
    j') s' (Var k') IMP Var j' EQ u)))(j'::=u')
  apply (rule All-D)
  using atoms p2 by simp
have p4: {OrdP (Var k), VarP v}
  ⊢ (SeqStTermP v a t u s (Var k) IMP (SeqStTermP v a t u' s' (Var k')
    IMP u' EQ u))(k'::=kk')
  apply (rule All-D)
  using atoms p3 by simp
hence {SeqStTermP v a t u s (Var k), VarP v} ⊢ SeqStTermP v a t u s (Var k)
  IMP (SeqStTermP v a t u' s' kk' IMP u' EQ u)
  using atoms apply simp
  by (metis SeqStTermP-imp-OrdP rcut1)
hence {VarP v} ⊢ ((SeqStTermP v a t u s (Var k) IMP (SeqStTermP v a t u'

```

```

s' kk' IMP u' EQ u)))
  by (metis Assume MP-same Imp-I)
  hence {VarP v} ⊢ ((SeqStTermP v a t u s (Var k) IMP (SeqStTermP v a t u'
s' kk' IMP u' EQ u)))(k ::= kk)
    using atoms by (force intro!: Subst)
  hence {VarP v} ⊢ SeqStTermP v a t u s kk IMP (SeqStTermP v a t u' s' kk'
IMP u' EQ u)
    using atoms by simp
  hence {SeqStTermP v a t u s kk} ⊢ SeqStTermP v a t u s kk IMP (SeqStTermP
v a t u' s' kk' IMP u' EQ u)
    by (metis SeqStTermP-imp-VarP rcut1)
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis Assume AssumeH(2) MP-same rcut1)
qed

```

theorem *SubstTermP-unique*: {SubstTermP v tm t u, SubstTermP v tm t u'} ⊢ u'
EQ u
proof –
 obtain s::name and s'::name and k::name and k'::name
 where atom s # (v,tm,t,u,u',k,k') atom s' # (v,tm,t,u,u',k,k',s)
 atom k # (v,tm,t,u,u') atom k' # (v,tm,t,u,u',k)
 by (metis obtain-fresh)
 thus ?thesis
 by (auto simp: SubstTermP.simps [of s v tm t u k] SubstTermP.simps [of s' v
tm t u' k'])
 (metis SeqStTermP-unique rotate3 thin1)
qed

7.0.4 SubstAtomicP

lemma *SubstTermP-eq*:
 $\llbracket H \vdash \text{SubstTermP } v \text{ tm } x \text{ z; insert } (\text{SubstTermP } v \text{ tm } y \text{ z}) \text{ } H \vdash A \rrbracket \implies \text{insert } (x \text{ EQ } y) \text{ } H \vdash A$
 by (metis Assume rotate2 Iff-E1 cut-same thin1 SubstTermP-cong [OF Refl Refl
- Refl])
lemma *SubstAtomicP-unique*: {SubstAtomicP v tm x y, SubstAtomicP v tm x y'}
 ⊢ y' EQ y
proof –
 obtain t::name and ts::name and u::name and us::name
 and t'::name and ts'::name and u'::name and us'::name
 where atom t # (v,tm,x,y,y',ts,u,us) atom ts # (v,tm,x,y,y',u,us)
 atom u # (v,tm,x,y,y',us) atom us # (v,tm,x,y,y')
 atom t' # (v,tm,x,y,y',t,ts,u,us,ts',u',us') atom ts' # (v,tm,x,y,y',t,ts,u,us,u',us')
 atom u' # (v,tm,x,y,y',t,ts,u,us,us') atom us' # (v,tm,x,y,y',t,ts,u,us)
 by (metis obtain-fresh)
 thus ?thesis
 apply (simp add: SubstAtomicP.simps [of t v tm x y ts u us])

```

SubstAtomicP.simps [of t' v tm x y' ts' u' us'])
apply (rule Ex-EH Disj-EH Conj-EH)+
apply simp-all
apply (rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp], auto simp: HTS)
apply (rule SubstTermP-eq [THEN thin1], blast)
apply (rule SubstTermP-eq [THEN rotate2], blast)
apply (rule Trans [OF Hyp Sym], blast)
apply (rule Trans [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (metis Assume AssumeH(8) HPair-cong Refl cut2 [OF SubstTermP-unique]
thin1)
apply (rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp], blast, force simp add: HTS)
apply (rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp], blast, force simp add: HTS)
apply (rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp], auto simp: HTS)
apply (rule SubstTermP-eq [THEN thin1], blast)
apply (rule SubstTermP-eq [THEN rotate2], blast)
apply (rule Trans [OF Hyp Sym], blast)
apply (rule Trans [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (metis Assume AssumeH(8) HPair-cong Refl cut2 [OF SubstTermP-unique]
thin1)
done
qed

```

7.0.5 SeqSubstFormP

lemma SeqSubstFormP-lemma:

assumes atom $m \# (v, u, x, y, s, k, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $n \# (v, u, x, y, s, k, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 $atom sm \# (v, u, x, y, s, k, sm', sn, sn')$ $atom sm' \# (v, u, x, y, s, k, sn, sn')$
 $atom sn \# (v, u, x, y, s, k, sn')$ $atom sn' \# (v, u, x, y, s, k)$

shows { SeqSubstFormP $v u x y s k$ }
 $\vdash SubstAtomicP v u x y OR$
 $Ex m (Ex n (Ex sm (Ex sm' (Ex sn (Ex sn' (Var m IN k AND Var n IN$
 $k AND$
 $SeqSubstFormP v u (Var sm) (Var sm') s (Var m) AND$
 $SeqSubstFormP v u (Var sn) (Var sn') s (Var n) AND$
 $((x EQ Q-Disj (Var sm) (Var sn) AND y EQ Q-Disj (Var sm')$
 $(Var sn')) OR
 $(x EQ Q-Neg (Var sm) AND y EQ Q-Neg (Var sm')) OR$
 $(x EQ Q-Ex (Var sm) AND y EQ Q-Ex (Var sm'))))))))$$

proof -

obtain $l::name$ **and** $sl::name$ **and** $sl'::name$
where atom $l \# (v, u, x, y, s, k, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 $atom sl \# (v, u, x, y, s, k, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 $atom sl' \# (v, u, x, y, s, k, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis **using** assms
apply (simp add: SeqSubstFormP.simps [of $l s k v u sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'$])
apply (rule Conj-EH Ex-EH All2-SUCC-E [THEN rotate2] | simp)+
apply (rule cut-same [**where** $A = HPair x y EQ HPair (Var sl) (Var sl')$])
apply (metis Assume AssumeH(4) LstSeqP-EQ)

```

apply clarify
apply (rule Disj-EH)
apply (blast intro: Disj-I1 SubstAtomicP-cong [THEN Iff-MP2-same])
— now the quantified cases
apply (rule Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
apply simp-all
apply (rule Disj-I2)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var m], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var n], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sm], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sm'], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sn], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sn'], simp)
apply (simp-all add: SeqSubstFormP.simps [of l s - v u sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])
apply ((rule Conj-I)+, blast intro: LstSeqP-Mem)+
— first SeqSubstFormP subgoal
apply (rule All2-Subset [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (blast intro!: SUCC-Subset-Ord LstSeqP-OrdP, blast, simp)
— next SeqSubstFormP subgoal
apply ((rule Conj-I)+, blast intro: LstSeqP-Mem)+
apply (rule All2-Subset [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (blast intro!: SUCC-Subset-Ord LstSeqP-OrdP, blast, simp)
— finally, the equality pairs
apply (rule anti-deduction [THEN thin1])
apply (rule Sym-L [THEN rotate4])
apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same])
apply (rule Sym-L [THEN rotate5])
apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same], force)
done
qed

lemma
shows Neg-SubstAtomicP-Fls: { $y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Neg } z$ , SubstAtomicP  $v \text{ tm } y \text{ } y'$ }  $\vdash \text{Fls}$ 
(is ?thesis1)
and Disj-SubstAtomicP-Fls: { $y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Disj } z \text{ } w$ , SubstAtomicP  $v \text{ tm } y \text{ } y'$ }  $\vdash \text{Fls}$ 
(is ?thesis2)
and Ex-SubstAtomicP-Fls: { $y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Ex } z$ , SubstAtomicP  $v \text{ tm } y \text{ } y'$ }  $\vdash \text{Fls}$ 
(is ?thesis3)
proof –
obtain  $t::name$  and  $u::name$  and  $t'::name$  and  $u'::name$ 
where atom  $t \# (z, w, v, tm, y, y', t', u, u')$  atom  $t' \# (z, w, v, tm, y, y', u, u')$ 
atom  $u \# (z, w, v, tm, y, y', u')$  atom  $u' \# (z, w, v, tm, y, y')$ 
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thesis3
by (auto simp: SubstAtomicP.simps [of t v tm y y' t' u u'] HTS intro: Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp])
qed

```

```

lemma SeqSubstFormP-eq:
   $\llbracket H \vdash \text{SeqSubstFormP } v \text{ tm } x \text{ z } s \text{ k; insert } (\text{SeqSubstFormP } v \text{ tm } y \text{ z } s \text{ k}) \text{ H } \vdash A \rrbracket$ 
   $\implies \text{insert } (x \text{ EQ } y) \text{ H } \vdash A$ 
  apply (rule cut-same [OF SeqSubstFormP-cong [OF Assume Refl Refl Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same]])
  apply (auto simp: insert-commute intro: thin1)
  done

lemma SeqSubstFormP-unique: {SeqSubstFormP v a x y s kk, SeqSubstFormP v a x y' s' kk'}  $\vdash y' \text{ EQ } y$ 
proof -
  obtain i::name and j::name and j'::name and k::name and k'::name and l::name
    and m::name and n::name and sm::name and sn::name and sm'::name and sn'::name
    and m2::name and n2::name and sm2::name and sn2::name and sm2'::name and sn2'::name
    where atoms: atom i # (s,s',v,a,x,y,y') atom j # (s,s',v,a,x,i,x,y,y')
          atom j' # (s,s',v,a,x,i,j,x,y,y')
          atom k # (s,s',v,a,x,y,y',kk',i,j,j') atom k' # (s,s',v,a,x,y,y',k,i,j,j')
          atom l # (s,s',v,a,x,i,j,j',k,k')
          atom m # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l) atom n # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m)
          atom sm # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n) atom sn # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm)
          atom sm' # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn) atom sn' #
(s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm')
          atom m2 # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn') atom n2 #
(s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2)
          atom sm2 # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2,n2)
          atom sm2' # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2,sn2)
          atom sn2' # (s,s',v,a,i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2,sn2,sm2')
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have { OrdP (Var k) }
     $\vdash \text{All } i \text{ (All } j \text{ (All } j' \text{ (All } k' \text{ (SeqSubstFormP } v \text{ a } (\text{Var } i) \text{ (Var } j) \text{ s } (\text{Var } k)$ 
     $\text{IMP } (\text{SeqSubstFormP } v \text{ a } (\text{Var } i) \text{ (Var } j') \text{ s' } (\text{Var } k')$ 
 $\text{IMP } \text{Var } j' \text{ EQ } \text{Var } j))))$ 
  apply (rule OrdIndH [where j=l])
  using atoms apply auto
  apply (rule Swap)
  apply (rule cut-same)
  apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqSubstFormP-lemma [of m v a Var i Var j s Var k n sm sm' sn sn']], simp-all, blast)
  apply (rule cut-same)
  apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqSubstFormP-lemma [of m2 v a Var i Var j' s' Var k' n2 sm2 sm2' sn2 sn2']], simp-all, blast)
  apply (rule Disj-EH Conj-EH)+
  — case 1, both sides are atomic
  apply (blast intro: cut2 [OF SubstAtomicP-unique])
  — case 2, atomic and also not

```

```

apply (rule Ex-EH Conj-EH Disj-EH)+  

apply simp-all  

apply (metis Assume AssumeH(7) Disj-I1 Neg-I anti-deduction cut2 [OF  

Disj-SubstAtomicP-Fls])  

apply (rule Conj-EH Disj-EH)+  

apply (metis Assume AssumeH(7) Disj-I1 Neg-I anti-deduction cut2 [OF  

Neg-SubstAtomicP-Fls])  

apply (rule Conj-EH)+  

apply (metis Assume AssumeH(7) Disj-I1 Neg-I anti-deduction cut2 [OF  

Ex-SubstAtomicP-Fls])  

— towards remaining cases  

apply (rule Conj-EH Disj-EH Ex-EH)+  

apply simp-all  

apply (metis Assume AssumeH(7) Disj-I1 Neg-I anti-deduction cut2 [OF  

Disj-SubstAtomicP-Fls])  

apply (rule Conj-EH Disj-EH)+  

apply (metis Assume AssumeH(7) Disj-I1 Neg-I anti-deduction cut2 [OF  

Neg-SubstAtomicP-Fls])  

apply (rule Conj-EH)+  

apply (metis Assume AssumeH(7) Disj-I1 Neg-I anti-deduction cut2 [OF  

Ex-SubstAtomicP-Fls])  

— towards remaining cases  

apply (rule Conj-EH Disj-EH Ex-EH)+  

apply simp-all  

— case two Disj terms  

apply (rule All-E' [OF Hyp, where x=Var m], blast)  

apply (rule All-E' [OF Hyp, where x=Var n], blast, simp)  

apply (rule Disj-EH, blast intro: thin1 ContraProve)+  

apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm], simp)  

apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm'], simp)  

apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm2'], simp)  

apply (rule All-E [where x=Var m2], simp)  

apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn, THEN rotate2], simp)  

apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn'], simp)  

apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn2'], simp)  

apply (rule All-E [where x=Var n2], simp)  

apply (rule rotate3)  

apply (rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp], blast)  

apply (clar simp simp add: HTS)  

apply (rule thin1)  

apply (rule Disj-EH [OF ContraProve], blast intro: thin1 SeqSubstFormP-eq)+  

apply (blast intro: HPair-cong Trans [OF Hyp Sym])  

— towards remaining cases  

apply (rule Conj-EH Disj-EH)+  

— Negation = Disjunction?  

apply (rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp], blast, force simp add: HTS)  

— Existential = Disjunction?  

apply (rule Conj-EH)  

apply (rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp], blast, force simp add: HTS)

```

— towards remaining cases
apply (*rule Conj-EH Disj-EH Ex-EH*)
apply *simp-all*
 — Disjunction = Negation?
apply (*rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp]*, *blast*, *force simp add: HTS*)
apply (*rule Conj-EH Disj-EH*)
 — case two Neg terms
apply (*rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp]*, *blast*, *clarify*)
apply (*rule thin1*)
apply (*rule All-E' [OF Hyp, where x=Var m]*, *blast*, *simp*)
apply (*rule Disj-EH*, *blast intro: thin1 ContraProve*)
apply (*rule All-E [where x=Var sm]*, *simp*)
apply (*rule All-E [where x=Var sm']*, *simp*)
apply (*rule All-E [where x=Var sm2']*, *simp*)
apply (*rule All-E [where x=Var m2]*, *simp*)
apply (*rule Disj-EH [OF ContraProve]*, *blast intro: SeqSubstFormP-eq Sym-L*)
apply (*blast intro: HPair-cong Sym Trans [OF Hyp]*)
 — Existential = Negation?
apply (*rule Conj-EH*)
apply (*rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp]*, *blast*, *force simp add: HTS*)
 — towards remaining cases
apply (*rule Conj-EH Disj-EH Ex-EH*)
apply *simp-all*
 — Disjunction = Existential
apply (*rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp]*, *blast*, *force simp add: HTS*)
apply (*rule Conj-EH Disj-EH Ex-EH*)
 — Negation = Existential
apply (*rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp]*, *blast*, *force simp add: HTS*)
 — case two Ex terms
apply (*rule Conj-EH*)
apply (*rule Eq-Trans-E [OF Hyp]*, *blast*, *clarify*)
apply (*rule thin1*)
apply (*rule All-E' [OF Hyp, where x=Var m]*, *blast*, *simp*)
apply (*rule Disj-EH*, *blast intro: thin1 ContraProve*)
apply (*rule All-E [where x=Var sm]*, *simp*)
apply (*rule All-E [where x=Var sm']*, *simp*)
apply (*rule All-E [where x=Var sm2']*, *simp*)
apply (*rule All-E [where x=Var m2]*, *simp*)
apply (*rule Disj-EH [OF ContraProve]*, *blast intro: SeqSubstFormP-eq Sym-L*)
apply (*blast intro: HPair-cong Sym Trans [OF Hyp]*)
done
hence *p1: {OrdP (Var k)}*
 $\vdash (\text{All } j \text{ (All } j' \text{ (All } k' \text{ (SeqSubstFormP } v \text{ } a \text{ (Var } i \text{) (Var } j \text{) } s \text{ (Var } k \text{) } \\ \text{IMP (SeqSubstFormP } v \text{ } a \text{ (Var } i \text{) (Var } j' \text{) } s' \text{ (Var } k' \text{) } \text{IMP Var } j' \\ \text{EQ Var } j \text{))})) \text{ (i::=}x)$
by (*metis All-D*)
have *p2: {OrdP (Var k)}*
 $\vdash (\text{All } j' \text{ (All } k' \text{ (SeqSubstFormP } v \text{ } a \text{ } x \text{ (Var } j \text{) } s \text{ (Var } k \text{) } \\ \text{IMP (SeqSubstFormP } v \text{ } a \text{ } x \text{ (Var } j' \text{) } s' \text{ (Var } k' \text{) } \text{IMP Var } j' \text{ EQ Var }$

```

j))))(j::=y)
  apply (rule All-D)
  using atoms p1 by simp
  have p3: {OrdP (Var k)}
    ⊢ (All k' (SeqSubstFormP v a x y s (Var k)
      IMP (SeqSubstFormP v a x (Var j') s' (Var k') IMP Var j' EQ
      y)))(j'::=y')
    apply (rule All-D)
    using atoms p2 by simp
    have p4: {OrdP (Var k)}
      ⊢ (SeqSubstFormP v a x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqSubstFormP v a x y' s' (Var
      k') IMP y' EQ y))(k'::=kk')
      apply (rule All-D)
      using atoms p3 by simp
      hence {OrdP (Var k)} ⊢ SeqSubstFormP v a x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqSubstFormP
      v a x y' s' kk' IMP y' EQ y)
      using atoms by simp
      hence {SeqSubstFormP v a x y s (Var k)}
        ⊢ SeqSubstFormP v a x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqSubstFormP v a x y' s' kk'
        IMP y' EQ y)
      by (metis SeqSubstFormP-imp-OrdP rcut1)
      hence {} ⊢ SeqSubstFormP v a x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqSubstFormP v a x y' s'
      kk' IMP y' EQ y)
      by (metis Assume Disj-Neg-2 Disj-commute anti-deduction Imp-I)
      hence {} ⊢ ((SeqSubstFormP v a x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqSubstFormP v a x y' s'
      kk' IMP y' EQ y))(k::=kk))
      using atoms by (force intro!: Subst)
      thus ?thesis
      using atoms by simp (metis DisjAssoc2 Disj-commute anti-deduction)
qed

```

7.0.6 SubstFormP

```

theorem SubstFormP-unique: {SubstFormP v tm x y, SubstFormP v tm x y'} ⊢
y' EQ y
proof -
  obtain s::name and s'::name and k::name and k'::name
    where atom s # (v,tm,x,y,y',k,k') atom s' # (v,tm,x,y,y',k,k',s)
          atom k # (v,tm,x,y,y') atom k' # (v,tm,x,y,y',k)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp: SubstFormP.simps [of s v tm x y k] SubstFormP.simps [of s'
      v tm x y' k'])
    SeqSubstFormP-unique rotate3 thin1
qed
end

```

Chapter 8

Section 6 Material and Gdel's First Incompleteness Theorem

theory Goedel-I

imports Pf-Predicates Functions

begin

8.1 The Function W and Lemma 6.1

8.1.1 Predicate form, defined on sequences

definition SeqWR :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow bool

where SeqWR s k y \equiv LstSeq s k y \wedge app s 0 = 0 \wedge

$(\forall l \in k. \text{app } s (\text{succ } l) = q\text{-Eats} (\text{app } s l) (\text{app } s l))$

nominal-function SeqWRP :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm

where $\llbracket \text{atom } l \# (s, k, sl); \text{atom } sl \# (s) \rrbracket \implies$

SeqWRP s k y = LstSeqP s k y AND

HPair Zero Zero IN s AND

All2 l k (Ex sl (HPair (Var l) (Var sl)) IN s AND

HPair (SUCC (Var l)) (Q-Succ (Var sl)) IN s))

by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqWRP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)

by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows SeqWRP-fresh-iff [simp]: $a \# \text{SeqWRP } s k y \iff a \# s \wedge a \# k \wedge a \# y$
(is ?thesis1)

and eval-fm-SeqWRP [simp]: eval-fm e (SeqWRP s k y) \iff SeqWR $\llbracket s \rrbracket e$
 $\llbracket k \rrbracket e \llbracket y \rrbracket e$ (**is ?thesis2**)

and SeqWRP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (SeqWRP s k y) (**is ?thsf**)

```

proof –
obtain  $l::name$  and  $sl::name$  where atom  $l \# (s,k,sl)$  atom  $sl \# (s)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
  by (auto simp: SeqWR-def q-defs LstSeq-imp-Ord
    Seq-iff-app [of  $\llbracket s \rrbracket e$ , OF LstSeq-imp-Seq-succ]
    Ord-trans [of - - succ  $\llbracket k \rrbracket e$ ])
qed

lemma SeqWRP-subst [simp]:
  ( $\text{SeqWRP } s \ k \ y$ ) $(i ::= t) = \text{SeqWRP } (\text{subst } i \ t \ s) \ (\text{subst } i \ t \ k) \ (\text{subst } i \ t \ y)$ 
proof –
obtain  $l::name$  and  $sl::name$ 
  where atom  $l \# (s,k,sl,t,i)$  atom  $sl \# (s,k,t,i)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (auto simp: SeqWRP.simps [where  $l=l$  and  $sl=sl$ ])
qed

lemma SeqWRP-cong:
  assumes  $H \vdash s \text{ EQ } s'$  and  $H \vdash k \text{ EQ } k'$  and  $H \vdash y \text{ EQ } y'$ 
  shows  $H \vdash \text{SeqWRP } s \ k \ y \text{ IFF } \text{SeqWRP } s' \ k' \ y'$ 
  by (rule P3-cong [OF - assms], auto)

declare SeqWRP.simps [simp del]

```

8.1.2 Predicate form of W

definition WR :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow bool
where WR $x \ y \equiv (\exists s. \text{SeqWR } s \ x \ y)$

nominal-function WRP :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm
where $\llbracket \text{atom } s \ # (x,y) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{WRP } x \ y = \text{Ex } s \ (\text{SeqWRP } (\text{Var } s) \ x \ y)$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def WRP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma
shows WRP-fresh-iff [simp]: $a \# \text{WRP } x \ y \longleftrightarrow a \# x \wedge a \# y$ (**is** ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-WRP [simp]: eval-fm $e \ (\text{WRP } x \ y) \longleftrightarrow \text{WR } \llbracket x \rrbracket e \ \llbracket y \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)
and sigma-fm-WRP [simp]: Sigma-fm $(\text{WRP } x \ y)$ (**is** ?thsf)
proof –
obtain $s::name$ **where** atom $s \ # (x,y)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
 thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
 by (auto simp: WR-def)

qed

lemma *WRP-subst* [*simp*]: (*WRP* *x* *y*)*(i::=t)* = *WRP* (*subst* *i* *t* *x*) (*subst* *i* *t* *y*)

proof –

obtain *s::name* **where** *atom s* \notin *(x,y,t,i)*

by (*metis obtain-fresh*)

thus *?thesis*

by (*auto simp: WRP.simps [of s]*)

qed

lemma *WRP-cong*: *H* \vdash *t EQ t'* \implies *H* \vdash *u EQ u'* \implies *H* \vdash *WRP t u IFF WRP t' u'*

by (*rule P2-cong*) *auto*

declare *WRP.simps* [*simp del*]

lemma *WR0-iff*: *WR 0 y* \longleftrightarrow *y=0*

by (*simp add: WR-def SeqWR-def*) (*metis LstSeq-1 LstSeq-app*)

lemma *WR0*: *WR 0 0*

by (*simp add: WR0-iff*)

lemma *WR-succ-iff*: **assumes** *i: Ord i* **shows** *WR (succ i) z* = $(\exists y. z = q\text{-Eats } y \wedge WR i y)$

proof

assume *WR (succ i) z*

then obtain *s* **where** *s: SeqWR s (succ i) z*

by (*auto simp: WR-def i*)

moreover then have *app s (succ i) = z*

by (*auto simp: SeqWR-def*)

ultimately show $\exists y. z = q\text{-Eats } y \wedge WR i y$ **using** *i*

by (*auto simp: WR-def SeqWR-def*) (*metis LstSeq-trunc hmem-succ-self*)

next

assume $\exists y. z = q\text{-Eats } y \wedge WR i y$

then obtain *y* **where** *z: z = q-Eats y y and y: WR i y*

by *blast*

thus *WR (succ i) z* **using** *i*

apply (*auto simp: WR-def SeqWR-def*)

apply (*rule-tac x=insf s (succ i) (q-Eats y y)* **in** *exI*)

apply (*auto simp: LstSeq-imp-Seq-succ app-insf-Seq-if LstSeq-insf succ-notin-self*)

done

qed

lemma *WR-succ*: *Ord i* \implies *WR (succ i) (q-Eats y y)* = *WR i y*

by (*metis WR-succ-iff q-Eats-iff*)

lemma *WR-ord-of*: *WR (ord-of i) [ORD-OF i]e*

by (*induct i*) (*auto simp: WR0-iff WR-succ-iff quot-Succ q-defs*)

Lemma 6.1

lemma *WR-quot-Var*: $WR \llbracket \llbracket Var x \rrbracket \rrbracket e \llbracket \llbracket Var x \rrbracket \rrbracket e$
by (auto simp: quot-Var quot-Succ)
 (metis One-nat-def Ord-ord-of WR-ord-of WR-succ htuple.simps q-Eats-def)

lemma *ground-WRP [simp]*: $ground\text{-fm} (WRP x y) \longleftrightarrow ground x \wedge ground y$
by (auto simp: ground-aux-def ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh)

lemma *prove-WRP*: $\{ \} \vdash WRP \llbracket Var x \rrbracket \llbracket Var x \rrbracket$
by (auto simp: WR-quot-Var ground-aux-def supp-conv-fresh intro: Sigma-fm-imp-thm)

8.1.3 Proving that these relations are functions

lemma *SeqWRP-Zero-E*:
assumes *insert* ($y \text{ EQ } Zero$) $H \vdash A$ $H \vdash k \text{ EQ } Zero$
shows *insert* ($SeqWRP s k y$) $H \vdash A$
proof –
obtain $l::name$ **and** $sl::name$
where *atom* $l \notin (s, k, sl)$ *atom* $sl \notin (s)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
 apply (auto simp: SeqWRP.simps [where $s=s$ **and** $l=l$ **and** $sl=sl$])
 apply (rule cut-same [where $A = LstSeqP s Zero y$])
 apply (blast intro: thin1 assms LstSeqP-cong [OF Refl - Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same])
 apply (rule cut-same [where $A = y \text{ EQ } Zero$])
 apply (blast intro: LstSeqP-EQ)
 apply (metis rotate2 assms(1) thin1)
 done
qed

lemma *SeqWRP-SUCC-lemma*:
assumes $y': atom y' \notin (s, k, y)$
shows $\{SeqWRP s (SUCC k) y\} \vdash Ex y' (SeqWRP s k (Var y') AND y \text{ EQ } Q\text{-Succ} (Var y'))$
proof –
obtain $l::name$ **and** $sl::name$
where *atoms*: *atom* $l \notin (s, k, y, y', sl)$ *atom* $sl \notin (s, k, y, y')$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis **using** y'
 apply (auto simp: SeqWRP.simps [where $s=s$ **and** $l=l$ **and** $sl=sl$])
 apply (rule All2-SUCC-E' [where $t=k$, THEN rotate2], auto)
 apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = Var sl$], auto)
 apply (blast intro: LstSeqP-SUCC) — showing $SeqWRP s k (Var sl)$
 apply (blast intro: ContraProve LstSeqP-EQ)
 done
qed

lemma *SeqWRP-SUCC-E*:
assumes $y': atom y' \notin (s, k, y)$ **and** $k': H \vdash k' \text{ EQ } (SUCC k)$
shows *insert* ($SeqWRP s k' y$) $H \vdash Ex y' (SeqWRP s k (Var y') AND y \text{ EQ }$

$Q\text{-Succ} (\text{Var } y')$
using SeqWRP-cong [OF Refl k' Refl] cut1 [OF SeqWRP-SUCC-lemma [of y' s k y]]
by (metis Assume Iff-MP-left Iff-sym y')

lemma SeqWRP-unique: {OrdP x , SeqWRP s x y , SeqWRP s' x y' } $\vdash y' \text{ EQ } y$
proof —
obtain $i::name$ **and** $j::name$ **and** $j'::name$ **and** $k::name$ **and** $sl::name$ **and**
 $sl'::name$ **and** $l::name$ **and** $pi::name$
where $i: \text{atom } i \notin (s, s', y, y')$ **and** $j: \text{atom } j \notin (s, s', i, x, y, y')$ **and** $j': \text{atom } j' \notin (s, s', i, j, x, y, y')$
and atoms: $\text{atom } k \notin (s, s', i, j, j')$ $\text{atom } sl \notin (s, s', i, j, j', k)$ $\text{atom } sl' \notin (s, s', i, j, j', k, sl)$
atom $pi \notin (s, s', i, j, j', k, sl, sl')$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
have {OrdP (Var i)} $\vdash \text{All } j (\text{All } j' (\text{SeqWRP } s (\text{Var } i) (\text{Var } j) \text{ IMP } (\text{SeqWRP } s' (\text{Var } i) (\text{Var } j') \text{ IMP } \text{Var } j' \text{ EQ } \text{Var } j)))$
apply (rule OrdIndH [**where** $j=k$])
using $i j j'$ atoms **apply** auto
apply (rule rotate4)
apply (rule OrdP-cases-E [**where** $k=pi$], simp-all)
— Zero case
apply (rule SeqWRP-Zero-E [THEN rotate3])
prefer 2 **apply** blast
apply (rule SeqWRP-Zero-E [THEN rotate4])
prefer 2 **apply** blast
apply (blast intro: ContraProve [THEN rotate4] Sym Trans)
— SUCC case
apply (rule Ex-I [**where** $x = \text{Var } pi$], auto)
apply (metis ContraProve EQ-imp-SUBS2 Mem-SUCC-I2 Refl Subset-D)
apply (rule cut-same)
apply (rule SeqWRP-SUCC-E [of $sl' s' \text{ Var } pi$, THEN rotate4], auto)
apply (rule cut-same)
apply (rule SeqWRP-SUCC-E [of $sl s \text{ Var } pi$, THEN rotate7], auto)
apply (rule All-E [**where** $x = \text{Var } sl$, THEN rotate5], simp)
apply (rule All-E [**where** $x = \text{Var } sl'$], simp)
apply (rule Imp-E, blast)+
apply (rule cut-same [OF Q-Succ-cong [OF Assume]])
apply (blast intro: Trans [OF Hyp Sym] HPair-cong)
done
hence {OrdP (Var i)} $\vdash (\text{All } j' (\text{SeqWRP } s (\text{Var } i) (\text{Var } j) \text{ IMP } (\text{SeqWRP } s' (\text{Var } i) (\text{Var } j') \text{ IMP } \text{Var } j' \text{ EQ } \text{Var } j))) (j ::= y)$
by (metis All-D)
hence {OrdP (Var i)} $\vdash (\text{SeqWRP } s (\text{Var } i) y \text{ IMP } (\text{SeqWRP } s' (\text{Var } i) (\text{Var } j') \text{ IMP } \text{Var } j' \text{ EQ } y)) (j' ::= y')$
using $j j'$
by simp (drule All-D [**where** $x=y$], simp)
hence {} $\vdash \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } i) \text{ IMP } (\text{SeqWRP } s (\text{Var } i) y \text{ IMP } (\text{SeqWRP } s' (\text{Var } i) y' \text{ IMP } y' \text{ EQ } y))$
using $j j'$

