

# Stirling's formula

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## Abstract

This work contains a proof of Stirling's formula both for the factorial  $n! \sim \sqrt{2\pi n} (n/e)^n$  on natural numbers and the real Gamma function  $\Gamma(x) \sim \sqrt{2\pi/x} (x/e)^x$ . The proof is based on work by Graham Jameson [3].

This is then extended to the full asymptotic expansion

$$\log \Gamma(z) = \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right) \log z - z + \frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi) + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{B_{k+1}}{k(k+1)} z^{-k} - \frac{1}{n} \int_0^\infty B_n([t])(t+z)^{-n} dt$$

uniformly for all complex  $z \neq 0$  in the cone  $\arg(z) \leq \alpha$  for any  $\alpha \in (0, \pi)$ , with which the above asymptotic relation for  $\Gamma$  is also extended to complex arguments.

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## 1 Stirling's Formula

```
theory Stirling-Formula
imports
  HOL-Analysis.Analysis
  Landau-Symbols.Landau-More
  HOL-Real-Asymp.Real-Asymp
begin
```

**context**  
**begin**

First, we define the  $S_n^*$  from Jameson's article:

**qualified definition**  $S' :: nat \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow real$  **where**

$$S' n x = 1/(2*x) + (\sum r=1..<n. 1/(of-nat r+x)) + 1 / (2*(n + x))$$

Next, the trapezium (also called  $T$  in Jameson's article):

**qualified definition**  $T :: real \Rightarrow real$  **where**

$$T x = 1/(2*x) + 1/(2*(x+1))$$

Now we define The difference  $\Delta(x)$ :

**qualified definition**  $D :: real \Rightarrow real$  **where**

$$D x = T x - \ln (x + 1) + \ln x$$

**qualified lemma**  $S'$ -telescope-trapezium:

**assumes**  $n > 0$

**shows**  $S' n x = (\sum r<n. T (of-nat r + x))$

**proof** (cases n)

**case** (Suc m)

**hence**  $m$ : Suc m = n **by** simp

**have**  $(\sum r<n. T (of-nat r + x)) =$

$$(\sum r<Suc m. 1 / (2 * real r + 2 * x)) + (\sum r<n. 1 / (2 * real (Suc r) + 2 * x))$$

**unfolding**  $m$  **by** (simp add: T-def sum.distrib algebra-simps)

**also have**  $(\sum r<Suc m. 1 / (2 * real r + 2 * x)) =$

$$1/(2*x) + (\sum r<m. 1 / (2 * real (Suc r) + 2 * x)) \text{ (is - = ?a + ?S)}$$

**by** (subst sum.lessThan-Suc-shift) simp

**also have**  $(\sum r<n. 1 / (2 * real (Suc r) + 2 * x)) =$

$$?S + 1 / (2*(real m + x + 1)) \text{ (is - = - + ?b) by (simp add: Suc)}$$

**also have**  $?a + ?S + (?S + ?b) = 2*?S + ?a + ?b$  **by** (simp add: add-ac)

**also have**  $2 * ?S = (\sum r=0..<m. 1 / (real (Suc r) + x))$

**unfolding** sum-distrib-left **by** (intro sum.cong) (auto simp add: divide-simps)

**also have**  $(\sum r=0..<m. 1 / (real (Suc r) + x)) = (\sum r=Suc 0..<Suc m. 1 / (real r + x))$

**by** (subst sum.atLeast-Suc-lessThan-Suc-shift) simp-all

**also have**  $\dots = (\sum r=1..<n. 1 / (real r + x))$  **unfolding**  $m$  **by** simp

**also have**  $\dots + ?a + ?b = S' n x$  **by** (simp add: S'-def Suc)

**finally show** ?thesis ..

**qed** (insert assms, simp-all)

**qualified lemma**  $stirling$ -trapezium:

**assumes**  $x: (x::real) > 0$

**shows**  $D x \in \{0 .. 1/(12*x^2) - 1/(12 * (x+1)^2)\}$

**proof** -

**define**  $y$  **where**  $y = 1 / (2*x + 1)$

**from**  $x$  **have**  $y: y > 0 y < 1$  **by** (simp-all add: divide-simps y-def)

**from**  $x$  **have**  $D x = T x - \ln ((x + 1) / x)$  **by** (*subst ln-div*) (*simp-all add: D-def*)  
**also from**  $x$  **have**  $(x + 1) / x = 1 + 1 / x$  **by** (*simp add: field-simps*)  
**finally have**  $D: D x = T x - \ln (1 + 1/x)$  .

**from**  $y$  **have**  $(\lambda n. y * y^{\wedge} n)$  *sums*  $(y * (1 / (1 - y)))$   
**by** (*intro geometric-sums sums-mult*) *simp-all*  
**hence**  $(\lambda n. y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$  *sums*  $(y / (1 - y))$  **by** *simp*  
**also from**  $x$  **have**  $y / (1 - y) = 1 / (2*x)$  **by** (*simp add: y-def divide-simps*)  
**finally have**  $*$ :  $(\lambda n. y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$  *sums*  $(1 / (2*x))$  .

**from**  $y$  **have**  $(\lambda n. (-y) * (-y)^{\wedge} n)$  *sums*  $((-y) * (1 / (1 - (-y))))$   
**by** (*intro geometric-sums sums-mult*) *simp-all*  
**hence**  $(\lambda n. (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$  *sums*  $(-y / (1 + y))$  **by** *simp*  
**also from**  $x$  **have**  $y / (1 + y) = 1 / (2*(x+1))$  **by** (*simp add: y-def divide-simps*)  
**finally have**  $**$ :  $(\lambda n. (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$  *sums*  $(-1 / (2*(x+1)))$  .

**from** *sums-diff*[*OF \* \*\**] **have**  $\text{sum1}: (\lambda n. y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n - (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$  *sums*  $T x$   
**by** (*simp add: T-def*)

**from**  $y$  **have**  $\text{abs } y < 1$   $\text{abs } (-y) < 1$  **by** *simp-all*  
**from** *sums-diff*[*OF this* [*THEN ln-series*]]  
**have**  $(\lambda n. y^{\wedge} n / \text{real } n - (-y)^{\wedge} n / \text{real } n)$  *sums*  $(\ln (1 + y) - \ln (1 - y))$   
**by** *simp*  
**also from**  $y$  **have**  $\ln (1 + y) - \ln (1 - y) = \ln ((1 + y) / (1 - y))$  **by** (*simp add: ln-div*)  
**also from**  $x$  **have**  $(1 + y) / (1 - y) = 1 + 1/x$  **by** (*simp add: divide-simps y-def*)  
**finally have**  $(\lambda n. y^{\wedge} n / \text{real } n - (-y)^{\wedge} n / \text{real } n)$  *sums*  $\ln (1 + 1/x)$  .  
**hence**  $\text{sum2}: (\lambda n. y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) - (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n))$  *sums*  $\ln (1 + 1/x)$   
**by** (*subst sums-Suc-iff*) *simp*

**have**  $\ln (1 + 1/x) \leq T x$   
**proof** (*rule sums-le* [*OF - sum2 sum1*])  
**fix**  $n :: \text{nat}$   
**show**  $y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) - (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) \leq y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n - (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n$   
**proof** (*cases even n*)  
**case** *True*  
**hence**  $\text{eq}: A - (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n / B = A + y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n / B$   $A - (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n = A + y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n$   
**for**  $A B$  **by** *simp-all*  
**from**  $y$  **show** *?thesis unfolding eq*  
**by** (*intro add-mono*) (*auto simp: divide-simps*)  
**qed** *simp-all*  
**qed**  
**hence**  $D x \geq 0$  **by** (*simp add: D*)

**define**  $c$  **where**  $c = (\lambda n. \text{if even } n \text{ then } 2 * (1 - 1 / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) \text{ else } 0)$   
**note**  $\text{sums-diff}[OF \text{ sum1 sum2}]$   
**also have**  $(\lambda n. y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n - (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n - (y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) - (-y)^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n))) = (\lambda n. c \ n * y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$   
**by**  $(\text{intro ext}) (\text{simp add: c-def algebra-simps})$   
**finally have**  $\text{sum3}: (\lambda n. c \ n * y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n) \text{ sums } D \ x$  **by**  $(\text{simp add: } D)$

**from**  $y$  **have**  $(\lambda n. y^{\wedge} 2 * (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * y^{\wedge} n)) \text{ sums } (y^{\wedge} 2 * (1 / (1 - y)^{\wedge} 2))$   
**by**  $(\text{intro sums-mult geometric-deriv-sums}) \text{ simp-all}$   
**hence**  $(\lambda n. \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * y^{\wedge} (n+2)) \text{ sums } (y^{\wedge} 2 / (1 - y)^{\wedge} 2)$   
**by**  $(\text{simp add: algebra-simps power2-eq-square})$   
**also from**  $x$  **have**  $y^{\wedge} 2 / (1 - y)^{\wedge} 2 = 1 / (4 * x^{\wedge} 2)$  **by**  $(\text{simp add: y-def divide-simps})$   
**finally have**  $*$ :  $(\lambda n. \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * y^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) \text{ sums } (1 / (4 * x^2))$  **by**  $\text{simp}$

**from**  $y$  **have**  $(\lambda n. y^{\wedge} 2 * (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * (-y)^{\wedge} n)) \text{ sums } (y^{\wedge} 2 * (1 / (1 - (-y)^{\wedge} 2)))$   
**by**  $(\text{intro sums-mult geometric-deriv-sums}) \text{ simp-all}$   
**hence**  $(\lambda n. \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * (-y)^{\wedge} (n+2)) \text{ sums } (y^{\wedge} 2 / (1 + y)^{\wedge} 2)$   
**by**  $(\text{simp add: algebra-simps power2-eq-square})$   
**also from**  $x$  **have**  $y^{\wedge} 2 / (1 + y)^{\wedge} 2 = 1 / (2^{\wedge} 2 * (x+1)^{\wedge} 2)$   
**unfolding**  $\text{power-mult-distrib [symmetric]}$  **by**  $(\text{simp add: y-def divide-simps add-ac})$   
**finally have**  $**$ :  $(\lambda n. \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * (-y)^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) \text{ sums } (1 / (4 * (x + 1)^2))$  **by**  $\text{simp}$

**define**  $d$  **where**  $d = (\lambda n. \text{if even } n \text{ then } 2 * \text{real } n \text{ else } 0)$   
**note**  $\text{sums-diff}[OF * **]$   
**also have**  $(\lambda n. \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * y^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) - \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * (-y)^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) = (\lambda n. d (\text{Suc } n) * y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))$   
**by**  $(\text{intro ext}) (\text{simp-all add: d-def})$   
**finally have**  $(\lambda n. d \ n * y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n) \text{ sums } (1 / (4 * x^2) - 1 / (4 * (x + 1)^2))$   
**by**  $(\text{subst (asm) sums-Suc-iff}) (\text{simp add: d-def})$   
**from**  $\text{sums-mult}[OF \text{ this, of } 1/3] \ x$   
**have**  $\text{sum4}: (\lambda n. d \ n / 3 * y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n) \text{ sums } (1 / (12 * x^{\wedge} 2) - 1 / (12 * (x + 1)^{\wedge} 2))$   
**by**  $(\text{simp add: field-simps})$

**have**  $D \ x \leq (1 / (12 * x^{\wedge} 2) - 1 / (12 * (x + 1)^{\wedge} 2))$   
**proof**  $(\text{intro sums-le [OF - sum3 sum4] allI})$   
**fix**  $n :: \text{nat}$   
**define**  $c' :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**where**  $c' = (\lambda n. \text{if odd } n \vee n = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else if } n = 2 \text{ then } 4/3 \text{ else } 2)$   
**show**  $c \ n * y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n \leq d \ n / 3 * y^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n$   
**proof**  $(\text{intro mult-right-mono})$   
**have**  $c \ n \leq c' \ n$  **by**  $(\text{simp add: c-def c'-def})$   
**also consider**  $n = 0 \mid n = 1 \mid n = 2 \mid n \geq 3$  **by**  $\text{force}$

**hence**  $c' n \leq d n / 3$  **by cases** (*simp-all add: c'-def d-def*)  
**finally show**  $c n \leq d n / 3$  .  
**qed** (*insert y, simp*)  
**qed**

**with**  $\langle D x \geq 0 \rangle$  **show** *?thesis by simp*  
**qed**

The following functions correspond to the  $p_n(x)$  from the article. The special case  $n = 0$  would not, strictly speaking, be necessary, but it allows some theorems to work even without the precondition  $n \neq 0$ :

**qualified definition**  $p :: nat \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow real$  **where**  
 $p n x = (if\ n = 0\ then\ 1/x\ else\ (\sum\ r < n.\ D\ (real\ r + x)))$

We can write the Digamma function in terms of  $S'$ :

**qualified lemma** *S'-LIMSEQ-Digamma*:

**assumes**  $x: x \neq 0$   
**shows**  $(\lambda n. \ln (real\ n) - S' n x - 1/(2*x)) \longrightarrow Digamma\ x$   
**proof** –  
**define**  $c$  **where**  $c = (\lambda n. \ln (real\ n) - (\sum\ r < n.\ inverse\ (x + real\ r)))$   
**have** *eventually*  $(\lambda n. 1 / (2 * (x + real\ n)) = c n - (\ln (real\ n) - S' n x - 1/(2*x)))$  *at-top*  
**using** *eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::nat]*  
**proof** *eventually-elim*  
**fix**  $n :: nat$   
**assume**  $n: n > 0$   
**have**  $c n - (\ln (real\ n) - S' n x - 1/(2*x)) =$   
 $-(\sum\ r < n.\ inverse\ (real\ r + x)) + (1/x + (\sum\ r = 1..<n.\ inverse\ (real\ r + x))) + 1/(2*(real\ n + x))$   
**using**  $x$  **by** (*simp add: S'-def c-def field-simps*)  
**also have**  $1/x + (\sum\ r = 1..<n.\ inverse\ (real\ r + x)) = (\sum\ r < n.\ inverse\ (real\ r + x))$   
**unfolding** *lessThan-atLeast0* **using**  $n$   
**by** (*subst (2) sum.atLeast-Suc-lessThan*) (*simp-all add: field-simps*)  
**finally show**  $1 / (2 * (x + real\ n)) = c n - (\ln (real\ n) - S' n x - 1/(2*x))$   
**by** *simp*  
**qed**  
**moreover have**  $(\lambda n. 1 / (2 * (x + real\ n))) \longrightarrow 0$   
**by** *real-asymp*  
**ultimately have**  $(\lambda n. c n - (\ln (real\ n) - S' n x - 1/(2*x))) \longrightarrow 0$   
**by** (*blast intro: Lim-transform-eventually*)  
**from** *tendsto-minus[OF this]* **have**  $(\lambda n. (\ln (real\ n) - S' n x - 1/(2*x)) - c n) \longrightarrow 0$  **by** *simp*  
**moreover from** *Digamma-LIMSEQ[OF x]* **have**  $c \longrightarrow Digamma\ x$  **by** (*simp add: c-def*)  
**ultimately show**  $(\lambda n. \ln (real\ n) - S' n x - 1/(2*x)) \longrightarrow Digamma\ x$   
**by** (*rule Lim-transform [rotated]*)  
**qed**

Moreover, we can give an expansion of  $S'$  with the  $p$  as variation terms.

**qualified lemma**  $S'$ -*approx*:

$$S' n x = \ln (\text{real } n + x) - \ln x + p n x$$

**proof** (*cases*  $n = 0$ )

**case** *True*

**thus** *?thesis* **by** (*simp add: p-def S'-def*)

**next**

**case** *False*

**hence**  $S' n x = (\sum r < n. T (\text{real } r + x))$

**by** (*subst S'-telescope-trapezium simp-all*)

**also have**  $\dots = (\sum r < n. \ln (\text{real } r + x + 1) - \ln (\text{real } r + x) + D (\text{real } r + x))$

**by** (*simp add: D-def*)

**also have**  $\dots = (\sum r < n. \ln (\text{real } (\text{Suc } r) + x) - \ln (\text{real } r + x)) + p n x$

**using** *False* **by** (*simp add: sum.distrib add-ac p-def*)

**also have**  $(\sum r < n. \ln (\text{real } (\text{Suc } r) + x) - \ln (\text{real } r + x)) = \ln (\text{real } n + x) - \ln x$

**by** (*subst sum-lessThan-telescope simp-all*)

**finally show** *?thesis* .

**qed**

We define the limit of the  $p$  (simply called  $p(x)$  in Jameson's article):

**qualified definition**  $P :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$  **where**

$$P x = (\sum n. D (\text{real } n + x))$$

**qualified lemma**  $D$ -*summable*:

**assumes**  $x: x > 0$

**shows** *summable*  $(\lambda n. D (\text{real } n + x))$

**proof** –

**have**  $*$ : *summable*  $(\lambda n. 1 / (12 * (x + \text{real } n)^2) - 1 / (12 * (x + \text{real } (\text{Suc } n))^2))$

**by** (*rule telescope-summable'*) *real-asymp*

**show** *summable*  $(\lambda n. D (\text{real } n + x))$

**proof** (*rule summable-comparison-test[OF - \*], rule exI[of - 2], safe*)

**fix**  $n :: \text{nat}$  **assume**  $n \geq 2$

**show** *norm*  $(D (\text{real } n + x)) \leq 1 / (12 * (x + \text{real } n)^2) - 1 / (12 * (x + \text{real } (\text{Suc } n))^2)$

**using** *stirling-trapezium[of real n + x]*  $x$  **by** (*auto simp: algebra-simps*)

**qed**

**qed**

**qualified lemma**  $p$ -*LIMSEQ*:

**assumes**  $x: x > 0$

**shows**  $(\lambda n. p n x) \longrightarrow P x$

**proof** (*rule Lim-transform-eventually*)

**from**  $D$ -*summable*[*OF x*] **have**  $(\lambda n. D (\text{real } n + x))$  *sums*  $P x$  **unfolding**  $P$ -*def*

**by** (*simp add: sums-iff*)

**then show**  $(\lambda n. \sum r < n. D (\text{real } r + x)) \longrightarrow P x$  **by** (*simp add: sums-def*)

**moreover from** *eventually-gt-at-top[of 1]*

**show** *eventually*  $(\lambda n. (\sum r < n. D(\text{real } r + x)) = p \ n \ x)$  *at-top*  
**by** *eventually-elim* (*auto simp: p-def*)  
**qed**

This gives us an expansion of the Digamma function:

**lemma** *Digamma-approx:*

**assumes**  $x: (x :: \text{real}) > 0$

**shows**  $\text{Digamma } x = \ln x - 1 / (2 * x) - P \ x$

**proof** –

**have** *eventually*  $(\lambda n. \ln(\text{inverse}(1 + x / \text{real } n)) + \ln x - 1/(2*x) - p \ n \ x =$   
 $\ln(\text{real } n) - S' \ n \ x - 1/(2*x))$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-gt-at-top*[*of 1::nat*]

**proof** *eventually-elim*

**fix**  $n :: \text{nat}$  **assume**  $n: n > 1$

**have**  $\ln(\text{real } n) - S' \ n \ x = \ln((\text{real } n) / (\text{real } n + x)) + \ln x - p \ n \ x$

**using** *assms n unfolding S'-approx by (subst ln-div) (auto simp: algebra-simps)*

**also from**  $n$  **have**  $\text{real } n / (\text{real } n + x) = \text{inverse}(1 + x / \text{real } n)$  **by** (*simp add: field-simps*)

**finally show**  $\ln(\text{inverse}(1 + x / \text{real } n)) + \ln x - 1/(2*x) - p \ n \ x =$   
 $\ln(\text{real } n) - S' \ n \ x - 1/(2*x)$  **by** *simp*

**qed**

**moreover have**  $(\lambda n. \ln(\text{inverse}(1 + x / \text{real } n)) + \ln x - 1/(2*x) - p \ n \ x)$   
 $\longrightarrow \ln(\text{inverse}(1 + 0)) + \ln x - 1/(2*x) - P \ x$

**by** (*rule tendsto-intros p-LIMSEQ x real-tendsto-divide-at-top filterlim-real-sequentially | simp*)+

**hence**  $(\lambda n. \ln(\text{inverse}(1 + x / \text{real } n)) + \ln x - 1/(2*x) - p \ n \ x)$   
 $\longrightarrow \ln x - 1/(2*x) - P \ x$  **by** *simp*

**ultimately have**  $(\lambda n. \ln(\text{real } n) - S' \ n \ x - 1 / (2 * x)) \longrightarrow \ln x - 1/(2*x) - P \ x$

**by** (*blast intro: Lim-transform-eventually*)

**moreover from**  $x$  **have**  $(\lambda n. \ln(\text{real } n) - S' \ n \ x - 1 / (2 * x)) \longrightarrow \text{Digamma } x$

**by** (*intro S'-LIMSEQ-Digamma simp-all*)

**ultimately show**  $\text{Digamma } x = \ln x - 1 / (2 * x) - P \ x$

**by** (*rule LIMSEQ-unique [rotated]*)

**qed**

Next, we derive some bounds on  $P$ :

