

# Zermelo Fraenkel Set Theory in Higher-Order Logic

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May 26, 2024

## Abstract

This entry is a new formalisation of ZFC set theory in Isabelle/HOL. It is logically equivalent to Obua's HOLZF [2]; the point is to have the closest possible integration with the rest of Isabelle/HOL, minimising the amount of new notations and exploiting type classes.

There is a type  $V$  of sets and a function  $\text{elts} :: V \Rightarrow V\ \text{set}$  mapping a set to its elements. Classes simply have type  $V\ \text{set}$ , and the predicate *small* identifies those classes that correspond to actual sets. Type classes connected with orders and lattices are used to minimise the amount of new notation for concepts such as the subset relation, union and intersection. Basic concepts are formalised: Cartesian products, disjoint sums, natural numbers, functions, etc.

More advanced set-theoretic concepts, such as transfinite induction, ordinals, cardinals and the transitive closure of a set, are also provided. The definition of addition and multiplication for general sets (not just ordinals) follows Kirby [1]. The development includes essential results about cardinal arithmetic. It also develops ordinal exponentiation, Cantor normal form and the concept of indecomposable ordinals. There are numerous results about order types.

The theory provides two type classes with the aim of facilitating developments that combine  $V$  with other Isabelle/HOL types: *embeddable*, the class of types that can be injected into  $V$  (including  $V$  itself as well as  $V^*V$ ,  $V\ \text{list}$ , etc.), and *small*, the class of types that correspond to some ZF set.

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```

theory ZFC-Library
imports HOL-Library.Countable-Set HOL-Library.Equipollence HOL-Cardinals.Cardinals

begin

Equipollence and Lists.

lemma countable-iff-lepoll: countable A  $\longleftrightarrow$  A  $\lesssim$  (UNIV :: nat set)
by (auto simp: countable-def lepoll-def)

lemma infinite-times-eqpoll-self:
assumes infinite A shows A  $\times$  A  $\approx$  A
by (simp add: Times-same-infinite-bij-betw assms eqpoll-def)

lemma infinite-finite-times-lepoll-self:
assumes infinite A finite B shows A  $\times$  B  $\lesssim$  A
proof -
have B  $\lesssim$  A
by (simp add: assms finite-lepoll-infinite)
then have A  $\times$  B  $\lesssim$  A  $\times$  A
by (simp add: subset-imp-lepoll times-lepoll-mono)
also have ...  $\approx$  A
by (simp add: infinite A infinite-times-eqpoll-self)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma lists-n-lepoll-self:
assumes infinite A shows {l ∈ lists A. length l = n}  $\lesssim$  A
proof (induction n)
case 0
have {l ∈ lists A. length l = 0} = {}
by auto
then show ?case
by (metis Set.set-insert assms ex-in-conv finite.emptyI singleton-lepoll)
next
case (Suc n)
have {l ∈ lists A. length l = Suc n} = (⋃ x∈A. ⋃ l ∈ {l ∈ lists A. length l = n}. {x#l})
by (auto simp: length-Suc-conv)
also have ...  $\lesssim$  A  $\times$  {l ∈ lists A. length l = n}
unfolding lepoll-iff
by (rule-tac x=λ(x,l). Cons x l in exI) auto
also have ...  $\lesssim$  A
proof (cases finite {l ∈ lists A. length l = n})
case True
then show ?thesis
using assms infinite-finite-times-lepoll-self by blast
next
case False
have A  $\times$  {l ∈ lists A. length l = n}  $\lesssim$  A  $\times$  A

```

```

by (simp add: Suc.IH subset-imp-lepoll times-lepoll-mono)
also have ... ≈ A
  by (simp add: assms infinite-times-eqpoll-self)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
finally show ?case .
qed

lemma infinite-eqpoll-lists:
  assumes infinite A shows lists A ≈ A
proof -
  have lists A ≈ Sigma UNIV (λn. {l ∈ lists A. length l = n})
  unfolding lepoll-iff
  by (rule-tac x=snd in exI) (auto simp: in-listsI snd-image-Sigma)
  also have ... ≈ (UNIV::nat set) × A
  by (rule Sigma-lepoll-mono) (auto simp: lists-n-lepoll-self assms)
  also have ... ≈ A × A
  by (metis assms infinite-le-lepoll order-refl subset-imp-lepoll times-lepoll-mono)
  also have ... ≈ A
  by (simp add: assms infinite-times-eqpoll-self)
  finally show ?thesis
  by (simp add: lepoll-antisym lepoll-lists)
qed

end

```

## 1 The ZF Axioms, Ordinals and Transfinite Recursion

```

theory ZFC-in-HOL
imports ZFC-Library

```

```
begin
```

### 1.1 Syntax and axioms

```
hide-const (open) list.set Sum subset
```

```
unbundle lattice-syntax
```

```
typeddecl V
```

Presentation refined by Dmitriy Traytel

```

axiomatization elts :: V ⇒ V set
where ext [intro?]: elts x = elts y ⟹ x=y
  and down-raw: Y ⊆ elts x ⟹ Y ∈ range elts
  and Union-raw: X ∈ range elts ⟹ Union (elts ` X) ∈ range elts
  and Pow-raw: X ∈ range elts ⟹ inv elts ` Pow X ∈ range elts

```

```

and replacement-raw:  $X \in \text{range elts} \implies f ` X \in \text{range elts}$ 
and inf-raw:  $\text{range } (g :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow V) \in \text{range elts}$ 
and foundation:  $\text{wf } \{(x,y). x \in \text{elts } y\}$ 

```

```

lemma mem-not-refl [simp]:  $i \notin \text{elts } i$ 
using wf-not-refl [OF foundation] by force

```

```

lemma mem-not-sym:  $\neg (x \in \text{elts } y \wedge y \in \text{elts } x)$ 
using wf-not-sym [OF foundation] by force

```

A set is small if it can be injected into the extension of a V-set.

```

definition small :: 'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where small  $X \equiv \exists V\text{-of } :: 'a \Rightarrow V. \text{inj-on } V\text{-of } X \wedge V\text{-of } ` X \in \text{range elts}$ 

```

```

lemma small-empty [iff]: small {}
by (simp add: small-def down/raw)

```

```

lemma small-iff-range: small  $X \longleftrightarrow X \in \text{range elts}$ 
apply (simp add: small-def)
by (metis inj-on-id2 replacement-raw the-inv-into-onto)

```

```

lemma small-eqpoll: small  $A \longleftrightarrow (\exists x. \text{elts } x \approx A)$ 
unfolding small-def by (metis UNIV-I bij-betw-def eqpoll-def eqpoll-sym imageE
image-eqI)

```

Small classes can be mapped to sets.

```

definition set ::  $V \text{ set} \Rightarrow V$ 
where set  $X \equiv (\text{if small } X \text{ then } \text{inv elts } X \text{ else } \text{inv elts } \{\})$ 

```

```

lemma set-of-elts [simp]: set (elts  $x$ ) =  $x$ 
by (force simp add: ext set-def f-inv-into-f small-def)

```

```

lemma elts-of-set [simp]: elts (set  $X$ ) = (if small  $X$  then  $X$  else {})
by (simp add: ZFC-in-HOL.set-def down/raw f-inv-into-f small-iff-range)

```

```

lemma down:  $Y \subseteq \text{elts } x \implies \text{small } Y$ 
by (simp add: down/raw small-iff-range)

```

```

lemma Union [intro]: small  $X \implies \text{small } (\text{Union } (\text{elts } ` X))$ 
by (simp add: Union-raw small-iff-range)

```

```

lemma Pow: small  $X \implies \text{small } (\text{set } ` \text{Pow } X)$ 
unfolding small-iff-range using Pow-raw set-def down by force

```

```

declare replacement-raw [intro,simp]

```

```

lemma replacement [intro,simp]:
assumes small  $X$ 
shows small ( $f ` X$ )

```

```

proof -
  let ?A = inv-into X f ‘ (f ‘ X)
  have AX: ?A ⊆ X
    by (simp add: image-subsetI inv-into-into)
  have inj: inj-on f ?A
    by (simp add: f-inv-into-f inj-on-def)
  have injo: inj-on (inv-into X f) (f ‘ X)
    using inj-on-inv-into by blast
  have ∃ V-of. inj-on V-of (f ‘ X) ∧ V-of ‘ f ‘ X ∈ range elts
    if inj-on V-of X and V-of ‘ X = elts x
      for V-of :: ‘a ⇒ V and x
    proof (intro exI conjI)
      show inj-on (V-of ∘ inv-into X f) (f ‘ X)
        by (meson ‘inv-into X f ‘ f ‘ X ⊆ X comp-inj-on inj-on-subset injo that)
      have (λx. V-of (inv-into X f (f x))) ‘ X = elts (set (V-of ‘ ?A))
        by (metis AX down elts-of-set image-image image-mono that(2))
      then show (V-of ∘ inv-into X f) ‘ f ‘ X ∈ range elts
        by (metis image-comp image-image rangeI)
    qed
    then show ?thesis
    using assms by (auto simp: small-def)
  qed

```

```

lemma small-image-iff [simp]: inj-on f A ⇒ small (f ‘ A) ←→ small A
  by (metis replacement the-inv-into-onto)

```

A little bootstrapping is needed to characterise *small* for sets of arbitrary type.

```

lemma inf: small (range (g :: nat ⇒ V))
  by (simp add: inf-raw small-iff-range)

```

```

lemma small-image-nat-V [simp]: small (g ‘ N) for g :: nat ⇒ V
  by (metis (mono-tags, opaque-lifting) down elts-of-set image-iff inf rangeI subsetI)

```

```

lemma Finite-V:
  fixes X :: V set
  assumes finite X shows small X
  using ex-bij-betw-nat-finite [OF assms] unfolding bij-betw-def by (metis small-image-nat-V)

```

```

lemma small-insert-V:
  fixes X :: V set
  assumes small X
  shows small (insert a X)
proof (cases finite X)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Finite-V)
next
  case False

```

```

show ?thesis
  using infinite-imp-bij-betw2 [OF False]
  by (metis replacement Un-insert-right assms bij-betw-imp-surj-on sup-bot.right-neutral)
qed

lemma small-UN-V [simp,intro]:
  fixes B :: 'a ⇒ V set
  assumes X: small X and B: ∀x. x ∈ X ⇒ small (B x)
  shows small (∪x∈X. B x)
proof -
  have (∪ (elts ` (λx. ZFC-in-HOL.set (B x)) ` X)) = (∪ (B ` X))
    using B by force
  then show ?thesis
    using Union [OF replacement [OF X, of λx. ZFC-in-HOL.set (B x)]] by simp
qed

definition vinsert where vinsert x y ≡ set (insert x (elts y))

lemma elts-vinsert [simp]: elts (vinsert x y) = insert x (elts y)
  using down small-insert-V vinsert-def by auto

definition succ where succ x ≡ vinsert x x

lemma elts-succ [simp]: elts (succ x) = insert x (elts x)
  by (simp add: succ-def)

lemma finite-imp-small:
  assumes finite X shows small X
  using assms
proof induction
  case empty
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (insert a X)
  then obtain V-of u where u: inj-on V-of X V-of ` X = elts u
    by (meson small-def image-iff)
  show ?case
    unfolding small-def
    proof (intro exI conjI)
      show inj-on (V-of(a:=u)) (insert a X)
        using u
        apply (clarify simp add: inj-on-def)
        by (metis image-eqI mem-not-refl)
      have (V-of(a:=u)) ` insert a X = elts (vinsert u u)
        using insert.hyps(2) u(2) by auto
      then show (V-of(a:=u)) ` insert a X ∈ range elts
        by (blast intro: elim: )
    qed

```

```

qed

lemma small-insert:
  assumes small X
  shows small (insert a X)
proof (cases finite X)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: finite-imp-small)
next
  case False
  show ?thesis
    using infinite-imp-bij-betw2 [OF False]
    by (metis replacement Un-insert-right assms bij-betw-imp-surj-on sup-bot.right-neutral)
qed

lemma smaller-than-small:
  assumes small A B ⊆ A shows small B
  using assms
  by (metis down elts-of-set image-mono small-def small-iff-range subset-inj-on)

lemma small-insert-iff [iff]: small (insert a X) ↔ small X
  by (meson small-insert smaller-than-small subset-insertI)

lemma small-iff: small X ↔ (∃ x. X = elts x)
  by (metis down elts-of-set subset-refl)

lemma small-elts [iff]: small (elts x)
  by (auto simp: small-iff)

lemma small-diff [iff]: small (elts a - X)
  by (meson Diff-subset down)

lemma small-set [simp]: small (list.set xs)
  by (simp add: ZFC-in-HOL.finite-imp-small)

lemma small-upair: small {x,y}
  by simp

lemma small-Un-elts: small (elts x ∪ elts y)
  using Union [OF small-upair] by auto

lemma small-eqcong: [| small X; X ≈ Y |] ==> small Y
  by (metis bij-betw-imp-surj-on eqpoll-def replacement)

lemma lepoll-small: [| small Y; X ⪻ Y |] ==> small X
  by (meson lepoll-iff replacement smaller-than-small)

lemma big-UNIV [simp]: ¬ small (UNIV::V set) (is ¬ small ?U)

```

```

proof
  assume small ?U
  then have small A for A :: V set
    by (metis (full-types) UNIV-I down small-iff subsetI)
  then have range elts = UNIV
    by (meson small-iff surj-def)
then show False
  by (metis Cantors-theorem Pow-UNIV)
qed

lemma inj-on-set: inj-on set (Collect small)
  by (metis elts-of-set inj-onI mem-Collect-eq)

lemma set-injective [simp]: [|small X; small Y|] ==> set X = set Y <=> X=Y
  by (metis elts-of-set)

```

## 1.2 Type classes and other basic setup

```

instantiation V :: zero
begin
definition zero-V where 0 ≡ set {}
instance ..
end

lemma elts-0 [simp]: elts 0 = {}
  by (simp add: zero-V-def)

lemma set-empty [simp]: set {} = 0
  by (simp add: zero-V-def)

instantiation V :: one
begin
definition one-V where 1 ≡ succ 0
instance ..
end

lemma elts-1 [simp]: elts 1 = {0}
  by (simp add: one-V-def)

lemma insert-neq-0 [simp]: set (insert a X) = 0 <=> ¬ small X
  unfolding zero-V-def
  by (metis elts-of-set empty-not-insert set-of-elts small-insert-iff)

lemma elts-eq-empty-iff [simp]: elts x = {} <=> x=0
  by (auto simp: ZFC-in-HOL.ext)

instantiation V :: distrib-lattice
begin

```

```

definition inf-V where inf-V x y ≡ set (elts x ∩ elts y)

definition sup-V where sup-V x y ≡ set (elts x ∪ elts y)

definition less-eq-V where less-eq-V x y ≡ elts x ⊆ elts y

definition less-V where less-V x y ≡ less-eq x y ∧ x ≠ (y::V)

instance

proof
  show (x < y) = (x ≤ y ∧ ¬ y ≤ x) for x :: V and y :: V
    using ext less-V-def less-eq-V-def by auto
  show x ≤ x for x :: V
    by (simp add: less-eq-V-def)
  show x ≤ z if x ≤ y y ≤ z for x y z :: V
    using that by (auto simp: less-eq-V-def)
  show x = y if x ≤ y y ≤ x for x y :: V
    using that by (simp add: ext less-eq-V-def)
  show inf x y ≤ x for x y :: V
    by (metis down elts-of-set inf-V-def inf-sup-ord(1) less-eq-V-def)
  show inf x y ≤ y for x y :: V
    by (metis Int-lower2 down elts-of-set inf-V-def less-eq-V-def)
  show x ≤ inf y z if x ≤ y x ≤ z for x y z :: V
  proof -
    have small (elts y ∩ elts z)
      by (meson down inf.cobounded1)
    then show ?thesis
      using elts-of-set inf-V-def less-eq-V-def that by auto
  qed
  show x ≤ x ∘ y y ≤ x ∘ y for x y :: V
    by (simp-all add: less-eq-V-def small-Un-elts sup-V-def)
  show sup y z ≤ x if y ≤ x z ≤ x for x y z :: V
    using less-eq-V-def sup-V-def that by auto
  show sup x (inf y z) = inf (x ∘ y) (sup x z) for x y z :: V
  proof -
    have small (elts y ∩ elts z)
      by (meson down inf.cobounded2)
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: Un-Int-distrib inf-V-def small-Un-elts sup-V-def)
  qed
qed
end

lemma V-equalityI [intro]: (¬ x. x ∈ elts a ↔ x ∈ elts b) ⇒ a = b
  by (meson dual-order.antisym less-eq-V-def subsetI)

lemma vsubsetI [intro!]: (¬ x. x ∈ elts a ⇒ x ∈ elts b) ⇒ a ⊆ b
  by (simp add: less-eq-V-def subsetI)

```

```

lemma vsubsetD [elim, intro?]:  $a \leq b \implies c \in \text{elts } a \implies c \in \text{elts } b$ 
  using less-eq-V-def by auto

lemma rev-vsubsetD:  $c \in \text{elts } a \implies a \leq b \implies c \in \text{elts } b$ 
  — The same, with reversed premises for use with erule – cf.  $\llbracket ?P; ?P \longrightarrow ?Q \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies ?Q$ .
  by (rule vsubsetD)

lemma vsubsetCE [elim,no-atp]:  $a \leq b \implies (c \notin \text{elts } a \implies P) \implies (c \in \text{elts } b \implies P) \implies P$ 
  — Classical elimination rule.
  using vsubsetD by blast

lemma set-image-le-iff: small A  $\implies \text{set } (f`A) \leq B \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in A. f x \in \text{elts } B)$ 
  by auto

lemma eq0-iff:  $x = 0 \longleftrightarrow (\forall y. y \notin \text{elts } x)$ 
  by auto

lemma less-eq-V-0-iff [simp]:  $x \leq 0 \longleftrightarrow x = 0$  for  $x :: V$ 
  by auto

lemma subset-iff-less-eq-V:
  assumes small B shows  $A \subseteq B \longleftrightarrow \text{set } A \leq \text{set } B \wedge \text{small } A$ 
  using assms down small-iff by auto

lemma small-Collect [simp]: small A  $\implies \text{small } \{x \in A. P x\}$ 
  by (simp add: smaller-than-small)

lemma small-Union-iff: small ( $\bigcup (\text{elts}`X)$ )  $\longleftrightarrow \text{small } X$ 
  proof
    show small X
      if small ( $\bigcup (\text{elts}`X)$ )
    proof –
      have  $X \subseteq \text{set}`\text{Pow}(\bigcup (\text{elts}`X))$ 
        by fastforce
      then show ?thesis
        using Pow subset-iff-less-eq-V that by auto
    qed
  qed auto

lemma not-less-0 [iff]:
  fixes  $x :: V$  shows  $\neg x < 0$ 
  by (simp add: less-eq-V-def less-le-not-le)

lemma le-0 [iff]:
  fixes  $x :: V$  shows  $0 \leq x$ 
  by auto

```

```

lemma min-0L [simp]: min 0 n = 0 for n :: V
  by (simp add: min-absorb1)

lemma min-0R [simp]: min n 0 = 0 for n :: V
  by (simp add: min-absorb2)

lemma neq0-conv:  $\bigwedge n::V. n \neq 0 \longleftrightarrow 0 < n$ 
  by (simp add: less-V-def)

definition VPow :: V  $\Rightarrow$  V
  where VPow x  $\equiv$  set (set ` Pow (elts x))

lemma VPow-iff [iff]: y  $\in$  elts (VPow x)  $\longleftrightarrow$  y  $\leq$  x
  using down Pow
  apply (auto simp: VPow-def less-eq-V-def)
  using less-eq-V-def apply fastforce
  done

lemma VPow-le-VPow-iff [simp]: VPow a  $\leq$  VPow b  $\longleftrightarrow$  a  $\leq$  b
  by auto

lemma elts-VPow: elts (VPow x) = set ` Pow (elts x)
  by (auto simp: VPow-def Pow)

lemma small-sup-iff [simp]: small (X  $\cup$  Y)  $\longleftrightarrow$  small X  $\wedge$  small Y for X::V set
  by (metis down elts-of-set small-Un-elts sup-ge1 sup-ge2)

lemma elts-sup-iff [simp]: elts (x  $\sqcup$  y) = elts x  $\cup$  elts y
  by (simp add: sup-V-def)

lemma trad-foundation:
  assumes z: z  $\neq$  0 shows  $\exists w. w \in$  elts z  $\wedge$  w  $\sqcap$  z = 0
  using foundation assms
  by (simp add: wf-eq-minimal) (metis Int-emptyI equals0I inf-V-def set-of-elts zero-V-def)

instantiation V :: Sup
begin
definition Sup-V where Sup-V X  $\equiv$  if small X then set (Union (elts ` X)) else 0
instance ..
end

instantiation V :: Inf
begin
definition Inf-V where Inf-V X  $\equiv$  if X = {} then 0 else set (Inter (elts ` X))
instance ..
end

```

```
lemma V-disjoint-iff:  $x \sqcap y = 0 \longleftrightarrow \text{elts } x \cap \text{elts } y = \{\}$ 
by (metis down elts-of-set inf-V-def inf-le1 zero-V-def)
```

I've no idea why *bdd-above* is treated differently from *bdd-below*, but anyway

```
lemma bdd-above-iff-small [simp]:  $\text{bdd-above } X = \text{small } X$  for  $X :: V$  set
```

**proof**

```
  show small  $X$  if bdd-above  $X$ 
```

**proof** –

```
  obtain  $a$  where  $\forall x \in X. x \leq a$ 
```

```
    using that  $\langle \text{bdd-above } X \rangle$  bdd-above-def by blast
```

```
  then show small  $X$ 
```

```
    by (meson VPow-iff  $\langle \forall x \in X. x \leq a \rangle$  down subsetI)
```

**qed**

```
  show bdd-above  $X$ 
```

```
    if small  $X$ 
```

**proof** –

```
  have  $\forall x \in X. x \leq \bigsqcup X$ 
```

```
    by (simp add: SUP-upper Sup-V-def Union less-eq-V-def that)
```

```
  then show ?thesis
```

```
    by (meson bdd-above-def)
```

**qed**

**qed**

**instantiation**  $V :: \text{conditionally-complete-lattice}$

**begin**

```
definition bdd-below- $V$  where  $\text{bdd-below-}V X \equiv X \neq \{\}$ 
```

**instance**

**proof**

```
  show  $\bigsqcap X \leq x$  if  $x \in X$  bdd-below  $X$ 
```

```
    for  $x :: V$  and  $X :: V$  set
```

```
    using that by (auto simp: bdd-below-V-def Inf-V-def split: if-split-asm)
```

```
  show  $z \leq \bigsqcap X$ 
```

```
    if  $X \neq \{\} \wedge x \in X \implies z \leq x$ 
```

```
    for  $X :: V$  set and  $z :: V$ 
```

```
    using that
```

```
    apply (clar simp simp add: bdd-below-V-def Inf-V-def less-eq-V-def split: if-split-asm)
```

```
    by (meson INT-subset-iff down eq-refl equals0I)
```

```
  show  $x \leq \bigsqcup X$  if  $x \in X$  and bdd-above  $X$  for  $x :: V$  and  $X :: V$  set
```

```
    using that Sup-V-def by auto
```

```
  show  $\bigsqcup X \leq (z :: V)$  if  $X \neq \{\} \wedge x \in X \implies x \leq z$  for  $X :: V$  set and  $z :: V$ 
```

```
    using that by (simp add: SUP-least Sup-V-def less-eq-V-def)
```

**qed**

**end**

```
lemma Sup-upper:  $\llbracket x \in A; \text{small } A \rrbracket \implies x \leq \bigsqcup A$  for  $A :: V$  set
```

```

by (auto simp: Sup-V-def SUP-upper Union less-eq-V-def)

lemma Sup-least:
  fixes z::V shows ( $\bigwedge x. x \in A \Rightarrow x \leq z$ )  $\Rightarrow \bigsqcup A \leq z$ 
  by (auto simp: Sup-V-def SUP-least less-eq-V-def)

lemma Sup-empty [simp]:  $\bigsqcup \{\} = (0::V)$ 
  using Sup-V-def by auto

lemma elts-Sup [simp]: small X  $\Rightarrow$  elts ( $\bigsqcup X$ ) =  $\bigcup (\text{elts}^{\cdot} X)$ 
  by (auto simp: Sup-V-def)

lemma sup-V-0-left [simp]:  $0 \sqcup a = a$  and sup-V-0-right [simp]:  $a \sqcup 0 = a$  for
a::V
  by auto

lemma Sup-V-insert:
  fixes x::V assumes small A shows  $\bigsqcup(\text{insert } x A) = x \sqcup \bigsqcup A$ 
  by (simp add: assms cSup-insert-If)

lemma Sup-Un-distrib:  $\llbracket \text{small } A; \text{small } B \rrbracket \Rightarrow \bigsqcup(A \cup B) = \bigsqcup A \sqcup \bigsqcup B$  for A::V
set
  by auto

lemma SUP-sup-distrib:
  fixes f :: V  $\Rightarrow$  V
  shows small A  $\Rightarrow$   $(\bigsqcup_{x \in A} f x \sqcup g x) = \bigsqcup (f^{\cdot} A) \sqcup \bigsqcup (g^{\cdot} A)$ 
  by (force simp:)

lemma SUP-const [simp]:  $(\bigsqcup y \in A. a) = (\text{if } A = \{\} \text{ then } (0::V) \text{ else } a)$ 
  by simp

lemma cSUP-subset-mono:
  fixes f :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  V set and g :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  V set
  shows  $\llbracket A \subseteq B; \bigwedge x. x \in A \Rightarrow f x \leq g x \rrbracket \Rightarrow \bigsqcup (f^{\cdot} A) \leq \bigsqcup (g^{\cdot} B)$ 
  by (simp add: SUP-subset-mono)

lemma mem-Sup-iff [iff]:  $x \in \text{elts}(\bigsqcup X) \longleftrightarrow x \in \bigcup (\text{elts}^{\cdot} X) \wedge \text{small } X$ 
  using Sup-V-def by auto

lemma cSUP-UNION:
  fixes B :: V  $\Rightarrow$  V set and f :: V  $\Rightarrow$  V
  assumes ne: small A and bdd-UN: small ( $\bigcup_{x \in A} f^{\cdot} B x$ )
  shows  $\bigsqcup(f^{\cdot} (\bigcup_{x \in A} B x)) = \bigsqcup((\lambda x. \bigsqcup(f^{\cdot} B x))^{\cdot} A)$ 
proof -
  have bdd:  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \Rightarrow \text{small } (f^{\cdot} B x)$ 
    using bdd-UN subset-iff-less-eq-V
    by (meson SUP-upper smaller-than-small)
  then have bdd2: small (( $\lambda x. \bigsqcup(f^{\cdot} B x)$ ) ^{\cdot} A)

```

```

using ne(1) by blast
have  $\sqcup(f \cdot (\bigcup_{x \in A} B x)) \leq \sqcup((\lambda x. \sqcup(f \cdot B x)) \cdot A)$ 
using assms by (fastforce simp add: intro!: cSUP-least intro: cSUP-upper2
simp: bdd2 bdd)
moreover have  $\sqcup((\lambda x. \sqcup(f \cdot B x)) \cdot A) \leq \sqcup(f \cdot (\bigcup_{x \in A} B x))$ 
using assms by (fastforce simp add: intro!: cSUP-least intro: cSUP-upper simp:
image-UN bdd-UN)
ultimately show ?thesis
by (rule order-antisym)
qed

lemma Sup-subset-mono: small B  $\implies$  A  $\subseteq$  B  $\implies$  Sup A  $\leq$  Sup B for A::V set
by auto

lemma Sup-le-iff: small A  $\implies$  Sup A  $\leq$  a  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall x \in A. x \leq a$ ) for A::V set
by auto

lemma SUP-le-iff: small (f ` A)  $\implies$   $\sqcup(f ` A) \leq u \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in A. f x \leq u)$  for f :: V  $\Rightarrow$  V
by blast

lemma Sup-eq-0-iff [simp]:  $\sqcup A = 0 \longleftrightarrow A \subseteq \{0\}$   $\vee \neg$  small A for A :: V set
using Sup-upper by fastforce

lemma Sup-Union-commute:
fixes f :: V  $\Rightarrow$  V set
assumes small A  $\wedge_{x. x \in A} \text{small } (fx)$ 
shows  $\sqcup(\bigcup_{x \in A} fx) = (\bigcup_{x \in A} \sqcup(fx))$ 
using assms
by (force simp: subset-iff-less-eq-V intro!: antisym)

lemma Sup-eq-Sup:
fixes B :: V set
assumes B  $\subseteq$  A small A and  $\forall x. x \in A \implies \exists y \in B. x \leq y$ 
shows Sup A = Sup B
proof -
have small B
using assms subset-iff-less-eq-V by auto
moreover have  $\exists y \in B. u \in \text{elts } y$ 
if  $x \in A. u \in \text{elts } x$  for u x
using that * by blast
moreover have  $\exists x \in A. v \in \text{elts } x$ 
if  $y \in B. v \in \text{elts } y$  for v y
using that  $\langle B \subseteq A \rangle$  by blast
ultimately show ?thesis
using assms by auto
qed

```

### 1.3 Successor function

```

lemma vinsert-not-empty [simp]: vinsert a A ≠ 0
  and empty-not-vinsert [simp]: 0 ≠ vinsert a A
  by (auto simp: vinsert-def)

lemma succ-not-0 [simp]: succ n ≠ 0 and zero-not-succ [simp]: 0 ≠ succ n
  by (auto simp: succ-def)

instantiation V :: zero-neq-one
begin
instance
  by intro-classes (metis elts-0 elts-succ empty-iff insert-iff one-V-def set-of-elts)
end

instantiation V :: zero-less-one
begin
instance
  by intro-classes (simp add: less-V-def)
end

lemma succ-ne-self [simp]: i ≠ succ i
  by (metis elts-succ insertI1 mem-not-refl)

lemma succ-notin-self: succ i ∉ elts i
  using elts-succ mem-not-refl by blast

lemma le-succE: succ i ≤ succ j  $\implies$  i ≤ j
  using less-eq-V-def mem-not-sym by auto

lemma succ-inject-iff [iff]: succ i = succ j  $\longleftrightarrow$  i = j
  by (simp add: dual-order.antisym le-succE)

lemma inj-succ: inj succ
  by (simp add: inj-def)

lemma succ-neq-zero: succ x ≠ 0
  by (metis elts-0 elts-succ insert-not-empty)

definition pred where pred i ≡ THE j. i = succ j

lemma pred-succ [simp]: pred (succ i) = i
  by (simp add: pred-def)

```

### 1.4 Ordinals

```

definition Transset where Transset x ≡  $\forall y \in \text{elts } x. y \leq x$ 

definition Ord where Ord x ≡ Transset x  $\wedge$  ( $\forall y \in \text{elts } x. \text{Transset } y$ )

```

abbreviation  $ON$  where  $ON \equiv Collect\ Ord$

#### 1.4.1 Transitive sets

```

lemma Transset-0 [iff]: Transset 0
  by (auto simp: Transset-def)

lemma Transset-succ [intro]:
  assumes Transset x shows Transset (succ x)
  using assms
  by (auto simp: Transset-def succ-def less-eq-V-def)

lemma Transset-Sup:
  assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in X \implies$  Transset x shows Transset ( $\bigsqcup X$ )
  proof (cases small X)
    case True
    with assms show ?thesis
      by (simp add: Transset-def) (meson Sup-upper assms dual-order.trans)
  qed (simp add: Sup-V-def)

lemma Transset-sup:
  assumes Transset x Transset y shows Transset ( $x \sqcup y$ )
  using Transset-def assms by fastforce

lemma Transset-inf:  $\llbracket Transset i; Transset j \rrbracket \implies$  Transset ( $i \sqcap j$ )
  by (simp add: Transset-def rev-vsubsetD)

lemma Transset-VPow: Transset(i)  $\implies$  Transset( VPow(i))
  by (auto simp: Transset-def)

lemma Transset-Inf:  $(\bigwedge i. i \in A \implies$  Transset i)  $\implies$  Transset ( $\bigcap A$ )
  by (force simp: Transset-def Inf-V-def)

lemma Transset-SUP:  $(\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies$  Transset ( $B x$ ))  $\implies$  Transset ( $\bigsqcup (B ` A)$ )
  by (metis Transset-Sup imageE)

lemma Transset-INT:  $(\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies$  Transset ( $B x$ ))  $\implies$  Transset ( $\bigcap (B ` A)$ )
  by (metis Transset-Inf imageE)

```

#### 1.4.2 Zero, successor, sups

```

lemma Ord-0 [iff]: Ord 0
  by (auto simp: Ord-def)

lemma Ord-succ [intro]:
  assumes Ord x shows Ord (succ x)
  using assms by (auto simp: Ord-def)

lemma Ord-Sup:
  assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in X \implies$  Ord x shows Ord ( $\bigsqcup X$ )

```

```

proof (cases small X)
  case True
  with assms show ?thesis
    by (auto simp: Ord-def Transset-Sup)
  qed (simp add: Sup-V-def)

lemma Ord-Union:
  assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in X \implies \text{Ord } x$ 
  small X shows Ord (set ( $\bigcup (\text{elts}^{\text{'}} X)$ ))
  by (metis Ord-Sup Sup-V-def assms)

lemma Ord-sup:
  assumes Ord x Ord y shows Ord (x  $\sqcup$  y)
  using assms
  proof (clarify simp: Ord-def)
    show Transset (x  $\sqcup$  y)  $\wedge$  ( $\forall y \in \text{elts } x \cup \text{elts } y. \text{Transset } y$ )
      if Transset x Transset y  $\forall y \in \text{elts } x. \text{Transset } y \forall y \in \text{elts } y. \text{Transset } y$ 
      using Ord-def Transset-sup assms by auto
  qed

lemma big-ON [simp]:  $\neg \text{small } ON$ 
proof
  assume small ON
  then have set ON  $\in ON$ 
  by (metis Ord-Union Ord-succ Sup-upper elts-Sup elts-succ insertI1 mem-Collect-eq
mem-not-refl set-of-elts vsubsetD)
  then show False
  by (metis ‹small ON› elts-of-set mem-not-refl)
qed

lemma Ord-1 [iff]: Ord 1
  using Ord-succ one-V-def succ-def vinsert-def by fastforce

lemma OrdmemD: Ord k  $\implies j \in \text{elts } k \implies j < k$ 
  using Ord-def Transset-def less-V-def by auto

lemma Ord-trans:  $\llbracket i \in \text{elts } j; j \in \text{elts } k; \text{Ord } k \rrbracket \implies i \in \text{elts } k$ 
  using Ord-def Transset-def by blast

lemma mem-0-Ord:
  assumes k: Ord k and knz: k  $\neq 0$  shows 0  $\in \text{elts } k$ 
  by (metis Ord-def Transset-def inf.orderE k knz trad-foundation)

lemma Ord-in-Ord:  $\llbracket \text{Ord } k; m \in \text{elts } k \rrbracket \implies \text{Ord } m$ 
  using Ord-def Ord-trans by blast

lemma OrdI:  $\llbracket \text{Transset } i; \bigwedge x. x \in \text{elts } i \implies \text{Transset } x \rrbracket \implies \text{Ord } i$ 
  by (simp add: Ord-def)

lemma Ord-is-Transset: Ord i  $\implies \text{Transset } i$ 

```

```

by (simp add: Ord-def)

lemma Ord-contains-Transset: [|Ord i; j ∈ elts i|] ⇒ Transset j
  using Ord-def by blast

lemma ON-imp-Ord:
  assumes H ⊆ ON x ∈ H
  shows Ord x
  using assms by blast

lemma elts-subset-ON: Ord α ⇒ elts α ⊆ ON
  using Ord-in-Ord by blast

lemma Transset-pred [simp]: Transset x ⇒ ⋃(elts (succ x)) = x
  by (fastforce simp: Transset-def)

lemma Ord-pred [simp]: Ord β ⇒ ⋃ (insert β (elts β)) = β
  using Ord-def Transset-pred by auto

```

### 1.4.3 Induction, Linearity, etc.

```

lemma Ord-induct [consumes 1, case-names step]:
  assumes k: Ord k
    and step: ∀x. [| Ord x; ∀y. y ∈ elts x ⇒ P y |] ⇒ P x
    shows P k
  using foundation k
proof (induction k rule: wf-induct-rule)
  case (less x)
  then show ?case
    using Ord-in-Ord local.step by auto
qed

```

Comparability of ordinals

```

lemma Ord-linear: Ord k ⇒ Ord l ⇒ k ∈ elts l ∨ k = l ∨ l ∈ elts k
proof (induct k arbitrary: l rule: Ord-induct)
  case (step k)
  note step-k = step
  show ?case using ⟨Ord l⟩
  proof (induct l rule: Ord-induct)
    case (step l)
    thus ?case using step-k
      by (metis Ord-trans V-equalityI)
  qed
qed

```

The trichotomy law for ordinals

```

lemma Ord-linear-lt:
  assumes Ord k Ord l
  obtains (lt) k < l | (eq) k = l | (gt) l < k

```

**using** *Ord-linear OrdmemD assms* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *Ord-linear2*:

**assumes** *Ord k Ord l*

**obtains** *(lt) k < l | (ge) l ≤ k*

**by** *(metis Ord-linear-lt eq-refl assms order.strict-implies-order)*

**lemma** *Ord-linear-le*:

**assumes** *Ord k Ord l*

**obtains** *(le) k ≤ l | (ge) l ≤ k*

**by** *(meson Ord-linear2 le-less assms)*

**lemma** *union-less-iff [simp]*:  $\llbracket \text{Ord } i; \text{Ord } j \rrbracket \implies i \sqcup j < k \longleftrightarrow i < k \wedge j < k$

**by** *(metis Ord-linear-le le-iff-sup sup.order-iff sup.strict-boundedE)*

**lemma** *Ord-mem-iff-lt*:  $\text{Ord } k \implies \text{Ord } l \implies k \in \text{elts } l \longleftrightarrow k < l$

**by** *(metis Ord-linear OrdmemD less-le-not-le)*

**lemma** *Ord-Collect-lt*:  $\text{Ord } \alpha \implies \{\xi. \text{Ord } \xi \wedge \xi < \alpha\} = \text{elts } \alpha$

**by** *(auto simp flip: Ord-mem-iff-lt elim: Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD)*

**lemma** *Ord-not-less*:  $\llbracket \text{Ord } x; \text{Ord } y \rrbracket \implies \neg x < y \longleftrightarrow y \leq x$

**by** *(metis (no-types) Ord-linear2 leD)*

**lemma** *Ord-not-le*:  $\llbracket \text{Ord } x; \text{Ord } y \rrbracket \implies \neg x \leq y \longleftrightarrow y < x$

**by** *(metis (no-types) Ord-linear2 leD)*

**lemma** *le-succ-iff*:  $\text{Ord } i \implies \text{Ord } j \implies \text{succ } i \leq \text{succ } j \longleftrightarrow i \leq j$

**by** *(metis Ord-linear-le Ord-succ le-succE order-antisym)*

**lemma** *succ-le-iff*:  $\text{Ord } i \implies \text{Ord } j \implies \text{succ } i \leq j \longleftrightarrow i < j$

**using** *Ord-mem-iff-lt dual-order.strict-implies-order less-eq-V-def* **by** *fastforce*

**lemma** *succ-in-Sup-Ord*:

**assumes** *eq: succ β = ⋃ A and small A A ⊆ ON Ord β*

**shows** *succ β ∈ A*

**proof –**

**have**  $\neg \bigcup A \leq \beta$

**using** *eq Ord β succ-le-iff* **by** *fastforce*

**then show** *?thesis*

**using** *assms* **by** *(metis Ord-linear2 Sup-least Sup-upper eq-iff mem-Collect-eq subsetD succ-le-iff)*

**qed**

**lemma** *in-succ-iff*:  $\text{Ord } i \implies j \in \text{elts } (\text{ZFC-in-HOL.succ } i) \longleftrightarrow \text{Ord } j \wedge j \leq i$

**by** *(metis Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-not-le Ord-succ succ-le-iff)*

**lemma** *zero-in-succ [simp,intro]*:  $\text{Ord } i \implies 0 \in \text{elts } (\text{succ } i)$

**using** *mem-0-Ord* **by** *auto*

```

lemma less-succ-self:  $x < \text{succ } x$ 
  by (simp add: less-eq-V-def order-neq-le-trans subset-insertI)

lemma Ord-finite-Sup:  $\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \subseteq \text{ON}; A \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \bigcup A \in A$ 
  proof (induction A rule: finite-induct)
    case (insert x A)
      then have *: small A  $A \subseteq \text{ON}$  Ord x
        by (auto simp add: ZFC-in-HOL.finite-imp-small insert.hyps)
      show ?case
        proof (cases A = {})
          case False
            then have  $\bigcup A \in A$ 
            using insert by blast
            then have  $\bigcup A \leq x$  if  $x \sqcup \bigcup A \notin A$ 
            using * by (metis ON-imp-Ord Ord-linear-le sup.absorb2 that)
            then show ?thesis
              by (fastforce simp: <small A> Sup-V-insert)
          qed auto
        qed auto

```

#### 1.4.4 The natural numbers

```

primrec ord-of-nat :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  V where
  ord-of-nat 0 = 0
  | ord-of-nat (Suc n) = succ (ord-of-nat n)

lemma ord-of-nat-eq-initial: ord-of-nat n = set (ord-of-nat ` {..<n})
  by (induction n) (auto simp: lessThan-Suc succ-def)

lemma mem-ord-of-nat-iff [simp]:  $x \in \text{elts} (\text{ord-of-nat } n) \longleftrightarrow (\exists m < n. x = \text{ord-of-nat } m)$ 
  by (subst ord-of-nat-eq-initial) auto

lemma elts-ord-of-nat: elts (ord-of-nat k) = ord-of-nat ` {..<k}
  by auto

lemma Ord-equality: Ord i  $\implies i = \bigcup (\text{succ} ` \text{elts } i)$ 
  by (force intro: Ord-trans)

lemma Ord-ord-of-nat [simp]: Ord (ord-of-nat k)
  by (induct k, auto)

lemma ord-of-nat-equality: ord-of-nat n =  $\bigcup ((\text{succ} \circ \text{ord-of-nat}) ` {..<n})$ 
  by (metis Ord-equality Ord-ord-of-nat elts-of-set image-comp small-image-nat-V
    ord-of-nat-eq-initial)

definition  $\omega :: V$  where  $\omega \equiv \text{set} (\text{range } \text{ord-of-nat})$ 

```

```

lemma elts- $\omega$ : elts  $\omega = \{\alpha. \exists n. \alpha = \text{ord-of-nat } n\}$ 
  by (auto simp:  $\omega$ -def image-iff)

lemma nat-into-Ord [simp]:  $n \in \text{elts } \omega \implies \text{Ord } n$ 
  by (metis Ord-ord-of-nat  $\omega$ -def elts-of-set image-iff inf)

lemma Sup- $\omega$ :  $\bigsqcup(\text{elts } \omega) = \omega$ 
  unfolding  $\omega$ -def by force

lemma Ord- $\omega$  [iff]:  $\text{Ord } \omega$ 
  by (metis Ord-Sup Sup- $\omega$  nat-into-Ord)

lemma zero-in-omega [iff]:  $0 \in \text{elts } \omega$ 
  by (metis  $\omega$ -def elts-of-set inf ord-of-nat.simps(1) rangeI)

lemma succ-in-omega [simp]:  $n \in \text{elts } \omega \implies \text{succ } n \in \text{elts } \omega$ 
  by (metis  $\omega$ -def elts-of-set image-iff small-image-nat-V ord-of-nat.simps(2) rangeI)

lemma ord-of-eq-0:  $\text{ord-of-nat } j = 0 \implies j = 0$ 
  by (induct j) (auto simp: succ-neq-zero)

lemma ord-of-nat-le-omega:  $\text{ord-of-nat } n \leq \omega$ 
  by (metis Sup- $\omega$  ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper  $\omega$ -def elts-of-set inf rangeI)

lemma ord-of-eq-0-iff [simp]:  $\text{ord-of-nat } n = 0 \longleftrightarrow n = 0$ 
  by (auto simp: ord-of-eq-0)

lemma ord-of-nat-inject [iff]:  $\text{ord-of-nat } i = \text{ord-of-nat } j \longleftrightarrow i = j$ 
  proof (induct i arbitrary: j)
    case 0 show ?case
      using ord-of-eq-0 by auto
    next
      case (Suc i) then show ?case
        by auto (metis elts-0 elts-succ insert-not-empty not0-implies-Suc ord-of-nat.simps succ-inject-iff)
    qed

corollary inj-ord-of-nat:  $\text{inj } \text{ord-of-nat}$ 
  by (simp add: linorder-injI)

corollary countable:
  assumes countable X shows small X
  proof -
    have X ⊆ range (from-nat-into X)
      by (simp add: assms subset-range-from-nat-into)
    then show ?thesis
      by (meson inf-raw inj-ord-of-nat replacement small-def smaller-than-small)
  qed

```

```

corollary infinite- $\omega$ : infinite (elts  $\omega$ )
  using range-inj-infinite [of ord-of-nat]
  by (simp add:  $\omega$ -def inj-ord-of-nat)

corollary ord-of-nat-mono-iff [iff]: ord-of-nat  $i \leq ord-of-nat j \longleftrightarrow i \leq j$ 
  by (metis Ord-def Ord-ord-of-nat Transset-def eq-iff mem-ord-of-nat-iff not-less
    ord-of-nat-inject)

corollary ord-of-nat-strict-mono-iff [iff]: ord-of-nat  $i < ord-of-nat j \longleftrightarrow i < j$ 
  by (simp add: less-le-not-le)

lemma small-image-nat [simp]:
  fixes  $N :: nat$  set shows small ( $g`N$ )
  by (simp add: countable)

lemma finite-Ord-omega:  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \omega \implies \text{finite}(\text{elts } \alpha)$ 
  proof (clarify simp add:  $\omega$ -def)
  show finite (elts (ord-of-nat  $n$ )) if  $\alpha = \text{ord-of-nat } n$  for  $n$ 
    using that by (simp add: ord-of-nat-eq-initial [of  $n$ ])
  qed

lemma infinite-Ord-omega: Ord  $\alpha \implies \text{infinite}(\text{elts } \alpha) \implies \omega \leq \alpha$ 
  by (meson Ord- $\omega$  Ord-linear2 Ord-mem-iff-lt finite-Ord-omega)

lemma ord-of-minus-1:  $n > 0 \implies \text{ord-of-nat } n = \text{succ}(\text{ord-of-nat}(n - 1))$ 
  by (metis Suc-diff-1 ord-of-nat.simps(2))

lemma card-ord-of-nat [simp]: card (elts (ord-of-nat  $m$ )) =  $m$ 
  by (induction  $m$ ) (auto simp:  $\omega$ -def finite-Ord-omega)

lemma ord-of-nat- $\omega$  [iff]: ord-of-nat  $n \in \text{elts } \omega$ 
  by (simp add:  $\omega$ -def)

lemma succ- $\omega$ -iff [iff]: succ  $n \in \text{elts } \omega \longleftrightarrow n \in \text{elts } \omega$ 
  by (metis Ord- $\omega$  OrdmemD elts-vinsert insert-iff less-V-def succ-def succ-in-omega
    vsubsetD)

lemma  $\omega$ -gt0 [simp]:  $\omega > 0$ 
  by (simp add: OrdmemD)

lemma  $\omega$ -gt1 [simp]:  $\omega > 1$ 
  by (simp add: OrdmemD one-V-def)

```

#### 1.4.5 Limit ordinals

**definition** Limit ::  $V \Rightarrow \text{bool}$   
**where** Limit  $i \equiv \text{Ord } i \wedge 0 \in \text{elts } i \wedge (\forall y. y \in \text{elts } i \longrightarrow \text{succ } y \in \text{elts } i)$

**lemma** zero-not-Limit [iff]:  $\neg \text{Limit } 0$

```

by (simp add: Limit-def)

lemma not-succ-Limit [simp]:  $\neg \text{Limit}(\text{succ } i)$ 
  by (metis Limit-def Ord-mem-iff-lt elts-succ insertI1 less-irrefl)

lemma Limit-is-Ord:  $\text{Limit } \xi \implies \text{Ord } \xi$ 
  by (simp add: Limit-def)

lemma succ-in-Limit-iff:  $\text{Limit } \xi \implies \text{succ } \alpha \in \text{elts } \xi \iff \alpha \in \text{elts } \xi$ 
  by (metis Limit-def OrdmemD elts-succ insertI1 less-V-def vsubsetD)

lemma Limit-eq-Sup-self [simp]:  $\text{Limit } i \implies \text{Sup}(\text{elts } i) = i$ 
  apply (rule order-antisym)
  apply (simp add: Limit-def Ord-def Transset-def Sup-least)
  by (metis Limit-def Ord-equality Sup-V-def SUP-le-iff Sup-upper small-elts)

lemma zero-less-Limit:  $\text{Limit } \beta \implies 0 < \beta$ 
  by (simp add: Limit-def OrdmemD)

lemma non-Limit-ord-of-nat [iff]:  $\neg \text{Limit}(\text{ord-of-nat } m)$ 
  by (metis Limit-def mem-ord-of-nat-iff not-succ-Limit ord-of-eq-0-iff ord-of-minus-1)

lemma Limit-omega [iff]:  $\text{Limit } \omega$ 
  by (simp add: Limit-def)

lemma omega-nonzero [simp]:  $\omega \neq 0$ 
  using Limit-omega by fastforce

lemma Ord-cases-lemma:
  assumes Ord k shows  $k = 0 \vee (\exists j. k = \text{succ } j) \vee \text{Limit } k$ 
  proof (cases Limit k)
    case False
    have succ j ∈ elts k if  $\forall j. k \neq \text{succ } j \wedge j \in \text{elts } k$  for j
      by (metis Ord-in-Ord Ord-linear Ord-succ assms elts-succ insertE mem-not-sym that)
    with assms show ?thesis
      by (auto simp: Limit-def mem-0-Ord)
  qed auto

lemma Ord-cases [cases type: V, case-names 0 succ limit]:
  assumes Ord k
  obtains k = 0 | l where Ord l succ l = k | Limit k
  by (metis assms Ord-cases-lemma Ord-in-Ord elts-succ insertI1)

lemma non-succ-LimitI:
  assumes i ≠ 0 Ord(i) ∧ y. succ(y) ≠ i
  shows Limit(i)
  using Ord-cases-lemma assms by blast

```

```

lemma Ord-induct3 [consumes 1, case-names 0 succ Limit, induct type: V]:
assumes  $\alpha : \text{Ord } \alpha$ 
and  $P 0 \wedge \alpha. [\text{Ord } \alpha; P \alpha] \implies P (\text{succ } \alpha)$ 
 $\wedge \alpha. [\text{Limit } \alpha; \bigwedge \xi. \xi \in \text{elts } \alpha \implies P \xi] \implies P (\bigsqcup \xi \in \text{elts } \alpha. \xi)$ 
shows  $P \alpha$ 
using  $\alpha$ 
proof (induction  $\alpha$  rule: Ord-induct)
case (step  $\alpha$ )
then show ?case
  by (metis Limit-eq-Sup-self Ord-cases P elts-succ image-ident insertI1)
qed

```

#### 1.4.6 Properties of LEAST for ordinals

```

lemma
assumes  $\text{Ord } k P k$ 
shows Ord-LeastI:  $P (\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i)$  and Ord-Least-le:  $(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i) \leq k$ 
proof –
  have  $P (\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i) \wedge (\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i) \leq k$ 
  using assms
  proof (induct k rule: Ord-induct)
  case (step x) then have  $P x$  by simp
  show ?case proof (rule classical)
    assume assm:  $\neg (P (\text{LEAST } a. \text{Ord } a \wedge P a) \wedge (\text{LEAST } a. \text{Ord } a \wedge P a) \leq x)$ 
    have  $\bigwedge y. \text{Ord } y \wedge P y \implies x \leq y$ 
    proof (rule classical)
      fix y
      assume  $y: \text{Ord } y \wedge P y \neg x \leq y$ 
      with step obtain  $P (\text{LEAST } a. \text{Ord } a \wedge P a)$  and le:  $(\text{LEAST } a. \text{Ord } a \wedge P a) \leq y$ 
        by (meson Ord-linear2 Ord-mem-iff-lt)
        with assm have  $x < (\text{LEAST } a. \text{Ord } a \wedge P a)$ 
        by (meson Ord-linear-le y order.trans ‹Ord x›)
        then show  $x \leq y$ 
        using le by auto
    qed
    then have Least:  $(\text{LEAST } a. \text{Ord } a \wedge P a) = x$ 
    by (simp add: Least-equality ‹Ord x› step.prem)
    with ‹P x› show ?thesis by simp
  qed
  qed
  then show  $P (\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i) \wedge (\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i) \leq k$  by auto
qed

lemma Ord-Least:
assumes  $\text{Ord } k P k$ 
shows  $\text{Ord } (\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i)$ 

```

```

proof -
  have  $\text{Ord}(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge (\text{Ord } i \wedge P i))$ 
    using  $\text{Ord-LeastI}$  [where  $P = \lambda i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i$ ] assms by  $\text{blast}$ 
    then show ?thesis
      by  $\text{simp}$ 
qed