```

    by simp (metis Imp-I)
  hence {} ⊢ (OrdP (Var i) IMP (SeqWRP s (Var i) y) IMP (SeqWRP s' (Var i)
y' IMP y' EQ y))(i::=x)
    by (metis Subst emptyE)
  thus ?thesis using i
    by simp (metis anti-deduction insert-commute)
qed

```

```

theorem WRP-unique: {OrdP x, WRP x y, WRP x y'} ⊢ y' EQ y
proof -
  obtain s::name and s'::name
    where atom s # (x,y,y') atom s' # (x,y,y',s)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: SeqWRP-unique [THEN rotate3] WRP.simps [of s - y] WRP.simps
[of s' - y'])
qed

```

8.1.4 The equivalent function

```

definition W :: hf ⇒ tm
  where W ≡ hmemrec (λf z. if z=0 then Zero else Q-Eats (f (pred z)) (f (pred
z)))

```

```

lemma W0 [simp]: W 0 = Zero
  by (rule trans [OF def-hmemrec [OF W-def]]) auto

```

```

lemma W-succ [simp]: Ord i ⟹ W (succ i) = Q-Eats (W i) (W i)
  by (rule trans [OF def-hmemrec [OF W-def]]) (auto simp: ecut-apply SUCC-def
W-def)

```

```

lemma W-ord-of [simp]: W (ord-of i) = [ORD-OF i]
  by (induct i, auto simp: SUCC-def quot-simps)

```

```

lemma WR-iff-eq-W: Ord x ⟹ WR x y ↔ y = [W x]e
proof (induct x arbitrary: y rule: Ord-induct2)
  case 0 thus ?case
    by (metis W0 WR0-iff eval-tm.simps(1))
  next
    case (succ k) thus ?case
      by (auto simp: WR-succ-iff q-Eats-def)
qed

```

8.2 The Function HF and Lemma 6.2

```

definition SeqHR :: hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ bool
where SeqHR x x' s k ≡
  BuildSeq2 (λy y'. Ord y ∧ WR y y')
    (λu u' v v' w w'. u = ⟨v,w⟩ ∧ u' = q-HPair v' w') s k x x'

```

8.2.1 Defining the syntax: quantified body

nominal-function $\text{SeqHRP} :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$

where $\llbracket \text{atom } l \# (s, k, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn') \rrbracket$;
 $\llbracket \text{atom } sl \# (s, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn') \rrbracket$;
 $\llbracket \text{atom } sl' \# (s, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn') \rrbracket$;
 $\llbracket \text{atom } m \# (s, n, sm, sm', sn, sn') \rrbracket$;
 $\llbracket \text{atom } n \# (s, sm, sm', sn, sn') \rrbracket$;
 $\llbracket \text{atom } sm \# (s, sm', sn, sn') \rrbracket$;
 $\llbracket \text{atom } sm' \# (s, sn, sn') \rrbracket$;
 $\llbracket \text{atom } sn \# (s, sn') \rrbracket$;
 $\llbracket \text{atom } sn' \# (s) \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{SeqHRP } x \ x' \ s \ k =$
 $LstSeqP \ s \ k \ (\text{HPair } x \ x') \ AND$
 $All2 \ l \ (\text{SUCC } k) \ (\text{Ex } sl \ (\text{Ex } sl' \ (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } l) \ (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } sl) \ (\text{Var } sl')) \ IN$
 $s \ AND$
 $((\text{OrdP } (\text{Var } sl) \ AND \ \text{WRP } (\text{Var } sl) \ (\text{Var } sl')) \ OR$
 $\text{Ex } m \ (\text{Ex } n \ (\text{Ex } sm \ (\text{Ex } sm' \ (\text{Ex } sn \ (\text{Ex } sn' \ (\text{Var } m \ IN \ \text{Var } l \ AND$
 $\text{Var } n \ IN \ \text{Var } l \ AND$
 $\text{HPair } (\text{Var } m) \ (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } sm) \ (\text{Var } sm')) \ IN \ s \ AND$
 $\text{HPair } (\text{Var } n) \ (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } sn) \ (\text{Var } sn')) \ IN \ s \ AND$
 $\text{Var } sl \ EQ \ \text{HPair } (\text{Var } sm) \ (\text{Var } sn) \ AND$
 $\text{Var } sl' \ EQ \ Q\text{-HPair } (\text{Var } sm') \ (\text{Var } sn'))))))))))))$

by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqHRP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)

by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows SeqHRP-fresh-iff [simp]:

$a \# \text{SeqHRP } x \ x' \ s \ k \longleftrightarrow a \# x \wedge a \# x' \wedge a \# s \wedge a \# k$ (**is** ?thesis1)

and eval-fm-SeqHRP [simp]:

$\text{eval-fm } e \ (\text{SeqHRP } x \ x' \ s \ k) \longleftrightarrow \text{SeqHR } \llbracket x \rrbracket e \ \llbracket x' \rrbracket e \ \llbracket s \rrbracket e \ \llbracket k \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)

and SeqHRP-sf [iff]: Sigma-fm (SeqHRP x x' s k) (**is** ?thsf)

and SeqHRP-imp-OrdP: { SeqHRP x y s k } ⊢ OrdP k (**is** ?thord)

proof –

obtain $l::name$ and $sl::name$ and $sl'::name$ and $m::name$ and $n::name$ and
 $sm::name$ and $sm'::name$ and $sn::name$ and $sn'::name$

where atoms:

$\text{atom } l \# (s, k, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

$\text{atom } sl \# (s, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn') \ \text{atom } sl' \# (s, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

$\text{atom } m \# (s, n, sm, sm', sn, sn') \ \text{atom } n \# (s, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

$\text{atom } sm \# (s, sm', sn, sn') \ \text{atom } sm' \# (s, sn, sn')$

$\text{atom } sn \# (s, sn') \ \text{atom } sn' \# (s)$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thsf ?thord

by (auto intro: LstSeqP-OrdP)

show ?thesis2 using atoms

by (fastforce simp: LstSeq-imp-Ord SeqHR-def

BuildSeq2-def BuildSeq-def Builds-def

$HBall\text{-}def$ $q\text{-}HPair\text{-}def$ $q\text{-}Eats\text{-}def$
 $Seq\text{-}iff\text{-}app$ [of $\llbracket s \rrbracket e$, OF $LstSeq\text{-}imp\text{-}Seq\text{-}succ$]
 $Ord\text{-}trans$ [of - - succ $\llbracket k \rrbracket e$]
 $cong$: conj-cong)

qed

lemma $SeqHRP\text{-}subst$ [simp]:
 $(SeqHRP x x' s k)(i ::= t) = SeqHRP (\text{subst } i t x) (\text{subst } i t x') (\text{subst } i t s)$
 $(\text{subst } i t k)$

proof –

obtain $l::name$ **and** $sl::name$ **and** $sl'::name$ **and** $m::name$ **and** $n::name$ **and**
 $sm::name$ **and** $sm'::name$ **and** $sn::name$ **and** $sn'::name$
where $atom l \# (s, k, t, i, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 $atom sl \# (s, t, i, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 $atom sl' \# (s, t, i, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 $atom m \# (s, t, i, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ $atom n \# (s, t, i, sm, sm', sn, sn')$
 $atom sm \# (s, t, i, sm', sn, sn')$ $atom sm' \# (s, t, i, sn, sn')$
 $atom sn \# (s, t, i, sn')$ $atom sn' \# (s, t, i)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: $SeqHRP.simps$ [of l - - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])

qed

lemma $SeqHRP\text{-cong}$:
assumes $H \vdash x EQ x'$ **and** $H \vdash y EQ y'$ $H \vdash s EQ s'$ **and** $H \vdash k EQ k'$
shows $H \vdash SeqHRP x y s k IFF SeqHRP x' y' s' k'$
by (rule $P4\text{-cong}$ [OF - assms], auto)

8.2.2 Defining the syntax: main predicate

definition $HR :: hf \Rightarrow hf \Rightarrow bool$
where $HR x x' \equiv \exists s k. SeqHR x x' s k$

nominal-function $HRP :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
where $\llbracket atom s \# (x, x', k); atom k \# (x, x') \rrbracket \implies$
 $HRP x x' = Ex s (Ex k (SeqHRP x x' (\text{Var } s) (\text{Var } k)))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def HRP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma
shows $HRP\text{-fresh-iff}$ [simp]: $a \# HRP x x' \longleftrightarrow a \# x \wedge a \# x'$ (**is** ?thesis1)
and eval-fm-HRP [simp]: $\text{eval-fm } e (HRP x x') \longleftrightarrow HR \llbracket x \rrbracket e \llbracket x' \rrbracket e$ (**is** ?thesis2)
and HRP-sf [iff]: $\Sigma\text{-fm } (HRP x x')$ (**is** ?thsf)

proof –

obtain $s::name$ **and** $k::name$ **where** $atom s \# (x, x', k)$ $atom k \# (x, x')$
by (metis obtain-fresh)

```

thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
  by (auto simp: HR-def q-defs)
qed

```

```

lemma HRP-subst [simp]: (HRP x x')(i:=t) = HRP (subst i t x) (subst i t x')
proof -
  obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (x,x',t,i,k) atom k # (x,x',t,i)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: HRP.simps [of s - - k])
qed

```

8.2.3 Proving that these relations are functions

```

lemma SeqHRP-lemma:
  assumes atom m # (x,x',s,k,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (x,x',s,k,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom sm # (x,x',s,k,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (x,x',s,k,sn,sn')
    atom sn # (x,x',s,k,sn') atom sn' # (x,x',s,k)
  shows { SeqHRP x x' s k }
     $\vdash$  (OrdP x AND WRP x x') OR
      Ex m (Ex n (Ex sm (Ex sm' (Ex sn (Ex sn' (Var m IN k AND Var n
      IN k AND
        SeqHRP (Var sm) (Var sm') s (Var m) AND
        SeqHRP (Var sn) (Var sn') s (Var n) AND
        x EQ HPair (Var sm) (Var sn) AND
        x' EQ Q-HPair (Var sm') (Var sn')))))))
proof -
  obtain l::name and sl::name and sl'::name
  where atoms:
    atom l # (x,x',s,k,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom sl # (x,x',s,k,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom sl' # (x,x',s,k,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis using atoms assms
    apply (simp add: SeqHRP.simps [of l s k sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])
    apply (rule Conj-E)
    apply (rule All2-SUCC-E' [where t=k, THEN rotate2], simp-all)
    apply (rule rotate2)
    apply (rule Ex-E Conj-E)+
    apply (rule cut-same [where A = HPair x x' EQ HPair (Var sl) (Var sl')])
    apply (metis Assume LstSeqP-EQ rotate4, simp-all, clarify)
    apply (rule Disj-E [THEN rotate4])
    apply (rule Disj-I1)
    apply (metis Assume AssumeH(3) Sym thin1 Iff-MP-same [OF Conj-cong
    OF OrdP-cong WRP-cong] Assume])
    — auto could be used but is VERY SLOW
    apply (rule Disj-I2)
    apply (rule Ex-E Conj-EH)+
    apply simp-all

```

```

apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } m$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } n$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sm$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sm'$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sn$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sn'$ ], simp)
apply (simp add: SeqHRP.simps [of  $l \dots sl \dots sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'$ ])
apply (rule Conj-I, blast) +
— first SeqHRP subgoal
apply (rule Conj-I) +
apply (blast intro: LstSeqP-Mem)
apply (rule All2-Subset [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (blast intro!: SUCC-Subset-Ord LstSeqP-OrdP, blast, simp)
— next SeqHRP subgoal
apply (rule Conj-I) +
apply (blast intro: LstSeqP-Mem)
apply (rule All2-Subset [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (auto intro!: SUCC-Subset-Ord LstSeqP-OrdP)
— finally, the equality pair
apply (blast intro: Trans) +
done
qed

```

lemma SeqHRP-unique: $\{\text{SeqHRP } x \ y \ s \ u, \text{SeqHRP } x \ y' \ s' \ u'\} \vdash y' \text{ EQ } y$

proof –

```

obtain i::name and j::name and j'::name and k::name and k'::name and l::name
and m::name and n::name and sm::name and sn::name and sm'::name and sn'::name
and m2::name and n2::name and sm2::name and sn2::name and sm2'::name and sn2'::name
where atoms: atom i # (s,s',y,y') atom j # (s,s',i,x,y,y') atom j' # (s,s',i,j,x,y,y')
atom k # (s,s',x,y,y',u',i,j,j') atom k' # (s,s',x,y,y',k,i,j,j') atom l
# (s,s',i,j,j',k,k')
atom m # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l) atom n # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m)
atom sm # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n) atom sn # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm)
atom sm' # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn) atom sn' # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm')
atom m2 # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn') atom n2 #
(s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2)
atom sm2 # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2,n2) atom sn2
# (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2)
atom sm2' # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2,sn2)
atom sn2' # (s,s',i,j,j',k,k',l,m,n,sm,sn,sm',sn',m2,n2,sm2,sn2,sm2')
by (metis obtain-fresh)
have {OrdP (Var k)}
  ⊢ All i (All j (All j' (All k' (SeqHRP (Var i) (Var j) s (Var k)) IMP (SeqHRP
(Var i) (Var j') s' (Var k') IMP Var j' EQ Var j)))))
apply (rule OrdIndH [where j=l])

```

```

using atoms apply auto
apply (rule Swap)
apply (rule cut-same)
apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqHRP-lemma [of m Var i Var j s Var k n sm sm' sn
sn]], simp-all, blast)
apply (rule cut-same)
apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqHRP-lemma [of m2 Var i Var j' s' Var k' n2 sm2
sm2' sn2 sn2]], simp-all, blast)
apply (rule Disj-EH Conj-EH) +
— case 1, both are ordinals
apply (blast intro: cut3 [OF WRP-unique])
— case 2, OrdP (Var i) but also a pair
apply (rule Conj-EH Ex-EH) +
apply simp-all
apply (rule cut-same [where A = OrdP (HPair (Var sm) (Var sn))])
apply (blast intro: OrdP-cong [OF Hyp, THEN Iff-MP-same], blast)
— towards second two cases
apply (rule Ex-E Disj-EH Conj-EH) +
— case 3, OrdP (Var i) but also a pair
apply (rule cut-same [where A = OrdP (HPair (Var sm2) (Var sn2))])
apply (blast intro: OrdP-cong [OF Hyp, THEN Iff-MP-same], blast)
— case 4, two pairs
apply (rule Ex-E Disj-EH Conj-EH) +
apply (rule All-E' [OF Hyp, where x=Var m], blast)
apply (rule All-E' [OF Hyp, where x=Var n], blast, simp-all)
apply (rule Disj-EH, blast intro: thin1 ContraProve) +
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm2], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var m2], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn, THEN rotate2], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn2], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var n2], simp)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = HPair (Var sm) (Var sn) EQ HPair (Var
sm2) (Var sn2)])
apply (blast intro: Sym Trans)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = SeqHRP (Var sn) (Var sn2') s' (Var n2)])
apply (blast intro: SeqHRP-cong [OF Hyp Refl Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])
apply (rule cut-same [where A = SeqHRP (Var sm) (Var sm2') s' (Var m2)])
apply (blast intro: SeqHRP-cong [OF Hyp Refl Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])
apply (rule Disj-EH, blast intro: thin1 ContraProve) +
apply (blast intro: Trans [OF Hyp Sym] intro!: HPair-cong)
done
hence {OrdP (Var k)}
  ⊢ All j (All j' (All k' (SeqHRP x (Var j) s (Var k)
    IMP (SeqHRP x (Var j') s' (Var k') IMP Var j' EQ Var j))))
apply (rule All-D [where x = x, THEN cut-same])
using atoms by auto

```

```

hence {OrdP (Var k)}
  ⊢ All j' (All k' (SeqHRP x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqHRP x (Var j') s' (Var k') IMP Var j' EQ y)))
    apply (rule All-D [where x = y, THEN cut-same])
    using atoms by auto
hence {OrdP (Var k)}
  ⊢ All k' (SeqHRP x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqHRP x y' s' (Var k') IMP y' EQ y))
    apply (rule All-D [where x = y', THEN cut-same])
    using atoms by auto
hence {OrdP (Var k)} ⊢ SeqHRP x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqHRP x y' s' u' IMP y' EQ y)
    apply (rule All-D [where x = u', THEN cut-same])
    using atoms by auto
hence {SeqHRP x y s (Var k)} ⊢ SeqHRP x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqHRP x y' s' u' IMP y' EQ y)
  by (metis SeqHRP-imp-OrdP cut1)
hence {} ⊢ ((SeqHRP x y s (Var k) IMP (SeqHRP x y' s' u' IMP y' EQ y))
  by (metis Subst emptyE Assume MP-same Imp-I)
hence {} ⊢ SeqHRP x y s u IMP (SeqHRP x y' s' u' IMP y' EQ y)
  using atoms by simp
thus ?thesis
  by (metis anti-deduction insert-commute)
qed

theorem HRP-unique: {HRP x y, HRP x y'} ⊢ y' EQ y
proof –
  obtain s::name and s':::name and k::name and k':::name
    where atom s # (x,y,y') atom s' # (x,y,y',s)
      atom k # (x,y,y',s,s') atom k' # (x,y,y',s,s',k)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: SeqHRP-unique HRP.simps [of s x y k] HRP.simps [of s' x y' k])
qed

```

8.2.4 Finally The Function HF Itself

```

definition HF :: hf ⇒ tm
  where HF ≡ hmemrec (λf z. if Ord z then W z else Q-HPair (f (hfst z)) (f (hsnd z)))

lemma HF-Ord [simp]: Ord i ⇒ HF i = W i
  by (rule trans [OF def-hmemrec [OF HF-def]]) auto

lemma HF-pair [simp]: HF (hpair x y) = Q-HPair (HF x) (HF y)
  by (rule trans [OF def-hmemrec [OF HF-def]]) (auto simp: ecut-apply HF-def)

```

```

lemma SeqHR-hpair: SeqHR x1 x3 s1 k1  $\implies$  SeqHR x2 x4 s2 k2  $\implies \exists s k. \text{SeqHR}$   

 $\langle x1, x2 \rangle (q\text{-HPair } x3 x4) s k$   

by (auto simp: SeqHR-def intro: BuildSeq2-combine)

lemma HR-H: coding-hf x  $\implies$  HR x  $\llbracket \text{HF } x \rrbracket e$   

proof (induct x rule: hmem-rel-induct)  

  case (step x) show ?case  

  proof (cases Ord x)  

    case True thus ?thesis  

      by (auto simp: HR-def SeqHR-def Ord-not-hpair WR-iff-eq-W [where e=e]  

      intro!: BuildSeq2-exI)  

    next  

    case False  

    then obtain x1 x2 where x:  $x = \langle x1, x2 \rangle$   

      by (metis Ord-ord-of coding-hf.simps step.prem)  

    then have x12:  $(x1, x) \in \text{hmem-rel} \quad (x2, x) \in \text{hmem-rel}$   

      by (auto simp: hmem-rel-iff-hmem-eclose)  

    have co12: coding-hf x1 coding-hf x2 using False step x  

      by (metis Ord-ord-of coding-hf-hpair)+  

    hence HR x1  $\llbracket \text{HF } x1 \rrbracket e$  HR x2  $\llbracket \text{HF } x2 \rrbracket e$   

      by (auto simp: x12 step)  

    thus ?thesis using x SeqHR-hpair  

      by (auto simp: HR-def q-defs)  

  qed  

qed

```

Lemma 6.2

```

lemma HF-quot-coding-tm: coding-tm t  $\implies$  HF  $\llbracket t \rrbracket e = \lceil t \rceil$   

by (induct t rule: coding-tm.induct) (auto, simp add: HPair-def quot-Eats)

lemma HR-quot-fm: fixes A::fm shows HR  $\llbracket \lceil A \rceil \rrbracket e = \llbracket \lceil \lceil A \rceil \rceil \rrbracket e$   

by (metis HR-H HF-quot-coding-tm coding-tm-hf quot-fm-coding)

lemma prove-HRP: fixes A::fm shows {}  $\vdash$  HRP  $\lceil A \rceil \lceil \lceil A \rceil \rceil$   

by (auto simp: supp-conv-fresh Sigma-fm-imp-thm ground-aux-def ground-fm-aux-def  

  HR-quot-fm)

```

8.3 The Function K and Lemma 6.3

```

nominal-function KRP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm  

where atom y # (v,x,x')  $\implies$   

  KRP v x x' = Ex y (HRP x (Var y) AND SubstFormP v (Var y) x x')  

by (auto simp: eqvt-def KRP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)  

by lexicographic-order

lemma KRP-fresh-iff [simp]: a # KRP v x x'  $\longleftrightarrow$  a # v  $\wedge$  a # x  $\wedge$  a # x'  

proof -

```

```

obtain y::name where atom y # (v,x,x')
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by auto
qed

lemma KRP-subst [simp]: (KRP v x x')(i:=t) = KRP (subst i t v) (subst i t x)
(subst i t x')
proof -
  obtain y::name where atom y # (v,x,x',t,i)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: KRP.simps [of y])
qed

declare KRP.simps [simp del]

lemma prove-SubstFormP: {} ⊢ SubstFormP [Var i] [[A]] [A] [A(i:=[A])]
  by (auto simp: supp-conv-fresh Sigma-fm-imp-thm ground-aux-def SubstForm-quot)

lemma prove-KRP: {} ⊢ KRP [Var i] [A] [A(i:=[A])]
  by (auto simp: KRP.simps [of y]
    intro!: Ex-I [where x=[[A]]] prove-HRP prove-SubstFormP)

lemma KRP-unique: {KRP v x y, KRP v x y'} ⊢ y' EQ y
proof -
  obtain u::name and u'::name where atom u # (v,x,y,y') atom u' # (v,x,y,y',u)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: KRP.simps [of u v x y] KRP.simps [of u' v x y']
      intro: SubstFormP-cong [THEN Iff-MP2-same]
      SubstFormP-unique [THEN cut2] HRP-unique [THEN cut2])
qed

lemma KRP-subst-fm: {KRP [Var i] [β] (Var j)} ⊢ Var j EQ [β(i:=[β])]
  by (metis KRP-unique cut0 prove-KRP)

```

8.4 The Diagonal Lemma and Gödel's Theorem

```

lemma diagonal:
  obtains δ where {} ⊢ δ IFF α(i:=[δ]) supp δ = supp α - {atom i}
proof -
  obtain k::name and j::name
    where atoms: atom k # (i,j,α) atom j # (i,α)
      by (metis obtain-fresh)
  def β ≡ Ex j (KRP [Var i] (Var i) (Var j) AND α(i ::= Var j))
  hence 1: {} ⊢ β(i ::= [β]) IFF (Ex j (KRP [Var i] (Var i) (Var j) AND α(i
  ::= Var j))(i ::= [β]))
    by (metis Iff-refl)

```

```

have 2: {} ⊢ (Ex j (KRP [Var i] (Var i) (Var j) AND α(i ::= Var j))(i ::= [β]) IFF
    Ex j (Var j EQ [β(i ::= [β])] AND α(i ::= Var j))
using atoms
apply (auto intro!: Ex-cong Conj-cong KRP-subst-fm)
apply (rule Iff-MP-same [OF Var-Eq-subst-Iff])
apply (auto intro: prove-KRP thin0)
done
have 3: {} ⊢ Ex j (Var j EQ [β(i ::= [β])] AND α(i ::= Var j)) IFF α(i ::= [β(i ::= [β])])
using atoms
apply auto
apply (rule cut-same [OF Iff-MP2-same [OF Var-Eq-subst-Iff AssumeH(2)]])
apply (auto intro: Ex-I [where x=[β(i ::= [β])]])
done
have supp (β(i ::= [β])) = supp α - {atom i} using atoms
by (auto simp: fresh-at-base ground-fm-aux-def β-def supp-conv-fresh)
thus ?thesis using atoms
by (metis that 1 2 3 Iff-trans)
qed

```

Gdel's first incompleteness theorem: If consistent, our theory is incomplete.

theorem Goedel-I:

```

assumes ¬ {} ⊢ Fls
obtains δ where {} ⊢ δ IFF Neg (PfP [δ]) ⊢ {} ⊢ δ ⊢ {} ⊢ Neg δ
    eval-fm e δ ground-fm δ
proof -
fix i::name
obtain δ where {} ⊢ δ IFF Neg ((PfP (Var i))(i ::= [δ]))
    and suppδ: supp δ = supp (Neg (PfP (Var i))) - {atom i}
    by (metis SyntaxN.Neg diagonal)
hence diag: {} ⊢ δ IFF Neg (PfP [δ])
    by simp
hence np: ¬ {} ⊢ δ
    by (metis assms Iff-MP-same Neg-D proved-iff-proved-PfP)
hence npn: ¬ {} ⊢ Neg δ using diag
    by (metis Iff-MP-same NegNeg-D Neg-cong proved-iff-proved-PfP)
moreover have eval-fm e δ using hftlm-sound [where e=e, OF diag]
    by simp (metis Pf-quot-imp-is-proved np)
moreover have ground-fm δ using suppδ
    by (simp add: supp-conv-fresh ground-fm-aux-def subset-eq) (metis fresh-ineq-at-base)
ultimately show ?thesis
    by (metis diag np npn that)
qed

end

```

Chapter 9

Syntactic Preliminaries for the Second Incompleteness Theorem

```
theory II-Prelims
imports Pf-Predicates
begin

declare IndP.simps [simp del]

lemma VarP-Var [intro]:  $H \vdash \text{VarP} \lceil \text{Var } i \rceil$ 
proof -
  have {}  $\vdash \text{VarP} \lceil \text{Var } i \rceil$ 
  by (auto simp: Sigma-fm-imp-thm [OF VarP-sf] ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (rule thin0)
qed

lemma VarP-neq-IndP: { $t = v$ ,  $\text{VarP } v$ ,  $\text{IndP } t$ }  $\vdash \text{Fls}$ 
proof -
  obtain m::name where atom m #: (t,v)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    apply (auto simp: VarP-def IndP.simps [of m])
    apply (rule cut-same [of - OrdP (Q-Ind (Var m))])
    apply (blast intro: Sym Trans OrdP-cong [THEN Iff-MP-same])
    by (metis OrdP-HPairE)
qed

lemma OrdP-ORD-OF [intro]:  $H \vdash \text{OrdP} (\text{ORD-OF } n)$ 
proof -
  have {}  $\vdash \text{OrdP} (\text{ORD-OF } n)$ 
  by (induct n) (auto simp: OrdP-SUCC-I)
```

```

thus ?thesis
  by (rule thin0)
qed

lemma Mem-HFun-Sigma-OrdP: {HPair t u IN f, HFun-Sigma f} ⊢ OrdP t
proof –
  obtain x::name and y::name and z::name and x'::name and y'::name and z'::name
    where atom z # (f,t,u,z',x,y,x',y') atom z' # (f,t,u,x,y,x',y')
           atom x # (f,t,u,y,x',y') atom y # (f,t,u,x',y')
           atom x' # (f,t,u,y') atom y' # (f,t,u)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    apply (simp add: HFun-Sigma.simps [of z f z' x y x' y'])
    apply (rule All2-E [where x=HPair t u, THEN rotate2], auto)
    apply (rule All2-E [where x=HPair t u], auto intro: OrdP-cong [THEN Iff-MP2-same])
    done
qed

```

9.1 NotInDom

```

nominal-function NotInDom :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
  where atom z # (t, r) ⇒ NotInDom t r = All z (Neg (HPair t (Var z) IN r))
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def NotInDom-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)
nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

```

```

lemma NotInDom-fresh-iff [simp]: a # NotInDom t r ⇐⇒ a # (t, r)
proof –
  obtain j::name where atom j # (t,r)
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by auto
qed

```

```

lemma subst-fm-NotInDom [simp]: (NotInDom t r)(i:=x) = NotInDom (subst i
x t) (subst i x r)
proof –
  obtain j::name where atom j # (i,x,t,r)
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: NotInDom.simps [of j])
qed

```

```

lemma NotInDom-cong: H ⊢ t EQ t' ⇒ H ⊢ r EQ r' ⇒ H ⊢ NotInDom t r
IFF NotInDom t' r'
  by (rule P2-cong) auto

```

```

lemma NotInDom-Zero:  $H \vdash \text{NotInDom } t \text{ Zero}$ 
proof –
  obtain  $z::\text{name}$  where  $\text{atom } z \notin t$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  hence  $\{\} \vdash \text{NotInDom } t \text{ Zero}$ 
    by (auto simp: fresh-Pair)
  thus ?thesis
    by (rule thin0)
qed

lemma NotInDom-Fls:  $\{\text{HPair } d \ d' \text{ IN } r, \text{NotInDom } d \ r\} \vdash A$ 
proof –
  obtain  $z::\text{name}$  where  $\text{atom } z \notin (d,r)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  hence  $\{\text{HPair } d \ d' \text{ IN } r, \text{NotInDom } d \ r\} \vdash \text{Fls}$ 
    by (auto intro!: Ex-I [where  $x=d'$ ])
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis ExFalse)
qed

lemma NotInDom-Contra:  $H \vdash \text{NotInDom } d \ r \implies H \vdash \text{HPair } x \ y \text{ IN } r \implies \text{insert}$   

 $(x \text{ EQ } d) \ H \vdash A$ 
by (rule NotInDom-Fls [THEN cut2, THEN ExFalse])
  (auto intro: thin1 NotInDom-cong [OF Assume Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])

```

9.2 Restriction of a Sequence to a Domain

```

nominal-function RestrictedP ::  $tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$ 
where  $\llbracket \text{atom } x \notin (y,f,k,g); \text{atom } y \notin (f,k,g) \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $\text{RestrictedP } f \ k \ g =$ 
   $g \text{ SUBS } f \text{ AND}$ 
   $All \ x \ (All \ y \ (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } x) \ (\text{Var } y) \text{ IN } g \text{ IFF}$ 
     $(\text{Var } x) \text{ IN } k \text{ AND } \text{HPair } (\text{Var } x) \ (\text{Var } y) \text{ IN } f))$ 
by (auto simp: eqvt-def RestrictedP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

```

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

```

```

lemma RestrictedP-fresh-iff [simp]:  $a \notin \text{RestrictedP } f \ k \ g \iff a \notin f \wedge a \notin k \wedge a \notin g$ 
proof –
  obtain  $x::\text{name}$  and  $y::\text{name}$  where  $\text{atom } x \notin (y,f,k,g)$   $\text{atom } y \notin (f,k,g)$ 
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by auto
qed

```

```

lemma subst-fm-RestrictedP [simp]:
   $(\text{RestrictedP } f \ k \ g)(i:=u) = \text{RestrictedP } (\text{subst } i \ u \ f) \ (\text{subst } i \ u \ k) \ (\text{subst } i \ u \ g)$ 

```

```

proof -
obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  where atom  $x \# (y,f,k,g,i,u)$  atom  $y \# (f,k,g,i,u)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (auto simp: RestrictedP.simps [of x y])
qed

lemma RestrictedP-cong:
 $\llbracket H \vdash f EQ f'; H \vdash k EQ A'; H \vdash g EQ g' \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies H \vdash \text{RestrictedP } f \ k \ g \ IFF \text{RestrictedP } f' \ A' \ g'$ 
by (rule P3-cong) auto

lemma RestrictedP-Zero:  $H \vdash \text{RestrictedP Zero} \ k \ Zero$ 
proof -
obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  where atom  $x \# (y,k)$  atom  $y \# (k)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
hence  $\{\} \vdash \text{RestrictedP Zero} \ k \ Zero$ 
  by (auto simp: RestrictedP.simps [of x y])
thus ?thesis
  by (rule thin0)
qed

lemma RestrictedP-Mem:  $\{ \text{RestrictedP } s \ k \ s', \text{HPair } a \ b \ IN \ s, \ a \ IN \ k \} \vdash \text{HPair}$ 
 $a \ b \ IN \ s'$ 
proof -
obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  where atom  $x \# (y,s,k,s',a,b)$  atom  $y \# (s,k,s',a,b)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  apply (auto simp: RestrictedP.simps [of x y])
  apply (rule All-E [where  $x=a$ , THEN rotate2], auto)
  apply (rule All-E [where  $x=b$ ], auto intro: Iff-E2)
  done
qed

lemma RestrictedP-imp-Subset:  $\{ \text{RestrictedP } s \ k \ s' \} \vdash s' \ SUBS \ s$ 
proof -
obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  where atom  $x \# (y,s,k,s')$  atom  $y \# (s,k,s')$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (auto simp: RestrictedP.simps [of x y])
qed

lemma RestrictedP-Mem2:
 $\{ \text{RestrictedP } s \ k \ s', \text{HPair } a \ b \ IN \ s' \} \vdash \text{HPair } a \ b \ IN \ s \ AND \ a \ IN \ k$ 
proof -
obtain  $x::name$  and  $y::name$  where atom  $x \# (y,s,k,s',a,b)$  atom  $y \# (s,k,s',a,b)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  apply (auto simp: RestrictedP.simps [of x y] intro: Subset-D)

```

```

apply (rule All-E [where  $x=a$ , THEN rotate2], auto)
apply (rule All-E [where  $x=b$ ], auto intro: Iff-E1)
done
qed

lemma RestrictedP-Mem-D:  $H \vdash \text{RestrictedP } s \ k \ t \implies H \vdash a \text{ IN } t \implies \text{insert } (a \text{ IN } s) \ H \vdash A \implies H \vdash A$ 
by (metis RestrictedP-imp-Subset Subset-E cut1)

lemma RestrictedP-Eats:
{ RestrictedP  $s \ k \ s'$ ,  $a \text{ IN } k$  }  $\vdash \text{RestrictedP } (\text{Eats } s \ (\text{HPair } a \ b)) \ k \ (\text{Eats } s' \ (\text{HPair } a \ b))$ 

lemma exists-RestrictedP:
assumes  $s: \text{atom } s \notin (f,k)$ 
shows  $H \vdash \text{Ex } s \ (\text{RestrictedP } f \ k \ (\text{Var } s))$ 

lemma cut-RestrictedP:
assumes  $s: \text{atom } s \notin (f,k,A)$  and  $\forall C \in H. \text{atom } s \notin C$ 
shows  $\text{insert } (\text{RestrictedP } f \ k \ (\text{Var } s)) \ H \vdash A \implies H \vdash A$ 
apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-RestrictedP [of s]])
using assms apply auto
done

lemma RestrictedP-NotInDom: { RestrictedP  $s \ k \ s'$ , Neg ( $j \text{ IN } k$ ) }  $\vdash \text{NotInDom } j \ s'$ 
proof -
obtain  $x::\text{name}$  and  $y::\text{name}$  and  $z::\text{name}$ 
where  $\text{atom } x \notin (y,s,j,k,s')$   $\text{atom } y \notin (s,j,k,s')$   $\text{atom } z \notin (s,j,k,s')$ 
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
apply (auto simp: RestrictedP.simps [of x y] NotInDom.simps [of z])
apply (rule All-E [where  $x=j$ , THEN rotate3], auto)
apply (rule All-E, auto intro: Conj-E1 Iff-E1)
done
qed

declare RestrictedP.simps [simp del]

```

9.3 Applications to LstSeqP

```

lemma HFun-Sigma-Eats:
assumes  $H \vdash \text{HFun-Sigma } r \ H \vdash \text{NotInDom } d \ r \ H \vdash \text{OrdP } d$ 
shows  $H \vdash \text{HFun-Sigma } (\text{Eats } r \ (\text{HPair } d \ d'))$ 

lemma HFun-Sigma-single [iff]:  $H \vdash \text{OrdP } d \implies H \vdash \text{HFun-Sigma } (\text{Eats Zero } (\text{HPair } d \ d'))$ 
by (metis HFun-Sigma-Eats HFun-Sigma-Zero NotInDom-Zero)

lemma LstSeqP-single [iff]:  $H \vdash \text{LstSeqP } (\text{Eats Zero } (\text{HPair Zero } x)) \ \text{Zero } x$ 
by (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps intro!: OrdP-SUCC-I HDomain-Incl-Eats-I Mem-Eats-I2)

```

```

lemma NotInDom-LstSeqP-Eats:
  { NotInDom (SUCC k) s, LstSeqP s k y } ⊢ LstSeqP (Eats s (HPair (SUCC k)
z)) (SUCC k) z
by (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps intro: HDomain-Incl-Eats-I Mem-Eats-I2 OrdP-SUCC-I
HFun-Sigma-Eats)

lemma RestrictedP-HDomain-Incl: { HDomain-Incl s k, RestrictedP s k s' } ⊢ HDomain-Incl
s' k
proof -
  obtain u::name and v::name and x::name and y::name and z::name
    where atom u # (v,s,k,s') atom v # (s,k,s')
      atom x # (s,k,s',u,v,y,z) atom y # (s,k,s',u,v,z) atom z # (s,k,s',u,v)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    apply (auto simp: HDomain-Incl.simps [of x - - y z])
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var x], auto)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var y], auto)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var z], simp)
    apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same, THEN rotate2])
    apply (auto simp: RestrictedP.simps [of u v])
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var x, THEN rotate2], auto)
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var y])
    apply (auto intro: Iff-E ContraProve Mem-cong [THEN Iff-MP-same])
    done
  qed

lemma RestrictedP-HFun-Sigma: { HFun-Sigma s, RestrictedP s k s' } ⊢ HFun-Sigma
s'
by (metis Assume RestrictedP-imp-Subset Subset-HFun-Sigma rcut2)

lemma RestrictedP-LstSeqP:
  { RestrictedP s (SUCC k) s', LstSeqP s k y } ⊢ LstSeqP s' k y
by (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps
  intro: Mem-Neg-refl cut2 [OF RestrictedP-HDomain-Incl]
         cut2 [OF RestrictedP-HFun-Sigma] cut3 [OF
RestrictedP-Mem])

lemma RestrictedP-LstSeqP-Eats:
  { RestrictedP s (SUCC k) s', LstSeqP s k y }
  ⊢ LstSeqP (Eats s' (HPair (SUCC k) z)) (SUCC k) z
by (blast intro: Mem-Neg-refl cut2 [OF NotInDom-LstSeqP-Eats]
         cut2 [OF RestrictedP-NotInDom] cut2 [OF
RestrictedP-LstSeqP])

```

9.4 Ordinal Addition

9.4.1 Predicate form, defined on sequences

nominal-function SeqHaddP :: $tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$

```

where  $\llbracket \text{atom } l \# (sl, s, k, j); \text{atom } sl \# (s, j) \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $\text{SeqHaddP } s \ j \ k \ y = \text{LstSeqP } s \ k \ y \text{ AND}$ 
 $\text{HPair Zero } j \text{ IN } s \text{ AND}$ 
 $\text{All2 } l \ k \ (\text{Ex } sl \ (\text{HPair } (\text{Var } l) \ (\text{Var } sl)) \text{ IN } s \text{ AND}$ 
 $\text{HPair } (\text{SUCC } (\text{Var } l)) \ (\text{SUCC } (\text{Var } sl)) \text{ IN } s)$ 
by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqHaddP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma SeqHaddP-fresh-iff [simp]:  $a \# \text{SeqHaddP } s \ j \ k \ y \longleftrightarrow a \# s \wedge a \# j \wedge a \# k \wedge a \# y$ 
proof –
  obtain  $l::\text{name}$  and  $sl::\text{name}$  where  $\text{atom } l \# (sl, s, k, j)$   $\text{atom } sl \# (s, j)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
  by force
qed

lemma SeqHaddP-subst [simp]:
 $(\text{SeqHaddP } s \ j \ k \ y)(i ::= t) = \text{SeqHaddP } (\text{subst } i \ t \ s) \ (\text{subst } i \ t \ j) \ (\text{subst } i \ t \ k)$ 
 $(\text{subst } i \ t \ y)$ 
proof –
  obtain  $l::\text{name}$  and  $sl::\text{name}$  where  $\text{atom } l \# (s, k, j, sl, t, i)$   $\text{atom } sl \# (s, k, j, t, i)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
  by (auto simp: SeqHaddP.simps [where  $l=l$  and  $sl=sl$ ])
qed

declare SeqHaddP.simps [simp del]

nominal-function HaddP ::  $tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$ 
where  $\llbracket \text{atom } s \# (x, y, z) \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $\text{HaddP } x \ y \ z = \text{Ex } s \ (\text{SeqHaddP } (\text{Var } s) \ x \ y \ z)$ 
by (auto simp: eqvt-def HaddP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma HaddP-fresh-iff [simp]:  $a \# \text{HaddP } x \ y \ z \longleftrightarrow a \# x \wedge a \# y \wedge a \# z$ 
proof –
  obtain  $s::\text{name}$  where  $\text{atom } s \# (x, y, z)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
  by force
qed

lemma HaddP-subst [simp]:  $(\text{HaddP } x \ y \ z)(i ::= t) = \text{HaddP } (\text{subst } i \ t \ x) \ (\text{subst } i \ t \ y) \ (\text{subst } i \ t \ z)$ 

```

```

proof -
obtain s::name where atom s  $\notin$  (x,y,z,t,i)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (auto simp: HaddP.simps [of s])
qed

lemma HaddP-cong:  $\llbracket H \vdash t \text{ EQ } t'; H \vdash u \text{ EQ } u'; H \vdash v \text{ EQ } v' \rrbracket \implies H \vdash \text{HaddP } t \text{ u } v \text{ IFF } \text{HaddP } t' \text{ u' } v'$ 
  by (rule P3-cong) auto

declare HaddP.simps [simp del]

lemma HaddP-Zero2:  $H \vdash \text{HaddP } x \text{ Zero } x$ 
proof -
obtain s::name and l::name and sl::name where atom l  $\notin$  (sl,s,x) atom sl  $\notin$  (s,x) atom s  $\notin$  x
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
hence {}  $\vdash \text{HaddP } x \text{ Zero } x$ 
  by (auto simp: HaddP.simps [of s] SeqHaddP.simps [of l sl]
    intro!: Mem-Eats-I2 Ex-I [where x=Eats Zero (HPair Zero x)])
thus ?thesis
  by (rule thin0)
qed

lemma HaddP-imp-OrdP: {HaddP x y z}  $\vdash \text{OrdP } y$ 
proof -
obtain s::name and l::name and sl::name
  where atom l  $\notin$  (sl,s,x,y,z) atom sl  $\notin$  (s,x,y,z) atom s  $\notin$  (x,y,z)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (auto simp: HaddP.simps [of s] SeqHaddP.simps [of l sl] LstSeqP.simps)
qed

lemma HaddP-SUCC2: {HaddP x y z}  $\vdash \text{HaddP } x \text{ (SUCC } y \text{) (SUCC } z \text{)}$ 

```

9.4.2 Proving that these relations are functions

```

lemma SeqHaddP-Zero-E: {SeqHaddP s w Zero z}  $\vdash w \text{ EQ } z$ 
proof -
obtain l::name and sl::name where atom l  $\notin$  (s,w,z,sl) atom sl  $\notin$  (s,w)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (auto simp: SeqHaddP.simps [of l sl] LstSeqP.simps intro: HFun-Sigma-E)
qed

lemma SeqHaddP-SUCC-lemma:
assumes y': atom y'  $\notin$  (s,j,k,y)
shows {SeqHaddP s j (SUCC k) y}  $\vdash \text{Ex } y' (\text{SeqHaddP } s \text{ j } k \text{ (Var } y') \text{ AND } y$ 

```

```

EQ SUCC (Var y')
proof -
  obtain l::name and sl::name where atom l # (s,j,k,y,y',sl) atom sl # (s,j,k,y,y')
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis using y'
    apply (auto simp: SeqHaddP.simps [where s=s and l=l and sl=sl])
    apply (rule All2-SUCC-E' [where t=k, THEN rotate2], auto)
    apply (auto intro!: Ex-I [where x=Var sl])
    apply (blast intro: LstSeqP-SUCC) — showing SeqHaddP s j k (Var sl)
    apply (blast intro: LstSeqP-EQ)
    done
qed

lemma SeqHaddP-SUCC:
  assumes H ⊢ SeqHaddP s j (SUCC k) y atom y' # (s,j,k,y)
  shows H ⊢ Ex y' (SeqHaddP s j k (Var y') AND y EQ SUCC (Var y'))
  by (metis SeqHaddP-SUCC-lemma [THEN cut1] assms)

lemma SeqHaddP-unique: {OrdP x, SeqHaddP s w x y, SeqHaddP s' w x y'} ⊢ y'
  EQ y
lemma HaddP-unique: {HaddP w x y, HaddP w x y'} ⊢ y' EQ y
proof -
  obtain s::name and s'::name where atom s # (w,x,y,y') atom s' # (w,x,y,y',s)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  hence {OrdP x, HaddP w x y, HaddP w x y'} ⊢ y' EQ y
    by (auto simp: HaddP.simps [of s - - y] HaddP.simps [of s' - - y]
      intro: SeqHaddP-unique [THEN cut3])
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis HaddP-imp-OrdP cut-same thin1)
qed

lemma HaddP-Zero1: assumes H ⊢ OrdP x shows H ⊢ HaddP Zero x x
proof -
  fix k::name
  have {OrdP (Var k)} ⊢ HaddP Zero (Var k) (Var k)
    by (rule OrdInd2H [where i=k]) (auto intro: HaddP-Zero2 HaddP-SUCC2
    [THEN cut1])
  hence {} ⊢ OrdP (Var k) IMP HaddP Zero (Var k) (Var k)
    by (metis Imp-I)
  hence {} ⊢ (OrdP (Var k) IMP HaddP Zero (Var k) (Var k))(k::=x)
    by (rule Subst) auto
  hence {} ⊢ OrdP x IMP HaddP Zero x x
    by simp
  thus ?thesis using assms
    by (metis MP-same thin0)
qed

lemma HaddP-Zero-D1: insert (HaddP Zero x y) H ⊢ x EQ y
  by (metis Assume HaddP-imp-OrdP HaddP-Zero1 HaddP-unique [THEN cut2])

```

rcut1)

lemma *HaddP-Zero-D2*: *insert (HaddP x Zero y) H ⊢ x EQ y*
by (*metis Assume HaddP-Zero2 HaddP-unique [THEN cut2]*)

lemma *HaddP-SUCC-Ex2*:

assumes *H ⊢ HaddP x (SUCC y) z atom z' # (x,y,z)*
shows *H ⊢ Ex z' (HaddP x y (Var z') AND z EQ SUCC (Var z'))*

proof –

obtain *s::name and s'::name where atom s # (x,y,z,z') atom s' # (x,y,z,z',s)*

by (*metis obtain-fresh*)

hence { *HaddP x (SUCC y) z* } ⊢ *Ex z' (HaddP x y (Var z') AND z EQ SUCC (Var z'))*

using *assms*

apply (*auto simp: HaddP.simps [of s - -] HaddP.simps [of s' - -]*)

apply (*rule cut-same [OF SeqHaddP-SUCC-lemma [of z']], auto*)

apply (*rule Ex-I, auto*)+

done

thus *?thesis*

by (*metis assms(1) cut1*)

qed

lemma *HaddP-SUCC1*: { *HaddP x y z* } ⊢ *HaddP (SUCC x) y (SUCC z)*

lemma *HaddP-commute*: { *HaddP x y z, OrdP x* } ⊢ *HaddP y x z*

lemma *HaddP-SUCC-Ex1*:

assumes *atom i # (x,y,z)*

shows *insert (HaddP (SUCC x) y z) (insert (OrdP x) H)*

⊢ *Ex i (HaddP x y (Var i) AND z EQ SUCC (Var i))*

proof –

have { *HaddP (SUCC x) y z, OrdP x* } ⊢ *Ex i (HaddP x y (Var i) AND z EQ SUCC (Var i))*

apply (*rule cut-same [OF HaddP-commute [THEN cut2]]*)

apply (*blast intro: OrdP-SUCC-I*)+

apply (*rule cut-same [OF HaddP-SUCC-Ex2 [where z'=i]], blast*)

using *assms apply auto*

apply (*auto intro!: Ex-I [where x=Var i]*)

by (*metis AssumeH(2) HaddP-commute [THEN cut2] HaddP-imp-OrdP rotate2 thin1*)

thus *?thesis*

by (*metis AssumeH(2) cut2*)

qed

lemma *HaddP-inv2*: { *HaddP x y z, HaddP x y' z, OrdP x* } ⊢ *y' EQ y*

lemma *Mem-imp-subtract*:

lemma *HaddP-OrdP*:

assumes *H ⊢ HaddP x y z H ⊢ OrdP x shows H ⊢ OrdP z*

lemma *HaddP-Mem-cancel-left*:

assumes *H ⊢ HaddP x y' z' H ⊢ HaddP x y z H ⊢ OrdP x*

shows *H ⊢ z' IN z IFF y' IN y*

lemma *HaddP-Mem-cancel-right-Mem*:

assumes $H \vdash \text{HaddP } x' y z' H \vdash \text{HaddP } x y z H \vdash x' \text{IN } x H \vdash \text{OrdP } x$

shows $H \vdash z' \text{IN } z$

proof –

have $H \vdash \text{OrdP } x'$

by (*metis Ord-IN-Ord assms(3) assms(4)*)

hence $H \vdash \text{HaddP } y x' z' H \vdash \text{HaddP } y x z$

by (*blast intro: assms HaddP-commute [THEN cut2]*) +

thus *?thesis*

by (*blast intro: assms HaddP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1] HaddP-Mem-cancel-left [THEN Iff-MP2-same]*)

qed

lemma *HaddP-Mem-cases*:

assumes $H \vdash \text{HaddP } k1 k2 k H \vdash \text{OrdP } k1$

insert ($x \text{IN } k1$) $H \vdash A$

insert ($\text{Var } i \text{IN } k2$) (*insert* ($\text{HaddP } k1 (\text{Var } i) x$) $H \vdash A$)

and $i: \text{atom } (i::\text{name}) \# (k1, k2, k, x, A)$ **and** $\forall C \in H. \text{atom } i \# C$

shows *insert* ($x \text{IN } k$) $H \vdash A$

lemma *HaddP-Mem-contra*:

assumes $H \vdash \text{HaddP } x y z H \vdash z \text{IN } x H \vdash \text{OrdP } x$

shows $H \vdash A$

proof –

obtain $i::\text{name}$ **and** $j::\text{name}$ **and** $k::\text{name}$

where $\text{atoms}: \text{atom } i \# (x, y, z) \text{ atom } j \# (i, x, y, z) \text{ atom } k \# (i, j, x, y, z)$

by (*metis obtain-fresh*)

have $\{\text{OrdP } (\text{Var } i)\} \vdash \text{All } j (\text{HaddP } (\text{Var } i) y (\text{Var } j) \text{IMP Neg } ((\text{Var } j) \text{IN } (\text{Var } i)))$