**qualified lemma** *p-ge-0:  $x > 0 \implies p \ n \ x \geq 0$*

**using** *stirling-trapezium*[*of real n + x for n*]

**by** (*auto simp add: p-def intro!: sum-nonneg*)

**qualified lemma** *P-ge-0:  $x > 0 \implies P \ x \geq 0$*

**by** (*rule tendsto-lowerbound[OF p-LIMSEQ]*)

(*insert p-ge-0*[*of x*], *simp-all*)

**qualified lemma** *p-upper-bound:*

**assumes**  $x > 0 \ n > 0$

**shows**  $p\ n\ x \leq 1/(12*x^2)$   
**proof** –  
**from** *assms* **have**  $p\ n\ x = (\sum\ r < n. D\ (real\ r + x))$   
**by** (*simp add: p-def*)  
**also have**  $\dots \leq (\sum\ r < n. 1/(12*(real\ r + x)^2) - 1/(12 * (real\ (Suc\ r) + x)^2))$   
**using** *stirling-trapezium[of real r + x for r] assms*  
**by** (*intro sum-mono*) (*simp add: add-ac*)  
**also have**  $\dots = 1 / (12 * x^2) - 1 / (12 * (real\ n + x)^2)$   
**by** (*subst sum-lessThan-telescope'*) *simp*  
**also have**  $\dots \leq 1 / (12 * x^2)$  **by** *simp*  
**finally show** *?thesis* .  
**qed**

**qualified lemma** *P-upper-bound*:  
**assumes**  $x > 0$   
**shows**  $P\ x \leq 1/(12*x^2)$   
**proof** (*rule tendsto-upperbound*)  
**show** *eventually*  $(\lambda n. p\ n\ x \leq 1 / (12 * x^2))$  *at-top*  
**using** *eventually-gt-at-top[of 0]*  
**by** *eventually-elim* (*use p-upper-bound[of x] assms in auto*)  
**show**  $(\lambda n. p\ n\ x) \longrightarrow P\ x$   
**by** (*simp add: assms p-LIMSEQ*)  
**qed** *auto*

We can now use this approximation of the Digamma function to approximate *ln-Gamma* (since the former is the derivative of the latter). We therefore define the function *g* from Jameson's article, which measures the difference between *ln-Gamma* and its approximation:

**qualified definition**  $g :: real \Rightarrow real$  **where**  
 $g\ x = ln-Gamma\ x - (x - 1/2) * ln\ x + x$

**qualified lemma** *DERIV-g*:  $x > 0 \implies (g\ \text{has-field-derivative } -P\ x)$  (*at x*)  
**unfolding** *g-def* [*abs-def*] **using** *Digamma-approx[of x]*  
**by** (*auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros simp: field-simps*)

**qualified lemma** *isCont-P*:  
**assumes**  $x > 0$   
**shows** *isCont*  $P\ x$   
**proof** –  
**define**  $D' :: real \Rightarrow real$   
**where**  $D' = (\lambda x. - 1 / (2 * x^2 * (x+1)^2))$   
**have** *DERIV-D*: (*D has-field-derivative D' x*) (*at x*) **if**  $x > 0$  **for**  $x$   
**unfolding** *D-def* [*abs-def*] *D'-def* *T-def*  
**by** (*insert that, (rule derivative-eq-intros refl | simp)+*)  
*(simp add: power2-eq-square divide-simps, (simp add: algebra-simps)?)*  
**note** *this* [*THEN DERIV-chain2, derivative-intros*]  
**have** (*P has-field-derivative*  $(\sum\ n. D' (real\ n + x))$ ) (*at x*)

```

    unfolding P-def [abs-def]
  proof (rule has-field-derivative-series')
    show convex {x/2<..} by simp
  next
    fix n :: nat and y :: real assume y: y ∈ {x/2<..}
    with assms have y > 0 by simp
    thus ((λa. D (real n + a)) has-real-derivative D' (real n + y)) (at y within
{x/2<..})
      by (auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros)
  next
    from assms D-summable[of x] show summable (λn. D (real n + x)) by simp
  next
    show uniformly-convergent-on {x/2<..} (λn x. ∑ i<n. D' (real i + x))
  proof (rule Weierstrass-m-test')
    fix n :: nat and y :: real
    assume y: y ∈ {x/2<..}
    with assms have y > 0 by auto
    have norm (D' (real n + y)) = (1 / (2 * (y + real n)^2)) * (1 / (y + real
(Suc n))^2)
      by (simp add: D'-def add-ac)
    also from y assms have ... ≤ (1 / (2 * (x/2)^2)) * (1 / (real (Suc n))^2)
      by (intro mult-mono divide-left-mono power-mono) simp-all
    also have 1 / (real (Suc n))^2 = inverse ((real (Suc n))^2) by (simp add:
field-simps)
    finally show norm (D' (real n + y)) ≤ (1 / (2 * (x/2)^2)) * inverse ((real
(Suc n))^2) .
  next
    show summable (λn. (1 / (2 * (x/2)^2)) * inverse ((real (Suc n))^2))
      by (subst summable-Suc-iff, intro summable-mult inverse-power-summable)
simp-all
  qed
  qed (insert assms, simp-all add: interior-open)
  thus ?thesis by (rule DERIV-isCont)
qed

```

```

qualified lemma P-continuous-on [THEN continuous-on-subset]: continuous-on
{0<..} P
  by (intro continuous-at-imp-continuous-on ballI isCont-P) auto

```

```

qualified lemma P-integrable:
  assumes a: a > 0
  shows P integrable-on {a..}
  proof -
    define f where f = (λn x. if x ∈ {a..real n} then P x else 0)
    show P integrable-on {a..}
    proof (rule dominated-convergence)
      fix n :: nat
      from a have P integrable-on {a..real n}
        by (intro integrable-continuous-real P-continuous-on) auto
    end
  end

```

```

hence  $f\ n$  integrable-on  $\{a..real\ n\}$ 
  by (rule integrable-eq) (simp add: f-def)
thus  $f\ n$  integrable-on  $\{a..\}$ 
  by (rule integrable-on-superset) (auto simp: f-def)
next
  fix  $n :: nat$ 
  show  $norm\ (f\ n\ x) \leq of\ real\ (1/12) * (1 / x^2)$  if  $x \in \{a..\}$  for  $x$ 
    using  $a$  P-ge-0 P-upper-bound by (auto simp: f-def)
next
  show  $(\lambda x::real. of\ real\ (1/12) * (1 / x^2))$  integrable-on  $\{a..\}$ 
    using has-integral-inverse-power-to-inf[of 2 a]  $a$ 
    by (intro integrable-on-cmult-left) auto
next
  show  $(\lambda n. f\ n\ x) \longrightarrow P\ x$  if  $x \in \{a..\}$  for  $x$ 
  proof -
    have eventually  $(\lambda n. real\ n \geq x)$  at-top
      using filterlim-real-sequentially by (simp add: filterlim-at-top)
    with that not-frequently have eventually  $(\lambda n. f\ n\ x = P\ x)$  at-top
      by (force simp: f-def)
    thus  $(\lambda n. f\ n\ x) \longrightarrow P\ x$  by (simp add: tendsto-eventually)
  qed
qed
qed

```

**qualified definition**  $c :: real$  **where**  $c = integral\ \{1..\}\ (\lambda x. -P\ x) + g\ 1$

We can now give bounds on  $g$ :

**qualified lemma** *g-bounds*:

```

assumes  $x: x \geq 1$ 
shows  $g\ x \in \{c..c + 1/(12*x)\}$ 
proof -
  from assms have int-nonneg: integral  $\{x..\}$   $P \geq 0$ 
    by (intro Henstock-Kurzweil-Integration.integral-nonneg P-integrable)
    (auto simp: P-ge-0)
  have int-upper-bound: integral  $\{x..\}$   $P \leq 1/(12*x)$ 
  proof (rule has-integral-le)
    from  $x$  show  $(P\ has\ integral\ integral\ \{x..\}\ P)\ \{x..\}$ 
      by (intro integrable-integral P-integrable) simp-all
    from  $x$  has-integral-mult-right[OF has-integral-inverse-power-to-inf[of 2 x], of 1/12]
      show  $((\lambda x. 1/(12*x^2))\ has\ integral\ (1/(12*x)))\ \{x..\}$  by (simp add: field-simps)
  qed (insert P-upper-bound x, simp-all)

```

**note** *DERIV-g* [*THEN DERIV-chain2, derivative-intros*]

**from** *assms* **have** *int1*:  $((\lambda x. -P\ x)\ has\ integral\ (g\ x - g\ 1))\ \{1..x\}$

**by** (*intro fundamental-theorem-of-calculus*)

(*auto simp: has-real-derivative-iff-has-vector-derivative* [*symmetric*])

*intro!*: *derivative-eq-intros*)

**from**  $x$  **have**  $int2: ((\lambda x. -P x) \text{ has-integral integral } \{x..\} (\lambda x. -P x)) \{x..\}$   
**by** (*intro integrable-integral integrable-neg P-integrable*) *simp-all*  
**from** *has-integral-Un[OF int1 int2]*  $x$   
**have**  $((\lambda x. -P x) \text{ has-integral } g x - g 1 - \text{integral } \{x..\} P) (\{1..x\} \cup \{x..\})$   
**by** (*simp add: max-def*)  
**also from**  $x$  **have**  $\{1..x\} \cup \{x..\} = \{1..\}$  **by** *auto*  
**finally have**  $((\lambda x. -P x) \text{ has-integral } g x - g 1 - \text{integral } \{x..\} P) \{1..\}$ .  
**moreover have**  $((\lambda x. -P x) \text{ has-integral integral } \{1..\} (\lambda x. -P x)) \{1..\}$   
**by** (*intro integrable-integral integrable-neg P-integrable*) *simp-all*  
**ultimately have**  $g x - g 1 - \text{integral } \{x..\} P = \text{integral } \{1..\} (\lambda x. -P x)$   
**by** (*simp add: has-integral-unique*)  
**hence**  $g x = c + \text{integral } \{x..\} P$  **by** (*simp add: c-def algebra-simps*)  
**with** *int-upper-bound int-nonneg* **show**  $g x \in \{c..c + 1/(12*x)\}$  **by** *simp*  
**qed**

Finally, we have bounds on *ln-Gamma*, *Gamma*, and *fact*.

**qualified lemma** *ln-Gamma-bounds-aux*:

$x \geq 1 \implies \text{ln-Gamma } x \geq c + (x - 1/2) * \ln x - x$   
 $x \geq 1 \implies \text{ln-Gamma } x \leq c + (x - 1/2) * \ln x - x + 1/(12*x)$   
**using** *g-bounds[of x]* **by** (*simp-all add: g-def*)

**qualified lemma** *Gamma-bounds-aux*:

**assumes**  $x: x \geq 1$   
**shows**  $\text{Gamma } x \geq \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x$   
 $\text{Gamma } x \leq \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x * \exp (1/(12*x))$

**proof** –

**have**  $\exp (\text{ln-Gamma } x) \geq \exp (c + (x - 1/2) * \ln x - x)$   
**by** (*subst exp-le-cancel-iff, rule ln-Gamma-bounds-aux*) (*simp add: x*)  
**with**  $x$  **show**  $\text{Gamma } x \geq \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x$   
**by** (*simp add: Gamma-real-pos-exp exp-add exp-diff powr-def del: exp-le-cancel-iff*)

**next**

**have**  $\exp (\text{ln-Gamma } x) \leq \exp (c + (x - 1/2) * \ln x - x + 1/(12*x))$   
**by** (*subst exp-le-cancel-iff, rule ln-Gamma-bounds-aux*) (*simp add: x*)  
**with**  $x$  **show**  $\text{Gamma } x \leq \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x * \exp (1/(12*x))$   
**by** (*simp add: Gamma-real-pos-exp exp-add exp-diff powr-def del: exp-le-cancel-iff*)

**qed**

**qualified lemma** *Gamma-asymp-equiv-aux*:

$\text{Gamma} \sim_{[at-top]} (\lambda x. \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x)$

**proof** (*rule asymp-equiv-sandwich*)

**include** *asymp-equiv-syntax*

**show** *eventually*  $(\lambda x. \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x \leq \text{Gamma } x)$  *at-top*  
*eventually*  $(\lambda x. \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x * \exp (1/(12*x)) \geq \text{Gamma } x)$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-ge-at-top[of 1::real]*

**by** (*eventually-elim; use Gamma-bounds-aux in force*)+

**have**  $(\lambda x::\text{real}. \exp (1 / (12 * x))) \longrightarrow \exp 0$  *at-top*

**by** *real-asymp*

**hence**  $(\lambda x. \exp (1 / (12 * x))) \sim (\lambda x. 1 :: \text{real})$

**by** (*intro asymp-equivI'*) *simp-all*  
**hence**  $(\lambda x. \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1 / 2) / \exp x * 1) \sim$   
 $(\lambda x. \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1 / 2) / \exp x * \exp (1 / (12 * x)))$   
**by** (*intro asymp-equiv-mult asymp-equiv-refl*) (*simp add: asymp-equiv-sym*)  
**thus**  $(\lambda x. \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1 / 2) / \exp x) \sim$   
 $(\lambda x. \exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1 / 2) / \exp x * \exp (1 / (12 * x)))$  **by** *simp*  
**qed** *simp-all*

**qualified lemma** *exp-1-powr-real* [*simp*]:  $\exp (1 :: \text{real}) \text{ powr } x = \exp x$   
**by** (*simp add: powr-def*)

**qualified lemma** *fact-asymp-equiv-aux*:

*fact*  $\sim$  [*at-top*]  $(\lambda x. \exp c * \text{sqrt } (\text{real } x) * (\text{real } x / \exp 1) \text{ powr } \text{real } x)$

**proof** –

**include** *asymp-equiv-syntax*

**have** *fact*  $\sim$   $(\lambda n. \text{Gamma } (\text{real } (\text{Suc } n)))$  **by** (*simp add: Gamma-fact*)

**also have** *eventually*  $(\lambda n. \text{Gamma } (\text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) = \text{real } n * \text{Gamma } (\text{real } n))$

*at-top*

**using** *eventually-gt-at-top*[*of 0::nat*]

**by** *eventually-elim* (*insert Gamma-plus1*[*of real n for n*],

*auto simp: add-ac of-nat-in-nonpos-Ints-iff*)

**also have**  $(\lambda n. \text{Gamma } (\text{real } n)) \sim (\lambda n. \exp c * \text{real } n \text{ powr } (\text{real } n - 1 / 2) / \exp (\text{real } n))$

**by** (*rule asymp-equiv-compose'*[*OF Gamma-asymp-equiv-aux*] *filterlim-real-sequentially*) +

**also have** *eventually*  $(\lambda n. \text{real } n * (\exp c * \text{real } n \text{ powr } (\text{real } n - 1 / 2) / \exp (\text{real } n))) =$

$\exp c * \text{sqrt } (\text{real } n) * (\text{real } n / \exp 1) \text{ powr } \text{real } n$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-gt-at-top*[*of 0::nat*]

**proof** *eventually-elim*

**fix**  $n :: \text{nat}$  **assume**  $n > 0$

**thus**  $\text{real } n * (\exp c * \text{real } n \text{ powr } (\text{real } n - 1 / 2) / \exp (\text{real } n)) =$

$\exp c * \text{sqrt } (\text{real } n) * (\text{real } n / \exp 1) \text{ powr } \text{real } n$

**by** (*subst powr-diff*) (*simp-all add: powr-divide powr-half-sqrt field-simps*)

**qed**

**finally show** *?thesis* **by** – (*simp-all add: asymp-equiv-mult*)

**qed**

We can also bound *Digamma* above and below.

**lemma** *Digamma-plus-1-gt-ln*:

**assumes**  $x > (0 :: \text{real})$

**shows**  $\text{Digamma } (x + 1) > \ln x$

**proof** –

**have**  $0 < (17 :: \text{real})$

**by** *simp*

**also have**  $17 \leq 12 * x^2 + 28 * x + 17$

**using**  $x$  **by** *auto*

**finally have**  $0 < (12 * x^2 + 28 * x + 17) / (12 * (x + 1)^2 * (1 + 2 * x))$

**using**  $x$  **by** (*intro divide-pos-pos mult-pos-pos zero-less-power*) *auto*

**also have**  $\dots = 2 / (2 * x + 1) - 1 / (2 * (x + 1)) - 1 / (12 * (x + 1) ^ 2)$   
**using**  $x$  **by** (*simp add: divide-simps*) (*auto simp: field-simps power2-eq-square add-eq-0-iff*)  
**also have**  $2 / (2 * x + 1) \leq \ln (x + 1) - \ln x$   
**using** *ln-inverse-approx-ge*[*of x x + 1*]  $x$  **by** *simp*  
**also have**  $\dots - 1 / (2 * (x + 1)) - 1 / (12 * (x + 1) ^ 2) \leq$   
 $\ln (x + 1) - \ln x - 1 / (2 * (x + 1)) - P (x + 1)$   
**using** *P-upper-bound*[*of x + 1*]  $x$  **by** (*intro diff-mono*) *auto*  
**also have**  $\dots = \text{Digamma } (x + 1) - \ln x$   
**by** (*subst Digamma-approx*) (*use x in auto*)  
**finally show**  $\text{Digamma } (x + 1) > \ln x$   
**by** *simp*  
**qed**

**lemma** *Digamma-less-ln*:  
**assumes**  $x: x > (0 :: \text{real})$   
**shows**  $\text{Digamma } x < \ln x$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $\text{Digamma } x - \ln x = - (1 / (2 * x)) - P x$   
**by** (*subst Digamma-approx*) (*use x in auto*)  
**also have**  $\dots < 0 - P x$   
**using**  $x$  **by** (*intro diff-strict-right-mono*) *auto*  
**also have**  $\dots \leq 0$   
**using** *P-ge-0*[*of x*]  $x$  **by** *simp*  
**finally show**  $\text{Digamma } x < \ln x$   
**by** *simp*  
**qed**

We still need to determine the constant term  $c$ , which we do using Wallis' product formula:

$$\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4n^2}{4n^2 - 1} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

**qualified lemma** *powr-mult-2*:  $(x::\text{real}) > 0 \implies x \text{ powr } (y * 2) = (x^2) \text{ powr } y$   
**by** (*subst mult.commute*, *subst powr-powr [symmetric]*) (*simp add: powr-numeral*)

**qualified lemma** *exp-mult-2*:  $\exp (y * 2 :: \text{real}) = \exp y * \exp y$   
**by** (*subst exp-add [symmetric]*) *simp*

**qualified lemma** *exp-c*:  $\exp c = \text{sqrt } (2 * \pi)$

**proof** –  
**include** *asympt-equiv-syntax*  
**define**  $p$  **where**  $p = (\lambda n. \prod_{k=1..n} (4 * \text{real } k^2) / (4 * \text{real } k^2 - 1))$   
**have**  $p\ 0$  [*simp*]:  $p\ 0 = 1$  **by** (*simp add: p-def*)  
**have**  $p\ \text{Suc}$ :  $p (\text{Suc } n) = p\ n * (4 * \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)^2) / (4 * \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)^2 - 1)$   
**for**  $n$  **unfolding**  $p\ \text{def}$  **by** (*subst prod.nat-ivl-Suc'*) *simp-all*  
**have**  $p$ :  $p = (\lambda n. 16 ^ n * \text{fact } n ^ 4 / (\text{fact } (2 * n))^2 / (2 * \text{real } n + 1))$   
**proof**

```

fix n :: nat
have p n = (∏ k=1..n. (2*real k)2 / (2*real k - 1) / (2 * real k + 1))
unfolding p-def by (intro prod.cong refl) (simp add: field-simps power2-eq-square)
also have ... = (∏ k=1..n. (2*real k)2 / (2*real k - 1)) / (∏ k=1..n. (2 *
real (Suc k) - 1))
  by (simp add: prod-dividef prod.distrib add-ac)
also have (∏ k=1..n. (2 * real (Suc k) - 1)) = (∏ k=Suc 1..Suc n. (2 * real
k - 1))
  by (subst prod.atLeast-Suc-atMost-Suc-shift) simp-all
also have ... = (∏ k=1..n. (2 * real k - 1)) * (2 * real n + 1)
  by (induction n) (simp-all add: prod.nat-ivl-Suc^)
also have (∏ k = 1..n. (2 * real k)2 / (2 * real k - 1)) / ... =
  (∏ k = 1..n. (2 * real k)2 / (2 * real k - 1)2) / (2 * real n + 1)
  unfolding power2-eq-square by (simp add: prod.distrib prod-dividef)
also have (∏ k = 1..n. (2 * real k)2 / (2 * real k - 1)2) =
  (∏ k = 1..n. (2 * real k)4 / ((2*real k)*(2 * real k - 1))2)
  by (rule prod.cong) (simp-all add: power2-eq-square eval-nat-numeral)
also have ... = 16^n * fact n^4 / (∏ k=1..n. (2*real k) * (2*real k - 1))2
  by (simp add: prod.distrib prod-dividef fact-prod
  prod-power-distrib [symmetric] prod-constant)
also have (∏ k=1..n. (2*real k) * (2*real k - 1)) = fact (2*n)
  by (induction n) (simp-all add: algebra-simps prod.nat-ivl-Suc^)
finally show p n = 16^n * fact n^4 / (fact (2 * n))2 / (2 * real n + 1) .
qed