— The following 3 lemmas are due to Brian Huffman

lemma  $\text{Ord-LeastI-ex}: \exists i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i \implies P(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i)$ 
  using  $\text{Ord-LeastI}$  by  $\text{blast}$ 

lemma  $\text{Ord-LeastI2}:$ 
   $[\text{Ord } a; P a; \bigwedge x. [\text{Ord } x; P x] \implies Q x] \implies Q(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i)$ 
  by ( $\text{blast intro: Ord-LeastI Ord-Least}$ )

lemma  $\text{Ord-LeastI2-ex}:$ 
   $\exists a. \text{Ord } a \wedge P a \implies (\bigwedge x. [\text{Ord } x; P x] \implies Q x) \implies Q(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i)$ 
  by ( $\text{blast intro: Ord-LeastI-ex Ord-Least}$ )

lemma  $\text{Ord-LeastI2-wellorder}:$ 
  assumes  $\text{Ord } a P a$ 
  and  $\bigwedge a. [\text{P } a; \forall b. \text{Ord } b \wedge P b \longrightarrow a \leq b] \implies Q a$ 
  shows  $Q(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i)$ 
  proof (rule LeastI2-order)
    show  $\text{Ord}(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i) \wedge P(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i)$ 
      using  $\text{Ord-Least Ord-LeastI assms by auto}$ 
  next
    fix  $y$  assume  $\text{Ord } y \wedge P y$  thus  $(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i) \leq y$ 
      by ( $\text{simp add: Ord-Least-le}$ )
  next
    fix  $x$  assume  $\text{Ord } x \wedge P x \forall y. \text{Ord } y \wedge P y \longrightarrow x \leq y$  thus  $Q x$ 
      by ( $\text{simp add: assms(3)}$ )
  qed

lemma  $\text{Ord-LeastI2-wellorder-ex}:$ 
  assumes  $\exists x. \text{Ord } x \wedge P x$ 
  and  $\bigwedge a. [\text{P } a; \forall b. \text{Ord } b \wedge P b \longrightarrow a \leq b] \implies Q a$ 
  shows  $Q(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge P i)$ 
  using assms by clarify ( $\text{blast intro!: Ord-LeastI2-wellorder}$ )

lemma  $\text{not-less-Ord-Least}: \llbracket k < (\text{LEAST } x. \text{Ord } x \wedge P x); \text{Ord } k \rrbracket \implies \neg P k$ 
  using  $\text{Ord-Least-le less-le-not-le by auto}$ 

lemma  $\text{exists-Ord-Least-iff}: (\exists \alpha. \text{Ord } \alpha \wedge P \alpha) \longleftrightarrow (\exists \alpha. \text{Ord } \alpha \wedge P \alpha \wedge (\forall \beta < \alpha. \text{Ord } \beta \longrightarrow \neg P \beta))$  (is ?lhs  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?rhs)
  proof
    assume ?rhs thus ?lhs by  $\text{blast}$ 
  next

```

```

assume H: ?lhs then obtain α where α: Ord α P α by blast
let ?x = LEAST α. Ord α ∧ P α
have Ord ?x
  by (metis Ord-Least α)
moreover
{ fix β assume m: β < ?x Ord β
  from not-less-Ord-Least[OF m] have ¬ P β . }
ultimately show ?rhs
  using Ord-LeastI-ex[OF H] by blast
qed

```

```

lemma Ord-mono-imp-increasing:
assumes fun-hD: h ∈ D → D
  and mono-h: strict-mono-on D h
  and D ⊆ ON and ν: ν ∈ D
  shows ν ≤ h ν
proof (rule ccontr)
assume non: ¬ ν ≤ h ν
define μ where μ ≡ LEAST μ. Ord μ ∧ ¬ μ ≤ h μ ∧ μ ∈ D
have Ord ν
  using ν ⟨D ⊆ ON⟩ by blast
then have μ: ¬ μ ≤ h μ ∧ μ ∈ D
  unfolding μ-def by (rule Ord-LeastI) (simp add: ν non)
have Ord (h ν)
  using assms by auto
then have Ord (h (h ν))
  by (meson ON-imp-Ord ν assms funcset-mem)
have Ord μ
  using μ ⟨D ⊆ ON⟩ by blast
then have h μ < μ
  by (metis ON-imp-Ord Ord-linear2 PiE μ ⟨D ⊆ ON⟩ fun-hD)
then have ¬ h μ ≤ h (h μ)
  using μ fun-hD mono-h by (force simp: strict-mono-on-def)
moreover have *: h μ ∈ D
  using μ fun-hD by auto
moreover have Ord (h μ)
  using ⟨D ⊆ ON⟩ * by blast
ultimately have μ ≤ h μ
  by (simp add: μ-def Ord-Least-le)
then show False
  using μ by blast
qed

```

```

lemma le-Sup-iff:
assumes A ⊆ ON Ord x small A shows x ≤ ⋃ A ↔ (∀ y ∈ ON. y < x →
(∃ a ∈ A. y < a))
proof (intro iffI ballI impI)
show ∃ a ∈ A. y < a
  if x ≤ ⋃ A y ∈ ON y < x

```

```

for y
proof –
  have  $\neg \bigsqcup A \leq y$  Ord y
    using that by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis Ord-linear2 Sup-least ‹ $A \subseteq ON$ › mem-Collect-eq subset-eq)
  qed
  show  $x \leq \bigsqcup A$ 
    if  $\forall y \in ON. y < x \longrightarrow (\exists a \in A. y < a)$ 
    using that assms
    by (metis Ord-Sup Ord-linear-le Sup-upper less-le-not-le mem-Collect-eq subsetD)
  qed

lemma le-SUP-iff:  $\llbracket f`A \subseteq ON; Ord x; small A \rrbracket \implies x \leq \bigsqcup(f`A) \longleftrightarrow (\forall y \in ON. y < x \longrightarrow (\exists i \in A. y < f i))$ 
  by (simp add: le-Sup-iff)

```

## 1.5 Transfinite Recursion and the V-levels

```

definition transrec ::  $((V \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow 'a$ 
  where transrec H a  $\equiv wfrec \{(x,y). x \in elts y\} H a$ 

```

```

lemma transrec: transrec H a = H  $(\lambda x \in elts a. transrec H x) a$ 
proof –
  have (cut (wfrec  $\{(x, y). x \in elts y\} H$ )  $\{(x, y). x \in elts y\} a$ )
     $= (\lambda x \in elts a. wfrec \{(x, y). x \in elts y\} H x)$ 
    by (force simp: cut-def)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding transrec-def
    by (simp add: foundation wfrec)
  qed

```

Avoids explosions in proofs; resolve it with a meta-level definition

```

lemma def-transrec:
   $\llbracket \lambda x. f x \equiv transrec H x \rrbracket \implies f a = H(\lambda x \in elts a. f x) a$ 
  by (metis restrict-ext transrec)

```

```

lemma eps-induct [case-names step]:
  assumes  $\lambda x. (\lambda y. y \in elts x \implies P y) \implies P x$ 
  shows P a
  using wf-induct [OF foundation] assms by auto

```

```

definition Vfrom ::  $[V, V] \Rightarrow V$ 
  where Vfrom a  $\equiv transrec (\lambda f x. a \sqcup \bigsqcup((\lambda y. VPow(f y)) ` elts x))$ 

```

```

abbreviation Vset ::  $V \Rightarrow V$  where Vset  $\equiv Vfrom 0$ 

```

```

lemma Vfrom:  $Vfrom\ a\ i = a \sqcup \bigsqcup((\lambda j. VPow(Vfrom\ a\ j)) ` elts\ i)$ 
  apply (subst Vfrom-def)
  apply (subst transrec)
  using Vfrom-def by auto

lemma Vfrom-0 [simp]:  $Vfrom\ a\ 0 = a$ 
  by (subst Vfrom) auto

lemma Vset:  $Vset\ i = \bigsqcup((\lambda j. VPow(Vset\ j)) ` elts\ i)$ 
  by (subst Vfrom) auto

lemma Vfrom-mono1:
  assumes  $a \leq b$  shows  $Vfrom\ a\ i \leq Vfrom\ b\ i$ 
  proof (induction i rule: eps-induct)
    case (step i)
      then have  $a \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{j \in elts\ i} VPow(Vfrom\ a\ j)) \leq b \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{j \in elts\ i} VPow(Vfrom\ b\ j))$ 
        by (intro sup-mono cSUP-subset-mono ‹ $a \leq b$ ›) auto
      then show ?case
        by (metis Vfrom)
  qed

lemma Vfrom-mono2:  $Vfrom\ a\ i \leq Vfrom\ a\ (i \sqcup j)$ 
  proof (induction arbitrary: j rule: eps-induct)
    case (step i)
      then have  $a \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{j \in elts\ i} VPow(Vfrom\ a\ j)) \leq a \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{j \in elts\ (i \sqcup j)} VPow(Vfrom\ a\ j))$ 
        by (intro sup-mono cSUP-subset-mono order-refl) auto
      then show ?case
        by (metis Vfrom)
  qed

lemma Vfrom-mono:  $\llbracket Ord\ i; a \leq b; i \leq j \rrbracket \implies Vfrom\ a\ i \leq Vfrom\ b\ j$ 
  by (metis (no-types) Vfrom-mono1 Vfrom-mono2 dual-order.trans sup.absorb-iff2)

lemma Transset-Vfrom: Transset(A)  $\implies$  Transset(Vfrom A i)
  proof (induction i rule: eps-induct)
    case (step i)
    then show ?case
      by (metis Transset-SUP Transset-VPow Transset-sup Vfrom)
  qed

lemma Transset-Vset [simp]: Transset(Vset i)
  by (simp add: Transset-Vfrom)

lemma Vfrom-sup:  $Vfrom\ a\ (i \sqcup j) = Vfrom\ a\ i \sqcup Vfrom\ a\ j$ 
  proof (rule order-antisym)
    show  $Vfrom\ a\ (i \sqcup j) \leq Vfrom\ a\ i \sqcup Vfrom\ a\ j$ 
      by (simp add: Vfrom [of a i ∙ j] Vfrom [of a i] Vfrom [of a j] Sup-Un-distrib)

```

```

image-Un sup.assoc sup.left-commute)
  show Vfrom a i ⊔ Vfrom a j ≤ Vfrom a (i ⊔ j)
    by (metis Vfrom-mono2 le-supI sup-commute)
qed

lemma Vfrom-succ-Ord:
  assumes Ord i shows Vfrom a (succ i) = a ⊔ VPow(Vfrom a i)
proof (cases i = 0)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Vfrom [of - succ 0])
next
  case False
  have *: (⊔ x∈elts i. VPow (Vfrom a x)) ≤ VPow (Vfrom a i)
  proof (rule cSup-least)
    show (λx. VPow (Vfrom a x)) ` elts i ≠ {}
      using False by auto
    show x ≤ VPow (Vfrom a i) if x ∈ (λx. VPow (Vfrom a x)) ` elts i for x
      using that
      by clar simp (meson Ord-in-Ord Ord-linear-le Vfrom-mono assms mem-not-refl
order-refl vsubsetD)
    qed
    show ?thesis
    proof (rule Vfrom [THEN trans])
      show a ⊔ (⊔ j∈elts (succ i). VPow (Vfrom a j)) = a ⊔ VPow (Vfrom a i)
        using assms
        by (intro sup-mono order-antisym) (auto simp: Sup-V-insert *)
    qed
  qed
qed

lemma Vset-succ: Ord i ==> Vset(succ(i)) = VPow(Vset(i))
  by (simp add: Vfrom-succ-Ord)

lemma Vfrom-Sup:
  assumes X ≠ {} small X
  shows Vfrom a (Sup X) = (⊔ y∈X. Vfrom a y)
proof (rule order-antisym)
  have Vfrom a (⊔ X) = a ⊔ (⊔ j∈elts (⊔ X). VPow (Vfrom a j))
    by (metis Vfrom)
  also have ... ≤ ⊔ (Vfrom a ` X)
  proof –
    have a ≤ ⊔ (Vfrom a ` X)
      by (metis Vfrom all-not-in-conv assms bdd-above-iff-small cSUP-upper2 re-
placement sup-ge1)
    moreover have (⊔ j∈elts (⊔ X). VPow (Vfrom a j)) ≤ ⊔ (Vfrom a ` X)
  proof –
    have VPow (Vfrom a x) ≤ ⊔ (Vfrom a ` X)
      if y ∈ X x ∈ elts y for x y
  proof –

```

```

have  $V\text{Pow} (V\text{from } a \ x) \leq V\text{from } a \ y$ 
  by (metis  $V\text{from}$  bdd-above-iff-small cSUP-upper2 le-supI2 order-refl
replacement small-elts that(2))
  also have ...  $\leq \bigsqcup (V\text{from } a \ ' X)$ 
    using assms that by (force intro: cSUP-upper)
    finally show ?thesis .
qed
then show ?thesis
  by (simp add: SUP-le-iff <small X>)
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by auto
qed
finally show  $V\text{from } a (\bigsqcup X) \leq \bigsqcup (V\text{from } a \ ' X)$  .
have  $\bigwedge x. x \in X \implies$ 
   $a \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{j \in \text{elts } x} V\text{Pow} (V\text{from } a \ j))$ 
   $\leq a \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{j \in \text{elts } x} (\bigsqcup X). V\text{Pow} (V\text{from } a \ j))$ 
  using cSUP-subset-mono <small X> by auto
then show  $\bigsqcup (V\text{from } a \ ' X) \leq V\text{from } a (\bigsqcup X)$ 
  by (metis  $V\text{from}$  assms(1) cSUP-least)
qed

lemma Limit- $V\text{from}$ -eq:
   $\text{Limit}(i) \implies V\text{from } a \ i = (\bigsqcup y \in \text{elts } i. V\text{from } a \ y)$ 
  by (metis Limit-def Limit-eq-Sup-self  $V\text{from}$ -Sup ex-in-conv small-elts)

end

```

## 2 Cartesian products, Disjoint Sums, Ranks, Cardinals

```

theory ZFC-Cardinals
imports ZFC-in-HOL

```

```
begin
```

```

declare [[coercion-enabled]]
declare [[coercion ord-of-nat :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  V]]

```

### 2.1 Ordered Pairs

```

lemma singleton-eq-iff [iff]:  $\text{set } \{a\} = \text{set } \{b\} \longleftrightarrow a=b$ 
  by simp

```

```

lemma doubleton-eq-iff:  $\text{set } \{a,b\} = \text{set } \{c,d\} \longleftrightarrow (a=c \wedge b=d) \vee (a=d \wedge b=c)$ 
  by (simp add: Set.doubleton-eq-iff)

```

```
definition vpair ::  $V \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow V$ 
```

**where**  $\text{vpair } a \ b = \text{set } \{\text{set } \{a\}, \text{set } \{a,b\}\}$

**definition**  $\text{vfst} :: V \Rightarrow V$   
**where**  $\text{vfst } p \equiv \text{THE } x. \exists y. p = \text{vpair } x y$

**definition**  $\text{vsnd} :: V \Rightarrow V$   
**where**  $\text{vsnd } p \equiv \text{THE } y. \exists x. p = \text{vpair } x y$

**definition**  $\text{vsplit} :: [[V, V] \Rightarrow 'a, V] \Rightarrow 'a::\{\}$  — for pattern-matching  
**where**  $\text{vsplit } c \equiv \lambda p. c (\text{vfst } p) (\text{vsnd } p)$

**nonterminal**  $Vs$   
**syntax** (ASCII)  
-*Tuple* ::  $[V, Vs] \Rightarrow V$  ( $<(-, / -)>$ )  
-*hpattern* ::  $[pttrn, patterns] \Rightarrow pttrn$  ( $<-, / ->$ )

**syntax**  
::  $V \Rightarrow Vs$  (-)  
-*Enum* ::  $[V, Vs] \Rightarrow Vs$  ( $-, / -$ )  
-*Tuple* ::  $[V, Vs] \Rightarrow V$  ( $((-, / -))$ )  
-*hpattern* ::  $[pttrn, patterns] \Rightarrow pttrn$  ( $((-, / -))$ )

**translations**  
 $\langle x, y, z \rangle \Rightarrow \langle x, \langle y, z \rangle \rangle$   
 $\langle x, y \rangle \Rightarrow \text{CONST vpairs } x y$   
 $\langle x, y, z \rangle \Rightarrow \langle x, \langle y, z \rangle \rangle$   
 $\lambda \langle x, y, z \rangle. b \Rightarrow \text{CONST vsplit}(\lambda x \langle y, z \rangle. b)$   
 $\lambda \langle x, y \rangle. b \Rightarrow \text{CONST vsplit}(\lambda x y. b)$

**lemma**  $\text{vpair-def}'$ :  $\text{vpair } a \ b = \text{set } \{\text{set } \{a,a\}, \text{set } \{a,b\}\}$   
**by** (simp add: *vpair-def*)

**lemma**  $\text{vpair-iff}$  [simp]:  $\text{vpair } a \ b = \text{vpair } a' \ b' \longleftrightarrow a=a' \wedge b=b'$   
**unfolding** *vpair-def'* doubleton-eq-iff **by** auto

**lemmas**  $\text{vpair-inject} = \text{vpair-iff}$  [THEN iffD1, THEN conjE, elim!]

**lemma**  $\text{vfst-conv}$  [simp]:  $\text{vfst } \langle a, b \rangle = a$   
**by** (simp add: *vfst-def*)

**lemma**  $\text{vsnd-conv}$  [simp]:  $\text{vsnd } \langle a, b \rangle = b$   
**by** (simp add: *vsnd-def*)

**lemma**  $\text{vsplit}$  [simp]:  $\text{vsplit } c \langle a, b \rangle = c \ a \ b$   
**by** (simp add: *vsplit-def*)

**lemma**  $\text{vpair-neq-fst}$ :  $\langle a, b \rangle \neq a$   
**by** (metis elts-of-set insertI1 mem-not-sym small-upair *vpair-def'*)

**lemma**  $\text{vpair-neq-snd}$ :  $\langle a, b \rangle \neq b$

**by** (*metis elts-of-set insertI1 mem-not-sym small-upair subsetD subset-insertI vpairs-def'*)

**lemma** *vpairs-nonzero* [*simp*]:  $\langle x, y \rangle \neq 0$   
**by** (*metis elts-0 elts-of-set empty-not-insert small-upair vpairs-def*)

**lemma** *zero-notin-vpair*:  $0 \notin \text{elts } \langle x, y \rangle$   
**by** (*auto simp: vpairs-def*)

**lemma** *inj-on-vpair* [*simp*]: *inj-on* ( $\lambda(x, y). \langle x, y \rangle$ ) *A*  
**by** (*auto simp: inj-on-def*)

## 2.2 Generalized Cartesian product

**definition** *VSigma* ::  $V \Rightarrow (V \Rightarrow V) \Rightarrow V$   
**where** *VSigma A B*  $\equiv \text{set}(\bigcup x \in \text{elts } A. \bigcup y \in \text{elts } (B x). \{\langle x, y \rangle\})$

**abbreviation** *vtimes* **where** *vtimes A B*  $\equiv \text{VSigma } A (\lambda x. B)$

**definition** *pairs* ::  $V \Rightarrow (V * V)\text{set}$   
**where** *pairs r*  $\equiv \{(x, y). \langle x, y \rangle \in \text{elts } r\}$

**lemma** *pairs-iff-elts*:  $(x, y) \in \text{pairs } z \longleftrightarrow \langle x, y \rangle \in \text{elts } z$   
**by** (*simp add: pairs-def*)

**lemma** *VSigma-iff* [*simp*]:  $\langle a, b \rangle \in \text{elts } (\text{VSigma } A B) \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{elts } A \wedge b \in \text{elts } (B a)$   
**by** (*auto simp: VSigma-def UNION-singleton-eq-range*)

**lemma** *VSigmaI* [*intro!*]:  $\llbracket a \in \text{elts } A; b \in \text{elts } (B a) \rrbracket \implies \langle a, b \rangle \in \text{elts } (\text{VSigma } A B)$   
**by** *simp*

**lemmas** *VSigmaD1* = *VSigma-iff* [*THEN iffD1, THEN conjunct1*]  
**lemmas** *VSigmaD2* = *VSigma-iff* [*THEN iffD1, THEN conjunct2*]

The general elimination rule

**lemma** *VSigmaE* [*elim!*]:  
**assumes**  $c \in \text{elts } (\text{VSigma } A B)$   
**obtains**  $x y$  **where**  $x \in \text{elts } A$   $y \in \text{elts } (B x)$   $c = \langle x, y \rangle$   
**using assms by** (*auto simp: VSigma-def split: if-split-asm*)

**lemma** *VSigmaE2* [*elim!*]:  
**assumes**  $\langle a, b \rangle \in \text{elts } (\text{VSigma } A B)$  **obtains**  $a \in \text{elts } A$  **and**  $b \in \text{elts } (B a)$   
**using assms by** *auto*

**lemma** *VSigma-empty1* [*simp*]:  $\text{VSigma } 0 B = 0$   
**by** *auto*

```

lemma times-iff [simp]:  $\langle a, b \rangle \in \text{elts}(\text{vtimes } A \ B) \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{elts } A \wedge b \in \text{elts } B$ 
  by simp

lemma timesI [intro!]:  $\llbracket a \in \text{elts } A; b \in \text{elts } B \rrbracket \implies \langle a, b \rangle \in \text{elts}(\text{vtimes } A \ B)$ 
  by simp

lemma times-empty2 [simp]:  $\text{vtimes } A \ 0 = 0$ 
  using elts-0 by blast

lemma times-empty-iff:  $\text{VSigma } A \ B = 0 \longleftrightarrow A = 0 \vee (\forall x \in \text{elts } A. B x = 0)$ 
  by (metis VSigmaE VSigmaI elts-0 empty-iff trad-foundation)

lemma elts-VSigma:  $\text{elts}(\text{VSigma } A \ B) = (\lambda(x, y). \text{vpair } x \ y) \ ` \text{Sigma}(\text{elts } A)$ 
   $(\lambda x. \text{elts}(B x))$ 
  by auto

lemma small-Sigma [simp]:
  assumes A: small A and B:  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{small}(B x)$ 
  shows small (Sigma A B)
  proof -
    obtain a where elts a  $\approx$  A
    by (meson assms small-eqpoll)
    then obtain f where f: bij-betw f (elts a) A
    using eqpoll-def by blast
    have  $\exists y. \text{elts } y \approx B x \text{ if } x \in A \text{ for } x$ 
    using B small-eqpoll that by blast
    then obtain g where g:  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{elts}(g x) \approx B x$ 
    by metis
    with f have elts (VSigma a (g o f))  $\approx$  Sigma A B
    by (simp add: elts-VSigma Sigma-eqpoll-cong bij-betwE)
    then show ?thesis
    using small-eqpoll by blast
  qed

lemma small-Times [simp]:
  assumes small A small B shows small (A  $\times$  B)
  by (simp add: assms)

lemma small-Times-iff:  $\text{small}(A \times B) \longleftrightarrow \text{small } A \wedge \text{small } B \vee A = \{\} \vee B = \{}$ 
  (is - = ?rhs)
  proof
    assume *: small (A  $\times$  B)
    { have small A  $\wedge$  small B if  $x \in A \ y \in B$  for x y
      proof -
        have  $A \subseteq \text{fst}`(A \times B)$   $B \subseteq \text{snd}`(A \times B)$ 
        using that by auto
        with that show ?thesis
        by (metis * replacement smaller-than-small)
    qed }

```

```

then show ?rhs
  by (metis equals0I)
next
  assume ?rhs
  then show small (A × B)
    by auto
qed

```

## 2.3 Disjoint Sum

**definition** vsum ::  $V \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow V$  (**infixl**  $\uplus$  65) **where**  
 $A \uplus B \equiv (V\text{Sigma} (\text{set } \{0\}) (\lambda x. A)) \sqcup (V\text{Sigma} (\text{set } \{1\}) (\lambda x. B))$

**definition** Inl ::  $V \Rightarrow V$  **where**  
 $Inl a \equiv \langle 0, a \rangle$

**definition** Inr ::  $V \Rightarrow V$  **where**  
 $Inr b \equiv \langle 1, b \rangle$

**lemmas** sum-defs = vsum-def Inl-def Inr-def

**lemma** Inl-nonzero [**simp**]:  $Inl x \neq 0$   
**by** (metis Inl-def vpair-nonzero)

**lemma** Inr-nonzero [**simp**]:  $Inr x \neq 0$   
**by** (metis Inr-def vpair-nonzero)

### 2.3.1 Equivalences for the injections and an elimination rule

**lemma** Inl-in-sum-iff [**iff**]:  $Inl a \in \text{elts} (A \uplus B) \longleftrightarrow a \in \text{elts} A$   
**by** (auto simp: sum-defs)

**lemma** Inr-in-sum-iff [**iff**]:  $Inr b \in \text{elts} (A \uplus B) \longleftrightarrow b \in \text{elts} B$   
**by** (auto simp: sum-defs)

**lemma** sumE [**elim!**]:  
**assumes** u:  $u \in \text{elts} (A \uplus B)$   
**obtains** x **where**  $x \in \text{elts} A$   $u = Inl x$   $|$  y **where**  $y \in \text{elts} B$   $u = Inr y$  **using** u  
**by** (auto simp: sum-defs)

### 2.3.2 Injection and freeness equivalences, for rewriting

**lemma** Inl-iff [**iff**]:  $Inl a = Inl b \longleftrightarrow a = b$   
**by** (simp add: sum-defs)

**lemma** Inr-iff [**iff**]:  $Inr a = Inr b \longleftrightarrow a = b$   
**by** (simp add: sum-defs)

**lemma** inj-on-Inl [**simp**]:  $\text{inj-on Inl } A$   
**by** (simp add: inj-on-def)

```

lemma inj-on-Inr [simp]: inj-on Inr A
  by (simp add: inj-on-def)

lemma Inl-Inr-iff [iff]: Inl a=Inr b  $\longleftrightarrow$  False
  by (simp add: sum-defs)

lemma Inr-Inl-iff [iff]: Inr b=Inl a  $\longleftrightarrow$  False
  by (simp add: sum-defs)

lemma sum-empty [simp]: 0  $\uplus$  0 = 0
  by auto

lemma elts-vsum: elts (a  $\uplus$  b) = Inl ‘(elts a)  $\cup$  Inr ‘(elts b)
  by auto

lemma sum-iff: u  $\in$  elts (A  $\uplus$  B)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists$  x. x  $\in$  elts A  $\wedge$  u=Inl x)  $\vee$  ( $\exists$  y. y  $\in$  elts B  $\wedge$  u=Inr y)
  by blast

lemma sum-subset-iff: A $\uplus$ B  $\leq$  C $\uplus$ D  $\longleftrightarrow$  A $\leq$ C  $\wedge$  B $\leq$ D
  by (auto simp: less-eq-V-def)

lemma sum-equal-iff:
  fixes A :: V shows A $\uplus$ B = C $\uplus$ D  $\longleftrightarrow$  A=C  $\wedge$  B=D
  by (simp add: eq-iff sum-subset-iff)

definition is-sum :: V  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where is-sum z = ( $\exists$  x. z = Inl x  $\vee$  z = Inr x)

definition sum-case :: (V  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  (V  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  V  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  where
    sum-case f g a  $\equiv$ 
      THE z. ( $\forall$  x. a = Inl x  $\longrightarrow$  z = f x)  $\wedge$  ( $\forall$  y. a = Inr y  $\longrightarrow$  z = g y)  $\wedge$  ( $\neg$  is-sum a  $\longrightarrow$  z = undefined)

lemma sum-case-Inl [simp]: sum-case f g (Inl x) = f x
  by (simp add: sum-case-def is-sum-def)

lemma sum-case-Inr [simp]: sum-case f g (Inr y) = g y
  by (simp add: sum-case-def is-sum-def)

lemma sum-case-non [simp]:  $\neg$  is-sum a  $\Longrightarrow$  sum-case f g a = undefined
  by (simp add: sum-case-def is-sum-def)

lemma is-sum-cases: ( $\exists$  x. z = Inl x  $\vee$  z = Inr x)  $\vee$   $\neg$  is-sum z
  by (auto simp: is-sum-def)

lemma sum-case-split:

```

$P(\text{sum-case } f g a) \longleftrightarrow (\forall x. a = \text{Inl } x \rightarrow P(f x)) \wedge (\forall y. a = \text{Inr } y \rightarrow P(g y)) \wedge (\neg \text{is-sum } a \rightarrow P \text{ undefined})$   
**by** (cases is-sum a) (auto simp: is-sum-def)

**lemma** sum-case-split-asm:

$P(\text{sum-case } f g a) \longleftrightarrow \neg ((\exists x. a = \text{Inl } x \wedge \neg P(f x)) \vee (\exists y. a = \text{Inr } y \wedge \neg P(g y)) \vee (\neg \text{is-sum } a \wedge \neg P \text{ undefined}))$   
**by** (auto simp: sum-case-split)

### 2.3.3 Applications of disjoint sums and pairs: general union theorems for small sets

**lemma** small-Un:

**assumes**  $X$ : small  $X$  **and**  $Y$ : small  $Y$

**shows** small ( $X \cup Y$ )

**proof** –

**obtain**  $x y$  **where**  $\text{elts } x \approx X$   $\text{elts } y \approx Y$

**by** (meson assms small-eqpoll)

**then have**  $X \cup Y \lesssim \text{Inl} ` (\text{elts } x) \cup \text{Inr} ` (\text{elts } y)$

**by** (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Inr-Inl-iff Un-lepoll-mono disjnt-iff eqpoll-imp-lepoll eqpoll-sym f-inv-into-f inj-on-Inl inj-on-Inr inj-on-image-lepoll-2)

**then show** ?thesis

**by** (metis lepoll-iff replacement small-elts small-sup-iff smaller-than-small)

qed

**lemma** small-UN [simp,intro]:

**assumes**  $A$ : small  $A$  **and**  $B$ :  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{small } (B x)$

**shows** small ( $\bigcup x \in A. B x$ )

**proof** –

**obtain**  $a$  **where**  $\text{elts } a \approx A$

**by** (meson assms small-eqpoll)

**then obtain**  $f$  **where**  $f$ : bij-betw  $f$  ( $\text{elts } a$ )  $A$

**using** eqpoll-def **by** blast

**have**  $\exists y. \text{elts } y \approx B x$  **if**  $x \in A$  **for**  $x$

**using**  $B$  small-eqpoll **that** **by** blast

**then obtain**  $g$  **where**  $g$ :  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{elts } (g x) \approx B x$

**by** metis

**have** sm: small ( $\Sigma (\text{elts } a) (\text{elts } \circ g \circ f)$ )

**by** simp

**have** ( $\bigcup x \in A. B x$ )  $\lesssim \Sigma A B$

**by** (metis image-lepoll snd-image-Sigma)

**also have** ...  $\lesssim \Sigma (\text{elts } a) (\text{elts } \circ g \circ f)$

**by** (smt (verit) Sigma-eqpoll-cong bij-betw-iff-bijections comp-apply eqpoll-imp-lepoll eqpoll-sym f g)

**finally show** ?thesis

**using** lepoll-small sm **by** blast

qed

**lemma** small-Union [simp,intro]:

```

assumes  $\mathcal{A} \subseteq \text{Collect small small } \mathcal{A}$ 
shows  $\text{small } (\bigcup \mathcal{A})$ 
using  $\text{small-UN [of } \mathcal{A} \lambda x. x] \text{ assms by (simp add: subset-iff)}$ 

```

## 2.4 Generalised function space and lambda

```

definition  $VLambda :: V \Rightarrow (V \Rightarrow V) \Rightarrow V$ 
where  $VLambda A b \equiv \text{set } ((\lambda x. \langle x, b \rangle x) ` \text{elts } A)$ 

```

```

definition  $app :: [V, V] \Rightarrow V$ 
where  $app f x \equiv \text{THE } y. \langle x, y \rangle \in \text{elts } f$ 

```

```

lemma  $\text{beta} [\text{simp}]$ :
assumes  $x \in \text{elts } A$ 
shows  $app (VLambda A b) x = b x$ 
using  $\text{assms by (auto simp: VLambda-def app-def)}$ 

```

```

definition  $VPi :: V \Rightarrow (V \Rightarrow V) \Rightarrow V$ 
where  $VPi A B \equiv \text{set } \{f \in \text{elts } (VPow(VSigma A B)). \text{elts } A \leq \text{Domain } (\text{pairs } f) \wedge \text{single-valued } (\text{pairs } f)\}$ 

```

```

lemma  $VPi\text{-I}$ :
assumes  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{elts } A \implies b x \in \text{elts } (B x)$ 
shows  $VLambda A b \in \text{elts } (VPi A B)$ 
proof (clarify simp:  $VPi\text{-def}$ , intro conjI impI)
show  $VLambda A b \leq VSigma A B$ 
by (auto simp: assms  $VLambda\text{-def split: if-split-asm}$ )
show  $\text{elts } A \subseteq \text{Domain } (\text{pairs } (VLambda A b))$ 
by (force simp:  $VLambda\text{-def pairs-iff-elts}$ )
show  $\text{single-valued } (\text{pairs } (VLambda A b))$ 
by (auto simp:  $VLambda\text{-def single-valued-def pairs-iff-elts}$ )
show  $\text{small } \{f. f \leq VSigma A B \wedge \text{elts } A \subseteq \text{Domain } (\text{pairs } f) \wedge \text{single-valued } (\text{pairs } f)\}$ 
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) down  $VPow\text{-iff mem-Collect-eq subsetI}$ )
qed

```

```

lemma  $\text{apply-pair}$ :
assumes  $f: f \in \text{elts } (VPi A B) \text{ and } x: x \in \text{elts } A$ 
shows  $\langle x, app f x \rangle \in \text{elts } f$ 
proof -
have  $x \in \text{Domain } (\text{pairs } f)$ 
by (metis (no-types, lifting)  $VPi\text{-def assms elts-of-set empty-iff mem-Collect-eq subsetD}$ )
then obtain  $y$  where  $y: \langle x, y \rangle \in \text{elts } f$ 
using  $\text{pairs-iff-elts by auto}$ 
show ?thesis
unfolding  $app\text{-def}$ 
proof (rule theI)
show  $\langle x, y \rangle \in \text{elts } f$ 

```

```

    by (rule y)
  show z = y if ⟨x, z⟩ ∈ elts f for z
    using f unfolding VPi-def
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) that elts-of-set empty-iff mem-Collect-eq pairs-iff-elts
single-valued-def y)
  qed
qed

lemma VPi-D:
  assumes f: f ∈ elts (VPi A B) and x: x ∈ elts A
  shows app f x ∈ elts (B x)
proof -
  have f ≤ VSigma A B
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) VPi-def elts-of-set empty-iff VPow-iff mem-Collect-eq)
  then show ?thesis
    using apply-pair [OF assms] by blast
qed

lemma VPi-memberD:
  assumes f: f ∈ elts (VPi A B) and p: p ∈ elts f
  obtains x where x ∈ elts A p = ⟨x, app f x⟩
proof -
  have f ≤ VSigma A B
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) VPi-def elts-of-set empty-iff VPow-iff mem-Collect-eq)
  then obtain x y where p = ⟨x,y⟩ x ∈ elts A
    using p by blast
  then have y = app f x
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) VPi-def apply-pair elts-of-set equals0D f mem-Collect-eq
p pairs-iff-elts single-valuedD)
  then show thesis
    using ⟨p = ⟨x, y⟩, x ∈ elts A⟩ that by blast
qed

lemma fun-ext:
  assumes f ∈ elts (VPi A B) g ∈ elts (VPi A B) ∧ x. x ∈ elts A ⇒ app f x =
app g x
  shows f = g
  by (metis VPi-memberD V-equalityI apply-pair assms)

lemma eta[simp]:
  assumes f ∈ elts (VPi A B)
  shows VLambda A ((app)f) = f
  proof (rule fun-ext [OF - assms])
  show VLambda A (app f) ∈ elts (VPi A B)
    using VPi-D VPi-I assms by auto
  qed auto

lemma fst-pairs-VLambda: fst ` pairs (VLambda A f) = elts A

```

```

by (force simp: VLambda-def pairs-def)

lemma snd-pairs-VLambda: snd ` pairs (VLambda A f) = f ` elts A
  by (force simp: VLambda-def pairs-def)

lemma VLambda-eq-D1: VLambda A f = VLambda B g ==> A = B
  by (metis ZFC-in-HOL.ext fst-pairs-VLambda)

lemma VLambda-eq-D2: [| VLambda A f = VLambda A g; x ∈ elts A |] ==> f x = g
x
  by (metis beta)

```

## 2.5 Transitive closure of a set

```

definition TC :: V⇒V
  where TC ≡ transrec (λf x. x ∪ ⋃ (f ` elts x))

```

```

lemma TC: TC a = a ∪ ⋃ (TC ` elts a)
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) SUP-cong TC-def restrict-apply' transrec)

```

```

lemma TC-0 [simp]: TC 0 = 0
  by (metis TC ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-empty elts-0 image-is-empty sup-V-0-left)

```

```

lemma arg-subset-TC: a ≤ TC a
  by (metis (no-types) TC sup-ge1)

```

```

lemma Transset-TC: Transset(TC a)
proof (induction a rule: eps-induct)
  case (step x)
    have 1: v ∈ elts (TC x) if v ∈ elts u u ∈ elts x for u v
      using that unfolding TC [of x]
      using arg-subset-TC by fastforce
    have 2: v ∈ elts (TC x) if v ∈ elts u ∃ x∈elts x. u ∈ elts (TC x) for u v
      using that step unfolding TC [of x] Transset-def by auto
    show ?case
      unfolding Transset-def
      by (subst TC) (force intro: 1 2)
qed

```

```

lemma TC-least: [| Transset x; a≤x |] ==> TC a ≤ x
proof (induction a rule: eps-induct)
  case (step y)
    show ?case
    proof (cases y=0)
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        by auto
    next
      case False

```

```

have  $\bigcup (TC \setminus elts y) \leq x$ 
proof (rule cSup-least)
  show  $TC \setminus elts y \neq \{\}$ 
    using False by auto
  show  $z \leq x$  if  $z \in TC \setminus elts y$  for  $z$ 
    using that by (metis Transset-def image-iff step.IH step.prem vs subsetD)
qed
then show ?thesis
  by (simp add: step TC [of y])
qed
qed

definition less-TC (infix  $\sqsubset$  50)
  where  $x \sqsubset y \equiv x \in elts (TC y)$ 

definition le-TC (infix  $\sqsubseteq$  50)
  where  $x \sqsubseteq y \equiv x \sqsubset y \vee x = y$ 

lemma less-TC-imp-not-le:  $x \sqsubset a \implies \neg a \leq x$ 
proof (induction a arbitrary: x rule: eps-induct)
  case (step a)
  then show ?case
    unfolding TC[of a] less-TC-def
    using Transset-TC Transset-def by force
qed

lemma non-TC-less-0 [iff]:  $\neg (x \sqsubset 0)$ 
  using less-TC-imp-not-le by blast

lemma less-TC-iff:  $x \sqsubset y \longleftrightarrow (\exists z \in elts y. x \sqsubseteq z)$ 
  by (auto simp: less-TC-def le-TC-def TC [of y])

lemma nonzero-less-TC:  $x \neq 0 \implies 0 \sqsubset x$ 
  by (metis eps-induct le-TC-def less-TC-iff trad-foundation)

lemma less-irrefl-TC [simp]:  $\neg x \sqsubset x$ 
  using less-TC-imp-not-le by blast

lemma less-asym-TC:  $\llbracket x \sqsubset y; y \sqsubset x \rrbracket \implies False$ 
  by (metis TC-least Transset-TC Transset-def antisym-conv less-TC-def less-TC-imp-not-le order-refl)

lemma le-antisym-TC:  $\llbracket x \sqsubseteq y; y \sqsubseteq x \rrbracket \implies x = y$ 
  using le-TC-def less-asym-TC by auto

lemma less-le-TC:  $x \sqsubset y \longleftrightarrow x \sqsubseteq y \wedge x \neq y$ 
  using le-TC-def less-asym-TC by blast

lemma less-imp-le-TC [iff]:  $x \sqsubset y \implies x \sqsubseteq y$ 

```

```

by (simp add: le-TC-def)

lemma le-TC-refl [iff]:  $x \sqsubseteq x$ 
  by (simp add: le-TC-def)

lemma le-TC-trans [trans]:  $\llbracket x \sqsubseteq y; y \sqsubseteq z \rrbracket \implies x \sqsubseteq z$ 
  by (smt (verit, best) TC-least Transset-TC Transset-def le-TC-def less-TC-def
vsubsetD)

context order
begin

lemma nless-le-TC:  $(\neg a \sqsubset b) \longleftrightarrow (\neg a \sqsubseteq b) \vee a = b$ 
  using le-TC-def less-asym-TC by blast

lemma eq-refl-TC:  $x = y \implies x \sqsubseteq y$ 
  by simp

local-setup ‹
  HOL-Order-Tac.declare-order {
    ops = {eq = @{term ` (=) :: V ⇒ V ⇒ bool`}, le = @{term ` (≤)`}, lt =
@{term ` (⊏)`}},
    thms = {trans = @{thm le-TC-trans}, refl = @{thm le-TC-refl}, eqD1 = @{thm
eq-refl-TC},
eqD2 = @{thm eq-refl-TC[OF sym]}, antisym = @{thm le-antisym-TC},
contr = @{thm noteE}},
    conv-thms = {less-le = @{thm eq-reflection[OF less-le-TC]},
nless-le = @{thm eq-reflection[OF nless-le-TC]}}
  }
›

end

lemma less-TC-trans [trans]:  $\llbracket x \sqsubset y; y \sqsubset z \rrbracket \implies x \sqsubset z$ 
  and less-le-TC-trans:  $\llbracket x \sqsubset y; y \sqsubseteq z \rrbracket \implies x \sqsubset z$ 
  and le-less-TC-trans [trans]:  $\llbracket x \sqsubseteq y; y \sqsubset z \rrbracket \implies x \sqsubset z$ 
  by simp-all

lemma TC-sup-distrib:  $TC(x \sqcup y) = TCx \sqcup TCy$ 
  by (simp add: Sup-Un-distrib TC [of x ∙ y] TC [of x] TC [of y] image-Un
sup.assoc sup-left-commute)

lemma TC-Sup-distrib:
  assumes small X shows  $TC(\bigsqcup X) = \bigsqcup(TCx ∙ X)$ 
  proof -
    have  $\bigsqcup X \leq \bigsqcup(TCx ∙ X)$ 
      using arg-subset-TC by fastforce
    moreover have  $\bigsqcup(\bigcup_{x \in X} TCx ∙ elts x) \leq \bigsqcup(TCx ∙ X)$ 
  qed

```

```

using assms
by clar simp (meson TC-least Transset-TC Transset-def arg-subset-TC replacement vsubsetD)
ultimately
have  $\bigsqcup X \sqcup \bigsqcup (\bigcup_{x \in X} TC \setminus elts x) \leq \bigsqcup (TC \setminus X)$ 
by simp
moreover have  $\bigsqcup (TC \setminus X) \leq \bigsqcup X \sqcup \bigsqcup (\bigcup_{x \in X} TC \setminus elts x)$ 
proof (clar simp simp add: Sup-le-iff assms)
show  $\exists x \in X. y \in elts x$ 
if  $x \in X$   $y \in elts (TC x)$   $\forall x \in X. \forall u \in elts x. y \notin elts (TC u)$  for  $x y$ 
using that by (auto simp: TC [of x])
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
using Sup-Un-distrib TC [of  $\bigsqcup X$ ] image-Union assms
by (simp add: image-Union inf-sup-aci(5) sup.absorb-iff2)
qed

lemma TC':  $TC x = x \sqcup TC (\bigsqcup (elts x))$ 
by (simp add: TC [of x] TC-Sup-distrib)

lemma TC-eq-0-iff [simp]:  $TC x = 0 \longleftrightarrow x = 0$ 
using arg-subset-TC by fastforce

A distinctive induction principle

lemma TC-induct-down-lemma:
assumes ab:  $a \sqsubset b$  and base:  $b \leq d$ 
and step:  $\bigwedge y z. [y \sqsubset b; y \in elts d; z \in elts y] \implies z \in elts d$ 
shows  $a \in elts d$ 
proof -
have Transset (TC b  $\sqcap$  d)
using Transset-TC
unfolding Transset-def
by (metis inf.bounded-iff less-TC-def less-eq-V-def local.step subsetI vsubsetD)
moreover have  $b \leq TC b \sqcap d$ 
by (simp add: arg-subset-TC base)
ultimately show ?thesis
using TC-least [THEN vsubsetD] ab unfolding less-TC-def
by (meson TC-least le-inf-iff vsubsetD)
qed

lemma TC-induct-down [consumes 1, case-names base step small]:
assumes a  $\sqsubset b$ 
and  $\bigwedge y. y \in elts b \implies P y$ 
and  $\bigwedge y z. [y \sqsubset b; P y; z \in elts y] \implies P z$ 
and small (Collect P)
shows  $P a$ 
using TC-induct-down-lemma [of a b set (Collect P)] assms
by (metis elts-of-set mem-Collect-eq vsubsetI)

```

## 2.6 Rank of a set

```

definition rank ::  $V \Rightarrow V$ 
  where rank a ≡ transrec (λf x. set (⋃ y ∈ elts x. elts (succ(f y)))) a

lemma rank: rank a = set(⋃ y ∈ elts a. elts (succ(rank y)))
  by (subst rank-def [THEN def-transrec], simp)

lemma rank-Sup: rank a = ⋃ ((λy. succ(rank y)) ` elts a)
  by (metis elts-Sup image-image rank replacement set-of-elts small-elts)

lemma Ord-rank [simp]: Ord(rank a)
proof (induction a rule: eps-induct)
  case (step x)
  then show ?case
    unfolding rank-Sup [of x]
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Ord-Sup Ord-succ imageE)
qed

lemma rank-of-Ord: Ord i ⟹ rank i = i
  by (induction rule: Ord-induct) (metis (no-types, lifting) Ord-equality SUP-cong
rank-Sup)

lemma Ord-iff-rank: Ord x ⟷ rank x = x
  using Ord-rank [of x] rank-of-Ord by fastforce

lemma rank-lt: a ∈ elts b ⟹ rank a < rank b
  by (metis Ord-linear2 Ord-rank ZFC-in-HOL.SUP-le-iff rank-Sup replacement
small-elts succ-le-iff order.irrefl)

lemma rank-0 [simp]: rank 0 = 0
  using transrec Ord-0 rank-def rank-of-Ord by presburger

lemma rank-succ [simp]: rank(succ x) = succ(rank x)
proof (rule order-antisym)
  show rank(succ x) ≤ succ(rank x)
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Sup-insert elts-of-set elts-succ image-insert rank
small-UN small-elts subset-insertI sup.orderE vsubsetI)
  show succ(rank x) ≤ rank(succ x)
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper elts-succ image-insert
insertI1 rank-Sup replacement small-elts)
qed

lemma rank-mono: a ≤ b ⟹ rank a ≤ rank b
  using rank [of a] rank [of b] small-UN by force

lemma VsetI: rank b ⊂ i ⟹ b ∈ elts (Vset i)
proof (induction i arbitrary: b rule: eps-induct)
  case (step x)
  then consider rank b ∈ elts x | (∃ y ∈ elts x. rank b ∈ elts (TC y))

```

```

using le-TC-def less-TC-def less-TC-iff by fastforce
then have  $\exists y \in \text{elts } x. b \leq Vset y$ 
proof cases
  case 1
    then have  $b \leq Vset (\text{rank } b)$ 
    unfolding less-eq-V-def subset-iff
    by (meson Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-rank le-TC-refl less-TC-iff rank-lt step.IH)
  then show ?thesis
    using 1 by blast
next
  case 2
    then show ?thesis
    using step.IH
    unfolding less-eq-V-def subset-iff less-TC-def
    by (meson Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-rank Transset-TC Transset-def rank-lt vsubsetD)
qed
then show ?case
  by (simp add: Vset [of x])
qed

lemma Ord-VsetI:  $\llbracket \text{Ord } i; \text{rank } b < i \rrbracket \implies b \in \text{elts } (Vset i)$ 
by (meson Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-rank VsetI arg-subset-TC less-TC-def vsubsetD)

lemma arg-le-Vset-rank:  $a \leq Vset(\text{rank } a)$ 
by (simp add: Ord-VsetI rank-lt vsubsetI)

lemma two-in-Vset:
  obtains  $\alpha$  where  $x \in \text{elts } (Vset \alpha) y \in \text{elts } (Vset \alpha)$ 
  by (metis Ord-rank Ord-VsetI elts-of-set insert-iff rank-lt small-elts small-insert-iff)

lemma rank-eq-0-iff [simp]:  $\text{rank } x = 0 \longleftrightarrow x = 0$ 
using arg-le-Vset-rank by fastforce

lemma small-ranks-imp-small:
  assumes small (rank ` A) shows small A
proof -
  define i where  $i \equiv \text{set } (\bigcup (\text{elts } ` (\text{rank } ` A)))$ 
  have Ord i
    unfolding i-def using Ord-Union Ord-rank assms imageE by blast
  have  $*: Vset (\text{rank } x) \leq (Vset i)$  if  $x \in A$  for x
    unfolding i-def by (metis Ord-rank Sup-V-def ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper Vfrom-mono
      assms imageI le-less that)
  have  $A \subseteq \text{elts } (VPow (Vset i))$ 
    by (meson * VPow-iff arg-le-Vset-rank order.trans subsetI)
  then show ?thesis
    using down by blast
qed

lemma rank-Union:  $\text{rank}(\bigsqcup A) = \bigsqcup (\text{rank } ` A)$ 

```

```

proof (rule order-antisym)
  have elts ( $\bigsqcup y \in \text{elts} (\bigsqcup A)$ . succ (rank  $y$ ))  $\subseteq$  elts ( $\bigsqcup (\text{rank}' A)$ )
    by clarsimp (meson Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-rank less-V-def rank-lt vsubsetD)
  then show rank ( $\bigsqcup A$ )  $\leq$   $\bigsqcup (\text{rank}' A)$ 
    by (metis less-eq-V-def rank-Sup)
  show  $\bigsqcup (\text{rank}' A)$   $\leq$  rank ( $\bigsqcup A$ )
  proof (cases small A)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: ZFC-in-HOL.SUP-le-iff ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper rank-mono)
  next
    case False
    then have  $\neg \text{small} (\text{rank}' A)$ 
      using small-ranks-imp-small by blast
    then show ?thesis
      by blast
  qed
qed

lemma small-bounded-rank:  $\text{small} \{x. \text{rank } x \in \text{elts } a\}$ 
proof –
  have  $\{x. \text{rank } x \in \text{elts } a\} \subseteq \{x. \text{rank } x \sqsubset a\}$ 
    using less-TC-iff by auto
  also have  $\dots \subseteq \text{elts} (\text{Vset } a)$ 
    using VsetI by blast
  finally show ?thesis
    using down by simp
qed

lemma small-bounded-rank-le:  $\text{small} \{x. \text{rank } x \leq a\}$ 
  using small-bounded-rank [of VPow a] VPow-iff [of - a] by simp

lemma TC-rank-lt:  $a \sqsubset b \implies \text{rank } a < \text{rank } b$ 
proof (induction rule: TC-induct-down)
  case (base  $y$ )
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: rank-lt)
  next
    case (step  $y z$ )
    then show ?case
      using less-trans rank-lt by blast
  next
    case small
    show ?case
      using smaller-than-small [OF small-bounded-rank-le [of rank b]]
        by (simp add: Collect-mono less-V-def)
  qed

lemma TC-rank-mem:  $x \sqsubset y \implies \text{rank } x \in \text{elts} (\text{rank } y)$ 

```

```

by (simp add: Ord-mem-iff-lt TC-rank-lt)

lemma wf-TC-less: wf {(x,y). x ⊑ y}
  proof (rule wf-subset [OF wf-inv-image [OF foundation, of rank]])
    show {(x, y). x ⊑ y} ⊆ inv-image {(x, y). x ∈ elts y} rank
      by (auto simp: TC-rank-mem inv-image-def)
qed

lemma less-TC-minimal:
  assumes P a
  obtains x where P x x ⊑ a ∧ y. y ⊑ x ⟹ ¬ P y
  using wfE-min' [OF wf-TC-less, of {x. P x ∧ x ⊑ a}]
  by simp (metis le-TC-def less-le-TC-trans assms)

lemma Vfrom-rank-eq: Vfrom A (rank(x)) = Vfrom A x
  proof (rule order-antisym)
    show Vfrom A (rank x) ≤ Vfrom A x
    proof (induction x rule: eps-induct)
      case (step x)
      have (∐j∈elts (rank x). VPow (Vfrom A j)) ≤ (∐j∈elts x. VPow (Vfrom A j))
        apply (rule Sup-least)
        apply (clarsimp simp add: rank [of x])
        by (meson Ord-in-Ord Ord-rank OrdmemD Vfrom-mono order.trans less-imp-le order.refl step)
      then show ?case
        by (simp add: Vfrom [of - x] Vfrom [of - rank(x)] sup.coboundedI2)
    qed
    show Vfrom A x ≤ Vfrom A (rank x)
    proof (induction x rule: eps-induct)
      case (step x)
      have (∐j∈elts x. VPow (Vfrom A j)) ≤ (∐j∈elts (rank x). VPow (Vfrom A j))
        using step.IH TC-rank-mem less-TC-iff by force
      then show ?case
        by (simp add: Vfrom [of - x] Vfrom [of - rank(x)] sup.coboundedI2)
    qed
  qed
qed

lemma Vfrom-succ: Vfrom A (succ(i)) = A ∪ VPow(Vfrom A i)
  by (metis Ord-rank Vfrom-rank-eq Vfrom-succ-Ord rank-succ)

lemma Vset-succ-TC:
  assumes x ∈ elts (Vset (ZFC-in-HOL.succ k)) u ⊑ x
  shows u ∈ elts (Vset k)
  using assms
  using TC-least Transset-Vfrom Vfrom-succ less-TC-def by auto

```

## 2.7 Cardinal Numbers

We extend the membership relation to a wellordering

