

Formally Verified Suffix Array Construction

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Abstract

A suffix array [2] is a data structure that is extensively used in text retrieval and data compression applications, including query suggestion mechanisms in web search, and in bioinformatics tools for DNA sequencing and matching. This wide applicability means that algorithms for constructing suffix arrays are of great practical importance. The Suffix Array by Induced Sorting (SA-IS) algorithm [3] is a conceptually complex yet highly efficient suffix array construction technique, based on an earlier algorithm [1].

As part of this formalization, we have developed the SA-IS algorithm in Isabelle/HOL and formally verified that it is equivalent to a mathematical functional specification of suffix arrays. This required verifying a wide range of underlying properties of lists and suffixes, that could be reused in other contexts. We also used Isabelle’s code extraction facilities to extract an executable Haskell implementation of SA-IS. In particular, this entry includes the following: an axiomatic characterisation of suffix array construction; a formally verified encoding of a straightforward but inefficient suffix array construction algorithm (validating the specification); and a formally verified encoding of the linear time SA-IS algorithm.

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theory <i>Nat-Util</i>	
imports <i>Main</i>	
begin	

1 HOL

lemma *duplicate-assms*:

$$(\llbracket P; P \rrbracket \Longrightarrow Q) \equiv (P \Longrightarrow Q)$$
by *simp*

2 Natural Number Arithmetic

lemma *div-2-eq-Suc*:

$$\llbracket x \text{ div } 2 = y \text{ div } 2; x \neq y \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (y = \text{Suc } x) \vee (x = \text{Suc } y)$$
by *linarith*

lemma *Suc-m-sub-n-div-2*:

$$\text{Suc } ((m - n) \text{ div } 2) > (m - \text{Suc } n) \text{ div } 2$$
by (*simp add: div-le-mono le-Suc-eq*)

lemma *Suc-div-2-less-Suc*:

$$\text{Suc } x \text{ div } 2 < \text{Suc } x$$
by *simp*

lemma *nat-x-less-y-le-Suc-x*:

$\llbracket x < y; y \leq \text{Suc } x \rrbracket \implies y = \text{Suc } x$
by *simp*

lemma *nat-sub-eq-add*:

$\llbracket (a :: \text{nat}) - b = c - d; b < a \rrbracket \implies a + d = c + b$
by *simp*

end

theory *Fun-Util*

imports *Main*

begin

3 Monotonic Functions

lemma *strict-mono-leD*: $\text{strict-mono } r \implies m \leq n \implies r\ m \leq r\ n$
by (*erule* (1) *monoD* [*OF* *strict-mono-mono*])

definition *map-to-nat* :: $('a :: \text{linorder list}) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow \text{nat})$

where

$\text{map-to-nat } xs = (\lambda x. \text{card } \{y \mid y. y \in \text{set } xs \wedge y < x\})$

lemma *map-to-nat-strict-mono-on*:

strict-mono-on (*set* *xs*) (*map-to-nat* *xs*)

unfolding *strict-mono-on-def* *map-to-nat-def*

proof *safe*

fix *x y* :: $'a$

assume $x < y \ x \in \text{set } xs \ y \in \text{set } xs$

have *finite* $\{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < y\}$

by *auto*

moreover

have $\{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < x\} \subset \{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < y\}$

proof (*intro* *psubsetI* *subsetI* *notI*)

fix *k*

assume $k \in \{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < x\}$

hence $k < x \ k \in \text{set } xs$

by *simp-all*

hence $k < y \ k \in \text{set } xs$

using $\langle x < y \rangle$ **by** *auto*

then show $k \in \{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < y\}$

by *simp*

next

assume $\{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < x\} = \{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < y\}$

moreover

have $x \in \{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < y\}$

using $\langle x < y \rangle \ \langle x \in \text{set } xs \rangle$ **by** *auto*

moreover

have $x \notin \{a \mid a. a \in \text{set } xs \wedge a < x\}$

by *auto*

ultimately show *False*

```

    by simp
  qed
  ultimately show card {a | a. a ∈ set xs ∧ a < x} < card {a | a. a ∈ set xs ∧ a
< y}
    using psubset-card-mono[of {a | a. a ∈ set xs ∧ a < y} {a | a. a ∈ set xs ∧ a <
x}]
    by blast
  qed

```

```

lemma strict-mono-on-map-set-ex:
  ∃(f :: ('a :: linorder ⇒ nat)). strict-mono-on (set xs) f
  using map-to-nat-strict-mono-on by blast

```

```

locale Linorder-to-Nat-List =
  fixes map-to-nat :: 'a :: linorder list ⇒ 'a ⇒ nat
  and xs :: 'a :: linorder list
  assumes map-to-nat-strict-mono-on: strict-mono-on (set xs) (map-to-nat xs)

```

```

context Linorder-to-Nat-List begin

```

```

lemma strict-mono-on-Suc-map-to-nat:
  strict-mono-on (set xs) (λx. Suc (map-to-nat xs x))
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Suc-mono ord.strict-mono-on-def map-to-nat-strict-mono-on)

```

```

end

```

```

lemma Linorder-to-Nat-List-ex:
  ∃α. Linorder-to-Nat-List α xs
  by (meson Linorder-to-Nat-List.intro strict-mono-on-map-set-ex)

```

```

end

```

```

theory Set-Util
  imports Main
begin

```

4 Sets

```

lemma pigeonhole-principle-advanced:
  assumes finite A
  and finite B
  and A ∩ B = {}
  and card A > card B
  and bij-betw f (A ∪ B) (A ∪ B)
shows ∃ a ∈ A. f a ∈ A
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume ¬(∃ a ∈ A. f a ∈ A)
  hence ∀ a ∈ A. f a ∉ A
  by blast

```

```

hence  $\forall a \in A. f a \in B$ 
  using assms(5) bij-betw-apply by fastforce
hence  $f ' A \subseteq B$ 
  by blast

have inj-on f A
  by (meson assms(5) bij-betw-def inj-on-Un)
hence  $\text{card } (f ' A) = \text{card } A$ 
  using card-image by blast
hence  $f ' A = B$ 
  by (metis ⟨f ' A ⊆ B⟩ assms(2,4) card-mono leD)
hence  $\text{card } B = \text{card } A$ 
  using ⟨card (f ' A) = card A⟩ by blast
then show False
  using assms(4) by linarith
qed

lemma Suc-mod-n-bij-betw:
  bij-betw (λx. Suc x mod n) {0..<n} {0..<n}
proof (intro bij-betwI')
  fix x y
  assume  $x \in \{0..<n\} \ y \in \{0..<n\}$ 
  then show  $(\text{Suc } x \text{ mod } n = \text{Suc } y \text{ mod } n) = (x = y)$ 
    by (simp add: mod-Suc)
next
  fix x
  assume  $x \in \{0..<n\}$ 
  then show  $\text{Suc } x \text{ mod } n \in \{0..<n\}$ 
    by clarsimp
next
  fix y
  assume  $y \in \{0..<n\}$ 
  then show  $\exists x \in \{0..<n\}. y = \text{Suc } x \text{ mod } n$ 
    by (metis atLeastLessThan-iff bot-nat-0.extremum less-nat-zero-code mod-Suc-eq
mod-less
      mod-less-divisor mod-self not-gr-zero old.nat.exhaust)
qed

lemma subset-upt-no-Suc:
  assumes  $A \subseteq \{1..<n\}$ 
  and  $\forall x \in A. \text{Suc } x \notin A$ 
  shows  $\text{card } A \leq n \text{ div } 2$ 
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg \text{card } A \leq n \text{ div } 2$ 
  hence  $n \text{ div } 2 < \text{card } A$ 
    by auto

```

```

have  $\exists a \in A. \text{Suc } a \bmod n \in A$ 
proof (rule pigeonhole-principle-advanced[of A {0.. $n$ } - A ( $\lambda x. \text{Suc } x \bmod n$ )],
simplified)
  show finite A
  using assms(1) finite-subset by blast
next
from card-Diff-subset
have  $\text{card } (\{0.. $n$ \} - A) = \text{card } \{0.. $n$ \} - \text{card } A$ 
  by (metis Diff-subset assms(1) dual-order.trans ivl-diff less-eq-nat.simps(1)
subset-eq-atLeast0-lessThan-finite)
moreover
have  $\text{card } \{0.. $n$ \} - \text{card } A < \text{card } A$ 
  using  $\langle \neg \text{card } A \leq n \text{ div } 2 \rangle$  assms by simp
ultimately show  $\text{card } (\{0.. $n$ \} - A) < \text{card } A$ 
  by simp
next
have  $A \cup \{0.. $n$ \} = \{0.. $n$ \}$ 
  using assms(1) dual-order.trans by auto
with Suc-mod-n-bij-betw[of  $n$ ]
show bij-betw ( $\lambda x. \text{Suc } x \bmod n$ ) ( $A \cup \{0.. $n$ \}$ ) ( $A \cup \{0.. $n$ \}$ )
  by simp
qed
then obtain  $x$  where
   $x \in A$ 
   $\text{Suc } x \bmod n \in A$ 
  by blast

show False
proof (cases  $n$ )
  case 0
  then show ?thesis
  using  $\langle \text{Suc } x \bmod n \in A \rangle \langle x \in A \rangle$  assms(2) by force
next
  case (Suc  $m$ )
  assume  $n = \text{Suc } m$ 

  have  $x = m \vee x < m$ 
  using Suc  $\langle x \in A \rangle$  assms(1) by auto
  then show ?thesis
  proof
    assume  $x = m$ 
    then show False
    using Suc  $\langle \text{Suc } x \bmod n \in A \rangle$  assms(1) by auto
  next
    assume  $x < m$ 
    with mod-less[of Suc  $x$  Suc  $m$ ]
    show False
    using Suc  $\langle \text{Suc } x \bmod n \in A \rangle \langle x \in A \rangle$  assms(2) by force
  qed

```

qed
qed

lemma *in-set-mapD*:
 $x \in \text{set } (\text{map } f \text{ } xs) \implies \exists y \in \text{set } xs. x = f y$
by (*simp add: image-iff*)

4.1 From AutoCorres

lemma *disjointI'*:
assumes $\bigwedge x y. \llbracket x \in A; y \in B \rrbracket \implies x \neq y$
shows $A \cap B = \{\}$
using *assms* **by** *fast*

lemma *disjoint-subset2*:
assumes $B' \subseteq B$ **and** $A \cap B = \{\}$
shows $A \cap B' = \{\}$
using *assms* **by** *fast*

end
theory *List-Util*
 imports *Main*
begin

5 General Lists

lemma *list-cases-3*:
 $T = [] \vee (\exists x. T = [x]) \vee (\exists a b xs. T = a \# b \# xs)$
proof (*cases T*)
 case *Nil*
 then show *?thesis* **by** *simp*
next
 case (*Cons a list*)
 then show *?thesis*
 proof (*cases list*)
 case *Nil*
 with $\langle T = a \# list \rangle$
 show *?thesis*
 by *simp*
 next
 case (*Cons a' list'*)
 with $\langle T = a \# list \rangle$
 show *?thesis*
 by *simp*
 qed
qed

lemma *length-cons-cons*:

$T = a \# b \# xs \implies \exists n. \text{length } T = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)$

by *simp*

lemma *length-Suc-Suc*:

$\text{length } T = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n) \implies \exists a b xs. T = a \# b \# xs$

by (*metis length-Suc-conv*)

lemma *length-Suc-0*:

$\text{length } xs = \text{Suc } 0 \implies \exists x. xs = [x]$

by (*simp add: length-Suc-conv*)

lemma *map-eq-replicate*:

$\forall x \in \text{set } xs. f x = k \implies \text{map } f xs = \text{replicate } (\text{length } xs) k$

by (*metis map-eq-conv map-replicate-const*)

lemma *map-upt-eq-replicate*:

$\forall x \in \text{set } [i..<j]. f x = k \implies \text{map } f [i..<j] = \text{replicate } (j - i) k$

by (*metis length-upt map-eq-replicate*)

lemma *in-set-list-update*:

$[x \in \text{set } xs; xs ! k \neq x] \implies x \in \text{set } (xs[k := y])$

by (*metis in-set-conv-nth length-list-update nth-list-update-neq*)

lemma *Max-greD*:

$i < \text{length } s \implies \text{Max } (\text{set } s) \geq s ! i$

by *clarsimp*

lemma *list-neq-rc1*:

$(\exists z zs. xs = ys @ z \# zs) \implies xs \neq ys$

by *fastforce*

lemma *list-neq-rc2*:

$(\exists z zs. ys = xs @ z \# zs) \implies xs \neq ys$

by *fastforce*

lemma *list-neq-rc3*:

$(\exists x y as bs cs. xs = as @ x \# bs \wedge ys = as @ y \# cs \wedge x \neq y) \implies xs \neq ys$

by *fastforce*

lemma *list-neq-rc*:

$(\exists z zs. xs = ys @ z \# zs) \vee$

$(\exists z zs. ys = xs @ z \# zs) \vee$

$(\exists x y as bs cs. xs = as @ x \# bs \wedge ys = as @ y \# cs \wedge x \neq y) \implies$

$xs \neq ys$

by (*elim disjE conjE list-neq-rc1 list-neq-rc2 list-neq-rc3*)

lemma *list-neq-fc*:

```

xs ≠ ys ⇒
  (∃ z zs. xs = ys @ z # zs) ∨
  (∃ z zs. ys = xs @ z # zs) ∨
  (∃ x y as bs cs. xs = as @ x # bs ∧ ys = as @ y # cs ∧ x ≠ y)
proof (induct xs arbitrary: ys)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    by (metis append-Nil list.exhaust)
next
  case (Cons a xs ys)
  note IH = this
  then show ?case
  proof (cases ys)
    case Nil
    then show ?thesis
      by simp
    next
    case (Cons b ys')
    assume ys = b # ys'
    show ?thesis
    proof (cases a = b)
      assume a ≠ b
      with ⟨ys = b # ys'⟩
      show ?thesis
        by blast
    next
    assume a = b
    with IH(2) ⟨ys = b # ys'⟩
    have xs ≠ ys'
      by simp
    with IH(1)[of ys']
    show ?thesis
      by (metis Cons-eq-appendI ⟨a = b⟩ local.Cons)
  qed
qed
qed

```

lemma list-neq-cases:

```

xs ≠ ys ⇔
  (∃ z zs. xs = ys @ z # zs) ∨
  (∃ z zs. ys = xs @ z # zs) ∨
  (∃ x y as bs cs. xs = as @ x # bs ∧ ys = as @ y # cs ∧ x ≠ y)
using list-neq-fc list-neq-rc by blast

```

6 Find

lemma findSomeD:

```

find P xs = Some x ⇒ P x ∧ x ∈ set xs
by (induct xs) (auto split: if-split-asm)

```


lemma *findNoneD*:

$find\ P\ xs = None \implies \forall x \in set\ xs. \neg P\ x$
by (*induct xs*) (*auto split: if-split-asm*)

7 Filter

lemma *filter-update-nth-success*:

$\llbracket P\ v; i < length\ xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $filter\ P\ (xs[i := v]) = (filter\ P\ (take\ i\ xs)) @ [v] @ (filter\ P\ (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ xs))$
by (*simp add: upd-conv-take-nth-drop*)

lemma *filter-update-nth-fail*:

$\llbracket \neg P\ v; i < length\ xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $filter\ P\ (xs[i := v]) = (filter\ P\ (take\ i\ xs)) @ (filter\ P\ (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ xs))$
by (*simp add: upd-conv-take-nth-drop*)

lemma *filter-take-nth-drop-success*:

$\llbracket i < length\ xs; P\ (xs\ !\ i) \rrbracket \implies$
 $filter\ P\ xs = (filter\ P\ (take\ i\ xs)) @ [xs\ !\ i] @ (filter\ P\ (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ xs))$
by (*metis filter-update-nth-success list-update-id*)

lemma *filter-take-nth-drop-fail*:

$\llbracket i < length\ xs; \neg P\ (xs\ !\ i) \rrbracket \implies$
 $filter\ P\ xs = (filter\ P\ (take\ i\ xs)) @ (filter\ P\ (drop\ (Suc\ i)\ xs))$
by (*metis filter-update-nth-fail list-update-id*)

lemma *filter-nth-1*:

$\llbracket i < length\ xs; P\ (xs\ !\ i) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists i'. i' < length\ (filter\ P\ xs) \wedge (filter\ P\ xs)\ !\ i' = xs\ !\ i$

proof (*induct xs arbitrary: i*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case*

by *simp*

next

case (*Cons a xs i*)

note *IH = this*

show *?case*

proof (*cases i*)

case *0*

with *IH(3)*

show *?thesis*

by *fastforce*

next

case (*Suc n*)

with *IH(1)[of n] IH(2,3)*

have $\exists i' < length\ (filter\ P\ xs). filter\ P\ xs\ !\ i' = xs\ !\ n$

by *fastforce*

then show *?thesis*

```

    using Suc by auto
  qed
qed

lemma filter-nth-2:
   $\llbracket i < \text{length } (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $\exists i'. i' < \text{length } xs \wedge (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) ! i = xs ! i'$ 
proof (induct xs arbitrary: i)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Cons a xs i)
  note IH = this
  then show ?case
  proof (cases i)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      using Cons.hyps Cons.prem by force
  next
    case (Suc n)
    with IH(1)[of n] IH(2)
    have  $\exists i' < \text{length } xs. \text{filter } P \text{ } xs ! n = xs ! i'$ 
      by (metis filter.simps(2) length-Cons not-less-eq not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis Cons.hyps Cons.prem Suc filter.simps(2) length-Cons not-less-eq
        nth-Cons-Suc)
  qed
qed

lemma filter-nth-relative-1:
   $\llbracket i < \text{length } xs; P \text{ } (xs ! i); j < i; P \text{ } (xs ! j) \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $\exists i' j'. i' < \text{length } (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) \wedge j' < i' \wedge (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) ! i' = xs ! i \wedge$ 
   $(\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) ! j' = xs ! j$ 
proof (induct xs arbitrary: i j)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Cons a xs i j)
  note IH = this
  show ?case
  proof (cases i)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      using IH(4) by blast
  next
    case (Suc n)
    assume i = Suc n

```

```

show ?thesis
proof (cases j)
  case 0
    with filter-nth-1[of n xs P] IH(2,3) ⟨i = Suc n⟩ IH(4-)
    show ?thesis
    by (metis filter.simps(2) length-Cons not-less-eq nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc
zero-less-Suc)
  next
    case (Suc m)
    with IH(1)[of n m] IH(2-) ⟨i = Suc n⟩
    show ?thesis
    by fastforce
  qed
qed
qed

```

lemma filter-nth-relative-neg-1:

```

assumes i < length xs P (xs ! i) j < length xs P (xs ! j) i ≠ j
shows ∃ i' j'. i' < length (filter P xs) ∧ j' < length (filter P xs) ∧ (filter P xs) !
i' = xs ! i ∧
      (filter P xs) ! j' = xs ! j ∧ i' ≠ j'

```

```

proof (cases i < j)
  assume i < j
  with filter-nth-relative-1[where P = P, OF assms(3,4) - assms(2)]
  show ?thesis
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) nat-neq-iff order-less-trans)
next
  assume ¬ i < j
  with assms(5)
  have j < i
  by auto
  with filter-nth-relative-1[where P = P, OF assms(1,2) - assms(4)]
  show ?thesis
  using order-less-trans by blast
qed

```

lemma filter-nth-relative-2:

```

[[i < length (filter P xs); j < i]] ⇒
∃ i' j'. i' < length xs ∧ j' < i' ∧ (filter P xs) ! i = xs ! i' ∧ (filter P xs) ! j = xs
! j'

```

```

proof (induct xs arbitrary: i j)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
  by simp
next
  case (Cons a xs i j)
  note IH = this

```

```

let ?goal = ∃ i' j'. i' < length (a # xs) ∧ j' < i' ∧ filter P (a # xs) ! i = (a #

```

```

xs) ! i' ∧
      filter P (a # xs) ! j = (a # xs) ! j'
show ?case
proof (cases i)
  case 0
  then show ?goal
    using IH(3) by blast
next
case (Suc n)
assume i = Suc n
show ?thesis
proof (cases j)
  case 0
  assume j = 0
  from filter-nth-2[of n P xs] IH(2)
  have ∃ i' < length xs. filter P xs ! n = xs ! i'
    using Suc order-less-trans by fastforce

  show ?goal
  proof (cases P a)
    assume P a
    then show ?goal
      by (metis 0 Suc <∃ i' < length xs. filter P xs ! n = xs ! i'> filter.simps(2)
        length-Cons not-less-eq nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc zero-less-Suc)
  next
  assume ¬ P a
  then show ?goal
    using Cons.hyps IH(2,3) Suc-less-eq by fastforce
  qed
next
case (Suc m)
with IH(1)[of n m] IH(2-) <i = Suc n>
have ∃ i' j'. i' < length xs ∧ j' < i' ∧ filter P xs ! n = xs ! i' ∧
  filter P xs ! m = xs ! j'
  by (metis filter.simps(2) length-Cons not-less-eq not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
then obtain i' j' where
  A: i' < length xs j' < i' filter P xs ! n = xs ! i' filter P xs ! m = xs ! j'
  by blast
show ?goal
proof (cases P a)
  assume P a
  then show ?goal
    using A Suc <i = Suc n> by force
next
assume ¬ P a
then show ?goal
  using Cons.hyps IH(2,3) by fastforce
qed
qed

```

qed
qed

lemma *filter-nth-relative-neq-2*:

assumes $i < \text{length} (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs)$ $j < \text{length} (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs)$ $i \neq j$

shows $\exists i' j'. i' < \text{length } xs \wedge j' < \text{length } xs \wedge xs ! i' = (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) ! i \wedge$
 $xs ! j' = (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) ! j \wedge i' \neq j'$

proof (*cases* $i < j$)

assume $i < j$

with *filter-nth-relative-2*[*OF* *assms*(2), *of* i]

show *?thesis*

by (*metis* *dual-order.strict-trans.exists-least-iff*)

next

assume $\neg i < j$

with *assms*(3)

have $j < i$

by *auto*

with *filter-nth-relative-2*[*OF* *assms*(1), *of* j]

show *?thesis*

by (*metis* *nat-neq-iff.order-less-trans*)

qed

lemma *filter-find*:

filter $P \text{ } xs \neq [] \implies \text{find } P \text{ } xs = \text{Some } ((\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) ! 0)$

by (*induct* xs ; *auto*)

lemma *filter-nth-update-subset*:

$\text{set} (\text{filter } P \text{ } (xs[i := v])) \subseteq \{v\} \cup \text{set} (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs)$

proof

fix x

assume $x \in \text{set} (\text{filter } P \text{ } (xs[i := v]))$

with *filter-set.member-filter*

have $x \in \text{set} (xs[i := v]) \wedge P \text{ } x$

by *auto*

hence $\exists k < \text{length} (xs[i := v]). (xs[i := v]) ! k = x$

by (*simp* *add: in-set.conv-nth*)

then obtain k **where**

$k < \text{length} (xs[i := v])$

$(xs[i := v]) ! k = x$

by *blast*

hence $k < \text{length } xs$

by *simp*

from $\langle (xs[i := v]) ! k = x \rangle \langle k < \text{length} (xs[i := v]) \rangle$

have $k = i \implies x = v$

by *simp*

moreover

have $k \neq i \implies x \in \text{set} (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs)$

using $\langle P \text{ } x \rangle \langle k < \text{length } xs \rangle \langle xs[i := v] ! k = x \rangle$ **by** *auto*

ultimately
 show $x \in \{v\} \cup \text{set } (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs)$
 by *blast*
 qed

8 Upt

lemma *card-upt*:
 $\text{card } \{0..<n\} = n$
 by *simp*

lemma *bounded-distinct-subset-upt-length*:
 $\llbracket \text{distinct } xs; \forall i < \text{length } xs. xs ! i < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies \text{set } xs \subseteq \{0..<\text{length } xs\}$
 by (*intro subsetI; clarsimp simp: in-set-conv-nth*)

lemma *bounded-distinct-eq-upt-length*:
 assumes *distinct xs*
 assumes $\forall i < \text{length } xs. xs ! i < \text{length } xs$
 shows $\text{set } xs = \{0..<\text{length } xs\}$
 proof (*intro card-subset-eq finite-atLeastLessThan*
 $\text{bounded-distinct-subset-upt-length}[OF \text{ } assms]$)
 from *distinct-card*[*OF assms(1)*] *card-upt*[*of length xs*]
 show $\text{card } (\text{set } xs) = \text{card } \{0..<\text{length } xs\}$
 by *simp*
 qed

lemma *set-map-nth-subset*:
 assumes $n \leq \text{length } xs$
 shows $\text{set } (\text{map } (\text{nth } xs) [0..<n]) \subseteq \text{set } xs$
 using *assms* by *clarsimp*

lemma *set-map-nth-eq*:
 $\text{set } (\text{map } (\text{nth } xs) [0..<\text{length } xs]) = \text{set } xs$
 by (*intro equalityI set-map-nth-subset subsetI; simp add: map-nth*)

lemma *distinct-map-nth*:
 assumes *distinct xs*
 assumes $n \leq \text{length } xs$
 shows *distinct* ($\text{map } (\text{nth } xs) [0..<n]$)
 using *assms* by (*simp add: distinct-conv-nth*)
 end
 theory *Sorting-Util*
 imports *Main*
 begin

9 Lemmas about bijections

A convenient definition of an inverses between two sets

definition

inverses-on ::
 $('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'b \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

inverses-on $f g A B \longleftrightarrow$
 $(\forall x \in A. g (f x) = x) \wedge$
 $(\forall x \in B. f (g x) = x)$

lemmas *inverses-onD1* = *inverses-on-def*[*THEN iffD1*, *THEN conjunct1*]

lemmas *inverses-onD2* = *inverses-on-def*[*THEN iffD1*, *THEN conjunct2*]

The inverses relation over maps

lemma *inverses-on-mapD*:

assumes *inverses-on* (*map f*) (*map g*) {*xs. set xs* \subseteq *A*} {*xs. set xs* \subseteq *B*}

shows *inverses-on* $f g A B$

proof –

from *inverses-onD1*[*OF assms*, *THEN bspec*, *of* [-], *simplified*]

have $\forall x \in A. g (f x) = x$

by *blast*

moreover

from *inverses-onD2*[*OF assms*, *THEN bspec*, *of* [-], *simplified*]

have $\forall x \in B. f (g x) = x$

by *blast*

ultimately show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: inverses-on-def*)

qed

lemma *inverses-on-map*:

assumes *inverses-on* $f g A B$

shows *inverses-on* (*map f*) (*map g*) {*xs. set xs* \subseteq *A*} {*xs. set xs* \subseteq *B*}

proof –

have $\forall x \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq A\}. \text{map } g (\text{map } f x) = x$

using *list-eq-iff-nth-eq inverses-onD1 assms subsetD* **by** *fastforce*

moreover

have $\forall x \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq B\}. \text{map } f (\text{map } g x) = x$

using *list-eq-iff-nth-eq inverses-onD2 assms subsetD* **by** *fastforce*

ultimately show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: inverses-on-def*)

qed

Inverses are symmetric

lemma *inverses-on-sym*:

inverses-on $f g A B = \text{inverses-on } g f B A$

apply (*simp add: inverses-on-def*)

apply (*subst conj.commute*)

apply *simp*

done

Convenient theorem to obtain the inverse of a bijection between two sets

lemma *bij-betw-inv-alt*:

assumes *bij-betw* f A B
shows $\exists g. \text{bij-betw } g \ B \ A \wedge \text{inverses-on } f \ g \ A \ B$
by (*meson* *assms* *bij-betw-imp-inj-on* *bij-betw-inv-into* *inv-into-f-f*
bij-betw-inv-into-right *inverses-on-def*[*THEN* *iffD2*])

Bijections over maps

lemma *bij-betw-map*:

assumes *bij-betw* f A B

shows *bij-betw* (*map* f) $\{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq A\}$ $\{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq B\}$

proof (*rule* *bij-betwI'*)

fix x y

assume $x \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq A\}$ $y \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq A\}$

hence $P: \text{set } x \subseteq A \ \text{set } y \subseteq A$

by *blast+*

note *inj* = *inj-on-eq-iff*[*THEN* *iffD1*, *OF* *bij-betw-imp-inj-on*[*OF* *assms*]]

from *list.inj-map-strong*[*OF* *inj*, *simplified*]

show (*map* f x = *map* f y) = (x = y)

using $P(1)$ $P(2)$ **by** *blast*

next

fix x

assume $x \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq A\}$

hence $\text{set } x \subseteq A$

by *blast*

then show *map* f $x \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq B\}$

using *assms* *bij-betw-imp-surj-on* **by** *fastforce*

next

fix y

assume $y \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq B\}$

hence $\text{set } y \subseteq B$

by *blast*

from *bij-betw-inv-alt*[*OF* *assms*, *simplified* *inverses-on-def*]

obtain g **where**

bij-betw g B A

$\forall x \in A. g(f\ x) = x$

$\forall x \in B. f(g\ x) = x$

by *blast*

have $\text{set } (\text{map } g\ y) \subseteq A$

using $\langle \text{bij-betw } g \ B \ A \rangle$ $\langle \text{set } y \subseteq B \rangle$ *bij-betw-imp-surj-on*

by *fastforce*

moreover

have $y = \text{map } f (\text{map } g\ y)$

proof –

have $\text{length } y = \text{length } (\text{map } f (\text{map } g\ y))$

by *simp*

moreover

have $\forall i < \text{length } y. y\ !\ i = \text{map } f (\text{map } g\ y)\ !\ i$

using $\langle \forall x \in B. f(g\ x) = x \rangle$ $\langle \text{set } y \subseteq B \rangle$ *subsetD* **by** *fastforce*


```

ultimately show ?thesis
  using list-eq-iff-nth-eq by blast
qed
ultimately have  $\exists x. \text{set } x \subseteq A \wedge y = \text{map } f x$ 
  by blast
then show  $\exists x \in \{\text{xs. set } xs \subseteq A\}. y = \text{map } f x$ 
  by blast
qed

```

Eliminating the map from a bijection relation

```

lemma bij-betw-mapD:
  assumes bij-betw (map f) {xs. set xs  $\subseteq$  A} {xs. set xs  $\subseteq$  B}
  shows bij-betw f A B
proof (intro bij-betwI' iffI)
  fix x y
  assume  $x \in A \ y \in A \ f x = f y$ 
  with inj-onD[OF bij-betw-imp-inj-on[OF assms], of [x] [y], simplified]
  show  $x = y$ 
  by blast
next
  fix x
  assume  $x \in A$ 
  with bij-betwE[OF assms, THEN bspec, of [x], simplified]
  show  $f x \in B$ 
  by blast
next
  fix y
  assume  $y \in B$ 
  with bij-betw-imp-surj-on[OF assms, simplified]
  have  $[y] \in \text{map } f \text{ ' } \{\text{xs. set } xs \subseteq A\}$ 
  by auto
  with image-iff[THEN iffD1, of [y] map f {xs. set xs  $\subseteq$  A}]
  obtain x' where
     $x' \in \{\text{xs. set } xs \subseteq A\}$ 
     $[y] = \text{map } f x'$ 
  by meson
  then show  $\exists x \in A. y = f x$ 
  by auto
next
qed(clarsimp)

```

Obtaining the inverse over map

```

lemma bij-betw-inv-map:
  assumes bij-betw f A B
  shows  $\exists g. \text{bij-betw } (\text{map } g) \{\text{xs. set } xs \subseteq B\} \{\text{xs. set } xs \subseteq A\} \wedge$ 
    inverses-on (map f) (map g)  $\{\text{xs. set } xs \subseteq A\} \{\text{xs. set } xs \subseteq B\}$ 
proof -
  from bij-betw-inv-alt[OF assms, simplified inverses-on-def]
  obtain g where

```

```

    bij-betw g B A
     $\forall x \in A. g (f x) = x$ 
     $\forall x \in B. f (g x) = x$ 
    by blast

note bij-betw-map[OF  $\langle$ bij-betw g B A $\rangle$ ]
moreover
{
  have  $\forall x. \text{set } x \subseteq A \longrightarrow \text{map } g (\text{map } f x) = x$ 
  proof safe
    fix x
    assume  $\text{set } x \subseteq A$ 
    then show  $\text{map } g (\text{map } f x) = x$ 
      by (clarsimp simp: list-eq-iff-nth-eq  $\langle \forall x \in A. g (f x) = x \rangle$  subsetD)
  qed
  moreover
  have  $\forall x. \text{set } x \subseteq B \longrightarrow \text{map } f (\text{map } g x) = x$ 
  proof safe
    fix x
    assume  $\text{set } x \subseteq B$ 
    then show  $\text{map } f (\text{map } g x) = x$ 
      by (clarsimp simp: list-eq-iff-nth-eq  $\langle \forall x \in B. f (g x) = x \rangle$  subsetD)
  qed
  ultimately have
    inverses-on (map f) (map g) {xs. set xs  $\subseteq A$ } {xs. set xs  $\subseteq B$ }
    by (simp add: inverses-on-def)
}
ultimately show ?thesis
by blast
qed

```

10 Lemmas about monotone functions

Note that the base version of monotone is used as the sorts cause some issues with the types

Essentially a general version of *strict-mono* $?f \implies (?f ?x < ?f ?y) = (?x < ?y)$

```

lemma monotone-on-iff:
  assumes monotone-on A orda ordb f
  and asyp-on A orda
  and totalp-on A orda
  and asyp-on (f ' A) ordb
  and totalp-on (f ' A) ordb
  and  $x \in A$ 
  and  $y \in A$ 
shows  $\text{orda } x y \longleftrightarrow \text{ordb } (f x) (f y)$ 
proof (safe)

```

```

show  $orda\ x\ y \implies ordb\ (f\ x)\ (f\ y)$ 
  by (meson assms monotone-onD)
next
show  $ordb\ (f\ x)\ (f\ y) \implies orda\ x\ y$ 
  by (metis (full-types) assms(1,3,4,6,7)
    asyp-onD monotone-onD totalp-onD imageI)
qed

```

The inverse of a monotonic function is also monotonic

```

lemma monotone-on-bij-betw-inv:
  assumes monotone-on A orda ordb f
  and asyp-on A orda
  and totalp-on A orda
  and asyp-on B ordb
  and totalp-on B ordb
  and bij-betw f A B
  and bij-betw g B A
  and inverses-on f g A B
shows monotone-on B ordb orda g
proof (rule monotone-onI)
  fix x y
  assume  $x \in B\ y \in B\ ordb\ x\ y$ 
  moreover
  have  $g\ x \in A$ 
    using  $\langle$ bij-betw g B A $\rangle$  bij-betwE calculation(1) by auto
  moreover
  have  $f\ (g\ x) = x$ 
    using assms(8) calculation(1) inverses-onD2 by blast
  moreover
  have  $g\ y \in A$ 
    using  $\langle$ bij-betw g B A $\rangle$  bij-betwE calculation(2) by auto
  moreover
  have  $f\ (g\ y) = y$ 
    using assms(8) calculation(2) inverses-onD2 by blast
  ultimately show  $orda\ (g\ x)\ (g\ y)$ 
    using assms bij-betw-imp-surj-on monotone-on-iff by fastforce
qed

```

```

lemma monotone-on-bij-betw:
  assumes monotone-on A orda ordb f
  and asyp-on A orda
  and totalp-on A orda
  and asyp-on B ordb
  and totalp-on B ordb
  and bij-betw f A B
shows  $\exists g. \text{bij-betw } g\ B\ A \wedge \text{inverses-on } f\ g\ A\ B \wedge \text{monotone-on } B\ ordb\ orda\ g$ 
  using assms bij-betw-inv-alt monotone-on-bij-betw-inv by fastforce

```

11 Sorting

11.1 General sorting

Intro for *sorted-wrt*

lemmas *sorted-wrtI* = *sorted-wrt-iff-nth-less*[*THEN iffD2*, *OF allI*, *OF allI*, *OF impI*, *OF impI*]

lemma *sorted-wrt-mapI*:

$(\bigwedge i j. \llbracket i < j; j < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies P (f (xs ! i)) (f (xs ! j))) \implies$
sorted-wrt $P (\text{map } f \text{ } xs)$

by (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *length-map nth-map order-less-trans sorted-wrtI*)

lemma *sorted-wrt-mapD*:

$(\bigwedge i j. \llbracket \text{sorted-wrt } P (\text{map } f \text{ } xs); i < j; j < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies P (f (xs ! i)) (f (xs ! j)))$

by (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *length-map nth-map order-less-trans sorted-wrt-iff-nth-less*)

lemma *monotone-on-sorted-wrt-map*:

assumes *monotone-on A orda ordb f*

and *sorted-wrt orda xs*

and *set xs \subseteq A*

shows *sorted-wrt ordb (map f xs)*

proof (*rule sorted-wrt-mapI*)

fix *i j*

assume *i < j j < length xs*

with *sorted-wrt-nth-less[OF assms(2)]*

have *orda (xs ! i) (xs ! j)*

by *blast*

with *monotone-onD[OF assms(1), of xs ! i xs ! j] assms(3)*

show *ordb (f (xs ! i)) (f (xs ! j))*

by (*meson* $\langle i < j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } xs \rangle$ *nth-mem order-less-trans subsetD*)

qed

lemma *monotone-on-map-sorted-wrt*:

assumes *monotone-on A orda ordb f*

and *asyp-on A orda*

and *totalp-on A orda*

and *asyp-on (f ' A) ordb*

and *totalp-on (f ' A) ordb*

and *sorted-wrt ordb (map f xs)*

and *set xs \subseteq A*

shows *sorted-wrt orda xs*

proof (*rule sorted-wrtI*)

fix *i j*

assume *i < j j < length xs*

with *sorted-wrt-nth-less[OF assms(6)]*

have *ordb (f (xs ! i)) (f (xs ! j))*

by *force*

with *monotone-on-iff*[*OF assms*(1-3), of $xs ! i$ $xs ! j$]
show *orda* ($xs ! i$) ($xs ! j$)
using $\langle i < j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } xs \rangle$ *assms*(4,5,7)
nth-mem order-less-trans **by** *blast*
qed

11.2 Sorting on linear orders

context *linorder* **begin**

abbreviation *strict-sorted* $xs \equiv \text{sorted-wrt } (<) \text{ } xs$

lemma *sorted-nth-less-mono*:

$\llbracket \text{sorted } xs; i < \text{length } xs; j < \text{length } xs; i \neq j; xs ! i < xs ! j \rrbracket \implies i < j$
by (*meson linorder-neqE-nat not-less sorted-iff-nth-mono-less*)

lemma *strict-sorted-nth-less-mono*:

$\llbracket \text{strict-sorted } xs; i < \text{length } xs; j < \text{length } xs; i \neq j; xs ! i < xs ! j \rrbracket \implies i < j$
using *strict-sorted-iff sorted-nth-less-mono* **by** *blast*

lemma *strict-sorted-Min*:

$\llbracket \text{strict-sorted } xs; xs \neq [] \rrbracket \implies xs ! 0 = \text{Min } (\text{set } xs)$
by (*metis finite-set list.simps(15) Min-insert2 strict-sorted-imp-sorted nth-Cons-0 sorted-wrt.elims(2)*)

lemma *strict-sorted-take*:

assumes *strict-sorted* xs
and $i < \text{length } xs$
shows $\text{set } (\text{take } i \text{ } xs) = \{x. x \in \text{set } xs \wedge x < xs ! i\}$
proof (*safe*)
fix x
assume $x \in \text{set } (\text{take } i \text{ } xs)$
then show $x \in \text{set } xs$
by (*meson in-set-takeD*)
next
fix x
assume $x \in \text{set } (\text{take } i \text{ } xs)$
then show $x < xs ! i$
by (*metis assms id-take-nth-drop list.set-intros(1) sorted-wrt-append*)
next
fix x
assume $x \in \text{set } xs \ x < xs ! i$
hence $\exists j < \text{length } xs. xs ! j = x$
by (*simp add: in-set-conv-nth*)
then obtain j **where**
 $j < \text{length } xs \ xs ! j = x$
by *blast*
with *strict-sorted-nth-less-mono*[*OF assms*(1) - *assms*(2), of j] $\langle x < xs ! i \rangle$
have $j < i$

by *blast*
then show $x \in \text{set } (\text{take } i \text{ } xs)$
using $\langle j < \text{length } xs \rangle \langle xs ! j = x \rangle \text{ in-set-conv-nth}$ **by** *fastforce*
qed

lemma *strict-sorted-card-idx*:
 $\llbracket \text{strict-sorted } xs; i < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies \text{card } \{x. x \in \text{set } xs \wedge x < xs ! i\} = i$
by (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *distinct-card distinct-take length-take strict-sorted-iff*
ord-class.min-def order-class.leD strict-sorted-take)

lemmas *strict-sorted-distinct-set-unique* =
sorted-distinct-set-unique[*OF strict-sorted-imp-sorted - strict-sorted-imp-sorted*]

lemma *sorted-and-distinct-imp-strict-sorted*:
 $\llbracket \text{sorted } xs; \text{distinct } xs \rrbracket \implies \text{strict-sorted } xs$
using *strict-sorted-iff*
by *blast*

lemma *filter-sorted*:
 $\text{sorted } xs \implies \text{sorted } (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs)$
using *sorted-wrt-filter* **by** *blast*

lemma *sorted-nth-eq*:
assumes *sorted xs*
and $j < \text{length } xs$
and $xs ! i = xs ! j$
and $i \leq k$
and $k \leq j$
shows $xs ! k = xs ! i$
by (*metis* *assms sorted-iff-nth-mono preorder-class.le-less-trans nle-le*)

lemma *sorted-find-Min*:
 $\text{sorted } xs \implies \exists x \in \text{set } xs. P \ x \implies \text{List.find } P \ xs = \text{Some } (\text{Min } \{x \in \text{set } xs. P \ x\})$
proof (*induct xs*)
case *Nil* **then show** *?case* **by** *simp*
next
case (*Cons x xs*) **show** *?case*
proof (*cases P x*)
case *True*
with *Cons* **show** *?thesis* **by** (*auto intro: Min-eqI [symmetric]*)
next
case *False* **then have** $\{y. (y = x \vee y \in \text{set } xs) \wedge P \ y\} = \{y \in \text{set } xs. P \ y\}$
by *auto*
with *Cons False* **show** *?thesis* **by** (*simp-all*)
qed
qed

lemma *sorted-cons-nil*:
 $xs = [] \implies \text{sorted } (x \# xs)$

by *simp*

lemma *sorted-consI*:

$\llbracket xs \neq []; \text{sorted } xs; x \leq xs ! 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{sorted } (x \# xs)$
by (*metis list.exhaust sorted2-simps(2) nth-Cons-0*)

end

11.3 Sorting on orders

context *order* begin

lemma *strict-mono-strict-sorted-map-1*:

assumes *strict-mono* α
and *strict-sorted* xs
shows *strict-sorted* ($\text{map } \alpha \ xs$)
using *assms(1) assms(2) monotone-on-sorted-wrt-map* by *blast*

lemma *strict-mono-sorted-map-2*:

assumes *strict-mono* α
and *strict-sorted* ($\text{map } \alpha \ xs$)
shows *strict-sorted* xs
using *assms(1) assms(2) monotone-on-map-sorted-wrt* by *fastforce*

end

12 Mapping elements to natural numbers

This section contains a mapping from elements to natural numbers that maintains ordering.

definition *elm-rank* :: $('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{nat}$

where
 $\text{elm-rank } \text{ord } A \ x = \text{card } \{y. y \in A \wedge \text{ord } y \ x\}$

lemma *monotone-on-elm-rank*:

assumes *finite* A
and *transp-on* $A \ \text{ord}$
and *irreflp-on* $A \ \text{ord}$
shows *monotone-on* $A \ \text{ord} (<) (\text{elm-rank } \text{ord } A)$

proof (*rule monotone-onI*)

fix $a \ b$
assume $a \in A \ b \in A \ \text{ord } a \ b$

have $\{y. y \in A \wedge \text{ord } y \ a\} \subseteq \{y. y \in A \wedge \text{ord } y \ b\}$

proof *safe*

fix x
assume $x \in A \ \text{ord } x \ a$
then show $\text{ord } x \ b$

by (meson ⟨a ∈ A⟩ ⟨b ∈ A⟩ ⟨ord a b⟩ *assms(2) transp-onD*)
qed
moreover
have $a \in \{y. y \in A \wedge \text{ord } y \ b\}$
 by (*simp add: ⟨a ∈ A⟩ ⟨ord a b⟩*)
moreover
have $a \notin \{y. y \in A \wedge \text{ord } y \ a\}$
 using *assms(3) irreflp-onD* by *fastforce*
ultimately have $\{y. y \in A \wedge \text{ord } y \ a\} \subset \{y. y \in A \wedge \text{ord } y \ b\}$
 by *blast*
then show $\text{elm-rank ord } A \ a < \text{elm-rank ord } A \ b$
 by (*simp add: elm-rank-def assms(1) psubset-card-mono*)
qed

lemma *elm-rank-insert-min:*

assumes *finite A*
and $x \notin A$
and $\forall y \in A. \text{ord } x \ y$
and $z \in A$
shows $\text{elm-rank ord } (\text{insert } x \ A) \ z = \text{Suc } (\text{elm-rank ord } A \ z)$
unfolding *elm-rank-def*
proof –
have $\text{ord } x \ z$
 by (*simp add: assms(3,4)*)
hence $\{y \in \text{insert } x \ A. \text{ord } y \ z\} = \text{insert } x \ \{y \in A. \text{ord } y \ z\}$
 by *safe*
moreover
have $x \notin \{y \in A. \text{ord } y \ z\}$
 using *assms(2)* by *auto*
ultimately show $\text{card } \{y \in \text{insert } x \ A. \text{ord } y \ z\} = \text{Suc } (\text{card } \{y \in A. \text{ord } y \ z\})$
 by (*simp add: assms(1)*)
qed

definition (in *order*) *elem-rank* :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat

where
elem-rank = *elm-rank* (<)

lemma (in *order*) *strict-mono-on-elem-rank:*

assumes *finite A*
shows *strict-mono-on A (elem-rank A)*
 by (*simp add: assms elem-rank-def monotone-on-elm-rank*)

lemma (in *linorder*) *bij-betw-elem-rank-upt:*

assumes *finite A*
shows *bij-betw (elem-rank A) A {0..*card A*}*
proof –
have $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \{y. y \in A \wedge y < x\} \subset A$
 by *blast*
hence $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{card } \{y. y \in A \wedge y < x\} < \text{card } A$


```

  by (meson assms psubset-card-mono)
hence  $\bigwedge x. x \in A \implies \text{elem-rank } A \ x \in \{0..<\text{card } A\}$ 
  by (simp add: elm-rank-def elm-rank-def)
moreover
have  $\bigwedge x \ y. \llbracket x \in A; y \in A \rrbracket \implies (\text{elem-rank } A \ x = \text{elem-rank } A \ y) = (x = y)$ 
  by (metis assms less-irrefl-nat antisym-conv3 ord.strict-mono-onD strict-mono-on-elm-rank)
moreover
{
  let ?xs = sorted-list-of-set A
  have strict-sorted ?xs
    by simp
  moreover
  have  $\bigwedge x. \text{elem-rank } A \ x = \text{elem-rank } (\text{set } ?xs) \ x$ 
    using assms by force
  moreover
  have  $\bigwedge y. y < \text{length } ?xs \implies y = \text{elem-rank } (\text{set } ?xs) \ (?xs \ ! \ y)$ 
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-cong calculation(1) elm-rank-def elm-rank-def
      strict-sorted-card-idx)
  ultimately have  $\bigwedge y. y \in \{0..<\text{card } A\} \implies \exists x \in A. y = \text{elem-rank } A \ x$ 
    by (metis assms length-sorted-list-of-set set-sorted-list-of-set nth-mem
      ord-class.atLeastLessThan-iff)
}
ultimately show ?thesis
  using bij-betwI' by blast
qed

```

```

lemma (in order) elem-rank-insert-min:
   $\llbracket \text{finite } A; x \notin A; \forall y \in A. x < y; z \in A \rrbracket \implies \text{elem-rank } (\text{insert } x \ A) \ z = \text{Suc}$ 
   $(\text{elem-rank } A \ z)$ 
  by (simp add: elm-rank-insert-min elm-rank-def)
end
theory Repeat
  imports Main
begin

```

13 Repeat Function At Most N Times

```

fun repeatatm :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  where
  repeatatm 0 - - acc - = acc |
  repeatatm (Suc n) f g acc obsv = (if f acc obsv then acc else repeatatm n f g (g acc
  obsv) obsv)

declare repeatatm.simps[simp del]

```

13.1 Step and early termination lemmas

```

lemma repeatatm-step-stop-Suc:
  f (repeatatm n f g a b) b

```

```

     $\implies \text{repeatatm } (\text{Suc } n) f g a b = \text{repeatatm } n f g a b$ 
proof (induct n arbitrary: a)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
next
  case (Suc n a)
  note IH = this
  show ?case
proof (cases f a b)
  assume f a b
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
next
  assume  $\neg f a b$ 
  with IH(2)
  have f (repeatatm n f g (g a b) b) b
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
  with IH(1)
  have repeatatm (Suc n) f g (g a b) b = repeatatm n f g (g a b) b
    by blast
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma repeatatm-step:
   $\neg f (\text{repeatatm } n f g a b) b$ 
   $\implies \text{repeatatm } (\text{Suc } n) f g a b = g (\text{repeatatm } n f g a b) b$ 
proof (induct n arbitrary: a)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
next
  case (Suc n a)
  note IH = this
  show ?case
proof (cases f a b)
  assume f a b
  with IH(2)
  show ?case
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
next
  assume  $\neg f a b$ 
  with IH(2)
  have  $\neg f (\text{repeatatm } n f g (g a b) b) b$ 
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
  with IH(1)
  have repeatatm (Suc n) f g (g a b) b = g (repeatatm n f g (g a b) b) b

```

```

    by blast
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps <¬ f a b>)
qed
qed

lemma repeatatm-step-forward:
  ¬f a b ⇒ repeatatm (Suc n) f g a b = repeatatm n f g (g a b) b
  by (induct n arbitrary: a; simp add: repeatatm.simps)

lemma repeatatm-stop-Suc:
  [f (repeatatm n f g a b) b] ⇒ f (repeatatm (Suc n) f g a b) b
proof (induct n arbitrary: a)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
next
  case (Suc n a)
  note IH = this
  show ?case
  proof (cases f a b)
    assume f a b
    then show ?case
      by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
  next
    assume ¬ f a b
    with IH(2)
    have f (repeatatm n f g (g a b) b) b
      by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
    with IH(1)
    have f (repeatatm (Suc n) f g (g a b) b) b
      by blast
    then show ?case
      by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
  qed
qed
qed

lemma repeatatm-stop:
  [f (repeatatm n f g a b) b; n ≤ m] ⇒ f (repeatatm m f g a b) b
proof (induct m arbitrary: a n)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Suc m a n)
  note IH = this
  show ?case
  proof (cases n ≤ m)
    assume n ≤ m

```

```

with repeatatm-stop-Suc[of f m g a b] IH(1)[OF IH(2)]
show ?case
  by simp
next
  assume  $\neg n \leq m$ 
  with IH(2,3)
  show ?case
    using le-Suc-eq by blast
qed
qed

```

lemma repeatatm-step-stop:

$\llbracket f \text{ (repeatatm } n \text{ f g a b) } b; n \leq m \rrbracket \implies \text{repeatatm } m \text{ f g a b} = \text{repeatatm } n \text{ f g a b}$

proof (induct m arbitrary: a n)

```

case 0
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Suc m a n)
  note IH = this
  show ?case
  proof (cases n  $\leq$  m)
    assume n  $\leq$  m
    with repeatatm-step-stop-Suc[of f m g a b] IH(2) IH(1)[OF IH(2)]
    show ?case
      by simp
  next
    assume  $\neg n \leq m$ 
    then show ?case
      using Suc.prem(2) le-SucE by blast
  qed
qed

```

lemma repeatatm-not-stop-Suc:

$\neg f \text{ (repeatatm (Suc n) f g a b) } b \implies \neg f \text{ (repeatatm } n \text{ f g a b) } b$

apply (rule contrapos-nn[where Q = f (repeatatm (Suc n) f g a b) b]; simp)

using repeatatm-stop-Suc[of f n g a b] **by** simp

lemma repeatatm-maintain-inv:

assumes $\bigwedge a. P a \implies P (g a b)$

shows $P a \implies P \text{ (repeatatm } n \text{ f g a b)}$

proof (induct n arbitrary: a)

```

case 0
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeatatm.simps)
next
  case (Suc n a)
  note IH = this

```

```

from IH(1)[OF IH(2)]
have P (repeatatm n f g a b)
  by assumption

with ⟨ $\bigwedge a. P a \implies P (g a b)$ ⟩
show ?case
  by (metis repeatatm-step repeatatm-step-stop-Suc)
qed

```

14 Repeat Function N Times

```

definition repeat :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  where
  repeat n f a b = repeatatm n ( $\lambda x y. False$ ) f a b

```

```

lemma repeat-0:
  repeat 0 f a b = a
  by (simp add: repeat-def repeatatm.simps(1))

```

```

lemma repeat-step:
  repeat (Suc n) f a b = f (repeat n f a b) b
  unfolding repeat-def
  by (simp add: repeatatm-step)

```

```

lemma repeat-step-forward:
  repeat (Suc n) f a b = repeat n f (f a b) b
  unfolding repeat-def
  by (simp add: repeatatm-step-forward)

```

```

lemma repeat-maintain-inv:
  assumes  $\bigwedge a. P a \implies P (f a b)$ 
  shows  $P a \implies P (\text{repeat } n \text{ f a b})$ 
  by (simp add: assms repeat-def repeatatm-maintain-inv)

```

```

lemma repeat-eq-fold:
  repeat n f a b = fold ( $\lambda- a. f a b$ ) [0.. $n$ ] a
  apply (induct n)
  apply (simp add: repeat-def repeatatm.simps)
  apply (subst repeat-step)
  apply simp
  done

```

```

end
theory Continuous-Interval
  imports Main
begin

```

15 Continuous Intervals

definition

continuous-list :: (nat × nat) list ⇒ bool

where

continuous-list xs =

(∀ i. Suc i < length xs → fst (xs ! Suc i) = snd (xs ! i))

lemma *continuous-list-nil*:

continuous-list []

by (simp add: *continuous-list-def*)

lemma *continuous-list-singleton*:

continuous-list [x]

by (simp add: *continuous-list-def*)

lemma *continuous-list-cons*:

continuous-list (x # xs) ⇒ *continuous-list* xs

by (simp add: *continuous-list-def*)

lemma *continuous-list-app*:

continuous-list (xs @ ys) ⇒ *continuous-list* xs ∧ *continuous-list* ys

proof (induct xs)

case Nil

then show ?case

by (clarsimp simp: *continuous-list-nil* *continuous-list-cons*)

next

case (Cons x1 xs)

note IH1 = this(1) **and**

IH2 = this(2)

from *continuous-list-cons* IH2

have *continuous-list* (xs @ ys)

by simp

with IH1

have *continuous-list* ys

by simp

have xs = [] ∨ xs ≠ []

by simp

then show ?case

proof

assume xs = []

with IH2 *continuous-list-singleton*

have *continuous-list* (x1 # xs)

by blast

with ⟨*continuous-list* ys⟩

show ?thesis

by simp

```

next
  assume  $xs \neq []$ 
  hence  $\exists x xs'. xs = x \# xs'$ 
  using neq-Nil-conv by blast
  then obtain  $x xs'$  where
     $xs = x \# xs'$ 
  by blast

have continuous-list ( $x1 \# (x \# xs')$ )
  unfolding continuous-list-def
proof(intro allI impI)
  fix  $i$ 
  assume  $Suc\ i < length\ (x1 \# (x \# xs'))$ 
  have  $i = 0 \vee i \neq 0$ 
  by blast
  then show  $fst\ ((x1 \# x \# xs') ! Suc\ i) = snd\ ((x1 \# x \# xs') ! i)$ 
  proof
    assume  $i = 0$ 
    then show ?thesis
      using IH2  $\langle xs = x \# xs' \rangle$  continuous-list-def by auto
  next
    assume  $i \neq 0$ 
    then show ?thesis
      using IH1  $\langle Suc\ i < length\ (x1 \# x \# xs') \rangle$   $\langle continuous-list\ (xs\ @\ ys) \rangle$   $\langle xs = x \# xs' \rangle$ 
      =  $x \# xs'$ 
      continuous-list-def
      by auto
  qed
  qed
  with  $\langle continuous-list\ ys \rangle$   $\langle xs = x \# xs' \rangle$ 
  show ?thesis
  by simp
  qed
qed

lemma continuous-list-interval-1:
  assumes continuous-list  $xs$ 
  and  $xs \neq []$ 
  and  $fst\ (hd\ xs) \leq i$ 
  and  $i < snd\ (last\ xs)$ 
  shows  $\exists j < length\ xs. fst\ (xs\ !\ j) \leq i \wedge i < snd\ (xs\ !\ j)$ 
  using assms
proof(induct xs)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
  by simp
next
  case (Cons  $x1\ xs$ )
  note IH = this

```

```

have  $xs = [] \longrightarrow ?case$ 
proof
  assume  $xs = []$ 
  with  $IH(4,5)$ 
  show  $?case$ 
    by simp
qed

have  $xs \neq [] \longrightarrow ?case$ 
proof
  assume  $xs \neq []$ 
  hence  $\exists a b xs'. xs = (a, b) \# xs'$ 
    by (metis (full-types) list.exhaust surj-pair)
  then obtain  $a b xs'$  where
     $xs = (a, b) \# xs'$ 
    by blast

from  $IH(2)$ 
have continuous-list xs
  using continuous-list-cons by blast

from  $IH(5) \langle xs \neq [] \rangle$ 
have  $i < snd (last xs)$ 
  by simp

have  $a \leq i \vee i < a$ 
  by linarith
then show  $?case$ 
proof
  assume  $a \leq i$ 
  with  $IH(1)$ 
    [OF  $\langle continuous-list xs \rangle$ 
       $\langle xs \neq [] \rangle$  -
       $\langle i < snd (last xs) \rangle$ ]
     $\langle xs = (a, b) \# xs' \rangle$ 
  show  $?thesis$ 
    by auto
next
  assume  $i < a$ 
  with  $IH(2) \langle xs = (a, b) \# xs' \rangle$ 
  have  $i < snd x1$ 
    using continuous-list-def by auto
  with  $IH(4)$ 
  show  $?thesis$ 
    by auto
qed
qed

```



```

with ⟨ $xs = [] \longrightarrow ?case$ ⟩
show ?case
  by blast
qed

lemma continuous-list-interval-2:
  assumes continuous-list  $xs$ 
  and  $length\ xs = Suc\ n$ 
  and  $fst\ (xs\ !\ 0) \leq i$ 
  and  $i < snd\ (xs\ !\ n)$ 
  shows  $\exists j < length\ xs. fst\ (xs\ !\ j) \leq i \wedge i < snd\ (xs\ !\ j)$ 
proof –
  from ⟨ $length\ xs = Suc\ n$ ⟩
  have  $xs \neq []$ 
    by auto

  from ⟨ $fst\ (xs\ !\ 0) \leq i$ ⟩ ⟨ $xs \neq []$ ⟩
  have  $fst\ (hd\ xs) \leq i$ 
    by (simp add: hd-conv-nth)

  from ⟨ $i < snd\ (xs\ !\ n)$ ⟩
    ⟨ $length\ xs = Suc\ n$ ⟩ ⟨ $xs \neq []$ ⟩
  have  $i < snd\ (last\ xs)$ 
    by (simp add: last-conv-nth)

  from continuous-list-interval-1
    [OF ⟨continuous-list  $xs$ ⟩
      ⟨ $xs \neq []$ ⟩
      ⟨ $fst\ (hd\ xs) \leq i$ ⟩
      ⟨ $i < snd\ (last\ xs)$ ⟩]
  show ?thesis
    by assumption
qed

end
theory List-Slice
  imports Main
begin

```

16 List Slices

```

fun list-slice ::
  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a list
where
  list-slice  $xs\ i\ j = drop\ i\ (take\ j\ xs)$ 

lemma length-list-slice[simp add]:
   $length\ (list-slice\ xs\ i\ j) = (min\ j\ (length\ xs)) - i$ 
  by simp

```

```

lemma list-slice-cons:
  fixes  $i\ j :: \text{nat}$ 
  assumes  $i \leq j$ 
  assumes  $i > 0$ 
  shows  $\text{list-slice } (x \# xs) \ i \ j = \text{list-slice } xs \ (i - 1) \ (j - 1)$ 
  using assms gr0-implies-Suc[OF order.strict-trans2]
  by (fastforce dest: gr0-implies-Suc)

lemma list-slice-append:
  fixes  $i\ j\ k :: \text{nat}$ 
  assumes  $i \leq j$ 
  assumes  $j \leq k$ 
  shows  $\text{list-slice } xs \ i \ k = \text{list-slice } xs \ i \ j @ \text{list-slice } xs \ j \ k$ 
using assms
proof (induct xs arbitrary: i j k)
  case (Cons a xs i j k)
  note  $IH = \text{this}$ 
  show ?case
  proof (cases i > 0)
    assume  $\neg i > 0$ 
    hence  $i = 0$ 
    by simp
  then show ?case
    unfolding list-slice.simps
    by (metis IH(3) append-take-drop-id drop0 min-def take-take)
  next
    assume  $i > 0$ 
    with list-slice-cons[of i k a xs]
    have  $\text{list-slice } (a \# xs) \ i \ k = \text{list-slice } xs \ (i - 1) \ (k - 1)$ 
    using  $IH(2) \ IH(3) \ \text{dual-order.trans}$  by blast
    moreover
    from list-slice-cons[of i j a xs]
    have  $\text{list-slice } (a \# xs) \ i \ j = \text{list-slice } xs \ (i - 1) \ (j - 1)$ 
    using  $IH(2) \ \langle i > 0 \rangle$  by blast
    moreover
    from list-slice-cons[of j k a xs]
    have  $\text{list-slice } (a \# xs) \ j \ k = \text{list-slice } xs \ (j - 1) \ (k - 1)$ 
    using  $IH(2) \ IH(3) \ \langle 0 < i \rangle$  by blast
    moreover
    from  $IH(1)[\text{of } i-1 \ j-1 \ k-1]$ 
    have  $\text{list-slice } xs \ (i - 1) \ (k - 1) =$ 
       $\text{list-slice } xs \ (i - 1) \ (j - 1) @ \text{list-slice } xs \ (j - 1) \ (k - 1)$ 
    using  $IH(2) \ IH(3) \ \text{diff-le-mono}$  by blast
    ultimately show ?case
    by presburger
  qed
qed simp

```

```

lemma list-slice-0-length:
  fixes xs :: 'a list
  fixes n :: nat
  assumes  $\text{length } xs \leq n$ 
  shows  $\text{list-slice } xs \ 0 \ n = xs$ 
  using assms by simp

lemma list-slice-n-n[simp add]:
  fixes xs :: 'a list
  fixes n :: nat
  shows  $\text{list-slice } xs \ n \ n = []$ 
  by simp

lemma list-slice-nth:
  fixes i s e :: nat
  fixes xs :: 'a list
  assumes  $i < \text{length } xs$ 
  assumes  $s \leq i$ 
  assumes  $i < e$ 
  shows  $(\text{list-slice } xs \ s \ e) ! (i - s) = xs ! i$ 
  using assms by simp

lemma list-slice-start-gre-length:
  fixes xs :: 'a list
  fixes s :: nat
  assumes  $\text{length } xs \leq s$ 
  shows  $\text{list-slice } xs \ s \ e = []$ 
  using assms by simp

lemma list-slice-end-gre-length:
  fixes xs :: 'a list
  fixes e :: nat
  assumes  $\text{length } xs \leq e$ 
  shows  $\text{list-slice } xs \ s \ e = \text{list-slice } xs \ s \ (\text{length } xs)$ 
  using assms by simp

lemma fold-list-slice:
  fixes i j :: nat
  fixes B :: nat list
  assumes  $i \leq j$ 
  and  $j < \text{length } B$ 
  and sorted B
  fixes T zs :: 'a list
  shows
     $\text{fold } (\lambda x \ xs. \ xs @ \text{list-slice } T \ (B ! x) \ (B ! \text{Suc } x)) \ [i..<j] \ zs$ 
     $= zs @ (\text{list-slice } T \ (B ! i) \ (B ! j))$ 
  using assms
proof (induct j arbitrary: i)
  case 0

```

```

then show ?case
  by (simp del: list-slice.simps)
next
case (Suc j i)
note IH = this
show ?case
proof (cases i ≤ j)
  assume i-leq-j: i ≤ j

  have fold (λx xs. xs @ list-slice T (B ! x) (B ! Suc x)) [i..<Suc j] zs =
    fold (λx xs. xs @ list-slice T (B ! x) (B ! Suc x)) [i..<j] zs @
      list-slice T (B ! j) (B ! Suc j)
    using ⟨i ≤ j⟩ by force
  moreover
  from IH(1)[OF ⟨i ≤ j⟩ - IH(4)]
  have fold (λx xs. xs @ list-slice T (B ! x) (B ! Suc x)) [i..<j] zs =
    zs @ list-slice T (B ! i) (B ! j)
    using Suc.prem(2) Suc-lessD by blast
  moreover
  have list-slice T (B ! i) (B ! Suc j) = list-slice T (B ! i) (B ! j) @
    list-slice T (B ! j) (B ! Suc j)
    by (meson Suc.prem(2,3) Suc-lessD i-leq-j list-slice-append
      sorted-iff-nth-Suc sorted-nth-mono)
  ultimately show ?case
    by (metis append.assoc)
next
  assume ¬ i ≤ j
  then show ?case
    using Suc.prem(1) le-SucE by fastforce
qed
qed

```

```

lemma nth-list-slice:
  fixes i s e :: nat
  fixes xs :: 'a list
  assumes i < length (list-slice xs s e)
  shows (list-slice xs s e) ! i = xs ! (s + i)
  using assms less-diff-conv by auto

```

```

lemma list-slice-nth-eq-iff-index-eq:
  fixes i s e j :: nat
  fixes xs :: 'a list
  assumes distinct (list-slice xs s e)
  assumes e ≤ length xs
  assumes s ≤ i and i < e
  and s ≤ j and j < e
  shows (xs ! i = xs ! j) ↔ (i = j)
  using assms
  by (fastforce)

```

dest: $\text{nth-eq-iff-index-eq}[\text{where } i = i - s \text{ and } j = j - s]$

lemma *distinct-list-slice*:

fixes $i\ j :: \text{nat}$
fixes $xs :: 'a \text{ list}$
assumes *distinct xs*
shows *distinct (list-slice xs i j)*
using *assms by simp*

lemma *list-slice-nth-mem*:

fixes $e :: \text{nat}$
fixes $xs :: 'a \text{ list}$
fixes $s\ i :: \text{nat}$
assumes $s \leq i$ **and** $i < e$
assumes $e \leq \text{length } xs$
shows $xs ! i \in \text{set } (\text{list-slice } xs\ s\ e)$
by (*metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) assms nat-le-iff-add*
add-diff-cancel-left' diff-less-mono nth-mem
length-list-slice min-def nth-list-slice)

lemma *nth-mem-list-slice*:

fixes $x :: 'a$
fixes $xs :: 'a \text{ list}$
fixes $s\ e :: \text{nat}$
assumes $x \in \text{set } (\text{list-slice } xs\ s\ e)$
shows $\exists i < \text{length } xs.$
 $s \leq i \wedge$
 $i < e \wedge$
 $xs ! i = x$

proof –

from *in-set-conv-nth*[*THEN iffD1, OF <- ∈ ->*]
obtain i **where**
 $i < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } xs\ s\ e)$
 $(\text{list-slice } xs\ s\ e) ! i = x$
by *auto*
with *nth-list-slice*[*of i xs s e*]
have $xs ! (s + i) = x$
by *auto*
moreover
have $s \leq s + i$
by *linarith*
moreover
have $s + i < \text{length } xs$
using $\langle i < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } xs\ s\ e) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
moreover
have $s + i < e$
using $\langle i < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } xs\ s\ e) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*

qed

lemma *list-slice-subset*:

fixes $i\ j :: \text{nat}$
fixes $xs :: 'a\ \text{list}$
shows $\text{set } (\text{list-slice } xs\ i\ j) \subseteq \text{set } xs$
using *set-drop-subset set-take-subset* by force

lemma *list-slice-Suc*:

fixes $i\ j :: \text{nat}$
fixes $xs :: 'a\ \text{list}$
assumes $i < \text{length } xs$
assumes $i < j$
shows $\text{list-slice } xs\ i\ j = xs ! i \# \text{list-slice } xs\ (\text{Suc } i)\ j$
by (*metis assms Cons-nth-drop-Suc Suc-diff-Suc*
list-slice.simps take-Suc-Cons drop-take)

lemma *list-slice-update-unchanged-1*:

fixes $xs :: 'a\ \text{list}$
fixes $i\ j\ k :: \text{nat}$
assumes $i < j$
shows $\text{list-slice } (xs[i := x])\ j\ k = \text{list-slice } xs\ j\ k$
by (*simp add: assms drop-take*)

lemma *list-slice-update-unchanged-2*:

fixes $i\ j\ k :: \text{nat}$
fixes $xs :: 'a\ \text{list}$
assumes $k \leq i$
shows $\text{list-slice } (xs[i := x])\ j\ k = \text{list-slice } xs\ j\ k$
by (*metis assms list-slice.simps take-update-cancel*)

lemma *list-slice-update-changed*:

assumes $i < \text{length } xs$
assumes $j \leq i$
assumes $i < k$
shows $\text{list-slice } (xs[i := x])\ j\ k = (\text{list-slice } xs\ j\ k)[i - j := x]$
using *assms*
by (*fastforce*
intro: list-eq-iff-nth-eq[THEN iffD2]
simp: nth-list-slice nth-list-update)

lemma *list-slice-map-nth-upt*:

assumes $j < \text{length } xs$
shows $\text{list-slice } xs\ i\ j = \text{map } (\text{nth } xs)\ [i..<j]$
using *assms*
by (*fastforce intro: list-eq-iff-nth-eq[THEN iffD2]*)

lemma *map-list-slice*:

$map\ f\ (list\ slice\ xs\ i\ j) = list\ slice\ (map\ f\ xs)\ i\ j$
by (*simp add: drop-map take-map*)

17 Sorted List Slice

lemma (*in linorder*) *sorted-list-slice*:
assumes *sorted xs*
shows *sorted (list-slice xs i j)*
by (*simp add: assms sorted-wrt-drop sorted-wrt-take*)

lemma (*in linorder*) *sorted-map-list-slice*:
assumes *sorted (map f xs)*
shows *sorted (map f (list-slice xs i j))*
by (*metis assms drop-map list-slice.simps local.sorted-list-slice take-map*)

lemma (*in linorder*) *sorted-map-filter-list-slice*:
assumes *sorted (map f (filter P xs))*
shows *sorted (map f (filter P (list-slice xs i j)))*

proof –

have $i \leq j \vee j < i$
using *linorder-class.le-less-linear* **by** *blast*

moreover

have $j < i \implies ?thesis$

proof –

assume $j < i$
hence $list\ slice\ xs\ i\ j = []$
by (*simp add: drop-take*)
then show *?thesis*
by *simp*

qed

moreover

have $i \leq j \implies ?thesis$

proof –

let $?as = list\ slice\ xs\ 0\ i$ **and**
 $?bs = list\ slice\ xs\ i\ j$ **and**
 $?cs = list\ slice\ xs\ j\ (length\ xs)$

assume $i \leq j$

hence $xs = ?as @ ?bs @ ?cs$

by (*metis le0 linorder-class.linear list-slice-0-length list-slice-append list-slice-start-gre-length*)

hence $filter\ P\ xs = filter\ P\ ?as @ filter\ P\ ?bs @ filter\ P\ ?cs$

by (*metis filter-append*)

hence $map\ f\ (filter\ P\ xs)$

$= (map\ f\ (filter\ P\ ?as)) @ (map\ f\ (filter\ P\ ?bs)) @ (map\ f\ (filter\ P\ ?cs))$

by *simp*

with $\langle sorted\ (map\ f\ (filter\ P\ xs)) \rangle$

show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: local.sorted-append*)

qed

```

ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed

lemma (in linorder) list-slice-sorted-nth-mono:
  assumes sorted (list-slice xs s e)
  and     s ≤ i
  and     i ≤ j
  and     j < e
  and     j < length xs
shows xs ! i ≤ xs ! j
proof -
  have ∃ i'. i = s + i'
    using assms(2) nat-le-iff-add by blast
  then obtain i' where
    i = s + i'
    by blast

  have ∃ j'. j = s + j'
    using assms(2) assms(3) nat-le-iff-add by auto
  then obtain j' where
    j = s + j'
    by blast

  have i' ≤ j'
    using ⟨i = s + i'⟩ ⟨j = s + j'⟩ assms(3) by auto

  have j' < length (list-slice xs s e)
    using ⟨j = s + j'⟩ assms(4) assms(5) by auto
  with sorted-nth-mono[OF assms(1) ⟨i' ≤ j'⟩]
  have list-slice xs s e ! i' ≤ list-slice xs s e ! j'.
  moreover
  have xs ! i = list-slice xs s e ! i'
    using ⟨i = s + i'⟩ assms(3-5) by force
  moreover
  have xs ! j = list-slice xs s e ! j'
    using ⟨j = s + j'⟩ ⟨j' < length (list-slice xs s e)⟩ nth-list-slice by force
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by simp
qed
end
theory List-Lexorder-Util
  imports
    HOL-Library.List-Lexorder
begin

lemma same-equiv-def:
  (∀ j < n. s ! (i + j) = s ! Suc (i + j)) = (∀ j ≤ n. s ! (i + j) = s ! i)
proof safe

```



```

fix j
assume  $\forall j < n. s ! (i + j) = s ! Suc (i + j) j \leq n$ 
then show  $s ! (i + j) = s ! i$ 
proof (induct n arbitrary: j)
  case 0
  then show ?case
  by simp
next
case (Suc n j)
note IH = this
show ?case
proof (cases j)
  case 0
  then show ?thesis
  by simp
next
case (Suc m)
with IH(1)[of m] IH(2,3)
have  $s ! (i + m) = s ! i$ 
  by (meson Suc-le-mono less-Suc-eq)
then show ?thesis
  using Suc Suc.prem1 Suc.prem2 by force
qed
qed
next
fix j
assume  $\forall j \leq n. s ! (i + j) = s ! i j < n$ 
then show  $s ! (i + j) = s ! Suc (i + j)$ 
  using less-eq-Suc-le by fastforce
qed

lemma list-less-ex:
   $xs < ys \iff$ 
  ( $\exists b c as bs cs. xs = as @ b \# bs \wedge ys = as @ c \# cs \wedge b < c$ )  $\vee$ 
  ( $\exists c cs. ys = xs @ c \# cs$ )
  by (clarsimp simp: List-Lexorder.list-less-def lexord-def; blast)

end
theory List-Permutation-Util
  imports HOL-Combinatorics.List-Permutation ../util/List-Util
begin

lemma perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff:
   $xs < \sim \sim > [0..<n] \iff distinct xs \wedge set xs = \{0..<n\}$ 
  by (metis atLeastLessThan-upt distinct-upt perm-distinct-iff set-eq-iff-mset-eq-distinct)

lemma distinct-set-of-upto-length:
   $\llbracket distinct xs; set xs = \{0..<n\} \rrbracket \implies length xs = n$ 
  apply (drule (1) iffD2[OF perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff conjI])

```

apply (*drule perm-length; simp*)
done

lemma *set-perm-upt*:
 $xs <\sim\sim> [0..<n] \implies \text{set } xs = \{0..<n\}$
using *perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff* **by** *blast*

lemma *perm-upt-length*:
 $xs <\sim\sim> [0..<n] \implies \text{length } xs = n$
using *distinct-set-of-upto-length perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff* **by** *blast*

lemma *perm-nth-ex*:
 $\llbracket xs <\sim\sim> [0..<n]; i < n \rrbracket \implies \exists k < n. xs ! i = k$
using *perm-upt-length set-perm-upt* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *ex-perm-nth*:
 $\llbracket xs <\sim\sim> [0..<n]; k < n \rrbracket \implies \exists i < n. xs ! i = k$
by (*metis atLeast-upt distinct-Ex1 distinct-upt lessThan-iff perm-distinct-iff perm-set-eq perm-upt-length*)

lemma *set-map-nth-perm-subset*:
 $\llbracket ys <\sim\sim> [0..<n]; n \leq \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies \text{set } (\text{map } (nth \ xs) \ ys) \subseteq \text{set } xs$
by (*simp add: nth-image set-perm-upt set-take-subset*)

lemma *set-map-nth-perm-eq*:
 $ys <\sim\sim> [0..<\text{length } xs] \implies \text{set } (\text{map } (nth \ xs) \ ys) = \text{set } xs$
by (*metis perm-set-eq set-map set-map-nth-eq*)

lemma *distinct-map-nth-perm*:
 $\llbracket \text{distinct } xs; n \leq \text{length } xs; ys <\sim\sim> [0..<n] \rrbracket \implies \text{distinct } (\text{map } (nth \ xs) \ ys)$
by (*metis distinct-map distinct-map-nth perm-distinct-iff perm-set-eq*)

theorem *distinct-set-imp-perm*:
assumes *distinct xs*
and *distinct ys*
and *set xs = set ys*
shows $xs <\sim\sim> ys$
proof –
from *set-eq-iff-mset-eq-distinct[OF assms(1,2), THEN iffD1, OF assms(3)]*
show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed

theorem *perm-nth*:
assumes $xs <\sim\sim> ys$
and $i < \text{length } xs$
shows $\exists j < \text{length } ys. ys ! j = xs ! i$
by (*metis assms(1) assms(2) in-set-conv-nth perm-set-eq*)

```

lemma sort-perm:
   $xs <^{\sim\sim} sort\ xs$ 
  by simp

```

```

end

```

```

theory List-Lexorder-NS

```

```

  imports

```

```

    ../util/Sorting-Util

```

```

    ../util/List-Slice

```

```

    ../order/List-Permutation-Util

```

```

begin

```

18 General Non-standard Lexicographical Comparison

This section is based on the *lexord* classical lexicographical definition in the the List library but accounts for a variant of lexicographic order defined below that we rely on for verifying *sais*. The main difference is that this ordering preferences the original string over its prefix. For example, "aaa" is less than "aa", which in turn is less than "a".

```

definition nslexord :: ('a × 'a) set ⇒ ('a list × 'a list) set where
  nslexord r = {(x,y). (∃ a v. x = y @ a # v) ∨
    (∃ u a b v w. (a, b) ∈ r ∧ x = u @ a # v ∧ y = u @ b # w)}

```

```

definition nslexordp :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list ⇒ bool

```

```

  where

```

```

  nslexordp cmp xs ys ⟷

```

```

    (∃ b c as bs cs. xs = as @ b # bs ∧ ys = as @ c # cs ∧ cmp b c) ∨

```

```

    (∃ c cs. xs = ys @ c # cs)

```

```

lemma nslexord-eq-nslexordp:

```

```

  (xs, ys) ∈ nslexord {(x, y). cmp x y} ⟷ nslexordp cmp xs ys

```

```

  (xs, ys) ∈ nslexord r ⟷ nslexordp (λx y. (x, y) ∈ r) xs ys

```

```

  by (clarsimp simp: nslexord-def nslexordp-def; blast)

```

```

definition nslexordeq :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list ⇒ bool

```

```

  where

```

```

  nslexordeq cmp xs ys ⟷ nslexordp cmp xs ys ∨ (xs = ys)

```

18.1 Intro and Elimination

```

lemma nslexordpI1:

```

```

  ∃ b c as bs cs. xs = as @ b # bs ∧ ys = as @ c # cs ∧ cmp b c ⟹ nslexordp
  cmp xs ys

```

```

  by (simp add: nslexordp-def)

```

lemma *nslexordpI2*:
 $\exists c cs. xs = ys @ c \# cs \implies nslexordp\ cmp\ xs\ ys$
by (*simp add: nslexordp-def*)

lemma *nslexordpE*:
 $nslexordp\ cmp\ xs\ ys \implies$
 $(\exists b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs. xs = as @ b \# bs \wedge ys = as @ c \# cs \wedge cmp\ b\ c) \vee$
 $(\exists c\ cs. xs = ys @ c \# cs)$
by (*simp add: nslexordp-def*)

lemma *nslexordp-imp-eq*:
 $nslexordp\ cmp\ xs\ ys \implies nslexordeqp\ cmp\ xs\ ys$
by (*simp add: nslexordeqp-def*)

lemma *nslexordeqp-imp-eq-or-less*:
 $nslexordeqp\ cmp\ xs\ ys \implies xs = ys \vee nslexordp\ cmp\ xs\ ys$
using *nslexordeqp-def* **by** *auto*

18.2 Simplification

lemma *nslexord-Nil-left[simp]*: $([], y) \notin nslexord\ r$
by (*unfold nslexord-def, induct y, auto*)

lemma *nslexord-Nil-right[simp]*: $(y, []) \in nslexord\ r = (\exists a\ x. y = a \# x)$
by (*unfold nslexord-def, induct y, auto*)

lemma *nslexord-cons-cons[simp]*:
 $(a \# x, b \# y) \in nslexord\ r \iff (a, b) \in r \vee (a = b \wedge (x, y) \in nslexord\ r)$ (**is**
?lhs = ?rhs)

proof

assume *?lhs*

then show *?rhs*

apply (*simp add: nslexord-def*)

apply (*metis hd-append list.sel(1) list.sel(3) tl-append2*)

done

qed (*auto simp add: nslexord-def; (blast | meson Cons-eq-appendI)*)

lemma *nslexordp-cons-cons[simp]*:
 $nslexordp\ r\ (a \# x)\ (b \# y) \iff r\ a\ b \vee (a = b \wedge nslexordp\ r\ x\ y)$
by (*metis mem-Collect-eq nslexord-cons-cons nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1) prod.simps(2)*)

lemmas *nslexord-simps = nslexord-Nil-left nslexord-Nil-right nslexord-cons-cons*

lemma *nslexord-same-pref-iff*:

$(xs @ ys, xs @ zs) \in nslexord\ r \iff (\exists x \in set\ xs. (x, x) \in r) \vee (ys, zs) \in nslexord\ r$

by (*induction xs*) *auto*

lemma *nslexord-same-pref-if-irrefl[simp]*:

$irrefl\ r \implies (xs\ @\ ys, xs\ @\ zs) \in nslexord\ r \iff (ys, zs) \in nslexord\ r$
by (*simp add: irrefl-def nslexord-same-pref-iff*)

lemma *nslexord-append-leftI*:

$\exists b\ z. y = b\ \#\ z \implies (x\ @\ y, x) \in nslexord\ r$
by (*simp add: nslexordpI2 nslexord-eq-nslexordp(2)*)

lemma *nslexord-append-left-rightI*:

$(a, b) \in r \implies (u\ @\ a\ \#\ x, u\ @\ b\ \#\ y) \in nslexord\ r$
by (*simp add: nslexord-same-pref-iff*)

lemma *nslexord-append-rightI*:

$(u, v) \in nslexord\ r \implies (x\ @\ u, x\ @\ v) \in nslexord\ r$
by (*simp add: nslexord-same-pref-iff*)

lemma *nslexord-append-rightD*:

$\llbracket (x\ @\ u, x\ @\ v) \in nslexord\ r; (\forall a. (a, a) \notin r) \rrbracket \implies (u, v) \in nslexord\ r$
by (*simp add: nslexord-same-pref-iff*)

— *nslexord* is extension of partial ordering *List.lex*

lemma *nslexord-lex*:

$(x, y) \in lex\ r = ((x, y) \in nslexord\ r \wedge length\ x = length\ y)$

proof (*induction x arbitrary: y*)

case (*Cons a x y*) **then show** *?case*

by (*cases y*) (*force+*)

qed *auto*

18.3 Recursive version

fun *nslexordrec* :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow bool

where

nslexordrec P [] = False |

nslexordrec P - [] = True |

nslexordrec P (x#xs) (y#ys) = (if P x y then True else if x = y then *nslexordrec* P xs ys else False)

lemma *nslexordp-eq-nslexordrec*:

nslexordp cmp xs ys \iff *nslexordrec* cmp xs ys

proof (*induct xs arbitrary: ys*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case*

by (*simp add: nslexordp-def*)

next

case (*Cons a xs*)

note *IH = this*

then show *?case*

proof (*cases ys*)

case *Nil*

```

then show ?thesis
  by (simp add: nslexordp-def)
next
case (Cons b zs)
note P = IH[of zs]
have cmp a b  $\implies$  ?thesis
  by (simp add: Cons)
moreover
have  $\llbracket \neg \text{cmp } a \ b; \ a = \ b \rrbracket \implies$  ?thesis
  by (simp add: P Cons)
moreover
have  $\llbracket \neg \text{cmp } a \ b; \ a \neq \ b \rrbracket \implies$  ?thesis
  by (simp add: local.Cons)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
qed

```

lemmas nslexordp-induct = nslexordrec.induct

18.4 Properties

Useful properties for proving things about relations, such as what type of order is satisfied

lemma nslexord-total-on:

assumes total-on A R

shows total-on {xs. set xs \subseteq A} (nslexord R)

proof (intro total-onI)

fix x y

assume x \in {xs. set xs \subseteq A} y \in {xs. set xs \subseteq A} x \neq y

hence set x \subseteq A set y \subseteq A x \neq y

by blast+

then show (x, y) \in nslexord R \vee (y, x) \in nslexord R

proof (induct x arbitrary: y)

case Nil

then show ?case

by (metis list.exhaust nslexord-Nil-right)

next

case (Cons a x)

note IH = this

then show ?case

proof (cases y)

case Nil

then show ?thesis

by auto

next

case (Cons b z)

then show ?thesis

by (metis Cons.hyps IH(2-4) assms list.set-intros(1,2) nslexord-cons-cons)

subset-code(1)

total-on-def)

qed

qed

qed

lemma *total-on-totalp-on-eq*:

total-on A {(x, y). R x y} = totalp-on A R

by (*simp add: total-on-def totalp-on-def*)

lemmas *nslexordp-totalp-on =*

nslexord-total-on[OF total-on-totalp-on-eq[THEN iffD2],

simplified nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1) totalp-on-total-on-eq[symmetric]]

lemma *nslexord-total*:

total r \implies total (nslexord r)

using *nslexord-total-on* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *nslexordp-totalp*:

totalp r \implies totalp (nslexordp r)

using *nslexordp-totalp-on* **by** *fastforce*

corollary *nslexord-linear*:

($\forall a b. (a, b) \in r \vee a = b \vee (b, a) \in r \implies (x, y) \in nslexord r \vee x = y \vee (y, x) \in nslexord r$)

using *nslexord-total* **by** (*metis UNIV-I total-on-def*)

lemma *nslexord-irrefl-on*:

assumes *irrefl-on A R*

shows *irrefl-on {xs. set xs \subseteq A} (nslexord R)*

proof (*intro irrefl-onI*)

fix *x*

assume *x \in {xs. set xs \subseteq A}*

hence *set x \subseteq A*

by *blast*

then show *(x, x) \notin nslexord R*

proof (*induct x*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case*

by *auto*

next

case (*Cons a x*)

then show *?case*

by (*meson assms irrefl-onD list.set-intros(1) nslexord-cons-cons set-subset-Cons subset-code(1)*)

qed

qed

lemma *irrefl-on-irreflp-on-eq*:

irrefl-on $A \{(x, y). R x y\} = \text{irreflp-on } A R$
by (*simp add: irrefl-on-def irreflp-on-def*)

lemmas *nslexordp-irreflp-on* =
nslexord-irrefl-on[*OF irrefl-on-irreflp-on-eq*[*THEN iffD2*],
simplified nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1) *irreflp-on-irrefl-on-eq*[*symmetric*]]

lemma *nslexord-irreflexive*:
 $\forall x. (x, x) \notin r \implies (xs, xs) \notin \text{nslexord } r$
by (*metis lex-take-index nslexord-lex*)

lemma *nslexord-irrefl*:
 $\text{irrefl } R \implies \text{irrefl } (\text{nslexord } R)$
by (*simp add: irrefl-def nslexord-irreflexive*)

lemma *nslexordp-irreflp*:
assumes *irreflp* R
shows *irreflp* (*nslexordp* R)
using *assms nslexordp-irreflp-on* **by** *force*

lemma *asym-on-asymp-on-eq*:
 $\text{asym-on } A \{(x, y). R x y\} = \text{asymp-on } A R$
by (*simp add: asym-on-def asymp-on-def*)

lemma *nslexord-asym-on*:
assumes *asym-on* $A R$
shows *asym-on* $\{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq A\} (\text{nslexord } R)$
proof (*intro asym-onI*)
fix $x y$
assume $x \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq A\} y \in \{xs. \text{set } xs \subseteq A\} (x, y) \in \text{nslexord } R$
hence $\text{set } x \subseteq A \text{ set } y \subseteq A (x, y) \in \text{nslexord } R$
by *blast+*
then show $(y, x) \notin \text{nslexord } R$
proof (*induct x arbitrary: y*)
case *Nil*
then show *?case*
by *force*
next
case (*Cons a x*)
note *IH = this*
then show *?case*
proof (*cases y*)
case *Nil*
then show *?thesis*
by *simp*
next
case (*Cons b z*)
hence $(a \# x, b \# z) \in \text{nslexord } R$
using *IH(4)* **by** *blast*


```

with nslexord-cons-cons[of a x b z R]
have  $(a, b) \in R \vee a = b \wedge (x, z) \in \textit{nslexord } R$ 
  by blast
moreover
have  $(a, b) \in R \implies ?thesis$ 
  by (metis IH(2,3) assms asym-onD list.set-intros(1) local.Cons nslex-
ord-cons-cons
      subset-code(1))
moreover
have  $a = b \wedge (x, z) \in \textit{nslexord } R \implies ?thesis$ 
  using Cons.hyps IH(2,3) calculation(2) local.Cons by auto
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
qed
qed

```

```

lemmas nslexordp-asympt-on =
  nslexord-asym-on[OF asym-on-asympt-on-eq[THEN iffD2],
    simplified nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1) asympt-on-asym-on-eq[symmetric]]

```

```

lemma nslexord-asym:
  assumes asym R
  shows asym (nslexord R)
  using assms nslexord-asym-on by force

```

```

lemma nslexordp-asympt:
  assumes asympt R
  shows asympt (nslexordp R)
  using assms nslexordp-asympt-on by force

```

```

lemma nslexord-asymmetric:
  assumes asym R (a, b) \in nslexord R
  shows  $(b, a) \notin \textit{nslexord } R$ 
  by (simp add: assms asymD nslexord-asym)

```

```

lemma trans-on-transp-on-eq:
  trans-on A \{(x, y). R x y\} = transp-on A R
  by (simp add: trans-on-def transp-on-def)

```

```

lemma nslexord-trans-on:
  assumes trans-on A R
  shows trans-on \{xs. set xs \subseteq A\} (nslexord R)
proof (intro trans-onI)
  fix x y z
  assume  $x \in \{xs. \textit{set } xs \subseteq A\}$   $y \in \{xs. \textit{set } xs \subseteq A\}$   $z \in \{xs. \textit{set } xs \subseteq A\}$ 
     $(x, y) \in \textit{nslexord } R$   $(y, z) \in \textit{nslexord } R$ 
  hence  $\textit{set } x \subseteq A$   $\textit{set } y \subseteq A$   $\textit{set } z \subseteq A$   $(x, y) \in \textit{nslexord } R$   $(y, z) \in \textit{nslexord } R$ 
  by blast+

```

```

then show  $(x, z) \in \text{nslexord } R$ 
proof (induct x arbitrary: y z)
  case Nil
    then show ?case
    by simp
  next
    case (Cons a x)
    note IH = this
    then show ?case
    proof (cases y)
      case Nil
        then show ?thesis
        using IH(6) by auto
      next
        case (Cons b y')
        hence  $(a \# x, b \# y') \in \text{nslexord } R$ 
        using IH(5) by blast
        with nslexord-cons-cons[of a x b y' R]
        have  $P: (a, b) \in R \vee a = b \wedge (x, y') \in \text{nslexord } R$ 
        by blast
        then show ?thesis
        proof (cases z)
          case Nil
            then show ?thesis
            by simp
          next
            case (Cons c z')
            hence  $(b \# y', c \# z') \in \text{nslexord } R$ 
            using IH(6)  $\langle y = b \# y' \rangle$  by auto
            with nslexord-cons-cons[of b y' c z' R]
            have  $(b, c) \in R \vee b = c \wedge (y', z') \in \text{nslexord } R$ 
            by blast
            moreover
            have  $a \in A$  set  $x \subseteq A$ 
            using IH(2) by auto
            moreover
            have  $b \in A$  set  $y' \subseteq A$ 
            using IH(3)  $\langle y = b \# y' \rangle$  by force+
            moreover
            have  $c \in A$  set  $z' \subseteq A$ 
            using IH(4)  $\langle z = c \# z' \rangle$  by force+
            moreover
            from P
            have  $(b, c) \in R \implies ?thesis$ 
            by (metis asms calculation(2,4,6) local.Cons nslexord-cons-cons trans-onD)
            moreover
            from P
            have  $b = c \wedge (y', z') \in \text{nslexord } R \implies ?thesis$ 
            by (metis Cons.hyps calculation(3,5,7) local.Cons nslexord-cons-cons)

```

```

ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
qed
qed
qed

```

```

lemmas nslexordp-transp-on =
  nslexord-trans-on[OF trans-on-transp-on-eq[THEN iffD2],
    simplified nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1) transp-on-trans-on-eq[symmetric]]

```

```

lemma nslexord-trans:
  assumes trans R
  shows trans (nslexord R)
  using assms nslexord-trans-on by force

```

```

lemma nslexordp-transp:
  assumes transp R
  shows transp (nslexordp R)
  using assms nslexordp-transp-on by force

```

18.5 Monotonicity

Properties about monotonicity

```

lemma monotone-on-nslexordp:
  assumes monotone-on A orda ordb f
  shows monotone-on {xs. set xs  $\subseteq$  A} (nslexordp orda) (nslexordp ordb) (map f)
proof (rule monotone-onI)
  fix x y
  assume x  $\in$  {xs. set xs  $\subseteq$  A} y  $\in$  {xs. set xs  $\subseteq$  A} nslexordp orda x y
  hence set x  $\subseteq$  A set y  $\subseteq$  A
  by blast+

```

```

let ?c1 =  $\exists$  b c as bs cs. x = as @ b # bs  $\wedge$  y = as @ c # cs  $\wedge$  orda b c
and ?c2 =  $\exists$  c cs. x = y @ c # cs

```

```

let ?g = nslexordp ordb (map f x) (map f y)
from nslexordpE[OF  $\langle$ nslexordp orda x y $\rangle$ ]
have ?c1  $\vee$  ?c2 .
moreover
have ?c2  $\implies$  ?g
  using nslexordpI2 by fastforce
moreover
have ?c1  $\implies$  ?g
proof (rule nslexordpI1)
  assume ?c1
  then obtain b c as bs cs where
    x = as @ b # bs
    y = as @ c # cs

```

$orda\ b\ c$
by *blast*
moreover
have $map\ f\ x = map\ f\ as\ @\ f\ b\ \# \ map\ f\ bs$
by (*simp add: calculation(1)*)
moreover
have $map\ f\ y = map\ f\ as\ @\ f\ c\ \# \ map\ f\ cs$
by (*simp add: calculation(2)*)
moreover
have $ordb\ (f\ b)\ (f\ c)$
by (*metis* $\langle set\ x \subseteq A \rangle \langle set\ y \subseteq A \rangle$ *assms calculation(1-3) in-set-conv-decomp*
monotone-on-def
subset-code(1))
ultimately show $\exists b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs.\ map\ f\ x = as\ @\ b\ \# \ bs \wedge map\ f\ y = as\ @\ c$
 $\# \ cs \wedge ordb\ b\ c$
by *blast*
qed
ultimately show $nslexordp\ ordb\ (map\ f\ x)\ (map\ f\ y)$
by *blast*
qed

lemma *monotone-on-bij-betw-inv-nslexordp:*

assumes *monotone-on A orda ordb f*
and *asyp-on A orda*
and *totalp-on A orda*
and *asyp-on B ordb*
and *totalp-on B ordb*
and *bij-betw f A B*
and *bij-betw g B A*
and *inverses-on f g A B*
shows *monotone-on* $\{xs.\ set\ xs \subseteq B\}$ $(nslexordp\ ordb)\ (nslexordp\ orda)\ (map\ g)$
by (*metis assms monotone-on-bij-betw-inv monotone-on-nslexordp*)

lemma *monotone-on-bij-betw-nslexordp:*

assumes *monotone-on A orda ordb f*
and *asyp-on A orda*
and *totalp-on A orda*
and *asyp-on B ordb*
and *totalp-on B ordb*
and *bij-betw f A B*
shows $\exists g.\ bij-betw\ (map\ g)\ \{xs.\ set\ xs \subseteq B\}\ \{xs.\ set\ xs \subseteq A\} \wedge$
 $inverses-on\ (map\ f)\ (map\ g)\ \{xs.\ set\ xs \subseteq A\}\ \{xs.\ set\ xs \subseteq B\} \wedge$
 $monotone-on\ \{xs.\ set\ xs \subseteq B\}\ (nslexordp\ ordb)\ (nslexordp\ orda)\ (map\ g)$
by (*metis assms bij-betw-inv-alt bij-betw-map inverses-on-map monotone-on-bij-betw-inv-nslexordp*)

lemma *monotone-on-iff-nslexordp:*

assumes *monotone-on A orda ordb f*
and *asyp-on A orda*
and *totalp-on A orda*

```

and   asyp-on B ordb
and   totalp-on B ordb
and   bij-betw f A B
and   set xs ⊆ A
and   set ys ⊆ A
shows nslexordp orda xs ys ⟷ nslexordp ordb (map f xs) (map f ys)
proof
  assume nslexordp orda xs ys
  with monotone-onD[OF monotone-on-nslexordp[OF assms(1)], simplified, OF
assms(7,8)]
  show nslexordp ordb (map f xs) (map f ys)
    by blast
next
  assume A: nslexordp ordb (map f xs) (map f ys)

  from monotone-on-bij-betw-nslexordp[OF assms(1-6)]
  obtain g where P:
    bij-betw (map g) {xs. set xs ⊆ B} {xs. set xs ⊆ A}
    inverses-on (map f) (map g) {xs. set xs ⊆ A} {xs. set xs ⊆ B}
    monotone-on {xs. set xs ⊆ B} (nslexordp ordb) (nslexordp orda) (map g)
    by blast

  have Q: set (map f xs) ⊆ B
    using assms(6,7) bij-betw-imp-surj-on by fastforce

  have R: set (map f ys) ⊆ B
    using assms(6,8) bij-betw-imp-surj-on by fastforce

  from monotone-onD[OF P(3), simplified, OF Q R A]
  show nslexordp orda xs ys
    by (metis P(2) assms(7,8) inverses-on-def mem-Collect-eq)
qed

```

18.6 Other

lemma *nslexordp-cons1-exE:*

assumes *nslexordp cmp xs (x # xs)*

shows $\exists a \text{ as } bs. x \# xs = as @ x \# a \# bs \wedge \text{cmp } a \ x \wedge (\forall b \in \text{set } as. b = x)$

using *assms*

proof (*induct xs arbitrary: x*)

case *Nil*

then show *?case*

using *nslexord-Nil-left nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1)* **by** *blast*

next

case (*Cons a xs*)

note *IH = this*

have *cmp a x ⟹ ?case*

by *fastforce*

moreover
have $\llbracket \neg \text{cmp } a \ x; a \neq x \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ?\text{case}$
using $\text{IH}(2)$ **by** *force*
moreover
have $\llbracket \neg \text{cmp } a \ x; a = x \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ?\text{case}$
proof –
assume $\neg \text{cmp } a \ x \ a = x$
with $\text{IH}(2)$
have $\text{nslexordp } \text{cmp } xs \ (x \# xs)$
by *simp*
with $\text{IH}(1)[\text{OF } -] \langle a = x \rangle$
have $\exists k \ as \ bs. a \# xs = as \ @ \ x \# k \# bs \wedge \text{cmp } k \ x \wedge (\forall b \in \text{set } as. b = x)$
by *simp*
then obtain $k \ as \ bs$ **where** P :
 $a \# xs = as \ @ \ x \# k \# bs \ \text{cmp } k \ x \ \forall b \in \text{set } as. b = x$
by *blast*
then show $?case$
by (*metis Cons-eq-appendI set-ConsD*)
qed
ultimately show $?case$
by *blast*
qed

lemma *nslexordp-cons2-exE*:
assumes $\text{nslexordp } \text{cmp } (x \# xs) \ xs$
shows $(\forall k \in \text{set } xs. k = x) \vee (\exists a \ as \ bs. x \# xs = as \ @ \ x \# a \# bs \wedge \text{cmp } x \ a$
 $\wedge (\forall b \in \text{set } as. b = x))$
using *assms*
proof (*induct xs arbitrary: x*)
case *Nil*
then show $?case$
by *simp*
next
case (*Cons a xs*)
note $\text{IH} = \text{this}$

have $\text{cmp } x \ a \Longrightarrow ?case$
by (*metis append-Nil empty-iff empty-set*)
moreover
have $\llbracket \neg \text{cmp } x \ a; a = x \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ?case$
proof –
assume $\neg \text{cmp } x \ a \ a = x$
with $\text{IH}(2)$
have $\text{nslexordp } \text{cmp } (x \# xs) \ xs$
by *simp*
with $\text{IH}(1)[\text{of } x] \langle a = x \rangle$
have $(\forall k \in \text{set } xs. k = x) \vee$
 $(\exists a \ as \ bs. a \# xs = as \ @ \ x \# k \# bs \wedge \text{cmp } x \ k \wedge (\forall b \in \text{set } as. b = x))$
by *simp*

```

then show ?thesis
proof
  assume  $\forall k \in \text{set } xs. k = x$ 
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: ⟨a = x⟩)
next
  assume  $\exists k \text{ as } bs. a \# xs = as @ x \# k \# bs \wedge \text{cmp } x k \wedge (\forall b \in \text{set } as. b = x)$ 
  then obtain  $k \text{ as } bs$  where  $P$ :
     $a \# xs = as @ x \# k \# bs \text{ cmp } x k \forall b \in \text{set } as. b = x$ 
    by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis Cons-eq-appendI set-ConsD)
qed
qed
moreover
  have  $\llbracket \neg \text{cmp } x a; a \neq x \rrbracket \implies ?case$ 
    using Cons.premis by auto

  ultimately show ?case
    by blast
qed

```

19 Order definitions on lists of linorder elements

definition $\text{list-less-ns} :: ('a :: \text{linorder}) \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$\text{list-less-ns } xs \ ys =$

$(\exists n. n \leq \text{length } xs \wedge n \leq \text{length } ys \wedge$
 $(\forall i < n. xs ! i = ys ! i) \wedge$
 $(\text{length } ys = n \longrightarrow n < \text{length } xs) \wedge$
 $(\text{length } ys \neq n \longrightarrow \text{length } xs \neq n \wedge xs ! n < ys ! n))$

definition $\text{list-less-eq-ns} :: ('a :: \text{linorder}) \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$\text{list-less-eq-ns } xs \ ys =$

$(\exists n. n \leq \text{length } xs \wedge n \leq \text{length } ys \wedge$
 $(\forall i < n. xs ! i = ys ! i) \wedge$
 $(\text{length } ys \neq n \longrightarrow \text{length } xs \neq n \wedge xs ! n < ys ! n))$

— Alternative definition

definition $\text{list-less-ns-ex} :: ('a :: \text{linorder}) \text{ list} \Rightarrow ('a :: \text{linorder}) \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$\text{list-less-ns-ex } xs \ ys \longleftrightarrow$

$(\exists b \ c \ as \ bs \ cs. xs = as @ b \# bs \wedge ys = as @ c \# cs \wedge b < c) \vee$
 $(\exists c \ cs. xs = ys @ c \# cs)$

20 Helper list comparison theorems

lemma *list-less-ns-alt-def*:

list-less-ns $xs\ ys = list-less-ns-ex\ xs\ ys$

proof

assume *list-less-ns* $xs\ ys$

with *list-less-ns-def*[*THEN* *iffD1*, of $xs\ ys$]

obtain n **where** P :

$n \leq length\ xs\ n \leq length\ ys\ \forall i < n. xs\ !\ i = ys\ !\ i\ length\ ys = n \longrightarrow n < length\ xs$

$length\ ys \neq n \longrightarrow length\ xs \neq n \wedge xs\ !\ n < ys\ !\ n$

by *blast*

show *list-less-ns-ex* $xs\ ys$

proof (*cases* $length\ ys = n$)

assume $length\ ys = n$

then show *?thesis*

by (*metis* $P(1,2,3,4)$ *id-take-nth-drop list-less-ns-ex-def nth-take-lemma take-all*)

next

assume $length\ ys \neq n$

then show *?thesis*

by (*metis* $P(1,2,3,5)$ *id-take-nth-drop le-neq-implies-less list-less-ns-ex-def nth-take-lemma*)

qed

next

assume *list-less-ns-ex* $xs\ ys$

hence $(\exists b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs. xs = as\ @\ b\ \# \ bs \wedge ys = as\ @\ c\ \# \ cs \wedge b < c) \vee (\exists c\ cs. xs = ys\ @\ c\ \# \ cs)$

using *list-less-ns-ex-def* **by** *blast*

then show *list-less-ns* $xs\ ys$

proof

assume $\exists b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs. xs = as\ @\ b\ \# \ bs \wedge ys = as\ @\ c\ \# \ cs \wedge b < c$

then obtain $b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs$ **where** P :

$xs = as\ @\ b\ \# \ bs\ ys = as\ @\ c\ \# \ cs\ b < c$

by *blast*

hence $length\ as < length\ xs$

by *simp*

moreover

have $length\ as < length\ ys$

by (*simp* *add*: $P(2)$)

moreover

have $\forall i < length\ as. xs\ !\ i = ys\ !\ i$

by (*simp* *add*: $P(1)\ P(2)$ *nth-append*)

moreover

have $xs\ !\ length\ as < ys\ !\ length\ as$

by (*simp* *add*: $P(1)\ P(2)\ P(3)$)

ultimately show *list-less-ns* $xs\ ys$

using *list-less-ns-def*[*THEN* *iffD2*, *OF* *exI*, of $length\ as\ xs\ ys$] **by** *simp*

next


```

assume  $\exists c cs. xs = ys @ c \# cs$ 
then obtain  $c cs$  where
   $xs = ys @ c \# cs$ 
  by blast
hence  $length\ ys < length\ xs$ 
  by simp
then show list-less-ns xs ys
  using list-less-ns-def[THEN iffD2, OF exI, of length ys xs ys]
  by (simp add: xs = ys @ c # cs nth-append)
qed
qed

lemma nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns-ex:
   $nslexordp (<) = list-less-ns-ex$ 
  by (clarsimp simp: fun-eq-iff nslexordp-def list-less-ns-ex-def)

lemma nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns-ex-apply:
   $nslexordp (<) x y = list-less-ns-ex x y$ 
  by (simp add: nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns-ex)

lemma nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns:
   $nslexordp (<) = list-less-ns$ 
  by (clarsimp simp: fun-eq-iff list-less-ns-alt-def nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns-ex)

lemma nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns-app:
   $nslexordp (<) x y = list-less-ns x y$ 
  by (simp add: nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns)

lemma nslexordeqp-eq-list-less-eq-ns-apply:
   $nslexordeqp (<) x y = list-less-eq-ns x y$ 
proof (cases x = y)
  assume  $x = y$ 
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: list-less-eq-ns-def nslexordeqp-def)
next
  assume  $x \neq y$ 
  hence  $nslexordeqp (<) x y = nslexordp (<) x y$ 
    by (simp add: nslexordeqp-def)
  moreover
  have  $nslexordp (<) x y = list-less-ns x y$ 
    by (simp add: nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns)
  moreover
  have  $list-less-eq-ns x y = list-less-ns x y$ 
    unfolding list-less-eq-ns-def list-less-ns-def
proof (intro iffI; elim exE conjE)
  fix  $n$ 
  assume  $n \leq length\ x \wedge n \leq length\ y \wedge \forall i < n. x ! i = y ! i$ 
     $length\ y \neq n \longrightarrow length\ x \neq n \wedge x ! n < y ! n$ 
  then show  $\exists n \leq length\ x. n \leq length\ y \wedge (\forall i < n. x ! i = y ! i) \wedge$ 

```

$(\text{length } y = n \longrightarrow n < \text{length } x) \wedge$
 $(\text{length } y \neq n \longrightarrow \text{length } x \neq n \wedge x ! n < y ! n)$

by (*metis* $\langle x \neq y \rangle$ *le-eq-less-or-eq nth-equalityI*)
next
fix n
assume $n \leq \text{length } x \wedge n \leq \text{length } y \wedge \forall i < n. x ! i = y ! i \wedge \text{length } y = n \longrightarrow n <$
 $\text{length } x$
 $\text{length } y \neq n \longrightarrow \text{length } x \neq n \wedge x ! n < y ! n$
then show $\exists n \leq \text{length } x. n \leq \text{length } y \wedge (\forall i < n. x ! i = y ! i) \wedge$
 $(\text{length } y \neq n \longrightarrow \text{length } x \neq n \wedge x ! n < y ! n)$
by *blast*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

21 *list-less-ns* helpers

lemma *list-less-ns-cons-same*:

list-less-ns ($a \# xs$) ($a \# ys$) = *list-less-ns* xs ys

by (*metis* *nslexordp-cons-cons nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns order-less-irrefl*)

lemma *list-less-ns-cons-diff*:

$a < b \implies \text{list-less-ns } (a \# xs) (b \# ys)$

using *list-less-ns-def* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *list-less-ns-cons*:

list-less-ns ($a \# xs$) ($b \# ys$) = $(a \leq b \wedge (a = b \longrightarrow \text{list-less-ns } xs \ ys))$

by (*metis* *length-Cons list-less-ns-cons-diff list-less-ns-cons-same list-less-ns-def*
nat.simps(3))

$\text{not-less-iff-gr-or-eq not-less-zero nth-Cons-0 order.strict-iff-order}$
 $\text{order-class.order-eq-iff}$

lemma *list-less-eq-ns-cons-same*:

list-less-eq-ns ($a \# xs$) ($a \# ys$) = *list-less-eq-ns* xs ys

by (*metis* *list.inject list-less-ns-cons-same nslexordeqp-def nslexordeqp-eq-list-less-eq-ns-apply*
nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns-app)

lemma *list-less-eq-ns-cons*:

list-less-eq-ns ($a \# xs$) ($b \# ys$) = $(a \leq b \wedge (a = b \longrightarrow \text{list-less-eq-ns } xs \ ys))$

by (*metis* *list.inject list-less-ns-cons nle-le nslexordeqp-def*
nslexordeqp-eq-list-less-eq-ns-apply nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns)

lemma *list-less-ns-hd-same*:

$\llbracket \text{hd } xs = \text{hd } ys; xs \neq []; ys \neq [] \rrbracket \implies \text{list-less-ns } xs \ ys = \text{list-less-ns } (\text{tl } xs) (\text{tl } ys)$

by (*metis* *list.collapse list-less-ns-cons-same*)

lemma *list-less-ns-recurse*:

$\llbracket xs \neq []; ys \neq [] \rrbracket \implies$
 $(hd\ xs = hd\ ys \longrightarrow list-less-ns\ xs\ ys = list-less-ns\ (tl\ xs)\ (tl\ ys)) \wedge$
 $(hd\ xs \neq hd\ ys \longrightarrow list-less-ns\ xs\ ys = (hd\ xs < hd\ ys))$
by (metis list.collapse list-less-ns-cons list-less-ns-hd-same nless-le)

lemma list-less-ns-nil:
 $xs \neq [] \implies list-less-ns\ xs\ []$
using list-less-ns-def **by** auto

lemma list-less-ns-app:
 $bs \neq [] \implies list-less-ns\ (as\ @\ bs)\ as$
by (metis list.collapse nslexordpI2 nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns)

22 Lists of linorder elements are linorders with a bottom element

lemma list-less-ns-imp-less-eq-not-less-eq:
 $list-less-ns\ x\ y \implies (list-less-eq-ns\ x\ y \wedge \neg list-less-eq-ns\ y\ x)$
apply (clarsimp simp: nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns[symmetric]
nslexordeqp-eq-list-less-eq-ns-apply[symmetric]
nslexordeqp-def
nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1)[symmetric])
apply (rule conjI)
apply (erule nslexord-asymmetric[rotated], fastforce)
by (metis Product-Type.Collect-case-prodD fst-conv nslexord-irreflexive order-less-irrefl
snd-conv)

lemma list-less-eq-ns-not-less-eq-imp-less:
 $list-less-eq-ns\ x\ y \wedge \neg list-less-eq-ns\ y\ x \implies list-less-ns\ x\ y$
by (metis nslexordeqp-eq-list-less-eq-ns-apply nslexordeqp-imp-eq-or-less
nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns)

lemma list-less-eq-ns-trans:
 $\llbracket list-less-eq-ns\ x\ y; list-less-eq-ns\ y\ z \rrbracket \implies list-less-eq-ns\ x\ z$
apply (clarsimp simp: nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns[symmetric]
nslexordeqp-eq-list-less-eq-ns-apply[symmetric]
nslexordeqp-def
nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1)[symmetric])
apply safe
apply (erule (1) transD[OF nslexord-trans, rotated])
by (metis order-less-trans transp-def transp-trans)

lemma list-less-eq-ns-anti-sym:
 $\llbracket list-less-eq-ns\ x\ y; list-less-eq-ns\ y\ x \rrbracket \implies x = y$
by (metis list-less-ns-imp-less-eq-not-less-eq nslexordeqp-eq-list-less-eq-ns-apply
nslexordeqp-imp-eq-or-less nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns)

lemma *list-less-eq-ns-linear*:
list-less-eq-ns x $y \vee$ *list-less-eq-ns* y x
apply (*simp* *add*: *nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns*[*symmetric*]
nslexordeq-eq-list-less-eq-ns-apply[*symmetric*]
nslexordeq-def
nslexord-eq-nslexordp(1)[*symmetric*])
by (*metis* *case-prodI* *linorder-neqE* *mem-Collect-eq* *nslexord-linear*)

interpretation *ordlistns*: *linorder* *list-less-eq-ns* *list-less-ns*

proof

fix x y z :: ' a *list*
show *list-less-ns* x $y =$ (*list-less-eq-ns* x $y \wedge \neg$ *list-less-eq-ns* y x)
using *list-less-ns-imp-less-eq-not-less-eq* *list-less-eq-ns-not-less-eq-imp-less*
by *blast*
show *list-less-eq-ns* x x
unfolding *list-less-eq-ns-def*
by *simp*
show \llbracket *list-less-eq-ns* x y ; *list-less-eq-ns* y z $\rrbracket \implies$ *list-less-eq-ns* x z
by (*rule* *list-less-eq-ns-trans*)
show \llbracket *list-less-eq-ns* x y ; *list-less-eq-ns* y x $\rrbracket \implies x = y$
by (*rule* *list-less-eq-ns-anti-sym*)
show *list-less-eq-ns* x $y \vee$ *list-less-eq-ns* y x
by (*rule* *list-less-eq-ns-linear*)

qed

interpretation *ordlistns*: *order-top* *list-less-eq-ns* *list-less-ns* \square

proof

fix a :: ' a *list*
show *list-less-eq-ns* a \square
unfolding *list-less-eq-ns-def*
by *auto*

qed

23 Recursive Definition

fun *lt-ns* :: (' a :: *linorder*) *list* \Rightarrow ' a *list* \Rightarrow *bool*

where

lt-ns \square $\square =$ *False* |
lt-ns \square $- =$ *False* |
lt-ns $-$ $\square =$ *True* |
lt-ns (a $\#$ as) (b $\#$ bs) =
(if $a < b$ then *True*
else if $a > b$ then *False*
else *lt-ns* as bs)

lemma *list-less-ns-lt-ns*:

list-less-ns xs $ys =$ *lt-ns* xs ys

apply (*induct* *rule*: *lt-ns.induct*)

apply *simp*

apply *simp*
apply (*simp add: list-less-ns-nil*)
apply (*simp add: list-less-ns-cons*)
apply (*safe; simp*)
done

24 *list-less-ns-ex* helpers

lemma *list-less-ns-exI1*:

$\exists b c a s b s c s. x s = a s @ b \# b s \wedge y s = a s @ c \# c s \wedge b < c \implies \text{list-less-ns-ex } x s y s$

by (*simp add: list-less-ns-ex-def*)

lemma *list-less-ns-exI2*:

$\exists c c s. x s = y s @ c \# c s \implies \text{list-less-ns-ex } x s y s$

by (*simp add: list-less-ns-ex-def*)

lemma *list-less-ns-exE*:

list-less-ns-ex $x s y s \implies$

$(\exists b c a s b s c s. x s = a s @ b \# b s \wedge y s = a s @ c \# c s \wedge b < c) \vee$

$(\exists c c s. x s = y s @ c \# c s)$

by (*simp add: list-less-ns-ex-def*)

lemma *list-less-ns-app-same*:

list-less-ns ($a s @ x s$) ($a s @ y s$) = *list-less-ns* $x s y s$

apply (*induct as arbitrary: x s y s*)

apply *simp*

apply (*simp add: list-less-ns-cons-same*)

done

lemma *list-less-eq-ns-app-same*:

list-less-eq-ns ($a s @ x s$) ($a s @ y s$) = *list-less-eq-ns* $x s y s$

apply (*induct as arbitrary: x s y s*)

apply *simp*

apply (*simp add: list-less-eq-ns-cons-same*)

done

lemma *list-less-ns-cons1-exE*:

assumes *list-less-ns* $x s (x \# x s)$

shows $\exists a a s b s. x \# x s = a s @ x \# a \# b s \wedge x > a \wedge (\forall b \in \text{set } a s. b = x)$

by (*metis assms nslexordp-cons1-exE nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns*)

lemma *list-less-ns-cons1-exI*:

assumes $\exists a a s b s. x \# x s = a s @ x \# a \# b s \wedge x > a \wedge (\forall b \in \text{set } a s. b = x)$

shows *list-less-ns-ex* $x s (x \# x s)$

proof –

from *assms*

obtain $a a s b s$ **where**

$x \# x s = a s @ x \# a \# b s$

```

    a < x
    ∀ b ∈ set as. b = x
    by blast

have as = [] ⇒ ?thesis
using ⟨a < x⟩ ⟨x # xs = as @ x # a # bs⟩ list-less-ns-alt-def list-less-ns-cons-diff
  by fastforce
moreover
have ∃ c cs. as = cs @ [c] ⇒ ?thesis
proof -
  assume ∃ c cs. as = cs @ [c]
  then obtain c cs where
    as = cs @ [c]
    by blast
  with ⟨∀ b ∈ set as. b = x⟩
  have c = x
    by auto
  hence x # xs = cs @ x # x # a # bs
    by (simp add: ⟨as = cs @ [c]⟩ ⟨x # xs = as @ x # a # bs⟩)

  have ∀ b ∈ set cs. b = x
    by (simp add: ⟨∀ b ∈ set as. b = x⟩ ⟨as = cs @ [c]⟩)
  hence ∃ n. cs = replicate n x
    by (meson replicate-eqI)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis ⟨a < x⟩ ⟨x # xs = cs @ x # x # a # bs⟩ list-less-ns-alt-def
      list-less-ns-app-same
      list-less-ns-cons-diff list-less-ns-cons-same replicate-app-Cons-same)

qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (meson rev-exhaust)
qed

lemma list-less-ns-cons2-ex:
  assumes list-less-ns (x # xs) xs
  shows (∀ k ∈ set xs. k = x) ∨ (∃ a as bs. x # xs = as @ x # a # bs ∧ x < a ∧
    (∀ b ∈ set as. b = x))
  by (metis assms nslexordp-cons2-exE nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns)

```

```

end
theory Valid-List
  imports Main ../util/List-Util
begin

```

25 Valid List

```

definition
  valid-list :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list ⇒ bool
where

```

$valid-list\ s = (length\ s > 0 \wedge (\forall i < length\ s - 1. s\ !\ i \neq bot) \wedge last\ s = bot)$

lemma *valid-list-ex-def*:

fixes $s :: ('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\})\ list$

shows $(valid-list\ s) =$

$(\exists xs. s = xs\ @\ [bot] \wedge$
 $(\forall i < length\ xs. xs\ !\ i \neq bot))$

unfolding *valid-list-def*

proof *safe*

assume

$s \neq []$

$\forall i < length\ s - 1. s\ !\ i \neq bot$

$last\ s = bot$

then

show $\exists xs. s = xs\ @\ [bot] \wedge$

$(\forall i < length\ xs. xs\ !\ i \neq bot)$

by (*metis append-butlast-last-id length-butlast nth-butlast*)

qed (*simp add: nth-append*)⁺

lemma *valid-list-iff-butlast-app-last*:

fixes $s :: ('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\})\ list$

shows $valid-list\ s \longleftrightarrow$

$s \neq [] \wedge$

$(\forall x \in set\ (butlast\ s). x \neq bot) \wedge$

$last\ s = bot$

by (*metis append-butlast-last-id butlast-snoc in-set-conv-nth*)

valid-list-def valid-list-ex-def length-greater-0-conv)

lemma *valid-list-consI*:

fixes $s :: ('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\})\ list$

fixes $a :: 'a$

assumes *valid-list s*

and $a \neq bot$

shows *valid-list (a # s)*

using *assms*

by (*simp add: valid-list-iff-butlast-app-last*)

lemma *valid-list-consD*:

fixes $s :: ('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\})\ list$

fixes $a :: 'a$

assumes *valid-list (a # s)*

assumes $s \neq []$

shows *valid-list s*

using *assms*

by (*simp add: valid-list-iff-butlast-app-last*)

lemma *Min-valid-list*:

fixes $s :: ('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\})\ list$

assumes *valid-list s*

shows $\text{Min} (\text{set } s) = \text{bot}$
 by (*metis* *assms* *List.finite-set* *Min.in-idem* *last-in-set* *min-bot* *valid-list-iff-butlast-app-last*)

lemma *valid-list-length*:
 fixes $s :: ('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \text{ list}$
 assumes *valid-list* s
 shows $\text{length } s > 0$
 using *assms*
 by (*clarsimp* *simp*: *valid-list-ex-def*)

lemma *valid-list-length-ex*:
 fixes $s :: ('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \text{ list}$
 assumes *valid-list* s
 shows $\exists n. \text{length } s = \text{Suc } n$
 using *assms*
 by (*clarsimp* *simp*: *valid-list-ex-def*)

lemma *valid-list-not-nil*:
 fixes $s :: ('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \text{ list}$
 assumes *valid-list* s
 shows $s \neq []$
 using *assms* by (*simp* *add*: *valid-list-def*)

lemma *valid-list-Suc-mapping*:
 fixes $f :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{nat}$
 fixes $s :: 'a \text{ list}$
 shows *valid-list* $((\text{map } (\lambda x. \text{Suc } (f x)) s) @ [\text{bot}])$
proof (*induct* s)
 case (*Cons* $a s$)
 note *IH* = *this*
 have $\text{map } (\lambda x. \text{Suc } (f x)) (a \# s) = (\text{Suc } (f a)) \# \text{map } (\lambda x. \text{Suc } (f x)) s$
 by *simp*
moreover
 have $\text{Suc } (f a) \neq \text{bot}$
 by (*simp* *add*: *bot-nat-def*)
 hence *valid-list* $((\text{Suc } (f a)) \# (\text{map } (\lambda x. \text{Suc } (f x)) s) @ [\text{bot}])$
 by (*simp* *add*: *IH* *valid-list-consI*)
ultimately
 show ?*case*
 by *simp*
qed (*simp* *add*: *valid-list-ex-def*)

lemma *valid-list-app*:
 assumes *valid-list* $(xs @ y \# ys)$
 shows *valid-list* $(y \# ys)$
 using *assms*
 by (*induct* xs) (*simp* *add*: *valid-list-consD*)+

lemma *not-valid-list-app*:


```

assumes valid-list (xs @ y # ys)
shows  $\neg$ valid-list xs
using assms
proof (induct xs)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    using valid-list-not-nil by auto
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  then show ?case
    by (metis Groups.add-ac(2) Nil-is-append-conv One-nat-def add-diff-cancel-left'
append-Cons
last-ConsL list.discI list.size(4) nth-Cons-0 valid-list-consD valid-list-def)
qed

```

```

lemma valid-list-neqE:
  assumes valid-list xs valid-list ys xs  $\neq$  ys
  shows  $\exists x y as bs cs. xs = as @ x \# bs \wedge ys = as @ y \# cs \wedge x \neq y$ 
proof -
  note cases = list-neq-fc[OF assms(3)]
  moreover
  have  $\neg(\exists z zs. xs = ys @ z \# zs)$ 
    using assms(1) assms(2) not-valid-list-app by blast
  moreover
  have  $\neg(\exists z zs. ys = xs @ z \# zs)$ 
    using assms(1) assms(2) not-valid-list-app by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
qed

```

```

end
theory Valid-List-Util
  imports List-Lexorder-Util List-Lexorder-NS Valid-List
begin

```

26 Order Equivalence

```

lemma valid-list-list-less-equiv-list-less-ns:
  assumes valid-list s1
  and valid-list s2
shows  $s1 < s2 = list-less-ns s1 s2$ 
proof
  assume  $s1 < s2$ 
  hence  $s1 \neq s2$ 
    by simp
  with valid-list-neqE[OF assms(1,2)]
  obtain  $x y as bs cs$  where
     $s1 = as @ x \# bs$   $s2 = as @ y \# cs$   $x \neq y$ 
  by blast

```

hence $x < y$
by (*metis* $\langle s1 < s2 \rangle$ *linorder-less-linear list-less-ex order-less-imp-not-less*)
then have *list-less-ns-ex* $s1\ s2$
using $\langle s1 = as @ x \# bs \rangle \langle s2 = as @ y \# cs \rangle$ *list-less-ns-ex-def* **by** *fastforce*
then show *list-less-ns* $s1\ s2$
by (*simp add: list-less-ns-alt-def*)
next
assume *list-less-ns* $s1\ s2$
hence $s1 \neq s2$
by *fastforce*
with *valid-list-neqE*[*OF* *assms*(1,2)]
obtain $x\ y\ as\ bs\ cs$ **where**
 $s1 = as @ x \# bs\ s2 = as @ y \# cs\ x \neq y$
by *blast*
hence $x < y$
by (*metis* $\langle list-less-ns\ s1\ s2 \rangle$ *list.distinct*(1) *list.sel*(1) *list-less-ns-app-same*
list-less-ns-recurse)
then show $s1 < s2$
using $\langle s1 = as @ x \# bs \rangle \langle s2 = as @ y \# cs \rangle$ *list-less-ex* **by** *fastforce*
qed

lemma *valid-list-list-less-eq-equiv-list-less-eq-ns*:
assumes *valid-list* $s1$
and *valid-list* $s2$
shows $s1 \leq s2 = list-less-eq-ns\ s1\ s2$
by (*simp add: assms order-le-less ordlistns.le-less valid-list-list-less-equiv-list-less-ns*)

27 Classical Lexicographical Order

lemma *valid-list-list-less-imp*:
assumes *valid-list* $(xs @ [bot])$
and *valid-list* $(ys @ [bot])$
and $(xs @ [bot]) < (ys @ [bot])$
shows $xs < ys$
proof –
from *assms*(3)
have $xs @ [bot] \neq ys @ [bot]$
by *fastforce*
with *valid-list-neqE*[*OF* *assms*(1,2)]
obtain $x\ y\ as\ bs\ cs$ **where**
 $xs @ [bot] = as @ x \# bs\ ys @ [bot] = as @ y \# cs\ x \neq y$
by *blast*
hence $x < y$
by (*metis* *assms*(3) *linorder-less-linear list-less-ex order-less-imp-not-less*)
then show *?thesis*
by (*metis* $\langle xs @ [bot] = as @ x \# bs \rangle \langle ys @ [bot] = as @ y \# cs \rangle$ *append-self-conv*
bot.extremum-strict *butlast.simps*(2) *butlast-append* *last-snoc* *list-less-ex*
list-neq-rc1)
qed

```

lemma strict-mono-on-list-less-map:
  fixes  $\alpha :: 'a :: preorder \Rightarrow 'b :: ord$ 
  assumes strict-mono-on A  $\alpha$ 
  and  $set\ xs \subseteq A$ 
  and  $set\ ys \subseteq A$ 
  and  $xs < ys$ 
shows  $(map\ \alpha\ xs) < (map\ \alpha\ ys)$ 
  using assms(2-4)
proof (induct xs arbitrary: ys)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    using list-le-def by fastforce
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  note IH = this

  have  $\exists z\ zs. a \leq z \wedge ys = z \# zs$ 
  by (metis Cons-less-Cons IH(4) dual-order.refl dual-order.strict-iff-not neq-Nil-conv not-less-Nil)
  then obtain z zs where
     $a \leq z \wedge ys = z \# zs$ 
  by blast
  then show ?case
    using IH assms(1) strict-mono-onD by fastforce
qed