```

```

have p ~ (λn. 16^n * fact n^4 / (fact (2 * n))2 / (2 * real n + 1))
  by (simp add: p)
also have ... ~ (λn. 16^n * (exp c * sqrt (real n) * (real n / exp 1) powr real
n)^4 /
  (exp c * sqrt (real (2*n)) * (real (2*n) / exp 1) powr real
(2*n))^2 /
  (2 * real n + 1)) (is - ~ ?f)
  by (intro asymp-equiv-mult asymp-equiv-divide asymp-equiv-refl mult-nat-left-at-top
  fact-asymp-equiv-aux asymp-equiv-power asymp-equiv-compose^[OF
  fact-asymp-equiv-aux])
  simp-all
also have eventually (λn. ... n = exp c^2 / (4 + 2/n)) at-top
  using eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::nat]
proof eventually-elim
  fix n :: nat assume n: n > 0
  have [simp]: 16^n = 4^n * (4^n :: real) by (simp add: power-mult-distrib
[symmetric])
  from n have ?f n = exp c^2 * (n / (2*(2*n+1)))
  by (simp add: power-mult-distrib divide-simps powr-mult real-sqrt-power-even)
  (simp add: field-simps power2-eq-square eval-nat-numeral powr-mult-2
  exp-mult-2 powr-realpow)
  also from n have ... = exp c^2 / (4 + 2/n) by (simp add: field-simps)
  finally show ?f n = ... .
qed

```

**also have**  $(\lambda x. 4 + 2 / \text{real } x) \sim (\lambda x. 4)$   
**by** *(subst asymp-equiv-add-right) auto*  
**finally have**  $p \longrightarrow \exp c \wedge 2 / 4$   
**by** *(rule asymp-equivD-const) (simp-all add: asymp-equiv-divide)*  
**moreover have**  $p \longrightarrow \pi / 2$  **unfolding** *p-def* **by** *(rule wallis)*  
**ultimately have**  $\exp c \wedge 2 / 4 = \pi / 2$  **by** *(rule LIMSEQ-unique)*  
**hence**  $2 * \pi = \exp c \wedge 2$  **by** *simp*  
**also have**  $\text{sqrt} (\exp c \wedge 2) = \exp c$  **by** *simp*  
**finally show**  $\exp c = \text{sqrt} (2 * \pi)$  ..  
**qed**

**qualified lemma**  $c: c = \ln (2 * \pi) / 2$   
**proof** –  
**note** *exp-c [symmetric]*  
**also have**  $\ln (\exp c) = c$  **by** *simp*  
**finally show** *?thesis* **by** *(simp add: ln-sqrt)*  
**qed**

This gives us the final bounds:

**theorem** *Gamma-bounds:*  
**assumes**  $x \geq 1$   
**shows**  $\text{Gamma } x \geq \text{sqrt} (2 * \pi / x) * (x / \exp 1) \text{ powr } x$  (**is** *?th1*)  
 $\text{Gamma } x \leq \text{sqrt} (2 * \pi / x) * (x / \exp 1) \text{ powr } x * \exp (1 / (12 * x))$  (**is** *?th2*)  
**proof** –  
**from** *assms* **have**  $\exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x = \text{sqrt} (2 * \pi / x) * (x / \exp 1) \text{ powr } x$   
**by** *(subst powr-diff)*  
*(simp add: exp-c real-sqrt-divide powr-divide powr-half-sqrt field-simps)*  
**with** *Gamma-bounds-aux[OF assms]* **show** *?th1 ?th2* **by** *simp-all*  
**qed**

**theorem** *ln-Gamma-bounds:*  
**assumes**  $x \geq 1$   
**shows**  $\ln\text{-Gamma } x \geq \ln (2 * \pi / x) / 2 + x * \ln x - x$  (**is** *?th1*)  
 $\ln\text{-Gamma } x \leq \ln (2 * \pi / x) / 2 + x * \ln x - x + 1 / (12 * x)$  (**is** *?th2*)  
**proof** –  
**from** *ln-Gamma-bounds-aux[OF assms]* *assms* **show** *?th1 ?th2*  
**by** *(simp-all add: c field-simps ln-div)*  
**from** *assms* **have**  $\exp c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \exp x = \text{sqrt} (2 * \pi / x) * (x / \exp 1) \text{ powr } x$   
**by** *(subst powr-diff)*  
*(simp add: exp-c real-sqrt-divide powr-divide powr-half-sqrt field-simps)*  
**qed**

**theorem** *fact-bounds:*  
**assumes**  $n > 0$   
**shows**  $(\text{fact } n :: \text{real}) \geq \text{sqrt} (2 * \pi * n) * (n / \exp 1) \wedge n$  (**is** *?th1*)  
 $(\text{fact } n :: \text{real}) \leq \text{sqrt} (2 * \pi * n) * (n / \exp 1) \wedge n * \exp (1 / (12 * n))$  (**is** *?th2*)  
**qed**

?th2)

**proof** –

**from** *assms* **have**  $n: \text{real } n \geq 1$  **by** *simp*

**from** *assms* *Gamma-plus1* [*of real n*]

**have**  $\text{real } n * \text{Gamma } (\text{real } n) = \text{Gamma } (\text{real } (\text{Suc } n))$

**by** (*simp add: of-nat-in-nonpos-Ints-iff add-ac*)

**also have**  $\text{Gamma } (\text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) = \text{fact } n$  **by** (*subst Gamma-fact [symmetric]*)

*simp*

**finally have**  $*$ :  $\text{fact } n = \text{real } n * \text{Gamma } (\text{real } n)$  **by** *simp*

**have**  $2*\pi/n = 2*\pi*n / n^2$  **by** (*simp add: power2-eq-square*)

**also have**  $\text{sqrt } \dots = \text{sqrt } (2*\pi*n) / n$  **by** (*subst real-sqrt-divide*) *simp-all*

**also have**  $\text{real } n * \dots = \text{sqrt } (2*\pi*n)$  **by** *simp*

**finally have**  $**$ :  $\text{real } n * \text{sqrt } (2*\pi/\text{real } n) = \text{sqrt } (2*\pi*\text{real } n)$  .

**note**  $*$

**also note** *Gamma-bounds(2)* [*OF n*]

**also have**  $\text{real } n * (\text{sqrt } (2 * \pi / \text{real } n) * (\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } \text{real } n * \text{exp } (1 / (12 * \text{real } n))) =$   
 $(\text{real } n * \text{sqrt } (2*\pi/n)) * (n / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } n * \text{exp } (1 / (12 * n))$

**by** (*simp add: algebra-simps*)

**also from**  $n$  **have**  $(\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } \text{real } n = (\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n$

**by** (*subst powr-realpow*) *simp-all*

**also note**  $**$

**finally show** ?th2 **by** – (*insert assms, simp-all*)

**have**  $\text{sqrt } (2*\pi*n) * (n / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } n = n * (\text{sqrt } (2*\pi/n) * (n / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } n)$

**by** (*subst \*\* [symmetric]*) (*simp add: field-simps*)

**also from** *assms* **have**  $\dots \leq \text{real } n * \text{Gamma } (\text{real } n)$

**by** (*intro mult-left-mono Gamma-bounds(1)*) *simp-all*

**also from**  $n$  **have**  $(\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } \text{real } n = (\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n$

**by** (*subst powr-realpow*) *simp-all*

**also note**  $*$  [*symmetric*]

**finally show** ?th1 .

**qed**

**theorem** *ln-fact-bounds*:

**assumes**  $n > 0$

**shows**  $\ln (\text{fact } n :: \text{real}) \geq \ln (2*\pi*n)/2 + n * \ln n - n$  (**is** ?th1)

$\ln (\text{fact } n :: \text{real}) \leq \ln (2*\pi*n)/2 + n * \ln n - n + 1/(12*\text{real } n)$  (**is** ?th2)

**proof** –

**have**  $\ln (\text{fact } n :: \text{real}) \geq \ln (\text{sqrt } (2*\pi*\text{real } n) * (\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n)$

**using** *fact-bounds(1)* [*OF assms*] *assms* **by** (*subst ln-le-cancel-iff*) *auto*

**also from** *assms* **have**  $\ln (\text{sqrt } (2*\pi*\text{real } n) * (\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n) = \ln (2*\pi*n)/2 + n * \ln n - n$

**by** (*simp add: ln-mult ln-div ln-realpow ln-sqrt field-simps*)

**finally show** ?th1 .

**next**  
**have**  $\ln (\text{fact } n :: \text{real}) \leq \ln (\text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi} * \text{real } n) * (\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n * \text{exp } (1 / (12 * \text{real } n)))$   
**using** *fact-bounds(2)[OF assms] assms* **by** (*subst ln-le-cancel-iff*) *auto*  
**also from** *assms* **have**  $\dots = \ln (2 * \text{pi} * n) / 2 + n * \ln n - n + 1 / (12 * \text{real } n)$   
**by** (*simp add: ln-mult ln-div ln-realpow ln-sqrt field-simps*)  
**finally show** *?th2* .  
**qed**

**theorem** *Gamma-asymp-equiv:*

$\text{Gamma} \sim_{[\text{at-top}]} (\lambda x. \text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi} / x) * (x / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } x :: \text{real})$

**proof** –

**note** *Gamma-asymp-equiv-aux*

**also have** *eventually*  $(\lambda x. \text{exp } c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \text{exp } x = \text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi} / x) * (x / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } x)$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::real]*

**proof** *eventually-elim*

**fix**  $x :: \text{real}$  **assume**  $x > 0$

**thus**  $\text{exp } c * x \text{ powr } (x - 1/2) / \text{exp } x = \text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi} / x) * (x / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } x$   
**by** (*subst powr-diff*)

(*simp add: exp-c powr-half-sqrt powr-divide field-simps real-sqrt-divide*)

**qed**

**finally show** *?thesis* .

**qed**

**theorem** *fact-asymp-equiv:*

$\text{fact} \sim_{[\text{at-top}]} (\lambda n. \text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi} * n) * (n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n :: \text{real})$

**proof** –

**note** *fact-asymp-equiv-aux*

**also have** *eventually*  $(\lambda n. \text{exp } c * \text{sqrt } (\text{real } n) = \text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi} * \text{real } n))$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::nat]* **by** *eventually-elim (simp add: exp-c real-sqrt-mult)*

**also have** *eventually*  $(\lambda n. (n / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } n = (n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n)$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::nat]* **by** *eventually-elim (simp add: powr-realpow)*

**finally show** *?thesis* .

**qed**

**corollary** *stirling-tendsto-sqrt-pi:*

$(\lambda n. \text{fact } n / (\text{sqrt } (2 * n) * (n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n)) \longrightarrow \text{sqrt } \text{pi}$

**proof** –

**have**  $*$ :  $(\lambda n. \text{fact } n / (\text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi} * n) * (n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n)) \longrightarrow 1$

**using** *fact-asymp-equiv* **by** (*simp add: asymp-equiv-def*)

**have**  $(\lambda n. \text{sqrt } \text{pi} * \text{fact } n / (\text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi} * \text{real } n) * (\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n))$   
 $= (\lambda n. \text{fact } n / (\text{sqrt } (\text{real } (2 * n)) * (\text{real } n / \text{exp } 1) ^ n))$

**by** (*force simp add: divide-simps powr-realpow real-sqrt-mult*)

**with** *tendsto-mult-left[OF \*, of sqrt pi]* **show** *?thesis* **by** *simp*

**qed**

**end**

end

## 2 Complete asymptotics of the logarithmic Gamma function

theory *Gamma-Asymptotics*

imports

*HOL-Complex-Analysis.Complex-Analysis*

*Bernoulli.Bernoulli-FPS*

*Bernoulli.Periodic-Bernpoly*

*Stirling-Formula*

begin

### 2.1 Auxiliary Facts

lemma *stirling-limit-aux1*:

$((\lambda y. \text{Ln } (1 + z * \text{of-real } y) / \text{of-real } y) \longrightarrow z) \text{ (at-right } 0) \text{ for } z :: \text{complex}$

proof (cases  $z = 0$ )

case *True*

then show ?thesis by simp

next

case *False*

have  $((\lambda y. \ln (1 + z * \text{of-real } y)) \text{ has-vector-derivative } 1 * z) \text{ (at } 0)$

by (rule *has-vector-derivative-real-field*) (auto intro!: *derivative-eq-intros*)

then have  $(\lambda y. (\text{Ln } (1 + z * \text{of-real } y) - \text{of-real } y * z) / \text{of-real } |y|) \rightarrow 0$

by (auto simp add: *has-vector-derivative-def has-derivative-def netlimit-at scaleR-conv-of-real field-simps*)

then have  $((\lambda y. (\text{Ln } (1 + z * \text{of-real } y) - \text{of-real } y * z) / \text{of-real } |y|) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ (at-right } 0)$

by (rule *filterlim-mono[OF - - at-le]*) *simp-all*

also have ?this  $\longleftrightarrow ((\lambda y. \text{Ln } (1 + z * \text{of-real } y) / (\text{of-real } y) - z) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ (at-right } 0)$

using *eventually-at-right-less[of 0::real]*

by (intro *filterlim-cong refl*) (auto elim!: *eventually-mono simp: field-simps*)

finally show ?thesis by (*simp only: LIM-zero-iff*)

qed

lemma *stirling-limit-aux2*:

$((\lambda y. y * \text{Ln } (1 + z / \text{of-real } y)) \longrightarrow z) \text{ at-top for } z :: \text{complex}$

using *stirling-limit-aux1* [of  $z$ ] by (*subst filterlim-at-top-to-right*) (*simp add: field-simps*)

lemma *Union-atLeastAtMost*:

assumes  $N > 0$

shows  $(\bigcup n \in \{0..<N\}. \{\text{real } n.. \text{real } (n + 1)\}) = \{0.. \text{real } N\}$

proof (intro *equalityI subsetI*)

fix  $x$  assume  $x: x \in \{0.. \text{real } N\}$

thus  $x \in (\bigcup n \in \{0..<N\}. \{\text{real } n.. \text{real } (n + 1)\})$

proof (cases  $x = \text{real } N$ )

**case** *True*  
**with** *assms* **show** *?thesis* **by** (*auto intro!*: *bexI[of - N - 1]*)  
**next**  
**case** *False*  
**with** *x* **have** *x: x ≥ 0 x < real N* **by** *simp-all*  
**hence** *x ≥ real (nat [x]) x ≤ real (nat [x] + 1)* **by** *linarith+*  
**moreover from** *x* **have** *nat [x] < N* **by** *linarith*  
**ultimately have**  $\exists n \in \{0..<N\}. x \in \{\text{real } n.. \text{real } (n + 1)\}$   
**by** (*intro bexI[of - nat [x]]*) *simp-all*  
**thus** *?thesis* **by** *blast*  
**qed**  
**qed** *auto*

## 2.2 Cones in the complex plane

**definition** *complex-cone* :: *real*  $\Rightarrow$  *real*  $\Rightarrow$  *complex set* **where**  
*complex-cone a b* =  $\{z. \exists y \in \{a..b\}. z = \text{rcis } (\text{norm } z) y\}$

**abbreviation** *complex-cone'* :: *real*  $\Rightarrow$  *complex set* **where**  
*complex-cone' a*  $\equiv$  *complex-cone (-a) a*

**lemma** *zero-in-complex-cone* [*simp, intro*]:  $a \leq b \implies 0 \in \text{complex-cone } a b$   
**by** (*auto simp: complex-cone-def*)

**lemma** *complex-coneE*:

**assumes**  $z \in \text{complex-cone } a b$

**obtains**  $r \alpha$  **where**  $r \geq 0 \alpha \in \{a..b\} z = \text{rcis } r \alpha$

**proof** –

**from** *assms* **obtain** *y* **where**  $y \in \{a..b\} z = \text{rcis } (\text{norm } z) y$

**unfolding** *complex-cone-def* **by** *auto*

**thus** *?thesis* **using** *that[of norm z y]* **by** *auto*

**qed**

**lemma** *arg-cis* [*simp*]:

**assumes**  $x \in \{-\pi < .. \pi\}$

**shows**  $\text{Arg } (\text{cis } x) = x$

**using** *assms* **by** (*intro cis-Arg-unique*) *auto*

**lemma** *arg-mult-of-real-left* [*simp*]:

**assumes**  $r > 0$

**shows**  $\text{Arg } (\text{of-real } r * z) = \text{Arg } z$

**proof** (*cases z = 0*)

**case** *False*

**thus** *?thesis*

**using** *Arg-bounded[of z]* *assms*

**by** (*intro cis-Arg-unique*) (*auto simp: sgn-mult sgn-of-real cis-Arg*)

**qed** *auto*

**lemma** *arg-mult-of-real-right* [*simp*]:

```

assumes  $r > 0$ 
shows  $\text{Arg } (z * \text{of-real } r) = \text{Arg } z$ 
by (subst mult.commute, subst arg-mult-of-real-left) (simp-all add: assms)

lemma arg-rcis [simp]:
assumes  $x \in \{-\pi < .. \pi\}$   $r > 0$ 
shows  $\text{Arg } (\text{rcis } r x) = x$ 
using assms by (simp add: rcis-def)

lemma rcis-in-complex-cone [intro]:
assumes  $\alpha \in \{a..b\}$   $r \geq 0$ 
shows  $\text{rcis } r \alpha \in \text{complex-cone } a b$ 
using assms by (auto simp: complex-cone-def)

lemma arg-imp-in-complex-cone:
assumes  $\text{Arg } z \in \{a..b\}$ 
shows  $z \in \text{complex-cone } a b$ 
proof –
have  $z = \text{rcis } (\text{norm } z) (\text{Arg } z)$ 
by (simp add: rcis-cmod-Arg)
also have  $\dots \in \text{complex-cone } a b$ 
using assms by auto
finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma complex-cone-altdef:
assumes  $-\pi < a \leq b \leq \pi$ 
shows  $\text{complex-cone } a b = \text{insert } 0 \{z. \text{Arg } z \in \{a..b\}\}$ 
proof (intro equalityI subsetI)
fix  $z$  assume  $z \in \text{complex-cone } a b$ 
then obtain  $r \alpha$  where  $*$ :  $r \geq 0 \alpha \in \{a..b\} z = \text{rcis } r \alpha$ 
by (auto elim: complex-coneE)
have  $\text{Arg } z \in \{a..b\}$  if [simp]:  $z \neq 0$ 
proof –
have  $r > 0$  using that  $*$  by (subst (asm) *) auto
hence  $\alpha \in \{a..b\}$ 
using  $*(1,2)$  assms by (auto simp: *(1))
moreover from assms  $*(2)$  have  $\alpha \in \{-\pi < .. \pi\}$ 
by auto
ultimately show ?thesis using  $*(3)$   $\langle r > 0 \rangle$ 
by (subst *) auto
qed
thus  $z \in \text{insert } 0 \{z. \text{Arg } z \in \{a..b\}\}$ 
by auto
qed (use assms in  $\langle \text{auto intro: arg-imp-in-complex-cone} \rangle$ )

lemma nonneg-of-real-in-complex-cone [simp, intro]:
assumes  $x \geq 0 \ a \leq 0 \ 0 \leq b$ 
shows  $\text{of-real } x \in \text{complex-cone } a b$ 

```

**proof** –

**from** *assms* **have** *rcis*  $x \ 0 \in \text{complex-cone } a \ b$   
**by** (*intro rcis-in-complex-cone*) *auto*  
**thus** *?thesis* **by** *simp*  
**qed**

**lemma** *one-in-complex-cone* [*simp, intro*]:  $a \leq 0 \implies 0 \leq b \implies 1 \in \text{complex-cone } a \ b$

**using** *nonneg-of-real-in-complex-cone[of 1]* **by** (*simp del: nonneg-of-real-in-complex-cone*)

**lemma** *of-nat-in-complex-cone* [*simp, intro*]:  $a \leq 0 \implies 0 \leq b \implies \text{of-nat } n \in \text{complex-cone } a \ b$

**using** *nonneg-of-real-in-complex-cone[of real n]* **by** (*simp del: nonneg-of-real-in-complex-cone*)

## 2.3 Another integral representation of the Beta function

**lemma** *complex-cone-inter-nonpos-Reals*:

**assumes**  $-\pi < a \ a \leq b \ b < \pi$

**shows**  $\text{complex-cone } a \ b \cap \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0} = \{0\}$

**proof** (*safe elim!: nonpos-Reals-cases*)

**fix**  $x :: \text{real}$

**assume**  $\text{complex-of-real } x \in \text{complex-cone } a \ b \ x \leq 0$

**hence**  $\neg(x < 0)$

**using** *assms* **by** (*intro notI*) (*auto simp: complex-cone-altdef*)

**with**  $\langle x \leq 0 \rangle$  **show**  $\text{complex-of-real } x = 0$  **by** *auto*

**qed** (*use assms in auto*)

**theorem**

**assumes**  $a > 0$  **and**  $b > 0$  ( $:: \text{real}$ )

**shows** *has-integral-Beta-real*:

$((\lambda u. u \ \text{powr } (b - 1) / (1 + u) \ \text{powr } (a + b)) \ \text{has-integral } \text{Beta } a \ b) \ \{0 < ..\}$

**and** *Beta-conv-nn-integral*:

$\text{Beta } a \ b = (\int^{+} u. \ \text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0 < ..\} \ u * u \ \text{powr } (b - 1) / (1 + u) \ \text{powr } (a + b)) \ \partial \text{lborel})$