(is $\vdash ?\text{scheme}$ **)**

proof (*rule OrdInd2H*)

show $\{\} \vdash ?\text{scheme}(i ::= \text{Zero})$

using *atoms* **by** *auto*

next

show $\{\} \vdash \text{All } i (\text{OrdP } (\text{Var } i) \text{IMP } ?\text{scheme} \text{IMP } ?\text{scheme}(i ::= \text{SUCC } (\text{Var } i)))$

using *atoms* **apply** *auto*

apply (*rule cut-same [OF HaddP-SUCC-Ex1 [of k Var i y Var j, THEN cut2]], auto*)

apply (*rule Ex-I [where x=Var k], auto*)

apply (*blast intro: OrdP-IN-SUCC-D Mem-cong [OF - Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same]*)

done

qed

hence $\{\text{OrdP } (\text{Var } i)\} \vdash (\text{HaddP } (\text{Var } i) y (\text{Var } j) \text{IMP Neg } ((\text{Var } j) \text{IN } (\text{Var } i))) (j ::= z)$

by (*metis All-D*)

hence $\{\} \vdash \text{OrdP } (\text{Var } i) \text{IMP HaddP } (\text{Var } i) y z \text{IMP Neg } (z \text{IN } (\text{Var } i))$

using *atoms* **by** *simp (metis Imp-I)*

hence $\{\} \vdash (\text{OrdP } (\text{Var } i) \text{IMP HaddP } (\text{Var } i) y z \text{IMP Neg } (z \text{IN } (\text{Var } i)))$

```

i)))(i::=x)
  by (metis Subst emptyE)
  thus ?thesis
    using atoms by simp (metis MP-same MP-null Neg-D assms)
qed

lemma exists-HaddP:
  assumes H ⊢ OrdP y atom j # (x,y)
  shows H ⊢ Ex j (HaddP x y (Var j))
proof -
  obtain i::name
  where atoms: atom i # (j,x,y)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have {OrdP (Var i)} ⊢ Ex j (HaddP x (Var i) (Var j))
    (is - ⊢ ?scheme)
  proof (rule OrdInd2H)
    show {} ⊢ ?scheme(i::=Zero)
      using atoms assms
      by (force intro!: Ex-I [where x=x] HaddP-Zero2)
  next
    show {} ⊢ All i (OrdP (Var i) IMP ?scheme IMP ?scheme(i::=SUCC (Var i)))
      using atoms assms
      apply auto
      apply (auto intro!: Ex-I [where x=SUCC (Var j)] HaddP-SUCC2)
      apply (metis HaddP-SUCC2 insert-commute thin1)
      done
  qed
  hence {} ⊢ OrdP (Var i) IMP Ex j (HaddP x (Var i) (Var j))
    by (metis Imp-I)
  hence {} ⊢ (OrdP (Var i) IMP Ex j (HaddP x (Var i) (Var j)))(i::=y)
    using atoms by (force intro!: Subst)
  thus ?thesis
    using atoms assms by simp (metis MP-null assms(1))
qed

lemma HaddP-Mem-I:
  assumes H ⊢ HaddP x y z H ⊢ OrdP x shows H ⊢ x IN SUCC z
proof -
  have {HaddP x y z, OrdP x} ⊢ x IN SUCC z
    apply (rule OrdP-linear [of - x SUCC z])
    apply (auto intro: OrdP-SUCC-I HaddP-OrdP)
    apply (rule HaddP-Mem-contra, blast)
    apply (metis Assume Mem-SUCC-I2 OrdP-IN-SUCC-D Sym-L thin1 thin2,
blast)
    apply (blast intro: HaddP-Mem-contra Mem-SUCC-Refl OrdP-Trans)
    done
  thus ?thesis
    by (rule cut2) (auto intro: assms)

```

qed

9.5 A Shifted Sequence

nominal-function $ShiftP :: tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow tm \Rightarrow fm$
 where $\llbracket atom x \# (x',y,z,f,del,g,k); atom x' \# (y,z,f,del,g,k); atom y \# (z,f,del,g,k); atom z \# (f,del,g,k) \rrbracket \implies$
 $ShiftP f k del g =$
 $All z (Var z IN g IFF$
 $(Ex x (Ex x' (Ex y ((Var z) EQ HPair (Var x') (Var y) AND$
 $HAddP del (Var x) (Var x') AND$
 $HPair (Var x) (Var y) IN f AND Var x IN k))))$
 by (auto simp: eqvt-def ShiftP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
 by lexicographic-order

lemma ShiftP-fresh-iff [simp]: $a \# ShiftP f k del g \longleftrightarrow a \# f \wedge a \# k \wedge a \# del \wedge a \# g$
proof –
 obtain $x::name$ **and** $x'::name$ **and** $y::name$ **and** $z::name$
 where $atom x \# (x',y,z,f,del,g,k)$ $atom x' \# (y,z,f,del,g,k)$
 $atom y \# (z,f,del,g,k)$ $atom z \# (f,del,g,k)$
 by (metis obtain-fresh)
 thus ?thesis
 by auto
qed

lemma subst-fm-ShiftP [simp]:
 $(ShiftP f k del g)(i:=u) = ShiftP (subst i u f) (subst i u k) (subst i u del) (subst i u g)$
proof –
 obtain $x::name$ **and** $x'::name$ **and** $y::name$ **and** $z::name$
 where $atom x \# (x',y,z,f,del,g,k,i,u)$ $atom x' \# (y,z,f,del,g,k,i,u)$
 $atom y \# (z,f,del,g,k,i,u)$ $atom z \# (f,del,g,k,i,u)$
 by (metis obtain-fresh)
 thus ?thesis
 by (auto simp: ShiftP.simps [of x x' y z])
qed

lemma ShiftP-Zero: $\{\} \vdash ShiftP Zero k d Zero$
proof –
 obtain $x::name$ **and** $x'::name$ **and** $y::name$ **and** $z::name$
 where $atom x \# (x',y,z,k,d)$ $atom x' \# (y,z,k,d)$ $atom y \# (z,k,d)$ $atom z \# (k,d)$
 by (metis obtain-fresh)
 thus ?thesis
 by (auto simp: ShiftP.simps [of x x' y z])
qed

lemma *ShiftP-Mem1*:

$\{ShiftP\ f\ k\ del\ g, HPair\ a\ b\ IN\ f, HaddP\ del\ a\ a', a\ IN\ k\} \vdash HPair\ a'\ b\ IN\ g$

proof –

obtain $x::name$ and $x'::name$ and $y::name$ and $z::name$
where atom $x \notin (x',y,z,f,del,g,k,a,a',b)$ atom $x' \notin (y,z,f,del,g,k,a,a',b)$
atom $y \notin (z,f,del,g,k,a,a',b)$ atom $z \notin (f,del,g,k,a,a',b)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
apply (auto simp: ShiftP.simps [of $x\ x'\ y\ z$])
apply (rule All-E [where $x=HPair\ a'\ b$], auto intro!: Iff-E2)
apply (rule Ex-I [where $x=a$], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where $x=a'$], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where $x=b$], auto intro: Mem-Eats-I1)
done

qed

lemma *ShiftP-Mem2*:

assumes atom $u \notin (f,k,del,g,a,b)$
shows $\{ShiftP\ f\ k\ del\ g, HPair\ a\ b\ IN\ g\} \vdash Ex\ u\ ((Var\ u)\ IN\ k\ AND\ HaddP\ del\ (Var\ u)\ a\ AND\ HPair\ (Var\ u)\ b\ IN\ f)$

proof –

obtain $x::name$ and $x'::name$ and $y::name$ and $z::name$
where atoms: atom $x \notin (x',y,z,f,del,g,k,a,u,b)$ atom $x' \notin (y,z,f,del,g,k,a,u,b)$
atom $y \notin (z,f,del,g,k,a,u,b)$ atom $z \notin (f,del,g,k,a,u,b)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis using assms
apply (auto simp: ShiftP.simps [of $x\ x'\ y\ z$])
apply (rule All-E [where $x=HPair\ a\ b$])
apply (auto intro!: Iff-E1 [OF Assume])
apply (rule Ex-I [where $x=Var\ x$])
apply (auto intro: Mem-cong [OF HPair-cong Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])
apply (blast intro: HaddP-cong [OF Refl Refl, THEN Iff-MP2-same])
done

qed

lemma *ShiftP-Mem-D*:

assumes $H \vdash ShiftP\ f\ k\ del\ g\ H \vdash a\ IN\ g$
atom $x \notin (x',y,a,f,del,g,k)$ atom $x' \notin (y,a,f,del,g,k)$ atom $y \notin (a,f,del,g,k)$
shows $H \vdash (Ex\ x\ (Ex\ x'\ (Ex\ y\ (a\ EQ\ HPair\ (Var\ x')\ (Var\ y))\ AND\ HaddP\ del\ (Var\ x)\ (Var\ x')\ AND\ HPair\ (Var\ x)\ (Var\ y)\ IN\ f\ AND\ Var\ x\ IN\ k)))$
(is - ⊢ ?concl)

proof –

obtain $z::name$ where atom $z \notin (x,x',y,f,del,g,k,a)$
by (metis obtain-fresh)
hence $\{ShiftP\ f\ k\ del\ g, a\ IN\ g\} \vdash ?concl$ using assms
by (auto simp: ShiftP.simps [of $x\ x'\ y\ z$]) (rule All-E [where $x=a$], auto intro: Iff-E1)

```

thus ?thesis
  by (rule cut2) (rule assms)+
qed

lemma ShiftP-Eats-Eats:
{ShiftP f k del g, HaddP del a a', a IN k}
  ⊢ ShiftP (Eats f (HPair a b)) k del (Eats g (HPair a' b))
lemma ShiftP-Eats-Neg:
assumes atom u # (u',v,f,k,del,g,c) atom u' # (v,f,k,del,g,c) atom v # (f,k,del,g,c)
shows
{ShiftP f k del g,
 Neg (Ex u (Ex u' (Ex v (c EQ HPair (Var u) (Var v)) AND Var u IN k AND
 HaddP del (Var u) (Var u'))))}
  ⊢ ShiftP (Eats f c) k del g
lemma exists-ShiftP:
assumes t: atom t # (s,k,del)
shows H ⊢ Ex t (ShiftP s k del (Var t))

```

9.6 Union of Two Sets

```

nominal-function UnionP :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
  where atom i # (x,y,z) ⇒ UnionP x y z = All i (Var i IN z IFF (Var i IN x
  OR Var i IN y))
by (auto simp: eqvt-def UnionP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

```

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

```

```

lemma UnionP-fresh-iff [simp]: a # UnionP x y z ←→ a # x ∧ a # y ∧ a # z
proof –
  obtain i::name where atom i # (x,y,z)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by auto
qed

```

```

lemma subst-fm-UnionP [simp]:
  (UnionP x y z)(i::=u) = UnionP (subst i u x) (subst i u y) (subst i u z)
proof –
  obtain j::name where atom j # (x,y,z,i,u)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: UnionP.simps [of j])
qed

```

```

lemma Union-Zero1: H ⊢ UnionP Zero x x
proof –
  obtain i::name where atom i # x
    by (metis obtain-fresh)

```

```

hence {} ⊢ UnionP Zero x x
  by (auto simp: UnionP.simps [of i] intro: Disj-I2)
thus ?thesis
  by (metis thin0)
qed

lemma Union-Eats: {UnionP x y z} ⊢ UnionP (Eats x a) y (Eats z a)
proof –
  obtain i::name where atom i # (x,y,z,a)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    apply (auto simp: UnionP.simps [of i])
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var i])
    apply (auto intro: Iff-E1 [THEN rotate2] Iff-E2 [THEN rotate2] Mem-Eats-I1
      Mem-Eats-I2 Disj-I1 Disj-I2)
    done
qed

lemma exists-Union-lemma:
  assumes z: atom z # (i,y) and i: atom i # y
  shows {} ⊢ Ex z (UnionP (Var i) y (Var z))
proof –
  obtain j::name where j: atom j # (y,z,i)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  show {} ⊢ Ex z (UnionP (Var i) y (Var z))
    apply (rule Ind [of j i]) using j z i
    apply simp-all
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=y], simp add: Union-Zero1)
    apply (auto del: Ex-EH)
    apply (rule Ex-E)
    apply (rule NegNeg-E)
    apply (rule Ex-E)
    apply (auto del: Ex-EH)
    apply (rule thin1, force intro: Ex-I [where x=Eats (Var z) (Var j)] Union-Eats)
    done
qed

lemma exists-UnionP:
  assumes z: atom z # (x,y) shows H ⊢ Ex z (UnionP x y (Var z))
proof –
  obtain i::name where i: atom i # (y,z)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  hence {} ⊢ Ex z (UnionP (Var i) y (Var z))
    by (metis exists-Union-lemma fresh-Pair fresh-at-base(2) z)
  hence {} ⊢ (Ex z (UnionP (Var i) y (Var z)))(i::=x)
    by (metis Subst_empty-if)
  thus ?thesis using i z
    by (simp add: thin0)
qed

```

```

lemma UnionP-Mem1: { UnionP x y z, a IN x } ⊢ a IN z
proof –
  obtain i::name where atom i # (x,y,z,a)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp: UnionP.simps [of i] intro: All-E [where x=a] Disj-I1 Iff-E2)
qed

lemma UnionP-Mem2: { UnionP x y z, a IN y } ⊢ a IN z
proof –
  obtain i::name where atom i # (x,y,z,a)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp: UnionP.simps [of i] intro: All-E [where x=a] Disj-I2 Iff-E2)
qed

lemma UnionP-Mem: { UnionP x y z, a IN z } ⊢ a IN x OR a IN y
proof –
  obtain i::name where atom i # (x,y,z,a)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (force simp: UnionP.simps [of i] intro: All-E [where x=a] Iff-E1)
qed

lemma UnionP-Mem-E:
  assumes H ⊢ UnionP x y z
    and insert (a IN x) H ⊢ A
    and insert (a IN y) H ⊢ A
  shows insert (a IN z) H ⊢ A
  using assms
  by (blast intro: rotate2 cut-same [OF UnionP-Mem [THEN cut2]] thin1)

```

9.7 Append on Sequences

```

nominal-function SeqAppendP :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
  where [[atom g1 # (g2,f1,k1,f2,k2,g); atom g2 # (f1,k1,f2,k2,g)]] ==>
    SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g =
      (Ex g1 (Ex g2 (RestrictedP f1 k1 (Var g1) AND
                    ShiftP f2 k2 k1 (Var g2) AND
                    UnionP (Var g1) (Var g2) g)))
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqAppendP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

lemma SeqAppendP-fresh-iff [simp]:
  a # SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g ↔ a # f1 ∧ a # k1 ∧ a # f2 ∧ a # k2 ∧ a # g
proof –

```

```

obtain g1::name and g2::name
  where atom g1 # (g2,f1,k1,f2,k2,g) atom g2 # (f1,k1,f2,k2,g)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by auto
qed

lemma subst-fm-SeqAppendP [simp]:
  (SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g)(i ::= u) =
  SeqAppendP (subst i u f1) (subst i u k1) (subst i u f2) (subst i u k2) (subst i u
g)
proof -
  obtain g1::name and g2::name
    where atom g1 # (g2,f1,k1,f2,k2,g,i,u) atom g2 # (f1,k1,f2,k2,g,i,u)
      by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: SeqAppendP.simps [of g1 g2])
qed

lemma exists-SeqAppendP:
  assumes atom g # (f1,k1,f2,k2)
  shows H ⊢ Ex g (SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 (Var g))
proof -
  obtain g1::name and g2::name
    where atoms: atom g1 # (g2,f1,k1,f2,k2,g) atom g2 # (f1,k1,f2,k2,g)
      by (metis obtain-fresh)
  hence {} ⊢ Ex g (SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 (Var g))
    using assms
    apply (auto simp: SeqAppendP.simps [of g1 g2])
    apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-RestrictedP [of g1 f1 k1]], auto)
    apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-ShiftP [of g2 f2 k2 k1]], auto)
    apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-UnionP [of g Var g1 Var g2]], auto)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var g], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var g1], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var g2], auto)
    done
  thus ?thesis using assms
    by (metis thin0)
qed

lemma SeqAppendP-Mem1: {SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g, HPair x y IN f1, x IN
k1} ⊢ HPair x y IN g
proof -
  obtain g1::name and g2::name
    where atom g1 # (g2,f1,k1,f2,k2,g,x,y) atom g2 # (f1,k1,f2,k2,g,x,y)
      by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    using assms
    by (auto simp: SeqAppendP.simps [of g1 g2] intro: UnionP-Mem1 [THEN cut2])

```

```

RestrictedP-Mem [THEN cut3])
qed

lemma SeqAppendP-Mem2: {SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g, HaddP k1 x x', x IN k2,
HPair x y IN f2} ⊢ HPair x' y IN g
proof -
  obtain g1::name and g2::name
  where atom g1 # (g2,f1,k1,f2,k2,g,x,x',y) atom g2 # (f1,k1,f2,k2,g,x,x',y)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    using assms
    by (auto simp: SeqAppendP.simps [of g1 g2] intro: UnionP-Mem2 [THEN cut2]
ShiftP-Mem1 [THEN cut4])
qed

lemma SeqAppendP-Mem-E:
assumes H ⊢ SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g
  and insert (HPair x y IN f1) (insert (x IN k1) H) ⊢ A
  and insert (HPair (Var u) y IN f2) (insert (HaddP k1 (Var u) x) (insert
(Var u IN k2) H)) ⊢ A
  and u: atom u # (f1,k1,f2,k2,x,y,g,A) ∀ C ∈ H. atom u # C
shows insert (HPair x y IN g) H ⊢ A

```

9.8 LstSeqP and SeqAppendP

lemma HDomain-Incl-SeqAppendP: — The And eliminates the need to prove *cut5*

```

{SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g, HDomain-Incl f1 k1 AND HDomain-Incl f2 k2,
HaddP k1 k2 k, OrdP k1} ⊢ HDomain-Incl g k
declare SeqAppendP.simps [simp del]

```

```

lemma HFun-Sigma-SeqAppendP:
{SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g, HFun-Sigma f1, HFun-Sigma f2, OrdP k1} ⊢ HFun-Sigma
g
lemma LstSeqP-SeqAppendP:
assumes H ⊢ SeqAppendP f1 (SUCC k1) f2 (SUCC k2) g
  H ⊢ LstSeqP f1 k1 y1 H ⊢ LstSeqP f2 k2 y2 H ⊢ HaddP k1 k2 k
shows H ⊢ LstSeqP g (SUCC k) y2
proof -
  have {SeqAppendP f1 (SUCC k1) f2 (SUCC k2) g, LstSeqP f1 k1 y1, LstSeqP
f2 k2 y2, HaddP k1 k2 k}
  ⊢ LstSeqP g (SUCC k) y2
  apply (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps intro: HaddP-OrdP OrdP-SUCC-I)
  apply (rule HDomain-Incl-SeqAppendP [THEN cut4])
  apply (rule AssumeH Conj-I)+
  apply (blast intro: HaddP-SUCC1 [THEN cut1] HaddP-SUCC2 [THEN cut1])
  apply (blast intro: HaddP-OrdP OrdP-SUCC-I)
  apply (rule HFun-Sigma-SeqAppendP [THEN cut4])
  apply (auto intro: HaddP-OrdP OrdP-SUCC-I)

```

```

apply (blast intro: Mem-SUCC-Refl HaddP-SUCC1 [THEN cut1] HaddP-SUCC2
[THEN cut1]
SeqAppendP-Mem2 [THEN cut4])
done
thus ?thesis using assms
by (rule cut4)
qed

lemma SeqAppendP-NotInDom: {SeqAppendP f1 k1 f2 k2 g, HaddP k1 k2 k, OrdP
k1} ⊢ NotInDom k g
proof –
obtain x::name and z::name
where atom x # (z,f1,k1,f2,k2,g,k) atom z # (f1,k1,f2,k2,g,k)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
apply (auto simp: NotInDom.simps [of z])
apply (rule SeqAppendP-Mem-E [where u=x])
apply (rule AssumeH)+
apply (blast intro: HaddP-Mem-contra, simp-all)
apply (rule cut-same [where A=(Var x) EQ k2])
apply (blast intro: HaddP-inv2 [THEN cut3])
apply (blast intro: Mem-non-refl [where x=k2] Mem-cong [OF - Refl, THEN
Iff-MP-same])
done
qed

lemma LstSeqP-SeqAppendP-Eats:
assumes H ⊢ SeqAppendP f1 (SUCC k1) f2 (SUCC k2) g
H ⊢ LstSeqP f1 k1 y1 H ⊢ LstSeqP f2 k2 y2 H ⊢ HaddP k1 k2 k
shows H ⊢ LstSeqP (Eats g (HPair (SUCC (SUCC k)) z)) (SUCC (SUCC k))
z
proof –
have {SeqAppendP f1 (SUCC k1) f2 (SUCC k2) g, LstSeqP f1 k1 y1, LstSeqP
f2 k2 y2, HaddP k1 k2 k}
    ⊢ LstSeqP (Eats g (HPair (SUCC (SUCC k)) z)) (SUCC (SUCC k)) z
apply (rule cut2 [OF NotInDom-LstSeqP-Eats])
apply (rule SeqAppendP-NotInDom [THEN cut3])
apply (rule AssumeH)
apply (metis HaddP-SUCC1 HaddP-SUCC2 cut1 thin1)
apply (metis Assume LstSeqP-OrdP OrdP-SUCC-I insert-commute)
apply (blast intro: LstSeqP-SeqAppendP)
done
thus ?thesis using assms
by (rule cut4)
qed

```

9.9 Substitution and Abstraction on Terms

9.9.1 Atomic cases

lemma *SeqStTermP-Var-same*:

assumes atom $s \# (k, v, i)$ atom $k \# (v, i)$

shows $\{VarP v\} \vdash Ex s (Ex k (SeqStTermP v i v i (Var s) (Var k)))$

proof –

obtain $l::name$ and $sl::name$ and $sl'::name$ and $m::name$ and $sm::name$ and $sm'::name$

and $n::name$ and $sn::name$ and $sn'::name$

where atom $l \# (v, i, s, k, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

atom $sl \# (v, i, s, k, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

atom $sl' \# (v, i, s, k, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

atom $m \# (v, i, s, k, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $n \# (v, i, s, k, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

atom $sm \# (v, i, s, k, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $sm' \# (v, i, s, k, sn, sn')$

atom $sn \# (v, i, s, k, sn')$ atom $sn' \# (v, i, s, k)$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis using assms

apply (simp add: SeqStTermP.simps [of $l - v i sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'$])

apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = Eats Zero (HPair Zero (HPair v i))$], simp)

apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = Zero$], auto intro!: Mem-SUCC-EH)

apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = v$], simp)

apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = i$], auto intro: Disj-I1 Mem-Eats-I2 HPair-cong)

done

qed

lemma *SeqStTermP-Var-diff*:

assumes atom $s \# (k, v, w, i)$ atom $k \# (v, w, i)$

shows $\{VarP v, VarP w, Neg (v EQ w)\} \vdash Ex s (Ex k (SeqStTermP v i w w (Var s) (Var k)))$

proof –

obtain $l::name$ and $sl::name$ and $sl'::name$ and $m::name$ and $sm::name$ and $sm'::name$

and $n::name$ and $sn::name$ and $sn'::name$

where atom $l \# (v, w, i, s, k, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

atom $sl \# (v, w, i, s, k, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

atom $sl' \# (v, w, i, s, k, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

atom $m \# (v, w, i, s, k, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $n \# (v, w, i, s, k, sm, sm', sn, sn')$

atom $sm \# (v, w, i, s, k, sm', sn, sn')$ atom $sm' \# (v, w, i, s, k, sn, sn')$

atom $sn \# (v, w, i, s, k, sn')$ atom $sn' \# (v, w, i, s, k)$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis using assms

apply (simp add: SeqStTermP.simps [of $l - v i sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'$])

apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = Eats Zero (HPair Zero (HPair w w))$], simp)

apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = Zero$], auto intro!: Mem-SUCC-EH)

apply (rule rotate2 [OF Swap])

apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = w$], simp)

apply (rule Ex-I [where $x = w$], auto simp: VarP-def)

apply (blast intro: HPair-cong Mem-Eats-I2)

```

apply (blast intro: Sym OrdNotEqP-I Disj-I1 Disj-I2)
done
qed

lemma SeqStTermP-Zero:
assumes atom s # (k,v,i) atom k # (v,i)
shows {VarP v} ⊢ Ex s (Ex k (SeqStTermP v i Zero Zero (Var s) (Var k)))
corollary SubstTermP-Zero: {TermP t} ⊢ SubstTermP [Var v] t Zero Zero
proof -
obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (v,t,k) atom k # (v,t)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: SubstTermP.simps [of s - - - k] intro: SeqStTermP-Zero [THEN cut1])
qed

corollary SubstTermP-Var-same: {VarP v, TermP t} ⊢ SubstTermP v t v t
proof -
obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (v,t,k) atom k # (v,t)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: SubstTermP.simps [of s - - - k] intro: SeqStTermP-Var-same [THEN cut1])
qed

corollary SubstTermP-Var-diff: {VarP v, VarP w, Neg (v EQ w), TermP t} ⊢
SubstTermP v t w w
proof -
obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (v,w,t,k) atom k # (v,w,t)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: SubstTermP.simps [of s - - - k] intro: SeqStTermP-Var-diff [THEN cut3])
qed

lemma SeqStTermP-Ind:
assumes atom s # (k,v,t,i) atom k # (v,t,i)
shows {VarP v, IndP t} ⊢ Ex s (Ex k (SeqStTermP v i t t (Var s) (Var k)))
proof -
obtain l::name and sl::name and sl'::name and m::name and sm::name and
sm'::name
and n::name and sn::name and sn'::name
where atom l # (v,t,i,s,k,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom sl # (v,t,i,s,k,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom sl' # (v,t,i,s,k,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom m # (v,t,i,s,k,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (v,t,i,s,k,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom sm # (v,t,i,s,k,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (v,t,i,s,k,sn,sn')
atom sn # (v,t,i,s,k,sn') atom sn' # (v,t,i,s,k)
by (metis obtain-fresh)

```

thus ?thesis using assms

```

apply (simp add: SeqStTermP.simps [of l - - v i sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Eats Zero (HPair Zero (HPair t t))], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Zero], auto intro!: Mem-SUCC-EH)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = t], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = t], auto intro: HPair-cong Mem-Eats-I2)
apply (blast intro: Disj-I1 Disj-I2 VarP-neq-IndP)
done
qed
```

corollary SubstTermP-Ind: {VarP v, IndP w, TermP t} \vdash SubstTermP v t w w

proof –

```

obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (v,w,t,k) atom k # (v,w,t)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (force simp: SubstTermP.simps [of s - - - k]
    intro: SeqStTermP-Ind [THEN cut2])
qed
```

9.9.2 Non-atomic cases

lemma SeqStTermP-Eats:

```

assumes sk: atom s # (k,s1,s2,k1,k2,t1,t2,u1,u2,v,i)
      atom k # (t1,t2,u1,u2,v,i)
shows {SeqStTermP v i t1 u1 s1 k1, SeqStTermP v i t2 u2 s2 k2}
  ⊢ Ex s (Ex k (SeqStTermP v i (Q-Eats t1 t2) (Q-Eats u1 u2) (Var s)
  (Var k)))
theorem SubstTermP-Eats:
```

{SubstTermP v i t1 u1, SubstTermP v i t2 u2} \vdash SubstTermP v i (Q-Eats t1 t2) (Q-Eats u1 u2)

proof –

```

obtain k1::name and s1::name and k2::name and s2::name and k::name and
s::name
  where atom s1 # (v,i,t1,u1,t2,u2) atom k1 # (v,i,t1,u1,t2,u2,s1)
        atom s2 # (v,i,t1,u1,t2,u2,k1,s1) atom k2 # (v,i,t1,u1,t2,u2,s2,k1,s1)
        atom s # (v,i,t1,u1,t2,u2,k2,s2,k1,s1)
        atom k # (v,i,t1,u1,t2,u2,s,k2,s2,k1,s1)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (auto intro!: SeqStTermP-Eats [THEN cut2]
    simp: SubstTermP.simps [of s - - - (Q-Eats u1 u2) k]
    SubstTermP.simps [of s1 v i t1 u1 k1]
    SubstTermP.simps [of s2 v i t2 u2 k2])
qed
```

9.9.3 Substitution over a constant

lemma SeqConstP-lemma:

```

assumes atom m # (s,k,c,n,sm,sn) atom n # (s,k,c,sm,sn)
      atom sm # (s,k,c,sn)      atom sn # (s,k,c)
```

```

shows { SeqConstP s k c }
  ⊢ c EQ Zero OR
    Ex m (Ex n (Ex sm (Ex sn (Var m IN k AND Var n IN k AND
      SeqConstP s (Var m) (Var sm) AND
      SeqConstP s (Var n) (Var sn) AND
      c EQ Q-Eats (Var sm) (Var sn)))))

lemma SeqConstP-imp-SubstTermP: {SeqConstP s kk c, TermP t} ⊢ SubstTermP
  [Var w] t c c
theorem SubstTermP-Const: {ConstP c, TermP t} ⊢ SubstTermP [Var w] t c c
proof -
  obtain s::name and k::name where atom s # (c,t,w,k) atom k # (c,t,w)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: CTermP.simps [of k s c] SeqConstP-imp-SubstTermP)
qed

```

9.10 Substitution on Formulas

9.10.1 Membership

```

lemma SubstAtomicP-Mem:
  {SubstTermP v i x x', SubstTermP v i y y'} ⊢ SubstAtomicP v i (Q-Mem x y)
  (Q-Mem x' y')
proof -
  obtain t::name and u::name and t'::name and u'::name
    where atom t # (v,i,x,x',y,y',t',u,u') atom t' # (v,i,x,x',y,y',u,u')
      atom u # (v,i,x,x',y,y',u') atom u' # (v,i,x,x',y,y')
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    apply (simp add: SubstAtomicP.simps [of t - - - t' u u'])
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = x], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = y], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = x'], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = y'], auto intro: Disj-I2)
    done
qed

```