```

```

lemma strict-mono-list-less-map:
  assumes strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
  and  $xs < ys$ 
shows  $map\ \alpha\ xs < map\ \alpha\ ys$ 
  using assms(1) assms(2) strict-mono-on-list-less-map by blast

```

```

lemma strict-mono-on-map-list-less:
  fixes  $\alpha :: 'a :: linorder \Rightarrow 'b :: order$ 
  assumes strict-mono-on A  $\alpha$ 
  and  $set\ xs \subseteq A$ 
  and  $set\ ys \subseteq A$ 
  and  $(map\ \alpha\ xs) < (map\ \alpha\ ys)$ 
shows  $xs < ys$ 
  using assms(2-4)
proof (induct xs arbitrary: ys)
case Nil
  then show ?case
    using list-le-def by fastforce
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  note IH = this

```

```

have  $ys = [] \vee (\exists b\ zs.\ ys = b \# zs)$ 
  using neq-Nil-conv by blast
moreover
have  $ys = [] \implies ?case$ 
  using Cons.prems by auto
moreover
have  $\exists b\ zs.\ ys = b \# zs \implies ?case$ 
  by (metis IH(2-4) assms(1) linorder-neq-iff order-less-asm strict-mono-on-list-less-map)
ultimately show  $?case$ 
  by blast
qed

```

```

lemma strict-mono-map-list-less:
  fixes  $\alpha :: 'a :: \text{linorder} \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{order}$ 
  assumes strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
  and  $(\text{map } \alpha\ xs) < (\text{map } \alpha\ ys)$ 
shows  $xs < ys$ 
  using assms(1) assms(2) strict-mono-on-map-list-less by blast

```

28 Non-standard Lexicographical Ordering

```

lemma sorted-list-less-ns:
  assumes sorted  $(a \# bs @ [c])$ 
  and  $c < d$ 
shows list-less-ns  $(a \# bs @ [c, d] @ xs) (bs @ [c, d] @ ys)$ 
  using assms
proof (induct bs arbitrary: a)
  case Nil
  then show  $?case$ 
  by (metis append-Cons append-Nil le-less list-less-ns-cons-diff list-less-ns-cons-same sorted2)
next
  case  $(\text{Cons } a\ bs\ x)$ 
  note  $IH = \text{this}$ 

  from  $IH(2)$ 
  have sorted  $(a \# bs @ [c])$ 
  by simp
  with  $IH(1)[OF - \text{assms}(2)]$ 
  have list-less-ns  $(a \# bs @ [c, d] @ xs) (bs @ [c, d] @ ys)$  .
  with sorted-nth-mono[OF IH(2), of 0 Suc 0, simplified]
  show  $?case$ 
  by (simp add: list-less-ns-cons)
qed

```

```

lemma rev-sorted-list-less-ns:
  assumes sorted  $(\text{rev } (a \# bs @ [c]))$ 
  and  $c > d$ 
shows list-less-ns  $(bs @ [c, d] @ xs) (a \# bs @ [c, d] @ ys)$ 

```

```

using assms
proof (induct bs arbitrary: a)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    using list-less-ns-cons list-less-ns-cons-diff by fastforce
next
  case (Cons a bs x)
  note IH = this

  from IH(2)
  have sorted (rev (a # bs @ [c]))
    by (simp add: sorted-append)
  with IH(1)[OF - assms(2)]
  have list-less-ns (bs @ [c, d] @ xs) (a # bs @ [c, d] @ ys) .
  with sorted-rev-nth-mono[OF IH(2), of 0 Suc 0, simplified]
  show ?case
    using list-less-ns-cons by auto
qed

```

```

lemma sorted-cons-list-less-ns:
  assumes sorted (a # bs)
  shows list-less-ns (a # bs) bs
  using assms
proof (induct bs arbitrary: a)
case Nil
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: list-less-ns-nil)
next
  case (Cons a bs x)
  note IH = this

  from IH(2)
  have sorted (a # bs)
    by simp
  with IH(1)
  have list-less-ns (a # bs) bs .
  with sorted-nth-mono[OF IH(2), of 0 Suc 0, simplified]
  show ?case
    by (simp add: list-less-ns-cons)
qed

```

```

end
theory Suffix
  imports Main
begin

```

29 Suffix

abbreviation *suffix* :: '*a list* ⇒ *nat* ⇒ '*a list*

where

$\text{suffix } xs \ i \equiv \text{drop } i \ xs$

lemma *suffixes-neq*:

$\llbracket i < \text{length } s; j < \text{length } s; i \neq j \rrbracket \implies \text{suffix } s \ i \neq \text{suffix } s \ j$
by (*metis diff-diff-cancel length-drop less-or-eq-imp-le*)

lemma *distinct-suffixes*:

$\llbracket \text{distinct } xs; \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x < \text{length } s \rrbracket \implies \text{distinct } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } s) \ xs)$
by (*simp add: distinct-conv-nth suffixes-neq*)

lemma *suffix-eq-index*:

$\llbracket i < \text{length } xs; j < \text{length } xs; \text{suffix } xs \ i = \text{suffix } xs \ j \rrbracket \implies i = j$
by (*metis diff-diff-cancel le-eq-less-or-eq length-drop*)

lemma *suffix-neq-nil*:

$i < \text{length } s \implies \text{suffix } s \ i \neq []$
by *simp*

lemma *suffix-map*:

$\text{suffix } (\text{map } f \ xs) \ i = \text{map } f \ (\text{suffix } xs \ i)$
by (*simp add: drop-map*)

lemma *set-suffix-subset*:

$\text{set } (\text{suffix } s \ i) \subseteq \text{set } s$
by (*simp add: set-drop-subset*)

lemma *suffix-cons-suc*:

$\text{suffix } (a \ \# \ xs) \ (\text{Suc } i) = \text{suffix } xs \ i$
by *simp*

lemma *suffix-app*:

$i < \text{length } xs \implies \text{suffix } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ i = \text{suffix } xs \ i \ @ \ ys$
by *simp*

lemma *suffix-cons-ex*:

$i < \text{length } T \implies \exists x \ xs. \text{suffix } T \ i = x \ \# \ xs \wedge x = T \ ! \ i$
by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc*)

lemma *suffix-cons-Suc*:

$i < \text{length } T \implies \text{suffix } T \ i = T \ ! \ i \ \# \ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } i)$
by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc*)

lemma *suffix-cons-app*:

$\text{suffix } T \ i = as \ @ \ bs \implies \text{suffix } T \ (i + \text{length } as) = bs$
by (*metis add.commute append-eq-conv-conj drop-drop*)

lemma *suffix-0*:

$\text{suffix } T \ 0 = T$
by *simp*

```

end
theory Suffix-Util
  imports
    ../util/List-Slice
    Suffix
    Valid-List
    Valid-List-Util

```

```
begin
```

30 Valid Lists and Suffixes

```

lemma valid-suffix:
  [[valid-list s; i < length s] ==> valid-list (suffix s i)
  by (clarsimp simp: valid-list-ex-def)

```

```

lemma last-suffix-index:
  assumes valid-list s
  and     i < length s
  shows hd (suffix s i) = bot <=> i = length s - 1

```

```

proof -
  from iffD1[OF valid-list-ex-def <valid-list s>]
  obtain xs where
    s = xs @ [bot]
    &forall i < length xs. xs ! i ≠ bot
  by blast
  show ?thesis
  proof
    from <s = xs @ [bot]> <&forall i < length xs. xs ! i ≠ bot>
    show i = length s - 1 ==> hd (suffix s i) = bot
      by simp
    next
    from <s = xs @ [bot]> <&forall i < length xs. xs ! i ≠ bot> <i < length s>
    show hd (suffix s i) = bot ==> i = length s - 1
      by (clarsimp simp: hd-append hd-drop-conv-nth split: if-splits)
  qed
qed

```

31 Prefixes and Suffixes

```

lemma suffix-has-no-prefix-suffix:
  assumes valid-list: valid-list s
  and     i-less-len-s: i < length s
  and     j-less-len-s: j < length s
  and     i-neq-j:     i ≠ j
  shows ¬ (∃ s'. suffix s i = (suffix s j) @ s')

```

```
proof
```

```

assume  $\exists s'. \text{suffix } s \ i = \text{suffix } s \ j \ @ \ s'$ 
then obtain  $s'$  where
  pref:  $\text{suffix } s \ i = \text{suffix } s \ j \ @ \ s'$ 
  by blast
with i-neq-j i-less-len-s j-less-len-s
have  $i < j$ 
  by (metis diff-less-mono2 length-append length-drop less-Suc-eq not-add-less1
      not-less-eq)
with pref i-less-len-s j-less-len-s
have s-not-nil:  $s' \neq []$ 
  by (metis append-Nil2 diff-less-mono2 length-drop less-irrefl-nat)

from valid-list i-less-len-s valid-suffix
have valid-suf-i: valid-list (suffix  $s \ i$ )
  by force

from valid-list j-less-len-s valid-suffix
have valid-list (suffix  $s \ j$ )
  by force
with pref valid-list-ex-def
have  $\exists xs. \text{suffix } s \ i = xs \ @ \ [bot] \ @ \ s'$ 
  using append-assoc by auto
then obtain  $xs$  where
  suf-i:  $\text{suffix } s \ i = xs \ @ \ [bot] \ @ \ s'$ 
  by blast

from valid-suf-i valid-list-ex-def
have  $\exists ys. \text{suffix } s \ i = ys \ @ \ [bot] \ \wedge \ (\forall k < \text{length } ys. ys \ ! \ k \neq bot)$ 
  by blast
then obtain  $ys$  where
   $\text{suffix } s \ i = ys \ @ \ [bot]$  and
  all-ys-not-0:  $\forall k < \text{length } ys. ys \ ! \ k \neq bot$ 
  by blast
with suf-i
have suf-i-eq:  $xs \ @ \ [bot] \ @ \ s' = ys \ @ \ [bot]$ 
  by force
with s-not-nil
have  $\text{length } xs < \text{length } ys$ 
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) append-assoc append-eq-append-conv
      length-append length-append-singleton less-trans-Suc
      linorder-neqE-nat not-add-less1 self-append-conv)
with suf-i-eq all-ys-not-0
show False
  by (metis append-Cons butlast-snoc nth-append-length nth-butlast)
qed

```


32 Suffix Comparisons

32.1 Lexicographical Ordering

lemma *suffix-less-ex*:

fixes $s :: ('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\}) list$

assumes *valid-list s*

and $i < length\ s$

and $j < length\ s$

and $suffix\ s\ i < suffix\ s\ j$

shows $\exists b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs. suffix\ s\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs \wedge$
 $suffix\ s\ j = as\ @\ c\ \#\ cs \wedge b < c$

proof –

have *valid-list (suffix s i)*

using *assms(1) assms(2) valid-suffix* **by** *blast*

moreover

have *valid-list (suffix s j)*

using *assms(1) assms(3) valid-suffix* **by** *blast*

moreover

have $suffix\ s\ i \neq suffix\ s\ j$

using *assms(4) nless-le* **by** *blast*

ultimately have

$\exists b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs. suffix\ s\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs \wedge suffix\ s\ j = as\ @\ c\ \#\ cs \wedge b \neq c$

using *valid-list-neqE* **by** *blast*

then obtain $b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs$ **where**

$suffix\ s\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs\ suffix\ s\ j = as\ @\ c\ \#\ cs\ b \neq c$

by *blast*

hence $b < c$

by (*metis assms(4) linorder-less-linear list-less-ex order-less-imp-not-less*)

then show *?thesis*

using $\langle suffix\ s\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs \rangle \langle suffix\ s\ j = as\ @\ c\ \#\ cs \rangle$ **by** *blast*

qed

lemma *suffix-less-nth*:

assumes *valid-list s*

and $i < length\ s$

and $j < length\ s$

and $suffix\ s\ i < suffix\ s\ j$

shows

$\exists n. n < length\ (suffix\ s\ i) \wedge$

$n < length\ (suffix\ s\ j) \wedge$

$(\forall k < n. (suffix\ s\ i)\ !\ k = (suffix\ s\ j)\ !\ k) \wedge$

$(suffix\ s\ i)\ !\ n < (suffix\ s\ j)\ !\ n$

proof –

from *suffix-less-ex[OF assms]*

obtain $b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs$ **where**

suf-i: $suffix\ s\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs$ **and**

suf-j: $suffix\ s\ j = as\ @\ c\ \#\ cs$ **and**

b-less-c: $b < c$

by *blast*

hence $\text{length } as < \text{length } (\text{suffix } s \ i)$ **and**
 $\text{length } as < \text{length } (\text{suffix } s \ j)$ **and**
 $(\text{suffix } s \ i) ! \text{length } as = b$ **and**
 $(\text{suffix } s \ j) ! \text{length } as = c$
by *fastforce+*
with *b-less-c suf-i suf-j*
show *?thesis*
by (*metis nth-append*)
qed

lemma *suffix-less-butlast:*
assumes *valid-list s*
and $i < \text{length } s$
and $j < \text{length } s$
and $\text{suffix } s \ i < \text{suffix } s \ j$
shows $\text{butlast } (\text{suffix } s \ i) < \text{butlast } (\text{suffix } s \ j)$
by (*metis append-butlast-last-id assms suffix-neq-nil valid-list-def valid-list-list-less-imp valid-suffix*)

32.2 Non-standard List Ordering

lemma *suffix-less-ns-ex:*
assumes *valid-list s*
and $i < \text{length } s$
and $j < \text{length } s$
and $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } s \ i) (\text{suffix } s \ j)$
shows $\exists b \ c \ as \ bs \ cs.$
 $\text{suffix } s \ i = as @ b \# bs \wedge$
 $\text{suffix } s \ j = as @ c \# cs \wedge b < c$
by (*meson assms suffix-less-ex valid-suffix valid-list-list-less-equiv-list-less-ns*)

lemma *suffix-less-ns-nth:*
assumes *valid-list s*
and $i < \text{length } s$
and $j < \text{length } s$
and $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } s \ i) (\text{suffix } s \ j)$
shows
 $\exists n. n < \text{length } (\text{suffix } s \ i) \wedge$
 $n < \text{length } (\text{suffix } s \ j) \wedge$
 $(\forall k < n. (\text{suffix } s \ i) ! k = (\text{suffix } s \ j) ! k) \wedge$
 $(\text{suffix } s \ i) ! n < (\text{suffix } s \ j) ! n$
by (*meson assms suffix-less-nth valid-list-list-less-equiv-list-less-ns valid-suffix*)

33 List Slice

declare *list-slice.simps[simp del]*

lemma *list-slice-to-suffix*:
 $list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j = take\ (j - i)\ (suffix\ T\ i)$
by (*simp add: list-slice.simps drop-take*)

lemma *suffix-eq-list-slice*:
 $suffix\ T\ i = list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ (length\ T)$
by (*simp add: list-slice.simps*)

lemma *list-slice-suffix*:
 $list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j = list\text{-}slice\ (suffix\ T\ i)\ 0\ (j - i)$
by (*metis drop0 drop-take list-slice.simps*)

lemma *suffix-to-list-slice-app*:
 $i \leq j \implies suffix\ T\ i = (list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j)\ @\ (list\text{-}slice\ T\ j\ (length\ T))$
apply (*cases j ≤ length T*)
apply (*subst list-slice-append[symmetric]; simp?*)
apply (*clarsimp simp: list-slice.simps*)
apply (*clarsimp simp: not-le*)
apply (*subst list-slice-end-gre-length, arith*)
apply (*simp add: list-slice-start-gre-length list-slice.simps*)
done

34 Sorting

lemma *ordlist-strict-mono-strict-sorted-1*:
assumes *strict-mono* α
and $strict\text{-}sorted\ (map\ (suffix\ (map\ \alpha\ s))\ xs)$
shows $strict\text{-}sorted\ (map\ (suffix\ s)\ xs)$
proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)
fix $i\ j$
assume $i < j\ j < length\ xs$
with *sorted-wrt-nth-less[OF assms(2)]*
have $suffix\ (map\ \alpha\ s)\ (xs\ !\ i) < suffix\ (map\ \alpha\ s)\ (xs\ !\ j)$
by *auto*
then show $suffix\ s\ (xs\ !\ i) < suffix\ s\ (xs\ !\ j)$
by (*metis assms(1) strict-mono-map-list-less suffix-map*)
qed

lemma *ordlist-strict-mono-on-strict-sorted-1*:
assumes *strict-mono-on A* α
and $set\ s \subseteq A$
and $strict\text{-}sorted\ (map\ (suffix\ (map\ \alpha\ s))\ xs)$
shows $strict\text{-}sorted\ (map\ (suffix\ s)\ xs)$
proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)
fix $i\ j$
assume $i < j\ j < length\ xs$
with *sorted-wrt-nth-less[OF assms(3)]*
have $suffix\ (map\ \alpha\ s)\ (xs\ !\ i) < suffix\ (map\ \alpha\ s)\ (xs\ !\ j)$
by *auto*
hence $map\ \alpha\ (suffix\ s\ (xs\ !\ i)) < map\ \alpha\ (suffix\ s\ (xs\ !\ j))$

by (*metis suffix-map*)
 then show $\text{suffix } s (xs ! i) < \text{suffix } s (xs ! j)$
 by (*meson assms(1,2) dual-order.trans set-suffix-subset*
 strict-mono-on-map-list-less)
 qed

lemma *ordlist-strict-mono-strict-sorted-2*:
 assumes *strict-mono* α
 and *strict-sorted* ($\text{map } (\text{suffix } s) xs$)
 shows *strict-sorted* ($\text{map } (\text{suffix } (\text{map } \alpha s)) xs$)
proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)
 fix $i j$
 assume $i < j \ j < \text{length } xs$
 with *sorted-wrt-nth-less*[*OF assms(2)*]
 have $\text{suffix } s (xs ! i) < \text{suffix } s (xs ! j)$
 by *auto*
 then show $\text{suffix } (\text{map } \alpha s) (xs ! i) < \text{suffix } (\text{map } \alpha s) (xs ! j)$
 by (*metis assms(1) strict-mono-list-less-map suffix-map*)
 qed

lemma *ordlist-strict-mono-on-strict-sorted-2*:
 assumes *strict-mono-on* A α
 and $\text{set } s \subseteq A$
 and *strict-sorted* ($\text{map } (\text{suffix } s) xs$)
 shows *strict-sorted* ($\text{map } (\text{suffix } (\text{map } \alpha s)) xs$)
proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)
 fix $i j$
 assume $i < j \ j < \text{length } xs$
 with *sorted-wrt-nth-less*[*OF assms(3)*]
 have $\text{suffix } s (xs ! i) < \text{suffix } s (xs ! j)$
 by *auto*
moreover
 have $\text{set } (\text{suffix } s (xs ! i)) \subseteq A$
 by (*meson assms(2) dual-order.trans set-suffix-subset*)
moreover
 have $\text{set } (\text{suffix } s (xs ! j)) \subseteq A$
 by (*meson assms(2) dual-order.trans set-suffix-subset*)
ultimately show $\text{suffix } (\text{map } \alpha s) (xs ! i) < \text{suffix } (\text{map } \alpha s) (xs ! j)$
 using *strict-mono-on-list-less-map*[*OF assms(1)*]
 by (*metis suffix-map*)
 qed

lemma *valid-list-ordlist-ordlistns-strict-sorted-eq*:
 assumes *valid-list* T
 and $\text{set } xs \subseteq \{0..<\text{length } T\}$
 shows *ordlistns.strict-sorted* ($\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) xs$) \longleftrightarrow
 strict-sorted ($\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) xs$)
using *assms*
proof (*safe*)

```

assume A: valid-list T and
  B: set xs ⊆ {0..<length T} and
  C: sorted-wrt list-less-ns (map (suffix T) xs)
show sorted-wrt (<) (map (suffix T) xs)
proof (intro sorted-wrt-mapI)
  fix i j
  assume i < j j < length xs
  with sorted-wrt-nth-less[OF C <i < j>]
  have R1: list-less-ns (suffix T (xs ! i)) (suffix T (xs ! j))
    by auto

  from B <i < j> <j < length xs>
  have xs ! i < length T
    by (meson atLeastLessThan-iff less-trans nth-mem subsetD)
  with valid-suffix[OF A]
  have R2: valid-list (suffix T (xs ! i))
    by simp

  from B <j < length xs>
  have xs ! j < length T
    by (meson atLeastLessThan-iff less-trans nth-mem subsetD)
  with valid-suffix[OF A]
  have R3: valid-list (suffix T (xs ! j))
    by simp

  from R1 valid-list-list-less-equiv-list-less-ns[OF R2 R3]
  show suffix T (xs ! i) < suffix T (xs ! j)
    by simp
qed
next
assume A: valid-list T and
  B: set xs ⊆ {0..<length T} and
  C: sorted-wrt (<) (map (suffix T) xs)
show sorted-wrt list-less-ns (map (suffix T) xs)
proof (intro sorted-wrt-mapI)
  fix i j
  assume i < j j < length xs
  with sorted-wrt-nth-less[OF C <i < j>]
  have R1: suffix T (xs ! i) < suffix T (xs ! j)
    by auto

  from B <i < j> <j < length xs>
  have xs ! i < length T
    by (meson atLeastLessThan-iff less-trans nth-mem subsetD)
  with valid-suffix[OF A]
  have R2: valid-list (suffix T (xs ! i))
    by simp

  from B <j < length xs>

```

```

have xs ! j < length T
  by (meson atLeastLessThan-iff less-trans nth-mem subsetD)
with valid-suffix[OF A]
have R3: valid-list (suffix T (xs ! j))
  by simp

from R1 valid-list-list-less-equiv-list-less-ns[OF R2 R3]
show list-less-ns (suffix T (xs ! i)) (suffix T (xs ! j))
  by simp
qed
qed

lemma Min-valid-suffix:
  assumes valid-list T
  and length T = Suc n
shows ordlistns.Min {suffix T i | i. i < length T} = suffix T n
proof -
  from assms
  have suffix T n = [bot]
    by (metis add-diff-cancel-left' butlast-snoc length-butlast lessI list-slice-n-n
      nth-append-length plus-1-eq-Suc suffix-cons-Suc suffix-eq-list-slice valid-list-ex-def)

  have  $\forall i < n. (suffix T i) ! 0 \neq bot$ 
    by (metis add-diff-cancel-left' assms last-suffix-index less-SucI list.sel(1) nat-neq-iff
      nth-Cons-0 plus-1-eq-Suc suffix-cons-Suc)
  hence A:  $\forall i < n. bot < (suffix T i) ! 0$ 
    using bot.not-eq-extremum by blast

  have B:  $\forall i < length T. length (suffix T i) > 0$ 
    by auto

  show ?thesis
  proof (intro ordlistns.Min-eqI conjI)
    show finite {suffix T i | i. i < length T}
      by simp
    next
    fix ys
    assume ys  $\in$  {suffix T i | i. i < length T}
    hence  $\exists i < length T. ys = suffix T i$ 
      by blast
    then obtain i where
      i < length T
      ys = suffix T i
      by blast

    with  $\langle ys = suffix T i \rangle$ 
    have R1:  $i = n \implies list-less-eq-ns (suffix T n) ys$ 
      by simp

```

```

from  $\langle i < \text{length } T \rangle \text{ assms}(2)$ 
have  $R2-1: i \neq n \implies i < n$ 
  by linarith

from  $A \langle \text{suffix } T \ n = [\text{bot}] \rangle \langle i < \text{length } T \rangle \langle \text{ys} = \text{suffix } T \ i \rangle$ 
have  $R2-2: i < n \implies \text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{suffix } T \ n) \ \text{ys}$ 
  by (metis list-less-ns-cons-diff nth-Cons-0 ordlistns.less-imp-le suffix-cons-ex)

from  $R1 \ R2-2[OF \ R2-1]$ 
show  $\text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{suffix } T \ n) \ \text{ys}$ 
  by blast
next
  show  $\text{suffix } T \ n \in \{\text{suffix } T \ i \mid i. i < \text{length } T\}$ 
  using  $\text{assms}(2)$  by auto
qed
qed

end
theory Prefix
  imports Main
begin

```

35 Prefix Definition

```

abbreviation  $\text{prefix} :: 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list}$ 
  where
   $\text{prefix } xs \ i \equiv \text{take } i \ xs$ 

```

```

lemma prefix-neq:
  assumes  $i < \text{length } s$ 
  and  $j < \text{length } s$ 
  and  $i \neq j$ 
shows  $\text{prefix } s \ i \neq \text{prefix } s \ j$ 
  by (metis assms length-take less-imp-le min-absorb2)

```

```

lemma not-prefix-app:
   $(\forall k. s1 \neq \text{prefix } s2 \ k) \longleftrightarrow (\forall xs. s2 \neq s1 \ @ \ xs)$ 
  by (metis append-eq-conv-conj append-take-drop-id)

```

```

lemma not-prefix-imp-not-nil:
   $\forall k. s1 \neq \text{prefix } s2 \ k \implies s1 \neq []$ 
  by (metis take0)

```

```

end
theory Prefix-Util
  imports Prefix ../order/Suffix-Util
begin

```

```

lemma prefix-suffix-not-suffix:

```

```

assumes valid-list s
and  $i < \text{length } s$ 
and  $j < \text{length } s$ 
and  $i \neq j$ 
shows  $\neg(\exists k. \text{prefix } (\text{suffix } s \ i) \ k = \text{suffix } s \ j)$ 
using suffix-has-no-prefix-suffix assms
by (metis append-take-drop-id)

end
theory Suffix-Array
imports
  ../util/Sorting-Util
  ../order/List-Lexorder-Util
  ../order/Suffix
  ../order/Valid-List
  ../order/List-Permutation-Util
begin

```

36 Axiomatic Suffix Array Specification

```

locale Suffix-Array-General =
  fixes sa :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list
  assumes sa-g-permutation:  $sa \ s <\sim\sim> [0..\text{length } s]$ 
  and sa-g-sorted: strict-sorted (map (suffix s) (sa s))

locale Suffix-Array-Restricted =
  fixes sa :: nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list
  assumes sa-r-permutation: valid-list s  $\Longrightarrow$   $sa \ s <\sim\sim> [0..\text{length } s]$ 
  and sa-r-sorted: valid-list s  $\Longrightarrow$  strict-sorted (map (suffix s) (sa s))

```

37 Wrapper for Natural Number String only Algorithm

```

definition sa-nat-wrapper ::
  ('a :: linorder list  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat)  $\Rightarrow$  (nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list)  $\Rightarrow$  'a :: linorder list  $\Rightarrow$ 
  nat list
where
  sa-nat-wrapper  $\alpha$  sa xs =
  tl (sa ((map ( $\lambda x. \text{Suc } (\alpha \ xs \ x)$ ) xs) @ [bot]))

end
theory Suffix-Array-Properties
imports
  ../util/Fun-Util
  ../order/Suffix-Util
  Suffix-Array

begin

```


38 General Suffix Array Properties

context *Suffix-Array-General* **begin**

lemma *sa-length*:

length (sa s) = length s
by (*metis Suffix-Array-General-axioms Suffix-Array-General-def length-upt minus-nat.diff-0 perm-length*)

lemma *sa-distinct*:

distinct (sa s)
using *Suffix-Array-General.sa-g-permutation Suffix-Array-General-axioms perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff* **by** *blast*

lemma *sa-set-upt*:

*set (sa s) = {0..*length s*}*
using *Suffix-Array-General.sa-g-permutation Suffix-Array-General-axioms perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff* **by** *blast*

lemma *sa-nth-ex*:

i < length s $\implies \exists k < length s. sa s ! i = k$
by (*metis atLeastLessThan-iff nth-mem sa-length sa-set-upt*)

lemma *ex-sa-nth*:

k < length s $\implies \exists i < length s. sa s ! i = k$
by (*metis atLeast0LessThan in-set-conv-nth lessThan-iff sa-length sa-set-upt*)

end

lemma *Suffix-Array-General-determinism*:

assumes *Suffix-Array-General f*
and *Suffix-Array-General g*

shows *f = g*

proof

fix *s*

from *distinct-suffixes[OF Suffix-Array-General.sa-distinct[OF assms(1)], of s s]*
Suffix-Array-General.sa-set-upt[OF assms(1), of s]

have *distinct (map (suffix s) (f s))*
using *atLeastLessThan-iff* **by** *blast*

moreover

from *distinct-suffixes[OF Suffix-Array-General.sa-distinct[OF assms(2)], of s s]*
Suffix-Array-General.sa-set-upt[OF assms(2), of s]

have *distinct (map (suffix s) (g s))*
using *atLeastLessThan-iff* **by** *blast*

moreover

from *Suffix-Array-General.sa-set-upt[OF assms(1), of s]*
Suffix-Array-General.sa-set-upt[OF assms(2), of s]

have *set (map (suffix s) (f s)) = set (map (suffix s) (g s))*

by *simp*
ultimately have $\text{map } (\text{suffix } s) (f s) = \text{map } (\text{suffix } s) (g s)$
using *strict-sorted-distinct-set-unique*
 OF Suffix-Array-General.sa-g-sorted[of f, OF assms(1)] -
 Suffix-Array-General.sa-g-sorted[of g, OF assms(2)],
 of s s]
 by *blast*
moreover
from *Suffix-Array-General.sa-set-upt[OF assms(1), of s]*
 Suffix-Array-General.sa-set-upt[OF assms(2), of s]
have *inj-on (suffix s) (set (f s) \cup set (g s))*
 by (*simp add: inj-on-def suffix-eq-index*)
ultimately show $f s = g s$
 using *map-inj-on[of suffix s f s g s]*
 by *blast*
qed

39 Properties of Suffix Arrays on Valid Lists

lemma *valid-list-bot-min:*
 assumes *valid-list (s @ [bot])*
 and $sa (s @ [bot]) < \sim \sim > [0..<length (s @ [bot])]$
 and *strict-sorted (map (suffix (s @ [bot])) (sa (s @ [bot])))*
shows $\exists xs. sa (s @ [bot]) = length s \# xs$
proof –
 have $\text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) (length s) = [bot]$
 by *simp*

 have $P: \forall i < length s. \text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) (length s) < \text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) i$
 proof(*safe*)
 fix i
 assume $i < length s$
 have $\exists a as. \text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) i = a \# as \wedge a \neq bot$
 by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc <i < length s> assms(1) butlast-snoc length-append-singleton*
 less-SucI nth-butlast valid-list-ex-def)
 then obtain $a as$ **where**
 $\text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) i = a \# as \wedge a \neq bot$
 by *blast*
 moreover
 from $\langle \text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) (length s) = [bot] \rangle$
 have $\text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) (length s) = bot \# []$
 by *simp*
 ultimately show $\text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) (length s) < \text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) i$
 by (*simp add: bot.not-eq-extremum*)
 qed

 have $Min (set (map (suffix (s @ [bot])) (sa (s @ [bot])))$
 $= \text{suffix } (s @ [bot]) (length s)$
 proof (*intro Min-eqI*)

```

show finite (set (map (suffix (s @ [bot])) (sa (s @ [bot]))))
  by blast
next
fix y
assume y ∈ set (map (suffix (s @ [bot])) (sa (s @ [bot])))
with set-perm-upt[OF assms(2)]
have ∃ i < length (s @ [bot]). y = suffix (s @ [bot]) i
  by auto
then obtain i where
  i < length (s @ [bot])
  y = suffix (s @ [bot]) i
  by blast
hence i < length s ∨ i = length s
  by (simp add: less-Suc-eq)
moreover
have i < length s ⇒ suffix (s @ [bot]) (length s) < y
  using P ⟨y = suffix (s @ [bot]) i⟩ dual-order.strict-iff-order by blast
moreover
have i = length s ⇒ suffix (s @ [bot]) (length s) ≤ y
  by (simp add: ⟨y = suffix (s @ [bot]) i⟩)
ultimately show suffix (s @ [bot]) (length s) ≤ y
  using nless-le by blast
next
from assms
have length s ∈ set (sa (s @ [bot]))
  by (metis ex-perm-nth length-append-singleton lessI nth-mem perm-upt-length)
then show suffix (s @ [bot]) (length s) ∈ set (map (suffix (s @ [bot])) (sa (s @
[bot])))
  by force
qed
hence map (suffix (s @ [bot])) (sa (s @ [bot])) ! 0 = suffix (s @ [bot]) (length s)
  using assms(2,3) strict-sorted-Min by fastforce
hence suffix (s @ [bot]) ((sa (s @ [bot])) ! 0) = suffix (s @ [bot]) (length s)
  by (metis assms(1,2) nth-map perm-upt-length valid-list-length)
hence (sa (s @ [bot])) ! 0 = length s
  by (metis Suc-le-eq ⟨suffix (s @ [bot]) (length s) = [bot]⟩ assms(1) drop-all
last-suffix-index
list.distinct(1) list.sel(1) not-less-eq-eq)
then show ?thesis
  by (metis append-eq-Cons-conv assms(1,2) id-take-nth-drop perm-upt-length
take0
valid-list-length)
qed

lemma valid-list-bot-perm:
assumes valid-list (s @ [bot])
and sa (s @ [bot]) <~> [0..<length (s @ [bot])]
and strict-sorted (map (suffix (s @ [bot])) (sa (s @ [bot])))
shows ∃ xs. sa (s @ [bot]) = length s # xs ∧ xs <~> [0..<length s]

```

proof –
from *valid-list-bot-min*[*OF* *assms*(1), *of* *sa*, *OF* *assms*(2,3)]
obtain *xs* **where**
 sa (*s* @ [*bot*]) = *length s* # *xs*
 by *blast*
with *assms*(2)
have *length s* # *xs* <~~> [*0*..*length (s* @ [*bot*])] **by** *simp*
then show *?thesis*
 by (*metis* <*sa* (*s* @ [*bot*]) = *length s* # *xs*> *assms*(1) *length-append-singleton*
less-Suc-eq-le *perm-append2-eq* *perm-append-single* *upt-Suc* *valid-list-length*)
qed

lemma *valid-list-bot-perm-sort*:
assumes *valid-list* (*s* @ [*bot*])
and *sa* (*s* @ [*bot*]) <~~> [*0*..*length (s* @ [*bot*])] **and** *strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* (*s* @ [*bot*])) (*sa* (*s* @ [*bot*])))
shows $\exists xs. sa (s @ [bot]) = length s \# xs \wedge xs <~~> [0..length s] \wedge$
 strict-sorted (*map* (*suffix* *s*) *xs*)

proof –
from *valid-list-bot-perm*[*OF* *assms*(1), *of* *sa*, *OF* *assms*(2,3)]
obtain *xs* **where**
 sa (*s* @ [*bot*]) = *length s* # *xs*
 xs <~~> [*0*..*length s*]
 by *blast*
with *assms*(3)
have *strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* (*s* @ [*bot*])) (*length s* # *xs*))
 by *simp*
hence *strict-sorted* ((*suffix* (*s* @ [*bot*]) (*length s*)) # *map* (*suffix* (*s* @ [*bot*])) *xs*)
 by *simp*
hence *P*: *strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* (*s* @ [*bot*])) *xs*)
 using *strict-sorted-simps*(2) **by** *blast*

have *strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* *s*) *xs*)
proof (*intro* *sorted-wrt-mapI*)
 fix *i j*
 assume *i* < *j* < *length xs*
 with *sorted-wrt-nth-less*[*OF* *P*, *of* *i j*]
 have *suffix* (*s* @ [*bot*]) (*xs* ! *i*) < *suffix* (*s* @ [*bot*]) (*xs* ! *j*)
 by *auto*
 moreover
 have *xs* ! *i* < *length s*
 using <*i* < *j*> <*j* < *length xs*> <*xs* <~~> [*0*..*length s*]> *perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff*
by *auto*
 hence *suffix* (*s* @ [*bot*]) (*xs* ! *i*) = *suffix* *s* (*xs* ! *i*) @ [*bot*]
 using *suffix-app* **by** *blast*
 moreover
 have *xs* ! *j* < *length s*

```

    using ⟨j < length xs⟩ ⟨xs <~~> [0..<length s]⟩ perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff
  by auto
  hence suffix (s @ [bot]) (xs ! j) = suffix s (xs ! j) @ [bot]
    using suffix-app by blast
  moreover
  have valid-list (suffix s (xs ! i) @ [bot])
    using ⟨xs ! i < length s⟩ assms valid-suffix by fastforce
  moreover
  have valid-list (suffix s (xs ! j) @ [bot])
    using ⟨xs ! j < length s⟩ assms valid-suffix by fastforce
  ultimately show suffix s (xs ! i) < suffix s (xs ! j)
    by (simp add: valid-list-list-less-imp)
  qed
  with ⟨sa (s @ [bot]) = length s # xs⟩ ⟨xs <~~> [0..<length s]⟩
  show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed

```

```

theorem Suffix-Array-Restricted-valid-list-bot-perm-sort:
  assumes valid-list (s @ [bot])
  and Suffix-Array-Restricted sa
  shows ∃ xs. sa (s @ [bot]) = length s # xs ∧ xs <~~> [0..<length s] ∧
    strict-sorted (map (suffix s) xs)
  proof (rule valid-list-bot-perm-sort[OF assms(1)])
  from assms
  show sa (s @ [bot]) <~~> [0..<length (s @ [bot])]]
    using Suffix-Array-Restricted-def by blast
  next
  from assms
  show strict-sorted (map (suffix (s @ [bot])) (sa (s @ [bot])))
    using Suffix-Array-Restricted-def by blast
  qed

```

```

lemma Suffix-Array-Restricted-wrapper-permutation:
  assumes Linorder-to-Nat-List α s
  and Suffix-Array-Restricted sa
  shows sa-nat-wrapper α sa s <~~> [0..<length s]
  proof –
  let ?α = α s
  let ?f = λx. Suc (?α x)
  let ?s = map ?f s

  have valid-list (?s @ [bot])
    using valid-list-Suc-mapping by blast
  with Suffix-Array-Restricted-valid-list-bot-perm-sort[OF - ⟨Suffix-Array-Restricted
  -⟩]
  obtain xs where
    sa (?s @ [bot]) = length ?s # xs
    xs <~~> [0..<length ?s]

```

$strict\text{-}sorted (map (suffix ?s) xs)$
by *blast*
then show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: sa-nat-wrapper-def*)
qed

lemma *Suffix-Array-Restricted-wrapper-sorted:*
assumes *Linorder-to-Nat-List α s*
and *Suffix-Array-Restricted sa*
shows $strict\text{-}sorted (map (suffix s) (sa\text{-}nat\text{-}wrapper\ \alpha\ sa\ s))$
proof –
let $?\alpha = \alpha\ s$
let $?f = \lambda x. Suc\ (? \alpha\ x)$
let $?s = map\ ?f\ s$

have $valid\text{-}list\ (?s\ @\ [bot])$
using *valid-list-Suc-mapping* **by** *blast*
with *Suffix-Array-Restricted-valid-list-bot-perm-sort[OF - (Suffix-Array-Restricted ->)]*
obtain xs **where** $A:$
 $sa\ (?s\ @\ [bot]) = length\ ?s\ \# \ xs$
 $xs\ <\sim\sim> [0..<length\ ?s]$
 $strict\text{-}sorted (map (suffix ?s) xs)$
by *blast*
hence $xs\ <\sim\sim> [0..<length\ s]$
by *simp*
with *ordlist-strict-mono-on-strict-sorted-1[*
 $OF\ Linorder\text{-}to\text{-}Nat\text{-}List.strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on\text{-}Suc\text{-}map\text{-}to\text{-}nat[OF\ assms(1)] -$
 $A(3)]$
show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: A(1) sa-nat-wrapper-def*)
qed

40 Equivalence

lemma *Suffix-Array-General-imp-Restrict:*
 $Suffix\text{-}Array\text{-}General\ sa\text{-}nat \implies Suffix\text{-}Array\text{-}Restricted\ sa\text{-}nat$
using *Suffix-Array-General-def Suffix-Array-Restricted.intro* **by** *blast*

interpretation *Linorder-to-Nat-List map-to-nat*
proof
show $strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on (set\ xs) (map\text{-}to\text{-}nat\ xs)$
by (*simp add: map-to-nat-strict-mono-on*)
qed

lemma *Suffix-Array-Restricted-imp-General:*
 $Suffix\text{-}Array\text{-}Restricted\ sa \implies Suffix\text{-}Array\text{-}General (sa\text{-}nat\text{-}wrapper\ map\text{-}to\text{-}nat\ sa)$
using *Linorder-to-Nat-List-axioms Suffix-Array-General-def*

Suffix-Array-Restricted-wrapper-permutation Suffix-Array-Restricted-wrapper-sorted
by *blast*

lemma *Suffix-Array-General-Restrict-determinism:*

assumes *Suffix-Array-Restricted f*

and *Suffix-Array-General g*

shows *sa-nat-wrapper map-to-nat f = g*

by (*simp add: Suffix-Array-General-determinism Suffix-Array-Restricted-imp-General assms*)

end

theory *Simple-SACA*

imports

../order/Suffix

../order/List-Lexorder-Util

begin

fun *gen-suffixes* :: (*'a* :: {*linorder, order-bot*}) *list* \Rightarrow *'a list list*

where

gen-suffixes s = map (suffix s) [0..(length s)*]*

fun *suffix-ids* :: (*'a* :: {*linorder, order-bot*}) *list* \Rightarrow *'a list list* \Rightarrow *nat list*

where

suffix-ids s ss = map ($\lambda x. \text{length } s - \text{length } x$) ss

fun *simple-saca* :: (*'a* :: {*linorder, order-bot*}) *list* \Rightarrow *nat list*

where

simple-saca s = suffix-ids s (sort (gen-suffixes s))

end

theory *Simple-SACA-Verification*

imports

Simple-SACA

../spec/Suffix-Array

begin

lemma *suf-length-app:*

i < length xs \implies length (suffix (xs @ ys) i) = length (suffix xs i) + length ys

apply (*induct xs*)

apply *simp*

apply *simp*

done

lemma *distinct-natlist-add:*

distinct (xs :: nat list) \implies distinct (map ((+) n) xs)

apply (*induct xs arbitrary: n*)

apply *simp*

apply *clarsimp*

done

lemma *nat-minus-cancel-right*:

```
[[ $(x :: \text{nat}) \leq n; y \leq n; n - x = n - y$ ]  $\implies x = y$ ]  
apply (subst (asm) le-imp-diff-is-add, simp)  
apply (subst (asm) add.commute)  
apply (subst (asm) add-diff-assoc, simp)  
apply (subst (asm) add.commute)  
apply (drule sym)  
apply (subst (asm) Nat.le-imp-diff-is-add, simp)  
apply clarsimp  
done
```

lemma *distinct-natlist-sub*:

```
[[ $\text{distinct } (xs :: \text{nat list}); \forall x \in \text{set } xs. x \leq n$ ]  $\implies \text{distinct } (\text{map } ((-) n) xs)$ ]  
by (meson distinct-map inj-onI nat-minus-cancel-right)
```

lemma *map-suf-app*:

```
 $n \leq \text{length } xs \implies$   
   $\text{map } (\text{length } \circ \text{suffix } (xs @ ys)) [0..<n] = \text{map } ((+) (\text{length } ys)) (\text{map } (\text{length}$   
   $\circ \text{suffix } xs) [0..<n])$   
apply (induct xs)  
  apply simp  
  apply clarsimp  
  apply (subst add.commute)  
  apply simp  
done
```

lemma *distinct-map-length-gen-suffixes*:

```
distinct (map length (gen-suffixes s))  
apply (induct s rule: rev-induct)  
  apply simp  
  apply (simp only: gen-suffixes.simps map-map length-append)  
  apply (subst upt-add-eq-append; simp only: map-append)  
  apply (subst map-suf-app; simp only: distinct-append)  
  apply (rule conjI)  
  apply (rule distinct-natlist-add; simp)  
  apply (rule conjI; clarsimp)  
done
```

lemma *different-length-different-list*:

```
length a  $\notin$  length ' set xs  $\implies a \notin$  set xs  
apply blast  
done
```

lemma *distinct-map-length-sort*:

```
distinct (map length xs)  $\implies$  distinct (map length (sort xs))  
apply (induct xs)  
  apply simp  
  apply clarsimp
```



```

apply (rule card-distinct)
apply simp
apply (drule distinct-card)
apply clarsimp
apply (frule different-length-different-list)
apply (subst insert-insert-insert[symmetric]; simp)
apply (subst set-insert-insert)
apply simp
done

```

```

lemma suffix-ids-def':
  suffix-ids s xs = map (((-) (length s)) o length) xs
apply simp
done

```

```

lemma distinct-simple-saca:
  distinct (simple-saca s)
apply (subst simple-saca.simps)
apply (subst suffix-ids-def')
apply (subst map-map[symmetric])
apply (rule distinct-natlist-sub)
apply (rule distinct-map-length-sort[OF distinct-map-length-gen-suffixes])
apply clarsimp
done

```

```

lemma suf-suffix-id-suf:
  i < length s  $\implies$  suffix s (length s - length (suffix s i)) = suffix s i
apply (induct s arbitrary: i)
apply simp
apply clarsimp
done

```

```

lemma in-set-ordlist-sort:
  (x  $\in$  set xs) = (x  $\in$  set (sort xs))
by simp

```

```

lemma ordlist-sort-conv-nth:
  ( $\exists i < \text{length } xs. xs ! i = x$ ) = ( $\exists i < \text{length } xs. (\text{sort } xs) ! i = x$ )
by (metis in-set-conv-nth length-sort set-sort)

```

```

lemma ordlist-sort-nth-before:
   $\llbracket i < \text{length } xs; (\text{sort } xs) ! i = x \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $\exists j < \text{length } xs. xs ! j = x$ 
apply (subst ordlist-sort-conv-nth)
apply blast
done

```

```

lemma suf-sort-suf-nth:
  i < length s  $\implies$ 

```

```

suffix s (length s - length ((sort (gen-suffixes s) ! i)) =
sort (gen-suffixes s) ! i
proof -
  assume  $i < \text{length } s$ 

  have  $\exists x. \text{sort } (gen\text{-suffixes } s) ! i = x$ 
    by blast
  then obtain  $x$  where
     $\text{sort } (gen\text{-suffixes } s) ! i = x$ 
    by blast
  with ordlist-sort-nth-before[of  $i$   $gen\text{-suffixes } s$   $x$ ]
  have  $\exists j < \text{length } (gen\text{-suffixes } s). gen\text{-suffixes } s ! j = x$ 
    by (simp add:  $\langle i < \text{length } s \rangle$ )
  then obtain  $j$  where
     $j < \text{length } (gen\text{-suffixes } s)$ 
     $gen\text{-suffixes } s ! j = x$ 
    by blast
  hence  $\text{sort } (gen\text{-suffixes } s) ! i = gen\text{-suffixes } s ! j$ 
    using  $\langle \text{sort } (gen\text{-suffixes } s) ! i = x \rangle$  by blast
  moreover
  have  $j < \text{length } s$ 
    using  $\langle j < \text{length } (gen\text{-suffixes } s) \rangle$  by auto
  hence  $gen\text{-suffixes } s ! j = \text{suffix } s j$ 
    by simp
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (metis  $\langle j < \text{length } s \rangle$  suf-suffix-id-suf)
qed

```

```

lemma map-suf-simple-saca:
   $\text{map } (\text{suffix } s) (\text{simple-saca } s) = \text{sort } (gen\text{-suffixes } s)$ 
  apply (simp only: simple-saca.simps suffix-ids.simps)
  apply (subst list-eq-iff-nth-eq)
  apply (rule conjI)
  apply simp
  apply (clarsimp simp del: gen-suffixes.simps)
  apply (rule suf-sort-suf-nth; simp)
  done

```

interpretation simple-saca: Suffix-Array-General simple-saca

```

proof
  fix  $s :: ('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\}) \text{ list}$ 

  show  $\text{simple-saca } s <\sim\sim> [0..\text{length } s]$ 
  proof -
    have  $\text{set } (\text{simple-saca } s) = \{0..\text{length } s\}$ 
      by force
    with perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff[THEN iffD2, OF conjI, OF distinct-simple-saca]
    show ?thesis

```

```

    by blast
qed

show strict-sorted (map (suffix s) (simple-saca s))
proof -
  from ‹simple-saca s <~~> [0..<length s]›
  have set (simple-saca s) = {0..<length s}
    using perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff by blast
  hence  $\forall x \in \text{set (simple-saca s)}. x < \text{length } s$ 
    using atLeastLessThan-iff by blast
  with distinct-simple-saca distinct-suffixes
  have distinct (map (suffix s) (simple-saca s))
    by blast

  have sorted (map (suffix s) (simple-saca s))
    by (metis map-suf-simple-saca sorted-sort)
  with ‹distinct (map (suffix s) (simple-saca s))› show ?thesis
    using strict-sorted-iff by blast
qed
qed

end
theory List-Type
  imports
    ../util/Nat-Util
    ../util/Set-Util
    ../util/Fun-Util
    ../util/List-Util
    ../order/Suffix-Util
    ../order/Valid-List-Util
    ../spec/Suffix-Array-Properties
begin

```

This theory file contains the background theory for the SAIS algorithm (Nong et al., DCC 2009), which is essentially an optimisation of the KA algorithm (Ko et al, JDA 2005).

41 Small and Large List Types

```
datatype SL-types = S-type | L-type
```

This section contains a generalisation of the suffix types to sequences of any type and any element comparison function that satisfies certain properties given the theorem. Typical constraints involve either one or a combination of *totalp-on*, *irreflp-on*, *transp-on* and *asym-p-on*.

definition

```
list-type :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  SL-types
where
```

$list\text{-}type\ cmp\ xs =$
 (if $nslexordp\ cmp\ xs\ (suffix\ xs\ (Suc\ 0))$
 then $S\text{-}type$
 else $L\text{-}type$)

lemma *list-type-cons-same*:

$\llbracket irreflp\text{-}on\ A\ cmp; x \in A \rrbracket \implies list\text{-}type\ cmp\ (x \# x \# xs) = list\text{-}type\ cmp\ (x \# xs)$
by (*clarsimp simp: list-type-def irreflp-onD*)

lemma *list-type-nil*:

$list\text{-}type\ cmp\ [] = L\text{-}type$
by (*clarsimp simp: list-type-def nslexordp-def*)

lemma *list-type-singleton*:

$list\text{-}type\ cmp\ [x] = S\text{-}type$
by (*simp add: nslexordp-def list-type-def*)

lemma *list-type-s-type-eq*:

$list\text{-}type\ cmp\ xs = S\text{-}type \iff nslexordp\ cmp\ xs\ (suffix\ xs\ (Suc\ 0))$
by (*simp add: list-type-def*)

lemma *list-type-l-type-eq*:

$list\text{-}type\ cmp\ xs = L\text{-}type \iff \neg nslexordp\ cmp\ xs\ (suffix\ xs\ (Suc\ 0))$
by (*simp add: list-type-def*)

lemma *list-type-cons-diff1*:

$cmp\ x\ y \implies list\text{-}type\ cmp\ (x \# y \# xs) = S\text{-}type$
by (*simp add: list-type-s-type-eq*)

lemma *list-type-cons-diff2*:

$\llbracket \neg cmp\ x\ y; x \neq y \rrbracket \implies list\text{-}type\ cmp\ (x \# y \# xs) = L\text{-}type$
by (*clarsimp simp add: list-type-l-type-eq*)

lemma *list-type-s-neq-nil*:

$list\text{-}type\ cmp\ xs = S\text{-}type \implies xs \neq []$
by (*metis SL-types.simps(2) list-type-nil*)

lemma *list-type-s-hd-cmp*:

$list\text{-}type\ cmp\ (x \# y \# xs) = S\text{-}type \implies cmp\ x\ y \vee x = y$
by (*metis SL-types.simps(2) list-type-cons-diff2*)

lemma *list-type-l-hd-cmp*:

$list\text{-}type\ cmp\ (x \# y \# xs) = L\text{-}type \implies \neg cmp\ x\ y \vee x = y$
by (*metis SL-types.simps(2) list-type-cons-diff1*)

lemma *list-type-repl*:

$\llbracket irreflp\text{-}on\ A\ cmp; x \in A; set\ xs = \{x\} \rrbracket \implies list\text{-}type\ cmp\ (x \# xs) = S\text{-}type$
apply (*induct xs; simp add: list-type-cons-same*)

using *list-type-singleton subset-singletonD* by *fastforce*

lemma *list-type-s-ex*:

assumes *list-type cmp* ($x \# xs$) = *S-type*

shows $(\forall a \in \text{set } xs. a = x) \vee (\exists b \text{ as } bs. x \# xs = \text{as} @ x \# b \# bs \wedge \text{cmp } x b \wedge (\forall k \in \text{set } as. k = x))$

proof –

from *list-type-s-type-eq*[*THEN iffD1*, *OF assms(1)*]

have *nslexordp cmp* ($x \# xs$) *xs*

by *simp*

with *nslexordp-cons2-exE*[*of cmp x xs*]

show *?thesis*

by *blast*

qed

lemma *list-type-l-type-ex*:

assumes *list-type cmp* ($x \# xs$) = *L-type*

and *totalp-on A cmp*

and $x \in A$

and $\text{set } xs \subseteq A$

shows $\exists b \text{ as } bs. x \# xs = \text{as} @ x \# b \# bs \wedge \text{cmp } b x \wedge (\forall k \in \text{set } as. k = x)$

proof –

from *list-type-l-type-eq*[*THEN iffD1*, *OF assms(1)*]

have $\neg \text{nslexordp cmp}$ ($x \# xs$) *xs*

by *simp*

moreover

have $x \# xs \neq xs$

by *fastforce*

ultimately have *nslexordp cmp xs* ($x \# xs$)

using *totalp-onD*[*OF nslexordp-totalp-on*[*OF assms(2)*]]

by (*metis assms(3,4) insert-subset list.simps(15) mem-Collect-eq*)

with *nslexordp-cons1-exE*[*of cmp xs x*]

show *?thesis*

by *blast*

qed

theorem *l-less-than-s-type-list-type*:

assumes *list-type cmp* ($a \# s1$) = *S-type*

and *list-type cmp* ($a \# s2$) = *L-type*

and *totalp-on A cmp*

and *transp-on A cmp*

and $a \in A$

and $\text{set } s1 \subseteq A$

and $\text{set } s2 \subseteq A$

shows *nslexordp cmp* ($a \# s2$) ($a \# s1$)

proof –

from *list-type-l-type-ex*[*OF assms(2,3,5,7)*]

obtain *b as bs* **where**

$a \# s2 = \text{as} @ a \# b \# bs$

$cmp\ b\ a$
 $\forall k \in set\ as.\ k = a$
by *blast*
hence $S2: a \# s2 = replicate\ (length\ as)\ a\ @\ a \# b \# bs$
by (*simp add: replicate-length-same*)

let $?c1 = \forall x \in set\ s1.\ x = a$
and $?c2 = \exists d\ cs\ ds.\ a \# s1 = cs\ @\ a \# d \# ds \wedge cmp\ a\ d \wedge (\forall k \in set\ cs.\ k = a)$

from *list-type-s-ex[OF assms(1)]*
have $?c1 \vee ?c2$
by *blast*
moreover
have $?c1 \implies ?thesis$

proof –
assume $?c1$

have $length\ s1 \leq length\ as \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $length\ s1 \leq length\ as$
have $a \# s1 = replicate\ (length\ s1)\ a\ @\ [a]$
by (*metis <?c1> replicate-append-same replicate-length-same*)
hence $\exists es.\ replicate\ (length\ as)\ a\ @\ [a] = a \# s1\ @\ es$
by (*metis <length s1 ≤ length as> le-add-diff-inverse list.simps(1) replicate-add replicate-append-same*)
then show $?thesis$
by (*metis S2 SL-types.simps(2) append.assoc append.right-neutral assms(1) assms(2) list.sel(3) neq-Nil-conv nslexordpI2 nslexordp-cons-cons replicate-app-Cons-same*)

qed
moreover
have $length\ s1 > length\ as \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $length\ s1 > length\ as$
hence $\exists es.\ s1 = replicate\ (length\ as)\ a\ @\ a \# es$
by (*metis <?c1> add-Suc-right less-iff-Suc-add replicate-Suc replicate-add replicate-length-same*)
then obtain es **where**
 $s1 = replicate\ (length\ as)\ a\ @\ a \# es$
by *blast*
hence $S1: a \# s1 = replicate\ (length\ as)\ a\ @\ a \# a \# es$
by (*simp add: replicate-app-Cons-same*)
then show $?thesis$
by (*metis S2 <cmp b a> nslexordpI1 nslexordp-cons-cons replicate-app-Cons-same*)

qed
ultimately show $?thesis$
by *linarith*

qed
moreover
have $?c2 \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $?c2$
 then obtain $d\ cs\ ds$ **where**
 $a \# s1 = cs @ a \# d \# ds$
 $cmp\ a\ d$
 $\forall k \in set\ cs.\ k = a$
 by *blast*
 hence $S1: a \# s1 = replicate\ (length\ cs)\ a @ a \# d \# ds$
 by (*simp add: replicate-length-same*)

 from *transp-onD[OF assms(4) - assms(5) - ⟨cmp b a⟩ ⟨cmp a d⟩]*
 have $cmp\ b\ d$
 by (*metis S1 S2 add-diff-cancel-left' assms(6,7) length-Cons length-append less-Suc-eq-le list.simps(1) nth-append-length nth-mem replicate-app-Cons-same subsetD zero-le zero-less-diff*)
 hence $length\ cs = length\ as \implies ?thesis$
 by (*metis S1 S2 nslexordP1 nslexordp-cons-cons replicate-app-Cons-same*)
moreover
have $length\ as < length\ cs \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $length\ as < length\ cs$
 hence $\exists es.\ replicate\ (length\ cs)\ a = replicate\ (length\ as)\ a @ a \# es \wedge$
 $(\forall k \in set\ es.\ k = a)$
 by (*metis (no-types, lifting) Cons-nth-drop-Suc S1 ⟨a # s1 = cs @ a # d # ds⟩ add-Suc-right add-diff-cancel-left' append-same-eq drop-replicate in-set-replicate less-iff-Suc-add nth-mem replicate-add*)
 then obtain es **where**
 $replicate\ (length\ cs)\ a = replicate\ (length\ as)\ a @ a \# es$
 $\forall k \in set\ es.\ k = a$
 by *blast*
 then show $?thesis$
 by (*metis S1 S2 ⟨cmp b a⟩ append.assoc append-Cons nslexordP1 replicate-app-Cons-same*)
qed
moreover
have $length\ cs < length\ as \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $length\ cs < length\ as$
 hence $\exists es.\ replicate\ (length\ as)\ a = replicate\ (length\ cs)\ a @ a \# es \wedge$
 $(\forall k \in set\ es.\ k = a)$
 by (*metis (no-types, lifting) Cons-nth-drop-Suc S2 ⟨a # s2 = as @ a # b # bs⟩ add-Suc-right add-diff-cancel-left' append-same-eq drop-replicate*)

in-set-replicate less-iff-Suc-add nth-mem replicate-add)

then obtain *es* **where**
replicate (length as) a = replicate (length cs) a @ a # es
 $\forall k \in \text{set } es. k = a$
by *blast*
then show *?thesis*
by (*metis S1 S2 <cmp a d> append.assoc append-Cons nslexordpI1 replicate-app-Cons-same*)
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *linarith*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *list-type-cons-diff-type1*:
 $\llbracket \text{list-type cmp } (a \# b \# xs) = S\text{-type}; \text{list-type cmp } (b \# xs) = L\text{-type} \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{cmp } a \ b$
by (*simp add: list-type-l-type-eq list-type-s-type-eq*)

lemma *list-type-cons-diff-type2*:
 $\llbracket \text{list-type cmp } (a \# b \# xs) = L\text{-type}; \text{list-type cmp } (b \# xs) = S\text{-type} \rrbracket \implies$
 $\neg \text{cmp } a \ b \wedge a \neq b$
by (*simp add: list-type-l-type-eq list-type-s-type-eq*)

42 Suffix Type

This section contains the suffix type definition.

definition *suffix-type* :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow SL-types
where
suffix-type s i \equiv
(if list-less-ns (suffix s i) (suffix s (Suc i)) then S-type
else L-type)

lemma *suffix-type-list-type-eq*:
 $\text{suffix-type } xs \ i = \text{list-type } (<) \ (\text{suffix } xs \ i)$
by (*clarsimp simp: suffix-type-def list-type-def nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns*)

There are two types of suffixes (*SL-types*): *S-type* and *L-type*. An *S-type* suffix is a suffix that is strictly less than the suffix that occurs immediately after it, and an *L-type* suffix is a suffix that is strictly greater than the suffix that occurs immediately after it. The definition of less than used here is *list-less-ns*. Note that this definition of less than differs from lexicographical order (*list-less*, i.e. dictionary order, but it is equivalent when the both lists are valid (*valid-list*) as shown in $\llbracket \text{valid-list } ?s1.0; \text{valid-list } ?s2.0 \rrbracket \implies (?s1.0 < ?s2.0) = \text{list-less-ns } ?s1.0 \ ?s2.0$. There are three reasons for using the *list-less-ns* definition, and we explain in order of importance.

The first reason is that the original suffix types definition required a special case for the singleton suffix that only contains the sentinel symbol. While this special case makes sense in regards to the algorithms, i.e. it is necessary for the correctness of the algorithms, it does not naturally follow from the intuition of suffix types. In fact, it contradicts the intuitive definition that follows from the lexicographical order *list-less*. That is, a list that only consists of one element is always strictly greater than the empty list. With the alternate definition of less than *list-less-ns*, a proper prefix is always strictly greater, and so, a singleton list will always be strictly less than the empty list. Therefore, there is no need to have a special case for the singleton suffix that only contains the sentinel.

The second reason is that the SAIS algorithm uses a sublist order that depends on the suffix type definition (see Section SAIS Sublist Order). This definition is perfectly valid for the algorithm, since the ordering is only used for sublist of the same list. However, the ordering is not easily understandable when applied to arbitrary list, even though it is equivalent to *list-less-ns*, which we prove in a later section. As an ordering, *list-less-ns* is much easier to understand. It is also used within the definition of *suffix-type*. Therefore, it makes more sense to reuse *list-less-ns*, rather than having multiple definitions of the same thing.

The third reason is that the original suffix types definition does not handle the case where the suffix is not terminated by sentinel symbol. The reason for this is that it is assumed that all lists are terminated by the sentinel. This assumption is very important to the SAIS algorithm as it is central to its correctness argument. That being said, in terms of elegance and consistency, using *list-less-ns* requires the least amount of special cases.

42.1 General Suffix Type Simplifications

This section contains theorems that simplify the use of the definition *suffix-type*.

lemma *suffix-type-cons-suc*:

$$\text{suffix-type } (a \# s) (\text{Suc } i) = \text{suffix-type } s \ i$$

by (*simp add: suffix-type-def*)

lemma *suffix-type-cons-same*:

$$\text{suffix-type } (x \# x \# xs) \ 0 = \text{suffix-type } (x \# xs) \ 0$$

by (*simp add: list-less-ns-cons-same suffix-type-def*)

lemma *suffix-type-suffix*:

$$\text{suffix-type } s \ i = \text{suffix-type } (\text{suffix } s \ i) \ 0$$

by (*simp add: suffix-type-list-type-eq*)

lemma *suffix-type-suffix-gen*:

$$\text{suffix-type } (\text{suffix } s \ n) \ i = \text{suffix-type } s \ (i + n)$$

by (*simp add: suffix-type-list-type-eq*)

lemma *suffix-type-eq-Suc*:

$\text{suffix-type } xs \ n = \text{suffix-type } xs \ (\text{Suc } n) \implies$
 $\text{suffix-type } xs \ n = S\text{-type} \vee \text{suffix-type } xs \ (\text{Suc } n) = L\text{-type}$
using *SL-types.exhaust* **by** *auto*

42.2 S-Type Simplifications

This subsection contains theorems about facts that can be derived S-type suffixes and vice versa.

lemma *suffix-is-bot*:

$\text{suffix } s \ i = [\text{bot}] \implies \text{suffix-type } s \ i = S\text{-type}$
by (*simp add: list-type-singleton suffix-type-list-type-eq*)

lemma *suffix-is-singleton*:

$\text{suffix } s \ i = [x] \implies \text{suffix-type } s \ i = S\text{-type}$
by (*simp add: list-type-singleton suffix-type-list-type-eq*)

lemma *suffix-type-last*:

$\text{length } xs = \text{Suc } n \implies \text{suffix-type } xs \ n = S\text{-type}$
by (*simp add: list-less-ns-nil suffix-type-def*)

lemma *s-type-list-less-ns*:

$\text{suffix-type } s \ i = S\text{-type} \iff \text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } s \ i) \ (\text{suffix } s \ (\text{Suc } i))$
by (*metis SL-types.simps(2) suffix-type-def*)

lemma *nth-less-imp-s-type*:

$[\text{Suc } i < \text{length } s; s \ ! \ i < s \ ! \ \text{Suc } i] \implies \text{suffix-type } s \ i = S\text{-type}$
by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc Suc-lessD less-imp-le list-less-ns-cons neq-iff s-type-list-less-ns*)

lemma *sl-type-hd-less*:

$[\text{Suc } i < \text{length } s; \text{hd } (\text{suffix } s \ i) < \text{hd } (\text{suffix } s \ (\text{Suc } i))] \implies$
 $\text{suffix-type } s \ i = S\text{-type}$
by (*simp add: hd-drop-conv-nth nth-less-imp-s-type*)

lemma *suffix-type-cons-less*:

$x < y \implies \text{suffix-type } (x \ # \ y \ # \ xs) \ 0 = S\text{-type}$
by (*clarsimp simp: suffix-type-def list-less-ns-cons-diff*)

lemma *suffix-type-s-bound*:

$\text{suffix-type } s \ i = S\text{-type} \implies i < \text{length } s$
using *ordlistns.less-asym s-type-list-less-ns* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *s-type-letter-le-Suc*:

$[\text{Suc } i < \text{length } T; \text{suffix-type } T \ i = S\text{-type}] \implies$
 $T \ ! \ i \leq T \ ! \ (\text{Suc } i)$
by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc Suc-lessD leI list-less-ns-cons-diff ordlistns.less-asym s-type-list-less-ns*)

lemma *s-type-ex*:

assumes *suffix-type* $(x \# xs) \ 0 = S\text{-type}$
shows $(\forall a \in \text{set } xs. a = x) \vee (\exists b \text{ as } bs. x \# xs = \text{as} @ x \# b \# bs \wedge x < b \wedge (\forall k \in \text{set } as. k = x))$
by (*metis assms drop0 list-type-s-ex suffix-type-list-type-eq*)

42.3 L-Type Simplifications

This subsection contains theorems about facts that can be derived from L-type suffixes and vice versa.

lemma *suffix-is-nil*:

suffix $s \ i = [] \implies \text{suffix-type } s \ i = L\text{-type}$
by (*clarsimp simp: suffix-type-def split: if-splits*)

lemma *l-type-list-less-ns*:

suffix-type $s \ i = L\text{-type} \iff \text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } s \ (\text{Suc } i)) \ (\text{suffix } s \ i) \vee \text{suffix } s \ i = []$
by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc SL-types.distinct(1) drop-Nil drop-eq-Nil linorder-le-less-linear not-Cons-self2 ordlistns.less-imp-not-less ordlistns.neqE suffix-type-def suffix-type-suffix*)

lemma *nth-gr-imp-l-type*:

$[[\text{Suc } i < \text{length } s; s \ ! \ i > s \ ! \ \text{Suc } i]] \implies \text{suffix-type } s \ i = L\text{-type}$
by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc Suc-lessD list-less-ns-cons-diff ordlistns.less-asm suffix-type-def*)

lemma *sl-type-hd-greater*:

$[[\text{Suc } i < \text{length } s; \text{hd } (\text{suffix } s \ i) > \text{hd } (\text{suffix } s \ (\text{Suc } i))]] \implies \text{suffix-type } s \ i = L\text{-type}$
by (*simp add: hd-drop-conv-nth nth-gr-imp-l-type*)

lemma *suffix-type-cons-greater*:

$x > y \implies \text{suffix-type } (x \# y \# xs) \ 0 = L\text{-type}$
by (*simp add: list-type-cons-diff2 suffix-type-list-type-eq*)

lemma *l-type-letter-gre-Suc*:

$[[i < \text{length } T; \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type}]] \implies T \ ! \ (\text{Suc } i) \leq T \ ! \ i$
by (*metis SL-types.distinct(1) Suc-lessI not-less nth-less-imp-s-type suffix-type-last*)

lemma *l-type-ex*:

assumes *suffix-type* $(x \# xs) \ 0 = L\text{-type}$
shows $\exists b \text{ as } bs. x \# xs = \text{as} @ x \# b \# bs \wedge x > b \wedge (\forall k \in \text{set } as. k = x)$
by (*metis assms drop0 drop-Suc-Cons l-type-list-less-ns list.discI list-less-ns-cons1-exE*)

An overlooked property, but one that is crucial for completeness of the SAIS algorithm

lemma *suffix-max-hd-is-l-type*:

```

assumes valid-list s
and  $i < \text{length } s$ 
and  $\text{length } s > \text{Suc } 0$ 
and  $\text{hd } (\text{suffix } s \ i) = \text{Max } (\text{set } s)$ 
shows suffix-type s i = L-type
using assms
proof (induct s arbitrary: i)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Cons a s i)
  note IH = this
  show ?case
  proof (cases s)
    case Nil
    then show ?thesis
      using IH(4) by auto
    next
    case (Cons b xs)
    assume  $s = b \# \text{xs}$ 
    show ?thesis
    proof (cases xs)
      case Nil
      hence  $s = [b]$ 
      by (simp add: local.Cons)
      moreover
      have  $b = \text{bot}$ 
      by (metis IH(2) last.simps local.Cons local.Nil not-Cons-self
        valid-list-iff-butlast-app-last)
      moreover
      have  $a > b$ 
      by (metis IH(2,4) One-nat-def antisym-conv3 bot.extremum-strict nth-Cons-0
        valid-list-def
        zero-less-diff calculation(2))
      ultimately show ?thesis
      by (metis IH(2,3,5) Max-greD add-diff-cancel-left' last-suffix-index length-Cons
        less-Suc0
        linorder-not-less list.size(3) not-less-eq not-less-iff-gr-or-eq nth-Cons-0
        plus-1-eq-Suc suffix-type-cons-greater)
    next
    case (Cons c ys)
    hence  $s = b \# c \# \text{ys}$ 
    by (simp add: ‹s = b # xs›)
    show ?thesis
    proof (cases i)
      case 0
      hence  $a \geq b$ 
      by (metis IH(4,5) List.finite-set Max-ge ‹s = b # xs› drop0 list.sel(1))

```

```

nth-Cons-0
  nth-Cons-Suc nth-mem)
  hence  $a > b \vee a = b$ 
  using antisym-conv1 by blast
  then show ?thesis
  proof
    assume  $b < a$ 
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add:  $0 \langle s = b \# xs \rangle$  suffix-type-cons-greater)
  next
    assume  $a = b$ 
    hence  $Max (set s) = b$ 
      using 0 IH(5)  $\langle s = b \# xs \rangle$  by auto
    with IH(1)[of 0]
    have suffix-type  $s \ 0 = L$ -type
      by (metis IH(2) Suc-less-eq2  $\langle s = b \# xs \rangle$  drop0 drop-Suc-Cons
length-Cons list.sel(1)
      local.Cons valid-suffix zero-less-Suc)
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add:  $0 \langle a = b \rangle \langle s = b \# xs \rangle$  suffix-type-cons-same)
  qed
next
case (Suc n)
assume  $i = Suc n$ 
have valid-list s
  using IH(2)  $\langle s = b \# xs \rangle$  valid-list-consD by blast
moreover
have  $n < length s$ 
  using IH(3) Suc by auto
moreover
have  $Suc \ 0 < length s$ 
  by (simp add:  $\langle s = b \# xs \rangle$  local.Cons)
moreover
{
  have  $hd (suffix s n) = hd (suffix (a \# s) i)$ 
    using Suc by fastforce
  moreover
  have  $hd (suffix s n) \in set s$ 
    by (simp add:  $\langle n < length s \rangle$  hd-drop-conv-nth)
  with IH(5)
  have  $Max (set (a \# s)) \in set s$ 
    using calculation by argo
  hence  $Max (set (a \# s)) = Max (set s)$ 
    using IH(5) max.cobounded1[of a Max (set s)]
  by (metis List.finite-set Max-greD Max-insert Suc-lessD  $\langle Suc \ 0 < length$ 
s)
   $\langle n < length s \rangle$  calculation hd-drop-conv-nth length-greater-0-conv
list.set(2)
  max-def set-empty)

```

```

    ultimately have  $hd (suffix\ s\ n) = Max (set\ s)$ 
      using  $IH(5)$  by presburger
  }
  ultimately have  $suffix\text{-}type\ s\ n = L\text{-}type$ 
    using Cons.hyps by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Suc suffix-type-cons-suc)
qed
qed
qed
qed

```

42.4 General Suffix Type Theories

This subsection contains the background theory needed to prove that computing the suffix types of a list can be achieved in linear time by starting from the end of the list (lemma 1, Ko et al., JDA 2005).

The main intuition is that the suffix type of the $(i+1)$ th suffix is known and the i th suffix starts with same symbol of the $(i+1)$ th suffix, then the i th suffix will have the same type.

theorem *sl-type-hd-equal*:

```

[[ $Suc\ i < length\ s; hd (suffix\ s\ i) = hd (suffix\ s\ (Suc\ i))$ ]]  $\implies$ 
   $suffix\text{-}type\ s\ i = suffix\text{-}type\ s\ (Suc\ i)$ 
  by (metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc Suc-lessD hd-drop-conv-nth l-type-letter-gre-Suc
    list-less-ns-cons suffix-type-def)

```

corollary *sl-type-prefix-equal*:

```

[[ $i + n \leq length\ s; \forall j < n. hd (suffix\ s\ (i + j)) = hd (suffix\ s\ i)$ ]]  $\implies$ 
   $\forall j < n. suffix\text{-}type\ s\ (i + j) = suffix\text{-}type\ s\ i$ 

```

proof (*induct n*)

case 0

then show *?case*

by *blast*

next

case (*Suc n*)

note $IH = this$

hence $\forall j < n. suffix\text{-}type\ s\ (i + j) = suffix\text{-}type\ s\ i$

by (*metis add-Suc-right less-Suc-eq linorder-not-less*)

show *?case*

proof *safe*

fix j

assume $j < Suc\ n$

then show $suffix\text{-}type\ s\ (i + j) = suffix\text{-}type\ s\ i$

proof (*cases j < n*)

assume $j < n$

then show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: $\langle \forall j < n. suffix\text{-}type\ s\ (i + j) = suffix\text{-}type\ s\ i \rangle$*)

```

next
  assume  $\neg j < n$ 
  hence  $j = n$ 
  using  $\langle j < \text{Suc } n \rangle$  by auto
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases j)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      by simp
  next
    case (Suc m)
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis Suc.prem1,2) Suc-lessD Suc-less-SucD  $\langle j < \text{Suc } n \rangle$   $\langle j = n \rangle$ 
  add-Suc-right
     $\langle \forall j < n. \text{suffix-type } s (i + j) = \text{suffix-type } s i \rangle$  le-imp-less-Suc
    sl-type-hd-equal)
  qed
qed
qed
qed

```

corollary *sl-type-prefix-equal-nth*:

```

 $\llbracket i + n \leq \text{length } s; \forall j < n. (\text{suffix } s i) ! j = (\text{suffix } s i) ! 0 \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $\forall j < n. \text{suffix-type } s (i + j) = \text{suffix-type } s i$ 
by (rule sl-type-prefix-equal, assumption, clarsimp simp: hd-conv-nth)

```

corollary *sl-type-prefix-replicate*:

```

 $\forall i < n. \text{suffix-type } (\text{replicate } n a @ as) i = \text{suffix-type } (\text{replicate } n a @ as) 0$ 
by (rule sl-type-prefix-equal-nth[where  $i = 0$ , simplified]; clarsimp simp: nth-append)

```

lemma *suffix-type-neg*:

```

 $\llbracket \text{suffix-type } T j \neq \text{suffix-type } T (\text{Suc } j); \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies T ! j \neq T ! \text{Suc } j$ 
by (metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc Suc-lessD l-type-letter-gre-Suc list-less-ns-cons suffix-type-def)

```

42.5 S/L-Type Ordering

This section contains the crucial theorem that L-type suffixes are always less than S-type suffixes if they start with the same symbol (lemma 2, Ko et al., JDA 2005).

theorem *l-less-than-s-type-general*:

```

assumes  $\text{suffix-type } (a \# s1) 0 = S\text{-type}$ 
and  $\text{suffix-type } (a \# s2) 0 = L\text{-type}$ 
shows  $\text{list-less-ns } (a \# s2) (a \# s1)$ 
proof -
  from  $\text{suffix-type-list-type-eq}[of a \# s1 0]$ 
  have  $\text{suffix-type } (a \# s1) 0 = \text{list-type } (<) (a \# s1)$ 
  by simp
  hence  $\text{list-type } (<) (a \# s1) = S\text{-type}$ 

```

using *assms(1)* **by** *auto*
moreover
from *suffix-type-list-type-eq[of a # s2 0]*
have *suffix-type (a # s2) 0 = list-type (<) (a # s2)*
by *simp*
hence *list-type (<) (a # s2) = L-type*
using *assms(2)* **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis*
using *l-less-than-s-type-list-type[of (<) a s1 s2]*
by (*meson UNIV-1 nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns-app top-greatest totalp-on-less transp-on-less*)
qed

corollary *l-less-than-s-type-suffix:*

assumes *i < length s*
and *j < length s*
and *s ! i = s ! j*
and *suffix-type s i = S-type*
and *suffix-type s j = L-type*
shows *list-less-ns (suffix s j) (suffix s i)*
by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc assms l-less-than-s-type-general suffix-type-suffix*)

theorem *l-less-than-s-type:*

assumes *valid-list s*
and *i < length s*
and *j < length s*
and *hd (suffix s i) = hd (suffix s j)*
and *suffix-type s i = S-type*
and *suffix-type s j = L-type*
shows *list-less-ns (suffix s j) (suffix s i)*
by (*metis hd-drop-conv-nth assms(2-) l-less-than-s-type-suffix*)

corollary (**in** *Suffix-Array-General*) *same-hd-s-after-l:*

assumes *valid-list: valid-list s*
and *i-less-len-s: i < length s*
and *j-less-len-s: j < length s*
and *i-neq-j: i ≠ j*
and *suf-i-type: suffix-type s ((sa s) ! i) = L-type*
and *suf-j-type: suffix-type s ((sa s) ! j) = S-type*
and *hd-eq: hd (suffix s ((sa s) ! i)) = hd (suffix s ((sa s) ! j))*
shows *i < j*

proof –

have *A: (sa s) ! i < length s*
using *i-less-len-s sa-nth-ex* **by** *auto*

from *sa-set-upt[where s = s] sa-length[where s = s] j-less-len-s*

have *B: (sa s) ! j < length s*

by (*metis atLeast0LessThan lessThan-iff nth-mem*)

from *l-less-than-s-type[OF valid-list B A hd-eq[symmetric] suf-j-type suf-i-type]*


```

have suf-i-less-suf-j: list-less-ns (suffix s ((sa s)! i)) (suffix s ((sa s)! j))
  by simp

from sorted-nth-less-mono[OF strict-sorted-imp-sorted[OF sa-g-sorted],
  simplified length-map sa-length,
  OF i-less-len-s j-less-len-s i-neq-j]
nth-map[where f = suffix s and xs = sa s, simplified sa-length, OF i-less-len-s]
nth-map[where f = suffix s and xs = sa s, simplified sa-length, OF j-less-len-s]
  valid-list-list-less-equiv-list-less-ns[OF valid-suffix,
  OF valid-list A valid-suffix,
  OF valid-list B,
  THEN iffD2,
  OF suf-i-less-suf-j]

show ?thesis by simp
qed

```

42.6 Implementation of Suffix Type Computation

This subsection contain a shallow embedding of a function that would compute the suffix types for a list.

```

fun abs-get-suffix-types :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list ⇒ SL-types list
  where
abs-get-suffix-types [] = [] |
abs-get-suffix-types ([_] = [S-type] |
abs-get-suffix-types (a # b # xs) =
  (let ys = abs-get-suffix-types (b # xs)
  in
    (if a < b then S-type # ys
     else if a > b then L-type # ys
     else hd (ys) # ys))

```

```

lemma length-abs-get-suffix-types:
  length (abs-get-suffix-types s) = length s
  by (induct s rule: abs-get-suffix-types.induct; clarsimp simp: Let-def)

```

```

lemma abs-get-suffix-types-correct-nth:
  i < length s ⇒ abs-get-suffix-types s ! i = suffix-type s i
proof (induct s arbitrary: i rule: abs-get-suffix-types.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case
    by simp
  next
  case (2 uu i)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: suffix-is-singleton)
  next
  case (3 a b xs i)
  note IH = this

```

```

have  $i \neq 0 \implies ?case$ 
proof -
  assume  $i \neq 0$ 
  hence  $\exists n. i = \text{Suc } n$ 
  using not0-implies-Suc by blast
  then obtain  $n$  where
     $i = \text{Suc } n$ 
  by blast
  hence  $\text{abs-get-suffix-types } (a \# b \# xs) ! i = \text{abs-get-suffix-types } (b \# xs) ! n$ 
  by (clarsimp simp: Let-def)
  moreover
  have  $\text{suffix-type } (a \# b \# xs) i = \text{suffix-type } (b \# xs) n$ 
  by (simp add: <i = Suc n> suffix-type-cons-suc)
  moreover
  from  $\text{IH}(1)[\text{of } n] \text{IH}(2) \langle i = \text{Suc } n \rangle$ 
  have  $\text{abs-get-suffix-types } (b \# xs) ! n = \text{suffix-type } (b \# xs) n$ 
  by simp
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by simp
qed
moreover
have  $i = 0 \implies ?case$ 
proof -
  assume  $i = 0$ 

  have  $a < b \vee b < a \vee a = b$ 
  by fastforce
  then show ?case
  proof (elim disjE)
    assume  $a < b$ 
    then show ?case
    by (simp add: <i = 0> suffix-type-cons-less)
  next
    assume  $b < a$ 
    then show ?case
    using  $\langle i = 0 \rangle$  order-less-imp-triv suffix-type-cons-greater by fastforce
  next
    assume  $a = b$ 

    have  $\text{abs-get-suffix-types } (b \# xs) \neq []$ 
    by (metis Zero-neq-Suc length-Cons length-abs-get-suffix-types list.size(3))
    hence  $\text{abs-get-suffix-types } (a \# b \# xs) ! i = \text{abs-get-suffix-types } (b \# xs) ! 0$ 
    unfolding abs-get-suffix-types.simps(3)[of a b xs, simplified Let-def]
    by (simp add: <a = b> <i = 0> hd-conv-nth)
    moreover
    have  $\text{suffix-type } (a \# b \# xs) i = \text{suffix-type } (b \# xs) 0$ 
    by (simp add: <a = b> <i = 0> suffix-type-cons-same)
    ultimately show ?case
    using  $\text{IH}(1)[\text{of } 0, \text{simplified}]$  by presburger
  
```

```

    qed
  qed
  ultimately show ?case
    by blast
qed

```

```

lemma get-suffix-types-correct:
   $\forall i < \text{length } s. (\text{abs-get-suffix-types } s) ! i = \text{suffix-type } s i$ 
  by (simp add: abs-get-suffix-types-correct-nth)

```

43 SAIS Sublist Order

This section contains the sublist ordering used in SAIS (definition 2.3, Nong et al., DCC 2009). Note that this generalised so that it is not a ternary relation but a binary relation.

```

fun ss-order-less :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where
    ss-order-less [] - = False |
    ss-order-less - [] = True |
    ss-order-less (a # as) (b # bs) =
      (if a < b then True
       else if a > b then False
       else if suffix-type (a # as) 0 = suffix-type (b # bs) 0 then ss-order-less as bs
       else if suffix-type (a # as) 0 = L-type then True
       else False)

```

As described in section "Suffix Type", the SAIS sublist ordering (*ss-order-less*) is equivalent to *list-less-ns*.

```

lemma ss-order-less-equiv-list-less-ns:
  ss-order-less s1 s2 = list-less-ns s1 s2
proof (induct rule: ss-order-less.induct)
  case (1 uu)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (2 v va)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: list-less-ns-nil)
next
  case (3 a as b bs)
  then show ?case
    by (metis antisym-conv3 l-less-than-s-type-general list-less-ns-cons-diff list-less-ns-cons-same
      ordlistns.less-asymp ss-order-less.simps(3) suffix-type-def)
qed

```

44 Sorting

```

lemma sorted-letters-s-types:

```

```

assumes  $\forall k \geq i. k < j \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T \ k = S\text{-type}$ 
and  $j \leq \text{length } T$ 
shows  $\text{sorted } (\text{list-slice } T \ i \ j)$ 
proof (intro sorted-iff-nth-mono[THEN iffD2] allI impI)
  fix  $x \ y$ 
  assume  $x \leq y < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } T \ i \ j)$ 

  have  $\text{list-slice } T \ i \ j \ ! \ x = T \ ! \ (i + x)$ 
    by (meson  $\langle x \leq y \rangle \langle y < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } T \ i \ j) \rangle$  dual-order.strict-trans2
nth-list-slice)
  moreover
  have  $\text{list-slice } T \ i \ j \ ! \ y = T \ ! \ (i + y)$ 
    using  $\langle y < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } T \ i \ j) \rangle$  nth-list-slice
    by blast
  moreover
  have  $i + y < j$ 
    using  $\langle y < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } T \ i \ j) \rangle$ 
    by (simp add: assms(2))
  have  $i + x \leq i + y$ 
    by (simp add:  $\langle x \leq y \rangle$ )
  with  $\langle i + y < j \rangle$ 
  have  $T \ ! \ (i + x) \leq T \ ! \ (i + y)$ 
  proof (induct  $y - x$  arbitrary: x y)
    case 0
    then show ?case by simp
  next
  case (Suc z)
  note IH = this
  from IH(2)
  have  $\exists y'. y = \text{Suc } y'$ 
    by presburger
  then obtain  $y'$  where
     $y = \text{Suc } y'$ 
    by blast
  hence  $z = y' - x$ 
    using IH(2) by linarith
  moreover
  have  $i + y' < j$ 
    using Suc.prem(1)  $\langle y = \text{Suc } y' \rangle$  by linarith
  moreover
  have  $i + x \leq i + y'$ 
    using Suc.hyps(2)  $\langle y = \text{Suc } y' \rangle$  by linarith
  ultimately have  $T \ ! \ (i + x) \leq T \ ! \ (i + y')$ 
    using Suc.hyps(1) by blast
  moreover
  from assms(1)
  have  $\text{suffix-type } T \ (i + y') = S\text{-type}$ 
    by (simp add:  $\langle i + y' < j \rangle$ )
  hence  $T \ ! \ (i + y') \leq T \ ! \ (i + y)$ 

```

```

    using Suc.prem(1) ⟨y = Suc y'⟩ assms(2) less-le-trans s-type-letter-le-Suc
  by fastforce
    ultimately show ?case
      using order.trans by blast
  qed
  ultimately show list-slice T i j ! x ≤ list-slice T i j ! y
    by simp
  qed

lemma sorted-letters-l-types:
  assumes ∀ k ≥ i. k < j → suffix-type T k = L-type
  and     j ≤ length T
  shows sorted ((rev (list-slice T i j)))
  proof (intro sorted-rev-iff-nth-mono[THEN iffD2] allI impI)
    fix x y
    assume x ≤ y y < length (list-slice T i j)

    have length (list-slice T i j) = j - i
      by (simp add: assms(2))

    have i + y < j
      using ⟨length (list-slice T i j) = j - i⟩ ⟨y < length (list-slice T i j)⟩ by linarith
    with ⟨x ≤ y⟩
    have T ! (i + y) ≤ T ! (i + x)
    proof (induct y - x arbitrary: x y)
      case 0
      then show ?case by simp
    next
      case (Suc z x y)
      note IH = this
      have ∃ y'. y = Suc y' ∧ x ≤ y' ∧ z = y' - x
      by (metis Suc.hyps(2) Suc.prem(1) add-Suc-right add-diff-cancel-left' add-diff-cancel-right'
          diff-le-self ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.add-diff-inverse)
      then obtain y' where
        y = Suc y' x ≤ y' z = y' - x
      by blast
      with IH(1) IH(4)
      have T ! (i + x) ≥ T ! (i + y')
      by simp
      moreover
      from assms(1)
      have suffix-type T (i + y') = L-type
      using Suc.prem(2) ⟨y = Suc y'⟩ by auto
      hence T ! (i + y') ≥ T ! (i + y)
      using Suc.prem(2) ⟨y = Suc y'⟩ assms(2) nth-less-imp-s-type order-less-le-trans
    by fastforce
    ultimately show ?case
      by auto
  qed

```

moreover
have $list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j!\ x = T!\ (i + x)$
by $(metis\ \langle x \leq y \rangle\ \langle y < length\ (list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j) \rangle\ nth\text{-}list\text{-}slice\ order\text{-}le\text{-}less\text{-}trans)$
moreover
have $list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j!\ y = T!\ (i + y)$
using $\langle y < length\ (list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j) \rangle\ nth\text{-}list\text{-}slice$ **by** *blast*
ultimately show $list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j!\ y \leq list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ j!\ x$
by *presburger*
qed

45 LMS-Types

This section contains the definition of an LMS-type; standing for large, middle and small. It also contains lemmas pertaining to these types.

definition

$abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms :: ('a :: \{linorder, order\text{-}bot\})\ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool$

where

$abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ s\ i \equiv$
 $(suffix\text{-}type\ s\ i = S\text{-}type) \wedge$
 $(\exists j. i = Suc\ j \wedge$
 $suffix\text{-}type\ s\ j = L\text{-}type)$

LMS-types are subtypes of *S-type*. This is because these are *S-type*, but they are also immediately succeed *L-type*.

45.1 LMS-Type Simplifications

This subsection contains theorems about facts that can be derived from the *abs-is-lms* definition and vice versa.

lemma *lms-type-list-less-ns*:

$abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ s\ i = (\exists j. i = Suc\ j \wedge list\text{-}less\text{-}ns\ (suffix\ s\ i)\ (suffix\ s\ j) \wedge$
 $list\text{-}less\text{-}ns\ (suffix\ s\ i)\ (suffix\ s\ (Suc\ i)))$

by $(metis\ SL\text{-}types.\textit{simps}(2)\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\text{-}def\ l\text{-}type\text{-}list\text{-}less\text{-}ns\ ordlistns.\textit{antisym}\text{-}conv3$
 $s\text{-}type\text{-}list\text{-}less\text{-}ns)$

lemma *abs-is-lms-0*:

$\neg abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ s\ 0$
apply $(clarsimp\ simp: abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\text{-}def)$
done

lemma *abs-is-lms-cons-suc*:

$i > 0 \implies abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ (a \# s)\ (Suc\ i) = abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ s\ i$
apply $(drule\ gr0\text{-}implies\text{-}Suc; clarsimp)$
apply $(clarsimp\ simp: abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\text{-}def\ suffix\text{-}type\text{-}cons\text{-}suc)$
done

lemma *i-s-type-imp-Suc-i-not-lms*:
 $\text{suffix-type } s \ i = S\text{-type} \implies \neg \text{abs-is-lms } s \ (\text{Suc } i)$
by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-def*)

lemma *suffix-type-same-imp-not-lms*:
 $\text{suffix-type } s \ i = \text{suffix-type } s \ (\text{Suc } i) \implies \neg \text{abs-is-lms } s \ (\text{Suc } i)$
by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-def*)

lemma *abs-is-lms-consec*:
 $\text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i \implies \neg \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ (\text{Suc } i)$
 $\text{abs-is-lms } xs \ (\text{Suc } i) \implies \neg \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i$
by (*clarsimp simp: abs-is-lms-def*)⁺

lemma *abs-is-lms-gre-length*:
 $n \geq \text{length } xs \implies \neg \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ n$
by (*metis SL-types.distinct(1) drop-eq-Nil abs-is-lms-def l-type-list-less-ns*)

lemma *abs-is-lms-suffix*:
 $\text{abs-is-lms } (\text{suffix } s \ n) \ i \implies \text{abs-is-lms } s \ (i + n)$
by (*clarsimp simp: abs-is-lms-def suffix-type-suffix-gen*)

lemma *abs-is-lms-i-gr-0*:
 $i > 0 \implies \text{abs-is-lms } (\text{suffix } s \ n) \ i = \text{abs-is-lms } s \ (i + n)$
apply *safe*
apply (*erule abs-is-lms-suffix*)
apply (*clarsimp simp: abs-is-lms-def*)
apply (*rule conjI*)
apply (*subst suffix-type-suffix-gen; simp*)
by (*metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) add commute add-Suc-right add-right-cancel less-Suc-eq-le less-iff-Suc-add ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.diff-add suffix-type-suffix-gen*)

lemma *set-abs-is-lms-suffix*:
 $\{i. \text{abs-is-lms } (\text{suffix } s \ n) \ (i - n)\} = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } s \ i \wedge i > n\}$
apply *safe*
apply (*metis abs-is-lms-0 abs-is-lms-suffix le-less-linear nat-diff-split ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.diff-add*)
apply (*metis bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum abs-is-lms-0 zero-less-diff*)
apply (*cases n*)
apply *clarsimp*
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-diff-le abs-is-lms-def less-Suc-eq-le less-or-eq-imp-le ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.diff-add suffix-type-suffix-gen*)

lemma *abs-is-lms-set-less-length*:
 $n \geq \text{length } xs \implies \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i \wedge i < n\} = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\}$
by (*meson dual-order.trans abs-is-lms-gre-length le-less-linear*)

lemma *abs-is-lms-suffix-Suc*:
 $\text{abs-is-lms } (\text{suffix } s \ n) \ (\text{Suc } i) = \text{abs-is-lms } s \ (\text{Suc } (i + n))$

```

apply safe
apply (drule abs-is-lms-suffix; simp)
apply (clarsimp simp: abs-is-lms-def)
apply (subst suffix-type-suffix-gen)+
apply simp
done

```

45.2 LMS-Type Sets and Subsets

This subsection contains lemmas about sets and subsets of LMS-types.

lemma *set-lms-gr-0*:

```

{i. abs-is-lms xs i ∧ 0 < i} = {i. abs-is-lms xs i}
using bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum abs-is-lms-0 by blast

```

lemma *set-lms-n-subset*:

```

{i. abs-is-lms xs i ∧ i > n} ⊆ {i. abs-is-lms xs i}
by blast

```

lemma *set-lms-Suc-subset*:

```

{i. abs-is-lms xs i ∧ i > Suc n} ⊆ {i. abs-is-lms xs i ∧ i > n}
by (simp add: Collect-mono)

```

lemma *set-lms-Suc-insert*:

```

abs-is-lms xs (Suc n) ⇒ {i. abs-is-lms xs i ∧ i > n} = insert (Suc n) {i.
abs-is-lms xs i ∧ i > Suc n}
using Collect-cong by auto

```

lemma *lms-finite*:

```

finite {i. abs-is-lms xs i}
by (metis finite-nat-set-iff-bounded abs-is-lms-def mem-Collect-eq suffix-type-s-bound)

```

lemma *lms-set-empty*:

```

 $\llbracket \text{length } xs = \text{Suc } n; m \geq n \rrbracket \implies \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i \wedge i > m\} = \{\}$ 
by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-empty-eq Suc-leI diff-diff-cancel abs-is-lms-gre-length
less-imp-diff-less)

```

45.3 Implementation of LMS-Types Computation

This section contains a shallow embedding of a function that would compute all the LMS-types of an ordered list.

fun *get-lms* :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat list

where

```

get-lms xs 0 = [] |

```

```

get-lms xs (Suc n) = (if abs-is-lms xs n then n # get-lms xs n else get-lms xs n)

```

lemma *get-lms-correct*:

```

get-lms xs n = rev (filter (abs-is-lms xs) [0..<n])
apply (induct n)

```



```

apply simp
apply clarsimp
done

```

45.3.1 Properties

This subsection contains miscellaneous lemmas about facts that can be derived from the shallow embedding and vice versa.

```

lemma get-lms-element-bound:
   $x \in \text{set } (\text{get-lms } xs \ n) \implies x < n \wedge x > 0$ 
apply (induct n; simp)
apply (clarsimp split: if-splits)
apply (erule disjE; clarsimp)
apply (cases x; clarsimp simp: abs-is-lms-0)
done

```

```

lemma distinct-get-lms:
  distinct (get-lms xs n)
apply (induct n; clarsimp)
apply (drule get-lms-element-bound)
by blast

```

```

lemma get-lms-abs-is-lms:
   $x \in \text{set } (\text{get-lms } xs \ n) \iff \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ x \wedge x < n$ 
apply (subst get-lms-correct)
apply clarsimp
by blast

```

```

lemma lms-le-length:
   $x \in \text{set } (\text{get-lms } xs \ n) \implies x < \text{length } xs$ 
by (simp add: get-lms-abs-is-lms abs-is-lms-def suffix-type-s-bound)

```

```

lemma get-lms-set:
   $\text{set } (\text{get-lms } xs \ n) = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i \wedge i < n\}$ 
apply (induct n)
apply simp
apply safe
using get-lms-abs-is-lms by blast+

```

```

lemma get-lms-set-n-gre-length:
   $n \geq \text{length } xs \implies \text{set } (\text{get-lms } xs \ n) = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\}$ 
apply (simp add: get-lms-set)
by (meson dual-order.trans abs-is-lms-gre-length not-less)

```

45.4 Cardinality LMS-Types

This section contains lemmas about how many LMS-types exist (lemma 2.1, Nongé et al., DCC2009). These lemmas are particularly important when

proving that the SAIS is $O(n)$ in space (bytes) and time complexity (lemma 3.1, Nong et al., DCC 2009).

lemma *num-lms-bound-1:*

length (get-lms xs n) ≤ n div 2

proof –

have *card (set (get-lms xs n)) ≤ n div 2*

proof (*intro ballI subset-upt-no-Suc[of set (get-lms xs n) n]*)

show *set (get-lms xs n) ⊆ {1..<n}*

by (*simp add: Suc-leI get-lms-element-bound subset-code(1)*)

next

fix *x*

assume *x ∈ set (get-lms xs n)*

hence *abs-is-lms xs x*

by (*simp add: get-lms-abs-is-lms*)

then show *Suc x ∉ set (get-lms xs n)*

using *get-lms-abs-is-lms abs-is-lms-consec(2)* **by** *blast*

qed

with *distinct-card[OF distinct-get-lms[of xs n]]*

show *?thesis*

by *presburger*

qed

lemma *num-lms-bound-2:*

length (get-lms xs n) ≤ length xs div 2

proof –

have *card (set (get-lms xs n)) ≤ length xs div 2*

proof (*intro ballI subset-upt-no-Suc[of set (get-lms xs n) length xs]*)

show *set (get-lms xs n) ⊆ {1..<length xs}*

by (*metis One-nat-def Suc-leI atLeastLessThan-iff get-lms-element-bound lms-le-length subsetI*)

next

fix *x*

assume *x ∈ set (get-lms xs n)*

hence *abs-is-lms xs x*

by (*simp add: get-lms-abs-is-lms*)

then show *Suc x ∉ set (get-lms xs n)*

using *get-lms-abs-is-lms abs-is-lms-consec(2)* **by** *blast*

qed

with *distinct-card[OF distinct-get-lms[of xs n]]*

show *?thesis*

by *simp*

qed

lemma *card-abs-is-lms-bound:*

xs ≠ [] ⇒ card {i. abs-is-lms xs i} < length xs

by (*metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) One-nat-def distinct-card distinct-get-lms div-less-dividend*)

get-lms-set-n-gre-length le-less-linear le-less-trans length-greater-0-conv lessI num-lms-bound-2 numeral-2-eq-2)

lemma *card-abs-is-lms-bound-length-div-2*:
 $\text{card } \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\} \leq \text{length } xs \ \text{div } 2$
by (*metis distinct-card distinct-get-lms get-lms-set-n-gre-length linear num-lms-bound-2*)

lemma *length-filter-lms*:
 $T \neq [] \implies \text{length } (\text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } T) [0..<\text{length } T]) < \text{length } T$
by (*metis diff-zero abs-is-lms-0 length-filter-less length-greater-0-conv length-upt nth-Cons-0 nth-mem upt-rec*)

45.5 General Properties about LMS-types

lemma *abs-is-lms-imp-le-nth*:
 $\llbracket \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i; \text{Suc } i < \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies T ! i \leq T ! \text{Suc } i$
by (*metis SL-types.simps(2) abs-is-lms-def not-less nth-gr-imp-l-type*)

lemma *abs-is-lms-neq*:
 $\text{abs-is-lms } T \ (\text{Suc } i) \implies T ! \text{Suc } i < T ! i$
unfolding *abs-is-lms-def*
proof (*safe*)
assume *suffix-type T (Suc i) = S-type suffix-type T i = L-type*
from $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ (\text{Suc } i) = S\text{-type} \rangle$
have $\text{Suc } i < \text{length } T$
by (*simp add: suffix-type-s-bound*)
with *suffix-type-neq* $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ (\text{Suc } i) = S\text{-type} \rangle \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type} \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by (*metis SL-types.simps(2) not-less-iff-gr-or-eq nth-less-imp-s-type*)
qed

lemma *abs-is-lms-last*:
 $\llbracket \text{valid-list } T; \text{length } T = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n) \rrbracket \implies \text{abs-is-lms } T \ (\text{Suc } n)$
proof (*induct n arbitrary: T*)
case 0
note *IH = this*
have $T ! \text{Suc } 0 = \text{bot}$
by (*metis IH Zero-neq-Suc diff-Suc-1 last-conv-nth list.size(3) valid-list-def*)
with *IH(1)[simplified valid-list-ex-def]*
have $T ! 0 > T ! \text{Suc } 0$
by (*metis IH(2) One-nat-def bot.not-eq-extremum butlast-snoc diff-Suc-1' le-less-Suc-eq length-butlast less-or-eq-imp-le nth-butlast*)
with *suffix-type-last[OF IH(2)]*
show *?case*
using *abs-is-lms-def nth-gr-imp-l-type suffix-type-s-bound* **by** *blast*
next
case $(\text{Suc } n)$
note *IH = this*

```

show ?case
proof (cases T)
  case Nil
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Suc.prem(1) valid-list-not-nil)
next
  case (Cons a T')
  with IH valid-list-consD[of a T']
  have abs-is-lms T' (Suc n)
    by fastforce
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: abs-is-lms-def local.Cons suffix-type-cons-suc)
qed
qed

```

```

lemma abs-is-lms-imp-less-length:
  abs-is-lms T i  $\implies$  i < length T
  using abs-is-lms-gre-length le-less-linear by blast

```

```

lemma s-type-and-not-lms-Suc:
   $\llbracket \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T \text{ (Suc } i); \text{ suffix-type } T \text{ (Suc } i) = S\text{-type} \rrbracket \implies \text{suffix-type } T \text{ } i = S\text{-type}$ 
  by (meson abs-is-lms-def suffix-type-def)

```

```

lemma no-lms-imp-all-s-type:
  assumes j < length T
  and i  $\leq$  j
  and  $\forall k > i. k \leq j \implies \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T \text{ } k$ 
  and suffix-type T j = S-type
  and i  $\leq$  k
  and k  $\leq$  j
shows suffix-type T k = S-type
  using assms
proof (induct j - k arbitrary: j)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by auto
next
  case (Suc x)
  note IH = this

  have  $\exists j'. j = \text{Suc } j'$ 
    using Suc.hyps(2) by presburger
  then obtain j' where
    j = Suc j'
    by blast
  hence x = j' - k
    using Suc.hyps(2) by linarith
  moreover

```

have $j' < \text{length } T$
using $\text{Suc.prem}(1)$ $\text{Suc-lessD } \langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$ **by** *blast*
moreover
have $i \leq j'$
using $\text{Suc.hyps}(2)$ $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$ $\text{assms}(5)$ **by** *linarith*
moreover
have $\forall k > i. k \leq j' \longrightarrow \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T k$
by (*simp add: Suc.prem(3) $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$*)
moreover
from $\text{IH}(5)$
have $\neg \text{abs-is-lms } T (\text{Suc } j')$
by (*simp add: $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$ calculation(3) le-imp-less-Suc*)
with $\text{IH}(6)$ $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$ *s-type-and-not-lms-Suc*[of $T j'$]
have *suffix-type* $T j' = S\text{-type}$
by *blast*
moreover
have $k \leq j'$
using $\text{Suc.hyps}(2)$ $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$ **by** *linarith*
ultimately show *?case*
using $\text{IH}(1)$ [of j'] $\text{assms}(5)$ **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *first-l-type-after-s-type*:

assumes $j < \text{length } T$
and $i \leq j$
and $\forall k > i. k \leq j \longrightarrow \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T k$
and *suffix-type* $T j = L\text{-type}$
and *suffix-type* $T i = S\text{-type}$
shows $\exists l \geq i. l \leq j \wedge (\forall k < l. i \leq k \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T k = S\text{-type}) \wedge \text{suffix-type } T l = L\text{-type}$
using *assms*
proof (*induct j - i arbitrary: j*)
case 0
then show *?case*
by *auto*
next
case ($\text{Suc } x$)
note $\text{IH} = \text{this}$

have $\exists j'. j = \text{Suc } j'$
by (*metis SL-types.distinct(1) Suc.prem(2) Suc.prem(4) assms(5) diff-is-0-eq diff-zero less-imp-Suc-add neq0-conv*)
then obtain j' **where**
 $j = \text{Suc } j'$
by *blast*
hence $x = j' - i$
using $\text{Suc.hyps}(2)$ $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$ **by** *linarith*

```

have  $j' < \text{length } T$ 
  using  $\text{Suc.prem}(1)$   $\text{Suc-lessD } \langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$  by blast

have  $i \leq j'$ 
  using  $\text{Suc.hyps}(2)$   $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$  by linarith

have  $P: \forall k > i. k \leq j' \longrightarrow \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T k$ 
  by (simp add: Suc.prem(3)  $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$ )

have  $\text{suffix-type } T j' = \text{S-type} \vee \text{suffix-type } T j' = \text{L-type}$ 
  using  $\text{SL-types.exhaust}$  by blast
moreover
have  $\text{suffix-type } T j' = \text{S-type} \implies ?\text{case}$ 
proof -
  assume  $\text{suffix-type } T j' = \text{S-type}$ 
  hence  $\forall k < j. i \leq k \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T k = \text{S-type}$ 
    using  $P \langle j' < \text{length } T \rangle$  no-lms-imp-all-s-type  $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$  less-Suc-eq-le by
auto
  then show ?thesis
    using  $\text{Suc.prem}(2)$   $\text{Suc.prem}(4)$  by blast
qed
moreover
have  $\text{suffix-type } T j' = \text{L-type} \implies ?\text{case}$ 
proof -
  assume  $\text{suffix-type } T j' = \text{L-type}$ 
  with  $\text{IH}(1)[\text{OF } \langle x = \rightarrow \langle j' < \rightarrow \langle i \leq j' \rangle P - \text{assms}(5) ]$ 
  have  $\exists l \geq i. l \leq j' \wedge (\forall k < l. i \leq k \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T k = \text{S-type}) \wedge \text{suffix-type } T l = \text{L-type}$  .
  then show ?thesis
    using  $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$  by auto
qed
ultimately show ?case
  by blast
qed

lemma no-lms-imp-and-s-imp-all-s-below:
  assumes  $\forall k. i \leq k \wedge k < j \longrightarrow \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T k$ 
  and  $\text{suffix-type } T k = \text{S-type}$ 
  and  $i \leq k$ 
  and  $k < j$ 
shows  $\llbracket i \leq k'; k' \leq k \rrbracket \implies \text{suffix-type } T k' = \text{S-type}$ 
proof (induct k - k' arbitrary: k')
  case 0
  with assms
  show ?case
  by auto
next
case ( $\text{Suc } x$ )
  note  $\text{IH} = \text{this}$ 

```

```

from IH(2)
have  $x = k - \text{Suc } k'$ 
  by linarith

from IH(3)
have  $i \leq \text{Suc } k'$ 
  by simp

from IH(2)
have  $\text{Suc } k' \leq k$ 
  by linarith

from IH(1)[OF  $\langle x = k - \text{Suc } k' \rangle \langle i \leq \text{Suc } k' \rangle \langle \text{Suc } k' \leq k \rangle$ ]
have suffix-type  $T (\text{Suc } k') = S\text{-type}$ 
  by assumption
with assms(1)  $\langle i \leq k' \rangle \langle k' \leq k \rangle \langle \text{Suc } k' \leq k \rangle \langle i \leq \text{Suc } k' \rangle$  assms(4)
show ?case
  by (meson SL-types.exhaust abs-is-lms-def order.strict-trans1)
qed

lemma no-lms-imp-and-l-imp-all-l-above:
  assumes  $\forall k. i \leq k \wedge k < j \longrightarrow \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T k$ 
  and suffix-type  $T k = L\text{-type}$ 
  and  $i \leq k$ 
  and  $k < j$ 
shows  $\llbracket k \leq k'; k' < j \rrbracket \implies \text{suffix-type } T k' = L\text{-type}$ 
proof (induct k' - k arbitrary: k')
  case 0
  with assms
  show ?case
    by auto
next
  case (Suc x)
  note IH = this
  from IH(2)
  have  $\exists n. k' = \text{Suc } n$ 
    by (metis less-Suc-eq less-Suc-eq-0-disj zero-diff)
  then obtain n where
     $k' = \text{Suc } n$ 
    by blast
  with IH(2)
  have  $x = n - k$ 
    by linarith

from IH(2)  $\langle k' = \text{Suc } n \rangle$ 
have  $k \leq n$ 
  by linarith

```

```

from IH(4) ⟨k' = Suc n⟩
have n < j
  by linarith

from IH(1)[OF ⟨x = n - k⟩ ⟨k ≤ n⟩ ⟨n < j⟩]
have suffix-type T n = L-type
  by assumption
with assms(1) ⟨k' = Suc n⟩ ⟨k' < j⟩ ⟨k ≤ k'⟩ assms(3)
show ?case
  by (meson SL-types.exhaust abs-is-lms-def le-trans)
qed

lemma lms-sublist-helper:
  assumes ∀ k. suffix-type T k = S-type ⟶ Suc k < n ⟶ i ≤ k ⟶ suffix-type
  T (Suc k) ≠ L-type
  and suffix-type T i = S-type
shows [i ≤ k; k < n] ⟹ suffix-type T k = S-type
proof (induct k - i arbitrary: k)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    using assms(2) by auto
next
  case (Suc x)
  note IH = this
  from IH(2)
  have ∃ k'. k = Suc k'
    by presburger
  then obtain k' where
    k = Suc k'
    by blast
  with IH(2)
  have x = k' - i
    by linarith

from IH(2) ⟨k = Suc k'⟩
have i ≤ k'
  by linarith

from IH(4) ⟨k = Suc k'⟩
have k' < n
  by linarith

from IH(1)[OF ⟨x = k' - i⟩ ⟨i ≤ k'⟩ ⟨k' < n⟩] assms(1) IH(4) ⟨k = Suc k'⟩ ⟨i
  ≤ k'⟩
  show ?case
    using SL-types.exhaust by blast
qed

end

```



```

theory Buckets
  imports
    ../util/Continuous-Interval
    List-Type
begin

```

46 Buckets

46.1 Entire Bucket

```

definition bucket :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} => nat) => 'a list => nat => nat set
  where
    bucket  $\alpha$  T b  $\equiv$  {k |k. k < length T  $\wedge$   $\alpha$  (T ! k) = b}

```

```

definition bucket-size :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} => nat) => 'a list => nat => nat
  where
    bucket-size  $\alpha$  T b  $\equiv$  card (bucket  $\alpha$  T b)

```

```

definition bucket-upt :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} => nat) => 'a list => nat => nat set
  where
    bucket-upt  $\alpha$  T b = {k |k. k < length T  $\wedge$   $\alpha$  (T ! k) < b}

```

```

definition bucket-start :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} => nat) => 'a list => nat => nat
  where
    bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\equiv$  card (bucket-upt  $\alpha$  T b)

```

```

definition bucket-end :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} => nat) => 'a list => nat => nat
  where
    bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\equiv$  card (bucket-upt  $\alpha$  T (Suc b))

```

```

lemma bucket-upt-subset:
  bucket-upt  $\alpha$  T b  $\subseteq$  {0.. $\text{length } T$ }
  by (rule subsetI, simp add: bucket-upt-def)

```

```

lemma bucket-upt-subset-Suc:
  bucket-upt  $\alpha$  T b  $\subseteq$  bucket-upt  $\alpha$  T (Suc b)
  by (rule subsetI, simp add: bucket-upt-def)

```

```

lemma bucket-upt-un-bucket:
  bucket-upt  $\alpha$  T b  $\cup$  bucket  $\alpha$  T b = bucket-upt  $\alpha$  T (Suc b)
  apply (clarsimp simp: bucket-upt-def bucket-def)
  apply (intro equalityI subsetI; clarsimp)
  apply (erule disjE; clarsimp)
  done

```

```

lemma bucket-0:
  assumes valid-list T  $\alpha$  bot = 0 strict-mono  $\alpha$  length T = Suc k

```

```

shows  $\text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ 0 = \{k\}$ 
proof safe
  fix  $x$ 
  assume  $x \in \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ 0$ 
  then show  $x = k$ 
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) assms bucket-def diff-Suc-1 le-neq-trans le-simps(2)
    mem-Collect-eq strict-mono-eq valid-list-def)
next
  show  $k \in \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ 0$ 
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) assms(1,2,4) bucket-def diff-Suc-1 last-conv-nth
    lessI
    list.size(3) mem-Collect-eq order-less-irrefl valid-list-def)
qed

lemma finite-bucket:
  finite ( $\text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ x$ )
  by (clarsimp simp: bucket-def)

lemma finite-bucket-upt:
  finite ( $\text{bucket-upt } \alpha \ T \ b$ )
  by (meson bucket-upt-subset subset-eq-atLeast0-lessThan-finite)

lemma bucket-start-Suc:
   $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ (\text{Suc } b) = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b + \text{bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b$ 
  apply (clarsimp simp: bucket-start-def bucket-size-def)
  apply (subst card-Un-disjoint[symmetric])
  apply (meson bucket-upt-subset subset-eq-atLeast0-lessThan-finite)
  apply (simp add: finite-bucket)
  apply (rule disjointI')
  apply (metis (mono-tags, lifting) bucket-def bucket-upt-def less-irrefl-nat mem-Collect-eq)
  apply (simp add: bucket-upt-un-bucket)
  done

lemma bucket-start-le:
   $b \leq b' \implies \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b'$ 
  apply (clarsimp simp: bucket-start-def)
  by (meson bucket-upt-subset bucket-upt-subset-Suc card-mono lift-Suc-mono-le
    subset-eq-atLeast0-lessThan-finite)

lemma bucket-start-Suc-eq-bucket-end:
   $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ (\text{Suc } b) = \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$ 
  by (simp add: bucket-end-def bucket-start-def)

lemma bucket-end-le-length:
   $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \leq \text{length } T$ 
  apply (clarsimp simp: bucket-end-def)
  apply (insert card-mono[OF - bucket-upt-subset[of  $\alpha \ T \ \text{Suc } b$ ]])
  apply (erule meta-impE, simp)
  apply (erule order.trans)

```

apply *simp*
done

lemma *bucket-start-le-end*:
 $bucket-start \alpha T b \leq bucket-end \alpha T b$
by (*metis Suc-n-not-le-n bucket-start-Suc-eq-bucket-end bucket-start-le nat-le-linear*)

lemma *le-bucket-start-le-end*:
 $b \leq b' \implies bucket-start \alpha T b \leq bucket-end \alpha T b'$
using *bucket-start-le bucket-start-le-end le-trans* **by** *blast*

lemma *bucket-end-le*:
 $b \leq b' \implies bucket-end \alpha T b \leq bucket-end \alpha T b'$
by (*metis bucket-start-Suc-eq-bucket-end bucket-start-le-end lift-Suc-mono-le*)

lemma *less-bucket-end-le-start*:
 $b < b' \implies bucket-end \alpha T b \leq bucket-start \alpha T b'$
by (*metis Suc-leI bucket-start-Suc-eq-bucket-end bucket-start-le*)

lemma *bucket-end-def'*:
 $bucket-end \alpha T b = bucket-start \alpha T b + bucket-size \alpha T b$
by (*metis bucket-start-Suc bucket-start-Suc-eq-bucket-end*)

lemma *valid-list-bucket-start-0*:
 $\llbracket valid-list T; strict-mono \alpha; \alpha bot = 0 \rrbracket \implies$
 $bucket-start \alpha T 0 = 0$
by (*clarsimp simp: bucket-start-def bucket-upt-def*)

lemma *bucket-upt-0*:
 $bucket-upt \alpha T 0 = \{\}$
by (*clarsimp simp: bucket-upt-def*)

lemma *bucket-start-0*:
 $bucket-start \alpha T 0 = 0$
by (*clarsimp simp: bucket-start-def bucket-upt-def*)

lemma *valid-list-bucket-upt-Suc-0*:
 $\llbracket valid-list T; strict-mono \alpha; \alpha bot = 0; length T = Suc n \rrbracket \implies$
 $bucket-upt \alpha T (Suc 0) = \{n\}$
apply (*clarsimp simp: bucket-upt-def*)
apply (*intro equalityI subsetI*)
apply (*clarsimp simp: valid-list-def*)
apply (*metis less-antisym strict-mono-eq*)
apply (*clarsimp simp: valid-list-ex-def*)
done

lemma *valid-list-bucket-end-0*:
 $\llbracket valid-list T; strict-mono \alpha; \alpha bot = 0 \rrbracket \implies$
 $bucket-end \alpha T 0 = 1$

```

apply (clarsimp simp: bucket-end-def)
apply (frule valid-list-length-ex)
apply clarsimp
apply (frule (3) valid-list-bucket-upt-Suc-0)
apply simp
done

```

lemma *nth-Max*:

```

 $T \neq [] \implies \exists i < \text{length } T. T ! i = \text{Max } (\text{set } T)$ 
by (metis List.finite-set Max-in in-set-conv-nth set-empty)

```

lemma *bucket-upt-Suc-Max*:

```

strict-mono  $\alpha \implies \text{bucket-upt } \alpha \ T \ (\text{Suc } (\alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)))) = \{0..<\text{length } T\}$ 
apply (intro equalityI subsetI)
apply (erule bucket-upt-subset[THEN subsetD])
by (clarsimp simp: bucket-upt-def less-Suc-eq-le strict-mono-less-eq)

```

lemma *bucket-end-Max*:

```

strict-mono  $\alpha \implies \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))) = \text{length } T$ 
apply (clarsimp simp: bucket-end-def)
apply (drule bucket-upt-Suc-Max[where  $T = T$ ])
apply clarsimp
done

```

lemma *bucket-end-eq-length*:

```

 $[[\text{strict-mono } \alpha; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)); T \neq []; \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b = \text{length } T]] \implies$ 
 $b = \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 

```

proof –

```

assume strict-mono  $\alpha \ b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \ \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b = \text{length } T \ T \neq []$ 
show  $b = \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $b \neq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  with  $\langle b \leq - \rangle$ 
  have  $b < \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  by simp
  hence  $\exists b'. b' = \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  by blast
  then obtain  $b'$  where
     $b' = \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  by blast
  with  $\langle b < - \rangle$ 
  have  $b < b'$ 
  by blast
  hence  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b'$ 
  by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
moreover
from nth-Max[OF  $\langle T \neq [] \rangle$ ]
obtain  $i$  where
   $i < \text{length } T$ 

```

$T ! i = \text{Max} (\text{set } T)$
by *blast*
with $\langle b' = \alpha (\text{Max} (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$
have $i \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b'$
by (*simp add: bucket-def*)
hence $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$
by (*metis add-diff-cancel-left' bucket-end-def' bucket-size-def bucket-start-le-end*
card-gt-0-iff diff-is-0-eq' empty-iff finite-bucket nat-less-le)
moreover
have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq \text{length } T$
using *bucket-end-le-length* **by** *blast*
ultimately
show *False*
using $\langle \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b = \text{length } T \rangle$
by *linarith*
qed
qed

46.2 L-types

definition *l-bucket* :: $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat set}$
where
 $l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b = \{k \mid k. k \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b \wedge \text{suffix-type } T k = L\text{-type}\}$

definition *l-bucket-size* :: $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$
where
 $l\text{-bucket-size } \alpha T b \equiv \text{card} (l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b)$

definition *l-bucket-end* :: $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$
where
 $l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b = \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b + l\text{-bucket-size } \alpha T b$

lemma *l-bucket-subset-bucket*:
 $l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \subseteq \text{bucket } \alpha T b$
by (*rule subsetI, simp add: l-bucket-def*)

lemma *bucket-upt-int-l-bucket*:
 $\text{strict-mono } \alpha \implies \text{bucket-upt } \alpha T b \cap l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b = \{\}$
apply (*rule disjoint-subset2* [**where** $B = \text{bucket } \alpha T b$])
apply (*simp add: l-bucket-def*)
apply (*simp add: bucket-def bucket-upt-def*)
apply (*rule disjointI'*)
apply *clarsimp*
done

lemma *subset-l-bucket*:
 $\llbracket \forall k < \text{length } ls. ls ! k < \text{length } T \wedge \text{suffix-type } T (ls ! k) = L\text{-type} \wedge \alpha (T ! (ls$

! k)) = x;
 distinct ls]] \implies
 set ls \subseteq l-bucket α T x
apply (rule subsetI)
apply (clarsimp simp: l-bucket-def bucket-def in-set-conv-nth)
done

lemma finite-l-bucket:
 finite (l-bucket α T x)
apply (clarsimp simp: finite-bucket l-bucket-def)
done

lemma l-bucket-list-eq:
 [[$\forall k < \text{length } ls. ls ! k < \text{length } T \wedge \text{suffix-type } T (ls ! k) = L\text{-type} \wedge \alpha (T ! (ls ! k)) = x;$
 distinct ls; length ls = l-bucket-size α T x]] \implies
 set ls = l-bucket α T x
apply (frule (1) subset-l-bucket)
apply (frule distinct-card)
apply (insert finite-l-bucket[of α T x])
by (simp add: card-subset-eq l-bucket-size-def)

lemma l-bucket-le-bucket-size:
 l-bucket-size α T b \leq bucket-size α T b
apply (clarsimp simp: l-bucket-size-def bucket-size-def)
apply (rule card-mono[OF finite-bucket l-bucket-subset-bucket])
done

lemma l-bucket-not-empty:
 [[$i < \text{length } T;$ suffix-type T i = L-type]] \implies 0 < l-bucket-size α T ($\alpha (T ! i)$)
apply (clarsimp simp: l-bucket-size-def)
apply (subst card-gt-0-iff)
apply (intro conjI finite-l-bucket)
apply (clarsimp simp: l-bucket-def bucket-def)
apply blast
done

lemma l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end:
 l-bucket-end α T b \leq bucket-end α T b
apply (clarsimp simp: l-bucket-end-def)
apply (rule order.trans[where b = bucket-start α T b + bucket-size α T b])
apply (simp add: l-bucket-le-bucket-size)
by (metis bucket-start-Suc bucket-start-Suc-eq-bucket-end le-refl)

lemma l-bucket-Max:
 assumes valid-list T
 and Suc 0 < length T
 and strict-mono α
 shows l-bucket α T ($\alpha (Max (set T))$) = bucket α T ($\alpha (Max (set T))$)

```

proof (intro subsetI equalityI)
  let ?b =  $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
  fix x
  assume  $x \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha T ?b$ 
  then show  $x \in \text{bucket } \alpha T ?b$ 
    using l-bucket-subset-bucket by blast
next
  let ?b =  $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
  fix x
  assume  $x \in \text{bucket } \alpha T ?b$ 
  hence  $x < \text{length } T \ \alpha \ (T ! x) = ?b$ 
    using bucket-def by blast+
  with suffix-max-hd-is-l-type[OF assms(1) - assms(2)]
  have suffix-type  $T \ x = L\text{-type}$ 
    by (metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc assms(3) list.sel(1) strict-mono-eq)
  then show  $x \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha T ?b$ 
    using  $\langle x \in \text{bucket } \alpha T \ (\alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))) \rangle$  l-bucket-def by blast
qed

```

46.3 LMS-types

definition *lms-bucket* :: (*'a* :: {linorder, order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat set

where
lms-bucket $\alpha T b = \{k \mid k. k \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b \wedge \text{abs-is-lms } T k\}$

definition *lms-bucket-size* :: (*'a* :: {linorder, order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat

where
lms-bucket-size $\alpha T b \equiv \text{card } (\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b)$

lemma *lms-bucket-subset-bucket*:
lms-bucket $\alpha T b \subseteq \text{bucket } \alpha T b$
by (simp add: lms-bucket-def)

lemma *finite-lms-bucket*:
finite (*lms-bucket* $\alpha T b$)
by (clarsimp simp: lms-bucket-def finite-bucket)

lemma *disjoint-l-lms-bucket*:
l-bucket $\alpha T b \cap \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b = \{\}$
apply (rule disjointI')
by (clarsimp simp: l-bucket-def lms-bucket-def abs-is-lms-def)

46.4 S-types

definition *s-bucket* :: (*'a* :: {linorder, order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat set

where
s-bucket $\alpha T b = \{k \mid k. k \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b \wedge \text{suffix-type } T k = S\text{-type}\}$

definition *s-bucket-size* :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} => nat) => 'a list => nat => nat

where

s-bucket-size α *T b* \equiv *card* (*s-bucket* α *T b*)

definition *s-bucket-start* :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} => nat) => 'a list => nat => nat

where

s-bucket-start α *T b* \equiv *bucket-start* α *T b* + *l-bucket-size* α *T b*

lemma *finite-s-bucket*:

finite (*s-bucket* α *T b*)

by (*clarsimp simp: s-bucket-def finite-bucket*)

lemma *disjoint-l-s-bucket*:

l-bucket α *T b* \cap *s-bucket* α *T b* = {}

apply (*rule disjointI'*)

by (*clarsimp simp: l-bucket-def s-bucket-def*)

lemma *lms-subset-s-bucket*:

lms-bucket α *T b* \subseteq *s-bucket* α *T b*

by (*clarsimp simp: s-bucket-def lms-bucket-def abs-is-lms-def*)

lemma *l-un-s-bucket*:

bucket α *T b* = *l-bucket* α *T b* \cup *s-bucket* α *T b*

apply (*rule equalityI; clarsimp simp: l-bucket-def s-bucket-def*)

by (*meson suffix-type-def*)

lemma *s-bucket-Max*:

assumes *valid-list T*

and *length T > Suc 0*

and *strict-mono* α

shows *s-bucket* α *T* (α (*Max* (*set T*))) = {}

proof –

let *?b* = α (*Max* (*set T*))

from *l-bucket-Max*[*OF assms*]

have *l-bucket* α *T ?b* = *bucket* α *T ?b* .

moreover

from *l-un-s-bucket*

have *bucket* α *T ?b* = *l-bucket* α *T ?b* \cup *s-bucket* α *T ?b* .

hence *s-bucket* α *T ?b* \subseteq *bucket* α *T ?b*

by *blast*

moreover

from *disjoint-l-s-bucket*

have *l-bucket* α *T ?b* \cap *s-bucket* α *T ?b* = {} .