**proof** –

**define**  $I$  **where**

$I = (\int^{+} u. \ \text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0 < ..\} \ u * u \ \text{powr } (b - 1) / (1 + u) \ \text{powr } (a + b)) \ \partial \text{lborel})$

**have**  $\text{Gamma } (a + b) > 0 \ \text{Beta } a \ b > 0$

**using** *assms* **by** (*simp-all add: add-pos-pos Beta-def*)

**from**  $a \ b$  **have**  $\text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } a * \text{Gamma } b) =$

$(\int^{+} t. \ \text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0 ..\} \ t * t \ \text{powr } (a - 1) / \exp t) \ \partial \text{lborel}) *$

$(\int^{+} t. \ \text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0 ..\} \ t * t \ \text{powr } (b - 1) / \exp t) \ \partial \text{lborel})$

**by** (*subst ennreal-mult'*) (*simp-all add: Gamma-conv-nn-integral-real*)

**also have**  $\dots = (\int^{+} t. \ \int^{+} u. \ \text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0 ..\} \ t * t \ \text{powr } (a - 1) / \exp t) *$

$\text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0 ..\} \ u * u \ \text{powr } (b - 1) / \exp u) \ \partial \text{lborel}$

$\partial \text{lborel})$

**by** (*simp add: nn-integral-cmult nn-integral-multc*)

**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+t}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * (\int^{+u}. \text{indicator } \{0..\} u * t \text{ powr } (a - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1)) / \exp (t + u) \partial \text{lborel}) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong-AE AE-I[of - - {0}]*)  
*(auto simp: indicator-def divide-ennreal ennreal-mult' [symmetric] exp-add mult-ac)*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+t}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * (\int^{+u}. \text{indicator } \{0..\} u * t \text{ powr } (a - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1)) / \exp (t + u) \partial(\text{density } (\text{distr lborel borel } ((* t)) (\lambda x. \text{ennreal } |t|)))) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong mult-indicator-cong, subst lborel-distr-mult' [symmetric]*)  
*auto*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+(t::\text{real})}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * (\int^{+u}. \text{indicator } \{0..\} (u * t) * t \text{ powr } a * (u * t) \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \exp (t + t * u) \partial \text{lborel}) \partial \text{lborel})$   
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong mult-indicator-cong*)  
*(auto simp: nn-integral-density nn-integral-distr algebra-simps powr-diff simp flip: ennreal-mult)*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+(t::\text{real})}. \int^{+u}. \text{indicator } (\{0<..\} \times \{0..\}) (t, u) * t \text{ powr } a * (u * t) \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \exp (t * (u + 1)) \partial \text{lborel}) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**by** (*subst nn-integral-cmult [symmetric], simp, intro nn-integral-cong*)  
*(auto simp: indicator-def zero-le-mult-iff algebra-simps)*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+(t::\text{real})}. \int^{+u}. \text{indicator } (\{0<..\} \times \{0..\}) (t, u) * t \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \exp (t * (u + 1)) \partial \text{lborel}) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong*) *(auto simp: powr-add powr-diff indicator-def powr-mult field-simps)*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+(u::\text{real})}. \int^{+t}. \text{indicator } (\{0<..\} \times \{0..\}) (t, u) * t \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \exp (t * (u + 1)) \partial \text{lborel}) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**by** (*rule lborel-pair.Fubini'*) *auto*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+(u::\text{real})}. \text{indicator } \{0..\} u * (\int^{+t}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * t \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \exp (t * (u + 1)) \partial \text{lborel}) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong mult-indicator-cong*) *(auto simp: indicator-def)*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+(u::\text{real})}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} u * (\int^{+t}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * t \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \exp (t * (u + 1)) \partial \text{lborel}) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong-AE AE-I[of - - {0}]*) *(auto simp: indicator-def)*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+(u::\text{real})}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} u * (\int^{+t}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * t \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \exp (t * (u + 1)) \partial(\text{density } (\text{distr lborel borel } ((* (1/(1+u)))) (\lambda x. \text{ennreal } |1/(1+u)|)))) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong mult-indicator-cong, subst lborel-distr-mult' [symmetric]*)  
*auto*  
**also have** ... =  $(\int^{+(u::\text{real})}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} u * (\int^{+t}. \text{ennreal } (1 / (u + 1)) * \text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0<..\} (t / (u + 1))) * (t / (1+u)) \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \exp t)$

$\partial\text{lborel}$ )  $\partial\text{lborel}$ )  
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong mult-indicator-cong*)  
*(auto simp: nn-integral-distr nn-integral-density add-ac)*  
**also have**  $\dots = (\int^{+u}. \int^{+t}. \text{indicator } (\{0<..\} \times \{0<..\}) (u, t) * 1/(u+1) * (t / (u+1)) \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) * u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / \text{exp } t \partial\text{lborel } \partial\text{lborel})$   
**by** (*subst nn-integral-cmult [symmetric], simp, intro nn-integral-cong*)  
*(auto simp: indicator-def field-simps divide-ennreal simp flip: ennreal-mult ennreal-mult')*  
**also have**  $\dots = (\int^{+u}. \int^{+t}. \text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0<..\} u * u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / (1 + u) \text{ powr } (a + b))) * \text{ennreal } (\text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * t \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) / \text{exp } t) \partial\text{lborel } \partial\text{lborel})$   
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong*)  
*(auto simp: indicator-def powr-add powr-diff powr-divide powr-minus divide-simps add-ac simp flip: ennreal-mult)*  
**also have**  $\dots = I * (\int^{+t}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * t \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) / \text{exp } t \partial\text{lborel})$   
**by** (*simp add: nn-integral-cmult nn-integral-multc I-def*)  
**also have**  $(\int^{+t}. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} t * t \text{ powr } (a + b - 1) / \text{exp } t \partial\text{lborel}) = \text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } (a + b))$   
**using** *assms*  
**by** (*subst Gamma-conv-nn-integral-real*)  
*(auto intro!: nn-integral-cong-AE[OF AE-I[of - - {0}]] simp: indicator-def split: if-splits split-of-bool-asm)*  
**finally have**  $\text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } a * \text{Gamma } b) = I * \text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } (a + b)) .$   
**hence**  $\text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } a * \text{Gamma } b) / \text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } (a + b)) = I * \text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } (a + b)) / \text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } (a + b))$  **by** *simp*  
**also have**  $\dots = I$   
**using**  $\langle \text{Gamma } (a + b) > 0 \rangle$  **by** (*intro ennreal-mult-divide-eq auto*)  
**also have**  $\text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } a * \text{Gamma } b) / \text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } (a + b)) = \text{ennreal } (\text{Gamma } a * \text{Gamma } b / \text{Gamma } (a + b))$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*intro divide-ennreal auto*)  
**also have**  $\dots = \text{ennreal } (\text{Beta } a b)$   
**by** (*simp add: Beta-def*)  
**finally show**  $*$ :  $\text{ennreal } (\text{Beta } a b) = I .$

**define**  $f$  **where**  $f = (\lambda u. u \text{ powr } (b - 1) / (1 + u) \text{ powr } (a + b))$   
**have**  $(\lambda u. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} u * f u)$  *has-integral*  $\text{Beta } a b$  *UNIV*  
**using**  $\langle \text{Beta } a b > 0 \rangle$   
**by** (*subst has-integral-iff-nn-integral-lebesgue*)  
*(auto simp: f-def measurable-completion nn-integral-completion I-def mult-ac)*  
**also have**  $(\lambda u. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} u * f u) = (\lambda u. \text{if } u \in \{0<..\} \text{ then } f u \text{ else } 0)$   
**by** (*auto simp: fun-eq-iff*)  
**also have**  $(\dots \text{ has-integral } \text{Beta } a b) \text{ UNIV} \iff (f \text{ has-integral } \text{Beta } a b) \{0<..\}$   
**by** (*rule has-integral-restrict-UNIV*)  
**finally show**  $\dots$  **by** (*simp add: f-def*)

qed

**lemma** *has-integral-Beta2*:  
**fixes**  $a :: \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $a < -1/2$   
**shows**  $((\lambda x. (1 + x^2)^{\text{powr } a}) \text{ has-integral } \text{Beta } (-a - 1/2) (1/2) / 2) \{0<..\}$   
**proof** –  
**define**  $f$  **where**  $f = (\lambda u. u^{\text{powr } (-1/2)} / (1 + u)^{\text{powr } (-a)})$   
**define**  $C$  **where**  $C = \text{Beta } (-a - 1/2) (1/2)$   
**have**  $I: (f \text{ has-integral } C) \{0<..\}$   
**using** *has-integral-Beta-real* [of  $-a - 1/2$   $1/2$ ] *assms*  
**by** (*simp-all add: diff-divide-distrib f-def C-def*)  
  
**define**  $g$  **where**  $g = (\lambda x. x^2 :: \text{real})$   
**have**  $\text{bij}: \text{bij-betw } g \{0<..\} \{0<..\}$   
**by** (*intro bij-betwI* [of  $- - - \text{sqrt}$ ] (*auto simp: g-def*))  
  
**have**  $(f \text{ absolutely-integrable-on } g \{0<..\} \wedge \text{integral } (g \{0<..\}) f = C)$   
**using**  $I$   $\text{bij}$  **by** (*simp add: bij-betw-def has-integral-iff absolutely-integrable-on-def f-def*)  
**also have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda x. |2 * x| * f (g x)) \text{ absolutely-integrable-on } \{0<..\} \wedge \text{integral } \{0<..\} (\lambda x. |2 * x| * f (g x)) = C)$   
**using**  $\text{bij}$  **by** (*intro has-absolute-integral-change-of-variables-1'* [*symmetric*])  
(*auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros simp: g-def bij-betw-def*)  
**finally have**  $((\lambda x. |2 * x| * f (g x)) \text{ has-integral } C) \{0<..\}$   
**by** (*simp add: absolutely-integrable-on-def f-def has-integral-iff*)  
**also have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda x::\text{real}. 2 * (1 + x^2)^{\text{powr } a}) \text{ has-integral } C) \{0<..\}$   
**by** (*intro has-integral-cong*) (*auto simp: f-def g-def powr-def exp-minus ln-realpow field-simps*)  
**finally have**  $((\lambda x::\text{real}. 1/2 * (2 * (1 + x^2)^{\text{powr } a})) \text{ has-integral } 1/2 * C) \{0<..\}$   
**by** (*intro has-integral-mult-right*)  
**thus**  $?thesis$  **by** (*simp add: C-def*)  
**qed**

**lemma** *has-integral-Beta3*:  
**fixes**  $a b :: \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $a < -1/2$  **and**  $b > 0$   
**shows**  $((\lambda x. (b + x^2)^{\text{powr } a}) \text{ has-integral } \text{Beta } (-a - 1/2) (1/2) / 2 * b^{\text{powr } (a + 1/2)}) \{0<..\}$   
**proof** –  
**define**  $C$  **where**  $C = \text{Beta } (-a - 1/2) (1/2) / 2$   
**have**  $\text{int}: \text{nn-integral lborel } (\lambda x. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} x * (1 + x^2)^{\text{powr } a}) = C$   
**using** *nn-integral-has-integral-lebesgue* [*OF* - *has-integral-Beta2* [*OF assms(1)*]]  
**by** (*auto simp: C-def*)  
**have**  $\text{nn-integral lborel } (\lambda x. \text{indicator } \{0<..\} x * (b + x^2)^{\text{powr } a}) =$   
 $(\int^+ x. \text{ennreal } (\text{indicat-real } \{0<..\} (x * \text{sqrt } b)) * (b + (x * \text{sqrt } b)^2)^{\text{powr } a}$   
 $* \text{sqrt } b) \partial \text{lborel})$   
**using** *assms*

**by** (*subst lborel-distr-mult'[of sqrt b]*)  
*(auto simp: nn-integral-density nn-integral-distr mult-ac simp flip: ennreal-mult)*  
**also have**  $\dots = (\int^{+x}. \text{ennreal} (\text{indicat-real} \{0<..\} x * (b * (1 + x^2))) \text{ powr } a * \text{sqrt } b) \partial \text{lborel}$   
**using** *assms*  
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong*) (*auto simp: indicator-def field-simps zero-less-mult-iff*)  
**also have**  $\dots = (\int^{+x}. \text{ennreal} (\text{indicat-real} \{0<..\} x * b \text{ powr } (a + 1/2) * (1 + x^2) \text{ powr } a) \partial \text{lborel})$   
**using** *assms*  
**by** (*intro nn-integral-cong*) (*auto simp: indicator-def powr-add powr-half-sqrt powr-mult*)  
**also have**  $\dots = b \text{ powr } (a + 1/2) * (\int^{+x}. \text{ennreal} (\text{indicat-real} \{0<..\} x * (1 + x^2) \text{ powr } a) \partial \text{lborel})$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*subst nn-integral-cmult [symmetric]*) (*simp-all add: mult-ac flip: ennreal-mult*)  
**also have**  $(\int^{+x}. \text{ennreal} (\text{indicat-real} \{0<..\} x * (1 + x^2) \text{ powr } a) \partial \text{lborel}) = C$   
**using** *int by simp*  
**also have**  $\text{ennreal} (b \text{ powr } (a + 1/2)) * \text{ennreal } C = \text{ennreal} (C * b \text{ powr } (a + 1/2))$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*subst ennreal-mult*) (*auto simp: C-def mult-ac Beta-def*)  
**finally have**  $*$ :  $(\int^{+x}. \text{ennreal} (\text{indicat-real} \{0<..\} x * (b + x^2) \text{ powr } a) \partial \text{lborel}) = \dots$   
**hence**  $((\lambda x. \text{indicator} \{0<..\} x * (b + x^2) \text{ powr } a) \text{ has-integral } C * b \text{ powr } (a + 1/2)) \text{ UNIV}$   
**using** *assms*  
**by** (*subst has-integral-iff-nn-integral-lebesgue*)  
*(auto simp: C-def measurable-completion nn-integral-completion Beta-def)*  
**also have**  $(\lambda x. \text{indicator} \{0<..\} x * (b + x^2) \text{ powr } a) =$   
 $(\lambda x. \text{if } x \in \{0<..\} \text{ then } (b + x^2) \text{ powr } a \text{ else } 0)$   
**by** (*auto simp: fun-eq-iff*)  
**finally show** *?thesis*  
**by** (*subst (asm) has-integral-restrict-UNIV*) (*auto simp: C-def*)  
**qed**

## 2.4 Asymptotics of the real $\log \Gamma$ function and its derivatives

This is the error term that occurs in the expansion of *ln-Gamma*. It can be shown to be of order  $O(s^{-n})$ .

**definition** *stirling-integral* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a :: \{\text{real-normed-div-algebra, banach}\} \Rightarrow 'a$   
**where**

$$\text{stirling-integral } n \ s = \lim (\lambda N. \text{integral} \{0..N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real} (\text{pbernpoly } n \ x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n))$$

**context**

**fixes**  $s :: \text{complex}$  **assumes**  $s: s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$

**fixes** *approx* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{complex}$

**defines** *approx*  $\equiv (\lambda N.$

$$(\sum n = 1..<N. s / \text{of-nat } n - \ln (1 + s / \text{of-nat } n)) - (\text{euler-mascheroni} * s$$

$+ \ln s) - \dots \longrightarrow \ln\text{-Gamma } s$   
 $(\ln\text{-Gamma } (\text{of-nat } N) - \ln (2 * \pi / \text{of-nat } N) / 2 - \text{of-nat } N * \ln (\text{of-nat } N) + \text{of-nat } N) - \dots \longrightarrow 0$   
 $s * (\text{harm } (N - 1) - \ln (\text{of-nat } (N - 1))) - \text{euler-mascheroni} + \dots \longrightarrow 0$   
 $s * (\ln (\text{of-nat } N + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } (N - 1))) - \dots \longrightarrow 0$   
 $(1/2) * (\ln (\text{of-nat } N + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } N)) + \dots \longrightarrow 0$   
 $\text{of-nat } N * (\ln (\text{of-nat } N + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } N)) - \dots \longrightarrow s$   
 $(s - 1/2) * \ln s - \ln (2 * \pi) / 2$

**begin**

**qualified lemma**

**assumes**  $N: N > 0$

**shows** *integrable-pbernpoly-1*:

$(\lambda x. \text{of-real } (-\text{pbernpoly } 1 x) / (\text{of-real } x + s)) \text{ integrable-on } \{0..real N\}$

**and** *integral-pbernpoly-1-aux*:

$\text{integral } \{0..real N\} (\lambda x. -\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } 1 x) / (\text{of-real } x + s)) =$

*approx N*

**and** *has-integral-pbernpoly-1*:

$((\lambda x. \text{pbernpoly } 1 x / (x + s)) \text{ has-integral } (\sum m < N. (\text{of-nat } m + 1 / 2 + s) * (\ln (\text{of-nat } m + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } m + 1 + s)) + 1)) \{0..real N\}$

**proof** –

**let**  $?A = (\lambda n. \{ \text{of-nat } n.. \text{of-nat } (n+1) \}) ' \{0..<N\}$

**have** *has-integral*:

$((\lambda x. -\text{pbernpoly } 1 x / (x + s)) \text{ has-integral } (\text{of-nat } n + 1/2 + s) * (\ln (\text{of-nat } (n + 1) + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } n + s))$

– 1)

$\{ \text{of-nat } n.. \text{of-nat } (n + 1) \}$  **for**  $n$

**proof** (*rule has-integral-spike*)

**have**  $((\lambda x. (\text{of-nat } n + 1/2 + s) * (1 / (\text{of-real } x + s)) - 1) \text{ has-integral } (\text{of-nat } n + 1/2 + s) * (\ln (\text{of-real } (\text{real } (n + 1)) + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } (\text{real } n) + s)) - 1)$

$\{ \text{of-nat } n.. \text{of-nat } (n + 1) \}$

**using**  $s \text{ has-integral-const-real}[\text{of } 1 \text{ of-nat } n \text{ of-nat } (n + 1)]$

**by** (*intro has-integral-diff has-integral-mult-right fundamental-theorem-of-calculus*)

(*auto intro! derivative-eq-intros has-vector-derivative-real-field*

*simp: has-real-derivative-iff-has-vector-derivative [symmetric] field-simps complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)

**thus**  $((\lambda x. (\text{of-nat } n + 1/2 + s) * (1 / (\text{of-real } x + s)) - 1) \text{ has-integral } (\text{of-nat } n + 1/2 + s) * (\ln (\text{of-nat } (n + 1) + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } n + s))$

– 1)

$\{ \text{of-nat } n.. \text{of-nat } (n + 1) \}$  **by** *simp*

**show**  $-\text{pbernpoly } 1 x / (x + s) = (\text{of-nat } n + 1/2 + s) * (1 / (x + s)) - 1$

**if**  $x \in \{ \text{of-nat } n.. \text{of-nat } (n + 1) \} - \{ \text{of-nat } (n + 1) \}$  **for**  $x$

**proof** –

**have**  $x: x \geq \text{real } n \ x < \text{real } (n + 1)$  **using** *that by simp-all*

**hence**  $\text{floor } x = \text{int } n$  **by** *linarith*

**moreover from**  $s$  **have** *complex-of-real*  $x \neq -s$

**by** (*auto simp add: complex-eq-iff complex-nonpos-Reals-iff simp del: of-nat-Suc*)  
**ultimately show**  $-pbernpoly\ 1\ x / (x + s) = (of\ nat\ n + 1/2 + s) * (1 / (x + s)) - 1$   
**by** (*auto simp: pbernpoly-def bernpoly-def frac-def divide-simps add-eq-0-iff2*)  
**qed**  
**qed simp-all**  
**hence** \*:  $\bigwedge I. I \in ?A \implies ((\lambda x. -pbernpoly\ 1\ x / (x + s))\ has\ integral\ (Inf\ I + 1/2 + s) * (ln\ (Inf\ I + 1 + s) - ln\ (Inf\ I + s)) - 1)\ I$   
**by** (*auto simp: add-ac*)  
**have**  $((\lambda x. -pbernpoly\ 1\ x / (x + s))\ has\ integral\ (\sum I \in ?A. (Inf\ I + 1 / 2 + s) * (ln\ (Inf\ I + 1 + s) - ln\ (Inf\ I + s)) - 1))$   
 $(\bigcup n \in \{0..<N\}. \{real\ n..real\ (n + 1)\})\ (is\ (-\ has\ integral\ ?i)\ -)$   
**apply** (*intro has-integral-Union \* finite-imageI*)  
**apply** (*force intro!: negligible-atLeastAtMostI pairwiseI*)  
**done**  
**hence** *has-integral*:  $((\lambda x. -pbernpoly\ 1\ x / (x + s))\ has\ integral\ ?i)\ \{0..real\ N\}$   
**by** (*subst has-integral-spike-set-eq*)  
*(use Union-atLeastAtMost assms in <auto simp: intro!: empty-imp-negligible>)*  
**hence**  $(\lambda x. -pbernpoly\ 1\ x / (x + s))\ integrable\ on\ \{0..real\ N\}$   
**and** *integral*:  $integral\ \{0..real\ N\}\ (\lambda x. -pbernpoly\ 1\ x / (x + s)) = ?i$   
**by** (*simp-all add: has-integral-iff*)  
**show**  $(\lambda x. -pbernpoly\ 1\ x / (x + s))\ integrable\ on\ \{0..real\ N\}$  **by fact**  
  