```

lemma SeqSubstFormP-Mem:
  assumes atom s # (k,x,y,x',y',v,i) atom k # (x,y,x',y',v,i)
  shows {SubstTermP v i x x', SubstTermP v i y y'}
    ⊢ Ex s (Ex k (SeqSubstFormP v i (Q-Mem x y) (Q-Mem x' y') (Var s)
    (Var k)))
proof -
  let ?vs = (s,k,x,y,x',y',v,i)
  obtain l::name and sl::name and sl'::name and m::name and n::name and
    sm::name and sm'::name and sn::name and sn'::name
    where atom l # (?vs,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
      atom sl # (?vs,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom sl' # (?vs,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
      atom m # (?vs,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (?vs,sm,sm',sn,sn')

```

```

atom sm # (?vs,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (?vs,sn,sn')
atom sn # (?vs,sn') atom sn' # ?vs
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
using assms
apply (auto simp: SeqSubstFormP.simps [of l Var s - - - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn
sn'])
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Eats Zero (HPair Zero (HPair (Q-Mem x y)
(Q-Mem x' y'))], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Zero], auto intro!: Mem-SUCC-EH)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Q-Mem x y], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Q-Mem x' y'], auto intro: Mem-Eats-I2 HPair-cong)
apply (blast intro: SubstAtomicP-Mem [THEN cut2] Disj-I1)
done
qed

```

lemma SubstFormP-Mem:

$$\{SubstTermP v i x x', SubstTermP v i y y'\} \vdash SubstFormP v i (Q-Mem x y) (Q-Mem x' y')$$

proof –

obtain k1::name **and** s1::name **and** k2::name **and** s2::name **and** k::name **and** s::name

where atom s1 # (v,i,x,y,x',y') atom k1 # (v,i,x,y,x',y',s1)
atom s2 # (v,i,x,y,x',y',k1,s1) atom k2 # (v,i,x,y,x',y',s2,k1,s1)
atom s # (v,i,x,y,x',y',k2,s2,k1,s1) atom k # (v,i,x,y,x',y',s,k2,s2,k1,s1)

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis

by (auto simp: SubstFormP.simps [of s v i (Q-Mem x y) - k]
SubstFormP.simps [of s1 v i x x' k1]
SubstFormP.simps [of s2 v i y y' k2])

intro: SubstTermP-imp-TermP SubstTermP-imp-VarP SeqSubstFormP-Mem
thin1)

qed

9.10.2 Equality

lemma SubstAtomicP-Eq:

$$\{SubstTermP v i x x', SubstTermP v i y y'\} \vdash SubstAtomicP v i (Q-Eq x y) (Q-Eq x' y')$$

proof –

obtain t::name **and** u::name **and** t'::name **and** u'::name

where atom t # (v,i,x,x',y,y',t',u,u') atom t' # (v,i,x,x',y,y',u,u')
atom u # (v,i,x,x',y,y',u') atom u' # (v,i,x,x',y,y')

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis

apply (simp add: SubstAtomicP.simps [of t - - - t' u u'])
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = x], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = y], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x = x'], simp)

```

apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = y$ ], auto intro: Disj-I1)
done
qed

lemma SeqSubstFormP-Eq:
assumes sk: atom  $s \# (k, x, y, x', y', v, i)$  atom  $k \# (x, y, x', y', v, i)$ 
shows {SubstTermP v i x x', SubstTermP v i y y'}
       $\vdash \text{Ex } s (\text{Ex } k (\text{SeqSubstFormP } v i (\text{Q-Eq } x y) (\text{Q-Eq } x' y') (\text{Var } s) (\text{Var } k)))$ 
proof -
let ?vs =  $(s, k, x, y, x', y', v, i)$ 
obtain l::name and sl::name and sl'::name and m::name and n::name and
sm::name and sm'::name and sn::name and sn'::name
where atom  $l \# (?vs, sl, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ 
      atom  $sl \# (?vs, sl', m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$  atom  $sl' \# (?vs, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ 
      atom  $m \# (?vs, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$  atom  $n \# (?vs, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ 
      atom  $sm \# (?vs, sm', sn, sn')$  atom  $sm' \# (?vs, sn, sn')$ 
      atom  $sn \# (?vs, sn')$  atom  $sn' \# ?vs$ 
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
using sk
apply (auto simp: SeqSubstFormP.simps [of l Var s - - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn
sn'])
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Eats Zero} (\text{HPair Zero} (\text{HPair } (\text{Q-Eq } x y) (\text{Q-Eq } x' y')))$ , simp])
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Zero}$ , auto intro!: Mem-SUCC-EH])
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Q-Eq } x y$ , simp])
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Q-Eq } x' y$ , auto])
apply (metis Mem-Eats-I2 Assume HPair-cong Refl)
apply (blast intro: SubstAtomicP-Eq [THEN cut2] Disj-I1)
done
qed

lemma SubstFormP-Eq:
{SubstTermP v i x x', SubstTermP v i y y'}  $\vdash \text{SubstFormP } v i (\text{Q-Eq } x y) (\text{Q-Eq } x' y')$ 
proof -
obtain k1::name and s1::name and k2::name and s2::name and k::name and
s::name
where atom  $s1 \# (v, i, x, y, x', y')$  atom  $k1 \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', s1)$ 
      atom  $s2 \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', k1, s1)$  atom  $k2 \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', s2, k1, s1)$ 
      atom  $s \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', k2, s2, k1, s1)$  atom  $k \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', s, k2, s2, k1, s1)$ 
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: SubstFormP.simps [of s v i (Q-Eq x y) - k]
SubstFormP.simps [of s1 v i x x' k1]
SubstFormP.simps [of s2 v i y y' k2]
intro: SeqSubstFormP-Eq SubstTermP-imp-TermP SubstTermP-imp-VarP)

```

thin1)
qed

9.10.3 Negation

lemma *SeqSubstFormP-Neg*:

assumes atom $s \# (k, s1, k1, x, x', v, i)$ atom $k \# (s1, k1, x, x', v, i)$
shows {*SeqSubstFormP v i x x' s1 k1, TermP i, VarP v*}
 $\vdash \exists x (Ex k (SeqSubstFormP v i (Q-Neg x) (Q-Neg x') (Var s) (Var k)))$

theorem *SubstFormP-Neg*: {*SubstFormP v i x x'*} $\vdash SubstFormP v i (Q-Neg x) (Q-Neg x')$

proof –

obtain $k1::name$ **and** $s1::name$ **and** $k::name$ **and** $s::name$
where atom $s1 \# (v, i, x, x')$ atom $k1 \# (v, i, x, x', s1)$
atom $s \# (v, i, x, x', k1, s1)$ atom $k \# (v, i, x, x', s, k1, s1)$
by (*metis obtain-fresh*)

thus ?*thesis*

by (*force simp: SubstFormP.simps [of s v i Q-Neg x - k] SubstFormP.simps [of s1 v i x x' k1]*
intro: SeqSubstFormP-Neg [THEN cut3])

qed

9.10.4 Disjunction

lemma *SeqSubstFormP-Disj*:

assumes atom $s \# (k, s1, s2, k1, k2, x, y, x', y', v, i)$ atom $k \# (s1, s2, k1, k2, x, y, x', y', v, i)$
shows {*SeqSubstFormP v i x x' s1 k1, SeqSubstFormP v i y y' s2 k2, TermP i, VarP v*}
 $\vdash \exists x (Ex k (SeqSubstFormP v i (Q-Disj x y) (Q-Disj x' y') (Var s) (Var k)))$

theorem *SubstFormP-Disj*:

{*SubstFormP v i x x', SubstFormP v i y y'*} $\vdash SubstFormP v i (Q-Disj x y) (Q-Disj x' y')$

proof –

obtain $k1::name$ **and** $s1::name$ **and** $k2::name$ **and** $s2::name$ **and** $k::name$ **and** $s::name$
where atom $s1 \# (v, i, x, y, x', y')$ atom $k1 \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', s1)$
atom $s2 \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', k1, s1)$ atom $k2 \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', s2, k1, s1)$
atom $s \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', k2, s2, k1, s1)$ atom $k \# (v, i, x, y, x', y', s, k2, s2, k1, s1)$

by (*metis obtain-fresh*)

thus ?*thesis*

by (*force simp: SubstFormP.simps [of s v i Q-Disj x y - k]*
SubstFormP.simps [of s1 v i x x' k1]
SubstFormP.simps [of s2 v i y y' k2]
intro: SeqSubstFormP-Disj [THEN cut4])

qed

9.10.5 Existential

lemma *SeqSubstFormP-Ex*:

assumes atom $s \# (k, s_1, k_1, x, x', v, i)$ atom $k \# (s_1, k_1, x, x', v, i)$

shows $\{ \text{SeqSubstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x' \ s_1 \ k_1, \text{TermP } i, \text{VarP } v \}$

$$\vdash \text{Ex } s (\text{Ex } k (\text{SeqSubstFormP } v \ i (\text{Q-Ex } x) (\text{Q-Ex } x') (\text{Var } s) (\text{Var } k)))$$

theorem *SubstFormP-Ex*: $\{ \text{SubstFormP } v \ i \ x \ x' \} \vdash \text{SubstFormP } v \ i (\text{Q-Ex } x) (\text{Q-Ex } x')$

proof –

obtain $k_1::\text{name}$ **and** $s_1::\text{name}$ **and** $k::\text{name}$ **and** $s::\text{name}$

where atom $s_1 \# (v, i, x, x')$ atom $k_1 \# (v, i, x, x', s_1)$

atom $s \# (v, i, x, x', k_1, s_1)$ atom $k \# (v, i, x, x', s, k_1, s_1)$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis

by (force simp: *SubstFormP.simps* [of $s \ v \ i \ Q\text{-Ex } x - k$] *SubstFormP.simps* [of $s_1 \ v \ i \ x \ x' \ k_1$]

intro: *SeqSubstFormP-Ex* [THEN cut3])

qed

9.11 Constant Terms

lemma *ConstP-Zero*: $\{ \} \vdash \text{ConstP Zero}$

by (auto intro: *Sigma-fm-imp-thm* [OF *CTermP-sf*] simp: *Const-0 ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh*)

lemma *SeqConstP-Eats*:

assumes atom $s \# (k, s_1, s_2, k_1, k_2, t_1, t_2)$ atom $k \# (s_1, s_2, k_1, k_2, t_1, t_2)$

shows $\{ \text{SeqConstP } s_1 \ k_1 \ t_1, \text{SeqConstP } s_2 \ k_2 \ t_2 \}$

$$\vdash \text{Ex } s (\text{Ex } k (\text{SeqConstP } (\text{Var } s) (\text{Var } k) (\text{Q-Eats } t_1 \ t_2)))$$

theorem *ConstP-Eats*: $\{ \text{ConstP } t_1, \text{ConstP } t_2 \} \vdash \text{ConstP } (\text{Q-Eats } t_1 \ t_2)$

proof –

obtain $k_1::\text{name}$ **and** $s_1::\text{name}$ **and** $k_2::\text{name}$ **and** $s_2::\text{name}$ **and** $k::\text{name}$ **and** $s::\text{name}$

where atom $s_1 \# (t_1, t_2)$ atom $k_1 \# (t_1, t_2, s_1)$

atom $s_2 \# (t_1, t_2, k_1, s_1)$ atom $k_2 \# (t_1, t_2, s_2, k_1, s_1)$

atom $s \# (t_1, t_2, k_2, s_2, k_1, s_1)$ atom $k \# (t_1, t_2, s, k_2, s_2, k_1, s_1)$

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis

by (auto simp: *CTermP.simps* [of $k \ s \ (\text{Q-Eats } t_1 \ t_2)$]

CTermP.simps [of $k_1 \ s_1 \ t_1$] *CTermP.simps* [of $k_2 \ s_2 \ t_2$]

intro!: *SeqConstP-Eats* [THEN cut2])

qed

9.12 Proofs

lemma *PrfP-inference*:

assumes atom $s \# (k, s_1, s_2, k_1, k_2, \alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta)$ atom $k \# (s_1, s_2, k_1, k_2, \alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta)$

shows $\{ \text{PrfP } s_1 \ k_1 \ \alpha_1, \text{PrfP } s_2 \ k_2 \ \alpha_2, \text{ModPonP } \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2 \ \beta \text{ OR } \text{ExistsP } \alpha_1 \ \beta$

OR $\text{SubstP } \alpha_1 \ \beta \}$

$\vdash \exists x k (\exists s (PrfP (Var s) (Var k) \beta))$
corollary $PfP\text{-inference}: \{PfP \alpha_1, PfP \alpha_2, ModPonP \alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta \text{ OR } ExistsP \alpha_1 \beta \text{ OR } SubstP \alpha_1 \beta\} \vdash PfP \beta$
proof –
obtain $k1::name$ **and** $s1::name$ **and** $k2::name$ **and** $s2::name$ **and** $k::name$ **and** $s::name$
where $atom s1 \# (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta)$ $atom k1 \# (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta, s1)$
 $atom s2 \# (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta, k1, s1)$ $atom k2 \# (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta, s2, k1, s1)$
 $atom s \# (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta, k2, s2, k1, s1)$
 $atom k \# (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta, s, k2, s2, k1, s1)$
by (*metis obtain-fresh*)
thus $?thesis$
apply (*simp add: PfP.simps [of k s \beta] PfP.simps [of k1 s1 \alpha_1] PfP.simps [of k2 s2 \alpha_2]*)
apply (*auto intro!: PrfP-inference [of s k Var s1 Var s2, THEN cut3] del: Disj-EH*)
done
qed

theorem $PfP\text{-implies-SubstForm-PfP}$:
assumes $H \vdash PfP y H \vdash SubstFormP x t y z$
shows $H \vdash PfP z$
proof –
obtain $u::name$ **and** $v::name$
where $atoms: atom u \# (t, x, y, z, v)$ $atom v \# (t, x, y, z)$
by (*metis obtain-fresh*)
show $?thesis$
apply (*rule PfP-inference [of y, THEN cut3]*)
apply (*rule assms*)
using $atoms$
apply (*auto simp: SubstP.simps [of u - - v] intro!: Disj-I2*)
apply (*rule Ex-I [where x=x], simp*)
apply (*rule Ex-I [where x=t], simp add: assms*)
done
qed

theorem $PfP\text{-implies-ModPon-PfP}$: $\llbracket H \vdash PfP (Q\text{-Imp } x y); H \vdash PfP x \rrbracket \implies H \vdash PfP y$
by (*force intro: PfP-inference [of x, THEN cut3] Disj-I1 simp add: ModPonP-def*)

corollary $PfP\text{-implies-ModPon-PfP-quot}$: $\llbracket H \vdash PfP \lceil \alpha \text{ IMP } \beta \rceil; H \vdash PfP \lceil \alpha \rceil \rrbracket \implies H \vdash PfP \lceil \beta \rceil$
by (*auto simp: quot-fm-def intro: PfP-implies-ModPon-PfP*)

end

Chapter 10

Pseudo-Coding: Section 7 Material

```
theory Pseudo-Coding
imports II-Prelims
begin
```

10.1 General Lemmas

```
lemma Collect-disj-Un: {f i | i. P i ∨ Q i} = {f i | i. P i} ∪ {f i | i. Q i}
by auto
```

```
abbreviation Q-Subset :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm
where Q-Subset t u ≡ (Q-All (Q-Imp (Q-Mem (Q-Ind Zero) t) (Q-Mem (Q-Ind Zero) u)))
```

```
lemma NEQ-quot-tm: i ≠ j ⟹ {} ⊢ [Var i] NEQ [Var j]
by (auto intro: Sigma-fm-imp-thm [OF OrdNotEqP-sf]
simp: ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh quot-tm-def)
```

```
lemma EQ-quot-tm-Fls: i ≠ j ⟹ insert ([Var i] EQ [Var j]) H ⊢ Fls
by (metis (full-types) NEQ-quot-tm Assume OrdNotEqP-E cut2 thin0)
```

```
lemma perm-commute: a # p ⟹ a' # p ⟹ (a ⇌ a') + p = p + (a ⇌ a')
by (rule plus-perm-eq) (simp add: supp-swap fresh-def)
```

```
lemma perm-self-inverseI: [¬p = q; a # p; a' # p] ⟹ - ((a ⇌ a') + p) = (a ⇌ a') + q
by (simp-all add: perm-commute fresh-plus-perm minus-add)
```

```
lemma fresh-image:
fixes f :: 'a ⇒ 'b::fs shows finite A ⟹ i # f ` A ⟷ (∀ x ∈ A. i # f x)
by (induct rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: fresh-finite-insert)
```

```

lemma atom-in-atom-image [simp]: atom j ∈ atom ` V ←→ j ∈ V
  by auto

lemma fresh-star-empty [simp]: {} #* bs
  by (simp add: fresh-star-def)

declare fresh-star-insert [simp]

lemma fresh-star-finite-insert:
  fixes S :: ('a::fs) set shows finite S ⇒ a #* insert x S ←→ a #* x ∧ a #* S
  by (auto simp: fresh-star-def fresh-finite-insert)

lemma fresh-finite-Diff-single [simp]:
  fixes V :: name set shows finite V ⇒ a # (V - {j}) ←→ (a # j → a # V)
  apply (auto simp: fresh-finite-insert)
  apply (metis finite-Diff fresh-finite-insert insert-Diff-single)
  apply (metis Diff-iff finite-Diff fresh-atom fresh-atom-at-base fresh-finite-set-at-base
  insertI1)
  apply (metis Diff-idemp Diff-insert-absorb finite-Diff fresh-finite-insert insert-Diff-single
  insert-absorb)
  done

lemma fresh-image-atom [simp]: finite A ⇒ i # atom ` A ←→ i # A
  by (induct rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: fresh-finite-insert)

lemma atom-fresh-star-atom-set-conv: [atom i # bs; finite bs] ⇒ bs #* i
  by (metis fresh-finite-atom-set fresh-ineq-at-base fresh-star-def)

lemmanotin-V:
  assumes p: atom i # p and V: finite V atom ` (p ∙ V) #* V
  shows i ∉ V i ∉ p ∙ V
  using V
  apply (auto simp: fresh-def fresh-star-def supp-finite-set-at-base)
  apply (metis p mem-permute-iff fresh-at-base-permI)+
  done

```

10.2 Simultaneous Substitution

```

definition ssubst :: tm ⇒ name set ⇒ (name ⇒ tm) ⇒ tm
  where ssubst t V F = Finite-Set.fold (λi. subst i (F i)) t V

```

```

definition make-F :: name set ⇒ perm ⇒ name ⇒ tm
  where make-F Vs p ≡ λi. if i ∈ Vs then Var (p ∙ i) else Var i

```

```

lemma ssubst-empty [simp]: ssubst t {} F = t
  by (simp add: ssubst-def)

```

Renaming a finite set of variables. Based on the theorem *at-set-avoiding*

```

locale quote-perm =

```

```

fixes p :: perm and Vs :: name set and F :: name ⇒ tm
assumes p: atom ` (p • Vs) #* Vs
    and pinv: -p = p
    and Vs: finite Vs
defines F ≡ make-F Vs p
begin

lemma F-unfold: F i = (if i ∈ Vs then Var (p • i) else Var i)
  by (simp add: F-def make-F-def)

lemma finite-V [simp]: V ⊆ Vs ⇒ finite V
  by (metis Vs finite-subset)

lemma perm-exists-Vs: i ∈ Vs ⇒ (p • i) ∉ Vs
  by (metis Vs fresh-finite-set-at-base imageI fresh-star-def mem-permute-iff p)

lemma atom-fresh-perm: [|x ∈ Vs; y ∈ Vs|] ⇒ atom x # p • y
  by (metis imageI Vs p fresh-finite-set-at-base fresh-star-def mem-permute-iff fresh-at-base(2))

lemma fresh-pj: [|a # p; j ∈ Vs|] ⇒ a # p • j
  by (metis atom-fresh-perm fresh-at-base(2) fresh-perm fresh-permute-left pinv)

lemma fresh-Vs: a # p ⇒ a # Vs
  by (metis Vs fresh-def fresh-perm fresh-permute-iff fresh-star-def p permute-finite
supp-finite-set-at-base)

lemma fresh-pVs: a # p ⇒ a # p • Vs
  by (metis fresh-Vs fresh-perm fresh-permute-left pinv)

lemma assumes V ⊆ Vs a # p
  shows fresh-pV [simp]: a # p • V and fresh-V [simp]: a # V
  using fresh-pVs fresh-Vs assms
  apply (auto simp: fresh-def)
  apply (metis (full-types) Vs finite-V permute-finite set-mp subset-Un-eq supp-of-finite-union
union-eqvt)
  by (metis Vs finite-V set-mp subset-Un-eq supp-of-finite-union)

lemma qp-insert:
  fixes i::name and i'::name
  assumes atom i # p atom i' # (i,p)
  shows quote-perm ((atom i ⇌ atom i') + p) (insert i Vs)
  using p pinv Vs assms
  by (auto simp: quote-perm-def fresh-at-base-permI atom-fresh-star-atom-set-conv
swap-fresh-fresh
fresh-star-finite-insert fresh-finite-insert perm-self-inverseI)

lemma subst-F-left-commute: subst x (F x) (subst y (F y) t) = subst y (F y)
(subst x (F x) t)
  by (metis subst-tm-commute2 F-unfold subst-tm-id F-unfold atom-fresh-perm

```

```

 $tm.fresh(2))$ 

lemma
  assumes finite  $V$   $i \notin V$ 
  shows ssubst-insert:  $\text{ssubst } t (\text{insert } i V) F = \text{subst } i (F i) (\text{ssubst } t V F)$  (is  $?thesis1$ )
    and ssubst-insert2:  $\text{ssubst } t (\text{insert } i V) F = \text{ssubst } (\text{subst } i (F i) t) V F$  (is  $?thesis2$ )
  proof –
    interpret comp-fun-commute  $(\lambda i. \text{subst } i (F i))$ 
    proof qed (simp add: subst-F-left-commute fun-eq-iff)
    show  $?thesis1$  using assms  $Vs$ 
      by (simp add: ssubst-def)
    show  $?thesis2$  using assms  $Vs$ 
      by (simp add: ssubst-def fold-insert2 del: fold-insert)
  qed

lemma ssubst-insert-if:
  finite  $V \implies$ 
     $\text{ssubst } t (\text{insert } i V) F = (\text{if } i \in V \text{ then } \text{ssubst } t V F$ 
       $\quad \quad \quad \text{else } \text{subst } i (F i) (\text{ssubst } t V F))$ 
  by (simp add: ssubst-insert insert-absorb)

lemma ssubst-single [simp]:  $\text{ssubst } t \{i\} F = \text{subst } i (F i) t$ 
  by (simp add: ssubst-insert)

lemma ssubst-Var-if [simp]:
  assumes finite  $V$ 
  shows  $\text{ssubst } (\text{Var } i) V F = (\text{if } i \in V \text{ then } F i \text{ else } \text{Var } i)$ 
  using assms
  apply (induction  $V$ , auto)
  apply (metis ssubst-insert subst.simps(2))
  apply (metis ssubst-insert2 subst.simps(2))+  

  done

lemma ssubst-Zero [simp]: finite  $V \implies \text{ssubst Zero } V F = \text{Zero}$ 
  by (induct  $V$  rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: ssubst-insert)

lemma ssubst-Eats [simp]: finite  $V \implies \text{ssubst } (\text{Eats } t u) V F = \text{Eats } (\text{ssubst } t V F) (\text{ssubst } u V F)$ 
  by (induct  $V$  rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: ssubst-insert)

lemma ssubst-SUCC [simp]: finite  $V \implies \text{ssubst } (\text{SUCC } t) V F = \text{SUCC } (\text{ssubst } t V F)$ 
  by (metis SUCC-def ssubst-Eats)

lemma ssubst-ORD-OF [simp]: finite  $V \implies \text{ssubst } (\text{ORD-OF } n) V F = \text{ORD-OF } n$ 
  by (induction  $n$ ) auto

```

```

lemma ssubst-HPair [simp]:
  finite V  $\implies$  ssubst (HPair t u) V F = HPair (ssubst t V F) (ssubst u V F)
  by (simp add: HPair-def)

lemma ssubst-HTuple [simp]: finite V  $\implies$  ssubst (HTuple n) V F = (HTuple n)
  by (induction n) (auto simp: HTuple.simps)

lemma ssubst-Subset:
  assumes finite V shows ssubst [t SUBS u] V V F = Q-Subset (ssubst [t] V V F) (ssubst [u] V V F)
  proof -
    obtain i::name where atom i  $\notin$  (t,u)
    by (rule obtain-fresh)
    thus ?thesis using assms
    by (auto simp: Subset.simps [of i] vquot-fm-def vquot-tm-def trans-tm-forget)
  qed

lemma fresh-ssubst:
  assumes finite V a  $\notin$  p  $\cdot$  V a  $\notin$  t
  shows a  $\notin$  ssubst t V F
  using assms
  by (induct V)
  (auto simp: ssubst-insert-if fresh-finite-insert F-unfold intro: fresh-ineq-at-base)

lemma fresh-ssubst':
  assumes finite V atom i  $\notin$  t atom (p  $\cdot$  i)  $\notin$  t
  shows atom i  $\notin$  ssubst t V F
  using assms
  by (induct t rule: tm.induct) (auto simp: F-unfold fresh-permute-left pinv)

lemma ssubst-vquot-Ex:
   $\llbracket$ finite V; atom i  $\notin$  p  $\cdot$  V $\rrbracket$ 
   $\implies$  ssubst [Ex i A](insert i V) (insert i V) F = ssubst [Ex i A] V V F
  by (simp add: ssubst-insert-if insert-absorb vquot-fm-insert fresh-ssubst)

lemma ground-ssubst-eq:  $\llbracket$ finite V; supp t = {} $\rrbracket$   $\implies$  ssubst t V F = t
  by (induct V rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: ssubst-insert fresh-def)

lemma ssubst-quot-tm [simp]:
  fixes t::tm shows finite V  $\implies$  ssubst [t] V F = [t]
  by (simp add: ground-ssubst-eq supp-conv-fresh)

lemma ssubst-quot-fm [simp]:
  fixes A::fm shows finite V  $\implies$  ssubst [A] V F = [A]
  by (simp add: ground-ssubst-eq supp-conv-fresh)

lemma atom-in-p-Vs:  $\llbracket$ i  $\in$  p  $\cdot$  V; V  $\subseteq$  Vs $\rrbracket$   $\implies$  i  $\in$  p  $\cdot$  Vs
  by (metis (full-types) True-eqvt set-mp subset-eqvt)

```

10.3 The Main Theorems of Section 7

```

lemma SubstTermP-vquot-dbtm:
assumes w: w ∈ Vs − V and V: V ⊆ Vs V' = p · V
and s: supp dbtm ⊆ atom ` Vs
shows
insert (ConstP (F w)) {ConstP (F i) | i ∈ V}
  ⊢ SubstTermP [Var w] (F w)
    (ssubst (vquot-dbtm V dbtm) V F)
    (subst w (F w) (ssubst (vquot-dbtm (insert w V) dbtm) V F))
using s
proof (induct dbtm rule: dbtm.induct)
  case DBZero thus ?case using V w
    by (auto intro: SubstTermP-Zero [THEN cut1] ConstP-imp-TermP [THEN
cut1])
next
  case (DBInd n) thus ?case using V
    apply auto
    apply (rule thin [of {ConstP (F w)}])
    apply (rule SubstTermP-Ind [THEN cut3])
    apply (auto simp: IndP-Q-Ind OrdP-ORD-OF ConstP-imp-TermP)
    done
next
  case (DBVar i) show ?case
  proof (cases i ∈ V')
    case True hence i ∉ Vs using assms
      by (metis p Vs atom-in-atom-image atom-in-p-Vs fresh-finite-set-at-base
fresh-star-def)
      thus ?thesis using DBVar True V
        by auto
    next
    case False thus ?thesis using DBVar V w
      apply (auto simp: quot-Var [symmetric])
      apply (blast intro: thin [of {ConstP (F w)}] ConstP-imp-TermP
SubstTermP-Var-same [THEN cut2])
      apply (subst forget-subst-tm, metis F-unfold atom-fresh-perm tm.fresh(2))
      apply (blast intro: Hyp thin [of {ConstP (F w)}] ConstP-imp-TermP
SubstTermP-Const [THEN cut2])
      apply (blast intro: Hyp thin [of {ConstP (F w)}] ConstP-imp-TermP
EQ-quot-tm-Fls
SubstTermP-Var-diff [THEN cut4])
      done
    qed
  next
  case (DBEats tm1 tm2) thus ?case using V
    by (auto simp: SubstTermP-Eats [THEN cut2])
qed

```

lemma SubstFormP-vquot-dbfm:

```

assumes w:  $w \in Vs - V$  and V:  $V \subseteq Vs$   $V' = p \cdot V$ 
      and s:  $\text{supp } dbfm \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs$ 
shows
  insert (ConstP (F w)) {ConstP (F i) | i. i ∈ V}
  ⊢ SubstFormP [Var w] (F w)
    (ssubst (vquot-dbfm V dbfm) V F)
    (subst w (F w) (ssubst (vquot-dbfm (insert w V) dbfm) V F))
using w s
proof (induct dbfm rule: dbfm.induct)
  case (DBMem t u) thus ?case using V
    by (auto intro: SubstTermP-vquot-dbtm SubstFormP-Mem [THEN cut2])
next
  case (DBEq t u) thus ?case using V
    by (auto intro: SubstTermP-vquot-dbtm SubstFormP-Eq [THEN cut2])
next
  case (DBDisj A B) thus ?case using V
    by (auto intro: SubstFormP-Disj [THEN cut2])
next
  case (DBNeg A) thus ?case using V
    by (auto intro: SubstFormP-Neg [THEN cut1])
next
  case (DBEx A) thus ?case using V
    by (auto intro: SubstFormP-Ex [THEN cut1])
qed

```

Lemmas 7.5 and 7.6

```

lemma ssubst-SubstFormP:
  fixes A::fm
  assumes w:  $w \in Vs - V$  and V:  $V \subseteq Vs$   $V' = p \cdot V$ 
      and s:  $\text{supp } A \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs$ 
  shows
    insert (ConstP (F w)) {ConstP (F i) | i. i ∈ V}
    ⊢ SubstFormP [Var w] (F w)
      (ssubst [A] V V F)
      (ssubst [A](insert w V) (insert w V) F)
proof -
  have w ∉ V using assms
    by auto
  thus ?thesis using assms
    by (simp add: vquot-fm-def supp-conv-fresh ssubst-insert-if SubstFormP-vquot-dbfm)
qed

```

Theorem 7.3

```

theorem PfP-implies-PfP(ssubst):
  fixes β::fm
  assumes β: {} ⊢ PfP [β]
    and V:  $V \subseteq Vs$ 
    and s:  $\text{supp } \beta \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs$ 
  shows {ConstP (F i) | i. i ∈ V} ⊢ PfP (ssubst [β] V V F)

```

```

proof -
  show ?thesis using finite-V [OF V] V
  proof induction
    case empty thus ?case
      by (auto simp:  $\beta$ )
    next
      case (insert i V)
      thus ?case using assms
        by (auto simp: Collect-disj-Un fresh-finite-set-at-base
              intro: PfP-implies-SubstForm-PfP thin1 ssubst-SubstFormP)
    qed
  qed

end

end

```

Chapter 11

Quotations of the Free Variables

```
theory Quote
imports Pseudo-Coding
begin
```

11.1 Sequence version of the “Special p-Function, F*”

The definition below describes a relation, not a function. This material relates to Section 8, but omits the ordering of the universe.