ultimately

show *?thesis*

by *blast*

qed

lemma *s-bucket-0*:

assumes *valid-list* T

and *strict-mono* α

and $\alpha \text{ bot} = 0$

and *length* $T = \text{Suc } n$

shows *s-bucket* $\alpha T 0 = \{n\}$

proof –

have *suffix-type* $T n = S\text{-type}$

using *assms*(4) *suffix-type-last* **by** *blast*

moreover

have $T ! n = \text{bot}$

by (*metis* *assms*(1) *assms*(4) *diff-Suc-1* *last-conv-nth* *length-greater-0-conv* *valid-list-def*)

hence $\alpha (T ! n) = 0$

by (*simp* *add*: *assms*(3))

ultimately have $n \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T 0$

by (*simp* *add*: *assms*(4) *bucket-def* *s-bucket-def*)

hence $\{n\} \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T 0$

by *blast*

moreover

have *s-bucket* $\alpha T 0 \subseteq \{n\}$

unfolding *s-bucket-def*

proof *safe*

fix k

assume $k \in \text{bucket } \alpha T 0$ *suffix-type* $T k = S\text{-type}$

hence $k \leq n$

by (*simp* *add*: *assms*(4) *bucket-def*)

have $\alpha (T ! k) = 0$

using $\langle k \in \text{bucket } \alpha T 0 \rangle$ *bucket-def* **by** *blast*

hence $T ! k = \text{bot}$

by (*metis* *assms*(2) *assms*(3) *strict-mono-eq*)

show $k = n$

proof (*rule* *ccontr*)

assume $k \neq n$

hence $k < n$

by (*simp* *add*: $\langle k \leq n \rangle$ *le-neq-implies-less*)

then show *False*

using $\langle k \in \text{bucket } \alpha T 0 \rangle$ $\langle k \neq n \rangle$ *assms* *bucket-0* **by** *blast*

qed

qed

ultimately show *?thesis*

by *blast*

qed

lemma *s-bucket-successor*:

$\llbracket \text{valid-list } T; \text{strict-mono } \alpha; \alpha \text{ bot} = 0; b \neq 0; x \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{Suc } x \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \vee (\exists b'. b < b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b')$

proof –
assume $\text{valid-list } T \text{ strict-mono } \alpha \ \alpha \ \text{bot} = 0 \ b \neq 0 \ x \in \text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
hence $\text{suffix-type } T \ x = \text{S-type}$
by (*simp add: s-bucket-def*)

from $\text{valid-list-length-ex}[OF \ \langle \text{valid-list } \rightarrow \rangle]$
obtain n **where**
 $\text{length } T = \text{Suc } n$
by *blast*

moreover
from $\langle x \in \text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle$
have $x < \text{length } T \ \alpha \ (T ! x) = b$
by (*simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def*)
ultimately have $\text{Suc } x < \text{length } T$
by (*metis Suc-lessI* $\langle \alpha \ \text{bot} = 0 \rangle \ \langle b \neq 0 \rangle \ \langle \text{valid-list } T \rangle \ \text{diff-Suc-1} \ \text{last-conv-nth} \ \text{list.size}(3)$
valid-list-def)

have $T ! x \leq T ! \text{Suc } x$
by (*simp add:* $\langle \text{Suc } x < \text{length } T \rangle \ \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ x = \text{S-type} \rangle \ \text{s-type-letter-le-Suc}$)
hence $T ! x < T ! \text{Suc } x \vee T ! x = T ! \text{Suc } x$
using *le-neq-trans* **by** *blast*

moreover
have $T ! x < T ! \text{Suc } x \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $T ! x < T ! \text{Suc } x$
hence $\alpha \ (T ! x) < \alpha \ (T ! \text{Suc } x)$
by (*simp add:* $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle \ \text{strict-mono-less}$)
hence $b < \alpha \ (T ! \text{Suc } x)$
by (*simp add:* $\langle \alpha \ (T ! x) = b \rangle$)
with $\langle \text{Suc } x < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $\text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T ! \text{Suc } x))$
by (*simp add: bucket-def*)
with $\langle b < \alpha \ (T ! \text{Suc } x) \rangle$
show $?thesis$
by *blast*

qed

moreover
have $T ! x = T ! \text{Suc } x \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $T ! x = T ! \text{Suc } x$
hence $\alpha \ (T ! \text{Suc } x) = b$
using $\langle \alpha \ (T ! x) = b \rangle$ **by** *auto*

moreover
from $\langle \text{Suc } x < \text{length } T \rangle \ \langle T ! x = T ! \text{Suc } x \rangle \ \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ x = \text{S-type} \rangle$
have $\text{suffix-type } T \ (\text{Suc } x) = \text{S-type}$
using *suffix-type-neq* **by** *force*
ultimately show $?thesis$
by (*simp add:* $\langle \text{Suc } x < \text{length } T \rangle \ \text{bucket-def} \ \text{s-bucket-def}$)

qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *subset-s-bucket-successor*:

$\llbracket \text{valid-list } T; \text{strict-mono } \alpha; \alpha \text{ bot} = 0; b \neq 0; A \subseteq \text{s-bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b; A \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists x \in A. \text{Suc } x \in \text{s-bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b - A \vee (\exists b'. b < b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b')$

proof –

assume *valid-list T strict-mono α α bot = 0 b \neq 0 A \subseteq s-bucket α T b A \neq {}*

have *finite A*

using $\langle A \subseteq \text{s-bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b \rangle$ *finite-s-bucket finite-subset* **by** *blast*

let $?B = \text{s-bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b - A$

have $\exists x \in A. \text{Suc } x \notin A$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\neg (\exists x \in A. \text{Suc } x \notin A)$

hence $\forall x \in A. \text{Suc } x \in A$

by *clarsimp*

hence $\neg \text{finite } A$

using *Max.coboundedI Max-in Suc-n-not-le-n* $\langle A \neq \{\} \rangle$ **by** *blast*

with $\langle \text{finite } A \rangle$

show *False*

by *blast*

qed

then obtain *x* **where**

x $\in A$

Suc x $\notin A$

by *blast*

with *s-bucket-successor*[*OF* $\langle \text{valid-list } \rightarrow \rangle$ $\langle \text{strict-mono } \rightarrow \rangle$ $\langle \alpha - = \rightarrow \rangle$ $\langle b \neq \rightarrow \rangle$, *of x*]
 $\langle A \subseteq \text{s-bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b \rangle$

have *Suc x* $\in \text{s-bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b \vee (\exists b'. b < b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b')$

by *blast*

moreover

have *Suc x* $\in \text{s-bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b \implies ?thesis$

proof –

assume *Suc x* $\in \text{s-bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b$

with $\langle \text{Suc } x \notin A \rangle$

show *?thesis*

using $\langle x \in A \rangle$ **by** *blast*

qed

moreover

have $(\exists b'. b < b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } b') \implies ?thesis$

using $\langle x \in A \rangle$ **by** *blast*

ultimately show *?thesis*

by *blast*

qed

lemma *valid-list-s-bucket-start-0*:

$\llbracket \text{valid-list } T; \text{strict-mono } \alpha; \alpha \text{ bot} = 0 \rrbracket \implies$

$s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ 0 = 0$

apply (*clarsimp simp: s-bucket-start-def bucket-start-0*)

apply (*frule valid-list-length-ex*)

apply *clarsimp*

apply (*frule* (β) *bucket-0*)

apply (*frule suffix-type-last*)

apply (*clarsimp simp: l-bucket-size-def l-bucket-def*)

done

definition *pure-s-bucket* :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat set

where

$\text{pure-s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b = \{k \mid k. k \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \wedge k \notin lms\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b\}$

definition *pure-s-bucket-size* :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat

where

$\text{pure-s-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b \equiv \text{card } (\text{pure-s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b)$

lemma *finite-pure-s-bucket*:

finite ($\text{pure-s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$)

by (*clarsimp simp: pure-s-bucket-def finite-s-bucket*)

lemma *pure-s-subset-s-bucket*:

$\text{pure-s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$

by (*clarsimp simp: s-bucket-def pure-s-bucket-def*)

lemma *disjoint-lms-pure-s-bucket*:

$lms\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \cap \text{pure-s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b = \{\}$

apply (*rule disjointI'*)

by (*clarsimp simp: lms-bucket-def pure-s-bucket-def*)

lemma *disjoint-pure-s-lms-bucket*:

$\text{pure-s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \cap lms\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b = \{\}$

apply (*subst Int-commute*)

by (*rule disjoint-lms-pure-s-bucket*)

lemma *s-eq-pure-s-un-lms-bucket*:

$s\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b = \text{pure-s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \cup lms\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$

apply (*intro equalityI; clarsimp simp: pure-s-subset-s-bucket lms-subset-s-bucket*)

apply (*clarsimp simp: s-bucket-def lms-bucket-def pure-s-bucket-def*)

done

lemma *l-pl-pure-s-pl-lms-size*:

$\text{bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b = l\text{-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b + \text{pure-s-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b + lms\text{-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b$

```

apply (clarsimp simp: bucket-size-def l-bucket-size-def pure-s-bucket-size-def
        lms-bucket-size-def)
apply (subst add.assoc)
apply (subst card-Un-disjoint[symmetric,
        OF finite-pure-s-bucket finite-lms-bucket disjoint-pure-s-lms-bucket])
apply (subst s-eq-pure-s-un-lms-bucket[symmetric])
apply (subst card-Un-disjoint[symmetric,
        OF finite-l-bucket finite-s-bucket disjoint-l-s-bucket])
apply (clarsimp simp: l-un-s-bucket)
done

```

lemma *s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end*:
 $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b = l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$
by (simp add: l-bucket-end-def s-bucket-start-def)

lemma *s-eq-pure-pl-lms-size*:
 $s\text{-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b = \text{pure-s-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b + \text{lms-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b$
by (simp add: card-Un-disjoint disjoint-pure-s-lms-bucket finite-lms-bucket fi-
nite-pure-s-bucket
lms-bucket-size-def pure-s-bucket-size-def s-bucket-size-def s-eq-pure-s-un-lms-bucket)

lemma *bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size*:
 $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b + s\text{-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b$
by (simp add: bucket-end-def' l-bucket-end-def l-pl-pure-s-pl-lms-size
s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end s-eq-pure-pl-lms-size)

lemma *bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start*:
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$
by (simp add: s-bucket-start-def)

lemma *bucket-0-size1*:
assumes *valid-list* T
and *strict-mono* α
and $\alpha \ \text{bot} = 0$
shows $\text{bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ 0 = \text{Suc } 0 \wedge l\text{-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ 0 = 0$
proof –
from *valid-list-length-ex*[OF *assms*(1)]
obtain n **where**
 $\text{length } T = \text{Suc } n$
by *blast*
with *bucket-0*[OF *assms*(1,3,2)]
have $\text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ 0 = \{n\}$
by *blast*
hence $\text{bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ 0 = \text{Suc } 0$
by (simp add: bucket-size-def)
moreover
have *suffix-type* $T \ n = S\text{-type}$
by (simp add: $\langle \text{length } T = \text{Suc } n \rangle$ *suffix-type-last*)
hence $n \notin l\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ 0$

```

    by (simp add: l-bucket-def)
  hence l-bucket-size  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = 0$ 
proof -
  have l-bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 \subseteq \{n\}$ 
    by (metis  $\langle$ bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \{n\}\rangle$  l-bucket-subset-bucket)
  hence  $\forall n. n \notin$  l-bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0$ 
    using  $\langle n \notin$  l-bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0\rangle$  by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: l-bucket-size-def)
qed
ultimately
show ?thesis
  by blast
qed

lemma bucket-0-size2:
  assumes valid-list  $T$ 
  and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
  and  $\alpha$  bot = 0
  and length  $T = \text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n)$ 
shows bucket-size  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \text{Suc } 0 \wedge$  l-bucket-size  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = 0 \wedge$  lms-bucket-size  $\alpha$ 
 $T\ 0 = \text{Suc } 0 \wedge$ 
  pure-s-bucket-size  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = 0$ 
proof -
  from bucket-0[OF assms(1,3,2,4)]
  have bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \{\text{Suc } n\}$  .

  have abs-is-lms  $T$  ( $\text{Suc } n$ )
    using assms(1,4) abs-is-lms-last by blast
  hence lms-bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \{\text{Suc } n\}$ 
    using lms-bucket-subset-bucket[of  $\alpha$   $T\ 0$ ]  $\langle$ bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \{\text{Suc } n\}\rangle$ 
    by (simp add: lms-bucket-def subset-antisym)
  hence lms-bucket-size  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \text{Suc } 0$ 
    by (simp add: lms-bucket-size-def)
  moreover
  from  $\langle$ bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \{\text{Suc } n\}\rangle$   $\langle$ lms-bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \{\text{Suc } n\}\rangle$ 
  have pure-s-bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \{\}$ 
    by (metis disjoint-insert(1) disjoint-l-lms-bucket disjoint-lms-pure-s-bucket
      l-bucket-subset-bucket l-un-s-bucket pure-s-subset-s-bucket singletonI
      subset-singletonD sup-bot.left-neutral)
  hence pure-s-bucket-size  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = 0$ 
    by (simp add: pure-s-bucket-size-def)
  moreover
  from bucket-0-size1[OF assms(1-3)]
  have bucket-size  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = \text{Suc } 0 \wedge$  l-bucket-size  $\alpha$   $T\ 0 = 0$  .
  ultimately
  show ?thesis
    by blast
qed

```

definition *lms-bucket-start* :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat
 \Rightarrow nat
where
lms-bucket-start α T b = *bucket-start* α T b + *l-bucket-size* α T b + *pure-s-bucket-size* α T b

lemma *l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start*:
l-bucket-end α T b \leq *lms-bucket-start* α T b
by (*simp add: l-bucket-end-def lms-bucket-start-def*)

lemma *lms-bucket-start-le-bucket-end*:
lms-bucket-start α T b \leq *bucket-end* α T b
by (*simp add: bucket-end-def' lms-bucket-start-def l-pl-pure-s-pl-lms-size*)

lemma *lms-bucket-pl-size-eq-end*:
lms-bucket-start α T b + *lms-bucket-size* α T b = *bucket-end* α T b
by (*simp add: bucket-end-def' l-pl-pure-s-pl-lms-size lms-bucket-start-def*)

47 Continuous Buckets

lemma *continuous-buckets*:
continuous-list (map (λb . (*bucket-start* α T b, *bucket-end* α T b)) [*i*..*j*])
by (*clarsimp simp: continuous-list-def bucket-start-Suc-eq-bucket-end*)

lemma *index-in-bucket-interval-gen*:
 $\llbracket i < \text{length } T; \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $\exists b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)). \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
apply (*insert continuous-buckets[of α T 0 Suc (α (Max (set T)))*])
apply (*drule continuous-list-interval-2[where n = α (Max (set T)) and i = i]*)
apply *clarsimp*
apply (*subst nth-map*)
apply *clarsimp*
apply (*clarsimp split: prod.split simp: upt-rec bucket-start-0*)
apply (*subst nth-map*)
apply *clarsimp*
apply (*clarsimp split: prod.split simp: nth-append bucket-end-Max*)
apply *clarsimp*
apply (*clarsimp simp: nth-append split: if-splits prod.splits*)
apply (*meson dual-order.order-iff-strict*)
by *blast*

lemma *index-in-bucket-interval*:
 $\llbracket i < \text{length } T; \text{valid-list } T; \alpha \text{ bot} = 0; \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $\exists b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)). \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
using *index-in-bucket-interval-gen* **by** *blast*

48 Bucket Initialisation

definition *lms-bucket-init* :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow bool

where

lms-bucket-init α T B =
 $(\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B \wedge$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)). B ! b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)$)

lemma *lms-bucket-init-length*:

lms-bucket-init α T B \Longrightarrow $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
using *lms-bucket-init-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *lms-bucket-initD*:

$\llbracket \text{lms-bucket-init } \alpha T B; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow B ! b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
using *lms-bucket-init-def* **by** *blast*

definition *l-bucket-init* :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow bool

where

l-bucket-init α T B =
 $(\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B \wedge$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)). B ! b = \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b)$)

lemma *l-bucket-init-length*:

l-bucket-init α T B \Longrightarrow $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
using *l-bucket-init-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *l-bucket-initD*:

$\llbracket \text{l-bucket-init } \alpha T B; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow B ! b = \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b$
using *l-bucket-init-def* **by** *blast*

definition *s-bucket-init*

where

s-bucket-init α T B =
 $(\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B \wedge$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)).$
 $(b > 0 \longrightarrow B ! b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b) \wedge$
 $(b = 0 \longrightarrow B ! b = 0)$
 $)$
 $)$

lemma *s-bucket-init-length*:

s-bucket-init α T B \Longrightarrow $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
using *s-bucket-init-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *s-bucket-initD*:

$\llbracket \text{s-bucket-init } \alpha T B; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)); b > 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow B ! b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$

[[*s-bucket-init* α T B ; $b \leq \alpha$ (Max ($\text{set } T$)); $b = 0$]] $\implies B ! b = 0$
using *s-bucket-init-def* **by** *auto*

49 Bucket Range

definition *in-s-current-bucket*

where

in-s-current-bucket α T B b $i \equiv (b \leq \alpha$ (Max ($\text{set } T$)) $\wedge B ! b \leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end}$ α T b)

lemma *in-s-current-bucketD*:

in-s-current-bucket α T B b $i \implies b \leq \alpha$ (Max ($\text{set } T$))

in-s-current-bucket α T B b $i \implies B ! b \leq i$

in-s-current-bucket α T B b $i \implies i < \text{bucket-end}$ α T b

by (*simp-all add: in-s-current-bucket-def*)

definition *in-s-current-buckets*

where

in-s-current-buckets α T B $i \equiv (\exists b. \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha$ T B b $i)$

lemma *in-s-current-bucket-list-slice*:

assumes $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$

and $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha$ T B b i

and $SA ! i = x$

shows $x \in \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA$ ($B ! b$) ($\text{bucket-end } \alpha$ T b))

by (*metis assms bucket-end-le-length in-s-current-bucket-def list-slice-nth-mem*)

definition *in-l-bucket*

where

in-l-bucket α T b $i \equiv (b \leq \alpha$ (Max ($\text{set } T$)) $\wedge \text{bucket-start } \alpha$ T $b \leq i \wedge i < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha$ T b)

end

theory *LMS-List-Slice-Util*

imports *List-Type*

begin

50 Helpers

lemma *filter-abs-is-lms-upt-0*:

$\text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } xs) [0..<n] = \text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } xs) [\text{Suc } 0..<n]$

by (*metis filter.simps(2) abs-is-lms-0 tl-upt upt-0 upt-rec*)

lemma *filter-abs-is-lms-upt-hd*:

[[*abs-is-lms* xs i ; $i < n$]] \implies

$\text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } xs) [i..<n] = i \# \text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } xs) [\text{Suc } i..<n]$

by (*metis filter.simps(2) upt-rec*)

51 LMS Slice

51.1 Find the next LMS position

fun

abs-find-index' :: ('a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat

where

abs-find-index' P xs i =

(case xs of
 [] ⇒ i
 | x#xs' ⇒
 (if P x
 then i
 else *abs-find-index'* P xs' (Suc i)))

definition

abs-find-next-lms :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat

where

abs-find-next-lms T i =

(case find (λj. *abs-is-lms* T j) [Suc i..<length T] of
 Some j ⇒ j
 | - ⇒ length T)

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-le-length*:

abs-find-next-lms T i ≤ length T

unfolding *abs-find-next-lms-def*

apply (*clarsimp split: option.split*)

by (*metis find-Some-iff abs-is-lms-gre-length not-less order.order-iff-strict*)

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-abs-is-lms*:

abs-is-lms T (Suc i) ⇒ *abs-find-next-lms* T i = Suc i

unfolding *abs-find-next-lms-def*

apply (*frule abs-is-lms-imp-less-length*)

apply (*clarsimp split: option.split simp: upt-rec*)

done

lemma *Suc-not-lms-imp-abs-find-next-eq-Suc*:

¬ *abs-is-lms* T (Suc i) ⇒ *abs-find-next-lms* T i = *abs-find-next-lms* T (Suc i)

unfolding *abs-find-next-lms-def*

by (*simp add: upt-rec*)

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1*:

i < length T ⇒ i < *abs-find-next-lms* T i

unfolding *abs-find-next-lms-def*

apply (*clarsimp split: option.split*)

using *findSomeD* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-2*:

length T ≤ i ⇒ length T ≤ *abs-find-next-lms* T i

unfolding *abs-find-next-lms-def*

by (clarsimp split: option.split)

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-le-Suc*:
 $abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ i \leq abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ (Suc \ i)$
apply (cases $Suc \ i < length \ T$)
apply (metis *find.simps(2)* *abs-find-next-lms-def* *abs-find-next-lms-abs-is-lms*
abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1
le-less upt-rec)
by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-def*)

lemma *no-lms-between-i-and-next*:
 $\llbracket i < k; k < abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ i \rrbracket \implies \neg abs\text{-is-lms } T \ k$
unfolding *abs-find-next-lms-def*
apply (clarsimp split: option.splits)
apply (drule *findNoneD*)
apply (erule *ballE*[of - - k])
apply *blast*
apply *simp*
apply (drule *find-Some-iff*[*THEN iffD1*])
apply *clarsimp*
apply (erule *allE*[of - $k - Suc \ i$])
apply *clarsimp*
done

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms*:
 $abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ i < length \ T \implies$
 $abs\text{-is-lms } T \ (abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ i)$
unfolding *abs-find-next-lms-def*
apply (clarsimp split: option.splits)
apply (drule *find-Some-iff*[*THEN iffD1*])
apply *clarsimp*
done

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound*:
 $abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ i < length \ T \implies$
 $i < abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ i$
unfolding *abs-find-next-lms-def*
apply (clarsimp split: option.splits)
using *findSomeD* **by** *fastforce*

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-suffix*:
assumes $i \leq length \ T$
shows $abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ i =$
 $i + abs\text{-find-next-lms } (suffix \ T \ i) \ 0$
proof -
from *abs-is-lms-i-gr-0*[of - $i \ T$] *no-lms-between-i-and-next*[of $i - T$]
have $P: \bigwedge k. \llbracket 0 < k; k < abs\text{-find-next-lms } T \ i - i \rrbracket \implies \neg abs\text{-is-lms } (suffix \ T$
 $i) \ k$
by (*meson less-add-same-cancel2 less-diff-conv*)

have *abs-find-next-lms* $T\ i = \text{length } T \vee \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i < \text{length } T$
using *abs-find-next-lms-le-length le-neq-implies-less* **by** *blast*
moreover
have *abs-find-next-lms* $T\ i = \text{length } T \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume *abs-find-next-lms* $T\ i = \text{length } T$
hence $\bigwedge k. [0 < k; k < \text{length } T - i] \implies \neg \text{abs-is-lms } (\text{suffix } T\ i)\ k$
using *P* **by** *presburger*
hence *abs-find-next-lms* $(\text{suffix } T\ i)\ 0 = \text{length } T - i$
by (*metis abs-find-next-lms-le-length abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms*
abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound le-neq-implies-less
length-drop)
then show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: <abs-find-next-lms T i = length T> assms*)
qed
moreover
have *abs-find-next-lms* $T\ i < \text{length } T \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume *abs-find-next-lms* $T\ i < \text{length } T$
hence *abs-is-lms* $T\ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i)$
using *abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms* **by** *blast*
hence *abs-is-lms* $(\text{suffix } T\ i)\ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i - i)$
by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-i-gr-0 <abs-find-next-lms T i < length T>*
abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound less-or-eq-imp-le)
with *P*
show *?thesis*
by (*metis add.commute abs-find-next-lms-le-length abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms*
abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound abs-is-lms-imp-less-length
le-neq-implies-less length-drop less-or-eq-imp-le nat-neq-iff
no-lms-between-i-and-next ordered-cancel-comm-monoid-diff-class.diff-add
zero-less-diff)
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-cons-Suc*:
assumes $i \leq \text{length } xs$
shows *abs-find-next-lms* $(x \# xs)\ (\text{Suc } i) =$
Suc $(\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs\ i)$
proof –
have *abs-find-next-lms* $xs\ i = \text{length } xs \vee \text{abs-find-next-lms } xs\ i < \text{length } xs$
using *abs-find-next-lms-le-length le-neq-implies-less* **by** *blast*
moreover
have *abs-find-next-lms* $xs\ i = \text{length } xs \implies ?thesis$
by (*metis Suc-le-mono add.assoc assms drop-Suc-Cons*
abs-find-next-lms-suffix length-Cons plus-1-eq-Suc)
moreover

have *abs-find-next-lms* $xs\ i < \text{length}\ xs \implies ?thesis$
by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *Suc-le-mono* *add.assoc* *length-Cons*
assms *drop-Suc-Cons* *abs-find-next-lms-suffix* *plus-1-eq-Suc*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-funpow-Suc*:
 $((\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T) \sim^k (\text{Suc}\ k))\ i =$
 $\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T\ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T) \sim^k i)$
by *simp*

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-funpow-le*:
 $i < \text{length}\ T \implies$
 $((\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T) \sim^k i) \leq$
 $((\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T) \sim (\text{Suc}\ k))\ i$
apply (*induct* k ; *clarsimp*)
apply (*simp* *add: abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1* *less-or-eq-imp-le*)
by (*simp* *add: abs-find-next-lms-le-Suc* *lift-Suc-mono-le*)

lemma *no-lms-between-i-and-next-funpow*:
 $\llbracket ((\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T) \sim^k i) <$
 $((\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T) \sim (\text{Suc}\ k))\ i;$
 $((\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T) \sim^k i) < j;$
 $j < ((\text{abs-find-next-lms}\ T) \sim (\text{Suc}\ k))\ i \rrbracket \implies$
 $\neg \text{abs-is-lms}\ T\ j$
by (*simp* *add: no-lms-between-i-and-next*)

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-eq-Suc*:
 $xs \neq [] \implies \exists k. \text{abs-find-next-lms}\ xs\ i = \text{Suc}\ k$
by (*metis* *abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms*
abs-is-lms-0 *length-greater-0-conv* *not0-implies-Suc*)

lemma *filter-no-lms1*:
 $\llbracket \text{abs-is-lms}\ xs\ i; i < k; k \leq \text{abs-find-next-lms}\ xs\ i \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{filter}\ (\text{abs-is-lms}\ xs)\ [\text{Suc}\ i..<k] = []$

proof (*induct* k)
case 0
then show *?case*
by *simp*
next
case (*Suc* k)
then show *?case*
by (*metis* *Suc-leD* *Suc-le-eq* *append-Nil* *filter.simps(1,2)*
upt-Suc *filter-append* *no-lms-between-i-and-next*)
qed

lemma *filter-no-lms2*:
 $\llbracket \neg \text{abs-is-lms}\ xs\ i; i < k; k \leq \text{abs-find-next-lms}\ xs\ i \rrbracket \implies$

```

    filter (abs-is-lms xs) [i..<k] = []
proof (induct k)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (Suc k)
  then show ?case
    by (metis Suc-le-eq append-Nil filter.simps(1)
          filter.simps(2) filter-append
          not-less-eq-eq upt.simps(2) nle-le
          no-lms-between-i-and-next upt-conv-Cons)
qed

```

51.2 LMS Prefix

```

fun
  closest-lms ::
    ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat
where
  closest-lms T i =
    (if abs-is-lms T i
     then i
     else abs-find-next-lms T i)

```

definition

```

  lms-prefix ::
    ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a list
where
  lms-prefix T i =
    list-slice T i (Suc (closest-lms T i))

```

lemma lms-lms-prefix:

```

  abs-is-lms T i  $\Longrightarrow$  lms-prefix T i = [T ! i]
unfolding lms-prefix-def
by (simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length list-slice-Suc)

```

lemma suffix-to-lms-prefix:

```

  i < length T  $\Longrightarrow$ 
    suffix T i =
      lms-prefix T i @
        (list-slice T (Suc (closest-lms T i)) (length T))

```

unfolding lms-prefix-def

```

apply clarsimp

```

```

apply (intro impI conjI)

```

```

apply (rule suffix-to-list-slice-app)

```

```

apply linarith

```

```

by (meson abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 less-SucI)

```

less-or-eq-imp-le suffix-to-list-slice-app)

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-funpow-all-lms*:
 $\llbracket \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim \text{Suc } k) \ x);$
 $i \leq k \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{abs-is-lms } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim \text{Suc } i) \ x)$
proof (*induct k arbitrary: i*)
case 0
then show ?case
by blast
next
case (Suc k)
note IH = this
hence (*abs-find-next-lms xs ~ Suc (Suc k) x < length xs*)
using *abs-is-lms-imp-less-length* **by** blast
moreover
have $x < \text{length } xs$
by (*metis calculation abs-find-next-lms-funpow-Suc*
abs-find-next-lms-le-length abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-2
abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound funpow-swap1
linorder-not-less nat-neq-iff)
ultimately
have (*abs-find-next-lms xs ~ Suc k x < length xs*)
using *abs-find-next-lms-funpow-le order.strict-trans1* **by** blast
hence P: *abs-is-lms xs ((abs-find-next-lms xs ~ Suc k) x)*
by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms*)

from IH(3)
have $i \leq k \vee i = \text{Suc } k$
by (*meson le-Suc-eq le-neq-implies-less*)
moreover
from IH(1)[OF P, of i]
have $i \leq k \implies ?\text{case}$
by blast
moreover
from IH(2)
have $i = \text{Suc } k \implies ?\text{case}$
by simp
ultimately show ?case
by blast
qed

51.3 LMS Slice

definition

lms-slice :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a list

where

lms-slice T i =
list-slice T i (Suc (abs-find-next-lms T i))

lemma *suffix-to-lms-slice*:

$i < \text{length } T \implies$

$\text{suffix } T \ i =$

$\text{lms-slice } T \ i \ @$

$(\text{list-slice } T \ (\text{Suc } (\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i)) \ (\text{length } T))$

unfolding *lms-slice-def*

apply (*rule suffix-to-list-slice-app*)

by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1*
le-Suc-eq less-or-eq-imp-le)

lemma *suffix-to-lms-slice-app-suffix*:

$i < \text{length } T \implies$

$\text{suffix } T \ i =$

$\text{lms-slice } T \ i \ @$

$(\text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } (\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i)))$

by (*metis suffix-eq-list-slice suffix-to-lms-slice*)

lemma *lms-slice-cons*:

$\llbracket i < \text{length } T; \text{suffix-type } T \ i = S\text{-type} \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{lms-slice } T \ i =$

$T \ ! \ i \ \# \ \text{lms-slice } T \ (\text{Suc } i)$

using *abs-is-lms-def Suc-not-lms-imp-abs-find-next-eq-Suc*

abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 i-s-type-imp-Suc-i-not-lms

list-slice-Suc Suc-not-lms-imp-abs-find-next-eq-Suc

by (*clarsimp simp: lms-slice-def*) *fastforce*

lemma *lms-slice-hd*:

$i < \text{length } T \implies$

$\exists xs. \text{lms-slice } T \ i = T \ ! \ i \ \# \ xs$

by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 less-SucI list-slice-Suc lms-slice-def*)

lemma *lms-slice-suffix*:

assumes $i \leq \text{length } T$

shows $\text{lms-slice } (\text{suffix } T \ i) \ 0 =$

$\text{lms-slice } T \ i$

proof –

from *list-slice-suffix[of T i Suc (abs-find-next-lms T i)]*

lms-slice-def[of T i]

abs-find-next-lms-suffix[OF assms]

lms-slice-def[of suffix T i 0]

show *?thesis*

by (*metis add-Suc-right add-diff-cancel-left'*)

qed

lemma *lms-slice-suffix-gen*:

assumes $i \leq \text{length } T$

and $j \leq \text{length } T - i$

shows $\text{lms-slice } (\text{suffix } T \ i) \ j =$

$lms\text{-}slice\ T\ (i + j)$

proof –

have $lms\text{-}slice\ T\ (i + j) =$
 $lms\text{-}slice\ (suffix\ T\ (i + j))\ 0$
 by (*metis add.commute assms lms-slice-suffix le-diff-conv2*)

hence $lms\text{-}slice\ T\ (i + j) =$
 $lms\text{-}slice\ (suffix\ (suffix\ T\ i)\ j)\ 0$
 by (*simp add: add.commute*)

moreover

have $lms\text{-}slice\ (suffix\ T\ i)\ j = lms\text{-}slice\ (suffix\ (suffix\ T\ i)\ j)\ 0$
 by (*metis assms(2) length-drop lms-slice-suffix*)

ultimately show *?thesis*
 by *simp*

qed

lemma *lms-slice-cons-Suc*:

$i \leq length\ xs \implies lms\text{-}slice\ (x \# xs)\ (Suc\ i) = lms\text{-}slice\ xs\ i$
by (*metis Suc-le-mono drop-Suc-Cons length-Cons lms-slice-suffix*)

51.4 LMS Substring butlast

definition *lms-slice-butlast* :: $(\ 'a :: \{linorder, order-bot\})\ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \ 'a\ list$
where
 $lms\text{-}slice\text{-}butlast\ T\ i = list\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ (abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\ T\ i)$

lemma *lms-slice-to-butlast-app*:

$abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\ T\ i < length\ T \implies$
 $lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i = lms\text{-}slice\text{-}butlast\ T\ i\ @\ [T\ !\ abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\ T\ i]$
unfolding *lms-slice-def lms-slice-butlast-def*
apply (*subst list-slice-append[of - abs-find-next-lms T i]*)
apply (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound order.strict-implies-order*)
apply *simp*
by (*simp add: list-slice-Suc*)

lemma *lms-slice-eq-butlast*:

$length\ T \leq abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\ T\ i \implies$
 $lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i = lms\text{-}slice\text{-}butlast\ T\ i$
by (*metis le-SucI list-slice-end-gre-length lms-slice-butlast-def lms-slice-def*)

lemma *lms-slice-eq-suffix*:

$length\ T \leq abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\ T\ i \implies$
 $lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i = suffix\ T\ i$
by (*simp add: list-slice.simps lms-slice-butlast-def lms-slice-eq-butlast*)

lemma *suffix-abs-find-next-lms*:

$abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\ T\ i < length\ T \implies$
 $suffix\ T\ i = lms\text{-}slice\text{-}butlast\ T\ i\ @\ suffix\ T\ (abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\ T\ i)$
by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound less-or-eq-imp-le list-slice-append*)

lms-slice-butlast-def suffix-eq-list-slice)

51.5 Suffix Types

lemma *suffix-type-lms-slice-l-s*:

assumes *suffix-type T i = L-type*

and *suffix-type T (Suc i) = S-type*

shows *suffix-type (lms-slice T i) 0 = suffix-type T i*

proof –

have *Suc i < length T*

by (*simp add: assms(2) suffix-type-s-bound*)

have *abs-is-lms T (Suc i)*

by (*simp add: assms abs-is-lms-def*)

hence *abs-find-next-lms T i = Suc i*

by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-abs-is-lms*)

hence *lms-slice T i = [T ! i, T ! Suc i]*

by (*metis Suc-n-not-le-n <Suc i < length T> le-Suc-eq not-le list-slice-Suc list-slice-n-n lms-slice-def*)

moreover

have *T ! i > T ! Suc i*

using *<abs-is-lms T (Suc i)> abs-is-lms-neq* **by** *blast*

ultimately show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: <suffix-type T i = L-type> suffix-type-cons-greater*)

qed

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-same-types*:

assumes $\forall k. i \leq k \wedge k < \text{length } T \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T k = \text{suffix-type } T i$

and $i \leq j$

shows *abs-find-next-lms T j = length T*

proof (*cases find (abs-is-lms T) [Suc j..<length T]*)

assume *find (abs-is-lms T) [Suc j..<length T] = None*

then show *abs-find-next-lms T j = length T*

by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-def*)

next

fix *x*

assume *find (abs-is-lms T) [Suc j..<length T] = Some x*

hence $x < \text{length } T$ *Suc j ≤ x abs-is-lms T x*

using *<find (abs-is-lms T) [Suc j..<length T] = Some x> findSomeD* **by** *force+*

hence $\exists y. x = \text{Suc } y$

using *abs-is-lms-def* **by** *blast*

then obtain *y* **where**

x = Suc y

by *blast*

hence *suffix-type T y = L-type suffix-type T (Suc y) = S-type*

using *<abs-is-lms T x> abs-is-lms-def* **by** *auto*

have $i \leq y$

using *<Suc j ≤ x> <x = Suc y> assms(2) le-trans* **by** *blast*

moreover
have $y < \text{length } T$
using $\text{Suc-lessD } \langle x < \text{length } T \rangle \langle x = \text{Suc } y \rangle$ **by** *blast*
ultimately have $\text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type}$
by (*metis* $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ y = L\text{-type} \rangle$ *assms(1)*)

have $i \leq \text{Suc } y$
by (*simp add:* $\langle i \leq y \rangle$ *le-SucI*)
moreover
have $\text{Suc } y < \text{length } T$
using $\langle x < \text{length } T \rangle \langle x = \text{Suc } y \rangle$ **by** *blast*
ultimately have $\text{suffix-type } T \ i = S\text{-type}$
by (*metis* $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ (\text{Suc } y) = S\text{-type} \rangle$ *assms(1)*)
with $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type} \rangle$
have $x = \text{length } T$
by *simp*
then show *?thesis*
using $\langle x < \text{length } T \rangle$ **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *lms-slice-same-types*:
assumes $\forall k. i \leq k \wedge k < \text{length } T \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T \ k = \text{suffix-type } T \ i$
and $i \leq j$
shows $\text{lms-slice } T \ j = \text{suffix } T \ j$
proof –
have $\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ j = \text{length } T$
using *assms abs-find-next-lms-same-types* **by** *blast*
then show *?thesis*
by (*metis* *le0 le-add-same-cancel2 list-slice-end-gre-length lms-slice-def plus-1-eq-Suc suffix-eq-list-slice*)
qed

lemma *all-l-types-up-to-next-lms*:
 $\llbracket i \leq k; k < \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i; \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type} \rrbracket \implies \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type}$
proof (*induct* $k - i$ *arbitrary:* k)
case 0
then show *?case* **by** *simp*
next
case ($\text{Suc } x$)
have $\exists k'. k = \text{Suc } k'$
using *Suc.hyps(2) Suc-le-D diff-le-self* **by** *presburger*
then obtain k' **where**
 $k = \text{Suc } k'$
by *blast*
hence $x = k' - i$
using *Suc.hyps(2)* **by** *linarith*
moreover
have $i \leq k'$

using *Suc.hyps(2)* $\langle k = \text{Suc } k' \rangle$ **by** *linarith*
moreover
have $k' < \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i$
using *Suc.prem(2)* *Suc-lessD* $\langle k = \text{Suc } k' \rangle$ **by** *blast*
ultimately have *suffix-type* $T \ k' = L\text{-type}$
using *Suc.hyps(1)* *Suc.prem(3)* **by** *blast*

have $i < k$
by (*simp add: $\langle i \leq k' \rangle \langle k = \text{Suc } k' \rangle \text{le-imp-less-Suc}$*)
with *Suc.prem(2)* *no-lms-between-i-and-next[of i k T]*
have $\neg \text{abs-is-lms } T \ k$
by *blast*
with $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ k' = L\text{-type} \rangle \langle k = \text{Suc } k' \rangle$
show *?case*
using *SL-types.exhaust abs-is-lms-def* **by** *blast*

qed

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-eq-length:*
assumes *abs-find-next-lms* $T \ i = \text{length } T$
and $i < \text{length } T$
shows *suffix-type* $T \ i = S\text{-type}$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume *suffix-type* $T \ i \neq S\text{-type}$
hence *suffix-type* $T \ i = L\text{-type}$
using *SL-types.exhaust* **by** *blast*
moreover
have $\exists k. \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{Suc } k$
by (*metis assms(1) assms(2) not-less0 old.nat.exhaust*)
then obtain k **where**
 $\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{Suc } k$
by *blast*
moreover
have $i \leq k$
using *assms(1,2)* *calculation* **by** *linarith*
ultimately have *suffix-type* $T \ k = L\text{-type}$
by (*metis all-l-types-up-to-next-lms lessI*)
moreover
have $\text{length } T = \text{Suc } k$
using $\langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{Suc } k \rangle$ *assms(1)* **by** *auto*
ultimately show *False*
using *suffix-type-last[of T k]*
by *simp*

qed

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-eq-length-all-s-types:*
assumes *abs-find-next-lms* $T \ i = \text{length } T$
and $i \leq j$
and $j < \text{length } T$
shows *suffix-type* $T \ j = S\text{-type}$

by (*metis* *assms* *abs-find-next-lms-eq-length* *abs-find-next-lms-le-length* *abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms* *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1* *le-neq-implies-less* *no-lms-between-i-and-next* *order.strict-trans1*)

lemma *abs-find-next-lms-first-l-after-s-type*:

assumes *abs-find-next-lms* $T\ i < \text{length } T$

and *suffix-type* $T\ i = S\text{-type}$

shows $\exists j > i. j < \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i \wedge (\forall k < j. i \leq k \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T\ k = S\text{-type}) \wedge$

suffix-type $T\ j = L\text{-type}$

proof –

have $\exists j. \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = \text{Suc } j$

by (*metis* *assms*(2) *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1* *not-less0* *old.nat.exhaust* *suffix-type-s-bound*)

then obtain j **where**

abs-find-next-lms $T\ i = \text{Suc } j$

by *blast*

hence *abs-is-lms* $T\ (\text{Suc } j)$

using *assms*(1) *abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms* **by** *fastforce*

hence *suffix-type* $T\ j = L\text{-type}$

using *SL-types.exhaust* *i-s-type-imp-Suc-i-not-lms* **by** *auto*

moreover

have $j < \text{length } T$

using $\langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ *assms*(1) **by** *linarith*

moreover

have $i \leq j$

by (*metis* $\langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ *assms*(1) *abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound* *less-Suc-eq-le*)

moreover

have $\forall k > i. k \leq j \longrightarrow \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T\ k$

by (*simp* *add*: $\langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ *no-lms-between-i-and-next*)

ultimately show *?thesis*

using *first-l-type-after-s-type*[*OF* - - - *assms*(2), *of* j]

by (*metis* *SL-types.simps*(2) $\langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ *assms*(2) *dual-order.order-iff-strict* *le-imp-less-Suc*)

qed

lemma *lms-slice-type*:

assumes $i < \text{length } T$

shows *suffix-type* (*lms-slice* $T\ i$) $0 = \text{suffix-type } T\ i$

proof –

have $\exists k. \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = \text{Suc } k$

by (*meson* *Nat.lessE* *assms* *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1*)

then obtain k **where**

abs-find-next-lms $T\ i = \text{Suc } k$

by *blast*

have *suffix-type* $T\ i = L\text{-type} \vee \text{suffix-type } T\ i = S\text{-type}$

using *SL-types.exhaust* **by** *blast*

```

moreover
have suffix-type  $T\ i = L\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$ 
proof -
  assume suffix-type  $T\ i = L\text{-type}$ 

  have suffix-type  $T\ (Suc\ i) = L\text{-type} \vee \textit{suffix-type } T\ (Suc\ i) = S\text{-type}$ 
    using SL-types.exhaust by blast

  moreover
  have suffix-type  $T\ (Suc\ i) = S\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$ 
    by (simp add: <suffix-type T i = L-type> suffix-type-lms-slice-l-s)

  moreover
  have suffix-type  $T\ (Suc\ i) = L\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$ 
proof -
  assume suffix-type  $T\ (Suc\ i) = L\text{-type}$ 

  from  $\langle \textit{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = Suc\ k \rangle$ 
  have  $P: \forall k' \geq i. k' < Suc\ k \longrightarrow \textit{suffix-type } T\ k' = L\text{-type}$ 
    by (simp add: <suffix-type T i = L-type> all-l-types-up-to-next-lms)

  have lms-slice  $T\ i = \textit{list-slice } T\ i\ (Suc\ (Suc\ k))$ 
    by (simp add: lms-slice-def <abs-find-next-lms T i = Suc k>)
  moreover
  {
    have  $i < k$ 
      by (metis SL-types.simps(2) Suc-lessI <abs-find-next-lms T i = Suc k>
         $\langle \textit{suffix-type } T\ (Suc\ i) = L\text{-type} \rangle \langle \textit{suffix-type } T\ i = L\text{-type} \rangle$  assms
        abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1
        less-antisym
        suffix-type-last suffix-type-same-imp-not-lms)
    hence list-slice  $T\ i\ (Suc\ (Suc\ k)) = \textit{list-slice } T\ i\ k\ @\ \textit{list-slice } T\ k\ (Suc\ (Suc\ k))$ 
      by (meson dual-order.order-iff-strict le-Suc-eq list-slice-append)
    moreover
    have list-slice  $T\ k\ (Suc\ (Suc\ k)) = [T\ !\ k, T\ !\ (Suc\ k)]$ 
      by (metis SL-types.simps(2) <abs-find-next-lms T i = Suc k> <suffix-type
         $T\ i = L\text{-type}\rangle$ 
        all-l-types-up-to-next-lms assms dual-order.order-iff-strict
        abs-find-next-lms-le-length less-Suc-eq-le list-slice-Suc list-slice-n-n
        not-less-eq suffix-type-last)
    moreover
    have list-slice  $T\ i\ k = T\ !\ i\ \# \textit{list-slice } T\ (Suc\ i)\ k$ 
      using  $\langle i < k \rangle$  assms list-slice-Suc by blast
    ultimately have
      list-slice  $T\ i\ (Suc\ (Suc\ k)) = T\ !\ i\ \# (\textit{list-slice } T\ (Suc\ i)\ k)\ @\ [T\ !\ k, T\ !\ (Suc\ k)]$ 
    by simp
  }
  ultimately have
    lms-slice  $T\ i = T\ !\ i\ \# (\textit{list-slice } T\ (Suc\ i)\ k)\ @\ [T\ !\ k, T\ !\ (Suc\ k)]$ 

```

by simp

let $?bs = \text{list-slice } T \text{ (Suc } i) \ k$

have $\text{abs-is-lms } T \text{ (Suc } k)$

by ($\text{metis } \text{SL-types.simps}(2) \langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{Suc } k \rangle \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $\text{all-l-types-up-to-next-lms } \text{assms } \text{dual-order.order-iff-strict } \text{suffix-type-last}$
 $\text{abs-find-next-lms-le-length } \text{abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms}$
 less-Suc-eq-le)

hence $T ! k > T ! \text{Suc } k$

using abs-is-lms-neq **by blast**

moreover

from $\text{sorted-letters-l-types}[OF \ P[\text{simplified } \langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{Suc } k \rangle]]$

have $\text{sorted } (\text{rev } (\text{list-slice } T \ i \ (\text{Suc } k)))$

using $\langle \text{abs-is-lms } T \ (\text{Suc } k) \rangle \text{abs-is-lms-gre-length linear}$ **by blast**

moreover

have $\text{list-slice } T \ i \ (\text{Suc } k) = T ! i \ \# \ (\text{list-slice } T \ (\text{Suc } i) \ k) \ @ \ [T ! k]$

by ($\text{metis } \text{SL-types.simps}(2) \langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{Suc } k \rangle \langle \text{abs-is-lms } T \ (\text{Suc } k) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ (\text{Suc } i) = L\text{-type} \rangle \text{assms } \text{dual-order.order-iff-strict}$
 not-less-eq
 $\text{abs-find-next-lms-le-length } \text{abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 } \text{abs-is-lms-def}$
 $\text{list-slice-Suc not-less}$
 $\text{list-slice-append list-slice-n-n}$)

ultimately have

$\text{list-less-ns } (?bs \ @ \ [T ! k, T ! \text{Suc } k]) \ (T ! i \ \# \ ?bs \ @ \ [T ! k, T ! \text{Suc } k])$

using $\text{rev-sorted-list-less-ns}[of \ T ! i \ ?bs \ T ! k \ T ! \text{Suc } k \ [] \ []]$

by simp

moreover

have $\text{suffix } (\text{lms-slice } T \ i) \ 0 = T ! i \ \# \ ?bs \ @ \ [T ! k, T ! \text{Suc } k]$

by ($\text{simp add: } \langle \text{lms-slice } T \ i = T ! i \ \# \ ?bs \ @ \ [T ! k, T ! \text{Suc } k] \rangle$)

moreover

have $\text{suffix } (\text{lms-slice } T \ i) \ (\text{Suc } 0) = ?bs \ @ \ [T ! k, T ! \text{Suc } k]$

by ($\text{simp add: } \langle \text{lms-slice } T \ i = T ! i \ \# \ \text{list-slice } T \ (\text{Suc } i) \ k \ @ \ [T ! k, T ! \text{Suc } k] \rangle$)

ultimately show $?thesis$

by ($\text{metis } \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type} \rangle \text{ordlistns.less-asym } \text{suffix-type-def}$)

qed

ultimately show $?thesis$

by blast

qed

moreover

have $\text{suffix-type } T \ i = S\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$

proof –

assume $\text{suffix-type } T \ i = S\text{-type}$

hence $\text{lms-slice } T \ i = T ! i \ \# \ \text{lms-slice } T \ (\text{Suc } i)$

using $\text{assms } \text{lms-slice-cons}$ **by blast**

```

have abs-find-next-lms  $T\ i < \text{length } T \vee \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = \text{length } T$ 
  by (simp add: abs-find-next-lms-le-length nat-less-le)
moreover
have abs-find-next-lms  $T\ i < \text{length } T \implies ?thesis$ 
proof -
  assume abs-find-next-lms  $T\ i < \text{length } T$ 
  with abs-find-next-lms-first-l-after-s-type[OF - <suffix-type T i = S-type>]
  obtain  $j$  where
     $i < j$ 
     $j < \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i$ 
     $\forall k < j. i \leq k \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T\ k = \text{S-type}$ 
    suffix-type  $T\ j = \text{L-type}$ 
  by blast
  hence sorted (list-slice  $T\ i\ j$ )
    by (meson <abs-find-next-lms T i < length T> dual-order.order-iff-strict
order.strict-trans sorted-letters-s-types)
  have  $\exists l. j = \text{Suc } l$ 
    using  $\langle i < j \rangle$  less-imp-Suc-add by blast
  then obtain  $l$  where
     $j = \text{Suc } l$ 
    by blast

  let  $?xs = \text{list-slice } T\ (\text{Suc } i)\ (\text{Suc } l)$ 
  and  $?ys = \text{list-slice } T\ (\text{Suc } ((\text{Suc } l)))\ (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } k))$ 

  have lms-slice  $T\ i = \text{list-slice } T\ i\ j @ \text{list-slice } T\ j\ (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } k))$ 
    by (metis <abs-find-next-lms T i = Suc k> <i < j> <j < abs-find-next-lms T
i> less-SucI less-imp-le-nat list-slice-append lms-slice-def)
  moreover
  have list-slice  $T\ i\ j = T\ !\ i \# ?xs$ 
    using  $\langle i < j \rangle \langle j = \text{Suc } l \rangle$  assms list-slice-Suc by blast
  moreover
  have list-slice  $T\ j\ (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } k)) = T\ !\ \text{Suc } l \# ?ys$ 
    by (metis <abs-find-next-lms T i < length T> <abs-find-next-lms T i = Suc
k> <j < abs-find-next-lms T i>
     $\langle j = \text{Suc } l \rangle$  less-SucI list-slice-Suc order.strict-trans)
  ultimately have lms-slice  $T\ i = T\ !\ i \# ?xs @ [T\ !\ \text{Suc } l] @ ?ys$ 
    by auto

  have  $i = l \vee i < l$ 
    using  $\langle i < j \rangle$  less-antisym <j = Suc l> by blast
  moreover
  have  $i = l \implies ?thesis$ 
proof -
  assume  $i = l$ 
  hence  $?xs = []$ 

```



```

    using list-slice-n-n by blast
  hence lms-slice T i = T ! i # [T ! Suc l] @ ?ys
    using ⟨lms-slice T i = T ! i # ?xs @ [T ! Suc l] @ ?ys⟩
    by simp
  moreover
  have T ! i < T ! Suc l
    by (metis SL-types.simps(2) ⟨abs-find-next-lms T i < length T⟩ ⟨i = l⟩ ⟨j
< abs-find-next-lms T i⟩
      ⟨j = Suc l⟩ ⟨suffix-type T i = S-type⟩ ⟨suffix-type T j = L-type⟩
suffix-type-neq
      le-imp-less-or-eq order.strict-trans s-type-letter-le-Suc)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by (simp add: ⟨suffix-type T i = S-type⟩ suffix-type-cons-less)
qed
moreover
have i < l ⇒ ?thesis
proof -
  let ?zs = list-slice T (Suc i) l
  assume i < l
  hence ?xs = ?zs @ [T ! l]
    by (metis Suc-leI Suc-n-not-le-n ⟨abs-find-next-lms T i < length T⟩ ⟨j <
abs-find-next-lms T i⟩
      ⟨j = Suc l⟩ lessI less-le-trans linear list-slice-Suc list-slice-append
list-slice-n-n)
  hence lms-slice T i = T ! i # ?zs @ [T ! l, T ! Suc l] @ ?ys
    using ⟨lms-slice T i = T ! i # ?xs @ [T ! Suc l] @ ?ys⟩
    by simp
  moreover
  have suffix-type T l = S-type
    by (simp add: ⟨∀ k < j. i ≤ k ⇒ suffix-type T k = S-type⟩ ⟨i < l⟩ ⟨j = Suc
l⟩ less-or-eq-imp-le)
  hence T ! l < T ! Suc l
    by (metis SL-types.simps(2) ⟨abs-find-next-lms T i < length T⟩ ⟨j <
abs-find-next-lms T i⟩
      ⟨j = Suc l⟩ ⟨suffix-type T j = L-type⟩ order.strict-iff-order or-
der.strict-trans
      s-type-letter-le-Suc suffix-type-neq)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using ⟨sorted (list-slice T i j)⟩
      sorted-list-less-ns[of T ! i ?zs T ! l T ! Suc l ?ys ?ys]
    by (metis ⟨?xs = ?zs @ [T ! l]⟩ ⟨list-slice T i j = T ! i # ?xs⟩ suffix-0
length-Cons
      ⟨suffix-type T i = S-type⟩ list.inject suffix-0 suffix-cons-Suc suffix-type-def
zero-less-Suc)
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
moreover

```

have *abs-find-next-lms* $T\ i = \text{length } T \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume *abs-find-next-lms* $T\ i = \text{length } T$
hence $P: \forall k' \geq i. k' < \text{length } T \longrightarrow \text{suffix-type } T\ k' = S\text{-type}$
using *abs-find-next-lms-eq-length-all-s-types* **by** *blast*

have *lms-slice* $T\ i = T\ !\ i \# \text{list-slice } T\ (\text{Suc } i)\ (\text{length } T)$
by (*metis* $\langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T\ i = \text{length } T \rangle$ *assms leI less-not-refl*
list-slice-Suc
lms-slice-butlast-def lms-slice-eq-butlast)
with *sorted-letters-s-types*[*OF P*]
sorted-cons-list-less-ns[*of T ! i list-slice T (Suc i) (length T)*]
show *?thesis*
by (*metis assms list-slice-Suc suffix-eq-list-slice suffix-type-suffix*)
qed

ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *lms-slice-l-less-than-s-type-gen*:
assumes *suffix-type* $(a \# as)\ 0 = L\text{-type}$
and *suffix-type* $(a \# bs)\ 0 = S\text{-type}$
shows *list-less-ns* $(\text{lms-slice } (a \# as)\ 0)\ (\text{lms-slice } (a \# bs)\ 0)$
proof –
from *lms-slice-type*[*of 0 a # as*] *assms(1)*
have *suffix-type* $(\text{lms-slice } (a \# as)\ 0)\ 0 = L\text{-type}$
by *simp*
moreover
have $\exists xs. \text{lms-slice } (a \# as)\ 0 = a \# xs$
by (*simp add: list-slice-Suc lms-slice-def*)
then obtain *xs* **where**
 $\text{lms-slice } (a \# as)\ 0 = a \# xs$
by *blast*
moreover
from *lms-slice-type*[*of 0 a # bs*] *assms(2)*
have *suffix-type* $(\text{lms-slice } (a \# bs)\ 0)\ 0 = S\text{-type}$
by *simp*
moreover
have $\exists ys. \text{lms-slice } (a \# bs)\ 0 = a \# ys$
by (*simp add: assms(2) lms-slice-cons*)
then obtain *ys* **where**
 $\text{lms-slice } (a \# bs)\ 0 = a \# ys$
by *blast*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: l-less-than-s-type-general*)

qed

lemma *lms-slice-l-less-than-s-type*:

assumes $i < \text{length } T$
and $j < \text{length } T$
and $T ! i = T ! j$
and $\text{suffix-type } T i = L\text{-type}$
and $\text{suffix-type } T j = S\text{-type}$

shows $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-slice } T i) (\text{lms-slice } T j)$

by (*metis* *assms* *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1* *l-less-than-s-type-general* *less-SucI* *list-slice-Suc*
lms-slice-def *lms-slice-type*)

lemma *lms-prefix-type*:

assumes $i < \text{length } T$
shows $\text{suffix-type } (\text{lms-prefix } T i) 0 = \text{suffix-type } T i$

proof –

have $\text{abs-is-lms } T i \vee \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T i$
by *blast*

moreover

have $\neg \text{abs-is-lms } T i \implies ?thesis$
by (*metis* *assms* *closest-lms.simps* *lms-prefix-def* *lms-slice-def* *lms-slice-type*)

moreover

have $\text{abs-is-lms } T i \implies ?thesis$
by (*simp* *add*: *abs-is-lms-def* *lms-lms-prefix* *suffix-type-last*)

ultimately show *?thesis*

by *blast*

qed

lemma *lms-prefix-l-less-than-s-type-gen*:

assumes $\text{suffix-type } (a \# as) 0 = L\text{-type}$
and $\text{suffix-type } (a \# bs) 0 = S\text{-type}$

shows $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-prefix } (a \# as) 0) (\text{lms-prefix } (a \# bs) 0)$

by (*metis* *assms* *closest-lms.simps* *lms-prefix-def* *abs-is-lms-def* *lessI* *lms-slice-def* *lms-slice-l-less-than-s-type-gen* *not-gr-zero* *not-less-iff-gr-or-eq*)

lemma *lms-prefix-l-less-than-s-type*:

assumes $i < \text{length } T$
and $j < \text{length } T$
and $T ! i = T ! j$
and $\text{suffix-type } T i = L\text{-type}$
and $\text{suffix-type } T j = S\text{-type}$

shows $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-prefix } T i) (\text{lms-prefix } T j)$

proof –

let $?a = T ! i$

have $\exists as. \text{lms-prefix } T i = ?a \# as$

by (*simp* *add*: *assms*(1) *lms-prefix-def* *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1* *less-SucI*)

list-slice-Suc
then obtain *as* **where**
lms-prefix T i = ?a # as
by *blast*
hence *suffix-type (?a # as) 0 = L-type*
using *assms(1,4) lms-prefix-type* **by** *fastforce*

have $\exists bs.$ *lms-prefix T j = ?a # bs*
by (*simp add: assms(2,3) lms-prefix-def abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 less-SucI list-slice-Suc*)
then obtain *bs* **where**
lms-prefix T j = ?a # bs
by *blast*
hence *suffix-type (?a # bs) 0 = S-type*
using *assms(2) assms(5) lms-prefix-type* **by** *fastforce*
with *l-less-than-s-type-general[OF - <suffix-type (?a # as) 0 = -, of bs]*
have *list-less-ns (?a # as) (?a # bs)* .
then show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: <lms-prefix T i = T ! i # as> <lms-prefix T j = T ! i # bs>*)
qed

lemma *l-type-lms-prefix-cons:*

assumes *suffix-type T i = L-type*

and $i < \text{length } T$

shows *lms-prefix T i = T ! i # lms-prefix T (Suc i)*

proof –

have *suffix-type T (Suc i) = L-type \vee suffix-type T (Suc i) = S-type*

using *SL-types.exhaust* **by** *blast*

moreover

have *suffix-type T (Suc i) = L-type \implies ?thesis*

proof –

assume *suffix-type T (Suc i) = L-type*

hence $\neg \text{abs-is-lms } T (Suc i)$

by (*simp add: <suffix-type T i = L-type> suffix-type-same-imp-not-lms*)

with *Suc-not-lms-imp-abs-find-next-eq-Suc*

have *abs-find-next-lms T i = abs-find-next-lms T (Suc i)* .

hence *closest-lms T i = abs-find-next-lms T (Suc i)*

by (*simp add: <suffix-type T i = L-type> abs-is-lms-def*)

hence *lms-prefix T i = list-slice T i (Suc (abs-find-next-lms T (Suc i)))*

by (*simp add: lms-prefix-def*)

moreover

have $Suc i < Suc (abs-find-next-lms T (Suc i))$

using $\langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } T i = \text{abs-find-next-lms } T (Suc i) \rangle$ *assms(2) abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1*

by *force*

ultimately have

lms-prefix T i = T ! i # list-slice T (Suc i) (Suc (abs-find-next-lms T (Suc i)))

by (*simp add: assms(2) list-slice-Suc*)

then show *?thesis*

by (simp add: $\langle \neg \text{abs-is-lms } T \text{ (Suc } i) \rangle \text{ lms-prefix-def}$)
qed
moreover
have $\text{suffix-type } T \text{ (Suc } i) = S\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $\text{suffix-type } T \text{ (Suc } i) = S\text{-type}$
hence $\text{abs-is-lms } T \text{ (Suc } i)$
 by (simp add: $\text{assms}(1) \text{ abs-is-lms-def}$)
hence $\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \text{ } i = \text{Suc } i$
 by (simp add: $\text{abs-find-next-lms-abs-is-lms}$)
hence $\text{lms-prefix } T \text{ } i = [T ! i, T ! \text{Suc } i]$
 by (metis $\text{Suc-lessD} \langle \text{abs-is-lms } T \text{ (Suc } i) \rangle \text{ assms}(2) \text{ closest-lms.simps lms-prefix-def}$
 $\text{abs-is-lms-consec}(1) \text{ lessI list-slice-Suc lms-lms-prefix}$)
moreover
have $\text{lms-prefix } T \text{ (Suc } i) = [T ! \text{Suc } i]$
 by (simp add: $\langle \text{abs-is-lms } T \text{ (Suc } i) \rangle \text{ lms-lms-prefix}$)
ultimately show $?thesis$
 by simp
qed
ultimately show $?thesis$
 by blast
qed

52 Ordering LMS-substrings

This section contains theorems about how LMS-substrings and suffixes are ordered.

lemma $\text{lms-slice-eq-suffix-less}$:

assumes $\text{lms-slice } T \text{ } i = \text{lms-slice } T \text{ } j$
shows $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } T \text{ } i) (\text{suffix } T \text{ } j) \longleftrightarrow$
 $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } T \text{ (abs-find-next-lms } T \text{ } i)) (\text{suffix } T \text{ (abs-find-next-lms } T$
 $\text{ } j))$

proof –

have $\llbracket \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \text{ } i < \text{length } T; \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \text{ } j < \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies$
 $?thesis$

proof –

assume $A: \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \text{ } i < \text{length } T \text{ abs-find-next-lms } T \text{ } j < \text{length } T$

have $\text{suffix } T \text{ } i = \text{lms-slice-butlast } T \text{ } i @ \text{suffix } T \text{ (abs-find-next-lms } T \text{ } i)$

using $A(1) \text{ suffix-abs-find-next-lms}$ **by** blast

moreover

have $\text{suffix } T \text{ } j = \text{lms-slice-butlast } T \text{ } j @ \text{suffix } T \text{ (abs-find-next-lms } T \text{ } j)$

using $A(2) \text{ suffix-abs-find-next-lms}$ **by** blast

moreover

have $\text{lms-slice-butlast } T \text{ } i = \text{lms-slice-butlast } T \text{ } j$

by (metis $A(1) A(2) \text{ assms butlast-snoc lms-slice-to-butlast-app}$)

ultimately show $?thesis$

by (simp add: $\text{list-less-ns-app-same}$)

qed

moreover
have $\llbracket \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{length } T; \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ j = \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies$
?thesis
by (*metis* *assms* *dual-order.refl lms-slice-eq-suffix ordlistns.less-irrefl*)
moreover
have $\llbracket \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{length } T; \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ j < \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies$
?thesis
proof –
assume *A*: $\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i = \text{length } T \ \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ j < \text{length } T$
have $\text{suffix } T \ i = \text{lms-slice } T \ i$
by (*simp* *add*: *A*(1) *lms-slice-eq-suffix*)
moreover
have $\text{suffix } T \ j = \text{lms-slice } T \ j \ @ \ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } (\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ j))$
by (*meson* *A*(2) *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-2 linorder-not-less*
suffix-to-lms-slice-app-suffix)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*metis* *A*(1) *append.right-neutral assms cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel*
length-0-conv length-drop list-less-ns-app ordlistns.not-less-iff-gr-or-eq
ordlistns.top.extremum-strict)
qed
moreover
have $\llbracket \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i < \text{length } T; \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ j = \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies$
?thesis
proof –
assume *A*: $\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i < \text{length } T \ \text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ j = \text{length } T$
have $\text{suffix } T \ i = \text{lms-slice } T \ i \ @ \ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } (\text{abs-find-next-lms } T \ i))$
by (*meson* *A*(1) *abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-2 linorder-not-less*
suffix-to-lms-slice-app-suffix)
moreover
have $\text{suffix } T \ j = \text{lms-slice } T \ j$
by (*simp* *add*: *A*(2) *lms-slice-eq-suffix*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*metis* *A* *append-Nil2 assms drop-eq-Nil2 abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-2*
linorder-le-less-linear
list-less-ns-app nless-le ordlistns.top.not-eq-extremum suffix-neq-nil
suffixes-neq)
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*meson* *abs-find-next-lms-le-length le-neq-implies-less*)
qed

lemma *lms-slice-eq-suffix-less-funpow'*:
assumes $\forall k < n. \text{lms-slice } T \ (((\text{abs-find-next-lms } T) \ \sim^k) \ i) =$
 $\text{lms-slice } T \ (((\text{abs-find-next-lms } T) \ \sim^k) \ j)$
and $k < n$
shows $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } T \ i) \ (\text{suffix } T \ j) \longleftrightarrow$
 $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } T \ (((\text{abs-find-next-lms } T) \ \sim^k) \ i)) \ (\text{suffix } T \ (((\text{abs-find-next-lms } T) \ \sim^k) \ j))$
using *assms*

```

proof (induct n arbitrary: k)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by blast
next
  case (Suc n)
  note IH = this
  have k < n  $\implies$  ?case
    by (simp add: Suc.hyps Suc.prem(1))
  moreover
  have k = n  $\implies$  ?case
  proof -
    assume k = n

    have k = 0  $\implies$  ?thesis
      by auto
    moreover
    have  $\exists m. k = \text{Suc } m \implies$  ?thesis
    proof -
      assume  $\exists m. k = \text{Suc } m$ 
      then obtain m where k = Suc m
        by blast
      hence m < n
        using  $\langle k = n \rangle$  by blast
      with IH(1)[of m]
      have list-less-ns (suffix T i) (suffix T j) =
        list-less-ns (suffix T ((abs-find-next-lms T  $\sim\sim$  m) i))
          (suffix T ((abs-find-next-lms T  $\sim\sim$  m) j))
        using Suc.prem(1) less-Suc-eq-le less-or-eq-imp-le by presburger
      moreover
      have list-less-ns (suffix T ((abs-find-next-lms T  $\sim\sim$  m) i))
        (suffix T ((abs-find-next-lms T  $\sim\sim$  m) j)) =
        list-less-ns (suffix T (abs-find-next-lms T ((abs-find-next-lms T  $\sim\sim$  m)
i)))
          (suffix T (abs-find-next-lms T ((abs-find-next-lms T  $\sim\sim$  m) j)))
        using Suc.prem(1,2) Suc-lessD  $\langle k = \text{Suc } m \rangle$  lms-slice-eq-suffix-less by blast
      ultimately show ?thesis
        by (simp add:  $\langle k = \text{Suc } m \rangle$ )
    qed
    ultimately show ?thesis
      using not0-implies-Suc by blast
    qed
    ultimately show ?case
      using Suc.prem(2) less-Suc-eq by blast
    qed

lemma lms-slice-eq-suffix-less-funpow:
  assumes  $\forall k < n. \text{lms-slice } T (((\text{abs-find-next-lms } T) \sim\sim k) i) =$ 
     $\text{lms-slice } T (((\text{abs-find-next-lms } T) \sim\sim k) j)$ 

```

shows $list-less-ns (suffix\ T\ i) (suffix\ T\ j) \longleftrightarrow$
 $list-less-ns (suffix\ T\ (((abs-find-next-lms\ T) \sim^n) i)) (suffix\ T\ (((abs-find-next-lms\ T) \sim^n) j))$
proof (*cases n*)
case 0
then show *?thesis*
by *auto*
next
case (*Suc m*)
then show *?thesis*
by (*metis assms abs-find-next-lms-funpow-Suc lessI lms-slice-eq-suffix-less lms-slice-eq-suffix-less-funpow'*)
qed

lemma *list-slice-single*:
 $i < length\ xs \implies list-slice\ xs\ i\ (Suc\ i) = [xs\ !\ i]$
by (*simp add: list-slice-Suc*)

lemma *less-lms-slice-imp-suffix*:
assumes $i < length\ T$
and $j < length\ T$
and $list-less-ns (lms-slice\ T\ i) (lms-slice\ T\ j)$
shows $list-less-ns (suffix\ T\ i) (suffix\ T\ j)$
proof –

let $?c1 = \exists b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs. lms-slice\ T\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs \wedge$
 $lms-slice\ T\ j = as\ @\ c\ \#\ cs \wedge b < c$
let $?c2 = \exists c\ cs. lms-slice\ T\ i = lms-slice\ T\ j\ @\ c\ \#\ cs$

from $list-less-ns-exE[OF\ assms(3)[simplified\ list-less-ns-alt-def]]$
have $?c1 \vee ?c2$.

moreover
have $?c1 \implies ?thesis$
by (*metis append.assoc append-Cons assms(1,2) list-less-ns-app-same list-less-ns-cons-diff suffix-to-lms-slice-app-suffix*)

moreover
have $?c2 \implies ?thesis$

proof –
assume $?c2$
then obtain $c\ cs$ **where**
 $lms-slice\ T\ i = lms-slice\ T\ j\ @\ c\ \#\ cs$
by *blast*
moreover
from $lms-slice-hd[OF\ assms(2)]$
obtain xs **where**
 $Sj: lms-slice\ T\ j = T\ !\ j\ \#\ xs$
by *blast*
ultimately have $Si: lms-slice\ T\ i = T\ !\ j\ \#\ xs\ @\ c\ \#\ cs$
by *simp*


```

let ?i = abs-find-next-lms T i
let ?j = abs-find-next-lms T j
have  $\exists k. ?j = \text{Suc } k$ 
  by (meson Nat.lessE assms(1) dual-order.strict-trans1
      abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound linorder-not-less)
then obtain k where
  ?j = Suc k
  by blast
hence  $j \leq k$ 
  using assms(2) abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 by force

have ?j = length T  $\implies$  ?thesis
  by (metis append-Nil2 assms(1,3) abs-find-next-lms-le-length list-less-ns-app
      lms-slice-eq-suffix ordlistns.dual-order.strict-trans
      suffix-to-lms-slice-app-suffix)
moreover
have ?j < length T  $\implies$  ?thesis
proof -
  assume ?j < length T
  with lms-slice-to-butlast-app
  have lms-slice T j = lms-slice-butlast T j @ [T ! Suc k]
    using  $\langle ?j = \text{Suc } k \rangle$  by fastforce
  moreover
  have  $\exists ys. \text{lms-slice-butlast } T j = ys @ [T ! k]$ 
  proof (cases j = k)
    case True
    hence lms-slice-butlast T j = list-slice T k (Suc k)
      by (metis  $\langle ?j = \text{Suc } k \rangle$  lms-slice-butlast-def)
    moreover
    have list-slice T k (Suc k) = [T ! k]
      using True assms(2) list-slice-single by auto
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by simp
  next
  case False
  hence j < k
    by (simp add:  $\langle j \leq k \rangle$  le-neq-implies-less)
  hence list-slice T j (Suc k) = list-slice T j k @ [T ! k]
    by (metis  $\langle ?j < \text{length } T \rangle$   $\langle ?j = \text{Suc } k \rangle$   $\langle j \leq k \rangle$  le-SucI le-add2
        list-slice-append
        list-slice-single not-less plus-1-eq-Suc)
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add:  $\langle ?j = \text{Suc } k \rangle$  lms-slice-butlast-def)
qed
then obtain ys where
  lms-slice-butlast T j = ys @ [T ! k]
  by blast
ultimately have  $Sj! : \text{lms-slice } T j = ys @ [T ! k, T ! \text{Suc } k]$ 

```

by *simp*

have S_i' : $\text{lms-slice } T \ i = \text{ys} @ T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# c \# cs$
using $S_i \ S_j \ S_j'$ **by** *auto*

have $\text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type}$
by (*metis* $\langle ?j < \text{length } T \rangle \langle ?j = \text{Suc } k \rangle \text{abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms}$
 $\text{abs-is-lms-neq nth-gr-imp-l-type}$)

have $\text{abs-is-lms } T \ (\text{Suc } k)$
by (*metis* $\langle ?j < \text{length } T \rangle \langle ?j = \text{Suc } k \rangle \text{abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms}$)
hence $T ! k > T ! \text{Suc } k$
using abs-is-lms-neq **by** *blast*

have S_i : $\text{suffix } T \ i = \text{ys} @ T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# c \# cs @ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } ?i)$
by (*simp* *add*: S_i' *assms*(1) $\text{suffix-to-lms-slice-app-suffix}$)
moreover
have $\text{suffix } T \ j = \text{ys} @ T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } ?j)$
by (*simp* *add*: $\langle \text{lms-slice } T \ j = \text{ys} @ [T ! k, T ! \text{Suc } k] \rangle \text{assms}$ (2)
 $\text{suffix-to-lms-slice-app-suffix}$)
ultimately have $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } T \ i) \ (\text{suffix } T \ j) \longleftrightarrow$
 $\text{list-less-ns } (T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# c \# cs @ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } ?i))$
 $(T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } ?j))$
by (*simp* *add*: $\text{list-less-ns-app-same}$)
moreover
have $\text{suffix-type } (T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# c \# cs @ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } ?i)) \ (\text{Suc } 0)$
 $= L\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$
by (*metis* $\text{Cons-nth-drop-Suc } \langle ?j < \text{length } T \rangle \langle ?j = \text{Suc } k \rangle \langle \text{abs-is-lms } T$
 $(\text{Suc } k) \rangle \text{calculation}$
 $\text{abs-is-lms-def l-less-than-s-type-general list-less-ns-cons-same}$
 $\text{suffix-type-cons-suc}$
 $\text{suffix-type-suffix}$)
moreover
have $\text{suffix-type } (T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# c \# cs @ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } ?i)) \ (\text{Suc } 0)$
 $= S\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $\text{suffix-type } (T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# c \# cs @ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } ?i)) \ (\text{Suc } 0) = S\text{-type}$
with S_i
have $\text{suffix-type } T \ (\text{Suc } (i + \text{length } \text{ys})) = S\text{-type}$
by (*metis* $\text{One-nat-def plus-1-eq-Suc suffix-cons-app suffix-type-suffix-gen}$)
moreover
have $\text{suffix-type } (T ! k \# T ! \text{Suc } k \# c \# cs @ \text{suffix } T \ (\text{Suc } ?i)) \ 0 =$
 $L\text{-type}$
using $\langle T ! \text{Suc } k < T ! k \rangle \text{suffix-type-cons-greater}$ **by** *blast*
hence $\text{suffix-type } T \ (i + \text{length } \text{ys}) = L\text{-type}$
by (*simp* *add*: $S_i \ \text{suffix-cons-app suffix-type-list-type-eq}$)
ultimately have $\text{abs-is-lms } T \ (\text{Suc } (i + \text{length } \text{ys}))$
using abs-is-lms-def **by** *blast*

```

moreover
{
  have  $i < ?i$ 
    by (simp add: assms(1) abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1)

  from  $\langle \text{lms-slice } T \ i = \text{ys} \ @ \ T \ ! \ k \ \# \ T \ ! \ \text{Suc } k \ \# \ c \ \# \ \text{cs} \rangle$ 
  have  $\text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{length } \text{ys})) < \text{length} (\text{lms-slice } T \ i)$ 
    by simp

  have  $?i = \text{length } T \implies \text{Suc} (i + \text{length } \text{ys}) < ?i$ 
by (simp add:  $\langle \text{abs-is-lms } T (\text{Suc} (i + \text{length } \text{ys})) \rangle \text{abs-is-lms-imp-less-length}$ )
  moreover
  have  $?i < \text{length } T \implies \text{Suc} (i + \text{length } \text{ys}) < ?i$ 
  proof -
    assume  $?i < \text{length } T$ 
    hence  $\text{length} (\text{lms-slice } T \ i) = \text{Suc } ?i - i$ 
      by (simp add: lms-slice-def Suc-leI)
    hence  $\text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{length } \text{ys})) < \text{Suc } ?i - i$ 
      using  $\langle \text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{length } \text{ys})) < \text{length} (\text{lms-slice } T \ i) \rangle$  by presburger
    then show ?thesis
      by linarith
  qed
  ultimately have  $\text{Suc} (i + \text{length } \text{ys}) < ?i$ 
    using abs-find-next-lms-le-length le-neq-implies-less by blast
}
ultimately show ?thesis
  using no-lms-between-i-and-next[of i Suc (i + length ys)] less-add-Suc1
by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  using SL-types.exhaust by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  using abs-find-next-lms-le-length le-neq-implies-less by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed

```

lemma *lms-slice-list-less-ns-suffix*:

```

assumes abs-is-lms T i
and abs-is-lms T j
and list-less-ns (lms-slice T i) (lms-slice T j)
shows list-less-ns (suffix T i) (suffix T j)
  by (simp add: assms abs-is-lms-imp-less-length less-lms-slice-imp-suffix)

```

lemma *less-suffix-imp-lms-slice*:

```

assumes  $i < \text{length } T$ 
and  $j < \text{length } T$ 

```

and $lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i \neq lms\text{-}slice\ T\ j$
and $list\text{-}less\text{-}ns\ (suffix\ T\ i)\ (suffix\ T\ j)$
shows $list\text{-}less\text{-}ns\ (lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i)\ (lms\text{-}slice\ T\ j)$
by $(meson\ assms\ less\text{-}lms\text{-}slice\text{-}imp\text{-}suffix\ ordlistns.\text{less}\text{-}asym\ ordlistns.\text{neq}E)$

lemma *not-lms-imp-next-eq-lms-prefix*:
 $\neg abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ T\ i \implies lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i = lms\text{-}prefix\ T\ i$
by $(simp\ add:\ lms\text{-}prefix\text{-}def\ lms\text{-}slice\text{-}def)$

lemma *lms-slice-last*:
assumes $valid\text{-}list\ T$
and $length\ T = Suc\ n$
shows $lms\text{-}slice\ T\ n = [bot]$
by $(metis\ add\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel\text{-}left'\ assms\ butlast\text{-}snoc\ abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\text{-}lower\text{-}bound\text{-}1\ le\text{-}Suc\text{-}eq\ length\text{-}butlast\ less\text{-}Suc\text{-}eq\ list\text{-}slice\text{-}Suc\ list\text{-}slice\text{-}start\text{-}gre\text{-}length\ lms\text{-}slice\text{-}def\ nth\text{-}append\text{-}length\ plus\text{-}1\text{-}eq\text{-}Suc\ valid\text{-}list\text{-}ex\text{-}def)$

lemma *Min-valid-lms-slice*:
assumes $valid\text{-}list\ T$
and $length\ T = Suc\ n$
shows $ordlistns.\text{Min}\ \{lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ |\ i. i < length\ T\} = lms\text{-}slice\ T\ n$
proof –
from $lms\text{-}slice\text{-}last[OF\ assms]$
have $lms\text{-}slice\ T\ n = [bot]$
by *assumption*

have $\forall i < n. (lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i) ! 0 \neq bot$
by $(metis\ add\text{-}diff\text{-}cancel\text{-}left'\ assms\ abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\text{-}lower\text{-}bound\text{-}1\ less\text{-}SucI\ list\text{-}slice\text{-}Suc\ lms\text{-}slice\text{-}def\ nth\text{-}Cons\text{-}0\ plus\text{-}1\text{-}eq\text{-}Suc\ valid\text{-}list\text{-}def)$
hence $A: \forall i < n. bot < (lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i) ! 0$
using $bot.\text{not}\text{-}eq\text{-}extremum$ **by** *blast*

have $B: \forall i < length\ T. length\ (lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i) > 0$
by $(simp\ add:\ abs\text{-}find\text{-}next\text{-}lms\text{-}lower\text{-}bound\text{-}1\ less\text{-}SucI\ list\text{-}slice\text{-}Suc\ lms\text{-}slice\text{-}def)$

show *?thesis*
proof $(intro\ ordlistns.\text{Min}\text{-}eqI\ conjI)$
show $finite\ \{lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ |\ i. i < length\ T\}$
using $finite\text{-}image\text{-}set$ **by** *blast*
next
fix ys
assume $ys \in \{lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i\ |\ i. i < length\ T\}$
hence $\exists i < length\ T. ys = lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i$
by *blast*
then obtain i **where**
 $i < length\ T$
 $ys = lms\text{-}slice\ T\ i$

by *blast*

with $\langle ys = \text{lms-slice } T \ i \rangle$
have $R1: i = n \implies \text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-slice } T \ n) \ ys$
by *simp*

from $\langle i < \text{length } T \rangle \text{ assms}(2)$
have $R2-1: i \neq n \implies i < n$
by *linarith*

from $A \langle \text{lms-slice } T \ n = [\text{bot}] \rangle \langle i < \text{length } T \rangle \langle ys = \text{lms-slice } T \ i \rangle$
have $R2-2: i < n \implies \text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-slice } T \ n) \ ys$
using *list-less-eq-ns-def* **by** *fastforce*

from $R1 \ R2-2[OF \ R2-1]$
show $\text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-slice } T \ n) \ ys$
by *blast*

next
show $\text{lms-slice } T \ n \in \{\text{lms-slice } T \ i \mid i. i < \text{length } T\}$
using *assms}(2)* **by** *auto*

qed
qed

lemma *unique-valid-lms-slice:*
assumes *valid-list* T
and $\text{length } T = \text{Suc } n$
shows $\forall i < n. \text{lms-slice } T \ i \neq \text{lms-slice } T \ n$
proof (*intro allI impI*)
fix i
assume $i < n$
from *lms-slice-last*[*OF assms*]
have $\text{lms-slice } T \ n = [\text{bot}]$
by *assumption*

have $\forall i < n. (\text{lms-slice } T \ i) ! 0 \neq \text{bot}$
by (*metis add-diff-cancel-left' assms abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 less-SucI list-slice-Suc*
lms-slice-def nth-Cons-0 plus-1-eq-Suc valid-list-def)
hence $\forall i < n. \text{bot} < (\text{lms-slice } T \ i) ! 0$
using *bot.not-eq-extremum* **by** *blast*
with $\langle \text{lms-slice } T \ n = [\text{bot}] \rangle \langle i < n \rangle$
show $\text{lms-slice } T \ i \neq \text{lms-slice } T \ n$
by *auto*

qed

lemma *strict-Min-valid-lms-slice:*
assumes *valid-list* T
and $\text{length } T = \text{Suc } n$
shows $\forall i < n. \text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-slice } T \ n) \ (\text{lms-slice } T \ i)$

by (*metis add-diff-cancel-left' assms bot.not-eq-extremum abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 less-Suc-eq list-less-ns-cons-diff list-slice-Suc lms-slice-def lms-slice-last plus-1-eq-Suc valid-list-def*)

lemma *ordlistns-lms-slice-imp-suffix-strict-sorted:*

assumes *set xs* \subseteq $\{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i\}$ *ordlistns.strict-sorted* (*map* (*lms-slice* *T*) *xs*)

shows *ordlistns.strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* *T*) *xs*)

proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)

fix *i j*

assume $i < j$ $j < \text{length } xs$

with *sorted-wrt-mapD*[*OF* *assms*(2), *of* *i j*]

have *list-less-ns* (*lms-slice* *T* (*xs* ! *i*)) (*lms-slice* *T* (*xs* ! *j*))

by *blast*

moreover

have *abs-is-lms* *T* (*xs* ! *i*)

using $\langle i < j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } xs \rangle$ *assms*(1) *subsetD* **by** *fastforce*

hence *xs* ! *i* $<$ *length* *T*

by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length*)

moreover

have *abs-is-lms* *T* (*xs* ! *j*)

using $\langle j < \text{length } xs \rangle$ *assms*(1) *nth-mem* **by** *auto*

hence *xs* ! *j* $<$ *length* *T*

by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length*)

ultimately show *list-less-ns* (*suffix* *T* (*xs* ! *i*)) (*suffix* *T* (*xs* ! *j*))

using *less-lms-slice-imp-suffix* **by** *blast*

qed

53 Mapping from suffix to lists of LMS-Substrings

This section contains the mapping from LMS-type suffixes to suffixes of the reduced sequence. The mapping is constructed in 3 major steps. 1) From suffix ID to a sequence of LMS-type suffix IDs 2) From a sequence of LMS-type suffix IDs to a sequence of LMS-substrings 3) From a LMS-type suffix to a reduced suffix using the mappings 1, 2 and *ordlistns.elem-rank* The mapping is also shown to be monotonic.

abbreviation *lms-substrs* *xs* \equiv *lms-slice* *xs* ‘ $\{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\}$

abbreviation *lms-suffixes* *xs* \equiv *suffix* *xs* ‘ $\{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\}$

abbreviation *nth-lms* *xs* *i* \equiv (*abs-find-next-lms* *xs* $\overset{\sim}{\sim}$ *Suc* *i*) 0

abbreviation *lms0* *xs* \equiv *abs-find-next-lms* *xs* 0

abbreviation *lms0-suffix* *xs* \equiv *suffix* *xs* (*lms0* *xs*)

abbreviation *lms0-substr* *xs* \equiv *lms-slice* *xs* (*lms0* *xs*)

53.1 LMS Sequence

definition $lms\text{-}seq :: 'a :: \{linorder, order\text{-}bot\} list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat list$
where

$lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ i = filter\ (abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs)\ [i..<length\ xs]$

lemma $lms\text{-}seq\text{-}distinct$:
 $distinct\ (lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ i)$
by (*simp add: lms-seq-def*)

lemma $lms\text{-}seq\text{-}sorted$:
 $sorted\ (lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ i)$
by (*simp add: filter-sorted lms-seq-def*)

lemma $lms\text{-}seq\text{-}strict\text{-}sorted$:
 $strict\text{-}sorted\ (lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ i)$
by (*simp add: lms-seq-distinct lms-seq-sorted sorted-and-distinct-imp-strict-sorted*)

lemma $lms\text{-}seq\text{-}abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\text{-}hd$:
 $abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ i \Longrightarrow \exists\ ys.\ lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ i = i \# ys$
by (*simp add: filter-abs-is-lms-upt-hd abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-seq-def*)

lemma $length\text{-}lms\text{-}seq$:
assumes $abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ i$
shows $length\ (lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ i) = card\ \{j.\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ j \wedge i \leq j\}$
proof –
from $distinct\text{-}length\text{-}filter[of\ [i..<length\ xs]\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs]$
have $length\ (lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ i) = card\ (\{x.\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ x\} \cap \{i..<length\ xs\})$
by (*simp add: lms-seq-def*)
moreover
have $\{x.\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ x\} \cap \{i..<length\ xs\} = \{x.\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ x \wedge i \leq x\}$
by (*safe; clarsimp simp: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed

lemma $length\text{-}lms\text{-}seq\text{-}less$:
assumes $abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ i$
and $abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ j$
and $i < j$
shows $length\ (lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ j) < length\ (lms\text{-}seq\ xs\ i)$
proof –
have $\{k.\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ k \wedge j \leq k\} \subseteq \{j.\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ j \wedge i \leq j\}$
using *assms(3)* **by** *force*
moreover
have $i \in \{j.\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ j \wedge i \leq j\}$
using *assms(1)* *less-or-eq-imp-le* **by** *blast*
moreover
have $i \notin \{k.\ abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ xs\ k \wedge j \leq k\}$
using *assms(3)* *linorder-not-less* **by** *blast*

ultimately have $\{k. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ k \wedge j \leq k\} \subset \{j. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ j \wedge i \leq j\}$
by *blast*
hence $\text{card } \{k. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ k \wedge j \leq k\} < \text{card } \{j. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ j \wedge i \leq j\}$
by (*simp add: lms-finite psubset-card-mono*)
then show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: assms(1) assms(2) length-lms-seq*)
qed

lemma *lms-seq-nth-0*:
 $\text{lms-seq } xs \ (\text{Suc } k) \neq [] \implies \text{lms-seq } xs \ (\text{Suc } k) ! 0 = \text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ k$
unfolding *lms-seq-def*
apply (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-funpow-Suc abs-find-next-lms-def*)
apply (*drule filter-find*)
by (*clarsimp split: option.splits*)

lemma *lms-seq-eq-cons-lms*:
assumes $\text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i \ i < k \ k \leq \text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ i$
shows $\text{lms-seq } xs \ i = i \# \text{lms-seq } xs \ k$
proof –
have $\text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } xs) \ [\text{Suc } i..<k] = []$
using *assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) filter-no-lms1* **by** *blast*
moreover
have $[i..<\text{length } xs] = i \# [\text{Suc } i..<k] @ [k..<\text{length } xs]$
by (*metis Suc-leI assms dual-order.trans abs-find-next-lms-le-length abs-is-lms-imp-less-length le-add-diff-inverse upt-add-eq-append upt-conv-Cons*)
hence $\text{lms-seq } xs \ i = i \# (\text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } xs) \ [\text{Suc } i..<k]) @ (\text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } xs) \ [k..<\text{length } xs])$
by (*simp add: assms(1) lms-seq-def*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*metis append-Nil lms-seq-def*)
qed

lemma *lms-seq-not-lms*:
assumes $\neg \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i \ i < k \ k \leq \text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ i$
shows $\text{lms-seq } xs \ i \neq \text{lms-seq } xs \ k$
proof –
have $\text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } xs) \ [i..<k] = []$
using *assms filter-no-lms2* **by** *blast*
moreover
have $[i..<\text{length } xs] = [i..<k] @ [k..<\text{length } xs]$
by (*metis assms(2,3) dual-order.trans abs-find-next-lms-le-length le-add-diff-inverse less-or-eq-imp-le upt-add-eq-append*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: lms-seq-def*)
qed

lemma *lms-seq-eq-cons*:
assumes $\text{lms-seq } xs \ (\text{Suc } i) \neq []$
shows $\text{lms-seq } xs \ (\text{Suc } i) = \text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ i \# \text{lms-seq } xs \ (\text{Suc } (\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ i))$

$xs\ i)$
proof –
from $lms\ seq\ nth\ 0\ [OF\ assms]$
have $lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ i)\ !\ 0 = abs\ find\ next\ lms\ xs\ i$.
moreover
have $i < abs\ find\ next\ lms\ xs\ i$
by ($metis\ Suc\ lessD\ assms\ filter.\ simp(1)\ abs\ find\ next\ lms\ lower\ bound\ 1\ lms\ seq\ def$
 $upt\ rec$)
hence $Suc\ i \leq abs\ find\ next\ lms\ xs\ i$
by $simp$
hence $lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ i) = lms\ seq\ xs\ (abs\ find\ next\ lms\ xs\ i)$
by ($metis\ abs\ find\ next\ lms\ abs\ is\ lms\ abs\ find\ next\ lms\ le\ Suc\ lms\ seq\ not\ lms$
 $order\ le\ imp\ less\ or\ eq$)
ultimately show $?thesis$
by ($metis\ Suc\ leI\ assms\ filter.\ simp(1)\ abs\ find\ next\ lms\ less\ length\ abs\ is\ lms$
 $abs\ find\ next\ lms\ lower\ bound\ 1\ lessI\ lms\ seq\ def\ lms\ seq\ eq\ cons\ lms$
 $upt\ rec$)
qed

lemma $lms\ seq\ nth\ abs\ is\ lms$:
 $i < length\ (lms\ seq\ xs\ k) \implies abs\ is\ lms\ xs\ ((lms\ seq\ xs\ k)\ !\ i)$
unfolding $lms\ seq\ def$
using $nth\ mem$ **by** $fastforce$

lemma $lms\ seq\ 0$:
 $lms\ seq\ xs\ 0 = lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ 0)$
by ($metis\ filter\ abs\ is\ lms\ upt\ 0\ lms\ seq\ def$)

lemma $lms\ seq\ nth$:
 $i < length\ (lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ k)) \implies lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ k)\ !\ i = ((abs\ find\ next\ lms$
 $xs)\ \sim(Suc\ i))\ k$
proof ($induct\ i\ arbitrary:\ k$)
case 0
then show $?case$
by ($simp\ add:\ lms\ seq\ nth\ 0$)
next
case $(Suc\ i)$
note $IH = this$
let $?j = abs\ find\ next\ lms\ xs\ k$
have $lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ k) = ?j\ \# \ lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ ?j)$
using $Suc.\ prems\ lms\ seq\ eq\ cons$ **by** $force$
with $IH(1)[of\ ?j]$
have $lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ ?j)\ !\ i = (abs\ find\ next\ lms\ xs\ \sim(Suc\ i)\ ?j)$
using $Suc.\ prems$ **by** $fastforce$
then show $?case$
by ($simp\ add:\ \langle lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ k) = ?j\ \# \ lms\ seq\ xs\ (Suc\ ?j) \rangle\ funpow\ swap1$)
qed

lemma $inj\ on\ lms\ seq$:

inj-on (*lms-seq xs*) {*i. abs-is-lms xs i*}
by (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *inj-onI list.inject lms-seq-abs-is-lms-hd mem-Collect-eq*)

lemma *list-app-imp-suffix*:
 $xs = ys @ zs \implies \text{suffix } xs \text{ (length } ys) = zs$
by *auto*

abbreviation *nth-lms-seq xs i* \equiv *lms-seq xs (nth-lms xs i)*

abbreviation *lms0-seq xs* \equiv *lms-seq xs (lms0 xs)*

lemma *lms-seq-0-zeroth-lms*:
 $lms\text{-seq } xs \ 0 = lms0\text{-seq } xs$
by (*metis gr-zeroI abs-is-lms-0 le-refl lms-seq-not-lms*)

lemma *lms-seq-set*:
 $set \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) = \{k. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ k \wedge i \leq k\}$
by (*intro equalityI subsetI; clarsimp simp add: abs-is-lms-def suffix-type-s-bound lms-seq-def*)

lemma *lms-seq-last-eq-length*:
 $length \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) = Suc \ n \implies$
 $abs\text{-find-next-lms } xs \ ((lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) ! n) = length \ xs$

proof –

let $?k = (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) ! n$

assume $length \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) = Suc \ n$

hence $i \leq ?k$

by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *lessI lms-seq-set mem-Collect-eq nth-mem*)

have $\forall j < length \ xs. ?k < j \longrightarrow \neg \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ j$

proof *safe*

fix *j*

assume $j < length \ xs \ ?k < j \text{ abs-is-lms } xs \ j$

hence $j \in set \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i)$

using $\langle i \leq lms\text{-seq } xs \ i ! n \rangle$ *lms-seq-set* **by** *fastforce*

hence $\exists j' < length \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i). (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) ! j' = j$

by (*simp add: in-set-conv-nth*)

then obtain *j'* **where**

$j' < length \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i)$

$(lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) ! j' = j$

by *blast*

with *strict-sorted-nth-less-mono*[*OF lms-seq-strict-sorted*[*of xs i*], *of n j'*]

have $n < j'$

using $\langle length \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) = Suc \ n \rangle \langle lms\text{-seq } xs \ i ! n < j \rangle$ **by** *fastforce*

then show *False*

using $\langle j' < length \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) \rangle \langle length \ (lms\text{-seq } xs \ i) = Suc \ n \rangle$ **by** *linarith*

qed

then show *?thesis*

by (*meson abs-find-next-lms-le-length abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms abs-find-next-lms-strict-upper-imp-lower-bound order.strict-iff-order*)

qed

lemma *lms0-seq-has-all-lms*:

set (lms0-seq xs) = {i. abs-is-lms xs i}

by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-cong linorder-le-less-linear lms-seq-set mem-Collect-eq no-lms-between-i-and-next set-lms-gr-0*)

lemma *lms0-seq-length*:

length (lms0-seq xs) = card {i. abs-is-lms xs i}

by (*metis distinct-card lms0-seq-has-all-lms lms-seq-distinct*)

lemma *lms0-seq-nth*:

i < card {i. abs-is-lms xs i} \implies lms0-seq xs ! i = nth-lms xs i

by (*metis lms0-seq-length lms-seq-0 lms-seq-0-zeroth-lms lms-seq-nth*)

lemma *lms-seq-Suc1*:

assumes *abs-is-lms xs i*

shows *lms-seq xs i = i # lms-seq xs (Suc i)*

by (*simp add: assms filter-abs-is-lms-upt-hd abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-seq-def*)

lemma *lms-seq-Suc2*:

assumes \neg *abs-is-lms xs i*

shows *lms-seq xs i = lms-seq xs (Suc i)*

by (*metis (no-types, lifting) assms dual-order.strict-trans2 filter.simps(2) lessI less-or-eq-imp-le lms-seq-def upt-rec*)

lemma *lms-seq-suf*:

i \leq j \implies \exists ys. lms-seq xs i = ys @ lms-seq xs j

proof (*induct j - i arbitrary: i j*)

case 0

then show *?case*

by *force*

next

case (*Suc x*)

note *IH = this*

hence $\exists j'. j = \text{Suc } j'$

by (*metis Suc-le-D diff-le-self*)

then obtain *j'* **where**

A: j = Suc j'

by *blast*

with *IH(1)[of j' i] IH(2,3)*

have *B: \exists ys. lms-seq xs i = ys @ lms-seq xs j'*

by (*metis Suc-diff-le Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-left-imp-eq antisym-conv2 le-Suc-eq*

zero-less-Suc zero-less-diff)

show *?case*

proof (*cases abs-is-lms xs j'*)

assume *abs-is-lms xs j'*

with *A B lms-seq-Suc1[of xs j']*

```

    show ?thesis
    by auto
  next
    assume  $\neg \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ j'$ 
    with  $A \ B \ \text{lms-seq-Suc2}[of \ xs \ j']$ 
    show ?thesis
    by simp
  qed
qed

lemma lms-lms-seq-is-suffix:
  assumes  $\text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i$ 
  shows  $\exists k < \text{length } (\text{lms0-seq } xs).$ 
     $\text{suffix } (\text{lms0-seq } xs) \ k = \text{lms-seq } xs \ i$ 
proof -
  have  $\text{lms0 } xs \leq i$ 
  by (metis assms bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum abs-is-lms-0 linorder-not-less no-lms-between-i-and-next)
  with  $\text{lms-seq-suf}[of \ \text{lms0 } xs \ i \ xs]$ 
  show ?thesis
  by (metis assms length-Cons length-append length-greater-0-conv less-add-same-cancel1
    less-numeral-extra(1) list.size(3) list-app-imp-suffix lms-seq-Suc1
    plus-1-eq-Suc
    zero-eq-add-iff-both-eq-0)
qed

lemma nth-lms:
   $i < \text{card } \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\} \implies$ 
   $\text{abs-is-lms } xs \ (\text{nth-lms } xs \ i)$ 
proof -
  assume  $i < \text{card } \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\}$ 
  hence  $i < \text{length } (\text{lms0-seq } xs)$ 
  by (metis distinct-card lms0-seq-has-all-lms lms-seq-distinct)
  moreover
  have  $\exists k. \text{lms0 } xs = \text{Suc } k$ 
  by (metis calculation filter.simps(1) abs-find-next-lms-eq-Suc less-nat-zero-code
    list.size(3)
    lms-seq-def upt.simps(1))
  then obtain  $k$  where  $\text{lms0 } xs = \text{Suc } k$  by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by (metis lms-seq-0 lms-seq-0-zeroth-lms lms-seq-nth lms-seq-nth-abs-is-lms)
qed

lemma card-abs-find-next-lms-funpow:
   $i < \text{card } \{k. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ k\} \implies$ 
   $\text{card } \{k. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ k \wedge k < \text{nth-lms } xs \ i\} = i$ 
proof (induct  $i$ )
  case 0
  then show ?case
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Collect-empty-eq card-eq-0-iff comp-apply fun-

```

$pow.simps(2)$ $funpow-0$ $gr-zeroI$ $abs-is-lms-0$ $no-lms-between-i-and-next$

next
case ($Suc\ i$)
note $IH = this$
let $?i = nth-lms\ xs\ i$
let $?j = nth-lms\ xs\ (Suc\ i)$
let $?A = \{k. abs-is-lms\ xs\ k \wedge k < ?i\}$
let $?B = \{k. abs-is-lms\ xs\ k \wedge k < ?j\}$

from IH
have $A: card\ ?A = i$
using $Suc-lessD$ **by** $blast$
moreover
have $P: ?i < ?j$
by ($metis\ Suc.prem\ Suc-lessD\ abs-find-next-lms-funpow-Suc\ abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1$
 $abs-is-lms-imp-less-length\ nth-lms$)
with $no-lms-between-i-and-next-funpow$
have $B: \forall j. ?i < j \wedge j < ?j \longrightarrow j \notin ?B$
by $blast$

have $C: ?i \in ?B$
using $P\ Suc.prem\ Suc-lessD\ nth-lms$ **by** $fastforce$

have $D: ?A \subseteq ?B$
using P **by** $force$

have $?B = insert\ ?i\ ?A$
using $B\ nat-neq-iff\ C\ D$
by ($intro\ equalityI\ subsetI\ insert-iff[THEN\ iffD2];\ auto$)
moreover
have $?i \notin ?A$
by $blast$
hence $card\ (insert\ ?i\ ?A) = Suc\ (card\ ?A)$
by $simp$
ultimately show $?case$
by $simp$

qed

lemma $lms-seq-nth-suffix$:
 $i < card\ \{i. abs-is-lms\ xs\ i\} \implies$
 $suffix\ (lms0-seq\ xs)\ i = nth-lms-seq\ xs\ i$

proof –
let $?i = lms0\ xs$
let $?j = nth-lms\ xs\ i$
assume $A: i < card\ \{i. abs-is-lms\ xs\ i\}$
from $nth-lms[OF\ A]$
have $abs-is-lms\ xs\ ?j$.
moreover

have $?i \leq ?j$
by (*metis bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum calculation abs-is-lms-0 linorder-not-less no-lms-between-i-and-next*)
hence $[?i..<length\ xs] = [?i..<?j] @ [?j..<length\ xs]$
by (*metis abs-find-next-lms-funpow-Suc abs-find-next-lms-le-length le-add-diff-inverse upt-add-eq-append*)
moreover
have $length\ (filter\ (abs-is-lms\ xs)\ [?i..<?j]) = card\ \{k.\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ k \wedge k < ?j\}$
proof –
from *filter-no-lms2*[of $xs\ 0\ ?i$]
have $filter\ (abs-is-lms\ xs)\ [0..<?i] = []$
using *abs-is-lms-0* **by** *fastforce*
moreover
have $[0..<?j] = [0..<?i] @ [?i..<?j]$
by (*metis ‹?i ≤ ?j› bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum le-add-diff-inverse less-or-eq-imp-le upt-add-eq-append*)
ultimately have $filter\ (abs-is-lms\ xs)\ [0..<?j] = filter\ (abs-is-lms\ xs)\ [?i..<?j]$
by *fastforce*
moreover
have $length\ (filter\ (abs-is-lms\ xs)\ [0..<?j]) = card\ \{k.\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ k \wedge k < ?j\}$
proof –
from *length-filter-conv-card*[of $abs-is-lms\ xs\ [0..<?j]$, *simplified length-upt*]
have $length\ (filter\ (abs-is-lms\ xs)\ [0..<?j]) = card\ \{k.\ k < ?j \wedge abs-is-lms\ xs\ ([0..<?j]\ !\ k)\}$
by *simp*
moreover
have $\{k.\ k < ?j \wedge abs-is-lms\ xs\ ([0..<?j]\ !\ k)\} = \{k.\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ k \wedge k < ?j\}$
by *force*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *presburger*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) A Collect-cong card-abs-find-next-lms-funpow filter-append list-app-imp-suffix lms-seq-def*)
qed

53.2 LMS-Substring Sequence

definition $lms-substr-seq :: 'a :: \{linorder, order-bot\} list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a list list$

where

$lms-substr-seq\ xs\ i = map\ (lms-slice\ xs)\ (lms-seq\ xs\ i)$

lemma $lms-substr-seq-length$:

$length (lms-substr-seq\ xs\ i) = length (lms-seq\ xs\ i)$
by (*simp add: lms-substr-seq-def*)

lemma *inj-on-map-lms-slice-lms-seq*:

$inj-on (map (lms-slice\ xs)) (lms-seq\ xs\ \langle i.\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ i \rangle)$

proof (*intro inj-onI*)

fix $x\ y$

assume $x \in lms-seq\ xs\ \langle i.\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ i \rangle$

$y \in lms-seq\ xs\ \langle i.\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ i \rangle$

$map (lms-slice\ xs)\ x = map (lms-slice\ xs)\ y$

then obtain $i\ j$ **where**

$x = lms-seq\ xs\ i\ y = lms-seq\ xs\ j$

$map (lms-slice\ xs)\ (lms-seq\ xs\ i) = map (lms-slice\ xs)\ (lms-seq\ xs\ j)$

$abs-is-lms\ xs\ i\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ j$

by *clarsimp+*

then have $lms-seq\ xs\ i = lms-seq\ xs\ j$

by (*metis length-lms-seq-less length-map nat-neq-iff*)

then show $x = y$

by (*simp add: $\langle x = lms-seq\ xs\ i \rangle \langle y = lms-seq\ xs\ j \rangle$*)

qed

lemma *inj-on-lms-substr-seq*:

$inj-on (lms-substr-seq\ xs)\ \langle i.\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ i \rangle$

unfolding *lms-substr-seq-def*

using *comp-inj-on[OF inj-on-lms-seq inj-on-map-lms-slice-lms-seq, simplified o-def]*

by *blast*

lemma *lms-substr-seq-nth*:

$i < length (lms-substr-seq\ xs\ (Suc\ k)) \implies$

$lms-substr-seq\ xs\ (Suc\ k)\ !\ i = lms-slice\ xs\ ((abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ \sim\ Suc\ i)\ k)$

by (*simp add: lms-seq-nth lms-substr-seq-def*)

lemma *lms-substr-seq-nth-abs-is-lms*:

$i < length (lms-substr-seq\ xs\ k) \implies$

$(lms-substr-seq\ xs\ k)\ !\ i \in lms-substrs\ xs$

by (*simp add: lms-seq-nth-abs-is-lms lms-substr-seq-def*)

definition *suffix-to-id*

where

$suffix-to-id\ xs\ ys = length\ xs - length\ ys$

lemma *suffix-lengths-neq*:

$\llbracket i < j; j < length\ xs \rrbracket \implies length (suffix\ xs\ i) > length (suffix\ xs\ j)$

by *simp*

lemma *inj-on-suffix-to-id*:

$inj-on (suffix-to-id\ xs)\ (suffix\ xs\ \langle i.\ abs-is-lms\ xs\ i \rangle)$

by (*intro inj-onI;clarsimp simp: suffix-to-id-def abs-is-lms-imp-less-length less-or-eq-imp-le*)

lemma *suffix-id-suffix*:

$i < \text{length } xs \implies \text{suffix-to-id } xs (\text{suffix } xs \ i) = i$

by (*simp add: suffix-to-id-def*)

lemma *suffix-to-id-image*:

$\text{suffix-to-id } xs \text{ ' } \text{suffix } xs \text{ ' } \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\} = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\}$

proof *safe*

fix *i*

assume *abs-is-lms xs i*

then show *abs-is-lms xs (suffix-to-id xs (suffix xs i))*

by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length suffix-id-suffix*)

next

fix *i*

assume *abs-is-lms xs i*

then show $i \in \text{suffix-to-id } xs \text{ ' } \text{lms-suffixes } xs$

by (*simp add: image-iff abs-is-lms-imp-less-length suffix-id-suffix*)

qed

abbreviation *lms-substr-seq-id xs* $\equiv (\text{lms-substr-seq } xs) \circ (\text{suffix-to-id } xs)$

lemma *lms-substr-seq-id-suffix*:

$\text{lms-substr-seq-id } xs (\text{suffix } xs \ i) = \text{lms-substr-seq } xs \ i$

apply *simp*

apply (*cases i < length xs*)

apply (*simp add: suffix-id-suffix*)

by (*simp add: lms-seq-def lms-substr-seq-def suffix-to-id-def*)

lemma *lms-substr-seq-id-nth-abs-is-lms*:

$i < \text{length } (\text{lms-substr-seq-id } xs (\text{suffix } xs \ k)) \implies$

$(\text{lms-substr-seq-id } xs (\text{suffix } xs \ k)) \ ! \ i \in \text{lms-substrs } xs$

by (*simp add: lms-seq-nth-abs-is-lms lms-substr-seq-def*)

lemma *inj-on-lms-substr-seq-o-suffix-to-id*:

$\text{inj-on } (\text{lms-substr-seq-id } xs) (\text{lms-suffixes } xs)$

proof *–*

have $\text{lms-substr-seq } xs = \text{map } (\text{lms-slice } xs) \circ \text{lms-seq } xs$

using *lms-substr-seq-def* **by** *fastforce*

with *comp-inj-on[OF inj-on-lms-seq inj-on-map-lms-slice-lms-seq, of xs]*

have $\text{inj-on } (\text{lms-substr-seq } xs) \ \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\}$

by *simp*

with *comp-inj-on[OF inj-on-suffix-to-id[of xs], simplified suffix-to-id-image[of xs]]*

show *?thesis*

by *blast*

qed

lemma *list-less-ns-lms-substr-seq-suffix*:

assumes *abs-is-lms xs i*

and *abs-is-lms xs j*

and $\text{nslexordp list-less-ns } (\text{lms-substr-seq } xs \ i) (\text{lms-substr-seq } xs \ j)$

shows $list-less-ns (suffix\ xs\ i) (suffix\ xs\ j)$
proof –
have $\exists i'. i = Suc\ i'$
using $assms(1)\ abs-is-lms-def$ **by** $blast$
then obtain i' **where**
 $i = Suc\ i'$
by $blast$
hence $abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ i' = i$
using $assms(1)\ abs-find-next-lms-abs-is-lms$ **by** $blast$

have $A: \bigwedge k. k < length\ (lms-substr-seq\ xs\ i) \implies$
 $lms-substr-seq\ xs\ i\ !\ k = lms-slice\ xs\ ((abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ \sim k)\ i)$
by $(simp\ add: \langle abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ i' = i \rangle \langle i = Suc\ i' \rangle\ funpow-swap1\ lms-substr-seq-nth)$

have $\exists j'. j = Suc\ j'$
using $assms(2)\ abs-is-lms-def$ **by** $blast$
then obtain j' **where**
 $j = Suc\ j'$
by $blast$
hence $abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ j' = j$
using $assms(2)\ abs-find-next-lms-abs-is-lms$ **by** $blast$

have $B: \bigwedge k. k < length\ (lms-substr-seq\ xs\ j) \implies$
 $lms-substr-seq\ xs\ j\ !\ k = lms-slice\ xs\ ((abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ \sim k)\ j)$
by $(simp\ add: \langle abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ j' = j \rangle \langle j = Suc\ j' \rangle\ funpow-swap1\ lms-substr-seq-nth)$

let $?c1 = \exists b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs.$
 $lms-substr-seq\ xs\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs \wedge lms-substr-seq\ xs\ j = as\ @\ c\ \#\ cs$

\wedge
 $list-less-ns\ b\ c$

let $?c2 = \exists c\ cs. lms-substr-seq\ xs\ i = lms-substr-seq\ xs\ j\ @\ c\ \#\ cs$
from $nslexordpE[OF\ assms(3)]$
have $?c1 \vee ?c2$.
moreover
have $?c1 \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $?c1$
then obtain $b\ c\ as\ bs\ cs$ **where**
 $lms-substr-seq\ xs\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs$
 $lms-substr-seq\ xs\ j = as\ @\ c\ \#\ cs$
 $list-less-ns\ b\ c$
by $blast$

let $?b = lms-slice\ xs\ ((abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ \sim (length\ as))\ i)$
from $lms-substr-seq-nth[of\ length\ as\ xs\ i']\ \langle i = Suc\ i' \rangle$
 $\langle lms-substr-seq\ xs\ i = as\ @\ b\ \#\ bs \rangle$
have $b = lms-slice\ xs\ ((abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ \sim Suc\ (length\ as))\ i')$
by $simp$
with $\langle abs-find-next-lms\ xs\ i' = i \rangle$

```

have  $b = ?b$ 
  by (simp add: funpow-swap1)

let  $?c = \text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim (length\ as))\ j)$ 
from  $\langle \text{lms-substr-seq-nth}[of\ length\ as\ xs\ j] \ \langle j = Suc\ j' \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{lms-substr-seq } xs\ j = as \ @ \ c \ \# \ cs \rangle$ 
have  $c = \text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim Suc\ (length\ as))\ j')$ 
  by simp
with  $\langle \text{abs-find-next-lms } xs\ j' = j \rangle$ 
have  $c = \text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim (length\ as))\ j)$ 
  by (simp add: funpow-swap1)

have  $P: \forall k < length\ as. \text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim k)\ i) =$ 
   $\text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim k)\ j)$ 
proof (safe)
  fix  $k$ 
  assume  $k < length\ as$ 
  with  $\langle \text{lms-substr-seq } xs\ i = as \ @ \ b \ \# \ bs \rangle\ A[of\ k]$ 
  have  $as \ ! \ k = \text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim k)\ i)$ 
    by (simp add: nth-append)
  moreover
  from  $\langle \text{lms-substr-seq } xs\ j = as \ @ \ c \ \# \ cs \rangle\ \langle k < length\ as \rangle\ B[of\ k]$ 
  have  $as \ ! \ k = \text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim k)\ j)$ 
    by (simp add: nth-append)
  ultimately show
     $\text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim k)\ i) =$ 
     $\text{lms-slice } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim k)\ j)$ 
    by simp
qed

have  $Q: \text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim (length\ as))\ i))$ 
   $(\text{suffix } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim (length\ as))\ j))$ 
by (metis  $\langle b = ?b \rangle \langle c = ?c \rangle \langle \text{list-less-ns } b \ c \rangle\ \text{drop-eq-Nil abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-2}$ 
   $\text{less-lms-slice-imp-suffix list-less-ns-nil lms-slice-eq-suffix}$ 
   $\text{not-le-imp-less ordlistns.less-asm}$ )

show  $?thesis$ 
proof (cases length as)
  case  $0$ 
  then show  $?thesis$ 
    using  $Q$  by force
next
  case  $(Suc\ n)$ 
  assume  $length\ as = Suc\ n$ 
  moreover
  from  $\text{lms-slice-eq-suffix-less-funpow}[OF\ P]$ 
  have  $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } xs\ i)\ (\text{suffix } xs\ j) =$ 
     $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{suffix } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim (length\ as))\ i))$ 
     $(\text{suffix } xs \ ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim\sim (length\ as))\ j))$ 

```

```

    using lessI by presburger
    ultimately show ?thesis
    using Q by blast
qed
qed
moreover
have ?c2  $\implies$  ?thesis
proof -
  assume ?c2
  then obtain c cs where
    lms-substr-seq xs i = lms-substr-seq xs j @ c # cs
    by blast

  have lms-substr-seq xs j  $\neq$  []
    by (metis assms(2) list.distinct(1) list.map-disc-iff lms-seq-abs-is-lms-hd
lms-substr-seq-def)
  hence  $\exists n. \text{length} (lms\text{-substr-seq } xs\ j) = \text{Suc } n$ 
    using not0-implies-Suc by auto
  then obtain n where
    length (lms-substr-seq xs j) = Suc n
    by blast

  have P:  $\forall k < \text{Suc } n. \text{lms-slice } xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim k) i) =$ 
    lms-slice xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim k) j)
  proof safe
    fix k
    assume k < Suc n
    hence lms-substr-seq xs j ! k = lms-slice xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim k) j)
      by (simp add: B <length (lms-substr-seq xs j) = Suc n>)
    moreover
    from <lms-substr-seq xs i = lms-substr-seq xs j @ c # cs> <k < Suc n>
    have lms-substr-seq xs i ! k = lms-slice xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim k) j)
      by (simp add: B <length (lms-substr-seq xs j) = Suc n> nth-append)
    moreover
    have lms-substr-seq xs i ! k = lms-slice xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim k) i)
      using A <k < Suc n> <length (lms-substr-seq xs j) = Suc n>
      <lms-substr-seq xs i = lms-substr-seq xs j @ c # cs> by auto
    ultimately show
      lms-slice xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim k) i) =
      lms-slice xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim k) j)
      by simp
  qed

  have list-less-ns (suffix xs i) (suffix xs j) =
    list-less-ns (suffix xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim \text{Suc } n) i))
      (suffix xs ((\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ \sim \text{Suc } n) j))
    using lms-slice-eq-suffix-less-funpow[OF P]
    by blast
  moreover

```

from *lms-seq-last-eq-length*[*of xs j n*]
have (*abs-find-next-lms xs* $\widehat{\sim}$ *Suc n*) *j* = *length xs*
by (*metis* \langle *abs-find-next-lms xs j' = j* \rangle \langle *j = Suc j'* \rangle \langle *length (lms-substr-seq xs j) = Suc n* \rangle
funpow-swap1 length-map lessI lms-seq-nth lms-substr-seq-def)
hence *suffix xs* ((*abs-find-next-lms xs* $\widehat{\sim}$ *Suc n*) *j*) = []
by *force*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*metis* *P* \langle *lms-substr-seq xs i = lms-substr-seq xs j @ c # cs* \rangle *append-self-conv assms(1,2)*
abs-is-lms-imp-less-length list.distinct(1) list-less-ns-nil suffix-id-suffix
lms-slice-eq-suffix-less-funpow ordlistns.not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *monotone-on-lms-substr-seq-id*:
monotone-on (lms-suffixes xs) list-less-ns (nslexordp list-less-ns) (lms-substr-seq-id xs)
(is monotone-on ?A ?orda ?ordb ?f)
proof –
let *?B = ?f ' ?A*

from *inj-on-imp-bij-betw*[*OF inj-on-lms-substr-seq-o-suffix-to-id*]
have *A: bij-betw ?f ?A ?B* .
with *bij-betw-inv-alt*
have $\exists g. \text{bij-betw } g \text{ ?B ?A} \wedge \text{inverses-on } ?f \text{ } g \text{ ?A ?B}$
by *blast*
then obtain *g* **where** *B*:
bij-betw g ?B ?A
inverses-on ?f g ?A ?B
by *blast*

have *C: monotone-on ?B ?ordb ?orda g*
proof (*intro monotone-onI*)
fix *x y*
assume $x \in ?B \ y \in ?B \ \text{nslexordp list-less-ns } x \ y$
moreover
have $\exists i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i \wedge g \ x = \text{suffix } xs \ i$
using $\langle x \in ?B \rangle$ *bij-betw-apply B(1)* **by** *fastforce*
then obtain *i* **where**
abs-is-lms xs i g x = suffix xs i
by *blast*
moreover
have $\exists j. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ j \wedge g \ y = \text{suffix } xs \ j$
using $\langle y \in ?B \rangle$ *bij-betw-apply B(1)* **by** *fastforce*
then obtain *j* **where**
abs-is-lms xs j g y = suffix xs j

by *blast*
ultimately show *list-less-ns* ($g\ x$) ($g\ y$)
using *list-less-ns-lms-substr-seq-suffix*[*of xs i j*]
by (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) $B(2)$ *comp-def inverses-onD2 abs-is-lms-imp-less-length suffix-id-suffix*)

qed

from *nslexordp-asymp*[*of list-less-ns*]
have *asymp-on* $?B\ ?ordb$
using *asympD* **by** *fastforce*

from *totalp-on-subset*[*OF nslexordp-totalp*[*of list-less-ns*]]
have *totalp-on* $?B\ ?ordb$
using *ordlistns.totalp-on-less* **by** *blast*

note $D = \langle \textit{asymp-on } ?B\ ?ordb \rangle \langle \textit{totalp-on } ?B\ ?ordb \rangle$

from *monotone-on-bij-betw-inv*[*OF C D - - B(1) A inverses-on-sym*[*THEN iffD1, OF B(2)*],
simplified]

show *?thesis* .

qed

lemma *list-less-ns-suffix-lms-substr-seq*:
assumes *abs-is-lms xs i*
and *abs-is-lms xs j*
and *list-less-ns (suffix xs i) (suffix xs j)*
shows *nslexordp list-less-ns (lms-substr-seq xs i) (lms-substr-seq xs j)*
using *monotone-onD*[*OF monotone-on-lms-substr-seq-id - - assms(3)*]
assms(1,2) abs-is-lms-imp-less-length suffix-id-suffix **by** *fastforce*

lemma *lms-substr-seq-suf*:
 $i \leq j \implies \exists ys. \textit{lms-substr-seq xs i} = \textit{ys} @ \textit{lms-substr-seq xs j}$
unfolding *lms-substr-seq-def*
by (*frule lms-seq-suf*[*of - - xs*]; *clarsimp*)

lemma *lms-lms-substr-seq-is-suffix*:
assumes *abs-is-lms xs i*
shows $\exists k < \textit{length (lms-substr-seq xs (abs-find-next-lms xs 0))}.$
 $\textit{suffix (lms-substr-seq xs (abs-find-next-lms xs 0)) k} = \textit{lms-substr-seq xs i}$
unfolding *lms-substr-seq-def*
by (*metis assms length-map lms-lms-seq-is-suffix*[*of xs i suffix-map*)

lemma *lms-substr-seq-nth-suffix*:
 $i < \textit{card } \{i. \textit{abs-is-lms xs i}\} \implies$
 $\textit{suffix (lms-substr-seq xs (abs-find-next-lms xs 0)) i} =$
 $\textit{lms-substr-seq xs ((abs-find-next-lms xs \hat{\sim} \textit{Suc i}) 0)}$
by (*simp add: lms-seq-nth-suffix lms-substr-seq-def suffix-map*)

53.3 LMS Map

lemma *finite-lms-substrs*:
finite (lms-substrs xs)
by (*simp add: lms-finite*)

definition *lms-map* :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat list
where
lms-map xs \equiv (*map (ordlistns.elem-rank (lms-substrs xs))*) \circ (*lms-substr-seq-id xs*)

lemma *lms-substr-seq-o-suffix-to-id-range*:
(lms-substr-seq xs \circ suffix-to-id xs) ' lms-suffixes xs \subseteq {ys. set ys \subseteq lms-substrs xs}
unfolding *lms-substr-seq-def suffix-to-id-def*
by (*safe; clarsimp simp: lms-seq-set*)

lemma *lms-map-o-def*:
lms-map xs ys = map (ordlistns.elem-rank (lms-substrs xs)) (lms-substr-seq-id xs ys)
by (*simp add: lms-map-def*)

lemma *inj-on-lms-map*:
inj-on (lms-map xs) (lms-suffixes xs)

proof –

note *A = comp-inj-on[OF inj-on-lms-substr-seq-o-suffix-to-id]*

note *B = inj-on-subset[OF bij-betw-imp-inj-on[OF bij-betw-map[OF ordlistns.bij-betw-elem-rank-upt]]]*

from *A[OF B, OF finite-lms-substrs lms-substr-seq-o-suffix-to-id-range, of xs]*

show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: lms-map-def*)

qed

lemma *lms-map-length*:
length (lms-map xs ys) = length (lms-substr-seq xs (suffix-to-id xs ys))
by (*simp add: lms-map-def*)

lemma *lms-map-nth-suffix*:
i < card {i. abs-is-lms xs i} \implies
suffix (lms-map xs (suffix xs (abs-find-next-lms xs 0))) i =
lms-map xs (suffix xs ((abs-find-next-lms xs $\sim\sim$ Suc i) 0))
by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-le-length lms-map-def lms-seq-nth-suffix lms-substr-seq-def suffix-map suffix-to-id-def*)

lemma *lms-lms-map-is-suffix*:
assumes *abs-is-lms xs i*
shows $\exists k < \text{length } (lms\text{-map } xs \text{ (suffix } xs \text{ (abs-find-next-lms } xs \text{ 0)}))$.
suffix (lms-map xs (suffix xs (abs-find-next-lms xs 0))) k = lms-map xs (suffix xs i)

proof –

have $\text{suffix-to-id } xs \text{ (suffix } xs \ i) = i$
 by (*simp add: assms abs-is-lms-imp-less-length suffix-id-suffix*)
moreover
have $\text{suffix-to-id } xs \text{ (suffix } xs \ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0)) = \text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0$
 by (*simp add: abs-find-next-lms-le-length suffix-to-id-def*)
moreover
from $\text{lms-lms-substr-seq-is-suffix}[OF \ \text{assms}]$
obtain k **where**
 $k < \text{length } (\text{lms-substr-seq } xs \ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0))$
 $\text{suffix } (\text{lms-substr-seq } xs \ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0)) \ k = \text{lms-substr-seq } xs \ i$
 by *blast*
moreover
have $k < \text{length } (\text{lms-map } xs \ (\text{suffix } xs \ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0)))$
 by (*simp add: calculation(2) calculation(3) lms-map-length*)
moreover
have $\text{suffix } (\text{lms-map } xs \ (\text{suffix } xs \ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0))) \ k = \text{lms-map } xs$
 $(\text{suffix } xs \ i)$
 by (*simp add: lms-map-def calculation suffix-map*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
 by *blast*
qed

lemma *length-reduced-seq*:
 $\text{length } (\text{lms-map } xs \ (\text{suffix } xs \ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0))) = \text{card } (\text{lms-suffixes } xs)$
apply (*simp add: lms-map-length lms-substr-seq-length*)
apply (*cases abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0 < length } xs*)
apply (*simp add: suffix-id-suffix*)
apply (*subst distinct-card[OF lms-seq-distinct[of } xs \ \text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0], symmetric]*)
apply (*simp add: lms0-seq-has-all-lms*)
apply (*metis card-image inj-on-suffix-to-id suffix-to-id-image*)
by (*metis card-eq-0-iff diff-diff-cancel empty-set filter.simps(1) abs-find-next-lms-le-length*
 $\text{lms0-seq-has-all-lms image-is-empty length-drop linorder-le-less-linear}$
 $\text{list.size}(3)$
 $\text{lms-seq-def suffix-to-id-def upt-eq-Nil-conv}$)

corollary *lms-lms-map-in-suffixes*:
 $\text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i \implies$
 $\text{lms-map } xs \ (\text{suffix } xs \ i) \in$
 $\text{suffix } (\text{lms-map } xs \ (\text{suffix } xs \ (\text{abs-find-next-lms } xs \ 0))) \ \{0..<\text{card } (\text{lms-suffixes}$
 $xs)\}$
by (*metis atLeastLessThan-iff imageI length-reduced-seq lms-lms-map-is-suffix*
 zero-le)

lemma *card-lms-suffixes*:
 $\text{card } (\text{lms-suffixes } xs) = \text{card } \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs \ i\}$
by (*metis card-image inj-on-suffix-to-id suffix-to-id-image*)

lemma *lms-map-image*:

$lms\text{-map } xs \text{ ‘ } lms\text{-suffixes } xs =$
 $\text{suffix } (lms\text{-map } xs \text{ (suffix } xs \text{ (abs-find-next-lms } xs \text{ 0))) ‘ } \{0..<card \text{ (lms-suffixes } xs)\}$

proof (*safe*)
fix i
assume $abs\text{-is-lms } xs \ i$
then show $lms\text{-map } xs \text{ (suffix } xs \ i) \in$
 $\text{suffix } (lms\text{-map } xs \text{ (lms0-suffix } xs)) \text{ ‘ } \{0..<card \text{ (lms-suffixes } xs)\}$
using $lms\text{-lms-map-in-suffixes}$ **by** *blast*

next
fix i
assume $i \in \{0..<card \text{ (lms-suffixes } xs)\}$
with $card\text{-lms-suffixes}$
have $i < card \{i. abs\text{-is-lms } xs \ i\}$
by (*metis atLeastLessThan-iff*)
with $lms\text{-map-nth-suffix[of } i \ xs]$
have $\text{suffix } (lms\text{-map } xs \text{ (lms0-suffix } xs)) \ i = lms\text{-map } xs \text{ (suffix } xs \text{ (nth-lms } xs \ i))$
by *blast*
moreover
have $\text{suffix } xs \text{ (nth-lms } xs \ i) \in lms\text{-suffixes } xs$
using $\langle i < card \{i. abs\text{-is-lms } xs \ i\} \text{ nth-lms}$ **by** *fastforce*
ultimately show $\text{suffix } (lms\text{-map } xs \text{ (lms0-suffix } xs)) \ i \in lms\text{-map } xs \text{ ‘ } lms\text{-suffixes } xs$
by *blast*

qed

lemma *monotone-on-lms-map*:
 $monotone\text{-on } (lms\text{-suffixes } xs) \ list\text{-less-ns } list\text{-less-ns } (lms\text{-map } xs)$

proof (*intro monotone-onI*)
fix $x \ y$
assume $x \in lms\text{-suffixes } xs \ y \in lms\text{-suffixes } xs \ list\text{-less-ns } x \ y$
with $monotone\text{-onD[OF } monotone\text{-on-lms-substr-seq-id, of } x \ xs \ y]$
have $nslexordp \ list\text{-less-ns } (lms\text{-substr-seq-id } xs \ x) \ (lms\text{-substr-seq-id } xs \ y)$
by *blast*
moreover
have $\bigwedge x. lms\text{-map } xs \ x = map \text{ (ordlistns.elem-rank } (lms\text{-substrs } xs)) \text{ (lms-substr-seq-id } xs \ x)$
by (*simp add: lms-map-def*)
moreover
{
have $set \text{ (lms-substr-seq-id } xs \ x) \subseteq lms\text{-substrs } xs$
by (*simp add: Collect-mono-iff image-mono lms-seq-set lms-substr-seq-def*)
moreover
have $set \text{ (lms-substr-seq-id } xs \ y) \subseteq lms\text{-substrs } xs$
by (*simp add: Collect-mono-iff image-mono lms-seq-set lms-substr-seq-def*)
ultimately have
 $nslexordp \ list\text{-less-ns } (lms\text{-substr-seq-id } xs \ x) \ (lms\text{-substr-seq-id } xs \ y) =$
 $nslexordp \ (<) \text{ (map } \text{ (ordlistns.elem-rank } (lms\text{-substrs } xs)) \text{ (lms-substr-seq-id$