**note** *has-integral-neg[OF has-integral]*  
**also have**  $-?i = (\sum x < N. (of\ nat\ x + 1 / 2 + s) * (ln\ (of\ nat\ x + s) - ln\ (of\ nat\ x + 1 + s)) + 1)$   
**by** (*subst sum.reindex*)  
*(simp-all add: inj-on-def atLeast0LessThan algebra-simps sum-negf [symmetric])*  
**finally show** *has-integral*:  
 $((\lambda x. of\ real\ (pbernpoly\ 1\ x) / (of\ real\ x + s))\ has\ integral\ \dots)\ \{0..real\ N\}$  **by**  
*simp*  
  
**note** *integral*  
**also have**  $?i = (\sum n < N. (of\ nat\ n + 1 / 2 + s) * (ln\ (of\ nat\ n + 1 + s) - ln\ (of\ nat\ n + s))) - N\ (is\ - = ?S - -)$   
**by** (*subst sum.reindex*) (*simp-all add: inj-on-def sum-subtractf atLeast0LessThan*)  
**also have**  $?S = (\sum n < N. of\ nat\ n * (ln\ (of\ nat\ n + 1 + s) - ln\ (of\ nat\ n + s))) + (s + 1 / 2) * (\sum n < N. ln\ (of\ nat\ (Suc\ n) + s) - ln\ (of\ nat\ n + s))$   
 $(is\ - = ?S1 + - * ?S2)$  **by** (*simp add: algebra-simps sum.distrib sum-subtractf sum-distrib-left*)  
**also have**  $?S2 = ln\ (of\ nat\ N + s) - ln\ s$  **by** (*subst sum-lessThan-telescope*)  
*simp*  
**also have**  $?S1 = (\sum n = 1..<N. of\ nat\ n * (ln\ (of\ nat\ n + 1 + s) - ln\ (of\ nat\ n + s)))$   
**by** (*intro sum.mono-neutral-right*) *auto*  
**also have**  $\dots = (\sum n = 1..<N. of\ nat\ n * ln\ (of\ nat\ n + 1 + s)) - (\sum n = 1..<N.$

$of\text{-}nat\ n * ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ n + s)$   
**by** (*simp add: algebra-simps sum-subtractf*)  
**also have**  $(\sum_{n=1..<N}. of\text{-}nat\ n * ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ n + 1 + s)) =$   
 $(\sum_{n=1..<N}. (of\text{-}nat\ n - 1) * ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ n + s)) + (N - 1) * ln$   
 $(of\text{-}nat\ N + s)$   
**by** (*induction N (simp-all add: add-ac of-nat-diff)*)  
**also have**  $\dots - (\sum_{n=1..<N}. of\text{-}nat\ n * ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ n + s)) =$   
 $-(\sum_{n=1..<N}. ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ n + s)) + (N - 1) * ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ N + s)$   
**by** (*induction N (simp-all add: algebra-simps)*)  
**also from**  $s$  **have** *neg: s + of-nat x ≠ 0 for x*  
**by** (*auto simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff complex-eq-iff*)  
**hence**  $(\sum_{n=1..<N}. ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ n + s)) = (\sum_{n=1..<N}. ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ n) + ln\ (1$   
 $+ s/n))$   
**by** (*intro sum.cong refl, subst Ln-times-of-nat [symmetric] (auto simp: di-*  
*vide-simps add-ac)*)  
**also have**  $\dots = ln\ (fact\ (N - 1)) + (\sum_{n=1..<N}. ln\ (1 + s/n))$   
**by** (*induction N (simp-all add: Ln-times-of-nat fact-reduce add-ac)*)  
**also have**  $(\sum_{n=1..<N}. ln\ (1 + s/n)) = -(\sum_{n=1..<N}. s / n - ln\ (1 + s/n))$   
 $+ s * (\sum_{n=1..<N}. 1 / of\text{-}nat\ n)$   
**by** (*simp add: sum-distrib-left sum-subtractf*)  
**also from**  $N$  **have**  $ln\ (fact\ (N - 1)) = ln\text{-Gamma}\ (of\text{-}nat\ N :: complex)$   
**by** (*simp add: ln-Gamma-complex-conv-fact*)  
**also have**  $\{1..<N\} = \{1..N - 1\}$  **by** *auto*  
**hence**  $(\sum_{n=1..<N}. 1 / of\text{-}nat\ n) = (harm\ (N - 1) :: complex)$   
**by** (*simp add: harm-def divide-simps*)  
**also have**  $-(ln\text{-Gamma}\ (of\text{-}nat\ N) + (- (\sum_{n=1..<N}. s / of\text{-}nat\ n - ln\ (1$   
 $+ s / of\text{-}nat\ n)) +$   
 $s * harm\ (N - 1))) + of\text{-}nat\ (N - 1) * ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ N + s) +$   
 $(s + 1 / 2) * (ln\ (of\text{-}nat\ N + s) - ln\ s) - of\text{-}nat\ N = approx\ N$   
**using**  $N$  **by** (*simp add: field-simps of-nat-diff ln-div approx-def Ln-of-nat*  
*ln-Gamma-complex-of-real [symmetric]*)  
**finally show** *integral*  $\{0..of\text{-}nat\ N\} (\lambda x. -of\text{-}real\ (pbernpoly\ 1\ x) / (of\text{-}real\ x +$   
 $s)) = \dots$   
**by** *simp*  
**qed**

**lemma** *integrable-ln-Gamma-aux:*

**shows**  $(\lambda x. of\text{-}real\ (pbernpoly\ n\ x) / (of\text{-}real\ x + s) ^ n)$  *integrable-on*  $\{0..real\ N\}$

**proof** (*cases n = 1*)

**case** *True*

**with**  $s$  **show** *?thesis using integrable-neg[OF integrable-pbernpoly-1[of N]]*

**by** (*cases N = 0*) (*simp-all add: integrable-negligible*)

**next**

**case** *False*

**from**  $s$  **have** *of-real x + s ≠ 0 if x ≥ 0 for x using that*

**by** (*auto simp: complex-eq-iff add-eq-0-iff2 complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)

**with** *False s show ?thesis*

**by** (*auto intro!: integrable-continuous-real continuous-intros*)

**qed**

This following proof is based on “Rudiments of the theory of the gamma function” by Bruce Berndt [1].

**lemma** *tendsto-of-real-0-I*:

$(f \longrightarrow 0) \ G \implies ((\lambda x. (of\text{-}real\ (f\ x))) \longrightarrow (0 :: 'a::real\text{-}normed\text{-}div\text{-}algebra))$   
 $G$   
**using** *tendsto-of-real-iff* **by** *force*

**qualified lemma** *integral-pbernpoly-1*:

$(\lambda N. \ integral\ \{0..real\ N\}\ (\lambda x. \ pbernpoly\ 1\ x\ /\ (x + s)))$   
 $\longrightarrow -ln\text{-}Gamma\ s - s + (s - 1 / 2) * ln\ s + ln\ (2 * pi) / 2$

**proof** –

**have** *neq: s + of-real x ≠ 0 if x ≥ 0 for x :: real*

**using** *that s by (auto simp: complex-eq-iff complex-nonpos-Reals-iff)*

**have**  $(approx \longrightarrow ln\text{-}Gamma\ s - 0 - 0 + 0 - 0 + s - (s - 1/2) * ln\ s - ln\ (2 * pi) / 2)$  *at-top*

**unfolding** *approx-def*

**proof** *(intro tendsto-add tendsto-diff)*

**from** *s have s': s ∉ ℤ<sub>≤0</sub> by (auto simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff elim!: non-pos-Ints-cases)*

**have**  $(\lambda n. \ \sum\ i=1..<n. \ s / of\text{-}nat\ i - ln\ (1 + s / of\text{-}nat\ i)) \longrightarrow$   
 $ln\text{-}Gamma\ s + euler\text{-}mascheroni * s + ln\ s$  **(is ?f → -)**

**using** *ln-Gamma-series'-aux[OF s']* **unfolding** *sums-def*

**by** *(subst filterlim-sequentially-Suc [symmetric], subst (asm) sum.atLeast1-atMost-eq [symmetric])*

*(simp add: atLeastLessThanSuc-atLeastAtMost)*

**thus**  $(\lambda n. \ ?f\ n - (euler\text{-}mascheroni * s + ln\ s)) \longrightarrow ln\text{-}Gamma\ s$  *at-top*

**by** *(auto intro: tendsto-eq-intros)*

**next**

**show**  $(\lambda x. \ complex\text{-}of\text{-}real\ (ln\text{-}Gamma\ (real\ x) - ln\ (2 * pi / real\ x) / 2 - real\ x * ln\ (real\ x) + real\ x)) \longrightarrow 0$

**proof** *(intro tendsto-of-real-0-I*

*filterlim-compose[OF tendsto-sandwich filterlim-real-sequentially])*

**show** *eventually*  $(\lambda x::real. \ ln\text{-}Gamma\ x - ln\ (2 * pi / x) / 2 - x * ln\ x + x \geq 0)$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-ge-at-top[of 1::real]*

**by** *eventually-elim (insert ln-Gamma-bounds(1), simp add: algebra-simps)*

**show** *eventually*  $(\lambda x::real. \ ln\text{-}Gamma\ x - ln\ (2 * pi / x) / 2 - x * ln\ x + x$

$\leq$

$1 / 12 * inverse\ x)$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-ge-at-top[of 1::real]*

**by** *eventually-elim (insert ln-Gamma-bounds(2), simp add: field-simps)*

**show**  $(\lambda x::real. \ 1 / 12 * inverse\ x) \longrightarrow 0)$  *at-top*

**by** *real-asymp*

**qed** *simp-all*

**next**

**have**  $(\lambda x. \ s * of\text{-}real\ (harm\ (x - 1) - ln\ (real\ (x - 1)) - euler\text{-}mascheroni))$

$\longrightarrow$

$s * \text{of-real } (\text{euler-mascheroni} - \text{euler-mascheroni})$   
**by** (*subst filterlim-sequentially-Suc [symmetric], intro tendsto-intros*)  
*(insert euler-mascheroni-LIMSEQ, simp-all)*  
**also have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow (\lambda x. s * (\text{harm } (x - 1) - \ln (\text{of-nat } (x - 1))) - \text{euler-mascheroni}) \longrightarrow 0$   
**by** (*intro filterlim-cong refl eventually-mono[OF eventually-gt-at-top[of 1::nat]]*)  
*(auto simp: of-real-harm simp del: of-nat-diff)*  
**finally show**  $(\lambda x. s * (\text{harm } (x - 1) - \ln (\text{of-nat } (x - 1))) - \text{euler-mascheroni}) \longrightarrow 0$  .  
**next**  
**have**  $((\lambda x. \ln (1 + (s + 1) / \text{of-real } x)) \longrightarrow \ln (1 + 0)) \text{ at-top (is ?P)}$   
**by** (*intro tendsto-intros tendsto-divide-0[OF tendsto-const]*)  
*(simp-all add: filterlim-ident filterlim-at-infinity-conv-norm-at-top filterlim-abs-real)*  
**also have**  $\ln (\text{of-real } (x + 1) + s) - \ln (\text{complex-of-real } x) = \ln (1 + (s + 1) / \text{of-real } x)$   
**if**  $x > 1$  **for**  $x$  **using** *that s*  
**using** *Ln-divide-of-real[of x of-real (x + 1) + s, symmetric] neq[of x+1]*  
**by** (*simp add: field-simps Ln-of-real*)  
**hence**  $?P \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda x. \ln (\text{of-real } (x + 1) + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } x)) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ at-top}$   
**by** (*intro filterlim-cong refl*)  
*(auto intro: eventually-mono[OF eventually-gt-at-top[of 1::real]])*  
**finally have**  $((\lambda n. \ln (\text{of-real } (\text{real } n + 1) + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } (\text{real } n))) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ at-top}$   
**by** (*rule filterlim-compose[OF - filterlim-real-sequentially]*)  
**hence**  $((\lambda n. \ln (\text{of-nat } n + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } (n - 1))) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ at-top}$   
**by** (*subst filterlim-sequentially-Suc [symmetric] (simp add: add-ac)*)  
**thus**  $(\lambda x. s * (\ln (\text{of-nat } x + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } (x - 1)))) \longrightarrow 0$   
**by** (*rule tendsto-mult-right-zero*)  
**next**  
**have**  $((\lambda x. \ln (1 + s / \text{of-real } x)) \longrightarrow \ln (1 + 0)) \text{ at-top (is ?P)}$   
**by** (*intro tendsto-intros tendsto-divide-0[OF tendsto-const]*)  
*(simp-all add: filterlim-ident filterlim-at-infinity-conv-norm-at-top filterlim-abs-real)*  
**also have**  $\ln (\text{of-real } x + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } x) = \ln (1 + s / \text{of-real } x)$  **if**  $x > 0$   
**for**  $x$   
**using** *Ln-divide-of-real[of x of-real x + s] neq[of x] that*  
**by** (*auto simp: field-simps Ln-of-real*)  
**hence**  $?P \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda x. \ln (\text{of-real } x + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } x)) \longrightarrow 0) \text{ at-top}$   
**using**  $s$  **by** (*intro filterlim-cong refl*)  
*(auto intro: eventually-mono [OF eventually-gt-at-top[of 1::real]])*  
**finally have**  $(\lambda x. (1/2) * (\ln (\text{of-real } (\text{real } x) + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } (\text{real } x)))) \longrightarrow 0$   
**by** (*rule tendsto-mult-right-zero[OF filterlim-compose[OF - filterlim-real-sequentially]]*)  
**thus**  $(\lambda x. (1/2) * (\ln (\text{of-nat } x + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } x))) \longrightarrow 0$  **by** *simp*  
**next**  
**have**  $((\lambda x. x * (\ln (1 + s / \text{of-real } x))) \longrightarrow s) \text{ at-top (is ?P)}$   
**by** (*rule stirling-limit-aux2*)  
**also have**  $\ln (1 + s / \text{of-real } x) = \ln (\text{of-real } x + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } x)$  **if**  $x > 1$

**for**  $x$   
**using** *that*  $s$  *Ln-divide-of-real* [*of*  $x$  *of-real*  $x + s$ , *symmetric*] *neq*[*of*  $x$ ]  
**by** (*auto simp: Ln-of-real field-simps*)  
**hence**  $?P \iff ((\lambda x. \text{of-real } x * (\ln (\text{of-real } x + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } x))) \longrightarrow s)$   
*at-top*  
**by** (*intro filterlim-cong refl*)  
*(auto intro: eventually-mono[OF eventually-gt-at-top[*of* 1::real]])*  
**finally have**  $(\lambda n. \text{of-real } (\text{real } n) * (\ln (\text{of-real } (\text{real } n) + s) - \ln (\text{of-real } (\text{real } n)))) \longrightarrow s$   
**by** (*rule filterlim-compose[OF - filterlim-real-sequentially]*)  
**thus**  $(\lambda n. \text{of-nat } n * (\ln (\text{of-nat } n + s) - \ln (\text{of-nat } n))) \longrightarrow s$  **by** *simp*  
**qed** *simp-all*  
**also have**  $?this \iff ((\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. -\text{pbernpoly } 1 \ x / (x + s))) \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{ln-Gamma } s + s - (s - 1/2) * \ln s - \ln (2 * \text{pi}) / 2)$  *at-top*  
**using** *integral-pbernpoly-1-aux*  
**by** (*intro filterlim-cong refl*)  
*(auto intro: eventually-mono[OF eventually-gt-at-top[*of* 0::nat]])*  
**also have**  $(\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. -\text{pbernpoly } 1 \ x / (x + s))) =$   
 $(\lambda N. -\text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{pbernpoly } 1 \ x / (x + s)))$   
**by** (*simp add: fun-eq-iff*)  
**finally show**  $?thesis$  **by** (*simp add: tendsto-minus-cancel-left [symmetric] algebra-simps*)  
**qed**

**qualified lemma** *pbernpoly-integral-conv-pbernpoly-integral-Suc*:

**assumes**  $n \geq 1$   
**shows**  $\text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{pbernpoly } n \ x / (x + s) ^ n) =$   
 $\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{real } N)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * (s + \text{of-nat } N))$   
 $^ n -$   
 $\text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } n)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * s ^ n) + \text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat}$   
 $(\text{Suc } n) *$   
 $\text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) \ x) / (\text{of-real } x +$   
 $s) ^ \text{Suc } n)$   
**proof** –  
**note** [*derivative-intros*] = *has-field-derivative-pbernpoly-Suc'*  
**define**  $I$  **where**  $I = -\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{of-nat } N)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n))$   
 $* (\text{of-nat } N + s) ^ n +$   
 $\text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } n) / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) / s ^ n +$   
 $\text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n \ x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n)$   
**have**  $((\lambda x. (-\text{of-nat } n * \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ \text{Suc } n) * (\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) \ x) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n))))$   
 $\text{has-integral } -I) \{0.. \text{real } N\}$   
**proof** (*rule integration-by-parts-interior-strong[OF bounded-bilinear-mult]*)  
**fix**  $x :: \text{real}$  **assume**  $x \in \{0 < .. < \text{real } N\} - \text{real } ' \{0..N\}$   
**have**  $x \notin \mathbb{Z}$   
**proof**  
**assume**  $x \in \mathbb{Z}$

**then obtain**  $n$  **where**  $x = \text{of-int } n$  **by** (*auto elim!: Ints-cases*)  
**with**  $x$  **have**  $x'$ :  $x = \text{of-nat } (\text{nat } n)$  **by** *simp*  
**from**  $x$  **show** *False* **by** (*auto simp: x'*)  
**qed**  
**hence**  $((\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) x / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n))) \text{ has-vector-derivative } \text{complex-of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x)) (\text{at } x)$   
**by** (*intro has-vector-derivative-of-real*) (*auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros*)  
**thus**  $((\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) x) / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n)) \text{ has-vector-derivative } \text{complex-of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x)) (\text{at } x)$  **by** *simp*  
**from**  $x$   $s$  **have**  $\text{complex-of-real } x + s \neq 0$   
**by** (*auto simp: complex-eq-iff complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)  
**thus**  $((\lambda x. \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n) \text{ has-vector-derivative } - \text{of-nat } n * \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ (\text{Suc } n)) (\text{at } x)$  **using**  $x$   $s$  *assms*  
**by** (*auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros has-vector-derivative-real-field simp: divide-simps power-add [symmetric]*)  
*simp del: power-Suc*  
**next**  
**have**  $\text{complex-of-real } x + s \neq 0$  **if**  $x \geq 0$  **for**  $x$   
**using** *that*  $s$  **by** (*auto simp: complex-eq-iff complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)  
**thus**  $\text{continuous-on } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n)$   
 $\text{continuous-on } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{complex-of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) x) / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n))$   
**using** *assms*  $s$  **by** (*auto intro!: continuous-intros simp del: of-nat-Suc*)  
**next**  
**have**  $((\lambda x. \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n * \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x)) \text{ has-integral } \text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{of-nat } N) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * (\text{of-nat } N + s) ^ n) - \text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } n) / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) / s ^ n - -I) \{0.. \text{real } N\}$   
**using** *integrable-ln-Gamma-aux*[*of n N*] *assms*  
**by** (*auto simp: I-def has-integral-integral divide-simps*)  
**thus**  $((\lambda x. \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n * \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x)) \text{ has-integral } \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } (\text{real } N) + s) ^ n * (\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{real } N)) / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n)) - \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } 0 + s) ^ n * (\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) 0) / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n)) - -I) \{0.. \text{real } N\}$  **by** (*simp-all add: field-simps*)  
**qed** *simp-all*  
**also have**  $(\lambda x. - \text{of-nat } n * \text{inverse } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ (\text{Suc } n) * (\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) x) / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n))) =$   
 $(\lambda x. - (\text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n)) * \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ (\text{Suc } n))$   
**by** (*simp add: divide-simps fun-eq-iff*)  
**finally have**  $((\lambda x. - (\text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n)) * \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ (\text{Suc } n)) \text{ has-integral } -I) \{0.. \text{real } N\}$  .  
**from** *has-integral-neg*[*OF this*] **show** *?thesis*  
**by** (*auto simp add: I-def has-integral-iff algebra-simps integral-mult-right [symmetric]*)  
*simp del: power-Suc of-nat-Suc* )

qed

**lemma** *pbernpoly-over-power-tendsto-0*:

**assumes**  $n > 0$

**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{real } x)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * (s + \text{of-nat } x) ^ n)) \longrightarrow 0$

**proof** –

**from**  $s$  **have**  $\text{neg: } s + \text{of-nat } n \neq 0$  **for**  $n$

**by** (*auto simp: complex-eq-iff complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)

**obtain**  $c$  **where**  $c: \bigwedge x. \text{norm } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) x) \leq c$

**using** *bounded-pbernpoly* **by** *auto*

**have** *eventually*  $(\lambda x. \text{real } x + \text{Re } s > 0)$  *at-top*

**by** *real-asymp*

**hence** *eventually*  $(\lambda x. \text{norm } (\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{real } x)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * (s + \text{of-nat } x) ^ n)) \leq (c / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) / (\text{real } x + \text{Re } s) ^ n)$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-gt-at-top*[*of 0::nat*]