```
definition SeqQuote :: hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ hf ⇒ bool
where SeqQuote x x' s k ≡
  BuildSeq2 (λy y'. y = 0 ∧ y' = 0)
  (λu u' v v' w w'. u = v ⋷ w ∧ u' = q-Eats v' w') s k x x'
```

11.1.1 Defining the syntax: quantified body

```
nominal-function SeqQuoteP :: tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ tm ⇒ fm
where [[atom l #: (s,k,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn');  

         atom sl #: (s,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn'); atom sl' #: (s,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn');  

         atom m #: (s,n,sm,sm',sn,sn'); atom n #: (s,sm,sm',sn,sn');  

         atom sm #: (s,sm',sn,sn'); atom sm' #: (s,sn,sn');  

         atom sn #: (s,sn'); atom sn' #: s]] ==>  

SeqQuoteP t u s k =  

  LstSeqP s k (HPair t u) AND  

  All2 l (SUCC k) (Ex sl (Ex sl' (HPair (Var l) (HPair (Var sl) (Var sl')) IN  

  s AND  

  ((Var sl EQ Zero AND Var sl' EQ Zero) OR  

   Ex m (Ex n (Ex sm (Ex sm' (Ex sn (Ex sn' (Var m IN Var l AND  

  Var n IN Var l AND  

  HPair (Var m) (HPair (Var sm) (Var sm'))) IN s AND
```

$HPair(Var n)(HPair(Var sn)(Var sn')) IN s AND$
 $Var sl EQ Eats(Var sm)(Var sn) AND$
 $Var sl' EQ Q-Eats(Var sm')(Var sn'))))))))))$
by (auto simp: eqvt-def SeqQuoteP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

nominal-termination (eqvt)
by lexicographic-order

lemma

shows SeqQuoteP-fresh-iff [simp]:

$a \# SeqQuoteP t u s k \longleftrightarrow a \# t \wedge a \# u \wedge a \# s \wedge a \# k$ (**is** ?thesis1)

and eval-fm-SqQuoteP [simp]:

$eval-fm e (SeqQuoteP t u s k) \longleftrightarrow SeqQuote[t]e[u]e[s]e[k]e$ (**is** ?thesis2)

and SeqQuoteP-sf [iff]:

$Sigma-fm (SeqQuoteP t u s k)$ (**is** ?thsf)

and SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP:

{ SeqQuoteP t u s k } ⊢ OrdP k (**is** ?thord)

and SeqQuoteP-imp-LstSeqP:

{ SeqQuoteP t u s k } ⊢ LstSeqP s k (HPair t u) (**is** ?thlstseq)

proof –

obtain l::name and sl::name and sl'::name and m::name and n::name and
sm::name and sm'::name and sn::name and sn'::name

where atoms:

atom l # (s,k,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sl # (s,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom sl' # (s,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom m # (s,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (s,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sm # (s,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (s,sn,sn')

atom sn # (s,sn') atom sn' # s

by (metis obtain-fresh)

thus ?thesis1 ?thsf ?thord ?thlstseq

by auto (auto simp: LstSeqP.simps)

show ?thesis2 **using** atoms

by (force simp add: LstSeq-imp-Ord SeqQuote-def

BuildSeq2-def BuildSeq-def Builds-def HBall-def q-Eats-def

Seq-iff-app [of [s]e, OF LstSeq-imp-Sq-Subst]

Ord-trans [of - - succ [k]e]

cong: conj-cong)

qed

lemma SeqQuoteP-subst [simp]:

$(SeqQuoteP t u s k)(j ::= w) =$

$SeqQuoteP (subst j w t) (subst j w u) (subst j w s) (subst j w k)$

proof –

obtain l::name and sl::name and sl'::name and m::name and n::name and

sm::name and sm'::name and sn::name and sn'::name

where atom l # (s,k,w,j,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sl # (s,w,j,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom sl' # (s,w,j,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom m # (s,w,j,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (s,w,j,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sm # (s,w,j,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (s,w,j,sn,sn')

```

atom sn # (s,w,j,sn') atom sn' # (s,w,j)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
  by (force simp add: SeqQuoteP.simps [of l - - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])
qed

```

```
declare SeqQuoteP.simps [simp del]
```

11.1.2 Correctness properties

lemma SeqQuoteP-lemma:

```

fixes m::name and sm::name and sm'::name and n::name and sn::name and
sn'::name
assumes atom m # (t,u,s,k,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (t,u,s,k,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom sm # (t,u,s,k,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (t,u,s,k,sn,sn')
atom sn # (t,u,s,k,sn') atom sn' # (t,u,s,k)
shows { SeqQuoteP t u s k }
  ⊢ (t EQ Zero AND u EQ Zero) OR
    Ex m (Ex n (Ex sm (Ex sm' (Ex sn (Ex sn' (Var m IN k AND Var n
IN k AND
  SeqQuoteP (Var sm) (Var sm') s (Var m) AND
  SeqQuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn') s (Var n) AND
  t EQ Eats (Var sm) (Var sn) AND
  u EQ Q-Eats (Var sm') (Var sn'))))))))

```

proof –

```

obtain l::name and sl::name and sl'::name
  where atom l # (t,u,s,k,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
        atom sl # (t,u,s,k,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
        atom sl' # (t,u,s,k,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis using assms
  apply (simp add: SeqQuoteP.simps [of l s k sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])
  apply (rule Conj-EH Ex-EH All2-SUCC-E [THEN rotate2] | simp)+
  apply (rule cut-same [where A = HPair t u EQ HPair (Var sl) (Var sl')])
  apply (metis Assume AssumeH(4) LstSeqP-EQ)
  apply clarify
  apply (rule Disj-EH)
  apply (rule Disj-I1)
  apply (rule anti-deduction)
  apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Sym-L, THEN Iff-MP-same])
  apply (rule rotate2)
  apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Sym-L, THEN Iff-MP-same], force)
— now the quantified case
  apply (rule Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
  apply simp-all
  apply (rule Disj-I2)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var m], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var n], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var sm], simp)

```

```

apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sm$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sn$ ], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where  $x = \text{Var } sn'$ ], simp)
apply (simp-all add: SeqQuoteP.simps [of  $l s - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'$ ])
apply ((rule Conj-I)+, blast intro: LstSeqP-Mem)+
— first SeqQuoteP subgoal
apply (rule All2-Subset [OF Hyp])
apply (blast intro!: SUCC-Subset-Ord LstSeqP-OrdP)+
apply simp
— next SeqQuoteP subgoal
apply ((rule Conj-I)+, blast intro: LstSeqP-Mem)+
apply (rule All2-Subset [OF Hyp], blast)
apply (auto intro!: SUCC-Subset-Ord LstSeqP-OrdP intro: Trans)
done
qed

```

11.2 The “special function” itself

```

definition Quote :: hf  $\Rightarrow$  hf  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where  $\text{Quote } x x' \equiv \exists s k. \text{SeqQuote } x x' s k$ 

```

11.2.1 Defining the syntax

```

nominal-function QuoteP :: tm  $\Rightarrow$  tm  $\Rightarrow$  fm
  where  $\llbracket \text{atom } s \# (t,u,k); \text{atom } k \# (t,u) \rrbracket \implies$ 
     $\text{QuoteP } t u = \text{Ex } s (\text{Ex } k (\text{SeqQuoteP } t u (\text{Var } s) (\text{Var } k)))$ 
  by (auto simp: eqvt-def QuoteP-graph-aux-def flip-fresh-fresh) (metis obtain-fresh)

```

```

nominal-termination (eqvt)
  by lexicographic-order

```

lemma

```

shows  $\text{QuoteP-fresh-iff}$  [simp]:  $a \# \text{QuoteP } t u \longleftrightarrow a \# t \wedge a \# u$  (is ?thesis1)
and  $\text{eval-fm-QuoteP}$  [simp]:  $\text{eval-fm } e (\text{QuoteP } t u) \longleftrightarrow \text{Quote } \llbracket t \rrbracket e \llbracket u \rrbracket e$  (is ?thesis2)
and  $\text{QuoteP-sf}$  [iff]:  $\text{Sigma-fm } (\text{QuoteP } t u)$  (is ?thsf)

```

proof –

```

obtain s::name and k::name where  $\text{atom } s \# (t,u,k) \quad \text{atom } k \# (t,u)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis1 ?thesis2 ?thsf
  by (auto simp: Quote-def)
qed

```

lemma QuoteP-subst [simp]:

$$(\text{QuoteP } t u)(j:=w) = \text{QuoteP } (\text{subst } j w t) (\text{subst } j w u)$$

proof –

```

obtain s::name and k::name where  $\text{atom } s \# (t,u,w,j,k) \quad \text{atom } k \# (t,u,w,j)$ 
  by (metis obtain-fresh)

```

thus ?thesis

by (simp add: QuoteP.simps [of s - - k])

qed

declare QuoteP.simps [simp del]

11.2.2 Correctness properties

lemma Quote-0: Quote 0 0

by (auto simp: Quote-def SeqQuote-def intro: BuildSeq2-exI)

lemma QuoteP-Zero: {} ⊢ QuoteP Zero Zero

by (auto intro: Sigma-fm-imp-thm [OF QuoteP-sf])

simp: ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh Quote-0)

lemma SeqQuoteP-Eats:

assumes atom s # (k,s1,s2,k1,k2,t1,t2,u1,u2) atom k # (s1,s2,k1,k2,t1,t2,u1,u2)

shows {SeqQuoteP t1 u1 s1 k1, SeqQuoteP t2 u2 s2 k2} ⊢

Ex s (Ex k (SeqQuoteP (Eats t1 t2) (Q-Eats u1 u2) (Var s) (Var k)))

proof –

obtain km::name **and** kn::name **and** j::name **and** k'::name **and** l::name

and sl::name **and** sl'::name **and** m::name **and** n::name **and** sm::name

and sm'::name **and** sn::name **and** sn'::name

where atoms2:

atom km # (kn,j,k',l,s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom kn # (j,k',l,s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom j # (k',l,s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

and atoms: atom k' # (l,s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom l # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sl # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sl,sl',m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sl' # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom m # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom n # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sm # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sm' # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sm,sm',sn,sn')

atom sn # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2,sn,sn')

atom sn' # (s1,s2,s,k1,k2,k,t1,t2,u1,u2)

by (metis obtain-fresh)

show ?thesis

using assms atoms

apply (auto simp: SeqQuoteP.simps [of l Var s - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])

apply (rule cut-same [**where** A=OrdP k1 AND OrdP k2])

apply (metis Conj-I SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP thin1 thin2)

apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-SeqAppendP [of s s1 SUCC k1 s2 SUCC k2]])

apply (rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH | simp)+

apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-HaddP [**where** j=k' AND x=k1 AND y=k2]])

apply (rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH | simp)+

apply (rule Ex-I [**where** x=Eats (Var s) (HPair (SUCC (SUCC (Var k'))))

(HPair (Eats t1 t2) (Q-Eats u1 u2))))]

```

apply (simp-all (no-asm-simp))
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=SUCC (SUCC (Var k'))])
apply simp
apply (rule Conj-I [OF LstSeqP-SeqAppendP-Eats])
apply (blast intro: SeqQuoteP-imp-LstSeqP [THEN cut1])+
proof (rule All2-SUCC-I, simp-all)
  show {HaddP k1 k2 (Var k'), OrdP k1, OrdP k2, SeqAppendP s1 (SUCC
k1) s2 (SUCC k2) (Var s),
      SeqQuoteP t1 u1 s1 k1, SeqQuoteP t2 u2 s2 k2}
    † Ex sl (Ex sl'
      (HPair (SUCC (SUCC (Var k'))) (HPair (Var sl) (Var sl')) IN
       Eats (Var s) (HPair (SUCC (SUCC (Var k'))) (HPair (Eats t1 t2)
(Q-Eats u1 u2))) AND
       (Var sl EQ Zero AND Var sl' EQ Zero OR
        Ex m (Ex n (Ex sm (Ex sm' (Ex sn (Ex sn'
          (Var m IN SUCC (SUCC (Var k')) AND
          Var n IN SUCC (SUCC (Var k')) AND
          HPair (Var m) (HPair (Var sm) (Var sm')) IN
          Eats (Var s) (HPair (SUCC (SUCC (Var k'))) (HPair (Eats t1
t2) (Q-Eats u1 u2))) AND
          HPair (Var n) (HPair (Var sn) (Var sn')) IN
          Eats (Var s) (HPair (SUCC (SUCC (Var k'))) (HPair (Eats t1
t2) (Q-Eats u1 u2))) AND
          Var sl EQ Eats (Var sm) (Var sn) AND Var sl' EQ Q-Eats (Var
sm') (Var sn')))))))))
    — verifying the final values
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Eats t1 t2])
  using assms atoms apply simp
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Q-Eats u1 u2], simp)
  apply (rule Conj-I [OF Mem-Eats-I2 [OF Refl]])
  apply (rule Disj-I2)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=k1], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=SUCC (Var k')], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=t1], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=u1], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=t2], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=u2], simp)
  apply (rule Conj-I)
  apply (blast intro: HaddP-Mem-I Mem-SUCC-I1)
  apply (rule Conj-I [OF Mem-SUCC-Refl])
  apply (rule Conj-I)
  apply (blast intro: Mem-Eats-I1 SeqAppendP-Mem1 [THEN cut3] Mem-SUCC-Refl
SeqQuoteP-imp-LstSeqP [THEN cut1] LstSeqP-imp-Mem)
  apply (blast intro: Mem-Eats-I1 SeqAppendP-Mem2 [THEN cut4] Mem-SUCC-Refl
SeqQuoteP-imp-LstSeqP [THEN cut1] LstSeqP-imp-Mem HaddP-SUCC1
[THEN cut1])
done

```

```

next
  show {HaddP k1 k2 (Var k'), OrdP k1, OrdP k2, SeqAppendP s1 (SUCC k1) s2 (SUCC k2) (Var s),
         SeqQuoteP t1 u1 s1 k1, SeqQuoteP t2 u2 s2 k2}
   $\vdash \text{All2 } l (\text{SUCC} (\text{SUCC} (\text{Var } k')))$ 
   $(\text{Ex } sl (\text{Ex } sl' (\text{HPair} (\text{Var } l) (\text{HPair} (\text{Var } sl) (\text{Var } sl')) \text{ IN}))$ 
   $\text{Eats} (\text{Var } s) (\text{HPair} (\text{SUCC} (\text{SUCC} (\text{Var } k'))) (\text{HPair} (\text{Eats } t1$ 
   $t2) (\text{Q-Eats } u1 u2))) \text{ AND}$ 
   $(\text{Var } sl \text{ EQ Zero AND Var } sl' \text{ EQ Zero OR})$ 
   $\text{Ex } m (\text{Ex } n (\text{Ex } sm (\text{Ex } sm' (\text{Ex } sn (\text{Ex } sn'$ 
   $(\text{Var } m \text{ IN Var } l \text{ AND})$ 
   $\text{Var } n \text{ IN Var } l \text{ AND})$ 
   $\text{HPair} (\text{Var } m) (\text{HPair} (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sm')) \text{ IN})$ 
   $\text{Eats} (\text{Var } s) (\text{HPair} (\text{SUCC} (\text{SUCC} (\text{Var } k'))) (\text{HPair} (\text{Eats } t1$ 
   $t2) (\text{Q-Eats } u1 u2))) \text{ AND}$ 
   $\text{HPair} (\text{Var } n) (\text{HPair} (\text{Var } sn) (\text{Var } sn')) \text{ IN})$ 
   $\text{Eats} (\text{Var } s) (\text{HPair} (\text{SUCC} (\text{SUCC} (\text{Var } k'))) (\text{HPair} (\text{Eats } t1$ 
   $t2) (\text{Q-Eats } u1 u2))) \text{ AND}$ 
   $\text{Var } sl \text{ EQ Eats } (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sn) \text{ AND Var } sl' \text{ EQ Q-Eats } (\text{Var } sm')$ 
   $(\text{Var } sn') \text{ )))))))))))$ 
  — verifying the sequence buildup
  apply (rule cut-same [where A=HaddP (SUCC k1) (SUCC k2) (SUCC (SUCC (Var k')))])
  apply (blast intro: HaddP-SUCC1 [THEN cut1] HaddP-SUCC2 [THEN cut1])
  apply (rule All-I Imp-I)+
  apply (rule HaddP-Mem-cases [where i=j])
  using assms atoms atoms2 apply simp-all
  apply (rule AssumeH)
  apply (blast intro: OrdP-SUCC-I)
  — ... the sequence buildup via s1
  apply (simp add: SeqQuoteP.simps [of l s1 - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])
  apply (rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
  apply (rule All2-E [THEN rotate2])
  apply (simp | rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sl], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sl'], simp)
  apply (rule Conj-I)
  apply (rule Mem-Eats-I1)
  apply (metis SeqAppendP-Mem1 rotate3 thin2 thin4)
  apply (rule AssumeH Disj-IE1H Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var m], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var n], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sm], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sm'], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sn], simp)
  apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sn'], simp-all)
  apply (rule Conj-I, rule AssumeH)+
  apply (blast intro: OrdP-Trans [OF OrdP-SUCC-I] Mem-Eats-I1 [OF SeqAppendP-Mem1)

```

```

[THEN cut3]] Hyp)
— ... the sequence buildup via s2
apply (simp add: SeqQuoteP.simps [of l s2 - sl sl' m n sm sm' sn sn'])
apply (rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
apply (rule All2-E [THEN rotate2])
apply (simp | rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sl], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sl'], simp)
apply (rule cut-same [where A=OrdP (Var j)])
apply (metis HaddP-imp-OrdP rotate2 thin2)
apply (rule Conj-I)
apply (blast intro: Mem-Eats-I1 SeqAppendP-Mem2 [THEN cut4] del:
Disj-EH)
apply (rule AssumeH Disj-IE1H Ex-EH Conj-EH)+
apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-HaddP [where j=km and x=SUCC k1 and
y=Var m]])
apply (blast intro: Ord-IN-Ord, simp)
apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-HaddP [where j=kn and x=SUCC k1 and
y=Var n]])
apply (metis AssumeH(6) Ord-IN-Ord0 rotate8, simp)
apply (rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH | simp)+
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var km], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var kn], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sm], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sm'], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sn], simp)
apply (rule Ex-I [where x=Var sn'], simp-all)
apply (rule Conj-I [OF - Conj-I])
apply (blast intro: Hyp OrdP-SUCC-I HaddP-Mem-cancel-left [THEN Iff-MP2-same])
apply (blast intro: Hyp OrdP-SUCC-I HaddP-Mem-cancel-left [THEN Iff-MP2-same])
apply (blast intro: Hyp Mem-Eats-I1 SeqAppendP-Mem2 [THEN cut4] OrdP-Trans
HaddP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1])
done
qed
qed

```

```

lemma QuoteP-Eats: {QuoteP t1 u1, QuoteP t2 u2} ⊢ QuoteP (Eats t1 t2)
(Q-Eats u1 u2)
proof -
obtain k1::name and s1::name and k2::name and s2::name and k::name and
s::name
where atom s1 # (t1,u1,t2,u2)           atom k1 # (t1,u1,t2,u2,s1)
      atom s2 # (t1,u1,t2,u2,k1,s1)     atom k2 # (t1,u1,t2,u2,s2,k1,s1)
      atom s # (t1,u1,t2,u2,k2,s2,k1,s1) atom k # (t1,u1,t2,u2,s,k2,s2,k1,s1)
by (metis obtain-fresh)
thus ?thesis
by (auto simp: QuoteP.simps [of s - (Q-Eats u1 u2) k]
              QuoteP.simps [of s1 t1 u1 k1] QuoteP.simps [of s2 t2 u2 k2])

```

```

intro!: SeqQuoteP-Eats [THEN cut2])
qed

lemma exists-QuoteP:
assumes j: atom j # x shows {} ⊢ Ex j (QuoteP x (Var j))
proof -
  obtain i::name and j'::name and k::name
    where atoms: atom i # (j,x) atom j' # (i,j,x) atom (k::name) # (i,j,j',x)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have {} ⊢ Ex j (QuoteP (Var i) (Var j)) (is {} ⊢ ?scheme)
  proof (rule Ind [of k])
    show atom k # (i, ?scheme) using atoms
    by simp
  next
    show {} ⊢ ?scheme(i ::= Zero) using j atoms
    by (auto intro: Ex-I [where x=Zero] simp add: QuoteP-Zero)
  next
    show {} ⊢ All i (All k (?scheme IMP ?scheme(i ::= Var k)) IMP ?scheme(i ::= Eats
      (Var i) (Var k)))
    apply (rule All-I Imp-I)+
    using atoms assms
    apply simp-all
    apply (rule Ex-E)
    apply (rule Ex-E-with-renaming [where i'=j', THEN rotate2], auto)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x= Q-Eats (Var j') (Var j)], auto intro: QuoteP-Eats)
    done
  qed
  hence {} ⊢ (Ex j (QuoteP (Var i) (Var j))) (i ::= x)
  by (rule Subst) auto
  thus ?thesis
  using atoms j by auto
qed

lemma QuoteP-imp-ConstP: { QuoteP x y } ⊢ ConstP y
proof -
  obtain j::name and j'::name and l::name and s::name and k::name
    and m::name and n::name and sm::name and sn::name and sm'::name and
    sn'::name
    where atoms: atom j # (x,y,s,k,j',l,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom j' # (x,y,s,k,l,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom l # (s,k,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom m # (s,k,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (s,k,sm,sm',sn,sn')
    atom sm # (s,k,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (s,k,sn,sn')
    atom sn # (s,k,sn') atom sn' # (s,k) atom s # (k,x,y) atom k # (x,y)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  have {OrdP (Var k)}
    ⊢ All j (All j' (SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var s) (Var k) IMP ConstP
      (Var j'))))
    (is - ⊢ ?scheme)

```

```

proof (rule OrdIndH [where j=l])
  show atom l # (k, ?scheme) using atoms assms
    by simp
  next
    show {} ⊢ All k (OrdP (Var k) IMP (All2 l (Var k) (?scheme(k::= Var l))
IMP ?scheme)))
      apply (rule All-I Imp-I)+
      using atoms assms
      apply (simp-all add: fresh-at-base fresh-finite-set-at-base)
      — freshness finally proved!
      apply (rule cut-same)
      apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqQuoteP-lemma [of m Var j Var j' Var s Var k n
sm sm' sn sn']], simp-all, blast)
      apply (rule Imp-I Disj-EH Conj-EH)+
      — case 1, Var j EQ Zero
      apply (rule thin1)
      apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same], simp)
      apply (metis thin0 ConstP-Zero)
      — case 2, Var j EQ Eats (Var sm) (Var sn)
      apply (rule Imp-I Conj-EH Ex-EH)+
      apply simp-all
      apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same, THEN rotate2], simp)
      apply (rule ConstP-Eats [THEN cut2])
      — Operand 1. IH for sm
      apply (rule All2-E [where x=Var m, THEN rotate8], auto)
      apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm], simp)
      apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm'], auto)
      — Operand 2. IH for sm
      apply (rule All2-E [where x=Var n, THEN rotate8], auto)
      apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn], simp)
      apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn'], auto)
      done
  qed
  hence {OrdP(Var k)}
    ⊢ (All j' (SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var s) (Var k) IMP ConstP (Var
j'))) (j::=x)
    by (metis All-D)
  hence {OrdP(Var k)} ⊢ All j' (SeqQuoteP x (Var j') (Var s) (Var k) IMP
ConstP (Var j'))
    using atoms by simp
  hence {OrdP(Var k)} ⊢ (SeqQuoteP x (Var j') (Var s) (Var k) IMP ConstP
(Var j')) (j'::=y)
    by (metis All-D)
  hence {OrdP(Var k)} ⊢ SeqQuoteP x y (Var s) (Var k) IMP ConstP y
    using atoms by simp
  hence {SeqQuoteP x y (Var s) (Var k)} ⊢ ConstP y
    by (metis Imp-cut SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP anti-deduction)
  thus {QuoteP x y} ⊢ ConstP y using atoms
    by (auto simp: QuoteP.simps [of s - - k])

```

qed

```
lemma SeqQuoteP-imp-QuoteP: {SeqQuoteP t u s k} ⊢ QuoteP t u
proof -
  obtain s'::name and k'::name where atom s' # (k',t,u,s,k) atom k' # (t,u,s,k)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  thus ?thesis
    apply (simp add: QuoteP.simps [of s' - - k'])
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = s], simp)
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = k], auto)
    done
qed
```

```
lemmas QuoteP-I = SeqQuoteP-imp-QuoteP [THEN cut1]
```

11.3 The Operator *quote-all*

11.3.1 Definition and basic properties