$xs\ x))$
 $(\text{map } (\text{ordlistns.elem-rank } (\text{lms-substrs } xs)) (\text{lms-substr-seq-id } xs$
 $y))$
using *monotone-on-iff-nsexordp*[*OF ordlistns.strict-mono-on-elem-rank, sim-*
simplified,
 $OF\ \text{finite-lms-substrs}[of\ xs]\ \text{ordlistns.bij-betw-elem-rank-upt},$
 $OF\ \text{finite-lms-substrs}[of\ xs]]$
by *blast*
}
ultimately show *list-less-ns* (*lms-map* $xs\ x$) (*lms-map* $xs\ y$)
by (*simp add: nslexordp-eq-list-less-ns*)
qed

lemma *list-less-ns-lms-map-suffix*:
assumes *abs-is-lms* $xs\ i$
and *abs-is-lms* $xs\ j$
and *list-less-ns* (*lms-map* $xs\ (\text{suffix } xs\ i)$) (*lms-map* $xs\ (\text{suffix } xs\ j)$)
shows *list-less-ns* (*suffix* $xs\ i$) (*suffix* $xs\ j$)
using *monotone-on-iff*[*OF monotone-on-lms-map, simplified*] *assms* **by** *blast*

abbreviation

lms0-map $xs \equiv$
lms-map $xs\ (\text{lms0-suffix } xs)$

lemma *sorted-reduced-seq-imp-lms*:
assumes *ordlistns.strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* (*lms0-map* xs)) ys)
and $\forall y \in \text{set } ys. y < \text{card } \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } xs\ i\}$
shows *ordlistns.strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* xs) (*map* (!) (*lms0-seq* xs)) ys)
proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)
fix $i\ j$
assume $i < j\ j < \text{length } (\text{map } (!) (\text{lms0-seq } xs))\ ys$
hence $A: i < j\ j < \text{length } ys$
by *simp-all*
with *sorted-wrt-mapD*[*OF assms(1)*]
have *list-less-ns* (*suffix* (*lms0-map* xs) ($ys\ !\ i$)) (*suffix* (*lms0-map* xs) ($ys\ !\ j$)) .
moreover
from *lms-map-nth-suffix*[*of* $ys\ !\ i\ xs$]
have *suffix* (*lms0-map* xs) ($ys\ !\ i$) = *lms-map* $xs\ (\text{suffix } xs\ (\text{nth-lms } xs\ (ys\ !\ i)))$
using $A(1)\ A(2)\ \text{assms}(2)$ **by** *fastforce*
moreover
from *lms-map-nth-suffix*[*of* $ys\ !\ j\ xs$]
have *suffix* (*lms0-map* xs) ($ys\ !\ j$) = *lms-map* $xs\ (\text{suffix } xs\ (\text{nth-lms } xs\ (ys\ !\ j)))$
using $A(2)\ \text{assms}(2)$ **by** *fastforce*
moreover
have *abs-is-lms* $xs\ (\text{nth-lms } xs\ (ys\ !\ i))$
by (*meson* $A(1)\ A(2)\ \text{assms}(2)\ \text{nth-lms } \text{nth-mem } \text{order.strict-trans}$)
hence *suffix* $xs\ (\text{nth-lms } xs\ (ys\ !\ i)) \in \text{lms-suffixes } xs$
by *blast*
moreover

have $abs-is-lms\ xs\ (nth-lms\ xs\ (ys\ !\ j))$
by $(meson\ A(2)\ assms(2)\ nth-lms\ nth-mem\ order.strict-trans)$
hence $suffix\ xs\ (nth-lms\ xs\ (ys\ !\ j)) \in lms-suffixes\ xs$
by $blast$
ultimately have
 $list-less-ns\ (suffix\ xs\ (nth-lms\ xs\ (ys\ !\ i)))\ (suffix\ xs\ (nth-lms\ xs\ (ys\ !\ j)))$
using $monotone-on-iff[OF\ monotone-on-lms-map,\ simplified]$ **by** $auto$
moreover
from $lms0-seq-nth[of\ ys\ !\ i\ xs]$
have $lms0-seq\ xs\ !\ (ys\ !\ i) = nth-lms\ xs\ (ys\ !\ i)$
using $A(1)\ A(2)\ assms(2)$ **by** $force$
moreover
from $lms0-seq-nth[of\ ys\ !\ j\ xs]$
have $lms0-seq\ xs\ !\ (ys\ !\ j) = nth-lms\ xs\ (ys\ !\ j)$
using $A(2)\ assms(2)$ **by** $force$
ultimately have
 $list-less-ns\ (suffix\ xs\ (lms0-seq\ xs\ !\ (ys\ !\ i)))\ (suffix\ xs\ (lms0-seq\ xs\ !\ (ys\ !\ j)))$
by $presburger$
then show $list-less-ns\ (suffix\ xs\ (map\ (!)\ (lms0-seq\ xs))\ ys\ !\ i))$
 $(suffix\ xs\ (map\ (!)\ (lms0-seq\ xs))\ ys\ !\ j))$
using $A(1)\ A(2)$ **by** $fastforce$
qed

lemma $sorted-distinct-lms-substr$:
assumes $ordlistns.sorted\ (map\ (lms-slice\ xs)\ ys)$
and $distinct\ (map\ (lms-slice\ xs)\ ys)$
and $\forall y \in set\ ys.\ y < length\ xs$
shows $ordlistns.sorted\ (map\ (suffix\ xs)\ ys)$
proof $(intro\ sorted-wrt-mapI)$
fix $i\ j$
assume $i < j\ j < length\ ys$
with $sorted-wrt-mapD[OF\ assms(1)]$
have $list-less-eq-ns\ (lms-slice\ xs\ (ys\ !\ i))\ (lms-slice\ xs\ (ys\ !\ j))$.
moreover
have $lms-slice\ xs\ (ys\ !\ i) \neq lms-slice\ xs\ (ys\ !\ j)$
using $\langle i < j \rangle\ \langle j < length\ ys \rangle\ assms(2)\ nth-eq-iff-index-eq$ **by** $fastforce$
ultimately have $list-less-ns\ (lms-slice\ xs\ (ys\ !\ i))\ (lms-slice\ xs\ (ys\ !\ j))$
using $ordlistns.nless-le$ **by** $blast$
then show $list-less-eq-ns\ (suffix\ xs\ (ys\ !\ i))\ (suffix\ xs\ (ys\ !\ j))$
by $(metis\ \langle i < j \rangle\ \langle j < length\ ys \rangle\ less-lms-slice-imp-suffix\ assms(3)\ dual-order.strict-trans\ nth-mem\ ordlistns.dual-order.strict-implies-order)$
qed

lemma $distinct-lms0-map$:
assumes $distinct\ (lms0-map\ xs)$
shows $distinct\ (map\ (lms-slice\ xs)\ (lms0-seq\ xs))$
proof $(intro\ distinct-conv-nth[THEN\ iffD2])\ allI\ impI$
fix $i\ j$
assume $i < length\ (map\ (lms-slice\ xs)\ (lms0-seq\ xs))$

$j < \text{length} (\text{map} (\text{lms-slice } xs) (\text{lms0-seq } xs))$
 $i \neq j$
hence $A: i < \text{length} (\text{lms0-seq } xs) \wedge j < \text{length} (\text{lms0-seq } xs) \wedge i \neq j$
by *simp-all*
with *distinct-conv-nth*[*THEN iffD1, OF assms*]
have $B: \text{lms0-map } xs ! i \neq \text{lms0-map } xs ! j$
by (*metis card-lms-suffixes length-reduced-seq lms0-seq-length*)
moreover
have $\text{lms-substr-seq-id } xs (\text{lms0-suffix } xs) = \text{map} (\text{lms-slice } xs) (\text{lms0-seq } xs)$
by (*metis lms-substr-seq-def lms-subtrs-seq-id-suffix*)
hence $\text{lms0-map } xs = \text{map} (\text{ordlistns.elem-rank} (\text{lms-substrs } xs)) (\text{map} (\text{lms-slice } xs) (\text{lms0-seq } xs))$
by (*simp add: lms-map-o-def*)
with A
have $\text{lms0-map } xs ! i = \text{ordlistns.elem-rank} (\text{lms-substrs } xs) (\text{lms-slice } xs (\text{lms0-seq } xs ! i))$
 $\text{lms0-map } xs ! j = \text{ordlistns.elem-rank} (\text{lms-substrs } xs) (\text{lms-slice } xs (\text{lms0-seq } xs ! j))$
by *auto*
ultimately have $\text{lms-slice } xs (\text{lms0-seq } xs ! i) \neq \text{lms-slice } xs (\text{lms0-seq } xs ! j)$
by *fastforce*
then show $\text{map} (\text{lms-slice } xs) (\text{lms0-seq } xs) ! i \neq \text{map} (\text{lms-slice } xs) (\text{lms0-seq } xs) ! j$
by (*simp add: A(1) A(2)*)
qed

lemma *sorted-distinct-lms-substr-perm*:
assumes *ordlistns.sorted* ($\text{map} (\text{lms-slice } xs) ys$)
and *distinct* ($\text{lms0-map } xs$)
and $ys < \sim \sim > \text{lms0-seq } xs$
shows *ordlistns.sorted* ($\text{map} (\text{suffix } xs) ys$)
by (*metis sorted-distinct-lms-substr*[*OF assms(1)*] *distinct-lms0-map*[*OF assms(2)*] *assms(3)*)
 $\text{distinct-map abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms0-seq-has-all-lms mem-Collect-eq perm-distinct-iff perm-set-eq}$

lemma *list-less-ns-suffix-lms-map*:
assumes *abs-is-lms* $xs \ i$
and *abs-is-lms* $xs \ j$
and *list-less-ns* ($\text{suffix } xs \ i$) ($\text{suffix } xs \ j$)
shows *list-less-ns* ($\text{lms-map } xs (\text{suffix } xs \ i)$) ($\text{lms-map } xs (\text{suffix } xs \ j)$)
using *monotone-on-iff*[*OF monotone-on-lms-map, simplified*] *assms* **by** *blast*

lemma *valid-list-lms-map*:
assumes *valid-list* ($a \# b \# xs$)
and *abs-is-lms* ($a \# b \# xs$) i
shows *valid-list* ($\text{lms-map} (a \# b \# xs) (\text{suffix} (a \# b \# xs) i)$)
proof –
let $?xs = a \# b \# xs$

have $\exists n. \text{length } ?xs = \text{Suc } n$
by *simp*
then obtain n **where**
 $\text{length } ?xs = \text{Suc } n$
by *blast*
hence *abs-is-lms* $?xs$ n
using *assms(1)* *abs-is-lms-last* **by** *fastforce*

have $\text{lms-slice } ?xs$ $n = [\text{bot}]$
using $\langle \text{length } ?xs = \text{Suc } n \rangle$ *assms(1)* *lms-slice-last* **by** *blast*

have $\exists m. i = \text{Suc } m$
using *assms(2)* *lms-type-list-less-ns* **by** *auto*
then obtain m **where**
 $i = \text{Suc } m$
by *blast*

have $P: \forall x \in \{k. \text{abs-is-lms } ?xs\ k\}. x \neq n \longrightarrow$
 $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ n) (\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ x)$
proof *safe*
fix x
assume *abs-is-lms* $?xs$ x $x \neq n$
hence $\exists ys. \text{lms-slice } ?xs\ x = ?xs ! x \# ys$
using *abs-is-lms-imp-less-length* *lms-slice-hd* **by** *blast*
then obtain ys **where**
 $\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ x = ?xs ! x \# ys$
by *blast*
moreover
have $\text{bot} < ?xs ! x$
by (*metis* $\langle \text{abs-is-lms } ?xs\ x \rangle \langle \text{length } ?xs = \text{Suc } n \rangle \langle x \neq n \rangle$ *assms(1)* *bot.not-eq-extremum*
diff-Suc-1 *hd-drop-conv-nth* *abs-is-lms-imp-less-length* *last-suffix-index*)
ultimately show $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ n) (\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ x)$
by (*simp* *add*: $\langle \text{lms-slice } ?xs\ n = [\text{bot}] \rangle$ *list-less-ns-cons-diff*)
qed

have $Q: \text{ordlistns.elem-rank } (\text{lms-substrs } ?xs) (\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ n) = 0$
unfolding *ordlistns.elem-rank-def* *elm-rank-def*
proof –
have $\{y \in \text{lms-substrs } ?xs. \text{list-less-ns } y (\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ n)\} = \{\}$
using P **by** *auto*
then show $\text{card } \{y \in \text{lms-substrs } ?xs. \text{list-less-ns } y (\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ n)\} = 0$
by (*metis* *card.empty*)
qed

have $R: \forall x \in \text{lms-substrs } ?xs. \text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-slice } ?xs\ n) x \longrightarrow$
 $\text{ordlistns.elem-rank } (\text{lms-substrs } ?xs) x > 0$
using $\langle \text{abs-is-lms } ?xs\ n \rangle$ *finite-lms-substrs* *ordlistns.strict-mono-onD*
ordlistns.strict-mono-on-elem-rank **by** *fastforce*

have $[i..<\text{length } ?xs] = [i..<n] @ [n..<\text{Suc } n]$
using $\langle \text{length } ?xs = \text{Suc } n \rangle \text{ assms}(2) \text{ abs-is-lms-imp-less-length}$ **by** *fastforce*
hence $\text{last } (\text{lms-seq } ?xs \ i) = n$
unfolding *lms-seq-def*
by (*simp add: $\langle \text{abs-is-lms } ?xs \ n \rangle$*)
hence $\text{last } (\text{lms-substr-seq } ?xs \ i) = \text{lms-slice } ?xs \ n$
by (*metis assms(2) last-map list.discI lms-seq-Suc1 lms-substr-seq-def*)
hence $\text{last } (\text{lms-substr-seq-id } ?xs \ (\text{suffix } ?xs \ i)) = \text{lms-slice } ?xs \ n$
by (*metis lms-subtrs-seq-id-suffix*)
hence $\text{last } (\text{lms-map } ?xs \ (\text{suffix } ?xs \ i)) = 0$
unfolding *lms-map-o-def*
by (*metis assms(2) Q last-map length-0-conv list.discI lms-seq-Suc1 lms-substr-seq-length lms-subtrs-seq-id-suffix*)
moreover
have $\text{butlast } (\text{lms-seq } ?xs \ i) = \text{filter } (\text{abs-is-lms } ?xs) [i..<n]$
unfolding *lms-seq-def*
using $\langle [i..<\text{length } ?xs] = [i..<n] @ [n..<\text{Suc } n] \rangle \langle \text{abs-is-lms } ?xs \ n \rangle$ **by** *auto*
hence $\forall x \in \text{set } (\text{butlast } (\text{lms-seq } ?xs \ i)). x \neq n \wedge \text{abs-is-lms } ?xs \ x$
by *clarsimp*
hence $\forall x \in \text{set } (\text{butlast } (\text{lms-substr-seq } ?xs \ i)).$
 $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-slice } ?xs \ n) \ x$
by (*clarsimp simp: P map-butlast[symmetric] lms-substr-seq-def*)
hence $S: \forall x \in \text{set } (\text{butlast } (\text{lms-substr-seq-id } ?xs \ (\text{suffix } ?xs \ i))).$
 $\text{list-less-ns } (\text{lms-slice } ?xs \ n) \ x$
by (*metis lms-subtrs-seq-id-suffix*)
have $\forall x \in \text{set } (\text{butlast } (\text{lms-map } ?xs \ (\text{suffix } ?xs \ i))). x > 0$
proof safe
fix x
assume $x \in \text{set } (\text{butlast } (\text{lms-map } ?xs \ (\text{suffix } ?xs \ i)))$
moreover
have $\text{butlast } (\text{lms-map } ?xs \ (\text{suffix } ?xs \ i)) =$
 $\text{map } (\text{ordlistns.elem-rank } (\text{lms-subtrs } ?xs)) (\text{butlast } (\text{lms-substr-seq-id } ?xs$
 $(\text{suffix } ?xs \ i)))$
unfolding *lms-map-o-def*
by (*simp add: map-butlast*)
ultimately have
 $\exists y \in \text{set } (\text{butlast } (\text{lms-substr-seq-id } ?xs \ (\text{suffix } ?xs \ i))).$
 $x = \text{ordlistns.elem-rank } (\text{lms-subtrs } ?xs) \ y$
by (*simp add: in-set-mapD*)
then obtain y **where** $A:$
 $y \in \text{set } (\text{butlast } (\text{lms-substr-seq-id } ?xs \ (\text{suffix } ?xs \ i)))$
 $x = \text{ordlistns.elem-rank } (\text{lms-subtrs } ?xs) \ y$
by *blast*
moreover
have $y \in \text{lms-subtrs } (a \ \# \ b \ \# \ xs)$
by (*metis calculation(1) in-set-butlastD in-set-conv-nth lms-substr-seq-id-nth-abs-is-lms*)
ultimately show $0 < x$
using $S \ R$ **by** *blast*
qed

```

moreover
have lms-map ?xs (suffix ?xs i) ≠ []
  unfolding lms-map-o-def
  by (metis assms(2) list.discI list.map-disc-iff lms-seq-Suc1 lms-substr-seq-def
      lms-subtrs-seq-id-suffix)
ultimately show ?thesis
  unfolding valid-list-iff-butlast-app-last
  by (metis bot-nat-def less-numeral-extra(3))
qed

end
theory Abs-SAIS
  imports ../prop/Buckets
           ../prop/LMS-List-Slice-Util
           ../util/Repeat
begin

```

54 Induce Sorting

54.1 Bucket Insert

```

fun abs-bucket-insert ::
  (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) ⇒
  'a list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list
  where
abs-bucket-insert α T - SA [] = SA |
abs-bucket-insert α T B SA (x # xs) =
  (let b = α (T ! x);
      k = B ! b - Suc 0;
      SA' = SA[k := x];
      B' = B[b := k]
      in abs-bucket-insert α T B' SA' xs)

```

54.2 Induce L-types

```

fun abs-induce-l-step ::
  nat list × nat list × nat ⇒
  (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) × 'a list ⇒
  nat list × nat list × nat
  where
abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, i) (α, T) =
  (if i < length SA ∧ SA ! i < length T
   then
    (case SA ! i of
     Suc j ⇒

```

```

      (case suffix-type T j of
        L-type ⇒
          (let k = α (T ! j);
            l = B ! k
            in (B[k := Suc l], SA[l := j], Suc i))
          | - ⇒ (B, SA, Suc i))
        | - ⇒ (B, SA, Suc i))
    else (B, SA, Suc i))

```

definition *abs-induce-l-base* ::

```

(( 'a :: {linorder, order-bot} ) ⇒ nat) ⇒
' a list ⇒
nat list ⇒
nat list ⇒
nat list × nat list × nat

```

where

abs-induce-l-base α T B SA = repeat (length T) *abs-induce-l-step* (B, SA, 0) (α, T)

definition *abs-induce-l* ::

```

(( 'a :: {linorder, order-bot} ) ⇒ nat) ⇒
' a list ⇒
nat list ⇒
nat list ⇒
nat list

```

where

abs-induce-l α T B SA =
 (let (B', SA', i) = *abs-induce-l-base* α T B SA
 in SA')

54.3 Induce S-types

fun *abs-induce-s-step* ::

```

nat list × nat list × nat ⇒
(( 'a :: {linorder, order-bot} ) ⇒ nat) × ' a list ⇒
nat list × nat list × nat

```

where

abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, i) (α, T) =
 (case i of
 Suc n ⇒
 (if Suc n < length SA ∧ SA ! Suc n < length T then
 (case SA ! Suc n of
 Suc j ⇒
 (case suffix-type T j of
 S-type ⇒
 (let b = α (T ! j);
 k = B ! b - Suc 0
 in (B[b := k], SA[k := j], n)
)
)
)
)

```

      | - ⇒ (B, SA, n)
    )
  | - ⇒ (B, SA, n)
)
else
  (B, SA, n)
)
| - ⇒ (B, SA, 0)
)

```

definition *abs-induce-s-base* ::

```

((('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) ⇒
 'a list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list × nat list × nat

```

where

abs-induce-s-base α T B SA = repeat (length T) *abs-induce-s-step* (B, SA, length T) (α, T)

definition *abs-induce-s* ::

```

((('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) ⇒
 'a list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list

```

where

abs-induce-s α T B SA =
 (let (B', SA', i) = *abs-induce-s-base* α T B SA
 in SA')

54.4 Induce Sorting

definition *abs-sa-induce* ::

```

((('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) ⇒
 'a list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list

```

where

abs-sa-induce α T LMS =

```

(let
  B0 = map (bucket-end α T) [0..Suc (α (Max (set T)))]);
  B1 = map (bucket-start α T) [0..Suc (α (Max (set T)))]);

```

— Initialise SA

SA = replicate (length T) (length T);

— Insert the LMS types into the suffix array

SA = *abs-bucket-insert* α T B0 SA (rev LMS);

— Insert the L types into the suffix array
 $SA = \text{abs-induce-l } \alpha \ T \ B1 \ SA$

— Insert the S types into the suffix array
in $\text{abs-induce-s } \alpha \ T \ (B0[0 := 0]) \ SA$

55 Rename Mapping

fun $\text{abs-rename-mapping}' ::$
 $('a :: \{ \text{linorder}, \text{order-bot} \}) \ \text{list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow$
 nat list
where
 $\text{abs-rename-mapping}' \ - \ [] \ \text{names} \ - \ = \ \text{names} \ |$
 $\text{abs-rename-mapping}' \ - \ [x] \ \text{names} \ i \ = \ \text{names}[x := i] \ |$
 $\text{abs-rename-mapping}' \ T \ (a \ \# \ b \ \# \ xs) \ \text{names} \ i \ =$
 $(\text{if } \text{lms-slice } T \ a \ = \ \text{lms-slice } T \ b$
 $\ \ \ \ \ \text{then } \text{abs-rename-mapping}' \ T \ (b \ \# \ xs) \ (\text{names}[a := i]) \ i$
 $\ \ \ \ \ \text{else } \text{abs-rename-mapping}' \ T \ (b \ \# \ xs) \ (\text{names}[a := i]) \ (\text{Suc } i)$

definition $\text{abs-rename-mapping} :: ('a :: \{ \text{linorder}, \text{order-bot} \}) \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 nat list
where
 $\text{abs-rename-mapping} \ T \ LMS \ = \ \text{abs-rename-mapping}' \ T \ LMS \ (\text{replicate } (\text{length } T)$
 $(\text{length } T)) \ 0$

56 Rename String

fun $\text{rename-string} :: \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list}$
where
 $\text{rename-string} \ [] \ - \ = \ [] \ |$
 $\text{rename-string} \ (x \ \# \ xs) \ \text{names} \ = \ (\text{names} \ ! \ x) \ \# \ \text{rename-string } xs \ \text{names}$

57 Order LMS

fun $\text{order-lms} :: \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list}$
where
 $\text{order-lms} \ LMS \ [] \ = \ [] \ |$
 $\text{order-lms} \ LMS \ (x \ \# \ xs) \ = \ LMS \ ! \ x \ \# \ \text{order-lms} \ LMS \ xs$

58 Extract LMS

abbreviation $\text{abs-extract-lms} :: ('a :: \{ \text{linorder}, \text{order-bot} \}) \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list}$

where
abs-extract-lms \equiv *filter* \circ *abs-is-lms*

59 SAIS Definition

function *abs-sais* ::

nat list \Rightarrow

nat list

where

abs-sais [] = [] |

abs-sais [x] = [0] |

abs-sais (a # b # xs) =

(*let*

T = a # b # xs;

— Extract the LMS types

LMS0 = *abs-extract-lms* *T* [0..*length T*];

— Induce the prefix ordering based on LMS

SA = *abs-sa-induce id T LMS0*;

— Extract the LMS types

LMS = *abs-extract-lms T SA*;

— Create a new alphabet

names = *abs-rename-mapping T LMS*;

— Make a reduced string

T' = *rename-string LMS0 names*;

— Obtain the correct ordering of LMS-types

LMS = (*if distinct T' then LMS else order-lms LMS0 (abs-sais T')*)

— Induce the suffix ordering based of LMS

in abs-sa-induce id T LMS)

by *pat-completeness blast+*

end

theory *Abs-Bucket-Insert-Verification*

imports

../abs-def/Abs-SAIS

../util/List-Util

../util/List-Slice

begin

60 Bucket Insert with Ghost State

```

fun bucket-insert-abs' ::
  (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) ⇒
  'a list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list × nat list × nat list
where
  bucket-insert-abs' α T B SA gs [] = (SA, B, gs) |
  bucket-insert-abs' α T B SA gs (x # xs) =
    (let b = α (T ! x);
      k = B ! b - Suc 0;
      SA' = SA[k := x];
      B' = B[b := k];
      gs' = gs @ [x]
    in bucket-insert-abs' α T B' SA' gs' xs)

```

61 Simple Properties

lemma *abs-bucket-insert-length*:
 $length (abs\text{-}bucket\text{-}insert\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ xs) = length\ SA$
by (*induct xs arbitrary: B SA; simp add: Let-def*)

lemma *abs-bucket-insert-equiv*:
 $abs\text{-}bucket\text{-}insert\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ xs = fst (bucket\text{-}insert\text{-}abs'\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ gs\ xs)$
by (*induct xs arbitrary: B SA gs; simp add: Let-def*)

62 Invariants

62.1 Defintions and Simple Helper Lemmas

62.1.1 Distinctness

definition *lms-distinct-inv* ::
 (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list ⇒ nat list ⇒ nat list ⇒ bool
where
 $lms\text{-}distinct\text{-}inv\ T\ SA\ LMS =$
 $distinct ((filter (\lambda x. x < length\ T)\ SA) @ LMS)$

lemma *lms-inv-distinct-inv-helper*:
assumes $lms\text{-}distinct\text{-}inv\ T\ SA\ LMS$
shows $distinct (filter (\lambda x. x < length\ T)\ SA) \wedge$
 $distinct\ LMS \wedge$
 $set (filter (\lambda x. x < length\ T)\ SA) \cap set\ LMS = \{\}$
using *assms distinct-append lms-distinct-inv-def* **by** *blast*

62.1.2 LMS Bucket Ptr

definition *cur-lms-types* ::
 ('a :: {linorder, order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat set
where
cur-lms-types α T SA b =
 {i | i. i \in set SA \wedge
 i \in lms-bucket α T b }

lemma *cur-lms-subset-SA*:
cur-lms-types α T SA b \subseteq set SA
using *cur-lms-types-def* **by** blast

lemma *cur-lms-subset-lms-bucket*:
cur-lms-types α T SA b \subseteq lms-bucket α T b
using *cur-lms-types-def* **by** blast

definition *num-lms-types* ::
 ('a :: {linorder, order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat
where
num-lms-types α T SA b =
 card (*cur-lms-types* α T SA b)

lemma *num-lms-types-upper-bound*:
num-lms-types α T SA b \leq lms-bucket-size α T b
by (metis not-le *cur-lms-subset-lms-bucket* *num-lms-types-def*
finite-lms-bucket *lms-bucket-size-def* *card-mono*)

definition *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* ::
 ('a :: {linorder, order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow
 'a list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow bool
where
lms-bucket-ptr-inv α T B SA \equiv
 (\forall b \leq α (Max (set T)).
 B ! b + *num-lms-types* α T SA b = bucket-end α T b)

lemma *lms-bucket-ptr-invD*:
assumes *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* α T B SA
and b \leq α (Max (set T))
shows B ! b + *num-lms-types* α T SA b = bucket-end α T b
using *assms* *lms-bucket-ptr-inv-def* **by** blast

lemma *lms-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*:
assumes *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* α T B SA
and b \leq α (Max (set T))
shows *lms-bucket-start* α T b \leq B ! b
proof –
from *lms-bucket-ptr-invD*[*OF* *assms*]
have B ! b + *num-lms-types* α T SA b = bucket-end α T b .
then show ?thesis

by (metis add.commute add-le-cancel-left lms-bucket-pl-size-eq-end num-lms-types-upper-bound)
qed

lemma *lms-bucket-ptr-upper-bound*:
assumes *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* α *T B SA*
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*))
shows $B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by (metis *assms le-iff-add lms-bucket-ptr-inv-def*)

62.1.3 Unknowns

definition *lms-unknowns-inv* ::
 $('a :: \{ \text{linorder}, \text{order-bot} \} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow$
 $'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
lms-unknowns-inv $\alpha T B SA \equiv$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*)).
 $(\forall i. \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge$
 $i < B ! b \longrightarrow SA ! i = \text{length } T))$

lemma *lms-unknowns-invD*:
assumes *lms-unknowns-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*))
and *lms-bucket-start* $\alpha T b \leq i$
and $i < B ! b$
shows $SA ! i = \text{length } T$
using *assms lms-unknowns-inv-def* **by** *blast*

62.1.4 Locations

definition *lms-locations-inv* ::
 $('a :: \{ \text{linorder}, \text{order-bot} \} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow$
 $'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
lms-locations-inv $\alpha T B SA \equiv$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*)).
 $(\forall i. B ! b \leq i \wedge$
 $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \longrightarrow SA ! i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b))$

lemma *lms-locations-invD*:
assumes *lms-locations-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*))
and $B ! b \leq i$
and $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
shows $SA ! i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$
using *assms lms-locations-inv-def* **by** *blast*

62.1.5 Unchanged

definition *lms-unchanged-inv* ::

($'a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$) \Rightarrow
 $'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$\text{lms-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \equiv$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max} \ (\text{set } T))).$
 $(\forall i. \ \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq i \wedge$
 $i < B ! b \longrightarrow SA' ! i = SA ! i)$

lemma $\text{lms-unchanged-invD}$:

assumes $\text{lms-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA'$
and $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max} \ (\text{set } T))$
and $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq i$
and $i < B ! b$
shows $SA' ! i = SA ! i$
using $\text{assms lms-unchanged-inv-def by blast}$

62.1.6 Inserted

definition $\text{lms-inserted-inv} ::$

$\text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$\text{lms-inserted-inv } LMS \ SA \ LMSa \ LMSb \equiv$
 $LMS = LMSa @ LMSb \wedge$
 $\text{set } LMSa \subseteq \text{set } SA$

lemma lms-inserted-invD :

$\bigwedge LMS \ SA \ LMSa \ LMSb. \ \text{lms-inserted-inv } LMS \ SA \ LMSa \ LMSb \Longrightarrow LMS =$
 $LMSa @ LMSb$
 $\bigwedge LMS \ SA \ LMSa \ LMSb. \ \text{lms-inserted-inv } LMS \ SA \ LMSa \ LMSb \Longrightarrow \text{set } LMSa$
 $\subseteq \text{set } SA$
unfolding $\text{lms-inserted-inv-def by blast+}$

62.1.7 Sorted

definition $\text{lms-sorted-inv} :: ('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list}$
 $\Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$\text{lms-sorted-inv } T \ LMS \ SA \equiv$
 $(\forall j < \text{length } SA.$
 $\forall i < j.$
 $SA ! i \in \text{set } LMS \wedge SA ! j \in \text{set } LMS \longrightarrow$
 $(T ! (SA ! i) \neq T ! (SA ! j) \longrightarrow T ! (SA ! i) < T ! (SA ! j)) \wedge$
 $(T ! (SA ! i) = T ! (SA ! j) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists j' < \text{length } LMS. \exists i' < j'. LMS ! i' = SA ! j \wedge LMS ! j' = SA ! i))$
 $)$

lemma lms-sorted-invD :

$\llbracket \text{lms-sorted-inv } T \ LMS \ SA; j < \text{length } SA; i < j; SA ! i \in \text{set } LMS; SA ! j \in \text{set}$
 $LMS \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $(T ! (SA ! i) \neq T ! (SA ! j) \longrightarrow T ! (SA ! i) < T ! (SA ! j)) \wedge$

$(T ! (SA ! i) = T ! (SA ! j) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists j' < \text{length } LMS. \exists i' < j'. LMS ! i' = SA ! j \wedge LMS ! j' = SA ! i))$
using *lms-sorted-inv-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *lms-sorted-invD1*:
 $\llbracket \text{lms-sorted-inv } T \text{ LMS } SA; j < \text{length } SA; i < j;$
 $SA ! i \in \text{set } LMS; SA ! j \in \text{set } LMS;$
 $T ! (SA ! i) \neq T ! (SA ! j) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $T ! (SA ! i) < T ! (SA ! j)$
using *lms-sorted-inv-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *lms-sorted-invD2*:
 $\llbracket \text{lms-sorted-inv } T \text{ LMS } SA; j < \text{length } SA; i < j; SA ! i \in \text{set } LMS; SA ! j \in \text{set}$
 $LMS;$
 $T ! (SA ! i) = T ! (SA ! j) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $\exists j' < \text{length } LMS. \exists i' < j'. LMS ! i' = SA ! j \wedge LMS ! j' = SA ! i$
using *lms-sorted-inv-def* **by** *blast*

62.2 Combined Invariant

definition *lms-inv* ::
 $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow$
 $'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 bool

where
 $\text{lms-inv } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } B \text{ } LMS \text{ } LMSa \text{ } LMSb \text{ } SA0 \text{ } SA \equiv$
 $\text{lms-distinct-inv } T \text{ } SA \text{ } LMSb \wedge$
 $\text{lms-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } B \text{ } SA \wedge$
 $\text{lms-unknowns-inv } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } B \text{ } SA \wedge$
 $\text{lms-locations-inv } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } B \text{ } SA \wedge$
 $\text{lms-unchanged-inv } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } B \text{ } SA0 \text{ } SA \wedge$
 $\text{lms-inserted-inv } LMS \text{ } SA \text{ } LMSa \text{ } LMSb \wedge$
 $\text{lms-sorted-inv } T \text{ } LMS \text{ } SA \wedge$
 $\text{strict-mono } \alpha \wedge$
 $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B \wedge$
 $\text{set } LMS \subseteq \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i\} \wedge$
 $\text{length } SA0 = \text{length } T \wedge$
 $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T \wedge$
 $(\forall i < \text{length } T. SA ! i = \text{length } T)$

lemma *lms-invD*:
 $\text{lms-inv } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } B \text{ } LMS \text{ } LMSa \text{ } LMSb \text{ } SA0 \text{ } SA \Longrightarrow \text{lms-distinct-inv } T \text{ } SA \text{ } LMSb$
 $\text{lms-inv } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } B \text{ } LMS \text{ } LMSa \text{ } LMSb \text{ } SA0 \text{ } SA \Longrightarrow \text{lms-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \text{ } T \text{ } B \text{ } SA$

$lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies lms\text{-unknowns}\text{-inv} \alpha T B SA$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies lms\text{-locations}\text{-inv} \alpha T B SA$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies lms\text{-unchanged}\text{-inv} \alpha T B SA0 SA$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies lms\text{-inserted}\text{-inv} LMS SA LMSa$
 $LMSb$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies lms\text{-sorted}\text{-inv} T LMS SA$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies strict\text{-mono} \alpha$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies \alpha (Max (set T)) < length B$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies set LMS \subseteq \{i. abs\text{-is}\text{-lms} T i\}$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies length SA0 = length T$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies length SA = length T$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies \forall i < length T. SA0 ! i = length$
 T
unfolding $lms\text{-inv}\text{-def}$ **by** $blast+$

lemma $lms\text{-inv}\text{-lms}\text{-helper}$:

$lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies \forall x \in set LMS. abs\text{-is}\text{-lms} T x$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies \forall x \in set LMSa. abs\text{-is}\text{-lms} T x$
 $lms\text{-inv} \alpha T B LMS LMSa LMSb SA0 SA \implies \forall x \in set LMSb. abs\text{-is}\text{-lms} T x$
using $lms\text{-inv}D(10)$ $lms\text{-inserted}\text{-inv}D(1)$ $[OF lms\text{-inv}D(6)]$ **by** $fastforce+$

62.3 Helpers

lemma $lms\text{-distinct}\text{-bucket}\text{-ptr}\text{-lower}\text{-bound}$:

assumes $b = \alpha (T ! x)$
and $lms\text{-distinct}\text{-inv} T SA (x \# LMS)$
and $lms\text{-bucket}\text{-ptr}\text{-inv} \alpha T B SA$
and $strict\text{-mono} \alpha$
and $\forall i \in set (x \# LMS). abs\text{-is}\text{-lms} T i$

shows $lms\text{-bucket}\text{-start} \alpha T b < B ! b$

proof (rule $ccontr$)

assume $\neg lms\text{-bucket}\text{-start} \alpha T b < B ! b$

hence $B ! b \leq lms\text{-bucket}\text{-start} \alpha T b$

by $simp$

moreover

from $lms\text{-bucket}\text{-ptr}\text{-inv}D[OF assms(3), of b]$ $assms(1,4,5)$

have $B ! b + num\text{-lms}\text{-types} \alpha T SA b = bucket\text{-end} \alpha T b$

by ($simp$ add : $abs\text{-is}\text{-lms}\text{-imp}\text{-less}\text{-length}$ $strict\text{-mono}\text{-le}D$)

ultimately

have $lms\text{-bucket}\text{-start} \alpha T b + num\text{-lms}\text{-types} \alpha T SA b \geq bucket\text{-end} \alpha T b$

by $linarith$

with $lms\text{-bucket}\text{-pl}\text{-size}\text{-eq}\text{-end}$

have $num\text{-lms}\text{-types} \alpha T SA b \geq lms\text{-bucket}\text{-size} \alpha T b$

by ($metis$ $add\text{-le}\text{-cancel}\text{-left}$)

with $card\text{-seteq}[OF finite\text{-lms}\text{-bucket}$ $cur\text{-lms}\text{-subset}\text{-lms}\text{-bucket}]$

have $cur\text{-lms}\text{-types} \alpha T SA b = lms\text{-bucket} \alpha T b$

by ($simp$ add : $lms\text{-bucket}\text{-size}\text{-def}$ $num\text{-lms}\text{-types}\text{-def}$)

with $cur\text{-lms}\text{-subset}\text{-SA}$

have $lms\text{-bucket} \alpha T b \subseteq set SA$

by *blast*
moreover
from *assms(1,5)*
have $x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
 by (*simp add: bucket-def abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-bucket-def*)
ultimately
have $x \in \text{set } SA$
 by *blast*
moreover
from *assms(2,5)*
have $x \notin \text{set } SA$
 by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-distinct-inv-def*)
ultimately
show *False*
 by *blast*
qed

lemma *lms-next-insert-at-unknown:*

assumes $b = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ x)$
and $k = (B \ ! \ b) - \text{Suc } 0$
and $\text{lms-distinct-inv } T \ SA \ (x \ \# \ LMS)$
and $\text{lms-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $\text{lms-unknowns-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and *strict-mono* α
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $\forall i \in \text{set } (x \ \# \ LMS). \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i$
shows $k < \text{length } SA \wedge SA \ ! \ k = \text{length } T$
proof –

from *lms-distinct-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(1,3-4,6,8)]*
have $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < B \ ! \ b$
 by *assumption*
with *assms(2)*
have $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq k \ k < B \ ! \ b$
 by *linarith+*
with *lms-unknowns-invD[OF assms(5), of b k] assms(1,6,8)*
have $SA \ ! \ k = \text{length } T$
 by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length strict-mono-less-eq*)
moreover
from $\langle k < B \ ! \ b \rangle \text{lms-bucket-ptr-invD}[OF \text{assms}(4), \text{of } b] \text{assms}(1,6,8)$
have $k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$
 by (*simp add: assms(7) abs-is-lms-imp-less-length strict-mono-less-eq*)
with *assms(7)*
have $k < \text{length } SA$
 by (*metis bucket-end-le-length dual-order.strict-trans1*)
ultimately
show *?thesis*
 by *blast*
qed

lemma *lms-distinct-slice*:

assumes *lms-distinct-inv* T SA LMS
and *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* α T B SA
and *lms-locations-inv* α T B SA
and $length\ SA = length\ T$
and $b \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T))$

shows *distinct* (*list-slice* SA ($B ! b$) (*bucket-end* α T b))

proof –

from *assms*(4)
have *bucket-end* α T $b \leq length\ SA$
by (*simp add: bucket-end-le-length*)

from *lms-bucket-ptr-upper-bound*[*OF assms*(2,5)]
have $B ! b \leq bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b$.

from *lms-locations-invD*[*OF assms*(3,5)]
have $\forall i. B ! b \leq i \wedge i < bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b \longrightarrow SA ! i \in lms-bucket\ \alpha\ T\ b$
by *blast*

hence $\forall i. B ! b \leq i \wedge i < bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b \longrightarrow SA ! i < length\ T$
by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-bucket-def*)

have $\forall x \in set\ (list-slice\ SA\ (B ! b)\ (bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b)). x < length\ T$

proof

fix x

assume $A: x \in set\ (list-slice\ SA\ (B ! b)\ (bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b))$

from *in-set-conv-nth*[*THEN iffD1, OF A*]

obtain i **where**
 $i < length\ (list-slice\ SA\ (B ! b)\ (bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b))$
 $(list-slice\ SA\ (B ! b)\ (bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b)) ! i = x$
by *blast*

with *nth-list-slice*

have $(list-slice\ SA\ (B ! b)\ (bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b)) ! i = SA ! (B ! b + i)$
by *blast*

moreover

from $\langle i < length\ (list-slice\ SA\ (B ! b)\ (bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b)) \rangle$
have $B ! b + i < bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b$
by (*simp add: <bucket-end* α $T\ b \leq length\ SA$
length-list-slice)

with $\langle \forall i. B ! b \leq i \wedge i < bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b \longrightarrow SA ! i < length\ T \rangle$

have $SA ! (B ! b + i) < length\ T$
by *simp*

ultimately

show $x < length\ T$
using $\langle (list-slice\ SA\ (B ! b)\ (bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b)) ! i = x \rangle$ **by** *simp*

qed

from *lms-inv-distinct-inv-helper*[*OF assms*(1)]
have *distinct* (*filter* ($\lambda x. x < length\ T$) SA) *distinct* LMS

$set (filter (\lambda x. x < length T) SA) \cap set LMS = \{\}$
by *blast+*

have $SA = list-slice SA 0 (length SA)$
by (*simp add: list-slice-0-length*)
hence $SA = list-slice SA 0 (B ! b) @ list-slice SA (B ! b) (length SA)$
using *append-take-drop-id*
by (*simp add: list-slice.simps*)
moreover
from $list-slice-append[OF \langle B ! b \leq bucket-end \alpha T b \rangle \langle bucket-end \alpha T b \leq length SA \rangle, of SA]$
have $list-slice SA (B ! b) (length SA)$
 $= list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b) @ list-slice SA (bucket-end \alpha T b) (length SA)$
by *assumption*
ultimately
have $SA = list-slice SA 0 (B ! b) @ list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b) @ list-slice SA (bucket-end \alpha T b) (length SA)$
by *metis*
with $\langle distinct (filter (\lambda x. x < length T) SA) \rangle$
have $distinct (filter (\lambda x. x < length T) (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b)))$
by (*metis distinct-append filter-append*)
with $\langle \forall x \in set (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b)). x < length T \rangle$
show $distinct (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b))$
by *simp*

qed

lemma *lms-slice-subset-lms-bucket*:
assumes $lms-locations-inv \alpha T B SA$
and $length SA = length T$
and $b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))$
shows $set (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b)) \subseteq lms-bucket \alpha T b$
proof
fix x
assume $A: x \in set (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b))$
from *in-set-conv-nth[THEN iffD1, OF A]*
obtain i **where**
 $i < length (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b))$
 $(list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b)) ! i = x$
by *blast*
with *nth-list-slice*
have $(list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b)) ! i = SA ! (B ! b + i)$
by *blast*
moreover
from $\langle i < length (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end \alpha T b)) \rangle$
have $B ! b + i < bucket-end \alpha T b$
by (*simp add: asms(2) bucket-end-le-length length-list-slice*)
moreover

have $B ! b \leq B ! b + i$
by *simp*
ultimately
show $x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$
using $\langle \text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b) ! i = x \rangle \text{assms}(1,3) \text{lms-locations-invD}$
by *fastforce*
qed

lemma *lms-val-location*:

assumes *lms-locations-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and *lms-unchanged-inv* $\alpha T B SA0 SA$
and *strict-mono* α
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $\forall i < \text{length } T. SA0 ! i = \text{length } T$
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i < \text{length } T$
shows $\exists b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)). B ! b \leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
proof –
from *assms*
have $i < \text{length } T$
by *simp*
with *index-in-bucket-interval-gen*[*OF* - *assms*(3)]
obtain b **where**
 $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i$
 $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by *blast*
moreover
have $B ! b \leq i$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg B ! b \leq i$
hence $i < B ! b$
by *simp*
with *lms-unchanged-invD*[*OF* *assms*(2) $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \rangle]$
have $SA ! i = SA0 ! i$
by *blast*
with *assms*(5) $\langle i < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $SA ! i = \text{length } T$
by *auto*
with *assms*(7)
show *False*
by *auto*
qed
ultimately
show *?thesis*
by *auto*
qed

lemma *lms-val-imp-abs-is-lms*:
assumes *lms-locations-inv* α *T B SA*
and *lms-unchanged-inv* α *T B SA0 SA*
and *strict-mono* α
and *length SA = length T*
and $\forall i < \text{length } T. SA0 ! i = \text{length } T$
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i < \text{length } T$
shows *abs-is-lms T (SA ! i)*
proof –
from *lms-val-location*[*OF assms(1-7)*]
obtain *b* **where**
 $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 $B ! b \leq i$
 $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by *blast*
with *lms-locations-invD*[*OF assms(1)*]
have $SA ! i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$
by *blast*
then show *abs-is-lms T (SA ! i)*
using *lms-bucket-def* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *lms-lms-prefix-sorted*:
assumes *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* α *T B SA*
and *lms-locations-inv* α *T B SA*
and *lms-unchanged-inv* α *T B SA0 SA*
and *strict-mono* α
and *length SA = length T*
and $\forall i < \text{length } T. SA0 ! i = \text{length } T$
and $\text{set } LMS = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T i\}$
shows *ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix T) (filter ($\lambda x. x < \text{length } T$) SA))*
proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)
fix *i j*
let $?fs = \text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA$
let $?goal = \text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-prefix } T (?fs ! i)) (\text{lms-prefix } T (?fs ! j))$
assume $i < j \wedge j < \text{length } ?fs$

from *filter-nth-relative-2*[*OF* $\langle j < \text{length } ?fs \rangle \langle i < j \rangle$]
obtain *i' j'* **where**
 $j' < \text{length } SA$
 $i' < j'$
 $?fs ! j = SA ! j'$
 $?fs ! i = SA ! i'$
by *blast*
hence $i' < \text{length } SA$
by *linarith*

have $SA ! i' < \text{length } T$

by (*metis* $\langle ?fs ! i = SA ! i' \rangle \langle i < j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } ?fs \rangle$ *filter-set member-filter*
nth-mem order.strict-trans)

with *lms-val-location*[*OF assms*(2-6) $\langle i' < \text{length } SA \rangle$]

obtain *b* **where**

$b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* *T*))
 $B ! b \leq i'$
 $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$

by *blast*

with *lms-locations-invD*[*OF assms*(2)]

have $SA ! i' \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$

by *blast*

hence $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b \text{ abs-is-lms } T (SA ! i')$

by (*simp add: bucket-def lms-bucket-def*)+

from *lms-lms-prefix*[*OF* $\langle \text{abs-is-lms } T (SA ! i') \rangle \langle ?fs ! i = SA ! i' \rangle$]

have $S1: \text{lms-prefix } T (?fs ! i) = [T ! (SA ! i')]$

by *simp*

have $SA ! j' < \text{length } T$

using $\langle ?fs ! j = SA ! j' \rangle \langle j < \text{length } ?fs \rangle$ *nth-mem* **by** *fastforce*

with *lms-val-location*[*OF assms*(2-6) $\langle j' < \text{length } SA \rangle$]

obtain *b'* **where**

$b' \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* *T*))
 $B ! b' \leq j'$
 $j' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$

by *blast*

with *lms-locations-invD*[*OF assms*(2)]

have $SA ! j' \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'$

by *blast*

hence $\alpha (T ! (SA ! j')) = b' \text{ abs-is-lms } T (SA ! j')$

by (*simp add: bucket-def lms-bucket-def*)+

from *lms-lms-prefix*[*OF* $\langle \text{abs-is-lms } T (SA ! j') \rangle \langle ?fs ! j = SA ! j' \rangle$]

have $S2: \text{lms-prefix } T (?fs ! j) = [T ! (SA ! j')]$

by *simp*

have $b \leq b'$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\neg b \leq b'$

hence $b' < b$

by *simp*

hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b$

by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)

hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b$

by (*metis l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start le-add1 le-trans*)

with *lms-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*[*OF assms*(1) $\langle b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* *T*)) \rangle]

have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq B ! b$

by *linarith*

with $\langle j' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \rangle \langle B ! b \leq i' \rangle \langle i' < j' \rangle$

```

    show False
      by linarith
  qed
  moreover
  have  $b < b' \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
    assume  $b < b'$ 
    with  $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! j')) = b' \rangle$  assms(4)
    have  $T ! (SA ! i') < T ! (SA ! j')$ 
      using strict-mono-less by blast
    with S1 S2
    show ?goal
      by (simp add: list-less-eq-ns-cons)
  qed
  moreover
  have  $b = b' \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
    assume  $b = b'$ 
    with  $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! j')) = b' \rangle$  assms(4)
    have  $T ! (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! j')$ 
      by (meson strict-mono-eq)
    with S1 S2
    show ?goal
      by simp
  qed
  ultimately
  show ?goal
    using less-le by blast
  qed

lemma lms-suffix-sorted:
  assumes lms-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and lms-locations-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and lms-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA0 SA
  and lms-sorted-inv T LMS SA
  and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
  and  $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$ 
  and  $\forall i < \text{length } T. SA0 ! i = \text{length } T$ 
  and  $\text{set } LMS = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T i\}$ 
  and  $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (\text{rev } LMS))$ 
shows  $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA))$ 
proof (intro sorted-wrt-mapI)
  fix i j
  let ?fs =  $\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA$ 
  let ?goal =  $\text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{suffix } T (?fs ! i)) (\text{suffix } T (?fs ! j))$ 
  assume  $i < j < \text{length } ?fs$ 

  from filter-nth-relative-2[OF  $\langle j < \text{length } ?fs \rangle \langle i < j \rangle$ ]
  obtain i' j' where

```

$j' < \text{length } SA$
 $i' < j'$
 $?fs ! j = SA ! j'$
 $?fs ! i = SA ! i'$
by *blast*
hence $i' < \text{length } SA$
by *linarith*

have $SA ! i' < \text{length } T$
by (*metis* $\langle ?fs ! i = SA ! i' \rangle \langle i < j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } ?fs \rangle$ *filter-set member-filter*
nth-mem order.strict-trans)
with *lms-val-location*[*OF assms(2,3,5-7)* $\langle i' < \text{length } SA \rangle$]
obtain b **where**
 $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 $B ! b \leq i'$
 $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by *blast*
with *lms-locations-invD*[*OF assms(2)*]
have $SA ! i' \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$
by *blast*
hence $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b \text{ abs-is-lms } T (SA ! i')$
by (*simp add: bucket-def lms-bucket-def*)
hence $SA ! i' \in \text{set LMS}$
using *assms(8)*
by *blast*

have $SA ! j' < \text{length } T$
using $\langle ?fs ! j = SA ! j' \rangle \langle j < \text{length } ?fs \rangle$ *nth-mem* **by** *fastforce*
with *lms-val-location*[*OF assms(2,3,5-7)* $\langle j' < \text{length } SA \rangle$]
obtain b' **where**
 $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 $B ! b' \leq j'$
 $j' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$
by *blast*
with *lms-locations-invD*[*OF assms(2)*]
have $SA ! j' \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'$
by *blast*
hence $\alpha (T ! (SA ! j')) = b' \text{ abs-is-lms } T (SA ! j')$
by (*simp add: bucket-def lms-bucket-def*)
hence $SA ! j' \in \text{set LMS}$
using *assms(8)*
by *blast*

have $b \leq b'$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg b \leq b'$
hence $b' < b$
by *simp*
hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b$

by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
 hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$
 by (metis l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start le-add1 le-trans)
 with $\text{lms-bucket-ptr-lower-bound}[OF \text{ assms}(1) \langle b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle]$
 have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq B \ ! \ b$
 by linarith
 with $\langle j' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \rangle \langle B \ ! \ b \leq i' \rangle \langle i' < j' \rangle$
 show *False*
 by linarith
qed
moreover
 have $b < b' \implies ?goal$
proof –
 assume $b < b'$
 with $\langle \alpha \ (T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ i')) = b \rangle \langle \alpha \ (T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ j')) = b' \rangle \text{ assms}(5)$
 have $T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ i') < T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ j')$
 using *strict-mono-less* by blast
 with $\langle ?fs \ ! \ i = SA \ ! \ i' \rangle \langle ?fs \ ! \ j = SA \ ! \ j' \rangle \langle SA \ ! \ i' < \text{length } T \rangle \langle SA \ ! \ j' < \text{length } T \rangle$
 show *?goal*
 by (metis list-less-ns-cons-diff ordlistns.less-imp-le suffix-cons-ex)
qed
moreover
 have $b = b' \implies ?goal$
proof –
 assume $b = b'$
 with $\langle \alpha \ (T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ i')) = b \rangle \langle \alpha \ (T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ j')) = b' \rangle \text{ assms}(5)$
 have $T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ i') = T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ j')$
 by (meson strict-mono-eq)
 with $\text{lms-sorted-invD2}[OF \text{ assms}(4) \langle j' < \text{length } SA \rangle \langle i' < j' \rangle \langle SA \ ! \ i' \in \text{set } LMS \rangle$
 $\langle SA \ ! \ j' \in \text{set } LMS \rangle]$
obtain $m \ n$ **where**
 $n < \text{length } LMS$
 $m < n$
 $LMS \ ! \ m = SA \ ! \ j'$
 $LMS \ ! \ n = SA \ ! \ i'$
 by blast
 hence $\text{rev } LMS \ ! \ (\text{length } LMS - \text{Suc } m) = SA \ ! \ j' \ \text{rev } LMS \ ! \ (\text{length } LMS - \text{Suc } n) = SA \ ! \ i'$
 by (metis length-rev order.strict-trans rev-nth rev-rev-ident)+
moreover
from $\langle m < n \rangle \langle n < \text{length } LMS \rangle$
 have $\text{length } LMS - \text{Suc } n \leq \text{length } LMS - \text{Suc } m$
 by linarith
moreover
 have $\text{length } LMS - \text{Suc } m < \text{length } (\text{rev } LMS)$
 using $\langle n < \text{length } LMS \rangle$ by auto
ultimately

have *list-less-eq-ns* (*suffix* T ($SA ! i'$)) (*suffix* T ($SA ! j'$))
using *ordlistns.sorted-nth-mono*[*OF* *assms*(9)]
by *fastforce*
with $\langle ?fs ! i = SA ! i' \rangle \langle ?fs ! j = SA ! j' \rangle$
show *?goal*
by *simp*
qed
ultimately
show *?goal*
using *less-le* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *next-index-outside*:

assumes $b = \alpha (T ! x)$
and $k = B ! b - Suc\ 0$
and *lms-distinct-inv* $T\ SA$ ($x \# LMS$)
and *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* $\alpha\ T\ B\ SA$
and *strict-mono* α
and $\forall a \in set\ (x \# LMS). abs-is-lms\ T\ a$
and $b' \leq \alpha (Max\ (set\ T))$
and $b \neq b'$
shows $k < bucket-start\ \alpha\ T\ b' \vee bucket-end\ \alpha\ T\ b' \leq k$
proof –

from *lms-distinct-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*[*OF* *assms*(1,3–6)]
have *lms-bucket-start* $\alpha\ T\ b < B ! b$.
hence $k < B ! b$
using *assms*(2) **by** *linarith*

from $\langle lms-bucket-start\ \alpha\ T\ b < B ! b \rangle$
have *lms-bucket-start* $\alpha\ T\ b \leq k$
using *assms*(2) **by** *linarith*

have $x < length\ T$
by (*simp* *add: assms*(6) *abs-is-lms-imp-less-length*)
hence $b \leq \alpha (Max\ (set\ T))$
by (*simp* *add: assms*(1,5) *strict-mono-leD*)

from *assms*(8)
have $b < b' \vee b' < b$
by *linarith*

moreover
have $b < b' \implies k < bucket-start\ \alpha\ T\ b'$
proof –

assume $b < b'$
hence *bucket-end* $\alpha\ T\ b \leq bucket-start\ \alpha\ T\ b'$
by (*simp* *add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)
with *lms-bucket-ptr-upper-bound*[*OF* *assms*(4) $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max\ (set\ T)) \rangle$]
have $B ! b \leq bucket-start\ \alpha\ T\ b'$

```

    by linarith
  with  $\langle k < B ! b \rangle$ 
  show ?thesis
    by linarith
qed
moreover
have  $b' < b \implies \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq k$ 
proof -
  assume  $b' < b$ 
  hence  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$ 
    by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
  hence  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$ 
    by (metis l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start le-add1 le-trans)
  with  $\langle \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq k \rangle$ 
  show ?thesis
    using le-trans by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed

```

62.4 Establishment and Maintenance Steps

62.4.1 Distinctness

lemma *lms-distinct-inv-established*:

```

  assumes distinct LMS
  and  $\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i = \text{length } T$ 
shows lms-distinct-inv T SA LMS
proof -
  from assms(2)
  have filter  $(\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) \ SA = []$ 
    by (metis filter-False in-set-conv-nth nat-neq-iff)
  then show ?thesis
  unfolding lms-distinct-inv-def
  using distinct-append assms(1)
  by simp
qed

```

lemma *lms-distinct-inv-maintained-step*:

```

  assumes lms-distinct-inv T SA (x # LMS)
shows lms-distinct-inv T (SA[k := x]) LMS
  unfolding lms-distinct-inv-def
proof(intro distinct-conv-nth[THEN iffD2] allI impI)
  let ?xs = filter  $(\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) \ SA$  and
      ?ys = filter  $(\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) \ (SA[k := x])$ 
  fix i j
  assume  $i \neq j \ i < \text{length } (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) \ (SA[k := x])) \ @ \ LMS$ 
     $j < \text{length } (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) \ (SA[k := x])) \ @ \ LMS$ 
  hence  $i < \text{length } ?ys + \text{length } LMS \ j < \text{length } ?ys + \text{length } LMS$ 

```

by *simp-all*

let $?goal = (?ys @ LMS) ! i \neq (?ys @ LMS) ! j$

from *assms(1) distinct-append*
have *distinct LMS distinct ?xs* $x \notin \text{set } ?xs \ x \notin \text{set } LMS \ \text{set } ?xs \cap \text{set } LMS = \{\}$
by (*simp add: lms-distinct-inv-def*)+

from $\langle \text{distinct } LMS \rangle \langle i < \text{length } ?ys + \text{length } LMS \rangle \langle j < \text{length } ?ys + \text{length } LMS \rangle \langle i \neq j \rangle$
have *R1*: $[[\text{length } ?ys \leq i; \text{length } ?ys \leq j]] \implies ?goal$
by (*metis le-Suc-ex nat-add-left-cancel-less nth-append-length-plus nth-eq-iff-index-eq*)

have *set ?ys* $\subseteq \{x\} \cup \text{set } ?xs$
by (*meson filter-nth-update-subset*)

have *R2*:
 $\bigwedge i j. [[i < \text{length } ?ys; \text{length } ?ys \leq j; j < \text{length } ?ys + \text{length } LMS]] \implies$
 $(?ys @ LMS) ! i \neq (?ys @ LMS) ! j$

proof –
fix *i j*
assume $i < \text{length } ?ys \ \text{length } ?ys \leq j \ j < \text{length } ?ys + \text{length } LMS$
hence $?ys ! i \in \{x\} \cup \text{set } ?xs$
using $\langle \text{set } ?ys \subseteq \{x\} \cup \text{set } ?xs \rangle$ *nth-mem* by *blast*
hence $(?ys @ LMS) ! i \in \{x\} \cup \text{set } ?xs$
by (*simp add: i < length ?ys nth-append*)
moreover
from $\langle \text{length } ?ys \leq j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } ?ys + \text{length } LMS \rangle$
have $(?ys @ LMS) ! j \in \text{set } LMS$
by (*metis add.commute in-set-conv-nth leD less-diff-conv2 nth-append*)
moreover
from $\langle \text{set } ?xs \cap \text{set } LMS = \{\} \rangle \langle x \notin \text{set } LMS \rangle$
have $(\{x\} \cup \text{set } ?xs) \cap \text{set } LMS = \{\}$
by *blast*
ultimately
show $(?ys @ LMS) ! i \neq (?ys @ LMS) ! j$
by (*metis disjoint-iff-not-equal*)

qed

have *R3*: $[[i < \text{length } ?ys; j < \text{length } ?ys]] \implies ?goal$

proof –
assume $i < \text{length } ?ys \ j < \text{length } ?ys$
with *filter-nth-relative-neq-2*[*OF - - i ≠ j*]
obtain *i' j'* where
 $i' < \text{length } (SA[k := x])$
 $j' < \text{length } (SA[k := x])$
 $(SA[k := x]) ! i' = ?ys ! i$
 $(SA[k := x]) ! j' = ?ys ! j$
 $i' \neq j'$

by *blast*

have $?ys ! i < \text{length } T$
 using $\langle i < \text{length } ?ys \rangle \text{ nth-mem by fastforce}$
 hence $(SA[k := x]) ! i' < \text{length } T$
 using $\langle (SA[k := x]) ! i' = ?ys ! i \rangle$ by *simp*

have $?ys ! j < \text{length } T$
 using $\langle j < \text{length } ?ys \rangle \text{ nth-mem by fastforce}$
 hence $(SA[k := x]) ! j' < \text{length } T$
 using $\langle (SA[k := x]) ! j' = ?ys ! j \rangle$ by *simp*

have $R4$:
 $\wedge i j. \llbracket i \neq k; j = k; i < \text{length } (SA[k := x]); j < \text{length } (SA[k := x]);$
 $(SA[k := x]) ! i < \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies$
 $(SA[k := x]) ! i \neq (SA[k := x]) ! j$

proof –
 fix $i j$
 assume $i \neq k \ j = k \ i < \text{length } (SA[k := x]) \ j < \text{length } (SA[k := x])$
 $(SA[k := x]) ! i < \text{length } T$

from $\langle j = k \rangle \langle j < \text{length } (SA[k := x]) \rangle$
 have $(SA[k := x]) ! j = x$
 by *simp*

moreover
 from $\langle i \neq k \rangle \langle i < \text{length } (SA[k := x]) \rangle$
 have $(SA[k := x]) ! i = SA ! i$
 by *simp*

with $\langle (SA[k := x]) ! i < \text{length } T \rangle$
 have $SA ! i < \text{length } T$
 by *simp*

with *filter-nth-1*[of $i \ SA \ \lambda x. x < \text{length } T$] $\langle i < \text{length } (SA[k := x]) \rangle$
 obtain i' where
 $i' < \text{length } ?xs$
 $?xs ! i' = SA ! i$
 by *auto*

with $\langle (SA[k := x]) ! i = SA ! i \rangle$
 have $(SA[k := x]) ! i \in \text{set } ?xs$
 using *nth-mem by fastforce*

ultimately
 show $(SA[k := x]) ! i \neq (SA[k := x]) ! j$
 using $\langle x \notin \text{set } ?xs \rangle$ by *auto*

qed

have $\llbracket i' \neq k; j' \neq k \rrbracket \implies (SA[k := x]) ! i' \neq (SA[k := x]) ! j'$

proof –
 assume $i' \neq k \ j' \neq k$
 with $\langle (SA[k := x]) ! i' = ?ys ! i \rangle \langle (SA[k := x]) ! j' = ?ys ! j \rangle$
 have $?ys ! i = SA ! i' \ ?ys ! j = SA ! j'$

```

    by auto
  with ⟨?ys ! i < length T⟩ ⟨?ys ! j < length T⟩ ⟨i' < length (SA[k := x])⟩
    ⟨j' < length (SA[k := x])⟩
    filter-nth-relative-neq-1[of i' SA λx. x < length T j', OF - - - ⟨i' ≠ j'⟩]
  obtain i'' j'' where
    i'' < length ?xs
    j'' < length ?xs
    ?xs ! i'' = SA ! i'
    ?xs ! j'' = SA ! j'
    i'' ≠ j''
  by auto
  with ⟨distinct ?xs⟩
  have SA ! i' ≠ SA ! j'
    by (metis distinct-Ex1 in-set-conv-nth)
  then show ?thesis
    using ⟨SA[k := x] ! i' = ?ys ! i⟩ ⟨?ys ! i = SA ! i'⟩ ⟨j' ≠ k⟩ by auto
qed
moreover
from ⟨i' ≠ j'⟩
have [[i' = k; j' = k] ⇒ False]
  by blast
ultimately
have (SA[k := x] ! i' ≠ (SA[k := x] ! j'
  using R4[of i' j', OF - - ⟨i' < length (SA[k := x])⟩ ⟨j' < length (SA[k := x])⟩
    ⟨(SA[k := x] ! i' < length T)⟩
    R4[of j' i', OF - - ⟨j' < length (SA[k := x])⟩ ⟨i' < length (SA[k := x])⟩
    ⟨(SA[k := x] ! j' < length T)⟩]
  by metis
with ⟨(SA[k := x] ! i' = ?ys ! i) ! i < length ?ys⟩
  ⟨(SA[k := x] ! j' = ?ys ! j) ! j < length ?ys⟩
show ?goal
  by (simp add: nth-append)
qed

from R1 R2[of i j, OF - - ⟨j < length ?ys + length LMS⟩]
  R2[of j i, OF - - ⟨i < length ?ys + length LMS⟩] R3
show ?goal
  by presburger
qed

lemma lms-distinct-inv-maintained:
  assumes lms-distinct-inv T SA LMS
  shows lms-distinct-inv T (abs-bucket-insert α T B SA LMS) []
  using assms
proof (induct rule: abs-bucket-insert.induct[of - α T B SA LMS])
  case (1 α T uu SA)
  then show ?case
    by simp
next

```

```

case (2  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA$   $x$   $xs$ )
note  $IH = this$ 
let  $?b = \alpha (T ! x)$ 
let  $?k = B ! ?b - Suc 0$ 
from  $IH(1)[OF \dots lms-distinct-inv-maintained-step[OF IH(2), of ?k], of ?b$ 
 $?k B[?b := ?k]]$ 
show  $?case$ 
  by (metis (full-types) One-nat-def abs-bucket-insert.simps(2))
qed

```

```

lemma abs-bucket-insert-lms-distinct-inv:
  assumes distinct LMS
  and  $\forall i < length SA. SA ! i = length T$ 
shows lms-distinct-inv T (abs-bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T B SA LMS) []
  using assms lms-distinct-inv-maintained lms-distinct-inv-established
  by blast

```

62.4.2 Bucket Ptr

```

lemma lms-bucket-ptr-inv-established:
  assumes lms-bucket-init  $\alpha$  T B
  and  $\forall i < length SA. SA ! i = length T$ 
shows lms-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  unfolding lms-bucket-ptr-inv-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix  $b$ 
  assume  $b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))$ 
  with lms-bucket-initD[OF assms(1)]
  have  $B ! b = bucket-end \alpha T b$ 
  by simp
  moreover
  from assms(2)
  have  $\forall i \in set SA. \neg abs-is-lms T i$ 
  by (metis in-set-conv-nth abs-is-lms-imp-less-length less-not-refl2)
  hence cur-lms-types  $\alpha$  T SA b = {}
  by (simp add: cur-lms-types-def lms-bucket-def)
  hence num-lms-types  $\alpha$  T SA b = 0
  by (simp add: num-lms-types-def)
  ultimately
  show  $B ! b + num-lms-types \alpha T SA b = bucket-end \alpha T b$ 
  by simp
qed

```

```

lemma lms-bucket-ptr-inv-maintained-step:
  assumes  $b = \alpha (T ! x)$ 
  and  $k = B ! b - Suc 0$ 
  and lms-distinct-inv T SA (x # LMS)
  and lms-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and lms-unknowns-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA

```

```

and    strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and     $\alpha$  (Max (set  $T$ )) < length  $B$ 
and    length  $SA = \text{length } T$ 
and     $\forall a \in \text{set } (x \# \text{LMS}). \text{abs-is-lms } T a$ 
shows lms-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := x])$ 
  unfolding lms-bucket-ptr-inv-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix  $b'$ 
  assume  $b' \leq \alpha$  (Max (set  $T$ ))

  let  $?goal = B[b := k] ! b' + \text{num-lms-types } \alpha T (SA[k := x]) b' = \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ 
   $T b'$ 

  from assms(1,9)
  have  $x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$ 
    by (simp add: bucket-def abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-bucket-def)

  from lms-next-insert-at-unknown[OF assms(1-6,8,9)]
  have  $k < \text{length } SA \ SA ! k = \text{length } T$ 
    by blast+

  have  $b' \neq b \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
    assume  $b' \neq b$ 
    with  $\langle x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b \rangle$ 
    have  $x \notin \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'$ 
      by (simp add: bucket-def lms-bucket-def)
    with cur-lms-subset-lms-bucket
    have  $x \notin \text{cur-lms-types } \alpha T SA b'$ 
      by blast

  have cur-lms-types  $\alpha T (SA[k := x]) b' = \text{cur-lms-types } \alpha T SA b'$ 
    unfolding cur-lms-types-def
  proof (intro equalityI subsetI)
    fix  $y$ 
    assume  $y \in \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } (SA[k := x]) \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'\}$ 
    hence  $y \in \text{set } (SA[k := x]) \ y \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'$ 
      by simp-all
    with  $\langle x \notin \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b' \rangle$ 
    have  $y \in \text{set } SA$ 
    by (metis in-set-conv-nth length-list-update nth-list-update-eq nth-list-update-neq)
    then show  $y \in \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } SA \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'\}$ 
      by (simp add:  $\langle y \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b' \rangle$ )
  next
  fix  $y$ 
  assume  $y \in \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } SA \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'\}$ 
  hence  $y \in \text{set } SA \ y \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'$ 
    by simp-all
  with  $\langle x \notin \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b' \rangle \langle SA ! k = \text{length } T \rangle$ 

```


have $y \in \text{set } (SA[k := x])$
using *in-set-list-update abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-bucket-def* **by** *fastforce*
then show $y \in \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } (SA[k := x]) \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b'\}$
using $\langle y \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b' \rangle$ **by** *blast*
qed
hence $\text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ (SA[k := x]) \ b' = \text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b'$
by (*simp add: num-lms-types-def*)
with $\text{lms-bucket-ptr-invD}[OF \ \text{assms}(4)] \ \langle b' \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \ \langle b' \neq b \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed
moreover
have $b' = b \implies \text{?goal}$
proof –
assume $b' = b$
with $\langle b' \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$
have $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
by *simp*

from *assms(3,9)*
have $x \notin \text{set } SA$
by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-distinct-inv-def*)

from $\langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$
have $x \in \text{set } (SA[k := x])$
by (*simp add: set-update-memI*)

have $b < \text{length } B$
using $\langle b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ *assms(7) dual-order.strict-trans2* **by** *blast*
hence $B[b := k] ! b = k$
by *simp*

have $\text{finite } (\text{cur-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b)$
by (*meson List.finite-set cur-lms-subset-SA finite-subset*)
moreover
from $\langle x \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$
have $\text{cur-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b - \{x\} = \text{cur-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b$
using *cur-lms-subset-SA* **by** *fastforce*
moreover
have $\text{insert } x \ (\text{cur-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b) = \text{cur-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ (SA[k := x]) \ b$
unfolding *cur-lms-types-def*
proof (*intro equalityI subsetI*)
fix y
assume $y \in \text{insert } x \ \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } SA \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b\}$
hence $y = x \vee y \in \text{set } SA \wedge y \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
by *blast*
with $\langle SA ! k = \text{length } T \rangle \ \langle x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle \ \langle x \in \text{set } (SA[k := x]) \rangle$
have $y \in \text{set } (SA[k := x]) \wedge y \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) in-set-list-update abs-is-lms-imp-less-length*)

less-irrefl-nat

```

                                lms-bucket-def mem-Collect-eq
    then show  $y \in \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } (SA[k := x]) \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b\}$ 
      by blast
  next
  fix  $y$ 
  assume  $y \in \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } (SA[k := x]) \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b\}$ 
  hence  $y \in \text{set } (SA[k := x]) \wedge y \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$ 
    by simp-all
  moreover
  have  $y \in \text{set } SA \implies y \in \text{insert } x \ \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } SA \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b\}$ 
    using calculation(2) by blast
  moreover
  from  $\langle k < \text{length } SA \wedge SA ! k = \text{length } T \rangle$ 
  have  $y \notin \text{set } SA \implies y \in \text{insert } x \ \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } SA \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b\}$ 
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) calculation(1) in-set-conv-nth insert-iff length-list-update
      nth-list-update)
  ultimately show  $y \in \text{insert } x \ \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } SA \wedge i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b\}$ 
    by blast
  qed
  ultimately
  have  $\text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ (SA[k := x]) \ b = \text{Suc } (\text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b)$ 
    by (metis num-lms-types-def card.insert-remove)
  with  $\langle b' = b \rangle \langle B[b := k] ! b = k \rangle \text{assms}(2)$ 
  have  $B[b := k] ! b' + \text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ (SA[k := x]) \ b' = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0 + \text{Suc } (\text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b)$ 
    by simp
  hence  $B[b := k] ! b' + \text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ (SA[k := x]) \ b' = B ! b + \text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b$ 
  using add-Suc-shift assms less-nat-zero-code lms-distinct-bucket-ptr-lower-bound
    neq0-conv
  by fastforce
  with  $\langle b' = b \rangle$ 
  have  $B[b := k] ! b' + \text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ (SA[k := x]) \ b' = B ! b' + \text{num-lms-types } \alpha \ T \ SA \ b'$ 
  by simp
  with lms-bucket-ptr-invD[OF assms(4)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ 
  show ?thesis
    by simp
  qed
  ultimately
  show ?goal
    by blast
  qed

```

62.4.3 Unknowns

lemma *lms-unknowns-inv-established*:
 assumes *lms-bucket-init* $\alpha \ T \ B$

and $\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i = \text{length } T$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
shows $\text{lms-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA$
unfolding $\text{lms-unknowns-inv-def}$
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix $b i$
assume $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \ i < B ! b$
with $\text{lms-bucket-initD}[OF \text{assms}(1)]$
have $B ! b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by *simp*
with $\langle i < B ! b \rangle$
have $i < \text{length } T$
by (*simp add: bucket-end-le-length less-le-trans*)
with $\text{assms}(3)$
have $i < \text{length } SA$
by *simp*
with $\text{assms}(2)$
show $SA ! i = \text{length } T$
by *simp*
qed

lemma $\text{lms-unknowns-inv-maintained-step}$:

assumes $b = \alpha (T ! x)$
and $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
and $\text{lms-distinct-inv } T SA (x \# \text{LMS})$
and $\text{lms-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA$
and $\text{lms-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA$
and $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$
and $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\forall a \in \text{set } (x \# \text{LMS}). \text{abs-is-lms } T a$
shows $\text{lms-unknowns-inv } \alpha T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := x])$
unfolding $\text{lms-unknowns-inv-def}$
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix $b' i$
assume $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i \ i < B[b := k] ! b'$

let $?goal = SA[k := x] ! i = \text{length } T$

have $b' \neq b \implies ?goal$
proof –
assume $b' \neq b$
with $\langle i < B[b := k] ! b' \rangle$
have $i < B ! b'$
by *simp*
with $\text{lms-unknowns-invD}[OF \text{assms}(5) \langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i \rangle]$
have $SA ! i = \text{length } T$
by *simp*

```

from  $\langle b' \neq b \rangle$ 
have  $b' < b \vee b < b'$ 
  by auto
then show ?thesis
proof
  assume  $b' < b$ 
  from lms-distinct-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(1,3,4,6,8)]
  have lms-bucket-start  $\alpha T b < B ! b$  .
  hence bucket-start  $\alpha T b < B ! b$ 
  by (metis dual-order.strict-trans2 l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start
le-add1)
  moreover
  from lms-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(4)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ ]
  have  $B ! b' \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$  .
  ultimately
  have  $B ! b' < B ! b$ 
    by (meson  $\langle b' < b \rangle$  dual-order.strict-trans2 less-bucket-end-le-start)
  hence  $i \neq k$ 
    using assms(2,3)  $\langle i < B ! b' \rangle$ 
    by linarith
  with  $\langle SA ! i = \text{length } T \rangle$ 
  show ?thesis
    by auto
next
  assume  $b < b'$ 
  from  $\langle \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i \rangle$ 
  have bucket-start  $\alpha T b' \leq i$ 
    by (metis l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start le-add1 le-trans)
  moreover
  from lms-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(4), of  $b$ ] assms(7)
  have  $B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$ 
    using  $\langle b < b' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$  by linarith
  hence  $k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$ 
    using assms lms-distinct-bucket-ptr-lower-bound by fastforce
  ultimately
  have  $i \neq k$ 
    by (meson  $\langle b < b' \rangle$  leD le-trans less-bucket-end-le-start)
  with  $\langle SA ! i = \text{length } T \rangle$ 
  show ?thesis
    by auto
qed
qed
moreover
have  $b' = b \implies ?goal$ 
proof –
  assume  $b' = b$ 
  with  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i \rangle \langle i < B[b := k] ! b' \rangle$ 
  have  $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \langle i < B[b := k] ! b \rangle$ 
    by simp-all

```

hence $i < B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
using *assms* **by** *auto*
with *lms-unknowns-invD*[*OF assms(5)* $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{lms-bucket-start}$
 $\alpha T b \leq i \rangle]$
have $SA ! i = \text{length } T$
by *linarith*
with $\langle i < B ! b - \text{Suc } 0 \rangle$ *assms(2)*
show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed
ultimately
show *?goal*
by *blast*
qed

62.4.4 Locations

lemma *lms-locations-inv-established:*

assumes *lms-bucket-init* $\alpha T B$
shows *lms-locations-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
unfolding *lms-locations-inv-def*
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix $b i$
assume $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) B ! b \leq i i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
with *lms-bucket-initD*[*OF assms(1)*, *of b*]
have *False*
by *linarith*
then show $SA ! i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$
by *blast*
qed

lemma *lms-locations-inv-maintained-step:*

assumes $b = \alpha (T ! x)$
and $k = (B ! b) - \text{Suc } 0$
and *lms-distinct-inv* $T SA (x \# \text{LMS})$
and *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and *lms-locations-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and *strict-mono* α
and $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $\forall a \in \text{set } (x \# \text{LMS}). \text{abs-is-lms } T a$
shows *lms-locations-inv* $\alpha T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := x])$
unfolding *lms-locations-inv-def*
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix $b' i$
assume $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) B[b := k] ! b' \leq i i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$

let *?goal* = $SA[k := x] ! i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'$

```

have lms-bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T$   $b < B ! b$ 
  using assms lms-distinct-bucket-ptr-lower-bound by blast

have  $b' \neq b \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $b' \neq b$ 
  with  $\langle B[b := k] ! b' \leq i \rangle$ 
  have  $B ! b' \leq i$ 
    by simp

from  $\langle b' \neq b \rangle$ 
have  $b' < b \vee b < b'$ 
  by auto
then show ?thesis
proof
  assume  $b' < b$ 
  from  $\langle lms-bucket-start \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$ 
  have bucket-start  $\alpha T b < B ! b$ 
  by (metis dual-order.strict-trans2 l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start
    le-add1)
  with  $\langle i < bucket-end \alpha T b' \rangle \langle b' < b \rangle$ 
  have  $i \neq k$ 
    using assms(2,3)
    by (metis Suc-lessI Suc-pred dual-order.strict-trans1 less-bucket-end-le-start
      less-nat-zero-code not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)
  hence  $SA[k := x] ! i = SA ! i$ 
    by auto
  with lms-locations-invD[OF assms(5)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle \langle B ! b' \leq i \rangle$ 
     $\langle i < bucket-end \alpha T b' \rangle$ ]

  show ?thesis
    by simp
next
  assume  $b < b'$ 
  from lms-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(4)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$ ]
  have lms-bucket-start  $\alpha T b' \leq B ! b'$  .
  hence bucket-start  $\alpha T b' \leq B ! b'$ 
    by (metis l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start le-add1 le-trans)
  hence bucket-start  $\alpha T b' \leq i$ 
    using  $\langle B ! b' \leq i \rangle$  le-trans by blast
moreover
from lms-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(4), of b] assms(7)
have  $B ! b \leq bucket-end \alpha T b$ 
    using  $\langle b < b' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$  by linarith
with  $\langle lms-bucket-start \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$ 
have  $k < bucket-end \alpha T b$ 
    using assms(2) by linarith
ultimately
have  $i \neq k$ 
    by (meson  $\langle b < b' \rangle$  leD le-less-trans less-bucket-end-le-start)

```

```

    hence  $SA[k := x] ! i = SA ! i$ 
      by simp
    with  $lms\text{-}locations\text{-}invD[OF\ assms(5)\langle b' \leq \alpha (Max (set\ T))\rangle\langle B ! b' \leq i\rangle$ 
       $\langle i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b'\rangle]$ 
    show ?thesis
      by simp
  qed
qed
moreover
have  $b' = b \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $b' = b$ 
  with  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (Max (set\ T))\rangle\langle B[b := k] ! b' \leq i\rangle\langle i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b'\rangle$ 
  have  $b \leq \alpha (Max (set\ T))\ B[b := k] ! b \leq i\ i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b$ 
    by simp-all
  hence  $k \leq i$ 
    by (simp add: assms(7) order.strict-trans1)
  hence  $k = i \vee B ! b \leq i$ 
    using assms(2) by linarith
  then show ?thesis
    proof
      assume  $k = i$ 
      hence  $SA[k := x] ! i = x$ 
        using  $\langle i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b\rangle\ assms(8)\ bucket\text{-}end\text{-}le\text{-}length\ order.strict-trans2$ 
    by fastforce
      moreover
      from assms(1,9)
      have  $x \in lms\text{-}bucket\ \alpha\ T\ b$ 
        by (simp add: bucket-def abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-bucket-def)
      ultimately
      show ?thesis
        using  $\langle b' = b\rangle$  by simp
    next
      assume  $B ! b \leq i$ 
      with  $lms\text{-}locations\text{-}invD[OF\ assms(5)\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set\ T))\rangle - \langle i < bucket\text{-}end$ 
         $\alpha\ T\ b\rangle]$ 
      have  $SA ! i \in lms\text{-}bucket\ \alpha\ T\ b$ 
        by blast
      moreover
      from  $\langle B ! b \leq i\rangle\ assms(2)\langle lms\text{-}bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ b < B ! b\rangle$ 
      have  $SA[k := x] ! i = SA ! i$ 
        by auto
      ultimately
      show ?thesis
        using  $\langle b' = b\rangle$  by simp
    qed
  qed
ultimately
show ?goal

```

by *blast*
 qed

62.4.5 Unchanged

lemma *lms-unchanged-inv-established*:
lms-unchanged-inv α T B SA SA
unfolding *lms-unchanged-inv-def*
 by *blast*

lemma *lms-unchanged-inv-maintained-step*:

assumes $b = \alpha (T ! x)$
and $k = (B ! b) - \text{Suc } 0$
and *lms-distinct-inv* T SA ($x \# \text{LMS}$)
and *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* α T B SA
and *lms-unchanged-inv* α T B $SA0$ SA
and *strict-mono* α
and $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $\forall a \in \text{set } (x \# \text{LMS}). \text{abs-is-lms } T a$
shows *lms-unchanged-inv* α T $(B[b := k])$ $SA0$ $(SA[k := x])$
unfolding *lms-unchanged-inv-def*
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
 fix $b' i$
assume $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ *bucket-start* α T $b' \leq i$ $i < B[b := k] ! b'$

let $?goal = SA[k := x] ! i = SA0 ! i$

have *lms-bucket-start* α T $b < B ! b$
using *assms lms-distinct-bucket-ptr-lower-bound* **by** *blast*

have $b' \neq b \implies ?goal$

proof –

assume $b' \neq b$
with $\langle i < B[b := k] ! b' \rangle$
have $i < B ! b'$
 by *simp*

from $\langle b' \neq b \rangle$

have $b' < b \vee b < b'$

by *linarith*

then show *?thesis*

proof

assume $b' < b$

from $\langle \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha$ T $b < B ! b \rangle$

have *bucket-start* α T $b < B ! b$

by (*simp add: lms-bucket-start-def*)

with *assms(2)*

have *bucket-start* α T $b \leq k$


```

    by linarith
  moreover
  from lms-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(4)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ ]
  have  $B ! b' \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$ .
  with  $\langle i < B ! b' \rangle$ 
  have  $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$ 
    using less-le-trans by blast
  ultimately
  have  $i \neq k$ 
    using  $\langle b' < b \rangle$ 
  by (meson dual-order.strict-trans2 less-bucket-end-le-start order.strict-implies-not-eq)
  hence  $SA[k := x] ! i = SA ! i$ 
    by simp
  with lms-unchanged-invD[OF assms(5)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start} \alpha T b' \leq i \rangle$ 
     $\langle i < B ! b' \rangle$ ]
  show ?thesis
    by simp
  next
  assume  $b < b'$ 
  from  $\langle \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$  assms(2)
  have  $k < B ! b$ 
    by linarith
  with lms-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(4), of  $b \langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ 
     $\langle b < b' \rangle$  assms(7)]
  have  $k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$ 
    by linarith
  with  $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i \rangle \langle b < b' \rangle$ 
  have  $i \neq k$ 
    by (meson dual-order.strict-trans1 leD less-bucket-end-le-start)
  hence  $SA[k := x] ! i = SA ! i$ 
    by simp
  with lms-unchanged-invD[OF assms(5)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start} \alpha T b' \leq i \rangle$ 
     $\langle i < B ! b' \rangle$ ]
  show ?thesis
    by simp
  qed
  qed
  moreover
  have  $b' = b \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
  assume  $b' = b$ 
  with  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i \rangle \langle i < B[b := k] ! b' \rangle$ 
  have  $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \text{ bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i i < B[b := k] ! b$ 
    by simp-all
  hence  $i < k$ 
    using assms(7) by auto
  hence  $i < B ! b$ 

```

```

    using assms(2) by linarith
  with lms-unchanged-invD[OF assms(5)  $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha$ 
T b  $\leq i$ ]
  have SA ! i = SA0 ! i
    by simp
  with  $\langle i < k \rangle$ 
  show ?thesis
    by auto
  qed
  ultimately
  show ?goal
    by blast
  qed

```

62.4.6 Inserted

lemma *lms-inserted-inv-established*:
shows *lms-inserted-inv* *LMS SA [] LMS*
unfolding *lms-inserted-inv-def*
by *simp*

lemma *lms-inserted-inv-maintained-step*:
assumes $b = \alpha (T ! x)$
and $k = (B ! b) - \text{Suc } 0$
and *lms-distinct-inv* *T SA (x # LMSb)*
and *lms-bucket-ptr-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and *lms-unknowns-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and *lms-inserted-inv* *LMS SA LMSa (x # LMSb)*
and *strict-mono* α
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $\forall a \in \text{set } LMS. \text{abs-is-lms } T a$
shows *lms-inserted-inv* *LMS (SA[k := x]) (LMSa @ [x]) LMSb*
proof –

```

from lms-inserted-invD(1)[OF assms(6)] assms(9)
have  $\forall a \in \text{set } (x \# LMSb). \text{abs-is-lms } T a$ 
  by auto
with lms-next-insert-at-unknown[OF assms(1-5,7,8)]
have  $k < \text{length } SA$   $SA ! k = \text{length } T$ 
  by blast+

```

```

from lms-inserted-invD(1)[OF assms(6)] assms(9)
have  $\forall a \in \text{set } LMSa. \text{abs-is-lms } T a$ 
  by auto
hence  $\forall a \in \text{set } LMSa. a < \text{length } T$ 
  using abs-is-lms-imp-less-length by blast

```

```

have  $\text{set } LMSa \subseteq \text{set } (SA[k := x])$ 
proof (intro subsetI)

```

```

fix  $y$ 
assume  $y \in \text{set } LMSa$ 
with  $\langle \forall a \in \text{set } LMSa. a < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $y < \text{length } T$ 
  by blast
with  $\langle SA ! k = \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $SA ! k \neq y$ 
  by simp
moreover
from  $\text{lms-inserted-invD}(2)[OF \text{ assms}(6)] \langle y \in \text{set } LMSa \rangle$ 
have  $y \in \text{set } SA$ 
  by blast
ultimately
show  $y \in \text{set } (SA[k := x])$ 
  using in-set-list-update by fast
qed
moreover
from  $\langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
have  $x \in \text{set } (SA[k := x])$ 
  by (simp add: set-update-memI)
ultimately
have  $\text{set } (LMSa @ [x]) \subseteq \text{set } (SA[k := x])$ 
  by simp
with  $\text{lms-inserted-invD}(1)[OF \text{ assms}(6)]$ 
show ?thesis
  by (simp add: lms-inserted-inv-def)
qed

```

62.4.7 Sorted

lemma *lms-sorted-inv-established:*

assumes $\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i = \text{length } T$

and $\forall a \in \text{set } LMS. \text{abs-is-lms } T a$

shows $\text{lms-sorted-inv } T LMS SA$

unfolding *lms-sorted-inv-def*

proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)

fix $i j$

assume $A: j < \text{length } SA \ i < j \ SA ! i \in \text{set } LMS \ SA ! j \in \text{set } LMS$

from $A(1) \text{ assms}(1)$

have $SA ! j = \text{length } T$

by *blast*

moreover

from $A(4) \text{ assms}(2)$

have $SA ! j < \text{length } T$

using *abs-is-lms-imp-less-length* **by** *blast*

ultimately

have *False*

by *auto*

then show

$(T ! (SA ! i) \neq T ! (SA ! j) \longrightarrow T ! (SA ! i) < T ! (SA ! j)) \wedge$
 $(T ! (SA ! i) = T ! (SA ! j) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists j' < \text{length } LMS. \exists i' < j'. LMS ! i' = SA ! j \wedge LMS ! j' = SA ! i))$
 by *blast*

qed

lemma *lms-sorted-inv-maintained-step*:

assumes $b = \alpha (T ! x)$
and $k = (B ! b) - \text{Suc } 0$
and $\text{lms-distinct-inv } T \ SA \ (x \# \text{LMS}b)$
and $\text{lms-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $\text{lms-unknowns-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $\text{lms-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $\text{lms-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA0 \ SA$
and $\text{lms-inserted-inv } LMS \ SA \ LMSa \ (x \# \text{LMS}b)$
and $\text{lms-sorted-inv } T \ LMS \ SA$
and $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $\forall i < \text{length } T. SA0 ! i = \text{length } T$
and $\forall a \in \text{set } LMS. \text{abs-is-lms } T \ a$
shows $\text{lms-sorted-inv } T \ LMS \ (SA[k := x])$
unfolding *lms-sorted-inv-def*
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix $i \ j$
assume $A: j < \text{length } (SA[k := x]) \ i < j \ SA[k := x] ! i \in \text{set } LMS$
 $SA[k := x] ! j \in \text{set } LMS$
let $?goal1 = T ! (SA[k := x] ! i) \neq T ! (SA[k := x] ! j) \longrightarrow$
 $T ! (SA[k := x] ! i) < T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)$
and $?goal2 = T ! (SA[k := x] ! i) = T ! (SA[k := x] ! j) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists j' < \text{length } LMS. \exists i' < j'.$
 $LMS ! i' = SA[k := x] ! j \wedge LMS ! j' = SA[k := x] ! i)$

let $?goal = ?goal1 \wedge ?goal2$

from *assms(13) lms-inserted-invD[OF assms(8)]*
have $\forall a \in \text{set } (x \# \text{LMS}b). \text{abs-is-lms } T \ a$
by *auto*
with *lms-next-insert-at-unknown[OF assms(1-5,10,11)]*
have $k < \text{length } SA \ SA ! k = \text{length } T$
by *blast+*

from *lms-distinct-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(1,3,4,10) $\forall a \in \text{set } (x \# \text{LMS}b).$*
abs-is-lms T a]
have $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < B ! b .$

from *assms(1,10) $\forall a \in \text{set } (x \# \text{LMS}b). \text{abs-is-lms } T \ a$*
have $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length strict-mono-less-eq*)

```

have  $\llbracket k \neq i; k \neq j \rrbracket \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $k \neq i \ k \neq j$ 
  with A
  have  $j < \text{length } SA \ SA \ ! \ i \in \text{set } LMS \ SA \ ! \ j \in \text{set } LMS$ 
    by simp-all
  with  $\text{lms-sorted-invD}[OF \text{assms}(9) - \langle i < j \rangle] \ \langle k \neq i \rangle \ \langle k \neq j \rangle$ 
  show ?goal
    by simp
qed
moreover
have  $\llbracket k = i; k \neq j \rrbracket \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $k = i \ k \neq j$ 
  with  $A(1,4)$ 
  have  $j < \text{length } SA \ SA \ ! \ j \in \text{set } LMS \ SA[k := x] \ ! \ j = SA \ ! \ j$ 
    by simp-all

  from  $\langle k = i \rangle \ \text{assms}(2)$ 
  have  $i = B \ ! \ b - \text{Suc } 0$ 
    by simp

  from  $\langle SA \ ! \ j \in \text{set } LMS \rangle \ \text{assms}(13)$ 
  have  $SA \ ! \ j < \text{length } T$ 
    using  $\text{abs-is-lms-imp-less-length}$  by blast

  from  $\text{index-in-bucket-interval-gen}[of \ j \ T, \ OF - \ \text{assms}(10)] \ \text{assms}(11) \ \langle j < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
  obtain  $b'$  where
     $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
     $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq j$ 
     $j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b'$ 
    by auto

  have  $B \ ! \ b' \leq j$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg B \ ! \ b' \leq j$ 
    hence  $j < B \ ! \ b'$ 
      by simp
    with  $\text{lms-unchanged-invD}[OF \ \text{assms}(7) \ \langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \ \langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq j \rangle]$ 
       $\text{assms}(11,12) \ \langle j < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
    have  $SA \ ! \ j = \text{length } T$ 
      by auto
    with  $\langle SA \ ! \ j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
    show False
      by auto
  qed
with  $\text{lms-locations-invD}[OF \ \text{assms}(6) \ \langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle - \langle j < \text{bucket-end}$ 

```

$\alpha T b'$]

have $SA ! j \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b'$

 by *blast*

hence $\alpha (T ! (SA ! j)) = b'$

 by (*simp add: bucket-def lms-bucket-def*)

from $\langle \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle \langle i = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0 \rangle$

have $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i$

 by *linarith*

hence $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i$

 by (*metis l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start le-add1 le-trans*)

have $b \leq b'$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

 assume $\neg b \leq b'$

 hence $b' < b$

 by *simp*

 hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b$

 by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)

 with $\langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \rangle$

 have $j < \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b$

 by *linarith*

 with $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \rangle$

 have $j < i$

 by *linarith*

 with $\langle i < j \rangle$

 show *False*

 by *linarith*

qed

from *assms*(3)[*simplified lms-distinct-inv-def distinct-append*] $\langle SA ! j < \text{length } T \rangle$

 $\langle j < \text{length } SA \rangle$

have $SA ! j \notin \text{set } (x \# \text{LMSb})$

 by (*metis IntI empty-iff filter-set member-filter nth-mem*)

with $\text{lms-inserted-invD}[OF \text{assms}(8)] \langle SA ! j \in \text{set } \text{LMS} \rangle$

have $SA ! j \in \text{set } \text{LMSa}$

 by *auto*

hence $\exists j' < \text{length } \text{LMSa}. \text{LMSa} ! j' = SA ! j$

 by (*simp add: in-set-conv-nth*)

then obtain j' **where**

 $j' < \text{length } \text{LMSa}$

 $\text{LMSa} ! j' = SA ! j$

 by *blast*

with $\text{lms-inserted-invD}(1)[OF \text{assms}(8)] \langle SA[k := x] ! j = SA ! j \rangle$

have $\text{LMS} ! j' = SA[k := x] ! j$

 by (*simp add: nth-append*)

from $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! j)) = b' \rangle \langle SA[k := x] ! j = SA ! j \rangle$

```

have  $\alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)) = b'$ 
  by simp

from lms-inserted-invD(1)[OF assms(8)]
have  $\text{length } LMSa < \text{length } LMS$ 
  by simp

from assms(3)[simplified lms-distinct-inv-def distinct-append] lms-inserted-invD[OF
assms(8)]
  have  $x \notin \text{set } LMSa$ 
    using  $\langle \forall a \in \text{set } (x \# LMSb). \text{abs-is-lms } T \ a \rangle \text{abs-is-lms-imp-less-length}$  by
fastforce
  with lms-inserted-invD(1)[OF assms(8)]
  have  $LMS ! \text{length } LMSa = x$ 
    by simp
  hence  $LMS ! \text{length } LMSa = SA[k := x] ! i$ 
    using  $\langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle \langle k = i \rangle$  by auto

from  $\langle k = i \rangle \text{assms(1)} \langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
have  $\alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! i)) = b$ 
  by auto

have  $b = b' \implies ?goal2$ 
proof
  from  $\langle LMS ! j' = SA[k := x] ! j \rangle \langle LMS ! \text{length } LMSa = SA[k := x] ! i \rangle \langle j' < \text{length } LMSa \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{length } LMSa < \text{length } LMS \rangle$ 
  show  $\exists j' < \text{length } LMS. \exists i' < j'. LMS ! i' = SA[k := x] ! j \wedge LMS ! j' = SA[k := x] ! i$ 
    by blast
  qed
moreover
from  $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)) = b' \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! i)) = b \rangle \text{assms(10)}$ 
have  $b = b' \implies T ! (SA[k := x] ! i) = T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)$ 
  using strict-mono-eq by auto
moreover
have  $b < b' \implies ?goal1$ 
proof
  assume  $b < b'$ 
  with  $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! i)) = b \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)) = b' \rangle \text{assms(10)}$ 
  show  $T ! (SA[k := x] ! i) < T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)$ 
    using strict-mono-less by blast
  qed
moreover
from  $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)) = b' \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! i)) = b \rangle \text{assms(10)}$ 
have  $b < b' \implies T ! (SA[k := x] ! i) \neq T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)$ 
  by auto
moreover
from  $\langle b \leq b' \rangle$ 

```

```

have  $b = b' \vee b < b'$ 
  by linarith
ultimately
show ?goal
  by blast
qed
moreover
have  $\llbracket k \neq i; k = j \rrbracket \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $k \neq i \wedge k = j$ 
  with  $\langle SA[k := x] ! i \in \text{set } LMS \rangle$ 
  have  $SA[k := x] ! i = SA ! i \wedge SA ! i \in \text{set } LMS$ 
    by simp-all

  from  $\langle k = j \rangle \text{assms}(2)$ 
  have  $j = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$ 
    by simp

  from  $\langle j < \text{length } (SA[k := x]) \rangle \langle i < j \rangle \text{assms}(11)$ 
  have  $i < \text{length } T$ 
    by simp
  with index-in-bucket-interval-gen[of  $i \ T$ , OF - assms(10)]
  obtain  $b'$  where
     $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
    bucket-start  $\alpha \ T \ b' \leq i$ 
     $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b'$ 
    by auto

  from  $\langle SA ! i \in \text{set } LMS \rangle \text{assms}(13)$ 
  have  $SA ! i < \text{length } T$ 
    using abs-is-lms-imp-less-length by blast

  have  $B ! b' \leq i$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg B ! b' \leq i$ 
    hence  $i < B ! b'$ 
      by (simp add: not-le)
    with lms-unchanged-invD[OF assms(7)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start} \alpha \ T \ b' \leq i \rangle$ ]
      assms(12)  $\langle i < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
    have  $SA ! i = \text{length } T$ 
      by simp
    with  $\langle SA ! i < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
    show False
      by linarith
  qed
  with lms-locations-invD[OF assms(6)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$  -  $\langle i < \text{bucket-end} \alpha \ T \ b' \rangle$ ]
  have  $SA ! i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b'$ 

```



```

    by blast
  hence  $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b'$ 
    by (simp add: bucket-def lms-bucket-def)
  with  $\langle SA[k := x] ! i = SA ! i \rangle$ 
  have  $\alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! i)) = b'$ 
    by simp

  from  $\langle i < j \rangle \langle j = B ! b - Suc 0 \rangle \langle lms-bucket-start \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$ 
  have  $i < B ! b$ 
    using diff-le-self dual-order.strict-trans1 by blast

  have  $i < bucket-start \alpha T b$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg i < bucket-start \alpha T b$ 
    hence  $bucket-start \alpha T b \leq i$ 
      by (simp add: not-le)
    with lms-unchanged-invD[OF assms(7)  $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle - \langle i < B ! b \rangle$ ]
      assms(12)  $\langle i < length T \rangle$ 
    have  $SA ! i = length T$ 
      by auto
    with  $\langle SA ! i < length T \rangle$ 
    show False
      by linarith
  qed

  with  $\langle bucket-start \alpha T b' \leq i \rangle$ 
  have  $bucket-start \alpha T b' < bucket-start \alpha T b$ 
    by linarith
  hence  $b' < b$ 
    by (meson bucket-start-le leD leI)

  from assms(1)  $\langle k = j \rangle \langle k < length SA \rangle$ 
  have  $\alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)) = b$ 
    by simp
  with  $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA[k := x] ! i)) = b' \rangle \langle b' < b \rangle$  assms(10)
  have  $T ! (SA[k := x] ! i) < T ! (SA[k := x] ! j)$ 
    using strict-mono-less by blast
  then show ?goal
    by auto
  qed

  moreover
  from  $\langle i < j \rangle$ 
  have  $\llbracket k = i; k = j \rrbracket \implies ?goal$ 
    by blast
  ultimately
  show ?goal
    by blast
  qed

```

62.5 Combined Establishment and Maintenance

lemma *lms-inv-established*:

assumes $\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i = \text{length } T$
and $\forall x \in \text{set } LMS. \text{abs-is-lms } T x$
and *distinct LMS*
and *lms-bucket-init* $\alpha T B$
and *length SA = length T*
and *strict-mono* α

shows *lms-inv* $\alpha T B LMS [] LMS SA SA$

unfolding *lms-inv-def*

using *lms-distinct-inv-established* [*OF assms*(3,1)]
lms-bucket-ptr-inv-established [*OF assms*(4,1)]
lms-unknowns-inv-established [*OF assms*(4,1,5)]
lms-locations-inv-established [*OF assms*(4)]
lms-unchanged-inv-established
lms-inserted-inv-established
lms-sorted-inv-established [*OF assms*(1,2)]
lms-bucket-init-length [*OF assms*(4)]
assms

by *auto*

lemma *lms-inv-maintained-step*:

assumes *lms-inv* $\alpha T B LMS LMSa (x \# LMSb) SA0 SA$
and $b = \alpha (T ! x)$
and $k = (B ! b) - \text{Suc } 0$

shows *lms-inv* $\alpha T (B[b := k]) LMS (LMSa @ [x]) LMSb SA0 (SA[k := x])$

unfolding *lms-inv-def*

using *lms-distinct-inv-maintained-step* [*OF lms-invD*(1)[*OF assms*(1)]]
lms-bucket-ptr-inv-maintained-step [*OF assms*(2-3)]
 $lms\text{-invD}(1-3, 8, 9, 12)$ [*OF assms*(1)]
lms-inv-lms-helper(3) [*OF assms*(1)]]
lms-unknowns-inv-maintained-step [*OF assms*(2-3)]
 $lms\text{-invD}(1-3, 8, 9)$ [*OF assms*(1)]
lms-inv-lms-helper(3) [*OF assms*(1)]]
lms-locations-inv-maintained-step [*OF assms*(2-3)]
 $lms\text{-invD}(1-2, 4, 8, 9, 12)$ [*OF assms*(1)]
lms-inv-lms-helper(3) [*OF assms*(1)]]
lms-unchanged-inv-maintained-step [*OF assms*(2-3)]
 $lms\text{-invD}(1-2, 5, 8, 9, 12)$ [*OF assms*(1)]
lms-inv-lms-helper(3) [*OF assms*(1)]]
lms-inserted-inv-maintained-step [*OF assms*(2-3)]
 $lms\text{-invD}(1-3, 6, 8, 12)$ [*OF assms*(1)]
lms-inv-lms-helper(1) [*OF assms*(1)]]
lms-sorted-inv-maintained-step [*OF assms*(2-3)]
 $lms\text{-invD}(1-8, 12, 13)$ [*OF assms*(1)]
lms-inv-lms-helper(1) [*OF assms*(1)]]

by (*metis assms*(1) *length-list-update lms-inv-def*)

lemma *lms-inv-maintained*:

```

assumes bucket-insert-abs'  $\alpha$   $T B SA$   $gs$   $xs = (SA', B', gs')$ 
and lms-inv  $\alpha$   $T B LMS$   $gs$   $xs SA0 SA$ 
shows lms-inv  $\alpha$   $T B' LMS$   $gs' [] SA0 SA'$ 
using assms
proof (induct arbitrary:  $SA' B' gs' LMS SA0$ 
        rule: bucket-insert-abs'.induct[of -  $\alpha T B SA gs xs$ ])
  case (1  $\alpha T B SA gs$ )
  note  $BC = this$ 
  from  $BC(1)[simplified]$ 
  have  $B' = B SA' = SA gs' = gs$ 
    by auto
  with  $BC(2)$ 
  show ?case
    by simp
next
  case (2  $\alpha T B SA gs x xs$ )
  note  $IH = this$ 
  let  $?b = \alpha (T ! x)$ 
  let  $?k = B ! ?b - Suc 0$ 
  from lms-inv-maintained-step[OF  $IH(3)$ , of  $?b ?k$ ]
  have  $R1: lms-inv \alpha T (B[?b := ?k]) LMS (gs @ [x]) xs SA0 (SA[?k := x])$ 
    by simp

  from  $IH(2)[simplified, simplified Let-def]$ 
  have  $R2: bucket-insert-abs' \alpha T (B[?b := ?k]) (SA[?k := x]) (gs @ [x]) xs =$ 
     $(SA', B', gs')$  .

  from  $IH(1)[of ?b ?k SA[?k := x] B[?b := ?k] gs @ [x] SA' B' gs' LMS SA0,$ 
    simplified,
    OF R2 R1]
  show ?case .
qed

```

lemma *lms-inv-holds*:

```

assumes  $\forall i < length SA. SA ! i = length T$ 
and  $\forall x \in set LMS. abs-is-lms T x$ 
and distinct LMS
and lms-bucket-init  $\alpha T B$ 
and length SA = length T
and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and bucket-insert-abs'  $\alpha T B SA [] LMS = (SA', B', gs')$ 
shows lms-inv  $\alpha T B' LMS gs' [] SA SA'$ 
using lms-inv-maintained[OF assms(7) lms-inv-established[OF assms(1-6)]] .

```

63 Exhaustiveness

definition *lms-type-exhaustive* :: $(a :: \{linorder, order-bot\}) list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow bool$
where
lms-type-exhaustive $T SA = (\forall i < length T. abs-is-lms T i \longrightarrow i \in set SA)$

lemma *lms-type-exhaustiveD*:
 $\llbracket \text{lms-type-exhaustive } T \text{ SA}; i < \text{length } T; \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i \rrbracket \implies i \in \text{set } SA$
using *lms-type-exhaustive-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *lms-all-inserted-imp-exhaustive*:
assumes *lms-inserted-inv LMS SA LMS* \square
and $\text{set } LMS = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i\}$
shows *lms-type-exhaustive T SA*
unfolding *lms-type-exhaustive-def*
proof (*intro all impI*)
fix *i*
assume $i < \text{length } T \ \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i$
with *assms(2)*
have $i \in \text{set } LMS$
by *blast*
with *lms-inserted-invD(2)[OF assms(1)]*
show $i \in \text{set } SA$
by *blast*
qed

lemma *lms-type-exhaustive-imp-lms-bucket-subset*:
assumes *lms-type-exhaustive T SA*
and $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
shows $\text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \subseteq \text{set } SA$
proof (*intro subsetI*)
fix *x*
assume $x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
hence $x < \text{length } T$
by (*simp add: abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-bucket-def*)

from $\langle x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle$
have $\text{abs-is-lms } T \ x$
by (*simp add: lms-bucket-def*)

from *lms-type-exhaustiveD[OF assms(1) $\langle x < \text{length } T \rangle \langle \text{abs-is-lms } T \ x \rangle$*
show $x \in \text{set } SA$.
qed

lemma *lms-B-val*:
assumes $\forall i < \text{length } SA. \ SA \ ! \ i = \text{length } T$
and *distinct LMS*
and *lms-bucket-init $\alpha \ T \ B$*
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and *strict-mono α*
and $\text{set } LMS = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i\}$
and *bucket-insert-abs' $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ \square \ LMS = (SA', B', gs')$*
and $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$

shows $B' ! b = \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b$
proof –
from $\text{assms}(6)$
have $\forall x \in \text{set } LMS. \text{abs-is-lms } T x$
by blast
with $\text{lms-inv-holds}[OF \text{assms}(1) - \text{assms}(2-5,7)]$
have $\text{lms-inv } \alpha T B' LMS \text{gs}' [] SA SA'$.
hence $\text{lms-inserted-inv } LMS SA' \text{gs}' []$
using lms-inv-def **by** blast
hence $\text{gs}' = LMS$
by $(\text{simp add: lms-inserted-inv-def})$
with $\langle \text{lms-inserted-inv } LMS SA' \text{gs}' [] \rangle \text{lms-all-inserted-imp-exhaustive}[OF - \text{assms}(6),$
 $\text{of } SA']$
have $\text{lms-type-exhaustive } T SA'$
by simp
with $\text{lms-type-exhaustive-imp-lms-bucket-subset } \text{assms}(8)$
have $\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b \subseteq \text{set } SA'$
by blast
with $\text{cur-lms-subset-lms-bucket}$
have $\text{cur-lms-types } \alpha T SA' b = \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$
by $(\text{simp add: cur-lms-types-def equalityI subset-eq})$
hence $\text{num-lms-types } \alpha T SA' b = \text{card } (\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b)$
by $(\text{simp add: num-lms-types-def})$
moreover
from $\langle \text{lms-inv } \alpha T B' LMS \text{gs}' [] SA SA' \rangle$
have $\text{lms-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B' SA'$
using lms-inv-def **by** blast
with $\text{lms-bucket-ptr-invD } \text{assms}(8)$
have $B' ! b + \text{num-lms-types } \alpha T SA' b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by blast
ultimately
have $B' ! b + \text{card } (\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b) = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by simp
then show $B' ! b = \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b$
by $(\text{metis add-implies-diff lms-bucket-pl-size-eq-end lms-bucket-size-def})$
qed

64 Postconditions

definition $\text{lms-vals-post} :: ('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$\text{lms-vals-post } \alpha T SA =$

$(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))).$

$\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b = \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b))$
 $)$

lemma lms-vals-postD :

$\llbracket \text{lms-vals-post } \alpha \ T \ SA; \ b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b = \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b))$
using *lms-vals-post-def* **by** *blast*

definition

$\text{lms-pre} :: ('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$\text{lms-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS \equiv$
 $(\forall i < \text{length } SA. \ SA \ ! \ i = \text{length } T) \wedge$
 $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T \wedge$
 $\text{lms-bucket-init } \alpha \ T \ B \wedge$
 $\text{strict-mono } \alpha \wedge$
 $\text{distinct } LMS \wedge$
 $\text{set } LMS = \{i. \ \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i\}$

lemma *lms-pre-elim*:

$\text{lms-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS \implies \forall i < \text{length } SA. \ SA \ ! \ i = \text{length } T$
 $\text{lms-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS \implies \text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
 $\text{lms-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS \implies \text{lms-bucket-init } \alpha \ T \ B$
 $\text{lms-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS \implies \text{strict-mono } \alpha$
 $\text{lms-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS \implies \text{distinct } LMS$
 $\text{lms-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS \implies \text{set } LMS = \{i. \ \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i\}$
using *lms-pre-def* **by** *blast+*

lemma *lms-vals-post-holds*:

assumes $\forall i < \text{length } SA. \ SA \ ! \ i = \text{length } T$
and $\text{distinct } LMS$
and $\text{lms-bucket-init } \alpha \ T \ B$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$
and $\text{set } LMS = \{i. \ \text{abs-is-lms } T \ i\}$
and $\text{bucket-insert-abs}' \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ [] \ LMS = (SA', B', gs')$

shows $\text{lms-vals-post } \alpha \ T \ SA'$

unfolding *lms-vals-post-def*

proof(*intro allI impI*)

fix b

assume $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$

from *assms*(6)

have $\forall x \in \text{set } LMS. \ \text{abs-is-lms } T \ x$

by *blast*

with *lms-inv-holds*[*OF* *assms*(1) - *assms*(2-5,7)]

have $R0: \text{lms-inv } \alpha \ T \ B' \ LMS \ gs' \ [] \ SA \ SA'$.

from *lms-B-val*[*OF* *assms*(1-7) $\langle b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$]

have $R1: B' \ ! \ b = \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$.

have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq \text{length } SA'$
by (*metis R0 bucket-end-le-length lms-inv-def*)

have $\text{finite } (\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b)$
by (*simp add: finite-lms-bucket*)

moreover
from $\text{lms-slice-subset-lms-bucket}[OF \text{lms-invD}(4,12)][OF R0] \langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle]$
have $\text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA' (B' ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)) \subseteq \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b .$
with *R1*
have $\text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA' (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)) \subseteq \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b$
by *simp*

moreover
from $\text{lms-distinct-slice}[OF \text{lms-invD}(1,2,4,12)][OF R0] \langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle]$
have $\text{distinct } (\text{list-slice } SA' (B' ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)) .$
with *R1*
have $\text{distinct } (\text{list-slice } SA' (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b))$
by *simp*

with *distinct-card*
have $\text{card } (\text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA' (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)))$
 $= \text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA' (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b))$
by *blast*

with $\langle \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq \text{length } SA' \rangle$
have $\text{card } (\text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA' (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)))$
 $= \text{lms-bucket-size } \alpha T b$
by (*metis add-diff-cancel-left' length-list-slice lms-bucket-pl-size-eq-end min.absorb-iff1*)

hence $\text{card } (\text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA' (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)))$
 $= \text{card } (\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b)$
by (*simp add: lms-bucket-size-def*)

ultimately
show $\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b = \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA' (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b))$
using *card-subset-eq* **by** *blast*

qed

corollary *abs-bucket-insert-vals:*

assumes $\text{lms-pre } \alpha T B SA LMS$

shows $\text{lms-vals-post } \alpha T (\text{abs-bucket-insert } \alpha T B SA LMS)$

proof –

have $\exists SA' B' \text{ gs. } \text{bucket-insert-abs}' \alpha T B SA \square LMS = (SA', B', \text{gs})$

by (*meson prod-cases3*)

then obtain $SA' B' \text{ gs}$ **where**

$A: \text{bucket-insert-abs}' \alpha T B SA \square LMS = (SA', B', \text{gs})$

by *blast*

hence $\text{abs-bucket-insert } \alpha T B SA LMS = SA'$

by (*metis abs-bucket-insert-equiv fst-conv*)

with $\text{lms-vals-post-holds}[OF \text{lms-pre-elim}(1,5,3,2,4,6)][OF \text{assms}] A]$

show *?thesis*

by simp
qed

definition *lms-unknowns-post*

where

$lms-unknowns-post \alpha T SA =$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))).$
 $(\forall i. bucket-start \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < lms-bucket-start \alpha T b \longrightarrow SA ! i = length$
 $T)$
 $)$

lemma *lms-unknowns-postD*:

$\llbracket lms-unknowns-post \alpha T SA; b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)); bucket-start \alpha T b \leq i;$
 $i < lms-bucket-start \alpha T b \rrbracket \implies$
 $SA ! i = length T$
using *lms-unknowns-post-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *lms-unknowns-post-holds*:

assumes $\forall i < length SA. SA ! i = length T$
and *distinct LMS*
and *lms-bucket-init* $\alpha T B$
and $length SA = length T$
and *strict-mono* α
and $set LMS = \{i. abs-is-lms T i\}$
and *bucket-insert-abs'* $\alpha T B SA \square LMS = (SA', B', gs')$

shows *lms-unknowns-post* $\alpha T SA'$

unfolding *lms-unknowns-post-def*

proof(*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)

fix $b i$

assume $b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) bucket-start \alpha T b \leq i i < lms-bucket-start \alpha T b$

from *assms(6)*

have $\forall x \in set LMS. abs-is-lms T x$

by *blast*

with *lms-inv-holds*[*OF* *assms(1) - assms(2-5,7)*]

have $R0:lms-inv \alpha T B' LMS gs' \square SA SA'$.

from $\langle i < lms-bucket-start \alpha T b \rangle$

have $i < length SA$

by (*metis* *assms(4) bucket-end-le-length dual-order.strict-trans1 lms-bucket-start-le-bucket-end*)

moreover

from *lms-B-val*[*OF* *assms(1-7)* $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$]

have $B' ! b = lms-bucket-start \alpha T b$.

with $\langle i < lms-bucket-start \alpha T b \rangle$

have $i < B' ! b$

by *simp*

with *lms-unchanged-invD*[*OF* *lms-invD(5)*][*OF* *R0*] $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle \langle bucket-start$
 $\alpha T b \leq i \rangle$

have $SA' ! i = SA ! i$

by *blast*
 ultimately
 show $SA' ! i = \text{length } T$
 using *assms(1)* by *auto*
 qed

corollary *abs-bucket-insert-unknowns:*

assumes $\text{lms-pre } \alpha T B SA LMS$
 shows $\text{lms-unknowns-post } \alpha T (\text{abs-bucket-insert } \alpha T B SA LMS)$
proof –
 have $\exists SA' B' gs. \text{bucket-insert-abs}' \alpha T B SA \ [] LMS = (SA', B', gs)$
 by (*meson prod-cases3*)
 then obtain $SA' B' gs$ where
 $A: \text{bucket-insert-abs}' \alpha T B SA \ [] LMS = (SA', B', gs)$
 by *blast*
 hence $\text{abs-bucket-insert } \alpha T B SA LMS = SA'$
 by (*metis abs-bucket-insert-equiv fst-conv*)
 with $\text{lms-unknowns-post-holds}[OF \text{lms-pre-elim}(1,5,3,2,4,6)][OF \text{assms}] A$
 show *?thesis*
 by *simp*
 qed

corollary *abs-bucket-insert-values:*

assumes $\text{lms-pre } \alpha T B SA LMS$
 shows $\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)).$
 $(\forall i. \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b \longrightarrow (\text{abs-bucket-insert}$
 $\alpha T B SA LMS) ! i = \text{length } T) \wedge$
 $\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b = \text{set } (\text{list-slice } (\text{abs-bucket-insert } \alpha T B SA LMS)$
 $(\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b))$
 by (*meson assms abs-bucket-insert-unknowns abs-bucket-insert-vals lms-unknowns-postD*
lms-vals-postD)

lemma *lms-lms-prefix-sorted-holds:*

assumes $\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i = \text{length } T$
 and *distinct* LMS
 and $\text{lms-bucket-init } \alpha T B$
 and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
 and *strict-mono* α
 and $\text{set } LMS = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T i\}$
 and $\text{bucket-insert-abs}' \alpha T B SA \ [] LMS = (SA', B', gs')$
 shows *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*lms-prefix* T) (*filter* ($\lambda x. x < \text{length } T$) SA'))
proof –
 from *assms(6)*
 have $\forall x \in \text{set } LMS. \text{abs-is-lms } T x$
 by *blast*
 with *lms-inv-holds*[*OF assms(1) - assms(2-5,7)*]
 have $R0: \text{lms-inv } \alpha T B' LMS gs' \ [] SA SA'$.

 from *lms-lms-prefix-sorted*[*OF lms-invD(2,4,5,8,12,13)*][*OF R0*] *assms(6)*]

show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *lms-suffix-sorted-holds*:

assumes $\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i = \text{length } T$
and *distinct LMS*
and *lms-bucket-init* $\alpha T B$
and *length* $SA = \text{length } T$
and *strict-mono* α
and *set* $LMS = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T i\}$
and *bucket-insert-abs'* $\alpha T B SA \sqcap LMS = (SA', B', gs')$
and *ordlistns.sorted* $(\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (\text{rev } LMS))$
shows *ordlistns.sorted* $(\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA'))$
proof –
from *assms(6)*
have $\forall x \in \text{set } LMS. \text{abs-is-lms } T x$
by *blast*
with *lms-inv-holds*[*OF* *assms(1) - assms(2-5,7)*]
have *R0:lms-inv* $\alpha T B' LMS gs' \sqcap SA SA'$.

from *lms-suffix-sorted*[*OF* *lms-invD(2,4,5,7,8,12,13)*][*OF* *R0*] *assms(6) assms(8)*
show *?thesis* .
qed

lemma *lms-bot-is-first*:

assumes $\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i = \text{length } T$
and *distinct LMS*
and *lms-bucket-init* $\alpha T B$
and *length* $SA = \text{length } T$
and *strict-mono* α
and *set* $LMS = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } T i\}$
and *bucket-insert-abs'* $\alpha T B SA \sqcap LMS = (SA', B', gs')$
and *valid-list* T
and *length* $T = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)$
and $\alpha \text{ bot} = 0$
shows $SA' ! 0 = \text{Suc } n$
proof –
have *abs-is-lms* $T (\text{Suc } n)$
by (*simp add: assms(8,9) abs-is-lms-last*)
moreover
have $\alpha (T ! (\text{Suc } n)) = 0$
by (*metis assms(8-10) diff-Suc-1 last-conv-nth length-greater-0-conv valid-list-def*)
ultimately
have $\text{Suc } n \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T 0$
by (*simp add: assms(5,8-10) bucket-0 lms-bucket-def*)

have *lms-bucket-size* $\alpha T 0 = \text{Suc } 0$ *l-bucket-size* $\alpha T 0 = 0$ *pure-s-bucket-size*
 $\alpha T 0 = 0$
using *assms(5,8-10) bucket-0-size2* **by** *blast+*

hence $lms\text{-}bucket \alpha T\ 0 = \{Suc\ n\}$
by (*metis One-nat-def add.commute assms(5,8-10) atLeastLessThan-singleton*
bucket-0
lms-bucket-size-def lms-bucket-subset-bucket plus-1-eq-Suc subset-card-intvl-is-intvl)

from *assms(6)*
have $\forall x \in set\ LMS. abs\text{-}is\text{-}lms\ T\ x$
by *blast*
with *lms-inv-holds[OF assms(1) - assms(2-5,7)]*
have $R0:lms\text{-}inv \alpha T\ B'\ LMS\ gs' \ []\ SA\ SA'$.

from $\langle l\text{-}bucket\text{-}size \alpha T\ 0 = 0 \rangle \langle pure\text{-}s\text{-}bucket\text{-}size \alpha T\ 0 = 0 \rangle$
have $lms\text{-}bucket\text{-}start \alpha T\ 0 = 0$
by (*simp add: bucket-start-0 lms-bucket-start-def*)
moreover
from *lms-B-val[OF assms(1-7), of 0]*
have $B' ! 0 = lms\text{-}bucket\text{-}start \alpha T\ 0$
by *simp*
moreover
have $0 < bucket\text{-}end \alpha T\ 0$
by (*simp add: assms(5,8,10) valid-list-bucket-end-0*)
ultimately
show *?thesis*
using *lms-locations-invD[OF lms-invD(4)[OF R0], of 0 0] \langle lms-bucket \alpha T\ 0 = \{Suc\ n\} \rangle*
by *auto*
qed

corollary *abs-bucket-insert-bot-first:*

assumes $lms\text{-}pre \alpha T\ B\ SA\ LMS$
and *valid-list T*
and $length\ T = Suc\ (Suc\ n)$
and $\alpha\ bot = 0$
shows $(abs\text{-}bucket\text{-}insert \alpha T\ B\ SA\ LMS) ! 0 = Suc\ n$
proof –
have $\exists SA'\ B'\ gs. bucket\text{-}insert\text{-}abs' \alpha T\ B\ SA \ []\ LMS = (SA', B', gs)$
by (*meson prod-cases3*)
then obtain $SA'\ B'\ gs$ **where**
 $A: bucket\text{-}insert\text{-}abs' \alpha T\ B\ SA \ []\ LMS = (SA', B', gs)$
by *blast*
hence $abs\text{-}bucket\text{-}insert \alpha T\ B\ SA\ LMS = SA'$
by (*metis abs-bucket-insert-equiv fst-conv*)
with *lms-bot-is-first[OF lms-pre-elims(1,5,3,2,4,6)[OF assms(1)] A assms(2-)]*
show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed

— Used in SAIS algorithm as part of inducing the prefix ordering based on LMS

theorem *lms-prefix-sorted-bucket*:
assumes $lms\text{-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS$
and $b \leq \alpha \ (Max \ (set \ T))$
shows $ordlistns.sorted \ (map \ (lms\text{-prefix} \ T) \ (list\text{-slice} \ (abs\text{-bucket}\text{-insert} \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS) \ (lms\text{-bucket}\text{-start} \ \alpha \ T \ b) \ (bucket\text{-end} \ \alpha \ T \ b)))$
(is $ordlistns.sorted \ (map \ ?f \ ?SA)$
proof –
have $\exists SA' \ B' \ gs. \ bucket\text{-insert}\text{-abs}' \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ [] \ LMS = (SA', \ B', \ gs)$
by (*meson prod-cases3*)
then obtain $SA' \ B' \ gs$ **where**
 $A: \ bucket\text{-insert}\text{-abs}' \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ [] \ LMS = (SA', \ B', \ gs)$
by *blast*
hence $abs\text{-bucket}\text{-insert} \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS = SA'$
by (*metis abs-bucket-insert-equiv fst-conv*)

from $lms\text{-vals}\text{-post}D[OF \ abs\text{-bucket}\text{-insert}\text{-vals}[OF \ assms(1)] \ assms(2)]$
have $P: \forall x \in set \ ?SA. \ x < length \ T$
using *abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-bucket-def* **by** *blast*

from $lms\text{-lms}\text{-prefix}\text{-sorted}\text{-holds}[OF \ lms\text{-pre}\text{-elims}(1,5,3,2,4,6)[OF \ assms(1)]$
A]
have $ordlistns.sorted \ (map \ (lms\text{-prefix} \ T) \ (filter \ (\lambda x. \ x < length \ T) \ SA')) \ .$
hence $ordlistns.sorted \ (map \ (lms\text{-prefix} \ T) \ (filter \ (\lambda x. \ x < length \ T) \ ?SA))$
using $\langle abs\text{-bucket}\text{-insert} \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS = SA' \rangle \ ordlistns.sorted\text{-map}\text{-filter}\text{-list}\text{-slice}$

by *blast*
then show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: P*)
qed

— Used in SAIS algorithm as part of inducing the suffix ordering based on LMS

theorem *lms-suffix-sorted-bucket*:
assumes $lms\text{-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS$
and $ordlistns.sorted \ (map \ (suffix \ T) \ (rev \ LMS))$
and $b \leq \alpha \ (Max \ (set \ T))$
shows $ordlistns.sorted \ (map \ (suffix \ T) \ (list\text{-slice} \ (abs\text{-bucket}\text{-insert} \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS) \ (lms\text{-bucket}\text{-start} \ \alpha \ T \ b) \ (bucket\text{-end} \ \alpha \ T \ b)))$
(is $ordlistns.sorted \ (map \ ?f \ ?SA)$
proof –
have $\exists SA' \ B' \ gs. \ bucket\text{-insert}\text{-abs}' \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ [] \ LMS = (SA', \ B', \ gs)$
by (*meson prod-cases3*)
then obtain $SA' \ B' \ gs$ **where**
 $A: \ bucket\text{-insert}\text{-abs}' \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ [] \ LMS = (SA', \ B', \ gs)$
by *blast*
hence $abs\text{-bucket}\text{-insert} \ \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ LMS = SA'$
by (*metis abs-bucket-insert-equiv fst-conv*)

```

from lms-vals-postD[OF abs-bucket-insert-vals[OF assms(1)] assms(3)]
have P:  $\forall x \in \text{set } ?SA . x < \text{length } T$ 
  using abs-is-lms-imp-less-length lms-bucket-def by blast

from lms-suffix-sorted-holds[OF lms-pre-elim(1,5,3,2,4,6)[OF assms(1)] A assms(2)]
have ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) (filter ( $\lambda x. x < \text{length } T$ ) SA')) .
hence ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) (filter ( $\lambda x. x < \text{length } T$ ) ?SA))
  using ‹abs-bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T B SA LMS = SA'› ordlistns.sorted-map-filter-list-slice
by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: P)
qed

end
theory Abs-Induce-L-Verification
  imports ../abs-def/Abs-SAIS
begin

```

65 Abstract Induce L-types Simple Properties

lemma *abs-induce-l-step-ex*:

```

 $\exists B' SA' i'. \text{abs-induce-l-step } a \ b = (B', SA', i')$ 
by (cases a; cases b; clarsimp split: prod.splits nat.splits SL-types.splits simp:
Let-def)

```

lemma *abs-induce-l-step-B-length*:

```

 $\text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i') \implies \text{length } B' = \text{length } B$ 
by (clarsimp split: prod.splits nat.splits SL-types.splits if-splits simp: Let-def)

```

lemma *abs-induce-l-step-SA-length*:

```

 $\text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i') \implies \text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA$ 
by (clarsimp split: prod.splits nat.splits SL-types.splits if-splits simp: Let-def)

```

lemma *abs-induce-l-step-Suc*:

```

 $\exists B' SA'. \text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', \text{Suc } i)$ 
by (clarsimp simp: Let-def split: prod.splits nat.splits SL-types.splits)

```

lemma *abs-induce-l-step-B-val-1*:

```

 $\llbracket \text{length } SA \leq i; \text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i') \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $B' = B$ 
 $\llbracket i < \text{length } SA; \text{length } T \leq SA ! i; \text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B',$ 
 $SA', i') \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $B' = B$ 
 $\llbracket i < \text{length } SA; SA ! i < \text{length } T; SA ! i = 0; \text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i') \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $B' = B$ 
 $\llbracket i < \text{length } SA; SA ! i < \text{length } T; SA ! i = \text{Suc } j; \text{suffix-type } T \ j = \text{S-type}; \text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i') \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $B' = B$ 

```

by (clarsimp simp: Let-def split: prod.splits nat.splits SL-types.splits if-splits)+

lemma *abs-induce-l-step-B-val-2*:

[[strict-mono α ;
 α (Max (set T)) < length B;
 i < length SA;
SA ! i < length T;
SA ! i = Suc j ;
suffix-type T j = L-type;
abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, i) (α , T) = (B', SA', i')]] \implies
B' = B[α (T ! j) := Suc (B ! α (T ! j))]
by (clarsimp simp: Let-def split: prod.splits nat.splits SL-types.splits if-splits)

lemma *repeat-abs-induce-l-step-index*:

$\exists B' SA'$. repeat n abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, m) (α , T) = (B', SA', $n + m$)

proof (induct n)

case 0

then show ?case

by (simp add: repeat-0)

next

case (Suc n)

from this

obtain B' SA' where

A: repeat n abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, m) (α , T) = (B', SA', $n + m$)

by blast

from repeat-step[of n abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, m) (α , T)]

have B: repeat (Suc n) abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, m) (α , T) =

abs-induce-l-step (repeat n abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, m) (α , T)) (α , T)

by assumption

from abs-induce-l-step-Suc[of B' SA' $n + m$ α T]

obtain B'' SA'' where

abs-induce-l-step (B', SA', $n + m$) (α , T) = (B'', SA'', Suc ($n + m$))

by blast

with A B

show ?case

by simp

qed

lemma *abs-induce-l-step-lengths*:

abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, i) (α , T) = (B', SA', i') \implies

length B' = length B \wedge length SA' = length SA

by (clarsimp split: if-splits nat.splits SL-types.splits simp: Let-def)

lemma *repeat-abs-induce-l-step-lengths*:

repeat n abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, i) (α , T) = (B', SA', i') \implies

length B' = length B \wedge length SA' = length SA

proof –

let $?P = \lambda(a, b, c). \text{length } a = \text{length } B \wedge \text{length } b = \text{length } SA$
from *abs-induce-l-step-lengths*
have $A: \bigwedge a. ?P a \implies ?P (\text{abs-induce-l-step } a (\alpha, T))$
by (*clarsimp simp: Let-def split: prod.splits if-splits nat.splits SL-types.splits*)
assume $\text{repeat } n \text{ abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i')$
with $\text{repeat-maintain-inv}[of ?P \text{abs-induce-l-step } (\alpha, T) (B, SA, i) n,$
 $OF A]$
show *?thesis*
by *auto*
qed

lemma *abs-induce-l-index*:
 $\exists B' SA'. \text{abs-induce-l-base } \alpha T B SA = (B', SA', \text{length } T)$
by (*metis add.right-neutral abs-induce-l-base-def repeat-abs-induce-l-step-index*)

lemma *abs-induce-l-length*:
 $\text{length } (\text{abs-induce-l } \alpha T B SA) = \text{length } SA$
unfolding *abs-induce-l-def abs-induce-l-base-def*
by (*rule repeat-maintain-inv*)
(fastforce
simp del: abs-induce-l-step.simps
split: prod.splits
dest: abs-induce-l-step-SA-length)+

66 Precondition Definitions

definition *lms-init* :: $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where
 $\text{lms-init } \alpha T SA =$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)).$
 $\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b =$
 $\text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b))$
 $)$

lemma *lms-init-D*:
 $\llbracket \text{lms-init } \alpha T SA; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{lms-bucket } \alpha T b = \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b))$
using *lms-init-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *lms-init-nth*:
 $\llbracket \text{lms-init } \alpha T SA;$
 $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T));$
 $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i;$
 $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b;$

$\llbracket \text{length } SA = \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{abs-is-lms } T (SA ! i) \wedge \alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b$
by (*fastforce*)
 $\text{dest: lms-init-D list-slice-nth-mem}[\mathbf{where } xs = SA]$
 $\text{simp: bucket-end-le-length lms-bucket-def bucket-def}$

lemma *lms-init-imp-distinct-bucket*:

$\llbracket \text{lms-init } \alpha T SA;$
 $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T));$
 $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{distinct } (\text{list-slice } SA (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b))$
by (*metis bucket-end-def' min.absorb1 diff-diff-add bucket-end-le-length*
l-pl-pure-s-pl-lms-size lms-bucket-start-def length-list-slice
diff-add-inverse lms-init-D lms-bucket-size-def card-distinct)

lemma *lms-init-imp-all-lms-in-SA*:

assumes *lms-init* $\alpha T SA$
and *strict-mono* α
shows $\{k \mid k. \text{abs-is-lms } T k\} \subseteq \text{set } SA$

proof

fix x
assume $x \in \{k \mid k. \text{abs-is-lms } T k\}$
hence $x < \text{length } T$
using *abs-is-lms-gre-length le-less-linear* **by** *blast*

from $\langle x \in \{k \mid k. \text{abs-is-lms } T k\} \rangle$
have *abs-is-lms* $T x$
by *blast*
with $\langle x < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! x))$
unfolding *lms-bucket-def bucket-def*
by *blast*

from $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle \langle x < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $\alpha (T ! x) \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
by (*simp add: strict-mono-leD*)

from *lms-init-D*[*OF* $\langle \text{lms-init } \alpha T SA \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! x) \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$]
 $\langle x \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! x)) \rangle$
show $x \in \text{set } SA$
using *list-slice-subset* **by** *force*

qed

definition *s-init* :: $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

s-init $\alpha T SA =$

$(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)).$

$\forall i < \text{length } SA. \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b \longrightarrow SA$

! i = length T
)

lemma *s-init-D*:
 \llbracket s-init α T SA;
 $b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T));
 $i < \text{length SA}$;
l-bucket-end α T $b \leq i$;
 $i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha$ T $b \rrbracket \implies$
SA ! i = length T
using *s-init-def* **by** *blast*

definition *l-init* :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow bool
where
l-init α T SA =
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T)).
 $\forall i < \text{length SA. bucket-start } \alpha$ T $b \leq i \wedge i < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha$ T $b \longrightarrow$ SA ! i =
length T
)

lemma *l-init-D*:
 \llbracket *l-init* α T SA;
 $b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T));
 $i < \text{length SA}$;
bucket-start α T $b \leq i$;
 $i < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha$ T $b \rrbracket \implies$
SA ! i = length T
using *l-init-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *init-imp-lms-range*:
assumes *lms-init* α T SA
and *l-init* α T SA
and *s-init* α T SA
and $\text{length SA} = \text{length T}$
and *strict-mono* α
and $i < \text{length SA}$
and SA ! i = j
and $j < \text{length T}$
shows *lms-bucket-start* α T (α (T ! j)) $\leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ T (α (T ! j))

proof –
from $\langle i < \text{length SA} \rangle \langle \text{length SA} = \text{length T} \rangle$
have $i < \text{length T}$
by *simp*

from *index-in-bucket-interval-gen*[OF $\langle i < \text{length T} \rangle \langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle]$
obtain *b* **where**
 $b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T))
bucket-start α T $b \leq i$
 $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ T b

by *blast*

have $i < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \longrightarrow \text{False}$

proof

assume $i < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b$

with $l\text{-init-}D[OF \langle l\text{-init } \alpha T SA \rangle \langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle \langle i < length SA \rangle]$
 $\langle bucket\text{-start } \alpha T b \leq i \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i = j \rangle$
 $\langle j < length T \rangle$

show *False*

by *simp*

qed

have $l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \longrightarrow \text{False}$

proof(*intro impI; elim conjE*)

assume $l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b$

with $s\text{-init-}D[OF \langle s\text{-init } \alpha T SA \rangle \langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle \langle i < length SA \rangle]$
 $\langle SA ! i = j \rangle$
 $\langle j < length T \rangle$

show *False*

by *simp*

qed

with $\langle i < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \longrightarrow \text{False} \rangle$

$\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$
 $\langle i < bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b \rangle$
 $\langle lms\text{-init } \alpha T SA \rangle$
 $\langle length SA = length T \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i = j \rangle$

show *?thesis*

by (*metis lms-init-nth not-less*)

qed

lemma *init-imp-only-lms-types*:

assumes $lms\text{-init } \alpha T SA$

and $l\text{-init } \alpha T SA$

and $s\text{-init } \alpha T SA$

and $length SA = length T$

and *strict-mono* α

shows $\forall i < length SA. SA ! i < length T \longrightarrow abs\text{-is-lms } T (SA ! i)$

proof (*intro allI impI*)

fix i

assume $i < length SA \wedge SA ! i < length T$

with $init\text{-imp-lms-range}[OF \langle lms\text{-init } \alpha T SA \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-init } \alpha T SA \rangle$
 $\langle s\text{-init } \alpha T SA \rangle$
 $\langle length SA = length T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$
 $\langle i < length SA \rangle]$

have $lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i))) \leq i \wedge i < bucket\text{-end } \alpha T (\alpha (T !$

$(SA ! i))$
 by *simp*
 with $\langle SA ! i < length T \rangle \langle lms-init \alpha T SA \rangle \langle length SA = length T \rangle \langle strict-mono \alpha \rangle$
 show *abs-is-lms* $T (SA ! i)$
 by (*meson* *Max-greD* *lms-init-nth* *strict-mono-less-eq*)
 qed

lemma *init-imp-only-s-types*:

assumes *lms-init* $\alpha T SA$
 and *l-init* $\alpha T SA$
 and *s-init* $\alpha T SA$
 and $length SA = length T$
 and *strict-mono* α
 shows $\forall i < length SA. SA ! i < length T \longrightarrow suffix-type T (SA ! i) = S-type$
 using *assms* *init-imp-only-lms-types* *abs-is-lms-def* by *blast*

definition *lms-sorted-init* ::

$('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow$
 $('a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a list) \Rightarrow$
 $'a list \Rightarrow$
 $nat list \Rightarrow$
 $bool$
 where
 $lms-sorted-init \alpha f T SA =$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))).$
 $ordlistns.sorted (map (f T) (list-slice SA (lms-bucket-start \alpha T b) (bucket-end$
 $\alpha T b)))$
 $)$

lemma *lms-sorted-init-D*:

$[[lms-sorted-init \alpha f T SA; b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))]] \Longrightarrow$
 $ordlistns.sorted (map (f T) (list-slice SA (lms-bucket-start \alpha T b) (bucket-end$
 $\alpha T b)))$
 using *lms-sorted-init-def* by *blast*

definition *l-suffix-sorted-pre* ::

$('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow bool$
 where
 $l-suffix-sorted-pre \alpha T SA =$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))).$
 $ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) (list-slice SA (lms-bucket-start \alpha T b) (bucket-end$
 $\alpha T b)))$
 $)$

lemma *l-suffix-sorted-preD*:

$[[l-suffix-sorted-pre \alpha T SA; b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))]] \Longrightarrow$
 $ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) (list-slice SA (lms-bucket-start \alpha T b) (bucket-end$
 $\alpha T b)))$

using *l-suffix-sorted-pre-def* **by** *blast*

definition *l-prefix-sorted-pre* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

l-prefix-sorted-pre α *T SA* =

$(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max} (\text{set } T))).$

ordlistns.sorted (*map* (*lms-prefix* *T*) (*list-slice* *SA* (*lms-bucket-start* α *T* *b*)

(*bucket-end* α *T* *b*)))

)

lemma *l-prefix-sorted-preD*:

$[[\textit{l-prefix-sorted-pre } \alpha \textit{ T SA}; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max} (\text{set } T))]] \Longrightarrow$

ordlistns.sorted (*map* (*lms-prefix* *T*) (*list-slice* *SA* (*lms-bucket-start* α *T* *b*)

(*bucket-end* α *T* *b*)))

using *l-prefix-sorted-pre-def* **by** *blast*

definition *l-perm-pre* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow$

'a list \Rightarrow

nat list \Rightarrow

nat list \Rightarrow

bool

where

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* =

(*lms-init* α *T SA* \wedge

l-init α *T SA* \wedge

s-init α *T SA* \wedge

l-bucket-init α *T B* \wedge

T $\neq []$ \wedge

strict-mono α \wedge

length SA = *length T* \wedge

$\alpha (\text{Max} (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$)

lemma *l-perm-pre-elim*s:

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* \Longrightarrow *lms-init* α *T SA*

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* \Longrightarrow *l-init* α *T SA*

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* \Longrightarrow *s-init* α *T SA*

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* \Longrightarrow *l-bucket-init* α *T B*

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* \Longrightarrow *T* $\neq []$

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* \Longrightarrow *strict-mono* α

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* \Longrightarrow *length SA* = *length T*

l-perm-pre α *T B SA* \Longrightarrow $\alpha (\text{Max} (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$

unfolding *l-perm-pre-def* **by** *blast+*

67 Invariant Definitions

This section contains all the various invariants that we need for the *abs-induce-l* subroutine.