```

definition VWO :: ( $V \times V$ ) set
  where VWO  $\equiv @r. \{(x,y). x \in \text{elts } y\} \subseteq r \wedge \text{Well-order } r \wedge \text{Field } r = \text{UNIV}$ 

lemma VWO:  $\{(x,y). x \in \text{elts } y\} \subseteq VWO \wedge \text{Well-order } VWO \wedge \text{Field } VWO = \text{UNIV}$ 
  unfolding VWO-def
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) VWO-def foundation someI-ex total-well-order-extension)

lemma wf-VWO: wf(VWO – Id)
  using VWO well-order-on-def by blast

lemma wf-Ord-less: wf  $\{(x, y). \text{Ord } y \wedge x < y\}$ 
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Ord-mem-iff-lt eps-induct wfPUNIVI wfP-def)

lemma refl-VWO: refl VWO
  using VWO order-on-defs by fastforce

lemma trans-VWO: trans VWO
  using VWO by (simp add: VWO wo-rel.TRANS wo-rel-def)

lemma antisym-VWO: antisym VWO
  using VWO by (simp add: VWO wo-rel.ANTISYM wo-rel-def)

lemma total-VWO: total VWO
  using VWO by (metis wo-rel.TOTAL wo-rel.intro)

lemma total-VWOId: total (VWO–Id)
  by (simp add: total-VWO)

lemma Linear-order-VWO: Linear-order VWO
  using VWO well-order-on-def by blast

lemma wo-rel-VWO: wo-rel VWO
  using VWO wo-rel-def by blast

```

### 2.7.1 Transitive Closure and VWO

```

lemma mem-imp-VWO:  $x \in \text{elts } y \implies (x,y) \in VWO$ 
  using VWO by blast

lemma less-TC-imp-VWO:  $x \sqsubset y \implies (x,y) \in VWO$ 
  unfolding less-TC-def
  proof (induction y arbitrary: x rule: eps-induct)
    case (step y' u)
    then consider u  $\in \text{elts } y' \mid v$  where v  $\in \text{elts } y'$  u  $\in \text{elts } (\text{TC } v)$ 
    by (auto simp: TC [of y'])

```

```

then show ?case
proof cases
  case 2
    then show ?thesis
      by (meson mem-imp-VWO step.IH transD trans-VWO)
    qed (use mem-imp-VWO in blast)
qed

lemma le-TC-imp-VWO:  $x \sqsubseteq y \implies (x,y) \in VWO$ 
  by (metis Diff-iff Linear-order-VWO Linear-order-in-diff-Id UNIV-I VWO le-TC-def less-TC-imp-VWO)

lemma le-TC-0-iff [simp]:  $x \sqsubseteq 0 \longleftrightarrow x = 0$ 
  by (simp add: le-TC-def)

lemma less-TC-succ:  $x \sqsubset \text{succ } \beta \longleftrightarrow x \sqsubset \beta \vee x = \beta$ 
  by (metis elts-succ insert-iff le-TC-def less-TC-iff)

lemma le-TC-succ:  $x \sqsubseteq \text{succ } \beta \longleftrightarrow x \sqsubseteq \beta \vee x = \text{succ } \beta$ 
  by (simp add: le-TC-def less-TC-succ)

lemma Transset-TC-eq [simp]: Transset  $x \implies TC\ x = x$ 
  by (simp add: TC-least arg-subset-TC eq-iff)

lemma Ord-TC-less-iff:  $\llbracket Ord\ \alpha; Ord\ \beta \rrbracket \implies \beta \sqsubset \alpha \longleftrightarrow \beta < \alpha$ 
  by (metis Ord-def Ord-mem-iff-lt Transset-TC-eq less-TC-def)

lemma Ord-mem-iff-less-TC: Ord  $l \implies k \in \text{elts } l \longleftrightarrow k \sqsubset l$ 
  by (simp add: Ord-def less-TC-def)

lemma le-TC-Ord:  $\llbracket \beta \sqsubseteq \alpha; Ord\ \alpha \rrbracket \implies Ord\ \beta$ 
  by (metis Ord-def Ord-in-Ord Transset-TC-eq le-TC-def less-TC-def)

lemma Ord-less-TC-mem:
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$   $\beta \sqsubset \alpha$  shows  $\beta \in \text{elts } \alpha$ 
  using Ord-def assms less-TC-def by auto

lemma VWO-TC-le:  $\llbracket Ord\ \alpha; Ord\ \beta; (\beta, \alpha) \in VWO \rrbracket \implies \beta \sqsubseteq \alpha$ 
proof (induct  $\alpha$  arbitrary;  $\beta$  rule: Ord-induct)
  case (step  $\alpha$ )
  then show ?case
    by (metis DiffI IdD Linear-order-VWO Linear-order-in-diff-Id Ord-linear Ord-mem-iff-less-TC VWO iso-tuple-UNIV-I le-TC-def mem-imp-VWO)
qed

lemma VWO-iff-Ord-le [simp]:  $\llbracket Ord\ \alpha; Ord\ \beta \rrbracket \implies (\beta, \alpha) \in VWO \longleftrightarrow \beta \leq \alpha$ 
  by (metis VWO-TC-le Ord-TC-less-iff le-TC-def le-TC-imp-VWO le-less)

lemma zero-TC-le [iff]:  $0 \sqsubseteq y$ 

```

**using** le-TC-def nonzero-less-TC **by** auto

**lemma** succ-le-TC-iff:  $\text{Ord } j \implies \text{succ } i \sqsubseteq j \longleftrightarrow i \sqsubset j$   
**by** (metis Ord-in-Ord Ord-linear Ord-mem-iff-less-TC Ord-succ le-TC-def less-TC-succ less-asym-TC)

**lemma** VWO-0-iff [simp]:  $(x, 0) \in \text{VWO} \longleftrightarrow x = 0$

**proof**

show  $x = 0$  if  $(x, 0) \in \text{VWO}$

using zero-TC-le [of  $x$ ] le-TC-imp-VWO that

by (metis DiffI Linear-order-VWO Linear-order-in-diff-Id UNIV-I VWO pair-in-Id-conv)  
**qed auto**

**lemma** VWO-antisym:

assumes  $(x, y) \in \text{VWO}$   $(y, x) \in \text{VWO}$  shows  $x = y$

by (metis Diff-iff IdD Linear-order-VWO Linear-order-in-diff-Id UNIV-I VWO assms)

## 2.7.2 Relation VWF

**definition** VWF where  $\text{VWF} \equiv \text{VWO} - \text{Id}$

**lemma** wf-VWF [iff]: wf VWF

by (simp add: VWF-def wf-VWO)

**lemma** trans-VWF [iff]: trans VWF

by (simp add: VWF-def antisym-VWO trans-VWO trans-diff-Id)

**lemma** asym-VWF [iff]: asym VWF

by (metis wf-VWF wf-imp-asym)

**lemma** total-VWF [iff]: total VWF

using VWF-def total-VWOId by auto

**lemma** total-on-VWF [iff]: total-on A VWF

by (meson UNIV-I total-VWF total-on-def)

**lemma** VWF-asym:

assumes  $(x, y) \in \text{VWF}$   $(y, x) \in \text{VWF}$  shows False

using VWF-def assms wf-VWO wf-not-sym by fastforce

**lemma** VWF-non-refl [iff]:  $(x, x) \notin \text{VWF}$

by simp

**lemma** VWF-iff-Ord-less [simp]:  $\llbracket \text{Ord } \alpha; \text{Ord } \beta \rrbracket \implies (\alpha, \beta) \in \text{VWF} \longleftrightarrow \alpha < \beta$

by (simp add: VWF-def less-V-def)

**lemma** mem-imp-VWF:  $x \in \text{elts } y \implies (x, y) \in \text{VWF}$

using VWF-def mem-imp-VWO by fastforce

## 2.8 Order types

```

definition ordermap :: 'a set  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\times$  'a) set  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  V
  where ordermap A r  $\equiv$  wfrec r ( $\lambda f\ x.$  set (f ' {y  $\in$  A. (y,x)  $\in$  r}))

definition ordertype :: 'a set  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\times$  'a) set  $\Rightarrow$  V
  where ordertype A r  $\equiv$  set (ordermap A r ' A)

lemma ordermap-type:
  small A  $\implies$  ordermap A r  $\in$  A  $\rightarrow$  elts (ordertype A r)
  by (simp add: ordertype-def)

lemma ordermap-in-ordertype [intro]:  $\llbracket a \in A; \text{small } A \rrbracket \implies \text{ordermap } A r a \in \text{elts}$  (ordertype A r)
  by (simp add: ordertype-def)

lemma ordermap: wf r  $\implies$  ordermap A r a = set (ordermap A r ' {y  $\in$  A. (y,a)  $\in$  r})
  unfolding ordermap-def
  by (auto simp: wfrec-fixpoint adm-wf-def)

lemma wf-Ord-ordermap [iff]: assumes wf r trans r shows Ord (ordermap A r x)
  using <wf r>
  proof (induction x rule: wf-induct-rule)
    case (less u)
      have Transset (set (ordermap A r ' {y  $\in$  A. (y, u)  $\in$  r}))
      proof (clarify simp add: Transset-def)
        show x  $\in$  ordermap A r ' {y  $\in$  A. (y, u)  $\in$  r}
          if small (ordermap A r ' {y  $\in$  A. (y, u)  $\in$  r})
            and x: x  $\in$  elts (ordermap A r y) and y  $\in$  A (y, u)  $\in$  r for x y
          proof -
            have ordermap A r y = ZFC-in-HOL.set (ordermap A r ' {a  $\in$  A. (a, y)  $\in$  r})
              using ordermap_assms(1) by force
              then have x  $\in$  ordermap A r ' {z  $\in$  A. (z, y)  $\in$  r}
                by (metis (no-types, lifting) elts-of-set empty-iff x)
              then have  $\exists v. v \in A \wedge (v, u) \in r \wedge x = \text{ordermap } A r v$ 
                using that_transD [OF <trans r>] by blast
              then show ?thesis
                by blast
            qed
            qed
            moreover have Ord x
              if x  $\in$  elts (set (ordermap A r ' {y  $\in$  A. (y, u)  $\in$  r})) for x
              using that_less by (auto simp: split: if-split-asm)
            ultimately show ?case
              by (metis (full-types) Ord_def ordermap_assms(1))
            qed

```

```

lemma wf-Ord-ordertype: assumes wf r trans r shows Ord(ordertype A r)
proof -
  have y ≤ set (ordermap A r ` A)
    if y = ordermap A r x x ∈ A small (ordermap A r ` A) for x y
    using that by (auto simp: less-eq-V-def ordermap [OF `wf r`, of A x])
  moreover have z ≤ y if y ∈ ordermap A r ` A z ∈ elts y for y z
    by (metis wf-Ord-ordermap OrdmemD assms imageE order.strict-implies-order
      that)
  ultimately show ?thesis
  unfolding ordertype-def Ord-def Transset-def by simp
qed

lemma Ord-ordertype [simp]: Ord(ordertype A VWF)
  using wf-Ord-ordertype by blast

lemma Ord-ordermap [simp]: Ord (ordermap A VWF x)
  by blast

lemma ordertype-singleton [simp]:
  assumes wf r
  shows ordertype {x} r = 1
proof -
  have †: {y. y = x ∧ (y, x) ∈ r} = {}
    using assms by auto
  show ?thesis
    by (auto simp add: ordertype-def assms † ordermap [where a=x])
qed

```

### 2.8.1 ordermap preserves the orderings in both directions

```

lemma ordermap-mono:
  assumes wx: (w, x) ∈ r and wf r w ∈ A small A
  shows ordermap A r w ∈ elts (ordermap A r x)
proof -
  have small {a ∈ A. (a, x) ∈ r} ∧ w ∈ A ∧ (w, x) ∈ r
    by (simp add: assms)
  then show ?thesis
    using assms ordermap [of r A]
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) elts-of-set image-eqI mem-Collect-eq replacement)
qed

lemma converse-ordermap-mono:
  assumes ordermap A r y ∈ elts (ordermap A r x) wf r total-on A r x ∈ A y ∈
  A small A
  shows (y, x) ∈ r
proof (cases x = y)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  using assms(1) mem-not-refl by blast

```

```

next
  case False
    then consider  $(x,y) \in r \mid (y,x) \in r$ 
      using  $\langle \text{total-on } A \ r \rangle$  assms by (meson UNIV-I total-on-def)
    then show ?thesis
      by (meson ordermap-mono assms mem-not-sym)
  qed

lemma converse-ordermap-mono-iff:
  assumes  $\text{wf } r \text{ total-on } A \ r \ x \in A \ y \in A \ \text{small } A$ 
  shows  $\text{ordermap } A \ r \ y \in \text{elts } (\text{ordermap } A \ r \ x) \longleftrightarrow (y, x) \in r$ 
  by (metis assms converse-ordermap-mono ordermap-mono)

lemma ordermap-surj:  $\text{elts } (\text{ordertype } A \ r) \subseteq \text{ordermap } A \ r \ ' A$ 
  unfolding ordertype-def by simp

lemma ordermap-bij:
  assumes  $\text{wf } r \text{ total-on } A \ r \ \text{small } A$ 
  shows  $\text{bij-betw } (\text{ordermap } A \ r) \ A \ (\text{elts } (\text{ordertype } A \ r))$ 
  unfolding bij-betw-def
  proof (intro conjI)
    show inj-on  $(\text{ordermap } A \ r) \ A$ 
    unfolding inj-on-def by (metis assms mem-not-refl ordermap-mono total-on-def)
    show  $\text{ordermap } A \ r \ ' A = \text{elts } (\text{ordertype } A \ r)$ 
      by (metis ordertype-def <small A> elts-of-set replacement)
  qed

lemma ordermap-eq-iff [simp]:
   $\llbracket x \in A; y \in A; \text{wf } r; \text{total-on } A \ r; \text{small } A \rrbracket \implies \text{ordermap } A \ r \ x = \text{ordermap } A \ r \ y \longleftrightarrow x = y$ 
  by (metis bij-betw-iff-bijections ordermap-bij)

lemma inv-into-ordermap:  $\alpha \in \text{elts } (\text{ordertype } A \ r) \implies \text{inv-into } A \ (\text{ordermap } A \ r) \ \alpha \in A$ 
  by (meson in-mono inv-into-into ordermap-surj)

lemma ordertype-nat-imp-finite:
  assumes  $\text{ordertype } A \ r = \text{ord-of-nat } m \ \text{small } A \ \text{wf } r \text{ total-on } A \ r$ 
  shows  $\text{finite } A$ 
  proof -
    have  $A \approx \text{elts } m$ 
      using eqpoll-def assms ordermap-bij by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
      using eqpoll-finite-iff finite-Ord-omega by blast
  qed

lemma wf-ordertype-eqpoll:
  assumes  $\text{wf } r \text{ total-on } A \ r \ \text{small } A$ 
  shows  $\text{elts } (\text{ordertype } A \ r) \approx A$ 

```

```
using assms eqpoll-def eqpoll-sym ordermap-bij by blast
```

**lemma** ordertype-eqpoll:

assumes small A

shows elts (ordertype A VWF) ≈ A

using assms wf-ordertype-eqpoll total-VWF wf-VWF

by (simp add: wf-ordertype-eqpoll total-on-def)

## 2.9 More advanced ordertype and ordermap results

**lemma** ordermap-VWF-0 [simp]: ordermap A VWF 0 = 0

by (simp add: ordermap wf-VWO VWF-def)

**lemma** ordertype-empty [simp]: ordertype {} r = 0

by (simp add: ordertype-def)

**lemma** ordertype-eq-0-iff [simp]: [|small X; wf r|] ==> ordertype X r = 0 <=> X = {}

by (metis ordertype-def elts-of-set replacement image-is-empty zero-V-def)

**lemma** ordermap-mono-less:

assumes (w, x) ∈ r

and wf r trans r

and w ∈ A x ∈ A

and small A

shows ordermap A r w < ordermap A r x

by (simp add: OrdmemD assms ordermap-mono)

**lemma** ordermap-mono-le:

assumes (w, x) ∈ r ∨ w=x

and wf r trans r

and w ∈ A x ∈ A

and small A

shows ordermap A r w ≤ ordermap A r x

by (metis assms dual-order.strict-implies-order eq-refl ordermap-mono-less)

**lemma** converse-ordermap-le-mono:

assumes ordermap A r y ≤ ordermap A r x wf r total r x ∈ A small A

shows (y, x) ∈ r ∨ y=x

by (meson UNIV-I assms mem-not-refl ordermap-mono total-on-def vsubsetD)

**lemma** ordertype-mono:

assumes X ⊆ Y and r: wf r trans r and small Y

shows ordertype X r ≤ ordertype Y r

**proof** –

have small X

using assms smaller-than-small by fastforce

have \*: ordermap X r x ≤ ordermap Y r x for x

using ‹wf r›

```

proof (induction x rule: wf-induct-rule)
  case (less x)
    have ordermap X r z < ordermap Y r x if z ∈ X and zx: (z,x) ∈ r for z
      using less [OF zx] assms
      by (meson Ord-linear2 OrdmemD wf-Ord-ordermap ordermap-mono in-mono
            leD that(1) vsubsetD zx)
    then show ?case
      by (auto simp add: ordermap [of - X x] <small X> Ord-mem-iff-lt set-image-le-iff
            less-eq-V-def r)
    qed
    show ?thesis
  proof –
    have ordermap Y r ` Y = elts (ordertype Y r)
      by (metis ordertype-def <small Y> elts-of-set replacement)
    then have ordertype Y r ∉ ordermap X r ` X
      using * X ⊆ Y by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis Ord-linear2 Ord-mem-iff-lt ordertype-def wf-Ord-ordertype <small
            X> elts-of-set replacement r)
    qed
  qed

corollary ordertype-VWF-mono:
  assumes X ⊆ Y small Y
  shows ordertype X VWF ≤ ordertype Y VWF
  using assms by (simp add: ordertype-mono)

lemma ordertype-UNION-ge:
  assumes A ∈ A wf r trans r A ⊆ Collect small small A
  shows ordertype A r ≤ ordertype (UNION A) r
  by (rule ordertype-mono) (use assms in auto)

lemma inv-ordermap-mono-less:
  assumes (inv-into M (ordermap M r) α, inv-into M (ordermap M r) β ∈ r
            and small M and α: α ∈ elts (ordertype M r) and β: β ∈ elts (ordertype M r)
            and wf r trans r
  shows α < β
  proof –
    have α = ordermap M r (inv-into M (ordermap M r) α)
      by (metis α f-inv-into-f ordermap-surj subset-eq)
    also have ... < ordermap M r (inv-into M (ordermap M r) β)
      by (meson α β assms in-mono inv-into-into ordermap-mono-less ordermap-surj)
    also have ... = β
      by (meson β f-inv-into-f in-mono ordermap-surj)
    finally show ?thesis .
  qed

lemma inv-ordermap-mono-eq:
  assumes inv-into M (ordermap M r) α = inv-into M (ordermap M r) β

```

**and**  $\alpha \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \ r)$   $\beta \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \ r)$   
**shows**  $\alpha = \beta$   
**by** (metis assms f-inv-into-f ordermap-surj subsetD)

**lemma** inv-ordermap-VWF-mono-le:  
**assumes** inv-into  $M$  (ordermap  $M$  VWF)  $\alpha \leq \text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF})$   
 $\beta$   
**and**  $M \subseteq \text{ON small } M$  **and**  $\alpha: \alpha \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF})$  **and**  $\beta: \beta \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF})$   
**shows**  $\alpha \leq \beta$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $\alpha = \text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF} (\text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF}) \alpha)$   
**by** (metis  $\alpha$  f-inv-into-f ordermap-surj subset-eq)  
**also have**  $\dots \leq \text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF} (\text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF}) \beta)$   
**by** (metis ON-imp-Ord VWF-iff-Ord-less assms dual-order.strict-implies-order  
elts-of-set eq-refl inv-into-into order.not-eq-order-implies-strict ordermap-mono-less  
ordertype-def replacement trans-VWF wf-VWF)  
**also have**  $\dots = \beta$   
**by** (meson  $\beta$  f-inv-into-f in-mono ordermap-surj)  
**finally show** ?thesis .  
**qed**

**lemma** inv-ordermap-VWF-mono-iff:  
**assumes**  $M \subseteq \text{ON small } M$  **and**  $\alpha \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF})$  **and**  $\beta \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF})$   
**shows**  $\text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF}) \alpha \leq \text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF}) \beta$   
 $\longleftrightarrow \alpha \leq \beta$   
**by** (metis ON-imp-Ord Ord-linear-le assms dual-order.eq-iff inv-into-ordermap  
inv-ordermap-VWF-mono-le)

**lemma** inv-ordermap-VWF-strict-mono-iff:  
**assumes**  $M \subseteq \text{ON small } M$  **and**  $\alpha \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF})$  **and**  $\beta \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF})$   
**shows**  $\text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF}) \alpha < \text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF}) \beta$   
 $\longleftrightarrow \alpha < \beta$   
**by** (simp add: assms inv-ordermap-VWF-mono-iff less-le-not-le)

**lemma** strict-mono-on-ordertype:  
**assumes**  $M \subseteq \text{ON small } M$   
**obtains**  $f$  **where**  $f \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF}) \rightarrow M$  strict-mono-on (elts (ordertype  $M$  VWF))  $f$   
**proof**  
**show**  $\text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF}) \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF}) \rightarrow M$   
**by** (meson Pi-I' in-mono inv-into-into ordermap-surj)  
**show** strict-mono-on (elts (ordertype  $M$  VWF)) (inv-into  $M$  (ordermap  $M$  VWF))  
**proof** (clar simp simp: strict-mono-on-def)  
**fix**  $x y$   
**assume**  $x \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF})$   $y \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } M \text{ VWF})$   $x < y$   
**then show**  $\text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M \text{ VWF}) x < \text{inv-into } M (\text{ordermap } M$

```

VWF) y
  using assms by (meson ON-imp-Ord Ord-linear2 inv-into-into inv-ordermap-VWF-mono-le
leD ordermap-surj subsetD)
  qed
qed

lemma ordermap-inc-eq:
  assumes  $x \in A$  small  $A$ 
  and  $\pi: \bigwedge x y. [\![x \in A; y \in A; (x, y) \in r]\!] \implies (\pi x, \pi y) \in s$ 
  and  $r: wf r$  total-on  $A$   $r$  and  $wf s$ 
  shows ordermap  $(\pi`A)$   $s$   $(\pi x) =$  ordermap  $A$   $r x$ 
  using  $\langle wf r \rangle \langle x \in A \rangle$ 
  proof (induction x rule: wf-induct-rule)
    case (less  $x$ )
      then have 1:  $\{y \in A. (y, x) \in r\} = A \cap \{y. (y, x) \in r\}$ 
      using  $r$  by auto
      have 2:  $\{y \in \pi`A. (y, \pi x) \in s\} = \pi`A \cap \{y. (y, \pi x) \in s\}$ 
      by auto
      have inv $\pi$ :  $\bigwedge x y. [\![x \in A; y \in A; (\pi x, \pi y) \in s]\!] \implies (x, y) \in r$ 
      by (metis  $\pi$   $\langle wf s \rangle$  <total-on A r> total-on-def wf-not-sym)
      have eq:  $f`(\pi`A \cap \{y. (y, \pi x) \in s\}) = (f \circ \pi)`(A \cap \{y. (y, x) \in r\})$  for  $f$ 
      :: ' $b \Rightarrow V$ 
      using less by (auto simp: image-subset-iff inv $\pi$   $\pi$ )
      show ?case
        using less
        by (simp add: ordermap [OF  $\langle wf r \rangle$ , of - x] ordermap [OF  $\langle wf s \rangle$ , of -  $\pi x$ ] 1 2
eq)
      qed

lemma ordertype-inc-eq:
  assumes small  $A$ 
  and  $\pi: \bigwedge x y. [\![x \in A; y \in A; (x, y) \in r]\!] \implies (\pi x, \pi y) \in s$ 
  and  $r: wf r$  total-on  $A$   $r$  and  $wf s$ 
  shows ordertype  $(\pi`A)$   $s =$  ordertype  $A$   $r$ 
  proof –
    have ordermap  $(\pi`A)$   $s$   $(\pi x) =$  ordermap  $A$   $r x$  if  $x \in A$  for  $x$ 
    using assms that by (auto simp: ordermap-inc-eq)
    then show ?thesis
      unfolding ordertype-def
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) image-cong image-image)
  qed

lemma ordertype-inc-le:
  assumes small  $A$  small  $B$ 
  and  $\pi: \bigwedge x y. [\![x \in A; y \in A; (x, y) \in r]\!] \implies (\pi x, \pi y) \in s$ 
  and  $r: wf r$  total-on  $A$   $r$  and  $wf s$  trans  $s$ 
  and  $\pi`A \subseteq B$ 
  shows ordertype  $A$   $r \leq$  ordertype  $B$   $s$ 
  by (metis assms ordertype-inc-eq ordertype-mono)

```

```

corollary ordertype-VWF-inc-eq:
  assumes  $A \subseteq ON$   $\pi`A \subseteq ON$  small  $A$  and  $\bigwedge x y. [x \in A; y \in A; x < y] \implies \pi x < \pi y$ 
  shows ordertype( $\pi`A$ ) VWF = ordertype  $A$  VWF
proof (rule ordertype-inc-eq)
  show  $(\pi x, \pi y) \in VWF$ 
    if  $x \in A$   $y \in A$   $(x, y) \in VWF$  for  $x y$ 
    using that  $ON$ -imp-Ord assms by auto
  show total-on  $A$  VWF
    by (meson UNIV-I total-VWF total-on-def)
qed (use assms in auto)

lemma ordertype-image-ordermap:
  assumes small  $A$   $X \subseteq A$  wf  $r$  trans  $r$  total-on  $X$   $r$ 
  shows ordertype(ordermap  $A r`X$ ) VWF = ordertype  $X$   $r$ 
proof (rule ordertype-inc-eq)
  show small  $X$ 
    by (meson assms smaller-than-small)
  show (ordermap  $A r x$ , ordermap  $A r y$ )  $\in VWF$ 
    if  $x \in X$   $y \in X$   $(x, y) \in r$  for  $x y$ 
    by (meson that wf-Ord-ordermap VWF-iff-Ord-less assms ordermap-mono-less subsetD)
  qed (use assms in auto)

lemma ordertype-map-image:
  assumes  $B \subseteq A$  small  $A$ 
  shows ordertype(ordermap  $A$  VWF `  $A - ordermap A$  VWF `  $B$ ) VWF = ordertype( $A - B$ ) VWF
proof -
  have ordermap  $A$  VWF `  $A - ordermap A$  VWF `  $B$  = ordermap  $A$  VWF ` ( $A - B$ )
    using assms by auto
  then have ordertype(ordermap  $A$  VWF `  $A - ordermap A$  VWF `  $B$ ) VWF = ordertype(ordermap  $A$  VWF ` ( $A - B$ )) VWF
    by simp
  also have ... = ordertype( $A - B$ ) VWF
    using (small  $A$ ) ordertype-image-ordermap by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

proposition ordertype-le-ordertype:
  assumes  $r$ : wf  $r$  total-on  $A$   $r$  and small  $A$ 
  assumes  $s$ : wf  $s$  total-on  $B$   $s$  trans  $s$  and small  $B$ 
  shows ordertype  $A$   $r \leq$  ordertype  $B$   $s \longleftrightarrow$ 
     $(\exists f \in A \rightarrow B. inj-on f A \wedge (\forall x \in A. \forall y \in A. ((x, y) \in r \longrightarrow (f x, f y) \in s)))$ 
    (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof

```

```

assume L: ?lhs
define f where f ≡ inv-into B (ordermap B s) ∘ ordermap A r
show ?rhs
proof (intro bexI conjI ballI impI)
  have AB: elts (ordertype A r) ⊆ ordermap B s ` B
    by (metis L assms(7) ordertype-def replacement set-of-elts small-elts subset-iff-less-eq-V)
  have bijA: bij-btw (ordermap A r) A (elts (ordertype A r))
    using ordermap-bij ⟨small A⟩ r by blast
  have inv-into B (ordermap B s) (ordermap A r i) ∈ B if i ∈ A for i
    by (meson L ⟨small A⟩ inv-into-into ordermap-in-ordertype ordermap-surj subsetD that vsubsetD)
  then show f ∈ A → B
    by (auto simp: Pi-iff f-def)
  show inj-on f A
  proof (clarify simp add: f-def inj-on-def)
    fix x y
    assume x ∈ A y ∈ A
      and inv-into B (ordermap B s) (ordermap A r x) = inv-into B (ordermap B s) (ordermap A r y)
    then have ordermap A r x = ordermap A r y
      by (meson AB ⟨small A⟩ inv-into-injective ordermap-in-ordertype subsetD)
    then show x = y
      by (metis ⟨x ∈ A⟩ ⟨y ∈ A⟩ bijA bij-btw-inv-into-left)
  qed
next
fix x y
assume x ∈ A y ∈ A and (x, y) ∈ r
have †: ordermap A r y ∈ ordermap B s ` B
  by (meson L ⟨y ∈ A⟩ ⟨small A⟩ in-mono ordermap-in-ordertype ordermap-surj vsubsetD)
moreover have †: ∀x. inv-into B (ordermap B s) (ordermap A r x) = f x
  by (simp add: f-def)
then have *: ordermap B s (f y) = ordermap A r y
  using † by (metis f-inv-into-f)
moreover have ordermap A r x ∈ ordermap B s ` B
  by (meson L ⟨x ∈ A⟩ ⟨small A⟩ in-mono ordermap-in-ordertype ordermap-surj vsubsetD)
moreover have ordermap A r x < ordermap A r y
  using * r s by (metis (no-types) wf-Ord-ordermap OrdmemD ⟨(x, y) ∈ r⟩ ⟨x ∈ A⟩ ⟨small A⟩ ordermap-mono)
ultimately show (f x, f y) ∈ s
  using † s by (metis assms(7) f-inv-into-f inv-into-into less-asym ordermap-mono-less total-on-def)
qed
next
assume R: ?rhs
then obtain f where f: f ∈ A → B inj-on f A ∀x ∈ A. ∀y ∈ A. (x, y) ∈ r → (f x, f y) ∈ s

```

```

by blast
show ?lhs
by (rule ordertype-inc-le [where  $\pi=f$ ]) (use f assms in auto)
qed

lemma iso-imp-ordertype-eq-ordertype:
assumes iso: iso r r' f
and wf r
and Total r
and sm: small (Field r)
shows ordertype (Field r) r = ordertype (Field r') r'
by (metis (no-types, lifting) iso-forward iso-wf assms iso-Field ordertype-inc-eq
sm)

lemma ordertype-infinite-ge-omega:
assumes infinite A small A
shows ordertype A VWF  $\geq \omega$ 
proof -
have inj-on (ordermap A VWF) A
by (meson ordermap-bij ⟨small A⟩ bij-betw-def total-on-VWF wf-VWF)
then have infinite (ordermap A VWF ` A)
using ⟨infinite A⟩ finite-image-iff by blast
then show ?thesis
using Ord-ordertype ⟨small A⟩ infinite-Ord-omega by (auto simp: ordertype-def)
qed

lemma ordertype-eqI:
assumes wf r total-on A r small A wf s
bij-betw f A B ( $\forall x \in A. \forall y \in A. (f x, f y) \in s \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in r$ )
shows ordertype A r = ordertype B s
by (metis assms bij-betw-imp-surj-on ordertype-inc-eq)

lemma ordermap-eq-self:
assumes Ord α and x:  $x \in \text{elts } \alpha$ 
shows ordermap (elts α) VWF x = x
using Ord-in-Ord [OF assms] x
proof (induction x rule: Ord-induct)
case (step x)
have 1:  $\{y \in \text{elts } \alpha. (y, x) \in \text{VWF}\} = \text{elts } x$  (is ?A = -)
proof
show ?A ⊆ elts x
using ⟨Ord α⟩ by clarify (meson Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt VWF-iff-Ord-less
step.hyps)
show elts x ⊆ ?A
using ⟨Ord α⟩ by clarify (meson Ord-in-Ord Ord-trans OrdmemD VWF-iff-Ord-less
step.prem)
qed
show ?case
using step

```

```

by (simp add: ordermap [OF wf-VWF, of - x] 1 Ord-trans [of - - α] step.prems
⟨Ord α, cong: image-cong)
qed

```

```

lemma ordertype-eq-Ord [simp]:
assumes Ord α
shows ordertype (elts α) VWF = α
using assms ordermap-eq-self [OF assms] by (simp add: ordertype-def)

```

**proposition** ordertype-eq-iff:

```

assumes α: Ord α and r: wf r and small A total-on A r trans r
shows ordertype A r = α  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
      ( $\exists f$ . bij-betw f A (elts α)  $\wedge$  ( $\forall x \in A$ .  $\forall y \in A$ .  $f x < f y \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in r$ ))
      (is ?lhs = ?rhs)

```

**proof** safe

```

assume eq: α = ordertype A r
show  $\exists f$ . bij-betw f A (elts (ordertype A r))  $\wedge$  ( $\forall x \in A$ .  $\forall y \in A$ .  $f x < f y \longleftrightarrow ((x, y) \in r)$ )
proof (intro exI conjI ballI)
show bij-betw (ordermap A r) A (elts (ordertype A r))
by (simp add: assms ordermap-bij)
then show ordermap A r x < ordermap A r y  $\longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in r$ 
if  $x \in A$   $y \in A$  for x y
using that assms
by (metis order.asym ordermap-mono-less total-on-def)

```

**qed**

**next**

**fix** f

```

assume f: bij-betw f A (elts α)  $\forall x \in A$ .  $\forall y \in A$ .  $f x < f y \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in r$ 
have ordertype A r = ordertype (elts α) VWF

```

```

proof (rule ordertype-eqI)
show  $\forall x \in A$ .  $\forall y \in A$ .  $((f x, f y) \in VWF) = ((x, y) \in r)$ 
by (meson Ord-in-Ord VWF-iff-Ord-less α bij-betwE f)

```

**qed** (use assms f in auto)

**then show** ?lhs

**by** (simp add: α)

**qed**

**corollary** ordertype-VWF-eq-iff:

```

assumes Ord α small A
shows ordertype A VWF = α  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
      ( $\exists f$ . bij-betw f A (elts α)  $\wedge$  ( $\forall x \in A$ .  $\forall y \in A$ .  $f x < f y \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in VWF$ ))
by (metis UNIV-I assms ordertype-eq-iff total-VWF total-on-def trans-VWF wf-VWF)

```

**lemma** ordertype-le-Ord:

```

assumes Ord α X ⊆ elts α
shows ordertype X VWF ≤ α

```

**by** (metis assms ordertype- VWF-mono ordertype-eq-Ord small-elts)

**lemma** ordertype-inc-le-Ord:

assumes small A Ord α

and  $\pi: \bigwedge x y. [x \in A; y \in A; (x, y) \in r] \implies \pi x < \pi y$

and wf r total-on A r

and sub:  $\pi`A \subseteq \text{elts } \alpha$

shows ordertype A r ≤ α

**proof** –

have  $\bigwedge x y. [x \in A; y \in A; (x, y) \in r] \implies (\pi x, \pi y) \in \text{VWF}$

by (meson Ord-in-Ord VWF-iff-Ord-less π `Ord α sub image-subset-iff)

with assms show ?thesis

by (metis ordertype-inc-eq ordertype-le-Ord wf-VWF)

qed

**lemma** le-ordertype-obtains-subset:

assumes  $\alpha: \beta \leq \alpha$  ordertype H VWF = α and small H Ord β

obtains G where  $G \subseteq H$  ordertype G VWF = β

**proof** (intro exI conjI that)

let ?f = ordermap H VWF

show ?: inv-into H ?f ` elts β ⊆ H

unfolding image-subset-iff

by (metis α inv-into-into ordermap-surj subsetD vsubsetD)

have  $\exists f. \text{bij-betw } f (\text{inv-into } H ?f` \text{elts } \beta) (\text{elts } \beta) \wedge (\forall x \in \text{inv-into } H ?f` \text{elts } \beta.$

$\forall y \in \text{inv-into } H ?f` \text{elts } \beta. (fx < fy) = ((x, y) \in \text{VWF}))$

**proof** (intro exI conjI ballI iffI)

show bij-betw ?f (inv-into H ?f ` elts β) (elts β)

using ordermap-bij [OF wf-VWF total-on-VWF `small H` α]

by (metis bij-betw-inv-into-RIGHT bij-betw-subset less-eq-V-def ?)

**next**

fix x y

assume x:  $x \in \text{inv-into } H ?f` \text{elts } \beta$

and y:  $y \in \text{inv-into } H ?f` \text{elts } \beta$

show ?fx < ?fy if  $(x, y) \in \text{VWF}$

using that ? `small H` in-mono ordermap-mono-less x y by fastforce

show  $(x, y) \in \text{VWF}$  if ?fx < ?fy

using that ? `small H` in-mono ordermap-mono-less [OF - wf-VWF trans-VWF]

x y

by (metis UNIV-I less-imp-not-less total-VWF total-on-def)

qed

then show ordertype (inv-into H ?f ` elts β) VWF = β

by (subst ordertype-eq-iff) (use assms in auto)

qed

**lemma** ordertype-infinite-ω:

assumes  $A \subseteq \text{elts } \omega$  infinite A

shows ordertype A VWF = ω

**proof** (rule antisym)

show ordertype A VWF ≤ ω

```

    by (simp add: assms ordertype-le-Ord)
  show  $\omega \leq \text{ordertype } A$  VWF
    using assms down ordertype-infinite-ge- $\omega$  by auto
qed

```

For infinite sets of natural numbers

```

lemma ordertype-nat- $\omega$ :
  assumes infinite N shows ordertype N less-than =  $\omega$ 
proof -
  have small N
    by (meson inj-on-def ord-of-nat-inject small-def small-iff-range small-image-nat-V)
  have ordertype (ord-of-nat ' N) VWF =  $\omega$ 
    by (force simp: assms finite-image-iff inj-on-def intro: ordertype-infinite- $\omega$ )
  moreover have ordertype (ord-of-nat ' N) VWF = ordertype N less-than
    by (auto intro: ordertype-inc-eq `small N`)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by simp
qed

```

```

proposition ordertype-eq-ordertype:
  assumes r: wf r total-on A r trans r and small A
  assumes s: wf s total-on B s trans s and small B
  shows ordertype A r = ordertype B s  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
    ( $\exists f$ . bij-betw f A B  $\wedge$  ( $\forall x \in A$ .  $\forall y \in A$ .  $(f x, f y) \in s \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in r$ ))
    (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof
  assume L: ?lhs
  define  $\gamma$  where  $\gamma = \text{ordertype } A$  r
  have A: bij-betw (ordermap A r) A (ordermap A r ' A)
    by (meson ordermap-bij assms(4) bij-betw-def r)
  have B: bij-betw (ordermap B s) B (ordermap B s ' B)
    by (meson ordermap-bij assms(8) bij-betw-def s)
  define f where  $f \equiv \text{inv-into } B$  (ordermap B s)  $\circ$  ordermap A r
  show ?rhs
proof (intro exI conjI)
  have bijA: bij-betw (ordermap A r) A (elts  $\gamma$ )
    unfolding  $\gamma$ -def using ordermap-bij `small A` r by blast
  moreover have bijB: bij-betw (ordermap B s) B (elts  $\gamma$ )
    by (simp add: L  $\gamma$ -def ordermap-bij `small B` s)
  ultimately show bij: bij-betw f A B
    unfolding f-def using bij-betw-comp-iff bij-betw-inv-into by blast
  have invB:  $\bigwedge \alpha$ .  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \gamma \implies \text{ordermap } B s (\text{inv-into } B (\text{ordermap } B s) \alpha) = \alpha$ 
    by (meson bijB bij-betw-inv-into-right)
  have ordermap-A- $\gamma$ :  $\bigwedge a$ .  $a \in A \implies \text{ordermap } A r a \in \text{elts } \gamma$ 
    using bijA bij-betwE by auto
  have f-in-B:  $\bigwedge a$ .  $a \in A \implies f a \in B$ 
    using bij bij-betwE by fastforce
  show  $\forall x \in A$ .  $\forall y \in A$ .  $(f x, f y) \in s \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in r$ 

```

```

proof (intro iffI ballI)
  fix  $x y$ 
  assume  $x \in A$   $y \in A$  and  $\text{ins}: (f x, f y) \in s$ 
  then have  $\text{ordermap } A r x < \text{ordermap } A r y$ 
    unfolding  $o\text{-def}$ 
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) f-def <small B> comp-apply f-in-B invB
 $\text{ordermap-}A\text{-}\gamma \text{ordermap-mono-less } s(1) s(3)$ )
  then show  $(x, y) \in r$ 
    by (metis <x \in A> <y \in A> <small A> order.asym ordermap-mono-less r
 $\text{total-on-def}$ )
  next
    fix  $x y$ 
    assume  $x \in A$   $y \in A$  and  $(x, y) \in r$ 
    then have  $\text{ordermap } A r x < \text{ordermap } A r y$ 
      by (simp add: <small A> ordermap-mono-less r)
    then have  $(f y, f x) \notin s$ 
      by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) <x \in A> <y \in A> <small B> comp-apply f-def
 $f\text{-in-}B \text{invB order.asym ordermap-}A\text{-}\gamma \text{ordermap-mono-less } s(1) s(3)$ )
    moreover have  $f y \neq f x$ 
      by (metis <(x, y) \in r> <x \in A> <y \in A> bij bij-betw-inv-into-left r(1)
 $wf\text{-not-sym}$ )
    ultimately show  $(f x, f y) \in s$ 
      by (meson <x \in A> <y \in A> f\text{-in-}B s(2) total-on-def)
    qed
  qed
  next
    assume  $?rhs$ 
    then show  $?lhs$ 
      using assms ordertype-eqI by blast
  qed

corollary  $\text{ordertype-eq-ordertype-iso}:$ 
assumes  $r: wf r \text{total-on } A r \text{trans } r \text{ and small } A \text{ and FA: Field } r = A$ 
assumes  $s: wf s \text{total-on } B s \text{trans } s \text{ and small } B \text{ and FB: Field } s = B$ 
shows  $\text{ordertype } A r = \text{ordertype } B s \longleftrightarrow (\exists f. \text{iso } r s f)$ 
  (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof
  assume  $L: ?lhs$ 
  then obtain  $f$  where  $bij\text{-betw } f A B \forall x \in A. \forall y \in A. (f x, f y) \in s \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in r$ 
  using assms ordertype-eq-ordertype by blast
  then show  $?rhs$ 
    using FA FB iso-iff2 by blast
  next
    assume  $?rhs$ 
    then show  $?lhs$ 
      using FA FB <small A> iso-imp-ordertype-eq-ordertype r by blast
  qed

```

```

lemma Limit-ordertype-imp-Field-Restr:
  assumes Lim: Limit (ordertype A r) and r: wf r total-on A r and small A
  shows Field (Restr r A) = A
  proof -
    have  $\exists y \in A. (x, y) \in r$  if  $x \in A$  for x
    proof -
      let ?oy = succ (ordermap A r x)
      have  $\S: ?oy \in \text{elts}(\text{ordertype } A \ r)$ 
      by (simp add: Lim `small A` ordermap-in-ordertype succ-in-Limit-iff that)
      then have A: inv-into A (ordermap A r) ?oy ∈ A
      by (simp add: inv-into-ordermap)
      moreover have (x, inv-into A (ordermap A r) ?oy) ∈ r
      proof -
        have ordermap A r x ∈ elts (ordermap A r (inv-into A (ordermap A r) ?oy))
        by (metis § elts-succ f-inv-into-f insert-iff ordermap-surj subsetD)
        then show ?thesis
        by (metis `small A` A converse-ordermap-mono r that)
      qed
      ultimately show ?thesis ..
    qed
    then have A ⊆ Field (Restr r A)
    by (auto simp: Field-def)
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Field-Restr-subset subset-antisym)
  qed

lemma ordertype-Field-Restr:
  assumes wf r total-on A r trans r small A Field (Restr r A) = A
  shows ordertype (Field (Restr r A)) (Restr r A) = ordertype A r
  using assms by (force simp: ordertype-eq-ordertype wf-Int1 total-on-def trans-Restr)

proposition ordertype-eq-ordertype-iso-Restr:
  assumes r: wf r total-on A r trans r and small A and FA: Field (Restr r A) = A
  assumes s: wf s total-on B s trans s and small B and FB: Field (Restr s B) = B
  shows ordertype A r = ordertype B s  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists f. \text{iso}(\text{Restr } r \ A) (\text{Restr } s \ B) f$ )
  (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
  proof
    assume L: ?lhs
    then obtain f where bij-betw f A B  $\forall x \in A. \forall y \in A. (f x, f y) \in s \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in r$ 
    using assms ordertype-eq-ordertype by blast
    then show ?rhs
    using FA FB bij-betwE unfolding iso-iff2 by fastforce
  next
    assume ?rhs
    moreover
    have ordertype (Field (Restr r A)) (Restr r A) = ordertype A r

```

```

using FA <small A> ordertype-Field-Restr r by blast
moreover
have ordertype (Field (Restr s B)) (Restr s B) = ordertype B s
  using FB <small B> ordertype-Field-Restr s by blast
ultimately show ?lhs
  using iso-imp-ordertype-eq-ordertype FA FB <small A> r
  by (fastforce intro: total-on-imp-Total-Restr trans-Restr wf-Int1)
qed

lemma ordermap-insert:
assumes Ord α and y: Ord y y ≤ α and U: U ⊆ elts α
shows ordermap (insert α U) VWF y = ordermap U VWF y
using y
proof (induction rule: Ord-induct)
case (step y)
then have 1: {u ∈ U. (u, y) ∈ VWF} = elts y ∩ U
  apply (simp add: set-eq-iff)
  by (meson Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt VWF-iff-Ord-less assms subsetD)
have 2: {u ∈ insert α U. (u, y) ∈ VWF} = elts y ∩ U
  apply (simp add: set-eq-iff)
  by (meson Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt VWF-iff-Ord-less assms leD step.hyps
step.psms subsetD)
show ?case
  using step
  apply (simp only: ordermap [OF wf-VWF, of - y] 1 2)
  by (meson Int-lower1 Ord-is-Transset Sup.SUP-cong Transset-def assms(1)
in-mono vsubsetD)
qed

lemma ordertype-insert:
assumes Ord α and U: U ⊆ elts α
shows ordertype (insert α U) VWF = succ (ordertype U VWF)
proof -
have †: {y ∈ insert α U. (y, α) ∈ VWF} = U {y ∈ U. (y, α) ∈ VWF} = U
  using Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD assms by auto
have eq: ∀x. x ∈ U ⇒ ordermap (insert α U) VWF x = ordermap U VWF x
  by (meson Ord-in-Ord Ord-is-Transset Transset-def U assms(1) in-mono
ordermap-insert)
have ordertype (insert α U) VWF =
  ZFC-in-HOL.set (insert (ordermap U VWF α) (ordermap U VWF ` U))
  by (simp add: ordertype-def ordermap-insert assms eq)
also have ... = succ (ZFC-in-HOL.set (ordermap U VWF ` U))
  using † U by (simp add: ordermap [OF wf-VWF, of - α] down succ-def vin-
sert-def)
also have ... = succ (ordertype U VWF)
  by (simp add: ordertype-def)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

```

lemma finite-ordertype-le-card:
  assumes finite A wf r trans r
  shows ordertype A r ≤ ord-of-nat (card A)
proof –
  have Ord (ordertype A r)
    by (simp add: wf-Ord-ordertype assms)
  moreover have ordermap A r ` A = elts (ordertype A r)
    by (simp add: ordertype-def finite-imp-small ⟨finite A⟩)
  moreover have card (ordermap A r ` A) ≤ card A
    using ⟨finite A⟩ card-image-le by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (metis Ord-linear-le Ord-ord-of-nat ⟨finite A⟩ card-ord-of-nat card-seteq fi-
nite-imageI less-eq-V-def)
qed

lemma ordertype-VWF-ω:
  assumes finite A
  shows ordertype A VWF ∈ elts ω
proof –
  have finite (ordermap A VWF ` A)
    using assms by blast
  then have ordertype A VWF < ω
    by (meson Ord-ω OrdmemD trans-VWF wf-VWF assms finite-ordertype-le-card
le-less-trans ord-of-nat-ω)
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Ord-mem-iff-lt)
qed

lemma ordertype-VWF-finite-nat:
  assumes finite A
  shows ordertype A VWF = ord-of-nat (card A)
    by (metis finite-imp-small ordermap-bij total-on-VWF wf-VWF ω-def assms
bij-betw-same-card card-ord-of-nat elts-of-set f-inv-into-f inf ordertype-VWF-ω)

lemma finite-ordertype-eq-card:
  assumes small A wf r trans r total-on A r
  shows ordertype A r = ord-of-nat m ↔ finite A ∧ card A = m
  using ordermap-bij [OF ⟨wf r⟩]
proof –
  have *: bij-betw (ordermap A r) A (elts (ordertype A r))
    by (simp add: assms ordermap-bij)
  moreover have card (ordermap A r ` A) = card A
    by (meson bij-betw-def * card-image)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using assms bij-betw-finite bij-betw-imp-surj-on finite-Ord-omega ordertype-VWF-finite-nat
wf-Ord-ordertype by fastforce
qed

```

```

lemma ex-bij-betw-strict-mono-card:
  assumes finite M M ⊆ ON
  obtains h where bij-betw h {..<card M} M and strict-mono-on {..<card M} h
proof -
  have bij: bij-betw (ordermap M VWF) M (elts (card M))
    using Finite-V ⟨finite M⟩ ordermap-bij ordertype-VWF-finite-nat by fastforce
  let ?h = (inv-into M (ordermap M VWF)) ∘ ord-of-nat
  show thesis
  proof
    show bijh: bij-betw ?h {..<card M} M
    proof (rule bij-betw-trans)
      show bij-betw ord-of-nat {..<card M} (elts (card M))
        by (simp add: bij-betw-def elts-ord-of-nat inj-on-def)
      show bij-betw (inv-into M (ordermap M VWF)) (elts (card M)) M
        using Finite-V assms bij-betw-inv-into ordermap-bij ordertype-VWF-finite-nat
      by fastforce
    qed
    show strict-mono-on {..<card M} ?h
    proof -
      have ?h m < ?h n
        if m < n n < card M for m n
      proof (rule ccontr)
        obtain mn: m ∈ elts (ordertype M VWF) n ∈ elts (ordertype M VWF)
          using ⟨m < n⟩ ⟨n < card M⟩ ⟨finite M⟩ ordertype-VWF-finite-nat by auto
        have ord: Ord (?h m) Ord (?h n)
          using bijh assms(2) bij-betwE that by fastforce+
        moreover
        assume ¬ ?h m < ?h n
        ultimately consider ?h m = ?h n | ?h m > ?h n
          using Ord-linear-lt by blast
        then show False
      proof cases
        case 1
        then have m = n
          by (metis inv-ordermap-mono-eq mn comp-apply ord-of-nat-inject)
        with ⟨m < n⟩ show False by blast
      next
        case 2
        then have ord-of-nat n ≤ ord-of-nat m
          by (metis Finite-V mn assms comp-def inv-ordermap-VWF-mono-less-imp-le)
        then show ?thesis
          using leD ⟨m < n⟩ by blast
      qed
    qed
    with assms show ?thesis
      by (auto simp: strict-mono-on-def)
  qed
qed

```

**qed**

```
lemma ordertype-finite-less-than [simp]:
  assumes finite A shows ordertype A less-than = card A
proof -
  let ?M = ord-of-nat ` A
  obtain M: finite ?M ?M ⊆ ON
    using Ord-ord-of-nat assms by blast
  have ordertype A less-than = ordertype ?M VWF
    by (rule ordertype-inc-eq [symmetric]) (use assms finite-imp-small total-on-def
in ⟨force+⟩)
  also have ... = card A
  proof (subst ordertype-eq-iff)
    let ?M = ord-of-nat ` A
    obtain h where bijh: bij-betw h {..<card A} ?M and smh: strict-mono-on
{..<card A} h
      by (metis M card-image ex-bij-betw-strict-mono-card inj-on-def ord-of-nat-inject)
    define f where f ≡ ord-of-nat o inv-into {..<card A} h
    show ∃f. bij-betw f ?M (elts (card A)) ∧ (∀x∈?M. ∀y∈?M. f x < f y ↔ ((x,
y) ∈ VWF))
      proof (intro exI conjI ballI)
        have bij-betw (ord-of-nat o inv-into {..<card A} h) (ord-of-nat ` A) (ord-of-nat
` {..<card A})
          by (meson UNIV-I bijh bij-betw-def bij-betw-inv-into bij-betw-subset bij-betw-trans
inj-ord-of-nat subsetI)
        then show bij-betw f ?M (elts (card A))
          by (metis elts-ord-of-nat f-def)
      next
        fix x y
        assume xy: x ∈ ?M y ∈ ?M
        then obtain m n where x = ord-of-nat m y = ord-of-nat n
          by auto
        have (f x < f y) ↔ ((h o inv-into {..<card A} h) x < (h o inv-into {..<card
A} h) y)
          unfolding f-def using smh bij-betw-imp-surj-on [OF bijh]
          apply simp
          by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) inv-into-into not-less-iff-gr-or-eq order.asym
strict-mono-onD xy)
        also have ... = (x < y)
          using bijh
          by (simp add: bij-betw-inv-into-right xy)
        also have ... ↔ ((x, y) ∈ VWF)
          using M(2) ON-imp-Ord xy by auto
        finally show (f x < f y) ↔ ((x, y) ∈ VWF) .
      qed
    qed auto
    finally show ?thesis .
  qed
```

## 2.10 Cardinality of an arbitrary HOL set

```
definition gcard :: 'a set ⇒ V
  where gcard X ≡ if small X then (LEAST i. Ord i ∧ elts i ≈ X) else 0
```