```
definition quote-all :: [perm, name set] ⇒ fm set
  where quote-all p V = {QuoteP (Var i) (Var (p · i)) | i. i ∈ V}

lemma quote-all-empty [simp]: quote-all p {} = {}
  by (simp add: quote-all-def)

lemma quote-all-insert [simp]:
  quote-all p (insert i V) = insert (QuoteP (Var i) (Var (p · i))) (quote-all p V)
  by (auto simp: quote-all-def)

lemma finite-quote-all [simp]: finite V ⇒ finite (quote-all p V)
  by (induct rule: finite-induct) auto

lemma fresh-quote-all [simp]: finite V ⇒ i # quote-all p V ←→ i # V ∧ i # p · V
  by (induct rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: fresh-finite-insert)

lemma fresh-quote-all-mem: [A ∈ quote-all p V; finite V; i # V; i # p · V] ⇒
  i # A
  by (metis Set.set-insert finite-insert finite-quote-all fresh-finite-insert fresh-quote-all)

lemma quote-all-perm-eq:
  assumes finite V atom i # (p, V) atom i' # (p, V)
  shows quote-all ((atom i ⇌ atom i') + p) V = quote-all p V
proof -
  fix W
  assume w: W ⊆ V
  have finite W
    by (metis finite V finite-subset w)
  hence quote-all ((atom i ⇌ atom i') + p) W = quote-all p W using w
    apply induction using assms
```

```

apply (auto simp: fresh-Pair perm-commute)
apply (metis fresh-finite-set-at-base swap-at-base-simps(3))+
done}
thus ?thesis
  by (metis order-refl)
qed

```

11.3.2 Transferring theorems to the level of derivability

context *quote-perm*
begin

lemma *QuoteP-imp-ConstP-F-hyps*:
assumes $Us \subseteq Vs \{ ConstP(F i) \mid i \in Us \} \vdash A$ **shows** *quote-all p* $Us \vdash A$
proof –
show ?thesis **using** finite-*V* [$OF \langle Us \subseteq Vs \rangle$] *assms*
proof (*induction arbitrary: A rule: finite-induct*)
case empty **thus** ?case **by** *simp*
next
case (*insert v Us*) **thus** ?case
by (auto simp: *Collect-disj-Un*)
(*metis (lifting) anti-deduction Imp-cut [OF - QuoteP-imp-ConstP] Disj-I2 F-unfold*)
qed
qed

Lemma 8.3

theorem *quote-all-PfP-ssubst*:
assumes $\beta: \{\} \vdash \beta$
and $V: V \subseteq Vs$
and $s: supp \beta \subseteq atom ` Vs$
shows *quote-all p* $V \vdash PfP (ssubst [\beta] V V F)$
proof –
have $\{\} \vdash PfP [\beta]$
by (metis β proved-iff-proved-*PfP*)
hence $\{ ConstP(F i) \mid i \in V \} \vdash PfP (ssubst [\beta] V V F)$
by (simp add: *PfP-implies-PfP-ssubst V s*)
thus ?thesis
by (rule *QuoteP-imp-ConstP-F-hyps* [*OF V*])
qed

Lemma 8.4

corollary *quote-all-MonPon-PfP-ssubst*:
assumes $A: \{\} \vdash \alpha IMP \beta$
and $V: V \subseteq Vs$
and $s: supp \alpha \subseteq atom ` Vs$ $supp \beta \subseteq atom ` Vs$
shows *quote-all p* $V \vdash PfP (ssubst [\alpha] V V F) IMP PfP (ssubst [\beta] V V F)$
using *quote-all-PfP-ssubst* [*OF A V*] *s*
by (auto simp: *V vquot-fm-def intro: PfP-implies-ModPon-PfP thin1*)

Lemma 8.4b

corollary quote-all-MonPon2-PfP-ssubst:

assumes A: $\{\} \vdash \alpha_1 \text{ IMP } \alpha_2 \text{ IMP } \beta$

and $V: V \subseteq Vs$

and $s: \text{supp } \alpha_1 \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs \text{ supp } \alpha_2 \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs \text{ supp } \beta \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs$

shows quote-all p $V \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha_1] V V F) \text{ IMP } PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha_2] V V F)$
 $\text{IMP } PfP (\text{ssubst } [\beta] V V F)$

using quote-all-PfP-ssubst [OF A V] s

by (force simp: V vquot-fm-def intro: PfP-implies-ModPon-PfP [OF PfP-implies-ModPon-PfP]
 thin1)

lemma quote-all-Disj-I1-PfP-ssubst:

assumes $V \subseteq Vs \text{ supp } \alpha \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs \text{ supp } \beta \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs$

and prems: $H \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha] V V F) \text{ quote-all } p \ V \subseteq H$

shows $H \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha \text{ OR } \beta] V V F)$

proof –

have $\{\} \vdash \alpha \text{ IMP } (\alpha \text{ OR } \beta)$

by (blast intro: Disj-I1)

hence quote-all p $V \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha] V V F) \text{ IMP } PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha \text{ OR } \beta] V V F)$

using assms **by** (auto simp: quote-all-MonPon-PfP-ssubst)

thus ?thesis

by (metis MP-same prems thin)

qed

lemma quote-all-Disj-I2-PfP-ssubst:

assumes $V \subseteq Vs \text{ supp } \alpha \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs \text{ supp } \beta \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs$

and prems: $H \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\beta] V V F) \text{ quote-all } p \ V \subseteq H$

shows $H \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha \text{ OR } \beta] V V F)$

proof –

have $\{\} \vdash \beta \text{ IMP } (\alpha \text{ OR } \beta)$

by (blast intro: Disj-I2)

hence quote-all p $V \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\beta] V V F) \text{ IMP } PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha \text{ OR } \beta] V V F)$

using assms **by** (auto simp: quote-all-MonPon-PfP-ssubst)

thus ?thesis

by (metis MP-same prems thin)

qed

lemma quote-all-Conj-I-PfP-ssubst:

assumes $V \subseteq Vs \text{ supp } \alpha \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs \text{ supp } \beta \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs$

and prems: $H \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha] V V F) \quad H \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\beta] V V F) \text{ quote-all }$

$p \ V \subseteq H$

shows $H \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha \text{ AND } \beta] V V F)$

proof –

have $\{\} \vdash \alpha \text{ IMP } \beta \text{ IMP } (\alpha \text{ AND } \beta)$

by blast

hence quote-all p V

$\vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha] V V F) \text{ IMP } PfP (\text{ssubst } [\beta] V V F) \text{ IMP } PfP (\text{ssubst }$

```

[ $\alpha \text{ AND } \beta] V V F)$ 
  using assms by (auto simp: quote-all-MonPon2-PfP-ssubst)
  thus ?thesis
    by (metis MP-same prems thin)
qed

lemma quote-all-Contra-PfP-ssubst:
  assumes  $V \subseteq Vs$  supp  $\alpha \subseteq \text{atom} ` Vs$ 
  shows quote-all p V
     $\vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } [\alpha] V V F) \text{ IMP } PfP (\text{ssubst } [\text{Neg } \alpha] V V F) \text{ IMP } PfP$ 
    ( $\text{ssubst } [Fls] V V F$ )
proof -
  have {}  $\vdash \alpha \text{ IMP Neg } \alpha \text{ IMP Fls}$ 
    by blast
  thus ?thesis
    using assms by (auto simp: quote-all-MonPon2-PfP-ssubst supp-conv-fresh)
qed

lemma fresh-ssubst-dbtm:  $\llbracket \text{atom } i \notin p \cdot V; V \subseteq Vs \rrbracket \implies \text{atom } i \notin \text{ssubst } (vquot-dbtm V t) V F$ 
  by (induct t rule: dbtm.induct) (auto simp: F-unfold fresh-image permute-set-eq-image)

lemma fresh-ssubst-dbfm:  $\llbracket \text{atom } i \notin p \cdot V; V \subseteq Vs \rrbracket \implies \text{atom } i \notin \text{ssubst } (vquot-dbfm V A) V F$ 
  by (nominal-induct A rule: dbfm.strong-induct) (auto simp: fresh-ssubst-dbtm)

lemma fresh-ssubst-fm:
  fixes  $A::fm$  shows  $\llbracket \text{atom } i \notin p \cdot V; V \subseteq Vs \rrbracket \implies \text{atom } i \notin \text{ssubst } ([A] V) V F$ 
  by (simp add: fresh-ssubst-dbfm vquot-fm-def)

end

```

11.4 Star Property. Equality and Membership: Lemmas 9.3 and 9.4

```

lemma SeqQuoteP-Mem-imp-QMem-and-Subset:
  assumes  $\text{atom } i \notin (j, j', i', si, ki, sj, kj)$   $\text{atom } i' \notin (j, j', si, ki, sj, kj)$ 
     $\text{atom } j \notin (j', si, ki, sj, kj)$   $\text{atom } j' \notin (si, ki, sj, kj)$ 
     $\text{atom } si \notin (ki, sj, kj)$   $\text{atom } sj \notin (ki, kj)$ 
  shows {SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) ki, SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) kj}
     $\vdash (\text{Var } i \text{ IN Var } j \text{ IMP PfP } (Q\text{-Mem } (\text{Var } i') (\text{Var } j'))) \text{ AND }$ 
     $(\text{Var } i \text{ SUBS Var } j \text{ IMP PfP } (Q\text{-Subset } (\text{Var } i') (\text{Var } j')))$ 
proof -
  obtain  $k::name$  and  $l::name$  and  $l_i::name$  and  $l_j::name$ 
    and  $m::name$  and  $n::name$  and  $sm::name$  and  $sn::name$  and  $sm'::name$  and
     $sn'::name$ 
  where atoms:  $\text{atom } l_j \notin (l, l_i, j, j', i', si, ki, sj, kj, i, i', k, m, n, sm, sm', sn, sn')$ 

```

```

atom li # (l,j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj,i,i',k,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom l # (j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj,i,i',k,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom k # (j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom m # (j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom n # (j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj,sm,sm',sn,sn')
atom sm # (j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj,sm',sn,sn')
atom sm' # (j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj,sn,sn')
atom sn # (j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj,sn,sn')
atom sn' # (j,j',i,i',si,ki,sj,kj)

by (metis obtain-fresh)
have {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ All i (All i' (All si (All li (All j (All sj (All lj
    (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) (Var li) IMP
    SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP
    HaddP (Var li) (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
    ((Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))) AND
     (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')))))))))))) (is - ⊢ ?scheme)
proof (rule OrdIndH [where j=l])
  show atom l # (k, ?scheme) using atoms
  by simp
next
def V ≡ {i,j,sm,sn}
and p ≡ (atom i ⇌ atom i') + (atom j ⇌ atom j') +
         (atom sm ⇌ atom sm') + (atom sn ⇌ atom sn')
def F ≡ make-F V p
interpret qp: quote-perm p V F
  proof unfold-locales
    show finite V by (simp add: V-def)
    show atom ` (p ∙ V) #* V
      using atoms assms
    by (auto simp: p-def V-def F-def make-F-def fresh-star-def fresh-finite-insert)
      show -p = p using assms atoms
    by (simp add: p-def add.assoc perm-self-inverseI fresh-swap fresh-plus-perm)
      show F ≡ make-F V p
        by (rule F-def)
  qed
have V-mem: i ∈ V j ∈ V sm ∈ V sn ∈ V
  by (auto simp: V-def) — Part of (2) from page 32
have Mem1: {} ⊢ (Var i IN Var sm) IMP (Var i IN Eats (Var sm) (Var sn))
  by (blast intro: Mem-Eats-I1)
have Q-Mem1: quote-all p V
  ⊢ PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var sm')) IMP
    PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Q-Eats (Var sm') (Var sn')))
  using qp.quote-all-MonPon-PfP-ssubst [OF Mem1 subset-refl] assms atoms
V-mem
  by (simp add: vquot-fm-def finite V) (simp add: qp.F-unfold p-def)
have Mem2: {} ⊢ (Var i EQ Var sn) IMP (Var i IN Eats (Var sm) (Var sn))
  by (blast intro: Mem-Eats-I2)

```

```

have Q-Mem2: quote-all p V
  ⊢ PfP (Q-Eq (Var i') (Var sn')) IMP
    PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Q-Eats (Var sm') (Var sn')))
  using qp.quote-all-MonPon-PfP-ssubst [OF Mem2 subset-refl] assms atoms
V-mem
  by (simp add: vquot-fm-def finite V) (simp add: qp.F-unfold p-def)
have Subs1: {} ⊢ Zero SUBS Var j
  by blast
have Q-Subs1: {QuoteP (Var j) (Var j')} ⊢ PfP (Q-Subset Zero (Var j'))
  using qp.quote-all-PfP-ssubst [OF Subs1, of {j}] assms atoms
  by (simp add: qp.ssubst-Subset vquot-tm-def supp-conv-fresh fresh-at-base
del: qp.ssubst-single)
    (simp add: qp.F-unfold p-def V-def)
have Subs2: {} ⊢ Var sm SUBS Var j IMP Var sn IN Var j IMP Eats (Var
sm) (Var sn) SUBS Var j
  by blast
have Q-Subs2: quote-all p V
  ⊢ PfP (Q-Subset (Var sm') (Var j')) IMP
    PfP (Q-Mem (Var sn') (Var j')) IMP
    PfP (Q-Subset (Q-Eats (Var sm') (Var sn')) (Var j'))
  using qp.quote-all-MonPon2-PfP-ssubst [OF Subs2 subset-refl] assms atoms
V-mem
  by (simp add: qp.ssubst-Subset vquot-tm-def supp-conv-fresh subset-eq
fresh-at-base)
    (simp add: vquot-fm-def qp.F-unfold p-def V-def)
have Ext: {} ⊢ Var i SUBS Var sn IMP Var sn SUBS Var i IMP Var i EQ
Var sn
  by (blast intro: Equality-I)
have Q-Ext: {QuoteP (Var i) (Var i'), QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn')}
  ⊢ PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var sn')) IMP
    PfP (Q-Subset (Var sn') (Var i')) IMP
    PfP (Q-Eq (Var i') (Var sn'))
  using qp.quote-all-MonPon2-PfP-ssubst [OF Ext, of {i,sn}] assms atoms
  by (simp add: qp.ssubst-Subset vquot-tm-def supp-conv-fresh subset-eq
fresh-at-base
del: qp.ssubst-single)
    (simp add: vquot-fm-def qp.F-unfold p-def V-def)
show {} ⊢ All k (OrdP (Var k) IMP (All2 l (Var k) (?scheme(k::= Var l))
IMP ?scheme))
  apply (rule All-I Imp-I)+
  using atoms assms
  apply simp-all
  apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var i) (Var i')])
  apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
  apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var j) (Var j')])
  apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
  apply (rule rotate6)
  apply (rule Conj-I)
  — Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))

```

```

apply (rule cut-same)
apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqQuoteP-lemma [of m Var j Var j' Var sj Var lj n
sm sm' sn sn']], simp-all, blast)
apply (rule Imp-I Disj-EH Conj-EH) +
— case 1, Var j EQ Zero
apply (rule cut-same [where A = Var i IN Zero])
apply (blast intro: Mem-cong [THEN Iff-MP-same], blast)
— case 2, Var j EQ Eats (Var sm) (Var sn)
apply (rule Imp-I Conj-EH Ex-EH) +
apply simp-all
apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN rotate2, THEN Iff-MP-same], simp)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var sm) (Var sm')])
apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn')])
apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = Var i IN Eats (Var sm) (Var sn)])
apply (rule Mem-cong [OF Reft, THEN Iff-MP-same])
apply (rule AssumeH Mem-Eats-E) +
— Eats case 1. IH for sm
apply (rule cut-same [where A = OrdP (Var m)])
apply (blast intro: Hyp Ord-IN-Ord SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1])
apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-HaddP [where j=l and x=Var li and
y=Var m]])
apply auto
apply (rule All2-E [where x=Var l, THEN rotate13], simp-all)
apply (blast intro: Hyp HaddP-Mem-cancel-left [THEN Iff-MP2-same]
SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1])
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var i], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var i'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var si], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var li], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sj], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var m], simp)
apply (force intro: MP-thin [OF Q-Mem1] simp add: V-def p-def)
— Eats case 2
apply (rule rotate13)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = OrdP (Var n)])
apply (blast intro: Hyp Ord-IN-Ord SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1])
apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-HaddP [where j=l and x=Var li and
y=Var n]])
apply auto
apply (rule MP-same)
apply (rule Q-Mem2 [THEN thin])
apply (simp add: V-def p-def)
apply (rule MP-same)
apply (rule MP-same)
apply (rule Q-Ext [THEN thin])

```

```

apply (simp add: V-def p-def)
— PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var sn'))
apply (rule All2-E [where x=Var l, THEN rotate14], simp-all)
  apply (blast intro: Hyp HaddP-Mem-cancel-left [THEN Iff-MP2-same]
SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1])
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var i], simp)
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var i'], simp)
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var si], simp)
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var li], simp)
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn], simp)
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn'], simp)
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sj], simp)
    apply (rule All-E [where x=Var n], simp)
    apply (rule Imp-E, blast intro: Hyp) +
    apply (rule Conj-E)
    apply (rule thin1)
    apply (blast intro!: Imp-E EQ-imp-SUBS [THEN cut1])
    — PfP (Q-Subset (Var sn') (Var i'))
    apply (rule All2-E [where x=Var l, THEN rotate14], simp-all)
      apply (blast intro: Hyp HaddP-Mem-cancel-left [THEN Iff-MP2-same]
SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1])
        apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn], simp)
        apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn'], simp)
        apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sj], simp)
        apply (rule All-E [where x=Var n], simp)
        apply (rule All-E [where x=Var i], simp)
        apply (rule All-E [where x=Var i'], simp)
        apply (rule All-E [where x=Var si], simp)
        apply (rule All-E [where x=Var li], simp)
        apply (rule Imp-E, blast intro: Hyp) +
        apply (rule Imp-E)
        apply (blast intro: Hyp HaddP-commute [THEN cut2] SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP
[THEN cut1])
          apply (rule Conj-E)
          apply (rule thin1)
          apply (blast intro!: Imp-E EQ-imp-SUBS2 [THEN cut1])
          — Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j'))
          apply (rule cut-same)
            apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqQuoteP-lemma [of m Var i Var i' Var si Var li n
sm sm' sn sn']], simp-all, blast)
              apply (rule Imp-I Disj-EH Conj-EH) +
              — case 1, Var i EQ Zero
              apply (rule cut-same [where A = PfP (Q-Subset Zero (Var j'))])
              apply (blast intro: Q-Subs1 [THEN cut1] SeqQuoteP-imp-QuoteP [THEN
cut1])
                apply (force intro: Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same, THEN rotate3])
                — case 2, Var i EQ Eats (Var sm) (Var sn)
                apply (rule Conj-EH Ex-EH) +
                apply simp-all

```

```

apply (rule cut-same [where A = OrdP (Var lj)])
apply (blast intro: Hyp SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1])
apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same, THEN rotate3], simp)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var sm) (Var sm')])+
apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn')])+
apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = Eats (Var sm) (Var sn) SUBS Var j])
apply (rule Subset-cong [OF - Refl, THEN Iff-MP-same])
apply (rule AssumeH Mem-Eats-E)+

— Eats case split
apply (rule Eats-Subset-E)
apply (rule rotate15)
apply (rule MP-same [THEN MP-same])
apply (rule Q-Subs2 [THEN thin])
apply (simp add: V-def p-def)
— Eats case 1: PfP (Q-Subset (Var sm') (Var j'))
apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-HaddP [where j=l and x=Var m and
y=Var lj]])+
apply (rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH | simp)+

— IH for sm
apply (rule All2-E [where x=Var l, THEN rotate15], simp-all)
apply (blast intro: Hyp HaddP-Mem-cancel-right-Mem SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP
[THEN cut1])
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var si], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var m], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var j], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var j'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sj], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var lj], simp)
apply (blast intro: thin1 Imp-E)

— Eats case 2: PfP (Q-Mem (Var sn') (Var j'))
apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-HaddP [where j=l and x=Var n and
y=Var lj]])+
apply (rule AssumeH Ex-EH Conj-EH | simp)+

— IH for sn
apply (rule All2-E [where x=Var l, THEN rotate15], simp-all)
apply (blast intro: Hyp HaddP-Mem-cancel-right-Mem SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP
[THEN cut1])
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sn'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var si], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var n], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var j], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var j'], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sj], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var lj], simp)

```

```

apply (blast intro: Hyp Imp-E)
done
qed
hence p1: {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ (All i' (All si (All li
    (All j (All j' (All sj (All lj
      (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) (Var li) IMP
      SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP
      HaddP (Var li) (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
      (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j')))) AND
      (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')))))))))
(i ::= Var i)
  by (metis All-D)
have p2: {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ (All si (All li
    (All j (All j' (All sj (All lj
      (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) (Var li) IMP
      SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP
      HaddP (Var li) (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
      (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j')))) AND
      (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j'))))))))) (i' ::= Var i')
  apply (rule All-D)
  using atoms p1 by simp
have p3: {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ (All li
    (All j (All j' (All sj (All lj
      (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) (Var li) IMP
      SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP
      HaddP (Var li) (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
      (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j')))) AND
      (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')))))))))
(si ::= Var si)
  apply (rule All-D)
  using atoms p2 by simp
have p4: {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ (All j (All j' (All sj (All lj
    (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) (Var li) IMP
    SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP
    HaddP (Var li) (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
    (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j')))) AND
    (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j'))))))))
(li ::= ki)
  apply (rule All-D)
  using atoms p3 by simp
have p5: {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ (All j' (All sj (All lj
    (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) ki IMP
    SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP

```

```

HaddP ki (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
(Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))) AND
(Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')))))) (j::=
Var j)
apply (rule All-D)
using atoms assms p4 by simp
have p6: {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ (All sj (All lj
    (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) ki IMP
     SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP
     HaddP ki (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
     (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))) AND
     (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')))))) (j':==
Var j')
  apply (rule All-D)
  using atoms p5 by simp
  have p7: {OrdP(Var k)}
    ⊢ (All lj (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) ki IMP
      SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP
      HaddP ki (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
      (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))) AND
      (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')))))
(sj::= Var sj)
apply (rule All-D)
using atoms p6 by simp
have p8: {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ (SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) ki IMP
   SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) (Var lj) IMP
   HaddP ki (Var lj) (Var k) IMP
   (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))) AND
   (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')))) (lj:= kj)
apply (rule All-D)
using atoms p7 by simp
hence p9: {OrdP(Var k)}
  ⊢ SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) ki IMP
  SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) kj IMP
  HaddP ki kj (Var k) IMP
  (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))) AND
  (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j'))))
  using assms atoms by simp
have p10: { HaddP ki kj (Var k),
  SeqQuoteP (Var i) (Var i') (Var si) ki,
  SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var sj) kj, OrdP (Var k) }
  ⊢ (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))) AND
  (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j'))))
apply (rule MP-same [THEN MP-same [THEN MP-same]])
apply (rule p9 [THEN thin])
apply (auto intro: MP-same)
done

```

```

show ?thesis
apply (rule cut-same [OF exists-HaddP [where j=k and x=ki and y=kj]])
apply (metis SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP thin1)
prefer 2
apply (rule Ex-E)
apply (rule p10 [THEN cut4])
using assms atoms
apply (auto intro: HaddP-OrdP SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP [THEN cut1])
done
qed

```

lemma

```

assumes atom i # (j,j',i') atom i' # (j,j') atom j # (j')
shows QuoteP-Mem-imp-QMem:
  {QuoteP (Var i) (Var i'), QuoteP (Var j) (Var j'), Var i IN Var j}
  ⊢ PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j')) (is ?thesis1)
and QuoteP-Mem-imp-QSubset:
  {QuoteP (Var i) (Var i'), QuoteP (Var j) (Var j'), Var i SUBS Var j}
  ⊢ PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')) (is ?thesis2)

```

proof –

```

obtain si::name and ki::name and sj::name and kj::name
  where atoms: atom si # (ki,sj,kj,i,j,j',i') atom ki # (sj,kj,i,j,j',i')
        atom sj # (kj,i,j,j',i') atom kj # (i,j,j',i')
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
hence C: {QuoteP (Var i) (Var i'), QuoteP (Var j) (Var j')}
  ⊢ (Var i IN Var j IMP PfP (Q-Mem (Var i') (Var j'))) AND
  (Var i SUBS Var j IMP PfP (Q-Subset (Var i') (Var j')))
using assms
by (auto simp: QuoteP.simps [of si Var i - ki] QuoteP.simps [of sj Var j - kj]
      intro!: SeqQuoteP-Mem-imp-QMem-and-Subset del: Conj-I)
show ?thesis1
  by (best intro: Conj-E1 [OF C, THEN MP-thin])
show ?thesis2
  by (best intro: Conj-E2 [OF C, THEN MP-thin])
qed

```

11.5 Star Property. Universal Quantifier: Lemma 9.7

```

lemma (in quote-perm) SeqQuoteP-Mem-imp-All2:
assumes IH: insert (QuoteP (Var i) (Var i')) (quote-all p Vs)
  ⊢ α IMP PfP (ssubst [α](insert i Vs) (insert i Vs) Fi)
and sp: supp α - {atom i} ⊆ atom ` Vs
and j: j ∈ Vs and j': p ∙ j = j'
and pi: pi = (atom i ⇛ atom i') + p
and Fi: Fi = make-F (insert i Vs) pi
and atoms: atom i # (j,j',s,k,p) atom i' # (i,p,α)

```

```

atom j # (j',s,k,α) atom j' # (s,k,α)
atom s # (k,α) atom k # (α,p)
shows insert (SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var s) (Var k)) (quote-all p (Vs-{j})) )
  ⊢ All2 i (Var j) α IMP PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Var j) α] Vs Vs F)
proof -
  have pj' [simp]: p · j' = j using pinv j'
    by (metis permute-minus-cancel(2))
  have [simp]: F j = Var j' using j j'
    by (auto simp: F-unfold)
  hence i': atom i' # Vs using atoms
    by (auto simp: Vs)
  have fresh-ss [simp]: ∀i A::fm. atom i # p ⇒ atom i # ssubst ([A] Vs) Vs F
    by (simp add: vquot-fm-def fresh-ssubst-dbfm)
  obtain l::name and m::name and n::name and sm::name and sn::name and
    sm'::name and sn'::name
    where atoms': atom l # (p,α,i,j,j',s,k,m,n,sm,sm',sn,sn')
      atom m # (p,α,i,j,j',s,k,n,sm,sm',sn,sn') atom n # (p,α,i,j,j',s,k,sm,sm',sn,sn')
      atom sm # (p,α,i,j,j',s,k,sm',sn,sn') atom sm' # (p,α,i,j,j',s,k,sn,sn')
      atom sn # (p,α,i,j,j',s,k,sn') atom sn' # (p,α,i,j,j',s,k)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)
  def V' ≡ {sm,sn} ∪ Vs and p' ≡ (atom sm ⇔ atom sm') + (atom sn ⇔ atom
    sn') + p
  def F' ≡ make-F V' p'
  interpret qp': quote-perm p' V' F'
  proof unfold-locales
    show finite V' by (simp add: V'-def)
    show atom ` (p' · V') #* V'
      using atoms atoms' p
      by (auto simp: p'-def V'-def swap-fresh-fresh fresh-at-base-permI
        fresh-star-finite-insert fresh-finite-insert atom-fresh-star-atom-set-conv)
    show F' ≡ make-F V' p'
      by (rule F'-def)
    show - p' = p' using atoms atoms' pinv
      by (simp add: p'-def add.assoc perm-self-inverseI fresh-swap fresh-plus-perm)
  qed
  have All2-Zero: {} ⊢ All2 i Zero α
    by auto
  have Q-All2-Zero:
    quote-all p Vs ⊢ PfP (Q-All (Q-IMP (Q-Mem (Q-Ind Zero) Zero)
      (ssubst (vquot-dbfm Vs (trans-fm [i] α)) Vs F)))
    using quote-all-PfP-ssubst [OF All2-Zero] assms
    by (force simp add: vquot-fm-def supp-conv-fresh)
  have All2-Eats: {} ⊢ All2 i (Var sm) α IMP α(i:=Var sn) IMP All2 i (Eats
    (Var sm) (Var sn)) α
    using atoms' apply auto
    apply (rule Ex-I [where x = Var i], auto)
    apply (rule rotate2)
    apply (blast intro: ContraProve Var-Eq-imp-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same])
  done

```