67.1 Distinctness

definition *l-distinct-inv* :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list ⇒ nat list ⇒ bool

where

l-distinct-inv T SA = distinct (filter (λx. x < length T) SA)

lemma *l-distinct-inv-D*:

assumes *l-distinct-inv* T SA

and $i < \text{length } SA$

and $j < \text{length } SA$

and $i \neq j$

and $SA ! i < \text{length } T$

and $SA ! j < \text{length } T$

shows $SA ! i \neq SA ! j$

proof –

from *filter-nth-relative-neq-1* [where $P = \lambda x. x < \text{length } T$,

OF $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$

$\langle SA ! i < \text{length } T \rangle$

$\langle j < \text{length } SA \rangle$

$\langle SA ! j < \text{length } T \rangle$

$\langle i \neq j \rangle$]

obtain $i' j'$ **where**

$i' < \text{length } (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA)$

$j' < \text{length } (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA)$

$\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA ! i' = SA ! i$

$\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA ! j' = SA ! j$

$i' \neq j'$

by *blast*

from *distinct-conv-nth* [THEN *iffD1*,

OF *l-distinct-inv-def* [THEN *iffD1*],

OF $\langle \text{l-distinct-inv } T SA \rangle$

$\langle \text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA ! i' = SA ! i \rangle$

$\langle \text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA ! j' = SA ! j \rangle$

$\langle i' < \text{length } (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA) \rangle$

$\langle i' \neq j' \rangle$

$\langle j' < \text{length } (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) SA) \rangle$

show *?thesis*

by *fastforce*

qed

67.2 Predecessor

definition *l-pred-inv* :: ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) list ⇒ nat list ⇒ nat ⇒ bool

where

$l\text{-pred-inv } T SA k =$
 $(\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i < \text{length } T \wedge \text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists j < \text{length } SA. SA ! j = \text{Suc } (SA ! i) \wedge j < i \wedge j < k))$

lemma $l\text{-pred-inv-D}$:

$\llbracket l\text{-pred-inv } T SA k; i < \text{length } SA; SA ! i < \text{length } T; \text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) =$
 $L\text{-type} \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $\exists j < \text{length } SA. SA ! j = \text{Suc } (SA ! i) \wedge SA ! j < \text{length } T \wedge j < i \wedge j < k$
by (*metis SL-types.simps(2) Suc-lessI l-pred-inv-def suffix-type-last*)

67.3 L Bucket Ptr

We prove that the pointer for each bucket is related to the number of L-types currently in SA. That is, if we subtract the original pointer with the current, we should have the number of L-types currently in SA for each symbol.

definition $cur\text{-}l\text{-types} ::$

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat set}$
where

$cur\text{-}l\text{-types } \alpha T SA b = \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set } SA \wedge i \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \}$

definition $num\text{-}l\text{-types} ::$

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$
where

$num\text{-}l\text{-types } \alpha T SA b = \text{card } (cur\text{-}l\text{-types } \alpha T SA b)$

definition $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv} ::$

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where

$l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \equiv$

$(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)). B ! b = \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b + \text{num-l-types } \alpha T SA b)$

lemma $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-D}$:

$\llbracket l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $B ! b = \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b + \text{num-l-types } \alpha T SA b$
using $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-def}$ **by** *blast*

67.4 Unknowns

definition $l\text{-unknowns-inv} ::$

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where

$l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA \equiv$

$(\forall a \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)). \forall k. B ! a \leq k \wedge k < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T a \longrightarrow SA ! k =$
 $\text{length } T)$

lemma $l\text{-unknowns-inv-D}$:

$\llbracket l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)); B ! b \leq k; k < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha$
 $T b \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$

$SA ! k = \text{length } T$
using *l-unknowns-inv-def* **by** *blast*

67.5 Indexes

definition *l-index-inv* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
l-index-inv $\alpha T B SA \equiv$
 $(\forall i < \text{length } SA.$
 $(\forall j. SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \wedge \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \wedge \text{suffix-type } T j = \text{L-type} \longrightarrow$
 $i < B ! (\alpha (T ! j)))$
 $)$
 $)$

lemma *l-index-inv-D*:

$\llbracket \text{l-index-inv } \alpha T B SA; i < \text{length } SA; SA ! i = \text{Suc } j; \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T; \text{suffix-type } T j = \text{L-type} \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $i < B ! (\alpha (T ! j))$
using *l-index-inv-def* **by** *blast*

67.6 Unchanged

definition *l-unchanged-inv* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
l-unchanged-inv $\alpha T SA SA' =$
 $((\text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA) \wedge$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)).$
 $(\forall i < \text{length } SA. \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \longrightarrow SA ! i =$
 $SA' ! i)$
 $))$

lemma *l-unchanged-inv-trans*:

$\llbracket \text{l-unchanged-inv } \alpha T SA0 SA1; \text{l-unchanged-inv } \alpha T SA1 SA2 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $\text{l-unchanged-inv } \alpha T SA0 SA2$
by (*simp add: l-unchanged-inv-def*)

lemma *l-unchanged-inv-D*:

$\llbracket \text{l-unchanged-inv } \alpha T SA SA'; \text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T));$
 $i < \text{length } SA; \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq i; i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $SA ! i = SA' ! i$
using *l-unchanged-inv-def* **by** *blast*

67.7 L Locations

definition *l-locations-inv* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
l-locations-inv $\alpha T B SA =$

$(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))).$
 $(\forall i < \text{length } SA. \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < B ! b \longrightarrow$
 $SA ! i < \text{length } T \wedge \text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) = L\text{-type} \wedge \alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b$
 $)$
 $)$

lemma *l-locations-inv-D:*

$\llbracket l\text{-locations-inv } \alpha T B SA;$
 $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T));$
 $i < \text{length } SA;$
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i;$
 $i < B ! b \rrbracket \implies$
 $SA ! i < \text{length } T \wedge \text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) = L\text{-type} \wedge \alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b$
using *l-locations-inv-def* **by** *blast*

lemma *l-locations-list-slice:*

assumes *l-locations-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
shows $\text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (B ! b)) \subseteq l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$
 $(\text{is set } ?xs \subseteq l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b)$

proof

fix x

assume $x \in \text{set } ?xs$

from *nth-mem-list-slice*[*OF* $\langle x \in \text{set } ?xs \rangle$]

obtain i **where**

$i < \text{length } SA$

$\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i$

$i < B ! b$

$SA ! i = x$

by *blast*

with *l-locations-inv-D*[*OF* *assms*, *of* i]

have $x < \text{length } T \text{suffix-type } T x = L\text{-type } \alpha (T ! x) = b$

by *blast+*

then show $x \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$

by (*simp add: bucket-def l-bucket-def*)

qed

67.8 Seen

In this section, we prove that the seen invariant is maintained. In English, this invariant states for all L-type suffixes, excluding the one that starts at position 0, in the suffix array (SA) and that are less than the current index, their left neighbour is also in SA.

definition *l-seen-inv* :: $('a :: \{ \text{linorder}, \text{order-bot} \}) \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

l-seen-inv $T SA n \equiv \forall i < n. i < \text{length } SA \wedge SA ! i < \text{length } T \longrightarrow$

$(\forall j. SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \wedge \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow$

$(\exists k < \text{length } SA. SA ! k = j))$

lemma *l-seen-inv-nth-ex*:

$\llbracket l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } n; i < n; i < \text{length SA}; SA ! i < \text{length } T; SA ! i = \text{Suc } j;$
 $\text{suffix-type } T \text{ } j = L\text{-type} \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists k < \text{length SA}. SA ! k = j$
using *l-seen-inv-def* **by** *blast*

67.9 Sortedness

definition *abs-induce-l-sorted* ::

$(('a :: \{ \text{linorder}, \text{order-bot} \}) \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where

$\text{abs-induce-l-sorted } f \text{ T SA} = \text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (f \text{ T}) (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) \text{ SA}))$

lemma *abs-induce-l-sorted-nth*:

assumes *abs-induce-l-sorted* $f \text{ T SA}$

and $i < j$

and $j < \text{length SA}$

and $SA ! i < \text{length } T$

and $SA ! j < \text{length } T$

shows *list-less-eq-ns* $(f \text{ T } (SA ! i)) (f \text{ T } (SA ! j))$

proof –

let $?SA = \text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T) \text{ SA}$ **and**

$?le = (\lambda x y. \text{list-less-eq-ns } (f \text{ T } x) (f \text{ T } y))$

from *filter-nth-relative-1* [**where** $P = (\lambda x. x < \text{length } T)$,

$OF \langle j < \text{length SA} \rangle$

$\langle SA ! j < \text{length } T \rangle$

$\langle i < j \rangle$

$\langle SA ! i < \text{length } T \rangle]$

obtain $i' \ j'$ **where**

$j' < \text{length } ?SA$

$i' < j'$

$?SA ! j' = SA ! j$

$?SA ! i' = SA ! i$

by *blast*

from *ordlistns.sorted-map*

$\langle \text{abs-induce-l-sorted } f \text{ T SA} \rangle$

have *sorted-wrt* $?le \ ?SA$

unfolding *abs-induce-l-sorted-def*

by *blast*

from *sorted-wrt-nth-less* [$OF \langle \text{sorted-wrt } ?le \ ?SA \rangle$

$\langle i' < j' \rangle$

$\langle j' < \text{length } ?SA \rangle]$

have *list-less-eq-ns* $(f \text{ T } (?SA ! i')) (f \text{ T } (?SA ! j'))$

by *assumption*

with $\langle ?SA ! i' = SA ! i \rangle \langle ?SA ! j' = SA ! j \rangle$

show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed

definition *l-suffix-sorted-inv* ::
 $((\text{'a} :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow \text{'a list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
 $l\text{-suffix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA =$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))).$
 $ordlistns.sorted \ (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \ (\text{list-slice } SA \ (\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) \ (B \ ! \ b)))$

lemma *l-suffix-sorted-invD*:
 $[[l\text{-suffix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))]] \Longrightarrow$
 $ordlistns.sorted \ (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \ (\text{list-slice } SA \ (\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) \ (B \ ! \ b)))$
using *l-suffix-sorted-inv-def* **by** *blast*

definition *l-prefix-sorted-inv* ::
 $((\text{'a} :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow \text{'a list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
 $l\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA =$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))).$
 $ordlistns.sorted \ (\text{map } (\text{lms-prefix } T) \ (\text{list-slice } SA \ (\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) \ (B \ ! \ b)))$

lemma *l-prefix-sorted-invD*:
 $[[l\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))]] \Longrightarrow$
 $ordlistns.sorted \ (\text{map } (\text{lms-prefix } T) \ (\text{list-slice } SA \ (\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) \ (B \ ! \ b)))$
using *l-prefix-sorted-inv-def* **by** *blast*

67.10 Permutation

definition *l-perm-inv* ::
 $(\text{'a} :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'a list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow$
 bool
where
 $l\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ i \equiv$
 $\alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B \wedge$
 $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T \wedge$
 $\text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA \wedge$
 $l\text{-distinct-inv } T \ SA' \wedge$
 $l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \wedge$
 $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \wedge$
 $l\text{-index-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \wedge$
 $l\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ SA \ SA' \wedge$
 $l\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \wedge$

l-pred-inv $T SA' i \wedge$
l-seen-inv $T SA' i \wedge$
strict-mono $\alpha \wedge$
 $T \neq [] \wedge$
lms-init $\alpha T SA \wedge$
s-init $\alpha T SA$

lemma *l-perm-inv-elim*:

l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{l-distinct-inv } T SA'$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{l-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA'$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{l-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA'$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{l-index-inv } \alpha T B SA'$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{l-unchanged-inv } \alpha T SA SA'$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{l-locations-inv } \alpha T B SA'$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{l-pred-inv } T SA' i$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{l-seen-inv } T SA' i$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{strict-mono } \alpha$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies T \neq []$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{lms-init } \alpha T SA$
l-perm-inv $\alpha T B SA SA' i \implies \text{s-init } \alpha T SA$
by (*simp add: l-perm-inv-def*)+

68 Invariant Helpers

68.1 Distinctness of New Insert

We prove that the next item to be inserted cannot already be in the suffix array.

lemma *l-distinct-pred-inv-helper*:

assumes $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and $\text{suffix-type } T j = \text{L-type}$
and $\text{l-distinct-inv } T SA$
and $\text{l-pred-inv } T SA i$
shows $j \notin \text{set } SA$

proof

assume $j \in \text{set } SA$
then obtain l **where**
 $l < \text{length } SA$
 $SA ! l = j$
by (*meson in-set-conv-nth*)

from $\text{l-pred-inv-D}[OF \langle \text{l-pred-inv } T SA i \rangle \langle l < \text{length } SA \rangle]$
 $\langle SA ! l = j \rangle$

```

    ⟨SA ! i = Suc j⟩
    ⟨Suc j < length T⟩
    ⟨suffix-type T j = L-type⟩
obtain i' where
    i' < length SA
    SA ! i' = Suc j
    i' < l
    i' < i
    by auto

from ⟨SA ! i = Suc j⟩ ⟨SA ! i' = Suc j⟩
have SA ! i = SA ! i'
    by simp

from ⟨SA ! i' = Suc j⟩ ⟨Suc j < length T⟩
have SA ! i' < length T
    by simp

from ⟨i' < i⟩
have i ≠ i'
    by simp

from ⟨SA ! i = Suc j⟩ ⟨Suc j < length T⟩
have SA ! i < length T
    by simp

from l-distinct-inv-D[OF ⟨l-distinct-inv T SA⟩
    ⟨i < length SA⟩
    ⟨i' < length SA⟩
    ⟨i ≠ i'⟩
    ⟨SA ! i < length T⟩
    ⟨SA ! i' < length T⟩]
    ⟨SA ! i = SA ! i'⟩
show False
    by simp
qed

lemma l-distinct-slice:
  assumes l-distinct-inv T SA
  and l-locations-inv α T B SA
  and length SA = length T
  and b ≤ α (Max (set T))
shows distinct (list-slice SA (bucket-start α T b) (B ! b))
  (is distinct ?xs)
proof (intro distinct-conv-nth[THEN iffD2] allI impI)
  fix i j
  assume i < length ?xs j < length ?xs i ≠ j

  let ?i = bucket-start α T b + i

```

```

and ?j = bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b + j

have SA ! ?i = ?xs ! i
  using ⟨i < length ?xs⟩ nth-list-slice by force

have SA ! ?j = ?xs ! j
  using ⟨j < length ?xs⟩ nth-list-slice by force

from ⟨i ≠ j⟩
have ?i ≠ ?j
  by auto
moreover
from ⟨i < length ?xs⟩
have ?i < length SA ?i < B ! b
  by auto
with l-locations-inv-D[OF assms(2,4), of ?i]
have SA ! ?i < length T
  using le-add1 by blast
moreover
from ⟨j < length ?xs⟩
have ?j < length SA ?j < B ! b
  by auto
with l-locations-inv-D[OF assms(2,4), of ?j]
have SA ! ?j < length T
  using le-add1 by blast
ultimately have SA ! ?i ≠ SA ! ?j
  using l-distinct-inv-D[OF assms(1) ⟨?i < length SA⟩ ⟨?j < length SA⟩]
  by blast
with ⟨SA ! ?i = ?xs ! i⟩ ⟨SA ! ?j = ?xs ! j⟩
show ?xs ! i ≠ ?xs ! j
  by simp
qed

```

68.2 Bucket Ranges

lemma num-l-types-le-l-bucket-size:

num-l-types α T SA b \leq l-bucket-size α T b

by (metis (no-types, lifting) card-mono cur-l-types-def finite-l-bucket l-bucket-size-def mem-Collect-eq num-l-types-def subsetI)

lemma num-l-types-less-l-bucket-size:

[[j \notin set SA; suffix-type T j = L-type; α (T ! j) = b; j < length T]] \implies
 num-l-types α T SA b < l-bucket-size α T b

apply (clarsimp simp: num-l-types-def cur-l-types-def l-bucket-size-def)

apply (rule psubset-card-mono)

apply (simp add: finite-l-bucket)

apply (rule psubsetI)

apply (rule subsetI)

apply blast

```

apply clarsimp
apply (drule equalityD2)
apply (drule subsetD[where  $c = j$ ])
  apply (simp add: bucket-def l-bucket-def)
apply blast
done

```

```

lemma l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-le-l-bucket-end:
   $\llbracket l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $B ! b \leq l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$ 
apply (drule (1) l-bucket-ptr-inv-D)
by (simp add: l-bucket-end-def num-l-types-le-l-bucket-size)

```

```

lemma l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end:
   $\llbracket l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; j < \text{length } T; \text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type}; j \notin \text{set } SA;$ 
   $\text{strict-mono } \alpha \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $B ! (\alpha \ (T ! j)) < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T ! j))$ 
apply (frule num-l-types-less-l-bucket-size[where  $\alpha = \alpha$  and  $b = \alpha \ (T ! j)$ ];
assumption?)
apply simp
apply (drule l-bucket-ptr-inv-D[where  $b = \alpha \ (T ! j)$ ])
apply (simp add: strict-mono-leD)
by (simp add: l-bucket-end-def)

```

```

lemma bucket-size-imp-less-length:
   $\llbracket l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; j < \text{length } T; \text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type}; j \notin \text{set } SA;$ 
   $\text{strict-mono } \alpha \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $B ! (\alpha \ (T ! j)) < \text{length } T$ 
apply (drule (4) l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end)
apply (erule order.strict-trans2)
apply (rule order.trans[OF l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end bucket-end-le-length])
done

```

```

lemma l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start:
   $\llbracket l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq B ! b$ 
by (simp add: l-bucket-ptr-inv-D)

```

```

lemma l-bucket-ptr-inv-le-bucket-pointers:
   $\llbracket l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; a < b; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \implies$ 
   $B ! a \leq B ! b$ 
apply (frule l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-le-l-bucket-end[where  $b = a$ ])
apply arith
apply (frule l-bucket-ptr-inv-D[where  $b = b$ ])
apply assumption
apply simp
apply (erule order.trans)
apply (rule order.trans[where  $b = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$ ])
apply (erule order.trans[OF l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end less-bucket-end-le-start])

```

apply simp
done

68.3 No Overwrite

We prove that the next location is set as unknown.

lemma *l-unknowns-l-bucket-ptr-inv-helper*:

[[*l-unknowns-inv* α T B SA ;
l-bucket-ptr-inv α T B SA ;
 $j < \text{length } T$;
suffix-type T $j = L\text{-type}$;
 $j \notin \text{set } SA$;
strict-mono α ;
 $k = \alpha (T ! j)$;
 $l = B ! k$]] \implies
 $SA ! l = \text{length } T$

apply (*drule* (4) *l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end*)

apply (*drule* *l-unknowns-inv-D*[**where** $b = k$ **and** $k = l$]; *simp add: strict-mono-leD*)
done

lemma *unchanged-slice*:

assumes *l-unchanged-inv* α T $SA0$ SA

and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0$

and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$

and $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$

and *l-bucket-end* α T $b \leq i$

and $j \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ T b

shows *list-slice* $SA0$ i $j = \text{list-slice } SA$ i j

proof (*intro list-eq-iff-nth-eq*[*THEN iffD2*] *allI impI conjI*)

from $\langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0 \rangle$

length-list-slice

show $\text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA0$ i $j) = \text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA$ i $j)$

by *simp*

next

fix k

assume $k < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA0$ i $j)$

with $\langle \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha$ T $b \leq i \rangle$

have *l-bucket-end* α T $b \leq i + k$

by *simp*

from $\langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } T \rangle$

have *bucket-end* α T $b \leq \text{length } SA$

by (*simp add: bucket-end-le-length*)

with $\langle j \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ T $b \rangle$

have $j \leq \text{length } SA$

by *simp*

with $\langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0 \rangle$

have $\text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA0$ i $j) = j - i$

```

  by simp
with ⟨k < length (list-slice SA0 i j)⟩
have i < j
  by linarith

from ⟨j ≤ length SA⟩
  ⟨k < length (list-slice SA0 i j)⟩
  ⟨length (list-slice SA0 i j) = j - i⟩
  ⟨length SA = length SA0⟩
have i + k < length SA0
  by linarith

from ⟨j ≤ bucket-end α T b⟩
  ⟨k < length (list-slice SA0 i j)⟩
  ⟨length (list-slice SA0 i j) = j - i⟩
have i + k < bucket-end α T b
  by linarith

from l-unchanged-inv-D[OF ⟨l-unchanged-inv α T SA0 SA⟩
  ⟨length SA = length SA0⟩
  ⟨b ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩
  ⟨i + k < length SA0⟩
  ⟨l-bucket-end α T b ≤ i + k⟩
  ⟨i + k < bucket-end α T b⟩]
  ⟨k < length (list-slice SA0 i j)⟩
  ⟨length SA = length SA0⟩
show list-slice SA0 i j ! k = list-slice SA i j ! k
  by (metis length-list-slice nth-list-slice)
qed

lemma lms-init-unchanged:
  assumes l-unchanged-inv α T SA0 SA
  and length SA = length SA0
  and length SA = length T
  and lms-init α T SA0
  shows lms-init α T SA
  unfolding lms-init-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix b
  assume b ≤ α (Max (set T))

  have l-bucket-end α T b ≤ lms-bucket-start α T b
    by (simp add: l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start)

  from unchanged-slice[OF ⟨l-unchanged-inv α T SA0 SA⟩
    ⟨length SA = length SA0⟩
    ⟨length SA = length T⟩
    ⟨b ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩
    ⟨l-bucket-end α T b ≤ lms-bucket-start α T b⟩]

```


order.refl]

lms-init-D[*OF* $\langle \text{lms-init } \alpha \ T \ SA0 \rangle \langle b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$]

show $\text{lms-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b = \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b))$

by *simp*

qed

lemma *s-init-unchanged*:

assumes *l-unchanged-inv* $\alpha \ T \ SA0 \ SA$

and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0$

and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$

and *s-init* $\alpha \ T \ SA0$

shows *s-init* $\alpha \ T \ SA$

unfolding *s-init-def*

proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)

fix $b \ i$

assume $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$

$i < \text{length } SA$

$\text{l-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \leq i$

$i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$

have $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$

by (*simp add: bucket-end-def' l-pl-pure-s-pl-lms-size lms-bucket-start-def*)

with $\langle i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle$

have $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$

by *simp*

from $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle \langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0 \rangle$

have $i < \text{length } SA0$

by *simp*

from *l-unchanged-inv-D*[*OF* $\langle \text{l-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ SA0 \ SA \rangle$

$\langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0 \rangle$

$\langle b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$

$\langle i < \text{length } SA0 \rangle$

$\langle \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \leq i \rangle$

$\langle i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle$]

have $SA0 ! i = SA ! i$

by *assumption*

from *s-init-D*[*OF* $\langle \text{s-init } \alpha \ T \ SA0 \rangle$

$\langle b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$

$\langle i < \text{length } SA0 \rangle$

$\langle \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \leq i \rangle$

$\langle i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle$]

have $SA0 ! i = \text{length } T$

by *simp*

with $\langle SA0 ! i = SA ! i \rangle$

show $SA ! i = \text{length } T$

by *simp*
qed

lemma *l-suffix-sorted-pre-maintained*:

assumes *l-unchanged-inv* α *T SA0 SA*
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and *l-suffix-sorted-pre* α *T SA0*
shows *l-suffix-sorted-pre* α *T SA*
unfolding *l-suffix-sorted-pre-def*
proof (*safe*)
fix *b*
assume $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*))
let *?xs* = *list-slice SA0 (lms-bucket-start* α *T b)* (*bucket-end* α *T b*) and
?ys = *list-slice SA (lms-bucket-start* α *T b)* (*bucket-end* α *T b*)

have *l-bucket-end* α *T b* \leq *lms-bucket-start* α *T b*
using *l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start* by *auto*
with *unchanged-slice*[*OF* *assms(1-3)* $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]
have *?xs* = *?ys*
by *blast*
then show *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix T*) *?ys*)
by (*metis* $\langle b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*)) \rangle *assms(4)* *l-suffix-sorted-pre-def*)
qed

lemma *l-prefix-sorted-pre-maintained*:

assumes *l-unchanged-inv* α *T SA0 SA*
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and *l-prefix-sorted-pre* α *T SA0*
shows *l-prefix-sorted-pre* α *T SA*
unfolding *l-prefix-sorted-pre-def*
proof (*safe*)
fix *b*
assume $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*))
let *?xs* = *list-slice SA0 (lms-bucket-start* α *T b)* (*bucket-end* α *T b*) and
?ys = *list-slice SA (lms-bucket-start* α *T b)* (*bucket-end* α *T b*)

have *l-bucket-end* α *T b* \leq *lms-bucket-start* α *T b*
using *l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start* by *auto*
with *unchanged-slice*[*OF* *assms(1-3)* $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]
have *?xs* = *?ys*
by *blast*
then show *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*lms-prefix T*) *?ys*)
by (*metis* $\langle b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*)) \rangle *assms(4)* *l-prefix-sorted-pre-def*)
qed

lemma *unknown-range-values*:

assumes *l-unchanged-inv* α *T SA0 SA*

```

and   l-unknowns-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
and   length SA = length SA0
and   length SA = length T
and   lms-init  $\alpha$  T SA0
and   s-init  $\alpha$  T SA0
and    $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))
and    $B ! b \leq i$ 
and    $i < \textit{lms-bucket-start}$   $\alpha$  T b
shows  $SA ! i = \textit{length T}$ 
proof –
  have  $i < \textit{length T}$ 
    by (meson assms(9) bucket-end-le-length leD le-less-linear le-less-trans lms-bucket-start-le-bucket-end)
  hence  $i < \textit{length SA}$ 
    by (simp add: assms(4))

  have  $i < \textit{l-bucket-end}$   $\alpha$  T b  $\vee$   $\textit{l-bucket-end}$   $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i$ 
    using not-less by blast
  moreover
  have  $i < \textit{l-bucket-end}$   $\alpha$  T b  $\implies$  ?thesis
  proof –
    assume  $i < \textit{l-bucket-end}$   $\alpha$  T b
    with l-unknowns-inv-D[OF assms(2,7,8)]
    show ?thesis .
  qed
  moreover
  have  $\textit{l-bucket-end}$   $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i \implies$  ?thesis
  proof –
    assume  $\textit{l-bucket-end}$   $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i$ 
    with s-init-D[OF s-init-unchanged[OF assms(1,3-4,6)] assms(7)]  $i < \textit{length SA}$  - assms(9)]
    show ?thesis .
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
qed

```

68.4 Bucket Values

```

lemma same-bucket-same-hd:
  assumes l-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$  T SA0 SA
  and   l-locations-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and   l-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and   l-unknowns-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and   length SA = length T
  and   length SA = length SA0
  and   lms-init  $\alpha$  T SA0
  and   s-init  $\alpha$  T SA0
  and    $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))
  and    $i < \textit{length SA}$ 

```

and $SA ! i < \text{length } T$
and $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i$
and $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
shows $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b$
proof –
have $i < B ! b \vee B ! b \leq i$
by *linarith*
then show *?thesis*
proof
assume $i < B ! b$
from $l\text{-locations-inv-}D[OF \langle l\text{-locations-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$
 $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i \rangle$
 $\langle i < B ! b \rangle]$
show *?thesis*
by *blast*
next
assume $B ! b \leq i$

from $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle \langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0 \rangle$
have $i < \text{length } SA0$
by *simp*

have $lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq i$
proof –
have $i < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \longrightarrow SA ! i = \text{length } T$
proof
assume $i < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b$
from $l\text{-unknowns-inv-}D[OF \langle l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$
 $\langle B ! b \leq i \rangle$
 $\langle i < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle]$
show $SA ! i = \text{length } T$
by *assumption*
qed

have $l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \longrightarrow SA ! i = \text{length}$
T
proof (*intro impI; elim conjE*)
assume $i < lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b$
 $l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq i$

from $\langle s\text{-init } \alpha T SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq i \rangle$
 $\langle i < lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \rangle$
 $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$
 $\langle i < \text{length } SA0 \rangle$
have $SA0 ! i = \text{length } T$

```

    by (metis s-init-def)
  with l-unchanged-inv-D[OF ‹l-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$  T SA0 SA›
      ‹length SA = length SA0›
      ‹ $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))›
      ‹ $i < \text{length SA0}\alpha$  T b  $\leq i$ ›
      ‹ $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha$  T b›]
  show SA ! i = length T
    by simp
qed

from ‹i < l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\longrightarrow$  SA ! i = length T›
  ‹l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i \wedge i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha$  T b  $\longrightarrow$  SA ! i = length
T›
  ‹SA ! i < length T›
  show lms-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i$ 
    by auto
  qed
  hence l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i$ 
    using l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start le-trans by blast

from ‹length SA = length T›
  have bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq \text{length SA}$ 
    by (simp add: bucket-end-le-length)
  with ‹lms-init  $\alpha$  T SA0›
      ‹lms-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i$ ›
      ‹i < bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b›
      ‹ $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))›
      ‹length SA = length SA0›
  have SA0 ! i  $\in$  lms-bucket  $\alpha$  T b
    by (metis list-slice-nth-mem lms-init-def)
  with l-unchanged-inv-D[OF ‹l-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$  T SA0 SA›
      ‹length SA = length SA0›
      ‹ $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))›
      ‹i < length SA0›
      ‹l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i$ ›
      ‹i < bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b›]
  have SA ! i  $\in$  lms-bucket  $\alpha$  T b
    by simp
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: bucket-def lms-bucket-def)
  qed
qed

lemma same-hd-same-bucket:
  assumes l-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$  T SA0 SA
  and l-locations-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and l-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and l-unknowns-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA

```

and $strict\text{-}mono\ \alpha$
and $length\ SA = length\ T$
and $length\ SA = length\ SA0$
and $lms\text{-}init\ \alpha\ T\ SA0$
and $s\text{-}init\ \alpha\ T\ SA0$
and $i < length\ SA$
and $SA\ !\ i < length\ T$
and $b = \alpha\ (T\ !\ (SA\ !\ i))$
shows $bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ b \leq i \wedge i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b$
proof –
from $\langle length\ SA = length\ T \rangle\ \langle i < length\ SA \rangle$
have $i < length\ T$
by *simp*
from $index\text{-}in\text{-}bucket\text{-}interval\text{-}gen[OF\ \langle i < length\ T \rangle\ \langle strict\text{-}mono\ \alpha \rangle]$
obtain b' **where**
 $b' \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T))$
 $bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ b' \leq i$
 $i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b'$
by *blast*

from $same\text{-}bucket\text{-}same\text{-}hd[OF\ \langle l\text{-}unchanged\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ SA0\ SA \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-}locations\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-}bucket\text{-}ptr\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-}unknowns\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA \rangle$
 $\langle length\ SA = length\ T \rangle$
 $\langle length\ SA = length\ SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle lms\text{-}init\ \alpha\ T\ SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle s\text{-}init\ \alpha\ T\ SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle b' \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T)) \rangle$
 $\langle i < length\ SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA\ !\ i < length\ T \rangle$
 $\langle bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ b' \leq i \rangle$
 $\langle i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b' \rangle]$
 $\langle b = \alpha\ (T\ !\ (SA\ !\ i)) \rangle$
 $\langle bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ b' \leq i \rangle$
 $\langle i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b' \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *less-bucket-less-hd*:
assumes $l\text{-}unchanged\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ SA0\ SA$
and $l\text{-}locations\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA$
and $l\text{-}bucket\text{-}ptr\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA$
and $l\text{-}unknowns\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA$
and $strict\text{-}mono\ \alpha$
and $length\ SA = length\ T$
and $length\ SA = length\ SA0$

and $lms-init \alpha T SA0$
and $s-init \alpha T SA0$
and $i < length SA$
and $SA ! i < length T$
and $i < bucket-start \alpha T b$
shows $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) < b$
proof –
from $same-hd-same-bucket[OF \langle l-unchanged-inv \alpha T SA0 SA \rangle$
 $\langle l-locations-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle l-bucket-ptr-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle l-unknowns-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle strict-mono \alpha \rangle$
 $\langle length SA = length T \rangle$
 $\langle length SA = length SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle lms-init \alpha T SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle s-init \alpha T SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle i < length SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i < length T \rangle,$
 $of \alpha (T ! (SA ! i))]$
have $bucket-start \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i))) \leq i \wedge i < bucket-end \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA$
 $! i)))$
by $simp$
then show $?thesis$
by ($meson \langle i < bucket-start \alpha T b \rangle bucket-start-le leD le-less-linear le-trans$)
qed

lemma $gr-bucket-gr-hd$:

assumes $l-unchanged-inv \alpha T SA0 SA$
and $l-locations-inv \alpha T B SA$
and $l-bucket-ptr-inv \alpha T B SA$
and $l-unknowns-inv \alpha T B SA$
and $strict-mono \alpha$
and $length SA = length T$
and $length SA = length SA0$
and $lms-init \alpha T SA0$
and $s-init \alpha T SA0$
and $i < length SA$
and $SA ! i < length T$
and $bucket-end \alpha T b \leq i$
shows $b < \alpha (T ! (SA ! i))$

proof –
from $same-hd-same-bucket[OF \langle l-unchanged-inv \alpha T SA0 SA \rangle$
 $\langle l-locations-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle l-bucket-ptr-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle l-unknowns-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle strict-mono \alpha \rangle$
 $\langle length SA = length T \rangle$
 $\langle length SA = length SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle lms-init \alpha T SA0 \rangle$

$\langle s\text{-init } \alpha \ T \ SA \ 0 \rangle$
 $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i < \text{length } T \rangle,$
 $\text{of } \alpha \ (T ! (SA ! i))]$

have $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T ! (SA ! i))) \leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T ! (SA ! i)))$
by *simp*
then show *?thesis*
by (*meson* $\langle \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \leq i \rangle$ *bucket-end-le leD le-less-linear less-le-trans*)
qed

68.5 Seen

We have two helper lemmas in the case of updating the suffix array SA, and in the case when the current index is incremented. The two lemmas are used in conjunction in the case that the SA is updated and the current index is incremented.

lemma *l-seen-inv-upd*:

assumes *l-seen-inv T SA n n ≤ k SA ! k = length T*

shows *l-seen-inv T (SA[k := x]) n*

unfolding *l-seen-inv-def*

proof *safe*

fix *i j*

assume *A: i < n i < length (SA[k := x]) SA[k := x] ! i < length T SA[k := x] ! i = Suc j*

suffix-type T j = L-type

hence $i \neq k$

using *assms(2) leD* **by** *blast*

hence *B: i < length SA SA ! i < length T SA ! i = Suc j*

using *A* **by** *auto*

with *l-seen-inv-nth-ex[OF assms(1) A(1) B A(5)]*

have $\exists k' < \text{length } SA. SA ! k' = j$

by *blast*

then obtain *k'* **where**

$k' < \text{length } SA \ SA ! k' = j$

by *blast*

then show $\exists k' < \text{length } (SA[k := x]). SA[k := x] ! k' = j$

by (*metis B(2,3) Suc-lessD assms(3) length-list-update less-irrefl-nat nth-list-update-neq*)

qed

lemma *l-seen-inv-Suc*:

assumes *l-seen-inv T SA n SA ! n = Suc j k < length SA SA ! k = j*

shows *l-seen-inv T SA (Suc n)*

unfolding *l-seen-inv-def*

proof *safe*

fix *i j'*

assume *A: i < Suc n i < length SA SA ! i < length T SA ! i = Suc j'*

suffix-type T j' = L-type

have $i < n \vee \neg i < n$


```

  by blast
then show  $\exists k < \text{length } SA. SA ! k = j'$ 
proof
  assume  $i < n$ 
  with  $l\text{-seen-inv-nth-ex}[OF \text{assms}(1) - A(2-)]$ 
  show  $\exists k < \text{length } SA. SA ! k = j'$ 
  by blast
next
  assume  $\neg i < n$ 
  then show  $\exists k < \text{length } SA. SA ! k = j'$ 
  using  $A(1) A(4) \text{assms}(2-)$  not-less-less-Suc-eq by force
qed
qed

```

69 Distinctness

lemma *distinct-app3*:

```

distinct (xs @ ys @ zs)  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  distinct xs  $\wedge$  distinct ys  $\wedge$  distinct zs  $\wedge$ 
  set xs  $\cap$  set ys = {}  $\wedge$  set xs  $\cap$  set zs = {}  $\wedge$  set ys  $\cap$  set zs = {}
by auto

```

69.1 Establishment

lemma *abs-is-lms-imp-in-lms-bucket*:

```

abs-is-lms  $T i \implies i \in \text{lms-bucket } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! i))$ 
apply (clarsimp simp: lms-bucket-def bucket-def)
by (simp add: abs-is-lms-def suffix-type-s-bound)

```

lemma *l-distinct-inv-established*:

```

assumes lms-init  $\alpha T SA$ 
and l-init  $\alpha T SA$ 
and s-init  $\alpha T SA$ 
and length SA = length T
and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and l-bucket-init  $\alpha T B$ 
shows l-distinct-inv T SA
unfolding l-distinct-inv-def
proof (intro distinct-conv-nth[THEN iffD2] allI impI)
  let ?P = ( $\lambda x. x < \text{length } T$ )
  let ?SA = filter ( $\lambda x. x < \text{length } T$ ) SA

  fix  $i j$ 
  assume  $i < \text{length } ?SA$   $j < \text{length } ?SA$   $i \neq j$ 

  from  $\langle i < \text{length } ?SA \rangle$ 
  have  $?SA ! i < \text{length } T$ 
  using mem-Collect-eq nth-mem by fastforce

```

```

from ⟨ $j < \text{length } ?SA$ ⟩
have  $?SA ! j < \text{length } T$ 
  using mem-Collect-eq nth-mem by fastforce

from filter-nth-relative-neq-2[OF ⟨ $i < \text{length } ?SA$ ⟩ ⟨ $j < \text{length } ?SA$ ⟩ ⟨ $i \neq j$ ⟩]
obtain  $i' j'$  where
   $i' < \text{length } SA$ 
   $j' < \text{length } SA$ 
   $SA ! i' = ?SA ! i$ 
   $SA ! j' = ?SA ! j$ 
   $i' \neq j'$ 
  by blast

from ⟨ $?SA ! i < \text{length } T$ ⟩ ⟨ $SA ! i' = ?SA ! i$ ⟩
have  $SA ! i' < \text{length } T$ 
  by simp

from ⟨ $?SA ! j < \text{length } T$ ⟩ ⟨ $SA ! j' = ?SA ! j$ ⟩
have  $SA ! j' < \text{length } T$ 
  by simp

from init-imp-lms-range assms ⟨ $i' < \text{length } SA$ ⟩ ⟨ $SA ! i' < \text{length } T$ ⟩
have  $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i'))) \leq i' i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')))$ 
  by blast+

from init-imp-lms-range assms ⟨ $j' < \text{length } SA$ ⟩ ⟨ $SA ! j' < \text{length } T$ ⟩
have  $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! j'))) \leq j' j' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! j')))$ 
  by blast+

have  $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = \alpha (T ! (SA ! j')) \vee \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) \neq \alpha (T ! (SA ! j'))$ 
  by simp
then show  $?SA ! i \neq ?SA ! j$ 
proof
  assume  $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = \alpha (T ! (SA ! j'))$ 
  with ⟨ $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i'))) \leq i'$ ⟩
  have  $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! j'))) \leq i'$ 
    by simp

from ⟨ $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = \alpha (T ! (SA ! j'))$ ⟩
  ⟨ $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')))$ ⟩
have  $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! j')))$ 
  by simp

with list-slice-nth-eq-iff-index-eq[OF lms-init-imp-distinct-bucket,
  OF ⟨ $\text{lms-init } \alpha T SA$ ⟩
  -

```

```

      <length SA = length T>
      -
      <lms-bucket-start α T (α (T ! (SA ! j'))) ≤ i'>
      -
      <lms-bucket-start α T (α (T ! (SA ! j'))) ≤ j'>
      <j' < bucket-end α T (α (T ! (SA ! j')))>]
    <i' ≠ j'>
    <length SA = length T>
    <SA ! j' < length T>
    <strict-mono α>
  have SA ! i' ≠ SA ! j'
    by (simp add: bucket-end-le-length strict-mono-less-eq)
  with <SA ! i' = ?SA ! i> <SA ! j' = ?SA ! j>
  show ?thesis
    by simp
next
  assume α (T ! (SA ! i')) ≠ α (T ! (SA ! j'))
  with <SA ! i' = ?SA ! i> <SA ! j' = ?SA ! j>
  show ?thesis
    by auto
qed
qed

```

corollary *l-distinct-inv-perm-established*:
assumes *l-perm-pre* α T B SA
shows *l-distinct-inv* T SA
using *assms l-distinct-inv-established l-perm-pre-def* **by** *blast*

69.2 Maintenance

lemma *l-distinct-inv-maintained*:
assumes *i < length SA*
and *SA ! i = Suc j*
and *Suc j < length T*
and *suffix-type T j = L-type*
and *l-distinct-inv T SA*
and *l-pred-inv T SA i*
shows *l-distinct-inv T (SA[l := j])*

proof —
let *?P = (λx. x < length T)*

from *<Suc j < length T>*
have *j < length T*
by *simp*

— We case on whether the update occurs on an index within bounds
have *l < length SA ∨ l ≥ length SA*
by *arith*
then show *?thesis*

proof

assume $l < \text{length } SA$

from $l\text{-distinct-pred-inv-helper}[OF \langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-distinct-inv } T SA \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-pred-inv } T SA i \rangle]$

have $j \notin \text{set } SA$
by *assumption*

let $?xs = \text{filter } ?P (\text{take } l SA)$ **and**
 $?ys = \text{filter } ?P (\text{drop } (\text{Suc } l) SA)$

— We have that $j \notin \text{set } SA$ and show that if we now add j to SA , it will maintain distinctness. This is straightforward but does require some massaging, i.e. casing on whether $SA ! l < \text{length } T$ or not, due to the use of *filter* in the $l\text{-distinct-inv } ?T ?SA = \text{distinct } (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x < \text{length } ?T) ?SA)$ definition.

from $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle \langle l < \text{length } SA \rangle$
have $f\text{-SA}' : \text{filter } ?P (SA[l := j]) = ?xs @ [j] @ ?ys$
by (*simp add: filter-update-nth-success*)

from $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$
have $\text{set } ?xs \cap \text{set } [j] = \{\}$
using *in-set-takeD* **by** *fastforce*

from $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$
have $\text{set } [j] \cap \text{set } ?ys = \{\}$
using *in-set-dropD* **by** *force*

have $SA ! l < \text{length } T \vee SA ! l \geq \text{length } T$
by *arith*

then show *?thesis*

proof

assume $SA ! l < \text{length } T$
with $\langle l < \text{length } SA \rangle$
have $f\text{-SA} : \text{filter } ?P SA = ?xs @ [SA ! l] @ ?ys$
by (*meson filter-take-nth-drop-success*)

from $f\text{-SA} \langle l\text{-distinct-inv } T SA \rangle \text{distinct-app3}[of ?xs [SA ! l] ?ys]$
have $\text{distinct } ?xs$
 $\text{distinct } ?ys$
 $\text{set } ?xs \cap \text{set } ?ys = \{\}$
unfolding $l\text{-distinct-inv-def}$
by *auto*

with $\langle \text{set } ?xs \cap \text{set } [j] = \{\} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{set } [j] \cap \text{set } ?ys = \{\} \rangle$

```

      f-SA'
    show ?thesis
      unfolding l-distinct-inv-def
      by auto
  next
    assume SA ! l ≥ length T
    with ⟨l < length SA⟩
    have f-SA: filter ?P SA = ?xs @ ?ys
      by (simp add: filter-take-nth-drop-fail)

    from f-SA ⟨l-distinct-inv T SA⟩ distinct-append[of ?xs ?ys]
    have distinct ?xs
      distinct ?ys
      set ?xs ∩ set ?ys = {}
      unfolding l-distinct-inv-def
      by auto
    with ⟨set ?xs ∩ set [j] = {}⟩
      ⟨set [j] ∩ set ?ys = {}⟩
      f-SA'
    show ?thesis
      unfolding l-distinct-inv-def
      by auto
  qed
next
  — We now handle the case  $length\ SA \leq l$ , which is straightforward. In the actual
  abs-Induce-l subroutine,  $l$  will always be less than  $length\ SA$ , but for this proof, we
  make no such assumption, nor do we need to prove it.
  assume l ≥ length SA
  hence SA[l := j] = SA
  by simp
  with ⟨l-distinct-inv T SA⟩
  show ?thesis
  by simp
qed
qed

```

corollary *l-distinct-inv-perm-maintained:*

```

  assumes l-perm-inv α T B SA0 SA i
  and i < length SA
  and SA ! i = Suc j
  and Suc j < length T
  and suffix-type T j = L-type
  shows l-distinct-inv T (SA[l := j])
  by (meson assms l-distinct-inv-maintained l-perm-inv-elim(4,10))

```

70 Unknowns

70.1 Establishment

lemma *l-unknowns-inv-established*:

assumes *l-init* α *T SA*
l-bucket-init α *T B*
length SA = length T

shows *l-unknowns-inv* α *T B SA*

unfolding *l-unknowns-inv-def*

proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)

fix *a k*

assume $a \leq \alpha$ (*Max (set T)*)

B ! a ≤ k

$k < \textit{l-bucket-end } \alpha \textit{ T a}$

from $\langle B ! a \leq k \rangle \textit{l-bucket-initD}[OF \langle \textit{l-bucket-init } \alpha \textit{ T B} \rangle \langle a \leq \alpha$ (*Max (set T)*) $\rangle]$

have *bucket-start* α *T a ≤ k*

by *simp*

from $\langle \textit{length SA = length T} \rangle \langle k < \textit{l-bucket-end } \alpha \textit{ T a} \rangle$

have $k < \textit{length SA}$

by (*metis bucket-end-le-length l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end less-le-trans*)

from *l-init-D*[*OF* $\langle \textit{l-init } \alpha \textit{ T SA} \rangle$

$\langle a \leq \alpha$ (*Max (set T)*) \rangle

$\langle k < \textit{length SA} \rangle$

$\langle \textit{bucket-start } \alpha \textit{ T a} \leq k \rangle$

$\langle k < \textit{l-bucket-end } \alpha \textit{ T a} \rangle]$

show *SA ! k = length T*

by *assumption*

qed

corollary *l-unknowns-inv-perm-established*:

assumes *l-perm-pre* α *T B SA*

shows *l-unknowns-inv* α *T B SA*

using *assms l-perm-pre-elim*(2,4,7) *l-unknowns-inv-established* **by** *blast*

70.2 Maintenance

lemma *l-unknowns-inv-maintained*:

assumes *l-unknowns-inv* α *T B SA*

and *length B* $> \alpha$ (*Max (set T)*)

and $i < \textit{length SA}$

and *SA ! i = Suc j*

and *Suc j* $< \textit{length T}$

and *suffix-type T j = L-type*

and $k = \alpha$ (*T ! j*)

and $l = B ! k$

and *strict-mono* α

```

and    l-distinct-inv T SA
and    l-pred-inv T SA i
and    l-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
shows l-unknowns-inv  $\alpha$  T (B[k := Suc (B ! k)]) (SA[l := j])
unfolding l-unknowns-inv-def
proof (intro allI impI; elim conjE)
  fix a k'
  assume a  $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
    B[k := Suc (B ! k)] ! a  $\leq$  k'
    k' < l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T a

  from l-distinct-pred-inv-helper[OF  $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
     $\langle l\text{-distinct-inv } T SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle l\text{-pred-inv } T SA i \rangle$ 

  have j  $\notin$  set SA
    by assumption

  from  $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
  have j < length T
    by simp

  from l-unknowns-l-bucket-ptr-inv-helper[OF  $\langle l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
     $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$ 
     $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
     $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$ 

  have SA ! l = length T
    by assumption

  from  $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle \langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle \langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
  have k  $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
    by (simp add: strict-mono-leD)

  from l-unknowns-inv-D[OF  $\langle l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle a \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$ 
    -
     $\langle k' < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T a \rangle$ 
     $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! a \leq k' \rangle$ 
     $\langle a \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$ 
     $\langle \alpha (Max (set T)) < \text{length } B \rangle$ 
  have SA ! k' = length T
    by (metis Suc-le-mono le-SucI le-less-trans nth-list-update nth-list-update-neq)

```

```

from ⟨j < length T⟩ ⟨strict-mono α⟩ ⟨l-bucket-ptr-inv α T B SA⟩ ⟨k = α (T !
j)⟩ ⟨l = B ! k⟩
have bucket-start α T k ≤ l
using Max-greD l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start strict-mono-less-eq by blast

from ⟨j < length T⟩
  ⟨j ∉ set SA⟩
  ⟨strict-mono α⟩
  ⟨l-bucket-ptr-inv α T B SA⟩
  ⟨suffix-type T j = L-type⟩
  ⟨k = α (T ! j)⟩
  ⟨l = B ! k⟩
have l < l-bucket-end α T k
using l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end by blast

have a = k ∨ a ≠ k
by simp
then show SA[l := j] ! k' = length T
proof
  assume a = k
  hence k' ≠ l
  using ⟨B[k := Suc (B ! k)] ! a ≤ k'⟩ ⟨a ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩ ⟨α (Max (set
T)) < length B⟩
    ⟨l = B ! k⟩ by auto
  then show ?thesis
    using ⟨SA ! k' = length T⟩ by auto
next
assume a ≠ k
hence a < k ∨ a > k
by arith
then show ?thesis
proof
  assume a < k

from less-bucket-end-le-start[OF ⟨a < k⟩]
have bucket-end α T a ≤ bucket-start α T k
  by blast
with ⟨bucket-start α T k ≤ l⟩
have bucket-end α T a ≤ l
  by simp
with l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end
have l-bucket-end α T a ≤ l
  using le-trans by blast
with ⟨k' < l-bucket-end α T a⟩
have k' < l
  using less-le-trans by blast
then show ?thesis
  using ⟨SA ! k' = length T⟩ by auto
next

```



```

assume  $a > k$ 

from  $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! a \leq k' \rangle$ 
   $\langle a \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ 
   $\langle a \neq k \rangle$ 
   $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
   $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start}$ 
have  $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T a \leq k'$ 
  by force

from  $l\text{-bucket-end-le-start}[OF \langle k < a \rangle]$ 
have  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T k \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T a$ 
  by blast
with  $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha T a \leq k' \rangle$ 
have  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T k \leq k'$ 
  by simp
with  $l\text{-bucket-end-le-bucket-end}$ 
have  $l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T k \leq k'$ 
  using le-trans by blast
with  $\langle l < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T k \rangle$ 
have  $l < k'$ 
  using less-le-trans by blast
then show ?thesis
  using  $\langle SA ! k' = \text{length } T \rangle$  by auto
qed
qed
qed

```

corollary *l-unknowns-inv-perm-maintained:*

```

assumes  $l\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA 0 SA i$ 
and  $i < \text{length } SA$ 
and  $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$ 
and  $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$ 
and  $\text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type}$ 
and  $k = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
and  $l = B ! k$ 

```

shows $l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha T (B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)]) (SA[l := j])$

by (*metis assms l-perm-inv-elim(1,4-6,10,12) l-unknowns-inv-maintained*)

71 Number of L-types

71.1 Establishment

We first prove that this invariant is established from the precondition, i.e., that initially, there are only LMS-types, which are just a special type of S-types, and that the initial pointer is the start of the bucket.

lemma *l-bucket-ptr-inv-established:*

```

assumes  $l\text{ms-init } \alpha T SA$ 

```

```

and   l-init  $\alpha$  T SA
and   s-init  $\alpha$  T SA
and   length SA = length T
and   strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and   l-bucket-init  $\alpha$  T B
shows l-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
proof -
have  $\forall b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T)). cur-l-types  $\alpha$  T SA b = {}
  unfolding cur-l-types-def
proof (intro allI impI equalityI subsetI)
  fix b x
  assume  $x \in \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set SA} \wedge i \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha \text{ T } b\}$ 
  hence  $x \in \text{set SA} \wedge x \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha \text{ T } b$ 
    by blast+

  have  $x < \text{length T} \vee x \geq \text{length T}$ 
    using not-less by blast
  then show  $x \in \{\}$ 
  proof
    assume  $x < \text{length T}$ 
    with  $\langle x \in \text{set SA} \rangle$  init-imp-only-s-types assms
    have suffix-type T x = S-type
      by (metis in-set-conv-nth)
    hence  $x \notin \text{l-bucket } \alpha \text{ T } b$ 
      by (simp add: l-bucket-def)
    with  $\langle x \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha \text{ T } b \rangle$ 
    show ?thesis
      by blast
  next
    assume length T  $\leq$  x
    hence  $x \notin \text{l-bucket } \alpha \text{ T } b$ 
      by (simp add: bucket-def l-bucket-def)
    with  $\langle x \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha \text{ T } b \rangle$ 
    show ?thesis
      by blast
  qed
next
fix b :: nat
fix x :: nat
assume  $x \in \{\}$ 
then show  $x \in \{i \mid i. i \in \text{set SA} \wedge i \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha \text{ T } b\}$ 
  by blast
qed
have  $\forall b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T)). num-l-types  $\alpha$  T SA b = 0
  by (simp add: num-l-types-def)
with  $\langle \text{l-bucket-init } \alpha \text{ T } B \rangle$ 
show ?thesis
  by (simp add: l-bucket-ptr-inv-def l-bucket-init-def)
qed

```

corollary *l-bucket-ptr-inv-perm-established*:
assumes *l-perm-pre* α *T B SA*
shows *l-bucket-ptr-inv* α *T B SA*
using *assms l-bucket-ptr-inv-established l-perm-pre-def* **by** *blast*

71.2 Maintenance

We now prove that the invariant is maintained.

lemma *set-update-mem-neqI*:
 $\llbracket x \in \text{set } xs; xs ! i \neq x \rrbracket \implies x \in \text{set } (xs[i := y])$
by (*metis in-set-conv-nth length-list-update nth-list-update-neq*)

lemma *cur-l-types-update-1*:
 $\llbracket SA ! l = \text{length } T; l < \text{length } SA; j \notin \text{set } SA; \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type}; j < \text{length } T; \alpha (T ! j) = b \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{cur-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b = \text{insert } j (\text{cur-l-types } \alpha T SA b)$
apply (*intro equalityI subsetI*)
apply (*metis (no-types, lifting) cur-l-types-def in-set-conv-nth insertCI length-list-update mem-Collect-eq nth-list-update nth-list-update-neq*)
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) bucket-def cur-l-types-def insert-iff l-bucket-def less-irrefl-nat mem-Collect-eq set-update-memI set-update-mem-neqI*)

lemma *cur-l-types-update-2*:
assumes $SA ! l = \text{length } T \alpha (T ! j) \neq b$
shows $\text{cur-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b = \text{cur-l-types } \alpha T SA b$
proof (*cases l < length SA*)
assume $l < \text{length } SA$
show *?thesis*
proof *safe*
fix x
assume $x \in \text{cur-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b$
show $x \in \text{cur-l-types } \alpha T SA b$
proof (*cases x = j*)
assume $x = j$
then show *?thesis*
using $\langle x \in \text{cur-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b \rangle$ *assms(2) bucket-def cur-l-types-def l-bucket-def*
by *fastforce*
next
assume $x \neq j$
then show *?thesis*
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) \langle x \in \text{cur-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b \rangle cur-l-types-def in-set-conv-nth length-list-update mem-Collect-eq nth-list-update nth-list-update-neq*)
qed
next

```

fix x
assume x ∈ cur-l-types α T SA b
then show x ∈ cur-l-types α T (SA[l := j]) b
  by (simp add: assms(1) bucket-def cur-l-types-def l-bucket-def set-update-mem-neqI)
qed
next
assume ¬ l < length SA
then show ?thesis
  by simp
qed

```

lemma num-l-types-update-1:

```

[[SA ! l = length T; l < length SA; j ∉ set SA; suffix-type T j = L-type; j < length
T;
α (T ! j) = b]] ⇒
  num-l-types α T (SA[l := j]) b = Suc (num-l-types α T SA b)
apply (clarsimp simp: num-l-types-def)
apply (subst cur-l-types-update-1; simp?)
apply (subst card-insert-disjoint)
apply (metis (no-types, lifting) List.finite-set cur-l-types-def finite-nat-set-iff-bounded
  mem-Collect-eq)
apply (simp add: cur-l-types-def)
apply simp
done

```

lemma num-l-types-update-2:

```

[[SA ! l = length T; α (T ! j) ≠ b]] ⇒
  num-l-types α T (SA[l := j]) b = num-l-types α T SA b
apply (cases l < length SA; clarsimp?)
apply (clarsimp simp: num-l-types-def)
apply (intro arg-cong[where f = card])
by (erule (1) cur-l-types-update-2)

```

lemma l-bucket-ptr-inv-maintained:

```

assumes l-bucket-ptr-inv α T B SA
and length SA = length T
and length B > α (Max (set T))
and i < length SA
and SA ! i = Suc j
and Suc j < length T
and suffix-type T j = L-type
and k = α (T ! j)
and l = B ! k
and strict-mono α
and l-distinct-inv T SA
and l-pred-inv T SA i
and l-unknowns-inv α T B SA
shows l-bucket-ptr-inv α T (B[k := Suc (B ! k)]) (SA[l := j])
unfolding l-bucket-ptr-inv-def

```

```

proof safe
  fix b
  assume  $b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))$ 

  from l-distinct-pred-inv-helper[OF  $\langle i < length SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle SA ! i = Suc j \rangle$ 
     $\langle Suc j < length T \rangle$ 
     $\langle suffix-type T j = L-type \rangle$ 
     $\langle l-distinct-inv T SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle l-pred-inv T SA i \rangle$ ]

  have  $j \notin set SA$ 
    by assumption

  from  $\langle Suc j < length T \rangle$ 
  have  $j < length T$ 
    by arith

  from l-unknowns-l-bucket-ptr-inv-helper[OF  $\langle l-unknowns-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle l-bucket-ptr-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle j < length T \rangle$ 
     $\langle suffix-type T j = L-type \rangle$ 
     $\langle j \notin set SA \rangle$ 
     $\langle strict-mono \alpha \rangle$ 
     $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
     $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$ ]

  have  $SA ! l = length T$ 
    by assumption

  let  $?G = B[k := Suc (B ! k)] ! b = bucket-start \alpha T b + num-l-types \alpha T (SA[l$ 
:=  $j]) b$ 
  have  $b = k \vee b \neq k$ 
    by blast
  then show  $?G$ 
  proof
    assume  $b = k$ 
    hence  $B[k := Suc (B ! k)] ! b = Suc (B ! k)$ 
      using  $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle \langle length B > \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$  by auto

    from num-l-types-less-l-bucket-size[OF  $\langle j \notin set SA \rangle \langle suffix-type T j = L-type \rangle$ ]
       $\langle Suc j < length T \rangle$ 
       $\langle b = k \rangle$ 
       $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
    have  $num-l-types \alpha T SA b < l-bucket-size \alpha T b$ 
      by simp

    from  $\langle l-bucket-ptr-inv \alpha T B SA \rangle \langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$ 
    have  $B ! b = bucket-start \alpha T b + num-l-types \alpha T SA b$ 
      by (metis l-bucket-ptr-inv-def)
    with  $\langle num-l-types \alpha T SA b < l-bucket-size \alpha T b \rangle$ 

```

```

      bucket-end-le-length l-bucket-le-bucket-size bucket-end-def'
have  $B ! b < \text{length } T$ 
  by (metis add-less-cancel-left less-le-trans)
with  $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle \langle b = k \rangle \langle l = B ! k \rangle \langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $l < \text{length } SA$ 
  by simp

from  $\langle SA ! l = \text{length } T \rangle$ 
   $\langle b = k \rangle$ 
   $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ 
   $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$ 
   $\langle l < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
   $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
  num-l-types-update-1
   $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
  Suc-lessD
have  $\text{num-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b = \text{Suc } (\text{num-l-types } \alpha T SA b)$ 
  by blast
from  $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! b = \text{Suc } (B ! k) \rangle$ 
   $\langle b = k \rangle$ 
   $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{num-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b = \text{Suc } (\text{num-l-types } \alpha T SA b) \rangle$ 
   $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
  l-bucket-ptr-inv-def
show ?thesis
  by fastforce
next
assume  $b \neq k$ 
hence  $B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! b = B ! b$ 
  by auto

from num-l-types-update-2[OF  $\langle SA ! l = \text{length } T \rangle$ ]
   $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ 
   $\langle b \neq k \rangle$ 
   $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
have  $\text{num-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b = \text{num-l-types } \alpha T SA b$ 
  by simp

from  $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! b = B ! b \rangle$ 
   $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{num-l-types } \alpha T (SA[l := j]) b = \text{num-l-types } \alpha T SA b \rangle$ 
   $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
  l-bucket-ptr-inv-def
show ?thesis
  by fastforce
qed
qed

```

corollary *l-bucket-ptr-inv-perm-maintained*:
assumes $l\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA \ ! \ i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and $\text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)$
and $l = B \ ! \ k$
shows $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ (B[k := \text{Suc } (B \ ! \ k)]) \ (SA[l := j])$
by (*metis assms l-bucket-ptr-inv-maintained l-perm-inv-elim(1,2,3-6,10,12)*)

72 L Locations

72.1 Establishment

lemma *l-locations-inv-established*:
assumes $l\text{-bucket-init } \alpha \ T \ B$
shows $l\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
using *assms l-bucket-initD l-locations-inv-def* **by** *fastforce*

corollary *l-locations-inv-perm-established*:
assumes $l\text{-perm-pre } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
shows $l\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
using *assms l-locations-inv-established l-perm-pre-elim(4)* **by** *blast*

72.2 Maintenance

lemma *l-locations-inv-maintained*:
assumes $l\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $\text{length } B > \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA \ ! \ i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and $\text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)$
and $l = B \ ! \ k$
and *strict-mono* α
and $l\text{-distinct-inv } T \ SA$
and $l\text{-pred-inv } T \ SA \ i$
and $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
shows $l\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ (B[k := \text{Suc } (B \ ! \ k)]) \ (SA[l := j])$
unfolding *l-locations-inv-def*
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix $b \ i'$
assume $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 $i' < \text{length } (SA[l := j])$
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq i'$
 $i' < B[k := \text{Suc } (B \ ! \ k)] \ ! \ b$
hence $i' < \text{length } SA$

by simp
have $b = k \vee b \neq k$
by blast
then
show $SA[l := j] ! i' < length\ T \wedge suffix\text{-}type\ T\ (SA[l := j] ! i') = L\text{-}type \wedge$
 $\alpha\ (T ! (SA[l := j] ! i')) = b$
proof
assume $b = k$
with $\langle bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ b \leq i' \rangle$
have $bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ k \leq i'$
by simp

from $\langle b = k \rangle \langle i' < B[k := Suc\ (B ! k)] ! b \rangle$
have $i' < Suc\ (B ! k)$
using $\langle b \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T)) \rangle \langle length\ B > \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T)) \rangle$ **by auto**
hence $i' < B ! k \vee i' = B ! k$
by $(simp\ add:\ less\text{-}Suc\text{-}eq)$
then show $?thesis$
proof
assume $i' < B ! k$
with $\langle l = B ! k \rangle \langle b = k \rangle \langle b \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T)) \rangle \langle bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ k \leq i' \rangle \langle i' <$
 $< length\ SA \rangle$
show $?thesis$
using $\langle l\text{-}locations\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA \rangle\ l\text{-}locations\text{-}inv\text{-}def$ **by fastforce**
next
assume $i' = B ! k$
with $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$
have $i' = l$
by simp

from $\langle i' < length\ SA \rangle \langle i' = l \rangle$
have $SA[l := j] ! i' = j$
by simp
with $\langle suffix\text{-}type\ T\ j = L\text{-}type \rangle \langle Suc\ j < length\ T \rangle \langle i' < length\ SA \rangle \langle b = k \rangle$
 $\langle k = \alpha\ (T ! j) \rangle$
show $?thesis$
by auto
qed
next
assume $b \neq k$
hence $B[k := Suc\ (B ! k)] ! b = B ! b$
by simp

from $l\text{-}bucket\text{-}ptr\text{-}inv\text{-}imp\text{-}le\text{-}l\text{-}bucket\text{-}end[OF\ \langle l\text{-}bucket\text{-}ptr\text{-}inv\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA \rangle$
 $\langle b \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T)) \rangle]$
have $B ! b \leq l\text{-}bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b$
by simp

from $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $j < \text{length } T$
by *simp*

from $l\text{-distinct-pred-inv-helper}[OF \langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-distinct-inv } T SA \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-pred-inv } T SA i \rangle]$

have $j \notin \text{set } SA$
by *assumption*

from $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end}[OF \langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle]$

$\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$
 $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$

have $l < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T k$
by *simp*

from $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle \langle j < \text{length } T \rangle \langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$
have $k \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
by (*simp add: strict-mono-less-eq*)

from $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start}[OF \langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle k \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle]$

$\langle l = B ! k \rangle$

have $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T k \leq l$
by *simp*

from $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! b = B ! b \rangle$
 $\langle i' < B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! b \rangle$
 $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-le-l-bucket-end}[OF \langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$
 $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle]$

$l\text{-bucket-end-le-bucket-end}$

have $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by (*metis less-le-trans*)

from $\langle b \neq k \rangle$
have $b < k \vee k < b$
by *linarith*

hence $i' \neq l$

proof
assume $b < k$
hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T k$
by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)

```

with ⟨i' < bucket-end α T b⟩ ⟨bucket-start α T k ≤ l⟩
have i' < l
  by linarith
then show ?thesis
  by simp
next
assume k < b
hence bucket-end α T k ≤ bucket-start α T b
  by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
hence l-bucket-end α T k ≤ bucket-start α T b
  using l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end le-trans by blast
with ⟨bucket-start α T b ≤ i'⟩ ⟨l < l-bucket-end α T k⟩
have l < i'
  by simp
then show ?thesis
  by simp
qed
with ⟨B[k := Suc (B ! k)] ! b = B ! b⟩
  ⟨b ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩
  ⟨bucket-start α T b ≤ i'⟩
  ⟨i' < B[k := Suc (B ! k)] ! b⟩
  ⟨i' < length SA⟩
  ⟨l-locations-inv α T B SA⟩
show ?thesis
using l-locations-inv-D by fastforce
qed
qed

corollary l-locations-inv-perm-maintained:
  assumes l-perm-inv α T B SA0 SA i
  and i < length SA
  and SA ! i = Suc j
  and Suc j < length T
  and suffix-type T j = L-type
  and k = α (T ! j)
  and l = B ! k
shows l-locations-inv α T (B[k := Suc (B ! k)]) (SA[l := j])
  by (metis asms l-locations-inv-maintained l-perm-inv-elim(1,4,6,9,10,12))

```

73 Unchanged

73.1 Establishment

```

lemma l-unchanged-inv-established:
  l-unchanged-inv α T SA SA
  using l-unchanged-inv-def by blast

```

73.2 Maintenance

lemma *l-unchanged-inv-maintained*:

assumes *l-unchanged-inv* α *T SA0 SA*
and $\text{length } B > \alpha$ (*Max (set T)*)
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and *suffix-type* $T j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha$ ($T ! j$)
and $l = B ! k$
and *strict-mono* α
and *l-distinct-inv* *T SA*
and *l-pred-inv* *T SA i*
and *l-bucket-ptr-inv* α *T B SA*
shows *l-unchanged-inv* α *T SA0 (SA[l := j])*

proof –

have *l-unchanged-inv* α *T SA (SA[l := j])*
unfolding *l-unchanged-inv-def*

proof *safe*

show $\text{length } (SA[l := j]) = \text{length } SA$
by *simp*

next

fix $b i'$

assume $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max (set T)*)
 $i' < \text{length } SA$
l-bucket-end α $T b \leq i'$
 $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ $T b$

from $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$

$\langle \text{l-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha$ *T B SA* \rangle
 $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle k = \alpha$ ($T ! j$) \rangle
 $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$

have *bucket-start* α $T k \leq l$

by (*metis Max-greD Suc-lessD l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start strict-mono-leD*)

from $\langle \text{l-distinct-inv } T SA \rangle$

$\langle \text{l-pred-inv } T SA i \rangle$
 $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$

have $j \notin \text{set } SA$

using *l-distinct-pred-inv-helper* **by** *blast*

from $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$

$\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$
 $\langle \text{l-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha$ *T B SA* \rangle
 $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$

```

    ⟨suffix-type T j = L-type⟩
    ⟨k = α (T ! j)⟩
    ⟨l = B ! k⟩
  have l < l-bucket-end α T k
    using Suc-lessD l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end by blast

  have b = k ∨ b ≠ k
    by blast
  then show SA ! i' = SA[l := j] ! i'
  proof
    assume b = k
    then show ?thesis
      using ⟨l < l-bucket-end α T k⟩ ⟨l-bucket-end α T b ≤ i'⟩ by auto
    next
    assume b ≠ k
    hence b < k ∨ k < b
      using less-linear by blast
    then show ?thesis
    proof
      assume b < k
      hence bucket-end α T b ≤ bucket-start α T k
        by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
      with ⟨i' < bucket-end α T b⟩ ⟨bucket-start α T k ≤ b⟩
      have i' < l
        by linarith
      then show ?thesis
        by simp
    next
    assume k < b
    hence bucket-end α T k ≤ bucket-start α T b
      by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
    hence l-bucket-end α T k ≤ bucket-start α T b
      using l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end le-trans by blast
    hence l-bucket-end α T k ≤ l-bucket-end α T b
      by (simp add: l-bucket-end-def)
    with ⟨l < l-bucket-end α T k⟩ ⟨l-bucket-end α T b ≤ i'⟩
    have l < i'
      by linarith
    then show ?thesis
      by simp
    qed
  qed
  qed
  with ⟨l-unchanged-inv α T SA0 SA⟩
  show ?thesis
    using l-unchanged-inv-trans by blast
  qed

  corollary l-unchanged-inv-perm-maintained:

```

```

assumes l-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA0 SA i
and  $i < \text{length } SA$ 
and  $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$ 
and  $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$ 
and  $\text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type}$ 
and  $k = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
and  $l = B ! k$ 
shows l-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$  T SA0 (SA[l := j])
by (metis assms l-perm-inv-elim(1,4,6,8,10,12) l-unchanged-inv-maintained)

```

74 Invariant about the Current Index

74.1 Establishment

The first invariant is that current index is always less than the index where the update will occur.

lemma *l-index-inv-established*:

```

assumes lms-init  $\alpha$  T SA
and  $l\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA
and  $s\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA
and  $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$ 
and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and l-bucket-init  $\alpha$  T B
shows l-index-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
unfolding l-index-inv-def
proof (intro allI impI; elim conjE)
fix  $i j$ 
assume  $i < \text{length } SA$   $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$   $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$   $\text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type}$ 
with init-imp-only-s-types[OF  $\langle lms\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA $\rangle$ 
 $\langle l\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA $\rangle$ 
 $\langle s\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA $\rangle$ 
 $\langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } T \rangle$ 
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$ ,
 $THEN$  spec, of i]
have  $\text{suffix-type } T (\text{Suc } j) = S\text{-type}$ 
by simp
with  $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$   $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $T ! j \neq T ! \text{Suc } j$ 
by (simp add: suffix-type-neq)
with  $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$   $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $T ! \text{Suc } j < T ! j$ 
using nth-less-imp-s-type by fastforce
from same-hd-same-bucket[OF l-unchanged-inv-established
 $l\text{-locations-inv-established}$ [OF  $\langle l\text{-bucket-init } \alpha$  T B $\rangle$ ]
 $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-established}$ [OF  $\langle lms\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA $\rangle$ 
 $\langle l\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA $\rangle$ 
 $\langle s\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA $\rangle$ 
 $\langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } T \rangle$ ]

```

⟨strict-mono α⟩]

l-unknowns-inv-established

- - - - -

⟨i < length SA⟩]

assms

⟨SA ! i = Suc j⟩

⟨Suc j < length T⟩

have *bucket-start* α T (α (T ! Suc j)) ≤ i i < *bucket-end* α T (α (T ! Suc j))

by *simp+*

with ⟨T ! Suc j < T ! j⟩ ⟨strict-mono α⟩

have i < *bucket-start* α T (α (T ! j))

by (*meson less-bucket-end-le-start less-le-trans strict-mono-less*)

from ⟨*l-bucket-init* α T B⟩ ⟨Suc j < length T⟩ ⟨strict-mono α⟩

have B ! α (T ! j) = *bucket-start* α T (α (T ! j))

by (*simp add: Suc-lessD l-bucket-initD strict-mono-leD*)

with ⟨i < *bucket-start* α T (α (T ! j))⟩

show i < B ! α (T ! j)

by *simp*

qed

corollary *l-index-inv-perm-established*:

assumes *l-perm-pre* α T B SA

shows *l-index-inv* α T B SA

using *assms l-index-inv-established l-perm-pre-def* **by** *blast*

74.2 Maintenance

lemma *l-index-inv-maintained*:

assumes *l-index-inv* α T B SA

and *length* B > α (*Max* (set T))

and i < *length* SA

and SA ! i = Suc j

and Suc j < *length* T

and *suffix-type* T j = *L-type*

and k = α (T ! j)

and l = B ! k

and *strict-mono* α

and *l-distinct-inv* T SA

and *l-pred-inv* T SA i

and *l-bucket-ptr-inv* α T B SA

and *l-unknowns-inv* α T B SA

shows *l-index-inv* α T (B[k := Suc (B ! k)]) (SA[l := j])

unfolding *l-index-inv-def*

proof(*intro impI allI; elim conjE*)

fix l' j'

assume l' < *length* (SA[l := j])

 SA[l := j] ! l' = Suc j'

 Suc j' < *length* T

suffix-type T j' = L-type

from $\langle l' < \text{length } (SA[l := j]) \rangle$
have $l' < \text{length } SA$
by *simp*

have $l' = l \vee l' \neq l$
by *simp*
then show $l' < B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! \alpha (T ! j')$
proof
assume $l' = l$
with $\langle SA[l := j] ! l' = \text{Suc } j' \rangle \langle l' < \text{length } SA \rangle$
have $j = \text{Suc } j'$
by *simp*
with $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j' = L\text{-type} \rangle \langle \text{Suc } j' < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $T ! j \leq T ! j'$
by (*simp add: Suc-lessD l-type-letter-gre-Suc*)
with $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$
have $\alpha (T ! j) \leq \alpha (T ! j')$
using *strict-mono-less-eq* **by** *blast*
hence $\alpha (T ! j) = \alpha (T ! j') \vee \alpha (T ! j) < \alpha (T ! j')$
using *le-imp-less-or-eq* **by** *blast*
then show *?thesis*
proof
assume $\alpha (T ! j) = \alpha (T ! j')$
with $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Suc } j' < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle j = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$
 $\langle \text{length } B > \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$
have $B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! \alpha (T ! j') = \text{Suc } (B ! k)$
by (*metis Max-greD less-le-trans not-less nth-list-update-eq strict-mono-less*)
with $\langle l = B ! k \rangle \langle l' = l \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by *simp*

next
assume $\alpha (T ! j) < \alpha (T ! j')$

from $\langle \alpha (T ! j) < \alpha (T ! j') \rangle \langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$
have $B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! \alpha (T ! j') = B ! \alpha (T ! j)$
by *simp*

from *l-distinct-pred-inv-helper*[*OF* $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-distinct-inv } T SA \rangle$
 $\langle l\text{-pred-inv } T SA i \rangle$

have $j \notin \text{set } SA$

by *assumption*
from *Suc-lessD*[*OF* $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$]
have $j < \text{length } T$
by *assumption*

from *l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end*[*OF* $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \rangle$
 $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$]
have $B ! \alpha \ (T ! j) < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T ! j))$
by *assumption*
with $\langle l' = l \rangle \langle k = \alpha \ (T ! j) \rangle \langle l = B ! k \rangle$
have $l' < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T ! j))$
by *simp*
hence $l' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T ! j))$
using *l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end less-le-trans* **by** *blast*
with *less-bucket-end-le-start*[*OF* $\langle \alpha \ (T ! j) < \alpha \ (T ! j') \rangle$]
have $l' < \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T ! j'))$
using *less-le-trans* **by** *blast*
with *l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start*[*OF* $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \rangle$]
 $\langle \text{Suc } j' < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$
have $l' < B ! \alpha \ (T ! j')$
by (*meson Max-greD Suc-lessD less-le-trans strict-mono-less-eq*)
with $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } (B ! k)] ! \alpha \ (T ! j') = B ! \alpha \ (T ! j') \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed
next
assume $l' \neq l$
with $\langle SA[l := j] ! l' = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$
have $SA ! l' = \text{Suc } j'$
by *auto*

from *l-index-inv-D*[*OF* $\langle l\text{-index-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \rangle$
 $\langle l' < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! l' = \text{Suc } j' \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Suc } j' < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j' = L\text{-type} \rangle$]

show *?thesis*
by (*metis Suc-leI Suc-le-lessD Suc-lessD list-update-beyond not-less nth-list-update-eq*
nth-list-update-neq)
qed
qed

corollary *l-index-inv-perm-maintained*:


```

assumes l-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA 0 SA i
and  $i < \text{length } SA$ 
and  $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$ 
and  $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$ 
and  $\text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type}$ 
and  $k = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
and  $l = B ! k$ 
shows l-index-inv  $\alpha$  T (B[k := Suc (B ! k)]) (SA[l := j])
using assms l-index-inv-maintained l-perm-inv-def by blast

```

75 Predecessor Invariant

75.1 Establishment

The proof for the establishment is simple because initially, SA contains no L-types.

```

lemma l-pred-inv-established:
assumes lms-init  $\alpha$  T SA
and  $l\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA
and  $s\text{-init } \alpha$  T SA
and  $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$ 
and  $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$ 
shows l-pred-inv T SA 0
using assms init-imp-only-s-types l-pred-inv-def by fastforce

```

```

corollary l-pred-inv-perm-established:
assumes l-perm-pre  $\alpha$  T B SA
shows l-pred-inv T SA 0
using assms l-perm-pre-def l-pred-inv-established by blast

```

75.2 Maintenance

In this section, we prove that the predecessor invariant $l\text{-pred-inv } ?T ?SA ?k = (\forall i < \text{length } ?SA. ?SA ! i < \text{length } ?T \wedge \text{suffix-type } ?T (?SA ! i) = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow (\exists j < \text{length } ?SA. ?SA ! j = \text{Suc } (?SA ! i) \wedge j < i \wedge j < ?k))$ is maintained. In English, this invariant states that for all L-type suffixes in the suffix array (SA), their right neighbour is in SA and occurs before them.

We now prove that the invariant is maintained for each branch of the *abs- induce-l-step*

```

lemma l-pred-inv-maintained-no-update:
assumes l-pred-inv T SA i
shows l-pred-inv T SA (Suc i)
using assms
unfolding l-pred-inv-def
using less-Suc-eq by auto

```

```

lemma l-pred-inv-maintained:

```

```

assumes  $l\text{-pred-inv } T \ SA \ i$ 
and  $i < \text{length } SA$ 
and  $SA \ ! \ i = \text{Suc } j$ 
and  $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$ 
and  $\text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type}$ 
and  $k = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)$ 
and  $l = B \ ! \ k$ 
and  $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$ 
and  $l\text{-distinct-inv } T \ SA$ 
and  $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$ 
and  $l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$ 
and  $l\text{-index-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$ 
shows  $l\text{-pred-inv } T \ (SA[l := j]) \ (\text{Suc } i)$ 
proof –

from  $l\text{-distinct-pred-inv-helper}[OF \ \langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle SA \ ! \ i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
       $\langle l\text{-distinct-inv } T \ SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle l\text{-pred-inv } T \ SA \ i \rangle]$ 

have  $j \notin \text{set } SA$ 
      by  $\text{assumption}$ 

from  $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $j < \text{length } T$ 
      by  $\text{simp}$ 

from  $l\text{-unknowns-l-bucket-ptr-inv-helper}[OF \ \langle l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
       $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$ 
       $\langle k = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ j) \rangle$ 
       $\langle l = B \ ! \ k \rangle]$ 

have  $SA \ ! \ l = \text{length } T$ 
      by  $\text{assumption}$ 

from  $l\text{-index-inv-D}[OF \ \langle l\text{-index-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle SA \ ! \ i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type} \rangle]$ 
       $\langle k = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ j) \rangle$ 
       $\langle l = B \ ! \ k \rangle$ 
have  $l > i$ 
      by  $\text{simp}$ 

```

```

show ?thesis
  unfolding l-pred-inv-def
proof (intro impI allI; elim conjE)
  fix i'
  assume i' < length (SA[l := j])
    SA[l := j] ! i' < length T
    suffix-type T (SA[l := j] ! i') = L-type
  have i' = l ∨ i' ≠ l
    by blast
  then show
    ∃ ja < length (SA[l := j]). SA[l := j] ! ja = Suc (SA[l := j] ! i') ∧ ja < i' ∧ ja
    < Suc i
proof
  assume i' = l
  with ⟨i' < length (SA[l := j])⟩
  have SA[l := j] ! i' = j
    by simp

  from ⟨l > i⟩ ⟨SA ! i = Suc j⟩
  have SA[l := j] ! i = Suc j
    by simp
  with ⟨l > i⟩ ⟨i' = l⟩ ⟨SA[l := j] ! i' = j⟩ ⟨i < length SA⟩
  show ?thesis
    by auto
next
  assume i' ≠ l
  with ⟨i' < length (SA[l := j])⟩
  have i' < length SA
    by simp

  from ⟨i' ≠ l⟩ ⟨SA[l := j] ! i' < length T⟩
  have SA ! i' < length T
    by simp

  from ⟨i' ≠ l⟩ ⟨suffix-type T (SA[l := j] ! i') = L-type⟩
  have suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type
    by simp

  from ⟨i' < length SA⟩ ⟨SA ! i' < length T⟩ ⟨suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type⟩
    ⟨l-pred-inv T SA i⟩ [simplified l-pred-inv-def, THEN spec, of i']
  obtain j' where
    j' < length SA
    SA ! j' = Suc (SA ! i')
    j' < i'
    j' < i
    by blast

  with ⟨SA ! l = length T⟩ ⟨i' ≠ l⟩ ⟨suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type⟩ ⟨i < l⟩
  show ?thesis

```

by *auto*
 qed
 qed
 qed

corollary *l-pred-inv-perm-maintained:*

assumes *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA 0 SA i*
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and *suffix-type* $T j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $l = B ! k$
shows *l-pred-inv* $T (SA[l := j]) (\text{Suc } i)$
 by (*metis assms l-perm-inv-elim*(4-7,10,12) *l-pred-inv-maintained*)

76 Seen Invariant

76.1 Establishment

We first show that the invariant is initially true, i.e. *l-seen-inv T SA 0*.

lemma *l-seen-inv-established:*

l-seen-inv T SA 0
 by (*simp add: l-seen-inv-def*)

76.2 Maintenance

We now show that the invariant is maintained after each call of *abs-duce-l-step*.

lemma *l-seen-inv-maintained-no-update:*

$\llbracket l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } i; \text{length } T \leq SA ! i \rrbracket \Longrightarrow l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } (\text{Suc } i)$
 $\llbracket l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } i; \text{length } SA \leq i \rrbracket \Longrightarrow l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } (\text{Suc } i)$
 $\llbracket l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } i; SA ! i < \text{length } T; SA ! i = 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } (\text{Suc } i)$
 $\llbracket l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } i; SA ! i < \text{length } T; SA ! i = \text{Suc } j; \text{suffix-type } T j = S\text{-type} \rrbracket$
 \Longrightarrow
 $l\text{-seen-inv } T \text{ SA } (\text{Suc } i)$
unfolding *l-seen-inv-def*
using *less-Suc-eq* **by** *auto*

lemma *l-seen-inv-maintained:*

assumes *l-seen-inv* $T \text{ SA } i$
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and *suffix-type* $T j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $l = B ! k$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and *strict-mono* α

```

and    l-distinct-inv T SA
and    l-pred-inv T SA i
and    l-unknowns-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
and    l-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
and    l-index-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
shows l-seen-inv T (SA[l := j]) (Suc i)
proof –
from l-distinct-pred-inv-helper[OF  $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
       $\langle l\text{-distinct-inv } T SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle l\text{-pred-inv } T SA i \rangle$ ]

have  $j \notin \text{set } SA$ 
  by assumption

from  $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $j < \text{length } T$ 
  by simp

from bucket-size-imp-less-length[OF  $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
       $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$ ]
       $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
       $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$ 
have  $l < \text{length } T$ 
  by simp

from l-index-inv-D[OF  $\langle l\text{-index-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ ]
       $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
       $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$ 
have  $l > i$ 
  by simp

from l-unknowns-l-bucket-ptr-inv-helper[OF  $\langle l\text{-unknowns-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
       $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$ 
       $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle$ 
       $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
       $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$ ]

have  $SA ! l = \text{length } T$ 

```

by *assumption*
with $\langle SA ! i = Suc\ j \rangle \langle Suc\ j < length\ T \rangle \langle i < l \rangle$
have $(SA[l := j]) ! i < length\ T$
by *auto*
with $\langle SA ! i = Suc\ j \rangle \langle i < l \rangle$
have $(SA[l := j]) ! i = Suc\ j$
by *auto*
from $l\text{-seen-inv-upd}[OF\ \langle l\text{-seen-inv}\ T\ SA\ i \rangle]$
 $\langle l > i \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! l = length\ T \rangle$
 $\langle l < length\ T \rangle$
 $\langle length\ SA = length\ T \rangle$
have $l\text{-seen-inv}\ T\ (SA[l := j])\ i$
by *auto*
with $l\text{-seen-inv-Suc}[OF - \langle (SA[l := j]) ! i = Suc\ j \rangle]$
 $\langle l < length\ T \rangle$
 $\langle length\ SA = length\ T \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by (*metis length-list-update nth-list-update-eq*)
qed

corollary *l-seen-inv-perm-maintained:*
assumes $l\text{-perm-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ 0\ SA\ i$
and $i < length\ SA$
and $SA ! i = Suc\ j$
and $Suc\ j < length\ T$
and $suffix\text{-type}\ T\ j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha\ (T ! j)$
and $l = B ! k$
shows $l\text{-seen-inv}\ T\ (SA[l := j])\ (Suc\ i)$
by (*metis assms l-perm-inv-elim3(2,3-7,10-12) l-seen-inv-maintained*)

77 Permutation

77.1 Establishment

lemma *l-perm-inv-established:*
assumes $l\text{-perm-pre}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA$
shows $l\text{-perm-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ SA\ 0$
unfolding $l\text{-perm-inv-def}$
by (*simp add: l-perm-pre-elim3[OF assms] l-distinct-inv-perm-established[OF assms]*
 $l\text{-unknowns-inv-perm-established}[OF\ assms]\ l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-perm-established}[OF$
 $assms]$
 $l\text{-index-inv-perm-established}[OF\ assms]\ l\text{-unchanged-inv-established}$
 $l\text{-locations-inv-perm-established}[OF\ assms]\ l\text{-pred-inv-perm-established}[OF$
 $assms]$)

l-seen-inv-established)

77.2 Maintenance

lemma *l-perm-inv-maintained*:

assumes *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and $\text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $l = B ! k$
shows *l-perm-inv* α *T (B[k := Suc (B ! k)]) SA0 (SA[l := j]) (Suc i)*
unfolding *l-perm-inv-def*
by (*simp add: l-perm-inv-elim*[*OF assms(1)*] *l-distinct-inv-perm-maintained*[*OF*
assms(1-5)]
l-unknowns-inv-perm-maintained[*OF assms*] *l-bucket-ptr-inv-perm-maintained*[*OF*
assms]
l-index-inv-perm-maintained[*OF assms*] *l-unchanged-inv-perm-maintained*[*OF*
assms]
l-locations-inv-perm-maintained[*OF assms*] *l-pred-inv-perm-maintained*[*OF*
assms]
l-seen-inv-perm-maintained[*OF assms*])

lemma *l-perm-inv-maintained-no-upd-1*:

assumes *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and $\text{length } SA \leq i$
shows *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA (Suc i)*
unfolding *l-perm-inv-def*
by (*simp add: l-perm-inv-elim*[*OF assms(1)*] *l-pred-inv-maintained-no-update*
l-seen-inv-maintained-no-update(2)[*OF l-perm-inv-elim(11)*][*OF*
assms(1)] *assms(2)*)

lemma *l-perm-inv-maintained-no-upd-2*:

assumes *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and $\text{length } T \leq SA ! i$
shows *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA (Suc i)*
unfolding *l-perm-inv-def*
by (*simp add: l-perm-inv-elim*[*OF assms(1)*] *l-pred-inv-maintained-no-update*
l-seen-inv-maintained-no-update(1)[*OF l-perm-inv-elim(11)*][*OF*
assms(1)] *assms(2)*)

lemma *l-perm-inv-maintained-no-upd-3*:

assumes *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and $SA ! i < \text{length } T$
and $SA ! i = 0$
shows *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA (Suc i)*
unfolding *l-perm-inv-def*
by (*simp add: l-perm-inv-elim*[*OF assms(1)*] *l-pred-inv-maintained-no-update*

$l\text{-seen-inv-maintained-no-update}(3)[OF\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(11)[OF$
 $assms(1)]\ assms(2-)]$

lemma $l\text{-perm-inv-maintained-no-upd-4}$:
assumes $l\text{-perm-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA0\ SA\ i$
and $SA\ !\ i < \text{length}\ T$
and $SA\ !\ i = \text{Suc}\ j$
and $\text{suffix-type}\ T\ j = S\text{-type}$
shows $l\text{-perm-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA0\ SA\ (\text{Suc}\ i)$
unfolding $l\text{-perm-inv-def}$
by ($\text{simp}\ \text{add:}\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}[OF\ assms(1)]\ l\text{-pred-inv-maintained-no-update}$
 $l\text{-seen-inv-maintained-no-update}(4)[OF\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(11)[OF$
 $assms(1)]\ assms(2-)]$)

lemmas $l\text{-perm-inv-maintained-no-update} =$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-maintained-no-upd-1}\ l\text{-perm-inv-maintained-no-upd-2}\ l\text{-perm-inv-maintained-no-upd-3}$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-maintained-no-upd-4}$

lemma $abs\text{-induce-}l\text{-perm-step}$:
assumes $l\text{-perm-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA0\ SA\ i$
and $abs\text{-induce-}l\text{-step}\ (B,\ SA,\ i)\ (\alpha,\ T) = (B',\ SA',\ i')$
shows $l\text{-perm-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B'\ SA0\ SA'\ i'$
proof ($\text{cases}\ i < \text{length}\ SA \wedge SA\ !\ i < \text{length}\ T$)
assume $A: i < \text{length}\ SA \wedge SA\ !\ i < \text{length}\ T$
show $?thesis$
proof ($\text{cases}\ SA\ !\ i$)
case 0
then show $?thesis$
using $A\ l\text{-perm-inv-maintained-no-update}(3)[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2)$
by force
next
case ($\text{Suc}\ j$)
assume $B: SA\ !\ i = \text{Suc}\ j$
show $?thesis$
proof ($\text{cases}\ \text{suffix-type}\ T\ j$)
case $S\text{-type}$
then show $?thesis$
using $A\ B\ l\text{-perm-inv-maintained-no-update}(4)[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2)$
by force
next
case $L\text{-type}$
then show $?thesis$
using $A\ B\ l\text{-perm-inv-maintained}[OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2)$
by ($\text{clarsimp}\ \text{simp:}\ \text{Let-def}$)
qed
qed
next
assume $A: \neg(i < \text{length}\ SA \wedge SA\ !\ i < \text{length}\ T)$

show *?thesis*
using *l-perm-inv-maintained-no-update(1,2)[OF assms(1)] A assms(2)*
by force
qed

lemma *abs-induce-l-base-perm-inv-maintained:*

assumes *l-perm-inv α T B SA0 SA 0*
and *abs-induce-l-base α T B SA = (B', SA', i)*
shows *l-perm-inv α T B' SA0 SA' i*

proof –

let *?P = $\lambda(B, SA, i). l\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA0 SA i$*

from *assms(2)*

have *repeat (length T) abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α , T) = (B', SA', i)*
by (*simp add: abs-induce-l-base-def*)

moreover

have $\bigwedge a. ?P a \implies ?P (abs\text{-induce-l-step } a (\alpha, T))$

using *abs-induce-l-perm-step by blast*

ultimately show *?thesis*

using *repeat-maintain-inv[of ?P abs-induce-l-step (α , T) (B, SA, 0) length T]*

using *assms(1) by auto*

qed

78 Sorted

lemma *l-suffix-sorted-inv-established:*

assumes *l-bucket-init α T B*

shows *l-suffix-sorted-inv α T B SA*

unfolding *l-suffix-sorted-inv-def*

proof(*intro allI impI*)

fix *b*

assume *$b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))$*

with *l-bucket-initD[OF assms, of b]*

have *$B ! b = bucket\text{-start } \alpha T b .$*

then

show *ordlistns.sorted*

(map (suffix T)

(list-slice SA (bucket-start α T b) (B ! b)))

by *simp*

qed

lemma *l-prefix-sorted-inv-established:*

assumes *l-bucket-init α T B*

shows *l-prefix-sorted-inv α T B SA*

unfolding *l-prefix-sorted-inv-def*

proof(*intro allI impI*)

fix *b*

assume *$b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))$*

with *l-bucket-initD[OF assms, of b]*

have $B ! b = \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b .$
then show $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{lms-prefix } T) (\text{list-slice } SA (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (B ! b)))$
by *simp*
qed

lemma *l-sorted-inv-maintained-step:*

assumes $l\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA 0 SA i$
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and $\text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $l = B ! k$
and $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
and $b \neq k$
and $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } f (\text{list-slice } SA (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (B ! b)))$
shows $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } f (\text{list-slice } (SA[l := j]) (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b)))$
proof –

let $?xs = \text{list-slice } (SA[l := j]) (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b)$ **and**
 $?ys = \text{list-slice } SA (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (B ! b)$

have $i < \text{length } T$
by $(\text{metis } \text{assms}(1,2) l\text{-perm-inv-def})$
hence $k \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
using $\text{assms}(1,4,6) l\text{-perm-inv-def strict-mono-less-eq}$ **by** *fastforce*

from $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $j < \text{length } T$
by *simp*

from $l\text{-distinct-pred-inv-helper}[OF \langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(4,10)[OF \text{assms}(1)]]$

have $j \notin \text{set } SA$
by *assumption*

from $l\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end}[OF l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(6)[OF \text{assms}(1)]]$
 $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(12)[OF \text{assms}(1)]]$

$\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$
 $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$

have $l < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T k$
by *simp*

```

hence  $l < \text{length } SA$ 
by (metis assms(1) bucket-end-le-length dual-order.strict-trans1 l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end
l-perm-inv-def)

have  $B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b = B ! b$ 
using assms(9) by auto

have  $l < \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \vee B ! b \leq l$ 
proof -
  have  $b < k \vee k < b$ 
    using  $\langle b \neq k \rangle$  less-linear by blast
  moreover
    have  $b < k \implies ?thesis$ 
    proof -
      assume  $b < k$ 
      hence  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T k$ 
        by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
      hence  $l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T k$ 
        using l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end le-trans by blast
      with l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-le-l-bucket-end[OF l-perm-inv-elim(6)][OF assms(1)]
     $\langle b \leq - \rangle$ 
      have  $B ! b \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T k$ 
        by linarith
      with l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start[OF l-perm-inv-elim(6)][OF assms(1)]
     $\langle k \leq - \rangle$ 
      show ?thesis
        using assms(7) le-trans by blast
    qed
  moreover
    have  $k < b \implies ?thesis$ 
    proof -
      assume  $k < b$ 
      hence  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T k \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b$ 
        by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
      hence  $l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T k \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b$ 
        using l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end le-trans by blast
      with  $\langle l < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T k \rangle$ 
      show ?thesis
        using less-le-trans by blast
    qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
qed
with  $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b = B ! b \rangle$ 
  list-slice-update-unchanged-1
  list-slice-update-unchanged-2
have  $?xs = ?ys$ 
by auto
then show ?thesis

```

using *assms(10)* by *auto*
qed

lemma *l-suffix-sorted-inv-maintained-step*:

assumes *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and *l-suffix-sorted-pre* α *T SA0*
and *l-suffix-sorted-inv* α *T B SA*
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$
and *suffix-type* $T j = L\text{-type}$
and $k = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $l = B ! k$

shows *l-suffix-sorted-inv* α *T (B[k := Suc l]) (SA[l := j])*

unfolding *l-suffix-sorted-inv-def*

proof (*safe*)

fix *b*

assume $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$

let $?xs = \text{list-slice } (SA[l := j]) (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b)$ **and**
 $?ys = \text{list-slice } SA (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (B ! b)$

have $i < \text{length } T$

by (*metis assms(1,4) l-perm-inv-def*)

hence $k \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$

using *assms(1,6,8) l-perm-inv-def strict-mono-less-eq* **by** *fastforce*

from $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$

have $j < \text{length } T$

by *simp*

from *l-distinct-pred-inv-helper*[*OF* $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$

$\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$

$\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$

$\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$

l-perm-inv-elim(4,10)[*OF* *assms(1)*]]

have $j \notin \text{set } SA$

by *assumption*

from *l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end*[*OF* *l-perm-inv-elim(6)*][*OF* *assms(1)*]

$\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$

$\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$

$\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$

l-perm-inv-elim(12)[*OF* *assms(1)*]]

$\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$

$\langle l = B ! k \rangle$

have $l < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T k$

by *simp*

hence $l < \text{length } SA$

by (*metis assms(1) bucket-end-le-length dual-order.strict-trans1 l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end*)

l-perm-inv-def)

have $b = k \vee b \neq k$
by *simp*
moreover
have $b \neq k \implies \text{ordlistns.sorted} (\text{map} (\text{suffix } T) ?xs)$
using $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \text{assms } l\text{-sorted-inv-maintained-step } l\text{-suffix-sorted-inv-def}$
by *blast*
moreover
have $b = k \implies \text{ordlistns.sorted} (\text{map} (\text{suffix } T) ?xs)$
proof –
assume $b = k$
hence $B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b = \text{Suc } l$
using $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \text{assms}(1) \text{ } l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(1)$ **by** *fastforce*

have $SA[l := j] ! l = j$
by (*simp add: $\langle l < \text{length } SA \rangle$*)

from *list-slice-update-unchanged-2*[*of* $B ! b \ j \ \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$]
have $\text{list-slice} (SA[l := j]) (\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) (B ! b) = ?ys$
using $\langle b = k \rangle \text{assms}(9)$
by (*simp add: list-slice-update-unchanged-2*)
hence $?xs = ?ys @ \text{list-slice} (SA[l := j]) (B ! b) (B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! k)$
by (*metis Suc-n-not-le-n $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b = \text{Suc } l \rangle \langle b = k \rangle \langle k \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \text{assms}(1,9)$*)
l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start l-perm-inv-elim(6) linear
list-slice-append)
moreover
have $\text{list-slice} (SA[l := j]) (B ! b) (B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! k) = [j]$
by (*metis $\langle B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b = \text{Suc } l \rangle \langle SA[l := j] ! l = j \rangle \langle b = k \rangle \langle l < \text{length } SA \rangle \text{assms}(9)$*)
length-list-update lessI list-slice-Suc list-slice-n-n
ultimately have $?xs = ?ys @ [j]$
by *simp*
hence $\text{map} (\text{suffix } T) ?xs = (\text{map} (\text{suffix } T) ?ys) @ [\text{suffix } T \ j]$
by *simp*
moreover
have $\text{ordlistns.sorted} ((\text{map} (\text{suffix } T) ?ys) @ [\text{suffix } T \ j])$
proof –
from *l-suffix-sorted-invD*[*OF* $\text{assms}(3) \langle b \leq - \rangle$]
have $\text{ordlistns.sorted} (\text{map} (\text{suffix } T) ?ys)$.
moreover
have $\text{ordlistns.sorted} [\text{suffix } T \ j]$
by *simp*
moreover
have $\forall x \in \text{set} (\text{map} (\text{suffix } T) ?ys).$
 $\forall y \in \text{set} [\text{suffix } T \ j].$
list-less-eq-ns x y
proof(*safe*)

```

fix x y
assume
  x ∈ set (map (suffix T) ?ys)
  y ∈ set [suffix T j]
hence y = suffix T j
  by simp

have A: length ?ys = B ! b - bucket-start α T b
  using ⟨b = k⟩ ⟨l < length SA⟩ assms(9) min-def by auto

from in-set-conv-nth[THEN iffD1, OF ⟨x ∈ set (map (suffix T) ?ys)⟩]
have ∃ i'. x = suffix T (SA ! i') ∧
  bucket-start α T b ≤ i' ∧ i' < B ! b
  by (metis A add commute le-add1 length-map
  less-diff-conv nth-list-slice nth-map)
then obtain j' where j'-assms:
  x = suffix T (SA ! j')
  bucket-start α T b ≤ j'
  j' < B ! b
  by blast
hence j'-less: j' < length SA
  using ⟨b = k⟩ ⟨l < length SA⟩ assms(9) dual-order.strict-trans
  by blast
with l-locations-inv-D
  [OF l-perm-inv-elim(9)[OF assms(1)] ⟨b ≤ -⟩ - j'-assms(2,3)]
have SA ! j' < length T
  suffix-type T (SA ! j') = L-type
  α (T ! (SA ! j')) = b
  by blast+
with l-pred-inv-D[OF l-perm-inv-elim(10)[OF assms(1)] j'-less]
have ∃ j < length SA.
  SA ! j = Suc (SA ! j') ∧
  SA ! j < length T ∧
  j < j' ∧
  j < i
  by blast
then obtain i' where i'-assms:
  i' < length SA
  SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! j')
  SA ! i' < length T
  i' < j'
  i' < i
  by blast

have α (T ! j) = b
  using ⟨b = k⟩ assms(8) by blast
with ⟨α (T ! (SA ! j')) = b⟩
have T ! (SA ! j') = T ! j
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms(1) l-perm-inv-elim(12))

```

less-le not-le strict-mono-less-eq)

moreover
have $x = T ! (SA ! j') \# \text{suffix } T (SA ! i')$
using $\langle SA ! i' = \text{Suc } (SA ! j') \rangle$
 $\langle SA ! j' < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle x = \text{suffix } T (SA ! j') \rangle$
suffix-cons-Suc
by auto

moreover
have $y = T ! j \# \text{suffix } T (SA ! i)$
using $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle \langle y = \text{suffix } T j \rangle$
suffix-cons-Suc
 $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$
by auto

ultimately
have *list-less-eq-ns* $x y =$
list-less-eq-ns $(\text{suffix } T (SA ! i')) (\text{suffix } T (SA ! i))$
using *list-less-eq-ns-cons*
 $[\text{of } T ! (SA ! j')$
 $\text{suffix } T (SA ! i')$
 $T ! j$
 $\text{suffix } T (SA ! i)]$
by simp

moreover
have *list-less-eq-ns* $(\text{suffix } T (SA ! i')) (\text{suffix } T (SA ! i))$
proof –
have $i' < \text{length } T$
using $\langle i < \text{length } T \rangle \langle i' < i \rangle \text{order.strict-trans}$ **by blast**
with *index-in-bucket-interval-gen*
 $[\text{of } i' T \alpha,$
 $OF - l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(12)[OF \text{assms}(1)]]$
obtain $b0$ **where** *b0-assms*:
 $b0 \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \leq i'$
 $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b0$
by blast
with *same-bucket-same-hd*
 $[OF l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(8,9,6,5)[OF \text{assms}(1)],$
 $\text{of } b0 i']$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,3,14,15)[OF \text{assms}(1)]$
have $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b0$
using $\langle SA ! i' < \text{length } T \rangle \langle i' < \text{length } SA \rangle$ **by auto**

from *index-in-bucket-interval-gen* $[OF \langle i < \text{length } T \rangle l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(12)[OF$
assms $(1)]]$

obtain $b1$ **where** *b1-assms*:
 $b1 \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b1 \leq i$
 $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b1$

by *blast*
with *same-bucket-same-hd*
 $[OF\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(8,9,6,5)[OF\ assms(1)],$
of b1 i]
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,3,14,15)[OF\ assms(1)]$
have $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b1$
using $assms(4-6)$ **by** *auto*

have $b0 \leq b1$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg b0 \leq b1$
hence $b1 < b0$
by *auto*
hence $bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b1 \leq bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b0$
by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)
with $\langle i < bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b1 \rangle \langle bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b0 \leq i' \rangle \langle i' < i \rangle$
show *False*
by *linarith*

qed
hence $b0 < b1 \vee b0 = b1$
by *linarith*

moreover
have $b0 < b1 \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $b0 < b1$
with $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b0 \rangle$
 $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b1 \rangle$
have $T ! (SA ! i') < T ! (SA ! i)$
using $assms(1)\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(12)\ strict\text{-mono-less}$ **by** *blast*
moreover
have $\exists as.\ suffix\ T\ (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! i') \# as$
using $\langle SA ! i' < length\ T \rangle suffix\text{-cons-Suc}$ **by** *blast*
then obtain *as* **where** *as-asm*:
 $suffix\ T\ (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! i') \# as$
by *blast*
moreover
have $\exists bs.\ suffix\ T\ (SA ! i) = T ! (SA ! i) \# bs$
by (*metis Cons-nth-drop-Suc assms(5,6)*)
then obtain *bs* **where** *bs-asm*:
 $suffix\ T\ (SA ! i) = T ! (SA ! i) \# bs$
by *blast*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: less-le list-less-eq-ns-cons*)

qed
moreover
have $b0 = b1 \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $b0 = b1$
hence $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = \alpha (T ! (SA ! i))$

by (*simp add*: $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b0 \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b1 \rangle$)
hence $T ! (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! i)$
 by (*metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) assms(1) strict-mono-less*
l-perm-inv-elim(12) not-less-iff-gr-or-eq)

have $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b0$
 by (*simp add*: $\langle b0 = b1 \rangle \langle i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b1 \rangle$)

from *unknown-range-values*[*OF l-perm-inv-elim(8,5)*][*OF assms(1)*] - -
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(14,15)$ [*OF assms(1)*]
 $\langle b0 \leq \alpha \rightarrow \rangle$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,3)$ [*OF assms(1)*]
have $i < B ! b0 \vee \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \leq i$
using *assms(5) assms(6) not-le* **by force**

from *unknown-range-values*[*OF l-perm-inv-elim(8,5)*][*OF assms(1)*] - -
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(14,15)$ [*OF assms(1)*]
 $\langle b0 \leq \alpha \rightarrow \rangle$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,3)$ [*OF assms(1)*]
 $\langle SA ! i' < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $i' < B ! b0 \vee$
 $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \leq i'$
using *not-le* **by force**

moreover
have $i' < B ! b0 \implies ?thesis$
proof -
assume $i' < B ! b0$
have $i < B ! b0 \implies ?thesis$
proof -
assume *i-b0-assm*: $i < B ! b0$
let $?xs = \text{list-slice } SA (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b0) (B ! b0)$

have $i' \leq i$
by (*simp add*: $\langle i' < i \rangle \text{less-imp-le-nat}$)
from *l-suffix-sorted-invD*[*OF assms(3)*] $\langle b0 \leq \alpha \rightarrow \rangle$
have *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* T) $?xs$) .
with *ordlistns.list-slice-sorted-nth-mono*
 $[OF - b0\text{-assms}(2) \langle i' \leq i \rangle i\text{-b0-assm},$
 $\text{of } \text{map} (\text{suffix } T) SA]$
show *?thesis*
by (*metis i'-assms(1) assms(4) length-map*
map-list-slice nth-map)

qed
moreover
have $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \leq i \implies ?thesis$
proof -
assume $\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \leq i$
with *lms-init-D*
 $[OF \text{lms-init-unchanged}]$

```

      [OF l-perm-inv-elims(8)[OF assms(1)]],
      OF - - l-perm-inv-elims(14)[OF assms(1)]
      ⟨b0 ≤ α -⟩]
    l-perm-inv-elims(2,3)[OF assms(1)]
    ⟨i < bucket-end α T b0⟩
  have SA ! i ∈ lms-bucket α T b0
  by (metis bucket-end-le-length list-slice-nth-mem)
  hence suffix-type T (SA ! i) = S-type
  by (metis ⟨b0 ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩
      ⟨i < bucket-end α T b0⟩
      ⟨length SA = length SA0⟩
      ⟨length SA0 = length T⟩
      ⟨lms-bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i⟩
      ⟨lms-init α T SA0⟩
      assms(1) abs-is-lms-def l-perm-inv-elims(8)
      lms-init-nth lms-init-unchanged)
  moreover
  from l-locations-inv-D
    [OF l-perm-inv-elims(9)[OF assms(1)]
    ⟨b0 ≤ α -⟩
    i'-assms(1)
    b0-assms(2)
    ⟨i' < B ! b0⟩]
  have suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type SA ! i' < length T
  by blast+
  ultimately show ?thesis
  using l-less-than-s-type-suffix[of SA ! i T SA ! i']
  by (simp add: ordlistns.less-imp-le ⟨α (T ! (SA ! i')) = b0⟩
      ⟨T ! (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! i)⟩ assms(5,6))
qed
ultimately
show ?thesis
  using ⟨i < B ! b0 ∨ lms-bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i⟩
  by blast
qed
moreover
have lms-bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i' ⟹ ?thesis
proof -
  assume lms-bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i'
  let ?xs =
    list-slice SA (lms-bucket-start α T b0) (bucket-end α T b0)
  from l-suffix-sorted-pre-maintained
    [OF l-perm-inv-elims(8)[OF assms(1)]]
    l-perm-inv-elims(2,3)[OF assms(1)]
    l-suffix-sorted-preD[of α T SA b0, OF - ⟨b0 ≤ α -⟩]
  have ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) ?xs)
  by (simp add: assms(2))

```

```

with ordlistns.list-slice-sorted-nth-mono
  [of map (suffix T) SA
   lms-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b0
   bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b0 i' i]
  ⟨i < bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b0⟩
  ⟨i' < i⟩
  i'-assms(1)
  ⟨lms-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b0  $\leq$  i'⟩
show ?thesis
  by (metis assms(4) length-map map-list-slice
       not-less not-less-iff-gr-or-eq nth-map)
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
ultimately show list-less-eq-ns x y
  by simp
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  using ordlistns.sorted-append[of map (suffix T) ?ys [suffix T j]]
  by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by simp
qed
ultimately show ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) ?xs)
  by blast
qed

```

```

lemma l-prefix-sorted-inv-maintained-step:
  assumes l-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA0 SA i
  and l-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha$  T SA0
  and l-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and i < length SA
  and SA ! i = Suc j
  and Suc j < length T
  and suffix-type T j = L-type
  and k =  $\alpha$  (T ! j)
  and l = B ! k
shows l-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T (B[k := Suc l]) (SA[l := j])
  unfolding l-prefix-sorted-inv-def
proof (safe)
  fix b
  assume b  $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
  let ?xs = list-slice (SA[l := j]) (bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b) (B[k := Suc l] ! b)
  and ?ys = list-slice SA (bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b) (B ! b)

```

```

have  $i < \text{length } T$ 
  by (metis assms(1,4) l-perm-inv-def)
hence  $k \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  using assms(1,6,8) l-perm-inv-def strict-mono-less-eq by fastforce

from  $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $j < \text{length } T$ 
  by simp

from l-distinct-pred-inv-helper
  [OF  $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
    $\langle SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
    $\langle \text{Suc } j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
    $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
   l-perm-inv-elims(4,10)[OF assms(1)]]
have  $j \notin \text{set } SA$ 
  by assumption

from l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-less-l-bucket-end
  [OF l-perm-inv-elims(6)[OF assms(1)]
    $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
    $\langle \text{suffix-type } T j = L\text{-type} \rangle$ 
    $\langle j \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$ 
   l-perm-inv-elims(12)[OF assms(1)]]
   $\langle k = \alpha (T ! j) \rangle$ 
   $\langle l = B ! k \rangle$ 
have  $l < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T k$ 
  by simp
hence  $l < \text{length } SA$ 
  by (metis bucket-end-le-length dual-order.strict-trans1
   assms(1) l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end l-perm-inv-def)

have  $b = k \vee b \neq k$ 
  by simp
moreover
have  $b \neq k \implies$ 
  ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix  $T$ )  $?xs$ )
  using  $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ 
   assms l-sorted-inv-maintained-step l-prefix-sorted-inv-def
  by blast
moreover
have  $b = k \implies$ 
  ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix  $T$ )  $?xs$ )
proof –
  assume  $b = k$ 
  hence  $B[k := \text{Suc } l] ! b = \text{Suc } l$ 
  using  $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$  assms(1) l-perm-inv-elims(1)
  by fastforce