## 2.11 Cardinality of a set

```
definition vcard :: V ⇒ V
  where vcard a ≡ (LEAST i. Ord i ∧ elts i ≈ elts a)
```

```
lemma gcard-eq-vcard [simp]: gcard (elts x) = vcard x
  by (simp add: vcard-def gcard-def)
```

```
definition Card:: V ⇒ bool
  where Card i ≡ i = vcard i
```

```
abbreviation CARD where CARD ≡ Collect Card
```

```
lemma cardinal-cong: elts x ≈ elts y ⇒ vcard x = vcard y
  unfolding vcard-def by (meson eqpoll-sym eqpoll-trans)
```

```
lemma gcardinal-cong:
  assumes X ≈ Y shows gcard X = gcard Y
proof -
  have (LEAST i. Ord i ∧ elts i ≈ X) = (LEAST i. Ord i ∧ elts i ≈ Y)
    by (meson eqpoll-sym eqpoll-trans assms)
  then show ?thesis
    unfolding gcard-def
    by (meson eqpoll-sym small-eqcong assms)
qed
```

```
lemma vcard-set-image: inj-on f (elts x) ⇒ vcard (set (f ` elts x)) = vcard x
  by (simp add: cardinal-cong)
```

```
lemma gcard-image: inj-on f X ⇒ gcard (f ` X) = gcard X
  by (simp add: gcardinal-cong)
```

```
lemma Card-cardinal-eq: Card κ ⇒ vcard κ = κ
  by (simp add: Card-def)
```

```
lemma Card-is-Ord:
  assumes Card κ shows Ord κ
proof -
  obtain α where Ord α elts α ≈ elts κ
    using Ord-ordertype ordertype-eqpoll by blast
  then have Ord (LEAST i. Ord i ∧ elts i ≈ elts κ)
    by (metis Ord-Least)
  then show ?thesis
    using Card-def vcard-def assms by auto
qed
```

```

lemma cardinal-eqpoll: elts (vcard a) ≈ elts a
  unfolding vcard-def
  using ordertype-eqpoll [of elts a] Ord-LeastI by (meson Ord-ordertype small-elts)

lemma inj-into-vcard:
  obtains f where f ∈ elts A → elts (vcard A) inj-on f (elts A)
  using cardinal-eqpoll [of A] inj-on-the-inv-into the-inv-into-onto
  by (fastforce simp: Pi-iff bij-betw-def eqpoll-def)

lemma cardinal-idem [simp]: vcard (vcard a) = vcard a
  using cardinal-cong cardinal-eqpoll by blast

lemma subset-smaller-vcard:
  assumes κ ≤ vcard x Card κ
  obtains y where y ≤ x vcard y = κ
  proof –
    obtain φ where φ: bij-betw φ (elts (vcard x)) (elts x)
    using cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-def by blast
    show thesis
    proof
      let ?y = ZFC-in-HOL.set (φ ` elts κ)
      show ?y ≤ x
        by (meson φ assms bij-betwE set-image-le-iff small-elts vsubsetD)
      show vcard ?y = κ
        by (metis vcard-set-image Card-def assms bij-betw-def bij-betw-subset φ
        less-eq-V-def)
      qed
    qed

every natural number is a (finite) cardinal

lemma nat-into-Card:
  assumes α ∈ elts ω shows Card(α)
  proof (unfold Card-def vcard-def, rule sym)
  obtain n where n: α = ord-of-nat n
    by (metis ω-def assms elts-of-set imageE inf)
  have Ord(α) using assms by auto
  moreover
  { fix β
    assume β < α Ord β elts β ≈ elts α
    with n have elts β ≈ {..<n}
    by (simp add: ord-of-nat-eq-initial [of n] eqpoll-trans inj-on-def inj-on-image-eqpoll-self)
    hence False using assms n `Ord β` `β < α` `Ord(α)`
    by (metis `elts β ≈ elts α` card-seteq eqpoll-finite-iff eqpoll-iff-card finite-lessThan
    less-eq-V-def less-le-not-le order-refl)
  }
  ultimately
  show (LEAST i. Ord i ∧ elts i ≈ elts α) = α
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Least-equality Ord-linear-le eqpoll-refl less-le-not-le)

```

qed

**lemma** *Card-ord-of-nat* [simp]: *Card* (*ord-of-nat n*)  
**by** (simp add:  $\omega$ -def *nat-into-Card*)

**lemma** *Card-0* [iff]: *Card 0*  
**by** (simp add: *nat-into-Card*)

**lemma** *CardI*:  $\llbracket \text{Ord } i; \bigwedge j. \llbracket j < i; \text{Ord } j \rrbracket \implies \neg \text{elts } j \approx \text{elts } i \rrbracket \implies \text{Card } i$   
**unfolding** *Card-def vcard-def*  
**by** (metis *Ord-Least Ord-linear-lt cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-refl not-less-Ord-Least vcard-def*)

**lemma** *vcard-0* [simp]: *vcard 0 = 0*  
**using** *Card-0 Card-def* **by** auto

**lemma** *Ord-cardinal* [simp,intro!]: *Ord(vcard a)*  
**unfolding** *vcard-def* **by** (metis *Card-def Card-is-Ord cardinal-cong cardinal-eqpoll vcard-def*)

**lemma** *gcard-big-0*:  $\neg \text{small } X \implies \text{gcard } X = 0$   
**by** (simp add: *gcard-def*)

**lemma** *gcard-eq-card*:  
assumes finite *X* shows *gcard X = ord-of-nat (card X)*  
**proof** –  
have  $\bigwedge y. \text{Ord } y \wedge \text{elts } y \approx X \implies \text{ord-of-nat} (\text{card } X) \leq y$   
by (metis assms *eqpoll-finite-iff eqpoll-iff-card order-le-less ordertype-VWF-finite-nat ordertype-eq-Ord*)  
then have  $(\text{LEAST } i. \text{Ord } i \wedge \text{elts } i \approx X) = \text{ord-of-nat} (\text{card } X)$   
by (simp add: assms *eqpoll-iff-card finite-Ord-omega Least-equality*)  
with assms show ?thesis  
by (simp add: *finite-imp-small gcard-def*)  
qed

**lemma** *gcard-empty-0* [simp]: *gcard {} = 0*  
**by** (simp add: *gcard-eq-card*)

**lemma** *gcard-single-1* [simp]: *gcard {x} = 1*  
**by** (simp add: *gcard-eq-card one- V-def*)

**lemma** *Card-gcard* [iff]: *Card (gcard X)*  
**by** (metis *Card-0 Card-def cardinal-idem gcard-big-0 gcardinal-cong small-eqpoll gcard-eq-vcard*)

**lemma** *gcard-eqpoll*: *small X*  $\implies \text{elts} (\text{gcard } X) \approx X$   
**by** (metis *cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-trans gcard-eq-vcard gcardinal-cong small-eqpoll*)

**lemma** *lepoll-imp-gcard-le*:

```

assumes A  $\lesssim$  B small B
shows gcard A  $\leq$  gcard B
proof -
have elts (gcard A)  $\approx$  A elts (gcard B)  $\approx$  B
  by (meson assms gcard-eqpoll lepoll-small)+  

with ‹A  $\lesssim$  B› show ?thesis
  by (metis Ord-cardinal Ord-linear2 eqpoll-sym gcard-eq-vcard gcardinal-cong  

  lepoll-antisym  

  lepoll-trans2 less-V-def less-eq-V-def subset-imp-lepoll)
qed

lemma gcard-image-le:
assumes small A shows gcard (f ` A)  $\leq$  gcard A
using assms image-lepoll lepoll-imp-gcard-le by blast

lemma subset-imp-gcard-le:
assumes A  $\subseteq$  B small B
shows gcard A  $\leq$  gcard B
by (simp add: assms lepoll-imp-gcard-le subset-imp-lepoll)

lemma gcard-le-lepoll: [| gcard A  $\leq$   $\alpha$ ; small A |]  $\implies$  A  $\lesssim$  elts  $\alpha$ 
by (meson eqpoll-sym gcard-eqpoll lepoll-trans1 less-eq-V-def subset-imp-lepoll)

```

## 2.12 Cardinality of a set

The cardinals are the initial ordinals.

```

lemma Card-iff-initial: Card  $\kappa \longleftrightarrow$  Ord  $\kappa \wedge (\forall \alpha. Ord \alpha \wedge \alpha < \kappa \longrightarrow \sim elts \alpha$   

 $\approx elts \kappa)$ 
by (metis CardI Card-def Card-is-Ord not-less-Ord-Least vcard-def)

lemma Card- $\omega$  [iff]: Card  $\omega$ 
by (meson CardI Ord- $\omega$  eqpoll-finite-iff infinite-Ord-omega infinite- $\omega$  leD)

lemma lt-Card-imp-lesspoll: [| i < a; Card a; Ord i |]  $\implies$  elts i  $\prec$  elts a
by (meson Card-iff-initial less-eq-V-def less-imp-le lesspoll-def subset-imp-lepoll)

lemma lepoll-imp-Card-le:
assumes elts a  $\lesssim$  elts b shows vcard a  $\leq$  vcard b
using assms lepoll-imp-gcard-le by fastforce

lemma lepoll-cardinal-le: [| elts A  $\lesssim$  elts i; Ord i |]  $\implies$  vcard A  $\leq$  i
by (metis Ord-Least Ord-linear2 dual-order.trans eqpoll-refl lepoll-imp-Card-le  

not-less-Ord-Least vcard-def)

lemma cardinal-le-lepoll: vcard A  $\leq$   $\alpha \implies$  elts A  $\lesssim$  elts  $\alpha$ 
by (meson cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-sym lepoll-trans1 less-eq-V-def subset-imp-lepoll)

lemma lesspoll-imp-Card-less:
assumes elts a  $\prec$  elts b shows vcard a  $<$  vcard b

```

**by** (*metis assms cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-sym eqpoll-trans lepoll-imp-Card-le less-V-def lesspoll-def*)

```

lemma Card-Union [simp,intro]:
  assumes A:  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{Card}(x)$  shows  $\text{Card}(\bigsqcup A)$ 
  proof (rule CardI)
    show  $\text{Ord}(\bigsqcup A)$  using A
      by (simp add: Card-is-Ord Ord-Sup)
  next
    fix j
    assume j:  $j < \bigsqcup A$  Ord j
    hence  $\exists c \in A. j < c \wedge \text{Card}(c)$  using A
      by (meson Card-is-Ord Ord-linear2 ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-least leD)
    then obtain c where c:  $c \in A$   $j < c$   $\text{Card}(c)$ 
      by blast
    hence jls:  $\text{elts } j \prec \text{elts } c$ 
      using j(2) lt-Card-imp-lesspoll by blast
    { assume eqp:  $\text{elts } j \approx \text{elts } (\bigsqcup A)$ 
      have  $\text{elts } c \lesssim \text{elts } (\bigsqcup A)$  using c
        by (metis Card-def Sup-V-def ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper cardinal-le-lepoll j(1)
          not-less-0)
      also have ...  $\approx \text{elts } j$  by (rule eqpoll-sym [OF eqp])
      also have ...  $\prec \text{elts } c$  by (rule jls)
      finally have  $\text{elts } c \prec \text{elts } c$  .
      hence False
        by auto
    } thus  $\neg \text{elts } j \approx \text{elts } (\bigsqcup A)$  by blast
  qed

```

**lemma** Card-UN:  $(\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{Card}(K x)) \implies \text{Card}(\text{Sup}(K`A))$   
**by** *blast*

## 2.13 Transfinite recursion for definitions based on the three cases of ordinals

**definition**

```

transrec3 :: [V, [V,V]⇒V, [V,V⇒V]⇒V, V] ⇒ V where
transrec3 a b c ≡
  transrec (λr x.
    if x=0 then a
    else if Limit x then c x (λy ∈ elts x. r y)
    else b(pred x) (r (pred x)))

```

**lemma** transrec3-0 [*simp*]:  $\text{transrec3 } a \ b \ c \ 0 = a$   
**by** (*simp add: transrec transrec3-def*)

**lemma** transrec3-succ [*simp*]:  
 $\text{transrec3 } a \ b \ c \ (\text{succ } i) = b \ i \ (\text{transrec3 } a \ b \ c \ i)$

```

by (simp add: transrec transrec3-def)

lemma transrec3-Limit [simp]:
  Limit i ==> transrec3 a b c i = c i (λj ∈ elts i. transrec3 a b c j)
  unfolding transrec3-def
  by (subst transrec) auto

```

## 2.14 Cardinal Addition

```

definition cadd :: [V,V]⇒V      (infixl ‹⊕› 65)
  where κ ⊕ μ ≡ vcard (κ ⊕ μ)

```

### 2.14.1 Cardinal addition is commutative

```

lemma vsum-commute-eqpoll: elts (a⊕b) ≈ elts (b⊕a)
proof -
  have bij-betw (λz ∈ elts (a⊕b). sum-case Inr Inl z) (elts (a⊕b)) (elts (b⊕a))
  unfolding bij-betw-def
  proof (intro conjI inj-onI)
    show restrict (sum-case Inr Inl) (elts (a ⊕ b)) ‘ elts (a ⊕ b) = elts (b ⊕ a)
    apply auto
    apply (metis (no-types) imageI sum-case-Inr sum-iff)
    by (metis Inl-in-sum-iff imageI sum-case-Inl)
  qed auto
  then show ?thesis
  using eqpoll-def by blast
qed

```

```

lemma cadd-commute: i ⊕ j = j ⊕ i
  by (simp add: cadd-def cardinal-cong vsum-commute-eqpoll)

```

### 2.14.2 Cardinal addition is associative

```

lemma sum-assoc-bij:
  bij-betw (λz ∈ elts ((a⊕b)⊕c). sum-case(sum-case Inl (λy. Inr(Inl y))) (λy. Inr(Inr y)) z)
  (elts ((a⊕b)⊕c)) (elts (a⊕(b⊕c)))
  by (rule-tac f' = sum-case (λx. Inl (Inl x)) (sum-case (λx. Inl (Inr x)) Inr)
  in bij-betw-byWitness) auto

```

```

lemma sum-assoc-eqpoll: elts ((a⊕b)⊕c) ≈ elts (a⊕(b⊕c))
  unfolding eqpoll-def by (metis sum-assoc-bij)

```

```

lemma elts-vcard-vsum-eqpoll: elts (vcard (i ⊕ j)) ≈ Inl ‘ elts i ∪ Inr ‘ elts j
proof -
  have elts (i ⊕ j) ≈ Inl ‘ elts i ∪ Inr ‘ elts j
  by (simp add: elts-vsum)
  then show ?thesis
  using cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-trans by blast
qed

```

```

lemma cadd-assoc:  $(i \oplus j) \oplus k = i \oplus (j \oplus k)$ 
proof (unfold cadd-def, rule cardinal-cong)
  have elts (vcard( $i \uplus j$ )  $\uplus k$ )  $\approx$  elts ( $(i \uplus j) \uplus k$ )
    by (auto simp: disjoint-def elts-vsum elts-vcard-vsum-eqpoll intro: Un-eqpoll-cong)
  also have ...  $\approx$  elts ( $i \uplus (j \uplus k)$ )
    by (rule sum-assoc-eqpoll)
  also have ...  $\approx$  elts (vcard( $j \uplus k$ ))
    by (auto simp: disjoint-def elts-vsum elts-vcard-vsum-eqpoll [THEN eqpoll-sym]
      intro: Un-eqpoll-cong)
  finally show elts (vcard ( $i \uplus j$ )  $\uplus k$ )  $\approx$  elts ( $i \uplus$  vcard ( $j \uplus k$ )) .
qed

```

```

lemma cadd-left-commute:  $j \oplus (i \oplus k) = i \oplus (j \oplus k)$ 
  using cadd-assoc cadd-commute by force

```

```
lemmas cadd-ac = cadd-assoc cadd-commute cadd-left-commute
```

0 is the identity for addition

```

lemma vsum-0-eqpoll: elts (0  $\uplus a$ )  $\approx$  elts a
  by (simp add: elts-vsum)

```

```

lemma cadd-0 [simp]: Card  $\kappa \implies 0 \oplus \kappa = \kappa$ 
  by (metis Card-def cadd-def cardinal-cong vsum-0-eqpoll)

```

```

lemma cadd-0-right [simp]: Card  $\kappa \implies \kappa \oplus 0 = \kappa$ 
  by (simp add: cadd-commute)

```

```

lemma vsum-lepoll-self: elts a  $\lesssim$  elts ( $a \uplus b$ )
  unfolding elts-vsum by (meson Inl-iff Un-upper1 inj-onI lepoll-def)

```

```

lemma cadd-le-self:
  assumes  $\kappa$ : Card  $\kappa$  shows  $\kappa \leq \kappa \oplus a$ 
proof (unfold cadd-def)
  have  $\kappa \leq$  vcard  $\kappa$ 
    using Card-def  $\kappa$  by auto
  also have ...  $\leq$  vcard ( $\kappa \uplus a$ )
    by (simp add: lepoll-imp-Card-le vsum-lepoll-self)
  finally show  $\kappa \leq$  vcard ( $\kappa \uplus a$ ) .
qed

```

Monotonicity of addition

```

lemma cadd-le-mono:  $[\kappa' \leq \kappa; \mu' \leq \mu] \implies \kappa' \oplus \mu' \leq \kappa \oplus \mu$ 
  unfolding cadd-def
  by (metis (no-types) lepoll-imp-Card-le less-eq-V-def subset-imp-lepoll sum-subset-iff)

```

## 2.15 Cardinal multiplication

```
definition cmult ::  $[V, V] \Rightarrow V$       (infixl  $\langle \otimes \rangle$  70)
```

where  $\kappa \otimes \mu \equiv vcard(VSigma \kappa (\lambda z. \mu))$

### 2.15.1 Cardinal multiplication is commutative

```

lemma prod-bij:  $\llbracket bij\text{-}betw } f A C; bij\text{-}betw } g B D \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies bij\text{-}betw } (\lambda(x, y). (f x, g y)) (A \times B) (C \times D)$ 
apply (rule bij-betw-byWitness [where  $f' = \lambda(x, y). (inv\text{-}into } A f x, inv\text{-}into } B g y)])
apply (auto simp: bij-betw-inv-into-left bij-betw-inv-into-right bij-betwE)
using bij-betwE bij-betw-inv-into apply blast+
done

lemma cmult-commute:  $i \otimes j = j \otimes i$ 
proof –
have  $(\lambda(x, y). \langle x, y \rangle) ` (elts i \times elts j) \approx (\lambda(x, y). \langle x, y \rangle) ` (elts j \times elts i)$ 
by (simp add: times-commute-eqpoll)
then show ?thesis
unfolding cmult-def
using cardinal-cong elts-VSigma by auto
qed$ 
```

### 2.15.2 Cardinal multiplication is associative

```

lemma elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll:  $elts(vcard(vtimes i j)) \approx elts i \times elts j$ 
proof –
have  $elts(vtimes i j) \approx elts i \times elts j$ 
by (simp add: elts-VSigma)
then show ?thesis
using cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-trans by blast
qed

lemma elts-cmult:  $elts(\kappa' \otimes \kappa) \approx elts \kappa' \times elts \kappa$ 
by (simp add: cmult-def elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll)

lemma cmult-assoc:  $(i \otimes j) \otimes k = i \otimes (j \otimes k)$ 
unfolding cmult-def
proof (rule cardinal-cong)
have  $elts(vcard(vtimes i j)) \times elts k \approx (elts i \times elts j) \times elts k$ 
by (blast intro: times-eqpoll-cong elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll cardinal-eqpoll)
also have  $\dots \approx elts i \times (elts j \times elts k)$ 
by (rule times-assoc-eqpoll)
also have  $\dots \approx elts i \times elts(vcard(vtimes j k))$ 
by (blast intro: times-eqpoll-cong elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-sym)
finally show  $elts(VSigma(vcard(vtimes i j))(\lambda z. k)) \approx elts(VSigma i(\lambda z. vcard(vtimes j k)))$ 
by (simp add: elts-VSigma)
qed

```

### 2.15.3 Cardinal multiplication distributes over addition

```

lemma cadd-cmult-distrib:  $(i \oplus j) \otimes k = (i \otimes k) \oplus (j \otimes k)$ 
  unfolding cadd-def cmult-def
proof (rule cardinal-cong)
have elts (vtimes (vcard (i ⊕ j)) k) ≈ elts (vcard (vsum i j)) × elts k
  using cardinal-eqpoll elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll eqpoll-sym eqpoll-trans by blast
also have ... ≈ (Inl ` elts i ∪ Inr ` elts j) × elts k
  using elts-vcard-vsum-eqpoll times-eqpoll-cong by blast
also have ... ≈ (Inl ` elts i) × elts k ∪ (Inr ` elts j) × elts k
  by (simp add: Sigma-Un-distrib1)
also have ... ≈ elts (vtimes i k ⊕ vtimes j k)
  unfolding Plus-def
  by (auto simp: elts-vsum elts-VSigma-disjnt-iff intro!: Un-eqpoll-cong times-eqpoll-cong)
also have ... ≈ elts (vcard (vtimes i k ⊕ vtimes j k))
  by (simp add: cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-sym)
also have ... ≈ elts (vcard (vtimes i k) ⊕ vcard (vtimes j k))
  by (metis cadd-assoc cadd-def cardinal-cong cardinal-eqpoll vsum-0-eqpoll vsum-commute-eqpoll)
finally show elts (VSigma (vcard (i ⊕ j)) (λz. k))
  ≈ elts (vcard (vtimes i k) ⊕ vcard (vtimes j k)) .
qed

```

Multiplication by 0 yields 0

```

lemma cmult-0 [simp]:  $0 \otimes i = 0$ 
  using Card-0 Card-def cmult-def by auto

```

1 is the identity for multiplication

```

lemma cmult-1 [simp]: assumes Card κ shows  $1 \otimes \kappa = \kappa$ 
proof -
have elts (vtimes (set {0}) κ) ≈ elts κ
  by (auto simp: elts-VSigma intro!: times-singleton-eqpoll)
then show ?thesis
  by (metis Card-def assms cardinal-cong cmult-def elts-1 set-of-elts)
qed

```

### 2.16 Some inequalities for multiplication

```

lemma cmult-square-le: assumes Card κ shows  $\kappa \leq \kappa \otimes \kappa$ 
proof -
have elts κ ≤ elts ( $\kappa \otimes \kappa$ )
  using times-square-lepoll [of elts κ] cmult-def elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll eqpoll-sym
  lepoll-trans2
  by fastforce
then show ?thesis
  using Card-def assms cmult-def lepoll-cardinal-le by fastforce
qed

```

Multiplication by a non-empty set

```

lemma cmult-le-self: assumes Card κ α ≠ 0 shows  $\kappa \leq \kappa \otimes \alpha$ 

```

```

proof -
  have  $\kappa = \text{vcard } \kappa$ 
    using Card-def ⟨Card  $\kappa$ ⟩ by blast
  also have ...  $\leq \text{vcard} (\text{vtimes } \kappa \alpha)$ 
    apply (rule lepoll-imp-Card-le)
    apply (simp add: elts-VSigma)
    by (metis ZFC-in-HOL.ext ⟨ $\alpha \neq 0$ ⟩ elts-0 lepoll-times1)
  also have ...  $= \kappa \otimes \alpha$ 
    by (simp add: cmult-def)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

Monotonicity of multiplication

```

lemma cmult-le-mono:  $[\kappa' \leq \kappa; \mu' \leq \mu] \implies \kappa' \otimes \mu' \leq \kappa \otimes \mu$ 
  unfolding cmult-def
  by (auto simp: elts-VSigma intro!: lepoll-imp-Card-le times-lepoll-mono subset-imp-lepoll)

```

```

lemma vcard-Sup-le-cmult:
  assumes small U and  $\kappa: \bigwedge x. x \in U \implies \text{vcard } x \leq \kappa$ 
  shows  $\text{vcard} (\bigcup U) \leq \text{vcard} (\text{set } U) \otimes \kappa$ 
proof -
  have  $\exists f. f \in \text{elts } x \rightarrow \text{elts } \kappa \wedge \text{inj-on } f (\text{elts } x)$  if  $x \in U$  for  $x$ 
    using  $\kappa$  [OF that] by (metis cardinal-le-lepoll image-subset-iff-funcset lepoll-def)
    then obtain  $\varphi$  where  $\varphi: \bigwedge x. x \in U \implies (\varphi x) \in \text{elts } x \rightarrow \text{elts } \kappa \wedge \text{inj-on } (\varphi x) (\text{elts } x)$ 
      by metis
  define  $u$  where  $u \equiv \lambda y. @x. x \in U \wedge y \in \text{elts } x$ 
  have  $u: u y \in U \wedge y \in \text{elts } (u y)$  if  $y \in \bigcup (\text{elts } ' U)$  for  $y$ 
    unfolding u-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) that someI2-ex UN-iff)
  define  $\psi$  where  $\psi \equiv \lambda y. (u y, \varphi (u y) y)$ 
  have  $U: \text{elts } (\text{vcard } (\text{set } U)) \approx U$ 
    by (metis <small U> cardinal-eqpoll elts-of-set)
  have  $\text{elts } (\bigcup U) = \bigcup (\text{elts } ' U)$ 
    using ⟨small U⟩ by blast
  also have ...  $\lesssim U \times \text{elts } \kappa$ 
    unfolding lepoll-def
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    show  $\text{inj-on } \psi (\bigcup (\text{elts } ' U))$ 
      using  $\varphi u$  by (smt (verit) ψ-def inj-on-def prod.inject)
    show  $\psi ' \bigcup (\text{elts } ' U) \subseteq U \times \text{elts } \kappa$ 
      using  $\varphi u$  by (auto simp: ψ-def)
  qed
  also have ...  $\approx \text{elts } (\text{vcard } (\text{set } U) \otimes \kappa)$ 
    using  $U \text{ elts-cmult eqpoll-sym eqpoll-trans times-eqpoll-cong}$  by blast
  finally have  $\text{elts } (\bigcup U) \lesssim \text{elts } (\text{vcard } (\text{set } U) \otimes \kappa)$  .
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: cmult-def lepoll-cardinal-le)
qed

```

## 2.17 The finite cardinals

**lemma** *succ-lepoll-succD*:  $\text{elts}(\text{succ}(m)) \lesssim \text{elts}(\text{succ}(n)) \implies \text{elts } m \lesssim \text{elts } n$   
**by** (*simp add: insert-lepoll-insertD*)

Congruence law for *succ* under equipollence

**lemma** *succ-eqpoll-cong*:  $\text{elts } a \approx \text{elts } b \implies \text{elts}(\text{succ}(a)) \approx \text{elts}(\text{succ}(b))$   
**by** (*simp add: succ-def insert-eqpoll-cong*)

**lemma** *sum-succ-eqpoll*:  $\text{elts}(\text{succ } a \uplus b) \approx \text{elts}(\text{succ}(a \uplus b))$   
**unfolding** *eqpoll-def*  
**proof** (*rule exI*)  
 let  $?f = \lambda z. \text{if } z = \text{Inl } a \text{ then } a \uplus b \text{ else } z$   
 let  $?g = \lambda z. \text{if } z = a \uplus b \text{ then } \text{Inl } a \text{ else } z$   
 show *bij-betw*  $?f (\text{elts}(\text{succ } a \uplus b)) (\text{elts}(\text{succ}(a \uplus b)))$   
 apply (*rule bij-betw-byWitness [where f' = ?g]*, *auto*)  
 apply (*metis Inl-in-sum-iff mem-not-refl*)  
 by (*metis Inr-in-sum-iff mem-not-refl*)  
**qed**

**lemma** *cadd-succ*:  $\text{succ } m \oplus n = \text{vcard}(\text{succ}(m \oplus n))$   
**proof** (*unfold cadd-def*)  
 have [*intro*]:  $\text{elts}(m \uplus n) \approx \text{elts}(\text{vcard}(m \uplus n))$   
 using *cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-sym* **by** *blast*  
 have *vcard* ( $\text{succ } m \uplus n$ ) = *vcard* ( $\text{succ}(m \uplus n)$ )  
 by (*rule sum-succ-eqpoll [THEN cardinal-cong]*)  
 also have ... = *vcard* ( $\text{succ}(\text{vcard}(m \uplus n))$ )  
 by (*blast intro: succ-eqpoll-cong cardinal-cong*)  
 finally show *vcard* ( $\text{succ } m \uplus n$ ) = *vcard* ( $\text{succ}(\text{vcard}(m \uplus n))$ ).  
**qed**

**lemma** *nat-cadd-eq-add*:  $\text{ord-of-nat } m \oplus \text{ord-of-nat } n = \text{ord-of-nat}(m + n)$   
**proof** (*induct m*)  
**case** (*Suc m*) **thus** *?case*  
 by (*metis Card-def Card-ord-of-nat add-Suc cadd-succ ord-of-nat.simps(2)*)  
**qed auto**

**lemma** *vcard-disjoint-sup*:  
**assumes**  $x \sqcap y = 0$  **shows** *vcard* ( $x \sqcup y$ ) = *vcard*  $x \oplus$  *vcard*  $y$   
**proof** –  
 have *elts* ( $x \sqcup y$ )  $\approx \text{elts}(x \uplus y)$   
 unfolding *eqpoll-def*  
**proof** (*rule exI*)  
 let  $?f = \lambda z. \text{if } z \in \text{elts } x \text{ then } \text{Inl } z \text{ else } \text{Inr } z$   
 let  $?g = \text{sum-case id id}$   
 show *bij-betw*  $?f (\text{elts}(x \sqcup y)) (\text{elts}(x \uplus y))$   
 by (*rule bij-betw-byWitness [where f' = ?g]*) (*use assms V-disjoint-iff in auto*)  
**qed**  
**then show** *?thesis*

```

by (metis cadd-commute cadd-def cardinal-cong cardinal-idem vsum-0-eqpoll
cadd-assoc)
qed

lemma vcard-sup: vcard (x ⊔ y) ≤ vcard x ⊕ vcard y
proof –
  have elts (x ⊔ y) ≤ elts (x ⊕ y)
  unfolding lepoll-def
  proof (intro exI conjI)
    let ?f = λz. if z ∈ elts x then Inl z else Inr z
    show inj-on ?f (elts (x ⊔ y))
      by (simp add: inj-on-def)
    show ?f ` elts (x ⊔ y) ⊆ elts (x ⊕ y)
      by force
  qed
  then show ?thesis
  using cadd-ac
  by (metis cadd-def cardinal-cong cardinal-idem lepoll-imp-Card-le vsum-0-eqpoll)
qed

```

## 2.18 Infinite cardinals

```

definition InfCard :: V⇒bool
  where InfCard κ ≡ Card κ ∧ ω ≤ κ

lemma InfCard-iff: InfCard κ ↔ Card κ ∧ infinite (elts κ)
proof (cases ω ≤ κ)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  using inj-ord-of-nat lepoll-def less-eq-V-def
  by (auto simp: InfCard-def ω-def infinite-le-lepoll)
next
  case False
  then show ?thesis
  using Card-iff-initial InfCard-def infinite-Ord-omega by blast
qed

lemma InfCard-ge-ord-of-nat:
  assumes InfCard κ shows ord-of-nat n ≤ κ
  using InfCard-def assms ord-of-nat-le-omega by blast

lemma InfCard-not-0[iff]: ¬ InfCard 0
  by (simp add: InfCard-iff)

definition csucc :: V⇒V
  where csucc κ ≡ LEAST κ'. Ord κ' ∧ (Card κ' ∧ κ < κ')

lemma less-vcard-VPow: vcard A < vcard (VPow A)

```

```

proof (rule lesspoll-imp-Card-less)
  show elts A  $\prec$  elts (VPow A)
    by (simp add: elts-VPow down inj-on-def lesspoll-Pow-self)
qed

lemma greater-Card:
  assumes Card  $\kappa$  shows  $\kappa < \text{vcard}(\text{VPow } \kappa)$ 
proof -
  have  $\kappa = \text{vcard} \kappa$ 
    using Card-def assms by blast
  also have  $\dots < \text{vcard}(\text{VPow } \kappa)$ 
  proof (rule lesspoll-imp-Card-less)
    show elts  $\kappa \prec$  elts (VPow  $\kappa$ )
      by (simp add: elts-VPow down inj-on-def lesspoll-Pow-self)
  qed
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma
  assumes Card  $\kappa$ 
  shows Card-csucc [simp]: Card (csucc  $\kappa$ ) and less-csucc [simp]:  $\kappa < \text{csucc } \kappa$ 
proof -
  have Card (csucc  $\kappa$ )  $\wedge$   $\kappa < \text{csucc } \kappa$ 
    unfolding csucc-def
  proof (rule Ord-LeastI2)
    show Card (vcard (VPow  $\kappa$ ))  $\wedge$   $\kappa < (\text{vcard}(\text{VPow } \kappa))$ 
      using Card-def assms greater-Card by auto
  qed auto
  then show Card (csucc  $\kappa$ )  $\kappa < \text{csucc } \kappa$ 
    by auto
qed

lemma le-csucc:
  assumes Card  $\kappa$  shows  $\kappa \leq \text{csucc } \kappa$ 
  by (simp add: assms less-csucc less-imp-le)

lemma csucc-le:  $\llbracket \text{Card } \mu; \kappa \in \text{elts } \mu \rrbracket \implies \text{csucc } \kappa \leq \mu$ 
  unfolding csucc-def
  by (simp add: Card-is-Ord Ord-Least-le OrdmemD)

lemma finite-csucc:  $a \in \text{elts } \omega \implies \text{csucc } a = \text{succ } a$ 
  unfolding csucc-def
  proof (rule Least-equality)
    show Ord (ZFC-in-HOL.succ a)  $\wedge$  Card (ZFC-in-HOL.succ a)  $\wedge$  a < ZFC-in-HOL.succ a
    if a  $\in$  elts  $\omega$ 
      using that by (auto simp: less-V-def less-eq-V-def nat-into-Card)
      show ZFC-in-HOL.succ a  $\leq$  y

```

```

if  $a \in \text{elts } \omega$ 
  and  $\text{Ord } y \wedge \text{Card } y \wedge a < y$ 
for  $y :: V$ 
using that
using Ord-mem-iff-lt dual-order.strict-implies-order by fastforce
qed

lemma Finite-imp-cardinal-cons [simp]:
assumes FA: finite A and a:  $a \notin A$ 
shows  $\text{vcard}(\text{set}(\text{insert } a A)) = \text{csucc}(\text{vcard}(\text{set } A))$ 
proof -
  show ?thesis
  unfolding csucc-def
  proof (rule Least-equality [THEN sym])
    have small A
      by (simp add: FA Finite-V)
    then have  $\neg \text{elts}(\text{set } A) \approx \text{elts}(\text{set}(\text{insert } a A))$ 
      using FA a eqpoll-imp-lepoll eqpoll-sym finite-insert-lepoll by fastforce
    then show  $\text{Ord}(\text{vcard}(\text{set}(\text{insert } a A))) \wedge \text{Card}(\text{vcard}(\text{set}(\text{insert } a A))) \wedge$ 
 $\text{vcard}(\text{set } A) < \text{vcard}(\text{set}(\text{insert } a A))$ 
      by (simp add: Card-def lesspoll-imp-Card-less lesspoll-def subset-imp-lepoll
subset-insertI)
    show  $\text{vcard}(\text{set}(\text{insert } a A)) \leq i$ 
      if  $\text{Ord } i \wedge \text{Card } i \wedge \text{vcard}(\text{set } A) < i$  for i
    proof -
      have elts ( $\text{vcard}(\text{set } A)$ )  $\approx A$ 
        by (metis FA finite-imp-small cardinal-eqpoll elts-of-set)
      then have less:  $A \prec \text{elts } i$ 
        using eq-lesspoll-trans eqpoll-sym lt-Card-imp-lesspoll that by blast
      show ?thesis
        using that less by (auto simp: less-imp-insert-lepoll lepoll-cardinal-le)
    qed
  qed
qed

lemma vcard-finite-set: finite A  $\implies \text{vcard}(\text{set } A) = \text{ord-of-nat}(\text{card } A)$ 
by (induction A rule: finite-induct) (auto simp: set-empty omega-def finite-csucc)

lemma lt-csucc-iff:
assumes Ord  $\alpha$  Card  $\kappa$ 
shows  $\alpha < \text{csucc } \kappa \longleftrightarrow \text{vcard } \alpha \leq \kappa$ 
proof
show  $\text{vcard } \alpha \leq \kappa$  if  $\alpha < \text{csucc } \kappa$ 
proof -
  have  $\text{vcard } \alpha \leq \text{csucc } \kappa$ 
    by (meson (Ord  $\alpha$ ) dual-order.trans lepoll-cardinal-le lepoll-refl less-le-not-le
that)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis (no-types) Card-def Card-iff-initial Ord-linear2 Ord-mem-iff-lt assms

```

```

cardinal-eqpoll cardinal-idem csucc-le eq-iff eqpoll-sym that)
qed
show  $\alpha < \text{csucc } \kappa$  if  $\text{vcard } \alpha \leq \kappa$ 
proof -
  have  $\neg \text{csucc } \kappa \leq \alpha$ 
  using that
  by (metis Card-csucc Card-def assms(2) le-less-trans lepoll-imp-Card-le
less-csucc less-eq-V-def less-le-not-le subset-imp-lepoll)
  then show ?thesis
  by (meson Card-csucc Card-is-Ord Ord-linear2 assms)
qed
qed

lemma Card-lt-csucc-iff:  $\llbracket \text{Card } \kappa'; \text{Card } \kappa \rrbracket \implies (\kappa' < \text{csucc } \kappa) = (\kappa' \leq \kappa)$ 
by (simp add: lt-csucc-iff Card-cardinal-eq Card-is-Ord)

lemma csucc-lt-csucc-iff:  $\llbracket \text{Card } \kappa'; \text{Card } \kappa \rrbracket \implies (\text{csucc } \kappa' < \text{csucc } \kappa) = (\kappa' < \kappa)$ 
by (metis Card-csucc Card-is-Ord Card-lt-csucc-iff Ord-not-less)

lemma csucc-le-csucc-iff:  $\llbracket \text{Card } \kappa'; \text{Card } \kappa \rrbracket \implies (\text{csucc } \kappa' \leq \text{csucc } \kappa) = (\kappa' \leq \kappa)$ 
by (metis Card-csucc Card-is-Ord Card-lt-csucc-iff Ord-not-less)

lemma csucc-0 [simp]:  $\text{csucc } 0 = 1$ 
by (simp add: finite-csucc one-V-def)

lemma Card-Un [simp,intro]:
assumes Card x Card y shows Card( $x \sqcup y$ )
by (metis Card-is-Ord Ord-linear-le assms sup.absorb2 sup.orderE)

lemma InfCard-csucc: InfCard  $\kappa \implies \text{InfCard}(\text{csucc } \kappa)$ 
using InfCard-def le-csucc by auto

```

Kunen's Lemma 10.11

```

lemma InfCard-is-Limit:
assumes InfCard  $\kappa$  shows Limit  $\kappa$ 
proof (rule non-succ-LimitI)
show  $\kappa \neq 0$ 
using InfCard-def assms mem-not-refl by blast
show Ord  $\kappa$ 
using Card-is-Ord InfCard-def assms by blast
show ZFC-in-HOL.succ  $y \neq \kappa$  for  $y$ 
proof
assume succ  $y = \kappa$ 
then have Card (succ  $y$ )
using InfCard-def assms by auto
moreover have  $\omega \leq y$ 
by (metis InfCard-iff Ord-in-Ord ‹Ord  $\kappa› ‹ZFC-in-HOL.succ  $y = \kappa› assms
elts-succ finite-insert infinite-Ord-omega insertI1)
moreover have elts  $y \approx \text{elts}(\text{succ } y)$$$ 
```

```

using InfCard-iff <ZFC-in-HOL.succ y = κ> assms eqpoll-sym infinite-insert-eqpoll
by fastforce
ultimately show False
    by (metis Card-iff-initial Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD elts-succ insertI1)
qed
qed

```

## 2.19 Toward's Kunen's Corollary 10.13 (1)

Kunen's Theorem 10.12

```

lemma InfCard-csquare-eq:
  assumes InfCard(κ) shows κ ⊗ κ = κ
  using infinite-times-eqpoll-self [of elts κ] assms
  unfolding InfCard-iff Card-def
  by (metis cardinal-cong cardinal-eqpoll cmult-def elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll eqpoll-trans)

lemma InfCard-le-cmult-eq:
  assumes InfCard κ μ ≤ κ μ ≠ 0
  shows κ ⊗ μ = κ
  proof (rule order-antisym)
    have κ ⊗ μ ≤ κ ⊗ κ
      by (simp add: assms(2) cmult-le-mono)
    also have ... ≤ κ
      by (simp add: InfCard-csquare-eq assms(1))
    finally show κ ⊗ μ ≤ κ .
    show κ ≤ κ ⊗ μ
      using InfCard-def assms(1) assms(3) cmult-le-self by auto
  qed

```

Kunen's Corollary 10.13 (1), for cardinal multiplication

```

lemma InfCard-cmult-eq: [[InfCard κ; InfCard μ]] ⇒ κ ⊗ μ = κ ∪ μ
  by (metis Card-is-Ord InfCard-def InfCard-le-cmult-eq Ord-linear-le cmult-commute
inf-sup-aci(5) mem-not-refl sup.orderE sup-V-0-right zero-in-omega)

```

```

lemma cmult-succ:
  succ(m) ⊗ n = n ⊕ (m ⊗ n)
  unfolding cmult-def cadd-def
  proof (rule cardinal-cong)
    have elts (vtimes (ZFC-in-HOL.succ m) n) ≈ elts n <+> elts m × elts n
      by (simp add: elts-VSigma prod-insert-eqpoll)
    also have ... ≈ elts (n ⊕ vcard (vtimes m n))
      unfolding elts-VSigma elts-vsum Plus-def
    proof (rule Un-eqpoll-cong)
      show (Sum-Type.Inr ` (elts m × elts n)::(V + V × V) set) ≈ Inr ` elts (vcard
(vtimes m n))
        by (simp add: elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll eqpoll-sym)
      qed (auto simp: disjoint-def)
    finally show elts (vtimes (ZFC-in-HOL.succ m) n) ≈ elts (n ⊕ vcard (vtimes
m n)) .

```

**qed**

**lemma** *cmult-2*:

assumes *Card n* shows *ord-of-nat*  $2 \otimes n = n \oplus n$

**proof** –

have *ord-of-nat*  $2 = \text{succ}(\text{succ } 0)$

by *force*

then show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: cmult-succ assms*)

**qed**

**lemma** *InfCard-cdouble-eq*:

assumes *InfCard*  $\kappa$  shows  $\kappa \oplus \kappa = \kappa$

**proof** –

have  $\kappa \oplus \kappa = \kappa \otimes \text{ord-of-nat } 2$

using *InfCard-def assms cmult-2 cmult-commute by auto*

also have  $\dots = \kappa$

by (*simp add: InfCard-le-cmult-eq InfCard-ge-ord-of-nat assms*)

finally show *?thesis*.

**qed**

Corollary 10.13 (1), for cardinal addition

**lemma** *InfCard-le-cadd-eq*:  $\llbracket \text{InfCard } \kappa; \mu \leq \kappa \rrbracket \implies \kappa \oplus \mu = \kappa$

by (*metis InfCard-cdouble-eq InfCard-def antisym cadd-le-mono cadd-le-self*)

**lemma** *InfCard-cadd-eq*:  $\llbracket \text{InfCard } \kappa; \text{InfCard } \mu \rrbracket \implies \kappa \oplus \mu = \kappa \sqcup \mu$

by (*metis Card-iff-initial InfCard-def InfCard-le-cadd-eq Ord-linear-le cadd-commute sup.absorb2 sup.orderE*)

**lemma** *csucc-le-Card-iff*:  $\llbracket \text{Card } \kappa'; \text{Card } \kappa \rrbracket \implies \text{csucc } \kappa' \leq \kappa \longleftrightarrow \kappa' < \kappa$

by (*metis Card-csucc Card-is-Ord Card-lt-csucc-iff Ord-not-le*)

**lemma** *cadd-InfCard-le*:

assumes  $\alpha \leq \kappa$   $\beta \leq \kappa$  *InfCard*  $\kappa$

shows  $\alpha \oplus \beta \leq \kappa$

using *assms* by (*metis InfCard-cdouble-eq cadd-le-mono*)

**lemma** *cmult-InfCard-le*:

assumes  $\alpha \leq \kappa$   $\beta \leq \kappa$  *InfCard*  $\kappa$

shows  $\alpha \otimes \beta \leq \kappa$

using *assms*

by (*metis InfCard-csquare-eq cmult-le-mono*)

## 2.20 The Aleph-sequence

This is the well-known transfinite enumeration of the cardinal numbers.

**definition** *Aleph* ::  $V \Rightarrow V$  ( $\langle \aleph \rangle [90] 90$ )

where  $\text{Aleph} \equiv \text{transrec } (\lambda f x. \omega \sqcup \bigsqcup ((\lambda y. \text{csucc}(f y)) ` \text{elts } x))$

```

lemma Aleph: Aleph  $\alpha = \omega \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{y \in \text{elts } \alpha} \text{csucc}(\text{Aleph } y))$ 
  by (simp add: Aleph-def transrec[of -  $\alpha$ ])

lemma InfCard-Aleph [simp, intro]: InfCard(Aleph x)
proof (induction x rule: eps-induct)
  case (step x)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: Aleph [of x] InfCard-def Card-UN step)
qed

lemma Card-Aleph [simp, intro]: Card(Aleph x)
  using InfCard-def by auto

lemma Aleph-0 [simp]:  $\aleph_0 = \omega$ 
  by (simp add: Aleph [of 0])

lemma mem-Aleph-succ:  $\aleph_\alpha \in \text{elts}(\text{Aleph}(\text{succ } \alpha))$ 
  apply (simp add: Aleph [of succ  $\alpha$ ])
  by (meson InfCard-Aleph Card-csucc Card-is-Ord InfCard-def Ord-mem-iff-lt
less-csucc)

lemma Aleph-lt-succD [simp]:  $\aleph_\alpha < \text{Aleph}(\text{succ } \alpha)$ 
  by (simp add: InfCard-is-Limit Limit-is-Ord OrdmemD mem-Aleph-succ)

lemma Aleph-succ [simp]: Aleph(succ x) = csucc(Aleph x)
proof (rule antisym)
  show Aleph(ZFC-in-HOL.succ x)  $\leq$  csucc(Aleph x)
  apply (simp add: Aleph [of succ x])
  by (metis Aleph InfCard-Aleph InfCard-def Sup-V-insert le-csucc le-sup-iff order-refl
replacement small-elts)
  show csucc(Aleph x)  $\leq$  Aleph(ZFC-in-HOL.succ x)
  by (force simp add: Aleph [of succ x])
qed

lemma csucc-Aleph-le-Aleph:  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \beta \implies \text{csucc}(\aleph_\alpha) \leq \aleph_\beta$ 
  by (metis Aleph ZFC-in-HOL.SUP-le-iff replacement small-elts sup-ge2)

lemma Aleph-in-Aleph:  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \beta \implies \aleph_\alpha \in \text{elts } (\aleph_\beta)$ 
  using csucc-Aleph-le-Aleph mem-Aleph-succ by auto

lemma Aleph-Limit:
  assumes Limit  $\gamma$ 
  shows Aleph  $\gamma = \bigsqcup (\text{Aleph} ` \text{elts } \gamma)$ 
proof -
  have [simp]:  $\gamma \neq 0$ 
  using assms by auto
  show ?thesis
  proof (rule antisym)

```

```

show Aleph γ ≤ ⋃ (Aleph ` elts γ)
  apply (simp add: Aleph [of γ])
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Aleph-0 Aleph-succ Limit-def ZFC-in-HOL.SUP-le-iff

ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper assms imageI replacement small-elts)
show ⋃ (Aleph ` elts γ) ≤ Aleph γ
  apply (simp add: cSup-le-iff)
  by (meson InfCard-Aleph InfCard-def csucc-Aleph-le-Aleph le-csucc order-trans)
qed
qed

lemma Aleph-increasing:
assumes ab: α < β Ord α Ord β shows ℙα < ℙβ
by (meson Aleph-in-Aleph InfCard-Aleph Card-iff-initial InfCard-def Ord-mem-iff-lt
assms)

lemma countable-iff-le-Aleph0: countable (elts A) ↔ vcard A ≤ ℙ0
proof
  show vcard A ≤ ℙ0
    if countable (elts A)
    proof (cases finite (elts A))
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        using vcard-finite-set by fastforce
    next
      case False
      then have elts ω ≈ elts A
        using countableE-infinite [OF that]
        by (simp add: eqpoll-def ω-def)
        (meson bij-betw-def bij-betw-inv bij-betw-trans inj-ord-of-nat)
      then show ?thesis
        using Card-ω Card-def cardinal-cong vcard-def by auto
    qed
  show countable (elts A)
    if vcard A ≤ Aleph 0
    proof -
      have elts A ⊆ elts ω
        using cardinal-le-lepoll [OF that] by simp
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: countable-iff-lepoll ω-def inj-ord-of-nat)
    qed
  qed
qed

lemma Aleph-csquare-eq [simp]: ℙα ⊗ ℙα = ℙα
using InfCard-csquare-eq by auto

lemma vcard-Aleph [simp]: vcard (ℙα) = ℙα
using Card-def InfCard-Aleph InfCard-def by auto

```

```

lemma omega-le-Aleph [simp]:  $\omega \leq \aleph_0$ 
  using InfCard-def by auto

lemma finite-iff-less-Aleph0: finite (elts x)  $\longleftrightarrow$  vcard x <  $\omega$ 
proof
  show finite (elts x)  $\implies$  vcard x <  $\omega$ 
  by (metis Card- $\omega$  Card-def finite-lesspoll-infinite infinite- $\omega$  lesspoll-imp-Card-less)
  show vcard x <  $\omega$   $\implies$  finite (elts x)
  by (meson Ord-cardinal cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-finite-iff infinite-Ord-omega less-le-not-le)
qed

lemma countable-iff-vcard-less1: countable (elts x)  $\longleftrightarrow$  vcard x <  $\aleph_1$ 
  by (simp add: countable-iff-le-Aleph0 lt-csucc-iff one-V-def)

lemma countable-infinite-vcard: countable (elts x)  $\wedge$  infinite (elts x)  $\longleftrightarrow$  vcard x =  $\aleph_0$ 
  by (metis Aleph-0 countable-iff-le-Aleph0 dual-order.refl finite-iff-less-Aleph0 less-V-def)

```

## 2.21 The ordinal $\omega_1$

**abbreviation**  $\omega_1 \equiv \text{Aleph } 1$

```

lemma Ord- $\omega_1$  [simp]: Ord  $\omega_1$ 
  by (metis Ord-cardinal vcard-Aleph)

lemma omega- $\omega_1$  [iff]:  $\omega \in \text{elts } \omega_1$ 
  by (metis Aleph-0 mem-Aleph-succ one-V-def)

lemma ord-of-nat- $\omega_1$  [iff]: ord-of-nat n  $\in$  elts  $\omega_1$ 
  using Ord- $\omega_1$  Ord-trans by blast

lemma countable-iff-less- $\omega_1$ :
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$ 
  shows countable (elts  $\alpha$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$   $\alpha < \omega_1$ 
  by (simp add: assms countable-iff-le-Aleph0 lt-csucc-iff one-V-def)

lemma less- $\omega_1$ -imp-countable:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \omega_1$ 
  shows countable (elts  $\alpha$ )
  using Ord- $\omega_1$  Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD assms countable-iff-less- $\omega_1$  by blast

lemma  $\omega_1$ -gt0 [simp]:  $\omega_1 > 0$ 
  using Ord- $\omega_1$  Ord-trans OrdmemD by blast

lemma  $\omega_1$ -gt1 [simp]:  $\omega_1 > 1$ 
  using Ord- $\omega_1$  OrdmemD  $\omega$ -gt1 less-trans by blast

lemma Limit- $\omega_1$  [simp]: Limit  $\omega_1$ 
  by (simp add: InfCard-def InfCard-is-Limit le-csucc one-V-def)

```

```
end
```

### 3 Addition and Multiplication of Sets

```
theory Kirby
  imports ZFC-Cardinals
```

```
begin
```

#### 3.1 Generalised Addition

Source: Laurence Kirby, Addition and multiplication of sets Math. Log. Quart. 53, No. 1, 52-65 (2007) / DOI 10.1002/malq.200610026 <http://faculty.baruch.cuny.edu/lkirby/mlqarticlejan2007.pdf>

##### 3.1.1 Addition is a monoid

```
instantiation V :: plus
begin
```

This definition is credited to Tarski

```
definition plus-V :: V ⇒ V ⇒ V
  where plus-V x ≡ transrec (λf z. x ∪ set (f ` elts z))
```

```
instance ..
end
```

```
definition lift :: V ⇒ V ⇒ V
  where lift x y ≡ set (plus x ` elts y)
```

```
lemma plus: x + y = x ∪ set ((+)x ` elts y)
  unfolding plus-V-def by (subst transrec) auto
```

```
lemma plus-eq-lift: x + y = x ∪ lift x y
  unfolding lift-def using plus by blast
```

Lemma 3.2

```
lemma lift-sup-distrib: lift x (a ∪ b) = lift x a ∪ lift x b
  by (simp add: image-Un lift-def sup-V-def)
```

```
lemma lift-Sup-distrib: small Y ==> lift x (⊔ Y) = ⊔ (lift x ` Y)
  by (auto simp: lift-def Sup-V-def image-Union)
```

```
lemma add-Sup-distrib:
  fixes x::V shows y ≠ 0 ==> x + (⊔ z∈elts y. f z) = (⊔ z∈elts y. x + f z)
  by (auto simp: plus-eq-lift SUP-sup-distrib lift-Sup-distrib image-image)
```

```

lemma Limit-add-Sup-distrib:
  fixes  $x::V$  shows  $\text{Limit } \alpha \implies x + (\bigsqcup_{z \in \text{elts } \alpha} f z) = (\bigsqcup_{z \in \text{elts } \alpha} x + f z)$ 
  using add-Sup-distrib by force

```

Proposition 3.3(ii)