```

have [simp]:  $F' sm = \text{Var } sm' F' sn = \text{Var } sn'$  using atoms'
  by (auto simp: V'-def p'-def qp'.F-unfold swap-fresh-fresh fresh-at-base-permI)
have  $smn' [simp]$ :  $sm \in V' sn \in V' sm \notin Vs sn \notin Vs$  using atoms'
  by (auto simp: V'-def fresh-finite-set-at-base [symmetric])
hence Q-All2-Eats: quote-all  $p' V'$ 
  ⊢ PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Var sm) α] V' V' F') IMP
  PfP (ssubst [α(i:=Var sn)] V' V' F') IMP
  PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Eats (Var sm) (Var sn)) α] V' V' F')
using sp qp'.quote-all-MonPon2-PfP(ssubst [OF All2-Eats subset-refl]
by (simp add: supp-conv-fresh subset-eq V'-def)
(metis Diff-iff empty-iff fresh-ineq-at-base insertE mem-Collect-eq)
interpret qpi: quote-perm pi insert i Vs Fi
  unfolding pi
  apply (rule qp-insert) using atoms
  apply (auto simp: Fi pi)
  done
have  $F'\text{-eq-}F$ :  $\bigwedge \text{name. name} \in Vs \implies F' \text{ name} = F \text{ name}$ 
  using atoms'
  by (auto simp: F-unfold qp'.F-unfold p'-def swap-fresh-fresh V'-def fresh-pj)
{ fix t::dbtm
  assume supp t ⊆ atom ` V' supp t ⊆ atom ` Vs
  hence ssubst (vquot-dbtm V' t) V' F' = ssubst (vquot-dbtm Vs t) Vs F
    by (induction t rule: dbtm.induct) (auto simp: F'-eq-F)
} note ssubst-v-tm = this
{ fix A::dbfm
  assume supp A ⊆ atom ` V' supp A ⊆ atom ` Vs
  hence ssubst (vquot-dbfm V' A) V' F' = ssubst (vquot-dbfm Vs A) Vs F
    by (induction A rule: dbfm.induct) (auto simp: ssubst-v-tm F'-eq-F)
} note ssubst-v-fm = this
have ss-noprimes: ssubst (vquot-dbfm V' (trans-fm [i] α)) V' F' =
  ssubst (vquot-dbfm Vs (trans-fm [i] α)) Vs F
  apply (rule ssubst-v-fm)
  using sp apply (auto simp: V'-def supp-conv-fresh)
  done
{ fix t::dbtm
  assume supp t - {atom i} ⊆ atom ` Vs
  hence subst i' (Var sn') (ssubst (vquot-dbtm (insert i Vs) t) (insert i Vs) Fi)
=
  ssubst (vquot-dbtm V' (subst-dbtm (DBVar sn) i t)) V' F'
  apply (induction t rule: dbtm.induct)
  using atoms atoms'
  apply (auto simp: vquot-tm-def pi V'-def qpi.F-unfold qp'.F-unfold p'-def
fresh-pj swap-fresh-fresh fresh-at-base-permI)
  done
} note perm-v-tm = this
{ fix A::dbfm
  assume supp A - {atom i} ⊆ atom ` Vs
  hence subst i' (Var sn') (ssubst (vquot-dbfm (insert i Vs) A) (insert i Vs) Fi)
=

```

```

ssubst (vquot-dbfm V' (subst-dbfm (DBVar sn) i A)) V' F'
  by (induct A rule: dbfm.induct) (auto simp: Un-Diff perm-v-tm)
} note perm-v-fm = this
have quote-all p Vs ⊢ QuoteP (Var i) (Var i') IMP
  (α IMP PfP (ssubst [α](insert i Vs) (insert i Vs) Fi))
  using IH by auto
hence quote-all p Vs
  ⊢ (QuoteP (Var i) (Var i') IMP
    (α IMP PfP (ssubst [α](insert i Vs) (insert i Vs) Fi))) (i' := Var
sn')
  using atoms IH
  by (force intro!: Subst elim!: fresh-quote-all-mem)
hence quote-all p Vs
  ⊢ QuoteP (Var i) (Var sn') IMP
  (α IMP PfP (subst i' (Var sn') (ssubst [α](insert i Vs) (insert i Vs) Fi)))
  using atoms by simp
moreover have subst i' (Var sn') (ssubst [α](insert i Vs) (insert i Vs) Fi)
  = ssubst [α(i := Var sn)] V' V' F'
  using sp
  by (auto simp: vquot-fm-def perm-v-fm supp-conv-fresh subst-fm-trans-commute
[symmetric])
ultimately
have quote-all p Vs
  ⊢ QuoteP (Var i) (Var sn') IMP (α IMP PfP (ssubst [α(i := Var sn)] V'
V' F'))
  by simp
hence quote-all p Vs
  ⊢ (QuoteP (Var i) (Var sn') IMP (α IMP PfP (ssubst [α(i := Var sn)] V'
V' F'))) (i := Var sn)
  using atom i # ->
  by (force intro!: Subst elim!: fresh-quote-all-mem)
hence quote-all p Vs
  ⊢ (QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn') IMP
    (α(i := Var sn) IMP PfP (subst i (Var sn) (ssubst [α(i := Var sn)] V' V'
F'))))
  using atoms atoms' by simp
moreover have subst i (Var sn) (ssubst [α(i := Var sn)] V' V' F')
  = ssubst [α(i := Var sn)] V' V' F'
  using atoms atoms' i'
  by (auto simp: swap-fresh-fresh fresh-at-base-permI p'-def
    intro!: forget-subst-tm [OF qp'.fresh-ssubst'])
ultimately
have quote-all p Vs
  ⊢ QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn') IMP (α(i := Var sn) IMP PfP (ssubst
[α(i := Var sn)] V' V' F'))
  using atoms atoms' by simp
hence star0: insert (QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn')) (quote-all p Vs)
  ⊢ α(i := Var sn) IMP PfP (ssubst [α(i := Var sn)] V' V' F')
  by (rule anti-deduction)

```

```

have subst-i-star: quote-all p' V' ⊢ α(i ::= Var sn) IMP PfP (ssubst [α(i ::= Var
sn)] V' V' F')
  apply (rule thin [OF star0])
  using atoms'
  apply (force simp: V'-def p'-def fresh-swap fresh-plus-permI
add.assoc
          quote-all-perm-eq)
done
have insert (OrdP (Var k)) (quote-all p (Vs - {j}))
  ⊢ All j (All j' (SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var s) (Var k) IMP
          All2 i (Var j) α IMP PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Var j) α] Vs Vs F)))
  (is - ⊢ ?scheme)
proof (rule OrdIndH [where j = l])
  show atom l # (k, ?scheme) using atoms atoms' j j' fresh-p Vs
    by (simp add: fresh-Pair F-unfold)
next
have substj: ∀ t j. atom j # α ⇒ atom (p ∙ j) # α ⇒
  subst j t (ssubst (vquot-dbfm Vs (trans-fm [i] α)) Vs F) =
  ssubst (vquot-dbfm Vs (trans-fm [i] α)) Vs F
  by (auto simp: fresh-ssubst')
{ fix W
  assume W: W ⊆ Vs
  hence finite W by (metis Vs infinite-super)
  hence quote-all p' W = quote-all p W using W
  proof (induction)
    case empty thus ?case
      by simp
    next
      case (insert w W)
      hence w ∈ Vs atom sm # p ∙ Vs atom sm' # p ∙ Vs atom sn # p ∙ Vs atom
sn' # p ∙ Vs
        using atoms' Vs by (auto simp: fresh-p Vs)
        hence atom sm # p ∙ w atom sm' # p ∙ w atom sn # p ∙ w atom sn' # p ∙ w
          by (metis Vs fresh-at-base(2) fresh-finite-set-at-base fresh-permute-left)+
        thus ?case using insert
          by (simp add: p'-def swap-fresh-fresh)
    qed
  }
  hence quote-all p' Vs = quote-all p Vs
  by (metis subset-refl)
also have ... = insert (QuoteP (Var j) (Var j')) (quote-all p (Vs - {j}))
  using j j' by (auto simp: quote-all-def)
finally have quote-all p' V' =
  {QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn'), QuoteP (Var sm) (Var sm')} ∪
  insert (QuoteP (Var j) (Var j')) (quote-all p (Vs - {j}))
  using atoms'
  by (auto simp: p'-def V'-def fresh-at-base-permI Collect-disj-Un)
also have ... = {QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn'), QuoteP (Var sm) (Var sm'),
QuoteP (Var j) (Var j')}

```

```

 $\cup \text{quote-all } p \ (Vs - \{j\})$ 
by blast
finally have quote-all'-eq:
  quote-all  $p' V' =$ 
   $\{\text{QuoteP} (\text{Var } sn) (\text{Var } sn'), \text{QuoteP} (\text{Var } sm) (\text{Var } sm'), \text{QuoteP} (\text{Var } j) (\text{Var } j')\}$ 
 $\cup \text{quote-all } p \ (Vs - \{j\}) .$ 
have  $pjV: p \cdot j \notin Vs$ 
  by (metis j perm-exits-Vs)
hence  $jpV: \text{atom } j \# p \cdot Vs$ 
  by (simp add: fresh-permute-left pinv fresh-finite-set-at-base)
  show quote-all  $p \ (Vs - \{j\}) \vdash \text{All } k (\text{OrdP} (\text{Var } k) \text{ IMP } (\text{All2 } l (\text{Var } k) \ ?\text{scheme}(k::= \text{Var } l)) \text{ IMP } ?\text{scheme}))$ 
apply (rule All-I Imp-I)+
using atoms atoms' j jpV pjV
apply (auto simp: fresh-at-base fresh-finite-set-at-base j' elim!: fresh-quote-all-mem)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var j) (Var j')])
apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
apply (rule cut-same)
apply (rule cut1 [OF SeqQuoteP-lemma [of m Var j Var j' Var s Var k n
sm sm' sn sn']], simp-all, blast)
apply (rule Imp-I Disj-EH Conj-EH)+
— case 1, Var j EQ Zero
apply (simp add: vquot-fm-def)
apply (rule thin1)
apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same], simp)
apply (simp add: substj)
apply (rule Q-All2-Zero [THEN thin])
using assms
apply (simp add: quote-all-def, blast)
— case 2, Var j EQ Eats (Var sm) (Var sn)
apply (rule Imp-I Conj-EH Ex-EH)+
using atoms apply (auto elim!: fresh-quote-all-mem)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var sm) (Var sm')])
apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
apply (rule cut-same [where A = QuoteP (Var sn) (Var sn')])
apply (blast intro: QuoteP-I)
— Eats case. IH for sm
apply (rule All2-E [where x=Var m, THEN rotate12], simp-all, blast)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm], simp)
apply (rule All-E [where x=Var sm'], simp)
apply (rule Imp-E, blast)
— Setting up the subgoal
apply (rule cut-same [where A = PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Eats (Var sm) (Var
sn)) α] V' V' F')])
defer 1
apply (rule rotate6)
apply (simp add: vquot-fm-def)
apply (rule Var-Eq-subst-Iff [THEN Iff-MP-same], force simp add: substj)

```

```

ss-noprimes j')
  apply (rule cut-same [where A = All2 i (Eats (Var sm) (Var sn)) α])
    apply (rule All2-cong [OF Hyp Iff-refl, THEN Iff-MP-same], blast)
      apply (force elim!: fresh-quote-all-mem
        simp add: fresh-at-base fresh-finite-set-at-base, blast)
    apply (rule All2-Eats-E, simp)
    apply (rule MP-same [THEN MP-same])
    apply (rule Q-All2-Eats [THEN thin])
    apply (force simp add: quote-all'-eq)
    — Proving PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Var sm) α] V' V' F')
    apply (force intro!: Imp-E [THEN rotate3] simp add: vquot-fm-def substj j'
  ss-noprimes)
    — Proving PfP (ssubst [α(i:=Var sn)] V' V' F')
    apply (rule MP-same [OF subst-i-star [THEN thin]])
    apply (force simp add: quote-all'-eq, blast)
    done
  qed
  hence p1: insert (OrdP (Var k)) (quote-all p (Vs-{j}))
    ⊢ (All j' (SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var s) (Var k) IMP
      All2 i (Var j) α IMP PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Var j) α] Vs Vs F)))
(j ::= Var j)
  by (metis All-D)
  have insert (OrdP (Var k)) (quote-all p (Vs-{j}))
    ⊢ (SeqQuoteP (Var j) (Var j') (Var s) (Var k) IMP
      All2 i (Var j) α IMP PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Var j) α] Vs Vs F)) (j' := Var
j')
  apply (rule All-D)
  using p1 atoms by simp
  thus ?thesis
    using atoms
    by simp (metis SeqQuoteP-imp-OrdP Imp-cut anti-deduction)
qed

lemma (in quote-perm) quote-all-Mem-imp-All2:
  assumes IH: insert (QuoteP (Var i) (Var i')) (quote-all p Vs)
    ⊢ α IMP PfP (ssubst [α](insert i Vs) (insert i Vs) Fi)
  and supp (All2 i (Var j) α) ⊆ atom ` Vs
  and j: atom j # (i,α) and i: atom i # p and i': atom i' # (i,p,α)
  and pi: pi = (atom i ⇛ atom i') + p
  and Fi: Fi = make-F (insert i Vs) pi
  shows insert (All2 i (Var j) α) (quote-all p Vs) ⊢ PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Var j)
  α] Vs Vs F)
proof -
  have sp: supp α - {atom i} ⊆ atom ` Vs and jV: j ∈ Vs
    using assms
    by (auto simp: fresh-def supp-Pair)
  obtain s::name and k::name
    where atoms: atom s # (k,i,j,p·j,α,p) atom k # (i,j,p·j,α,p)
    by (metis obtain-fresh)

```

```

hence  $ii$ : atom  $i \# (j, p \cdot j, s, k, p)$  using  $i j$ 
  by (simp add: fresh-Pair) (metis fresh-at-base(2) fresh-perm fresh-permute-left
pinv)
have  $jj$ : atom  $j \# (p \cdot j, s, k, \alpha)$  using atoms  $j$ 
  by (auto simp: fresh-Pair) (metis atom-fresh-perm jV)
have  $pj$ : atom  $(p \cdot j) \# (s, k, \alpha)$  using atoms  $ii sp jV$ 
  by (simp add: fresh-Pair) (auto simp: fresh-def perm-exits-Vs dest!: subsetD)
show ?thesis
  apply (rule cut-same [where  $A = \text{QuoteP} (\text{Var } j) (\text{Var } (p \cdot j))$ ])
  apply (force intro: jV Hyp simp add: quote-all-def)
  using atoms
  apply (auto simp: QuoteP.simps [of  $s \dots k$ ] elim!: fresh-quote-all-mem)
  apply (rule MP-same)
  apply (rule SeqQuoteP-Mem-imp-All2 [OF IH sp jV refl pi Fi ii i' jj pj, THEN
thin])
  apply (auto simp: fresh-at-base-permI quote-all-def intro!: fresh-ssubst')
  done
qed

```

11.6 The Derivability Condition, Theorem 9.1

```

lemma SpecI:  $H \vdash A \text{ IMP } \text{Ex } i A$ 
  by (metis Imp-I Assume Ex-I subst-fm-id)

lemma star:
  fixes  $p :: \text{perm}$  and  $F :: \text{name} \Rightarrow \text{tm}$ 
  assumes  $C: \text{ss-fm } \alpha$ 
    and  $p: \text{atom } ` (p \cdot V) \#* V - p = p$ 
    and  $V: \text{finite } V \text{ supp } \alpha \subseteq \text{atom } ` V$ 
    and  $F: F = \text{make-F } V p$ 
  shows  $\text{insert } \alpha (\text{quote-all } p V) \vdash PfP (\text{ssubst } |\alpha| V V F)$ 
using  $C V p F$ 
proof (nominal-induct avoiding:  $p$  arbitrary:  $V F$  rule: ss-fm.strong-induct)
  case (MemI  $i j$ ) show ?case
    proof (cases  $i=j$ )
      case True thus ?thesis
        by auto
    next
      case False
      hence  $ij$ : atom  $i \# j \{i, j\} \subseteq V$  using MemI
        by auto
      interpret qp: quote-perm  $p V F$ 
        by unfold-locales (auto simp: image-iff  $F \text{ make-F-def } p \text{ MemI}$ )
      have insert (Var  $i$  IN Var  $j$ ) (quote-all  $p V$ )  $\vdash PfP (Q\text{-Mem} (\text{Var } (p \cdot i))$ 
        (Var  $(p \cdot j)))$ 
        apply (rule QuoteP-Mem-imp-QMem [of  $i j$ , THEN cut3])
        using ij apply (auto simp: quote-all-def qp.atom-fresh-perm intro: Hyp)
        apply (metis atom-eqvt fresh-Pair fresh-at-base(2) fresh-permute-iff qp.atom-fresh-perm)
        done
    qed
  qed
qed

```

```

thus ?thesis
  apply (simp add: vquot-fm-def)
  using MemI apply (auto simp: make-F-def)
  done
qed
next
case (DisjI A B)
interpret qp: quote-perm p V F
  by unfold-locales (auto simp: image-iff DisjI)
show ?case
apply auto
apply (rule-tac [2] qp.quote-all-Disj-I2-PfP-ssubst)
apply (rule qp.quote-all-Disj-I1-PfP-ssubst)
using DisjI by auto
next
case (ConjI A B)
interpret qp: quote-perm p V F
  by unfold-locales (auto simp: image-iff ConjI)
show ?case
apply (rule qp.quote-all-Conj-I-PfP-ssubst)
using ConjI by (auto intro: thin1 thin2)
next
case (ExI A i)
interpret qp: quote-perm p V F
  by unfold-locales (auto simp: image-iff ExI)
obtain i'::name where i': atom i' # (i,p,A)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
def p' ≡ (atom i ⟷ atom i') + p
def F' ≡ make-F (insert i V) p'
have p'-apply [simp]: !!v. p' · v = (if v=i then i' else if v=i' then i else p · v)
  using ⟨atom i # p⟩ i'
  by (auto simp: p'-def fresh-Pair fresh-at-base-permI)
    (metis atom-eq-iff fresh-at-base-permI permute-eq-iff swap-at-base-simps(3))

have p'V: p' · V = p · V
  by (metis i' p'-def permute-plus fresh-Pair qp.fresh-pVs swap-fresh-fresh ⟨atom i # p⟩)
have i: i ∉ V i ∉ p · V atom i # V atom i # p · V atom i # p' · V using ExI
  by (auto simp: p'V fresh-finite-set-at-base notin-V)
interpret qp': quote-perm p' insert i V F'
  by (auto simp: qp.qp-insert i' p'-def F'-def ⟨atom i # p⟩)
{ fix W t assume W: W ⊆ V i ∉ W i' ∉ W
  hence finite W by (metis ⟨finite V⟩ infinite-super)
  hence ssubst t WF' = ssubst t WF using W
    by induct (auto simp: qp.ssubst-insert-if qp'.ssubst-insert-if qp.F-unfold
      qp'.F-unfold)
  }
hence ss-simp: ssubst [Ex i A](insert i V) (insert i V) F' = ssubst [Ex i A] V
  V F using i

```

```

by (metis equalityE insertCI p'-apply qp'.perm-exits-Vs qp'.ssubst-vquot-Ex
qp.Vs)
have qa-p': quote-all p' V = quote-all p V using i i' ExI.hyps(1)
  by (auto simp: p'-def quote-all-perm-eq)
have ss: (quote-all p' (insert i V))
  ⊢ PfP (ssubst [A](insert i V) (insert i V) F') IMP
    PfP (ssubst [Ex i A](insert i V) (insert i V) F')
  apply (rule qp'.quote-all-MonPon-PfP(ssubst [OF SpecI]))
  using ExI apply auto
  done
hence insert A (quote-all p' (insert i V))
  ⊢ PfP (ssubst [Ex i A](insert i V) (insert i V) F')
  apply (rule MP-thin)
  apply (rule ExI(3) [of insert i V p' F'])
  apply (metis `finite V` finite-insert)
  using `supp (Ex i A) ⊆ ¬ qp'.p qp'.pinv i'
  apply (auto simp: F'-def fresh-finite-insert)
  done
hence insert (QuoteP (Var i) (Var i')) (insert A (quote-all p V))
  ⊢ PfP (ssubst [Ex i A] V V F)
  by (auto simp: insert-commute ss-simp qa-p')
hence Exi': insert (Ex i' (QuoteP (Var i) (Var i'))) (insert A (quote-all p V))

  ⊢ PfP (ssubst [Ex i A] V V F)
  by (auto intro: qp.fresh-ssubst-fm) (auto simp: ExI i' fresh-quote-all-mem)
have insert A (quote-all p V) ⊢ PfP (ssubst [Ex i A] V V F)
  using i' by (auto intro: cut0 [OF exists-QuoteP Exi'])
thus insert (Ex i A) (quote-all p V) ⊢ PfP (ssubst [Ex i A] V V F)
  apply (rule Ex-E, simp)
  apply (rule qp.fresh-ssubst-fm) using i ExI
  apply (auto simp: fresh-quote-all-mem)
  done
next
case (All2I A j i p V F)
interpret qp: quote-perm p V F
  by unfold-locales (auto simp: image-iff All2I)
obtain i'::name where i': atom i' # (i,p,A)
  by (metis obtain-fresh)
def p' ≡ (atom i ⇐ atom i') + p
def F' ≡ make-F (insert i V) p'
interpret qp': quote-perm p' insert i V F'
  using `atom i # p` i'
  by (auto simp: qp.qp-insert p'-def F'-def)
have p'-apply [simp]: p' · i = i'
  using `atom i # p` by (auto simp: p'-def fresh-at-base-permI)
have qa-p': quote-all p' V = quote-all p V using i' All2I
  by (auto simp: p'-def quote-all-perm-eq)
have insert A (quote-all p' (insert i V))
  ⊢ PfP (ssubst [A](insert i V) (insert i V) F')

```

```

apply (rule All2I.hyps)
using <supp (All2 i - A) ⊆ ¬ qp'.p qp'.pinv
apply (auto simp: F'-def fresh-finite-insert)
done
hence insert (QuoteP (Var i) (Var i')) (quote-all p V)
  ⊢ A IMP PfP (ssubst [A](insert i V) (insert i V) (make-F (insert i V)
p'))
  by (auto simp: insert-commute qa-p' F'-def)
thus insert (All2 i (Var j) A) (quote-all p V) ⊢ PfP (ssubst [All2 i (Var j)
A] V V F)
  using All2I i' qp.quote-all-Mem-imp-All2 by (simp add: p'-def)
qed

theorem Provability:
assumes Sigma-fm α ground-fm α
shows {α} ⊢ PfP [α]
proof -
obtain β where β: ss-fm β ground-fm β {} ⊢ α IFF β using assms
  by (auto simp: Sigma-fm-def ground-fm-aux-def)
hence {β} ⊢ PfP [β] using star [of β 0 {}]
  by (auto simp: ground-fm-aux-def fresh-star-def)
then have {α} ⊢ PfP [β] using β
  by (metis Iff-MP-left')
moreover have {} ⊢ PfP [β IMP α] using β
  by (metis Conj-E2 Iff-def proved-imp-proved-PfP)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (metis PfP-implies-ModPon-PfP-quot thin0)
qed

end

```

Chapter 12

Gdel's Second Incompleteness Theorem

```
theory Goedel-II
imports Goedel-I Quote
begin
```

The connection between *Quote* and *HR* (for interest only).

lemma *Quote-q-Eats* [*intro*]:

```
  Quote y y'  $\implies$  Quote z z'  $\implies$  Quote (y  $\triangleleft$  z) (q-Eats y' z')
```

by (auto simp: *Quote-def SeqQuote-def intro: BuildSeq2-combine*)

lemma *Quote-q-Succ* [*intro*]: *Quote* *y* *y'* \implies *Quote* (*succ* *y*) (*q-Succ* *y')*
by (auto simp: *succ-def q-Succ-def*)

lemma *HR-imp-eq-H*: *HR* *x* *z* \implies *z* = $\llbracket \text{HF } x \rrbracket e$

```
apply (auto simp add: SeqHR-def HR-def)
apply (erule BuildSeq2-induct, auto simp add: q-defs WR-iff-eq-W [where e=e])
done
```

lemma *HR-Ord-D*: *HR* *x* *y* \implies *Ord* *x* \implies *WR* *x* *y*
by (metis *HF-Ord HR-imp-eq-H WR-iff-eq-W*)

lemma *WR-Quote*: *WR* (*ord-of i*) *y* \implies *Quote* (*ord-of i*) *y*
by (induct *i* arbitrary: *y*) (auto simp: *Quote-0 WR0-iff WR-succ-iff q-Succ-def [symmetric]*)

lemma [*simp*]: $\langle\langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle, x, y \rangle = \text{q-Eats } x \ y$
by (simp add: *q-Eats-def*)

lemma *HR-imp-Quote*: *coding-hf* *x* \implies *HR* *x* *y* \implies *Quote* *x* *y*
apply (induct *x* arbitrary: *y* rule: *coding-hf.induct*, auto simp: *WR-Quote HR-Ord-D*)
apply (auto dest!: *HR-imp-eq-H* [where e= e0])
by (metis *hpair-def' Quote-0 HR-H Quote-q-Eats*)

```

interpretation qp0: quote-perm 0 {} make-F {} 0
  proof unfold-locales qed auto

lemma MonPon-PfP-implies-PfP:
   $\llbracket \{ \} \vdash \alpha \text{ IMP } \beta; \text{ground-fm } \alpha; \text{ground-fm } \beta \rrbracket \implies \{ \text{PfP } [\alpha] \} \vdash \text{PfP } [\beta]$ 
  using qp0.quote-all-MonPon-PfP-ssubst
  by auto (metis Assume PfP-implies-ModPon-PfP-quot proved-iff-proved-PfP thin0)

lemma PfP-quot-contra: ground-fm  $\alpha \implies \{ \} \vdash \text{PfP } [\alpha] \text{ IMP } \text{PfP } [\text{Neg } \alpha] \text{ IMP }$ 
   $\text{PfP } [\text{Fls}]$ 
  using qp0.quote-all-Contra-PfP-ssubst
  by (auto simp: qp0.quote-all-Contra-PfP-ssubst ground-fm-aux-def)

Gdel's second incompleteness theorem: If consistent, our theory cannot
prove its own consistency.

theorem Goedel-II:
  assumes  $\neg \{ \} \vdash \text{Fls}$ 
  shows  $\neg \{ \} \vdash \text{Neg } (\text{PfP } [\text{Fls}])$ 
  proof -
    from assms Goedel-I obtain  $\delta$ 
    where diag:  $\{ \} \vdash \delta \text{ IFF } \text{Neg } (\text{PfP } [\delta]) \vdash \neg \{ \} \vdash \delta$ 
    and gnd: ground-fm  $\delta$ 
    by metis
    have  $\{ \text{PfP } [\delta] \} \vdash \text{PfP } [\text{PfP } [\delta]]$ 
    by (auto simp: Provability ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh)
    moreover have  $\{ \text{PfP } [\delta] \} \vdash \text{PfP } [\text{Neg } (\text{PfP } [\delta])]$ 
    apply (rule MonPon-PfP-implies-PfP [OF - gnd])
    apply (metis Conj-E2 Iff-def Iff-sym diag(1))
    apply (auto simp: ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh)
    done
    moreover have ground-fm  $(\text{PfP } [\delta])$ 
    by (auto simp: ground-fm-aux-def supp-conv-fresh)
    ultimately have  $\{ \text{PfP } [\delta] \} \vdash \text{PfP } [\text{Fls}]$  using PfP-quot-contra
    by (metis (no-types) anti-deduction cut2)
    thus  $\neg \{ \} \vdash \text{Neg } (\text{PfP } [\text{Fls}])$ 
    by (metis Iff-MP2-same Neg-mono cut1 diag)
  qed

end

```

Bibliography

- [1] G. S. Boolos. *The Logic of Provability*. Cambridge University Press, 1993.
- [2] S. Feferman et al., editors. *Kurt Gödel: Collected Works*, volume I. Oxford University Press, 1986.
- [3] S. Świerczkowski. Finite sets and Gödel's incompleteness theorems. *Dissertationes Mathematicae*, 422:1–58, 2003. <http://journals.impan.gov.pl/dm/Inf/422-0-1.html>.