```

have $SA[l := j] ! l = j$
by (*simp add: <l < length SA>*)

from *list-slice-update-unchanged-2*
have $list\text{-}slice (SA[l := j]) (bucket\text{-}start \alpha T b) (B ! b) = ?ys$
using $\langle b = k \rangle$ *assms(9)*
by *fast*

hence $?xs = ?ys @ list\text{-}slice (SA[l := j]) (B ! b) (B[k := Suc l] ! k)$
by (*metis <B[k := Suc l] ! b = Suc l> <b = k>*)
 $\langle k \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$
assms(1,9) Suc-n-not-le-n list-slice-append linear
l-bucket-ptr-inv-imp-ge-bucket-start l-perm-inv-elim(6)

moreover
have $list\text{-}slice (SA[l := j]) (B ! b) (B[k := Suc l] ! k) = [j]$
by (*metis <B[k := Suc l] ! b = Suc l>*)
 $\langle SA[l := j] ! l = j \rangle$
 $\langle b = k \rangle$
 $\langle l < length SA \rangle$
assms(9) length-list-update lessI list-slice-Suc list-slice-n-n

ultimately
have $?xs = ?ys @ [j]$
by *simp*

hence $map (lms\text{-}prefix T) ?xs = (map (lms\text{-}prefix T) ?ys) @ [lms\text{-}prefix T j]$
by *simp*

moreover
have $ordlistns.sorted ((map (lms\text{-}prefix T) ?ys) @ [lms\text{-}prefix T j])$
proof –

from *l-prefix-sorted-invD[OF assms(3) <b ≤ ->]*
have $ordlistns.sorted (map (lms\text{-}prefix T) ?ys)$.
moreover
have $ordlistns.sorted [lms\text{-}prefix T j]$
by *simp*

moreover
have $\forall x \in set (map (lms\text{-}prefix T) ?ys). \forall y \in set [lms\text{-}prefix T j].$
 $list\text{-}less\text{-}eq\text{-}ns x y$

proof(*safe*)
fix $x y$
assume $x \in set (map (lms\text{-}prefix T) ?ys) y \in set [lms\text{-}prefix T j]$
hence $y = lms\text{-}prefix T j$
by *simp*

have $A: length ?ys = B ! b - bucket\text{-}start \alpha T b$
using $\langle b = k \rangle \langle l < length SA \rangle$ *assms(9) min-def* **by** *auto*

from *in-set-conv-nth[THEN iffD1, OF <x ∈ set (map (lms-prefix T) ?ys)>]*
have $\exists i'. x = lms\text{-}prefix T (SA ! i') \wedge$
 $bucket\text{-}start \alpha T b \leq i' \wedge$
 $i' < B ! b$

by (*metis A add.commute le-add1 length-map less-diff-conv
nth-list-slice nth-map*)
then obtain j' **where** j' -*assms*:
 $x = \text{lms-prefix } T (SA ! j')$
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq j'$
 $j' < B ! b$
by *blast*
hence $j' < \text{length } SA$
using $\langle b = k \rangle \langle l < \text{length } SA \rangle$
 $\text{assms}(9) \text{ dual-order.strict-trans}$ **by** *blast*
with $l\text{-locations-inv-}D$
 $[OF l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(9)[OF \text{assms}(1)]]$
 $\langle b \leq \rightarrow -$
 $j'\text{-assms}(2,3)]$
have $SA ! j' < \text{length } T$
 $\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! j') = L\text{-type}$
 $\alpha (T ! (SA ! j')) = b$
by *blast+*
with $l\text{-pred-inv-}D[OF l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(10)[OF \text{assms}(1)]] \langle j' < \text{length } SA \rangle$
have $\exists j < \text{length } SA. SA ! j = \text{Suc } (SA ! j') \wedge SA ! j < \text{length } T \wedge j < j' \wedge$
 $j < i$
by *blast*
then obtain i' **where**
 $i' < \text{length } SA$
 $SA ! i' = \text{Suc } (SA ! j')$
 $SA ! i' < \text{length } T$
 $i' < j'$
 $i' < i$
by *blast*

have $\alpha (T ! j) = b$
using $\langle b = k \rangle \text{assms}(8)$ **by** *blast*
with $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! j')) = b \rangle$
have $T ! (SA ! j') = T ! j$
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) assms(1) l-perm-inv-elim(12) less-le not-le
strict-mono-less-eq*)
moreover
have $x = T ! (SA ! j') \# \text{lms-prefix } T (SA ! i')$
by (*simp add: $\langle SA ! i' = \text{Suc } (SA ! j') \rangle \langle SA ! j' < \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{suffix-type } T (SA ! j') = L\text{-type} \rangle \langle x = \text{lms-prefix } T (SA ! j') \rangle$
 $l\text{-type-lms-prefix-cons}$*)
moreover
have $y = T ! j \# \text{lms-prefix } T (SA ! i)$
by (*simp add: $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle \langle y = \text{lms-prefix } T j \rangle \text{assms}(5,7)$
 $l\text{-type-lms-prefix-cons}$*)
ultimately have
 $\text{list-less-eq-ns } x y =$
 $\text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-prefix } T (SA ! i')) (\text{lms-prefix } T (SA ! i))$
using $\text{list-less-eq-ns-cons}[of T ! (SA ! j') \text{lms-prefix } T (SA ! i') T ! j$

$lms\text{-prefix } T (SA ! i)$

by *simp*

moreover

have $list\text{-less-eq-ns } (lms\text{-prefix } T (SA ! i')) (lms\text{-prefix } T (SA ! i))$

proof –

have $i' < length\ T$

using $\langle i < length\ T \rangle \langle i' < i \rangle order.strict\text{-trans}$ **by** *blast*

with $index\text{-in-bucket-interval-gen}[of\ i'\ T\ \alpha,\ OF\text{-}l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(12)][OF\ assms(1)]$

obtain $b0$ **where**

$b0 \leq \alpha (Max (set\ T))$

$bucket\text{-start } \alpha\ T\ b0 \leq i'$

$i' < bucket\text{-end } \alpha\ T\ b0$

by *blast*

with $same\text{-bucket-same-hd}[OF\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(8,9,6,5)][OF\ assms(1)],$

of $b0\ i'$

$l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,3,14,15)[OF\ assms(1)]$

have $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b0$

using $\langle SA ! i' < length\ T \rangle \langle i' < length\ SA \rangle$ **by** *auto*

from $index\text{-in-bucket-interval-gen}[OF\ \langle i < length\ T \rangle\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(12)][OF\ assms(1)]$

obtain $b1$ **where**

$b1 \leq \alpha (Max (set\ T))$

$bucket\text{-start } \alpha\ T\ b1 \leq i$

$i < bucket\text{-end } \alpha\ T\ b1$

by *blast*

with $same\text{-bucket-same-hd}[OF\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(8,9,6,5)][OF\ assms(1)],$

of $b1\ i$

$l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,3,14,15)[OF\ assms(1)]$

have $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b1$

using $assms(4-6)$ **by** *auto*

have $b0 \leq b1$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\neg b0 \leq b1$

hence $b1 < b0$

by *auto*

hence $bucket\text{-end } \alpha\ T\ b1 \leq bucket\text{-start } \alpha\ T\ b0$

by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)

with $\langle i < bucket\text{-end } \alpha\ T\ b1 \rangle \langle bucket\text{-start } \alpha\ T\ b0 \leq i \rangle \langle i' < i \rangle$

show *False*

by *linarith*

qed

hence $b0 < b1 \vee b0 = b1$

by *linarith*

moreover

have $b0 < b1 \implies ?thesis$

proof –

assume $b0 < b1$
with $\langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b0 \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b1 \rangle$
have $T ! (SA ! i') < T ! (SA ! i)$
using $assms(1)$ $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(12)$ $strict\text{-mono-less}$ **by** $blast$
moreover
have $\exists as. lms\text{-prefix } T (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! i') \# as$
by $(metis \langle SA ! i' < length T \rangle lms\text{-slice-hd}$
 $lms\text{-lms-prefix not-lms-imp-next-eq-lms-prefix})$
then obtain as **where**
 $lms\text{-prefix } T (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! i') \# as$
by $blast$
moreover
have $\exists bs. lms\text{-prefix } T (SA ! i) = T ! (SA ! i) \# bs$
by $(metis (full-types) SL\text{-types.exhaust } assms(5-7) abs\text{-is-lms-def}$
 $l\text{-type-lms-prefix-cons } lms\text{-lms-prefix})$
then obtain bs **where**
 $lms\text{-prefix } T (SA ! i) = T ! (SA ! i) \# bs$
by $blast$
ultimately show $?thesis$
by $(simp\ add: less\text{-le list-less-eq-ns-cons})$
qed
moreover
have $b0 = b1 \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $b0 = b1$
hence $\alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = \alpha (T ! (SA ! i))$
by $(simp\ add: \langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b0 \rangle \langle \alpha (T ! (SA ! i)) = b1 \rangle)$
hence $T ! (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! i)$
by $(metis (no-types, opaque-lifting) assms(1) strict\text{-mono-less}$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(12) not\text{-less-iff-gr-or-eq})$

have $i < bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b0$
by $(simp\ add: \langle b0 = b1 \rangle \langle i < bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b1 \rangle)$

from $unknown\text{-range-values}$
 $[OF\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(8,5)[OF\ assms(1)] - -$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(14,15)[OF\ assms(1)] \langle b0 \leq \alpha - \rangle]$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,3)[OF\ assms(1)]$
have $i < B ! b0 \vee lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \leq i$
using $assms(5)$ $assms(6)$ $not\text{-le}$ **by** $force$

from $unknown\text{-range-values}$
 $[OF\ l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(8,5)[OF\ assms(1)] - -$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(14,15)[OF\ assms(1)] \langle b0 \leq \alpha - \rangle]$
 $l\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,3)[OF\ assms(1)]$
 $\langle SA ! i' < length T \rangle$
have $i' < B ! b0 \vee lms\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \leq i'$
using $not\text{-le}$ **by** $force$
moreover


```

have  $i' < B ! b0 \implies ?thesis$ 
proof -
  assume  $i' < B ! b0$ 
  have  $i < B ! b0 \implies ?thesis$ 
  proof -
    assume  $i < B ! b0$ 
    let  $?xs = list-slice SA (bucket-start \alpha T b0) (B ! b0)$ 

    have  $i' \leq i$ 
    by (simp add:  $\langle i' < i \rangle$  less-imp-le-nat)
    from l-prefix-sorted-invD[OF assms(3)  $\langle b0 \leq \alpha \rightarrow \rangle$ ]
    have ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix T) ?xs) .
    with ordlistns.list-slice-sorted-nth-mono
      [OF -  $\langle bucket-start \alpha T b0 \leq i' \rangle$   $\langle i' \leq i \rangle$ 
         $\langle i < B ! b0 \rangle$ ,
        of map (lms-prefix T) SA]
    show ?thesis
    by (metis  $\langle i' < length SA \rangle$  assms(4) length-map map-list-slice
nth-map)

qed
moreover
have lms-bucket-start  $\alpha T b0 \leq i \implies ?thesis$ 
proof -
  assume lms-bucket-start  $\alpha T b0 \leq i$ 
  with lms-init-D[OF lms-init-unchanged
    [OF l-perm-inv-elim(8)[OF assms(1)]],
    OF - - l-perm-inv-elim(14)[OF assms(1)]  $\langle b0 \leq \alpha \rightarrow \rangle$ ]
    l-perm-inv-elim(2,3)[OF assms(1)]
     $\langle i < bucket-end \alpha T b0 \rangle$ 
  have SA !  $i \in lms-bucket \alpha T b0$ 
  by (metis bucket-end-le-length list-slice-nth-mem)
  hence suffix-type T (SA !  $i$ ) = S-type
  by (metis  $\langle b0 \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$ 
     $\langle i < bucket-end \alpha T b0 \rangle$ 
     $\langle length SA = length SA0 \rangle$ 
     $\langle length SA0 = length T \rangle$ 
     $\langle lms-bucket-start \alpha T b0 \leq i \rangle$ 
     $\langle lms-init \alpha T SA0 \rangle$  assms(1)
    abs-is-lms-def l-perm-inv-elim(8) lms-init-nth
    lms-init-unchanged)

moreover
from l-locations-inv-D[OF l-perm-inv-elim(9)[OF assms(1)]  $\langle b0 \leq$ 
 $\alpha \rightarrow$ 
     $\langle i' < length SA \rangle$   $\langle bucket-start \alpha T b0 \leq i' \rangle$ 
     $\langle i' < B ! b0 \rangle$ ]
  have suffix-type T (SA !  $i'$ ) = L-type SA !  $i' < length T$ 
  by blast+
ultimately show ?thesis
  using lms-prefix-l-less-than-s-type[of SA !  $i T SA ! i'$ ]

```

```

    by (simp add: ⟨T ! (SA ! i') = T ! (SA ! i)⟩ assms(5-6)
        lms-prefix-l-less-than-s-type
        ordlistns.dual-order.strict-implies-order)
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using ⟨i < B ! b0 ∨ lms-bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i⟩ by blast
  qed
  moreover
  have lms-bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i' ⇒ ?thesis
  proof -
    assume lms-bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i'

    let ?xs = list-slice SA (lms-bucket-start α T b0) (bucket-end α T b0)

  from l-prefix-sorted-pre-maintained[OF l-perm-inv-elim(8)[OF assms(1)]]
        l-perm-inv-elim(2,3)[OF assms(1)]
        l-prefix-sorted-preD[of α T SA b0, OF - ⟨b0 ≤ α -⟩]
  have ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix T) ?xs)
    by (simp add: assms(2))
  with ordlistns.list-slice-sorted-nth-mono
        [of map (lms-prefix T) SA
            lms-bucket-start α T b0
            bucket-end α T b0 i' i]
        ⟨i < bucket-end α T b0⟩ ⟨i' < i⟩
        ⟨i' < length SA⟩
        ⟨lms-bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i'⟩
  show ?thesis
    by (metis assms(4) length-map map-list-slice
        not-less not-less-iff-gr-or-eq nth-map)
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  ultimately show list-less-eq-ns x y
    by simp
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using ordlistns.sorted-append
        [of map (lms-prefix T) ?ys
            [lms-prefix T j]]
    by blast
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by simp
  qed
  ultimately show ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix T) ?xs)

```

by *blast*
qed

lemma *abs-induce-l-suffix-sorted-step*:
assumes $l\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $l\text{-suffix-sorted-pre } \alpha \ T \ SA \ 0$
and $l\text{-suffix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $abs\text{-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i')$
shows $l\text{-suffix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B' \ SA'$
proof (*cases* $i < length \ SA \wedge SA \ ! \ i < length \ T$)
assume $\neg (i < length \ SA \wedge SA \ ! \ i < length \ T)$
then show *?thesis*
 using *assms(3,4)* **by force**
next
assume $A: i < length \ SA \wedge SA \ ! \ i < length \ T$
show *?thesis*
proof (*cases* $SA \ ! \ i$)
 case 0
 then show *?thesis*
 using *assms(3,4)* A **by force**
next
 case (*Suc j*)
 assume $B: SA \ ! \ i = Suc \ j$
 show *?thesis*
 proof (*cases suffix-type T j*)
 case *S-type*
 then show *?thesis*
 using *assms(3,4)* $A \ B$ **by force**
next
 case *L-type*
 then show *?thesis*
 using *assms(3,4)* $A \ B$
 $l\text{-suffix-sorted-inv-maintained-step}$
 $[OF \ assms(1-3), \ of \ j \ \alpha \ (T \ ! \ j) \ B \ ! \ \alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)]$
 by (*clarsimp simp: Let-def*)
 qed
qed
qed

lemma *abs-induce-l-prefix-sorted-step*:
assumes $l\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $l\text{-prefix-sorted-pre } \alpha \ T \ SA \ 0$
and $l\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $abs\text{-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i')$
shows $l\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B' \ SA'$
proof (*cases* $i < length \ SA \wedge SA \ ! \ i < length \ T$)
assume $\neg (i < length \ SA \wedge SA \ ! \ i < length \ T)$
then show *?thesis*
 using *assms(3,4)* **by force**

```

next
  assume  $A: i < \text{length } SA \wedge SA ! i < \text{length } T$ 
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases  $SA ! i$ )
    case 0
      then show ?thesis
        using assms(3,4)  $A$  by force
    next
      case (Suc  $j$ )
        assume  $B: SA ! i = \text{Suc } j$ 
        show ?thesis
        proof (cases suffix-type  $T j$ )
          case S-type
            then show ?thesis
              using assms(3,4)  $A B$  by force
          next
            case L-type
              then show ?thesis
                using assms(3,4)  $A B$ 
                l-prefix-sorted-inv-maintained-step[OF assms(1-3), of  $j \alpha (T ! j) B !$ 
                 $\alpha (T ! j)$ ]
                by (clarsimp simp: Let-def)
          qed
        qed
      qed
    qed
  qed

```

```

lemma abs-induce-l-base-suffix-sorted-inv-maintained:
  assumes l-perm-inv  $\alpha T B SA 0 SA 0$ 
  and l-suffix-sorted-pre  $\alpha T SA 0$ 
  and l-suffix-sorted-inv  $\alpha T B SA$ 
  and abs-induce-l-base  $\alpha T B SA = (B', SA', i)$ 
  shows l-suffix-sorted-inv  $\alpha T B' SA'$ 
proof -
  let  $?P = \lambda(B, SA, i). \textit{l-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA 0 SA i \wedge \textit{l-suffix-sorted-inv } \alpha T B SA$ 
  from assms(4)
  have repeat (length  $T$ ) abs-induce-l-step  $(B, SA, 0) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i)$ 
    by (simp add: abs-induce-l-base-def)
  moreover
  have  $\bigwedge a. ?P a \implies ?P (\textit{abs-induce-l-step } a (\alpha, T))$ 
    using abs-induce-l-perm-step abs-induce-l-suffix-sorted-step assms(2) by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using repeat-maintain-inv[of  $?P \textit{abs-induce-l-step } (\alpha, T) (B, SA, 0) \textit{length } T$ ]
    using assms(1,2,3) by auto
  qed

```

```

lemma abs-induce-l-base-prefix-sorted-inv-maintained:
  assumes l-perm-inv  $\alpha T B SA 0 SA 0$ 

```

and $l\text{-prefix-sorted-pre } \alpha T SA 0$
and $l\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha T B SA$
and $abs\text{-induce-l-base } \alpha T B SA = (B', SA', i)$
shows $l\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha T B' SA'$
proof –
let $?P = \lambda(B, SA, i). l\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA 0 SA i \wedge l\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha T B SA$

from $assms(4)$
have $repeat (length T) abs\text{-induce-l-step } (B, SA, 0) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i)$
by $(simp\ add: abs\text{-induce-l-base-def})$
moreover
have $\bigwedge a. ?P a \implies ?P (abs\text{-induce-l-step } a (\alpha, T))$
using $abs\text{-induce-l-perm-step } abs\text{-induce-l-prefix-sorted-step } assms(2)$ **by** $blast$
ultimately show $?thesis$
using $repeat\text{-maintain-inv[of } ?P abs\text{-induce-l-step } (\alpha, T) (B, SA, 0) length T]$
using $assms(1,2,3)$ **by** $auto$
qed

79 L-type Exhaustiveness

The $abs\text{-induce-l}$ function is exhaustive if it has inserted all the L-types

definition $l\text{-type-exhaustive} :: ('a :: \{linorder, order-bot\}) list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow bool$
where
 $l\text{-type-exhaustive } T SA = (\forall i < length T. suffix\text{-type } T i = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow i \in set SA)$

There two cases when the $abs\text{-induce-l}$ function is not exhaustive: when there is an L-type that is not in SA but its successor (right neighbour) is in SA, and the other is when there is an L-type that is not in SA and its successor is also not in SA. We will show that both cases will be False.

lemma $not\text{-l-type-exhaustive-imp-ex}$:

$\neg l\text{-type-exhaustive } T SA \implies$
 $(\exists i < length T. suffix\text{-type } T i = L\text{-type} \wedge i \notin set SA \wedge Suc i \in set SA) \vee$
 $((\exists i < length T. suffix\text{-type } T i = L\text{-type} \wedge i \notin set SA) \wedge$
 $\neg(\exists i. i < length T \wedge suffix\text{-type } T i = L\text{-type} \wedge i \notin set SA \wedge Suc i \in set SA))$
using $l\text{-type-exhaustive-def}$
by $blast$

lemma $l\text{-type-exhaustive-imp-l-bucket}$:

$\llbracket strict\text{-mono } \alpha; l\text{-type-exhaustive } T SA; b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\{i. i \in set SA \wedge i \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b\} = l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$
by $(intro\ equalityI\ subsetI; clarsimp\ simp\ add: bucket\text{-def } l\text{-bucket}\text{-def } l\text{-type-exhaustive}\text{-def})$

lemma $l\text{-type-exhaustive-imp-all-l-types}$:

$l\text{-type-exhaustive } T SA \implies$
 $\{i. i \in set SA \wedge i \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! i))\} = \{i. i < length T \wedge suffix\text{-type } T i = L\text{-type}\}$
apply $(intro\ equalityI\ subsetI; clarsimp)$

apply (*simp add: bucket-def l-bucket-def*)
by (*simp add: l-type-exhaustive-def bucket-def l-bucket-def*)

79.1 Case 1

In the case 1, we have that $\exists k < \text{length } T. \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type} \wedge k \notin \text{set } SA \wedge \text{Suc } k \in \text{set } SA$. From this, we know that $\exists j < \text{length } SA. SA ! j = \text{Suc } k$

lemma

Suc k ∈ set SA \implies $\exists j < \text{length } SA. SA ! j = \text{Suc } k$
by (*simp add: in-set-conv-nth*)

After executing the *abs-induce-l* function, we know that we have seen

79.2 Case 2

In the case 2, we have that $\exists k < \text{length } T. \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type} \wedge k \notin \text{set } SA \wedge \text{Suc } k \notin \text{set } SA$.

lemma *finite-and-Suc-imp-False:*

assumes *finite-A: finite A*
and *not-empty: A ≠ {}*
and *Suc-A: $\forall a \in A. \text{Suc } a \in A$*
shows *False*

proof –

from *Max-in[OF finite-A not-empty]*
have *Max A ∈ A* **by** *assumption*

with *Suc-A bspec*
have *Suc (Max A) ∈ A* **by** *blast*

with $\langle \text{Max } A \in A \rangle$ *finite-A*
show *?thesis*
using *Max-ge Suc-n-not-le-n* **by** *blast*

qed

lemma *not-exhaustive-neighbour-is-l-type:*

assumes *A: A = {k | k. suffix-type T k = L-type \wedge k \notin B \wedge Suc k \notin B \wedge k < length T}*
and *subset-B: {k | k. abs-is-lms T k} \subseteq B*
and *k ∈ A*
shows *suffix-type T (Suc k) = L-type*

proof –

from *A $\langle k \in A \rangle$*
have *Suc k \notin B*
by *blast*
with *subset-B*
have $\neg \text{abs-is-lms } T \ (\text{Suc } k)$
by *blast*

from $A \langle k \in A \rangle$
have $\text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type}$
by *blast*

with $\langle \sim \text{abs-is-lms } T \ (\text{Suc } k) \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by (*meson abs-is-lms-def suffix-type-def*)
qed

lemma *no-exhausted-neighbour*:

assumes $A: A = \{k \mid k. \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type} \wedge k \notin B \wedge \text{Suc } k \notin B \wedge k < \text{length } T\}$
and $B: \{k \mid k. \text{abs-is-lms } T \ k\} \subseteq B$
and $C: \neg(\exists k. k < \text{length } T \wedge \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type} \wedge k \notin B \wedge \text{Suc } k \in B)$
and $D: \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type}$
and $E: i \notin B$
and $F: i < \text{length } T$
shows $i \in A$

proof –
from $C[\text{simplified}] \ D \ E \ F$
have $\text{Suc } i \notin B$
by *blast*

with $A \ D \ E \ F$
show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

lemma *l-type-less-length-imp-neighbour-less-length*:

$[\text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type}; i < \text{length } T] \implies \text{Suc } i < \text{length } T$
by (*metis SL-types.simps(2) Suc-lessI suffix-type-last*)

lemma *no-exhausted-neighbour-imp-False*:

assumes $A: A = \{k \mid k. \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type} \wedge k \notin B \wedge \text{Suc } k \notin B \wedge k < \text{length } T\}$
and $B: \{k \mid k. \text{abs-is-lms } T \ k\} \subseteq B$
and $C: \neg(\exists k. k < \text{length } T \wedge \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type} \wedge k \notin B \wedge \text{Suc } k \in B)$
and *nempty*: $A \neq \{\}$
shows *False*

proof –

from A
have *finite* A
by *auto*

have $\forall a \in A. \text{Suc } a \in A$
proof
fix a

```

assume  $a \in A$ 
with not-exhaustive-neighbour-is-l-type[ $OF\ A\ B$ ]
have suffix-type  $T\ (Suc\ a) = L\text{-type}$ 
  by blast

from  $\langle a \in A \rangle A$ 
have  $Suc\ a < length\ T$ 
  by (simp add: l-type-less-length-imp-neighbour-less-length)

from  $\langle a \in A \rangle A$ 
have  $Suc\ a \notin B$ 
  by blast

from no-exhausted-neighbour[ $OF\ A\ B\ C\ \langle suffix\text{-type}\ T\ (Suc\ a) = L\text{-type} \rangle \langle Suc\ a \notin B \rangle \langle Suc\ a < length\ T \rangle$ ]
show  $Suc\ a \in A$ 
  by blast
qed

with  $\langle finite\ A \rangle\ nempty$ 
show ?thesis
  using finite-and-Suc-imp-False by blast
qed

```

79.3 Exhaustiveness Proof

lemma *abs- induce-l-exhaustive*:

```

assumes l-seen-inv  $T\ SA\ (length\ SA)$ 
and  $lms\text{-init}\ \alpha\ T\ SA0$ 
and  $length\ SA = length\ SA0$ 
and  $length\ SA = length\ T$ 
and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and l-unchanged-inv  $\alpha\ T\ SA0\ SA$ 
shows l-type-exhaustive  $T\ SA$ 
proof(rule ccontr)

```

let $?P = \exists i < length\ T. suffix\text{-type}\ T\ i = L\text{-type} \wedge i \notin set\ SA \wedge Suc\ i \in set\ SA$
and

```

 $?Q1 = \exists i < length\ T. suffix\text{-type}\ T\ i = L\text{-type} \wedge i \notin set\ SA$  and
 $?Q2 = \neg(\exists i. i < length\ T \wedge suffix\text{-type}\ T\ i = L\text{-type} \wedge i \notin set\ SA \wedge Suc\ i \in set\ SA)$ 

```

```

assume  $\neg l\text{-type-exhaustive}\ T\ SA$ 
with not-l-type-exhaustive-imp-ex
have  $?P \vee (?Q1 \wedge ?Q2)$ 
  by blast
then show False
proof
  assume  $?P$ 

```


then obtain i where
 $i < \text{length } T$
 $\text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type}$
 $i \notin \text{set } SA$
 $\text{Suc } i \in \text{set } SA$
by blast

from $\langle \text{Suc } i \in \text{set } SA \rangle$
have $\exists k < \text{length } SA. SA ! k = \text{Suc } i$
by (*simp add: in-set-conv-nth*)
then obtain k where
 $k < \text{length } SA$
 $SA ! k = \text{Suc } i$
by blast

from $l\text{-type-less-length-imp-neighbor-less-length}[OF \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type} \rangle$
 $\langle i < \text{length } T \rangle]$
have $\text{Suc } i < \text{length } T$
by assumption

from $\langle l\text{-seen-inv } T \ SA \ (\text{length } SA) \rangle$
have $\forall i < \text{length } SA. SA ! i < \text{length } T \longrightarrow$
 $(\forall j. SA ! i = \text{Suc } j \wedge \text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists k < \text{length } SA. SA ! k = j))$
using $l\text{-seen-inv-def}$ **by blast**
with $\langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle \langle SA ! k = \text{Suc } i \rangle \langle \text{Suc } i < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $\forall j. SA ! k = \text{Suc } j \wedge \text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow (\exists k < \text{length } SA. SA !$
 $k = j)$
by auto
with $\langle SA ! k = \text{Suc } i \rangle \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ i = L\text{-type} \rangle$
have $\exists k < \text{length } SA. SA ! k = i$
by blast
with $\langle i \notin \text{set } SA \rangle$
show $?thesis$
using $nth\text{-mem}$ **by blast**

next
assume $?Q1 \wedge ?Q2$
then have $?Q1 \ ?Q2$
by blast+
then have $\exists A. A = \{k \mid k. \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type} \wedge k \notin \text{set } SA \wedge \text{Suc } k \notin$
 $\text{set } SA \wedge k < \text{length } T\}$
by blast
then obtain A where
 $A\text{-eq: } A = \{k \mid k. \text{suffix-type } T \ k = L\text{-type} \wedge k \notin \text{set } SA \wedge \text{Suc } k \notin \text{set } SA \wedge$
 $k < \text{length } T\}$
by blast

from $\langle ?Q1 \rangle \langle ?Q2 \rangle A\text{-eq}$
have $A \neq \{\}$

by *blast*
 from *lms-init-unchanged*[*OF* $\langle l\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ SA0 \ SA \rangle$
 $\langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } SA0 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{length } SA = \text{length } T \rangle$
 $\langle \text{lms-init } \alpha \ T \ SA0 \rangle$
 $\text{lms-init-imp-all-lms-in-SA}[OF - \langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle]$
 have *lms-subset-SA* : $\{k \mid k. \text{abs-is-lms } T \ k\} \subseteq \text{set } SA$
 by *blast*

 from *no-exhausted-neighbour-imp-False*[*OF* $A\text{-eq } \text{lms-subset-SA} \ \langle ?Q2 \rangle \ \langle A \neq$
 $\{\}\rangle$]
 show *?thesis*
 by *assumption*
 qed
 qed

80 Correctness and Exhaustiveness

lemma *abs-induce-l-perm-inv-imp-exhaustiveness*:

assumes *abs-induce-l-base* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA = (B', SA', i)$

and *l-perm-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B' \ SA \ SA' \ i$

shows *l-type-exhaustive* $T \ SA'$

proof –

from *abs-induce-l-index*[*of* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA$] *assms(1)*

have $i = \text{length } T$

by *simp*

hence $i = \text{length } SA'$

using *assms(2)* *l-perm-inv-elim(2,3)* by *fastforce*

hence P : *l-perm-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B' \ SA \ SA' \ (\text{length } SA')$

using *assms(2)* by *blast*

have $\text{length } SA' = \text{length } T$

using $\langle i = \text{length } SA' \rangle \ \langle i = \text{length } T \rangle$ by *blast*

with *abs-induce-l-exhaustive*[*OF* *l-perm-inv-elim(11,14,3)*[*OF* P] - *l-perm-inv-elim(12,8)*[*OF* P]]

show *?thesis* .

qed

lemma *abs-induce-l-perm-inv-B-val*:

assumes *abs-induce-l-base* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA = (B', SA', i)$

and *l-perm-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B' \ SA \ SA' \ i$

and $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$

shows $B' ! b = \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$

proof –

from *abs-induce-l-perm-inv-imp-exhaustiveness*[*OF* *assms(1-2)*]

have *l-type-exhaustive* $T \ SA'$

by *assumption*

have *strict-mono* α
using *assms(2)* *l-perm-inv-elim(12)* **by** *blast*

from *l-bucket-ptr-inv-D*[*OF l-perm-inv-elim(6)*][*OF assms(2)*] *assms(3)*]
have $B' ! b = \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b + \text{num-l-types } \alpha T SA' b$
by *blast*
moreover
from *l-type-exhaustive-imp-l-bucket*[*OF* $\langle \text{strict-mono } \alpha \rangle \langle \text{l-type-exhaustive } T SA' \rangle$]
assms(3)]
have $\text{cur-l-types } \alpha T SA' b = \text{l-bucket } \alpha T b$
unfolding *cur-l-types-def*
by *blast*
hence $\text{num-l-types } \alpha T SA' b = \text{l-bucket-size } \alpha T b$
by (*simp add: l-bucket-size-def num-l-types-def*)
ultimately
show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: l-bucket-end-def*)
qed

theorem *abs-induce-l-distinct-l-bucket*:
assumes *l-perm-pre* $\alpha T B SA$
and $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
shows *distinct* (*list-slice* (*abs-induce-l* $\alpha T B SA$) (*bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*l-bucket-end* $\alpha T b$))
proof –
from *abs-induce-l-index*[*of* $\alpha T B SA$]
obtain $B' SA'$ **where**
 $A: \text{abs-induce-l-base } \alpha T B SA = (B', SA', \text{length } T)$
by *blast*
with *abs-induce-l-base-perm-inv-maintained*[*OF l-perm-inv-established*][*OF assms(1)*],
of $B' SA' \text{length } T$]
have $B: \text{l-perm-inv } \alpha T B' SA SA' (\text{length } T)$.
with *abs-induce-l-perm-inv-B-val*[*OF A - assms(2)*]
have $B' ! b = \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b$.
with *l-distinct-slice*[*OF l-perm-inv-elim(4,9)*][*OF B*] - *assms(2)*] *l-perm-inv-elim(2,3)*[*OF B*]
have *distinct* (*list-slice* SA' (*bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*l-bucket-end* $\alpha T b$))
by *simp*
then show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: A abs-induce-l-def*)
qed

theorem *abs-induce-l-list-slice-l-bucket*:
assumes *l-perm-pre* $\alpha T B SA$
and $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
shows *set* (*list-slice* (*abs-induce-l* $\alpha T B SA$) (*bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*l-bucket-end* $\alpha T b$)) = *l-bucket* $\alpha T b$
(is *set* *?xs* = *l-bucket* $\alpha T b$)
proof –

from *abs- induce-l-index*[*of* α T B SA]
obtain B' SA' **where**
 A : *abs- induce-l-base* α T B $SA = (B', SA', \text{length } T)$
by *blast*
with *abs- induce-l-base- perm- inv- maintained*[*OF* *l- perm- inv- established*[*OF* *assms*(1)],
of B' SA' *length* T]
have B : *l- perm- inv* α T B' SA SA' (*length* T) .
with *abs- induce-l- perm- inv- B- val*[*OF* A - *assms*(2)]
have $B' ! b = \text{l- bucket- end}$ α T b .
with *l- locations- list- slice*[*OF* *l- perm- inv- elims*(9)[*OF* B] *assms*(2)]
have *set* (*list- slice* SA' (*bucket- start* α T b) (*l- bucket- end* α T b)) \subseteq *l- bucket* α
 T b
by *simp*
hence *set* $?xs \subseteq$ *l- bucket* α T b
by (*simp add: A abs- induce-l- def*)
moreover
from *distinct- card*[*OF* *abs- induce-l- distinct- l- bucket*[*OF* *assms*]]
have *card* (*set* $?xs$) = *length* $?xs$.
hence *card* (*set* $?xs$) = *l- bucket- end* α T b - *bucket- start* α T b
by (*metis B bucket- end- le- length abs- induce-l- length l- bucket- end- le- bucket- end*
l- perm- inv- elims(2)
le- trans length- list- slice min- def)
hence *card* (*set* $?xs$) = *card* (*l- bucket* α T b)
by (*simp add: l- bucket- end- def l- bucket- size- def*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
using *card- subset- eq*[*OF* *finite- l- bucket*]
by *blast*
qed

lemma *abs- induce-l- unchanged*:
assumes *l- perm- pre* α T B SA
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* T))
and *s- bucket- start* α T $b \leq i$
and $i < \text{bucket- end}$ α T b
shows (*abs- induce-l* α T B SA) ! $i = SA$! i
proof -
from *abs- induce-l-index*[*of* α T B SA]
obtain B' SA' **where**
 A : *abs- induce-l-base* α T B $SA = (B', SA', \text{length } T)$
by *blast*
with *abs- induce-l-base- perm- inv- maintained*[*OF* *l- perm- inv- established*[*OF* *assms*(1)],
of B' SA' *length* T]
have B : *l- perm- inv* α T B' SA SA' (*length* T) .

have $i < \text{length } SA$
by (*metis B assms*(4) *bucket- end- le- length l- perm- inv- elims*(2) *le- less- trans*
not- less- eq)
moreover
have *l- bucket- end* α T $b \leq i$

by (*metis* *assms*(3) *s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end*)
ultimately have $SA' ! i = SA ! i$
 using *l-unchanged-inv-D*[*OF l-perm-inv-elim*s(8,3)[*OF B*] *assms*(2) - - *assms*(4)]
 by *auto*
then show *?thesis*
 by (*simp add*: *A abs- induce-l-def*)
qed

— Used in SAIS algorithm as part of inducing the suffix ordering based on LMS
theorem *abs- induce-l-suffix-sorted-l-bucket*:
 assumes *l-perm-pre* α *T B SA*
 and *l-suffix-sorted-pre* α *T SA*
 and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*))
shows *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix T*)
 (*list-slice* (*abs- induce-l* α *T B SA*) (*bucket-start* α *T b*) (*l-bucket-end* α *T*
b)))
proof —

from *l-perm-inv-established*[*OF assms*(1)]
have *A*: *l-perm-inv* α *T B SA SA 0* .

from *l-suffix-sorted-inv-established*[*OF l-perm-pre-elim*s(4)[*OF assms*(1)], *of SA*]
have *D*: *l-suffix-sorted-inv* α *T B SA* .

from *abs- induce-l-index*[*of* α *T B SA*]
obtain *B' SA'* **where**
B: *abs- induce-l-base* α *T B SA = (B', SA', length T)*
 by *blast*
with *abs- induce-l-base-perm-inv-maintained*[*OF A*, *of B' SA' length T*]
have *C*: *l-perm-inv* α *T B' SA SA' (length T)* .
with *abs- induce-l-perm-inv-B-val*[*OF B - assms*(3)]
have $B' ! b = l\text{-bucket-end}$ α *T b* .
moreover
from *abs- induce-l-base-suffix-sorted-inv-maintained*[*OF A assms*(2) *D B*]
have *l-suffix-sorted-inv* α *T B' SA'* .
ultimately show *?thesis*
 using *l-suffix-sorted-invD*[*of* α *T B' SA'*, *OF - assms*(3)]
 by (*simp add*: *B abs- induce-l-def*)

qed

— Used in SAIS algorithm as part of inducing the prefix ordering based on LMS
theorem *abs- induce-l-prefix-sorted-l-bucket*:
 assumes *l-perm-pre* α *T B SA*
 and *l-prefix-sorted-pre* α *T SA*
 and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set T*))
shows *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*lms-prefix T*)
 (*list-slice* (*abs- induce-l* α *T B SA*) (*bucket-start* α *T b*) (*l-bucket-end* α *T*
b)))
proof —

```

from l-perm-inv-established[OF assms(1)]
have A: l-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA SA 0 .

from l-prefix-sorted-inv-established[OF l-perm-pre-elim(4)][OF assms(1)], of SA]
have D: l-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA .

from abs-induce-l-index[of  $\alpha$  T B SA]
obtain B' SA' where
  B: abs-induce-l-base  $\alpha$  T B SA = (B', SA', length T)
  by blast
with abs-induce-l-base-perm-inv-maintained[OF A, of B' SA' length T]
have C: l-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B' SA SA' (length T) .
with abs-induce-l-perm-inv-B-val[OF B - assms(3)]
have B' ! b = l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b .
moreover
from abs-induce-l-base-prefix-sorted-inv-maintained[OF A assms(2) D B]
have l-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B' SA' .
ultimately show ?thesis
  using l-prefix-sorted-invD[of  $\alpha$  T B' SA', OF - assms(3)]
  by (simp add: B abs-induce-l-def)
qed

end
theory Abs-Induce-S-Verification
  imports ../abs-def/Abs-SAIS
begin

```

81 Abstract Induce S Simple Properties

```

lemma abs-induce-s-step-ex:
   $\exists B' SA' i'. \text{abs-induce-s-step } a \ b = (B', SA', i')$ 
  by (meson prod-cases3)

lemma abs-induce-s-step-B-length:
   $\text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, i) \ (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i') \implies \text{length } B' = \text{length } B$ 
  by (clarsimp split: prod.splits if-splits nat.splits SL-types.splits simp: Let-def)

lemma abs-induce-s-step-SA-length:
   $\text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, i) \ (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i') \implies \text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA$ 
  by (clarsimp split: prod.splits if-splits nat.splits SL-types.splits simp: Let-def)

lemma abs-induce-s-step-Suc:
   $\text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, \text{Suc } i) \ (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i') \implies i' = i$ 
  by (clarsimp split: prod.splits if-splits nat.splits SL-types.splits simp: Let-def)

lemma abs-induce-s-step-0:
   $\text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, 0) \ (\alpha, T) = (B, SA, 0)$ 
  by (clarsimp split: prod.splits if-splits nat.splits SL-types.splits simp: Let-def)

```

corollary *abs-induce-s-step-0-alt*:
assumes *abs-induce-s-step* (B, SA, i) $(\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i')$
and $i = 0$
shows $B = B' \wedge SA = SA' \wedge i' = 0$
using *assms(1)* *assms(2)* **by** *auto*

lemma *repeat-abs-induce-s-step-index*:
 $\exists B' SA'. \text{repeat } n \text{ abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, m)$ $(\alpha, T) = (B', SA', m - n) \wedge$
 $\text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA \wedge \text{length } B' = \text{length } B$

proof(*induct n arbitrary: m*)
case 0
then show *?case* **by** (*clarsimp simp: repeat-0*)
next
case (*Suc n*)
note *IH = this*

from *IH[of m]*
obtain $B' SA'$ **where**
 $\text{repeat } n \text{ abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, m)$ $(\alpha, T) = (B', SA', m - n)$
 $\text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA$
 $\text{length } B' = \text{length } B$
by *blast*

with *repeat-step[of n abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, m) (alpha, T)]*
have $\text{repeat } (\text{Suc } n) \text{ abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, m)$ $(\alpha, T) = \text{abs-induce-s-step}$
 $(B', SA', m - n)$ (α, T)
by *simp*

moreover
have $\exists B'' SA''. \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B', SA', m - n)$ $(\alpha, T) = (B'', SA'', m -$
 $\text{Suc } n) \wedge$
 $\text{length } SA'' = \text{length } SA' \wedge \text{length } B'' = \text{length } B'$

proof (*cases n < m*)
assume $n < m$
hence $\exists k. m - n = \text{Suc } k$
by *presburger*

then obtain k **where**
 $m - n = \text{Suc } k$
by *blast*

from *abs-induce-s-step-ex[of (B',SA', m - n) (alpha, T)]*
obtain $B'' SA'' i'$ **where**
 $P: \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B', SA', m - n)$ $(\alpha, T) = (B'', SA'', i')$
by *blast*

with $\langle m - n = \text{Suc } k \rangle \text{abs-induce-s-step-Suc[of } B' SA' k \alpha T B'' SA'' i']$
have $i' = m - \text{Suc } n$
by *auto*

with $\langle \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B', SA', m - n)$ $(\alpha, T) = (B'', SA'', i') \rangle$
 $\text{abs-induce-s-step-SA-length[OF } P]$
 $\text{abs-induce-s-step-B-length[OF } P]$

```

  show ?thesis
  by simp
next
  assume  $\neg n < m$ 
  hence  $m \leq n$ 
  by simp
  hence  $m - n = 0$ 
  by simp
  with abs-induce-s-step-0[of  $B' SA' \alpha T$ ]
  show ?thesis
  by simp
qed
ultimately show ?case
  by (simp add: <length SA' = length SA> <length B' = length B>)
qed

```

lemma *abs-induce-s-base-index*:
 $\exists B' SA'. \text{abs-induce-s-base } \alpha T B SA = (B', SA', 0)$
unfolding *abs-induce-s-base-def*
by (*metis cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel repeat-abs-induce-s-step-index*)

lemma *abs-induce-s-length*:
 $\text{length } (\text{abs-induce-s } \alpha T B SA) = \text{length } SA$
unfolding *abs-induce-s-def abs-induce-s-base-def*
apply (*rule repeat-maintain-inv; simp add: Let-def*)
apply (*clarsimp split: prod.splits simp del: abs-induce-s-step.simps*)
apply (*drule abs-induce-s-step-SA-length; simp*)
done

82 Preconditions

definition *l-types-init*

where

```

l-types-init  $\alpha T SA \equiv$ 
  ( $\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ ).
  set (list-slice  $SA$  (bucket-start  $\alpha T b$ ) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha T b$ )) = l-bucket  $\alpha T b \wedge$ 
  distinct (list-slice  $SA$  (bucket-start  $\alpha T b$ ) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha T b$ ))
  )

```

lemma *l-types-initD*:

```

[[l-types-init  $\alpha T SA; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ ]]  $\implies$ 
  set (list-slice  $SA$  (bucket-start  $\alpha T b$ ) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha T b$ )) = l-bucket  $\alpha T b$ 
[[l-types-init  $\alpha T SA; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ ]]  $\implies$ 
  distinct (list-slice  $SA$  (bucket-start  $\alpha T b$ ) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha T b$ ))
using l-types-init-def by blast+

```

lemma *l-types-init-nth*:

```

assumes  $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$ 
and  $\text{ } l\text{-types-init } \alpha T SA$ 

```


and $b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))$
and $bucket-start \alpha T b \leq i$
and $i < l-bucket-end \alpha T b$
shows $SA ! i \in l-bucket \alpha T b$
proof –
have $l-bucket-end \alpha T b \leq length SA$
by (*metis* *assms*(1) *bucket-end-le-length* *dual-order.order-iff-strict* *l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end*
less-le-trans)
with $l-types-initD(1)[OF\ assms(2,3)]\ list-slice-nth-mem[OF\ assms(4,5)]$
show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

definition *s-type-init*
where
 $s-type-init\ T\ SA \equiv (\exists n. length\ T = Suc\ n \wedge SA ! 0 = n)$

definition *s-perm-pre*
where
 $s-perm-pre\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ n \equiv$
 $s-bucket-init\ \alpha\ T\ B \wedge$
 $s-type-init\ T\ SA \wedge$
 $strict-mono\ \alpha \wedge$
 $\alpha (Max (set T)) < length\ B \wedge$
 $length\ SA = length\ T \wedge$
 $l-types-init\ \alpha\ T\ SA \wedge$
 $valid-list\ T \wedge$
 $\alpha\ bot = 0 \wedge$
 $Suc\ 0 < length\ T \wedge$
 $length\ T \leq n$

definition *s-sorted-pre*
where
 $s-sorted-pre\ \alpha\ T\ SA \equiv$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)).$
 $ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) (list-slice SA (bucket-start \alpha T b) (l-bucket-end$
 $\alpha T b)))$
 $)$

lemma *s-sorted-preD*:
 $\llbracket s-sorted-pre\ \alpha\ T\ SA; b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rrbracket \implies$
 $ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) (list-slice SA (bucket-start \alpha T b) (l-bucket-end$
 $\alpha T b)))$
using *s-sorted-pre-def* **by** *blast*

definition *s-prefix-sorted-pre*
where
 $s-prefix-sorted-pre\ \alpha\ T\ SA \equiv$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)).$

ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) (list-slice SA (bucket-start α T b) (l-bucket-end α T b)))
)

lemma *s-prefix-sorted-preD*:

[[*s-prefix-sorted-pre* α T SA; $b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T))]] \implies
 ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) (list-slice SA (bucket-start α T b) (l-bucket-end α T b)))
 using *s-prefix-sorted-pre-def* **by** blast

83 Invariants

83.1 Definitions

83.1.1 Distinctness

definition *s-distinct-inv*

where

s-distinct-inv α T B SA \equiv
 ($\forall b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T)). distinct (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end α T b)))

lemma *s-distinct-invD*:

[[*s-distinct-inv* α T B SA; $b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T))]] \implies
 distinct (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end α T b))
 using *s-distinct-inv-def* **by** blast

83.1.2 S Bucket Ptr

definition *s-bucket-ptr-inv* ::

('a :: {linorder, order-bot} \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow bool

where

s-bucket-ptr-inv α T B \equiv
 ($\forall b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T)).
 s-bucket-start α T b \leq B ! b \wedge
 B ! b \leq bucket-end α T b \wedge
 (b = 0 \longrightarrow B ! b = 0))

lemma *s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*:

assumes *s-bucket-ptr-inv* α T B

and $b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T))

shows *s-bucket-start* α T b \leq B ! b

using *assms*(1) *assms*(2) *s-bucket-ptr-inv-def* **by** blast

lemma *s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound*:

assumes *s-bucket-ptr-inv* α T B

and $b \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T))

shows B ! b \leq bucket-end α T b

by (*metis* *assms* *s-bucket-ptr-inv-def*)

lemma *s-bucket-ptr-0*:

assumes $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B$
and $b = 0$
shows $B ! b = 0$
using *assms s-bucket-ptr-inv-def* **by** *auto*

83.1.3 Locations

definition $s\text{-locations-inv} ::$
 $('a :: \{ \text{linorder}, \text{order-bot} \} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where
 $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \equiv$
 $(\forall b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))).$
 $(\forall i. \ B ! b \leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \longrightarrow SA ! i \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b)$

lemma $s\text{-locations-invD}$:
 $\llbracket s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)); B ! b \leq i; i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$
 $SA ! i \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
using $s\text{-locations-inv-def}$ **by** *blast*

lemma $s\text{-locations-inv-in-list-slice}$:
assumes $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
and $x \in \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b))$
shows $x \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$

proof –
from $\text{in-set-conv-nth}[\text{THEN } \text{iffD1}, \text{OF } \text{assms}(\mathcal{I})]$
obtain i **where**
 $i < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b))$
 $\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b) ! i = x$
by *blast*
with nth-list-slice
have $SA ! (B ! b + i) = x$
by *fastforce*
moreover
have $B ! b + i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$
using $\langle i < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
ultimately
show $?thesis$
using $\text{assms}(1,2)$ $\text{le-add1 } s\text{-locations-invD}$ **by** *blast*
qed

lemma $s\text{-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket}$:
assumes $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
shows $\text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)) \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
using $\text{assms } s\text{-locations-inv-in-list-slice}$ **by** *blast*

83.1.4 Unchanged

definition *s-unchanged-inv* ::

$(\text{'a} :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow \text{'a list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$s\text{-unchanged-inv} \alpha T B SA SA' \equiv$

$(\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max} (\text{set } T)). (\forall i. \text{bucket-start} \alpha T b \leq i \wedge i < B ! b \longrightarrow SA' ! i = SA ! i))$

lemma *s-unchanged-invD*:

$\llbracket s\text{-unchanged-inv} \alpha T B SA SA'; b \leq \alpha (\text{Max} (\text{set } T)); \text{bucket-start} \alpha T b \leq i; i < B ! b \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$

$SA' ! i = SA ! i$

using *s-unchanged-inv-def* **by** *blast*

83.1.5 Seen

definition *s-seen-inv* ::

$(\text{'a} :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow \text{'a list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$s\text{-seen-inv} \alpha T B SA n \equiv$

$\forall i < \text{length } SA. n \leq i \longrightarrow$

$(\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) = S\text{-type} \longrightarrow \text{in-s-current-bucket} \alpha T B (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i))) i) \wedge$

$(\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow \text{in-l-bucket} \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i))) i) \wedge SA ! i < \text{length } T$

lemma *s-seen-invD*:

$\llbracket s\text{-seen-inv} \alpha T B SA n; i < \text{length } SA; n \leq i \rrbracket \Longrightarrow SA ! i < \text{length } T$

$\llbracket s\text{-seen-inv} \alpha T B SA n; i < \text{length } SA; n \leq i; \text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) = L\text{-type} \rrbracket$

\Longrightarrow

$\text{in-l-bucket} \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i))) i$

$\llbracket s\text{-seen-inv} \alpha T B SA n; i < \text{length } SA; n \leq i; \text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) = S\text{-type} \rrbracket$

\Longrightarrow

$\text{in-s-current-bucket} \alpha T B (\alpha (T ! (SA ! i))) i$

unfolding *s-seen-inv-def* **by** *blast+*

83.1.6 Predecessor

definition *s-pred-inv* ::

$(\text{'a} :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{'a list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$s\text{-pred-inv} \alpha T B SA n =$

$(\forall b i. \text{in-s-current-bucket} \alpha T B b i \wedge b \neq 0 \longrightarrow$

$(\exists j < \text{length } SA. SA ! j = \text{Suc} (SA ! i) \wedge i < j \wedge n < j)$

$)$

lemma *s-pred-invD*:

$\llbracket s\text{-pred-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ k; \text{ in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B \ b \ i; \ b \neq 0 \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists j < \text{length } SA. \ SA \ ! \ j = \text{Suc } (SA \ ! \ i) \wedge i < j \wedge k < j$
using *s-pred-inv-def* **by** *blast*

83.1.7 Successor

definition *s-suc-inv* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where

s-suc-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n \equiv$

$\forall i < \text{length } SA. \ n < i \longrightarrow$

$(\forall j. \ SA \ ! \ i = \text{Suc } j \wedge \text{suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type} \longrightarrow$

$(\exists k. \text{ in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B \ (\alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)) \ k \wedge SA \ ! \ k = j \wedge k < i))$

lemma *s-suc-invD*:

$\llbracket s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n; \ i < \text{length } SA; \ n < i; \ SA \ ! \ i = \text{Suc } j; \text{ suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type} \rrbracket \implies$

$\exists k. \text{ in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B \ (\alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)) \ k \wedge SA \ ! \ k = j \wedge k < i$

using *s-suc-inv-def* **by** *blast*

83.1.8 Combined Permutation Invariant

definition *s-perm-inv* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

s-perm-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \equiv$

s-distinct-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \ \wedge$

s-bucket-ptr-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ \wedge$

s-locations-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \ \wedge$

s-unchanged-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ \wedge$

s-seen-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \ n \ \wedge$

s-pred-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \ n \ \wedge$

s-suc-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \ n \ \wedge$

strict-mono $\alpha \ \wedge$

$\alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B \ \wedge$

$\text{length } SA = \text{length } T \ \wedge$

$\text{length } SA' = \text{length } T \ \wedge$

l-types-init $\alpha \ T \ SA \ \wedge$

valid-list $T \ \wedge$

$\alpha \ \text{bot} = 0 \ \wedge$

$\text{Suc } 0 < \text{length } T$

lemma *s-perm-inv-elim*s:

s-perm-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{ s-distinct-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA'$

s-perm-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{ s-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B$

s-perm-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{ s-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA'$

s-perm-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{ s-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA'$

s-perm-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{ s-seen-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \ n$

s-perm-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{ s-pred-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \ n$

$s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA' \ n$
 $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{strict-mono } \alpha$
 $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
 $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
 $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{length } SA' = \text{length } T$
 $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies l\text{-types-init } \alpha \ T \ SA$
 $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{valid-list } T$
 $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \alpha \ \text{bot} = 0$
 $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \implies \text{Suc } 0 < \text{length } T$
by (*simp-all add: s-perm-inv-def*)

fun *s-perm-inv-alt* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \times \text{nat list} \times$
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

s-perm-inv-alt $\alpha \ T \ SA \ (B, SA', n) = s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n$

83.1.9 Sorted

definition *s-sorted-inv*

where

s-sorted-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \equiv$

$(\forall b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))).$
 $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \ (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)))$
 $)$

lemma *s-sorted-invD*:

$\llbracket s\text{-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \ (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)))$
using *s-sorted-inv-def* **by** *blast*

fun *s-sorted-inv-alt* ::

$('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \Rightarrow \text{nat list} \times \text{nat list} \times$
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

s-sorted-inv-alt $\alpha \ T \ SA \ (B, SA', n) =$

$(s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA' \ n \wedge s\text{-sorted-pre } \alpha \ T \ SA \wedge s\text{-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA')$

definition *s-prefix-sorted-inv*

where

s-prefix-sorted-inv $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \equiv$

$(\forall b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))).$
 $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{lms-slice } T) \ (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)))$
 $)$

lemma *s-prefix-sorted-invD*:

$\llbracket s\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA; b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{lms-slice } T) \ (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)))$
using *s-prefix-sorted-inv-def* **by** *blast*

```

fun s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt ::
  ('a :: {linorder, order-bot}  $\Rightarrow$  nat)  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list  $\times$  nat list  $\times$ 
  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where
    s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt  $\alpha$  T SA (B, SA', n) =
      (s-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA SA' n  $\wedge$  s-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha$  T SA  $\wedge$  s-prefix-sorted-inv
 $\alpha$  T B SA')

```

83.2 Helpers

```

lemma s-current-bucket-pairwise-distinct:
  assumes s-distinct-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and s-locations-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and  $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))
  and  $b' \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))
  and  $b \neq b'$ 
shows distinct (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b) @ list-slice SA (B ! b'))
  (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b')
proof (intro distinct-append[THEN iffD2] conjI disjointI')
  from s-distinct-invD[OF assms(1,3)]
  show distinct (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b)) .
next
  from s-distinct-invD[OF assms(1,4)]
  show distinct (list-slice SA (B ! b') (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b')) .
next
  fix x y
  assume A:  $x \in$  set (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b))
   $y \in$  set (list-slice SA (B ! b') (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b'))

  from s-locations-inv-in-list-slice[OF assms(2,3) A(1)]
  have  $x \in$  s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b .
  moreover
  from s-locations-inv-in-list-slice[OF assms(2,4) A(2)]
  have  $y \in$  s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b' .
  ultimately
  show  $x \neq y$ 
  using assms(5)
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) bucket-def s-bucket-def mem-Collect-eq)
qed

```

```

lemma s-unchanged-list-slice:
  assumes s-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA0 SA
  and length SA0 = length T
  and length SA = length T
  and  $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))
  and bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq i$ 
  and  $j \leq B ! b$ 
shows list-slice SA i j = list-slice SA0 i j

```

```

proof (intro list-eq-iff-nth-eq[THEN iffD2] conjI allI impI)
  show length (list-slice SA i j) = length (list-slice SA0 i j)
    by (simp add: assms)
next
  fix k
  assume k < length (list-slice SA i j)
  hence k < length (list-slice SA0 i j)
    by (simp add: assms)

  from nth-list-slice[OF ‹k < length (list-slice SA i j)›]
  have list-slice SA i j ! k = SA ! (i + k) .
  moreover
  from nth-list-slice[OF ‹k < length (list-slice SA0 i j)›]
  have list-slice SA0 i j ! k = SA0 ! (i + k) .
  moreover
  {
    have bucket-start α T b ≤ i + k
      by (simp add: assms(5) trans-le-add1)
    moreover
    have i + k < j
      using ‹k < length (list-slice SA i j)› by auto
    hence i + k < B ! b
      using assms(6) order.strict-trans2 by blast
    ultimately
    have SA ! (i + k) = SA0 ! (i + k)
      using s-unchanged-invD[OF assms(1,4)]
      by blast
  }
  ultimately show list-slice SA i j ! k = list-slice SA0 i j ! k
    by simp
qed

```

lemma *l-types-init-maintained*:

```

assumes s-bucket-ptr-inv α T B
and s-unchanged-inv α T B SA0 SA
and length SA0 = length T
and length SA = length T
and l-types-init α T SA0
shows l-types-init α T SA
  unfolding l-types-init-def
proof(intro allI impI)
  fix b
  let ?xs = list-slice SA (bucket-start α T b) (l-bucket-end α T b)
  let ?ys = list-slice SA0 (bucket-start α T b) (l-bucket-end α T b)
  assume b ≤ α (Max (set T))
  with s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(1), of b]
  have l-bucket-end α T b ≤ B ! b
    by (simp add: s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
  with s-unchanged-list-slice[OF assms(2-4) ‹b ≤ α (Max (set T))›,

```



```

    of bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$  l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ ]
  have ?xs = ?ys
  by blast
  with assms(5)[simplified l-types-init-def, THEN spec, THEN mp, OF  $\langle b \leq \alpha$ 
(Max (set T)) $\rangle$ ]
  show set ?xs = l-bucket  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$   $\wedge$  distinct ?xs
  by simp
qed

```

lemma *s-sorted-pre-maintained*:

```

  assumes s-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$ 
  and     s-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA0$   $SA$ 
  and     length  $SA0$  = length  $T$ 
  and     length  $SA$  = length  $T$ 
  and     s-sorted-pre  $\alpha$   $T$   $SA0$ 
shows s-sorted-pre  $\alpha$   $T$   $SA$ 
  unfolding s-sorted-pre-def
proof(intro allI impI)
  fix b
  let ?xs = list-slice  $SA$  (bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ ) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ )
  let ?ys = list-slice  $SA0$  (bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ ) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ )
  assume  $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))
  with s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(1), of b]
  have l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b \leq B$  !  $b$ 
    by (simp add: s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
  with s-unchanged-list-slice[OF assms(2-4)  $\langle b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T)) $\rangle$ ,
    of bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$  l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ ]
  have ?xs = ?ys
  by blast
  then show ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) ?xs)
    using  $\langle b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T)) $\rangle$  assms(5) s-sorted-pre-def by auto
qed

```

lemma *s-prefix-sorted-pre-maintained*:

```

  assumes s-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$ 
  and     s-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA0$   $SA$ 
  and     length  $SA0$  = length  $T$ 
  and     length  $SA$  = length  $T$ 
  and     s-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha$   $T$   $SA0$ 
shows s-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha$   $T$   $SA$ 
  unfolding s-prefix-sorted-pre-def
proof(intro allI impI)
  fix b
  let ?xs = list-slice  $SA$  (bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ ) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ )
  let ?ys = list-slice  $SA0$  (bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ ) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ )
  assume  $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))
  with s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(1), of b]
  have l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b \leq B$  !  $b$ 
    by (simp add: s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)

```

with $s\text{-unchanged-list-slice}$ [OF $assms(2-4)$ $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$,
of $bucket\text{-start} \alpha T b$ $l\text{-bucket-end} \alpha T b$]
have $?xs = ?ys$
by $blast$
then show $ordlistns.sorted (map (lms\text{-slice} T) ?xs)$
using $\langle b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$ $assms(5)$ $s\text{-prefix-sorted-pre-def}$ **by** $auto$
qed

lemma $s\text{-next-item-not-seen}$:

assumes $s\text{-distinct-inv} \alpha T B SA$
and $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv} \alpha T B$
and $s\text{-locations-inv} \alpha T B SA$
and $s\text{-unchanged-inv} \alpha T B SA0 SA$
and $s\text{-seen-inv} \alpha T B SA i$
and $s\text{-pred-inv} \alpha T B SA i$
and $strict\text{-mono} \alpha$
and $length SA0 = length T$
and $length SA = length T$
and $l\text{-types-init} \alpha T SA0$
and $valid\text{-list} T$
and $\alpha bot = 0$
and $i = Suc n$
and $Suc n < length SA$
and $SA ! Suc n = Suc j$
and $suffix\text{-type} T j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha (T ! j)$
shows $j \notin set (list\text{-slice} SA (B ! b) (bucket\text{-end} \alpha T b))$
proof
let $?xs = list\text{-slice} SA (B ! b) (bucket\text{-end} \alpha T b)$
let $?b = \alpha (T ! (Suc j))$
assume $j \in set ?xs$

from $s\text{-seen-invD}(1)$ [OF $assms(5,14)$] $assms(13,15)$
have $Suc j < length T$
by $simp$
hence $?b \leq \alpha (Max (set T))$
using $assms(7)$
by ($simp$ add : $strict\text{-mono-leD}$)

have $bucket\text{-end} \alpha T ?b \leq length SA$
by ($simp$ add : $assms(9)$ $bucket\text{-end-le-length}$)
hence $l\text{-bucket-end} \alpha T ?b \leq length SA$
by ($metis$ $dual\text{-order.trans}$ $l\text{-bucket-end-le-bucket-end}$)

have $j < length T$
by ($simp$ add : $assms(16)$ $suffix\text{-type-s-bound}$)

from $valid\text{-list-length-ex}$ [OF $assms(11)$]
obtain n' **where**

```

    length T = Suc n'
  by blast
with ⟨Suc j < length T⟩
have j < n'
  by linarith
hence T ! j ≠ bot
  by (metis ⟨length T = Suc n'⟩ assms(11) diff-Suc-1 valid-list-def)
hence b ≠ 0
  using assms(7,12,17) strict-mono-eq by fastforce

with in-set-conv-nth[THEN iffD1, OF ⟨j ∈ set ?xs⟩]
obtain a where
  a < length ?xs
  ?xs ! a = j
  by blast
hence SA ! (B ! b + a) = j
  using nth-list-slice by fastforce

from assms(9)
have bucket-end α T b ≤ length SA
  by (simp add: bucket-end-le-length)
with ⟨a < length ?xs⟩
have B ! b + a < bucket-end α T b
  by auto
with assms(7,17) ⟨j < length T⟩
have in-s-current-bucket α T B b (B ! b + a)
  unfolding in-s-current-bucket-def
  by (simp add: strict-mono-less-eq)
with s-pred-invD[OF assms(6) - ⟨b ≠ 0⟩, of B ! b + a] ⟨SA ! (B ! b + a) = j⟩
obtain m where
  m < length SA
  SA ! m = Suc j
  B ! b + a < m
  i < m
  by blast
hence i ≠ m
  by blast

have suffix-type T (Suc j) = L-type ⇒ False
proof -
  assume suffix-type T (Suc j) = L-type
  with s-seen-invD(2)[OF assms(5) ⟨m < length SA⟩] ⟨i < m⟩ ⟨SA ! m = Suc j⟩
  have in-l-bucket α T ?b m
    by simp
  hence bucket-start α T ?b ≤ m m < l-bucket-end α T ?b
    using in-l-bucket-def by blast+
  moreover
  from ⟨suffix-type T (Suc j) = L-type⟩ assms(13,15)
    s-seen-invD(2)[OF assms(5) ⟨Suc n < length SA⟩]

```

```

have in-l-bucket  $\alpha T ?b i$ 
  by simp
hence bucket-start  $\alpha T ?b \leq i i < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T ?b$ 
  using in-l-bucket-def by blast+
ultimately
show False
  using list-slice-nth-eq-iff-index-eq[
    OF l-types-initD(2)[OF l-types-init-maintained[OF assms(2,4,8-10)]
     $\langle ?b \leq \alpha \rightarrow \rangle$ ]
     $\langle l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha T ?b \leq \text{length } SA \rangle$ ,
    of i m]
     $\langle i \neq m \rangle \text{assms}(13,15) \langle SA ! m = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
  by simp
qed
moreover
have suffix-type  $T (\text{Suc } j) = S\text{-type} \implies \text{False}$ 
proof -
  assume suffix-type  $T (\text{Suc } j) = S\text{-type}$ 
  with s-seen-invD(3)[OF assms(5)  $\langle m < \text{length } SA \rangle$ ]  $\langle i < m \rangle \langle SA ! m = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
  have in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha T B ?b m$ 
  by simp
  hence  $B ! ?b \leq m m < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b$ 
  using in-s-current-bucket-def by blast+
  moreover
  from  $\langle \text{suffix-type } T (\text{Suc } j) = S\text{-type} \rangle \text{assms}(13,15)$ 
    s-seen-invD(3)[OF assms(5)  $\langle \text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA \rangle$ ]
  have in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha T B ?b i$ 
  by simp
  hence  $B ! ?b \leq i i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b$ 
  using in-s-current-bucket-def by blast+
  ultimately
  show False
    using list-slice-nth-eq-iff-index-eq[
      OF s-distinct-invD[OF assms(1)  $\langle ?b \leq \alpha \rightarrow \rangle$ ]  $\langle \text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b \leq$ 
      length SA  $\rangle$ ,
      of i m]
       $\langle i \neq m \rangle \text{assms}(13,15) \langle SA ! m = \text{Suc } j \rangle$ 
    by simp
  qed
ultimately
show False
  using SL-types.exhaust by blast
qed

```

```

lemma s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound:
  assumes s-distinct-inv  $\alpha T B SA$ 
  and s-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha T B$ 
  and s-locations-inv  $\alpha T B SA$ 
  and s-unchanged-inv  $\alpha T B SA0 SA$ 

```

```

and   s-seen-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA i
and   s-pred-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA i
and   strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and   length SA0 = length T
and   length SA = length T
and   l-types-init  $\alpha$  T SA0
and   valid-list T
and    $\alpha$  bot = 0
and   i = Suc n
and   Suc n < length SA
and   SA ! Suc n = Suc j
and   suffix-type T j = S-type
and   b =  $\alpha$  (T ! j)
shows s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b < B ! b
proof –
  have j < length T
    by (simp add: assms(16) suffix-type-s-bound)
  hence b  $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
    by (simp add: assms(7,17) strict-mono-leD)

  let ?xs = list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b)

  have bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq$  length SA
    by (simp add: assms(9) bucket-end-le-length)
  hence length ?xs = bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b – B ! b
    by auto

  from s-next-item-not-seen[OF assms(1–17)]
  have j  $\notin$  set ?xs .
  moreover
  have j  $\in$  s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b
    by (simp add: assms(16,17) bucket-def s-bucket-def suffix-type-s-bound)
  ultimately
  have set ?xs  $\subset$  s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b
    using s-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket[OF assms(3)  $\langle b \leq - \rangle$ ]
    by blast
  hence card (set ?xs) < s-bucket-size  $\alpha$  T b
    using psubset-card-mono[OF finite-s-bucket, simplified s-bucket-size-def[symmetric]]
    by blast
  moreover
  from s-distinct-invD[OF assms(1)  $\langle b \leq - \rangle$ ]
  have distinct ?xs .
  ultimately
  have length ?xs < s-bucket-size  $\alpha$  T b
    by (simp add: distinct-card)
  with  $\langle$ length ?xs =  $\rightarrow$ 
  have bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b – B ! b < s-bucket-size  $\alpha$  T b
    by simp
  hence bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b < B ! b + s-bucket-size  $\alpha$  T b

```

by *linarith*
 hence
 $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b + \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b < B ! b + s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b +$
 $s\text{-bucket-size } \alpha \ T \ b$
 by *simp*
 then show $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < B ! b$
 by (*simp add: bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size*)
 qed

lemma *outside-another-bucket*:
 assumes $b \neq b'$
 and $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq i$
 and $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$
 shows $\neg(\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq i \wedge i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b')$
 by (*meson assms dual-order.antisym less-bucket-end-le-start not-le order.strict-trans1*)

lemma *s-B-val*:
 assumes $s\text{-distinct-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
 and $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B$
 and $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
 and $s\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA$
 and $s\text{-seen-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
 and $s\text{-pred-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
 and *strict-mono* α
 and $\text{length } SA \ 0 = \text{length } T$
 and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
 and $l\text{-types-init } \alpha \ T \ SA \ 0$
 and *valid-list* T
 and $\text{length } T > \text{Suc } 0$
 and $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 and $i < B ! b$
 shows $B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$
proof (*rule ccontr; drule neq-iff[THEN iffD1]; elim disjE*)
 assume $B ! b < s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$
 with *s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(2,13)]*
 show *False*
 by *linarith*
next
 let $?k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
 assume $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < B ! b$
 hence $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq ?k$
 by *linarith*
 hence $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq ?k$
 using *bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans* by *blast*

 have $?k < B ! b$
 using $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < B ! b \rangle$ by *auto*

 from *assms(14)*

have $i \leq ?k$
by *linarith*

from *s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound*[*OF* *assms*(2,13)]
have $B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$.
hence $?k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
using $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$ **by** *linarith*

have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq \text{length } SA$
by (*simp* *add*: *assms*(9) *bucket-end-le-length*)
moreover
have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b = \text{length } SA \implies \text{False}$
proof –
assume $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b = \text{length } SA$
with $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle \langle B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle$ *assms*(7,9,13)
have $b = \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
using *bucket-end-eq-length* **by** *fastforce*
hence $s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b = \{\}$
by (*simp* *add*: *assms*(7,11,12) *s-bucket-Max*)
hence $s\text{-bucket-size } \alpha T b = 0$
by (*simp* *add*: *s-bucket-size-def*)
hence $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by (*simp* *add*: *bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size*)
with $\langle B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle \langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$
show *False*
by *simp*

qed
moreover
have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b < \text{length } SA \implies \text{False}$
proof –
assume $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b < \text{length } SA$
hence $B ! b < \text{length } SA$
using $\langle B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle$
by *linarith*
hence $?k < \text{length } SA$
using *less-imp-diff-less* **by** *blast*
with *s-seen-invD*[*OF* *assms*(5) - $\langle i \leq ?k \rangle$]
have $SA ! ?k < \text{length } T$
by *blast*

let $?b = \alpha (T ! (SA ! ?k))$

from $\langle SA ! ?k < \text{length } T \rangle$ *assms*(7)
have $?b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
using *Max-greD* *strict-mono-leD* **by** *blast*
with *s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*[*OF* *assms*(2)]
have $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T ?b \leq B ! ?b$
by *blast*
hence $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T ?b \leq B ! ?b$

```

using bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans by blast

have suffix-type T (SA ! ?k) = L-type  $\implies$  False
proof -
  assume suffix-type T (SA ! ?k) = L-type
  with s-seen-invD(2)[OF assms(5) <?k < length SA> <i ≤ ?k>]
  have in-l-bucket α T ?b ?k
    by blast
  hence bucket-start α T ?b ≤ ?k ?k < l-bucket-end α T ?b
    using in-l-bucket-def by blast+
  hence ?k < bucket-end α T ?b
    using l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end less-le-trans by blast

  from <?k < l-bucket-end - - -> <s-bucket-start - - - ≤ ?k>
  have b = ?b  $\implies$  False
    by (simp add: s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
  moreover
  from outside-another-bucket[OF - <bucket-start - - b ≤ ?k> <?k < bucket-end
- - b>]
    <bucket-start - - ?b ≤ ?k> <?k < bucket-end - - ?b>
  have b ≠ ?b  $\implies$  False
    by blast
  ultimately show False
    by blast
qed
moreover
have suffix-type T (SA ! ?k) = S-type  $\implies$  False
proof -
  assume suffix-type T (SA ! ?k) = S-type
  with s-seen-invD(3)[OF assms(5) <?k < length SA> <i ≤ ?k>]
  have in-s-current-bucket α T B ?b ?k
    by blast
  hence B ! ?b ≤ ?k ?k < bucket-end α T ?b
    using in-s-current-bucket-def by blast+
  hence bucket-start α T ?b ≤ ?k
    using <bucket-start α T ?b ≤ B ! ?b> by linarith

  from <B ! ?b ≤ ?k> <?k < B ! b>
  have b = ?b  $\implies$  False
    by simp
  moreover
  from outside-another-bucket[OF - <bucket-start - - b ≤ ?k> <?k < bucket-end
- - b>]
    <bucket-start α T ?b ≤ ?k> <?k < bucket-end α T ?b>
  have b ≠ ?b  $\implies$  False
    by blast
  ultimately show False
    by blast
qed

```


ultimately show *False*
using *SL-types.exhaust* **by** *blast*
qed
ultimately show *False*
by *linarith*
qed

lemma *s-bucket-eq-list-slice*:

assumes *s-distinct-inv* α *T B SA*
and *s-locations-inv* α *T B SA*
and *length SA = length T*
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max (set T)*)
and $B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha$ *T b*
shows *set (list-slice SA (s-bucket-start* α *T b) (bucket-end* α *T b)) = s-bucket* α *T b*
(is *set ?xs = s-bucket* α *T b)
using *card-subset-eq*
OF finite-s-bucket s-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket[*OF assms(2,4), simplified*
assms(5)]
distinct-card[*OF s-distinct-invD*[*OF assms(1,4), simplified assms(5)*]]
bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size[*of* α *T b*]
s-bucket-size-def[*of* α *T b*]
by (*metis assms(3) bucket-end-le-length diff-add-inverse length-list-slice min-def*)*

lemma *bucket-eq-list-slice*:

assumes *s-distinct-inv* α *T B SA*
and *s-bucket-ptr-inv* α *T B*
and *s-locations-inv* α *T B SA*
and *s-unchanged-inv* α *T B SA0 SA*
and *length SA0 = length T*
and *length SA = length T*
and *l-types-init* α *T SA0*
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max (set T)*)
and $B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha$ *T b*
shows *set (list-slice SA (bucket-start* α *T b) (bucket-end* α *T b)) = bucket* α *T b*
(is *set ?xs = bucket* α *T b)
proof –
let *?ys = list-slice SA (bucket-start* α *T b) (l-bucket-end* α *T b)*
and *?zs = list-slice SA (s-bucket-start* α *T b) (bucket-end* α *T b)*

have *?xs = ?ys @ ?zs*
by (*metis list-slice-append bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end*
s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
hence *set ?xs = set ?ys \cup set ?zs*
by *simp*
with *l-types-initD(1)*[*OF l-types-init-maintained*[*OF assms(2,4-7) assms(8)*]]
s-bucket-eq-list-slice[*OF assms(1,3,6,8,9)*]
have *set ?xs = l-bucket* α *T b* \cup *s-bucket* α *T b*
by *simp**

then show *?thesis*
using *l-un-s-bucket* **by** *blast*
qed

lemma *s-index-lower-bound*:

assumes *s-bucket-ptr-inv* α *T B*
and *s-seen-inv* α *T B SA n*
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $n \leq i$
shows *bucket-start* α *T* $(\alpha (T ! (SA ! i))) \leq i$
(is *bucket-start* α *T* *?b* $\leq i$)
proof –

have $?b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
by (*meson* *SL-types.exhaust* *assms(2-)* *in-l-bucket-def* *in-s-current-bucketD(1)* *s-seen-invD(2,3)*)

have *suffix-type* *T* $(SA ! i) = S\text{-type} \vee \text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i) = L\text{-type}$
using *SL-types.exhaust* **by** *blast*

moreover

have *suffix-type* *T* $(SA ! i) = S\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$

proof –

assume *suffix-type* *T* $(SA ! i) = S\text{-type}$
with *s-seen-invD(3)*[*OF* *assms(2-)*] *s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*[*OF* *assms(1)*]
show *?thesis*
by (*meson* $\langle ?b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ *bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start* *dual-order.trans* *in-s-current-bucketD(2)*)

qed

moreover

have *suffix-type* *T* $(SA ! i) = L\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$

proof –

assume *suffix-type* *T* $(SA ! i) = L\text{-type}$
with *s-seen-invD(2)*[*OF* *assms(2-)*]
show *?thesis*
using *in-l-bucket-def* **by** *blast*

qed

ultimately show *?thesis*

by *blast*

qed

lemma *s-index-upper-bound*:

assumes *s-bucket-ptr-inv* α *T B*
and *s-seen-inv* α *T B SA n*
and $i < \text{length } SA$
and $n \leq i$
shows $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ *T* $(\alpha (T ! (SA ! i)))$
(is $i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ *T* *?b*)
proof –

```

have ?b ≤ α (Max (set T))
  by (meson SL-types.exhaust assms(2-) in-l-bucket-def in-s-current-bucketD(1)
s-seen-invD(2,3))

have suffix-type T (SA ! i) = S-type ∨ suffix-type T (SA ! i) = L-type
  using SL-types.exhaust by blast
moreover
have suffix-type T (SA ! i) = S-type ⇒ ?thesis
proof -
  assume suffix-type T (SA ! i) = S-type
  with s-seen-invD(3)[OF assms(2-)] s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(1)]
  show ?thesis
  by (simp add: in-s-current-bucket-def)
qed
moreover
have suffix-type T (SA ! i) = L-type ⇒ ?thesis
proof -
  assume suffix-type T (SA ! i) = L-type
  with s-seen-invD(2)[OF assms(2-)]
  show ?thesis
  using in-l-bucket-def l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end less-le-trans by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed

```

83.3 Establishment and Maintenance Steps

83.3.1 Distinctness

```

lemma s-distinct-inv-established:
  assumes s-bucket-init α T B
  and valid-list T
  and strict-mono α
  and α bot = 0
  shows s-distinct-inv α T B SA
  unfolding s-distinct-inv-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix b
  let ?goal = distinct (list-slice SA (B ! b) (bucket-end α T b))
  assume b ≤ α (Max (set T))

  have b > 0 ⇒ ?goal
  proof -
    assume b > 0
    with s-bucket-initD(1)[OF assms(1) <b ≤ ->]
    have B ! b = bucket-end α T b
    by blast
    then show ?goal
    using list-slice-n-n
  
```

```

    by (metis distinct.simps(1))
  qed
  moreover
  have  $b = 0 \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
    assume  $b = 0$ 
    with  $s\text{-bucket-init}D(2)[OF\ assms(1)\ \langle b \leq \cdot \rangle]$ 
    have  $B ! b = 0$  .
    moreover
    from  $\langle b = 0 \rangle\ assms(2-4)$ 
    have  $bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b = Suc\ 0$ 
      by (simp add: valid-list-bucket-end-0)
    ultimately show  $?thesis$ 
      by (simp add: distinct-conv-nth)
  qed
  ultimately show  $?goal$ 
    by blast
  qed

```

lemma $s\text{-distinct-inv-maintained-step}$:

```

  assumes  $s\text{-distinct-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA$ 
  and  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B$ 
  and  $s\text{-locations-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA$ 
  and  $s\text{-unchanged-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ 0\ SA$ 
  and  $s\text{-seen-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ i$ 
  and  $s\text{-pred-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ i$ 
  and  $strict\text{-mono}\ \alpha$ 
  and  $\alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T)) < length\ B$ 
  and  $length\ SA\ 0 = length\ T$ 
  and  $length\ SA = length\ T$ 
  and  $l\text{-types-init}\ \alpha\ T\ SA\ 0$ 
  and  $valid\text{-list}\ T$ 
  and  $\alpha\ bot = 0$ 
  and  $i = Suc\ n$ 
  and  $Suc\ n < length\ SA$ 
  and  $SA ! Suc\ n = Suc\ j$ 
  and  $suffix\text{-type}\ T\ j = S\text{-type}$ 
  and  $b = \alpha\ (T ! j)$ 
  and  $k = B ! b - Suc\ 0$ 
  shows  $s\text{-distinct-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ (B[b := k])\ (SA[k := j])$ 
  unfolding  $s\text{-distinct-inv-def}$ 
  proof (intro allI impI)
    fix  $b'$ 

```

```

    let  $?goal = distinct\ (list\ slice\ (SA[k := j])\ (B[b := k] ! b')\ (bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b'))$ 

```

```

    assume  $b' \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T))$ 

```

```

    from  $s\text{-next-item-not-seen}[OF\ assms(1-7,9-18)]$ 

```

```

have  $j \notin \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B \ ! \ b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b))$ .

from  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound}[OF \ \text{assms}(1-7,9-18)]$ 
have  $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < B \ ! \ b$  .
hence  $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq k \ k < B \ ! \ b$ 
  using  $\text{assms}(19)$  by  $\text{linarith+}$ 
hence  $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq k$ 
  using  $\text{bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans}$  by  $\text{blast}$ 

from  $\text{assms}(17)$ 
have  $j < \text{length } T$ 
  by  $(\text{simp add: suffix-type-s-bound})$ 
hence  $b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  by  $(\text{simp add: assms}(7,18) \ \text{strict-mono-less-eq})$ 
with  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-upper-bound}[OF \ \text{assms}(2)] \ \langle k < B \ ! \ b \rangle$ 
have  $k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$ 
  using  $\text{less-le-trans}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
hence  $k < \text{length } SA$ 
  using  $\text{assms}(10) \ \text{bucket-end-le-length less-le-trans}$  by  $\text{fastforce}$ 

have  $b = b' \implies ?\text{goal}$ 
proof -
  assume  $b = b'$ 
  hence  $B[b := k] \ ! \ b' = k$ 
    using  $\langle b \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \ \text{assms}(8)$  by  $\text{auto}$ 
  from  $s\text{-distinct-invD}[OF \ \text{assms}(1) \ \langle b \leq - \rangle]$ 
  have  $\text{distinct } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B \ ! \ b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b))$  .
  moreover
  from  $\langle B[b := k] \ ! \ b' = k \rangle \ \langle b = b' \rangle \ \langle k < B \ ! \ b \rangle \ \langle k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle \ \langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle \ \text{assms}(19)$ 
  have  $\text{list-slice } (SA[k := j]) \ (B[b := k] \ ! \ b') \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b')$ 
     $= j \ \# \ \text{list-slice } SA \ (B \ ! \ b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)$ 
  by  $(\text{metis } \text{Suc-pred diff-is-0-eq}' \ \text{dual-order.order-iff-strict grOI length-list-update list-slice-Suc list-slice-update-unchanged-1 nth-list-update-eq})$ 
  ultimately show  $?\text{thesis}$ 
    using  $\langle j \notin \text{set } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B \ ! \ b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)) \rangle$ 
    by  $\text{simp}$ 
qed
moreover
have  $b \neq b' \implies ?\text{goal}$ 
proof -
  assume  $b \neq b'$ 
  hence  $B[b := k] \ ! \ b' = B \ ! \ b'$ 
    by  $\text{simp}$ 

from  $\text{outside-another-bucket}[OF \ \langle b \neq b' \rangle \ \langle \text{bucket-start} \ \dots \leq k \rangle \ \langle k < \text{bucket-end} \ \dots \rangle]$ 
have  $k < \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b' \vee \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq k$ 
  using  $\text{leI}$  by  $\text{auto}$ 

```

moreover
have $k < \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b' \implies$
 $\text{list-slice } (SA[k := j]) \ (B[b := k] ! \ b') \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b')$
 $= \text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! \ b') \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b')$
proof –
assume $k < \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b'$
hence $k < B ! \ b'$
by $(\text{meson } \langle b' \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \ \text{assms}(2) \ \text{bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start}$
less-le-trans
 $\text{s-bucket-ptr-inv-def})$
with $\text{list-slice-update-unchanged-1 } \langle B[b := k] ! \ b' = B ! \ b' \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed
moreover
from $\langle B[b := k] ! \ b' = B ! \ b' \rangle$
have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq k \implies$
 $\text{list-slice } (SA[k := j]) \ (B[b := k] ! \ b') \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b')$
 $= \text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! \ b') \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b')$
by $(\text{simp add: list-slice-update-unchanged-2})$
moreover
from $\text{s-distinct-invD}[OF \ \text{assms}(1) \ \langle b' \leq - \rangle]$
have $\text{distinct } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! \ b') \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b')) .$
ultimately show *?goal*
by *auto*
qed
ultimately
show *?goal*
by *blast*
qed

corollary *s-distinct-inv-maintained-perm-step:*

assumes $\text{s-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \ \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{suffix-type } T \ j = \text{S-type}$
and $b = \alpha \ (T ! \ j)$
and $k = B ! \ b - \text{Suc } 0$
shows $\text{s-distinct-inv } \alpha \ T \ (B[b := k]) \ (SA[k := j])$
using $\text{s-distinct-inv-maintained-step}[OF \ \text{s-perm-inv-elim}(1-6, 8-14)][OF \ \text{assms}(1)]$
 $\text{assms}(2-)]$
by *blast*

83.3.2 Bucket Pointer

lemma *s-bucket-ptr-inv-established:*

assumes $\text{s-bucket-init } \alpha \ T \ B$
and $\text{valid-list } T$

```

and    strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and     $\alpha \text{ bot} = 0$ 
shows s-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$ 
unfolding s-bucket-ptr-inv-def
proof(intro allI impI)
  fix  $b$ 
  let  $?goal = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha$   $T$   $b \leq B ! b \wedge B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha$   $T$   $b \wedge (b = 0$ 
 $\longrightarrow B ! b = 0)$ 
  assume  $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))

  have  $b > 0 \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
    assume  $b > 0$ 
    with s-bucket-initD(1)[OF assms(1) <b ≤ ->]
    have  $B ! b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha$   $T$   $b$  .
    then show ?thesis
      by (metis <0 < b> l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end less-numeral-extra(3) order-refl
s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
  qed
moreover
have  $b = 0 \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $b = 0$ 
  with s-bucket-initD(2)[OF assms(1) <b ≤ ->]
  have  $B ! b = 0$  .
  with  $\langle b = 0 \rangle$ 
    valid-list-bucket-end-0[OF assms(2-)]
    valid-list-s-bucket-start-0[OF assms(2-)]
  show ?thesis
    by auto
  qed
ultimately show ?goal
  by auto
qed

```

```

lemma s-bucket-ptr-inv-maintained-step:
assumes s-distinct-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA$ 
and    s-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$ 
and    s-locations-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA$ 
and    s-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA0$   $SA$ 
and    s-seen-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA$   $i$ 
and    s-pred-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA$   $i$ 
and    strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and     $\alpha$  (Max (set T))  $<$  length B
and    length SA0 = length T
and    length SA = length T
and    l-types-init  $\alpha$   $T$   $SA0$ 
and    valid-list T
and     $\alpha \text{ bot} = 0$ 

```

```

and     $i = \text{Suc } n$ 
and     $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$ 
and     $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$ 
and     $\text{suffix-type } T j = S\text{-type}$ 
and     $b = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
and     $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$ 
shows  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T (B[b := k])$ 
  unfolding  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-def}$ 
proof(intro allI impI)
  fix  $b'$ 
  assume  $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 

  let  $?goal = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq B[b := k] ! b' \wedge B[b := k] ! b' \leq \text{bucket-end}$ 
 $\alpha T b' \wedge$ 
       $(b' = 0 \longrightarrow B[b := k] ! b' = 0)$ 

  from  $\text{valid-list-length-ex}[OF \text{assms}(12)]$ 
  obtain  $m$  where
     $\text{length } T = \text{Suc } m$ 
    by blast
  moreover
  have  $j < \text{length } T$ 
    by (simp add: assms(17) suffix-type-s-bound)
  moreover
  from  $s\text{-seen-invD}(1)[OF \text{assms}(5,15)] \text{assms}(14,16)$ 
  have  $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$ 
    by simp
  ultimately have  $j < m$ 
    by linarith
  hence  $b \neq 0$ 
    by (metis <length T = Suc m> assms(7,12,13,18) diff-Suc-1 strict-mono-eq
valid-list-def)

  have  $b \neq b' \implies ?goal$ 
  proof –
    assume  $b \neq b'$ 
    hence  $B[b := k] ! b' = B ! b'$ 
      by simp
    with  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-lower-bound}[OF \text{assms}(2) \langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle]$ 
       $s\text{-bucket-ptr-upper-bound}[OF \text{assms}(2) \langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle]$ 
       $s\text{-bucket-ptr-0}[OF \text{assms}(2)]$ 
    show ?thesis
      by auto
  qed
  moreover
  have  $b = b' \implies ?goal$ 
  proof –
    assume  $b = b'$ 
    from  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound}[OF \text{assms}(1-7,9-13,14-18)]$ 

```


have $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b$.
hence $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k$
using $assms(19)$ **by** $linarith$
moreover
from $\langle b = b' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$ $assms(2,19)$
have $k \leq bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b$
using $le\text{-diff-conv } s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-def trans-le-add1}$ **by** $blast$
moreover
have $B[b := k] ! b' = k$
using $\langle b = b' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) \rangle$ $assms(8)$ **by** $auto$
ultimately show $?thesis$
using $\langle b = b' \rangle \langle b \neq 0 \rangle$ **by** $auto$
qed
ultimately show $?goal$
by $linarith$
qed

corollary $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-maintained-perm-step}$:

assumes $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA 0 SA i$
and $i = Suc n$
and $Suc n < length SA$
and $SA ! Suc n = Suc j$
and $suffix\text{-type } T j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $k = B ! b - Suc 0$
shows $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T (B[b := k])$
using $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-maintained-step}[OF s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(1-6,8-14)][OF assms(1)]$
 $assms(2-)$
by $blast$

83.3.3 Locations

lemma $s\text{-locations-inv-established}$:

assumes $s\text{-bucket-init } \alpha T B$
and $s\text{-type-init } T SA$
and $valid\text{-list } T$
and $strict\text{-mono } \alpha$
and $\alpha bot = 0$
shows $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha T B SA$
unfolding $s\text{-locations-inv-def}$
proof($safe$)
fix $b i$
assume $b \leq \alpha (Max (set T)) B ! b \leq i i < bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b$
hence $b > 0 \implies SA ! i \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$
by ($metis assms(1) not\text{-le } s\text{-bucket-init-def}$)
moreover
have $b = 0 \implies SA ! i \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$
proof –
assume $b = 0$

have $0 \leq i$
by *blast*
moreover
have $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ 0 = 1$
using $\text{assms}(3-5)$ *valid-list-bucket-end-0* **by** *blast*
with $\langle i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle \langle b = 0 \rangle$
have $i < 1$
by *simp*
ultimately have $i = 0$
by *blast*
moreover
from *s-type-init-def*[of $T \ SA$] $\text{assms}(2)$
obtain n **where**
 $\text{length } T = \text{Suc } n$
 $SA ! 0 = n$
by *blast*
with *suffix-type-last*[of $T \ n$]
have $\text{suffix-type } T \ n = S\text{-type}$
by *blast*
moreover
have $T ! n = \text{bot}$
by (*metis* $\langle \text{length } T = \text{Suc } n \rangle$ $\text{assms}(3)$ *diff-Suc-1 last-conv-nth less-numeral-extra(3)*
 $\text{list.size}(3)$ *valid-list-def*)
hence $\alpha (T ! n) = 0$
by (*simp add: assms(5)*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*simp add:* $\langle SA ! 0 = n \rangle \langle b = 0 \rangle \langle \text{length } T = \text{Suc } n \rangle$ *bucket-def s-bucket-def*)
qed
ultimately show $SA ! i \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
by *linarith*
qed

lemma *s-locations-inv-maintained-step*:
assumes *s-distinct-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and *s-bucket-ptr-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B$
and *s-locations-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and *s-unchanged-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA0 \ SA$
and *s-seen-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and *s-pred-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and *strict-mono* α
and $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\text{length } SA0 = \text{length } T$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and *l-types-init* $\alpha \ T \ SA0$
and *valid-list* T
and $\alpha \ \text{bot} = 0$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$

and *suffix-type* $T\ j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha\ (T\ !\ j)$
and $k = B\ !\ b - \text{Suc}\ 0$
shows *s-locations-inv* $\alpha\ T\ (B[b := k])\ (SA[k := j])$
unfolding *s-locations-inv-def*
proof(*safe*)
fix $b'\ i'$
assume $b' \leq \alpha\ (\text{Max}\ (\text{set}\ T))\ B[b := k]\ !\ b' \leq i'\ i' < \text{bucket-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b'$

from *s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound*[*OF assms(1-7,9-18)*]
have *s-bucket-start* $\alpha\ T\ b < B\ !\ b$,
hence *s-bucket-start* $\alpha\ T\ b \leq k$
using *assms(19)* **by** *linarith*

from $\langle \text{s-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b < B\ !\ b \rangle$
have $k < B\ !\ b$
using *assms(19)* **by** *linarith*

have $j < \text{length}\ T$
by (*simp add: assms(17) suffix-type-s-bound*)
hence $b \leq \alpha\ (\text{Max}\ (\text{set}\ T))$
by (*simp add: assms(18) assms(7) strict-mono-less-eq*)
with *s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound*[*OF assms(2)*]
have $B\ !\ b \leq \text{bucket-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b$
by *blast*

have $b \neq b' \implies SA[k := j]\ !\ i' \in \text{s-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ b'$
proof –
assume $b \neq b'$
hence $B[b := k]\ !\ b' = B\ !\ b'$
by *simp*
with $\langle B[b := k]\ !\ b' \leq i' \rangle$
have $B\ !\ b' \leq i'$
by *simp*
with *s-locations-invD*[*OF assms(3)* $\langle b' \leq \alpha\ (\text{Max}\ (\text{set}\ T)) \rangle - \langle i' < \text{bucket-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b' \rangle$]
have $SA\ !\ i' \in \text{s-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ b'$
by *linarith*
moreover
from *s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*[*OF assms(2)* $\langle b' \leq \alpha\ (\text{Max}\ (\text{set}\ T)) \rangle$] $\langle B\ !\ b' \leq i' \rangle$
have *bucket-start* $\alpha\ T\ b' \leq i'$
by (*meson bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start dual-order.trans*)
with *outside-another-bucket*[*OF* $\langle b \neq b' \rangle$ [*symmetric*] - $\langle i' < - \rangle$]
 $\langle B\ !\ b \leq \text{bucket-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b \rangle \langle k < B\ !\ b \rangle \langle \text{s-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b \leq k \rangle$
have $k \neq i'$
using *bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans less-le-trans* **by** *blast*
hence $SA[k := j]\ !\ i' = SA\ !\ i'$
by *simp*

ultimately show *?thesis*
 by *simp*
qed
moreover
have $b = b' \implies SA[k := j] ! i' \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b'$
proof –
 assume $b = b'$
 hence $k \leq i'$
 using $\langle B[b := k] ! b' \leq i' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ *assms(8)* by *auto*
 hence $k = i' \vee k < i'$
 by *linarith*
moreover
have $k = i' \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $k = i'$
 hence $SA[k := j] ! i' = j$
 by (*metis* $\langle i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \rangle$ *assms(10)* *bucket-end-le-length dual-order.strict-trans1*
nth-list-update)
 with *assms(17,18)* $\langle b = b' \rangle \langle j < \text{length } T \rangle$
show *?thesis*
 by (*simp add: bucket-def s-bucket-def*)
qed
moreover
have $k < i' \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $k < i'$
 hence $B ! b \leq i'$
 using *assms(19)* by *linarith*
 with *s-locations-invD[OF assms(3)* $\langle b' \leq - \rangle - \langle i' < \text{bucket-end} - - \rangle$ $\langle b = b' \rangle$
have $SA ! i' \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b'$
 by *blast*
moreover
have $SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i'$
 using $\langle k < i' \rangle$ by *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis*
 by *simp*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
 by *linarith*
qed
ultimately show $SA[k := j] ! i' \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b'$
 by *blast*
qed

corollary *s-locations-inv-maintained-perm-step:*

assumes *s-perm-inv* $\alpha T B SA 0 SA i$
 and $i = \text{Suc } n$
 and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
 and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$

and $\text{suffix-type } T j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
shows $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := j])$
using $s\text{-locations-inv-maintained-step}[OF s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(1-6,8-14)][OF \text{assms}(1)]$
 $\text{assms}(2-)$
by blast

83.3.4 Unchanged

lemma $s\text{-unchanged-inv-established}$:

shows $s\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha T B SA SA$
by $(\text{simp add: } s\text{-unchanged-inv-def})$

lemma $s\text{-unchanged-inv-maintained-step}$:

assumes $s\text{-distinct-inv } \alpha T B SA$
and $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha T B$
and $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha T B SA$
and $s\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha T B SA0 SA$
and $s\text{-seen-inv } \alpha T B SA i$
and $s\text{-pred-inv } \alpha T B SA i$
and $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$
and $\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\text{length } SA0 = \text{length } T$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $l\text{-types-init } \alpha T SA0$
and $\text{valid-list } T$
and $\alpha \text{bot} = 0$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{suffix-type } T j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
shows $s\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha T (B[b := k]) SA0 (SA[k := j])$
unfolding $s\text{-unchanged-inv-def}$
proof (safe)
fix $b' i'$
assume $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \text{ bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i' i' < B[b := k] ! b'$

from $s\text{-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound}[OF \text{assms}(1-7,9-18)]$
have $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b.$
hence $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k$
using $\text{assms}(19)$ **by** linarith
hence $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k$
using $\text{bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans}$ **by** blast

from $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$
have $k < B ! b$

```

using assms(19) by linarith

have j < length T
  by (simp add: assms(17) suffix-type-s-bound)
hence b ≤ α (Max (set T))
  by (simp add: assms(7,18) strict-mono-less-eq)
with s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(2)]
have B ! b ≤ bucket-end α T b
  by blast
with ⟨k < B ! b⟩
have k < bucket-end α T b
  by linarith

have b = b' ⇒ SA[k := j] ! i' = SA0 ! i'
proof -
  assume b = b'
  hence B[b := k] ! b' = k
    using ⟨b' ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩ assms(8) by auto
  with ⟨i' < B[b := k] ! b'⟩
  have i' < k
    by linarith
  hence SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i'
    by simp
  moreover
  from ⟨i' < k⟩ ⟨k < B ! b⟩ ⟨b = b'⟩
  have i' < B ! b'
    by simp
  with s-unchanged-invD[OF assms(4) ⟨b' ≤ -⟩ ⟨bucket-start - - - ≤ i'⟩]
  have SA ! i' = SA0 ! i'
    by simp
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by simp
qed
moreover
have b ≠ b' ⇒ SA[k := j] ! i' = SA0 ! i'
proof -
  assume b ≠ b'
  with ⟨i' < B[b := k] ! b'⟩
  have i' < B ! b'
    by simp
  with s-unchanged-invD[OF assms(4) ⟨b' ≤ -⟩ ⟨bucket-start - - b' ≤ -⟩]
  have SA ! i' = SA0 ! i'
    by blast
  moreover
  from s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(2) ⟨b' ≤ -⟩ ⟨i' < B ! b'⟩]
  have i' < bucket-end α T b'
    by linarith
  with outside-another-bucket[OF ⟨b ≠ b'⟩ ⟨bucket-start - - - ≤ k⟩ ⟨k < bucket-end
- - -⟩]

```

$\langle \text{bucket-start} - - b' \leq i' \rangle$
have $k \neq i'$
by *blast*
hence $SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i'$
by *simp*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed
ultimately show $SA[k := j] ! i' = SA0 ! i'$
by *blast*
qed

corollary *s-unchanged-inv-maintained-perm-step:*

assumes $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA0 \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and *suffix-type* $T \ j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha \ (T ! j)$
and $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
shows $s\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ (B[b := k]) \ SA0 \ (SA[k := j])$
using $s\text{-unchanged-inv-maintained-step}[OF \ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(1-6, 8-14)][OF \ \text{assms}(1)]$
 $\text{assms}(2-)$
by *blast*

83.3.5 Seen

lemma *s-seen-inv-established:*

assumes $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $\text{length } T \leq n$
shows $s\text{-seen-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
unfolding *s-seen-inv-def*
using *assms* **by** *auto*

lemma *s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c1:*

assumes $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B$
and $s\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA0 \ SA$
and $s\text{-seen-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and *strict-mono* α
and $\text{length } SA0 = \text{length } T$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and *l-types-init* $\alpha \ T \ SA0$
and *valid-list* T
and $\text{Suc } 0 < \text{length } T$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{length } SA \leq \text{Suc } n$
shows $s\text{-seen-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
unfolding *s-seen-inv-def*
proof (*intro allI impI*)

```

fix  $j$ 
assume  $j < \text{length } SA \ n \leq j$ 
hence  $n < \text{length } SA$ 
  by simp
with assms(10,11)
have  $\text{length } SA = \text{Suc } n$ 
  by linarith

let  $?b = \alpha (T ! (SA ! j))$ 
let  $?g1 = (\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! j) = S\text{-type} \longrightarrow \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T B ?b j)$ 
and  $?g2 = (\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! j) = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow \text{in-l-bucket } \alpha T ?b j)$ 
and  $?g3 = SA ! j < \text{length } T$ 

from  $\langle n \leq j \rangle$ 
have  $n = j \vee \text{Suc } n \leq j$ 
  using dual-order.antisym not-less-eq-eq by auto
moreover
have  $n = j \implies ?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$ 
proof -
  let  $?b\text{-max} = \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  assume  $n = j$ 
  hence  $j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b\text{-max}$ 
    using  $\langle j < \text{length } SA \rangle$  assms(4,6) bucket-end-Max by fastforce
  hence  $j < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T ?b\text{-max}$ 
    using l-bucket-Max[OF assms(8,9,4)]
  by (simp add: bucket-end-def' bucket-size-def l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-size-def)
  moreover
from  $\langle n = j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } SA \rangle \langle \text{length } SA = \text{Suc } n \rangle$  assms(4,6,10)
have  $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T ?b\text{-max} \leq j$ 
by (metis Suc-leI antisym bucket-end-eq-length bucket-end-le-length gr-implies-not0 index-in-bucket-interval-gen length-0-conv)
  moreover
have  $?b\text{-max} \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  by simp
ultimately have  $SA ! j \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha T ?b\text{-max}$ 
using l-types-init-nth[OF assms(6)] l-types-init-maintained[OF assms(1,2,5-7)]
]
  by blast
hence  $?b\text{-max} = \alpha (T ! (SA ! j))$ 
  by (simp add: bucket-def l-bucket-def)
moreover
from  $\langle SA ! j \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha T ?b\text{-max} \rangle$ 
have  $?g3$ 
  by (simp add: bucket-def l-bucket-def)
moreover
from  $\langle SA ! j \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha T ?b\text{-max} \rangle$ 
have  $\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! j) = L\text{-type}$ 
  by (simp add: bucket-def l-bucket-def)
moreover

```


have *in-l-bucket* $\alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! j))) j$
using $\langle \text{bucket-start} \dots \leq j \rangle \langle j < \text{l-bucket-end} \dots \rangle$ *calculation(1)*
in-l-bucket-def
by *fastforce*
hence *?g2*
using *calculation(3)* **by** *blast*
moreover
from *calculation(3)*
have *?g1*
by *simp*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed
moreover
have $Suc\ n \leq j \implies ?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$
proof –
assume $Suc\ n \leq j$
with *s-seen-invD[OF assms(3) $\langle j < \text{length SA} \rangle$ assms(10)]*
show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed
ultimately show $?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$
by *blast*
qed

corollary *s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c1*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* $\alpha T B SA0 SA\ i$
and $i = Suc\ n$
and $\text{length SA} \leq Suc\ n$
shows *s-seen-inv* $\alpha T B SA\ n$
using *s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c1[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,4,5,8,10–13,15)[OF assms(1)] assms(2–)]*
by *blast*

lemma *s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c1-alt*:
assumes *s-bucket-ptr-inv* $\alpha T B$
and *s-unchanged-inv* $\alpha T B SA0 SA$
and *s-seen-inv* $\alpha T B SA\ i$
and *strict-mono* α
and $\text{length SA0} = \text{length T}$
and $\text{length SA} = \text{length T}$
and *l-types-init* $\alpha T SA0$
and *valid-list* T
and $Suc\ 0 < \text{length T}$
and $i = Suc\ n$
and $\text{length T} \leq SA ! Suc\ n$
shows *s-seen-inv* $\alpha T B SA\ n$
proof (*cases length SA \leq Suc n*)
assume $\text{length SA} \leq Suc\ n$

```

then show ?thesis
  using assms(1-10) s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c1 by blast
next
assume  $\neg \text{length } SA \leq \text{Suc } n$ 
hence  $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$ 
  by simp
show ?thesis
  unfolding s-seen-inv-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix j
  assume  $j < \text{length } SA \ n \leq j$ 
  hence  $n < \text{length } SA$ 
  by simp

  let ?b =  $\alpha (T ! (SA ! j))$ 
  let ?g1 = (suffix-type T (SA ! j) = S-type  $\longrightarrow$  in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha$  T B ?b j)
  and ?g2 = (suffix-type T (SA ! j) = L-type  $\longrightarrow$  in-l-bucket  $\alpha$  T ?b j)
  and ?g3 = SA ! j < length T

from  $\langle n \leq j \rangle$ 
have  $n = j \vee \text{Suc } n \leq j$ 
  using dual-order.antisym not-less-eq-eq by auto
moreover
have  $n = j \implies ?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$ 
by (metis Suc-le-mono  $\langle \text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA \rangle$   $\langle n \leq j \rangle$  assms(3,10,11) linorder-not-le
  s-seen-invD(1))
moreover
have  $\text{Suc } n \leq j \implies ?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$ 
proof -
  assume  $\text{Suc } n \leq j$ 
  with s-seen-invD[OF assms(3)  $\langle j < \text{length } SA \rangle$  assms(10)
  show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
ultimately show  $?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$ 
  by blast
qed
qed

corollary s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c1-alt:
  assumes s-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA0 SA i
  and  $i = \text{Suc } n$ 
  and  $\text{length } T \leq SA ! \text{Suc } n$ 
  shows s-seen-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA n
  using s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c1-alt[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,4,5,8,10-13,15)[OF
assms(1)] assms(2-)]
  by blast

lemma s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c2:

```

```

assumes s-distinct-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
and s-bucket-ptr-inv  $\alpha$  T B
and s-locations-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
and s-unchanged-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA0 SA
and s-seen-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA i
and s-pred-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA i
and s-suc-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA i
and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and  $\alpha$  (Max (set T)) < length B
and length SA0 = length T
and length SA = length T
and l-types-init  $\alpha$  T SA0
and valid-list T
and  $\alpha$  bot = 0
and Suc 0 < length T
and i = Suc n
and Suc n < length SA
and SA ! Suc n = 0
shows s-seen-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA n
unfolding s-seen-inv-def
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix j
  assume j < length SA n  $\leq$  j
  hence n < length SA
    by simp
  hence n < length T
    by (simp add: assms(11))

  let ?b =  $\alpha$  (T ! (SA ! j))
  let ?g1 = (suffix-type T (SA ! j) = S-type  $\longrightarrow$  in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha$  T B ?b j)
  and ?g2 = (suffix-type T (SA ! j) = L-type  $\longrightarrow$  in-l-bucket  $\alpha$  T ?b j)
  and ?g3 = SA ! j < length T

from  $\langle n \leq j \rangle$ 
have n = j  $\vee$  Suc n  $\leq$  j
  by linarith
moreover
have n = j  $\implies$  ?g1  $\wedge$  ?g2  $\wedge$  ?g3
proof –
  assume n = j
  with index-in-bucket-interval-gen[OF  $\langle n < \text{length } T \rangle$  assms(8)]
  obtain b where
    b  $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
    bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq$  j
    j < bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b
  by blast

  have j < l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\vee$  s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq$  j

```

by (*metis not-le s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end*)
moreover
 have $j < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $j < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b$
 with $l\text{-types-init-nth}[OF \ assms(11) \ l\text{-types-init-maintained}[OF \ assms(2,4,10-12)]]$
 $\langle b \leq - \rangle$
 $\langle bucket\text{-start} \ - \ - \ \leq \ j \rangle$
 have $SA \ ! \ j \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$.
 hence $suffix\text{-type } T \ (SA \ ! \ j) = L\text{-type } SA \ ! \ j < length \ T$
 by (*simp add: l-bucket-def bucket-def*) +
moreover
 have *?g1*
 by (*simp add: calculation(1) SL-types.exhaust*)
moreover
 from $\langle SA \ ! \ j \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle$
 have $b = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ j))$
 by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) bucket-def l-bucket-def mem-Collect-eq*)
 with $\langle bucket\text{-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq j \rangle \langle j < l\text{-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle \langle b \leq - \rangle$
 have $in\text{-l-bucket } \alpha \ T \ (\alpha \ (T \ ! \ (SA \ ! \ j))) \ j$
 using *in-l-bucket-def* by *blast*
 ultimately show *?thesis*
 by *blast*
qed
moreover
 have $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq j \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq j$
 hence $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < i$
 by (*simp add: \langle n = j \rangle assms(16)*)

 have $B \ ! \ b \leq i$
proof(*rule ccontr*)
 assume $\neg B \ ! \ b \leq i$
 hence $i < B \ ! \ b$
 by *simp*
 with $s\text{-B-val}[OF \ assms(1-6,8,10-13,15) \ \langle b \leq \alpha \ - \rangle]$
 have $B \ ! \ b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$.
 with $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < i \rangle \langle i < B \ ! \ b \rangle$
 show *False*
 by *linarith*
qed
 hence $B \ ! \ b < i \vee B \ ! \ b = i$
 using *dual-order.order-iff-strict* by *blast*
moreover
 have $B \ ! \ b < i \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $B \ ! \ b < i$
 hence $B \ ! \ b \leq j$

by (simp add: $\langle n = j \rangle$ *assms(16)*)
 with *s-locations-invD*[*OF assms(3)* $\langle b \leq - \rangle - \langle j < \text{bucket-end} - - \rangle$]
 have $SA ! j \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$.
 hence $SA ! j < \text{length } T \text{ suffix-type } T (SA ! j) = S\text{-type}$
 by (simp add: *s-bucket-def* *bucket-def*)+
 moreover
 from *calculation(2)*
 have ?*g2*
 by *simp*
 moreover
 from $\langle SA ! j \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \rangle$
 have $\alpha (T ! (SA ! j)) = b$
 by (simp add: *s-bucket-def* *bucket-def*)
 with $\langle B ! b \leq j \rangle \langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle \langle b \leq - \rangle$
 have *in-s-current-bucket* $\alpha T B (\alpha (T ! (SA ! j))) j$
 by (simp add: *in-s-current-bucket-def*)
 ultimately show ?*thesis*
 by *blast*
 qed
 moreover
 have $B ! b = i \implies ?thesis$
 proof -
 assume $B ! b = i$
 hence *s-bucket-start* $\alpha T b < B ! b$
 using $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < i \rangle$ by *blast*

 have $b \neq 0$
 using $\langle B ! b = i \rangle$ *assms(2,16)* *less-Suc-eq-0-disj s-bucket-ptr-0* by *fastforce*

 let ?*xs* = *list-slice* $SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)$
 let ?*B* = *set* ?*xs*
 let ?*A* = *s-bucket* $\alpha T b - ?B$

 from *s-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket*[*OF assms(3)* $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]
 have ?*B* $\subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$.
 hence ?*A* $\subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$
 by *blast*

 have *card* (*s-bucket* $\alpha T b$) = *bucket-end* $\alpha T b - s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b$
 by (simp add: *bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size s-bucket-size-def*)

 from *s-distinct-invD*[*OF assms(1)* $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]
 have *card* ?*B* = *bucket-end* $\alpha T b - B ! b$
 by (metis *assms(11)* *bucket-end-le-length distinct-card length-list-slice*
min.absorb-iff1)
 hence *card* ?*B* < *card* (*s-bucket* $\alpha T b$)
 using $\langle \text{card } (s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b) = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b - s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \rangle$
 $\langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle \langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle \langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq j \rangle$

by *linarith*
 with *card-psubset*[*OF finite-s-bucket* $\langle ?B \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \rangle$]
 have $?B \subset s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$.
 hence $?A \neq \{\}$
 by *blast*
 with *subset-s-bucket-successor*[*OF assms*(13,8,14) $\langle b \neq - \rightarrow \langle ?A \subseteq - \rangle$]
 obtain x where
 $x \in ?A$
 $Suc\ x \in ?B \vee (\exists b'. b < b' \wedge Suc\ x \in bucket\ \alpha T\ b')$
 by *blast*
 hence *suffix-type* $T\ x = S\text{-type } \alpha (T\ !\ x) = b\ x < length\ T$
 by (*simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def*)

 from $\langle x \in ?A \rangle$
 have $x \notin ?B$
 by *blast*

 have $Suc\ x \in ?B \implies ?thesis$
 proof -
 assume $Suc\ x \in ?B$
 from *nth-mem-list-slice*[*OF* $\langle Suc\ x \in ?B \rangle$]
 obtain i' where
 $i' < length\ SA$
 $B\ !\ b \leq i'$
 $i' < bucket\text{-end } \alpha T\ b$
 $SA\ !\ i' = Suc\ x$
 by *blast*

 have $i \neq i'$
 proof (*rule ccontr*)
 assume $\neg i \neq i'$
 hence $i = i'$
 by *auto*
 with *assms*(16,18) $\langle SA\ !\ i' = Suc\ x \rangle$
 show *False*
 by *simp*
 qed
 with $\langle B\ !\ b = i \rangle \langle B\ !\ b \leq i' \rangle$
 have $i < i'$
 by *simp*
 with *s-suc-invD*[*OF assms*(7) $\langle i' < length\ SA \rangle - \langle SA\ !\ i' = Suc\ x \rangle$
 $\langle suffix\text{-type } T\ x = - \rangle,$
simplified $\langle \alpha (T\ !\ x) = b \rangle$]
 obtain k where
 $in\text{-s-current-bucket } \alpha T\ B\ b\ k$
 $SA\ !\ k = x$
 $k < i'$
 by *blast*
 hence $x \in ?B$

```

    by (meson assms(11) in-s-current-bucket-list-slice)
  with ⟨x ∉ ?B⟩
  have False
    by blast
  then show ?thesis
    by blast
qed
moreover
have ∃ b'. b < b' ∧ Suc x ∈ bucket α T b' ⇒ ?thesis
proof -
  assume ∃ b'. b < b' ∧ Suc x ∈ bucket α T b'
  then obtain b' where
    b < b'
    Suc x ∈ bucket α T b'
    by blast
  hence bucket-end α T b ≤ bucket-start α T b'
    by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
  with s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(2) ⟨b ≤ -⟩] ⟨B ! b = i⟩
  have i ≤ bucket-start α T b'
    by linarith

  from ⟨Suc x ∈ bucket α T b'⟩
  have b' ≤ α (Max (set T))
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-greD assms(8) bucket-def mem-Collect-eq
    strict-mono-less-eq)
  with ⟨i ≤ bucket-start α T b'⟩ s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(2), of
b']
  have i ≤ B ! b'
    by (metis nat-le-iff-add s-bucket-start-def trans-le-add1)
  hence i = B ! b' ∨ i < B ! b'
    using antisym-conv1 by blast
  hence B ! b' = s-bucket-start α T b'
  proof
    assume i = B ! b'
    with ⟨i ≤ bucket-start α T b'⟩ s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(2) ⟨b'
≤ -⟩]
    show ?thesis
      by (simp add: s-bucket-start-def)
  next
    assume i < B ! b'
    with s-B-val[OF assms(1-6,8,10-13,15) ⟨b' ≤ -⟩]
    show ?thesis .
  qed

  from ⟨Suc x ∈ bucket α T b'⟩
  have Suc x ∈ l-bucket α T b' ∨ Suc x ∈ s-bucket α T b'
    by (simp add: l-un-s-bucket)
  moreover
  have Suc x ∈ l-bucket α T b' ⇒ ?thesis

```

proof –
assume $Suc\ x \in l\text{-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ b'$
with $l\text{-types-init}D(1)[OF\ l\text{-types-init-maintained}[OF\ assms(2,4,10-12)]]$
 $\langle b' \leq \cdot \rangle]$
have $Suc\ x \in set\ (list\text{-slice}\ SA\ (bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b')\ (l\text{-bucket}\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b'))$
by *simp*
with $nth\text{-mem}\text{-list}\text{-slice}[of\ Suc\ x\ SA\ bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b'\ l\text{-bucket}\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b']$
obtain i' **where**
 $i' < length\ SA$
 $bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b' \leq i'$
 $i' < l\text{-bucket}\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b'$
 $SA\ !\ i' = Suc\ x$
by *blast*

have $i \neq i'$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg i \neq i'$
hence $i = i'$
by *auto*
with $\langle SA\ !\ i' = Suc\ x \rangle\ assms(16,18)$
show *False*
by *simp*
qed
hence $i < i'$
using $\langle bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b' \leq i' \rangle\ \langle i \leq bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
with $s\text{-suc}\text{-inv}D[OF\ assms(\gamma)\ \langle i' < length \rightarrow \cdot \rangle\ \langle SA\ !\ i' = \cdot \rangle\ \langle suffix\text{-type}\ T\ x = \cdot \rangle,$
 $simplified\ \langle \alpha\ (T\ !\ x) = b \rangle]$
obtain k **where**
 $in\text{-s}\text{-current}\text{-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ b\ k$
 $SA\ !\ k = x$
 $k < i'$
by *blast*
hence $x \in ?B$
by (*meson assms(11) in-s-current-bucket-list-slice*)
with $\langle x \notin ?B \rangle$
have *False*
by *blast*
then show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed
moreover
have $Suc\ x \in s\text{-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ b' \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $Suc\ x \in s\text{-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ b'$

let $?ys = list\text{-slice}\ SA\ (s\text{-bucket}\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b')\ (bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b')$


```

from distinct-card[OF s-distinct-invD[OF assms(1)  $\langle b' \leq \rightarrow \rangle$ ],
  simplified  $\langle B ! b' = s\text{-bucket-start} \ - \ - \ \rangle$ ]
have card (set ?ys) = card (s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b')
  by (metis add-diff-cancel-left' assms(11) bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size
    bucket-end-le-length length-list-slice min-def s-bucket-size-def)
with card-subset-eq[
  OF finite-s-bucket s-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket[OF assms(3)  $\langle b' \leq$ 
 $\rightarrow \rangle$ ],
  simplified  $\langle B ! b' = s\text{-bucket-start} \ \alpha \ T \ b' \rangle$ ]
have set ?ys = s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b'
  by blast
with  $\langle \text{Suc } x \in s\text{-bucket} \ \alpha \ T \ b' \rangle$ 
have Suc x  $\in$  set ?ys
  by simp
with nth-mem-list-slice[of Suc x]
obtain i' where
  i' < length SA
  s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b'  $\leq$  i'
  i' < bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b'
  SA ! i' = Suc x
  by blast

from  $\langle SA ! i' = Suc \ x \rangle$  assms(16,18)
have i  $\neq$  i'
  using nat.discI by blast
hence i < i'
  using  $\langle B ! b' = s\text{-bucket-start} \ \alpha \ T \ b' \rangle$   $\langle i \leq B ! b' \rangle$   $\langle s\text{-bucket-start} \ \alpha \ T$ 
 $b' \leq i' \rangle$ 
  by linarith
with s-suc-invD[OF assms(7)  $\langle i' < \text{length} \ \rightarrow \ - \ \langle SA ! i' = \rightarrow \ \langle \text{suffix-type}$ 
 $T \ x = \rightarrow \rangle$ ,
  simplified  $\langle \alpha \ (T ! x) = b \rangle$ ]
obtain k where
  in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha$  T B b k
  SA ! k = x
  k < i'
  by blast
hence x  $\in$  ?B
  by (meson assms(11) in-s-current-bucket-list-slice)
with  $\langle x \notin ?B \rangle$ 
have False
  by blast
then show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed

```

```

    ultimately show ?thesis
      using ⟨Suc x ∈ ?B ∨ (∃ b'. b < b' ∧ Suc x ∈ bucket α T b)⟩ by blast
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  moreover
  have Suc n ≤ j ⇒ ?g1 ∧ ?g2 ∧ ?g3
  proof -
    assume Suc n ≤ j
    with s-seen-invD[OF assms(5) ⟨j < length SA⟩] assms(16)
    show ?thesis
      by blast
  qed
  ultimately show ?g1 ∧ ?g2 ∧ ?g3
    by blast
  qed
corollary s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c2:
  assumes s-perm-inv α T B SA0 SA i
  and     i = Suc n
  and     Suc n < length SA
  and     SA ! Suc n = 0
shows s-seen-inv α T B SA n
  using s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c2[OF s-perm-inv-elim1[OF assms(1)] assms(2-)]
  by blast
lemma s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c3:
  assumes s-distinct-inv α T B SA
  and     s-bucket-ptr-inv α T B
  and     s-locations-inv α T B SA
  and     s-unchanged-inv α T B SA0 SA
  and     s-seen-inv α T B SA i
  and     s-pred-inv α T B SA i
  and     s-suc-inv α T B SA i
  and     strict-mono α
  and     α (Max (set T)) < length B
  and     length SA0 = length T
  and     length SA = length T
  and     l-types-init α T SA0
  and     valid-list T
  and     α bot = 0
  and     Suc 0 < length T
  and     i = Suc n
  and     Suc n < length SA
  and     SA ! Suc n = Suc j

```

```

and    suffix-type  $T j = L\text{-type}$ 
shows  $s\text{-seen-inv } \alpha T B SA n$ 
unfolding  $s\text{-seen-inv-def}$ 
proof (intro allI impI)
  fix  $k$ 
  assume  $k < \text{length } SA \ n \leq k$ 
  hence  $n < \text{length } SA$ 
    by simp
  hence  $n < \text{length } T$ 
    by (simp add: assms(11))

  let  $?b = \alpha (T ! (SA ! k))$ 
  let  $?g1 = (\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! k) = S\text{-type} \longrightarrow \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T B ?b k)$ 
  and  $?g2 = (\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! k) = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow \text{in-l-bucket } \alpha T ?b k)$ 
  and  $?g3 = SA ! k < \text{length } T$ 

from  $\langle n \leq k \rangle$ 
have  $n = k \vee \text{Suc } n \leq k$ 
  by linarith
moreover
have  $n = k \implies ?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$ 
proof -
  assume  $n = k$ 
  with index-in-bucket-interval-gen[OF  $\langle n < \text{length } T \rangle \text{ assms}(8)$ ]
  obtain  $b$  where
     $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
     $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k$ 
     $k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$ 
  by blast

  have  $k < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b \vee \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k$ 
    by (metis not-le s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
  moreover
have  $k < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b \implies ?thesis$ 
proof -
  assume  $k < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b$ 
  with l-types-init-nth[OF assms(11)] l-types-init-maintained[OF assms(2,4,10-12)]
     $\langle b \leq \rightarrow \langle \text{bucket-start } - - - \leq \rightarrow \rangle$ 
  have  $SA ! k \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha T b$  .
  hence  $SA ! k < \text{length } T \text{ suffix-type } T (SA ! k) = L\text{-type}$ 
    by (simp add: l-bucket-def bucket-def)+
  moreover
from calculation(2)
have  $?g1$ 
  by simp
moreover
from  $\langle SA ! k \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha T b \rangle$ 
have  $b = (\alpha (T ! (SA ! k)))$ 
  by (simp add: l-bucket-def bucket-def)

```

with $\langle b \leq - \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start} \dots \leq - \rangle \langle k < \text{l-bucket-end} \dots \rangle$
have $\text{in-l-bucket } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA ! k))) k$
using in-l-bucket-def **by** blast
ultimately show $?thesis$
by blast
qed
moreover
have $\text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $\text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k$
hence $\text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b < i$
by $(\text{simp add: } \langle n = k \rangle \text{ assms}(16))$

have $B ! b \leq i$
proof (rule ccontr)
assume $\neg B ! b \leq i$
hence $i < B ! b$
by simp
with $\text{s-B-val}[OF \text{ assms}(1-6,8,10-13,15) \langle b \leq \alpha - \rangle]$
have $B ! b = \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b .$
with $\langle \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b < i \rangle \langle i < B ! b \rangle$
show False
by linarith
qed
hence $i = B ! b \vee B ! b < i$
by linarith
moreover
have $B ! b < i \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $B ! b < i$
hence $B ! b \leq k$
by $(\text{simp add: } \langle n = k \rangle \text{ assms}(16))$
with $\text{s-locations-invD}[OF \text{ assms}(3) \langle b \leq - \rangle - \langle k < \text{bucket-end} \dots \rangle]$
have $SA ! k \in \text{s-bucket } \alpha T b .$
hence $SA ! k < \text{length } T \text{ suffix-type } T (SA ! k) = S\text{-type}$
by $(\text{simp add: } \text{s-bucket-def } \text{bucket-def})+$
moreover
from $\text{calculation}(2)$
have $?g2$
by simp
moreover
from $\langle SA ! k \in \text{s-bucket } \alpha T b \rangle$
have $\alpha (T ! (SA ! k)) = b$
by $(\text{simp add: } \text{s-bucket-def } \text{bucket-def})$
with $\langle B ! b \leq k \rangle \langle k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle \langle b \leq - \rangle$
have $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T B (\alpha (T ! (SA ! k))) k$
by $(\text{simp add: } \text{in-s-current-bucket-def})$
ultimately show $?thesis$
by blast

qed
moreover
have $i = B ! b \implies ?thesis$
proof –
 assume $i = B ! b$
 hence $k < B ! b$
 using $\langle n = k \rangle$ *assms(16)* **by** *linarith*

 have $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b$
 using $\langle i = B ! b \rangle$ $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < i \rangle$ **by** *blast*

 have $b \neq 0$
 by (*metis* $\langle k < B ! b \rangle$ *assms(2)* *not-less-zero* *s-bucket-ptr-0*)

 let $?xs = \text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)$
 let $?B = \text{set } ?xs$
 let $?A = s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b - ?B$

 from *s-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket*[*OF* *assms(3)* $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]
 have $?B \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$.
 hence $?A \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$
 by *blast*

 have $\text{card } (s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b) = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b - s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b$
 by (*simp* *add: bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size* *s-bucket-size-def*)

 from *s-distinct-invD*[*OF* *assms(1)* $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]
 have $\text{card } ?B = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b - B ! b$
 by (*metis* *assms(11)* *bucket-end-le-length* *distinct-card* *length-list-slice* *min.absorb-iff1*)
 hence $\text{card } ?B < \text{card } (s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b)$
 using $\langle \text{card } (s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b) = \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b - s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \rangle$
 $\langle k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle$ $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$ $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k \rangle$
 by *linarith*
 with *card-psubset*[*OF* *finite-s-bucket* $\langle ?B \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \rangle$]
 have $?B \subset s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$.
 hence $?A \neq \{\}$
 by *blast*
 with *subset-s-bucket-successor*[*OF* *assms(13,8,14)* $\langle b \neq 0 \rangle$ $\langle ?A \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \rangle$]
 obtain x **where**
 $x \in ?A$
 $\text{Suc } x \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b - ?A \vee (\exists b'. b < b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b')$
 by *blast*
 hence $\text{Suc } x \in ?B \vee (\exists b'. b < b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b')$
 by *blast*

 from $\langle x \in ?A \rangle$ $\langle ?A \subseteq s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b \rangle$

```

have suffix-type  $T x = S\text{-type } \alpha (T ! x) = b$ 
  by (simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def)+

have  $x \notin ?B$ 
  using  $\langle x \in ?A \rangle$  by blast

from  $\langle \text{Suc } x \in ?B \vee (\exists b'. b < b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b') \rangle$ 
have False
proof
  assume  $\text{Suc } x \in ?B$ 
  from nth-mem-list-slice[OF  $\langle \text{Suc } x \in ?B \rangle$ ]
  obtain  $i'$  where
     $i' < \text{length } SA$ 
     $B ! b \leq i'$ 
     $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$ 
     $SA ! i' = \text{Suc } x$ 
  by blast

  have  $i \neq i'$ 
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg i \neq i'$ 
    hence  $i = i'$ 
    by auto
    hence  $j = x$ 
    using  $\langle SA ! i' = \text{Suc } x \rangle$  assms(16,18) by auto
    with assms(19)  $\langle \text{suffix-type } T x = \rightarrow \rangle$ 
    show False
    by simp
  qed
  with  $\langle B ! b \leq i' \rangle \langle i = B ! b \rangle$ 
  have  $i < i'$ 
    using nat-less-le by blast
  with s-suc-invD[OF assms(7)]  $\langle i' < \text{length } SA \rangle - \langle SA ! i' = \rightarrow \rangle \langle \text{suffix-type } T x = \rightarrow \rangle$ 
     $\langle \alpha (T ! x) = b \rangle$ 
  obtain  $k$  where
    in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha T B b k$ 
     $SA ! k = x$ 
     $k < i'$ 
  by blast
  hence  $x \in ?B$ 
    by (meson assms(11) in-s-current-bucket-list-slice)
  with  $\langle x \notin ?B \rangle$ 
  show False
    by blast
next
  assume  $\exists b'. b < b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \in \text{bucket } \alpha T b'$ 
  then obtain  $b'$  where
     $b < b'$ 