```

instantiation  $V :: \text{monoid-add}$ 
begin
instance
proof
  show  $a + b + c = a + (b + c)$  for  $a b c :: V$ 
  proof (induction c rule: eps-induct)
    case (step  $c$ )
    have  $(a+b) + c = a + b \sqcup \text{set} ((+) (a+b) ` \text{elts } c)$ 
    by (metis plus)
    also have  $\dots = a \sqcup \text{lift } a b \sqcup \text{set} ((\lambda u. a + (b+u)) ` \text{elts } c)$ 
    using plus-eq-lift step.IH by auto
    also have  $\dots = a \sqcup \text{lift } a (b+c)$ 
    proof -
      have  $\text{lift } a b \sqcup \text{set} ((\lambda u. a + (b+u)) ` \text{elts } c) = \text{lift } a (b+c)$ 
      unfolding lift-def
      by (metis elts-of-set image-image lift-def lift-sup-distrib plus-eq-lift replacement small-elts)
      then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: sup-assoc)
    qed
    also have  $\dots = a + (b+c)$ 
    using plus-eq-lift by auto
    finally show ?case .
  qed
  show  $0 + x = x$  for  $x :: V$ 
  proof (induction rule: eps-induct)
    case (step  $x$ )
    then show ?case
    by (subst plus) auto
  qed
  show  $x + 0 = x$  for  $x :: V$ 
  by (subst plus) auto
qed
end

lemma lift-0 [simp]:  $\text{lift } 0 x = x$ 
  by (simp add: lift-def)

lemma lift-by0 [simp]:  $\text{lift } x 0 = 0$ 
  by (simp add: lift-def)

lemma lift-by1 [simp]:  $\text{lift } x 1 = \text{set}\{x\}$ 
  by (simp add: lift-def)

```

```

lemma add-eq-0-iff [simp]:
  fixes  $x\ y::V$ 
  shows  $x+y = 0 \longleftrightarrow x=0 \wedge y=0$ 
  proof safe
    show  $x = 0$  if  $x + y = 0$ 
      by (metis that le-imp-less-or-eq not-less-0 plus sup-ge1)
    then show  $y = 0$  if  $x + y = 0$ 
      using that by auto
  qed auto

lemma plus-vinsert:  $x + vinsert z y = vinsert (x+z) (x + y)$ 
proof -
  have  $f1: elts (x + y) = elts x \cup (+) x ` elts y$ 
  by (metis elts-of-set lift-def plus-eq-lift replacement small-Un small-elts sup-V-def)
  moreover have  $lift x (vinsert z y) = set ((+) x ` elts (set (insert z (elts y))))$ 
  using vinsert-def lift-def by presburger
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by (simp add: vinsert-def plus-eq-lift sup-V-def)
qed

lemma plus-Vsucc-right:  $x + succ y = succ (x + y)$ 
by (metis plus-vinsert succ-def)

lemma succ-eq-add1:  $succ x = x + 1$ 
by (simp add: plus-Vsucc-right one-V-def)

lemma ord-of-nat-add:  $ord-of-nat (m+n) = ord-of-nat m + ord-of-nat n$ 
by (induction n) (auto simp: plus-Vsucc-right)

lemma succ-0-plus-eq [simp]:
  assumes  $\alpha \in elts \omega$ 
  shows  $succ 0 + \alpha = succ \alpha$ 
proof -
  obtain  $n$  where  $\alpha = ord-of-nat n$ 
  using assms elts- $\omega$  by blast
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis One-nat-def ord-of-nat.simps ord-of-nat-add plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed

lemma omega-closed-add [intro]:
  assumes  $\alpha \in elts \omega\ \beta \in elts \omega$  shows  $\alpha+\beta \in elts \omega$ 
proof -
  obtain  $m\ n$  where  $\alpha = ord-of-nat m\ \beta = ord-of-nat n$ 
  using assms elts- $\omega$  by auto
  then have  $\alpha+\beta = ord-of-nat (m+n)$ 
  using ord-of-nat-add by auto
  then show ?thesis
  by (simp add:  $\omega$ -def)
qed

```

```

lemma mem-plus-V-E:
  assumes l: l ∈ elts (x + y)
  obtains l ∈ elts x | z where z ∈ elts y l = x + z
  using l by (auto simp: plus [of x y] split: if-split-asm)

lemma not-add-less-right: assumes Ord y shows ¬(x + y < x)
  using assms
proof (induction rule: Ord-induct)
  case (step i)
  then show ?case
    by (metis less-le-not-le plus sup-ge1)
qed

lemma not-add-mem-right: ¬(x + y ∈ elts x)
  by (metis sup-ge1 mem-not-refl plus vsubsetD)

Proposition 3.3(iii)

lemma add-not-less-TC-self: ¬x + y ⊑ x
proof (induction y arbitrary: x rule: eps-induct)
  case (step y)
  then show ?case
    using less-TC-imp-not-le plus-eq-lift by fastforce
qed

lemma TC-sup-lift: TC x ⊓ lift x y = 0
proof –
  have elts (TC x) ∩ elts (set ((+) x ` elts y)) = {}
  using add-not-less-TC-self by (auto simp: less-TC-def)
  then have TC x ⊓ set ((+) x ` elts y) = set {}
    by (metis inf-V-def)
  then show ?thesis
    using lift-def by auto
qed

lemma lift-lift: lift x (lift y z) = lift (x+y) z
  using add.assoc by (auto simp: lift-def)

lemma lift-self-disjoint: x ⊓ lift x u = 0
  by (metis TC-sup-lift arg-subset-TC inf.absorb-iff2 inf-assoc inf-sup-aci(3) lift-0)

lemma sup-lift-eq-lift:
  assumes x ⊔ lift x u = x ⊔ lift x v
  shows lift x u = lift x v
  by (metis (no-types) assms inf-sup-absorb inf-sup-distrib2 lift-self-disjoint sup-commute
sup-inf-absorb)

```

### 3.1.2 Deeper properties of addition

Proposition 3.4(i)

```

proposition lift-eq-lift: lift x y = lift x z ==> y = z
proof (induction y arbitrary: z rule: eps-induct)
  case (step y)
  show ?case
  proof (intro vsubsetI order-antisym)
    show u ∈ elts z if u ∈ elts y for u
    proof –
      have x+u ∈ elts (lift x z)
      using lift-def step.prem that by fastforce
      then obtain v where v ∈ elts z x+u = x+v
      using lift-def by auto
      then have lift x u = lift x v
      using sup-lift-eq-lift by (simp add: plus-eq-lift)
      then have u=v
      using step.IH that by blast
      then show ?thesis
      using ⟨v ∈ elts z⟩ by blast
    qed
    show u ∈ elts y if u ∈ elts z for u
    proof –
      have x+u ∈ elts (lift x y)
      using lift-def step.prem that by fastforce
      then obtain v where v ∈ elts y x+u = x+v
      using lift-def by auto
      then have lift x u = lift x v
      using sup-lift-eq-lift by (simp add: plus-eq-lift)
      then have u=v
      using step.IH by (metis ⟨v ∈ elts y⟩)
      then show ?thesis
      using ⟨v ∈ elts y⟩ by auto
    qed
  qed
  qed

```

**corollary** inj-lift: inj-on (lift x) A  
 by (auto simp: inj-on-def dest: lift-eq-lift)

**corollary** add-right-cancel [iff]:  
 fixes x y z::V shows x+y = x+z ↔ y=z  
 by (metis lift-eq-lift plus-eq-lift sup-lift-eq-lift)

**corollary** add-mem-right-cancel [iff]:  
 fixes x y z::V shows x+y ∈ elts (x+z) ↔ y ∈ elts z  
 apply safe  
 apply (metis mem-plus-V-E not-add-mem-right add-right-cancel)  
 by (metis ZFC-in-HOL.ext dual-order.antisym elts-vinsert insert-subset order-refl)

*plus-vinsert)*

**corollary** *add-le-cancel-left* [iff]:

**fixes**  $x\ y\ z::V$  **shows**  $x+y \leq x+z \longleftrightarrow y \leq z$

**by** auto (metis add-mem-right-cancel mem-plus-V-E plus sup-ge1 vsubsetD)

**corollary** *add-less-cancel-left* [iff]:

**fixes**  $x\ y\ z::V$  **shows**  $x+y < x+z \longleftrightarrow y < z$

**by** (simp add: less-le-not-le)

**corollary** *lift-le-self* [simp]:  $\text{lift } x\ y \leq x \longleftrightarrow y = 0$

**by** (auto simp: inf.absorb-iff2 lift-eq-lift lift-self-disjoint)

**lemma** *succ-less-w-imp*:  $\text{succ } x < \omega \implies x < \omega$

**by** (metis add-le-cancel-left add.right-neutral le-0 le-less-trans succ-eq-add1)

Proposition 3.5

**lemma** *card-lift*:  $\text{vcard } (\text{lift } x\ y) = \text{vcard } y$

**proof** (rule cardinal-cong)

**have** *bij-betw*  $((+)x)$  (*elts*  $y$ ) (*elts* (*lift*  $x\ y$ ))

**unfolding** *bij-betw-def*

**by** (simp add: inj-on-def *lift-def*)

**then show** *elts* (*lift*  $x\ y$ )  $\approx$  *elts*  $y$

**using** *eqpoll-def eqpoll-sym* **by** blast

**qed**

**lemma** *eqpoll-lift*:  $\text{elts } (\text{lift } x\ y) \approx \text{elts } y$

**by** (metis *card-lift cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-sym eqpoll-trans*)

**lemma** *vcard-add*:  $\text{vcard } (x + y) = \text{vcard } x \oplus \text{vcard } y$

**using** *card-lift* [*of*  $x\ y$ ] *lift-self-disjoint* [*of*  $x$ ]

**by** (simp add: plus-eq-lift *vcard-disjoint-sup*)

**lemma** *countable-add*:

**assumes** *countable* (*elts*  $A$ ) *countable* (*elts*  $B$ )

**shows** *countable* (*elts* ( $A+B$ ))

**proof** –

**have** *vcard*  $A \leq \aleph_0$  *vcard*  $B \leq \aleph_0$

**using** *assms countable-iff-le-Aleph0* **by** blast+

**then have** *vcard*  $(A+B) \leq \aleph_0$

**unfolding** *vcard-add*

**by** (metis Aleph-0 Card- $\omega$  InfCard-cdouble-eq InfCard-def cadd-le-mono order-refl)

**then show** ?thesis

**by** (simp add: *countable-iff-le-Aleph0*)

**qed**

Proposition 3.6

**proposition** *TC-add*:  $\text{TC } (x + y) = \text{TC } x \sqcup \text{lift } x \ (\text{TC } y)$

```

proof (induction y rule: eps-induct)
  case (step y)
    have *:  $\bigsqcup (TC \cdot (+) x \cdot elts y) = TC x \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{u \in elts y} TC (set ((+) x \cdot elts u)))$ 
      if  $elts y \neq \{\}$ 
    proof -
      obtain w where  $w \in elts y$ 
        using  $\langle elts y \neq \{\} \rangle$  by blast
      then have  $TC x \leq TC (x + w)$ 
        by (simp add: step.IH)
      then have  $\dagger: TC x \leq (\bigsqcup_{w \in elts y} TC (x + w))$ 
        using  $\langle w \in elts y \rangle$  by blast
      show ?thesis
        using that
        apply (intro conjI ballI impI order-antisym; clar simp simp add: image-comp
       $\dagger$ )
        apply(metis TC-sup-distrib Un-iff elts-sup-iff plus)
        by (metis TC-least Transset-TC arg-subset-TC le-sup-iff plus vsubsetD)
    qed
    have  $TC (x + y) = (x + y) \sqcup \bigsqcup (TC \cdot elts (x + y))$ 
      using TC by blast
    also have  $\dots = x \sqcup lift x y \sqcup \bigsqcup (TC \cdot elts x) \sqcup \bigsqcup ((\lambda u. TC (x+u)) \cdot elts y)$ 
      apply (simp add: plus-eq-lift image-Un Sup-Un-distrib sup.left-commute sup-assoc
      TC-sup-distrib SUP-sup-distrib)
      apply (simp add: lift-def sup.commute sup-aci *)
      done
    also have  $\dots = x \sqcup \bigsqcup (TC \cdot elts x) \sqcup lift x y \sqcup \bigsqcup ((\lambda u. TC x \sqcup lift x (TC u))$ 
       $\cdot elts y)$ 
      by (simp add: sup-aci step.IH)
    also have  $\dots = TC x \sqcup lift x y \sqcup \bigsqcup ((\lambda u. lift x (TC u)) \cdot elts y)$ 
      by (simp add: sup-aci SUP-sup-distrib flip: TC [of x])
    also have  $\dots = TC x \sqcup lift x (y \sqcup \bigsqcup (TC \cdot elts y))$ 
      by (metis (no-types) elts-of-set lift-Sup-distrib image-image lift-sup-distrib re-
      placement small-elts sup-assoc)
    also have  $\dots = TC x \sqcup lift x (TC y)$ 
      by (simp add: TC [of y])
    finally show ?case .
  qed

corollary TC-add':  $z \sqsubseteq x + y \longleftrightarrow z \sqsubseteq x \vee (\exists v. v \sqsubseteq y \wedge z = x + v)$ 
  using TC-add by (force simp: less-TC-def lift-def)

```

Corollary 3.7

```

corollary vcard-TC-add:  $vcard (TC (x+y)) = vcard (TC x) \oplus vcard (TC y)$ 
  by (simp add: TC-add TC-sup-lift card-lift vcard-disjoint-sup)

```

Corollary 3.8

```

corollary TC-lift:
  assumes  $y \neq 0$ 
  shows  $TC (lift x y) = TC x \sqcup lift x (TC y)$ 

```

```

proof -
  have  $TC(lift x y) = lift x y \sqcup \bigsqcup ((\lambda u. TC(x+u)) ` elts y)$ 
    unfolding  $TC$  [of  $lift x y$ ] by (simp add: lift-def image-image)
  also have  $\dots = lift x y \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{u \in elts y} TC x \sqcup lift x (TC u))$ 
    by (simp add: TC-add)
  also have  $\dots = lift x y \sqcup TC x \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{u \in elts y} lift x (TC u))$ 
    using assms by (auto simp: SUP-sup-distrib)
  also have  $\dots = TC x \sqcup lift x (TC y)$ 
    by (simp add: TC [of  $y$ ] sup-aci image-image lift-sup-distrib lift-Sup-distrib)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

proposition rank-add-distrib:  $rank(x+y) = rank x + rank y$ 
proof (induction y rule: eps-induct)
  case (step y)
  show ?case
  proof (cases y=0)
    case False
    then obtain e where e:  $e \in elts y$ 
      by fastforce
    have  $rank(x+y) = (\bigsqcup_{u \in elts} (x \sqcup ZFC\text{-}in\text{-}HOL.set((+) x ` elts y)). succ(rank u))$ 
      by (metis plus rank-Sup)
    also have  $\dots = (\bigsqcup_{x \in elts} x. succ(rank x)) \sqcup (\bigsqcup_{z \in elts y} z. succ(rank x + rank z))$ 
      apply (simp add: Sup-Un-distrib image-Un image-image)
      apply (simp add: step cong: SUP-cong-simp)
      done
    also have  $\dots = (\bigsqcup_{z \in elts y} rank x + succ(rank z))$ 
    proof -
      have  $rank x \leq (\bigsqcup_{z \in elts y} ZFC\text{-}in\text{-}HOL.succ(rank x + rank z))$ 
        using (y ≠ 0)
        by (auto simp: plus-eq-lift intro: order-trans [OF - cSUP-upper [OF e]])
      then show ?thesis
        by (force simp: plus-V-succ-right simp flip: rank-Sup [of x] intro!: order-antisym)
      qed
      also have  $\dots = rank x + (\bigsqcup_{z \in elts y} succ(rank z))$ 
        by (simp add: add-Sup-distrib False)
      also have  $\dots = rank x + rank y$ 
        by (simp add: rank-Sup [of y])
      finally show ?thesis .
    qed auto
qed

```

**lemma** Ord-add [simp]:  $\llbracket Ord x; Ord y \rrbracket \implies Ord(x+y)$

**proof** (induction y rule: eps-induct)

**case** (step y)

**then show** ?case

```

    by (metis Ord-rank rank-add-distrib rank-of-Ord)
qed

lemma add-Sup-distrib-id:  $A \neq 0 \implies x + \bigsqcup(\text{elts } A) = (\bigsqcup_{z \in \text{elts } A} x + z)$ 
  by (metis add-Sup-distrib image-ident image-image)

lemma add-Limit:  $\text{Limit } \alpha \implies x + \alpha = (\bigsqcup_{z \in \text{elts } \alpha} x + z)$ 
  by (metis Limit-add-Sup-distrib Limit-eq-Sup-self image-ident image-image)

lemma add-le-left:
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  shows  $\beta \leq \alpha + \beta$ 
  using ⟨Ord β⟩
proof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by auto
  next
  case (succ α)
  then show ?case
    by (auto simp: plus-V-succ-right Ord-mem-iff-lt assms(1))
  next
  case (Limit μ)
  then have k:  $\mu = (\bigsqcup_{\beta \in \text{elts } \mu} \beta)$ 
    by (simp add: Limit-eq-Sup-self)
  also have ...  $\leq (\bigsqcup_{\beta \in \text{elts } \mu} \alpha + \beta)$ 
    using Limit.IH by auto
  also have ...  $= \alpha + (\bigsqcup_{\beta \in \text{elts } \mu} \beta)$ 
    using Limit.hyps Limit-add-Sup-distrib by presburger
  finally show ?case
    using k by simp
qed

lemma plus-ω>equals-ω:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \omega$  shows  $\alpha + \omega = \omega$ 
proof (rule antisym)
  show  $\alpha + \omega \leq \omega$ 
    using Ord-trans assms by (auto simp: elim!: mem-plus-V-E)
  show  $\omega \leq \alpha + \omega$ 
    by (simp add: add-le-left assms)
qed

lemma one-plus-ω>equals-ω [simp]:  $1 + \omega = \omega$ 
  by (simp add: one-V-def plus-ω>equals-ω)

```

### 3.1.3 Cancellation / set subtraction

```

definition vle ::  $V \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  (infix  $\trianglelefteq$  50)
  where  $x \trianglelefteq y \equiv \exists z :: V. x + z = y$ 

```

```

lemma vle-refl [iff]:  $x \leq x$ 
  by (metis (no-types) add.right-neutral vle-def)

lemma vle-antisym:  $\llbracket x \leq y; y \leq x \rrbracket \implies x = y$ 
  by (metis V-equalityI plus-eq-lift sup-ge1 vle-def vsubsetD)

lemma vle-trans [trans]:  $\llbracket x \leq y; y \leq z \rrbracket \implies x \leq z$ 
  by (metis add.assoc vle-def)

```

```

definition vle-comparable ::  $V \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 
  where vle-comparable  $x y \equiv x \leq y \vee y \leq x$ 

```

Lemma 3.13

```

lemma comparable:
  assumes  $a+b = c+d$ 
  shows vle-comparable  $a c$ 
unfolding vle-comparable-def
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume non:  $\neg (a \leq c \vee c \leq a)$ 
  let  $?φ = λx. ∀z. a+x \neq c+z$ 
  have  $?φ x$  for  $x$ 
  proof (induction x rule: eps-induct)
    case (step x)
    show ?case
    proof (cases x=0)
      case True
      with non nonzero-less-TC show ?thesis
        using vle-def by auto
    next
      case False
      then obtain v where  $v \in \text{elts } x$ 
        using trad-foundation by blast
      show ?thesis
      proof clarsimp
        fix z
        assume eq:  $a + x = c + z$ 
        then have  $z \neq 0$ 
          using vle-def non by auto
        have av:  $a+v \in \text{elts } (a+x)$ 
          by (simp add: ‹v ∈ elts x›)
        moreover have  $a+x = c \sqcup \text{lift } c z$ 
          using eq plus-eq-lift by fastforce
        ultimately have  $a+v \in \text{elts } (c \sqcup \text{lift } c z)$ 
          by simp
        moreover
        define u where  $u \equiv \text{set } (\text{elts } x - \{v\})$ 
        have u:  $v \notin \text{elts } u$  and xeq:  $x = \text{vinsert } v u$ 
          using ‹v ∈ elts x› by (auto simp: u-def intro: order-antisym)
        have case1:  $a+v \notin \text{elts } c$ 

```

```

proof
  assume avc:  $a + v \in \text{elts } c$ 
  then have  $a \leq c$ 
    by clarify (metis Un-iff elts-sup-iff eq mem-not-sym mem-plus-V-E
plus-eq-lift)
  moreover have  $a \sqcup \text{lift } a \ x = c \sqcup \text{lift } c \ z$ 
    using eq by (simp add: plus-eq-lift)
  ultimately have  $\text{lift } c \ z \leq \text{lift } a \ x$ 
    by (metis inf.absorb-iff2 inf-commute inf-sup-absorb inf-sup-distrib2
lift-self-disjoint sup.commute)
  also have ... = vinsert ( $a+v$ ) ( $\text{lift } a \ u$ )
    by (simp add: lift-def vinsert-def xeq)
  finally have *:  $\text{lift } c \ z \leq \text{vinsert } (a + v) (\text{lift } a \ u)$ .
  have  $\text{lift } c \ z \leq \text{lift } a \ u$ 
  proof -
    have  $a + v \notin \text{elts } (\text{lift } c \ z)$ 
    using lift-self-disjoint [of  $c \ z$ ] avc V-disjoint-iff by auto
    then show ?thesis
      using * less-eq-V-def by auto
  qed
  { fix e
    assume e  $\in \text{elts } z$ 
    then have  $c+e \in \text{elts } (\text{lift } c \ z)$ 
      by (simp add: lift-def)
    then have  $c+e \in \text{elts } (\text{lift } a \ u)$ 
      using < $\text{lift } c \ z \leq \text{lift } a \ u$ > by blast
    then obtain y where  $y \in \text{elts } u \ c+e = a+y$ 
      using lift-def by auto
    then have False
      by (metis elts-vinsert insert-iff step.IH xeq)
  }
  then show False
  using < $z \neq 0$ > by fastforce
qed
ultimately show False
  by (metis (no-types) < $v \in \text{elts } x$ > av case1 eq mem-plus-V-E step.IH)
qed
qed
qed
then show False
  using assms by blast
qed

lemma vle1:  $x \trianglelefteq y \implies x \leq y$ 
  using vle-def plus-eq-lift by auto

lemma vle2:  $x \trianglelefteq y \implies x \sqsubseteq y$ 
  by (metis (full-types) TC-add' add.right-neutral le-TC-def vle-def nonzero-less-TC)

```

```

lemma vle-iff-le-Ord:
  assumes Ord α Ord β
  shows α ⊣ β ↔ α ≤ β
proof
  show α ≤ β if α ⊣ β
    using that by (simp add: vle1)
  show α ⊣ β if α ≤ β
    using ⟨Ord α⟩ ⟨Ord β⟩ that
  proof (induction α arbitrary: β rule: Ord-induct)
    case (step γ)
    then show ?case
      unfolding vle-def
      by (metis Ord-add Ord-linear add-le-left mem-not-refl mem-plus- V-E vsubsetD)
  qed
qed

lemma add-le-cancel-left0 [iff]:
  fixes x::V shows x ≤ x+z
  by (simp add: vle1 vle-def)

lemma add-less-cancel-left0 [iff]:
  fixes x::V shows x < x+z ↔ 0 < z
  by (metis add-less-cancel-left add.right-neutral)

lemma le-Ord-diff:
  assumes α ≤ β Ord α Ord β
  obtains γ where α+γ = β γ ≤ β Ord γ
proof -
  obtain γ where γ: α+γ = β γ ≤ β
    by (metis add-le-cancel-left add-le-left assms vle-def vle-iff-le-Ord)
  then have Ord γ
    using Ord-def Transset-def ⟨Ord β⟩ by force
    with γ that show thesis by blast
  qed

lemma plus-Ord-le:
  assumes α ∈ elts ω Ord β shows α+β ≤ β+α
  proof (cases β ∈ elts ω)
    case True
    with assms have α+β = β+α
      by (auto simp: elts-ω add.commute ord-of-nat-add [symmetric])
    then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case False
    then have ω ≤ β
      using Ord-linear2 Ord-mem-iff-lt ⟨Ord β⟩ by auto
    then obtain γ where ω+γ = β γ ≤ β Ord γ
      using ⟨Ord β⟩ le-Ord-diff by auto
    then have α+β = β
  
```

```

by (metis add.assoc assms(1) plus-ω-equals-ω)
then show ?thesis
  by simp
qed

lemma add-right-mono:  $\llbracket \alpha \leq \beta; Ord \alpha; Ord \beta; Ord \gamma \rrbracket \implies \alpha + \gamma \leq \beta + \gamma$ 
  by (metis add-le-cancel-left add.assoc add-le-left le-Ord-diff)

lemma add-strict-mono:  $\llbracket \alpha < \beta; \gamma < \delta; Ord \alpha; Ord \beta; Ord \gamma; Ord \delta \rrbracket \implies \alpha + \gamma < \beta + \delta$ 
  by (metis order.strict-implies-order add-less-cancel-left add-right-mono le-less-trans)

lemma add-right-strict-mono:  $\llbracket \alpha \leq \beta; \gamma < \delta; Ord \alpha; Ord \beta; Ord \gamma; Ord \delta \rrbracket \implies \alpha + \gamma < \beta + \delta$ 
  using add-strict-mono le-imp-less-or-eq by blast

lemma Limit-add-Limit [simp]:
  assumes Limit  $\mu$  Ord  $\beta$  shows Limit  $(\beta + \mu)$ 
  unfolding Limit-def
  proof (intro conjI allI impI)
    show Ord  $(\beta + \mu)$ 
      using Limit-def assms by auto
    show  $0 \in elts (\beta + \mu)$ 
      using Limit-def add-le-left assms by auto
  next
    fix  $\gamma$ 
    assume  $\gamma \in elts (\beta + \mu)$ 
    then consider  $\gamma \in elts \beta \mid \xi$  where  $\xi \in elts \mu \gamma = \beta + \xi$ 
      using mem-plus-V-E by blast
    then show succ  $\gamma \in elts (\beta + \mu)$ 
    proof cases
      case 1
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis Kirby.add-strict-mono Limit-def Ord-add Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt
assms one-V-def succ-eq-add1)
    next
      case 2
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis Limit-def add-mem-right-cancel assms(1) plus-V-succ-right)
    qed
  qed

```

### 3.2 Generalised Difference

definition odiff where  $odiff y x \equiv THE z::V. (x+z = y) \vee (z=0 \wedge \neg x \leq y)$

lemma vle-imp-odiff-eq:  $x \leq y \implies x + (odiff y x) = y$ 
 by (auto simp: vle-def odiff-def)

```

lemma not-vle-imp-odiff-0:  $\neg x \leq y \implies (\text{odiff } y x) = 0$ 
  by (auto simp: vle-def odiff-def)

lemma Ord-odiff-eq:
  assumes  $\alpha \leq \beta$  Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$ 
  shows  $\alpha + \text{odiff } \beta \alpha = \beta$ 
  by (simp add: assms vle-iff-le-Ord vle-imp-odiff-eq)

lemma Ord-odiff:
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  shows Ord (odiff  $\beta \alpha$ )
  proof (cases  $\alpha \leq \beta$ )
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis add-right-cancel assms le-Ord-diff vle1 vle-imp-odiff-eq)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: odiff-def vle-def)
  qed

lemma Ord-odiff-le:
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  shows odiff  $\beta \alpha \leq \beta$ 
  proof (cases  $\alpha \leq \beta$ )
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis add-right-cancel assms le-Ord-diff vle1 vle-imp-odiff-eq)
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: odiff-def vle-def)
  qed

lemma odiff-0-right [simp]: odiff  $x 0 = x$ 
  by (metis add.left-neutral vle-def vle-imp-odiff-eq)

lemma odiff-succ:  $y \leq x \implies \text{odiff} (\text{succ } x) y = \text{succ} (\text{odiff } x y)$ 
  unfolding odiff-def
  by (metis add-right-cancel odiff-def plus-V-succ-right vle-def vle-imp-odiff-eq)

lemma odiff-eq-iff:  $z \leq x \implies \text{odiff } x z = y \longleftrightarrow x = z + y$ 
  by (auto simp: odiff-def vle-def)

lemma odiff-le-iff:  $z \leq x \implies \text{odiff } x z \leq y \longleftrightarrow x \leq z + y$ 
  by (auto simp: odiff-def vle-def)

lemma odiff-less-iff:  $z \leq x \implies \text{odiff } x z < y \longleftrightarrow x < z + y$ 
  by (auto simp: odiff-def vle-def)

```

```

lemma odiff-ge-iff:  $z \trianglelefteq x \implies \text{odiff } x z \geq y \longleftrightarrow x \geq z + y$ 
  by (auto simp: odiff-def vle-def)

lemma Ord-odiff-le-iff:  $\llbracket \alpha \leq x; \text{Ord } x; \text{Ord } \alpha \rrbracket \implies \text{odiff } x \alpha \leq y \longleftrightarrow x \leq \alpha + y$ 
  by (simp add: odiff-le-iff vle-iff-le-Ord)

lemma odiff-le-odiff:
  assumes  $x \trianglelefteq y$  shows  $\text{odiff } x z \leq \text{odiff } y z$ 
  proof (cases  $z \trianglelefteq x$ )
    case True
      then show ?thesis
        using assms odiff-le-iff vle1 vle-imp-odiff-eq vle-trans by presburger
    next
      case False
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: not-vle-imp-odiff-0)
  qed

lemma Ord-odiff-le-odiff:  $\llbracket x \leq y; \text{Ord } x; \text{Ord } y \rrbracket \implies \text{odiff } x \alpha \leq \text{odiff } y \alpha$ 
  by (simp add: odiff-le-odiff vle-iff-le-Ord)

lemma Ord-odiff-less-odiff:  $\llbracket \alpha \leq x; x < y; \text{Ord } x; \text{Ord } y; \text{Ord } \alpha \rrbracket \implies \text{odiff } x \alpha < \text{odiff } y \alpha$ 
  by (metis Ord-odiff-eq Ord-odiff-le-odiff dual-order.strict-trans less-V-def)

lemma Ord-odiff-less-imp-less:  $\llbracket \text{odiff } x \alpha < \text{odiff } y \alpha; \text{Ord } x; \text{Ord } y \rrbracket \implies x < y$ 
  by (meson Ord-linear2 leD odiff-le-odiff vle-iff-le-Ord)

lemma odiff-add-cancel [simp]:  $\text{odiff } (x + y) x = y$ 
  by (simp add: odiff-eq-iff vle-def)

lemma odiff-add-cancel-0 [simp]:  $\text{odiff } x x = 0$ 
  by (simp add: odiff-eq-iff)

lemma odiff-add-cancel-both [simp]:  $\text{odiff } (x + y) (x + z) = \text{odiff } y z$ 
  by (simp add: add.assoc odiff-def vle-def)

```

### 3.3 Generalised Multiplication

Credited to Dana Scott

```

instantiation V :: times
begin

```

This definition is credited to Tarski

```

definition times-V ::  $V \Rightarrow V \Rightarrow V$ 
  where times-V  $x \equiv \text{transrec } (\lambda f y. \bigsqcup ((\lambda u. \text{lift } (f u) x) \cdot \text{elts } y))$ 

```

```

instance ..
end

```

```

lemma mult:  $x * y = (\bigsqcup_{u \in \text{elts } y} \text{lift } (x * u) \ x)$ 
  unfolding times-V-def by (subst transrec) (force simp:)

lemma elts-multE:
  assumes  $z \in \text{elts } (x * y)$ 
  obtains  $u v$  where  $u \in \text{elts } x \ v \in \text{elts } y \ z = x * v + u$ 
  using mult [of  $x \ y$ ] lift-def assms by auto

Lemma 4.2

lemma mult-zero-right [simp]:
  fixes  $x::V$  shows  $x * 0 = 0$ 
  by (metis ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-empty elts-0 image-empty mult)

lemma mult-insert:  $x * (\text{vinser}t \ y \ z) = x * z \sqcup \text{lift } (x * y) \ x$ 
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) elts-vinser image-insert replacement small-elts sup-commute
    mult Sup-V-insert)

lemma mult-succ:  $x * \text{succ } y = x * y + x$ 
  by (simp add: mult-insert plus-eq-lift succ-def)

lemma ord-of-nat-mult:  $\text{ord-of-nat } (m * n) = \text{ord-of-nat } m * \text{ord-of-nat } n$ 
proof (induction n)
  case ( $\text{Suc } n$ )
  then show ?case
  by (simp add: add.commute [of  $m$ ]) (simp add: ord-of-nat-add mult-succ)
qed auto

lemma omega-closed-mult [intro]:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \omega \ \beta \in \text{elts } \omega$  shows  $\alpha * \beta \in \text{elts } \omega$ 
proof -
  obtain  $m \ n$  where  $\alpha = \text{ord-of-nat } m \ \beta = \text{ord-of-nat } n$ 
  using assms elts- $\omega$  by auto
  then have  $\alpha * \beta = \text{ord-of-nat } (m * n)$ 
  by (simp add: ord-of-nat-mult)
  then show ?thesis
  by (simp add:  $\omega$ -def)
qed

lemma zero-imp-le-mult:  $0 \in \text{elts } y \implies x \leq x * y$ 
  by (auto simp: mult [of  $x \ y$ ])

```

### 3.3.1 Proposition 4.3

```

lemma mult-zero-left [simp]:
  fixes  $x::V$  shows  $0 * x = 0$ 
proof (induction x rule: eps-induct)
  case (step  $x$ )
  then show ?case

```

```

    by (subst mult) auto
qed

lemma mult-sup-distrib:
fixes x::V shows x * (y ⊔ z) = x*y ⊔ x*z
  unfolding mult [of x y ⊔ z] mult [of x y] mult [of x z]
  by (simp add: Sup-Un-distrib image-Un)

lemma mult-Sup-distrib: small Y ==> x * (⊔ Y) = ⊔ ((* x ` Y) for Y:: V set
  unfolding mult [of x ⊔ Y]
  by (simp add: cSUP-UNION) (metis mult)

lemma mult-lift-imp-distrib: x * (lift y z) = lift (x*y) (x*z) ==> x * (y+z) = x*y
+ x*z
  by (simp add: mult-sup-distrib plus-eq-lift)

lemma mult-lift: x * (lift y z) = lift (x*y) (x*z)
proof (induction z rule: eps-induct)
  case (step z)
  have x * lift y z = (⊔ u∈elts (lift y z). lift (x * u) x)
    using mult by blast
  also have ... = (⊔ v∈elts z. lift (x * (y + v)) x)
    using lift-def by auto
  also have ... = (⊔ v∈elts z. lift (x * y + x * v) x)
    using mult-lift-imp-distrib step.IH by auto
  also have ... = (⊔ v∈elts z. lift (x * y) (lift (x * v) x))
    by (simp add: lift-lift)
  also have ... = lift (x * y) (⊔ v∈elts z. lift (x * v) x)
    by (simp add: image-image lift-Sup-distrib)
  also have ... = lift (x*y) (x*z)
    by (metis mult)
  finally show ?case .
qed

lemma mult-Limit: Limit γ ==> x * γ = ⊔ ((* x ` elts γ)
  by (metis Limit-eq-Sup-self mult-Sup-distrib small-elts)

lemma add-mult-distrib: x * (y+z) = x*y + x*z for x::V
  by (simp add: mult-lift mult-lift-imp-distrib)

instantiation V :: monoid-mult
begin
instance
proof
  show 1 * x = x for x :: V
  proof (induction x rule: eps-induct)
    case (step x)
    then show ?case
      by (subst mult) auto
  qed
qed

```

```

qed
show  $x * 1 = x$  for  $x :: V$ 
  by (subst mult) auto
show  $(x * y) * z = x * (y * z)$  for  $x y z :: V$ 
proof (induction z rule: eps-induct)
  case (step z)
    have  $(x * y) * z = (\bigcup_{u \in \text{elts } z.} \text{lift } (x * y * u)) (x * y)$ 
      using mult by blast
    also have ... =  $(\bigcup_{u \in \text{elts } z.} \text{lift } (x * (y * u))) (x * y)$ 
      using step.IH by auto
    also have ... =  $(\bigcup_{u \in \text{elts } z.} x * \text{lift } (y * u)) y$ 
      using mult-lift by auto
    also have ... =  $x * (\bigcup_{u \in \text{elts } z.} \text{lift } (y * u)) y$ 
      by (simp add: image-image mult-Sup-distrib)
    also have ... =  $x * (y * z)$ 
      by (metis mult)
    finally show ?case .
  qed
qed

end

lemma le-mult:
  assumes Ord β β ≠ 0 shows α ≤ α * β
  using assms
proof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
  case (succ α)
  then show ?case
    using mult-insert succ-def by fastforce
next
  case (Limit μ)
  have α ∈ (* α ` elts μ
    using Limit.hyps Limit-def one-V-def by (metis imageI mult.right-neutral)
  then have α ≤ ⋃ ((* α ` elts μ)
    by auto
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: Limit.hyps mult-Limit)
qed auto

lemma mult-sing-1 [simp]:
  fixes x::V shows x * set{1} = lift x x
  by (subst mult) auto

lemma mult-2-right [simp]:
  fixes x::V shows x * set{0,1} = x+x
  by (subst mult) (auto simp: Sup-V-insert plus-eq-lift)

lemma Ord-mult [simp]: [Ord y; Ord x] ==> Ord (x*y)
proof (induction y rule: Ord-induct3)

```

```

case 0
then show ?case
  by auto
next
  case (succ k)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: mult-succ)
next
  case (Limit k)
  then have Ord (x * ⋃ (elts k))
    by (metis Ord-Sup imageE mult-Sup-distrib small-elts)
  then show ?case
    using Limit.hyps Limit-eq-Sup-self by auto
qed

```

### 3.3.2 Proposition 4.4-5

```

proposition rank-mult-distrib: rank (x*y) = rank x * rank y
proof (induction y rule: eps-induct)
  case (step y)
  have rank (x*y) = (⋃ y∈elts (⋃ u∈elts y. lift (x * u) x). succ (rank y))
    by (metis rank-Sup mult)
  also have ... = (⋃ u∈elts y. ⋃ r∈elts x. succ (rank (x * u + r)))
    apply (simp add: lift-def image-image image-UN)
    apply (simp add: Sup-V-def)
    done
  also have ... = (⋃ u∈elts y. ⋃ r∈elts x. succ (rank (x * u) + rank r))
    using rank-add-distrib by auto
  also have ... = (⋃ u∈elts y. ⋃ r∈elts x. succ (rank x * rank u + rank r))
    using step arg-cong [where f = Sup] by auto
  also have ... = (⋃ u∈elts y. rank x * rank u + rank x)
  proof (rule SUP-cong)
    show (⋃ r∈elts x. succ (rank x * rank u + rank r)) = rank x * rank u + rank
      x
        if u ∈ elts y for u
        proof (cases x=0)
          case False
          have (⋃ r∈elts x. succ (rank x * rank u + rank r)) = rank x * rank u +
            (⋃ y∈elts x. succ (rank y))
          proof (rule order-antisym)
            show (⋃ r∈elts x. succ (rank x * rank u + rank r)) ≤ rank x * rank u +
              (⋃ y∈elts x. succ (rank y))
              by (auto simp: Sup-le-iff simp flip: plus-V-succ-right)
            have rank x * rank u + (⋃ y∈elts x. succ (rank y)) = (⋃ y∈elts x. rank x *
              rank u + succ (rank y))
              by (simp add: add-Sup-distrib False)
            also have ... ≤ (⋃ r∈elts x. succ (rank x * rank u + rank r))
              using plus-V-succ-right by auto
            finally show rank x * rank u + (⋃ y∈elts x. succ (rank y)) ≤ (⋃ r∈elts x.

```

```

succ (rank x * rank u + rank r)) .
qed
also have ... = rank x * rank u + rank x
  by (metis rank-Sup)
finally show ?thesis .
qed auto
qed auto
also have ... = rank x * rank y
  by (simp add: rank-Sup [of y] mult-Sup-distrib mult-succ image-image)
finally show ?case .
qed

lemma mult-le1:
fixes y::V assumes y ≠ 0 shows x ⊑ x * y
proof (cases x = 0)
  case False
  then obtain r where r: r ∈ elts x
    by fastforce
  from ‹y ≠ 0› show ?thesis
  proof (induction y rule: eps-induct)
    case (step y)
    show ?case
    proof (cases y = 1)
      case False
      with ‹y ≠ 0› obtain p where p: p ∈ elts y p ≠ 0
        by (metis V-equalityI elts-1 insertI1 singletonD trad-foundation)
      then have x*p + r ∈ elts (lift (x*p) x)
        by (simp add: lift-def r)
      moreover have lift (x*p) x ≤ x*y
        by (metis bdd-above-iff-small cSUP-upper2 order-refl ‹p ∈ elts y› replacement
          small-elts mult)
      ultimately have x*p + r ∈ elts (x*y)
        by blast
      moreover have x*p ⊑ x*p + r
        by (metis TC-add' V-equalityI add.right-neutral eps-induct le-TC-refl
          less-TC-iff less-imp-le-TC)
      ultimately show ?thesis
        using step.IH [OF p] le-TC-trans less-TC-iff by blast
    qed auto
  qed
qed auto

lemma mult-eq-0-iff [simp]:
fixes y::V shows x * y = 0 ↔ x=0 ∨ y=0
proof
  show x = 0 ∨ y = 0 if x * y = 0
    by (metis le-0 le-TC-def less-TC-imp-not-le mult-le1 that)
qed auto

```

```

lemma lift-lemma:
  assumes  $x \neq 0$   $y \neq 0$  shows  $\neg lift(x * y) \leq x$ 
  using assms mult-le1 [of concl: x y]
  by (auto simp: le-TC-def TC-lift less-TC-def less-TC-imp-not-le)

lemma mult-le2:
  fixes  $y::V$  assumes  $x \neq 0$   $y \neq 0$   $y \neq 1$  shows  $x \sqsubset x * y$ 
  proof -
    obtain  $v$  where  $v: v \in elts y$   $v \neq 0$ 
      using assms by fastforce
    have  $x \neq x * y$ 
      using lift-lemma [of x v]
      by (metis ‹ $x \neq 0$ › bdd-above-iff-small cSUP-upper2 order-refl replacement
           small-elts mult  $v$ )
    then show ?thesis
    using assms mult-le1 [of y x]
    by (auto simp: le-TC-def)
  qed

lemma elts-mult- $\omega$ E:
  assumes  $x \in elts(y * \omega)$ 
  obtains  $n$  where  $n \neq 0$   $x \in elts(y * ord-of-nat n) \wedge m. m < n \implies x \notin elts(y * ord-of-nat m)$ 
  proof -
    obtain  $k$  where  $k: k \neq 0 \wedge x \in elts(y * ord-of-nat k)$ 
      using assms
      apply (simp add: mult-Limit elts- $\omega$ )
      by (metis mult-eq-0-iff elts-0 ex-in-conv ord-of-eq-0-iff that)
    define  $n$  where  $n \equiv (LEAST k. k \neq 0 \wedge x \in elts(y * ord-of-nat k))$ 
    show thesis
    proof
      show  $n \neq 0$   $x \in elts(y * ord-of-nat n)$ 
        unfolding n-def by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) LeastI-ex  $k$ )+
        show  $\bigwedge m. m < n \implies x \notin elts(y * ord-of-nat m)$ 
        by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) mult-eq-0-iff elts-0 empty-iff n-def not-less-Least
             ord-of-eq-0-iff)
      qed
    qed

```

### 3.3.3 Theorem 4.6

```

theorem mult-eq-imp-0:
  assumes  $a*x = a*y + b$   $b \sqsubset a$ 
  shows  $b=0$ 
  proof (cases  $a=0 \vee x=0$ )
    case True
    with assms show ?thesis
    by (metis add-le-cancel-left mult-eq-0-iff eq-iff le-0)
  next

```

```

case False
then have a ≠ 0 x ≠ 0
  by auto
then show ?thesis
proof (cases y=0)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    using assms less-asym-TC mult-le2 by force
next
  case False
  have b=0 if Ord α x ∈ elts (Vset α) y ∈ elts (Vset α) for α
    using that assms
  proof (induction α arbitrary: x y b rule: Ord-induct3)
    case 0
    then show ?case by auto
  next
    case (succ k)
    define Φ where Φ ≡ λx y. ∃ r. 0 ⊑ r ∧ r ⊑ a ∧ a*x = a*y + r
    show ?case
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume b ≠ 0
      then have 0 ⊑ b
        by (metis nonzero-less-TC)
      then have Φ x y
        unfolding Φ-def using succ.preds by blast
      then obtain x' where Φ x' y x' ⊑ x and min: ⋀ x''. x'' ⊑ x' ⟹ ¬ Φ x'' y
        using less-TC-minimal [of λx. Φ x y x] by blast
      then obtain b' where 0 ⊑ b' b' ⊑ a and eq: a*x' = a*y + b'
        using Φ-def by blast
      have a*y ⊑ a*x'
        using TC-add' ⟨0 ⊑ b'⟩ eq by auto
      then obtain p where p ∈ elts (a * x') a * y ⊑ p
        using less-TC-iff by blast
      then have p ∉ elts (a * y)
        using less-TC-iff less-irrefl-TC by blast
      then have p ∈ ⋃ (elts ‘(λv. lift (a * v) a) ‘ elts x')
        by (metis ⟨p ∈ elts (a * x')⟩ elts-Sup replacement small-elts mult)
      then obtain u c where u ∈ elts x' c ∈ elts a p = a*u + c
        using lift-def by auto
      then have p ∈ elts (lift (a*y) b')
        using ⟨p ∈ elts (a * x')⟩ ⟨p ∉ elts (a * y)⟩ eq plus-eq-lift by auto
      then obtain d where d: d ∈ elts b' p = a*y + d p = a*u + c
        by (metis ⟨p = a * u + c⟩ ⟨p ∈ elts (a * x')⟩ ⟨p ∉ elts (a * y)⟩ eq
mem-plus-V-E)
      have noteq: a*y ≠ a*u
      proof
        assume a*y = a*u
        then have lift (a*y) a = lift (a*u) a
          by metis

```

```

also have ...  $\leq a*x'$ 
  unfolding mult [of -  $x'$ ] using  $\langle u \in elts x' \rangle$  by (auto intro: cSUP-upper)
also have ... =  $a*y \sqcup lift(a*y) b'$ 
  by (simp add: eq plus-eq-lift)
finally have  $lift(a*y) a \leq a*y \sqcup lift(a*y) b'$ .
then have  $lift(a*y) a \leq lift(a*y) b'$ 
  using add-le-cancel-left less-TC-imp-not-le plus-eq-lift  $\langle b' \sqsubset a \rangle$  by auto
then have  $a \leq b'$ 
  by (simp add: le-iff-sup lift-eq-lift lift-sup-distrib)
then show False
  using  $\langle b' \sqsubset a \rangle$  less-TC-imp-not-le by auto
qed
consider  $a*y \trianglelefteq a*u \mid a*u \trianglelefteq a*y$ 
  using d comparable vle-comparable-def by auto
then show False
proof cases
  case 1
  then obtain e where  $e: a*u = a*y + e \quad e \neq 0$ 
    by (metis add.right-neutral noteq vle-def)
  moreover have  $e + c = d$ 
    by (metis e add-right-cancel  $\langle p = a*u + c \rangle \langle p = a*y + d \rangle$  add.assoc)
  with  $\langle d \in elts b' \rangle \langle b' \sqsubset a \rangle$  have  $e \sqsubset a$ 
    by (meson less-TC-iff less-TC-trans vle2 vle-def)
  ultimately show False
    — contradicts minimality of  $x'$ 
  using min unfolding  $\Phi\text{-def}$  by (meson  $\langle u \in elts x' \rangle$  le-TC-def less-TC-iff
nonzero-less-TC)
next
case 2
then obtain e where  $e: a*y = a*u + e \quad e \neq 0$ 
  by (metis add.right-neutral noteq vle-def)
moreover have  $e + d = c$ 
  by (metis e add-right-cancel  $\langle p = a*u + c \rangle \langle p = a*y + d \rangle$  add.assoc)
with  $\langle d \in elts b' \rangle \langle b' \sqsubset a \rangle$  have  $e \sqsubset a$ 
  by (metis  $\langle c \in elts a \rangle$  less-TC-iff vle2 vle-def)
ultimately have  $\Phi y u$ 
  unfolding  $\Phi\text{-def}$  using nonzero-less-TC by blast
  then obtain  $y'$  where  $\Phi y' u \quad y' \sqsubseteq y$  and  $min: \bigwedge x''. x'' \sqsubset y' \implies \neg \Phi$ 
 $x'' u$ 
  using less-TC-minimal [of  $\lambda x. \Phi x u y$ ] by blast
  then obtain  $b'$  where  $0 \sqsubset b' \quad b' \sqsubset a$  and  $eq: a*y' = a*u + b'$ 
    using  $\Phi\text{-def}$  by blast
  have  $u\text{-k}: u \in elts (Vset k)$ 
  using  $\langle u \in elts x' \rangle \langle x' \sqsubseteq x \rangle$  succ Vset-succ-TC less-TC-iff less-le-TC-trans
by blast
  have  $a*u \sqsubset a*y'$ 
    using TC-add'  $\langle 0 \sqsubset b' \rangle$  eq by auto
  then obtain p where  $p \in elts (a * y')$   $a * u \sqsubseteq p$ 
    using less-TC-iff by blast

```

```

then have  $p \notin \text{elts } (a * u)$ 
  using less-TC-iff less-irrefl-TC by blast
then have  $p \in \bigcup (\text{elts } (\lambda v. \text{lift } (a * v) a) \setminus \text{elts } y')$ 
  by (metis ` $p \in \text{elts } (a * y')$ ` elts-Sup replacement small-elts mult)
then obtain  $v c$  where  $v \in \text{elts } y'$   $c \in \text{elts } a$   $p = a * v + c$ 
  using lift-def by auto
then have  $p \in \text{elts } (\text{lift } (a * u) b')$ 
  using ` $p \in \text{elts } (a * y')$ ` ` $p \notin \text{elts } (a * u)$ ` eq plus-eq-lift by auto
then obtain  $d$  where  $d \in \text{elts } b'$   $p = a * u + d$   $p = a * v + c$ 
  by (metis ` $p = a * v + c$ ` ` $p \in \text{elts } (a * y')$ ` ` $p \notin \text{elts } (a * u)$ ` eq
mem-plus-V-E)
have  $v-k: v \in \text{elts } (Vset k)$ 
  using Vset-succ-TC ` $v \in \text{elts } y'$ ` ` $y' \sqsubseteq y$ ` less-TC-iff less-le-TC-trans
succ.hyps succ.prem(2) by blast
have noteq:  $a * u \neq a * v$ 
proof
  assume  $a * u = a * v$ 
  then have  $\text{lift } (a * v) a \leq a * y'$ 
  unfolding mult [of -  $y'$ ] using ` $v \in \text{elts } y'$ ` by (auto intro: cSUP-upper)
  also have ... =  $a * u \sqcup \text{lift } (a * u) b'$ 
  by (simp add: eq plus-eq-lift)
  finally have  $\text{lift } (a * v) a \leq a * u \sqcup \text{lift } (a * u) b'$ .
  then have  $\text{lift } (a * u) a \leq \text{lift } (a * u) b'$ 
  by (metis ` $a * u = a * v$ ` le-iff-sup lift-sup-distrib sup-left-commute
sup-lift-eq-lift)
  then have  $a \leq b'$ 
  by (simp add: le-iff-sup lift-eq-lift lift-sup-distrib)
  then show False
  using ` $b' \sqsubset a$ ` less-TC-imp-not-le by auto
  qed
consider  $a * u \leq a * v \mid a * v \leq a * u$ 
  using d comparable vle-comparable-def by auto
then show False
proof cases
  case 1
  then obtain  $e$  where  $e: a * v = a * u + e$   $e \neq 0$ 
  by (metis add.right-neutral noteq vle-def)
  moreover have  $e + c = d$ 
  by (metis add-right-cancel ` $p = a * u + d$ ` ` $p = a * v + c$ ` add.assoc
e)
  with ` $d \in \text{elts } b'$ ` ` $b' \sqsubset a$ ` have  $e \sqsubset a$ 
  by (meson less-TC-iff less-TC-trans vle2 vle-def)
  ultimately show False
  using succ.IH u-k v-k by blast
next
  case 2
  then obtain  $e$  where  $e: a * u = a * v + e$   $e \neq 0$ 
  by (metis add.right-neutral noteq vle-def)
  moreover have  $e + d = c$ 

```

```

    by (metis add-right-cancel add.assoc d e)
  with ⟨d ∈ elts b'⟩ ⟨b' ⊑ a⟩ have e ⊑ a
    by (metis ⟨c ∈ elts a⟩ less-TC-iff vle2 vle-def)
  ultimately show False
    using succ.IH u-k v-k by blast
  qed
qed
qed
next
case (Limit k)
obtain i j where k: i ∈ elts k j ∈ elts k
  and x: x ∈ elts (Vset i)
  and y: y ∈ elts (Vset j)
  using that Limit by (auto simp: Limit-Vfrom-eq)
show ?case
proof (rule Limit.IH [of i ⊔ j])
  show i ⊔ j ∈ elts k
    by (meson k x y Limit.hyps Limit-def Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-sup
union-less-iff)
    show x ∈ elts (Vset (i ⊔ j)) y ∈ elts (Vset (i ⊔ j))
      using x y by (auto simp: Vfrom-sup)
  qed (use Limit.preds in auto)
qed
then show ?thesis
  by (metis two-in-Vset Ord-rank Ord-VsetI rank-lt)
qed
qed

```

### 3.3.4 Theorem 4.7