**proof** *eventually-elim*

**case** (*elim*  $x$ )

**have**  $\text{norm } (\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{real } x)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * (s + \text{of-nat } x) ^ n)) \leq (c / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) / \text{norm } (s + \text{of-nat } x) ^ n$  (**is**  $\leq$  *?rhs*) **using**  $c$ [*of*  $x$ ]

**by** (*auto simp: norm-divide norm-mult norm-power neg field-simps simp del: of-nat-Suc*)

**also** **have**  $\text{real } x + \text{Re } s \leq \text{cmod } (s + \text{of-nat } x)$

**using** *complex-Re-le-cmod*[*of*  $s + \text{of-nat } x$ ]  $s$  **by** (*auto simp add: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)

**hence**  $\text{?rhs} \leq (c / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) / (\text{real } x + \text{Re } s) ^ n$  **using**  $s$  *elim*  $c$ [*of*  $0$ ] *neg*[*of*  $x$ ]

**by** (*intro divide-left-mono power-mono mult-pos-pos divide-nonneg-pos zero-less-power*) *auto*

**finally** **show** *?case* .

qed

**moreover** **have**  $(\lambda x. (c / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)) / (\text{real } x + \text{Re } s) ^ n) \longrightarrow 0$

**using**  $\langle n > 0 \rangle$  **by** *real-asymp*

**ultimately** **show** *?thesis* **by** (*rule Lim-null-comparison*)

qed

**lemma** *convergent-stirling-integral*:

**assumes**  $n > 0$

**shows** *convergent*  $(\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\})$

$(\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n)$  (**is** *convergent* (*?f*  $n$ ))

**proof** –

**have** *convergent* (*?f* (*Suc*  $n$ )) **for**  $n$

**proof** (*induction*  $n$ )

**case**  $0$

**thus** *?case* **using** *integral-pbernpoly-1* **by** (*auto intro!: convergentI*)

**next**

**case** (*Suc*  $n$ )

**have** *convergent* ( $\lambda N. ?f (Suc\ n)\ N -$   
*of-real (pbernpoly (Suc (Suc n)) (real N)) /*  
*(of-nat (Suc (Suc n)) \* (s + of-nat N) ^ Suc n) +*  
*of-real (bernoulli (Suc (Suc n)) / (real (Suc (Suc n)))) / s ^ Suc n*  
**(is convergent ?g)**  
**by** (*intro convergent-add convergent-diff Suc*  
*convergent-const convergentI[OF pbernpoly-over-power-tendsto-0]) simp-all*  
**also have**  $?g = (\lambda N. \text{of-nat } (Suc\ n) / \text{of-nat } (Suc\ (Suc\ n)) * ?f (Suc\ (Suc\ n)))$   
*N) using s*  
**by** (*subst pbernpoly-integral-conv-pbernpoly-integral-Suc*  
*(auto simp: fun-eq-iff field-simps simp del: of-nat-Suc power-Suc)*  
**also have** *convergent ...  $\longleftrightarrow$  convergent (?f (Suc (Suc n)))*  
**by** (*intro convergent-mult-const-iff (simp-all del: of-nat-Suc)*  
**finally show** *?case .*  
**qed**  
**from** *this[of n - 1] assms show ?thesis by simp*  
**qed**

**lemma** *stirling-integral-conv-stirling-integral-Suc:*  
**assumes**  $n > 0$   
**shows** *stirling-integral n s =*  
*of-nat n / of-nat (Suc n) \* stirling-integral (Suc n) s -*  
*of-real (bernoulli (Suc n)) / (of-nat (Suc n) \* s ^ n)*

**proof** -  
**have** ( $\lambda N. \text{of-real } (pbernpoly\ (Suc\ n)\ (real\ N)) / (\text{of-nat } (Suc\ n) * (s + \text{of-nat } N) ^ n) -$   
*of-real (bernoulli (Suc n)) / (real (Suc n) \* s ^ n) +*  
*integral {0..real N} ( $\lambda x. \text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat } (Suc\ n) * (\text{of-real } (pbernpoly\ (Suc\ n)\ x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ Suc\ n))$ )*  
 $\longrightarrow 0 - \text{of-real } (bernoulli\ (Suc\ n)) / (\text{of-nat } (Suc\ n) * s ^ n) +$   
 $\text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat } (Suc\ n) * \text{stirling-integral } (Suc\ n) s$  **(is ?f  $\longrightarrow$ )**  
-)  
**unfolding** *stirling-integral-def integral-mult-right*  
**using** *convergent-stirling-integral[of Suc n] assms s*  
**by** (*intro tendsto-intros pbernpoly-over-power-tendsto-0*  
*(auto simp: convergent-LIMSEQ-iff simp del: of-nat-Suc)*  
**also have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow (\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0..real\ N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real } (pbernpoly\ n\ x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n)) \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat } (Suc\ n) * \text{stirling-integral } (Suc\ n) s -$   
 $\text{of-real } (bernoulli\ (Suc\ n)) / (\text{of-nat } (Suc\ n) * s ^ n)$   
**using** *eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::nat] pbernpoly-integral-conv-pbernpoly-integral-Suc[of n]*  
*assms unfolding integral-mult-right*  
**by** (*intro filterlim-cong refl (auto elim!: eventually-mono simp del: power-Suc)*  
**finally show** *?thesis unfolding stirling-integral-def[of n] by (rule limI)*  
**qed**

**lemma** *stirling-integral-1-unfold:*  
**assumes**  $m > 0$

**shows**  $\text{stirling-integral } 1 \ s = \text{stirling-integral } m \ s / \text{of-nat } m -$   
 $(\sum k=1..<m. \text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k)) / (\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * s^{\wedge} k))$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $\text{stirling-integral } 1 \ s = \text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } m) \ s / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } m) -$   
 $(\sum k=1..<\text{Suc } m. \text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k)) / (\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * s^{\wedge} k))$  **for**  $m$   
**proof** (*induction*  $m$ )  
**case** ( $\text{Suc } m$ )  
**let**  $?C = (\sum k = 1..<\text{Suc } m. \text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k)) / (\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * s^{\wedge} k))$   
**note**  $\text{Suc.IH}$   
**also have**  $\text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } m) \ s / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } m) =$   
 $\text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } m)) \ s / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } m)) -$   
 $\text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } m))) /$   
 $(\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } m) * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } m)) * s^{\wedge} \text{Suc } m)$   
**(is**  $- = ?A - ?B$ ) **by** (*subst* *stirling-integral-conv-stirling-integral-Suc*)  
*(simp-all del: of-nat-Suc power-Suc add: divide-simps)*  
**also have**  $?A - ?B - ?C = ?A - (?B + ?C)$  **by** (*rule* *diff-diff-eq*)  
**also have**  $?B + ?C = (\sum k = 1..<\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } m). \text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k)) /$   
 $(\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * s^{\wedge} k))$   
**using**  $s$  **by** (*simp* *add: divide-simps*)  
**finally show**  $?case$  .  
**qed** *simp-all*  
**note**  $\text{this}[\text{of } m - 1]$   
**also from** *assms* **have**  $\text{Suc } (m - 1) = m$  **by** *simp*  
**finally show**  $?thesis$  .  
**qed**

**lemma** *ln-Gamma-stirling-complex*:

**assumes**  $m > 0$   
**shows**  $\text{ln-Gamma } s = (s - 1 / 2) * \ln s - s + \ln (2 * \text{pi}) / 2 +$   
 $(\sum k=1..<m. \text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k)) / (\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * s^{\wedge} k)) -$   
 $\text{stirling-integral } m \ s / \text{of-nat } m$

**proof** –  
**have**  $\text{ln-Gamma } s = (s - 1 / 2) * \ln s - s + \ln (2 * \text{pi}) / 2 - \text{stirling-integral } 1 \ s$   
**using** *limI[OF integral-pbernpoly-1]* **by** (*simp* *add: stirling-integral-def algebra-simps*)  
**also have**  $\text{stirling-integral } 1 \ s = \text{stirling-integral } m \ s / \text{of-nat } m -$   
 $(\sum k = 1..<m. \text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k)) / (\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * s^{\wedge} k))$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*rule* *stirling-integral-1-unfold*)  
**finally show**  $?thesis$  **by** *simp*  
**qed**

**lemma** *LIMSEQ-stirling-integral*:

$n > 0 \implies (\lambda x. \text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } x\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n \ x)) / (\text{of-real } x + s))$

$\hat{\ }n))$   
 $\longrightarrow$  *stirling-integral n s unfolding* *stirling-integral-def*  
**using** *convergent-stirling-integral[of n]* **by** (*simp only: convergent-LIMSEQ-iff*)

**end**

**lemmas** *has-integral-of-real = has-integral-linear[OF - bounded-linear-of-real, unfolded o-def]*  
**lemmas** *integral-of-real = integral-linear[OF - bounded-linear-of-real, unfolded o-def]*

**lemma** *integrable-ln-Gamma-aux-real:*  
**assumes**  $0 < s$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{pbernpoly } n \ x / (x + s) ^ n)$  *integrable-on*  $\{0..real \ N\}$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $(\lambda x. \text{complex-of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n \ x / (x + s) ^ n))$  *integrable-on*  $\{0..real \ N\}$   
**using** *integrable-ln-Gamma-aux[of of-real s n N] assms by simp*  
**from** *integrable-linear[OF this bounded-linear-Re] show ?thesis*  
**by** (*simp only: o-def Re-complex-of-real*)  
**qed**

**lemma**  
**assumes**  $x > 0 \ n > 0$   
**shows** *stirling-integral-complex-of-real:*  
 $\text{stirling-integral } n \ (\text{complex-of-real } x) = \text{of-real } (\text{stirling-integral } n \ x)$   
**and** *LIMSEQ-stirling-integral-real:*  
 $(\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0..real \ N\} \ (\lambda t. \text{pbernpoly } n \ t / (t + x) ^ n))$   
 $\longrightarrow$  *stirling-integral n x*  
**and** *stirling-integral-real-convergent:*  
 $\text{convergent } (\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0..real \ N\} \ (\lambda t. \text{pbernpoly } n \ t / (t + x) ^ n))$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $(\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0..real \ N\} \ (\lambda t. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n \ t / (t + x) ^ n)))$   
 $\longrightarrow$  *stirling-integral n (complex-of-real x)*  
**using** *LIMSEQ-stirling-integral[of complex-of-real x n] assms by simp*  
**hence**  $(\lambda N. \text{of-real } (\text{integral } \{0..real \ N\} \ (\lambda t. \text{pbernpoly } n \ t / (t + x) ^ n)))$   
 $\longrightarrow$  *stirling-integral n (complex-of-real x)*  
**using** *integrable-ln-Gamma-aux-real[OF assms(1), of n]*  
**by** (*subst (asm) integral-of-real) simp*  
**from** *tendsto-Re[OF this]*  
**have**  $(\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0..real \ N\} \ (\lambda t. \text{pbernpoly } n \ t / (t + x) ^ n))$   
 $\longrightarrow$  *Re (stirling-integral n (complex-of-real x)) by simp*  
**thus** *convergent*  $(\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0..real \ N\} \ (\lambda t. \text{pbernpoly } n \ t / (t + x) ^ n))$   
**by** (*rule convergentI*)  
**thus**  $(\lambda N. \text{integral } \{0..real \ N\} \ (\lambda t. \text{pbernpoly } n \ t / (t + x) ^ n))$   
 $\longrightarrow$  *stirling-integral n x unfolding* *stirling-integral-def*  
**by** (*simp add: convergent-LIMSEQ-iff*)  
**from** *tendsto-of-real[OF this, where 'a = complex]*  
*integrable-ln-Gamma-aux-real[OF assms(1), of n]*  
**have**  $(\lambda xa. \text{integral } \{0..real \ xa\})$

$(\lambda x a. \text{complex-of-real } (p\text{bernpoly } n \ x a) / (\text{complex-of-real } x a + x$   
 $\hat{\ } n))$   
 $\longrightarrow \text{complex-of-real } (\text{stirling-integral } n \ x)$   
**by**  $(\text{subst } (asm) \ \text{integral-of-real } [\text{symmetric}]) \ \text{simp-all}$   
**from**  $LIMSEQ\text{-unique}[OF \ \text{this } LIMSEQ\text{-stirling-integral}[of \ \text{complex-of-real } x \ n]]$   
 $assms$   
**show**  $\text{stirling-integral } n \ (\text{complex-of-real } x) = \text{of-real } (\text{stirling-integral } n \ x)$  **by**  
 $\text{simp}$   
**qed**

**lemma**  $\text{ln-Gamma-stirling-real}$ :

**assumes**  $x > (0 :: \text{real}) \ m > (0 :: \text{nat})$

**shows**  $\text{ln-Gamma } x = (x - 1 / 2) * \ln \ x - x + \ln (2 * \pi) / 2 +$   
 $(\sum k = 1..<m. \text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k) / (\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * x \hat{\ } k))$

–

$\text{stirling-integral } m \ x / \text{of-nat } m$

**proof** –

**from**  $assms$  **have**  $\text{complex-of-real } (\text{ln-Gamma } x) = \text{ln-Gamma } (\text{complex-of-real } x)$

**by**  $(\text{simp } add: \ \text{ln-Gamma-complex-of-real})$

**also have**  $\text{ln-Gamma } (\text{complex-of-real } x) = \text{complex-of-real } ($

$(x - 1 / 2) * \ln \ x - x + \ln (2 * \pi) / 2 +$

$(\sum k = 1..<m. \text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k) / (\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * x \hat{\ } k))$

$k))$  –

$\text{stirling-integral } m \ x / \text{of-nat } m)$  **using**  $assms$

**by**  $(\text{subst } \text{ln-Gamma-stirling-complex}[of \ - \ m])$

$(\text{simp-all } add: \ \text{Ln-of-real } \text{stirling-integral-complex-of-real})$

**finally show**  $?thesis$  **by**  $(\text{subst } (asm) \ \text{of-real-eq-iff})$

**qed**

**lemma**  $\text{stirling-integral-bound-aux}$ :

**assumes**  $n: \ n > (1 :: \text{nat})$

**obtains**  $c$  **where**  $\bigwedge s. \ \text{Re } s > 0 \implies \text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } n \ s) \leq c / \text{Re } s \hat{\ } (n - 1)$

**proof** –

**obtain**  $c$  **where**  $c: \ \text{norm } (p\text{bernpoly } n \ x) \leq c$  **for**  $x$  **by**  $(\text{rule } \text{bounded-pbernpoly}[of \ n]) \ \text{blast}$

**have**  $c': \ p\text{bernpoly } n \ x \leq c$  **for**  $x$  **using**  $c[of \ x]$  **by**  $(\text{simp } add: \ \text{abs-real-def } \text{split}: \ \text{if-splits})$

**from**  $c[of \ 0]$  **have**  $c\text{-nonneg}: \ c \geq 0$  **by**  $\text{simp}$

**have**  $\text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } n \ s) \leq c / (\text{real } n - 1) / \text{Re } s \hat{\ } (n - 1)$  **if**  $s: \ \text{Re } s > 0$  **for**  $s$

**proof**  $(\text{rule } \text{Lim-norm-ubound}[OF \ - \ LIMSEQ\text{-stirling-integral}])$

**have**  $pos: \ x + \text{norm } s > 0$  **if**  $x \geq 0$  **for**  $x$  **using**  $s$  **that** **by**  $(\text{intro } \text{add-nonneg-pos})$   
 $auto$

**have**  $nz: \ \text{of-real } x + s \neq 0$  **if**  $x \geq 0$  **for**  $x$  **using**  $s$  **that** **by**  $(\text{auto } \text{simp}: \ \text{complex-eq-iff})$

**let**  $?bound = \lambda N. \ c / (\text{Re } s \hat{\ } (n - 1) * (\text{real } n - 1))$  –

$c / ((\text{real } N + \text{Re } s) ^{(n-1)} * (\text{real } n - 1))$

**show** *eventually*  $(\lambda N. \text{norm } (\text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^n)) \leq c / (\text{real } n - 1) / \text{Re } s ^{(n-1)})$  *at-top*

**using** *eventually-gt-at-top*[*of 0::nat*]

**proof** *eventually-elim*

**case** (*elim N*)

**let**  $?F = \lambda x. -c / ((x + \text{Re } s) ^{(n-1)} * (\text{real } n - 1))$

**from**  $n s$  **have**  $((\lambda x. c / (x + \text{Re } s) ^n) \text{has-integral } (?F (\text{real } N) - ?F 0))$   $\{0.. \text{real } N\}$

**by** (*intro fundamental-theorem-of-calculus*)  
*(auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros simp: divide-simps power-diff add-eq-0-iff2 has-real-derivative-iff-has-vector-derivative [symmetric])*

**also have**  $?F (\text{real } N) - ?F 0 = ?\text{bound } N$  **by** *simp*

**finally have**  $*$ :  $((\lambda x. c / (x + \text{Re } s) ^n) \text{has-integral } ?\text{bound } N) \{0.. \text{real } N\}$

.

**have**  $\text{norm } (\text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^n)) \leq \text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. c / (x + \text{Re } s) ^n)$

**proof** (*intro integral-norm-bound-integral integrable-ln-Gamma-aux s ballI*)

**fix**  $x$  **assume**  $x: x \in \{0.. \text{real } N\}$

**have**  $\text{norm } (\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^n) \leq c / \text{norm } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^n$

**unfolding** *norm-divide norm-power* **using**  $c$  **by** (*intro divide-right-mono*) *simp-all*

**also have**  $\dots \leq c / (x + \text{Re } s) ^n$

**using**  $x c$  *c-nonneg s nz*[*of x*] *complex-Re-le-cmod*[*of of-real x + s*]

**by** (*intro divide-left-mono power-mono mult-pos-pos zero-less-power add-nonneg-pos*) *auto*

**finally show**  $\text{norm } (\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^n) \leq \dots$

**qed** (*insert n s \* pos nz c, auto simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)

**also have**  $\dots = ?\text{bound } N$  **using**  $*$  **by** (*simp add: has-integral-iff*)

**also have**  $\dots \leq c / (\text{Re } s ^{(n-1)} * (\text{real } n - 1))$  **using** *c-nonneg elim s*

$n$  **by** *simp*

**also have**  $\dots = c / (\text{real } n - 1) / (\text{Re } s ^{(n-1)})$  **by** *simp*

**finally show**  $\text{norm } (\text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^n)) \leq c / (\text{real } n - 1) / \text{Re } s ^{(n-1)}$ .

**qed**

**qed** (*insert s n, simp-all add: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)

**thus** *?thesis* **by** (*rule that*)

**qed**

**lemma** *stirling-integral-bound-aux-integral1*:

**fixes**  $a b c :: \text{real}$  **and**  $n :: \text{nat}$

**assumes**  $a \geq 0 b > 0 c \geq 0 n > 1 l < a - b r > a + b$

**shows**  $((\lambda x. c / \max b |x - a| ^n) \text{has-integral}$

$2*c*(n / (n - 1))/b^{(n-1)} - c/(n-1) * (1/(a-l)^{(n-1)} + 1/(r-a)^{(n-1)}))$

$\{l..r\}$

**proof** –

**define**  $x1\ x2$  **where**  $x1 = a - b$  **and**  $x2 = a + b$   
**define**  $F1$  **where**  $F1 = (\lambda x::real. c / (a - x) ^ (n - 1) / (n - 1))$   
**define**  $F3$  **where**  $F3 = (\lambda x::real. -c / (x - a) ^ (n - 1) / (n - 1))$   
**have**  $deriv$ :  $(F1\ has\ vector\ derivative\ (c / (a - x) ^ n))\ (at\ x\ within\ A)$   
 $(F3\ has\ vector\ derivative\ (c / (x - a) ^ n))\ (at\ x\ within\ A)$   
**if**  $x \neq a$  **for**  $x :: real$  **and**  $A$   
**unfolding**  $F1\text{-def}\ F3\text{-def}$  **using**  $assms$  **that**  
**by**  $(auto\ intro!$ :  $derivative\ eq\ intros\ simp$ :  $divide\_simps\ power\ diff\ add\ eq\ 0\ iff2$   
 $simp\ flip$ :  $has\ real\ derivative\ iff\ has\ vector\ derivative)$

**from**  $assms$  **have**  $((\lambda x. c / (a - x) ^ n)\ has\ integral\ (F1\ x1 - F1\ l))\ \{l..x1\}$   
**by**  $(intro\ fundamental\ theorem\ of\ calculus\ deriv)\ (auto\ simp$ :  $x1\text{-def}\ max\text{-def}\ split$ :  
 $if\ splits)$   
**also** **have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda x. c / max\ b\ |x - a| ^ n)\ has\ integral\ (F1\ x1 - F1\ l))\ \{l..x1\}$   
**using**  $assms$   
**by**  $(intro\ has\ integral\ spike\ finite\ eq\ [of\ \{l\}])\ (auto\ simp$ :  $x1\text{-def}\ max\text{-def}\ split$ :  
 $if\ splits)$   
**finally** **have**  $I1$ :  $((\lambda x. c / max\ b\ |x - a| ^ n)\ has\ integral\ (F1\ x1 - F1\ l))\ \{l..x1\}$  .