```

```

    Suc x ∈ bucket α T b'
  by blast
  hence b' ≤ α (Max (set T))
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Max-greD assms(8) bucket-def mem-Collect-eq
    strict-mono-less-eq)

  have suffix-type T (Suc x) = S-type ∨ suffix-type T (Suc x) = L-type
  by (simp add: suffix-type-def)
  hence Suc x ∈ l-bucket α T b' ∨ Suc x ∈ s-bucket α T b'
  using ⟨Suc x ∈ bucket α T b'⟩ l-bucket-def s-bucket-def by fastforce
  moreover
  have Suc x ∈ l-bucket α T b' ⇒ False
  proof -
    assume Suc x ∈ l-bucket α T b'
    with l-types-initD(1)[OF l-types-init-maintained[OF assms(2,4,10-12)]]
  ⟨b' ≤ -⟩]
  have Suc x ∈ set (list-slice SA (bucket-start α T b') (l-bucket-end α T
  b'))
    by blast
  with nth-mem-list-slice[of Suc x]
  obtain i' where
    i' < length SA
    bucket-start α T b' ≤ i'
    i' < l-bucket-end α T b'
    SA ! i' = Suc x
    by blast

  have i ≠ i'
  proof (rule ccontr)
    assume ¬ i ≠ i'
    hence i = i'
    by auto
    hence j = x
    using ⟨SA ! i' = Suc x⟩ assms(16,18) by auto
    with assms(19) ⟨suffix-type T x = -⟩
    show False
    by simp
  qed
  moreover
  from ⟨b < b'⟩
  have bucket-end α T b ≤ bucket-start α T b'
  by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
  hence B ! b ≤ i'
  using s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(2) ⟨b ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩]
    ⟨bucket-start α T b' ≤ i'⟩
  by linarith
  ultimately have i < i'
  using ⟨i = B ! b⟩ nat-less-le by blast
  with s-suc-invD[OF assms(7) ⟨i' < length SA ⟩ - ⟨SA ! i' = -⟩ ⟨suffix-type

```

```

T x = ->]
  <math>\langle \alpha (T ! x) = b \rangle</math>
obtain k where
  in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha$  T B b k
  SA ! k = x
  k < i'
  by blast
hence x  $\in$  ?B
  by (meson assms(11) in-s-current-bucket-list-slice)
with  $\langle x \notin ?B \rangle$ 
show False
  by blast
qed
moreover
have Suc x  $\in$  s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b'  $\implies$  False
proof -
  assume Suc x  $\in$  s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b'

  have i  $\leq$  bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b
    by (simp add: Suc-le-eq  $\langle k <$  bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\rangle$   $\langle n = k \rangle$  assms(16))
  hence i  $\leq$  bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b'
    using  $\langle b < b' \rangle$  less-bucket-end-le-start order.trans by blast
  hence i  $\leq$  B ! b'
    using s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(2)  $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$ ]
by (metis l-bucket-end-def le-trans nat-le-iff-add s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
  hence i < B ! b'  $\vee$  i = B ! b'
    using nat-less-le by blast
  hence B ! b' = s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b'
proof
  assume i < B ! b'
  with s-B-val[OF assms(1-6,8,10-13,15)  $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$ ]
  show B ! b' = s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b'
    by blast
next
  assume i = B ! b'
  with s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF assms(2)  $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$ ]
     $\langle i \leq$  bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b'  $\rangle$ 
  show B ! b' = s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b'
    by (simp add: s-bucket-start-def)
qed

let ?ys = list-slice SA (s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b') (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b')

from distinct-card[OF s-distinct-invD[OF assms(1)  $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$ ],
  simplified  $\langle B ! b' =$  s-bucket-start - -  $\rangle$ ]
have card (set ?ys) = card (s-bucket  $\alpha$  T b')
  by (metis add-diff-cancel-left' assms(11) bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size
    bucket-end-le-length length-list-slice min-def s-bucket-size-def)
with card-subset-eq[

```


\rightarrow], OF finite-s-bucket s-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket[OF assms(3) $\langle b' \leq$
simplified $\langle B ! b' = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b' \rangle$]
have set ?ys = s-bucket $\alpha T b'$
by blast
with $\langle Suc x \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b' \rangle$
have $Suc x \in set ?ys$
by simp
with nth-mem-list-slice[*of* $Suc x$]
obtain i' **where**
 $i' < length SA$
 $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i'$
 $i' < bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b'$
 $SA ! i' = Suc x$
by blast

have $i \neq i'$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg i \neq i'$
hence $i = i'$
by auto
hence $j = x$
using $\langle SA ! i' = Suc x \rangle$ assms(16,18) **by** auto
with assms(19) $\langle suffix\text{-type } T x = \rightarrow \rangle$
show *False*
by simp
qed
moreover
have $i \leq i'$
 $b' \leq i'$ **using** $\langle B ! b' = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b' \rangle \langle i \leq B ! b' \rangle \langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T$
by linarith
ultimately **have** $i < i'$
using dual-order.order-iff-strict **by** blast
with s-suc-invD[OF assms(7) $\langle i' < length SA \rangle - \langle SA ! i' = \rightarrow \rangle \langle suffix\text{-type}$
 $T x = \rightarrow$]
 $\langle \alpha (T ! x) = b \rangle$
obtain k **where**
 $in\text{-s-current-bucket } \alpha T B b k$
 $SA ! k = x$
 $k < i'$
by blast
hence $x \in ?B$
by (meson assms(11) *in-s-current-bucket-list-slice*)
with $\langle x \notin ?B \rangle$
show *False*
by blast
qed
ultimately **show** *False*

```

      by blast
    qed
  then show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by blast
  qed
  moreover
  have  $Suc\ n \leq k \implies ?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$ 
  proof -
    assume  $Suc\ n \leq k$ 
    with  $s\text{-seen-inv}D[OF\ assms(5)\ \langle k < length\ SA \rangle]\ assms(16)$ 
    show ?thesis
      by blast
    qed
  ultimately show  $?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$ 
    by blast
  qed

```

corollary $s\text{-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c3}$:

```

  assumes  $s\text{-perm-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA0\ SA\ i$ 
  and  $i = Suc\ n$ 
  and  $Suc\ n < length\ SA$ 
  and  $SA\ !\ Suc\ n = Suc\ j$ 
  and  $suffix\text{-type}\ T\ j = L\text{-type}$ 
  shows  $s\text{-seen-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ n$ 
  using  $s\text{-seen-inv-maintained-step-c3}[OF\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}\ [OF\ assms(1)]\ assms(2-)]$ 
  by blast

```

lemma $s\text{-seen-inv-maintained-step-c4}$:

```

  assumes  $s\text{-distinct-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA$ 
  and  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B$ 
  and  $s\text{-locations-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA$ 
  and  $s\text{-unchanged-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA0\ SA$ 
  and  $s\text{-seen-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ i$ 
  and  $s\text{-pred-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ i$ 
  and  $s\text{-suc-inv}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA\ i$ 
  and  $strict\text{-mono}\ \alpha$ 
  and  $\alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T)) < length\ B$ 
  and  $length\ SA0 = length\ T$ 
  and  $length\ SA = length\ T$ 
  and  $l\text{-types-init}\ \alpha\ T\ SA0$ 
  and  $valid\text{-list}\ T$ 
  and  $\alpha\ bot = 0$ 
  and  $Suc\ 0 < length\ T$ 

```

```

and     $i = \text{Suc } n$ 
and     $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$ 
and     $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$ 
and     $\text{suffix-type } T j = S\text{-type}$ 
and     $b = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
and     $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$ 
shows  $s\text{-seen-inv } \alpha T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := j]) n$ 
  unfolding  $s\text{-seen-inv-def}$ 
proof(intro allI impI)
  fix  $i'$ 
  assume  $i' < \text{length } (SA[k := j]) n \leq i'$ 

  let  $?g1 = (\text{suffix-type } T (SA[k := j] ! i') = S\text{-type} \longrightarrow$ 
     $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T (B[b := k]) (\alpha (T ! (SA[k := j] ! i'))) i')$  and
     $?g2 = (\text{suffix-type } T (SA[k := j] ! i') = L\text{-type} \longrightarrow$ 
     $\text{in-l-bucket } \alpha T (\alpha (T ! (SA[k := j] ! i'))) i')$  and
     $?g3 = SA[k := j] ! i' < \text{length } T$ 

  from  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound}[OF \text{ assms}(1-6,8,10-14,16-20)]$ 
  have  $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b.$ 
  hence  $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k$ 
    using  $\text{assms}(21)$  by linarith
  hence  $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k$ 
    using  $\text{bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans}$  by blast

  from  $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$ 
  have  $k < B ! b$ 
    using  $\text{assms}(21)$  by linarith

  have  $j < \text{length } T$ 
    by (simp add: assms(19) suffix-type-s-bound)
  hence  $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
    by (simp add: assms(8,20) strict-mono-less-eq)
  with  $s\text{-bucket-ptr-upper-bound}[OF \text{ assms}(2)]$ 
  have  $B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$ 
    by blast
  with  $\langle k < B ! b \rangle$ 
  have  $k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$ 
    by linarith

  have  $B ! b \leq i$ 
  proof(rule ccontr)
    assume  $\neg B ! b \leq i$ 
    hence  $i < B ! b$ 
      by simp
    with  $s\text{-B-val}[OF \text{ assms}(1-6,8,10-13,15) \langle b \leq \alpha \text{-} \rangle]$ 
    have  $B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b .$ 
    with  $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b < B ! b \rangle$ 
    show False

```

by *linarith*
qed
hence $k < i$
 using $\langle k < B ! b \rangle$ *less-le-trans* **by** *blast*

have $k = i' \implies n = i'$
 using $\langle k < i \rangle \langle n \leq i' \rangle$ *assms(16)* *le-less-Suc-eq* **by** *blast*

have $k \leq i'$
 using $\langle k < i \rangle \langle n \leq i' \rangle$ *assms(16)* **by** *linarith*

have $i' < \text{length } T$
 using $\langle i' < \text{length } (SA[k := j]) \rangle$ *assms(11)* **by** *auto*
with *index-in-bucket-interval-gen*[*OF - assms(8)*, of $i' T$]
obtain b' **where**
 $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i'$
 $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$
by *blast*
hence $n < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$
 using $\langle n \leq i' \rangle$ *dual-order.strict-trans2* **by** *blast*
hence $i \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$
 using *assms(16)* **by** *linarith*

have $b \leq b'$
proof (*rule ccontr*)
 assume $\neg b \leq b'$
hence $b' < b$
 by *linarith*
hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b$
 by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)
with $\langle i \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq k \rangle \langle k < B ! b \rangle$
have $i < B ! b$
 by *linarith*
with $\langle B ! b \leq i \rangle$
show *False*
 by *linarith*
qed

have $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T (B[b := k]) b k$
unfolding *in-s-current-bucket-def*
 using $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle$ *assms(9)* **by** *auto*

have $b < b' \implies ?g1 \wedge ?g2 \wedge ?g3$
proof –
 assume $b < b'$
hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b'$
 by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)
with $\langle k < \text{bucket-end } - - b \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start } - - b' \leq i' \rangle$

have $k < i'$
by *linarith*
hence $SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i'$
by *simp*

from $\langle b < b' \rangle$
have $B[b := k] ! b' = B ! b'$
by *simp*

have $i' < l\text{-bucket-end} \alpha T b' \vee B ! b' \leq i' \vee (s\text{-bucket-start} \alpha T b' \leq i' \wedge i' < B ! b')$
by (*metis not-le s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end*)
moreover
have $B ! b' \leq i' \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $B ! b' \leq i'$
with $s\text{-locations-invD}[OF \text{assms}(3) \langle b' \leq \alpha \rightarrow \langle i' < \text{bucket-end} \text{ -- } \rangle]$
have $SA ! i' \in s\text{-bucket} \alpha T b'$.
hence $\text{suffix-type } T (SA ! i') = S\text{-type} \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b' SA ! i' < \text{length}$
T
by (*simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def*)+
moreover
from $\langle B[b := k] ! b' = B ! b' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha \rightarrow \langle B ! b' \leq i' \rangle \langle i' < \text{bucket-end} \alpha T$
b' \rangle
have $\text{in-s-current-bucket} \alpha T (B[b := k]) b' i'$
by (*simp add: in-s-current-bucket-def*)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: \langle SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i' \rangle*)
qed
moreover
have $i' < l\text{-bucket-end} \alpha T b' \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $i' < l\text{-bucket-end} \alpha T b'$
hence $\text{in-l-bucket} \alpha T b' i'$
by (*simp add: \langle bucket-start \alpha T b' \leq i' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha \rightarrow \text{in-l-bucket-def} \rangle*)
moreover
from $l\text{-types-init-nth}[OF \text{assms}(11) l\text{-types-init-maintained}[OF \text{assms}(2,4,10-12)]]$
 $\langle b' \leq \alpha \rightarrow \langle \text{bucket-start} \text{ -- } \leq i' \rangle \langle i' < l\text{-bucket-end} \text{ -- } \rangle]$
have $SA ! i' \in l\text{-bucket} \alpha T b'$.
hence $SA ! i' < \text{length } T \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b' \text{ suffix-type } T (SA ! i') =$
L-type
by (*simp add: l-bucket-def bucket-def*)+
ultimately show *?thesis*
using $\langle SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i' \rangle$
by *simp*
qed
moreover
have $\llbracket s\text{-bucket-start} \alpha T b' \leq i'; i' < B ! b' \rrbracket \implies ?thesis$
proof –

```

assume s-bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T\ b' \leq i'$   $i' < B\ !\ b'$ 
have  $B\ !\ b' = i$ 
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $B\ !\ b' \neq i$ 
  hence  $i < B\ !\ b' \vee B\ !\ b' < i$ 
    by linarith
  moreover
  have  $B\ !\ b' < i \implies \text{False}$ 
    using  $\langle i' < B\ !\ b' \rangle \langle n \leq i' \rangle$  assms(16) by linarith
  moreover
  have  $i < B\ !\ b' \implies \text{False}$ 
  proof -
    assume  $i < B\ !\ b'$ 
    with s-B-val[OF assms(1-6,8,10-13,15)  $\langle b' \leq \alpha \rightarrow \rangle$ ]
    have  $B\ !\ b' = \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha\ T\ b'$  .
    with  $\langle \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha\ T\ b' \leq i' \rangle \langle i' < B\ !\ b' \rangle$ 
    show False
      by linarith
    qed
  ultimately show False
    by linarith
qed

have s-bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T\ b' < B\ !\ b'$ 
  using  $\langle i' < B\ !\ b' \rangle \langle \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha\ T\ b' \leq i' \rangle$  by linarith
hence s-bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T\ b' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ b'$ 
  using  $\langle B\ !\ b' = i \rangle \langle i \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ b' \rangle$  order.strict-trans2 by blast
hence s-bucket  $\alpha\ T\ b' \neq \{\}$ 
by (metis add.commute bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size distinct-card distinct-conv-nth
  empty-set less-irrefl-nat less-nat-zero-code list.size(3) plus-nat.add-0
  s-bucket-size-def)

have bucket-end  $\alpha\ T\ b' \leq \text{length } SA$ 
  by (simp add: assms(11) bucket-end-le-length)

let  $?xs = \text{list-slice } SA\ (B\ !\ b')\ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ b')$ 

have set  $?xs \subseteq \text{s-bucket } \alpha\ T\ b'$ 
proof
  from s-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket[OF assms(3)  $\langle b' \leq \rightarrow \rangle$ ]
  show set  $?xs \subseteq \text{s-bucket } \alpha\ T\ b'$  .
next
  from  $\langle \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha\ T\ b' < B\ !\ b' \rangle \langle \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha\ T\ b' < \text{bucket-end}$ 
 $\alpha\ T\ b' \rangle$ 
  have  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ b' - B\ !\ b' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ b' - \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha\ T$ 
 $b'$ 
    using diff-less-mono2 by blast
  hence  $\text{length } ?xs < \text{s-bucket-size } \alpha\ T\ b'$ 
    by (metis  $\langle \text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ b' \leq \text{length } SA \rangle$  add-diff-cancel-left')

```

$\text{bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size length-list-slice min-def}$
hence $\text{card (set ?xs)} \neq \text{card (s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b')$
by $(\text{metis card-length not-le s-bucket-size-def})$
then show $\text{set ?xs} \neq \text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b'$
by *auto*
qed

have $P0: \forall i0 < \text{length } T. \alpha (T ! i0) = b' \longrightarrow T ! i0 \neq \text{bot}$
using $\langle b < b' \rangle \text{ assms(8,20) strict-mono-less}$ **by** *fastforce*
hence $P1: \forall i0 < \text{length } T. \alpha (T ! i0) = b' \longrightarrow \text{Suc } i0 < \text{length } T$
by $(\text{metis Suc-leI assms(13) diff-Suc-1 last-conv-nth le-imp-less-or-eq length-greater-0-conv valid-list-def})$

let $?S = \text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b' - \text{set ?xs}$

from $\langle \text{set ?xs} \subseteq \text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b' \rangle$
have $?S \neq \{\}$
by *blast*
have $?S \subseteq \text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b'$
by *blast*
hence $P2: \forall x \in ?S. \alpha (T ! x) = b' \wedge \text{suffix-type } T \ x = S\text{-type} \wedge x < \text{length } T$
by $(\text{simp add: bucket-def s-bucket-def})$

have $P3: \forall x \in ?S. \text{Suc } x < \text{length } T \wedge \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } x) \geq b'$
proof
fix x
assume $x \in ?S$
with $P2$
have $\alpha (T ! x) = b' \text{ suffix-type } T \ x = S\text{-type } x < \text{length } T$
by *blast+*
with $P1$
have $\text{Suc } x < \text{length } T$
by *blast*
moreover
from $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ x = S\text{-type} \rangle \langle x < \text{length } T \rangle$
have $T ! x \leq T ! \text{Suc } x$
using *calculation nth-gr-imp-l-type* **by** *fastforce*
hence $\alpha (T ! \text{Suc } x) \geq b'$
using $\langle \alpha (T ! x) = b' \rangle \text{ assms(8) strict-mono-leD}$ **by** *blast*
ultimately show $\text{Suc } x < \text{length } T \wedge \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } x) \geq b'$
by *blast*
qed

have *finite* $?S$
by $(\text{simp add: finite-s-bucket})$

have $\exists x \in ?S. \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } x) > b' \vee \text{Suc } x \in \text{set ?xs}$

proof (*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg (\exists x \in ?S. b' < \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } x) \vee \text{Suc } x \in \text{set } ?xs)$
hence $\forall x \in ?S. \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } x) \leq b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \notin \text{set } ?xs$
using *not-le-imp-less* **by** *blast*
with *P3*
have $P4: \forall x \in ?S. \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } x) = b' \wedge \text{Suc } x \notin \text{set } ?xs$
using *dual-order.antisym* **by** *blast*
hence $P5: \forall x \in ?S. \text{suffix-type } T (\text{Suc } x) = S\text{-type}$
by (*metis P2 P3 assms(8) strict-mono-eq suffix-type-neq*)
hence $P6: \forall x \in ?S. \text{Suc } x \in ?S$
by (*metis (mono-tags, lifting) Diff-iff P3 P4 bucket-def mem-Collect-eq s-bucket-def*)
with $\langle ?S \neq \{\} \rangle \langle \text{finite } ?S \rangle$
show *False*
using *Suc-le-lessD infinite-growing* **by** *blast*
qed
then obtain x **where**
 $x \in ?S$
 $\alpha (T ! \text{Suc } x) > b' \vee \text{Suc } x \in \text{set } ?xs$
by *blast*
with *P3*
have $\text{Suc } x < \text{length } T$
by *blast*

from $\langle x \in ?S \rangle$
have $\text{suffix-type } T x = S\text{-type } \alpha (T ! x) = b' x < \text{length } T$
using *P2* **by** *blast+*

have $P4: \forall b0 \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)). b' < b0 \longrightarrow B ! b0 = \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T$
b0
proof(*safe*)
fix $b0$
assume $b0 \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) b' < b0$
hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b0$
by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)
with $\text{s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound}[OF \text{ assms}(2) \langle b' \leq - \rangle]$
 $\text{s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound}[OF \text{ assms}(2) \langle b0 \leq - \rangle]$
have $B ! b' \leq B ! b0$
by (*meson bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans*)
hence $B ! b' = B ! b0 \vee B ! b' < B ! b0$
by *linarith*
moreover
have $B ! b' = B ! b0 \implies B ! b0 = \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b0$
by (*metis* $\langle B ! b' = i \rangle \langle \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \rangle \text{le-trans}$
 $\langle i \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b' \rangle \langle \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b0 \leq B ! b0 \rangle$ *dual-order.antisym*
bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start)
moreover
have $B ! b' < B ! b0 \implies i < B ! b0$
by (*simp add:* $\langle B ! b' = i \rangle$)

with $s\text{-}B\text{-val}[OF\ assms(1-6,8,10-13,15)\ \langle b0 \leq \cdot \rangle]$
have $B ! b' < B ! b0 \implies B ! b0 = s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b0$
by *blast*
ultimately show $B ! b0 = s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ b0$
by *blast*
qed

from $\langle \alpha\ (T !\ Suc\ x) > b' \vee Suc\ x \in set\ ?xs \rangle$
show *?thesis*
proof
let $?b = \alpha\ (T !\ Suc\ x)$
let $?ys = list\text{-slice}\ SA\ (bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b)\ (l\text{-bucket-end}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b)$
and $?zs = list\text{-slice}\ SA\ (s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b)\ (bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b)$

assume $b' < ?b$
with $P_4\ \langle Suc\ x < length\ T \rangle$
have $B ! ?b = s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b$
by (*simp add: assms(8) strict-mono-less-eq*)

from $\langle Suc\ x < length\ T \rangle$
have $?b \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T))$
by (*simp add: assms(8) strict-mono-leD*)

have $bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b' \leq bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b$
using $\langle b' < \alpha\ (T !\ Suc\ x) \rangle$ *less-bucket-end-le-start* **by** *blast*
hence $i \leq bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b$
using $\langle i \leq bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ b' \rangle$ *order.trans* **by** *blast*

have $set\ ?zs = s\text{-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b$
proof (*rule card-subset-eq[OF finite-s-bucket]*)
show $set\ ?zs \subseteq s\text{-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b$
by (*metis Max-greD* $\langle B ! ?b = s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b \rangle$ $\langle Suc\ x < length\ T \rangle$ *assms(3,8)*
s-locations-inv-subset-s-bucket strict-mono-leD)

next
from *distinct-card[OF s-distinct-invD[OF assms(1) $\langle ?b \leq \cdot \rangle$]]*
 $\langle B ! ?b = s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b \rangle$
have $card\ (set\ ?zs) = length\ ?zs$
by *simp*
moreover
have $length\ ?zs = bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b - s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b$
by (*metis assms(11) bucket-end-le-length length-list-slice min-def*)
moreover
have $s\text{-bucket-size}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b = bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b - s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b$
by (*simp add: bucket-end-eq-s-start-pl-size*)
hence $card\ (s\text{-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b) = bucket\text{-end}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b - s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b$
? b
by (*simp add: s-bucket-size-def*)
ultimately show $card\ (set\ ?zs) = card\ (s\text{-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b)$

```

    by simp
  qed

  have suffix-type T (Suc x) = L-type  $\implies$  ?thesis
  proof -
    assume suffix-type T (Suc x) = L-type
    with l-types-initD(1)[OF l-types-init-maintained[OF assms(2,4,10-12)]]
  <?b  $\leq$  ->]
    have Suc x  $\in$  set ?ys
    by (simp add: <Suc x < length T> bucket-def l-bucket-def)

    from nth-mem-list-slice[OF <Suc x  $\in$  set ?ys>]
    obtain i0 where
      i0 < length SA
      bucket-start  $\alpha$  T ?b  $\leq$  i0
      i0 < l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T ?b
      SA ! i0 = Suc x
    by blast
    hence i  $\leq$  i0
    using <i  $\leq$  bucket-start  $\alpha$  T ?b> dual-order.trans by blast
    hence i = i0  $\vee$  i < i0
    by linarith
    then show ?thesis
    proof
      assume i = i0
      hence x = j
      using <SA ! i0 = Suc x> assms(16,18) by auto
      then show ?thesis
      using < $\alpha$  (T ! x) = b'> <b < b'> assms(20) by blast
    next
      assume i < i0
      with s-suc-invD[OF assms(7) <i0 < length -> - <SA ! i0 = -> <suffix-type
T x = S-type>]
      < $\alpha$  (T ! x) = b'>
      obtain i1 where
        in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha$  T B b' i1
        SA ! i1 = x
        i1 < i0
      by auto
      with in-s-current-bucket-list-slice[OF assms(11)]
      have x  $\in$  set ?xs
      by blast
      then show ?thesis
      using <x  $\in$  ?S> by blast
    qed
  qed
  moreover
  have suffix-type T (Suc x) = S-type  $\implies$  ?thesis
  proof -

```

```

assume suffix-type  $T$   $(\text{Suc } x) = S\text{-type}$ 
with  $\langle \text{set } ?zs = s\text{-bucket } \alpha T ?b \rangle \langle \text{Suc } x < \text{length } T \rangle$ 
have  $\text{Suc } x \in \text{set } ?zs$ 
  by (simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def)

from nth-mem-list-slice[OF  $\langle \text{Suc } x \in \text{set } ?zs \rangle$ ]
obtain  $i0$  where
   $i0 < \text{length } SA$ 
   $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T ?b \leq i0$ 
   $i0 < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b$ 
   $SA ! i0 = \text{Suc } x$ 
  by blast
hence  $i \leq i0$ 
  by (meson  $\langle i \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T ?b \rangle \text{bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start}$ 
dual-order.trans)
hence  $i = i0 \vee i < i0$ 
  by linarith
then show ?thesis
proof
  assume  $i = i0$ 
  hence  $x = j$ 
  using  $\langle SA ! i0 = \text{Suc } x \rangle$  assms(16,18) by auto
  then show ?thesis
  using  $\langle \alpha (T ! x) = b' \rangle \langle b < b' \rangle$  assms(20) by blast
next
  assume  $i < i0$ 
  with s-suc-invD[OF assms(7)  $\langle i0 < \text{length } \rightarrow - \langle SA ! i0 = \rightarrow \langle \text{suffix-type}$ 
 $T x = S\text{-type} \rangle$ ]
   $\langle \alpha (T ! x) = b' \rangle$ 
  obtain  $i1$  where
     $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T B b' i1$ 
     $SA ! i1 = x$ 
     $i1 < i0$ 
    by auto
  with in-s-current-bucket-list-slice[OF assms(11)]
  have  $x \in \text{set } ?xs$ 
  by blast
  then show ?thesis
  using  $\langle x \in ?S \rangle$  by blast
qed
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  using SL-types.exhaust by blast
next
assume  $\text{Suc } x \in \text{set } ?xs$ 

from nth-mem-list-slice[OF  $\langle \text{Suc } x \in \text{set } ?xs \rangle$ ]
obtain  $i0$  where
   $i0 < \text{length } SA$ 

```

```

    B ! b' ≤ i0
    i0 < bucket-end α T b'
    SA ! i0 = Suc x
    by blast
  with ⟨B ! b' = i⟩
  have i ≤ i0
    by blast
  hence i = i0 ∨ i < i0
    by linarith
  then show ?thesis
  proof
    assume i = i0
    hence x = j
      using ⟨SA ! i0 = Suc x⟩ assms(16,18) by auto
    then show ?thesis
      using ⟨α (T ! x) = b'⟩ ⟨b < b'⟩ assms(20) by blast
  next
    assume i < i0
    with s-suc-invD[OF assms(7) ⟨i0 < length -⟩ - ⟨SA ! i0 = -⟩ ⟨suffix-type
T x = -⟩]
      ⟨α (T ! x) = b'⟩
    obtain i1 where
      in-s-current-bucket α T B b' i1
      SA ! i1 = x
      i1 < i0
      by blast
    with in-s-current-bucket-list-slice[OF assms(11)]
    have x ∈ set ?xs
      by blast
    then show ?thesis
      using ⟨x ∈ ?S⟩ by blast
  qed
qed
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by linarith
qed
moreover
have b = b' ⟹ ?g1 ∧ ?g2 ∧ ?g3
proof -
  assume b = b'
  have k = i' ⟹ ?thesis
  proof -
    assume k = i'
    hence SA[k := j] ! i' = j
      using ⟨i' < length (SA[k := j])⟩ by auto
    with ⟨suffix-type T j = S-type⟩ ⟨j < length T⟩ ⟨in-s-current-bucket α T (B[b
:= k]) b k⟩
      assms(20) ⟨k = i'⟩

```

```

    show ?thesis
      by simp
  qed
  moreover
  have  $k < i' \implies ?thesis$ 
  proof -
    assume  $k < i'$ 
    hence  $B ! b \leq i'$ 
      using assms(21) by linarith
    with s-locations-invD[OF assms(3) <b' ≤ α -> - <i' < bucket-end - - ->] <b =
  b'>
    have  $SA ! i' \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b'$ 
      by blast
    hence suffix-type  $T (SA ! i') = S\text{-type } \alpha (T ! (SA ! i')) = b'$ 
      by (simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def)+
    moreover
    have  $SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i'$ 
      using <k < i'> by simp
    moreover
    have in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha T (B[b := k]) b' i'$ 
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) <b = b'> <b' ≤ α (Max (set T))> <i' < bucket-end
  α T b'>
      <k ≤ i'> assms(9) dual-order.strict-trans2 in-s-current-bucket-def
  nth-list-update-eq)
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by (simp add: suffix-type-s-bound)
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using <k ≤ i'> dual-order.order-iff-strict by blast
  qed
  ultimately show ?g1 ∧ ?g2 ∧ ?g3
    using <b ≤ b'> dual-order.order-iff-strict by blast
  qed

```

corollary *s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c4*:

```

  assumes s-perm-inv  $\alpha T B SA 0 SA i$ 
  and  $i = \text{Suc } n$ 
  and  $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$ 
  and  $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$ 
  and suffix-type  $T j = S\text{-type}$ 
  and  $b = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
  and  $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$ 
  shows s-seen-inv  $\alpha T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := j]) n$ 
  using s-seen-inv-maintained-step-c4 [OF s-perm-inv-elims [OF assms(1)] assms(2-)]
  by blast

```

lemmas *s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step* =

```

  s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c1
  s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c2

```

s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c3
s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c4

83.3.6 Predecessor

lemma *s-pred-inv-established*:
assumes *s-bucket-init* α *T B*
shows *s-pred-inv* α *T B SA n*
unfolding *s-pred-inv-def*
proof (*safe*)
fix *b i*
assume *A*: *in-s-current-bucket* α *T B b i 0 < b*

let *?goal* = $\exists j < \text{length } SA. SA ! j = \text{Suc } (SA ! i) \wedge i < j \wedge n < j$

have $b = 0 \vee 0 < b$
by *blast*

moreover
from *A(2)*
have $b = 0 \implies ?goal$
by *blast*

moreover
have $0 < b \implies ?goal$
proof –
assume $0 < b$
with *s-bucket-initD(1)*[*OF assms(1) in-s-current-bucketD(1)*][*OF A(1)*]]
have $B ! b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ *T b* .
with *in-s-current-bucketD(2,3)*[*OF A(1)*]]
show *?goal*
by *linarith*

qed
ultimately show *?goal*
by *blast*

qed

lemma *s-pred-inv-maintained-step-alt*:
assumes *s-pred-inv* α *T B SA i*
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
shows *s-pred-inv* α *T B SA n*
unfolding *s-pred-inv-def*
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix *b i'*
assume *in-s-current-bucket* α *T B b i' b \neq 0*
with *s-pred-invD*[*OF assms(1), of b i'*] *assms(2)*
show $\exists j < \text{length } SA. SA ! j = \text{Suc } (SA ! i') \wedge i' < j \wedge n < j$
using *Suc-lessD* **by** *blast*

qed

corollary *s-pred-inv-maintained-perm-step-alt*:

assumes $s\text{-perm-inv} \alpha T B SA0 SA i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
shows $s\text{-pred-inv} \alpha T B SA n$
using $s\text{-pred-inv-maintained-step-alt}[OF\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(6),\ OF\ \text{assms}]$
by *blast*

lemma $s\text{-pred-inv-maintained-step}$:

assumes $s\text{-distinct-inv} \alpha T B SA$
and $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv} \alpha T B$
and $s\text{-locations-inv} \alpha T B SA$
and $s\text{-unchanged-inv} \alpha T B SA0 SA$
and $s\text{-seen-inv} \alpha T B SA i$
and $s\text{-pred-inv} \alpha T B SA i$
and $s\text{-suc-inv} \alpha T B SA i$
and $strict\text{-mono} \alpha$
and $\alpha (\text{Max } (set\ T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\text{length } SA0 = \text{length } T$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $l\text{-types-init} \alpha T SA0$
and $valid\text{-list } T$
and $\alpha\ bot = 0$
and $\text{Suc } 0 < \text{length } T$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{suffix-type } T j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
shows $s\text{-pred-inv} \alpha T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := j]) n$
unfolding $s\text{-pred-inv-def}$

proof(*safe*)

fix $b' i'$

assume $in\text{-s-current-bucket} \alpha T (B[b := k])\ b' i'\ 0 < b'$

hence $b' \neq 0$

by *linarith*

let $?goal = \exists j' < \text{length } (SA[k := j]).\ SA[k := j] ! j' = \text{Suc } (SA[k := j] ! i') \wedge i' < j' \wedge n < j'$

from $s\text{-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound}[OF\ \text{assms}(1-6, 8, 10-14, 16-20)]$

have $s\text{-bucket-start} \alpha T\ b < B ! b.$

hence $s\text{-bucket-start} \alpha T\ b \leq k$

using $\text{assms}(21)$ **by** *linarith*

hence $\text{bucket-start} \alpha T\ b \leq k$

using $\text{bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans}$ **by** *blast*

from $\langle s\text{-bucket-start} \alpha T\ b < B ! b \rangle$

have $k < B ! b$

using $\text{assms}(21)$ **by** *linarith*

have $j < \text{length } T$
by (*simp add: assms(19) suffix-type-s-bound*)
hence $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
by (*simp add: assms(8,20) strict-mono-less-eq*)
with *s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound*[*OF assms(2)*]
have $B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by *blast*
with $\langle k < B ! b \rangle$
have $k < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b$
by *linarith*

have $B ! b < i$
proof(*rule ccontr*)
assume $\neg B ! b \leq i$
hence $i < B ! b$
by *simp*
with *s-B-val*[*OF assms(1-6,8,10-13,15) $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$*] *$\langle s\text{-bucket-start}$*
 $\alpha T b < B ! b$
show *False*
by *simp*

qed
with $\langle k < B ! b \rangle$
have $k < i$
by *linarith*

have $b \neq b' \implies ?\text{goal}$
proof -
assume $b \neq b'$
hence $B[b := k] ! b' = B ! b'$
by *simp*
with $\langle \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T (B[b := k]) b' i' \rangle$
have $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T B b' i'$
by (*simp add: in-s-current-bucket-def*)
with *s-pred-invD*[*OF assms(6) - $\langle b' \neq 0 \rangle$*]
obtain j' **where**
 $j' < \text{length } SA$
 $SA ! j' = \text{Suc } (SA ! i')$
 $i' < j'$
 $i < j'$
by *blast*

moreover
from $\langle \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T B b' i' \rangle$
have $B ! b' \leq i' i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b'$
by (*simp-all add: in-s-current-bucket-def*)
with *s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*[*OF assms(2)*]
 $\text{in-s-current-bucketD}(1)$ [*OF $\langle \text{in-s-current-bucket } - - B - - \rangle$*]
have $\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b' \leq i'$
by (*meson bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans*)


```

with outside-another-bucket[OF  $\langle b \neq b' \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start} \dots \leq k \rangle \langle k < \text{bucket-end} \dots \rangle$ ]
   $\langle i' < \text{bucket-end} \alpha T b' \rangle$ 
have  $k \neq i'$ 
  by blast
hence  $SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i'$ 
  by simp
moreover
from  $\langle i < j' \rangle$  assms(16)
have  $n < j'$ 
  using Suc-lessD by blast
moreover
have  $SA[k := j] ! j' = SA ! j'$ 
  using  $\langle k < i \rangle$  calculation(4) by auto
ultimately show ?thesis
  by auto
qed
moreover
have  $b = b' \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $b = b'$ 
  hence  $B[b := k] ! b' = k$ 
    using  $\langle b \leq \alpha (\text{Max} (\text{set } T)) \rangle$  assms(9) by auto

  have  $k = i' \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
    assume  $k = i'$ 
    hence  $SA[k := j] ! i' = j$ 
      using  $\langle k < i \rangle$  assms(16,17) by auto
    moreover
    have  $SA[k := j] ! i = SA ! i$ 
      using  $\langle k < i \rangle$  by auto
    ultimately show ?goal
      using assms(16-18)  $\langle k = i' \rangle \langle k < i \rangle$ 
      by auto
  qed
  moreover
  have  $k \neq i' \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
    assume  $k \neq i'$ 
    with  $\langle \text{in-s-current-bucket} \alpha T (B[b := k]) b' i' \rangle \langle B[b := k] ! b' = k \rangle$ 
    have  $k < i'$ 
      by (simp add: in-s-current-bucket-def)
    hence  $B ! b' \leq i'$ 
      using assms(21)  $\langle b = b' \rangle \langle k < B ! b \rangle$  by simp
    hence  $\text{in-s-current-bucket} \alpha T B b' i'$ 
      using  $\langle \text{in-s-current-bucket} \alpha T (B[b := k]) b' i' \rangle$  in-s-current-bucket-def by
blast
with s-pred-invD[OF assms(6) -  $\langle b' \neq 0 \rangle$ ]

```

```

obtain  $j'$  where
   $j' < \text{length } SA$ 
   $SA ! j' = \text{Suc } (SA ! i')$ 
   $i' < j'$ 
   $i < j'$ 
  by blast
moreover
have  $SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i'$ 
  using  $\langle k \neq i' \rangle$  by simp
moreover
have  $SA[k := j] ! j' = SA ! j'$ 
  using  $\langle k < i' \rangle \langle i' < j' \rangle$ 
  by auto
ultimately show ?goal
  using assms(16) by auto
qed
ultimately show ?goal
  by blast
qed
ultimately show ?goal
  by blast
qed

```

corollary *s-pred-inv-maintained-perm-step*:

```

assumes  $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$ 
and  $i = \text{Suc } n$ 
and  $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$ 
and  $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$ 
and  $\text{suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type}$ 
and  $b = \alpha \ (T ! j)$ 
and  $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$ 
shows  $s\text{-pred-inv } \alpha \ T \ (B[b := k]) \ (SA[k := j]) \ n$ 
  using s-pred-inv-maintained-step[OF s-perm-inv-elim[OF assms(1)] assms(2-)]
  by blast

```

83.3.7 Successor

lemma *s-suc-inv-established*:

```

assumes  $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$ 
and  $\text{length } T \leq n$ 
shows  $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$ 
  unfolding s-suc-inv-def
  using assms(1) assms(2) by linarith

```

lemma *s-suc-inv-maintained-step-c1*:

```

assumes  $\text{length } SA \leq \text{Suc } n$ 
shows  $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$ 
  unfolding s-suc-inv-def
proof (intro allI impI; elim conjE)

```

fix $i' j$
assume $i' < \text{length } SA \ n < i' SA \ ! \ i' = \text{Suc } j \ \text{suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type}$
with assms
have False
using $\text{less-trans-Suc not-less}$ **by** blast
then show $\exists k. \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B \ (\alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)) \ k \wedge SA \ ! \ k = j \wedge k < i'$
by blast
qed

corollary $s\text{-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c1}$:
assumes $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{length } SA \leq \text{Suc } n$
shows $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
by $(\text{simp add: assms}(3) \ s\text{-suc-inv-maintained-step-c1})$

lemma $s\text{-suc-inv-maintained-step-c1-alt}$:
assumes $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B$
and $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$
and $\alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\text{valid-list } T$
and $\alpha \ \text{bot} = 0$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{length } T \leq SA \ ! \ \text{Suc } n$
shows $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
proof $(\text{cases length } SA \leq \text{Suc } n)$
case True
then show $?thesis$
by $(\text{simp add: s-suc-inv-maintained-step-c1})$
next
case False
hence $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
by simp
show $?thesis$
unfolding $s\text{-suc-inv-def}$
proof $(\text{intro allI impI; elim conjE})$
fix $i' j$
let $?goal = \exists k. \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B \ (\alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)) \ k \wedge SA \ ! \ k = j \wedge k < i'$
assume $i' < \text{length } SA \ n < i' SA \ ! \ i' = \text{Suc } j \ \text{suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type}$
hence $i' = \text{Suc } n \vee \text{Suc } n < i'$
using Suc-lessI **by** blast
moreover
from $s\text{-suc-invD}[\text{OF assms}(1) \langle i' < \text{length } SA \rangle - \langle SA \ ! \ i' = \text{Suc } j \rangle \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type} \rangle]$
have $\text{Suc } n < i' \implies ?goal$
using $\langle i = \text{Suc } n \rangle$ **by** blast
moreover

```

have  $i' = \text{Suc } n \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $i' = \text{Suc } n$ 
  have  $j < \text{length } T \vee \text{length } T \leq j$ 
    using linorder-not-le by blast
  moreover
  have  $\text{length } T \leq j \implies ?goal$ 
    by (meson  $\langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type} \rangle$  linorder-not-le suffix-type-s-bound)
  moreover
  have  $j < \text{length } T \implies ?goal$ 
  proof -
    assume  $j < \text{length } T$ 
    hence  $\text{length } T = \text{Suc } j$ 
      using  $\langle SA ! i' = \text{Suc } j \rangle \langle i' = \text{Suc } n \rangle \langle \text{length } T \leq SA ! \text{Suc } n \rangle$  by force
    hence  $T ! j = \text{bot}$ 
      by (metis  $\langle \text{valid-list } T \rangle$  diff-Suc-1 last-conv-nth length-greater-0-conv
valid-list-def)
    hence  $\alpha (T ! j) = 0$ 
      using  $\langle \alpha \text{ bot} = 0 \rangle$  by presburger
    hence  $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B (\alpha (T ! j)) \ 0$ 
      unfolding in-s-current-bucket-def
    using One-nat-def assms(2,4,6,7) lessI s-bucket-ptr-0 valid-list-bucket-end-0
      by fastforce
    moreover
    {
      have  $0 < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ 0$ 
        using  $\langle \alpha (T ! j) = 0 \rangle$  calculation in-s-current-bucket-def by fastforce
      with s-bucket-ptr-0[OF assms(2), of  $0$ , simplified]
        s-locations-invD[OF assms(3), of  $0 \ 0$ , simplified]
      have  $SA ! 0 \in \text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ 0$ 
        by simp
      moreover
      have  $\text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ 0 = \{j\}$ 
        by (simp add:  $\langle \text{length } T = \text{Suc } j \rangle$  assms(4) assms(6) assms(7) s-bucket-0)
      ultimately have  $SA ! 0 = j$ 
        by blast
    }
    ultimately show  $?goal$ 
      using  $\langle i' = \text{Suc } n \rangle$  by blast
  qed
  ultimately show  $?goal$ 
    by blast
  qed
  ultimately show  $?goal$ 
    by blast
  qed
  qed

```

corollary *s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c1-alt*:

assumes $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{length } T \leq SA \ ! \ \text{Suc } n$
shows $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
using *assms s-perm-inv-def s-suc-inv-maintained-step-c1-alt* **by** *blast*

lemma *s-suc-inv-maintained-step-c2*:
assumes $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA \ ! \ \text{Suc } n = 0$
shows $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
unfolding *s-suc-inv-def*
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix $i' \ j$
assume $i' < \text{length } SA \ n < i' \ SA \ ! \ i' = \text{Suc } j \ \text{suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type}$

let $?goal = \exists k. \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B \ (\alpha \ (T \ ! \ j)) \ k \wedge SA \ ! \ k = j \wedge k < i'$

from $\langle n < i' \rangle \langle i = \text{Suc } n \rangle$
have $i = i' \vee i < i'$
by *linarith*
moreover
from *assms(2,4)* $\langle SA \ ! \ i' = \text{Suc } j \rangle$
have $i = i' \implies ?goal$
by *simp*
moreover
from $s\text{-suc-invD}[OF \ \text{assms}(1) \ \langle i' < \cdot \rangle \ - \ \langle SA \ ! \ i' = \cdot \rangle \ \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j = \cdot \rangle]$
assms(2)
have $i < i' \implies ?goal$
by *blast*
ultimately show $?goal$
by *blast*

qed

corollary *s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c2*:
assumes $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA \ ! \ \text{Suc } n = 0$
shows $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
using *assms s-perm-inv-elim(7) s-suc-inv-maintained-step-c2* **by** *blast*

lemma *s-suc-inv-maintained-step-c3*:
assumes $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA \ ! \ \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type}$

shows $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
unfolding $s\text{-suc-inv-def}$
proof (*intro allI impI; elim conjE*)
fix $i' \ j'$
assume $i' < \text{length } SA \ n < i' \ SA \ ! \ i' = \text{Suc } j' \ \text{suffix-type } T \ j' = S\text{-type}$

let $?goal = \exists k. \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B \ (\alpha \ (T \ ! \ j')) \ k \wedge SA \ ! \ k = j' \wedge k < i'$

from $\langle n < i' \rangle \text{ assms}(2)$
have $i = i' \vee i < i'$
using $Suc\text{-lessI}$ **by** blast
moreover
from $\text{assms}(2,4,5) \ \langle SA \ ! \ i' = \rightarrow \ \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j' = \rightarrow \$
have $i = i' \implies ?goal$
by simp
moreover
from $s\text{-suc-invD}[OF \ \text{assms}(1) \ \langle i' < \rightarrow \ - \ \langle SA \ ! \ i' = \rightarrow \ \langle \text{suffix-type } T \ j' = \rightarrow \]$
have $i < i' \implies ?goal$
by blast
ultimately show $?goal$
by blast
qed

corollary $s\text{-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c3}$:

assumes $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA0 \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA \ ! \ \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{suffix-type } T \ j = L\text{-type}$
shows $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ n$
using $\text{assms } s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(\gamma) \ s\text{-suc-inv-maintained-step-c3}$ **by** blast

lemma $s\text{-suc-inv-maintained-step-c4}$:

assumes $s\text{-distinct-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv } \alpha \ T \ B$
and $s\text{-locations-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA$
and $s\text{-unchanged-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA0 \ SA$
and $s\text{-seen-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and $s\text{-pred-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ i$
and $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$
and $\alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\text{length } SA0 = \text{length } T$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $l\text{-types-init } \alpha \ T \ SA0$
and $\text{valid-list } T$
and $\alpha \ \text{bot} = 0$
and $\text{Suc } 0 < \text{length } T$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$

```

and   Suc n < length SA
and   SA ! Suc n = Suc j
and   suffix-type T j = S-type
and   b =  $\alpha$  (T ! j)
and   k = B ! b - Suc 0
shows s-suc-inv  $\alpha$  T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := j]) n
  unfolding s-suc-inv-def
proof(safe)
  fix i' j'
  assume i' < length (SA[k := j]) n < i' SA[k := j] ! i' = Suc j' suffix-type T j'
= S-type
  hence i' < length SA
    by simp

  let ?b =  $\alpha$  (T ! j')
  and ?B = B[b := k]
  and ?SA = SA[k := j]

  let ?goal =  $\exists k'. in-s-current-bucket \alpha T ?B ?b k' \wedge ?SA ! k' = j' \wedge k' < i'$ 

  from  $\langle$ suffix-type T j' =  $\rightarrow$ 
  have j' < length T
    by (simp add: suffix-type-s-bound)
  hence ?b  $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
    using  $\langle$ strict-mono  $\rightarrow$ 
    by (simp add: strict-mono-less-eq)

  from s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound[OF assms(1-6,8,10-14,16-20)]
  have s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b < B ! b.
  hence s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq$  k
    using assms(21) by linarith
  hence bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq$  k
    using bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans by blast

  from  $\langle$ s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b < B ! b
  have k < B ! b
    using assms(21) by linarith

  have j < length T
    by (simp add: assms(19) suffix-type-s-bound)
  hence b  $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
    by (simp add: assms(8,20) strict-mono-less-eq)
  with s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound[OF assms(2)]
  have B ! b  $\leq$  bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b
    by blast
  with  $\langle$ k < B ! b
  have k < bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b
    by linarith

```

```

have B ! b ≤ i
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume ¬B ! b ≤ i
  hence i < B ! b
  by simp
with s-B-val[OF assms(1-6,8,10-13,15) ⟨b ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩] ⟨s-bucket-start
α T b < B ! b⟩
  show False
  by simp
qed
with ⟨k < B ! b⟩
have k < i
  by linarith
hence k ≤ n
  by (simp add: assms(16))
with ⟨n < i'⟩
have k < i'
  using dual-order.strict-trans2 by blast
hence SA[k := j] ! i' = SA ! i'
  by simp
with ⟨SA[k := j] ! i' = Suc j'⟩
have SA ! i' = Suc j'
  by simp

have i ≤ i'
  by (simp add: Suc-leI ⟨n < i'⟩ assms(16))
hence i = i' ∨ i < i'
  by (simp add: nat-less-le)
moreover
have i = i' ⇒ ?goal
proof -
  assume i = i'
  hence j = j'
    using ⟨SA ! i' = Suc j'⟩ assms(16,18) by auto
  hence SA[k := j] ! k = j'
    using ⟨k ≤ n⟩ assms(17) by auto
  moreover
  have ?b = b
    using ⟨j = j'⟩ assms(20) by blast
  hence in-s-current-bucket α T ?B ?b k = in-s-current-bucket α T ?B b k
    by simp
  moreover
  from ⟨α (T ! j') ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩
    ⟨?b = b⟩[symmetric]
  have in-s-current-bucket α T ?B b k
    unfolding in-s-current-bucket-def
    using ⟨k < bucket-end α T b⟩ assms(9) by auto
  ultimately show ?goal
    using ⟨k < i'⟩ by blast

```



```

qed
moreover
have  $i < i' \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $i < i'$ 
  with  $s\text{-suc-invD}[OF\ assms(\gamma)\ \langle i' < length\ SA \rangle - \langle SA\ !\ i' = Suc\ j' \rangle\ \langle suffix\text{-type}\ T\ j' = \cdot \rangle]$ 
  obtain  $k'$  where
     $in\text{-s-current-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ ?b\ k'$ 
     $SA\ !\ k' = j'$ 
     $k' < i'$ 
  by blast
moreover
from  $in\text{-s-current-bucketD}[OF\ \langle in\text{-s-current-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ ?b\ k' \rangle]$ 
have  $in\text{-s-current-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ ?B\ ?b\ k'$ 
  unfolding  $in\text{-s-current-bucket-def}$ 
proof (safe)
  show  $?B\ !\ ?b \leq k'$ 
  by ( $metis\ \langle B\ !\ ?b \leq k' \rangle\ \langle k < B\ !\ b \rangle\ dual\text{-order.trans}\ list\text{-update-beyond}\ nat\text{-le-linear}\ not\text{-less}\ nth\text{-list-update-eq}\ nth\text{-list-update-neq}$ )
qed
moreover
from  $in\text{-s-current-bucketD}(2)[OF\ \langle in\text{-s-current-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ ?b\ k' \rangle]$ 
have  $B\ !\ ?b \leq k'$  .
hence  $s\text{-bucket-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b \leq k'$ 
by ( $meson\ \langle ?b \leq \alpha\ (Max\ (set\ T)) \rangle\ assms(2)\ le\text{-less-trans}\ not\text{-le}\ s\text{-bucket-ptr-inv-def}$ )
hence  $bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b \leq k'$ 
  using  $bucket\text{-start-le-s-bucket-start}\ dual\text{-order.trans}\ by\ blast$ 

have  $b = ?b \vee b \neq ?b$ 
  by blast
hence  $k \neq k'$ 
proof
  assume  $b = ?b$ 
  with  $\langle B\ !\ ?b \leq k' \rangle\ \langle k < B\ !\ b \rangle$ 
  show  $?thesis$ 
  by simp
next
  assume  $b \neq ?b$ 
  with  $outside\text{-another-bucket}[OF\ -\ \langle bucket\text{-start}\ -\ -\ \leq\ k \rangle\ \langle k < bucket\text{-end}\ -\ -\ \rangle]$ 
   $\langle bucket\text{-start}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b \leq k' \rangle\ in\text{-s-current-bucketD}(3)[OF\ \langle in\text{-s-current-bucket}\ \alpha\ T\ B\ ?b\ k' \rangle]$ 
  show  $?thesis$ 
  by blast
qed
hence  $SA[k := j]\ !\ k' = SA\ !\ k'$ 
  by simp

```

ultimately show $?goal$
 by *blast*
qed
ultimately show $?goal$
 by *blast*
qed

corollary *s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c4*:

assumes $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and $\text{suffix-type } T \ j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha \ (T ! j)$
and $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
shows $s\text{-suc-inv } \alpha \ T \ (B[b := k]) \ (SA[k := j]) \ n$
using $s\text{-suc-inv-maintained-step-c4} [OF \ s\text{-perm-inv-elim} [OF \ \text{assms}(1)] \ \text{assms}(2-)]$
 by *blast*

lemmas *s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step =*

s-suc-inv-maintained-step-c1
s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c2
s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c3
s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c4

83.3.8 Combined Permutation Invariant

lemma *s-perm-inv-established*:

assumes $s\text{-bucket-init } \alpha \ T \ B$
and $s\text{-type-init } T \ SA$
and $\text{strict-mono } \alpha$
and $\alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) < \text{length } B$
and $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
and $l\text{-types-init } \alpha \ T \ SA$
and $\text{valid-list } T$
and $\alpha \ \text{bot} = 0$
and $\text{Suc } 0 < \text{length } T$
and $\text{length } T \leq n$
shows $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA \ n$
unfolding $s\text{-perm-inv-def}$
 by (*simp add: assms s-distinct-inv-established s-bucket-ptr-inv-established*
s-locations-inv-established s-unchanged-inv-established s-seen-inv-established
s-pred-inv-established s-suc-inv-established)

lemma *s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c1*:

assumes $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{length } SA \leq \text{Suc } n$
shows $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ n$

unfolding *s-perm-inv-def*
by (*clarsimp simp: s-perm-inv-elim*[*OF assms(1)*]
s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c1[*OF assms*]
s-pred-inv-maintained-perm-step-alt[*OF assms(1,2)*]
s-suc-inv-maintained-step-c1[*OF assms(3)*])

lemma *s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c1-alt*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{length } T \leq SA ! \text{Suc } n$
shows *s-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA n*
proof (*cases length T ≤ Suc n*)
case *True*
then show *?thesis*
by (*metis assms(1) assms(2) s-perm-inv-elim(11) s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c1*)
next
case *False*
hence $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } T$
by *simp*
then show *?thesis*
unfolding *s-perm-inv-def*
by (*metis assms s-perm-inv-def s-pred-inv-maintained-step-alt*
s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c1-alt s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c1-alt)

qed

lemma *s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c2*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = 0$
shows *s-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA n*
unfolding *s-perm-inv-def*
by (*clarsimp simp: s-perm-inv-elim*[*OF assms(1)*]
s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c2[*OF assms*]
s-pred-inv-maintained-perm-step-alt[*OF assms(1,2)*]
s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c2[*OF assms*])

lemma *s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c3*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and *suffix-type T j = L-type*
shows *s-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA n*
unfolding *s-perm-inv-def*
by (*clarsimp simp: s-perm-inv-elim*[*OF assms(1)*]
s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c3[*OF assms*]
s-pred-inv-maintained-perm-step-alt[*OF assms(1,2)*]
s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c3[*OF assms*])

lemma *s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c4*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and $i = \text{Suc } n$
and $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$
and $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
and *suffix-type* $T j = S\text{-type}$
and $b = \alpha (T ! j)$
and $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$
shows *s-perm-inv* α *T (B[b := k]) SA0 (SA[k := j]) n*
unfolding *s-perm-inv-def*
by (*clarsimp simp: s-perm-inv-elim*_s[*OF assms(1)*]
s-distinct-inv-maintained-perm-step[*OF assms*]
s-bucket-ptr-inv-maintained-perm-step[*OF assms*]
s-locations-inv-maintained-perm-step[*OF assms*]
s-unchanged-inv-maintained-perm-step[*OF assms*]
s-seen-inv-maintained-perm-step-c4[*OF assms*]
s-pred-inv-maintained-perm-step[*OF assms*]
s-suc-inv-maintained-perm-step-c4[*OF assms*])

theorem *abs-induce-s-perm-step*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* α *T B SA0 SA i*
and *abs-induce-s-step* $(B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i')$
shows *s-perm-inv* α *T B' SA0 SA' i'*
proof (*cases i*)
case 0
then show *?thesis*
using *assms* **by force**
next
case (*Suc n*)
assume $i = \text{Suc } n$
have $T \neq []$
using *s-perm-inv-elim*_s(15)[*OF assms(1)*] **by fastforce**
show *?thesis*
proof (*cases Suc n < length SA \wedge SA ! Suc n < length T*)
assume $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA \wedge SA ! \text{Suc } n < \text{length } T$
hence $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA \wedge SA ! \text{Suc } n < \text{length } T$
by blast+
show *?thesis*
proof (*cases SA ! Suc n*)
case 0
then show *?thesis*
using *s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c2*[*OF assms(1)*] $\langle i = \text{Suc } n \rangle \langle \text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA \rangle 0$ *assms*
by (*clarsimp simp: $\langle i = \text{Suc } n \rangle \langle \text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA \rangle 0 \langle T \neq [] \rangle$*)
next
case (*Suc j*)
assume $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$
hence $\text{Suc } j < \text{length } T$

```

    using ⟨SA ! Suc n < length T⟩ by auto
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases suffix-type T j)
    case S-type
    then show ?thesis
      using assms ⟨i = Suc n⟩ ⟨Suc n < length SA⟩ ⟨SA ! Suc n = Suc j⟩
        s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c4[OF assms(1), of n j α (T ! j) B ! α
(T ! j) - Suc 0]
      by (clarsimp simp: Let-def ⟨Suc j < length T⟩)
    next
    case L-type
    then show ?thesis
      using assms ⟨i = Suc n⟩ ⟨Suc n < length SA⟩ ⟨SA ! Suc n = Suc j⟩
        s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c3[OF assms(1)]
      by (clarsimp simp: Let-def ⟨Suc j < length T⟩)
  qed
next
assume ¬(Suc n < length SA ∧ SA ! Suc n < length T)
hence ¬ Suc n < length SA ∨ ¬ SA ! Suc n < length T
  by blast
then show ?thesis
proof
  assume ¬ Suc n < length SA
  then show ?thesis
    using assms ⟨i = Suc n⟩ s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c1[OF assms(1)] by
force
  next
  assume ¬ SA ! Suc n < length T
  hence length T ≤ SA ! Suc n
    by simp
  then show ?thesis
    using assms ⟨i = Suc n⟩ s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c1-alt[OF assms(1)]
by simp
qed
qed
qed

```

corollary *abs-induce-s-perm-step-alt*:

$\bigwedge a. s\text{-perm-inv-alt } \alpha T SA 0 a \implies s\text{-perm-inv-alt } \alpha T SA 0 (abs\text{-induce-s-step } a (\alpha, T))$

by (*metis* *abs-induce-s-perm-step s-perm-inv-alt.elims(2) s-perm-inv-alt.elims(3)*)

theorem *abs-induce-s-perm-alt-maintained*:

assumes *s-perm-inv-alt* $\alpha T SA 0 (B, SA, length T)$

shows *s-perm-inv-alt* $\alpha T SA 0 (abs\text{-induce-s-base } \alpha T B SA)$

unfolding *abs-induce-s-base-def*

using *repeat-maintain-inv*[of *s-perm-inv-alt* $\alpha T SA 0 abs\text{-induce-s-step } (\alpha, T)$, *OF - assms(1)*]

abs-induce-s-perm-step-alt
by *blast*

corollary *abs-induce-s-perm-maintained*:
assumes *abs-induce-s-base* α $T B SA = (B', SA', n)$
and *s-perm-inv* α $T B SA 0 SA$ (*length* T)
shows *s-perm-inv* α $T B' SA 0 SA' n$
using *assms abs-induce-s-perm-alt-maintained* **by** *force*

lemma *s-perm-inv-0-B-val*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* α $T B SA SA' 0$
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* T))
shows $B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b$
proof –
from *s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound*[*OF s-perm-inv-elim*s(2)] [*OF assms*(1)] *assms*(2)]
have *s-bucket-start* $\alpha T b \leq B ! b$.

have *s-bucket-start* $\alpha T b \geq 0$
by *blast*
hence *s-bucket-start* $\alpha T b = 0 \vee 0 < s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b$
by *blast*
with $\langle s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \leq B ! b \rangle$
have $B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b \vee 0 < B ! b$
by *linarith*
then show *?thesis*
proof
assume $B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b$
then show *?thesis* .
next
assume $0 < B ! b$
with *s-B-val*[*OF s-perm-inv-elim*s(1–6,8,10–13,15)] [*OF assms*(1)] *assms*(2)]
show *?thesis* .
qed
qed

lemma *s-perm-inv-0-list-slice-bucket*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* α $T B SA SA' 0$
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* T))
shows *set* (*list-slice* SA' (*bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*bucket-end* $\alpha T b$)) = *bucket* $\alpha T b$
by (*meson assms bucket-eq-list-slice s-perm-inv-0-B-val s-perm-inv-elim*s(1–4,10–12))

lemma *s-perm-inv-0-distinct-list-slice*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* α $T B SA SA' 0$
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* T))
shows *distinct* (*list-slice* SA' (*bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*bucket-end* $\alpha T b$))
(is *distinct* *?xs*)
proof –
let *?ys* = *list-slice* SA' (*bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*l-bucket-end* $\alpha T b$)

and $?zs = \text{list-slice } SA' (s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b)$
have $?xs = ?ys @ ?zs$
by (*metis list-slice-append bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end*)

from $l\text{-types-initD}(1)[OF\ l\text{-types-init-maintained}[OF\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,4,10-12)[OF\ assms(1)]]]$
 $assms(2)]$
have $set\ ?ys = l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$.
moreover
from $s\text{-bucket-eq-list-slice}[OF\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(1,3,11)[OF\ assms(1)]]\ assms(2)$
 $s\text{-perm-inv-0-B-val}[OF\ assms]]]$
have $set\ ?zs = s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$.
ultimately have $set\ ?ys \cap set\ ?zs = \{\}$
using *disjoint-l-s-bucket* **by** *blast*
with $s\text{-distinct-invD}[OF\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(1), OF\ assms, simplified\ s\text{-perm-inv-0-B-val}[OF\ assms]]]$
 $l\text{-types-initD}(2)[OF\ l\text{-types-init-maintained}[OF\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,4,10-12)[OF\ assms(1)]]]$
 $assms(2)]$
 $\langle ?xs = ?ys @ ?zs \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by *auto*
qed

lemma *abs-induce-s-base-distinct*:
assumes $abs\text{-induce-s-base } \alpha T B SA = (B', SA', n)$
and $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B' SA SA' n$
shows *distinct* SA'
proof(*intro distinct-conv-nth[THEN iffD2] allI impI*)
fix $i j$
assume $i < \text{length } SA' j < \text{length } SA' i \neq j$
hence $i < \text{length } T j < \text{length } T$
using $assms(2)\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(11)$ **by** *fastforce+*

from $abs\text{-induce-s-base-index}[of\ \alpha T B SA]\ assms(1)$
have $n = 0$
by *simp*

from $index\text{-in-bucket-interval-gen}[OF\ \langle i < \text{length } T \rangle\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(8)[OF\ assms(2)]]]$
obtain $b0$ **where**
 $b0 \leq \alpha (Max\ (set\ T))$
 $bucket\text{-start } \alpha T b0 \leq i$
 $i < bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b0$
by *blast*

have $bucket\text{-end } \alpha T b0 \leq \text{length } SA'$

```

using assms(2) bucket-end-le-length s-perm-inv-elim(11) by fastforce

let ?xs = list-slice SA' (bucket-start α T b0) (bucket-end α T b0)

from index-in-bucket-interval-gen[OF <j < length T> s-perm-inv-elim(8)[OF
assms(2)]]
obtain b1 where
  b1 ≤ α (Max (set T))
  bucket-start α T b1 ≤ j
  j < bucket-end α T b1
  by blast

have bucket-end α T b1 ≤ length SA'
  using assms(2) bucket-end-le-length s-perm-inv-elim(11) by fastforce

have b0 ≠ b1 ⇒ SA' ! i ≠ SA' ! j
proof -
  assume b0 ≠ b1
  hence bucket α T b0 ∩ bucket α T b1 = {}
  by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Int-emptyI bucket-def mem-Collect-eq)
  moreover
  from s-perm-inv-0-list-slice-bucket[OF assms(2)[simplified <n = 0>] <b0 ≤ ->
  list-slice-nth-mem[OF <bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i> <i < bucket-end α T b0>
  <bucket-end α T b0 ≤ ->]
  have SA' ! i ∈ bucket α T b0
  by blast
  moreover
  from s-perm-inv-0-list-slice-bucket[OF assms(2)[simplified <n = 0>] <b1 ≤ ->
  list-slice-nth-mem[OF <bucket-start α T b1 ≤ j> <j < bucket-end α T b1>
  <bucket-end α T b1 ≤ ->]
  have SA' ! j ∈ bucket α T b1
  by blast
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by auto
qed
moreover
have b0 = b1 ⇒ SA' ! i ≠ SA' ! j
proof -
  assume b0 = b1
  with <bucket-start α T b1 ≤ j> <j < bucket-end α T b1>
  have bucket-start α T b0 ≤ j j < bucket-end α T b0
  by simp-all
  with list-slice-nth-eq-iff-index-eq[
  OF s-perm-inv-0-distinct-list-slice[OF assms(2)[simplified <n = 0>] <b0 ≤
  ->
  <bucket-end - - b0 ≤ -> <bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i> <i < bucket-end α T
  b0>, of j]
  <i ≠ j>
  show ?thesis

```


by *blast*
 qed
 ultimately show $SA' ! i \neq SA' ! j$
 by *blast*
 qed

lemma *abs-induce-s-base-subset-upt*:
 assumes *abs-induce-s-base* α $T B SA = (B', SA', n)$
 and *s-perm-inv* α $T B' SA SA' n$
 shows *set* $SA' \subseteq \{0..<length\ T\}$
proof
 fix x
 assume $x \in \text{set } SA'$
 from *in-set-conv-nth*[*THEN iffD1, OF* $\langle x \in \text{set } SA' \rangle$]
 obtain i where
 $i < length\ SA'$
 $SA' ! i = x$
 by *blast*
 hence $i < length\ T$
 using *assms*(2) *s-perm-inv-elim*s(11) by *fastforce*
 with *index-in-bucket-interval-gen*[*OF* - *s-perm-inv-elim*s(8)[*OF* *assms*(2)]]
 obtain b where
 $b \leq \alpha (Max\ (\text{set } T))$
 $bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ b \leq i$
 $i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b$
 by *blast*

from *abs-induce-s-base-index*[*of* α $T B SA$] *assms*(1)
 have $n = 0$
 by *simp*

have $bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b \leq length\ SA'$
 using *assms*(2) *bucket-end-le-length* *s-perm-inv-elim*s(11) by *fastforce*
 with *s-perm-inv-0-list-slice-bucket*[*OF* *assms*(2)[*simplified* $\langle n = 0 \rangle$] $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]
 $\langle SA' ! i = x \rangle \langle bucket\text{-}start\ \alpha\ T\ b \leq i \rangle \langle i < bucket\text{-}end\ \alpha\ T\ b \rangle$
 have $x \in bucket\ \alpha\ T\ b$
 using *list-slice-nth-mem* by *blast*
 hence $x < length\ T$
 using *bucket-def* by *blast*
 then show $x \in \{0..<length\ T\}$
 by *simp*
 qed

corollary *abs-induce-s-base-eq-upt*:
 assumes *abs-induce-s-base* α $T B SA = (B', SA', n)$
 and *s-perm-inv* α $T B' SA SA' n$
 shows *set* $SA' = \{0..<length\ T\}$
 by (*rule card-subset-eq*[*OF* *finite-atLeastLessThan* *abs-induce-s-base-subset-upt*[*OF* *assms*]]);

*clarsimp simp: distinct-card[OF abs-induce-s-base-distinct[OF assms]]
s-perm-inv-elim(11)[OF assms(2)]*

theorem *abs-induce-s-base-perm:*
assumes *abs-induce-s-base* α T B $SA = (B', SA', n)$
and *s-perm-inv* α T B' SA SA' n
shows $SA' <\sim\sim> [0..< \text{length } T]$
by (*rule perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff[THEN iffD2];*
clarsimp simp: abs-induce-s-base-distinct[OF assms] abs-induce-s-base-eq-upt[OF
assms])

83.3.9 Sorted

lemma *s-sorted-established:*
assumes *s-bucket-init* α T B
and *strict-mono* α
and *valid-list* T
and α *bot* = 0
and $b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* T))
shows *sorted-wrt* R (*list-slice* SA ($B ! b$) (*bucket-end* α T b))
(*is sorted-wrt* R $?xs$)
proof –
have $b = 0 \vee 0 < b$
by *blast*
moreover
have $0 < b \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $0 < b$
hence $B ! b = \text{bucket-end } \alpha$ T b
by (*simp add: $\langle b \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* T))*, *assms(1) s-bucket-initD*)
then show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed
moreover
have $b = 0 \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $b = 0$
hence *bucket-end* α T $b = \text{Suc } 0$
by (*simp add: assms(2-4) valid-list-bucket-end-0*)
moreover
from $\langle b = 0 \rangle$
have $B ! b = 0$
using *assms(1) s-bucket-initD(2)* **by** *auto*
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: sorted-wrt01*)
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed

```

lemma s-sorted-inv-established:
  assumes s-bucket-init  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$ 
  and    strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
  and    valid-list  $T$ 
  and     $\alpha$  bot = 0
shows s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA$ 
  unfolding s-sorted-inv-def
  using assms ordlistns.sorted-map s-sorted-established by blast

lemma s-prefix-sorted-inv-established:
  assumes s-bucket-init  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$ 
  and    strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
  and    valid-list  $T$ 
  and     $\alpha$  bot = 0
shows s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA$ 
  unfolding s-prefix-sorted-inv-def
  using assms ordlistns.sorted-map s-sorted-established by blast

lemma s-sorted-maintained-unchanged-step:
  assumes s-perm-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B$   $SA$  0  $SA$   $i$ 
  and     $i$  = Suc  $n$ 
  and    Suc  $n$  < length  $SA$ 
  and     $SA$  ! Suc  $n$  = Suc  $j$ 
  and    suffix-type  $T$   $j$  = S-type
  and     $b$  =  $\alpha$  ( $T$  !  $j$ )
  and     $k$  =  $B$  !  $b$  - Suc 0
  and     $b'$   $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set  $T$ ))
  and    sorted-wrt  $R$  (list-slice  $SA$  ( $B$  !  $b'$ ) (bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b'$ ))
  and     $b \neq b'$ 
shows sorted-wrt  $R$  (list-slice ( $SA$ [ $k$  :=  $j$ ]) (( $B$ [ $b$  :=  $k$ ] !  $b'$ ) (bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b'$ )))
proof -
  let  $?xs$  = list-slice ( $SA$ [ $k$  :=  $j$ ]) ( $B$ [ $b$  :=  $k$ ] !  $b'$ ) (bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b'$ )

  have bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$   $\leq$  length  $T$ 
    using bucket-end-le-length by blast
  moreover
  have  $B$  !  $b$   $\leq$  bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$ 
    using assms(1,5,6) s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound s-perm-inv-elim(2,8) strict-mono-less-eq
      suffix-type-s-bound by fastforce
  ultimately have  $k$  < length  $T$ 
    using assms(1,7) s-perm-inv-elim(15) by fastforce
  hence  $k$  < length  $SA$ 
    by (metis assms(1) s-perm-inv-def)

  from s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound[OF s-perm-inv-elim(1-6,8,10-14)][OF assms(1)]
assms(2-6)]
  have s-bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T$   $b$  <  $B$  !  $b$  .
  hence  $k$  <  $B$  !  $b$ 

```

using *assms(7) diff-less gr-implies-not-zero* **by** *blast*

have $s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq k$
using *assms s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound s-perm-inv-def* **by** *fastforce*
hence $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq k$
using *bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans* **by** *blast*

from $\langle b \neq b' \rangle$
have $B[b := k] ! b' = B ! b'$
by *simp*

have $k < B ! b' \vee \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq k$
proof –
from $\langle b \neq b' \rangle$
have $b < b' \vee b' < b$
using *nat-neq-iff* **by** *blast*
moreover
have $b < b' \implies k < B ! b'$
proof –
assume $b < b'$
hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b'$
by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)
hence $k < \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b'$
using $\langle B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle \langle k < B ! b \rangle$ **by** *linarith*
with *s-bucket-ptr-lower-bound[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2)][OF assms(1)]* $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$
show *?thesis*
by (*meson bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start order.strict-trans2*)
qed
moreover
have $b' < b \implies \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq k$
proof –
assume $b' < b$
hence $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b' \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b$
by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)
then show *?thesis*
using $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b \leq k \rangle$ **by** *linarith*
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*
qed
with *list-slice-update-unchanged-1*
list-slice-update-unchanged-2
have $?xs = \text{list-slice } SA \ (B ! b') \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b')$
using $\langle B[b := k] ! b' = B ! b' \rangle$ **by** *auto*
then show *?thesis*
using *assms(9)* **by** *auto*
qed

lemma *s-sorted-inv-maintained-step*:

```

assumes s-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA0 SA i
and s-sorted-pre  $\alpha$  T SA0
and s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
and  $i = \text{Suc } n$ 
and  $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$ 
and  $SA ! \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$ 
and suffix-type  $T j = S\text{-type}$ 
and  $b = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
and  $k = B ! b - \text{Suc } 0$ 
shows s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := j])
  unfolding s-sorted-inv-def
proof (safe)
  fix  $b'$ 
  assume  $b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  let  $?xs = \text{list-slice } (SA[k := j]) (B[b := k] ! b')$  (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b')

  have bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq \text{length } T$ 
    using bucket-end-le-length by blast

  moreover
  have  $B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha$  T b
    using assms(1,7,8) s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound suffix-type-s-bound
      s-perm-inv-elim(2,8) strict-mono-less-eq
    by fastforce

  ultimately have  $k < \text{length } T$ 
    using assms(1,9) s-perm-inv-elim(15) by fastforce
  hence  $k < \text{length } SA$ 
    by (metis assms(1) s-perm-inv-def)

  from s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound
    [OF s-perm-inv-elim(1-6,8,10-14)]
    [OF assms(1)] assms(4-8)]
  have s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $< B ! b$  .
  hence  $k < B ! b$ 
    using assms(9) diff-less gr-implies-not-zero by blast

  have s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq k$ 
    using assms s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound s-perm-inv-def
    by fastforce
  hence bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b  $\leq k$ 
    using bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans
    by blast
  hence  $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
    by (metis  $\langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$  assms(1) bucket-end-Max dual-order.trans
      less-bucket-end-le-start s-perm-inv-elim(8,11) leD leI)

  have  $b = b' \vee b \neq b'$ 
    by blast

```

moreover
have $b = b' \implies \text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \text{ } ?xs)$
proof –
assume $b = b'$
hence $B[b := k] ! b' = k$
by (*meson* $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ *assms(1)* *le-less-trans* *nth-list-update-eq* *s-perm-inv-elim(9)*)

have $SA[k := j] ! k = j$
by (*simp* *add:* $\langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$)

from *list-slice-update-unchanged-1*
 $\langle k < B ! b \rangle$
 $\langle SA[k := j] ! k = j \rangle$
 $\langle B[b := k] ! b' = k \rangle$
 $\langle B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle$
 $\langle b = b' \rangle \langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$

have $?xs = j \# \text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)$
by (*metis* *Suc-pred* *assms(9)* *length-list-update* *not-le* *less-nat-zero-code* *list-slice-Suc* *less-le-trans*)

moreover
have $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (j \# \text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)))$
proof –
let $?ys = \text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)$

have $A: \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (j \# ?ys) = (\text{suffix } T j) \# \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys$
by *simp*

from *s-sorted-invD[OF assms(3) $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]*
have $B: \text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys)$.

have $?ys = [] \vee ?ys \neq []$
by *blast*

hence $\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys = [] \vee \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys \neq []$
by *simp*

moreover
have $\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys = [] \implies ?thesis$
using *ordlistns.sorted-cons-nil* **by** *fastforce*

moreover
have $\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys \neq [] \implies \text{ordlistns.sorted } ((\text{suffix } T j) \# \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys)$

proof (*rule* *ordlistns.sorted-consI[OF - B]*)
assume $\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (\text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)) \neq []$
then
show $\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (\text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)) \neq []$
by *simp*

next
assume $\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys \neq []$

hence $\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \text{ ?ys ! } 0 = \text{suffix } T \text{ (?ys ! } 0)$
by $(\text{metis length-greater-0-conv list.simps}(8) \text{ nth-map})$
moreover
have $\text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{suffix } T \ j) \ (\text{suffix } T \text{ (?ys ! } 0))$
proof –
have $\text{?ys ! } 0 \in \text{s-bucket } \alpha \ T \ b$
by $(\text{metis assms}(1) \text{ length-greater-0-conv s-perm-inv-elim}(3) \text{ length-map nth-mem s-locations-inv-in-list-slice } \langle b = b' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \text{ ?ys } \neq [] \rangle)$
hence $\alpha \ (T \ ! \text{ (?ys ! } 0)) = b \ \text{suffix-type } T \text{ (?ys ! } 0) = \text{S-type}$
by $(\text{simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def})+$
hence $T \ ! \ j = T \ ! \text{ (?ys ! } 0)$
using $\text{assms}(1,8) \text{ s-perm-inv-elim}(8) \text{ strict-mono-eq}$ **by** fastforce

have $\text{?ys ! } 0 = \text{SA ! } (B \ ! \ b)$
using $\langle \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \text{ ?ys } \neq [] \rangle \text{ nth-list-slice}$ **by** fastforce

have $b \neq 0$
by $(\text{metis } \langle \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b < B \ ! \ b \rangle \text{ assms}(1) \text{ gr-implies-not-zero s-bucket-ptr-0 s-perm-inv-elim}(2))$

have $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha \ T \ B \ b \ (B \ ! \ b)$
using $\langle b = b' \rangle \langle b' \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle \langle \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) \text{ ?ys } \neq [] \rangle$
by $(\text{metis } \langle B \ ! \ b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b \rangle \text{ in-s-current-bucket-def le-eq-less-or-eq list.map-disc-iff list-slice-n-n})$
with s-pred-invD
 $[\text{OF s-perm-inv-elim}(6) [\text{OF assms}(1)] - \langle b \neq 0 \rangle, \text{ of } B \ ! \ b]$
obtain i' **where** i' - assms :
 $i' < \text{length } \text{SA}$
 $\text{SA ! } i' = \text{Suc } (\text{SA ! } (B \ ! \ b))$
 $B \ ! \ b < i'$
 $i < i'$
by blast

let $\text{?b0} = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ (\text{Suc } j))$
and $\text{?b1} = \alpha \ (T \ ! \ (\text{Suc } (\text{SA ! } (B \ ! \ b))))$

have $i\text{-less: } i < \text{length } \text{SA}$
by $(\text{simp add: assms}(4-5))$

have $\text{?b0} \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
by $(\text{metis Max-greD Suc-leI assms}(1,4-6) \text{ strict-mono-leD s-perm-inv-elim}(5,8) \text{ s-seen-invD}(1) \text{ lessI})$

have $\text{?b1} \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
by $(\text{metis Max-greD } i'\text{-assms}(1,2,4) \text{ assms}(1))$

```

less-imp-le-nat s-perm-inv-elim(5,8)
s-seen-invD(1) strict-mono-leD

have S0: suffix T j = T ! j # suffix T (Suc j)
  using assms(7) suffix-cons-Suc suffix-type-s-bound
  by blast

have S1: suffix T (?ys ! 0) =
  T ! (?ys ! 0) # suffix T (Suc (SA ! (B ! b)))
  using ⟨?ys ! 0 = SA ! (B ! b)⟩
  ⟨suffix-type T (?ys ! 0) = S-type⟩ suffix-cons-Suc
  suffix-type-s-bound by auto

have ?b0 ≤ ?b1
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume ¬?b0 ≤ ?b1
  hence ?b1 < ?b0
  by simp
  hence bucket-end α T ?b1 ≤ bucket-start α T ?b0
  by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
  with s-index-upper-bound[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,5)[OF assms(1)]
  i'-assms(1)]
  s-index-lower-bound[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,5)[OF assms(1)] i-less,
  simplified]
  order.strict-implies-order[OF i'-assms(4)]
  show False
  using i'-assms(2) assms(4,6) by auto
qed
hence ?b0 = ?b1 ∨ ?b0 < ?b1
  by linarith
moreover
have ?b0 < ?b1 ⇒
  list-less-eq-ns
  (suffix T (Suc j))
  (suffix T (Suc (SA ! (B ! b))))
proof –
  assume ?b0 < ?b1
  hence T ! (Suc j) < T ! (Suc (SA ! (B ! b)))
  using assms(1) s-perm-inv-elim(8) strict-mono-less by blast
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis i'-assms(1,2,4) assms(1,4-6) s-perm-inv-def
  leD s-seen-invD(1) list-less-eq-ns-linear
  suffix-cons-Suc list-less-eq-ns-cons)
qed
moreover
have ?b0 = ?b1 ⇒
  list-less-eq-ns
  (suffix T (Suc j))
  (suffix T (Suc (SA ! (B ! b))))

```


proof –
assume $?b0 = ?b1$
with $s\text{-index-upper-bound}$
 $[OF\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(2,5)[OF\ assms(1)]$
 $\langle i' < \cdot \rangle i'\text{-assms}(4)$
have $i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ ?b0$
by ($\text{simp add: } \langle SA ! i' = \text{Suc } (SA ! (B ! b)) \rangle$)

have $\text{suffix-type } T\ (SA ! i) = S\text{-type} \vee$
 $\text{suffix-type } T\ (SA ! i) = L\text{-type}$
using $SL\text{-types.exhaust}$ **by** blast
moreover
have $\text{suffix-type } T\ (SA ! i) = S\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume $\text{suffix-type } T\ (SA ! i) = S\text{-type}$
with $s\text{-seen-invD}(3)$
 $[OF\ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(5)[OF\ assms(1)]\ i\text{-less,}$
 $\text{simplified}]$
have $\text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha\ T\ B\ ?b0\ i$
by ($\text{simp add: } assms(4)\ assms(6)$)
hence $B ! ?b0 \leq i$
using $\text{in-s-current-bucket-def}$ **by** blast
hence $\exists m. B ! ?b0 + m = i$
using less-eqE **by** blast
then obtain $m0$ **where** $m0\text{-assm:}$
 $B ! ?b0 + m0 = i$
by blast

from $\langle B ! ?b0 \leq i \rangle i'\text{-assms}(4)$
have $\exists m. B ! ?b0 + m = i'$
by presburger
then obtain $m1$ **where** $m1\text{-assm:}$
 $B ! ?b0 + m1 = i'$
by blast
hence $B ! ?b0 + m0 \leq B ! ?b0 + m1$
by ($\text{simp add: } m0\text{-assm } i'\text{-assms}(4)\ \text{dual-order.order-iff-strict}$)
hence $m0 \leq m1$
using $\text{add-le-imp-le-left}$ **by** blast

have ($\text{list-slice } SA\ (B ! ?b0)\ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ ?b0) ! m0 =$
 $\text{Suc } j$
using $m0\text{-assm } i\text{-less}$
 $\langle \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha\ T\ B\ ?b0\ i \rangle\ assms(4,6)$
 $\text{in-s-current-bucketD}(3)$
by ($\text{metis } \langle B ! \alpha\ (T ! \text{Suc } j) \leq i \rangle\ \text{diff-add-inverse list-slice-nth}$)
moreover
have ($\text{list-slice } SA\ (B ! ?b0)\ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ ?b0) ! m1 =$
 $\text{Suc } (SA ! (B ! b))$
using $m1\text{-assm } i'\text{-assms}$

$\langle i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ ?b0 \rangle$
by (*metis diff-add-inverse le-add1 list-slice-nth*)
moreover
have $\text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B \ ! \ ?b0) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ ?b0)) =$
 $(\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ ?b0) - B \ ! \ ?b0$
by (*metis assms(1) bucket-end-le-length length-list-slice min-def*
s-perm-inv-def)
with $\langle B \ ! \ ?b0 + m1 = i' \rangle$
 $\langle i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ ?b0 \rangle$
have $m1 < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA \ (B \ ! \ ?b0) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ ?b0))$
by *linarith*
ultimately
show *?thesis*
using *ordlistns.sorted-nth-mono*
 $[OF \ s\text{-sorted-invD}[OF \ \text{assms}(3) \ \langle ?b0 \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } -) \rangle]$
 $\langle m0 \leq m1 \rangle$
 $\langle m0 \leq m1 \rangle$
by *auto*
qed
moreover
have *suffix-type* $T \ (SA \ ! \ i) = L\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume *suffix-type* $T \ (SA \ ! \ i) = L\text{-type}$
with *s-seen-invD(2)*
 $[OF \ s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(5)[OF \ \text{assms}(1)] \ i\text{-less,}$
simplified
have *in-l-bucket* $\alpha \ T \ ?b0 \ i$
by (*simp add: assms(4) assms(6)*)
hence *bucket-start* $\alpha \ T \ ?b0 \leq i$
by (*simp add: in-l-bucket-def*)
hence $\exists m. \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ ?b0 + m = i$
using *less-eqE* **by** *blast*
then obtain $m0$ **where** *start-plus-m0-eq:*
 $\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ ?b0 + m0 = i$
by *blast*

have *suffix-type* $T \ (SA \ ! \ i') = L\text{-type} \vee$
suffix-type $T \ (SA \ ! \ i') = S\text{-type}$
using *SL-types.exhaust* **by** *blast*
moreover
have *suffix-type* $T \ (SA \ ! \ i') = S\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$
proof –
assume *suffix-type* $T \ (SA \ ! \ i') = S\text{-type}$

have $SA \ ! \ i < \text{length } T$
by (*meson* $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle \text{ assms}(1) \text{ order-refl } s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(5)$
s-seen-invD(1))

have $SA \ ! \ i' < \text{length } T$

```

by (simp add: ⟨suffix-type T (SA ! i') = S-type⟩ suffix-type-s-bound)

from ⟨?b0 = ?b1⟩
have  $T ! (Suc\ j) = T ! Suc\ (SA\ !\ (B\ !\ b))$ 
  using assms(1) s-perm-inv-def strict-mono-eq by blast
hence  $hd\ (suffix\ T\ (SA\ !\ i')) = hd\ (suffix\ T\ (SA\ !\ i))$ 
  by (metis assms(4,6) list.sel(1) suffix-cons-Suc
    ⟨SA ! i < length T⟩ ⟨SA ! i' < length T⟩
    ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩)
with l-less-than-s-type
  [OF s-perm-inv-elim(13)][OF assms(1)]
  ⟨SA ! i' < length T⟩
  ⟨SA ! i < length T⟩ -
  ⟨suffix-type T (SA ! i') = -⟩
  ⟨suffix-type T (SA ! i) = -⟩]
have list-less-ns (suffix T (SA ! i)) (suffix T (SA ! i')).
then show ?thesis
  by (simp add: ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩ assms(4,6))
qed
moreover
have suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type  $\implies$  ?thesis
proof -
  assume suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type
  with s-seen-invD(2)
    [OF s-perm-inv-elim(5)][OF assms(1)]
    ⟨i' < length SA⟩,
    simplified
    ⟨?b0 = ?b1⟩[symmetric]
    ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩
    ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩
  have in-l-bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ ?b0\ i'$ 
    by (simp add: ⟨i < i'⟩ dual-order.order-iff-strict)
  hence i'-le-end:  $i' < l\text{-bucket-end}\ \alpha\ T\ ?b0$ 
    by (simp add: in-l-bucket-def)
  hence  $\exists m.$  bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T\ ?b0 + m = i'$ 
    by (metis ⟨in-l-bucket  $\alpha$   $T\ ?b0\ i'$ ⟩ in-l-bucket-def less-eqE)
  then obtain m1 where start-plus-m1-eq:
    bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T\ ?b0 + m1 = i'$ 
    by blast

let ?zs =
  list-slice SA
  (bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T\ ?b0$ )
  (l-bucket-end  $\alpha$   $T\ ?b0$ )

have ?zs ! m0 = Suc j
  by (metis ⟨bucket-start  $\alpha$   $T\ (\alpha\ (T\ !\ Suc\ j)) \leq i$ ⟩
    assms(4,6) i'-assms(4) i'-le-end
    diff-add-inverse dual-order.order-iff-strict)

```

*i-less list-slice-nth order.strict-trans1
start-plus-m0-eq)*

moreover
have $?zs ! m1 = \text{Suc } (SA ! (B ! b))$
using *list-slice-nth dual-order.order-iff-strict i'-assms(4)*
le-trans [OF ‹bucket-start α T (α (T ! Suc j)) \leq i›]
 $\langle SA ! i' = \text{Suc } (SA ! (B ! b)) \rangle$
 $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha T ?b0 + m1 = i' \rangle$
 $\langle i' < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T ?b0 \rangle$
 $\langle i' < \text{length } SA \rangle$
by (*metis diff-add-inverse*)

moreover
have $m0 < m1$
using *start-plus-m0-eq start-plus-m1-eq i'-assms(4)*
by *linarith*

moreover
have $\text{length } ?zs = \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T ?b0 - \text{bucket-start } \alpha T ?b0$
by (*metis ‹?b0 \leq α (Max (set T))› assms(1)*
add-diff-cancel-left' distinct-card
l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-size-def
l-types-init-def s-perm-inv-def
l-types-init-maintained)

hence $m1 < \text{length } ?zs$
using *start-plus-m1-eq i'-le-end by linarith*

moreover
from *s-sorted-pre-maintained*
 $[OF \text{ s-perm-inv-elim}(2,4,10,11)[OF \text{ assms}(1)]$
 $\text{assms}(2)]$

have *s-sorted-pre α T SA .*
ultimately show *?thesis*
using *ordlistns.sorted-nth-mono*
 $[OF \text{ s-sorted-pre}D$
 $[of \alpha T SA,$
 $OF - \langle ?b0 \leq \alpha (Max -) \rangle],$
 $of m0 m1]$
by (*simp add: ‹m1 < length ?zs› le-less-trans*
 $\langle \text{s-sorted-pre } \alpha T SA \rangle$)

qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*

qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
by *blast*

qed
ultimately
have *list-less-eq-ns*
 $(\text{suffix } T (\text{Suc } j))$
 $(\text{suffix } T (\text{Suc } (SA ! (B ! b))))$
by *blast*

```

    with  $S0\ S1\ \langle T\ !\ j = T\ !\ (?ys\ !\ 0)\rangle$ 
    show  $?thesis$ 
      by (simp add: list-less-eq-ns-cons)
    qed
    ultimately
    show list-less-eq-ns (suffix T j) (map (suffix T) ?ys ! 0)
      by simp
    qed
    ultimately show  $?thesis$ 
      using A by fastforce
    qed
    ultimately show  $?thesis$ 
      by simp
    qed
  moreover
  have  $b \neq b' \implies \text{ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) ?xs)}$ 
  proof -
    assume  $b \neq b'$ 
    with s-sorted-maintained-unchanged-step[OF assms(1,4 -)  $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$ ]
      s-sorted-invD[OF assms(3)  $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$ ]
    show  $?thesis$ 
      using ordlistns.sorted-map by blast
    qed
    ultimately show  $\text{ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) ?xs)}$ 
      by blast
  qed

```

lemma *s-prefix-sorted-inv-maintained-step*:

```

  assumes s-perm-inv  $\alpha\ T\ B\ SA0\ SA\ i$ 
  and     s-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha\ T\ SA0$ 
  and     s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha\ T\ B\ SA$ 
  and      $i = \text{Suc } n$ 
  and      $\text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$ 
  and      $SA\ !\ \text{Suc } n = \text{Suc } j$ 
  and     suffix-type  $T\ j = S\text{-type}$ 
  and      $b = \alpha\ (T\ !\ j)$ 
  and      $k = B\ !\ b - \text{Suc } 0$ 
shows s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha\ T\ (B[b := k])\ (SA[k := j])$ 
  unfolding s-prefix-sorted-inv-def
proof (safe)
  fix  $b'$ 
  assume  $b' \leq \alpha\ (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ 
  let ?xs = list-slice (SA[k := j]) (B[b := k] ! b') (bucket-end  $\alpha\ T\ b'$ )

  have bucket-end  $\alpha\ T\ b \leq \text{length } T$ 
    using bucket-end-le-length by blast
  moreover
  have  $B\ !\ b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha\ T\ b$ 
    using assms(1,7,8) s-bucket-ptr-upper-bound s-perm-inv-elim(2,8) strict-mono-less-eq

```

suffix-type-s-bound **by** *fastforce*

ultimately have $k < \text{length } T$

using *assms(1,9) s-perm-inv-elim(15)* **by** *fastforce*

hence $k < \text{length } SA$

by (*metis assms(1) s-perm-inv-def*)

from *s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound*

[*OF s-perm-inv-elim(1-6,8,10-14)*][*OF assms(1)*] *assms(4-8)*]

have *s-bucket-start* $\alpha T b < B ! b$.

hence $k < B ! b$

using *assms(9) diff-less gr-implies-not-zero* **by** *blast*

have *s-bucket-start* $\alpha T b \leq k$

using *assms s-bucket-ptr-strict-lower-bound s-perm-inv-def* **by** *fastforce*

hence *bucket-start* $\alpha T b \leq k$

using *bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start le-trans* **by** *blast*

hence $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$

by (*metis* $\langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$ *assms(1) bucket-end-Max dual-order.trans*
leD leI s-perm-inv-elim(8,11) less-bucket-end-le-start)

have $b = b' \vee b \neq b'$

by *blast*

moreover

have $b = b' \implies \text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{lms-slice } T) \text{ ?xs})$

proof –

assume $b = b'$

hence $B[b := k] ! b' = k$

by (*meson* $\langle b' \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)) \rangle$ *assms(1) le-less-trans*
nth-list-update-eq s-perm-inv-elim(9))

have $SA[k := j] ! k = j$

by (*simp add:* $\langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$)

from *list-slice-update-unchanged-1*[*OF* $\langle k < B ! b \rangle$]

$\langle k < B ! b \rangle \langle SA[k := j] ! k = j \rangle \langle B[b := k] ! b' = k \rangle$

$\langle B ! b \leq \text{bucket-end } \alpha T b \rangle$

$\langle b = b' \rangle \langle k < \text{length } SA \rangle$

have $\text{?xs} = j \# \text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)$

by (*metis* *Suc-pred assms(9) length-list-update not-le*
less-nat-zero-code list-slice-Suc less-le-trans)

moreover

have *ordlistns.sorted*

(*map* (*lms-slice* T))

($j \# \text{list-slice } SA (B ! b)$)

(*bucket-end* $\alpha T b$))

proof –

let $\text{?ys} = \text{list-slice } SA (B ! b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)$

```

have A: map (lms-slice T) (j # ?ys) = (lms-slice T j) # map (lms-slice T)
?ys
  by simp

from s-prefix-sorted-invD[OF assms(3) <b ≤ ->]
have B: ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) ?ys) .

have ?ys = [] ∨ ?ys ≠ []
  by blast
hence map (lms-slice T) ?ys = [] ∨ map (lms-slice T) ?ys ≠ []
  by simp
moreover
have map (lms-slice T) ?ys = [] ⇒ ?thesis
  using ordlistns.sorted-cons-nil by fastforce
moreover
have map (lms-slice T) ?ys ≠ [] ⇒
  ordlistns.sorted ((lms-slice T j) # map (lms-slice T) ?ys)
proof (rule ordlistns.sorted-consI[OF - B])
  assume map (lms-slice T) ?ys ≠ []
  hence map (lms-slice T) ?ys ! 0 = lms-slice T (?ys ! 0)
  by (metis length-greater-0-conv list.simps(8) nth-map)
  moreover
  have list-less-eq-ns (lms-slice T j) (lms-slice T (?ys ! 0))
  proof -
    have ?ys ! 0 ∈ s-bucket α T b
    by (metis <b = b'> <b' ≤ α (Max (set T))> <map (lms-slice T) ?ys ≠ []>
assms(1)
      length-greater-0-conv length-map nth-mem s-locations-inv-in-list-slice
      s-perm-inv-elim(3))
    hence α (T ! (?ys ! 0)) = b suffix-type T (?ys ! 0) = S-type
    by (simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def)+
    hence T ! j = T ! (?ys ! 0)
    using assms(1,8) s-perm-inv-elim(8) strict-mono-eq by fastforce

  have ?ys ! 0 = SA ! (B ! b)
  using <map (lms-slice T) ?ys ≠ []> nth-list-slice by fastforce

  have b ≠ 0
  by (metis <s-bucket-start α T b < B ! b> assms(1)
gr-implies-not-zero s-bucket-ptr-0 s-perm-inv-elim(2))

  have in-s-current-bucket α T B b (B ! b)
  using <b = b'> <b' ≤ α (Max (set T))>
  <map (lms-slice T) ?ys ≠ []>
  in-s-current-bucket-def
  by (metis <B ! b ≤ bucket-end α T b>
dual-order.order-iff-strict list.map-disc-iff
list-slice-n-n)
  with s-pred-invD

```

```

      [OF s-perm-inv-elim(6)[OF assms(1)] - ⟨b ≠ 0⟩,
      of B ! b]
obtain i' where
  i' < length SA
  SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))
  B ! b < i'
  i < i'
  by blast

let ?b0 = α (T ! (Suc j))
and ?b1 = α (T ! (Suc (SA ! (B ! b))))

have i < length SA
  by (simp add: assms(4-5))

have ?b0 ≤ α (Max (set T))
  by (metis Max-greD Suc-leI assms(1,4-6) lessI s-perm-inv-elim(5,8)
  s-seen-invD(1)
  strict-mono-leD)

have ?b1 ≤ α (Max (set T))
  by (metis Max-greD ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩ ⟨i < i'⟩ ⟨i' < length
  SA⟩ assms(1)
  less-imp-le-nat s-perm-inv-elim(5) s-perm-inv-elim(8) s-seen-invD(1)
  strict-mono-leD)

have S0: lms-slice T j = T ! j # lms-slice T (Suc j)
  using assms(7) lms-slice-cons suffix-type-s-bound by blast

have S1:
  lms-slice T (?ys ! 0) = T ! (?ys ! 0) # lms-slice T (Suc (SA ! (B ! b)))
  using ⟨?ys ! 0 = SA ! (B ! b)⟩ ⟨suffix-type T (?ys ! 0) = S-type⟩
  lms-slice-cons
  suffix-type-s-bound by auto

have ?b0 ≤ ?b1
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume ¬?b0 ≤ ?b1
  hence ?b1 < ?b0
  by simp
  hence bucket-end α T ?b1 ≤ bucket-start α T ?b0
  by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
  with s-index-upper-bound[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,5)[OF assms(1)] ⟨i' <
  length SA⟩]
  s-index-lower-bound[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,5)[OF assms(1)] ⟨i <
  length SA⟩,
  simplified]
  order.strict-implies-order[OF ⟨i < i'⟩]
show False

```



```

    using ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩ assms(4,6) by auto
  qed
  hence ?b0 = ?b1 ∨ ?b0 < ?b1
    by linarith
  moreover
  have
    ?b0 < ?b1 ⟹
      list-less-eq-ns (lms-slice T (Suc j)) (lms-slice T (Suc (SA ! (B ! b))))
  proof -
    assume ?b0 < ?b1
    hence T ! (Suc j) < T ! (Suc (SA ! (B ! b)))
      using assms(1) s-perm-inv-elim(8) strict-mono-less by blast
    moreover
    have Suc j < length T
      using ⟨i < length SA⟩ assms(1,4,6) s-perm-inv-elim(5) s-seen-invD(1)
  by fastforce
    hence ∃ as. lms-slice T (Suc j) = T ! (Suc j) # as
      by (metis dual-order.strict-trans abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 lessI
list-slice-Suc
      lms-slice-def)
    then obtain as where
      lms-slice T (Suc j) = T ! (Suc j) # as
      by blast
    moreover
    have Suc (SA ! (B ! b)) < length T
      using ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩ ⟨i < i'⟩ ⟨i' < length SA⟩ assms(1)
      s-perm-inv-elim(5) s-seen-invD(1) by fastforce
    hence ∃ bs. lms-slice T (Suc (SA ! (B ! b))) = T ! (Suc (SA ! (B ! b)))
  # bs
      by (metis abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1 less-Suc-eq
list-slice-Suc lms-slice-def)
    then obtain bs where
      lms-slice T (Suc (SA ! (B ! b))) = T ! (Suc (SA ! (B ! b))) # bs
      by blast
    ultimately show ?thesis
      using list-less-eq-ns-cons by fastforce
  qed
  moreover
  have
    ?b0 = ?b1 ⟹
      list-less-eq-ns (lms-slice T (Suc j)) (lms-slice T (Suc (SA ! (B ! b))))
  proof -
    assume ?b0 = ?b1
    with s-index-upper-bound[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,5)[OF assms(1)] ⟨i' <
->] ⟨i < i'⟩
    have i' < bucket-end α T ?b0
      by (simp add: ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩)
    have suffix-type T (SA ! i) = S-type ∨ suffix-type T (SA ! i) = L-type

```

```

    using SL-types.exhaust by blast
  moreover
  have suffix-type  $T (SA ! i) = S\text{-type} \implies ?thesis$ 
  proof -
    assume suffix-type  $T (SA ! i) = S\text{-type}$ 
    with s-seen-invD(3)[OF s-perm-inv-elims(5)][OF assms(1)]  $\langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$ , simplified]
    have in-s-current-bucket  $\alpha T B ?b0 i$ 
      by (simp add: assms(4) assms(6))
    hence  $B ! ?b0 \leq i$ 
      using in-s-current-bucket-def by blast
    hence  $\exists m. B ! ?b0 + m = i$ 
      using less-eqE by blast
    then obtain m0 where
       $B ! ?b0 + m0 = i$ 
      by blast

    from  $\langle B ! ?b0 \leq i \rangle \langle i < i' \rangle$ 
    have  $\exists m. B ! ?b0 + m = i'$ 
      by presburger
    then obtain m1 where
       $B ! ?b0 + m1 = i'$ 
      by blast
    hence  $B ! ?b0 + m0 \leq B ! ?b0 + m1$ 
      by (simp add:  $\langle B ! \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } j) + m0 = i \rangle$ 
         $\langle i < i' \rangle$  dual-order.order-iff-strict)
    hence  $m0 \leq m1$ 
      using add-le-imp-le-left by blast

    have (list-slice  $SA (B ! ?b0) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b0)$ ) !  $m0 = \text{Suc } j$ 
      using  $\langle B ! \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } j) + m0 = i \rangle \langle i < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
         $\langle \text{in-s-current-bucket } \alpha T B ?b0 i \rangle$  assms(4,6)
        in-s-current-bucketD(3)
      by (metis  $\langle B ! \alpha (T ! \text{Suc } j) \leq i \rangle$  diff-add-inverse list-slice-nth)
    moreover
    have (list-slice  $SA (B ! ?b0) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b0)$ ) !  $m1 = \text{Suc } (SA ! (B ! b))$ 
      using  $\langle B ! ?b0 + m1 = i' \rangle \langle SA ! i' = \text{Suc } (SA ! (B ! b)) \rangle \langle i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b0 \rangle$ 
         $\langle i' < \text{length } SA \rangle$ 
      by (metis diff-add-inverse le-add1 list-slice-nth)
    moreover
    have length (list-slice  $SA (B ! ?b0) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b0)$ )
      = (bucket-end  $\alpha T ?b0$ ) -  $B ! ?b0$ 
      by (metis assms(1) bucket-end-le-length length-list-slice min-def s-perm-inv-def)
    with  $\langle B ! ?b0 + m1 = i' \rangle \langle i' < \text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b0 \rangle$ 
    have  $m1 < \text{length } (\text{list-slice } SA (B ! ?b0) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T ?b0))$ 
      by linarith

```

```

ultimately
show ?thesis
  using ordlistns.sorted-nth-mono[OF
    s-prefix-sorted-invD[OF assms(3) ⟨?b0 ≤ α (Max -)⟩] ⟨m0 ≤
m1⟩]
    ⟨m0 ≤ m1⟩ by auto
qed
moreover
have suffix-type T (SA ! i) = L-type ⇒ ?thesis
proof -
  assume suffix-type T (SA ! i) = L-type
  with s-seen-invD(2)[OF s-perm-inv-elim(5)[OF assms(1)]] ⟨i < length
SA⟩, simplified]
  have in-l-bucket α T ?b0 i
    by (simp add: assms(4) assms(6))
  hence bucket-start α T ?b0 ≤ i
    by (simp add: in-l-bucket-def)
  hence ∃ m. bucket-start α T ?b0 + m = i
    using less-eqE by blast
  then obtain m0 where
    bucket-start α T ?b0 + m0 = i
    by blast

  have suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type ∨ suffix-type T (SA ! i') = S-type
    using SL-types.exhaust by blast
  moreover
  have suffix-type T (SA ! i') = S-type ⇒ ?thesis
  proof -
    assume suffix-type T (SA ! i') = S-type

    have SA ! i < length T
      by (meson ⟨i < length SA⟩ assms(1) order-refl s-perm-inv-elim(5)
s-seen-invD(1))

    have SA ! i' < length T
      by (simp add: ⟨suffix-type T (SA ! i') = S-type⟩ suffix-type-s-bound)

    from ⟨?b0 = ?b1⟩
    have T ! (Suc j) = T ! Suc (SA ! (B ! b))
      using assms(1) s-perm-inv-def strict-mono-eq by blast
    hence hd (suffix T (SA ! i')) = hd (suffix T (SA ! i))
      by (metis ⟨SA ! i < length T⟩ ⟨SA ! i' < length T⟩ ⟨SA ! i' = Suc
(SA ! (B ! b))⟩
        assms(4) assms(6) list.sel(1) suffix-cons-Suc)
    hence list-less-ns (lms-slice T (SA ! i)) (lms-slice T (SA ! i'))
      using ⟨SA ! i < length T⟩ ⟨SA ! i' < length T⟩ ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA
! (B ! b))⟩
        ⟨T ! Suc j = T ! Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩ ⟨suffix-type T (SA ! i') =
S-type⟩

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```

      ⟨suffix-type T (SA ! i) = L-type⟩ assms(1,4,6) s-perm-inv-elim(13)
      lms-slice-l-less-than-s-type by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩ assms(4,6))
    qed
  moreover
  have suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type ⇒ ?thesis
  proof -
    assume suffix-type T (SA ! i') = L-type
    with s-seen-invD(2)[OF s-perm-inv-elim(5)[OF assms(1)]] ⟨i' <
length SA⟩,
      simplified ⟨?b0 = ?b1⟩[symmetric] ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩]
      ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩
    have in-l-bucket α T ?b0 i'
      by (simp add: ⟨i < i'⟩ dual-order.order-iff-strict)
    hence i' < l-bucket-end α T ?b0
      by (simp add: in-l-bucket-def)
    hence ∃ m. bucket-start α T ?b0 + m = i'
      by (metis ⟨in-l-bucket α T ?b0 i'⟩ in-l-bucket-def less-eqE)
    then obtain m1 where
      bucket-start α T ?b0 + m1 = i'
      by blast

    let ?zs = list-slice SA (bucket-start α T ?b0) (l-bucket-end α T ?b0)

    have ?zs ! m0 = Suc j
      using ⟨bucket-start α T ?b0 + m0 = i⟩ ⟨i < i'⟩ ⟨i < length SA⟩
      ⟨i' < l-bucket-end α T ?b0⟩ assms(4,6)
      by (metis ⟨bucket-start α T (α (T ! Suc j)) ≤ i⟩
      diff-add-inverse dual-order.order-iff-strict
      list-slice-nth order.strict-trans1)
    moreover
    have ?zs ! m1 = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))
      using ⟨SA ! i' = Suc (SA ! (B ! b))⟩ ⟨bucket-start α T ?b0 + m1
= i'⟩
      ⟨i' < l-bucket-end α T ?b0⟩ ⟨i' < length SA⟩
      by (metis ⟨in-l-bucket α T (α (T ! Suc j)) i'⟩
      diff-add-inverse in-l-bucket-def list-slice-nth)
    moreover
    have m0 ≤ m1
      using ⟨bucket-start α T ?b0 + m0 = i⟩ ⟨bucket-start α T ?b0 +
m1 = i'⟩ ⟨i < i'⟩
      by linarith
    moreover
    have length ?zs = l-bucket-end α T ?b0 - bucket-start α T ?b0
      by (metis ⟨?b0 ≤ α (Max (set T))⟩ add-diff-cancel-left' assms(1)
distinct-card
l-bucket-end-def l-bucket-size-def l-types-init-def l-types-init-maintained
s-perm-inv-def)

```

```

      hence  $m1 < \text{length } ?zs$ 
      using  $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ ?b0 + m1 = i' \rangle \langle i' < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha \ T$ 
?b0 $\rangle$  by linarith
      moreover
      from s-prefix-sorted-pre-maintained[OF s-perm-inv-elims(2,4,10,11)] [OF
assms(1)]
          assms(2)]
      have s-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha \ T \ SA$  .
      ultimately show ?thesis
      using ordlistns.sorted-nth-mono[OF s-prefix-sorted-preD[of  $\alpha \ T \ SA$ ,
OF -  $\langle ?b0 \leq \alpha \ (\text{Max } -) \rangle$ ], of  $m0 \ m1$ ]
      by (simp add:  $\langle m1 < \text{length } ?zs \rangle \langle \text{s-prefix-sorted-pre } \alpha \ T \ SA \rangle$ 
le-less-trans)
      qed
      ultimately show ?thesis
      by blast
      qed
      ultimately show ?thesis
      by blast
      qed
      ultimately have
      list-less-eq-ns (lms-slice  $T \ (\text{Suc } j)$ ) (lms-slice  $T \ (\text{Suc } (SA ! (B ! b)))$ )
      by blast
      with  $S0 \ S1 \ \langle T ! j = T ! (?ys ! 0) \rangle$ 
      show ?thesis
      by (simp add: list-less-eq-ns-cons)
      qed
      ultimately show list-less-eq-ns (lms-slice  $T \ j$ ) (map (lms-slice  $T$ )  $?ys ! 0$ )
      by simp
      qed
      ultimately show ?thesis
      using  $A$  by fastforce
      qed
      ultimately show ?thesis
      by simp
      qed
      moreover
      have  $b \neq b' \implies \text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{lms-slice } T) \ ?xs)$ 
      proof -
      assume  $b \neq b'$ 
      with s-sorted-maintained-unchanged-step[OF assms(1,4-)  $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$ ]
          s-prefix-sorted-invD[OF assms(3)  $\langle b' \leq - \rangle$ ]
      show ?thesis
      using ordlistns.sorted-map by blast
      qed
      ultimately show ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice  $T$ )  $?xs$ )
      by blast
      qed

```

```

theorem abs-induce-s-sorted-step:
  assumes s-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA0 SA i
  and s-sorted-pre  $\alpha$  T SA0
  and s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  and abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, i) ( $\alpha, T$ ) = (B', SA', i')
shows s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B' SA'
proof (rule abs-induce-s-step.elims[OF assms(4)]);
  clarsimp simp: assms(3,4) Let-def not-less
  split: if-splits SL-types.splits nat.splits[where ?nat = i] nat.splits)
  assume  $B = B' SA' = SA$ 
  with assms(3)
  show s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B' SA
    by simp
next
  assume  $B = B' SA' = SA$ 
  with assms(3)
  show s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B' SA
    by simp
next
  assume  $B = B' SA' = SA$ 
  with assms(3)
  show s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B' SA
    by simp
next
  assume  $B = B' SA' = SA$ 
  with assms(3)
  show s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B' SA
    by simp
next
  fix j

  let  $?b = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
  let  $?k = B ! ?b - Suc 0$ 

  assume A:  $i = Suc i' Suc i' < length SA SA ! Suc i' = Suc j$  suffix-type T j = S-type
     $B' = B[?b := ?k] SA' = SA[?k := j]$ 

  from s-sorted-inv-maintained-step[OF assms(1-3) A(1-4), of ?b ?k, simplified]
  show s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T (B[?b := ?k]) (SA[?k := j]) .
qed

corollary abs-induce-s-sorted-step-alt:
 $\bigwedge a. s\text{-sorted-inv-alt } \alpha T SA0 a \implies s\text{-sorted-inv-alt } \alpha T SA0 (abs\text{-induce-s-step } a (\alpha, T))$ 
proof –
  fix a
  assume s-sorted-inv-alt  $\alpha$  T SA0 a

```

```

have  $\exists B SA i. a = (B, SA, i)$ 
  by (meson prod-cases3)
then obtain  $B SA i$  where
   $a = (B, SA, i)$ 
  by blast
with  $\langle s\text{-sorted-inv-alt } \alpha T SA0 a \rangle$ 
have  $P: s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA0 SA i s\text{-sorted-pre } \alpha T SA0 s\text{-sorted-inv } \alpha T B$ 
 $SA$ 
  by simp-all

from abs-induce-s-step-ex[of  $(B, SA, i) (\alpha, T)$ ]
obtain  $B' SA' i'$  where
   $Q: \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i')$ 
  by blast

from abs-induce-s-sorted-step[OF P Q] abs-induce-s-perm-step[OF P(1) Q]  $\langle s\text{-sorted-pre}$ 
 $-- \rangle$ 
  show  $s\text{-sorted-inv-alt } \alpha T SA0 (\text{abs-induce-s-step } a (\alpha, T))$ 
  using  $Q \langle a = (B, SA, i) \rangle$  by auto
qed

theorem abs-induce-s-sorted-alt-maintained:
  assumes  $s\text{-sorted-inv-alt } \alpha T SA0 (B, SA, \text{length } T)$ 
  shows  $s\text{-sorted-inv-alt } \alpha T SA0 (\text{abs-induce-s-base } \alpha T B SA)$ 
  unfolding abs-induce-s-base-def
  using repeat-maintain-inv
  [of  $s\text{-sorted-inv-alt } \alpha T SA0 \text{abs-induce-s-step } (\alpha, T), \text{OF - assms}(1)$ ]
  abs-induce-s-sorted-step-alt
  by blast

corollary abs-induce-s-sorted-maintained:
  assumes  $\text{abs-induce-s-base } \alpha T B SA = (B', SA', n)$ 
  and  $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA0 SA (\text{length } T)$ 
  and  $s\text{-sorted-pre } \alpha T SA0$ 
  and  $s\text{-sorted-inv } \alpha T B SA$ 
shows  $s\text{-sorted-inv } \alpha T B' SA'$ 
  using assms abs-induce-s-sorted-alt-maintained by force

theorem abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted-step:
  assumes  $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA0 SA i$ 
  and  $s\text{-prefix-sorted-pre } \alpha T SA0$ 
  and  $s\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha T B SA$ 
  and  $\text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', i')$ 
shows  $s\text{-prefix-sorted-inv } \alpha T B' SA'$ 
proof (rule abs-induce-s-step.elims[OF assms(4)]);
  clarsimp simp: assms(3,4) Let-def not-less
  split: if-splits SL-types.splits nat.splits[where  $?nat = i$ ] nat.splits)
  assume  $B = B'$ 
  with assms(3)

```

```

  show s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B'$   $SA$ 
    by simp
next
  assume  $B = B'$ 
  with assms( $\mathcal{J}$ )
  show s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B'$   $SA$ 
    by simp
next
  assume  $B = B'$ 
  with assms( $\mathcal{J}$ )
  show s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B'$   $SA$ 
    by simp
next
  assume  $B = B'$ 
  with assms( $\mathcal{J}$ )
  show s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $B'$   $SA$ 
    by simp
next
  fix  $j$ 

  let  $?b = \alpha (T ! j)$ 
  let  $?k = B ! ?b - \text{Suc } 0$ 

  assume  $A: i = \text{Suc } i' \text{ Suc } i' < \text{length } SA \ SA ! \text{Suc } i' = \text{Suc } j \text{ suffix-type } T j =$ 
S-type
     $B' = B[?b := ?k] \ SA' = SA[?k := j]$ 

  from s-prefix-sorted-inv-maintained-step[OF assms( $1-3$ )  $A(1-4)$ , of  $?b$   $?k$ , simplified]
  show s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$   $T$   $(B[?b := ?k]) (SA[?k := j])$  .
qed

corollary abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted-step-alt:
 $\bigwedge a. \textit{s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt} \alpha \ T \ SA0 \ a \implies$ 
   $\textit{s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt} \alpha \ T \ SA0 \ (\textit{abs-induce-s-step} \ a \ (\alpha, T))$ 
proof –
  fix  $a$ 
  assume s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt  $\alpha$   $T$   $SA0$   $a$ 

  have  $\exists B \ SA \ i. a = (B, SA, i)$ 
    by (meson prod-cases3)
  then obtain  $B \ SA \ i$  where
     $a = (B, SA, i)$ 
    by blast
  with  $\langle \textit{s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt} \alpha \ T \ SA0 \ a \rangle$ 
  have  $P: \textit{s-perm-inv} \alpha \ T \ B \ SA0 \ SA \ i \ \textit{s-prefix-sorted-pre} \alpha \ T \ SA0 \ \textit{s-prefix-sorted-inv}$ 
 $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA$ 
    by simp-all

```


from *abs-induce-s-step-ex*[*of* (B, SA, i) (α, T)]
obtain $B' SA' i'$ **where**
 Q : *abs-induce-s-step* (B, SA, i) (α, T) = (B', SA', i')
by *blast*

from *abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted-step*[*OF P Q*] *abs-induce-s-perm-step*[*OF P(1) Q*]
 $\langle s\text{-prefix-sorted-pre } - - \rangle$
show *s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt* $\alpha T SA0$ (*abs-induce-s-step a* (α, T))
using $Q \langle a = (B, SA, i) \rangle$ **by** *auto*
qed

theorem *abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted-alt-maintained*:
assumes *s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt* $\alpha T SA0$ ($B, SA, \text{length } T$)
shows *s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt* $\alpha T SA0$ (*abs-induce-s-base* $\alpha T B SA$)
unfolding *abs-induce-s-base-def*
using *repeat-maintain-inv*[*of s-prefix-sorted-inv-alt* $\alpha T SA0$ *abs-induce-s-step* (α, T)],
 $OF - \text{assms}(1)$
abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted-step-alt
by *blast*

corollary *abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted-maintained*:
assumes *abs-induce-s-base* $\alpha T B SA = (B', SA', n)$
and *s-perm-inv* $\alpha T B SA0 SA$ ($\text{length } T$)
and *s-prefix-sorted-pre* $\alpha T SA0$
and *s-prefix-sorted-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
shows *s-prefix-sorted-inv* $\alpha T B' SA'$
using *assms abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted-alt-maintained* **by** *force*

theorem *s-sorted-bucket*:
assumes *s-perm-inv* $\alpha T B SA0 SA 0$
and *s-sorted-pre* $\alpha T SA0$
and *s-sorted-inv* $\alpha T B SA$
and $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
shows *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* T) (*list-slice* SA (*bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*bucket-end* $\alpha T b$)))
(is *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* T) *?xs*))
proof –
let $?ys = \text{list-slice } SA$ (*bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*l-bucket-end* $\alpha T b$)
and $?zs = \text{list-slice } SA$ (*s-bucket-start* $\alpha T b$) (*bucket-end* $\alpha T b$)
from *s-perm-inv-0-B-val*[*OF assms*(1,4)]
have $B ! b = \text{s-bucket-start } \alpha T b$.
from *s-sorted-pre-maintained*[*OF s-perm-inv-elim*(2,4,10,11)][*OF assms*(1)] *assms*(2)]
have *s-sorted-pre* $\alpha T SA$.
have $?xs = ?ys @ ?zs$
by (*metis bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end list-slice-append*

s -bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
hence $\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?xs = \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys @ \text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?zs$
by *simp*
moreover
from s -sorted-preD[OF $\langle s$ -sorted-pre - - SA $\langle b \leq - \rangle$]
have $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys)$.
moreover
from s -sorted-invD[OF $\text{assms}(3,4)$, *simplified* $\langle - = s$ -bucket-start $\alpha - - \rangle$]
have $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?zs)$.
moreover
have $\forall y \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys). \forall z \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?zs). \text{list-less-eq-ns}$
 $y z$
proof(*safe*)
fix $y z$
assume $y \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?ys) z \in \text{set } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) ?zs)$
with $\text{in-set-mapD}[\text{of } y \text{ suffix } T ?ys]$
 $\text{in-set-mapD}[\text{of } z \text{ suffix } T ?zs]$
obtain $i j$ **where**
 $y = \text{suffix } T i i \in \text{set } ?ys$
 $z = \text{suffix } T j j \in \text{set } ?zs$
by *blast*

from l -types-initD(1)[OF l -types-init-maintained[OF s -perm-inv-elim(2,4,10-12)[OF $\text{assms}(1)$]]
 $\langle b \leq - \rangle$
 $\langle i \in \text{set } ?ys \rangle$
have $i \in l$ -bucket $\alpha T b$
by *blast*
hence $\text{suffix-type } T i = L$ -type $\alpha (T ! i) = b i < \text{length } T$
by (*simp add: l-bucket-def bucket-def*)+
moreover
from s -bucket-eq-list-slice[OF s -perm-inv-elim(1,3,11)[OF $\text{assms}(1)$] $\langle b \leq - \rangle$
 $\langle B ! b = s$ -bucket-start $\alpha - - \rangle$
 $\langle j \in \text{set } ?zs \rangle$
have $j \in s$ -bucket $\alpha T b$
by *blast*
hence $\text{suffix-type } T j = S$ -type $\alpha (T ! j) = b j < \text{length } T$
by (*simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def*)+
moreover
have $T ! i = T ! j$
using $\text{calculation}(2,5) s$ -perm-inv-elim(8)[OF $\text{assms}(1)$] *strict-mono-eq* **by**
fastforce
ultimately have $\text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{suffix } T i) (\text{suffix } T j)$
using l -less-than-s-type-suffix[*of* $j T i$] **by** *simp*
then show $\text{list-less-eq-ns } y z$
using $\langle y = \text{suffix } T i \rangle \langle z = \text{suffix } T j \rangle$ **by** *blast*
qed
ultimately show $?thesis$
by (*simp add: ordlistns.sorted-append*)

qed

theorem *abs-induce-s-base-sorted*:

assumes *abs-induce-s-base* α $T B SA = (B', SA', n)$

and *s-perm-inv* α $T B SA0 SA$ (*length* T)

and *s-sorted-pre* α $T SA0$

and *s-sorted-inv* α $T B SA$

shows *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* T) SA')

proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)

fix $i j$

assume $i < j$ $j < \text{length } SA'$

hence $i < \text{length } T$ $j < \text{length } T$

by (*metis* (*no-types*, *lifting*) *abs-induce-s-perm-maintained*
assms(1,2) *order.strict-trans s-perm-inv-elim(11)*) $+$

let $?goal = \text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{suffix } T (SA' ! i)) (\text{suffix } T (SA' ! j))$

from *index-in-bucket-interval-gen*[*OF* $\langle i < \text{length} \rightarrow \text{s-perm-inv-elim}(8)$][*OF* *assms(2)*]]

obtain $b0$ **where**

$b0 \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* T))

bucket-start α $T b0 \leq i$

$i < \text{bucket-end}$ α $T b0$

by *blast*

from *index-in-bucket-interval-gen*[*OF* $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle \text{s-perm-inv-elim}(8)$][*OF* *assms(2)*]]

obtain $b1$ **where**

$b1 \leq \alpha$ (*Max* (*set* T))

bucket-start α $T b1 \leq j$

$j < \text{bucket-end}$ α $T b1$

by *blast*

from *abs-induce-s-perm-maintained*[*OF* *assms(1,2)*]]

have *s-perm-inv* α $T B' SA0 SA' n$.