```

lemma mult-cancellation-half:
assumes a*x + r ≤ a*y + s r ⊑ a s ⊑ a
shows x ≤ y
proof -
  have x ≤ y if Ord α x ∈ elts (Vset α) y ∈ elts (Vset α) for α
    using that assms
  proof (induction α arbitrary: x y r s rule: Ord-induct3)
    case 0
    then show ?case
      by auto
  next
    case (succ k)
    show ?case
    proof
      fix u
      assume u: u ∈ elts x
      have u-k: u ∈ elts (Vset k)
        using Vset-succ succ.hyps succ.preds(1) u by auto
      obtain r' where r': r' ∈ elts a r ⊑ r'

```

```

using less-TC-iff succ.prems(4) by blast
have a*u + r' ∈ elts (lift (a*u) a)
  by (simp add: ⟨r' ∈ elts a⟩ lift-def)
also have ... ≤ elts (a*x)
  using u by (force simp: mult [of - x])
also have ... ≤ elts (a*y + s)
  using plus-eq-lift succ.prems(3) by auto
also have ... = elts (a*y) ∪ elts (lift (a*y) s)
  by (simp add: plus-eq-lift)
finally have a * u + r' ∈ elts (a * y) ∪ elts (lift (a * y) s) .
then show u ∈ elts y
proof
  assume *: a * u + r' ∈ elts (a * y)
  show u ∈ elts y
  proof –
    obtain v e where v: v ∈ elts y e ∈ elts a a * u + r' = a * v + e
      using * by (auto simp: mult [of - y] lift-def)
    then have v-k: v ∈ elts (Vset k)
      using Vset-succ-TC less-TC-iff succ.prems(2) by blast
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis ⟨r' ∈ elts a⟩ antisym le-TC-refl less-TC-iff order-refl succ.IH
u-k v)
  qed
next
  assume a * u + r' ∈ elts (lift (a * y) s)
  then obtain t where t ∈ elts s and t: a * u + r' = a * y + t
    using lift-def by auto
  have noteq: a*y ≠ a*u
  proof
    assume a*y = a*u
    then have lift (a*y) a = lift (a*u) a
      by metis
    also have ... ≤ a*x
      unfolding mult [of - x] using ⟨u ∈ elts x⟩ by (auto intro: cSUP-upper)
    also have ... ≤ a*y ∪ lift (a*y) s
      using ⟨elts (a * x) ⊆ elts (a * y + s)⟩ plus-eq-lift by auto
    finally have lift (a*y) a ≤ a*y ∪ lift (a*y) s .
    then have lift (a*y) a ≤ lift (a*y) s
      using add-le-cancel-left less-TC-imp-not-le plus-eq-lift ⟨s ⊂ a⟩ by auto
    then have a ≤ s
      by (simp add: le-iff-sup lift-eq-lift lift-sup-distrib)
    then show False
      using ⟨s ⊂ a⟩ less-TC-imp-not-le by auto
  qed
  consider a * u ≤ a * y | a * y ≤ a * u
    using t comparable vle-comparable-def by blast
  then have False
  proof cases
    case 1

```

```

then obtain c where a*y = a*u + c
  by (metis vle-def)
then have c+t = r'
  by (metis add-right-cancel add.assoc t)
then have c ⊑ a
  using ⟨r' ∈ elts a⟩ less-TC-iff vle2 vle-def by force
moreover have c ≠ 0
  using ⟨a * y = a * u + c⟩ noteq by auto
ultimately show ?thesis
  using ⟨a * y = a * u + c⟩ mult-eq-imp-0 by blast
next
  case 2
  then obtain c where a*u = a*y + c
    by (metis vle-def)
  then have c+r' = t
    by (metis add-right-cancel add.assoc t)
  then have c ⊑ a
    by (metis ⟨t ∈ elts s⟩ less-TC-iff less-TC-trans ⟨s ⊑ a⟩ vle2 vle-def)
  moreover have c ≠ 0
    using ⟨a * u = a * y + c⟩ noteq by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using ⟨a * u = a * y + c⟩ mult-eq-imp-0 by blast
  qed
  then show u ∈ elts y ..
qed
qed
next
  case (Limit k)
  obtain i j where k: i ∈ elts k j ∈ elts k
    and x: x ∈ elts (Vset i) and y: y ∈ elts (Vset j)
    using that Limit by (auto simp: Limit-Vfrom-eq)
  show ?case
  proof (rule Limit.IH [of i ∪ j])
    show i ∪ j ∈ elts k
      by (meson k x y Limit.hyps Limit-def Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-sup
union-less-iff)
    show x ∈ elts (Vset (i ∪ j)) y ∈ elts (Vset (i ∪ j))
      using x y by (auto simp: Vfrom-sup)
    show a * x + r ≤ a * y + s
      by (simp add: Limit.prews)
    qed (auto simp: Limit.prews)
  qed
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis two-in-Vset Ord-rank Ord-VsetI rank-lt)
qed

```

**theorem** mult-cancellation-lemma:

**assumes** a\*x + r = a\*y + s r ⊑ a s ⊑ a  
**shows** x=y ∧ r=s

```

by (metis assms leD less_V_def multCancellation_half odiff_add_cancel order_refl)

corollary mult-cancellation [simp]:
fixes a::V
assumes a ≠ 0
shows a*x = a*y ⟷ x=y
by (metis assms nonzero_less_TC multCancellation_lemma)

corollary mult-cancellation-less:
assumes lt: a*x + r < a*y + s and r ⊑ a s ⊑ a
obtains x < y | x = y r < s
proof -
have x ≤ y
  by (meson assms dual_order.strict_implies_order multCancellation_half)
then consider x < y | x = y
  using less_V_def by blast
with lt that show ?thesis by blast
qed

corollary lift-mult-TC-disjoint:
fixes x::V
assumes x ≠ y
shows lift (a*x) (TC a) ∩ lift (a*y) (TC a) = 0
apply (rule V-equalityI)
using assms
by (auto simp: less_TC-def inf_V-def lift_def image_iff dest: multCancellation_lemma)

corollary lift-mult-disjoint:
fixes x::V
assumes x ≠ y
shows lift (a*x) a ∩ lift (a*y) a = 0
proof -
have lift (a*x) a ∩ lift (a*y) a ≤ lift (a*x) (TC a) ∩ lift (a*y) (TC a)
  by (metis TC'_inf_mono lift_sup_distrib sup_ge1)
then show ?thesis
  using assms lift_mult_TC_disjoint by auto
qed

lemma mult-add-mem:
assumes a*x + r ∈ elts (a*y) r ⊑ a
shows x ∈ elts y r ∈ elts a
proof -
obtain v s where v: a * x + r = a * v + s v ∈ elts y s ∈ elts a
  using assms unfolding mult [of a y] lift_def by auto
then show x ∈ elts y
  by (metis arg_subset_TC assms(2) less_TC_def multCancellation_lemma vsubsetD)
show r ∈ elts a
  by (metis arg_subset_TC assms(2) less_TC_def multCancellation_lemma v(1))

```

```

v(3) vsubsetD)
qed

lemma mult-add-mem-0 [simp]:  $a * x \in \text{elts } (a * y) \longleftrightarrow x \in \text{elts } y \wedge 0 \in \text{elts } a$ 
proof -
have  $x \in \text{elts } y$ 
  if  $a * x \in \text{elts } (a * y) \wedge 0 \in \text{elts } a$ 
  using that using mult-add-mem [of a x 0]
  using nonzero-less-TC by force
moreover have  $a * x \in \text{elts } (a * y)$ 
  if  $x \in \text{elts } y \wedge 0 \in \text{elts } a$ 
  using that by (force simp: image-iff mult [of a y] lift-def)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (metis mult-eq-0-iff add.right-neutral mult-add-mem(2) nonzero-less-TC)
qed

lemma zero-mem-mult-iff:  $0 \in \text{elts } (x * y) \longleftrightarrow 0 \in \text{elts } x \wedge 0 \in \text{elts } y$ 
by (metis Kirby.mult-zero-right mult-add-mem-0)

lemma zero-less-mult-iff [simp]:  $0 < x * y \longleftrightarrow 0 < x \wedge 0 < y$  if Ord x
using Kirby.mult-eq-0-iff ZFC-in-HOL.neq0-conv by blast

lemma mult-cancel-less-iff [simp]:
   $\llbracket \text{Ord } \alpha; \text{Ord } \beta; \text{Ord } \gamma \rrbracket \implies \alpha * \beta < \alpha * \gamma \longleftrightarrow \beta < \gamma \wedge 0 < \alpha$ 
  using mult-add-mem-0 [of  $\alpha \beta \gamma$ ]
  by (meson Ord-0 Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-mult)

lemma mult-cancel-le-iff [simp]:
   $\llbracket \text{Ord } \alpha; \text{Ord } \beta; \text{Ord } \gamma \rrbracket \implies \alpha * \beta \leq \alpha * \gamma \longleftrightarrow \beta \leq \gamma \vee \alpha = 0$ 
  by (metis Ord-linear2 Ord-mult eq-iff leD mult-cancel-less-iff mult-cancellation)

lemma mult-Suc-add-less:  $\llbracket \alpha < \gamma; \beta < \gamma; \text{Ord } \alpha; \text{Ord } \beta; \text{Ord } \gamma \rrbracket \implies \gamma * \text{ord-of-nat}$ 
 $m + \alpha < \gamma * \text{ord-of-nat} (\text{Suc } m) + \beta$ 
apply (simp add: mult-succ add.assoc)
by (meson Ord-add Ord-linear2 le-less-trans not-add-less-right)

lemma mult-nat-less-add-less:
assumes  $m < n \alpha < \gamma \beta < \gamma$  and ord: Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  Ord  $\gamma$ 
shows  $\gamma * \text{ord-of-nat } m + \alpha < \gamma * \text{ord-of-nat } n + \beta$ 
proof -
have Suc  $m \leq n$ 
  using ‹m < n› by auto
have  $\gamma * \text{ord-of-nat } m + \alpha < \gamma * \text{ord-of-nat} (\text{Suc } m) + \beta$ 
  using assms mult-Suc-add-less by blast
also have ...  $\leq \gamma * \text{ord-of-nat } n + \beta$ 
  using Ord-mult Ord-ord-of-nat add-right-mono ‹Suc m ≤ n› ord mult-cancel-le-iff
  ord-of-nat-mono-iff by presburger
finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

```

lemma add-mult-less-add-mult:
  assumes  $x < y$   $x \in \text{elts } \beta$   $y \in \text{elts } \beta$   $\mu \in \text{elts } \alpha$   $\nu \in \text{elts } \alpha$   $\text{Ord } \alpha$   $\text{Ord } \beta$ 
  shows  $\alpha * x + \mu < \alpha * y + \nu$ 
proof -
  obtain  $\text{Ord } x$   $\text{Ord } y$ 
  using Ord-in-Ord assms by blast
  then obtain  $\delta$  where  $0 \in \text{elts } \delta$   $y = x + \delta$ 
  by (metis add.right-neutral `x < y` le-Ord-diff less-V-def mem-0-Ord)
  then show ?thesis
  apply (simp add: add-mult-distrib add.assoc)
  by (meson OrdmemD add-le-cancel-left0 `μ ∈ elts α` `Ord α` less-le-trans
zero-imp-le-mult)
qed

lemma add-mult-less:
  assumes  $\gamma \in \text{elts } \alpha$   $\nu \in \text{elts } \beta$   $\text{Ord } \alpha$   $\text{Ord } \beta$ 
  shows  $\alpha * \nu + \gamma \in \text{elts } (\alpha * \beta)$ 
proof -
  have  $\text{Ord } \nu$ 
  using Ord-in-Ord assms by blast
  with assms show ?thesis
  by (metis Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-succ add-mem-right-cancel mult-cancel-le-iff mult-succ
succ-le-iff vsubsetD)
qed

lemma Ord-add-mult-iff:
  assumes  $\beta \in \text{elts } \gamma$   $\beta' \in \text{elts } \gamma$   $\text{Ord } \alpha$   $\text{Ord } \alpha'$   $\text{Ord } \gamma$ 
  shows  $\gamma * \alpha + \beta \in \text{elts } (\gamma * \alpha' + \beta') \longleftrightarrow \alpha \in \text{elts } \alpha' \vee \alpha = \alpha' \wedge \beta \in \text{elts } \beta'$ 
  (is ?lhs  $\longleftrightarrow$  ?rhs)
proof
  assume  $L: ?lhs$ 
  show ?rhs
  proof (cases  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \alpha'$ )
    case False
    with assms have  $\alpha = \alpha'$ 
    by (meson L Ord-linear Ord-mult Ord-trans add-mult-less not-add-mem-right)
    then show ?thesis
    using L less-V-def by auto
  qed auto
next
  assume  $R: ?rhs$ 
  then show ?lhs
  proof
    assume  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \alpha'$ 
    then obtain  $\delta$  where  $\alpha' = \alpha + \delta$ 
    by (metis OrdmemD assms(3) assms(4) le-Ord-diff less-V-def)
    show ?lhs
    using assms

```

```

    by (meson ‹α ∈ elts α'› add-le-cancel-left0 add-mult-less vsubsetD)
next
  assume α = α' ∧ β ∈ elts β'
  then show ?lhs
    using less-V-def by auto
qed
qed

lemma vcard-mult: vcard (x * y) = vcard x ⊗ vcard y
proof -
  have 1: elts (lift (x * u) x) ≈ elts x if u ∈ elts y for u
    by (metis cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-sym eqpoll-trans card-lift)
  have 2: pairwise (λu u'. disjoint (elts (lift (x * u) x)) (elts (lift (x * u') x))) (elts y)
    by (simp add: pairwise-def disjoint-def) (metis V-disjoint-iff lift-mult-disjoint)
  have x * y = (⊔ u∈elts y. lift (x * u) x)
    using mult by blast
  then have elts (x * y) ≈ (⊔ u∈elts y. elts (lift (x * u) x))
    by simp
  also have ... ≈ elts y × elts x
    using Union-eqpoll-Times [OF 1 2].
  also have ... ≈ elts x × elts y
    by (simp add: times-commute-eqpoll)
  also have ... ≈ elts (vcard x) × elts (vcard y)
    using cardinal-eqpoll eqpoll-sym times-eqpoll-cong by blast
  also have ... ≈ elts (vcard x ⊗ vcard y)
    by (simp add: cmult-def elts-vcard-VSigma-eqpoll eqpoll-sym)
  finally have elts (x * y) ≈ elts (vcard x ⊗ vcard y) .
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis cadd-cmult-distrib cadd-def cardinal-cong cardinal-idem vsum-0-eqpoll)
qed

proposition TC-mult: TC(x * y) = (⊔ r ∈ elts (TC x). ⊔ u ∈ elts (TC y). set{x * u + r})
proof (cases x = 0)
  case False
  have *: TC(x * y) = (⊔ u ∈ elts (TC y). lift (x * u) (TC x)) for y
  proof (induction y rule: eps-induct)
    case (step y)
    have TC(x * y) = (⊔ u ∈ elts y. TC (lift (x * u) x))
      by (simp add: mult [of x y] TC-Sup-distrib image-image)
    also have ... = (⊔ u ∈ elts y. TC(x * u) ∪ lift (x * u) (TC x))
      by (simp add: TC-lift False)
    also have ... = (⊔ u ∈ elts y. (⊔ z ∈ elts (TC u). lift (x * z) (TC x)) ∪ lift (x * u) (TC x))
      by (simp add: step)
    also have ... = (⊔ u ∈ elts (TC y). lift (x * u) (TC x))
      by (auto simp: TC'[of y] image-Un Sup-Un-distrib TC-Sup-distrib cSUP-UNION SUP-sup-distrib)
  qed

```

```

    finally show ?case .
qed
show ?thesis
  by (force simp: * lift-def)
qed auto

corollary vcard-TC-mult: vcard (TC(x * y)) = vcard (TC x)  $\otimes$  vcard (TC y)
proof -
  have ( $\bigcup_{u \in \text{elts } (\text{TC } x)} \bigcup_{v \in \text{elts } (\text{TC } y)} \{x * v + u\}$ ) = ( $\bigcup_{u \in \text{elts } (\text{TC } x)} (\lambda v. x * v + u)$  ` elts (TC y))
    by (simp add: UNION-singleton-eq-range)
  also have ...  $\approx$  ( $\bigcup_{x \in \text{elts } (\text{TC } x)} \text{elts } (\text{lift } (\text{TC } y * x) (\text{TC } y))$ )
  proof (rule UN-eqpoll-UN)
    show ( $\lambda v. x * v + u$ ) ` elts (TC y)  $\approx$  elts (lift (TC y * u) (TC y))
      if  $u \in \text{elts } (\text{TC } x)$  for u
    proof -
      have inj-on ( $\lambda v. x * v + u$ ) (elts (TC y))
        by (meson inj-onI less-TC-def mult-cancellation-lemma that)
      then have ( $\lambda v. x * v + u$ ) ` elts (TC y)  $\approx$  elts (TC y)
        by (rule inj-on-image-eqpoll-self)
      also have ...  $\approx$  elts (lift (TC y * u) (TC y))
        by (simp add: eqpoll-lift eqpoll-sym)
      finally show ?thesis .
    qed
    show pairwise ( $\lambda u ya. \text{disjnt } ((\lambda v. x * v + u) ` \text{elts } (\text{TC } y)) ((\lambda v. x * v + ya) ` \text{elts } (\text{TC } y))$ ) (elts (TC x))
      apply (auto simp: pairwise-def disjnt-def)
      using less-TC-def mult-cancellation-lemma by blast
    show pairwise ( $\lambda u ya. \text{disjnt } (\text{elts } (\text{lift } (\text{TC } y * u) (\text{TC } y))) (\text{elts } (\text{lift } (\text{TC } y * ya) (\text{TC } y)))$ ) (elts (TC x))
      apply (auto simp: pairwise-def disjnt-def)
      by (metis Int-iff V-disjoint-iff empty-iff lift-mult-disjoint)
    qed
    also have ... = elts (TC y * TC x)
      by (metis elts-Sup image-image mult replacement small-elts)
    finally have ( $\bigcup_{u \in \text{elts } (\text{TC } x)} \bigcup_{v \in \text{elts } (\text{TC } y)} \{x * v + u\}$ )  $\approx$  elts (TC y * TC x) .
    then show ?thesis
      apply (subst cmult-commute)
      by (simp add: TC-mult cardinal-cong flip: vcard-mult)
  qed

lemma countable-mult:
  assumes countable (elts A) countable (elts B)
  shows countable (elts (A*B))
proof -
  have vcard A  $\leq$   $\aleph_0$  vcard B  $\leq$   $\aleph_0$ 
    using assms countable-iff-le-Aleph0 by blast+

```

```

then have vcard (A*B) ≤ ℵ₀
  unfolding vcard-mult
  by (metis InfCard-csquare-eq cmult-le-mono Aleph-0 Card-ω InfCard-def or-
der-refl)
  then show ?thesis
  by (simp add: countable-iff-le-Aleph0)
qed

```

### 3.4 Ordertype properties

```

lemma ordertype-image-plus:
  assumes Ord α
  shows ordertype ((+) u ` elts α) VWF = α
  proof (subst ordertype-VWF-eq-iff)
    have 1: (u + x, u + y) ∈ VWF if x ∈ elts α y ∈ elts α x < y for x y
      using that
      by (meson Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt add-mem-right-cancel assms mem-imp-VWF)
    then have 2: x < y
      if x ∈ elts α y ∈ elts α (u + x, u + y) ∈ VWF for x y
      using that by (metis Ord-in-Ord Ord-linear-lt VWF-asym assms)
    show ∃f. bij-betw f ((+) u ` elts α) (elts α) ∧ (∀x∈(+) u ` elts α. ∀y∈(+) u ` elts α. (f x < f y) = ((x, y) ∈ VWF))
      using 1 2 unfolding bij-betw-def inj-on-def
      by (rule-tac x=λx. odiff x u in exI) (auto simp: image-iff)
    qed (use assms in auto)

lemma ordertype-diff:
  assumes β + δ = α and α: δ ∈ elts α Ord α
  shows ordertype (elts α - elts β) VWF = δ
  proof -
    have *: elts α - elts β = ((+)β) ` elts δ
    proof
      show elts α - elts β ⊆ (+)β ` elts δ
        by clarsimp (metis assms(1) image-iff mem-plus-V-E)
      show (+)β ` elts δ ⊆ elts α - elts β
        using assms(1) not-add-mem-right by force
    qed
    have ordertype ((+)β ` elts δ) VWF = δ
    proof (subst ordertype-VWF-inc-eq)
      show elts δ ⊆ ON ordertype (elts δ) VWF = δ
        using α elts-subset-ON ordertype-eq-Ord by blast+
    qed (use * assms elts-subset-ON in auto)
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: *)
  qed

lemma ordertype-interval-eq:
  assumes α: Ord α and β: Ord β
  shows ordertype ({α ..< α+β} ∩ ON) VWF = β

```

```

proof -
  have  $ON: (+) \alpha`elts \beta \subseteq ON$ 
    using assms Ord-add Ord-in-Ord by blast
  have  $(\{\alpha ..< \alpha+\beta\} \cap ON) = (+) \alpha`elts \beta$ 
    using assms
    apply (simp add: image-def set-eq-iff)
    by (metis add-less-cancel-left Ord-add Ord-in-Ord Ord-linear2 Ord-mem-iff-lt
      le-Ord-diff not-add-less-right)
  moreover have  $ordertype(elts \beta) VWF = ordertype((+) \alpha`elts \beta) VWF$ 
    using ON \beta elts-subset-ON ordertype-VWF-inc-eq by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using \beta by auto
qed

lemma ordertype-Times:
  assumes small A small B and r: wf r trans r total-on A r and s: wf s trans s
  total-on B s
  shows  $ordertype(A \times B)(r <*lex*> s) = ordertype B s * ordertype A r$  (is - =
   $\beta * \alpha$ )
  proof (subst ordertype-eq-iff)
    show  $Ord(\beta * \alpha)$ 
      by (intro wf-Ord-ordertype Ord-mult r s; simp)
    define f where  $f \equiv \lambda(x,y). \beta * ordermap A r x + (ordermap B s y)$ 
    show  $\exists f. bij-betw f (A \times B)(elts (\beta * \alpha)) \wedge (\forall x \in A \times B. \forall y \in A \times B. (f x <$ 
     $f y) = ((x, y) \in (r <*lex*> s)))$ 
      unfolding bij-betw-def
      proof (intro exI conjI strip)
        show inj-on f  $(A \times B)$ 
        proof (clarsimp simp: f-def inj-on-def)
          fix x y x' y'
          assume  $x \in A$   $y \in B$   $x' \in A$   $y' \in B$ 
          and eq:  $\beta * ordermap A r x + ordermap B s y = \beta * ordermap A r x' +$ 
             $ordermap B s y'$ 
          have  $ordermap A r x = ordermap A r x' \wedge$ 
             $ordermap B s y = ordermap B s y'$ 
          proof (rule mult-cancellation-lemma [OF eq])
            show  $ordermap B s y \sqsubset \beta$ 
            using ordermap-in-ordertype [OF  $y \in B$ , of s] less-TC-iff  $\langle$ small B $\rangle$  by
            blast
            show  $ordermap B s y' \sqsubset \beta$ 
            using ordermap-in-ordertype [OF  $y' \in B$ , of s] less-TC-iff  $\langle$ small B $\rangle$  by
            blast
          qed
          then show  $x = x' \wedge y = y'$ 
          using  $\langle x \in A \rangle \langle x' \in A \rangle \langle y \in B \rangle \langle y' \in B \rangle r s \langle$ small A $\rangle \langle$ small B $\rangle$  by auto
          qed
          show  $f` (A \times B) = elts (\beta * \alpha)$  (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
          proof
            show  $f` (A \times B) \subseteq elts (\beta * \alpha)$ 

```

```

apply (auto simp: f-def add-mult-less ordermap-in-ordertype wf-Ord-ordertype
r s)
  by (simp add: add-mult-less assms ordermap-in-ordertype wf-Ord-ordertype)
show elts (?β * ?α) ⊆ f ` (A × B)
proof (clarsimp simp: f-def image-iff elim !: elts-multE split: prod.split)
  fix u v
  assume u: u ∈ elts (?β) and v: v ∈ elts ?α
  have inv-into B (ordermap B s) u ∈ B
    by (simp add: inv-into-ordermap u)
  moreover have inv-into A (ordermap A r) v ∈ A
    by (simp add: inv-into-ordermap v)
  ultimately show ∃x∈A. ∃y∈B. ?β * v + u = ?β * ordermap A r x +
ordermap B s y
    by (metis ‹small A› ‹small B› bij-betw-inv-into-right ordermap-bij r(1)
r(3) s(1) s(3) u v)
  qed
qed
next
fix p q
assume p ∈ A × B and q ∈ A × B
then obtain u v x y where §: p = (u,v) u ∈ A v ∈ B q = (x,y) x ∈ A y ∈ B
  by blast
show ((f p) < f q) = ((p, q) ∈ (r <*lex*> s))
proof
  assume f p < f q
  with § assms have (u, x) ∈ r ∨ u=x ∧ (v, y) ∈ s
    apply (simp add: f-def)
  by (metis Ord-add Ord-add-mult-iff Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-mult wf-Ord-ordermap
converse-ordermap-mono
ordermap-eq-iff ordermap-in-ordertype wf-Ord-ordertype)
  then show (p,q) ∈ (r <*lex*> s)
    by (simp add: §)
next
assume (p,q) ∈ (r <*lex*> s)
then have (u, x) ∈ r ∨ u = x ∧ (v, y) ∈ s
  by (simp add: §)
then show f p < f q
proof
  assume ux: (u, x) ∈ r
  have oo: ∀x. Ord (ordermap A r x) ∀y. Ord (ordermap B s y)
    by (simp-all add: r s)
  show f p < f q
  proof (clarsimp simp: f-def split: prod.split)
    fix a b a' b'
    assume p = (a, b) and q = (a', b')
    then have ?β * ordermap A r a + ordermap B s b < ?β * ordermap A r
a'
      using ux assms §
    by (metis Ord-mult wf-Ord-ordermap OrdmemD Pair-inject add-mult-less

```

```

ordermap-in-ordertype ordermap-mono wf-Ord-ordertype)
  also have ... ≤ ?β * ordermap A r a' + ordermap B s b'
    by simp
  finally show ?β * ordermap A r a + ordermap B s b < ?β * ordermap A
r a' + ordermap B s b'.
  qed
next
  assume u = x ∧ (v, y) ∈ s
  then show f p < f q
    using § assms by (fastforce simp: f-def split: prod.split intro: or-
dermap-mono-less)
  qed
  qed
  qed
qed (use assms small-Times in auto)

end

```

## 4 Exponentiation of ordinals

```

theory Ordinal-Exp
  imports Kirby

```

```
begin
```

Source: Schröder, Julian. Ordinal Arithmetic; available online at <http://www.math.uni-bonn.de/ag/logik/teaching/2012WS/Set%20theory/oa.pdf>

```

definition oexp :: [V,V] ⇒ V (infixr ↑ 80)
  where oexp a b ≡ transrec (λf x. if x=0 then 1
                                else if Limit x then if a=0 then 0 else ⋄ξ ∈ elts x. f ξ
                                else f (⋄(elts x)) * a) b

```

$0 \uparrow \omega = 1$  if we don't make a special case for Limit ordinals and zero

```

lemma oexp-0-right [simp]: α↑0 = 1
  by (simp add: def-transrec [OF oexp-def])

```

```

lemma oexp-succ [simp]: Ord β ⇒ α↑(succ β) = α↑β * α
  by (simp add: def-transrec [OF oexp-def])

```

```

lemma oexp-Limit: Limit β ⇒ α↑β = (if α=0 then 0 else ⋄ξ ∈ elts β. α↑ξ)
  by (auto simp: def-transrec [OF oexp-def, of - β])

```

```

lemma oexp-1-right [simp]: α↑1 = α
  using one-V-def oexp-succ by fastforce

```

```

lemma oexp-1 [simp]: Ord α ⇒ 1↑α = 1
  by (induction rule: Ord-induct3) (use Limit-def oexp-Limit in auto)

```

```

lemma oexp-0 [simp]: Ord  $\alpha \implies 0 \uparrow \alpha = (\text{if } \alpha = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$ 
  by (induction rule: Ord-induct3) (use Limit-def oexp-Limit in auto)

lemma oexp-eq-0-iff [simp]:
  assumes Ord  $\beta$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \beta = 0 \longleftrightarrow \alpha = 0 \wedge \beta \neq 0$ 
  using ⟨Ord  $\betaproof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
    case (Limit  $\mu$ )
    then show ?case
      using Limit-def oexp-Limit by auto
  qed auto

lemma oexp-gt-0-iff [simp]:
  assumes Ord  $\beta$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \beta > 0 \longleftrightarrow \alpha > 0 \vee \beta = 0$ 
  by (simp add: assms less-V-def)

lemma ord-of-nat-oexp: ord-of-nat ( $m \hat{n}$ ) = ord-of-nat  $m \uparrow \text{ord-of-nat} n$ 
  proof (induction  $n$ )
    case (Suc  $n$ )
    then show ?case
      by (simp add: mult.commute [of  $m$ ]) (simp add: ord-of-nat-mult)
  qed auto

lemma omega-closed-oexp [intro]:
  assumes  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \omega$   $\beta \in \text{elts } \omega$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \beta \in \text{elts } \omega$ 
  proof -
    obtain  $m n$  where  $\alpha = \text{ord-of-nat } m$   $\beta = \text{ord-of-nat } n$ 
    using assms elts- $\omega$  by auto
    then have  $\alpha \uparrow \beta = \text{ord-of-nat } (m \hat{n})$ 
    by (simp add: ord-of-nat-oexp)
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add:  $\omega\text{-def}$ )
  qed$ 
```

```

lemma Ord-oexp [simp]:
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  shows Ord ( $\alpha \uparrow \beta$ )
  using ⟨Ord  $\betaproof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
    case (Limit  $\alpha$ )
    then show ?case
      by (auto simp: oexp-Limit image-iff intro: Ord-Sup)
  qed (auto intro: Ord-mult assms)$ 
```

Lemma 3.19

```

lemma le-oexp:
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$   $\beta \neq 0$  shows  $\alpha \leq \alpha \uparrow \beta$ 
  using ⟨Ord  $\beta$ ⟩ ⟨ $\beta \neq 0$ ⟩
  proof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)

```

```

case (succ  $\beta$ )
then show ?case
  by simp (metis ‹Ord α› le-0 le-mult mult.left-neutral oexp-0-right order-refl
order-trans)
next
  case (Limit  $\mu$ )
  then show ?case
    by (metis Limit-def Limit-eq-Sup-self ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper eq-iff image-eqI
image-ident oexp-1-right oexp-Limit replacement small-elts one-V-def)
qed auto

```

Lemma 3.20

```

lemma le-oexp':
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$   $1 < \alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  shows  $\beta \leq \alpha \uparrow \beta$ 
proof (cases  $\beta = 0$ )
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    by auto
next
  case False
  show ?thesis
    using ‹Ord β›
  proof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
    case 0
    then show ?case
      by auto
next
  case (succ  $\gamma$ )
  then have  $\alpha \uparrow \gamma * 1 < \alpha \uparrow \gamma * \alpha$ 
  using ‹Ord α› ‹1 < α›
    by (metis le-mult less-V-def mult.right-neutral mult-cancellation not-less-0
oexp-eq-0-iff succ.hyps)
  then have  $\gamma < \alpha \uparrow \text{succ } \gamma$ 
  using succ.IH succ.hyps by auto
  then show ?case
    using False ‹Ord α› ‹1 < α› succ
    by (metis Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-oexp Ord-succ elts-succ insert-subset less-eq-V-def
less-imp-le)
next
  case (Limit  $\mu$ )
  with False ‹1 < α› show ?case
    by (force simp: Limit-def oexp-Limit intro: elts-succ)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma oexp-Limit-le:
  assumes  $\beta < \gamma$  Limit  $\gamma$  Ord  $\beta$   $\alpha > 0$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \beta \leq \alpha \uparrow \gamma$ 
proof –

```

```

have Ord  $\gamma$ 
  using Limit-def assms(2) by blast
with assms show ?thesis
  using Ord-mem-iff-lt ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper oexp-Limit by auto
qed

proposition oexp-less:
  assumes  $\beta : \beta \in \text{elts } \gamma$  and Ord  $\gamma$  and  $\alpha : \alpha > 1$  Ord  $\alpha$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \beta < \alpha \uparrow \gamma$ 
proof -
  obtain  $\beta < \gamma$  Ord  $\beta$ 
    using Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD assms by auto
  have  $gt0 : \alpha \uparrow \beta > 0$ 
    using  $\langle \text{Ord } \beta \rangle \alpha$  dual-order.order-iff-strict by auto
  show ?thesis
    using  $\langle \text{Ord } \gamma \rangle \beta$ 
  proof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
    case 0
    then show ?case
      by auto
  next
    case (succ  $\delta$ )
    then consider  $\beta = \delta \mid \beta < \delta$ 
      using OrdmemD elts-succ by blast
    then show ?case
  proof cases
    case 1
    then have  $(\alpha \uparrow \beta) * 1 < (\alpha \uparrow \delta) * \alpha$ 
      using Ord-1 Ord-oexp  $\alpha$   $gt0$  mult-cancel-less-iff succ.hyps by metis
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: succ.hyps)
  next
    case 2
    then have  $(\alpha \uparrow \delta) * 1 < (\alpha \uparrow \delta) * \alpha$ 
      by (meson Ord-1 Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-oexp  $\langle \text{Ord } \beta \rangle \alpha$   $gt0$  less-trans mult-cancel-less-iff succ)
    with 2 show ?thesis
      using Ord-mem-iff-lt  $\langle \text{Ord } \beta \rangle$  succ by auto
  qed
  next
  case (Limit  $\gamma$ )
  then obtain Ord  $\gamma$  succ  $\beta < \gamma$ 
    using Limit-def Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD assms by auto
  have  $\alpha \uparrow \beta = (\alpha \uparrow \beta) * 1$ 
    by simp
  also have ...  $< (\alpha \uparrow \beta) * \alpha$ 
    using Ord-oexp  $\langle \text{Ord } \beta \rangle$  assms gt0 mult-cancel-less-iff by blast
  also have ...  $= \alpha \uparrow \text{succ } \beta$ 
    by (simp add:  $\langle \text{Ord } \beta \rangle$ )
  also have ...  $\leq (\bigsqcup \xi \in \text{elts } \gamma. \alpha \uparrow \xi)$ 

```

```

proof -
  have succ  $\beta \in \text{elts } \gamma$ 
    using Limit.hyps Limit.prefs Limit-def by auto
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper)
qed
finally
  have  $\alpha \uparrow \beta < (\bigcup \xi \in \text{elts } \gamma. \alpha \uparrow \xi)$  .
  then show ?case
    using Limit.hyps oexp-Limit < $\alpha > 1$ > by auto
qed
qed

corollary oexp-less-iff:
  assumes  $\alpha > 0$  Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  Ord  $\gamma$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \beta < \alpha \uparrow \gamma \longleftrightarrow \beta \in \text{elts } \gamma \wedge \alpha > 1$ 
proof safe
  show  $\beta \in \text{elts } \gamma \ 1 < \alpha$ 
    if  $\alpha \uparrow \beta < \alpha \uparrow \gamma$ 
proof -
  show  $\alpha > 1$ 
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume  $\neg \alpha > 1$ 
      then consider  $\alpha=0 \mid \alpha=1$ 
        using <Ord  $\alpha$ > less-V-def mem-0-Ord by fastforce
      then show False
        by cases (use that < $\alpha > 0$ > <Ord  $\beta$ > <Ord  $\gamma$ > in <auto split: if-split-asm>)
    qed
    show  $\beta: \beta \in \text{elts } \gamma$ 
      proof (rule ccontr)
        assume  $\beta \notin \text{elts } \gamma$ 
        then have  $\gamma \leq \beta$ 
          by (meson Ord-linear-le Ord-mem-iff-lt assms less-le-not-le)
        then consider  $\gamma = \beta \mid \gamma < \beta$ 
          using less-V-def by blast
        then show False
      proof cases
        case 1
        then show ?thesis
          using that by blast
      next
        case 2
        with < $\alpha > 1$ > have  $\alpha \uparrow \gamma < \alpha \uparrow \beta$ 
          by (simp add: Ord-mem-iff-lt assms oexp-less)
        with that show ?thesis
          by auto
        qed
      qed
    qed
  show  $\alpha \uparrow \beta < \alpha \uparrow \gamma$  if  $\beta \in \text{elts } \gamma \ 1 < \alpha$ 

```

```

    using that by (simp add: assms oexp-less)
qed

lemma ω-oexp-iff [simp]: «Ord α; Ord β» ⇒ ω↑α = ω↑β ↔ α=β
  by (metis Ord-ω Ord-linear ω-gt1 less-irrefl oexp-less)

lemma Limit-oexp:
  assumes Limit γ Ord α α > 1 shows Limit (α↑γ)
  unfolding Limit-def
proof safe
  show Oαγ: Ord (α↑γ)
    using Limit-def Ord-oexp «Limit γ» assms(2) by blast
  show 0: 0 ∈ elts (α↑γ)
    using Limit-def oexp-Limit «Limit γ» «α > 1» by fastforce
  have Ord γ
    using Limit-def «Limit γ» by blast
  fix x
  assume x: x ∈ elts (α↑γ)
  with «Limit γ» «α > 1»
  obtain β where β < γ Ord β Ord x and xβ: x ∈ elts (α↑β)
    apply (simp add: oexp-Limit split: if-split-asm)
    using Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD «Ord γ» Oαγ x by blast
  then have Oαβ: Ord (α↑β)
    using Ord-oexp assms(2) by blast
  have β ∈ elts γ
    by (simp add: Ord-mem-iff-lt «Ord β» «Ord γ» «β < γ»)
  moreover have α ≠ 0
    using «α > 1» by blast
  ultimately have αβγ: α↑β ≤ α↑γ
    by (simp add: Sup-upper oexp-Limit «Limit γ»)
  have succ x ≤ α↑β
    by (simp add: OrdmemD Oαβ «Ord x» succ-le-iff xβ)
  then consider succ x < α↑β | succ x = α↑β
    using le-neq-trans by blast
  then show succ x ∈ elts (α↑γ)
proof cases
  case 1
  with αβγ show ?thesis
    using Oαβ Ord-mem-iff-lt «Ord x» by blast
next
  case 2
  then have succ β < γ
    using Limit-def OrdmemD «β ∈ elts γ» assms(1) by auto
  have ge1: 1 ≤ α↑β
    by (metis 2 Ord-0 «Ord x» le-0 le-succ-iff one-V-def)
  have succ x < succ (α↑β)
    using 2 Oαβ succ-le-iff by auto
  also have ... ≤ (α↑β) + (α↑β)
    using ge1 by (simp add: succ-eq-add1)

```

```

also have ... = ( $\alpha \uparrow \beta$ ) * succ (succ 0)
  by (simp add: mult-succ)
also have ...  $\leq$  ( $\alpha \uparrow \beta$ ) *  $\alpha$ 
  using O $\alpha\beta$  Ord-succ assms(2) assms(3) one-V-def succ-le-iff by auto
also have ... =  $\alpha \uparrow$  succ  $\beta$ 
  by (simp add: <Ord  $\beta$ >)
also have ...  $\leq$   $\alpha \uparrow \gamma$ 
  by (meson Limit-def < $\beta \in \text{elts } \gamma$ > assms dual-order.order-iff-strict oexp-less)
finally show ?thesis
  by (simp add: 2 O $\alpha\beta$  O $\alpha\gamma$  Ord-mem-iff-lt)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma oexp-mono:
assumes  $\alpha$ : Ord  $\alpha$   $\alpha \neq 0$  and  $\beta$ : Ord  $\beta$   $\gamma \sqsubseteq \beta$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \gamma \leq \alpha \uparrow \beta$ 
using  $\beta$ 
proof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (succ  $\beta$ )
  with  $\alpha$  le-mult show ?case
    by (auto simp: le-TC-succ)
next
  case (Limit  $\mu$ )
  then have  $\alpha \uparrow \gamma \leq \bigsqcup ((\uparrow) \alpha \setminus \text{elts } \mu)$ 
  using Limit.hyps Ord-less-TC-mem < $\alpha \neq 0$ > le-TC-def by (auto simp: oexp-Limit
Limit-def)
  then show ?case
    using  $\alpha$  by (simp add: oexp-Limit Limit.hyps)
qed

```

```

lemma oexp-mono-le:
assumes  $\gamma \leq \beta$   $\alpha \neq 0$  Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  Ord  $\gamma$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \gamma \leq \alpha \uparrow \beta$ 
by (simp add: assms oexp-mono vle2 vle-iff-le-Ord)

```

```

lemma oexp-sup:
assumes  $\alpha \neq 0$  Ord  $\alpha$  Ord  $\beta$  Ord  $\gamma$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow (\beta \sqcup \gamma) = \alpha \uparrow \beta \sqcup \alpha \uparrow \gamma$ 
by (metis Ord-linear-le assms oexp-mono-le sup.absorb2 sup.orderE)

```

```

lemma oexp-Sup:
assumes  $\alpha$ :  $\alpha \neq 0$  Ord  $\alpha$  and  $X$ :  $X \subseteq \text{ON small } X$   $X \neq \{\}$  shows  $\alpha \uparrow \bigsqcup X =$ 
 $\bigsqcup ((\uparrow) \alpha \setminus X)$ 
proof (rule order-antisym)
  show  $\bigsqcup ((\uparrow) \alpha \setminus X) \leq \alpha \uparrow \bigsqcup X$ 
    by (metis ON-imp-Ord Ord-Sup ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper assms cSUP-least)

```

```

oexp-mono-le)
next
  have Ord (Sup X)
    using Ord-Sup X by auto
  then show α↑⊔ X ≤ ⊔ ((↑) α ` X)
  proof (cases rule: Ord-cases)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      using X dual-order.antisym by fastforce
  next
    case (succ β)
    then show ?thesis
      using ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-upper X succ-in-Sup-Ord by auto
  next
    case limit
    show ?thesis
    proof (clar simp simp: assms oexp-Limit limit)
      fix x y z
      assume x: x ∈ elts (α ↑ y) and z ∈ X y ∈ elts z
      then have α ↑ y ≤ α ↑ z
      by (meson ON-imp-Ord Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD α ⊲ X ⊆ ON le-less oexp-mono-le)
      with x have x ∈ elts (α ↑ z) by blast
      then show ∃ u∈X. x ∈ elts (α ↑ u)
        using ⊲z ∈ X by blast
    qed
    qed
  qed

```

```

lemma omega-le-Limit:
  assumes Limit μ shows ω ≤ μ
proof
  fix ρ
  assume ρ ∈ elts ω
  then obtain n where ρ = ord-of-nat n
    using elts-ω by auto
  have ord-of-nat n ∈ elts μ
    by (induction n) (use Limit-def assms in auto)
  then show ρ ∈ elts μ
    using ρ = ord-of-nat n by auto
qed

```

```

lemma finite-omega-power [simp]:
  assumes 1 < n n ∈ elts ω shows n↑ω = ω
proof (rule order-antisym)
  have ⊔ ((↑) (ord-of-nat k) ` elts ω) ≤ ω for k
  proof (induction k)
    case 0
    then show ?case

```

```

    by auto
next
  case (Suc k)
  then show ?case
    by (metis Ord-ω OrdmemD Sup-eq-0-iff ZFC-in-HOL.SUP-le-iff le-0 le-less
omega-closed-oexp ord-of-nat-ω)
qed
then show n↑ω ≤ ω
  using assms
  by (simp add: elts-ω oexp-Limit) metis
show ω ≤ n↑ω
  using Ord-in-Ord assms le-oexp' by blast
qed

proposition oexp-add:
assumes Ord α Ord β Ord γ shows α↑(β + γ) = α↑β * α↑γ
proof (cases ⟨α = 0⟩)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
  using assms by simp
next
  case False
  show ?thesis
  using ⟨Ord γ⟩
proof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
  case 0
  then show ?case
  by auto
next
  case (succ ξ)
  then show ?case
  using ⟨Ord β⟩ by (auto simp: plus- V-succ-right mult.assoc)
next
  case (Limit μ)
have α↑(β + (⊔ξ∈elts μ. ξ)) = (⊔ξ∈elts (β + μ). α↑ξ)
  by (simp add: Limit.hyps oexp-Limit assms False)
also have ... = (⊔ξ ∈ {ξ. Ord ξ ∧ β + ξ < β + μ}. α↑(β + ξ))
proof (rule Sup-eq-Sup)
  show (λξ. α↑(β + ξ)) ‘ {ξ. Ord ξ ∧ β + ξ < β + μ} ⊆ (↑) α ‘ elts (β + μ)
    using Limit.hyps Limit-def Ord-mem-iff-lt imageI by blast
  fix x
  assume x ∈ (↑) α ‘ elts (β + μ)
  then obtain ξ where ξ: ξ ∈ elts (β + μ) and x: x = α↑ξ
    by auto
  have ∃γ. Ord γ ∧ γ < μ ∧ α↑ξ ≤ α↑(β + γ)
  proof (rule mem-plus- V-E [OF ξ])
    assume ξ ∈ elts β
    then have α↑ξ ≤ α↑β

```

```

    by (meson arg-subset-TC assms False le-TC-def less-TC-def oexp-mono
vsubsetD)
    with zero-less-Limit [OF ‹Limit μ›]
    show ∃γ. Ord γ ∧ γ < μ ∧ α↑ξ ≤ α↑(β + γ)
        by force
next
fix δ
assume δ ∈ elts μ and ξ = β + δ
have Ord δ
    using Limit.hyps Limit-def Ord-in-Ord δ ∈ elts μ by blast
moreover have δ < μ
    using Limit.hyps Limit-def OrdmemD δ ∈ elts μ by auto
ultimately show ∃γ. Ord γ ∧ γ < μ ∧ α↑ξ ≤ α↑(β + γ)
    using ‹ξ = β + δ› by blast
qed
then show ∃y∈(λξ. α↑(β + ξ)) ‘{ξ. Ord ξ ∧ β + ξ < β + μ}. x ≤ y
    using x by auto
qed auto
also have ... = (⊔ξ∈elts μ. α↑(β + ξ))
    using ‹Limit μ›
    by (simp add: Ord-Collect-lt Limit-def)
also have ... = (⊔ξ∈elts μ. α↑β * α↑ξ)
    using Limit.IH by auto
also have ... = α↑β * α↑(⊔ξ∈elts μ. ξ)
    using ‹α ≠ 0› Limit.hyps
    by (simp add: image-image oexp-Limit mult-Sup-distrib)
finally show ?case .
qed
qed

proposition oexp-mult:
assumes Ord α Ord β Ord γ shows α↑(β * γ) = (α↑β)↑γ
proof (cases α = 0 ∨ β = 0)
case True
then show ?thesis
    by (auto simp: ‹Ord β› ‹Ord γ›)
next
case False
show ?thesis
    using ‹Ord γ›
proof (induction rule: Ord-induct3)
case 0
then show ?case
    by auto
next
case succ
then show ?case
    using assms by (auto simp: mult-succ oexp-add)
next

```

```

case (Limit  $\mu$ )
have Lim: Limit ( $\bigsqcup$  ((*)  $\beta$  ` elts  $\mu$ ))
  unfolding Limit-def
proof (intro conjI allI impI)
  show Ord ( $\bigsqcup$  ((*)  $\beta$  ` elts  $\mu$ ))
    using Limit.hyps Limit-def Ord-in-Ord ⟨Ord  $\beta$ ⟩ by (auto intro: Ord-Sup)
  have succ 0 ∈ elts  $\mu$ 
    using Limit.hyps Limit-def by blast
  then show 0 ∈ elts ( $\bigsqcup$  ((*)  $\beta$  ` elts  $\mu$ ))
    using False ⟨Ord  $\beta$ ⟩ mem-0-Ord by force
  show succ  $y \in \text{elts} (\bigsqcup ((*) \beta ` \text{elts } \mu))$ 
    if  $y \in \text{elts} (\bigsqcup ((*) \beta ` \text{elts } \mu))$  for  $y$ 
    using that False Limit.hyps
    apply (clarsimp simp: Limit-def)
    by (metis Ord-in-Ord Ord-linear Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-mult Ord-succ assms(2)
less-V-def mult-cancellation mult-succ not-add-mem-right succ-le-iff succ-ne-self)
  qed
  have  $\alpha \uparrow (\beta * (\bigsqcup \xi \in \text{elts } \mu. \xi)) = \alpha \uparrow \bigsqcup ((*) \beta ` \text{elts } \mu)$ 
    by (simp add: mult-Sup-distrib)
  also have ... =  $\bigsqcup (\bigcup x \in \text{elts } \mu. (\uparrow) \alpha ` \text{elts } (\beta * x))$ 
    using False Lim oexp-Limit by fastforce
  also have ... = ( $\bigsqcup x \in \text{elts } \mu. \alpha \uparrow (\beta * x)$ )
  proof (rule Sup-eq-Sup)
    show  $(\lambda x. \alpha \uparrow (\beta * x)) ` \text{elts } \mu \subseteq (\bigcup x \in \text{elts } \mu. (\uparrow) \alpha ` \text{elts } (\beta * x))$ 
      using ⟨Ord  $\alpha$ ⟩ ⟨Ord  $\beta$ ⟩ False Limit
      apply clarsimp
      by (metis Limit-def elts-succ imageI insertI1 mem-0-Ord mult-add-mem-0)
    show  $\exists y \in (\lambda x. \alpha \uparrow (\beta * x)) ` \text{elts } \mu. x \leq y$ 
      if  $x \in (\bigcup x \in \text{elts } \mu. (\uparrow) \alpha ` \text{elts } (\beta * x))$  for  $x$ 
      using that Ord α Ord β False Limit
    by clarsimp (metis Limit-def Ord-in-Ord Ord-mult VWO-TC-le mem-imp-VWO
oexp-mono)
  qed auto
  also have ... =  $\bigsqcup ((\uparrow) (\alpha \uparrow \beta) ` \text{elts} (\bigsqcup \xi \in \text{elts } \mu. \xi))$ 
    using Limit.IH Limit.hyps by auto
  also have ... =  $(\alpha \uparrow \beta) \uparrow (\bigsqcup \xi \in \text{elts } \mu. \xi)$ 
    using False Limit.hyps oexp-Limit ⟨Ord  $\beta$ ⟩ by auto
  finally show ?case .
  qed
qed

lemma Limit-omega-oexp:
assumes Ord  $\delta$   $\delta \neq 0$ 
shows Limit ( $\omega \uparrow \delta$ )
using assms
proof (cases  $\delta$  rule: Ord-cases)
  case 0
  then show ?thesis
    using assms(2) by blast

```

```

next
  case (succ l)
    have *: succ β ∈ elts (ω↑l * n + ω↑l)
      if n: n ∈ elts ω and β: β ∈ elts (ω↑l * n) for n β
    proof –
      obtain Ord n Ord β
        by (meson Ord-ω Ord-in-Ord Ord-mult Ord-oexp β n succ(1))
      obtain oo: Ord (ω↑l) Ord (ω↑l * n)
        by (simp add: ‹Ord n› succ(1))
      moreover have f4: β < ω↑l * n
        using oo Ord-mem-iff-lt ‹Ord β› ‹β ∈ elts (ω↑l * n)› by blast
      moreover have f5: Ord (succ β)
        using ‹Ord β› by blast
      moreover have ω↑l ≠ 0
        using oexp-eq-0-iff omega-nonzero succ(1) by blast
      ultimately show ?thesis
        by (metis add-less-cancel-left Ord-ω Ord-add Ord-mem-iff-lt OrdmemD ‹Ord β›
          add.right-neutral dual-order.strict-trans2 oexp-gt-0-iff succ(1) succ-le-iff zero-in-omega)
      qed
      show ?thesis
        using succ
        apply (clar simp simp: Limit-def mem-0-Ord)
        apply (simp add: mult-Limit)
        by (metis * mult-succ succ-in-omega)
    next
      case limit
      then show ?thesis
        by (metis Limit-oexp Ord-ω OrdmemD one-V-def succ-in-omega zero-in-omega)
      qed

lemma oexp-mult-commute:
  fixes j::nat
  assumes Ord α
  shows (α ↑ j) * α = α * (α ↑ j)
proof –
  have (α ↑ j) * α = α ↑ (1 + ord-of-nat j)
    by (simp add: one-V-def)
  also have ... = α * (α ↑ j)
    by (simp add: assms oexp-add)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma oexp-ω-Limit: Limit β  $\implies$  ω↑β = ( $\bigsqcup$  ξ ∈ elts β. ω↑ξ)
  by (simp add: oexp-Limit)

lemma ω-power-succ-gtr: Ord α  $\implies$  ω↑α * ord-of-nat n < ω↑succ α
  by (simp add: OrdmemD)

lemma countable-oexp:

```

```

assumes  $\nu: \alpha \in \text{elts } \omega_1$ 
shows  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \in \text{elts } \omega_1$ 
proof -
have  $\text{Ord } \alpha$ 
  using  $\text{Ord-}\omega_1 \text{ Ord-in-Ord assms by blast}$ 
then show ?thesis
  using assms
proof (induction rule:  $\text{Ord-induct3}$ )
case 0
then show ?case
  by (simp add:  $\text{Ord-mem-iff-lt}$ )
next
case ( $\text{succ } \alpha$ )
then have countable (elts ( $\omega \uparrow \alpha * \omega$ ))
  by (simp add: succ-in-Limit-iff countable-mult less- $\omega_1$ -imp-countable)
then show ?case
  using  $\text{Ord-mem-iff-lt countable-iff-less-}\omega_1 \text{ succ.hyps by auto}$ 
next
case ( $\text{Limit } \alpha$ )
with  $\text{Ord-}\omega_1$  have countable ( $\bigcup_{\beta \in \text{elts } \alpha} \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \beta)$ )  $\text{Ord } (\omega \uparrow \bigsqcup (\text{elts } \alpha))$ 
  by (force simp: Limit-def intro:  $\text{Ord-trans less-}\omega_1\text{-imp-countable}$ )+
then have  $\omega \uparrow \bigsqcup (\text{elts } \alpha) < \omega_1$ 
  using Limit.hyps countable-iff-less- $\omega_1$  oexp-Limit by fastforce
then show ?case
  using Limit.hyps Limit-def  $\text{Ord-mem-iff-lt by auto}$ 
qed
qed

end