**have**  $((\lambda x. c / b ^ n)\ has\ integral\ (x2 - x1) * c / b ^ n)\ \{x1..x2\}$   
**using**  $has\ integral\ const\ real\ [of\ c / b ^ n\ x1\ x2]\ assms$  **by**  $(simp\ add$ :  $x1\text{-def}\ x2\text{-def})$   
**also** **have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda x. c / max\ b\ |x - a| ^ n)\ has\ integral\ ((x2 - x1) * c / b ^ n))\ \{x1..x2\}$   
**by**  $(intro\ has\ integral\ spike\ finite\ eq\ [of\ \{x1,\ x2\}])\ (auto\ simp$ :  $x1\text{-def}\ x2\text{-def}\ split$ :  
 $if\ splits)$   
**finally** **have**  $I2$ :  $((\lambda x. c / max\ b\ |x - a| ^ n)\ has\ integral\ ((x2 - x1) * c / b ^ n))\ \{x1..x2\}$  .

**from**  $assms$  **have**  $I3$ :  $((\lambda x. c / (x - a) ^ n)\ has\ integral\ (F3\ r - F3\ x2))\ \{x2..r\}$   
**by**  $(intro\ fundamental\ theorem\ of\ calculus\ deriv)\ (auto\ simp$ :  $x2\text{-def}\ min\text{-def}\ split$ :  
 $if\ splits)$   
**also** **have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda x. c / max\ b\ |x - a| ^ n)\ has\ integral\ (F3\ r - F3\ x2))\ \{x2..r\}$   
**using**  $assms$   
**by**  $(intro\ has\ integral\ spike\ finite\ eq\ [of\ \{r\}])\ (auto\ simp$ :  $x2\text{-def}\ min\text{-def}\ split$ :  
 $if\ splits)$   
**finally** **have**  $I3$ :  $((\lambda x. c / max\ b\ |x - a| ^ n)\ has\ integral\ (F3\ r - F3\ x2))\ \{x2..r\}$  .

**have**  $((\lambda x. c / max\ b\ |x - a| ^ n)\ has\ integral\ (F1\ x1 - F1\ l) + ((x2 - x1) * c / b ^ n) + (F3\ r - F3\ x2))\ \{l..r\}$   
**using**  $assms$   
**by**  $(intro\ has\ integral\ combine\ [OF\ -\ -\ has\ integral\ combine\ [OF\ -\ -\ I1\ I2]\ I3])\ (auto\ simp$ :  $x1\text{-def}\ x2\text{-def})$   
**also** **have**  $(F1\ x1 - F1\ l) + ((x2 - x1) * c / b ^ n) + (F3\ r - F3\ x2) =$   
 $F1\ x1 - F1\ l + F3\ r - F3\ x2 + (x2 - x1) * c / b ^ n$

by (simp add: algebra-simps)  
 also have  $x2 - x1 = 2 * b$   
 using assms by (simp add: x2-def x1-def min-def max-def)  
 also have  $2 * b * c / b ^ n = 2 * c / b ^ (n - 1)$   
 using assms by (simp add: power-diff field-simps)  
 also have  $F1 x1 - F1 l + F3 r - F3 x2 =$   
 $c / (n - 1) * (2 / b ^ (n - 1) - 1 / (a - l) ^ (n - 1) - 1 / (r - a) ^ (n - 1))$   
 using assms by (simp add: x1-def x2-def F1-def F3-def field-simps del: of-nat-diff)  
 also have  $\dots + 2 * c / b ^ (n - 1) =$   
 $2 * c * (1 + 1 / (n - 1)) / b ^ (n - 1) - c / (n - 1) * (1 / (a - l) ^ (n - 1) +$   
 $1 / (r - a) ^ (n - 1))$   
 using assms by (simp add: field-simps del: of-nat-diff)  
 also have  $1 + 1 / (n - 1) = n / (n - 1)$   
 using assms by (simp add: field-simps)  
 finally show ?thesis .  
 qed

lemma *stirling-integral-bound-aux-integral2*:

fixes  $a b c :: real$  and  $n :: nat$   
 assumes  $a \geq 0 b > 0 c \geq 0 n > 1$   
 obtains  $I$  where  $((\lambda x. c / \max b |x - a| ^ n) \text{ has-integral } I) \{l..r\}$   
 $I \leq 2 * c * (n / (n - 1)) / b ^ (n - 1)$

proof –

define  $l'$  where  $l' = \min l (a - b - 1)$   
 define  $r'$  where  $r' = \max r (a + b + 1)$

define  $A$  where  $A = 2 * c * (n / (n - 1)) / b ^ (n - 1)$

define  $B$  where  $B = c / real (n - 1) * (1 / (a - l') ^ (n - 1) + 1 / (r' - a) ^ (n - 1))$

have *has-int*:  $((\lambda x. c / \max b |x - a| ^ n) \text{ has-integral } (A - B)) \{l'..r'\}$

using assms **unfolding**  $A$ -def  $B$ -def

by (intro *stirling-integral-bound-aux-integral1*) (auto simp:  $l'$ -def  $r'$ -def)

have  $(\lambda x. c / \max b |x - a| ^ n) \text{ integrable-on } \{l..r\}$

by (rule *integrable-on-subinterval*[OF *has-integral-integrable*[OF *has-int*]])  
 (auto simp:  $l'$ -def  $r'$ -def)

then obtain  $I$  where *has-int'*:  $((\lambda x. c / \max b |x - a| ^ n) \text{ has-integral } I) \{l..r\}$

by (auto simp: *integrable-on-def*)

from assms have  $I \leq A - B$

by (intro *has-integral-subset-le*[OF *has-int' has-int*]) (auto simp:  $l'$ -def  $r'$ -def)

also have  $\dots \leq A$

using assms by (simp add:  $B$ -def  $l'$ -def  $r'$ -def)

finally show ?thesis using *that*[of  $I$ ] *has-int'* **unfolding**  $A$ -def by *blast*

qed

lemma *stirling-integral-bound-aux'*:

assumes  $n: n > (1::nat)$  and  $\alpha: \alpha \in \{0 < .. < \pi\}$

obtains  $c$  where  $\bigwedge s::complex. s \in \text{complex-cone}' \alpha - \{0\} \implies$

$$\text{norm (stirling-integral } n \text{ } s) \leq c / \text{norm } s \wedge (n - 1)$$

**proof** –

**obtain**  $c$  **where**  $c: \text{norm (pbernpoly } n \text{ } x) \leq c$  **for**  $x$  **by** (rule bounded-pbernpoly[of  $n$ ]) *blast*

**have**  $c': \text{pbernpoly } n \text{ } x \leq c$  **for**  $x$  **using**  $c$ [of  $x$ ] **by** (simp add: abs-real-def split: if-splits)

**from**  $c$ [of  $0$ ] **have**  $c\text{-nonneg}: c \geq 0$  **by** simp

**define**  $D$  **where**  $D = c * \text{Beta} (- (\text{real-of-int} (- \text{int } n) / 2) - 1 / 2) (1 / 2)$   
/ 2

**define**  $C$  **where**  $C = \max D (2 * c * (n / (n - 1))) / \sin \alpha \wedge (n - 1)$

**have**  $*$ :  $\text{norm (stirling-integral } n \text{ } s) \leq C / \text{norm } s \wedge (n - 1)$

**if**  $s: s \in \text{complex-cone}' \alpha - \{0\}$  **for**  $s :: \text{complex}$

**proof** (rule Lim-norm-ubound[OF - LIMSEQ-stirling-integral])

**from**  $s \alpha$  **have**  $\text{Arg}: |\text{Arg } s| \leq \alpha$  **by** (auto simp: complex-cone-altdef)

**have**  $s': s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$

**using** complex-cone-inter-nonpos-Reals[of  $-\alpha \alpha$ ]  $\alpha s$  **by** auto

**from**  $s$  **have** [simp]:  $s \neq 0$  **by** auto

**show** eventually  $(\lambda N. \text{norm (integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\}$

$$(\lambda x. \text{of-real (pbernpoly } n \text{ } x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) \wedge n)) \leq$$

$$C / \text{norm } s \wedge (n - 1)$$
 *at-top*

**using** eventually-gt-at-top[of  $0::\text{nat}$ ]

**proof** eventually-elim

**case** (elim  $N$ )

**show** ?case

**proof** (cases  $\text{Re } s > 0$ )

**case** True

**have**  $\text{int}' : ((\lambda x. c * (x \wedge 2 + \text{norm } s \wedge 2) \text{powr } (-n / 2)) \text{has-integral}$

$$D * (\text{norm } s \wedge 2) \text{powr } (-n / 2 + 1 / 2)) \{0 < ..\}$$

**using** has-integral-mult-left[OF has-integral-Beta3[of  $-n/2 \text{norm } s \wedge 2$ ],

of  $c$ ] *assms* True

**unfolding**  $D\text{-def}$  **by** (simp add: algebra-simps)

**hence**  $\text{int}' : ((\lambda x. c * (x \wedge 2 + \text{norm } s \wedge 2) \text{powr } (-n / 2)) \text{has-integral}$

$$D * (\text{norm } s \wedge 2) \text{powr } (-n / 2 + 1 / 2)) \{0.. \}$$

**by** (subst has-integral-interior [symmetric]) simp-all

**hence** integrable:  $(\lambda x. c * (x \wedge 2 + \text{norm } s \wedge 2) \text{powr } (-n / 2))$  integrable-on  $\{0.. \}$

**by** (simp add: has-integral-iff)

**have**  $\text{norm (integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real (pbernpoly } n \text{ } x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) \wedge n)) \leq$

$$\text{integral } \{0.. \text{real } N\} (\lambda x. c * (x \wedge 2 + \text{norm } s \wedge 2) \text{powr } (-n / 2))$$

**proof** (intro integral-norm-bound-integral s ballI integrable-ln-Gamma-aux)

**have** [simp]:  $\{0 < ..\} - \{0::\text{real}.. \} = \{\}$   $\{0.. \} - \{0 < ..\} = \{0::\text{real}\}$

**by** auto

**have**  $(\lambda x. c * (x^2 + (c \bmod s)^2) \text{powr } (\text{real-of-int } (- \text{int } n) / 2))$  integrable-on  $\{0 < ..\}$

```

    using int by (simp add: has-integral-iff)
    also have ?this  $\longleftrightarrow$   $(\lambda x. c * (x^2 + (c \text{ mod } s)^2) \text{ powr } (\text{real-of-int } (- \text{int } n) / 2)) \text{ integrable-on } \{0..\}$ 
      by (intro integrable-spike-set-eq) auto
    finally show  $(\lambda x. c * (x^2 + (c \text{ mod } s)^2) \text{ powr } (\text{real-of-int } (- \text{int } n) / 2)) \text{ integrable-on } \{0..\text{real } N\}$  by (rule integrable-on-subinterval) auto
  next
    fix x assume x:  $x \in \{0..\text{real } N\}$ 
    have nz: complex-of-real  $x + s \neq 0$ 
      using True x by (auto simp: complex-eq-iff)
    have norm  $(\text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n) \leq c / \text{norm } (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n$ 
      unfolding norm-divide norm-power using c by (intro divide-right-mono) simp-all
    also have  $\dots \leq c / \text{sqrt } (x ^ 2 + \text{norm } s ^ 2) ^ n$ 
      proof (intro divide-left-mono mult-pos-pos zero-less-power power-mono)
        show  $\text{sqrt } (x^2 + (c \text{ mod } s)^2) \leq c \text{ mod } (\text{complex-of-real } x + s)$ 
          using x True by (simp add: cmod-def algebra-simps power2-eq-square)
        qed (use x True c-nonneg assms nz in <auto simp: add-nonneg-pos>)
    also have  $\text{sqrt } (x ^ 2 + \text{norm } s ^ 2) ^ n = (x ^ 2 + \text{norm } s ^ 2) \text{ powr } (1/2 * n)$ 
      by (subst powr-powr [symmetric], subst powr-realpow)
      (auto simp: power-half-sqrt add-nonneg-pos)
    also have  $c / \dots = c * (x^2 + \text{norm } s ^ 2) \text{ powr } (-n / 2)$ 
      by (simp add: powr-minus field-simps)
    finally show  $\text{norm } (\text{complex-of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{complex-of-real } x + s) ^ n) \leq \dots$ 
      qed fact+
    also have  $\dots \leq \text{integral } \{0..\} (\lambda x. c * (x^2 + \text{norm } s ^ 2) \text{ powr } (-n / 2))$ 
      using c-nonneg
      by (intro integral-subset-le integrable integrable-on-subinterval[OF integrable]) auto
    also have  $\dots = D * (\text{norm } s ^ 2) \text{ powr } (-n / 2 + 1 / 2)$ 
      using int' by (simp add: has-integral-iff)
    also have  $(\text{norm } s ^ 2) \text{ powr } (-n / 2 + 1 / 2) = \text{norm } s \text{ powr } (2 * (-n / 2 + 1 / 2))$ 
      by (subst powr-powr [symmetric]) auto
    also have  $\dots = \text{norm } s \text{ powr } (-\text{real } (n - 1))$ 
      using assms by (simp add: of-nat-diff)
    also have  $D * \dots = D / \text{norm } s ^ (n - 1)$ 
      by (auto simp: powr-minus powr-realpow field-simps)
    also have  $\dots \leq C / \text{norm } s ^ (n - 1)$ 
      by (intro divide-right-mono) (auto simp: C-def)
    finally show  $\text{norm } (\text{integral } \{0..\text{real } N\} (\lambda x. \text{of-real } (\text{pbernpoly } n x) / (\text{of-real } x + s) ^ n)) \leq \dots$ 
  next

```

```

case False
have  $\cos |Arg\ s| = \cos (Arg\ s)$ 
  by (simp add: abs-if)
also have  $\cos (Arg\ s) = Re (rcis (norm\ s) (Arg\ s)) / norm\ s$ 
  by (subst Re-rcis) auto
also have  $\dots = Re\ s / norm\ s$ 
  by (subst rcis-cmod-Arg) auto
also have  $\dots \leq \cos (pi / 2)$ 
  using False by (auto simp: field-simps)
finally have  $|Arg\ s| \geq pi / 2$ 
  using Arg  $\alpha$  by (subst (asm) cos-mono-le-eq) auto

have  $\sin \alpha * norm\ s = \sin (pi - \alpha) * norm\ s$ 
  by simp
also have  $\dots \leq \sin (pi - |Arg\ s|) * norm\ s$ 
  using  $\alpha$  Arg  $\langle |Arg\ s| \geq pi / 2 \rangle$ 
  by (intro mult-right-mono sin-monotone-2pi-le) auto
also have  $\sin |Arg\ s| \geq 0$ 
  using Arg-bounded[of s] by (intro sin-ge-zero) auto
hence  $\sin (pi - |Arg\ s|) = |\sin |Arg\ s||$ 
  by simp
also have  $\dots = |\sin (Arg\ s)|$ 
  by (simp add: abs-if)
also have  $\dots * norm\ s = |Im (rcis (norm\ s) (Arg\ s))|$ 
  by (simp add: abs-mult)
also have  $\dots = |Im\ s|$ 
  by (subst rcis-cmod-Arg) auto
finally have abs-Im-ge:  $|Im\ s| \geq \sin \alpha * norm\ s$  .

have [simp]:  $Im\ s \neq 0 \ s \neq 0$ 
  using  $s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$  False
  by (auto simp: cmod-def zero-le-mult-iff complex-nonpos-Reals-iff)
have  $\sin \alpha > 0$ 
  using assms by (intro sin-gt-zero) auto

obtain I where I:  $((\lambda x. c / \max |Im\ s| |x + Re\ s| ^ n)$  has-integral I)
{0..real N}
       $I \leq 2 * c * (n / (n - 1)) / |Im\ s| ^ (n - 1)$ 
using  $s$  c-nonneg assms False
      stirling-integral-bound-aux-integral2[of -Re s |Im s| c n 0 real N] by
auto

have  $norm (integral \{0..real N\} (\lambda x. of-real (pbernpoly\ n\ x) / (of-real\ x + s) ^ n)) \leq$ 
       $integral \{0..real N\} (\lambda x. c / \max |Im\ s| |x + Re\ s| ^ n)$ 
proof (intro integral-norm-bound-integral integrable-ln-Gamma-aux s ballI)
  show  $(\lambda x. c / \max |Im\ s| |x + Re\ s| ^ n)$  integrable-on {0..real N}
  using I(1) by (simp add: has-integral-iff)
next

```

**fix**  $x$  **assume**  $x: x \in \{0..real\ N\}$   
**have**  $nz: complex-of-real\ x + s \neq 0$   
**by** (*auto simp: complex-eq-iff*)  
**have**  $norm\ (complex-of-real\ (pbernpoly\ n\ x) / (complex-of-real\ x + s) ^ n)$   
 $\leq$   
 $c / norm\ (complex-of-real\ x + s) ^ n$   
**unfolding** *norm-divide norm-power* **using**  $c[of\ x]$  **by** (*intro divide-right-mono*) *simp-all*  
**also have**  $\dots \leq c / \max\ |Im\ s|\ |x + Re\ s| ^ n$   
**using**  $c\text{-nonneg}\ nz\ abs\ Re\ le\ cmod[of\ of\ real\ x + s]\ abs\ Im\ le\ cmod[of\ of\ real\ x + s]$   
**by** (*intro divide-left-mono power-mono mult-pos-pos zero-less-power*)  
*(auto simp: less-max-iff-disj)*  
**finally show**  $norm\ (complex-of-real\ (pbernpoly\ n\ x) / (complex-of-real\ x + s) ^ n) \leq \dots$   
**qed** (*auto simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)  
**also have**  $\dots \leq 2 * c * (n / (n - 1)) / |Im\ s| ^ (n - 1)$   
**using**  $I$  **by** (*simp add: has-integral-iff*)  
**also have**  $\dots \leq 2 * c * (n / (n - 1)) / (\sin\ \alpha * norm\ s) ^ (n - 1)$   
**using**  $\langle \sin\ \alpha > 0 \rangle\ s\ c\text{-nonneg}\ abs\ Im\ ge$   
**by** (*intro divide-left-mono mult-pos-pos zero-less-power power-mono mult-nonneg-nonneg*) *auto*  
**also have**  $\dots = 2 * c * (n / (n - 1)) / \sin\ \alpha ^ (n - 1) / norm\ s ^ (n - 1)$   
**by** (*simp add: field-simps*)  
**also have**  $\dots \leq C / norm\ s ^ (n - 1)$   
**by** (*intro divide-right-mono*) (*auto simp: C-def*)  
**finally show** *?thesis* .  
**qed**  
**qed**  
**qed** (*use that assms complex-cone-inter-nonpos-Reals[of  $-\alpha$   $\alpha$ ]  $\alpha$  in auto*)  
**thus** *?thesis* **by** (*rule that*)  
**qed**

**lemma** *stirling-integral-bound:*

**assumes**  $n > 0$

**obtains**  $c$  **where**

$\bigwedge s. Re\ s > 0 \implies norm\ (stirling-integral\ n\ s) \leq c / Re\ s ^ n$

**proof** –

**let**  $?f = \lambda s. of\ nat\ n / of\ nat\ (Suc\ n) * stirling-integral\ (Suc\ n)\ s -$   
 $of\ real\ (bernoulli\ (Suc\ n)) / (of\ nat\ (Suc\ n) * s ^ n)$

**from** *stirling-integral-bound-aux[of  $Suc\ n]$  assms* **obtain**  $c$  **where**

$c: \bigwedge s. Re\ s > 0 \implies norm\ (stirling-integral\ (Suc\ n)\ s) \leq c / Re\ s ^ n$  **by** *auto*

**define**  $c1$  **where**  $c1 = real\ n / real\ (Suc\ n) * c$

**define**  $c2$  **where**  $c2 = |bernoulli\ (Suc\ n)| / real\ (Suc\ n)$

**have**  $c2\text{-nonneg}: c2 \geq 0$  **by** (*simp add: c2-def*)

**show** *?thesis*

**proof** (*rule that*)

**fix**  $s :: complex$  **assume**  $s: Re\ s > 0$

**hence**  $s': s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$  **by** (*auto simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)

```

have stirling-integral  $n\ s = ?f\ s$  using  $s'$  assms
  by (rule stirling-integral-conv-stirling-integral-Suc)
also have  $\text{norm } \dots \leq \text{norm } (\text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * \text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } n) s) +$ 
   $\text{norm } (\text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } n)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * s ^ n))$ 
  by (rule norm-triangle-ineq4)
also have  $\dots = \text{real } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * \text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } n) s) +$ 
   $c2 / \text{norm } s ^ n$  (is  $= ?A + ?B$ )
  by (simp add: norm-divide norm-mult norm-power c2-def field-simps del: of-nat-Suc)
also have  $?A \leq \text{real } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * (c / \text{Re } s ^ n)$ 
  by (intro mult-left-mono c s) simp-all
also have  $\dots = c1 / \text{Re } s ^ n$  by (simp add: c1-def)
also have  $c2 / \text{norm } s ^ n \leq c2 / \text{Re } s ^ n$  using  $s$  c2-nonneg
  by (intro divide-left-mono power-mono complex-Re-le-cmod mult-pos-pos zero-less-power) auto
also have  $c1 / \text{Re } s ^ n + c2 / \text{Re } s ^ n = (c1 + c2) / \text{Re } s ^ n$ 
  using  $s$  by (simp add: field-simps)
finally show  $\text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } n\ s) \leq (c1 + c2) / \text{Re } s ^ n$  by  $-$  simp-all
qed
qed