moreover

have $n = 0$

by (*metis* *Pair-inject* *assms(1)* *abs-induce-s-base-index*)

ultimately have *s-perm-inv* α $T B' SA0 SA' 0$

by *simp*

let $?xs = \text{list-slice } SA' (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b0) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b0)$

and $?ys = \text{list-slice } SA' (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b1) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b1)$

have $b0 \leq b1$

proof (*rule ccontr*)

assume $\neg b0 \leq b1$

hence $b1 < b0$

by (*simp add: not-le*)

hence *bucket-end* α $T b1 \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha T b0$

by (*simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start*)
 with $\langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b1 \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 \leq i \rangle \langle i < j \rangle$
 show *False*
 by *linarith*

qed
hence $b0 = b1 \vee b0 < b1$
 by (*simp add: nat-less-le*)

moreover
have $b0 < b1 \implies ?goal$
proof –
 assume $b0 < b1$
moreover
from *s-perm-inv-0-list-slice-bucket*[*OF* $\langle s\text{-perm-inv} \dots 0 \rangle \langle b0 \leq \alpha \ \cdot \rangle$]
have *set* $?xs = \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ b0$.
hence $SA' ! i \in \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ b0$
 by (*metis* $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 \leq i \rangle \langle i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b0 \rangle \langle s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B' \ SA0 \ SA' \ 0 \rangle$
 $\text{bucket-end-le-length list-slice-nth-mem s-perm-inv-elim}(11)$)
hence $\alpha (T ! (SA' ! i)) = b0 \ SA' ! i < \text{length } T$
 by (*simp add: bucket-def*)+
moreover
from *s-perm-inv-0-list-slice-bucket*[*OF* $\langle s\text{-perm-inv} \dots 0 \rangle \langle b1 \leq \alpha \ \cdot \rangle$]
have *set* $?ys = \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ b1$.
hence $SA' ! j \in \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ b1$
 by (*metis* $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b1 \leq j \rangle \langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b1 \rangle \langle s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B' \ SA0 \ SA' \ 0 \rangle$
 $\text{bucket-end-le-length list-slice-nth-mem s-perm-inv-elim}(11)$)
hence $\alpha (T ! (SA' ! j)) = b1 \ SA' ! j < \text{length } T$
 by (*simp add: bucket-def*)+
ultimately have $T ! (SA' ! i) < T ! (SA' ! j)$
 using *assms*(2) *s-perm-inv-elim*(8) *strict-mono-less* by *blast*
then show *?thesis*
 by (*metis* $\langle SA' ! i < \text{length } T \rangle \langle SA' ! j < \text{length } T \rangle \text{less-imp-le list-less-eq-ns-cons}$
neq-iff
 suffix-cons-Suc)

qed
moreover
have $b0 = b1 \implies ?goal$
proof –
 assume $b0 = b1$
with $\langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b1 \rangle$
have $j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b0$
 by *simp*

have $\exists i'. i = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 + i'$
 using $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 \leq i \rangle$ *nat-le-iff-add* by *blast*
then obtain i' **where**
 $i = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 + i'$
 by *blast*

have $\exists j'. j = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 + j'$
by (*simp add: <b0 = b1> <bucket-start α T b1 \leq j> le-Suc-ex*)
then obtain j' **where**
 $j = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 + j'$
by *blast*
with $\langle i < j \rangle \langle i = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 + i' \rangle$
have $i' \leq j'$
by *linarith*

have $j' < \text{length } ?xs$
by (*metis <b0 = b1> <j < bucket-end α T b1> <j = bucket-start α T b0 + j'>*
<s-perm-inv α T B' SA0 SA' n> add.commute bucket-end-le-length
length-list-slice
less-diff-conv min-def s-perm-inv-elim(11))
with *ordlistns.sorted-nth-mono[OF s-sorted-bucket[OF <s-perm-inv - - - - 0>*
assms(3)
abs-induce-s-sorted-maintained[OF assms] <b0 \leq α ->] <i' \leq j'>)
have *list-less-eq-ns (suffix T (?xs ! i')) (suffix T (?xs ! j'))*
using $\langle i' \leq j' \rangle$ *nth-map by auto*
moreover
have $SA' ! i = ?xs ! i'$
using $\langle i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b0 \rangle \langle i < \text{length } T \rangle \langle i = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 + i' \rangle$
<s-perm-inv α T B' SA0 SA' n> s-perm-inv-elim(11)
by (*metis <bucket-start α T b0 \leq i> diff-add-inverse list-slice-nth*)
moreover
have $SA' ! j = ?xs ! j'$
using $\langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b0 \rangle \langle j < \text{length } SA' \rangle$
 $\langle j = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 + j' \rangle$
by (*simp add: nth-list-slice*)
ultimately show *?goal*
by *simp*

qed
ultimately show *?goal*
by *blast*

qed

theorem *s-prefix-sorted-bucket:*
assumes *s-perm-inv α T B SA0 SA 0*
and *s-prefix-sorted-pre α T SA0*
and *s-prefix-sorted-inv α T B SA*
and *b \leq α (Max (set T))*
shows *ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) (list-slice SA (bucket-start α T b) (bucket-end α T b)))*
(is ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) ?xs))
proof –
let $?ys = \text{list-slice } SA \ (\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) \ (\text{l-bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)$
and $?zs = \text{list-slice } SA \ (\text{s-bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b)$

```

from s-perm-inv-0-B-val[OF assms(1,4)]
have  $B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha T b$  .

from s-prefix-sorted-pre-maintained[OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,4,10,11)][OF assms(1)]
assms(2)]
have s-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha T SA$  .

have  $?xs = ?ys @ ?zs$ 
by (metis bucket-start-le-s-bucket-start l-bucket-end-le-bucket-end list-slice-append
s-bucket-start-eq-l-bucket-end)
hence  $\text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?xs = \text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?ys @ \text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?zs$ 
by simp
moreover
from s-prefix-sorted-preD[OF  $\langle s\text{-prefix-sorted-pre} - - SA \rangle \langle b \leq - \rangle$ ]
have ordlistns.sorted ( $\text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?ys$ ) .
moreover
from s-prefix-sorted-invD[OF assms(3,4), simplified  $\langle - = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha - - \rangle$ ]
have ordlistns.sorted ( $\text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?zs$ ) .
moreover
have  $\forall y \in \text{set } (\text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?ys). \forall z \in \text{set } (\text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?zs).$ 
list-less-eq-ns y z
proof safe
fix  $y z$ 
assume  $y \in \text{set } (\text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?ys)$ 
 $z \in \text{set } (\text{map } (lms\text{-slice } T) ?zs)$ 
with in-set-mapD[of y lms-slice T ?ys]
in-set-mapD[of z lms-slice T ?zs]
obtain  $i j$  where
 $y = lms\text{-slice } T i$ 
 $i \in \text{set } ?ys$ 
 $z = lms\text{-slice } T j$ 
 $j \in \text{set } ?zs$ 
by blast

from l-types-initD(1)[OF l-types-init-maintained][OF s-perm-inv-elim(2,4,10-12)][OF
assms(1)]
 $\langle b \leq - \rangle$ 
 $\langle i \in \text{set } ?ys \rangle$ 
have  $i \in l\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$ 
by blast
hence suffix-type  $T i = L\text{-type } \alpha (T ! i) = b i < \text{length } T$ 
by (simp add: l-bucket-def bucket-def)
moreover
from s-bucket-eq-list-slice[OF s-perm-inv-elim(1,3,11)][OF assms(1)]  $\langle b \leq - \rangle$ 
 $\langle B ! b = s\text{-bucket-start } \alpha - - \rangle$ 
 $\langle j \in \text{set } ?zs \rangle$ 
have  $j \in s\text{-bucket } \alpha T b$ 
by blast
hence suffix-type  $T j = S\text{-type } \alpha (T ! j) = b j < \text{length } T$ 

```

by (simp add: s-bucket-def bucket-def)+
moreover
 have $T ! i = T ! j$
 using *assms(1) calculation(2,5) s-perm-inv-elim(8) strict-mono-eq* by *fast-force*
ultimately have *list-less-eq-ns* (lms-slice T i) (lms-slice T j)
 using *lms-slice-l-less-than-s-type[of i T j]* by *simp*
then show *list-less-eq-ns* y z
 by (simp add: $\langle y = \text{lms-slice } T \ i \rangle \langle z = \text{lms-slice } T \ j \rangle$)
qed
ultimately show *?thesis*
 by (simp add: *ordlistns.sorted-append*)
qed

theorem *abs-induce-s-base-prefix-sorted*:
 assumes *abs-induce-s-base* α T B SA = (B', SA', n)
 and *s-perm-inv* α T B SA0 SA (length T)
 and *s-prefix-sorted-pre* α T SA0
 and *s-prefix-sorted-inv* α T B SA
shows *ordlistns.sorted* (map (lms-slice T) SA')
proof (*intro sorted-wrt-mapI*)
 fix i j
 assume $i < j$ $j < \text{length } SA'$
hence $i < \text{length } T$ $j < \text{length } T$
 by (*metis (no-types, lifting) abs-induce-s-perm-maintained*
assms(1,2) order.strict-trans s-perm-inv-elim(11)) +

let *?goal* = *list-less-eq-ns* (lms-slice T (SA' ! i)) (lms-slice T (SA' ! j))

from *index-in-bucket-interval-gen[OF $\langle i < \text{length} \rightarrow \text{s-perm-inv-elim}(8)$ [OF *assms(2)*]]*
obtain b0 **where**
 $b0 \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T))
bucket-start α T b0 $\leq i$
 $i < \text{bucket-end}$ α T b0
by *blast*

from *index-in-bucket-interval-gen[OF $\langle j < \text{length } T \rangle \text{s-perm-inv-elim}(8)$ [OF *assms(2)*]]*
obtain b1 **where**
 $b1 \leq \alpha$ (Max (set T))
bucket-start α T b1 $\leq j$
 $j < \text{bucket-end}$ α T b1
by *blast*

from *abs-induce-s-perm-maintained[OF *assms(1,2)*]*
have *s-perm-inv* α T B' SA0 SA' n .
moreover
have $n = 0$
 by (*metis Pair-inject assms(1) abs-induce-s-base-index*)

```

ultimately have  $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B' \ SA0 \ SA' \ 0$ 
  by simp

let  $?xs = \text{list-slice } SA' \ (\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b0)$ 
and  $?ys = \text{list-slice } SA' \ (\text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b1) \ (\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b1)$ 

have  $b0 \leq b1$ 
proof (rule ccontr)
  assume  $\neg b0 \leq b1$ 
  hence  $b1 < b0$ 
  by (simp add: not-le)
  hence  $\text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b1 \leq \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0$ 
  by (simp add: less-bucket-end-le-start)
  with  $\langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b1 \rangle \langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 \leq i \rangle \langle i < j \rangle$ 
  show False
  by linarith
qed
hence  $b0 = b1 \vee b0 < b1$ 
  by (simp add: nat-less-le)
moreover
have  $b0 < b1 \implies ?goal$ 
proof -
  assume  $b0 < b1$ 
  moreover
  from  $s\text{-perm-inv-0-list-slice-bucket}[OF \langle s\text{-perm-inv } - - - - - 0 \rangle \langle b0 \leq \alpha \ - \rangle]$ 
  have  $\text{set } ?xs = \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ b0$  .
  hence  $SA' ! i \in \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ b0$ 
  by (metis  $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 \leq i \rangle \langle i < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b0 \rangle \langle s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B' \ SA0 \ SA' \ 0 \rangle$ 
     $\text{bucket-end-le-length list-slice-nth-mem s-perm-inv-elim}(11))$ 
  hence  $\alpha \ (T ! (SA' ! i)) = b0 \ SA' ! i < \text{length } T$ 
  by (simp add: bucket-def)+
  moreover
  from  $s\text{-perm-inv-0-list-slice-bucket}[OF \langle s\text{-perm-inv } - - - - - 0 \rangle \langle b1 \leq \alpha \ - \rangle]$ 
  have  $\text{set } ?ys = \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ b1$  .
  hence  $SA' ! j \in \text{bucket } \alpha \ T \ b1$ 
  by (metis  $\langle \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b1 \leq j \rangle \langle j < \text{bucket-end } \alpha \ T \ b1 \rangle \langle s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B' \ SA0 \ SA' \ 0 \rangle$ 
     $\text{bucket-end-le-length list-slice-nth-mem s-perm-inv-elim}(11))$ 
  hence  $\alpha \ (T ! (SA' ! j)) = b1 \ SA' ! j < \text{length } T$ 
  by (simp add: bucket-def)+
  ultimately have  $T ! (SA' ! i) < T ! (SA' ! j)$ 
  using assms(2)  $s\text{-perm-inv-elim}(8)$  strict-mono-less by blast
  then show ?thesis
  by (metis  $\langle SA' ! i < \text{length } T \rangle \langle SA' ! j < \text{length } T \rangle \text{abs-find-next-lms-lower-bound-1}$ 
     $\text{less-SucI less-imp-le list-less-eq-ns-cons list-slice-Suc neq-iff lms-slice-def}$ )
qed
moreover

```



```

have b0 = b1 ==> ?goal
proof -
  assume b0 = b1
  with <j < bucket-end α T b1>
  have j < bucket-end α T b0
    by simp

  have ∃ i'. i = bucket-start α T b0 + i'
    using <bucket-start α T b0 ≤ i> nat-le-iff-add by blast
  then obtain i' where
    i = bucket-start α T b0 + i'
    by blast

  have ∃ j'. j = bucket-start α T b0 + j'
    by (simp add: <b0 = b1> <bucket-start α T b1 ≤ j> le-Suc-ex)
  then obtain j' where
    j = bucket-start α T b0 + j'
    by blast
  with <i < j> <i = bucket-start α T b0 + i'>
  have i' ≤ j'
    by linarith

  have j' < length ?xs
    by (metis <b0 = b1>
      <j < bucket-end α T b1>
      <j = bucket-start α T b0 + j'>
      <s-perm-inv α T B' SA0 SA' n>
      add.commute bucket-end-le-length length-list-slice
      less-diff-conv min-def s-perm-inv-elim(11))
  with ordlistns.sorted-nth-mono
    [OF s-prefix-sorted-bucket
      [OF <s-perm-inv - - - - 0> assms(3)
        abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted-maintained
          [OF assms] <b0 ≤ α ->] <i' ≤ j'>]]
  have list-less-eq-ns (lms-slice T (?xs ! i')) (lms-slice T (?xs ! j'))
    using <i' ≤ j'> nth-map by auto
  moreover
  have SA' ! i = ?xs ! i'
    using <i < bucket-end α T b0>
      <i < length T>
      <i = bucket-start α T b0 + i'>
      <s-perm-inv α T B' SA0 SA' n>
      <j' < length (list-slice SA'
        (bucket-start α T b0)
        (bucket-end α T b0))>
    by (metis <i' ≤ j'> nth-list-slice order.strict-trans1)
  moreover
  have SA' ! j = ?xs ! j'
    using <j < bucket-end α T b0> <j < length SA'>

```

$\langle j = \text{bucket-start } \alpha \ T \ b0 + j \rangle$
 by (*simp add: nth-list-slice*)
 ultimately show ?goal
 by *simp*
 qed
 ultimately show ?goal
 by *blast*
 qed

84 Induce S Correctness Theorems

theorem *abs-induce-s-perm*:

assumes *s-perm-pre* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ (\text{length } T)$
 shows *abs-induce-s* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ \langle \sim \rangle [0..< \text{length } T]$

proof —

from *s-perm-inv-established* *assms*[*simplified s-perm-pre-def*]
 have *s-perm-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA \ (\text{length } T)$

by *blast*

moreover

from *abs-induce-s-base-index*[*of* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA$]

obtain $B' \ SA'$ **where**

abs-induce-s-base $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA = (B', SA', 0)$

by *blast*

ultimately have *s-perm-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B' \ SA \ SA' \ 0$

using *abs-induce-s-perm-maintained*[*of* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ B' \ SA' \ 0 \ SA$]

by *blast*

hence $SA' \ \langle \sim \rangle [0..< \text{length } T]$

using *abs-induce-s-base-perm*[*OF* $\langle \text{abs-induce-s-base } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA = (B', SA', 0) \rangle$]

by *blast*

with $\langle \text{abs-induce-s-base } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA = (B', SA', 0) \rangle$

show ?thesis

by (*simp add: abs-induce-s-def*)

qed

— Used in SAIS algorithm as part of inducing the suffix ordering based on LMS

theorem *abs-induce-s-sorted*:

assumes *s-perm-pre* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ (\text{length } T)$

and *s-sorted-pre* $\alpha \ T \ SA$

shows *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* T) (*abs-induce-s* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA$))

proof —

from *s-perm-inv-established* *assms*(1)[*simplified s-perm-pre-def*]

have *s-perm-inv* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ SA \ (\text{length } T)$

by *blast*

moreover

from *abs-induce-s-base-index*[*of* $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA$]

obtain $B' \ SA'$ **where**

abs-induce-s-base $\alpha \ T \ B \ SA = (B', SA', 0)$

by *blast*

```

moreover
from s-sorted-inv-established assms(1)[simplified s-perm-pre-def]
have s-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  by blast
ultimately have ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) SA')
  using abs-induce-s-base-sorted[OF - - assms(2), of B SA B' SA' 0]
  by blast
then show ?thesis
  by (simp add:  $\langle$ abs-induce-s-base  $\alpha$  T B SA = (B', SA', 0) $\rangle$  abs-induce-s-def)
qed

```

— Used in SAIS algorithm as part of inducing the prefix ordering based on LMS

```

theorem abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted:
  assumes s-perm-pre  $\alpha$  T B SA (length T)
  and s-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha$  T SA
shows ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) (abs-induce-s  $\alpha$  T B SA))
proof —

```

```

from s-perm-inv-established assms(1)[simplified s-perm-pre-def]
have s-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA SA (length T)
  by blast
moreover
from abs-induce-s-base-index[of  $\alpha$  T B SA]
obtain B' SA' where
  abs-induce-s-base  $\alpha$  T B SA = (B', SA', 0)
  by blast
moreover
from s-prefix-sorted-inv-established assms(1)[simplified s-perm-pre-def]
have s-prefix-sorted-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA
  by blast
ultimately have ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) SA')
  using abs-induce-s-base-prefix-sorted[OF - - assms(2), of B SA B' SA' 0]
  by blast
then show ?thesis
  by (simp add:  $\langle$ abs-induce-s-base  $\alpha$  T B SA = (B', SA', 0) $\rangle$  abs-induce-s-def)
qed

```

```

end
theory Abs-Induce-Verification
  imports
    Abs-Induce-L-Verification
    Abs-Induce-S-Verification
    Abs-Bucket-Insert-Verification
begin

```

85 Bucket Initialisation Properties

```

lemma l-bucket-init-map-bucket-start:
  l-bucket-init  $\alpha$  T (map (bucket-start  $\alpha$  T) [0..<Suc ( $\alpha$  (Max (set T)))]])

```

unfolding *l-bucket-init-def*
by (*metis add.left-neutral diff-zero le-imp-less-Suc length-map length-upt lessI nth-map-upt*)

lemma *lms-bucket-init-map-bucket-end*:
lms-bucket-init α *T* (*map* (*bucket-end* α *T*) [*0..<Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))])
unfolding *lms-bucket-init-def*
by (*metis add.left-neutral diff-zero le-imp-less-Suc length-map length-upt lessI nth-map-upt*)

lemma *s-bucket-init-map-bucket-end*:
s-bucket-init α *T* ((*map* (*bucket-end* α *T*) [*0..<Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))]) [*0 := 0*])
unfolding *s-bucket-init-def*
by (*metis (no-types, lifting) length-greater-0-conv length-list-update list.size(3) nth-list-update lms-bucket-init-def lms-bucket-init-map-bucket-end*)

abbreviation *bucket-starts* α *T* \equiv *map* (*bucket-start* α *T*) [*0..<Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))])

abbreviation *bucket-ends* α *T* \equiv *map* (*bucket-end* α *T*) [*0..<Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))])

86 Bucket Insert Precondition

lemma *lms-pre-established*:
assumes *set LMS* = {*i. abs-is-lms T i*}
and *distinct LMS*
and *strict-mono* α
shows *lms-pre* α *T* (*bucket-ends* α *T*) (*replicate* (*length T*) (*length T*)) (*rev LMS*)
(is *lms-pre* α *T* ?*B* ?*SA* (*rev LMS*))
proof –
from *lms-bucket-init-map-bucket-end*[*of* α *T*]
have *lms-bucket-init* α *T* ?*B* .
then show *lms-pre* α *T* ?*B* ?*SA0* (*rev LMS*)
by (*clarsimp simp: lms-pre-def <lms-bucket-init* α *T* ?*B*
simp del: upt-Suc)
qed

87 Induce L Precondition

lemma *l-perm-pre-established*:
assumes *valid-list T*
and *strict-mono* α
and *lms-pre* α *T B SA* (*rev LMS*)
shows *l-perm-pre* α *T* (*bucket-starts* α *T*) (*abs-bucket-insert* α *T B SA* (*rev LMS*))
(is *l-perm-pre* α *T* ?*B* ?*SA*)
unfolding *l-perm-pre-def*
proof *safe*

```

show lms-init  $\alpha$  T ?SA
  by (metis assms( $\beta$ ) abs-bucket-insert-vals lms-init-def lms-vals-postD)
next
show l-init  $\alpha$  T ?SA
  unfolding l-init-def
proof (intro allI impI; elim conjE)
  fix b i
  assume  $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))  $i < \text{length } ?SA$  bucket-start  $\alpha$  T  $b \leq i$ 
     $i < \text{l-bucket-end } \alpha$  T b
  hence  $i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha$  T b
    using l-bucket-end-le-lms-bucket-start less-le-trans by blast
  with lms-unknowns-postD[OF abs-bucket-insert-unknowns[OF assms( $\beta$ )]]  $\langle b \leq$ 
  ->
     $\langle \text{bucket-start} \dots \leq \dots \rangle$ 
  show ?SA !  $i = \text{length } T$  .
  qed
next
show s-init  $\alpha$  T ?SA
  unfolding s-init-def
proof (intro allI impI; elim conjE)
  fix b i
  assume  $b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))  $i < \text{length } ?SA$  l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T  $b \leq i$ 
     $i < \text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha$  T b
  hence bucket-start  $\alpha$  T  $b \leq i$ 
    by (simp add: l-bucket-end-def)
  with lms-unknowns-postD[OF abs-bucket-insert-unknowns[OF assms( $\beta$ )]]  $\langle b \leq$ 
  -> -
     $\langle i < \text{lms-bucket-start} \dots \rangle$ 
  show ?SA !  $i = \text{length } T$  .
  qed
next
from l-bucket-init-map-bucket-start[of  $\alpha$  T]
show l-bucket-init  $\alpha$  T ?B .
next
show length ?SA = length T
  by (metis assms( $\beta$ ) abs-bucket-insert-length lms-pre-elim( $\beta$ ))
qed (force simp: valid-list-not-nil[OF assms( $\beta$ )]] assms( $\beta$ ))+

```

88 Induce S Precondition

lemma *s-perm-pre-established*:

```

assumes valid-list T
and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
and  $\alpha$  bot = 0
and Suc 0 < length T
and lms-pre  $\alpha$  T B0 SA0 (rev LMS)
and SA1 = abs-bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T B0 SA0 (rev LMS)
and l-perm-pre  $\alpha$  T B1 SA1
shows s-perm-pre  $\alpha$  T ((bucket-ends  $\alpha$  T)[0 := 0]) (abs-Induce-l  $\alpha$  T B1 SA1)

```

```

(length T)
  (is s-perm-pre  $\alpha$  T ?B ?SA ?n)
  unfolding s-perm-pre-def
proof (intro conjI)
  from s-bucket-init-map-bucket-end[of  $\alpha$  T]
  show s-bucket-init  $\alpha$  T ?B .
next
  from valid-list-length-ex[OF assms(1)]
  obtain n where
    length T = Suc n
  by blast
  hence  $\exists m. \text{length } T = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } m)$ 
  using assms(4) old.nat.exhaust by auto
  then obtain m where
    length T = Suc (Suc m)
  by blast

  from abs-bucket-insert-bot-first[OF assms(5,1)  $\langle \text{length } T = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } m) \rangle$  assms(3)]
  have SA1 ! 0 = n
    using  $\langle \text{length } T = \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } m) \rangle$   $\langle \text{length } T = \text{Suc } n \rangle$  assms(6) by auto

  have  $0 \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T))
  by simp
  moreover
  have s-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T 0  $\leq$  0
  by (simp add: assms(1-3) valid-list-s-bucket-start-0)
  moreover
  have  $0 < \text{bucket-end } \alpha$  T 0
  by (simp add: assms(1-3) valid-list-bucket-end-0)
  ultimately have ?SA ! 0 = SA1 ! 0
  using abs-induce-l-unchanged[OF  $\langle l\text{-perm-pre } - - - \rangle$ , of 0 0]
  by blast
  with  $\langle \text{SA1 ! 0} = n \rangle$ 
  have ?SA ! 0 = n
  by simp
  with  $\langle \text{length } T = \text{Suc } n \rangle$ 
  show s-type-init T ?SA
  using s-type-init-def by blast
next
  show length ?SA = length T
  by (metis abs-induce-l-length assms(7) l-perm-pre-elim(7))
next
  from abs-induce-l-distinct-l-bucket[OF assms(7)]
  abs-induce-l-list-slice-l-bucket[OF assms(7)]
  show l-types-init  $\alpha$  T ?SA
  by (simp add: l-types-init-def)
qed(force simp: assms)+

```

89 Permutation

lemma *abs-sa-induce-permutation*:

assumes *set LMS = {i. abs-is-lms T i}*
and *distinct LMS*
and *valid-list T*
and *strict-mono α*
and *α bot = 0*
and *Suc 0 < length T*

shows *abs-sa-induce α T LMS <~~> [0..*length T*]*

proof –

let *?B0 = map (bucket-end α T) [0..*Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))]* **and**
*?B1 = map (bucket-start α T) [0..*Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))]* **and**
?SA0 = replicate (length T) (length T)

let *?B2 = ?B0[0 := 0]*
let *?SA1 = abs-bucket-insert α T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS)*
let *?SA2 = abs-induce-l α T ?B1 ?SA1*
let *?SA3 = abs-induce-s α T (?B0[0 := 0]) ?SA2*

from *lms-pre-established[OF assms(1,2,4)]*
have *lms-pre α T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS)* .

have *l-perm-pre α T ?B1 ?SA1*
using *⟨lms-pre α T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS)⟩* *assms(3,4)* *l-perm-pre-established*
by *blast*

have *s-perm-pre α T ?B2 ?SA2 (length T)*
using *⟨l-perm-pre α T ?B1 ?SA1⟩* *⟨lms-pre α T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS)⟩*
assms(3–6)

s-perm-pre-established **by** *blast*
with *abs-induce-s-perm[of α T ?B0[0 := 0] ?SA2]*
have *?SA3 <~~> [0..*length T*]*
by *blast*

then show *?thesis*
by *(metis abs-sa-induce-def)*

qed

90 Sorting

lemma *abs-sa-induce-suffix-sorted*:

assumes *set LMS = {i. abs-is-lms T i}*
and *distinct LMS*
and *valid-list T*
and *strict-mono α*
and *α bot = 0*
and *Suc 0 < length T*
and *ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) LMS)*

shows *ordlistns.sorted (map (suffix T) (abs-sa-induce α T LMS))*

proof –

let $?B0 = \text{map } (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T) [0..<\text{Suc } (\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)))]$ **and**
 $?B1 = \text{map } (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T) [0..<\text{Suc } (\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)))]$ **and**
 $?SA0 = \text{replicate } (\text{length } T) (\text{length } T)$

let $?B2 = ?B0[0 := 0]$
let $?SA1 = \text{abs-bucket-insert } \alpha T ?B0 ?SA0 (\text{rev } \text{LMS})$
let $?SA2 = \text{abs-induce-l } \alpha T ?B1 ?SA1$
let $?SA3 = \text{abs-induce-s } \alpha T (?B0[0 := 0]) ?SA2$

from $\text{lms-pre-established}[OF \text{assms}(1,2,4)]$
have $\text{lms-pre } \alpha T ?B0 ?SA0 (\text{rev } \text{LMS})$.

have $P0$:
 $\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)).$
 $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T)$
 $(\text{list-slice } ?SA1 (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)))$

proof(*intro allI impI*)
fix b
assume $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$
from $\text{lms-suffix-sorted-bucket}[OF \langle \text{lms-pre } \dots \rightarrow - \langle b \leq - \rangle \text{assms}(7)$
show $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T)$
 $(\text{list-slice } ?SA1 (\text{lms-bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T b)))$
by *simp*
qed

have $\text{l-perm-pre } \alpha T ?B1 ?SA1$
using $\langle \text{lms-pre } \alpha T ?B0 ?SA0 (\text{rev } \text{LMS}) \rangle \text{assms}(3,4)$ $\text{l-perm-pre-established}$
by *blast*
moreover
have $\text{l-suffix-sorted-pre } \alpha T ?SA1$
using $P0$ $\text{l-suffix-sorted-pre-def}$ **by** *blast*
ultimately have $P1$:
 $\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)).$
 $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{suffix } T) (\text{list-slice } ?SA2 (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{l-bucket-end}$
 $\alpha T b)))$

using $\text{abs-induce-l-suffix-sorted-l-bucket}$ **by** *blast*

have $\text{s-perm-pre } \alpha T ?B2 ?SA2 (\text{length } T)$
using $\langle \text{l-perm-pre } \alpha T ?B1 ?SA1 \rangle \langle \text{lms-pre } \alpha T ?B0 ?SA0 (\text{rev } \text{LMS}) \rangle$
 $\text{assms}(3-6)$
 $\text{s-perm-pre-established}$ **by** *blast*
moreover
have $\text{s-sorted-pre } \alpha T ?SA2$
using $P1$ s-sorted-pre-def **by** *blast*
ultimately show $?thesis$
by (*metis abs-induce-s-sorted abs-sa-induce-def*)
qed

— Used in SAIS algorithm to induce the prefix ordering based on LMS

```

theorem abs-sa-induce-prefix-sorted:
  assumes set LMS = {i. abs-is-lms T i}
  and distinct LMS
  and valid-list T
  and strict-mono  $\alpha$ 
  and  $\alpha$  bot = 0
  and Suc 0 < length T
shows ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) (abs-sa-induce  $\alpha$  T LMS))
proof –
  let ?B0 = map (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T) [0..Suc ( $\alpha$  (Max (set T)))] and
    ?B1 = map (bucket-start  $\alpha$  T) [0..Suc ( $\alpha$  (Max (set T)))] and
    ?SA0 = replicate (length T) (length T)

  let ?B2 = ?B0[0 := 0]
  let ?SA1 = abs-bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS)
  let ?SA2 = abs-induce-l  $\alpha$  T ?B1 ?SA1
  let ?SA3 = abs-induce-s  $\alpha$  T (?B0[0 := 0]) ?SA2

  from lms-pre-established[OF assms(1,2,4)]
  have lms-pre  $\alpha$  T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS) .

  have P0:
     $\forall b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T)).
      ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix T)
        (list-slice ?SA1 (lms-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b) (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b)))
  proof(intro allI impI)
    fix b
    assume b  $\leq$   $\alpha$  (Max (set T))
    from lms-prefix-sorted-bucket[OF  $\langle$ lms-pre - - - -  $\rangle$   $\langle$ b  $\leq$  -  $\rangle$ ]
    show ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix T)
      (list-slice ?SA1 (lms-bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b) (bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b)))
      by simp
  qed

  have l-perm-pre  $\alpha$  T ?B1 ?SA1
    using  $\langle$ lms-pre  $\alpha$  T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS) $\rangle$  assms(3,4) l-perm-pre-established
by blast
  moreover
  have l-prefix-sorted-pre  $\alpha$  T ?SA1
    using P0 l-prefix-sorted-pre-def by blast
  ultimately have P1:
     $\forall b \leq \alpha$  (Max (set T)).
      ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-prefix T)
        (list-slice ?SA2 (bucket-start  $\alpha$  T b) (l-bucket-end  $\alpha$  T b)))
      using abs-induce-l-prefix-sorted-l-bucket by blast

  have P2:

```

$\forall b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)).$
 $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{lms-slice } T)$
 $\quad (\text{list-slice } ?SA2 (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b)))$
proof (*intro allI impI sorted-wrt-mapI*)
fix $b i j$

let $?xs = \text{list-slice } ?SA2 (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T b) (\text{l-bucket-end } \alpha T b)$ **and**
 $?R1 = (\lambda x y. \text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-prefix } T x) (\text{lms-prefix } T y))$ **and**
 $?R2 = (\lambda x y. \text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-slice } T x) (\text{lms-slice } T y))$

assume $b \leq \alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T))$ $i < j < \text{length } ?xs$
with $P1$
have $\text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{lms-prefix } T) ?xs)$
by *blast*
with $\text{sorted-wrt-mapD}[OF - \langle i < j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } ?xs \rangle]$
have $\text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-prefix } T (?xs ! i)) (\text{lms-prefix } T (?xs ! j))$
by *blast*
moreover
from $\text{abs-induce-l-list-slice-l-bucket}[OF \langle \text{l-perm-pre } - - - \rightarrow \langle b \leq - \rangle]$
have $?xs ! i \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha T b$
using $\text{Suc-lessD } \langle i < j \rangle \langle j < \text{length } ?xs \rangle \text{less-trans-Suc nth-mem}$ **by** *blast*
hence $\text{suffix-type } T (?xs ! i) = L\text{-type}$
using $\text{l-bucket-def bucket-def}$ **by** *blast*
hence $\text{lms-prefix } T (?xs ! i) = \text{lms-slice } T (?xs ! i)$
by (*metis SL-types.distinct(1) abs-is-lms-def not-lms-imp-next-eq-lms-prefix*)
moreover
from $\text{abs-induce-l-list-slice-l-bucket}[OF \langle \text{l-perm-pre } - - - \rightarrow \langle b \leq - \rangle]$
have $?xs ! j \in \text{l-bucket } \alpha T b$
using $\langle j < \text{length } ?xs \rangle \text{less-trans-Suc nth-mem}$ **by** *blast*
hence $\text{suffix-type } T (?xs ! j) = L\text{-type}$
using $\text{l-bucket-def bucket-def}$ **by** *blast*
hence $\text{lms-prefix } T (?xs ! j) = \text{lms-slice } T (?xs ! j)$
by (*metis SL-types.distinct(1) abs-is-lms-def not-lms-imp-next-eq-lms-prefix*)
ultimately show $\text{list-less-eq-ns } (\text{lms-slice } T (?xs ! i)) (\text{lms-slice } T (?xs ! j))$
by *order*
qed

have $s\text{-perm-pre } \alpha T ?B2 ?SA2 (\text{length } T)$
using $\langle \text{l-perm-pre } \alpha T ?B1 ?SA1 \rangle \langle \text{lms-pre } \alpha T ?B0 ?SA0 (\text{rev } LMS) \rangle$
assms(3-6)
 $s\text{-perm-pre-established}$ **by** *blast*
moreover
have $s\text{-prefix-sorted-pre } \alpha T ?SA2$
using $P2 s\text{-prefix-sorted-pre-def}$ **by** *blast*
ultimately show $?thesis$
by (*metis abs-induce-s-prefix-sorted abs-sa-induce-def*)
qed

```

end
theory Abs-Extract-LMS-Verification
  imports ../abs-def/Abs-SAIS Abs-Induce-Verification
begin

```

91 Extract LMS types Proofs

```

lemma abs-extract-lms-correct:
  xs <~> [0..<length T] ==>
    distinct (abs-extract-lms T xs) ∧ set (abs-extract-lms T xs) = {i. abs-is-lms T i}
  by (metis comp-apply distinct-filter distinct-upt filter-set get-lms-correct
    get-lms-set-n-gre-length order.refl perm-distinct-iff perm-set-eq set-rev)

```

```

lemma set-abs-extract-lms-eq-all-lms:
  set (abs-extract-lms T [0..<length T]) = {i. abs-is-lms T i}
  using abs-extract-lms-correct by blast

```

```

lemma distinct-abs-extract-lms:
  distinct (abs-extract-lms T [0..<length T])
  using abs-extract-lms-correct by blast

```

```

lemma filter-abs-sa-induce-eq-all-lms:
  [[set LMS = {i. abs-is-lms T i}; distinct LMS; valid-list T; strict-mono α; α bot
= 0;
  Suc 0 < length T]] ==>
  set (abs-extract-lms T (abs-sa-induce α T LMS)) = {i. abs-is-lms T i}
  using abs-extract-lms-correct abs-sa-induce-permutation by blast

```

```

lemma distinct-filter-abs-sa-induce:
  [[set LMS = {i. abs-is-lms T i}; distinct LMS; valid-list T; strict-mono α; α bot
= 0;
  Suc 0 < length T]] ==>
  distinct (abs-extract-lms T (abs-sa-induce α T LMS))
  using abs-extract-lms-correct abs-sa-induce-permutation by blast

```

```

end
theory Abs-Order-LMS-Verification
  imports ../abs-def/Abs-SAIS
begin

```

92 Order LMS-types Proofs

lemma *abs-order-lms-eq-map-nth*:
 $order\text{-}lms\ LMS\ xs = map\ (nth\ LMS)\ xs$
 by (*induct xs; simp*)

theorem *distinct-abs-order-lms*:
 $\llbracket xs <\sim\sim> [0..<length\ LMS>];\ distinct\ LMS \rrbracket \implies$
 $distinct\ (order\text{-}lms\ LMS\ xs)$
 apply (*subst abs-order-lms-eq-map-nth*)
 apply (*erule distinct-map-nth-perm[of - length LMS]; simp*)
 done

theorem *abs-order-lms-eq-all-lms*:
 $\llbracket xs <\sim\sim> [0..<length\ LMS>];\ set\ LMS = S \rrbracket \implies$
 $set\ (order\text{-}lms\ LMS\ xs) = S$
 apply (*subst abs-order-lms-eq-map-nth*)
 apply (*frule set-map-nth-perm-eq*)
 apply *simp*
 done

end
theory *Abs-Rename-LMS-Verification*
 imports *../abs-def/Abs-SAIS*

begin

93 Rename Mapping Proofs

lemma *abs-rename-mapping'-length*:
 $length\ (abs\text{-}rename\text{-}mapping'\ T\ LMS\ names\ i) = length\ names$
 by (*induct rule: abs-rename-mapping'.induct[of - T LMS names i]; simp*)

lemma *abs-rename-mapping-length*:
 $length\ (abs\text{-}rename\text{-}mapping\ T\ LMS) = length\ T$
 by (*clarsimp simp: abs-rename-mapping-def abs-rename-mapping'-length*)

lemma *rename-mapping'-unchanged*:
 $\llbracket x \notin set\ LMS; x < length\ names \rrbracket \implies$
 $(abs\text{-}rename\text{-}mapping'\ T\ LMS\ names\ i) ! x = names ! x$
 by (*induct rule: abs-rename-mapping'.induct[of - T LMS names i]; simp*)

lemma *rename-mapping'-lms*:
 assumes *distinct LMS*
 and $ordlistns.sorted\ (map\ (lms\text{-}slice\ T)\ LMS)$

```

and     $i \in \text{set } LMS$ 
and     $i < \text{length names}$ 
shows   $(\text{abs-rename-mapping}' T LMS \text{ names } j) ! i =$ 
          $j + (\text{ordlistns.elem-rank } ((\text{lms-slice } T) \text{ ' set } LMS) (\text{lms-slice } T i))$ 
using  assms
proof  (induct arbitrary: i rule: abs-rename-mapping'.induct[of - T LMS names j])
case  ( $1 \text{ uw names uw}$ )
then show ?case
by force
next
case  ( $2 \text{ uw } x \text{ names } j$ )
note   $A = \text{this}$ 
hence  $x = i$ 
by force
hence  $\text{lms-slice } uw \text{ ' set } [x] = \{\text{lms-slice } uw i\}$ 
using   $A(1)$  by auto
hence  $\text{ordlistns.elem-rank } (\text{lms-slice } uw \text{ ' set } [x]) (\text{lms-slice } uw i) = 0$ 
by  (simp add: ordlistns.elem-rank-def elm-rank-def)
then show ?case
by  (simp add:  $\langle x = i \rangle A(4)$ )
next
case  ( $3 T a b xs \text{ names } j$ )
note   $IH = \text{this}$ 

have   $A1: \text{distinct } (b \# xs)$ 
using   $IH(3)$  by fastforce

have   $A2: \text{ordlistns.sorted } (\text{map } (\text{lms-slice } T) (b \# xs))$ 
using   $IH(4)$  by fastforce

have   $A3: i < \text{length } (\text{names}[a := j])$ 
by  (simp add: IH(6))

have   $A4: a \notin \text{set } (b \# xs)$ 
using   $IH(3)$  by auto

have   $A5: \text{ordlistns.elem-rank } (\text{lms-slice } T \text{ ' set } (a \# b \# xs)) (\text{lms-slice } T a) =$ 
 $0$ 
unfolding  ordlistns.elem-rank-def elm-rank-def using   $IH(4)$  by auto

note   $IH1 = IH(1)[OF - A1 A2 - A3]$ 
note   $IH2 = IH(2)[OF - A1 A2 - A3]$ 

have   $P: i \in \text{set } (b \# xs) \vee i = a$ 
using   $IH(5)$  by force

have   $\text{lms-slice } T a = \text{lms-slice } T b \vee$ 
 $\text{lms-slice } T a \neq \text{lms-slice } T b$ 
by blast

```

```

then show ?case
proof
  assume B: lms-slice T a = lms-slice T b
  hence C: abs-rename-mapping' T (a # b # xs) names j =
    abs-rename-mapping' T (b # xs) (names[a := j]) j
  by simp

  from IH1[OF B] C
  have i ∈ set (b # xs) ⇒ ?thesis
  by (simp add: B list.set-map)
  moreover
  from rename-mapping'-unchanged[OF A4, of names[a := j] T j, simplified
C[symmetric]] IH(6) A5
  have i = a ⇒ ?thesis
  by simp
  moreover
  note P
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
next
  assume B: lms-slice T a ≠ lms-slice T b
  hence C: abs-rename-mapping' T (a # b # xs) names j =
    abs-rename-mapping' T (b # xs) (names[a := j]) (Suc j)
  by simp

  have D: lms-slice T a ∉ lms-slice T ' set (b # xs)
  proof
    assume lms-slice T a ∈ lms-slice T ' set (b # xs)
    moreover
    from IH(4) ordlistns.sorted-simps(2)[of lms-slice T a map (lms-slice T) (b
# xs)]
    have ∀ y ∈ set (map (lms-slice T) (b # xs)). list-less-eq-ns (lms-slice T a) y
    by auto
    ultimately show False
    using A2 B by auto
  qed

  from rename-mapping'-unchanged[OF A4, of names[a := j] T Suc j, simplified
C[symmetric]]
  have i = a ⇒ ?thesis
  using A5 IH(6) by auto
  moreover
  have i ∈ set (b # xs) ⇒ ?thesis
  proof –
    assume i ∈ set (b # xs)
    with IH2[OF B, simplified C[symmetric]] C
    have abs-rename-mapping' T (a # b # xs) names j ! i =
      j + Suc (ordlistns.elem-rank (lms-slice T ' set (b # xs)) (lms-slice T i))
    by linarith

```

```

moreover
have lms-slice T ‘ set (a # b # xs) =
      insert (lms-slice T a) (lms-slice T ‘ set (b # xs))
  by simp
moreover
have ordlistns.elem-rank (insert (lms-slice T a) (lms-slice T ‘ set (b # xs)))
      (lms-slice T i) =
      Suc (ordlistns.elem-rank (lms-slice T ‘ set (b # xs)) (lms-slice T i))
proof (intro ordlistns.elem-rank-insert-min)
  from D
  show lms-slice T a ∉ lms-slice T ‘ set (b # xs) .
next
  show finite (lms-slice T ‘ set (b # xs))
    by blast
next
  show ∀ y ∈ lms-slice T ‘ set (b # xs). list-less-ns (lms-slice T a) y
    using D IH(4) by fastforce
next
  show lms-slice T i ∈ lms-slice T ‘ set (b # xs)
    using ⟨i ∈ set (b # xs)⟩ by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  by presburger
qed
moreover
note P
ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
qed

```

```

lemma abs-rename-mapping-lms:
  assumes distinct LMS
  and ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) LMS)
  and i ∈ set LMS
  and i < length T
shows (abs-rename-mapping T LMS) ! i =
      ordlistns.elem-rank ((lms-slice T) ‘ set LMS) (lms-slice T i)
  unfolding abs-rename-mapping-def
  using rename-mapping'-lms[where j = 0, simplified, OF assms(1–3)] assms(4)
      abs-rename-mapping-length[of T LMS]
  by auto

```

```

lemma abs-rename-mapping-lms-all:
  assumes distinct LMS
  and ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) LMS)
  and ∀ x ∈ set LMS. x < length T
shows ∀ x ∈ set LMS. (!) (abs-rename-mapping T LMS) x =

```

ordlistns.elem-rank (lms-slice T ' set LMS) (lms-slice T x)
using *assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) abs-rename-mapping-lms* **by** *blast*

lemma *map-abs-rename-mapping*:

assumes *distinct LMS*

and *ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice T) LMS)*

and $\forall x \in \text{set } LMS. x < \text{length } T$

and *set xs \subseteq set LMS*

shows *map (!) (abs-rename-mapping T LMS) xs =*

map (ordlistns.elem-rank (lms-slice T ' set LMS)) (map (lms-slice T) xs)

using *assms(1) assms(2) assms(3) assms(4) abs-rename-mapping-lms-all* **by** *fastforce*

94 Rename String Proofs

lemma *rename-list-length*:

length (rename-string xs names) = length xs

by (*induct xs; simp*)

theorem *rename-list-correct*:

rename-string T names = map ($\lambda x. \text{names} ! x$) T

by (*induct T; simp*)

corollary *rename-list-nth*:

$i < \text{length } T \implies (\text{rename-string } T \text{ names}) ! i = \text{names} ! (T ! i)$

by (*simp add: rename-list-correct*)

end

theory *Abs-SAIS-Verification-With-Valid-Precondition*

imports

Abs-Induce-Verification

Abs-Rename-LMS-Verification

Abs-Extract-LMS-Verification

Abs-Order-LMS-Verification

begin

95 SAIS General Helpers

termination *abs-sais*

by (*relation measure ($\lambda xs. \text{length } xs$)*)

(simp (no-asm-simp)

del: List.list.size(4)

add: rename-list-length length-filter-lms)+

lemma *abs-sais-reduced-string*:


```

assumes  $LMS1 = lms0\text{-seq } T$ 
and  $distinct\ LMS2$ 
and  $set\ LMS2 = \{i.\ abs\text{-is}\text{-lms } T\ i\}$ 
and  $ordlistns.sorted\ (map\ (lms\text{-slice } T)\ LMS2)$ 
and  $names = abs\text{-rename}\text{-mapping } T\ LMS2$ 
and  $T' = rename\text{-string } LMS1\ names$ 
shows  $T' = lms\text{-map } T\ (lms0\text{-suffix } T)$ 
proof  $-$ 
  let  $?T' = lms0\text{-map } T$ 

  have  $set\text{-}LMS1: set\ LMS1 = \{i.\ abs\text{-is}\text{-lms } T\ i\}$ 
    using  $assms(1)\ lms0\text{-seq}\text{-has}\text{-all}\text{-lms}$  by  $blast$ 

  have  $distinct\ LMS1$ 
    by  $(simp\ add: assms(1)\ lms\text{-seq}\text{-distinct})$ 

  have  $T' = map\ (\lambda x.\ names\ !\ x)\ LMS1$ 
    using  $rename\text{-list}\text{-correct}\ assms(6)$  by  $auto$ 

  have  $\forall x \in set\ LMS2.\ x < length\ T$ 
    using  $assms(3)\ abs\text{-is}\text{-lms}\text{-imp}\text{-less}\text{-length}$  by  $blast$ 
  with  $map\text{-abs}\text{-rename}\text{-mapping}[OF\ assms(2,4),\ simplified\ assms(3),$ 
     $of\ LMS1,\ simplified\ \langle LMS1 = lms0\text{-seq } T \rangle]$ 
     $\langle T' = map\ (\lambda x.\ names\ !\ x)\ LMS1 \rangle\ \langle set\ LMS2 = \{i.\ abs\text{-is}\text{-lms } T\ i\} \rangle$ 
  have  $T' = map\ (ordlistns.elem\text{-rank}\ (lms\text{-substrs } T))\ (map\ (lms\text{-slice } T)\ (lms0\text{-seq } T))$ 
    using  $assms(1)\ assms(5)\ set\text{-}LMS1$  by  $blast$ 
  moreover
  have  $map\ (ordlistns.elem\text{-rank}\ (lms\text{-substrs } T))\ (map\ (lms\text{-slice } T)\ (lms0\text{-seq } T))$ 
     $=\ ?T'$ 
  unfolding  $lms\text{-map}\text{-def}$ 
  by  $(metis\ (no\text{-types},\ opaque\text{-lifting})\ comp\text{-apply}\ lms\text{-substr}\text{-seq}\text{-def}\ lms\text{-subtr}\text{-seq}\text{-id}\text{-suffix})$ 
  ultimately show  $T' = ?T'$ 
  by  $(simp\ only:)$ 
qed

```

96 SAIS cases simplifications

```

lemma  $abs\text{-sais}\text{-distinct}\text{-simp}:$ 
  assumes  $T = a \# b \# xs$ 
  and  $LMS0 = abs\text{-extract}\text{-lms } T\ [0..\langle length\ T \rangle]$ 
  and  $SA = abs\text{-sa}\text{-induce } id\ T\ LMS0$ 
  and  $LMS = abs\text{-extract}\text{-lms } T\ SA$ 
  and  $names = abs\text{-rename}\text{-mapping } T\ LMS$ 
  and  $T' = rename\text{-string } LMS0\ names$ 
  and  $distinct\ T'$ 
  shows  $abs\text{-sais } T = abs\text{-sa}\text{-induce } id\ T\ LMS$ 
proof  $-$ 
  let  $?P = \lambda y.\ abs\text{-sais } (a \# b \# xs) = ys$ 

```

```

from subst[OF abs-sais.simps(3), of ?P a b xs,
          simplified Let-def assms(1-6)[symmetric] assms(7),
          simplified]
show ?thesis
  by simp
qed

```

lemma *abs-sais-not-distinct-simp*:

```

assumes T = a # b # xs
and LMS0 = abs-extract-lms T [0..and SA = abs-sa-induce id T LMS0
and LMS = abs-extract-lms T SA
and names = abs-rename-mapping T LMS
and T' = rename-string LMS0 names
and LMS1 = order-lms LMS0 (abs-sais T')
and ¬ distinct T'
shows abs-sais T = abs-sa-induce id T LMS1
proof -
let ?P = λys. abs-sais (a # b # xs) = ys
from subst[OF abs-sais.simps(3), of ?P a b xs,
          simplified Let-def assms(1-7)[symmetric] assms(8),
          simplified]
show ?thesis
  by simp
qed

```

97 SAIS returns a permutation

theorem *abs-sais-permutation*:

valid-list T ⇒ abs-sais T <~> [0..

proof(*induct rule: abs-sais.induct[of - T]*)

```

case 1
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (2 x)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (3 a b xs)
  note IH = this
  let ?T = a # b # xs
  have T: ?T = a # b # xs
    by (simp only:)
  let ?LMS1 = abs-extract-lms ?T [0..have LMS1: ?LMS1 = abs-extract-lms ?T [0..by (simp only:)
  let ?SA1 = abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS1
  have SA1: ?SA1 = abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS1
    by (simp only:)
  let ?LMS2 = abs-extract-lms ?T ?SA1

```

```

have LMS2: ?LMS2 = abs-extract-lms ?T ?SA1
  by (simp only:)
let ?names = abs-rename-mapping ?T ?LMS2
have names: ?names = abs-rename-mapping ?T ?LMS2
  by (simp only:)
let ?T' = rename-string ?LMS1 ?names
have T': ?T' = rename-string ?LMS1 ?names
  by (simp only:)
let ?LMS3 = order-lms ?LMS1 (abs-sais ?T')
have LMS3: ?LMS3 = order-lms ?LMS1 (abs-sais ?T')
  by (simp only:)

from IH(1)[OF T LMS1 SA1 LMS2 names T']
have IH': [¬distinct ?T'; valid-list ?T'] ⇒ abs-sais ?T' <~> [0..<length ?T']
  by assumption

have distinct ?LMS1
  using distinct-abs-extract-lms
  by fastforce

have set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}
  using set-abs-extract-lms-eq-all-lms
  by (metis comp-apply)

have id: strict-mono (id :: nat ⇒ nat) (id :: nat ⇒ nat) bot = 0
  by (simp add: strict-mono-def bot-nat-def)+

have len: Suc 0 < length ?T
  by simp

from distinct-filter-abs-sa-induce
  [OF <set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}> <distinct ?LMS1> IH(2) id len]
have distinct-LMS2: distinct ?LMS2
  by (metis comp-apply)

from filter-abs-sa-induce-eq-all-lms
  [OF <set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}> <distinct ?LMS1> IH(2) id len]
have set-LMS2: set ?LMS2 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}
  by blast

from abs-sa-induce-permutation
  [OF <set ?LMS2 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}> <distinct ?LMS2> IH(2) id len]
have abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS2 <~> [0..<length ?T]
  by assumption

from rename-list-length[of ?LMS1 ?names]
have length ?T' = length ?LMS1
  by assumption

```

```

have sorted-LMS2: ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice ?T) ?LMS2)
  by (metis 3.premis ‹distinct ?LMS1› ‹set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}›
    comp-apply len id
    ordlistns.sorted-filter abs-sa-induce-prefix-sorted)

have ?LMS1 = lms0-seq ?T
  by (metis comp-apply lms-seq-0-zeroth-lms lms-seq-def)
with abs-sais-reduced-string[OF - distinct-LMS2 set-LMS2 sorted-LMS2 names
T']
have ?T' = lms0-map ?T
  by blast

have abs-is-lms ?T (lms0 ?T)
  by (metis 3.premis abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms length-Cons
    abs-is-lms-last len no-lms-between-i-and-next not-less-eq)

from valid-list-lms-map[OF IH(2) ‹abs-is-lms ?T (lms0 ?T)›]
have valid-list (lms0-map ?T) .
hence valid-list ?T'
  by (simp only: ‹?T' = (lms0-map ?T)›)

from ‹length ?T' = length ?LMS1› ‹distinct ?LMS1› ‹set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms
?T i}›
have R1: abs-sais ?T' <~~> [0..by (metis distinct-abs-order-lms)

from ‹length ?T' = length ?LMS1› ‹distinct ?LMS1› ‹set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms
?T i}›
have R2: abs-sais ?T' <~~> [0..by (metis (no-types, lifting) abs-order-lms-eq-all-lms )

from abs-sa-induce-permutation[OF R2 R1 IH(2) id len]
have R3: abs-sais ?T' <~~> [0..by blast

from IH'[OF - ‹valid-list ?T'›]
have ¬distinct ?T' ==> abs-sais ?T' <~~> [0..by assumption
with R3
have ¬distinct ?T' ==> abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS3 <~~> [0..by blast

have distinct ?T' ∨ ¬distinct ?T'
  by blast
then show ?case
proof
  assume A: distinct ?T'

```

```

from abs-sais-distinct-simp[OF T LMS1 SA1 LMS2 names T' A]
  ⟨abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS2 <~~~> [0..<length ?T]⟩
show ?thesis
  by metis
next
  assume A: ¬distinct ?T'
  from abs-sais-not-distinct-simp[OF T LMS1 SA1 LMS2 names T' LMS3 A]
    ⟨¬distinct ?T' ⇒ abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS3 <~~~> [0..<length ?T]⟩[OF
A]
  show ?thesis
  by metis
qed
qed

```

98 SAIS Sorted Helpers

```

lemma abs-sais-subset-idx:
  assumes valid-list T
  shows set (abs-sais T) ⊆ {0..<length T}
  using assms perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff abs-sais-permutation by auto

```

99 SAIS sorts suffixes

```

theorem abs-sais-sorted-alt:
  valid-list T ⇒
  ordlistns.strict-sorted (map (suffix T) (abs-sais T))
proof(induct rule: abs-sais.induct[of - T])
  case 1
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (2 x)
  then show ?case by simp
next
  case (3 a b xs)
  note IH = this
  let ?T = a # b # xs
  have T: ?T = a # b # xs
  by (simp only:)
  let ?LMS1 = abs-extract-lms ?T [0..<length ?T]
  have LMS1: ?LMS1 = abs-extract-lms ?T [0..<length ?T]
  by (simp only:)
  let ?SA1 = abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS1
  have SA1: ?SA1 = abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS1
  by (simp only:)
  let ?LMS2 = abs-extract-lms ?T ?SA1
  have LMS2: ?LMS2 = abs-extract-lms ?T ?SA1
  by (simp only:)
  let ?names = abs-rename-mapping ?T ?LMS2

```

```

have names: ?names = abs-rename-mapping ?T ?LMS2
  by (simp only:)
let ?T' = rename-string ?LMS1 ?names
have T': ?T' = rename-string ?LMS1 ?names
  by (simp only:)
let ?LMS3 = order-lms ?LMS1 (abs-sais ?T')
have LMS3: ?LMS3 = order-lms ?LMS1 (abs-sais ?T')
  by (simp only:)

from IH(1)[OF T LMS1 SA1 LMS2 names T']
have IH':  $\llbracket \neg \text{distinct } ?T'; \text{valid-list } ?T \rrbracket \implies$ 
  ordlistns.strict-sorted (map (suffix ?T') (abs-sais ?T'))
  by blast

from set-abs-extract-lms-eq-all-lms[of ?T]
have set-LMS1: set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}
  by simp

from distinct-abs-extract-lms[of ?T]
have distinct-LMS1: distinct ?LMS1
  by simp

have id: strict-mono (id :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat) (id :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat) bot = 0
  by (simp add: strict-mono-def bot-nat-def)+

have len: Suc 0 < length ?T
  by simp

from distinct-filter-abs-sa-induce[OF <set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}> <distinct
?LMS1> IH(2) id len]
have distinct-LMS2: distinct ?LMS2
  by blast

from filter-abs-sa-induce-eq-all-lms[OF <set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}> <dis-
tinct ?LMS1> IH(2) id len]
have set-LMS2: set ?LMS2 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}
  by blast

from distinct-set-imp-perm[OF <distinct ?LMS1> <distinct ?LMS2>]
  <set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}>
  <set ?LMS2 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}>
have ?LMS1 <~> ?LMS2
  by blast

have sorted-LMS2: ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice ?T) ?LMS2)
  by (metis 3.prem1 <distinct ?LMS1> <set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}>
comp-apply len id
ordlistns.sorted-filter abs-sa-induce-prefix-sorted)

```

have $?LMS1 = lms0\text{-seq } ?T$
by (*metis comp-apply lms-seq-0-zeroth-lms lms-seq-def*)

with *abs-sais-reduced-string*[*OF - distinct-LMS2 set-LMS2 sorted-LMS2 names*
 T]

have $?T' = lms0\text{-map } ?T$
by *blast*

have *abs-is-lms* $?T$ (*lms0* $?T$)
by (*metis 3.premis abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms abs-is-lms-last*
len length-Cons no-lms-between-i-and-next not-less-eq)

from *valid-list-lms-map*[*OF IH(2) <abs-is-lms ?T (lms0 ?T)>*]

have *valid-list* (*lms0-map* $?T$) .
hence *valid-list* $?T'$
by (*simp only: <?T' = (lms0-map ?T)>*)

have *distinct* $?T' \vee \neg \text{distinct } ?T'$
by *blast*

hence *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* $?T$) (*abs-sais* $?T$))

proof

assume *A: distinct* $?T'$
hence *distinct* (*lms0-map* $?T$)
by (*simp only: <?T' = (lms0-map ?T)>*)

with *sorted-distinct-lms-substr-perm*[*OF sorted-LMS2*]

have *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* $?T$) $?LMS2$)
by (*metis <?LMS1 = lms0-seq ?T> <?LMS1 <~> ?LMS2>*)

with *abs-sa-induce-suffix-sorted*[*OF set-LMS2 distinct-LMS2 IH(2) id len*]

have *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* $?T$) (*abs-sa-induce id* $?T$ $?LMS2$))
using *ordlistns.strict-sorted-imp-sorted* **by** *blast*

with *abs-sais-distinct-simp*[*OF T LMS1 SA1 LMS2 names T' A*]

show *?thesis*
by *presburger*

next

assume *A: ¬distinct* $?T'$
with *IH'*[*OF - <valid-list ?T'>*]

have *ordlistns.strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* $?T'$) (*abs-sais* $?T'$))
by *blast*

hence *C1: ordlistns.strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* (*lms0-map* $?T$)) (*abs-sais* (*lms0-map*
 $?T$)))
by (*simp only: <?T' = (lms0-map ?T)>*)

from *abs-order-lms-eq-map-nth*[*of ?LMS1 abs-sais ?T*]
 $<?LMS1 = lms0\text{-seq } ?T> <?T' = lms0\text{-map } ?T>$

have *C2: order-lms* $?LMS1$ (*abs-sais* $?T'$) =
map (*nth* (*lms0-seq* $?T$)) (*abs-sais* (*lms0-map* $?T$))
by (*simp only:*)

note *perm = abs-sais-permutation*[*OF <valid-list ?T'>*,

simplified rename-list-length

note *set-LMS3* = *abs-order-lms-eq-all-lms*[*OF perm set-LMS1*]

note *distinct-LMS3* = *distinct-abs-order-lms*[*OF perm distinct-LMS1*]

from *abs-sais-permutation*[*OF <valid-list (lms0-map ?T)>*]

have $\forall y \in \text{set } (\text{abs-sais } (\text{lms0-map } ?T)). y < \text{card } \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } ?T i\}$

by (*metis atLeastLessThan-iff card-lms-suffixes length-reduced-seq perm-set-eq set-upt*)

with *sorted-reduced-seq-imp-lms*[*OF C1*] *C2*

have *ordlistns.strict-sorted* (*map* (*suffix* ?*T*) ?*LMS3*)

by *presburger*

with *abs-sa-induce-suffix-sorted*[*OF set-LMS3 distinct-LMS3 IH(2) id len*]

have *ordlistns.sorted* (*map* (*suffix* ?*T*) (*abs-sa-induce id* ?*T* ?*LMS3*))

using *ordlistns.strict-sorted-imp-sorted* **by** *blast*

with *abs-sais-not-distinct-simp*[*OF T LMS1 SA1 LMS2 names T' LMS3 A*]

show ?*thesis*

by *presburger*

qed

moreover

from *perm-distinct-set-of-upt-iff*[*THEN iffD1, OF abs-sais-permutation*[*OF IH(2)*]]

have *distinct* (*map* (*suffix* ?*T*) (*abs-sais* ?*T*))

by (*metis atLeastLessThan-iff distinct-suffixes*)

ultimately show ?*case*

using *ordlistns.strict-sorted-iff* **by** *blast*

qed

theorem *abs-sais-sorted*:

valid-list T \implies

strict-sorted (*map* (*suffix* *T*) (*abs-sais* *T*))

using *abs-sais-sorted-alt abs-sais-subset-idx valid-list-ordlist-ordlistns-strict-sorted-eq*
by *blast*

100 Verification of a SAIS construction algorithm

interpretation *abs-sais*: *Suffix-Array-Restricted abs-sais*

using *Suffix-Array-Restricted.intro abs-sais-permutation abs-sais-sorted* **by** *blast*

end

theory *Abs-SAIS-Verification*

imports *Abs-SAIS-Verification-With-Valid-Precondition*

begin

101 Final Theorem: Verification of a generalised SAIS construction algorithm

The @term *abs-sais* implementation produces an output that is equivalent to that of a suffix array construction algorithm for lists of any type that can be linearly ordered. This lifts the restriction that the algorithm only operates on natural numbers terminated by a bottom element.

interpretation *abs-sais-gen*: *Suffix-Array-General sa-nat-wrapper map-to-nat abs-sais*
by (*simp add*: *Suffix-Array-Restricted-imp-General abs-sais.Suffix-Array-Restricted-axioms*)

theorem *abs-sais-gen-is-Suffix-Array-General*:

Suffix-Array-General sa \longleftrightarrow *sa = sa-nat-wrapper map-to-nat abs-sais*

using *Suffix-Array-General-determinism abs-sais-gen.Suffix-Array-General-axioms*
by *auto*

end

theory *Bucket-Insert*

imports

../util/Repeat

begin

102 Bucket Insert

fun *bucket-insert-step* ::

nat list \times *nat list* \times *nat* \Rightarrow
 (*'a* :: {*linorder*, *order-bot*}) \Rightarrow *nat*) \times *'a list* \times *nat list* \Rightarrow
nat list \times *nat list* \times *nat*

where

bucket-insert-step (*B*, *SA*, *i*) (α , *T*, *LMS*) =
 (*let* *b* = α (*T* ! (*LMS* ! *i*));
 k = *B* ! *b* - *Suc* 0
 in (*B*[*b* := *k*], *SA*[*k* := *LMS* ! *i*], *Suc* *i*))

definition *bucket-insert-base* ::

(*'a* :: {*linorder*, *order-bot*}) \Rightarrow *nat*) \Rightarrow *'a list* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *nat list*
 \Rightarrow
nat list \times *nat list* \times *nat*

where

bucket-insert-base α *T B SA LMS* = *repeat* (*length LMS*) *bucket-insert-step* (*B*,
SA, 0) (α , *T*, *LMS*)

definition *bucket-insert* ::

(*'a* :: {*linorder*, *order-bot*}) \Rightarrow *nat*) \Rightarrow *'a list* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *nat list* \Rightarrow *nat list*
 \Rightarrow
nat list

where

bucket-insert α *T B SA LMS* =
 (*let* (*B'*, *SA'*, *i*) = *bucket-insert-base* α *T B SA LMS*)

```

    in SA')

end
theory Get-Types
  imports
    ../prop/List-Type
    ../prop/LMS-List-Slice-Util
    ../util/Repeat
begin

```

103 Suffix Types

```

fun
  get-suffix-types-step-r0 ::
    SL-types list × nat ⇒ 'a :: {linorder, order-bot} list ⇒ SL-types list × nat
where
  get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, i) ys =
    (case i of
     0 ⇒ (xs, 0)
    | Suc j ⇒
      (if Suc j < length xs ∧ Suc j < length ys then
       (if ys ! j < ys ! Suc j then
        (xs[j := S-type], j)
       else if ys ! j > ys ! Suc j then
        (xs[j := L-type], j)
       else
        (xs[j := xs ! Suc j], j))
      else
       (xs, j)))

```

```

definition get-suffix-types-base
  where
    get-suffix-types-base xs ≡
      repeat (length xs - Suc 0) get-suffix-types-step-r0
        (replicate (length xs) S-type, length xs - Suc 0) xs

```

```

definition get-suffix-types
  where
    get-suffix-types xs ≡ fst (get-suffix-types-base xs)

```

104 LMS types

```

fun is-lms-ref
  where
    is-lms-ref ST 0 = False |
    is-lms-ref ST (Suc i) =
      (if Suc i < length ST then ST ! i = L-type ∧ ST ! (Suc i) = S-type else False)

```

105 Extracting LMS types

abbreviation *extract-lms* $ST\ xs \equiv \text{filter } (\lambda i. \text{is-lms-ref } ST\ i)\ xs$

106 LMS Substrings

definition *find-next-lms* $:: SL\text{-types } list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$
where
find-next-lms $ST\ i =$
 (*case find* $(\lambda j. \text{is-lms-ref } ST\ j)$ [*Suc* $i..<\text{length } ST$] of
 Some $j \Rightarrow j$
 | $- \Rightarrow \text{length } ST$)

definition
lms-slice-ref $::$
 $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\})\ list \Rightarrow SL\text{-types } list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a\ list$
where
lms-slice-ref $T\ ST\ i =$
 list-slice $T\ i\ (\text{Suc } (\text{find-next-lms } ST\ i))$

107 Rename Mapping

fun *rename-mapping'* $::$
 $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\})\ list \Rightarrow SL\text{-types } list \Rightarrow$
 $nat\ list \Rightarrow nat\ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat\ list$
where
 rename-mapping' $- - []\ names\ - = names\ |$
 rename-mapping' $- - [x]\ names\ i = names[x := i]\ |$
 rename-mapping' $T\ ST\ (a \# b \# xs)\ names\ i =$
 (*if lms-slice-ref* $T\ ST\ a = \text{lms-slice-ref } T\ ST\ b$
 then
 rename-mapping' $T\ ST\ (b \# xs)\ (names[a := i])\ i$
 else
 rename-mapping' $T\ ST\ (b \# xs)\ (names[a := i])\ (\text{Suc } i)$)

definition
rename-mapping $::$
 $('a :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\})\ list \Rightarrow SL\text{-types } list \Rightarrow nat\ list \Rightarrow nat\ list$
where
rename-mapping $T\ ST\ LMS =$
 rename-mapping' $T\ ST\ LMS\ (\text{replicate } (\text{length } T)\ (\text{length } T))\ 0$

end

theory *Induce-L*

imports

$\dots/ \text{util}/ \text{Repeat}$

$\dots/ \text{prop}/ \text{Buckets}$

begin

108 Induce L Refinement

```

fun induce-l-step-r0 ::
  nat list × nat list × nat ⇒
  (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) × 'a list ⇒
  nat list × nat list × nat
where
  induce-l-step-r0 (B, SA, i) (α, T) =
    (if SA ! i < length T
     then
       (case SA ! i of
        Suc j ⇒
          (case suffix-type T j of
           L-type ⇒
             (let k = α (T ! j);
              l = B ! k
              in (B[k := Suc l], SA[l := j], Suc i))
            | - ⇒ (B, SA, Suc i))
          | - ⇒ (B, SA, Suc i))
        else (B, SA, Suc i))

```

```

fun induce-l-step ::
  nat list × nat list × nat ⇒
  (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) × 'a list × SL-types list ⇒
  nat list × nat list × nat
where
  induce-l-step (B, SA, i) (α, T, ST) =
    (if SA ! i < length T
     then
       (case SA ! i of
        Suc j ⇒
          (case ST ! j of
           L-type ⇒
             (let k = α (T ! j);
              l = B ! k
              in (B[k := Suc (B ! k)], SA[l := j], Suc i))
            | - ⇒ (B, SA, Suc i))
          | - ⇒ (B, SA, Suc i))
        else (B, SA, Suc i))

```

```

definition induce-l-base ::
  (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) ⇒
  'a list ⇒
  SL-types list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list ⇒
  nat list × nat list × nat
where
  induce-l-base α T ST B SA = repeat (length T) induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T,

```

ST)

definition *induce-l* ::

```
(('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) => nat) =>
'a list =>
SL-types list =>
nat list =>
nat list =>
nat list
```

where

induce-l α *T ST B SA* = (let (*B'*, *SA'*, *i*) = *induce-l-base* α *T ST B SA* in *SA'*)

end

theory *Induce-S*

imports ../abs-proof/Abs-Induce-S-Verification

begin

109 Induce S Refinement

fun *induce-s-step-r0* ::

```
nat list  $\times$  nat list  $\times$  nat =>
(('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) => nat)  $\times$  'a list =>
nat list  $\times$  nat list  $\times$  nat
```

where

induce-s-step-r0 (*B*, *SA*, *i*) (α , *T*) =

```
(case i of
  Suc n =>
    (if Suc n < length SA  $\wedge$  SA ! Suc n < length T then
      (case SA ! Suc n of
        Suc j =>
          (case suffix-type T j of
            S-type =>
              (let b =  $\alpha$  (T ! j);
                  k = B ! b - Suc 0
                  in (B[b := k], SA[k := j], n)
              )
            | - => (B, SA, n)
          )
        | - => (B, SA, n)
      )
    else
      (B, SA, n)
  )
| - => (B, SA, 0)
)
```

fun *induce-s-step-r1* ::

```
nat list  $\times$  nat list  $\times$  nat =>
(('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) => nat)  $\times$  'a list  $\times$  SL-types list =>
```

```

    nat list × nat list × nat
  where
  induce-s-step-r1 (B, SA, i) (α, T, ST) =
    (case i of
      Suc n ⇒
        (if Suc n < length SA ∧ SA ! Suc n < length T then
          (case SA ! Suc n of
            Suc j ⇒
              (case ST ! j of
                S-type ⇒
                  (let b = α (T ! j);
                    k = B ! b - Suc 0
                    in (B[b := k], SA[k := j], n)
                  )
              | - ⇒ (B, SA, n)
            )
          | - ⇒ (B, SA, n)
        )
      else
        (B, SA, n)
    )
  | - ⇒ (B, SA, 0)
)

```

```

fun induce-s-step-r2 ::
  nat list × nat list × nat ⇒
  (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) × 'a list × SL-types list ⇒
  nat list × nat list × nat
  where
  induce-s-step-r2 (B, SA, i) (α, T, ST) =
    (case i of
      Suc n ⇒
        (if Suc n < length SA then
          (case SA ! Suc n of
            Suc j ⇒
              (case ST ! j of
                S-type ⇒
                  (let b = α (T ! j);
                    k = B ! b - Suc 0
                    in (B[b := k], SA[k := j], n)
                  )
              | - ⇒ (B, SA, n)
            )
          | - ⇒ (B, SA, n)
        )
      else
        (B, SA, n)
    )
  | - ⇒ (B, SA, 0)
)

```

```

)

fun induce-s-step ::
  nat list × nat list × nat ⇒
  (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) × 'a list × SL-types list ⇒
  nat list × nat list × nat
where
induce-s-step (B, SA, i) (α, T, ST) =
  (case i of
    Suc n ⇒
      (case SA ! Suc n of
        Suc j ⇒
          (case ST ! j of
            S-type ⇒
              (let b = α (T ! j);
                k = B ! b - Suc 0
                in (B[b := k], SA[k := j], n)
              )
          | - ⇒ (B, SA, n)
        )
      | - ⇒ (B, SA, n)
    )
  | - ⇒ (B, SA, 0)
  )

```

definition *induce-s-base* ::
 (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) ⇒
 'a list ⇒
 SL-types list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list × nat list × nat

where
induce-s-base α T ST B SA = repeat (length T - Suc 0) induce-s-step (B, SA,
length T - Suc 0) (α, T, ST)

definition *induce-s* ::
 (('a :: {linorder, order-bot}) ⇒ nat) ⇒
 'a list ⇒
 SL-types list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list ⇒
 nat list

where
induce-s α T ST B SA = (let (B', SA', i) = *induce-s-base* α T ST B SA in SA')

end
theory *Induce*
imports *Induce-S Induce-L Bucket-Insert*

begin

110 Induce

definition *sa-induce-r0* ::

((*'a* :: {*linorder*, *order-bot*}) ⇒ *nat*) ⇒
'a list ⇒
nat list ⇒
nat list

where

sa-induce-r0 α *T LMS* =

(*let*
 B0 = *map* (*bucket-end* α *T*) [*0*..*Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))];
 B1 = *map* (*bucket-start* α *T*) [*0*..*Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))];

 — Initialise SA
 SA = *replicate* (*length T*) (*length T*);

 — Get the suffix types
 ST = *abs-get-suffix-types T*;

 — Insert the LMS types into the suffix array
 SA = *abs-bucket-insert* α *T B0 SA (rev LMS)*;

 — Insert the L types into the suffix array
 SA = *induce-l* α *T ST B1 SA*

 — Insert the S types into the suffix array
 in induce-s α *T ST (B0[0 := 0]) SA*)

definition *sa-induce-r1* ::

((*'a* :: {*linorder*, *order-bot*}) ⇒ *nat*) ⇒
'a list ⇒
SL-types list ⇒
nat list ⇒
nat list

where

sa-induce-r1 α *T ST LMS* =

(*let*
 B0 = *map* (*bucket-end* α *T*) [*0*..*Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))];
 B1 = *map* (*bucket-start* α *T*) [*0*..*Suc* (α (*Max* (*set T*)))];

 — Initialise SA
 SA = *replicate* (*length T*) (*length T*);

 — Insert the LMS types into the suffix array
 SA = *abs-bucket-insert* α *T B0 SA (rev LMS)*;

 — Insert the L types into the suffix array

$SA = induce-l \ \alpha \ T \ ST \ B1 \ SA$

— Insert the S types into the suffix array
in $induce-s \ \alpha \ T \ ST \ (B0[0 := 0]) \ SA$

definition $sa-induce-r2$::

$((\text{'a} :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'a list} \Rightarrow$
 $SL\text{-types list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 nat list

where

$sa-induce-r2 \ \alpha \ T \ ST \ LMS =$

(let
 $B0 = map \ (bucket-end \ \alpha \ T) \ [0..<Suc \ (\alpha \ (Max \ (set \ T)))];$
 $B1 = map \ (bucket-start \ \alpha \ T) \ [0..<Suc \ (\alpha \ (Max \ (set \ T)))];$

— Initialise SA

$SA = replicate \ (length \ T) \ (length \ T);$

— Insert the LMS types into the suffix array

$SA = bucket-insert \ \alpha \ T \ B0 \ SA \ (rev \ LMS);$

— Insert the L types into the suffix array

$SA = induce-l \ \alpha \ T \ ST \ B1 \ SA$

— Insert the S types into the suffix array
in $induce-s \ \alpha \ T \ ST \ (B0[0 := 0]) \ SA$

abbreviation $sa-induce \equiv sa-induce-r2$

end

theory $SAIS$

imports $Induce \ Get\text{-Types}$

begin

111 SAIS

function $sais-r0$::

$\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$

nat list

where

$sais-r0 \ [] = [] \ |$

$sais-r0 \ [x] = [0] \ |$

$sais-r0 \ (a \ \# \ b \ \# \ xs) =$

(let

$T = a \ \# \ b \ \# \ xs;$

— Compute the suffix types

$ST = \text{abs-get-suffix-types } T;$
 — Extract the LMS types
 $LMS0 = \text{extract-lms } ST [0..<\text{length } T];$
 — Induce the prefix ordering based on LMS
 $SA = \text{sa-induce id } T ST LMS0;$
 — Extract the LMS types
 $LMS1 = \text{extract-lms } ST SA;$
 — Create a new alphabet
 $\text{names} = \text{rename-mapping } T ST LMS1;$
 — Make a reduced string (2 lines)
 $T' = \text{rename-string } LMS0 \text{ names};$
 — Obtain the correct ordering of LMS-types
 $LMS2 = (\text{if distinct } T' \text{ then } LMS1 \text{ else order-lms } LMS0 (\text{sais-r0 } T'))$
 — Induce the suffix ordering based of LMS
in sa-induce id T ST LMS2)
by pat-completeness blast+

function *sais-r1* ::

nat list \Rightarrow

nat list

where

sais-r1 [] = [] |

sais-r1 [x] = [0] |

sais-r1 (a # b # xs) =

(let

$T = a \# b \# xs;$

— Compute the suffix types

$ST = \text{get-suffix-types } T;$

— Extract the LMS types

$LMS0 = \text{extract-lms } ST [0..<\text{length } T];$

— Induce the prefix ordering based on LMS

$SA = \text{sa-induce id } T ST LMS0;$

— Extract the LMS types

$LMS1 = \text{extract-lms } ST SA;$

— Create a new alphabet

$\text{names} = \text{rename-mapping } T ST LMS1;$

— Make a reduced string
 $T' = \text{rename-string LMS0 names}$;

— Obtain the correct ordering of LMS-types
 $\text{LMS2} = (\text{if distinct } T' \text{ then LMS1 else order-lms LMS0 (sais-r1 } T')$)

— Induce the suffix ordering based of LMS
in $\text{sa-induce id } T \text{ ST LMS2}$)
by $\text{pat-completeness blast+}$

abbreviation $\text{sais} \equiv \text{sais-r1}$

end

theory *Bucket-Insert-Verification*

imports

$\dots/\text{abs-proof}/\text{Abs-Bucket-Insert-Verification}$

$\dots/\text{def}/\text{Bucket-Insert}$

begin

112 Bucket Insert

lemma *abs-bucket-insert-step-cons*:

assumes $\text{bucket-insert-step } (B, SA, \text{Suc } i) (\alpha, T, a \# xs) = (B1, SA1, j1)$

and $\text{bucket-insert-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T, xs) = (B2, SA2, j2)$

shows $B1 = B2 \wedge SA1 = SA2$

by $(\text{metis } \text{assms}(1) \text{ assms}(2) \text{ bucket-insert-step.simps } \text{nth-Cons-Suc } \text{prod.sel}(1) \text{ prod.sel}(2))$

lemma *abs-bucket-insert-base-cons'*:

assumes $\text{repeat } n \text{ bucket-insert-step } (B, SA, \text{Suc } i) (\alpha, T, x \# xs) = (B1, SA1, j1)$

and $\text{repeat } n \text{ bucket-insert-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T, xs) = (B2, SA2, j2)$

shows $B1 = B2 \wedge SA1 = SA2$

using assms

proof $(\text{induct } n \text{ arbitrary: } B \text{ SA } i)$

case 0

then show $?case$

by $(\text{simp add: repeat-0})$

next

case $(\text{Suc } n)$

note $IH = \text{this}$

let $?b = \alpha (T ! (xs ! i))$

let $?k = B ! ?b - \text{Suc } 0$

have $\text{bucket-insert-step } (B, SA, \text{Suc } i) (\alpha, T, x \# xs)$

$= (B[?b := ?k], SA[?k := xs ! i], \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } i))$

by $(\text{metis } \text{bucket-insert-step.simps } \text{nth-Cons-Suc})$

with $IH(2) \text{ repeat-step-forward[of } n \text{ bucket-insert-step } (B, SA, \text{Suc } i) (\alpha, T, x$

```

# xs)]
have repeat n bucket-insert-step (B[?b := ?k], SA[?k := xs ! i], Suc (Suc i)) (α,
T, x # xs)
  = (B1, SA1, j1)
  by simp
moreover
have bucket-insert-step (B, SA, i) (α, T, xs) = (B[?b := ?k], SA[?k := xs ! i],
Suc i)
  by (metis bucket-insert-step.simps)
with IH(3) repeat-step-forward[of n bucket-insert-step (B, SA, i) (α, T, xs)]
have repeat n bucket-insert-step (B[?b := ?k], SA[?k := xs ! i], Suc i) (α, T, xs)
  = (B2, SA2, j2)
  by simp
ultimately show ?case
  using IH(1)[of B[?b := ?k] SA[?k := xs ! i] Suc i]
  by blast
qed

```

lemma bucket-insert-base-cons:

```

assumes b = α (T ! a)
and k = B ! b - Suc 0
and bucket-insert-base α T B SA (a # xs) = (B1, SA1, j1)
and bucket-insert-base α T (B[b := k]) (SA[k := a]) xs = (B2, SA2, j2)
shows B1 = B2 ∧ SA1 = SA2
proof -
  from assms(1,2)
  have bucket-insert-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T, a # xs) = (B[b := k], SA[k := a], Suc
0)
  by (metis bucket-insert-step.simps nth-Cons-0)
  with assms(3)[simplified bucket-insert-base-def, simplified]
  repeat-step-forward[of length xs bucket-insert-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T, a # xs)]
  have A: repeat (length xs) bucket-insert-step (B[b := k], SA[k := a], Suc 0) (α,
T, a # xs)
  = (B1, SA1, j1)
  by simp
  with abs-bucket-insert-base-cons'[of length xs B[b := k] SA[k := a] 0 α T a xs
B1 SA1 j1 B2 SA2 j2]
  assms(4)[simplified bucket-insert-base-def]
  show ?thesis
  by simp
qed

```

lemma bucket-insert-cons:

```

assumes b = α (T ! a)
and k = B ! b - Suc 0
shows bucket-insert α T B SA (a # xs) = bucket-insert α T (B[b := k]) (SA[k
:= a]) xs
  by (clarsimp simp: bucket-insert-def Let-def bucket-insert-base-cons[of - α, OF
assms])

```

split: prod.splits)

```

lemma abs-bucket-insert-eq:
  abs-bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T B SA xs = bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T B SA xs
proof (induct xs arbitrary: B SA)
  case Nil
  then show ?case
    unfolding bucket-insert-def bucket-insert-base-def
    by (simp add: repeat-0)
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  note IH = this

  let ?b =  $\alpha$  (T ! a)
  let ?k = B ! ?b - Suc 0

  have abs-bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T B SA (a # xs) = abs-bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T (B[?b :=
?k]) (SA[?k := a]) xs
    by (meson abs-bucket-insert.simps(2))
  moreover
  from bucket-insert-cons[of ?b  $\alpha$  T a ?k B SA xs, simplified]
  have bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T B SA (a # xs) = bucket-insert  $\alpha$  T (B[?b := ?k]) (SA[?k
:= a]) xs .
  ultimately show ?case
    using IH[of B[?b := ?k] SA[?k := a]]
    by simp
qed

end
theory Induce-L-Verification
  imports
    ../abs-proof/Abs-Induce-L-Verification
    ../def/Induce-L
begin

```

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```

lemma abs-induce-l-step-to-r0:
   $i < \text{length } SA \implies \text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = \text{induce-l-step-r0 } (B, SA,$ 
i) (\alpha, T)
  by (clarsimp simp: Let-def split: prod.splits nat.splits SL-types.splits)

```

```

lemma induce-l-step-r0-to:
   $[\text{length } ST = \text{length } T; \forall k < \text{length } ST. ST ! k = \text{suffix-type } T k] \implies$ 
   $\text{induce-l-step-r0 } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = \text{induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T, ST)$ 
  by (clarsimp simp: Let-def split: prod.splits nat.splits SL-types.splits)

```

```

lemma abs-induce-l-step-to:
  assumes  $i < \text{length } SA$ 

```

and $\text{length } ST = \text{length } T$
and $\forall k < \text{length } ST. ST ! k = \text{suffix-type } T k$
shows $\text{abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T) = \text{induce-l-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T, ST)$
by (*metis assms induce-l-step-r0-to abs-induce-l-step-to-r0*)

lemma *repeat-abs-induce-l-step-to*:
assumes $n \leq \text{length } SA$
and $\text{length } ST = \text{length } T$
and $\forall k < \text{length } ST. ST ! k = \text{suffix-type } T k$
shows $\text{repeat } n \text{ abs-induce-l-step } (B, SA, 0) (\alpha, T) = \text{repeat } n \text{ induce-l-step } (B, SA, 0) (\alpha, T, ST)$
using *assms(1)*
proof (*induct n*)
case 0
then show ?*case*
by (*simp add: repeat-0*)
next
case (*Suc n*)
note *IH = this*

from *repeat-step[of n abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T)]*
have *A: repeat (Suc n) abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T) = abs-induce-l-step (repeat n abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T)) (α, T)*
by *assumption*

from *repeat-step[of n induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T, ST)]*
have *B: repeat (Suc n) induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T, ST) = induce-l-step (repeat n induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T, ST)) (α, T, ST)*
by *assumption*

from *repeat-abs-induce-l-step-index[of n B SA 0 α T]*
obtain *B' SA' where*
C: repeat n abs-induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T) = (B', SA', n)
by *auto*
with *IH*
have *D: repeat n induce-l-step (B, SA, 0) (α, T, ST) = (B', SA', n)*
by *simp*

from *IH(2)*
have $n < \text{length } SA$
by *simp*
with *repeat-abs-induce-l-step-lengths[OF C]*
have $n < \text{length } SA'$
by *simp*

from *abs-induce-l-step-to[OF ⟨n < length SA'⟩ assms(2-), of B']*
A B C D
show ?*case*
by *simp*

qed

lemma *abs-induce-l-base-to*:
 assumes $length\ SA = length\ T$
 and $length\ ST = length\ T$
 and $\forall i < length\ ST. ST\ !\ i = suffix\text{-}type\ T\ i$
shows $abs\text{-}induce\text{-}l\text{-}base\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA = induce\text{-}l\text{-}base\ \alpha\ T\ ST\ B\ SA$
 unfolding *induce-l-base-def abs-induce-l-base-def*
 by (*simp add: assms(1, 2,3) repeat-abs-induce-l-step-to*)

lemma *abs-induce-l-eq*:
 assumes $length\ SA = length\ T$
 and $length\ ST = length\ T$
 and $\forall i < length\ ST. ST\ !\ i = suffix\text{-}type\ T\ i$
shows $abs\text{-}induce\text{-}l\ \alpha\ T\ B\ SA = induce\text{-}l\ \alpha\ T\ ST\ B\ SA$
 by (*metis assms abs-induce-l-base-to abs-induce-l-def induce-l-def*)

end

theory *Induce-S-Verification*

imports

../abs-proof/Abs-Induce-S-Verification

../def/Induce-S

begin

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lemma *abs-induce-s-step-to-r0*:
 shows $induce\text{-}s\text{-}step\text{-}r0\ (B, SA, i)\ (\alpha, T) = abs\text{-}induce\text{-}s\text{-}step\ (B, SA, i)\ (\alpha, T)$
proof (*cases i*)
 case 0
 then show *?thesis*
 by *simp*
next
 case (*Suc n*)
 assume $i = Suc\ n$
 then show *?thesis*
 proof (*cases Suc n < length SA*)
 assume $Suc\ n < length\ SA$
 show *?thesis*
 proof (*cases SA ! Suc n < length T*)
 assume $SA\ !\ Suc\ n < length\ T$
 show *?thesis*
 proof (*cases SA ! Suc n*)
 case 0
 then show *?thesis*
 by (*clarsimp simp: <i = -> <Suc n < length -> <SA ! - < ->*)
 next
 case (*Suc j*)
 assume $SA\ !\ Suc\ n = Suc\ j$

```

    hence  $Suc\ j < length\ T$ 
    using  $\langle SA ! Suc\ n < length\ T \rangle$  by auto
    then show ?thesis
    by (clarsimp simp:  $\langle i = \rightarrow \langle Suc\ n < length \rightarrow \langle SA ! - < \rightarrow \rangle \rangle$ )
  qed
next
  assume  $\neg SA ! Suc\ n < length\ T$ 
  then show ?thesis
  by simp
  qed
next
  assume  $\neg Suc\ n < length\ SA$ 
  show ?thesis
  by (clarsimp simp:  $\langle i = \rightarrow \langle \neg \rightarrow \rangle$ )
  qed
qed

lemma induce-s-step-r0-to-r1:
  assumes  $length\ ST = length\ T$ 
  and  $\forall k < length\ ST. ST ! k = suffix-type\ T\ k$ 
  shows  $induce-s-step-r1\ (B, SA, i)\ (\alpha, T, ST) = induce-s-step-r0\ (B, SA, i)\ (\alpha, T)$ 
  proof (cases  $i$ )
  case 0
  then show ?thesis
  by auto
  next
  case ( $Suc\ n$ )
  assume  $i = Suc\ n$ 
  then show ?thesis
  proof (cases  $Suc\ n < length\ SA \wedge SA ! Suc\ n < length\ T$ )
  assume  $Suc\ n < length\ SA \wedge SA ! Suc\ n < length\ T$ 
  hence  $Suc\ n < length\ SA\ SA ! Suc\ n < length\ T$ 
  by blast+
  then show ?thesis
  proof (cases  $SA ! Suc\ n$ )
  case 0
  then show ?thesis
  by (clarsimp simp:  $\langle i = \rightarrow \langle Suc\ n < length \rightarrow \langle SA ! - < \rightarrow \rangle \rangle$ )
  next
  case ( $Suc\ j$ )
  assume  $SA ! Suc\ n = Suc\ j$ 
  hence  $ST ! j = suffix-type\ T\ j$ 
  using  $\langle SA ! Suc\ n < length\ T \rangle$  assms(1,2) by force
  then show ?thesis
  by (clarsimp simp:  $\langle i = \rightarrow \langle Suc\ n < length \rightarrow \langle SA ! - < \rightarrow \rangle \langle SA ! - = \rightarrow \rangle \rangle$ )
  qed
  next
  assume  $\neg (Suc\ n < length\ SA \wedge SA ! Suc\ n < length\ T)$ 

```



```

    show ?thesis
    by (simp add: ⟨¬ →⟩⟨i = Suc n⟩)
qed
qed

lemma abs-induce-s-step-to-r1:
  assumes length ST = length T
  and     ∀k < length ST. ST ! k = suffix-type T k
shows induce-s-step-r1 (B, SA, i) (α, T, ST) = abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, i) (α,
T)
  by (metis assms induce-s-step-r0-to-r1 abs-induce-s-step-to-r0)

lemma induce-s-step-r1-to-r2:
  assumes s-perm-inv α T B SA 0 SA i
  shows induce-s-step-r2 (B, SA, i) (α, T, ST) = induce-s-step-r1 (B, SA, i) (α,
T, ST)
proof (cases i)
  case 0
  then show ?thesis
  by simp
next
  case (Suc n)
  then show ?thesis
  proof (cases Suc n < length SA)
    assume Suc n < length SA
    moreover
    have SA ! Suc n < length T
    by (metis Suc assms calculation dual-order.refl s-perm-inv-elim5 s-seen-invD(1))
    ultimately show ?thesis
    proof (cases SA ! Suc n)
      case 0
      then show ?thesis
      using ⟨i = Suc n⟩ ⟨Suc n < length SA⟩ ⟨SA ! Suc n < length T⟩
      by simp
    next
      case (Suc j)
      assume SA ! Suc n = Suc j
      then show ?thesis
      proof (cases ST ! j)
        assume ST ! j = S-type
        then show ?thesis
        using ⟨i = Suc n⟩ ⟨Suc n < length SA⟩ ⟨SA ! Suc n < length T⟩ ⟨SA !
Suc n = Suc j⟩
        by (clarsimp simp: Let-def)
      next
        assume ST ! j = L-type
        then show ?thesis
        using ⟨i = Suc n⟩ ⟨Suc n < length SA⟩ ⟨SA ! Suc n < length T⟩ ⟨SA !
Suc n = Suc j⟩

```

```

      by (clarsimp simp: Let-def)
    qed
  qed
next
  assume  $i = \text{Suc } n \neg \text{Suc } n < \text{length } SA$ 
  then show ?thesis
    by simp
  qed
qed

```

lemma *abs-induce-s-step-to-r2*:

```

  assumes  $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$ 
  and  $\text{length } ST = \text{length } T$ 
  and  $\forall k < \text{length } ST. ST ! k = \text{suffix-type } T \ k$ 
shows  $\text{induce-s-step-r2 } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T, ST) = \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T)$ 
  by (metis assms induce-s-step-r1-to-r2 induce-s-step-r0-to-r1 abs-induce-s-step-to-r0)

```

lemma *induce-s-step-r2-to*:

```

 $i < \text{length } SA \implies \text{induce-s-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T, ST) = \text{induce-s-step-r2 } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T, ST)$ 
  by (clarsimp simp: Let-def split: nat.splits)

```

lemma *abs-induce-s-step-to*:

```

  assumes  $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ i$ 
  and  $\text{length } ST = \text{length } T$ 
  and  $\forall k < \text{length } ST. ST ! k = \text{suffix-type } T \ k$ 
  and  $i < \text{length } SA$ 
shows  $\text{induce-s-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T, ST) = \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, i) (\alpha, T)$ 
  by (metis abs-induce-s-step-to-r2 assms induce-s-step-r2-to)

```

lemma *abs-induce-s-base-to'*:

```

  assumes  $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha \ T \ B \ SA \ 0 \ SA \ n$ 
  and  $\text{length } ST = \text{length } T$ 
  and  $\forall k < \text{length } ST. ST ! k = \text{suffix-type } T \ k$ 
  and  $n < \text{length } SA$ 
shows  $\text{repeat } m \ \text{induce-s-step } (B, SA, n) (\alpha, T, ST) = \text{repeat } m \ \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B, SA, n) (\alpha, T)$ 
  using assms(1,4)
proof (induct m arbitrary: B SA n)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeat-0)
next
  case (Suc m)
  note IH = this and
    R0 = repeat-step[of m abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, n) (\alpha, T)] and
    R1 = repeat-step[of m induce-s-step (B, SA, n) (\alpha, T, ST)]

```

from *repeat-abs-induce-s-step-index*[of $m B SA n \alpha T$]
obtain $B' SA'$ **where** S :
 repeat m *abs-induce-s-step* $(B, SA, n) (\alpha, T) = (B', SA', n - m)$
 $\text{length } SA' = \text{length } SA$
 $\text{length } B' = \text{length } B$
 by *blast*

have $n - m < \text{length } SA$
 using *Suc.prem* $s(2)$ **by** *auto*
hence $n - m < \text{length } SA'$
 using $S(2)$ **by** *fastforce*

from $IH(1)[OF IH(2,3)] R1 S$
have *repeat* $(Suc m)$ *induce-s-step* $(B, SA, n) (\alpha, T, ST)$
 $= \text{induce-s-step } (B', SA', n - m) (\alpha, T, ST)$
 by *simp*
moreover
from $IH(1)[OF IH(2)] R0 S$
have *repeat* $(Suc m)$ *abs-induce-s-step* $(B, SA, n) (\alpha, T)$
 $= \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B', SA', n - m) (\alpha, T)$
 by *simp*
moreover
let $?P = \lambda(B, SA, i). s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B SA0 SA i$
have $s\text{-perm-inv } \alpha T B' SA0 SA' (n - m)$
 by (*rule repeat-maintain-inv*[of $?P$ *abs-induce-s-step* $(\alpha, T) (B, SA, n) m$,
 simplified S , *simplified*, $OF - IH(2)$];
 clarsimp simp del: abs-induce-s-step.simps;
 erule (1) abs-induce-s-perm-step)
with *abs-induce-s-step-to*[$OF - \text{assms}(2,3)$] $\langle n - m < \text{length } SA' \rangle$, of $\alpha B' SA0$
have *induce-s-step* $(B', SA', n - m) (\alpha, T, ST) = \text{abs-induce-s-step } (B', SA', n - m) (\alpha, T)$
 by *blast*
ultimately show $?case$
 by *simp*
qed

lemma *repeat-abs-induce-step-gre-length*:
 assumes $\text{length } SA = \text{length } T$
 shows
 $\text{length } T \leq \text{Suc } n \implies$
 repeat $(Suc m)$ *abs-induce-s-step* $(B, SA, \text{Suc } n) (\alpha, T)$
 $= \text{repeat } m$ *abs-induce-s-step* $(B, SA, n) (\alpha, T)$
proof (*induct* m *arbitrary: n*)
 case 0
 then show $?case$
 by (*simp add: repeat-0 repeat-step Let-def assms*)
next
 case $(Suc m)$
 note $IH = \text{this}$

```

from repeat-step[of Suc m abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, Suc n) ( $\alpha$ , T)]
      IH(1)[OF IH(2)]
have repeat (Suc (Suc m)) abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, Suc n) ( $\alpha$ , T)
      = abs-induce-s-step (repeat m abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, n) ( $\alpha$ , T)) ( $\alpha$ , T)
      by presburger
with repeat-step[of m abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, n) ( $\alpha$ , T)]
show ?case
      by presburger
qed

```

lemma *abs-induce-s-base-to*:

```

assumes s-perm-pre  $\alpha$  T B SA (length T)
and length ST = length T
and  $\forall k < \text{length } ST. ST ! k = \text{suffix-type } T k$ 
shows induce-s-base  $\alpha$  T ST B SA = abs-induce-s-base  $\alpha$  T B SA
proof -
  note A = assms(1)[simplified s-perm-pre-def]

  from assms(1)[simplified s-perm-pre-def]
  have s-perm-inv  $\alpha$  T B SA SA (length T)
      by (simp add: s-perm-inv-established)
  with abs-induce-s-base-to'[OF - assms(2-)]
  have repeat (length T - Suc 0) induce-s-step (B, SA, length T - Suc 0) ( $\alpha$ , T,
  ST)
      = repeat (length T - Suc 0) abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, length T - Suc 0)
  ( $\alpha$ , T)
      by (metis Suc-lessD Suc-pred A diff-Suc-less s-perm-inv-maintained-step-c1)
  moreover
  have repeat (length T) abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, length T) ( $\alpha$ , T)
      = repeat (length T - Suc 0) abs-induce-s-step (B, SA, length T - Suc 0)
  ( $\alpha$ , T)
      by (metis Suc-lessD Suc-pred A repeat-abs-induce-step-gre-length)
  ultimately show ?thesis
      by (simp add: abs-induce-s-base-def induce-s-base-def)
qed

```

lemma *abs-induce-s-eq*:

```

assumes s-perm-pre  $\alpha$  T B SA (length T)
and length ST = length T
and  $\forall k < \text{length } ST. ST ! k = \text{suffix-type } T k$ 
shows abs-induce-s  $\alpha$  T B SA = induce-s  $\alpha$  T ST B SA
      by (simp add: assms abs-induce-s-base-to abs-induce-s-def induce-s-def)

```

end

theory *Induce-Verification*

imports

../abs-proof/Abs-Induce-Verification

../def/Induce

Induce-S-Verification Induce-L-Verification Bucket-Insert-Verification
begin

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lemma *sa-induce-to-r0*:

assumes *set LMS = {i. abs-is-lms T i}*
and *distinct LMS*
and *valid-list T*
and *strict-mono α*
and *α bot = 0*
and *Suc 0 < length T*
shows *abs-sa-induce α T LMS = sa-induce-r0 α T LMS*

proof –

let *?ST = abs-get-suffix-types T*

note *A = length-abs-get-suffix-types[of T]*

from *get-suffix-types-correct[of T] A*

have *B: $\forall i < \text{length } ?ST. ?ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i$*
by *simp*

let *?B0 = map (bucket-end α T) [0..*Suc* (α (*Max* (*set* T)))] **and**
*?B1 = map (bucket-start α T) [0..*Suc* (α (*Max* (*set* T)))] **and**
*?SA0 = replicate (length T) (length T)***

let *?B2 = ?B0[0 := 0]*

let *?SA1 = abs-bucket-insert α T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS)*

let *?SA2 = abs-induce-l α T ?B1 ?SA1*

let *?SA3 = abs-induce-s α T (?B0[0 := 0]) ?SA2*

let *?SA2' = induce-l α T ?ST ?B1 ?SA1*

let *?SA3' = induce-s α T ?ST (?B0[0 := 0]) ?SA2*

from *lms-pre-established[OF *assms*(1,2,4)]*

have *lms-pre α T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS)* .

have *l-perm-pre α T ?B1 ?SA1*

using *\langle lms-pre α T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS) \rangle*

assms(3,4) *l-perm-pre-established* **by** *blast*

with *A B*

have *?SA2 = ?SA2'*

using *abs-induce-l-eq l-perm-pre-elim*(7) **by** *blast*

have *s-perm-pre α T ?B2 ?SA2 (length T)*

using *\langle l-perm-pre α T ?B1 ?SA1 \rangle \langle lms-pre α T ?B0 ?SA0 (rev LMS) \rangle*

assms(3–6)

s-perm-pre-established **by** *blast*

with $A B$
have $?SA3 = ?SA3'$
using *abs-induce-s-eq* **by** *blast*
then show *?thesis*
by (*metis* $\langle ?SA2 = ?SA2' \rangle$ *abs-sa-induce-def sa-induce-r0-def*)
qed

definition *sa-induce-r1* ::

$((\text{'a} :: \{\text{linorder}, \text{order-bot}\}) \Rightarrow \text{nat}) \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'a list} \Rightarrow$
 $SL\text{-types list} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat list} \Rightarrow$
 nat list

where

sa-induce-r1 $\alpha T ST LMS =$

(let
 $B0 = \text{map } (\text{bucket-end } \alpha T) [0..<\text{Suc } (\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)))];$
 $B1 = \text{map } (\text{bucket-start } \alpha T) [0..<\text{Suc } (\alpha (\text{Max } (\text{set } T)))];$

— Initialise SA

$SA = \text{replicate } (\text{length } T) (\text{length } T);$

— Insert the LMS types into the suffix array

$SA = \text{abs-bucket-insert } \alpha T B0 SA (\text{rev } LMS);$

— Insert the L types into the suffix array

$SA = \text{induce-l } \alpha T ST B1 SA$

— Insert the S types into the suffix array

$\text{in } \text{induce-s } \alpha T ST (B0[0 := 0]) SA)$

lemma *sa-induce-r0-to-r1*:

assumes $\text{length } ST = \text{length } T$

and $\forall i < \text{length } ST. ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i$

shows $\text{sa-induce-r0 } \alpha T LMS = \text{sa-induce-r1 } \alpha T ST LMS$

proof —

let $?ST = \text{abs-get-suffix-types } T$

note $A = \text{length-abs-get-suffix-types[of } T]$

from *get-suffix-types-correct*[of T] A

have $B: \forall i < \text{length } ?ST. ?ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i$

by *simp*

with A

have $?ST = ST$

by (*simp add: assms nth-equalityI*)

then show *?thesis*

by (*simp add: sa-induce-r0-def sa-induce-r1-def*)

qed

lemma *sa- induce-to-r1*:
assumes *set LMS = {i. abs-is-lms T i}*
and *distinct LMS*
and *valid-list T*
and *strict-mono α*
and *$\alpha \text{ bot} = 0$*
and *Suc 0 < length T*
and *length ST = length T*
and *$\forall i < \text{length } ST. ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i$*
shows *abs-sa-induce α T LMS = sa-induce-r1 α T ST LMS*
by (*simp add: assms sa-induce-r0-to-r1 sa-induce-to-r0*)

lemma *sa- induce-r1-to-r2*:
sa-induce-r1 α T ST LMS = sa-induce-r2 α T ST LMS
by (*simp add: abs-bucket-insert-eq sa-induce-r1-def sa-induce-r2-def*)

lemma *abs-sa-induce-to-r2*:
assumes *set LMS = {i. abs-is-lms T i}*
and *distinct LMS*
and *valid-list T*
and *strict-mono α*
and *$\alpha \text{ bot} = 0$*
and *Suc 0 < length T*
and *length ST = length T*
and *$\forall i < \text{length } ST. ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i$*
shows *abs-sa-induce α T LMS = sa-induce-r2 α T ST LMS*
by (*metis assms sa-induce-r1-to-r2 sa-induce-to-r1*)

end
theory *Get-Types-Verification*
imports
../abs-def/Abs-SAIS
../def/Get-Types
begin

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lemma *get-suffix-types-step-r0-ret*:
 $\exists xs' i'. \text{get-suffix-types-step-r0 } (xs, i) ys = (xs', i') \wedge$
 $\text{length } xs' = \text{length } xs \wedge (i = 0 \longrightarrow i' = 0) \wedge (\exists j. i = \text{Suc } j \longrightarrow i' = j)$
by (*cases i; simp*)

lemma *get-suffix-types-step-r0-0*:
 $\text{get-suffix-types-step-r0 } (xs, 0) ys = (xs, 0)$
by *simp*

lemma *get-suffix-types-step-r0-Suc*:
 $\llbracket \text{Suc } i < \text{length } xs; \text{length } xs = \text{length } ys; \forall k < \text{length } xs. i < k \longrightarrow xs ! k =$

```

suffix-type ys k]  $\implies$ 
  get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, Suc i) ys = (xs[i := suffix-type ys i], i)
  apply clarsimp
  apply (intro conjI impI arg-cong[where f =  $\lambda x. xs[i := x]$ ])
    apply (simp add: nth-gr-imp-l-type)
    apply (simp add: nth-less-imp-s-type)
  by (metis suffix-type-neq)

fun get-suffix-types-inv
  where
get-suffix-types-inv ys (xs, i) =
  (length xs = length ys  $\wedge$  i < length xs  $\wedge$  ( $\forall k < \text{length } xs. i \leq k \longrightarrow xs ! k =$ 
suffix-type ys k))

lemma get-suffix-types-inv-maintained:
  assumes get-suffix-types-inv ys (xs, i)
shows get-suffix-types-inv ys (get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, i) ys)
proof (cases i)
  case 0
  hence get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, i) ys = (xs, 0)
    using get-suffix-types-step-r0-0 by simp
  moreover
  have get-suffix-types-inv ys (xs, 0)
    using 0 assms by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by presburger
next
  case (Suc n)
  hence get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, i) ys = (xs[n := suffix-type ys n], n)
    by (metis Suc-leI assms get-suffix-types-inv.simps get-suffix-types-step-r0-Suc)
  moreover
  have get-suffix-types-inv ys (xs[n := suffix-type ys n], n)
    using Suc assms le-eq-less-or-eq by fastforce
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by simp
qed

lemma get-suffix-types-inv-established:
  xs  $\neq [] \implies$  get-suffix-types-inv xs (replicate (length xs) S-type, length xs - Suc
  0)
  by (simp add: suffix-type-last)

lemma get-suffix-types-base-prod':
   $\exists xs'. \text{repeat } n \text{ get-suffix-types-step-r0 } (xs, m) ys = (xs', m - n)$ 
proof (induct n arbitrary: xs m)
  case 0
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: repeat-0)
next

```



```

case (Suc n)
note IH = this

from repeat-step[of n get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, m) ys]
have repeat (Suc n) get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, m) ys
      = get-suffix-types-step-r0 (repeat n get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, m) ys) ys .
moreover
from IH[of xs m]
obtain xs' where
  repeat n get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs, m) ys = (xs', m - n)
  by blast
moreover
have  $\exists$  xs''. get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs', m - n) ys = (xs'', m - Suc n)
proof (cases m - n)
  case 0
  hence get-suffix-types-step-r0 (xs', m - n) ys = (xs', 0)
  by auto
  moreover
  have m - Suc n = 0
  using 0 by auto
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by simp
next
  case (Suc k)
  have (m - n < length xs'  $\wedge$  m - n < length ys)  $\vee$   $\neg$ (m - n < length xs'  $\wedge$  m
- n < length ys)
  by blast
  moreover
  have m - n < length xs'  $\wedge$  m - n < length ys  $\implies$  ?thesis
  by (clarsimp simp add: Suc diff-Suc)
  moreover
  have  $\neg$ (m - n < length xs'  $\wedge$  m - n < length ys)  $\implies$  ?thesis
  by (clarsimp simp add: Suc diff-Suc)
  ultimately show ?thesis
  by blast
qed
ultimately show ?case
  by presburger
qed

lemma get-suffix-types-inv-holds:
assumes xs  $\neq$  []
shows get-suffix-types-inv xs (get-suffix-types-base xs)
unfolding get-suffix-types-base-def
apply (rule repeat-maintain-inv)
  apply (metis get-suffix-types-inv-maintained prod.collapse)
apply (rule get-suffix-types-inv-established[OF assms])
done

```

lemma *get-suffix-types-base-prod*:
 $\exists xs'. \text{get-suffix-types-base } xs = (xs', 0)$
unfolding *get-suffix-types-base-def*
by (*metis cancel-comm-monoid-add-class.diff-cancel get-suffix-types-base-prod'*)

lemma *get-suffix-types-base-ref*:
 $\text{get-suffix-types-base } xs = (\text{abs-get-suffix-types } xs, 0)$
proof (*cases xs $\neq []$*)
assume $\neg xs \neq []$
then show *?thesis*
by (*clarsimp simp: get-suffix-types-base-def repeat-0 get-suffix-types-def*)
next
assume $xs \neq []$
with *get-suffix-types-inv-holds*
have *get-suffix-types-inv xs (get-suffix-types-base xs)*
by *blast*
moreover
from *get-suffix-types-base-prod[of xs]*
obtain xs' **where**
 $\text{get-suffix-types-base } xs = (xs', 0)$
by *blast*
ultimately have *get-suffix-types-inv xs (xs', 0)*
by *auto*
moreover
have $\text{abs-get-suffix-types } xs = xs'$
unfolding *list-eq-iff-nth-eq*
by (*metis bot-nat-0.extremum calculation get-suffix-types-correct*
get-suffix-types-inv.simps
length-abs-get-suffix-types)
ultimately show *?thesis*
by (*simp add: $\langle \text{get-suffix-types-base } xs = (xs', 0) \rangle$*)
qed

lemma *get-suffix-types-eq*:
 $\text{get-suffix-types } xs = \text{abs-get-suffix-types } xs$
by (*simp add: get-suffix-types-base-ref get-suffix-types-def*)

lemmas $\text{length-get-suffix-types} =$
 $\text{length-abs-get-suffix-types[simplified get-suffix-types-eq]}$

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lemma *is-lms-refinement*:
assumes $\text{length } ST = \text{length } T \ \forall i < \text{length } T. ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i$
shows $\text{is-lms-ref } ST = \text{abs-is-lms } T$
proof
fix i
show $\text{is-lms-ref } ST i = \text{abs-is-lms } T i$
proof (*cases i*)

```

    case 0
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: abs-is-lms-0)
next
  case (Suc n)
  then show ?thesis
    by (metis Suc-lessD assms abs-is-lms-def abs-is-lms-imp-less-length is-lms-ref.simps(2))
qed
qed

```

118 Extracting LMS types

lemma *extract-lms-eq*:
 $\llbracket \text{length } ST = \text{length } T; \forall i < \text{length } T. ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{extract-lms } ST = \text{abs-extract-lms } T$
 by (clarsimp simp: fun-eq-iff is-lms-refinement)

119 LMS Substrings

lemma *find-next-lms-refinement*:
 $\llbracket \text{length } ST = \text{length } T; \forall i < \text{length } T. ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{find-next-lms } ST = \text{abs-find-next-lms } T$
unfolding *find-next-lms-def abs-find-next-lms-def*
apply (clarsimp simp: is-lms-refinement fun-eq-iff)
 by argo

lemma *lms-slice-refinement*:
 $\llbracket \text{length } ST = \text{length } T; \forall i < \text{length } T. ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{lms-slice-ref } T ST = \text{lms-slice } T$
unfolding *lms-slice-ref-def lms-slice-def*
 by (clarsimp simp: find-next-lms-refinement fun-eq-iff)

120 Rename Mapping

lemma *rename-mapping'-refinement*:
 assumes $\text{length } ST = \text{length } T \ \forall i < \text{length } T. ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } T i$
 shows $\text{rename-mapping}' T ST = \text{abs-rename-mapping}' T$
proof (intro fun-eq-iff[THEN iffD2] allI)
 fix $xs \ ns \ i$
 show $\text{rename-mapping}' T ST \ xs \ ns \ i = \text{abs-rename-mapping}' T \ xs \ ns \ i$
 using *assms*
proof (induct rule: rename-mapping'.induct[of - T ST xs ns i])
 case (1 T ST ns i)
 then show ?case
 by simp
next
 case (2 T ST x ns i)
 then show ?case

```

    by simp
  next
  case (∃ T ST a b xs ns i)
  then show ?case
    by (simp add: lms-slice-refinement)
  qed
qed

lemma rename-mapping-refinement:
  assumes length ST = length T
  assumes ∀ i < length T. ST ! i = suffix-type T i
  shows rename-mapping T ST = abs-rename-mapping T
  by (clarsimp simp: fun-eq-iff assms rename-mapping'-refinement abs-rename-mapping-def
      rename-mapping-def)

```

```

end
theory SAIS-Verification
imports
  Get-Types-Verification
  Induce-Verification
  ../abs-proof/Abs-SAIS-Verification-With-Valid-Precondition
  ../def/SAIS

```

```
begin
```

121 SAIS

```

termination sais-r0
  apply (relation measure (λxs. length xs))
  apply simp
  apply (simp (no-asm-simp)
    del: List.list.size(4)
    only: extract-lms-eq[OF length-get-suffix-types get-suffix-types-correct]
      rename-mapping-refinement[OF length-get-suffix-types
        get-suffix-types-correct] get-suffix-types-eq)
  apply (simp (no-asm-simp)
    del: List.list.size(4)
    add: rename-list-length length-filter-lms)
done

```

```

lemma abs-sais-r0-distinct-simp:
  assumes T = a # b # xs
  and ST = abs-get-suffix-types T
  and LMS0 = extract-lms ST [0..<length T]
  and SA = sa-induce id T ST LMS0
  and LMS = extract-lms ST SA
  and names = rename-mapping T ST LMS
  and T' = rename-string LMS0 names
  and distinct T'

```

shows *sais-r0* $T = sa\text{-induce id } T \text{ } ST \text{ } LMS$
proof –
let $?P = \lambda ys. \textit{sais-r0} (a \# b \# xs) = ys$
from *subst*[*OF* *sais-r0.simps*(3), *of* $?P$ $a \text{ } b \text{ } xs$, *simplified* *Let-def*
assms(1–7)[*symmetric*] *assms*(8), *simplified*]
show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed

lemma *abs-sais-r0-not-distinct-simp*:
assumes $T = a \# b \# xs$
and $ST = \textit{abs-get-suffix-types } T$
and $LMS0 = \textit{extract-lms } ST [0..<\textit{length } T]$
and $SA = sa\text{-induce id } T \text{ } ST \text{ } LMS0$
and $LMS = \textit{extract-lms } ST \text{ } SA$
and $names = \textit{rename-mapping } T \text{ } ST \text{ } LMS$
and $T' = \textit{rename-string } LMS0 \text{ } names$
and $LMS1 = \textit{order-lms } LMS0 (\textit{sais-r0 } T')$
and $\neg \textit{distinct } T'$
shows *sais-r0* $T = sa\text{-induce id } T \text{ } ST \text{ } LMS1$

proof –
let $?P = \lambda ys. \textit{sais-r0} (a \# b \# xs) = ys$
from *subst*[*OF* *sais-r0.simps*(3), *of* $?P$ $a \text{ } b \text{ } xs$, *simplified* *Let-def*
assms(1–8)[*symmetric*] *assms*(9), *simplified*]
show *?thesis*
by *simp*
qed

lemma *abs-sais-to-r0*:
 $\textit{valid-list } T \implies \textit{abs-sais } T = \textit{sais-r0 } T$
proof(*induct* *rule*: *abs-sais.induct*[*of* - T])
case 1
then show *?case*
by *simp*
next
case (2 x)
then show *?case*
by *simp*
next
case (3 $a \text{ } b \text{ } xs$)
note $IH = \textit{this}$

let $?T = a \# b \# xs$
have $T: ?T = a \# b \# xs$
by (*simp* *only*:)

let $?ST = \textit{abs-get-suffix-types } ?T$
have $ST: ?ST = \textit{abs-get-suffix-types } ?T$
by (*simp* *only*:)

```

from get-suffix-types-correct[of ?T] length-abs-get-suffix-types[of ?T]
have  $\forall i < \text{length } ?ST. ?ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } ?T i$ 
  by (simp add: get-suffix-types-eq)
note st-thms = length-get-suffix-types[of ?T]
   $\langle \forall i < \text{length } ?ST. ?ST ! i = \text{suffix-type } ?T i \rangle$ 

let ?LMS1 = abs-extract-lms ?T [0.. $\text{length } ?T$ ]
let ?LMS1' = extract-lms ?ST [0.. $\text{length } ?T$ ]
have LMS1: ?LMS1 = abs-extract-lms ?T [0.. $\text{length } ?T$ ]
  by (simp only:)
have LMS1': ?LMS1' = extract-lms ?ST [0.. $\text{length } ?T$ ]
  by (simp only:)
have distinct ?LMS1
  using distinct-abs-extract-lms
  by fastforce
have set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}
  using set-abs-extract-lms-eq-all-lms
  by (metis comp-apply)
have ?LMS1 = ?LMS1'
  by (metis extract-lms-eq get-suffix-types-correct length-get-suffix-types)
note lms1-thms =  $\langle \text{set } ?LMS1 = \{i. \text{abs-is-lms } ?T i\} \rangle \langle \text{distinct } ?LMS1 \rangle \langle ?LMS1$ 
= ?LMS1'  $\rangle$ 

have id: strict-mono (id :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat) (id :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat) bot = 0
  by (simp add: strict-mono-def bot-nat-def)+

have len: Suc 0 < length ?T
  by simp

let ?SA1 = abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS1
have SA1: ?SA1 = abs-sa-induce id ?T ?LMS1
  by (simp only:)
let ?SA1' = sa-induce id ?T ?ST ?LMS1'
have SA1': ?SA1' = sa-induce id ?T ?ST ?LMS1'
  by (simp only:)
have ?SA1 = ?SA1'
  by (metis 3.prem1 len lms1-thms id st-thms abs-sa-induce-to-r2)

let ?LMS2 = abs-extract-lms ?T ?SA1
let ?LMS2' = extract-lms ?ST ?SA1'
have LMS2: ?LMS2 = abs-extract-lms ?T ?SA1
  by (simp only:)
have LMS2': ?LMS2' = extract-lms ?ST ?SA1'
  by (simp only:)
have ?LMS2 = ?LMS2'
  using  $\langle ?SA1 = ?SA1' \rangle$  st-thms comp-apply is-lms-refinement
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) get-suffix-types-eq)
have ?LMS1  $\langle \sim \sim \rangle$  ?LMS2
  by (metis 3.prem1 distinct-filter-abs-sa-induce lms1-thms len id

```

```

      distinct-set-imp-perm filter-abs-sa-induce-eq-all-lms)
hence distinct ?LMS2 set ?LMS2 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}
  using lms1-thms perm-distinct-iff perm-set-eq by blast+
have ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice ?T) ?LMS2)
  by (metis 3.prems <distinct ?LMS1> <set ?LMS1 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}>
comp-apply len id
      ordlistns.sorted-filter abs-sa-induce-prefix-sorted)
note lms2-thms = <distinct ?LMS2> <set ?LMS2 = {i. abs-is-lms ?T i}>
      <ordlistns.sorted (map (lms-slice ?T) ?LMS2)>
      <?LMS2 = ?LMS2'>

let ?names = abs-rename-mapping ?T ?LMS2
let ?names' = rename-mapping ?T ?ST ?LMS2'
have names: ?names = abs-rename-mapping ?T ?LMS2
  by (simp only:)
have names': ?names' = rename-mapping ?T ?ST ?LMS2'
  by (simp only:)
have ?names = ?names'
  by (metis st-thms lms2-thms(4) rename-mapping-refinement)

let ?T' = rename-string ?LMS1 ?names
let ?T'' = rename-string ?LMS1' ?names'
have T': ?T' = rename-string ?LMS1 ?names
  by (simp only:)
have T'': ?T'' = rename-string ?LMS1' ?names'
  by (simp only:)
have ?T' = ?T''
  using <?names = ?names'> lms1-thms(3) by argo

let ?LMS3 = order-lms ?LMS1 (abs-sais ?T')
let ?LMS3' = order-lms ?LMS1' (sais-r0 ?T'')
have LMS3: ?LMS3 = order-lms ?LMS1 (abs-sais ?T')
  by (simp only:)
have LMS3': ?LMS3' = order-lms ?LMS1' (sais-r0 ?T'')
  by (simp only:)

have ?LMS1 = lms0-seq ?T
  by (metis comp-apply lms-seq-0-zeroth-lms lms-seq-def)
with abs-sais-reduced-string[OF - lms2-thms(1-3) names T]
have ?T' = lms0-map ?T
  by blast

have abs-is-lms ?T (lms0 ?T)
  by (metis 3.prems abs-find-next-lms-less-length-abs-is-lms abs-is-lms-last
      len length-Cons no-lms-between-i-and-next not-less-eq)

from valid-list-lms-map[OF IH(2) <abs-is-lms ?T (lms0 ?T)>]
have valid-list (lms0-map ?T) .
hence valid-list ?T'

```

```

by (simp only: ⟨ $?T' = (lms0\text{-map } ?T)$ ⟩)

have distinct  $?T' \implies ?case$ 
proof –
  assume distinct  $?T'$ 
  hence distinct  $?T''$ 
  by (simp only: ⟨ $?T' = ?T''$ ⟩)
  note lms2-thms = filter-abs-sa-induce-eq-all-lms[OF lms1-thms(1,2) IH(2) id
len]
    distinct-filter-abs-sa-induce[OF lms1-thms(1,2) IH(2) id len]
  from abs-sa-induce-to-r2 lms2-thms(1,2) IH(2) id len st-thms
  have abs-sa-induce id  $?T$   $?LMS2 = sa\text{-induce}$  id  $?T$   $?ST$   $?LMS2'$ 
  by (metis ⟨ $?LMS2 = ?LMS2'$ ⟩ comp-apply)
  with abs-sais-distinct-simp[OF  $T$   $LMS1$   $SA1$   $LMS2$  names  $T'$  ⟨distinct  $?T'$ ⟩]
    abs-sais-r0-distinct-simp[OF  $T$   $ST$   $LMS1'$   $SA1'$   $LMS2'$  names'  $T''$  ⟨distinct
 $?T''$ ⟩]
  show thesis
  by presburger
qed
moreover
have  $\neg$ distinct  $?T' \implies ?case$ 
proof –
  assume  $\neg$ distinct  $?T'$ 
  hence  $\neg$ distinct  $?T''$ 
  using ⟨ $?T' = ?T''$ ⟩ by argo

  from IH(1)[OF  $T$   $LMS1$   $SA1$   $LMS2$  names  $T'$ , OF ⟨ $\neg$ distinct  $?T'$ ⟩ ⟨valid-list
 $?T'$ ⟩]
  have abs-sais  $?T' = sais\text{-r0}$   $?T''$ 
  using ⟨ $?T' = ?T''$ ⟩ by argo
  hence  $?LMS3' = ?LMS3$ 
  using lms1-thms(3) by argo

  have abs-sais-perm: abs-sais  $?T' <\sim\sim>$  [ $0..<length$   $?LMS1$ ]
  using abs-sais-permutation[OF ⟨valid-list  $?T'$ ⟩, simplified rename-list-length]
  by blast

  note lms3-thms = abs-order-lms-eq-all-lms[OF abs-sais-perm lms1-thms(1)]
    distinct-abs-order-lms[OF abs-sais-perm lms1-thms(2)]
  from abs-sa-induce-to-r2[OF lms3-thms ⟨valid-list  $?T$ ⟩ id len st-thms]
  have abs-sa-induce id  $?T$   $?LMS3 = sa\text{-induce}$  id  $?T$   $?ST$   $?LMS3'$ 
  using ⟨abs-sais  $?T' = sais\text{-r0}$   $?T''$ ⟩ lms1-thms(3) by argo
  with abs-sais-not-distinct-simp[OF  $T$   $LMS1$   $SA1$   $LMS2$  names  $T'$   $LMS3$  ⟨ $\neg$ distinct
 $?T'$ ⟩]
    abs-sais-r0-not-distinct-simp[OF  $T$   $ST$   $LMS1'$   $SA1'$   $LMS2'$  names'  $T''$ 
 $LMS3'$  ⟨ $\neg$ distinct  $?T''$ ⟩]
    ⟨abs-sais  $?T' = sais\text{-r0}$   $?T'$ ⟩
  show thesis
  by presburger

```



```

qed
ultimately show ?case
  by blast
qed

```

```

termination sais-r1
  apply (relation measure ( $\lambda xs. \text{length } xs$ ))
  apply simp
  apply (simp (no-asm-simp)
    del: List.list.size(4)
    only: extract-lms-eq[OF length-abs-get-suffix-types get-suffix-types-correct]
           rename-mapping-refinement[OF length-abs-get-suffix-types
get-suffix-types-correct])
  apply (simp (no-asm-simp)
    del: List.list.size(4)
    add: rename-list-length length-filter-lms)
  apply (metis get-suffix-types-correct get-suffix-types-eq is-lms-refinement
    length-filter-lms length-get-suffix-types list.discI)
done

```

```

lemma abs-sais-r0-to-r1:
  sais-r1 T = sais-r0 T
  apply (induct rule: sais-r0.induct[of - T])
  apply simp
  apply simp
  apply (subst sais-r1.simps)
  apply (subst get-suffix-types-eq)
  apply (subst sais-r0.simps)
  apply (clarsimp simp only: Let-def split: if-splits)
  by presburger

```

```

lemma abs-sais-to-r1:
  valid-list T  $\implies$  sais-r1 T = abs-sais T
  by (simp add: abs-sais-r0-to-r1 abs-sais-to-r0)

```

122 Correctness

```

interpretation sais: Suffix-Array-Restricted sais
  by (simp add: Suffix-Array-Restricted.intro Suffix-Array-Restricted.sa-r-permutation
    Suffix-Array-Restricted.sa-r-sorted abs-sais.Suffix-Array-Restricted-axioms
abs-sais-to-r1)

```

```

interpretation abs-sais-ref-gen: Suffix-Array-General sa-nat-wrapper map-to-nat
sais
  by (simp add: Suffix-Array-Restricted-imp-General sais.Suffix-Array-Restricted-axioms)

```

```

theorem sais-gen-is-Suffix-Array-General:
  Suffix-Array-General sa  $\longleftrightarrow$  sa = sa-nat-wrapper map-to-nat sais
  using Suffix-Array-General-determinism abs-sais-ref-gen.Suffix-Array-General-axioms

```

```

by auto

end
theory Code-Extraction
  imports ../abs-proof/Abs-SAIS-Verification
          ../proof/SAIS-Verification
begin

lemma [code]:
  abs-is-lms T i =
    (if i > 0 then
      if suffix-type T i = S-type ∧ suffix-type T (i - 1) = L-type
      then True
      else False
    else False)
  by (metis abs-is-lms-0 One-nat-def Suc-pred bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum
      i-s-type-imp-Suc-i-not-lms abs-is-lms-def suffix-type-def)

definition
  bucket-upt-code :: ('a :: {linorder,order-bot} ⇒ nat) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat set
where
  bucket-upt-code α T b ≡
    set (filter (λx. α (T ! x) < b) [0..<length T])

lemma [code]:
  bucket-upt α T b = bucket-upt-code α T b
proof (safe)
  fix x
  assume x ∈ bucket-upt α T b
  hence x < length T α (T ! x) < b
    by (simp add: bucket-upt-def)+
  then show x ∈ bucket-upt-code α T b
    by (simp add: bucket-upt-code-def)
next
  fix x
  assume x ∈ bucket-upt-code α T b
  hence x < length T α (T ! x) < b
    by (simp add: bucket-upt-code-def)+
  then show x ∈ bucket-upt α T b
    by (simp add: bucket-upt-def)
qed

export-code abs-sais in Haskell
  module-name SAIS file-prefix abs-sais

export-code sais in Haskell
  module-name SAIS-REF file-prefix sais

```

```

end
theory SACA-Equiv
  imports sais/abs-proof/Abs-SAIS-Verification
           simple/Simple-SACA-Verification
           sais/proof/SAIS-Verification
begin

lemma Suffix-Array-General-imp-suffix-array:
  Suffix-Array-General sa  $\implies$ 
  sa s = simple-saca s
  using Suffix-Array-General-determinism simple-saca.Suffix-Array-General-axioms
by blast

theorem Suffix-Array-General-equiv-spec:
  Suffix-Array-General sa  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  sa = simple-saca
  using Suffix-Array-General-imp-suffix-array simple-saca.Suffix-Array-General-axioms
by blast

corollary abs-sais-equiv-simple-saca:
  sa-nat-wrapper map-to-nat abs-sais = simple-saca
  using Suffix-Array-General-equiv-spec abs-sais-gen.Suffix-Array-General-axioms
by auto

corollary sais-equiv-simple-saca:
  sa-nat-wrapper map-to-nat sais = simple-saca
  using sais-gen-is-Suffix-Array-General
           Suffix-Array-General-equiv-spec
by auto

end

```

References

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- [3] G. Nong, S. Zhang, and W. H. Chan. Linear suffix array construction by almost pure induced-sorting. In *Proc. Data Compression Conference*, pages 193–202. IEEE Computing Society, 2009.