```

## 5 Cantor Normal Form

```

theory Cantor-NF
imports Ordinal-Exp
begin

```

### 5.1 Cantor normal form

Lemma 5.1

```

lemma cnf-1:
assumes  $\alpha: \alpha \in \text{elts } \beta \text{ Ord } \beta \text{ and } m > 0$ 
shows  $\omega \uparrow \alpha * \text{ord-of-nat } n < \omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat } m$ 
proof -
have  $\uparrow: \omega \uparrow \text{succ } \alpha \leq \omega \uparrow \beta$ 
  using  $\text{Ord-mem-iff-less-TC assms oexp-mono succ-le-TC-iff by auto}$ 
have  $\omega \uparrow \alpha * \text{ord-of-nat } n < \omega \uparrow \alpha * \omega$ 
  using  $\text{Ord-in-Ord OrdmemD assms by auto}$ 
also have ... =  $\omega \uparrow \text{succ } \alpha$ 

```

```

using Ord-in-Ord α by auto
also have ... ≤ ω↑β
  using † by blast
also have ... ≤ ω↑β * ord-of-nat m
  using ⟨m > 0⟩ le-mult by auto
finally show ?thesis .
qed

fun Cantor-sum where
  Cantor-sum-Nil: Cantor-sum [] ms = 0
| Cantor-sum-Nil2: Cantor-sum (α#αs) [] = 0
| Cantor-sum-Cons: Cantor-sum (α#αs) (m#ms) = (ω↑α) * ord-of-nat m + Cantor-sum αs ms

abbreviation Cantor-dec :: V list ⇒ bool where
  Cantor-dec ≡ sorted-wrt (>)

lemma Ord-Cantor-sum:
  assumes List.set αs ⊆ ON
  shows Ord (Cantor-sum αs ms)
  using assms
proof (induction αs arbitrary: ms)
  case (Cons a αs ms)
  then show ?case
    by (cases ms) auto
qed auto

```

```

lemma Cantor-dec-Cons-iff [simp]: Cantor-dec (α#β#βs) ←→ β < α ∧ Cantor-dec (β#βs)
  by auto

```

Lemma 5.2. The second and third premises aren't really necessary, but their removal requires quite a lot of work.

```

lemma cnf-2:
  assumes List.set (α#αs) ⊆ ON list.set ms ⊆ {0<..} length αs = length ms
    and Cantor-dec (α#αs)
  shows ω↑α > Cantor-sum αs ms
  using assms
proof (induction ms arbitrary: α αs)
  case Nil
  then obtain α0 where α0: (α#αs) = [α0]
    by (metis length-0-conv)
  then have Ord α0
    using Nil.preds(1) by auto
  then show ?case
    using α0 zero-less-Limit by auto
next

```

```

case (Cons m1 ms)
then obtain α0 α1 αs' where α01: (α#αs) = α0#α1#αs'
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) Cons.prem(3) Suc-length-conv)
then have Ord α0 Ord α1
  using Cons.prem(1) α01 by auto
have *: ω↑α0 * ord-of-nat 1 > ω↑α1 * ord-of-nat m1
proof (rule cnf-1)
  show α1 ∈ elts α0
    using Cons.prem α01 by (simp add: Ord-mem-iff-lt ⟨Ord α0⟩ ⟨Ord α1⟩)
qed (use ⟨Ord α0⟩ in auto)
show ?case
proof (cases ms)
  case Nil
  then show ?thesis
    using * one-V-def Cons.prem(3) α01 by auto
next
  case (Cons m2 ms')
  then obtain α2 αs'' where α02: (α#αs) = α0#α1#α2#αs''
    by (metis Cons.prem(3) Suc-length-conv α01 length-tl list.sel(3))
  then have Ord α2
    using Cons.prem(1) by auto
  have m1 > 0 m2 > 0
    using Cons.prem Cons by auto
    have ω↑α1 * ord-of-nat m1 + ω↑α1 * ord-of-nat m1 = (ω↑α1 * ord-of-nat
m1) * ord-of-nat 2
      by (simp add: mult-succ eval-nat-numeral)
    also have ... < ω↑α0
      using cnf-1 [of concl: α1 m1 * 2 α0 1] Cons.prem α01 one-V-def
      by (simp add: mult.assoc ord-of-nat-mult Ord-mem-iff-lt)
    finally have II: ω↑α1 * ord-of-nat m1 + ω↑α1 * ord-of-nat m1 < ω↑α0
      by simp
    have Cantor-sum (tl αs) ms < ω↑hd αs
    proof (rule Cons.IH)
      show Cantor-dec (hd αs # tl αs)
        using ⟨Cantor-dec (α#αs)⟩ α01 by auto
      qed (use Cons.prem α01 in auto)
      then have Cantor-sum (α2 # αs'') ms < ω↑α1
        using α02 by auto
      also have ... ≤ ω↑α1 * ord-of-nat m1
        by (simp add: ⟨0 < m1⟩ le-mult)
      finally show ?thesis
        using II α02 dual-order.strict-trans by fastforce
      qed
    qed

```

**proposition** Cantor-nf-exists:

**assumes** Ord α

**obtains** αs ms **where** List.set αs ⊆ ON list.set ms ⊆ {0 <..} length αs = length ms

```

and Cantor-dec  $\alpha$ s
and  $\alpha = \text{Cantor-sum } \alpha$ s  $m$ s
using assms
proof (induction  $\alpha$  arbitrary: thesis rule: Ord-induct)
  case (step  $\alpha$ )
  show ?case
  proof (cases  $\alpha = 0$ )
    case True
    have Cantor-sum [] [] = 0
    by simp
    with True show ?thesis
    using length-pos-if-in-set step.prefs subset-eq
    by (metis length-0-conv not-gr-zero sorted-wrt.simps(1))
next
  case False
  define  $\alpha\hat{}$  where  $\alpha\hat{}$   $\equiv \text{Sup } \{\gamma \in \text{ON}. \omega\uparrow\gamma \leq \alpha\}$ 
  then have Ord  $\alpha\hat{}$ 
    using Ord-Sup assms by fastforce
  have  $\bigwedge \xi. [\text{Ord } \xi; \omega\uparrow\xi \leq \alpha] \implies \xi \leq \omega\uparrow\alpha$ 
    by (metis Ord- $\omega$  OrdmemD le-oexp' order-trans step.hyps one-V-def succ-in-omega zero-in-omega)
  then have  $\{\gamma \in \text{ON}. \omega\uparrow\gamma \leq \alpha\} \subseteq \text{elts}(\text{succ}(\omega\uparrow\alpha))$ 
    using Ord-mem-iff-lt step.hyps by force
  then have sma: small  $\{\gamma \in \text{ON}. \omega\uparrow\gamma \leq \alpha\}$ 
    by (meson down)
  have le:  $\omega\uparrow\alpha\hat{}$   $\leq \alpha$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg \omega\uparrow\alpha\hat{} \leq \alpha$ 
    then have  $\dagger: \alpha \in \text{elts}(\omega\uparrow\alpha\hat{})$ 
      by (meson Ord- $\omega$  Ord-linear2 Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-oexp' Ord  $\alpha\hat{}$  step.hyps)
    obtain  $\gamma$  where Ord  $\gamma$   $\omega\uparrow\gamma \leq \alpha$   $\alpha < \gamma$ 
      using Ord  $\alpha\hat{}$ 
    proof (cases  $\alpha\hat{}$  rule: Ord-cases)
      case 0
      with  $\dagger$  show thesis
        by (auto simp: False)
    next
      case (succ  $\beta$ )
      have succ  $\beta \in \{\gamma \in \text{ON}. \omega\uparrow\gamma \leq \alpha\}$ 
        by (rule succ-in-Sup-Ord) (use succ  $\alpha\hat{}$ -def sma in auto)
      then have  $\omega\uparrow\text{succ } \beta \leq \alpha$ 
        by blast
      with  $\dagger$  show thesis
        using  $\neg \omega\uparrow\alpha\hat{} \leq \alpha$  succ by blast
    next
      case limit
      with  $\dagger$  show thesis
        apply (clarify simp: oexp-Limit  $\alpha\hat{}$ -def)
        by (meson Ord- $\omega$  Ord-in-Ord Ord-linear-le mem-not-refl oexp-mono-le)

```

```

omega-nonzero vsubsetD)
qed
then show False
by (metis Ord-w OrdmemD leD le-less-trans le-oexp' one-V-def succ-in-omega
zero-in-omega)
qed
have False if  $\nexists M. \alpha < \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} \text{ord-of-nat } M$ 
proof -
  have  $\dagger: \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} \text{ord-of-nat } M \leq \alpha$  for  $M$ 
  by (meson that Ord-w Ord-linear2 Ord-mult Ord-oexp Ord-ord-of-nat Ord
 $\alpha \hat{*}$  step.hyps)
  have  $\neg \omega \uparrow \text{succ } \alpha \hat{*} \leq \alpha$ 
  using Ord-mem-iff-lt  $\alpha \hat{*}$ -def Ord  $\alpha \hat{*}$  sma elts-succ by blast
  then have  $\alpha < \omega \uparrow \text{succ } \alpha \hat{*}$ 
  by (meson Ord-w Ord-linear2 Ord-oexp Ord-succ Ord  $\alpha \hat{*}$  step.hyps)
  also have ... =  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \omega$ 
  using Ord  $\alpha \hat{*}$  oexp-succ by blast
  also have ... = Sup (range ( $\lambda m. \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } m$ ))
  by (simp add: mult-Limit) (auto simp:  $\omega$ -def image-image)
  also have ...  $\leq \alpha$ 
  using  $\dagger$  by blast
  finally show False
  by simp
qed
then obtain  $M$  where  $M: \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } M > \alpha$ 
by blast
have bound:  $i \leq M$  if  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } i \leq \alpha$  for  $i$ 
proof -
  have  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } i < \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } M$ 
  using  $M$  dual-order.strict-trans2 that by blast
  then show ?thesis
  using Ord  $\alpha \hat{*}$  less-V-def by auto
qed
define  $m \hat{=}$  Greatest ( $\lambda m. \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } m \leq \alpha$ )
have  $m \hat{-} \text{ge}: m \leq m \hat{=}$  if  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } m \leq \alpha$  for  $m$ 
  unfolding  $m \hat{-}$ -def
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Greatest-le-nat bound that)
have  $m \hat{=}: \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } m \hat{=} \leq \alpha$ 
  unfolding  $m \hat{-}$ -def
  by (rule GreatestI-nat [where k=0 and b=M]) (use bound in auto)
then obtain  $\xi$  where Ord  $\xi \xi \leq \alpha$  and  $\xi: \alpha = \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} * \text{ord-of-nat } m \hat{=} + \xi$ 
  by (metis Ord-w Ord-mult Ord-oexp Ord-ord-of-nat Ord  $\alpha \hat{*}$  step.hyps
le-Ord-diff)
have False if  $\xi = \alpha$ 
proof -
  have  $\xi \geq \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*}$ 
  by (simp add: le that)
then obtain  $\zeta$  where Ord  $\zeta \zeta \leq \xi$  and  $\zeta: \xi = \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{*} + \zeta$ 
  by (metis Ord-w Ord-oexp Ord  $\alpha \hat{*}$  Ord  $\xi$  le-Ord-diff)

```

```

then have  $\alpha = \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{+} * \text{ord-of-nat } m\hat{+} + \omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{+} + \zeta$ 
  by (simp add:  $\xi$  add.assoc)
then have  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \hat{+} * \text{ord-of-nat } (\text{Suc } m\hat{+}) \leq \alpha$ 
  by (metis add-le-cancel-left add.right-neutral le-0 mult-succ ord-of-nat.simps(2))
then show False
  using Suc-n-not-le-n mhat-ge by blast
qed
then have  $\xi \in \text{elts } \alpha$ 
  using Ord-mem-iff-lt (Ord  $\xi$ ) ( $\xi \leq \alpha$ ) less-V-def step.hyps by auto
show thesis
proof (cases  $\xi = 0$ )
  case True
  show thesis
  proof (rule step.prem)
    show  $\alpha = \text{Cantor-sum } [\alpha \hat{+}] [m\hat{+}]$ 
      by (simp add: True  $\xi$ )
  qed (use  $\xi$  True  $\alpha \neq 0$  (Ord  $\alpha \hat{+}$ ) in auto)
next
case False
obtain  $\beta s ns$  where sub:  $\text{List.set } \beta s \subseteq \text{ON }$   $\text{list.set } ns \subseteq \{0 <..\}$ 
  and len-eq:  $\text{length } \beta s = \text{length } ns$ 
  and dec:  $\text{Cantor-dec } \beta s$ 
  and  $\xi \text{eq}: \xi = \text{Cantor-sum } \beta s ns$ 
  using step.IH [OF  $\xi \in \alpha$ ] by blast
then have  $\text{length } \beta s > 0$   $\text{length } ns > 0$ 
  using False Cantor-sum.simps(1) ( $\xi = \text{Cantor-sum } \beta s ns$ ) by auto
then obtain  $\beta 0 n0 \beta s' ns'$  where  $\beta 0: \beta s = \beta 0 \# \beta s'$  and  $\text{Ord } \beta 0$ 
  and  $n0: ns = n0 \# ns'$  and  $n0 > 0$ 
  using sub by (auto simp: neq-Nil-conv)
moreover have False if  $\beta 0 > \alpha \hat{+}$ 
proof -
  have  $\omega \uparrow \beta 0 \leq \omega \uparrow \beta 0 * \text{ord-of-nat } n0 + u$  for  $u$ 
    using  $\langle n0 > 0 \rangle$ 
    by (metis add-le-cancel-left Ord-ord-of-nat add.right-neutral dual-order.trans
gr-implies-not-zero le-0 le-mult ord-of-eq-0-iff)
  moreover have  $\omega \uparrow \beta 0 > \alpha$ 
    using that (Ord  $\beta 0$ )
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Ord- $\omega$  Ord-linear2 Ord-oexp Sup-upper alpha-hat-def
leD mem-Collect-eq sma step.hyps)
  ultimately have  $\xi \geq \omega \uparrow \beta 0$ 
    by (simp add:  $\xi \text{eq } \beta 0 n0$ )
  then show ?thesis
    using  $\langle \alpha < \omega \uparrow \beta 0 \rangle$  ( $\xi \leq \alpha$ ) by auto
qed
ultimately have  $\beta 0 \leq \alpha \hat{+}$ 
  using Ord-linear2 (Ord  $\alpha \hat{+}$ ) by auto
then consider  $\beta 0 < \alpha \hat{+}$  |  $\beta 0 = \alpha \hat{+}$ 
  using dual-order.order-iff-strict by auto
then show ?thesis

```

```

proof cases
  case 1
    show ?thesis
    proof (rule step.prem)
      show list.set ( $\alpha\hat{\beta}s$ )  $\subseteq$  ON
        using sub by (auto simp: `Ord  $\alpha\hat{\beta}$ )
      show list.set ( $m\hat{n}s$ )  $\subseteq$  {0::nat<..}
        using sub using  $\xi = \alpha \implies \text{False}$   $\xi$  by fastforce
      show Cantor-dec ( $\alpha\hat{\beta}s$ )
        using that  $\beta 0 < \alpha\hat{\beta}$  `Ord  $\alpha\hat{\beta}$ ` `Ord  $\beta 0` Ord-mem-iff-lt  $\beta 0$  dec less-Suc-eq-0-disj
          by (force simp:  $\beta 0$  n0)
        show length ( $\alpha\hat{\beta}s$ ) = length ( $m\hat{n}s$ )
          by (auto simp: len-eq)
        show  $\alpha = \text{Cantor-sum } (\alpha\hat{\beta}s) (m\hat{n}s)$ 
          by (simp add:  $\xi \xi eq \beta 0$  n0)
    qed
  next
    case 2
    show ?thesis
    proof (rule step.prem)
      show list.set  $\beta s \subseteq$  ON
        by (simp add: sub(1))
      show list.set (( $n 0 + m\hat{n}$ )#ns')  $\subseteq$  {0::nat<..}
        using n0 sub(2) by auto
      show length ( $\beta s :: V$  list) = length (( $n 0 + m\hat{n}$ )#ns')
        by (simp add: len-eq n0)
      show Cantor-dec  $\beta s$ 
        using that  $\beta 0$  dec by auto
      show  $\alpha = \text{Cantor-sum } \beta s ((n 0 + m\hat{n})#ns')$ 
        using 2
        by (simp add: add-mult-distrib  $\beta 0$   $\xi \xi eq$  add.assoc add.commute n0
ord-of-nat-add)
      qed
    qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
qed

lemma Cantor-sum-0E:
  assumes Cantor-sum  $\alpha s$  ms = 0 List.set  $\alpha s \subseteq$  ON list.set ms  $\subseteq$  {0<..} length
 $\alpha s =$  length ms
  shows  $\alpha s = []$ 
  using assms
  proof (induction  $\alpha s$  arbitrary: ms)
    case Nil
    then show ?case
      by auto
  next$ 
```

```

case (Cons a list)
then obtain m ms' where ms = m#ms' m ≠ 0 list.set ms' ⊆ {0<..}
  by simp (metis Suc-length-conv greaterThan-iff insert-subset list.set(2))
with Cons show ?case by auto
qed

lemma Cantor-nf-unique-aux:
assumes Ord α
  and αsON: List.set αs ⊆ ON
  and βsON: List.set βs ⊆ ON
  and ms: list.set ms ⊆ {0<..}
  and ns: list.set ns ⊆ {0<..}
  and mseq: length αs = length ms
  and nseq: length βs = length ns
  and αsdec: Cantor-dec αs
  and βsdec: Cantor-dec βs
  and αseq: α = Cantor-sum αs ms
  and βseq: α = Cantor-sum βs ns
shows αs = βs ∧ ms = ns
using assms
proof (induction α arbitrary: αs ms βs ns rule: Ord-induct)
  case (step α)
  show ?case
  proof (cases α = 0)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
      using step.preds by (metis Cantor-sum-0E length-0-conv)
  next
    case False
    then obtain α0 αs' β0 βs' where αs: αs = α0 # αs' and βs: βs = β0 # βs'
      by (metis Cantor-sum.simps(1) min-list.cases step.preds(9,10))
    then have ON: Ord α0 list.set αs' ⊆ ON Ord β0 list.set βs' ⊆ ON
      using αs βs step.preds(1,2) by auto
    then obtain m0 ms' n0 ns' where ms: ms = m0 # ms' and ns: ns = n0 # ns'
      by (metis αs βs length-0-conv list.distinct(1) list.exhaust step.preds(5,6))
    then have nz: m0 ≠ 0 list.set ms' ⊆ {0<..} n0 ≠ 0 list.set ns' ⊆ {0<..}
      using ms ns step.preds(3,4) by auto
    have False if β0 < α0
    proof –
      have Ordc: Ord (Cantor-sum βs ns) Ord (ω↑α0)
        using Ord-oexp ⟨Ord α0⟩ step.hyps step.preds(10) by blast+
      have *: Cantor-sum βs ns < ω↑α0
        using step.preds(2–6) ⟨Ord α0⟩ ⟨Cantor-dec βs⟩ that βs cnf.2
        by (metis Cantor-dec-Cons-iff insert-subset list.set(2) mem-Collect-eq)
      then show False
        by (metis Cantor-sum-Cons Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-ord-of-nat Ordc αs ⟨m0 ≠

```

```

0> * le-mult ms not-add-mem-right ord-of-eq-0 step.prems(9,10) vsubsetD)
qed
moreover
have False if  $\alpha 0 < \beta 0$ 
proof -
  have Ord $c$ : Ord (Cantor-sum  $\alpha s$  ms) Ord ( $\omega \uparrow \beta 0$ )
    using Ord-oexp {Ord  $\beta 0$ } step.hyps step.prems(9) by blast+
  have *: Cantor-sum  $\alpha s$  ms  $< \omega \uparrow \beta 0$ 
    using step.prems(1-5) {Ord  $\beta 0$ } {Cantor-dec  $\alpha s$ } that  $\alpha s$  cnf-2
    by (metis Cantor-dec-Cons-iff  $\beta s$  insert-subset list.set(2))
  then show False
    by (metis Cantor-sum-Cons Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-ord-of-nat Ord $c$   $\beta s$  {n0} ≠
0> * le-mult not-add-mem-right ns ord-of-eq-0 step.prems(9,10) vsubsetD)
qed
ultimately have 1:  $\alpha 0 = \beta 0$ 
  using Ord-linear-lt {Ord  $\alpha 0$ } {Ord  $\beta 0$ } by blast
have False if  $m 0 < n 0$ 
proof -
  have  $\omega \uparrow \alpha 0 > \text{Cantor-sum } \alpha s' m s'$ 
    using  $\alpha s$  {list.set ms'} ⊆ {0 < ..} cnf-2 ms step.prems(1,5,7) by auto
  then have  $\alpha < \omega \uparrow \alpha 0 * \text{ord-of-nat } m 0 + \omega \uparrow \alpha 0$ 
    by (simp add:  $\alpha s$  ms step.prems(9))
  also have ... =  $\omega \uparrow \alpha 0 * \text{ord-of-nat } (\text{Suc } m 0)$ 
    by (simp add: mult-succ)
  also have ... ≤  $\omega \uparrow \alpha 0 * \text{ord-of-nat } n 0$ 
    by (meson Ord-ω Ord-oexp Ord-ord-of-nat Suc-leI {Ord  $\alpha 0$ } mult-cancel-le-iff
ord-of-nat-mono-iff that)
  also have ... ≤  $\alpha$ 
    by (metis Cantor-sum-Cons add-le-cancel-left  $\beta s$  {α 0 = β 0} add.right-neutral
le-0 ns step.prems(10))
  finally show False
    by blast
qed
moreover have False if  $n 0 < m 0$ 
proof -
  have  $\omega \uparrow \beta 0 > \text{Cantor-sum } \beta s' n s'$ 
    using  $\beta s$  {list.set ns'} ⊆ {0 < ..} cnf-2 ns step.prems(2,6,8) by auto
  then have  $\beta < \omega \uparrow \beta 0 * \text{ord-of-nat } n 0 + \omega \uparrow \beta 0$ 
    by (simp add:  $\beta s$  ns step.prems(10))
  also have ... =  $\omega \uparrow \beta 0 * \text{ord-of-nat } (\text{Suc } n 0)$ 
    by (simp add: mult-succ)
  also have ... ≤  $\omega \uparrow \beta 0 * \text{ord-of-nat } m 0$ 
    by (meson Ord-ω Ord-oexp Ord-ord-of-nat Suc-leI {Ord  $\beta 0$ } mult-cancel-le-iff
ord-of-nat-mono-iff that)
  also have ... ≤  $\alpha$ 
    by (metis Cantor-sum-Cons add-le-cancel-left  $\alpha s$  {α 0 = β 0} add.right-neutral
le-0 ms step.prems(9))
  finally show False
    by blast

```

```

qed
ultimately have 2:  $m\theta = n\theta$ 
  using nat-neq-iff by blast
have  $\alpha s' = \beta s' \wedge ms' = ns'$ 
proof (rule step.IH)
  have Cantor-sum  $\alpha s' ms' < \omega^\alpha\theta$ 
  using  $\alpha s$  cnf-2  $ms$  nz(2) step.prems(1) step.prems(5) step.prems(7) by auto
  also have ...  $\leq$  Cantor-sum  $\alpha s ms$ 
    apply (simp add:  $\alpha s \beta s ms ns$ )
    by (metis Cantor-sum-Cons add-less-cancel-left ON(1) Ord- $\omega$  Ord-linear2
      Ord-oexp Ord-ord-of-nat  $\alpha s$  add.right-neutral dual-order.strict-trans1 le-mult  $ms$ 
      not-less-0 nz(1) ord-of-eq-0 step.hyps step.prems(9))
  finally show Cantor-sum  $\alpha s' ms' \in \text{elts } \alpha$ 
    using ON(2) Ord-Cantor-sum Ord-mem-iff-lt step.hyps step.prems(9) by
      blast
  show length  $\alpha s' = \text{length } ms'$  length  $\beta s' = \text{length } ns'$ 
    using  $\alpha s ms \beta s ns$  step.prems by auto
  show Cantor-dec  $\alpha s' \text{Cantor-dec } \beta s'$ 
    using  $\alpha s \beta s$  step.prems(7,8) by auto
  have Cantor-sum  $\alpha s ms = \text{Cantor-sum } \beta s ns$ 
    using step.prems(9,10) by auto
  then show Cantor-sum  $\alpha s' ms' = \text{Cantor-sum } \beta s' ns'$ 
    using 1 2 by (simp add:  $\alpha s \beta s ms ns$ )
qed (use ON nz in auto)
then show ?thesis
  using 1 2 by (simp add:  $\alpha s \beta s ms ns$ )
qed
qed

```

**proposition** *Cantor-nf-unique*:

assumes  $\text{Cantor-sum } \alpha s ms = \text{Cantor-sum } \beta s ns$   
 and  $\alpha s \in \text{ON}$ :  $\text{List.set } \alpha s \subseteq \text{ON}$   
 and  $\beta s \in \text{ON}$ :  $\text{List.set } \beta s \subseteq \text{ON}$   
 and  $ms: \text{list.set } ms \subseteq \{0 <..\}$   
 and  $ns: \text{list.set } ns \subseteq \{0 <..\}$   
 and  $mseq: \text{length } \alpha s = \text{length } ms$   
 and  $nseq: \text{length } \beta s = \text{length } ns$   
 and  $\alpha s \text{dec}: \text{Cantor-dec } \alpha s$   
 and  $\beta s \text{dec}: \text{Cantor-dec } \beta s$   
 shows  $\alpha s = \beta s \wedge ms = ns$   
 using *Cantor-nf-unique-aux* Ord-Cantor-sum assms by auto

**lemma** *less- $\omega$ -power*:

assumes  $\text{Ord } \alpha_1 \text{ Ord } \beta$   
 and  $\alpha_2: \alpha_2 \in \text{elts } \alpha_1$  and  $\beta: \beta < \omega^\alpha\alpha_2$   
 and  $m_1 > 0 m_2 > 0$   
 shows  $\omega^\alpha\alpha_2 * \text{ord-of-nat } m_2 + \beta < \omega^\alpha\alpha_1 * \text{ord-of-nat } m_1 + (\omega^\alpha\alpha_2 * \text{ord-of-nat }$

```

 $m2 + \beta)$ 
 $(\text{is } ?lhs < ?rhs)$ 
proof –
  obtain  $oo: Ord (\omega \uparrow \alpha_1) Ord (\omega \uparrow \alpha_2)$ 
    using Ord-in-Ord Ord-oexp assms by blast
  moreover obtain ord-of-nat  $m2 \neq 0$ 
    using assms ord-of-eq-0 by blast
  ultimately have  $\beta < \omega \uparrow \alpha_2 * ord-of-nat m2$ 
    by (meson Ord-ord-of-nat  $\beta$  dual-order.strict-trans1 le-mult)
  with  $oo$  assms have  $?lhs \neq ?rhs$ 
    by (metis Ord-mult Ord-ord-of-nat add-strict-mono add.assoc cnf-1 not-add-less-right
 $oo)$ 
  then show  $?thesis$ 
    by (simp add: add-le-left  $\langle Ord \beta \rangle$  less-V-def  $oo$ )
qed

```

```

lemma Cantor-sum-ge:
  assumes List.set  $(\alpha \# \alpha s) \subseteq ON$  list.set  $ms \subseteq \{0 <..\}$  length  $ms > 0$ 
  shows  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \leq \text{Cantor-sum} (\alpha \# \alpha s) ms$ 
proof –
  obtain  $m ns$  where  $ms: ms = Cons m ns$ 
    by (meson assms(3) list.set-cases nth-mem)
  then have  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \leq \omega \uparrow \alpha * ord-of-nat m$ 
    using assms(2) le-mult by auto
  then show  $?thesis$ 
    using dual-order.trans  $ms$  by auto
qed

```

## 5.2 Simplified Cantor normal form

No coefficients, and the exponents decreasing non-strictly

```

fun  $\omega\text{-sum}$  where
   $\omega\text{-sum-Nil}: \omega\text{-sum} [] = 0$ 
   $| \omega\text{-sum-Cons}: \omega\text{-sum} (\alpha \# \alpha s) = (\omega \uparrow \alpha) + \omega\text{-sum} \alpha s$ 

```

```

abbreviation  $\omega\text{-dec} :: V list \Rightarrow bool$  where
   $\omega\text{-dec} \equiv sorted\text{-wrt} (\geq)$ 

```

```

lemma Ord-omega-sum [simp]: List.set  $\alpha s \subseteq ON \implies Ord (\omega\text{-sum} \alpha s)$ 
  by (induction  $\alpha s$ ) auto

```

```

lemma omega-dec-Cons-iff [simp]:  $\omega\text{-dec} (\alpha \# \beta \# \beta s) \longleftrightarrow \beta \leq \alpha \wedge \omega\text{-dec} (\beta \# \beta s)$ 
  by auto

```

```

lemma omega-sum-0E:
  assumes  $\omega\text{-sum} \alpha s = 0$  List.set  $\alpha s \subseteq ON$ 
  shows  $\alpha s = []$ 
  using assms
  by (induction  $\alpha s$ ) auto

```

```

fun  $\omega\text{-of-Cantor}$  where
   $\omega\text{-of-Cantor-Nil}: \omega\text{-of-Cantor} [] ms = []$ 
   $\omega\text{-of-Cantor-Nil2}: \omega\text{-of-Cantor} (\alpha \# \alpha s) [] = []$ 
   $\omega\text{-of-Cantor-Cons}: \omega\text{-of-Cantor} (\alpha \# \alpha s) (m \# ms) = replicate m \alpha @ \omega\text{-of-Cantor}$ 
   $\alpha s ms$ 

lemma  $\omega\text{-sum-append}$  [simp]:  $\omega\text{-sum} (xs @ ys) = \omega\text{-sum} xs + \omega\text{-sum} ys$ 
  by (induction xs) (auto simp: add.assoc)

lemma  $\omega\text{-sum-replicate}$  [simp]:  $\omega\text{-sum} (replicate m a) = \omega \uparrow a * ord\text{-of-nat} m$ 
  by (induction m) (auto simp: mult-succ simp flip: replicate-append-same)

lemma  $\omega\text{-sum-of-Cantor}$  [simp]:  $\omega\text{-sum} (\omega\text{-of-Cantor} \alpha s ms) = Cantor\text{-sum} \alpha s$ 
  ms
proof (induction αs arbitrary: ms)
  case (Cons a αs ms)
  then show ?case
    by (cases ms) auto
qed auto

lemma  $\omega\text{-of-Cantor-subset}$ : List.set ( $\omega\text{-of-Cantor} \alpha s ms$ )  $\subseteq$  List.set  $\alpha s$ 
proof (induction αs arbitrary: ms)
  case (Cons a αs ms)
  then show ?case
    by (cases ms) auto
qed auto

lemma  $\omega\text{-dec-replicate}$ :  $\omega\text{-dec} (replicate m \alpha @ \alpha s) = (if m=0 then \omega\text{-dec} \alpha s else$ 
 $\omega\text{-dec} (\alpha \# \alpha s))$ 
  by (induction m arbitrary: αs) (simp-all flip: replicate-append-same)

lemma  $\omega\text{-dec-of-Cantor-aux}$ :
  assumes Cantor-dec ( $\alpha \# \alpha s$ ) length  $\alpha s = length ms$ 
  shows  $\omega\text{-dec} (\omega\text{-of-Cantor} (\alpha \# \alpha s) (m \# ms))$ 
  using assms
proof (induction αs arbitrary: ms)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    using sorted-wrt-iff-nth-less by fastforce
next
  case (Cons a αs ms)
  then obtain n ns where ns: ms = n # ns
    by (metis length-Suc-conv)
  then have  $a \leq \alpha$ 
    using Cons.preds(1) order.strict-implies-order by auto

```

```

moreover have  $\forall x \in list.set (\omega\text{-of-Cantor } \alpha s ns). x \leq a$ 
  using Cons ns ⟨ $a \leq \alpha\omega\text{-dec replicate}$ )
  by (meson  $\omega\text{-of-Cantor-subset order}\text{.strict-implies-order subsetD}$ )
ultimately show ?case
  using Cons ns by (force simp:  $\omega\text{-dec replicate}$ )
qed

lemma  $\omega\text{-dec-of-Cantor}:$ 
  assumes Cantor-dec  $\alpha s = length ms$ 
  shows  $\omega\text{-dec } (\omega\text{-of-Cantor } \alpha s ms)$ 
proof (cases  $\alpha s$ )
  case Nil
  then have  $ms = []$ 
  using assms by auto
  with Nil show ?thesis
    by simp
next
  case (Cons a list)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis  $\omega\text{-dec-of-Cantor-aux assms length-Suc-conv}$ )
qed

proposition  $\omega\text{-nf-exists}:$ 
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$ 
  obtains  $\alpha s$  where List.set  $\alpha s \subseteq ON$  and  $\omega\text{-dec } \alpha s$  and  $\alpha = \omega\text{-sum } \alpha s$ 
proof -
  obtain  $\alpha s ms$  where List.set  $\alpha s \subseteq ON$  list.set  $ms \subseteq \{0 <..\}$  and length:  $length \alpha s = length ms$ 
    and Cantor-dec  $\alpha s$ 
    and  $\alpha : \alpha = \omega\text{-sum } \alpha s ms$ 
    using Cantor-nf-exists assms by blast
  then show thesis
    by (metis  $\omega\text{-dec-of-Cantor } \omega\text{-of-Cantor-subset } \omega\text{-sum-of-Cantor order-trans}$ 
      that)
qed

lemma  $\omega\text{-sum-take-drop}: \omega\text{-sum } \alpha s = \omega\text{-sum } (\text{take } k \alpha s) + \omega\text{-sum } (\text{drop } k \alpha s)$ 
proof (induction k arbitrary:  $\alpha s$ )
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Suc k)
  then show ?case
  proof (cases  $\alpha s$ )
    case Nil
    then show ?thesis
      by simp

```

```

next
  case (Cons a list)
  with Suc.preds show ?thesis
    by (simp add: add.assoc flip: Suc.IH)
  qed
qed

lemma in-elts-ω-sum:
  assumes  $\delta \in \text{elts } (\omega\text{-sum } \alpha s)$ 
  shows  $\exists k < \text{length } \alpha s. \exists \gamma \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow (\alpha s!k)). \delta = \omega\text{-sum } (\text{take } k \alpha s) + \gamma$ 
  using assms
proof (induction αs arbitrary: δ)
  case (Cons α αs)
  then have  $\delta \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \alpha + \omega\text{-sum } \alpha s)$ 
    by simp
  then show ?case
  proof (rule mem-plus-V-E)
    fix  $\eta$ 
    assume  $\eta: \eta \in \text{elts } (\omega\text{-sum } \alpha s)$  and  $\delta: \delta = \omega \uparrow \alpha + \eta$ 
    then obtain  $k \gamma$  where  $k < \text{length } \alpha s$   $\gamma \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow (\alpha s!k))$   $\eta = \omega\text{-sum } (\text{take } k \alpha s) + \gamma$ 
      using Cons.IH by blast
    then show ?case
      by (rule-tac x=Suc k in exI) (simp add: δ add.assoc)
  qed auto
qed auto

lemma ω-le-ω-sum:  $\llbracket k < \text{length } \alpha s; \text{List.set } \alpha s \subseteq \text{ON} \rrbracket \implies \omega \uparrow (\alpha s!k) \leq \omega\text{-sum } \alpha s$ 
proof (induction αs arbitrary: k)
  case (Cons a αs)
  then obtain Ord a list.set αs ⊆ ON
    by simp
  with Cons.IH have  $\bigwedge k. k < \text{length } \alpha s \implies \omega \uparrow \alpha s ! k \leq \omega \uparrow a + \omega\text{-sum } \alpha s$ 
    by (meson Ord-ω Ord-ω-sum Ord-oexp add-le-left order-trans)
  then show ?case
    using Cons by (simp add: nth-Cons split: nat.split)
  qed auto

lemma ω-sum-less-self:
  assumes List.set (α#αs) ⊆ ON and ω-dec (α#αs)
  shows  $\omega\text{-sum } \alpha s < \omega \uparrow \alpha + \omega\text{-sum } \alpha s$ 
  using assms
proof (induction αs arbitrary: α)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    using ZFC-in-HOL.eq0-conv by fastforce
next
  case (Cons α1 αs)

```

```

then show ?case
  by (simp add: add-right-strict-mono oexp-mono-le)
qed

```

Something like Lemma 5.2 for  $\omega$ -sum

```

lemma  $\omega$ -sum-less- $\omega$ -power:
  assumes  $\omega$ -dec ( $\alpha \# \alpha s$ ) List.set ( $\alpha \# \alpha s$ )  $\subseteq$  ON
  shows  $\omega$ -sum  $\alpha s < \omega \uparrow \alpha * \omega$ 
  using assms
  proof (induction  $\alpha s$ )
    case Nil
    then show ?case
      by (simp add:  $\omega$ -gt0)
  next
    case (Cons  $\beta \alpha s$ )
    then have Ord  $\alpha$ 
      by auto
    have  $\omega$ -sum  $\alpha s < \omega \uparrow \alpha * \omega$ 
      using Cons by force
    then have  $\omega \uparrow \beta + \omega$ -sum  $\alpha s < \omega \uparrow \alpha + \omega \uparrow \alpha * \omega$ 
      using Cons.preds add-right-strict-mono oexp-mono-le by auto
    also have ...  $= \omega \uparrow \alpha * \omega$ 
      by (metis Kirby.add-mult-distrib mult.right-neutral one-plus- $\omega$ -equals- $\omega$ )
    finally show ?case
      by simp
  qed

```

```

lemma  $\omega$ -sum-nf-unique-aux:
  assumes Ord  $\alpha$ 
  and  $\alpha s$ ON: List.set  $\alpha s \subseteq$  ON
  and  $\beta s$ ON: List.set  $\beta s \subseteq$  ON
  and  $\alpha$ sdec:  $\omega$ -dec  $\alpha s$ 
  and  $\beta$ sdec:  $\omega$ -dec  $\beta s$ 
  and  $\alpha$ seq:  $\alpha = \omega$ -sum  $\alpha s$ 
  and  $\beta$ seq:  $\alpha = \omega$ -sum  $\beta s$ 
  shows  $\alpha s = \beta s$ 
  using assms
  proof (induction  $\alpha$  arbitrary:  $\alpha s$   $\beta s$  rule: Ord-induct)
    case (step  $\alpha$ )
    show ?case
      proof (cases  $\alpha = 0$ )
        case True
        then show ?thesis
          using step.preds by (metis  $\omega$ -sum-0E)
    next
      case False
      then obtain  $\alpha 0 \alpha s' \beta 0 \beta s'$  where  $\alpha s: \alpha s = \alpha 0 \# \alpha s'$  and  $\beta s: \beta s = \beta 0 \# \beta s'$ 

```

```

by (metis ω-sum.elims step.prem(5,6))
then have ON: Ord α0 list.set αs' ⊆ ON Ord β0 list.set βs' ⊆ ON
  using αs βs step.prem(1,2) by auto
have False if β0 < α0
proof -
  have Ord c: Ord (ω-sum βs) Ord (ω↑α0)
    using Ord-oexp ⟨Ord α0⟩ step.hyps step.prem(6) by blast+
  have ω-sum βs < ω↑β0 * ω
    by (rule ω-sum-less-ω-power) (use βs step.prem ON in auto)
  also have ... ≤ ω↑α0
    using ON by (metis Ord-ω Ord-succ oexp-mono-le oexp-succ omega-nonzero
succ-le-iff that)
  finally show False
    using αs leD step.prem(5,6) by auto
qed
moreover
have False if α0 < β0
proof -
  have Ord c: Ord (ω-sum αs) Ord (ω↑β0)
    using Ord-oexp ⟨Ord β0⟩ step.hyps step.prem(5) by blast+
  have ω-sum αs < ω↑α0 * ω
    by (rule ω-sum-less-ω-power) (use αs step.prem ON in auto)
  also have ... ≤ ω↑β0
    using ON by (metis Ord-ω Ord-succ oexp-mono-le oexp-succ omega-nonzero
succ-le-iff that)
  finally show False
    using βs leD step.prem(5,6)
    by (simp add: ⟨α = ω-sum αs⟩ leD)
qed
ultimately have †: α0 = β0
  using Ord-linear-lt ⟨Ord α0⟩ ⟨Ord β0⟩ by blast
moreover have αs' = βs'
proof (rule step.IH)
  show ω-sum αs' ∈ elts α
    using step.prem αs
    by (simp add: Ord-mem-iff-lt ω-sum-less-self)
  show ω-dec αs' ω-dec βs'
    using αs βs step.prem(3,4) by auto
  have ω-sum αs = ω-sum βs
    using step.prem(5,6) by auto
  then show ω-sum αs' = ω-sum βs'
    by (simp add: † αs βs)
qed (use ON in auto)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (simp add: αs βs)
qed
qed

```

### 5.3 Indecomposable ordinals

Cf exercise 5 on page 43 of Kunen

**definition** *incomposable*

where  $\text{incomposable } \alpha \equiv \text{Ord } \alpha \wedge (\forall \beta \in \text{elts } \alpha. \forall \gamma \in \text{elts } \alpha. \beta + \gamma \in \text{elts } \alpha)$

**lemma** *incomposableD*:

$[\![\text{incomposable } \alpha; \beta < \alpha; \gamma < \alpha; \text{Ord } \beta; \text{Ord } \gamma]\!] \implies \beta + \gamma < \alpha$   
**by** (meson Ord-mem-iff-lt OrdmemD incomposable-def)

**lemma** *incomposable-imp-Ord*:

*incomposable*  $\alpha \implies \text{Ord } \alpha$   
**using** *incomposable-def* **by** blast

**lemma** *incomposable-1*: *incomposable 1*

**by** (auto simp: incomposable-def)

**lemma** *incomposable-0*: *incomposable 0*

**by** (auto simp: incomposable-def)

**lemma** *incomposable-succ* [simp]: *incomposable (succ*  $\alpha$ *)*  $\longleftrightarrow \alpha = 0$

**using** not-add-mem-right  
**apply** (auto simp: incomposable-def)  
**apply** (metis add-right-cancel add.right-neutral)  
**done**

**lemma** *incomposable-alt*:

**assumes**  $\text{ord}: \text{Ord } \alpha \text{ Ord } \beta \text{ and } \beta: \beta < \alpha \text{ and minor: } \bigwedge \beta \gamma. [\![\beta < \alpha; \gamma < \alpha; \text{Ord } \gamma]\!] \implies \beta + \gamma < \alpha$

**shows**  $\beta + \alpha = \alpha$

**proof** –

**have**  $\neg \beta + \alpha < \alpha$   
**by** (simp add: add-le-left ord leD)  
**moreover have**  $\neg \alpha < \beta + \alpha$   
**by** (metis assms le-Ord-diff less-V-def)  
**ultimately show** ?thesis  
**by** (simp add: add-le-left less-V-def ord)

**qed**

**lemma** *incomposable-imp-eq*:

**assumes** *incomposable*  $\alpha$   $\text{Ord } \beta$   $\beta < \alpha$

**shows**  $\beta + \alpha = \alpha$

**by** (metis assms incomposableD incomposable-def le-Ord-diff less-V-def less-irrefl)

**lemma** *incomposable2*:

**assumes**  $y: y < x \text{ and } z: z < x \text{ and minor: } \bigwedge y: V. y < x \implies y + x = x$

**shows**  $y + z < x$

**by** (metis add-less-cancel-left y z minor)

```

lemma indecomposable-imp-Limit:
  assumes indec: indecomposable  $\alpha$  and  $\alpha > 1$ 
  shows Limit  $\alpha$ 
  using indecomposable-imp-Ord [OF indec]
proof (cases rule: Ord-cases)
  case (succ  $\beta$ )
  then show ?thesis
    using assms one-V-def by auto
qed (use assms in auto)

lemma eq-imp-indecomposable:
  assumes Ord  $\alpha \wedge \beta :: V$ .  $\beta \in \text{elts } \alpha \implies \beta + \alpha = \alpha$ 
  shows indecomposable  $\alpha$ 
  by (metis add-mem-right-cancel assms indecomposable-def)

lemma indecomposable- $\omega$ -power:
  assumes Ord  $\delta$ 
  shows indecomposable  $(\omega \uparrow \delta)$ 
  unfolding indecomposable-def
proof (intro conjI ballI)
  show Ord  $(\omega \uparrow \delta)$ 
    by (simp add: `Ord delta`)
next
  fix  $\beta \gamma$ 
  assume asm:  $\beta \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \delta) \gamma \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \delta)$ 
  then obtain ord: Ord  $\beta$  Ord  $\gamma$  and  $\beta: \beta < \omega \uparrow \delta$  and  $\gamma: \gamma < \omega \uparrow \delta$ 
    by (meson Ord- $\omega$  Ord-in-Ord Ord-oexp OrdmemD `Ord delta`)
  show  $\beta + \gamma \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \delta)$ 
    using `Ord delta`
  proof (cases  $\delta$  rule: Ord-cases)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      using `Ord delta` asm by auto
  next
    case (succ l)
    have  $\exists x \in \text{elts } \omega. \beta + \gamma \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow l * x)$ 
      if x:  $x \in \text{elts } \omega$   $\beta \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow l * x)$  and y:  $y \in \text{elts } \omega$   $\gamma \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow l * y)$ 
        for x y
    proof -
      obtain Ord x Ord y Ord  $(\omega \uparrow l * x)$  Ord  $(\omega \uparrow l * y)$ 
        using Ord- $\omega$  Ord-mult Ord-oexp x y nat-into-Ord succ(1) by presburger
      then have  $\beta + \gamma \in \text{elts } (\omega \uparrow l * (x+y))$ 
        using add-mult-distrib Ord-add Ord-mem-iff-lt add-strict-mono ord x y by
      presburger
      then show ?thesis
        using x y by blast
    qed
    then show ?thesis
    using `Ord delta` succ ord  $\beta \gamma$  by (auto simp: mult-Limit simp flip: Ord-mem-iff-lt)
  qed

```

```

next
  case limit
    have Ord (ω↑δ)
      by (simp add: `Ord δ`)
    then obtain x y where x: x ∈ elts δ Ord x β ∈ elts (ω↑x)
      and y: y ∈ elts δ Ord y γ ∈ elts (ω↑y)
      using `Ord δ` limit ord β γ oexp-Limit
      by (auto simp flip: Ord-mem-iff-lt intro: Ord-in-Ord)
    then have succ (x ∪ y) ∈ elts δ
      by (metis Limit-def Ord-linear-le limit sup.absorb2 sup.orderE)
    moreover have β + γ ∈ elts (ω↑succ (x ∪ y))
    proof –
      have oxy: Ord (x ∪ y)
      using Ord-sup x y by blast
      then obtain ω↑x ≤ ω↑(x ∪ y) ω↑y ≤ ω↑(x ∪ y)
      by (metis Ord-ω Ord-linear-le Ord-mem-iff-less-TC Ord-mem-iff-lt le-TC-def
      less-le-not-le oexp-mono omega-nonzero sup.absorb2 sup.orderE x(2) y(2))
      then have β ∈ elts (ω↑(x ∪ y)) γ ∈ elts (ω↑(x ∪ y))
      using x y by blast+
      then have β + γ ∈ elts (ω↑(x ∪ y) * succ (succ 0))
      by (metis Ord-ω Ord-add Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-oexp Ord-sup add-strict-mono
      mult.right-neutral mult-succ ord one-V-def x(2) y(2))
      then show ?thesis
      apply (simp add: oxy)
      using Ord-ω Ord-mult Ord-oexp Ord-trans mem-0-Ord mult-add-mem-0
      oexp-eq-0-iff omega-nonzero oxy succ-in-omega by presburger
      qed
      ultimately show ?thesis
      using ord `Ord (ω↑δ)` limit oexp-Limit by auto
    qed
  qed

lemma ω-power-imp-eq:
  assumes β < ω↑δ Ord β Ord δ δ ≠ 0
  shows β + ω↑δ = ω↑δ
  by (simp add: assms indecomposable-ω-power indecomposable-imp-eq)

lemma mult-oexp-indec: [| Ord α; Limit μ; indecomposable μ |] ⇒ α * (α ↑ μ) =
  (α ↑ μ)
  by (metis Limit-def Ord-1 OrdmemD indecomposable-imp-eq oexp-1-right oexp-add
  one-V-def)

lemma mult-oexp-ω: Ord α ⇒ α * (α ↑ ω) = (α ↑ ω)
  by (metis Ord-1 Ord-ω oexp-1-right oexp-add one-plus-ω-equals-ω)

lemma type-imp-indecomposable:
  assumes α: Ord α
  and minor: ⋀ X. X ⊆ elts α ⇒ ordertype X VWF = α ∨ ordertype (elts α −
  X) VWF = α

```

```

shows indecomposable α
unfolding indecomposable-def
proof (intro conjI ballI)
fix β γ
assume β: β ∈ elts α and γ: γ ∈ elts α
then obtain βγ: elts β ⊆ elts α elts γ ⊆ elts α Ord β Ord γ
using α Ord-in-Ord Ord-trans by blast
then have oeq: ordertype (elts β) VWF = β
by auto
show β + γ ∈ elts α
proof (rule ccontr)
assume β + γ ∉ elts α
then obtain δ where δ: Ord δ β + δ = α
by (metis Ord-ordertype βγ(1) le-Ord-diff less-eq-V-def minor oeq)
then have δ ∈ elts α
using Ord-linear βγ γ <β + γ ∉ elts α by blast
then have ordertype (elts α - elts β) VWF = δ
using δ ordertype-diff Limit-def α <Ord β by blast
then show False
by (metis β <δ ∈ elts α> <elts β ⊆ elts α> oeq mem-not-refl minor)
qed
qed (use assms in auto)

```

This proof uses Cantor normal form, yet still is rather long

```

proposition indecomposable-is-ω-power:
assumes inc: indecomposable μ
obtains μ = 0 | δ where Ord δ μ = ω↑δ
proof (cases μ = 0)
case True
then show thesis
by (simp add: that)
next
case False
obtain Ord μ
using Limit-def assms indecomposable-def by blast
then obtain αs ms where Cantor: List.set αs ⊆ ON list.set ms ⊆ {0<..}
length αs = length ms Cantor-dec αs
and μ: μ = Cantor-sum αs ms
using Cantor-nf-exists by blast
consider (0) length αs = 0 | (1) length αs = 1 | (2) length αs ≥ 2
by linarith
then show thesis
proof cases
case 0
then show ?thesis
using μ assms False indecomposable-def by auto
next
case 1
then obtain α m where αm: αs = [α] ms = [m]

```

```

by (metis One-nat-def `length αs = length ms` length-0-conv length-Suc-conv)
then obtain Ord α m ≠ 0 Ord (ω↑α)
  using `list.set αs ⊆ ON` `list.set ms ⊆ {0<..}` by auto
have μ: μ = ω↑α * ord-of-nat m
  using αm by (simp add: μ)
moreover have m = 1
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume m ≠ 1
  then have 2: m ≥ 2
    using `m ≠ 0` by linarith
  then have m = Suc 0 + Suc 0 + (m-2)
    by simp
  then have ord-of-nat m = 1 + 1 + ord-of-nat (m-2)
    by (metis add.left-neutral mult.left-neutral mult-succ ord-of-nat.simps
ord-of-nat-add)
  then have μeq: μ = ω↑α + ω↑α + ω↑α * ord-of-nat (m-2)
    using μ by (simp add: add-mult-distrib)
  moreover have less: ω↑α < μ
    by (metis Ord-ω OrdmemD μeq `Ord α` add-le-cancel-left0 add-less-cancel-left0
le-less-trans less-V-def oexp-gt-0-iff zero-in-omega)
  moreover have ω↑α + ω↑α * ord-of-nat (m-2) < μ
    using 2 μ `Ord α` assms less indecomposableD less-V-def by auto
ultimately show False
  using indecomposableD [OF inc, of ω↑α ω↑α + ω↑α * ord-of-nat (m-2)]
  by (simp add: `Ord (ω↑α)` add.assoc)
qed
moreover have Ord α
  using `List.set αs ⊆ ON` by (simp add: `αs = [α]`)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (metis One-nat-def mult.right-neutral ord-of-nat.simps one-V-def that(2))
next
case 2
  then obtain α1 α2 αs' m1 m2 ms' where αm: αs = α1#α2#αs' ms = m1#m2#ms'
    by (metis Cantor(3) One-nat-def Suc-1 impossible-Cons length-Cons list.size(3)
not-numeral-le-zero remdups-adj.cases)
  then obtain Ord α1 Ord α2 m1 ≠ 0 m2 ≠ 0 Ord (ω↑α1) Ord (ω↑α2)
    list.set αs' ⊆ ON list.set ms' ⊆ {0<..}
    using `list.set αs ⊆ ON` `list.set ms ⊆ {0<..}` by auto
  have oCs: Ord (Cantor-sum αs' ms')
    by (simp add: Ord-Cantor-sum `list.set αs' ⊆ ON`)
  have α21: α2 ∈ elts α1
    using Cantor-dec-Cons-iff αm(1) `Cantor-dec αs`
    by (simp add: Ord-mem-iff-lt `Ord α1` `Ord α2`)
  have ω↑α2 ≠ 0
    by (simp add: `Ord α2`)
  then have *: (ω↑α2 * ord-of-nat m2 + Cantor-sum αs' ms') > 0
    by (simp add: OrdmemD `Ord (ω↑α2)` `m2 ≠ 0` mem-0-Ord oCs)
  have μ: μ = ω↑α1 * ord-of-nat m1 + (ω↑α2 * ord-of-nat m2 + Cantor-sum

```

```

 $\alpha s' ms')$ 
  (is  $\mu = ?\alpha + ?\beta$ )
  using  $\alpha m$  by (simp add:  $\mu$ )
  moreover
    have  $\omega \uparrow \alpha 2 * \text{ord-of-nat } m2 + \text{Cantor-sum } \alpha s' ms' < \omega \uparrow \alpha 1 * \text{ord-of-nat } m1$ 
  +  $(\omega \uparrow \alpha 2 * \text{ord-of-nat } m2 + \text{Cantor-sum } \alpha s' ms')$ 
    if  $\alpha 2 \in \text{elts } \alpha 1$ 
  proof (rule less- $\omega$ -power)
    show  $\text{Cantor-sum } \alpha s' ms' < \omega \uparrow \alpha 2$ 
      using  $\alpha m$  Cantor cnf-2 by auto
    qed (use oCs {Ord  $\alpha 1$ } {m1 ≠ 0} {m2 ≠ 0} that in auto)
    then have  $? \beta < \mu$ 
      using  $\alpha 2 1$  by (simp add:  $\mu \alpha m$ )
    moreover have less:  $? \alpha < \mu$ 
      using oCs by (metis  $\mu * \text{add-less-cancel-left add.right-neutral}$ )
    ultimately have False
      using indecomposableD [OF inc, of  $? \alpha ? \beta$ ]
      by (simp add: {Ord  $(\omega \uparrow \alpha 1)$ } {Ord  $(\omega \uparrow \alpha 2)$ } oCs)
    then show ?thesis ..
  qed
qed

```

**corollary** indecomposable-iff- $\omega$ -power:

indecomposable  $\mu \longleftrightarrow \mu = 0 \vee (\exists \delta. \mu = \omega \uparrow \delta \wedge \text{Ord } \delta)$   
 by (meson indecomposable-0 indecomposable- $\omega$ -power indecomposable-is- $\omega$ -power)

**theorem** indecomposable-imp-type:

```

fixes  $X :: \text{bool} \Rightarrow V \text{ set}$ 
assumes  $\gamma: \text{indecomposable } \gamma$ 
and  $\bigwedge b. \text{ordertype } (X b) \text{ VWF} \leq \gamma \wedge \bigwedge b. \text{small } (X b) \wedge \bigwedge b. X b \subseteq \text{ON}$ 
and  $\text{elts } \gamma \subseteq (\text{UN } b. X b)$ 
shows  $\exists b. \text{ordertype } (X b) \text{ VWF} = \gamma$ 
using  $\gamma$  [THEN indecomposable-imp-Ord] assms
proof (induction arbitrary:  $X$ )
  case (succ  $\beta$ )
  show ?case
  proof (cases  $\beta = 0$ )
    case True
    then have  $\exists b. 0 \in X b$ 
      using succ.prems(5) by blast
    then have  $\exists b. \text{ordertype } (X b) \text{ VWF} \neq 0$ 
      using succ.prems(3) by auto
    then have  $\exists b. \text{ordertype } (X b) \text{ VWF} \geq \text{succ } 0$ 
      by (meson Ord-0 Ord-linear2 Ord-ordertype less-eq-V-0-iff succ-le-iff)
    then show ?thesis
      using True succ.prems(2) by blast
  next
    case False
    then show ?thesis

```

```

        using succ.prems by auto
qed
next
case (Limit  $\gamma$ )
then obtain  $\delta$  where  $\delta: \gamma = \omega \uparrow \delta$  and  $\delta \neq 0$  Ord  $\delta$ 
by (metis Limit-eq-Sup-self-image-ident indecomposable-is- $\omega$ -power not-succ-Limit
oexp-0-right one-V-def zero-not-Limit)
show ?case
proof (cases Limit  $\delta$ )
case True
have ot:  $\exists b. \text{ordertype}(X b \cap \text{elts}(\omega \uparrow \alpha)) \text{ VWF} = \omega \uparrow \alpha$ 
if  $\alpha \in \text{elts } \delta$  for  $\alpha$ 
proof (rule Limit.IH)
have Ord  $\alpha$ 
using Ord-in-Ord ⟨Ord  $\delta$ ⟩ that by blast
then show  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \in \text{elts } \gamma$ 
by (simp add: Ord-mem-iff-lt  $\delta$   $\omega$ -gt1 ⟨Ord  $\delta$ ⟩ oexp-less that)
show indecomposable ( $\omega \uparrow \alpha$ )
using ⟨Ord  $\alpha$ ⟩ indecomposable-1 indecomposable- $\omega$ -power by fastforce
show small ( $X b \cap \text{elts}(\omega \uparrow \alpha)$ ) for  $b$ 
by (meson down inf-le2)
show ordertype ( $X b \cap \text{elts}(\omega \uparrow \alpha)$ ) VWF  $\leq \omega \uparrow \alpha$  for  $b$ 
by (simp add: ⟨Ord  $\alpha$ ⟩ ordertype-le-Ord)
show  $X b \cap \text{elts}(\omega \uparrow \alpha) \subseteq \text{ON}$  for  $b$ 
by (simp add: Limit.prems inf.coboundedI1)
show elts ( $\omega \uparrow \alpha$ )  $\subseteq (\bigcup b. X b \cap \text{elts}(\omega \uparrow \alpha))$ 
using Limit.prems Limit.hyps ⟨ $\omega \uparrow \alpha \in \text{elts } \gamma$ ⟩
by clar simp (metis Ord-trans UN-E indecomposable-imp-Ord subset-eq)
qed
define A where  $A \equiv \lambda b. \{\alpha \in \text{elts } \delta. \text{ordertype}(X b \cap \text{elts}(\omega \uparrow \alpha)) \text{ VWF} \geq \omega \uparrow \alpha\}$ 
have Asmall: small (A b) for  $b$ 
by (simp add: A-def)
have AON:  $A b \subseteq \text{ON}$  for  $b$ 
using A-def ⟨Ord  $\delta$ ⟩ elts-subset-ON by blast
have eq:  $\text{elts } \delta = (\bigcup b. A b)$ 
by (auto simp: A-def) (metis ot eq-refl)
then obtain b where b: Sup (A b) =  $\delta$ 
using ⟨Limit  $\delta$ ⟩
apply (auto simp: UN-bool-eq)
by (metis AON ON-imp-Ord Ord-Sup Ord-linear-le Limit-eq-Sup-self Sup-Un-distrib
Asmall sup.absorb2 sup.orderE)
have  $\omega \uparrow \alpha \leq \text{ordertype}(X b)$  VWF if  $\alpha \in A b$  for  $\alpha$ 
proof -
have ( $\omega \uparrow \alpha$ ) = ordertype (( $X b$ )  $\cap \text{elts}(\omega \uparrow \alpha))$  VWF
using ⟨Ord  $\delta$ ⟩ that by (simp add: A-def Ord-in-Ord dual-order.antisym
ordertype-le-Ord)
also have ...  $\leq \text{ordertype}(X b)$  VWF
by (simp add: Limit.prems ordertype-VWF-mono)

```

```

finally show ?thesis .
qed
then have ordertype (X b) VWF ≥ Sup ((λα. ω↑α) ` A b)
  by blast
moreover have Sup ((λα. ω↑α) ` A b) = ω↑Sup (A b)
  by (metis b Ord-ω ZFC-in-HOL.Sup-empty AON ⟨δ ≠ 0⟩ Asmall oexp-Sup
omega-nonzero)
ultimately show ?thesis
  using Limit.hyps Limit.prem δ b by auto
next
case False
then obtain β where β: δ = succ β Ord β
  using Ord-cases ⟨δ ≠ 0⟩ ⟨Ord δ⟩ by auto
then have Ordωβ: Ord (ω↑β)
  using Ord-oexp by blast
have subX12: elts (ω↑β * ω) ⊆ (⋃ b. X b)
  using Limit β δ by auto
define E where E ≡ λn. {ω↑β * ord-of-nat n ..< ω↑β * ord-of-nat (Suc n)}
∩ ON
have EON: E n ⊆ ON for n
  using E-def by blast
have E-imp-less: x < y if i < j x ∈ E i y ∈ E j for x y i j
proof –
  have succ (i) ≤ ord-of-nat j
    using that(1) by force
  then have ¬ y ≤ x
    using that
    apply (auto simp: E-def)
    by (metis Ordωβ Ord-ord-of-nat leD mult-cancel-le-iff ord-of-nat.simps(2)
order-trans)
  with that show ?thesis
    by (meson EON ON-imp-Ord Ord-linear2)
qed
then have djE: disjoint (E i) (E j) if i ≠ j for i j
  using that nat-neq-iff unfolding disjoint-def by auto
have less-imp-E: i ≤ j if x < y x ∈ E i y ∈ E j for x y i j
  using that E-imp-less [OF - ⟨y ∈ E j⟩ ⟨x ∈ E i⟩] leI less-asym by blast
have inc: indecomposable (ω↑β)
  using β indecomposable-1 indecomposable-ω-power by fastforce
have in-En: ω↑β * ord-of-nat n + x ∈ E n if x ∈ elts (ω↑β) for x n
  using that Ordωβ Ord-in-Ord [OF Ordωβ] by (auto simp: E-def Ordωβ
OrdmemD mult-succ)
have *: elts γ = ⋃ (range E)
proof
  have ∃ m. ω↑β * m ≤ x ∧ x < ω↑β * succ (ord-of-nat m)
    if x ∈ elts (ω↑β * ord-of-nat n) for x n
    using that
    apply (clar simp simp add: mult [of - ord-of-nat n] lift-def)
    by (metis add-less-cancel-left OrdmemD inc indecomposable-imp-Ord mult-succ)

```

```

plus sup-ge1)
moreover have Ord x if x ∈ elts (ω↑β * ord-of-nat n) for x n
  by (meson Ordωβ Ord-in-Ord Ord-mult Ord-ord-of-nat that)
ultimately show elts γ ⊆ ∪(range E)
  by (auto simp: δ β E-def mult-Limit elts-ω)
have x ∈ elts (ω↑β * succ(ord-of-nat n))
  if Ord x x < ω↑β * succ (n) for x n
    by (metis that Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-mult Ord-ord-of-nat inc indecomposable-imp-Ord ord-of-nat.simps(2))
  then show ∪(range E) ⊆ elts γ
    by (force simp: δ β E-def Limit.preds mult-Limit)
qed
have smE: small (E n) for n
  by (metis * complete-lattice-class.Sup-upper down rangeI)
have otE: ordertype (E n) VWF = ω↑β for n
  by (simp add: E-def inc indecomposable-imp-Ord mult-succ ordertype-interval-eq)

define cut where cut ≡ λn x. odiff x (ω↑β * ord-of-nat n)
have cutON: cut n ` X ⊆ ON if X ⊆ ON for n X
using that by (simp add: image-subset-iff cut-def ON-imp-Ord Ordωβ Ord-odiff)
have cut [simp]: cut n (ω↑β * ord-of-nat n + x) = x for x n
  by (auto simp: cut-def)
have cuteq: x ∈ cut n ` (X ∩ E n) ↔ ω↑β * ord-of-nat n + x ∈ X
  if x: x ∈ elts (ω↑β) for x X n
proof
  show ω↑β * ord-of-nat n + x ∈ X if x ∈ cut n ` (X ∩ E n)
    using E-def Ordωβ Ord-odiff-eq image-iff local.cut-def that by auto
  show x ∈ cut n ` (X ∩ E n)
    if ω↑β * ord-of-nat n + x ∈ X
      by (metis (full-types) IntI cut image-iff in-En that x)
qed
have ot-cuteq: ordertype (cut n ` (X ∩ E n)) VWF = ordertype (X ∩ E n)
VWF for n X
proof (rule ordertype-VWF-inc-eq)
  show X ∩ E n ⊆ ON
    using E-def by blast
  then show cut n ` (X ∩ E n) ⊆ ON
    by (simp add: cutON)
  show small (X ∩ E n)
    by (meson Int-lower2 smE smaller-than-small)
  show cut n x < cut n y
    if x ∈ X ∩ E n y ∈ X ∩ E n x < y for x y
      using that `X ∩ E n ⊆ ON` by (simp add: E-def Ordωβ Ord-odiff-less-odiff local.cut-def)
qed

define N where N ≡ λb. {n. ordertype (X b ∩ E n) VWF = ω↑β}
have ∃b. infinite (N b)
proof (rule ccontr)

```

```

assume  $\nexists b. \text{infinite } (N b)$ 
then obtain  $n$  where  $\bigwedge b. n \notin N b$ 
  apply (simp add: ex-bool-eq)
  by (metis (full-types) finite-nat-set-iff-bounded not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
moreover
have  $\exists b. \text{ordertype} (\text{cut } n ` (X b \cap E n)) \text{ VWF} = \omega \uparrow \beta$ 
proof (rule Limit.IH)
  show  $\omega \uparrow \beta \in \text{elts } \gamma$ 
    by (metis Limit.hyps Limit-def Limit-omega Ord-mem-iff-less-TC  $\beta \delta$ 
      mult-le2 not-succ-Limit oexp-succ omega-nonzero one-V-def)
  show  $\text{indecomposable } (\omega \uparrow \beta)$ 
    by (simp add: inc)
  show  $\text{ordertype} (\text{cut } n ` (X b \cap E n)) \text{ VWF} \leq \omega \uparrow \beta$  for  $b$ 
    by (metis ote inf-le2 ordertype-VWF-mono ot-cuteq smE)
  show  $\text{small } (\text{cut } n ` (X b \cap E n))$  for  $b$ 
    using smE subset-iff-less-eq-V
    by (meson inf-le2 replacement)
  show  $\text{cut } n ` (X b \cap E n) \subseteq \text{ON}$  for  $b$ 
    using E-def cutON by auto
  have  $\text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \beta * \text{succ } n) \subseteq \bigcup (\text{range } X)$ 
    by (metis Ordw $\beta$  Ord- $\omega$  Ord-ord-of-nat less-eq-V-def mult-cancel-le-iff
      ord-of-nat.simps(2) ord-of-nat-le-omega order-trans subX12)
  then show  $\text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \beta) \subseteq (\bigcup b. \text{cut } n ` (X b \cap E n))$ 
    by (auto simp: mult-succ mult-Limit UN-subset-iff cuteq UN-bool-eq)
qed
then have  $\exists b. \text{ordertype } (X b \cap E n) \text{ VWF} = \omega \uparrow \beta$ 
  by (simp add: ot-cuteq)
ultimately show False
  by (simp add: N-def)
qed
then obtain  $b$  where  $b: \text{infinite } (N b)$ 
  by blast
then obtain  $\varphi :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$  where  $\varphi: \text{bij-betw } \varphi \text{ UNIV } (N b)$  and mono:
  strict-mono  $\varphi$ 
    by (meson bij-enumerate enumerate-mono strict-mono-def)
then have  $\text{ordertype } (X b \cap E (\varphi n)) \text{ VWF} = \omega \uparrow \beta$  for  $n$ 
  using N-def bij-betw-imp-surj-on by blast
moreover have  $\text{small } (X b \cap E (\varphi n))$  for  $n$ 
  by (meson inf-le2 smE subset-iff-less-eq-V)
ultimately have  $\exists f. \text{bij-betw } f (X b \cap E (\varphi n)) (\text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \beta)) \wedge (\forall x \in X b \cap E (\varphi n). \forall y \in X b \cap E (\varphi n). f x < f y \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in \text{VWF})$ 
  for  $n$  by (metis Ord-ordertype ordertype-VWF-eq-iff)
then obtain  $F$  where  $\text{bijF}: \bigwedge n. \text{bij-betw } (F n) (X b \cap E (\varphi n)) (\text{elts } (\omega \uparrow \beta))$ 
  and  $F: \bigwedge n. \forall x \in X b \cap E (\varphi n). \forall y \in X b \cap E (\varphi n). F n x < F n y \longleftrightarrow (x, y) \in \text{VWF}$ 
  by metis
then have  $F\text{-bound}: \bigwedge n. \forall x \in X b \cap E (\varphi n). F n x < \omega \uparrow \beta$ 
  by (metis Ord- $\omega$  Ord-oexp OrdmemD  $\beta(2)$  bij-betw-imp-surj-on image-eqI)
have  $F\text{-Ord}: \bigwedge n. \forall x \in X b \cap E (\varphi n). \text{Ord } (F n x)$ 

```

```

by (metis otE ON-imp-Ord Ord-ordertype bijF bij-betw-def elts-subset-ON
imageI)

have inc:  $\varphi n \geq n$  for n
  by (simp add: mono strict-mono-imp-increasing)

have dj $\varphi$ : disjoint (E ( $\varphi i$ )) (E ( $\varphi j$ )) if  $i \neq j$  for i j
  by (rule djE) (use  $\varphi$  that in ⟨auto simp: bij-betw-def inj-def⟩)
define Y where  $Y \equiv (\bigcup n. E (\varphi n))$ 
have  $\exists n. y \in E (\varphi n)$  if  $y \in Y$  for y
  using Y-def that by blast
then obtain  $\iota$  where  $\iota: \bigwedge y. y \in Y \implies y \in E (\varphi (\iota y))$ 
  by metis
have  $Y \subseteq ON$ 
  by (auto simp: Y-def E-def)
have ile:  $\iota x \leq \iota y$  if  $x < y$   $x \in Y$   $y \in Y$  for x y
  using less-imp-E strict-mono-less-eq that  $\iota [OF \langle x \in Y \rangle] \iota [OF \langle y \in Y \rangle]$ 
mono
  unfolding Y-def by blast
have eqi:  $x \in E (\varphi k) \implies \iota x = k$  for x k
  using  $\iota$  unfolding Y-def
  by (meson UN-I disjoint-iff dj $\varphi$  iso-tuple-UNIV-I)

have upper:  $\omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat} (\iota x) \leq x$  if  $x \in Y$  for x
  using that
proof (clarify simp add: Y-def eqi)
  fix u v
  assume u:  $u \in elts (\omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat} v)$  and v:  $v \in E (\varphi v)$ 
  then have u <  $\omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat} v$ 
    by (simp add: OrdmemD β(2))
  also have ... ≤  $\omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat} (\varphi v)$ 
    by (simp add: β(2) inc)
  also have ... ≤ x
    using v by (simp add: E-def)
  finally show u ∈ elts x
    using ⟨Y ⊆ ON⟩
  by (meson ON-imp-Ord Ord-ω Ord-in-Ord Ord-mem-iff-lt Ord-mult Ord-oexp
Ord-ord-of-nat β(2) that u)
qed

define G where  $G \equiv \lambda x. \omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat} (\iota x) + F (\iota x) x$ 
have G-strict-mono:  $G x < G y$  if  $x < y$   $x \in X$   $b \cap Y$   $y \in X$   $b \cap Y$  for x y
proof (cases  $\iota x = \iota y$ )
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    using that unfolding G-def
    by (metis F Int-iff add-less-cancel-left Limit.prem(4) ON-imp-Ord
VWF-iff-Ord-less  $\iota$ )
  next

```

```

case False
then have  $\iota x < \iota y$ 
  by (meson IntE ile le-less that)
then show ?thesis
using that by (simp add: G-def F-Ord F-bound Ord $\omega\beta$   $\iota$  mult-nat-less-add-less)
qed

have ordertype ( $X b \cap Y$ ) VWF =  $(\omega \uparrow \beta) * \omega$ 
proof (rule ordertype-VWF-eq-iff [THEN iffD2])
  show Ord  $(\omega \uparrow \beta * \omega)$ 
    by (simp add:  $\beta$ )
  show small ( $X b \cap Y$ )
    by (meson Limit.prems(3) inf-le1 subset-iff-less-eq-V)
have bij-betw  $G (X b \cap Y)$  (elts  $(\omega \uparrow \beta * \omega)$ )
proof (rule bij-betw-imageI)
  show inj-on  $G (X b \cap Y)$ 
  proof (rule linorder-inj-onI)
    fix  $x y$ 
    assume  $xy: x < y x \in (X b \cap Y) y \in (X b \cap Y)$ 
    show  $G x \neq G y$ 
      using G-strict-mono  $xy$  by force
  next
    show  $x \leq y \vee y \leq x$ 
      if  $x \in (X b \cap Y) y \in (X b \cap Y)$  for  $x y$ 
      using that  $\langle X b \subseteq ON \rangle$  by (clar simp simp: Y-def) (metis ON-imp-Ord
      Ord-linear Ord-trans)
  qed
  show  $G` (X b \cap Y) = \text{elts} (\omega \uparrow \beta * \omega)$ 
  proof
    show  $G` (X b \cap Y) \subseteq \text{elts} (\omega \uparrow \beta * \omega)$ 
      using  $\langle X b \subseteq ON \rangle$ 
      apply (clar simp simp: G-def mult-Limit Y-def eq)
      by (metis IntI add-mem-right-cancel bijF bij-betw-imp-surj-on image-eqI
      mult-succ ord-of-nat $\omega$  succ-in-omega)
    show  $\text{elts} (\omega \uparrow \beta * \omega) \subseteq G` (X b \cap Y)$ 
    proof
      fix  $x$ 
      assume  $x: x \in \text{elts} (\omega \uparrow \beta * \omega)$ 
      then obtain  $k$  where  $n: x \in \text{elts} (\omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat} (\text{Suc } k))$ 
        and  $\text{minim}: \bigwedge m. m < \text{Suc } k \implies x \notin \text{elts} (\omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat}$ 
         $m)$ 
        using elts-mult- $\omega$ E
        by (metis old.nat.exhaust)
      then obtain  $y$  where  $y: y \in \text{elts} (\omega \uparrow \beta)$  and  $x = \omega \uparrow \beta * \text{ord-of-nat}$ 
       $k + y$ 
        using  $x$  by (auto simp: mult-succ elim: mem-plus-V-E)
      then have  $1: \text{inv-into} (X b \cap E (\varphi k)) (F k) y \in (X b \cap E (\varphi k))$ 
        by (metis bijF bij-betw-def inv-into-into)
      then have  $(\text{inv-into} (X b \cap E (\varphi k)) (F k) y) \in X b \cap Y$ 

```

```

    by (force simp: Y-def)
moreover have G (inv-into (X b ∩ E (φ k)) (F k) y) = x
    by (metis 1 G-def Int-iff bijF bij-betw-inv-into-right eqI xeq y)
ultimately show x ∈ G ‘(X b ∩ Y)
    by blast
qed
qed
qed
moreover have (x,y) ∈ VWF
    if x ∈ X b x ∈ Y y ∈ X b y ∈ Y G x < G y for x y
proof -
    have x < y
    using that by (metis G-strict-mono Int-iff Limit-prems(4) ON-imp-Ord
Ord-linear-lt less-asym)
    then show ?thesis
    using ON-imp-Ord ‘Y ⊆ ON’ that by auto
qed
moreover have G x < G y
    if x ∈ X b x ∈ Y y ∈ X b y ∈ Y (x, y) ∈ VWF for x y
proof -
    have x < y
    using that ON-imp-Ord ‘Y ⊆ ON’ by auto
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: G-strict-mono that)
qed
ultimately show ∃f. bij-betw f (X b ∩ Y) (elts (ω↑β * ω)) ∧ (∀x∈(X b ∩
Y). ∀y∈(X b ∩ Y). f x < f y ↔ ((x, y) ∈ VWF))
    by blast
qed
moreover have ordertype (∪ n. X b ∩ E (φ n)) VWF ≤ ordertype (X b)
VWF
    using Limit-prems(3) ordertype-VWF-mono by auto
ultimately have ordertype (X b) VWF = (ω↑β) * ω
    using Limit-hyps Limit-prems(2) β δ
    using Y-def by auto
then show ?thesis
    using Limit-hyps β δ by auto
qed
qed auto

```

**corollary indecomposable-imp-type2:**  
**assumes**  $\alpha$ : indecomposable  $\gamma$   $X \subseteq \text{elts } \gamma$   
**shows**  $\text{ordertype } X \text{ VWF} = \gamma \vee \text{ordertype } (\text{elts } \gamma - X) \text{ VWF} = \gamma$   
**proof** -  
**have**  $\text{Ord } \gamma$   
**using assms indecomposable-imp-Ord** by blast  
**have**  $\exists b. \text{ordertype } (\text{if } b \text{ then } X \text{ else } \text{elts } \gamma - X) \text{ VWF} = \gamma$   
**proof** (rule indecomposable-imp-type)  
**show**  $\text{ordertype } (\text{if } b \text{ then } X \text{ else } \text{elts } \gamma - X) \text{ VWF} \leq \gamma$  for  $b$

```

    by (simp add: ‹Ord γ› assms ordertype-le-Ord)
  show (if b then X else elts γ - X) ⊆ ON for b
    using ‹Ord γ› assms elts-subset-ON by auto
  qed (use assms down in auto)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis (full-types))
qed

```

## 5.4 From ordinals to order types

**lemma indecomposable-ordertype-eq:**

assumes indec: indecomposable  $\alpha$  and  $\alpha$ : ordertype  $A$   $VWF = \alpha$  and  $A: B \subseteq A$  small  $A$

shows ordertype  $B$   $VWF = \alpha \vee$  ordertype  $(A - B)$   $VWF = \alpha$

**proof (rule ccontr)**

assume  $\neg$  (ordertype  $B$   $VWF = \alpha \vee$  ordertype  $(A - B)$   $VWF = \alpha$ )

moreover have ordertype (ordermap  $A$   $VWF`B$ )  $VWF =$  ordertype  $B$   $VWF$

using  $\langle B \subseteq A \rangle$  by (auto intro: ordertype-image-ordermap [OF ‹small A›])

moreover have ordertype (elts  $\alpha -$  ordermap  $A$   $VWF`B$ )  $VWF =$  ordertype  $(A - B)$   $VWF$

by (metis ordertype-map-image  $\alpha$   $A$  elts-of-set ordertype-def replacement)

moreover have ordermap  $A$   $VWF`B \subseteq$  elts  $\alpha$

using  $\alpha$   $A$  by blast

ultimately show False

using indecomposable-imp-type2 [OF ‹indec›] ‹small A› by metis

qed

**lemma indecomposable-ordertype-ge:**

assumes indec: indecomposable  $\alpha$  and  $\alpha$ : ordertype  $A$   $VWF \geq \alpha$  and small: small  $A$  small  $B$

shows ordertype  $B$   $VWF \geq \alpha \vee$  ordertype  $(A - B)$   $VWF \geq \alpha$

**proof –**

obtain  $A'$  where  $A' \subseteq A$  ordertype  $A'$   $VWF = \alpha$

by (meson  $\alpha$  ‹small A› indec indecomposable-def le-ordertype-obtains-subset)

then have ordertype  $(B \cap A')$   $VWF = \alpha \vee$  ordertype  $(A' - B)$   $VWF = \alpha$

by (metis Diff-Diff-Int Diff-subset Int-commute ‹small A› indecomposable-ordertype-eq indec smaller-than-small)

moreover have ordertype  $(B \cap A')$   $VWF \leq$  ordertype  $B$   $VWF$

by (meson Int-lower1 small ordertype-VWF-mono smaller-than-small)

moreover have ordertype  $(A' - B)$   $VWF \leq$  ordertype  $(A - B)$   $VWF$

by (meson Diff-mono Diff-subset ‹A' ⊆ A› ‹small A› order-refl ordertype-VWF-mono smaller-than-small)

ultimately show ?thesis

by blast

qed

now for finite partitions

**lemma indecomposable-ordertype-finite-eq:**

assumes indecomposable  $\alpha$

```

and  $\mathcal{A}$ : finite  $\mathcal{A}$  pairwise disjoint  $\mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{A} = A$   $\mathcal{A} \neq \{\}$  ordertype  $A$  VWF =  $\alpha$ 
 $A$ 
shows  $\exists X \in \mathcal{A}$ . ordertype  $X$  VWF =  $\alpha$ 
using  $\mathcal{A}$ 
proof (induction arbitrary:  $A$ )
case (insert  $X \mathcal{A}$ )
show ?case
proof (cases  $\mathcal{A} = \{\}$ )
case True
then show ?thesis
using insert.prem by blast
next
case False
have smA: small ( $\bigcup \mathcal{A}$ )
using insert.prem by auto
show ?thesis
proof (cases  $\exists X \in \mathcal{A}$ . ordertype  $X$  VWF =  $\alpha$ )
case True
then show ?thesis
using insert.prem by blast
next
case False
have  $X = A - \bigcup \mathcal{A}$ 
using insert.hyps insert.prem by (auto simp: pairwise-insert disjoint-iff)
then have ordertype  $X$  VWF =  $\alpha$ 
using indecomposable-ordertype-eq assms insert False
by (metis Union-mono cSup-singleton pairwise-insert smA subset-insertI)
then show ?thesis
using insert.prem by blast
qed
qed
qed auto

lemma indecomposable-ordertype-finite-ge:
assumes indec: indecomposable  $\alpha$ 
and  $\mathcal{A}$ : finite  $\mathcal{A}$   $A \subseteq \bigcup \mathcal{A}$   $\mathcal{A} \neq \{\}$  ordertype  $A$  VWF  $\geq \alpha$  small ( $\bigcup \mathcal{A}$ )
shows  $\exists X \in \mathcal{A}$ . ordertype  $X$  VWF  $\geq \alpha$ 
using  $\mathcal{A}$ 
proof (induction arbitrary:  $A$ )
case (insert  $X \mathcal{A}$ )
show ?case
proof (cases  $\mathcal{A} = \{\}$ )
case True
then have  $\alpha \leq$  ordertype  $X$  VWF
using insert.prem
by (simp add: order.trans ordertype-VWF-mono)
then show ?thesis
using insert.prem by blast
next

```

```

case False
show ?thesis
proof (cases ?thesis)
  case True
  then show ?thesis
    using insert.prem by blast
next
case False
moreover have small ( $X \cup \bigcup \mathcal{A}$ )
  using insert.prem by auto
moreover have ordertype ( $\bigcup (\text{insert } X \mathcal{A})$ ) VWF  $\geq \alpha$ 
  using insert.prem ordertype-VWF-mono by blast
ultimately have ordertype X VWF  $\geq \alpha$ 
  using indecomposable-ordertype-ge [OF indec]
  by (metis Diff-subset-conv Sup-insert cSup-singleton insert.IH small-sup-iff
subset-refl)
then show ?thesis
  using insert.prem by blast
qed
qed
qed auto
end

```

## 6 Type Classes for ZFC

```

theory ZFC-Typeclasses
imports ZFC-Cardinals Complex-Main

```

```
begin
```

### 6.1 The class of embeddable types

```

class embeddable =
  assumes ex-inj:  $\exists V\text{-of} :: 'a \Rightarrow V\text{. inj } V\text{-of}$ 

context countable
begin

subclass embeddable
proof -
  have inj (ord-of-nat  $\circ$  to-nat) if inj to-nat
    for to-nat :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat
    using that by (simp add: inj-compose inj-ord-of-nat)
  then show class.embeddable TYPE('a)
    by intro-classes (meson local.ex-inj)
qed

end

```

```

instance unit :: embeddable ..
instance bool :: embeddable ..
instance nat :: embeddable ..
instance int :: embeddable ..
instance rat :: embeddable ..
instance char :: embeddable ..
instance String.literal :: embeddable ..
instance typerep :: embeddable ..

lemma embeddable-classI:
  fixes f :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  V
  assumes  $\bigwedge x y. f x = f y \implies x = y$ 
  shows OFCLASS('a, embeddable-class)
  proof (intro-classes, rule exI)
    show inj f
      by (rule injI [OF assms]) assumption
  qed

instance V :: embeddable
  by (intro-classes) (meson inj-on-id)

instance prod :: (embeddable,embeddable) embeddable
  proof -
    have inj ( $\lambda(x,y). \langle V\text{-of}1\ x, V\text{-of}2\ y \rangle$ ) if inj V-of1 inj V-of2
      for V-of1 :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  V and V-of2 :: 'b  $\Rightarrow$  V
      using that by (auto simp: inj-on-def)
    then show OFCLASS('a  $\times$  'b, embeddable-class)
      by intro-classes (meson embeddable-class.ex-inj)
  qed

instance sum :: (embeddable,embeddable) embeddable
  proof -
    have inj (case-sum (Inl  $\circ$  V-of1) (Inr  $\circ$  V-of2)) if inj V-of1 inj V-of2
      for V-of1 :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  V and V-of2 :: 'b  $\Rightarrow$  V
      using that by (auto simp: inj-on-def split: sum.split-asm)
    then show OFCLASS('a + 'b, embeddable-class)
      by intro-classes (meson embeddable-class.ex-inj)
  qed

instance option :: (embeddable) embeddable
  proof -
    have inj (case-option 0 ( $\lambda x. ZFC\text{-in-HOL.set}\{V\text{-of }x\}$ )) if inj V-of
      for V-of :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  V
      using that by (auto simp: inj-on-def split: option.split-asm)
    then show OFCLASS('a option, embeddable-class)
      by intro-classes (meson embeddable-class.ex-inj)
  qed

```

```

primrec V-of-list where
  V-of-list V-of Nil = 0
  | V-of-list V-of (x#xs) = <V-of x, V-of-list V-of xs>

lemma inj-V-of-list:
  assumes inj V-of
  shows inj (V-of-list V-of)
proof -
  note inj-eq [OF assms, simp]
  have x = y if V-of-list V-of x = V-of-list V-of y for x y
    using that
  proof (induction x arbitrary: y)
    case Nil
    then show ?case
      by (cases y) auto
    next
      case (Cons a x)
      then show ?case
        by (cases y) auto
    qed
    then show ?thesis
      by (auto simp: inj-on-def)
  qed

instance list :: (embeddable) embeddable
proof -
  have inj (rec-list 0 (λx xs r. <V-of x, r>)) (is inj ?f)
  if V-of: inj V-of for V-of :: 'a ⇒ V
  proof -
    note inj-eq [OF V-of, simp]
    have x = y if ?f x = ?f y for x y
      using that
    proof (induction x arbitrary: y)
      case Nil
      then show ?case
        by (cases y) auto
    next
      case (Cons a x)
      then show ?case
        by (cases y) auto
    qed
    then show ?thesis
      by (auto simp: inj-on-def)
  qed
  then show OFCLASS('a list, embeddable-class)
    by intro-classes (meson embeddable-class.ex-inj)
  qed

```

## 6.2 The class of small types

```

class small =
  assumes small: small (UNIV::'a set)
begin

  subclass embeddable
    by intro-classes (meson local.small small-def)

  lemma TC-small [iff]:
    fixes A :: 'a set
    shows small A
    using small smaller-than-small by blast

  end

  context countable
  begin

    subclass small
    proof -
      have *: inj (ord-of-nat  $\circ$  to-nat) if inj to-nat
        for to-nat :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat
        using that by (simp add: inj-compose inj-ord-of-nat)
      then show class.small TYPE('a)
        by intro-classes (metis small-image-nat local.ex-inj the-inv-into-onto)
    qed

  end

  lemma lepoll-UNIV-imp-small:  $X \lesssim (\text{UNIV}::\text{'a::small set}) \implies \text{small } X$ 
    by (meson lepoll-iff replacement small smaller-than-small)

  lemma lepoll-imp-small:
    fixes A :: 'a::small set
    assumes  $X \lesssim A$ 
    shows small X
    by (metis lepoll-UNIV-imp-small UNIV-I assms lepoll-def subsetI)

  instance unit :: small ..
  instance bool :: small ..
  instance nat :: small ..
  instance int :: small ..
  instance rat :: small ..
  instance char :: small ..
  instance String.literal :: small ..
  instance typerep :: small ..

  instance prod :: (small,small) small
  proof -

```

```

have inj (λ(x,y). ⟨V-of1 x, V-of2 y⟩)
  range (λ(x,y). ⟨V-of1 x, V-of2 y⟩) ≤ elts (VSigma A (λx. B))
  if inj V-of1 inj V-of2 range V-of1 ≤ elts A range V-of2 ≤ elts B
  for V-of1 :: 'a ⇒ V and V-of2 :: 'b ⇒ V and A B
  using that by (auto simp: inj-on-def)
with small [where 'a='a] small [where 'a='b]
show OFCLASS('a × 'b, small-class)
  by intro-classes (smt (verit) down-raw f-inv-into-f set-eq-subset small-def)
qed

instance sum :: (small,small) small
proof -
  have inj (case-sum (Inl ∘ V-of1) (Inr ∘ V-of2))
    range (case-sum (Inl ∘ V-of1) (Inr ∘ V-of2)) ≤ elts (A ⊕ B)
    if inj V-of1 inj V-of2 range V-of1 ≤ elts A range V-of2 ≤ elts B
    for V-of1 :: 'a ⇒ V and V-of2 :: 'b ⇒ V and A B
    using that by (force simp: inj-on-def split: sum.split)+
  with small [where 'a='a] small [where 'a='b]
  show OFCLASS('a + 'b, small-class)
    by intro-classes (metis down-raw replacement set-eq-subset small-def small-iff)
qed

instance option :: (small) small
proof -
  have inj (λx. case x of None ⇒ 0 | Some x ⇒ ZFC-in-HOL.set {V-of x})
    range (λx. case x of None ⇒ 0 | Some x ⇒ ZFC-in-HOL.set {V-of x}) ≤
  insert 0 (elts (VPow A))
  if inj V-of range V-of ≤ elts A
  for V-of :: 'a ⇒ V and A
  using that by (auto simp: inj-on-def split: option.split-asm)
  with small [where 'a='a]
  show OFCLASS('a option, small-class)
    by intro-classes (smt (verit) down order.refl ex-inj small-iff small-image-iff
small-insert)
qed

instance list :: (small) small
proof -
  have small (range (V-of-list V-of))
  if inj V-of range V-of ≤ elts A
  for V-of :: 'a ⇒ V and A
  proof -
    have range (V-of-list V-of) ≈ (UNIV :: 'a list set)
      using that by (simp add: inj-V-of-list)
    also have ... ≈ lists (UNIV :: 'a set)
      by simp
    also have ... ≤ (UNIV :: 'a set) × (UNIV :: nat set)
    proof (cases finite (range (V-of::'a ⇒ V)))
      case True

```

```

then have lists (UNIV :: 'a set)  $\lesssim$  (UNIV :: nat set)
  using countable-iff-lepoll countable-image-inj-on that(1) uncountable-infinite
by blast
then show ?thesis
  by (blast intro: lepoll-trans [OF - lepoll-times2])
next
case False
then have lists (UNIV :: 'a set)  $\lesssim$  (UNIV :: 'a set)
  using infinite (range V-of) eqpoll-imp-lepoll infinite-eqpoll-lists by blast
then show ?thesis
  using lepoll-times1 lepoll-trans by fastforce
qed
finally show ?thesis
  by (simp add: lepoll-imp-small)
qed
with small [where 'a='a]
show OFCLASS('a list, small-class)
  by intro-classes (metis inj-V-of-list order.refl small-def small-iff small-iff-range)
qed

instance fun :: (small,embeddable) embeddable
proof -
have inj (λf. VLambda A (λx. V-of2 (f (inv V-of1 x)))))
  if *: inj V-of1 inj V-of2 range V-of1 ≤ elts A
    for V-of1 :: 'a ⇒ V and V-of2 :: 'b ⇒ V and A
proof -
  have f u = f' u
    if VLambda A (λu. V-of2 (f (inv V-of1 u))) = VLambda A (λx. V-of2 (f'
      (inv V-of1 x)))
      for ff' :: 'a ⇒ 'b and u
        by (metis inv-f-f rangeI subsetD VLambda-eq-D2 [OF that, of V-of1 u] *)
  then show ?thesis
    by (auto simp: inj-on-def)
qed
then show OFCLASS('a ⇒ 'b, embeddable-class)
  by intro-classes (metis embeddable-class.ex-inj small order-refl replacement
small-iff)
qed

instance fun :: (small,small) small
proof -
have inj (λf. VLambda A (λx. V-of2 (f (inv V-of1 x)))) (is inj ?φ)
  range (λf. VLambda A (λx. V-of2 (f (inv V-of1 x)))) ≤ elts (VPi A (λx. B))
  if *: inj V-of1 inj V-of2 range V-of1 ≤ elts A and range V-of2 ≤ elts B
    for V-of1 :: 'a ⇒ V and V-of2 :: 'b ⇒ V and A B
proof -
  have f u = f' u
    if VLambda A (λu. V-of2 (f (inv V-of1 u))) = VLambda A (λx. V-of2 (f'
      (inv V-of1 x)))

```

```

for  $f f' :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b$  and  $u$ 
  by (metis inv-f-f rangeI subsetD VLambda-eq-D2 [OF that, of V-of1 u] *)
then show inj ? $\varphi$ 
  by (auto simp: inj-on-def)
show range ? $\varphi \leq \text{elts} (\text{VPi } A (\lambda x. B))$ 
  using that by (simp add: VPi-I subset-eq)
qed
with small [where ' $a='a$ '] small [where ' $a='b$ ']
show OFCLASS('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b, small-class)
  by intro-classes (smt (verit, best) down-raw order-refl imageE small-def)
qed

instance set :: (small) small
proof -
  have 1: inj ( $\lambda x. \text{ZFC-in-HOL.set} (\text{V-of } 'x)$ )
    if inj V-of for V-of :: ' $a \Rightarrow V$ 
    by (simp add: inj-on-def inj-image-eq-iff [OF that])
  have 2: range ( $\lambda x. \text{ZFC-in-HOL.set} (\text{V-of } 'x)$ )  $\leq \text{elts} (\text{VPow } A)$ 
    if range V-of  $\leq \text{elts } A$  for V-of :: ' $a \Rightarrow V$  and A
    using that by (auto simp: inj-on-def image-subset-iff)
  from small [where ' $a='a$ ']
  show OFCLASS('a set, small-class)
    by intro-classes (metis 1 2 down-raw imageE small-def order-refl)
qed

instance real :: small
proof -
  have small (range (Rep-real))
    by simp
  then show OFCLASS(real, small-class)
    by intro-classes (metis Rep-real-inverse image-inv-f-f inj-on-def replacement)
qed

instance complex :: small
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge c. c \in \text{range} (\lambda(x,y). \text{Complex } x y)$ 
    by (metis case-prod-conv complex.exhaust-sel rangeI)
  then show OFCLASS(complex, small-class)
    by intro-classes (meson TC-small replacement smaller-than-small subset-eq)
qed

end

```

## 7 ZF sets corresponding to $\mathbb{R}$ and $\mathbb{C}$ and the cardinality of the continuum

```

theory General-Cardinals
imports ZFC-Typeclasses HOL-Analysis.Continuum-Not-Denumerable

```

```
begin
```

## 7.1 Making the embedding from the type class explicit

```
definition V-of :: 'a::embeddable ⇒ V
  where V-of ≡ SOME f. inj f

lemma inj-V-of: inj V-of
  unfolding V-of-def by (metis embeddable-class.ex-inj some-eq-imp)

declare inv-f-f [OF inj-V-of, simp]

lemma inv-V-of-image-eq [simp]: inv V-of ` (V-of ` X) = X
  by (auto simp: image-comp)

lemma infinite-V-of: infinite (UNIV::'a set) ⇒ infinite (range (V-of::'a::embeddable⇒ V))
  using finite-imageD inj-V-of by blast

lemma countable-V-of: countable (range (V-of::'a::countable⇒ V))
  by blast

lemma elts-set-V-of: small X ⇒ elts (ZFC-in-HOL.set (V-of ` X)) ≈ X
  by (metis inj-V-of inj-eq inj-on-def inj-on-image-eqpoll-self replacement set-of-elts
    small-iff)

lemma V-of-image-times: V-of ` (X × Y) ≈ (V-of ` X) × (V-of ` Y)
proof -
  have V-of ` (X × Y) ≈ X × Y
    by (meson inj-V-of inj-eq inj-onI inj-on-image-eqpoll-self)
  also have ... ≈ (V-of ` X) × (V-of ` Y)
    by (metis eqpoll-sym inj-V-of inj-eq inj-onI inj-on-image-eqpoll-self times-eqpoll-cong)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
```

## 7.2 The cardinality of the continuum

```
definition Real-set ≡ ZFC-in-HOL.set (range (V-of::real⇒ V))
definition Complex-set ≡ ZFC-in-HOL.set (range (V-of::complex⇒ V))
definition C-continuum ≡ vcard Real-set

lemma V-of-Real-set: bij-betw V-of (UNIV::real set) (elts Real-set)
  by (simp add: Real-set-def bij-betw-def inj-V-of)

lemma uncountable-Real-set: uncountable (elts Real-set)
  using V-of-Real-set countable-iff-bij uncountable-UNIV-real by blast

lemma Card C-continuum
  by (simp add: C-continuum-def Card-def)
```

```

lemma C-continuum-ge: C-continuum  $\geq \aleph_1$ 
  by (metis C-continuum-def Ord-w1 Ord-cardinal Ord-linear2 countable-iff-vcard-less1
        uncountable-Real-set)

lemma V-of-Complex-set: bij-betw V-of (UNIV::complex set) (elts Complex-set)
  by (simp add: Complex-set-def bij-betw-def inj-V-of)

lemma uncountable-Complex-set: uncountable (elts Complex-set)
  using V-of-Complex-set countableI-bij2 uncountable-UNIV-complex by blast

lemma Complex-vcard: vcard Complex-set = C-continuum
proof -
  define emb1 where emb1  $\equiv$  V-of o complex-of-real o inv V-of
  have elts Real-set  $\approx$  elts Complex-set
  proof (rule lepoll-antisym)
    show elts Real-set  $\lesssim$  elts Complex-set
      unfolding lepoll-def
      proof (intro conjI exI)
        show inj-on emb1 (elts Real-set)
          unfolding emb1-def Real-set-def
          by (simp add: inj-V-of inj-compose inj-of-real inj-on-imageI)
        show emb1 ` elts Real-set  $\subseteq$  elts Complex-set
          by (simp add: emb1-def Real-set-def Complex-set-def image-subset-iff)
      qed
      define emb2 where emb2  $\equiv$  ( $\lambda z.$  (V-of (Re z), V-of (Im z))) o inv V-of
      have elts Complex-set  $\lesssim$  elts Real-set  $\times$  elts Real-set
        unfolding lepoll-def
        proof (intro conjI exI)
          show inj-on emb2 (elts Complex-set)
            unfolding emb2-def Complex-set-def inj-on-def
            by (simp add: complex.expand inj-V-of inj-eq)
          show emb2 ` elts Complex-set  $\subseteq$  elts Real-set  $\times$  elts Real-set
            by (simp add: emb2-def Real-set-def Complex-set-def image-subset-iff)
        qed
        also have ...  $\approx$  elts Real-set
        by (simp add: infinite-times-eqpoll-self uncountable-Real-set uncountable-infinite)
        finally show elts Complex-set  $\lesssim$  elts Real-set .
      qed
      then show ?thesis
        by (simp add: C-continuum-def cardinal-cong)
    qed

lemma gcard-Union-le-cmult:
  assumes small U and  $\kappa: \bigwedge x. x \in U \implies \text{gcard } x \leq \kappa$  and sm:  $\bigwedge x. x \in U \implies$  small x
  shows gcard ( $\bigcup U$ )  $\leq \text{gcard } U \otimes \kappa$ 
proof -
  have  $\exists f. f \in x \rightarrow \text{elts } \kappa \wedge \text{inj-on } f x$  if  $x \in U$  for x

```

```

using  $\kappa$  [OF that] gcard-le-lepoll by (metis image-subset-iff-funcset lepoll-def
sm that)
then obtain  $\varphi$  where  $\varphi: \bigwedge x. x \in U \implies (\varphi x) \in x \rightarrow \text{elts } \kappa \wedge \text{inj-on } (\varphi x) x$ 
by metis
define  $u$  where  $u \equiv \lambda y. @x. x \in U \wedge y \in x$ 
have  $u: u y \in U \wedge y \in (u y)$  if  $y \in \bigcup (U)$  for  $y$ 
unfolding  $u\text{-def}$  using that by (fast intro!: someI2)
define  $\psi$  where  $\psi \equiv \lambda y. (u y, \varphi(u y) y)$ 
have  $U: \text{elts } (\text{gcard } U) \approx U$ 
using assms by (simp add: gcard-eqpoll)
have  $\bigcup U \lesssim U \times \text{elts } \kappa$ 
unfolding lepoll-def
proof (intro exI conjI)
show inj-on  $\psi$  ( $\bigcup U$ )
using  $\varphi u$  by (smt (verit)  $\psi\text{-def}$  inj-on-def prod.inject)
show  $\psi \cup U \subseteq U \times \text{elts } \kappa$ 
using  $\varphi u$  by (auto simp:  $\psi\text{-def}$ )
qed
also have ...  $\approx \text{elts } (\text{gcard } U \otimes \kappa)$ 
using  $U \text{ elts-cmult eqpoll-sym eqpoll-trans times-eqpoll-cong}$  by blast
finally have  $(\bigcup U) \lesssim \text{elts } (\text{gcard } U \otimes \kappa)$  .
then show ?thesis
by (metis cardinal-idem cmult-def gcard-eq-vcard lepoll-imp-gcard-le small-elts)
qed

lemma gcard-Times [simp]:  $\text{gcard } (X \times Y) = \text{gcard } X \otimes \text{gcard } Y$ 
proof (cases small  $X \wedge$  small  $Y$ )
case True
have elts  $(\text{gcard } (X \times Y)) \approx X \times Y$ 
by (simp add: True gcard-eqpoll)
also have ...  $\approx \text{elts } (\text{gcard } X) \times \text{elts } (\text{gcard } Y)$ 
by (simp add: True eqpoll-sym gcard-eqpoll times-eqpoll-cong)
also have ...  $\approx \text{elts } (\text{gcard } X \otimes \text{gcard } Y)$ 
by (simp add: elts-cmult eqpoll-sym)
finally show ?thesis
using Card-cardinal-eq cmult-def gcardinal-cong by force
next
case False
have  $\text{gcard } (X \times Y) = 0$ 
by (metis False Times-empty gcard-big-0 gcard-empty-0 small-Times-iff)
then show ?thesis
by (metis False cmult-0 cmult-commute gcard-big-0)
qed

```

### 7.3 Countable and uncountable sets

```

lemma countable-iff-g-le-Aleph0:
assumes small  $X$ 
shows countable  $X \longleftrightarrow \text{gcard } X \leq \aleph_0$ 

```

```

proof -
  have countable  $X \longleftrightarrow X \lesssim \text{elts } \omega$ 
    by (simp add:  $\omega$ -def countable-iff-lepoll inj-ord-of-nat)
  also have ...  $\longleftrightarrow \text{gcard } X \leq \aleph_0$ 
    using Card- $\omega$  Card-def assms gcard-le-lepoll lepoll-imp-gcard-le by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma countable-imp-g-le-Aleph0: countable  $X \implies \text{gcard } X \leq \aleph_0$ 
  by (meson countable countable-iff-g-le-Aleph0)

lemma finite-iff-g-le-Aleph0: small  $X \implies \text{finite } X \longleftrightarrow \text{gcard } X < \aleph_0$ 
  by (metis Aleph-0 eqpoll-finite-iff finite-iff-less-Aleph0 gcard-eq-vcard gcard-eqpoll
  gcardinal-cong)

lemma finite-imp-g-le-Aleph0: finite  $X \implies \text{gcard } X < \aleph_0$ 
  by (meson finite-iff-g-le-Aleph0 finite-imp-small)

lemma countable-infinite-gcard: countable  $X \wedge \text{infinite } X \longleftrightarrow \text{gcard } X = \aleph_0$ 
proof -
  have  $\text{gcard } X = \omega$ 
  if countable  $X$  and infinite  $X$ 
    using that countable countable-imp-g-le-Aleph0 finite-iff-g-le-Aleph0 less-V-def
  by auto
  moreover have countable  $X$  if  $\text{gcard } X = \omega$ 
  by (metis Aleph-0 countable-iff-g-le-Aleph0 dual-order.refl gcard-big-0 omega-nonzero
  that)
  moreover have False if  $\text{gcard } X = \omega$  and finite  $X$ 
  by (metis Aleph-0 dual-order.irrefl finite-iff-g-le-Aleph0 finite-imp-small that)
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by auto
qed

lemma uncountable-gcard: small  $X \implies \text{uncountable } X \longleftrightarrow \text{gcard } X > \aleph_0$ 
  by (simp add: Card-is-Ord Ord-not-le countable-iff-g-le-Aleph0)

lemma uncountable-gcard-ge: small  $X \implies \text{uncountable } X \longleftrightarrow \text{gcard } X \geq \aleph_1$ 
  by (simp add: uncountable-gcard csucc-le-Card-iff one-V-def)

lemma subset-smaller-gcard:
  assumes  $\kappa: \kappa \leq \text{gcard } X$  Card  $\kappa$ 
  obtains  $Y$  where  $Y \subseteq X$   $\text{gcard } Y = \kappa$ 
proof (cases small  $X$ )
  case True
  then have elts  $\kappa \lesssim X$ 
  by (meson assms(1) eqpoll-imp-lepoll gcard-eqpoll lepoll-trans less-eq-V-def sub-
  set-imp-lepoll)
  then obtain  $Y$  where  $Y \subseteq X$  elts  $\kappa \approx Y$ 
  by (metis bij-betw-def eqpoll-def lepoll-def)

```

```

then show ?thesis
  using Card-def ‹Card κ› gcardinal-cong that by force
next
  case False
  with assms show ?thesis
    by (metis antisym gcard-big-0 le-0 order-refl that)
qed

lemma Real-gcard: gcard (UNIV::real set) = C-continuum
  by (metis C-continuum-def V-of-Real-set bij-betw-def gcard-eq-vcard gcard-image)

lemma Complex-gcard: gcard (UNIV::complex set) = C-continuum
  by (metis Complex-vcard V-of-Complex-set bij-betw-def gcard-eq-vcard gcard-image)

end

```

## 8 Acknowledgements

The author was supported by the ERC Advanced Grant ALEXANDRIA (Project 742178) funded by the European Research Council.

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