```

**lemma** *stirling-integral-bound'*:

**assumes**  $n > 0$  **and**  $\alpha \in \{0 < \dots < \pi\}$

**obtains**  $c$  **where**

$\bigwedge s :: \text{complex. } s \in \text{complex-cone}'\ \alpha - \{0\} \implies \text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } n\ s) \leq c / \text{norm } s ^ n$

**proof**  $-$

**let**  $?f = \lambda s. \text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * \text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } n) s -$   
 $\text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } n)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * s ^ n)$

**from** *stirling-integral-bound-aux'*[*of Suc n*] *assms* **obtain**  $c$  **where**

$c: \bigwedge s :: \text{complex. } s \in \text{complex-cone}'\ \alpha - \{0\} \implies$

$\text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } n) s) \leq c / \text{norm } s ^ n$  **by** *auto*

**define**  $c1$  **where**  $c1 = \text{real } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * c$

**define**  $c2$  **where**  $c2 = |\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } n)| / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n)$

**have** *c2-nonneg*:  $c2 \geq 0$  **by** (*simp* *add: c2-def*)

**show** *?thesis*

**proof** (*rule* *that*)

**fix**  $s :: \text{complex}$  **assume**  $s: s \in \text{complex-cone}'\ \alpha - \{0\}$

**have**  $s': s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$

**using** *complex-cone-inter-nonpos-Reals*[*of -α α*] *assms s* **by** *auto*

**have** *stirling-integral*  $n\ s = ?f\ s$  **using**  $s'$  *assms*

**by** (*intro* *stirling-integral-conv-stirling-integral-Suc*) *auto*

**also have**  $\text{norm } \dots \leq \text{norm } (\text{of-nat } n / \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * \text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } n) s) +$

$\text{norm } (\text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } n)) / (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n) * s ^ n))$

**by** (*rule* *norm-triangle-ineq4*)

**also have**  $\dots = \text{real } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * \text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } (\text{Suc } n) s) +$

$c2 / \text{norm } s \wedge n$  (**is - = ?A + ?B**)  
**by** (*simp add: norm-divide norm-mult norm-power c2-def field-simps del: of-nat-Suc*)  
**also have**  $?A \leq \text{real } n / \text{real } (\text{Suc } n) * (c / \text{norm } s \wedge n)$   
**by** (*intro mult-left-mono c s*) *simp-all*  
**also have**  $\dots = c1 / \text{norm } s \wedge n$  **by** (*simp add: c1-def*)  
**also have**  $c1 / \text{norm } s \wedge n + c2 / \text{norm } s \wedge n = (c1 + c2) / \text{norm } s \wedge n$   
**using** *s* **by** (*simp add: divide-simps*)  
**finally show**  $\text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } n \ s) \leq (c1 + c2) / \text{norm } s \wedge n$  **by** *simp-all*  
**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *stirling-integral-holomorphic* [*holomorphic-intros*]:  
**assumes**  $m: m > 0$  **and**  $A \cap \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0} = \{\}$   
**shows** *stirling-integral m holomorphic-on A*  
**proof** *-*  
**from** *assms* **have** [*simp*]:  $z \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$  **if**  $z \in A$  **for**  $z$   
**using** *that by auto*  
**let**  $?f = \lambda s::\text{complex. of-nat } m * ((s - 1 / 2) * \text{Ln } s - s + \text{of-real } (\ln (2 * \pi) / 2) +$   
 $(\sum k=1..<m. \text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k)) / (\text{of-nat } k * \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k) * s$   
 $\wedge k)) -$   
 $\text{ln-Gamma } s)$   
**have**  $?f$  *holomorphic-on A* **using** *assms*  
**by** (*auto intro!: holomorphic-intros simp del: of-nat-Suc elim!: nonpos-Reals-cases*)  
**also have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow \text{stirling-integral } m \text{ holomorphic-on } A$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*intro holomorphic-cong refl*)  
*(simp-all add: field-simps ln-Gamma-stirling-complex)*  
**finally show** *stirling-integral m holomorphic-on A* .  
**qed**

**lemma** *stirling-integral-continuous-on-complex* [*continuous-intros*]:  
**assumes**  $m: m > 0$  **and**  $A \cap \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0} = \{\}$   
**shows** *continuous-on A (stirling-integral m :: -  $\Rightarrow$  complex)*  
**by** (*intro holomorphic-on-imp-continuous-on stirling-integral-holomorphic assms*)

**lemma** *has-field-derivative-stirling-integral-complex*:  
**fixes**  $x :: \text{complex}$   
**assumes**  $x \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$   $n > 0$   
**shows** *(stirling-integral n has-field-derivative deriv (stirling-integral n) x) (at x)*  
**using** *assms*  
**by** (*intro holomorphic-derivI[OF stirling-integral-holomorphic, of n  $-\mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$ ] auto*)

**lemma**

**assumes**  $n: n > 0$  **and**  $x > 0$   
**shows** *deriv-stirling-integral-complex-of-real*:  
 $(\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) (\text{complex-of-real } x) =$   
 $\text{complex-of-real } ((\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) x) \text{ (is } ?\text{lhs } x = ?\text{rhs } x)$   
**and** *differentiable-stirling-integral-real*:  
 $(\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) \text{ field-differentiable at } x \text{ (is } ?\text{thesis2})$

**proof** –

**let**  $?A = \{s. \text{Re } s > 0\}$   
**let**  $?f = \lambda j x. (\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) (\text{complex-of-real } x)$   
**let**  $?f' = \lambda j x. \text{complex-of-real } ((\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) x)$

**have** [*simp*]: *open*  $?A$  **by** (*simp add: open-halfspace-Re-gt*)

**have**  $?lhs x = ?rhs x \wedge (\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) \text{ field-differentiable at } x$   
**if**  $x > 0$  **for**  $x$  **using** *that*  
**proof** (*induction j arbitrary: x*)  
**case**  $0$   
**have**  $((\lambda x. \text{Re } (\text{stirling-integral } n (\text{of-real } x))) \text{ has-field-derivative}$   
 $\text{Re } (\text{deriv } (\lambda x. \text{stirling-integral } n x) (\text{of-real } x))) (\text{at } x) \text{ using } 0 n$   
**by** (*auto intro!: derivative-intros has-vector-derivative-real-field*  
*field-differentiable-derivI holomorphic-on-imp-differentiable-at[of - ?A]*  
*stirling-integral-holomorphic simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff*)  
**also have**  $?this \longleftrightarrow (\text{stirling-integral } n \text{ has-field-derivative}$   
 $\text{Re } (\text{deriv } (\lambda x. \text{stirling-integral } n x) (\text{of-real } x))) (\text{at } x)$   
**using** *eventually-nhds-in-open[of \{0<..\} x] 0 n*  
**by** (*intro has-field-derivative-cong-ev refl*)  
*(auto elim!: eventually-mono simp: stirling-integral-complex-of-real)*  
**finally have** *stirling-integral n field-differentiable at x*  
**by** (*auto simp: field-differentiable-def*)  
**with**  $0 n$  **show**  $?case$  **by** (*auto simp: stirling-integral-complex-of-real*)  
**next**  
**case** (*Suc j x*)  
**note**  $IH = \text{conjunct1}[OF \text{Suc.IH}] \text{conjunct2}[OF \text{Suc.IH}]$   
**have**  $*: (\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{\text{Suc } j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) (\text{complex-of-real } x) =$   
 $\text{of-real } ((\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{\text{Suc } j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) x) \text{ if } x: x > 0 \text{ for } x$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $\text{deriv } ((\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n)) (\text{complex-of-real } x) =$   
 $\text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n) (\text{of-real } x)) (\text{at } x)$   
**using**  $n x$   
**by** (*intro vector-derivative-of-real-right [symmetric]*  
*holomorphic-on-imp-differentiable-at[of - ?A] holomorphic-higher-deriv*  
*stirling-integral-holomorphic) (auto simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff)*  
**also have**  $\dots = \text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. \text{of-real } ((\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral}$   
 $n) x)) (\text{at } x)$   
**using** *eventually-nhds-in-open[of \{0<..\} x] x*  
**by** (*intro vector-derivative-cong-eq) (auto elim!: eventually-mono simp:*  
 $IH(1))$   
**also have**  $\dots = \text{of-real } (\text{deriv } ((\text{deriv } \overset{\sim}{j}) (\text{stirling-integral } n)) x)$   
**by** (*intro vector-derivative-of-real-left holomorphic-on-imp-differentiable-at[of*

```

- ?A]
  field-differentiable-imp-differentiable IH(2) x)
  finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
have (( $\lambda x. \operatorname{Re} ((\operatorname{deriv} \widehat{\sim} \operatorname{Suc} j) (\operatorname{stirling-integral} n) (\operatorname{of-real} x)))$ ) has-field-derivative

   $\operatorname{Re} (\operatorname{deriv} ((\operatorname{deriv} \widehat{\sim} \operatorname{Suc} j) (\operatorname{stirling-integral} n) (\operatorname{of-real} x)))$  (at x)
  using Suc.prem1 n
by (intro derivative-intros has-vector-derivative-real-field field-differentiable-derivI
  holomorphic-on-imp-differentiable-at[of - ?A] stirling-integral-holomorphic
  holomorphic-higher-deriv) (auto simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff)
also have ?this  $\longleftrightarrow$  (( $\operatorname{deriv} \widehat{\sim} \operatorname{Suc} j$ ) (stirling-integral n) has-field-derivative
   $\operatorname{Re} (\operatorname{deriv} ((\operatorname{deriv} \widehat{\sim} \operatorname{Suc} j) (\operatorname{stirling-integral} n) (\operatorname{of-real} x)))$  (at x)
  using eventually-nhds-in-open[of {0<..} x] Suc.prem1 *)
  by (intro has-field-derivative-cong-ev refl) (auto elim!: eventually-mono)
finally have ( $\operatorname{deriv} \widehat{\sim} \operatorname{Suc} j$ ) (stirling-integral n) field-differentiable at x
  by (auto simp: field-differentiable-def)
with *[OF Suc.prem1] show ?case by blast
qed
from this[OF assms(2)] show ?lhs x = ?rhs x ?thesis2 by blast+
qed

```

Unfortunately, asymptotic power series cannot, in general, be differentiated. However, since  $\ln\text{-Gamma}$  is holomorphic on the entire positive real half-space, we can differentiate its asymptotic expansion after all.

To do this, we use an ad-hoc version of the more general approach outlined in Erdelyi's "Asymptotic Expansions" for holomorphic functions: We bound the value of the  $j$ -th derivative of the remainder term at some value  $x$  by applying Cauchy's integral formula along a circle centred at  $x$  with radius  $\frac{1}{2}x$ .

**lemma** *deriv-stirling-integral-real-bound:*

```

  assumes m: m > 0
  shows ( $\operatorname{deriv} \widehat{\sim} j$ ) (stirling-integral m)  $\in O(\lambda x::\operatorname{real}. 1 / x^{m+j})$ 
proof -
  obtain c where c:  $\bigwedge s. 0 < \operatorname{Re} s \implies c \operatorname{mod} (\operatorname{stirling-integral} m s) \leq c / \operatorname{Re} s^{m+j}$ 
  using stirling-integral-bound[OF m] by auto
  have  $0 \leq c \operatorname{mod} (\operatorname{stirling-integral} m 1)$  by simp
  also have  $\dots \leq c$  using c[of 1] by simp
  finally have c-nonneg:  $c \geq 0$  .
  define B where B =  $c * 2^{m+j}$ 
  define B' where B' =  $B * \operatorname{fact} j / 2$ 

  have eventually ( $\lambda x::\operatorname{real}. \operatorname{norm} ((\operatorname{deriv} \widehat{\sim} j) (\operatorname{stirling-integral} m) x) \leq$ 
     $B' * \operatorname{norm} (1 / x^{m+j})$ ) at-top
  using eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::real]
proof eventually-elim
  case (elim x)

```

**have**  $s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$  **if**  $s \in \text{cball } (\text{of-real } x) (x/2)$  **for**  $s :: \text{complex}$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $x - \text{Re } s \leq \text{norm } (\text{of-real } x - s)$  **using** `complex-Re-le-cmod`[`of of-real x`  
– `s`] **by** `simp`  
**also from that have**  $\dots \leq x/2$  **by** (`simp add: dist-complex-def`)  
**finally show** `?thesis` **using** `elim` **by** (`auto simp: complex-nonpos-Reals-iff`)  
**qed**  
**hence**  $((\lambda u. \text{stirling-integral } m \ u / (u - \text{of-real } x) \wedge \text{Suc } j)$  *has-contour-integral*  
*complex-of-real*  $(2 * \pi) * i / \text{fact } j *$   
 $(\text{deriv } \wedge j) (\text{stirling-integral } m) (\text{of-real } x)) (\text{circlepath } (\text{of-real } x) (x/2))$   
**using** `m elim`  
**by** (`intro Cauchy-has-contour-integral-higher-derivative-circlepath`  
`stirling-integral-continuous-on-complex` `stirling-integral-holomorphic`)  
*auto*  
**hence**  $\text{norm } (\text{of-real } (2 * \pi) * i / \text{fact } j * (\text{deriv } \wedge j) (\text{stirling-integral } m)$   
 $(\text{of-real } x)) \leq$   
 $B / x \wedge (m + \text{Suc } j) * (2 * \pi * (x / 2))$   
**proof** (`rule has-contour-integral-bound-circlepath`)  
**fix**  $u :: \text{complex}$  **assume** `dist: norm (u - of-real x) = x / 2`  
**have**  $\text{Re } (\text{of-real } x - u) \leq \text{norm } (\text{of-real } x - u)$  **by** (`rule complex-Re-le-cmod`)  
**also have**  $\dots = x / 2$  **using** `dist` **by** (`simp add: norm-minus-commute`)  
**finally have**  $\text{Re } u: \text{Re } u \geq x/2$  **using** `elim` **by** `simp`  
**have**  $\text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } m \ u / (u - \text{of-real } x) \wedge \text{Suc } j) \leq$   
 $c / \text{Re } u \wedge m / (x / 2) \wedge \text{Suc } j$  **using** `Re-u elim`  
**unfolding** `norm-divide` `norm-power` `dist`  
**by** (`intro divide-right-mono zero-le-power c`) `simp-all`  
**also have**  $\dots \leq c / (x/2) \wedge m / (x / 2) \wedge \text{Suc } j$  **using** `c-nonneg` `elim` `Re-u`  
**by** (`intro divide-right-mono divide-left-mono power-mono`) `simp-all`  
**also have**  $\dots = B / x \wedge (m + \text{Suc } j)$  **using** `elim` **by** (`simp add: B-def`  
`field-simps` `power-add`)  
**finally show**  $\text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } m \ u / (u - \text{of-real } x) \wedge \text{Suc } j) \leq B / x$   
 $\wedge (m + \text{Suc } j)$  .  
**qed** (`insert elim c-nonneg, auto simp: B-def simp del: power-Suc`)  
**hence** `cmod`  $((\text{deriv } \wedge j) (\text{stirling-integral } m) (\text{of-real } x)) \leq B' / x \wedge (j + m)$   
**using** `elim` **by** (`simp add: field-simps norm-divide norm-mult norm-power`  
`B'-def`)  
**with** `elim m show` `?case` **by** (`simp-all add: add-ac deriv-stirling-integral-complex-of-real`)  
**qed**  
**thus** `?thesis` **by** (`rule bigoI`)  
**qed**

**definition** `stirling-sum` **where**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{stirling-sum } j \ m \ x = & \\
 & (-1) \wedge j * (\sum k = 1..<m. (\text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k)) * \text{pochhammer } (\text{of-nat } \\
 & k) \ j / (\text{of-nat } k * \\
 & \text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k))) * \text{inverse } x \wedge (k + j))
 \end{aligned}$$

**definition** `stirling-sum'` **where**

$$\text{stirling-sum}' \ j \ m \ x =$$

$$(-1) \wedge (\text{Suc } j) * (\sum k \leq m. (\text{of-real } (\text{bernoulli}' k) * \text{pochhammer } (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } k)) (j - 1) * \text{inverse } x \wedge (k + j)))$$

**lemma** *stirling-sum-complex-of-real*:

*stirling-sum*  $j$   $m$  (*complex-of-real*  $x$ ) = *complex-of-real* (*stirling-sum*  $j$   $m$   $x$ )  
**by** (*simp* *add*: *stirling-sum-def* *pochhammer-of-real* [*symmetric*] *del*: *of-nat-Suc*)

**lemma** *stirling-sum'-complex-of-real*:

*stirling-sum'*  $j$   $m$  (*complex-of-real*  $x$ ) = *complex-of-real* (*stirling-sum'*  $j$   $m$   $x$ )  
**by** (*simp* *add*: *stirling-sum'-def* *pochhammer-of-real* [*symmetric*] *del*: *of-nat-Suc*)

**lemma** *has-field-derivative-stirling-sum-complex* [*derivative-intros*]:

$\text{Re } x > 0 \implies$  (*stirling-sum*  $j$   $m$  *has-field-derivative* *stirling-sum* (*Suc*  $j$ )  $m$   $x$ ) (*at*  $x$ )

**unfolding** *stirling-sum-def* [*abs-def*] *sum-distrib-left*

**by** (*rule* *DERIV-sum*) (*auto* *intro!*: *derivative-eq-intros* *simp* *del*: *of-nat-Suc* *simp*: *pochhammer-Suc* *power-diff*)

**lemma** *has-field-derivative-stirling-sum-real* [*derivative-intros*]:

$x > (0::\text{real}) \implies$  (*stirling-sum*  $j$   $m$  *has-field-derivative* *stirling-sum* (*Suc*  $j$ )  $m$   $x$ ) (*at*  $x$ )

**unfolding** *stirling-sum-def* [*abs-def*] *sum-distrib-left*

**by** (*rule* *DERIV-sum*) (*auto* *intro!*: *derivative-eq-intros* *simp* *del*: *of-nat-Suc* *simp*: *pochhammer-Suc* *power-diff*)

**lemma** *has-field-derivative-stirling-sum'-complex* [*derivative-intros*]:

**assumes**  $j > 0$   $\text{Re } x > 0$

**shows** (*stirling-sum'*  $j$   $m$  *has-field-derivative* *stirling-sum'* (*Suc*  $j$ )  $m$   $x$ ) (*at*  $x$ )

**proof** (*cases*  $j$ )

**case** (*Suc*  $j'$ )

**from** *assms* **have** [*simp*]:  $x \neq 0$  **by** *auto*

**define**  $c$  **where**  $c = (\lambda n. (-1) \wedge \text{Suc } j * \text{complex-of-real } (\text{bernoulli}' n) * \text{pochhammer } (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n)) j')$

**define**  $T$  **where**  $T = (\lambda n x. c n * \text{inverse } x \wedge (j + n))$

**define**  $T'$  **where**  $T' = (\lambda n x. - (\text{of-nat } (j + n)) * c n * \text{inverse } x \wedge (\text{Suc } (j + n)))$

**have**  $((\lambda x. \sum k \leq m. T k x) \text{ has-field-derivative } (\sum k \leq m. T' k x))$  (*at*  $x$ ) **using** *assms* *Suc*

**by** (*intro* *DERIV-sum*)

(*auto* *simp*: *T-def* *T'-def* *intro!*: *derivative-eq-intros*

*simp*: *field-simps* *power-add* [*symmetric*] *simp* *del*: *of-nat-Suc* *power-Suc*

*of-nat-add*)

**also** **have**  $(\lambda x. \sum k \leq m. T k x) = \text{stirling-sum}' j m$

**by** (*simp* *add*: *Suc* *T-def* *c-def* *stirling-sum'-def* *fun-eq-iff* *add-ac* *mult.assoc* *sum-distrib-left*)

**also** **have**  $(\sum k \leq m. T' k x) = \text{stirling-sum}' (\text{Suc } j) m x$

**by** (*simp* *add*: *T'-def* *c-def* *Suc* *stirling-sum'-def* *sum-distrib-left* *sum-distrib-right* *algebra-simps* *pochhammer-Suc*)

**finally** **show** *?thesis* .

**qed** (*insert assms, simp-all*)

**lemma** *has-field-derivative-stirling-sum'-real* [*derivative-intros*]:

**assumes**  $j > 0 \ x > (0::\text{real})$   
**shows** (*stirling-sum' j m has-field-derivative* *stirling-sum' (Suc j) m x*) (*at x*)  
**proof** (*cases j*)  
**case** (*Suc j'*)  
**from** *assms* **have** [*simp*]:  $x \neq 0$  **by** *auto*  
**define** *c* **where**  $c = (\lambda n. (-1) \wedge \text{Suc } j * (\text{bernoulli}' n) * \text{pochhammer } (\text{of-nat } (\text{Suc } n)) j')$   
**define** *T* **where**  $T = (\lambda n x. c n * \text{inverse } x \wedge (j + n))$   
**define** *T'* **where**  $T' = (\lambda n x. - (\text{of-nat } (j + n)) * c n * \text{inverse } x \wedge (\text{Suc } (j + n)))$   
**have**  $((\lambda x. \sum_{k \leq m}. T k x) \text{ has-field-derivative } (\sum_{k \leq m}. T' k x)) (\text{at } x)$  **using** *assms Suc*  
**by** (*intro DERIV-sum*)  
*(auto simp: T-def T'-def intro!: derivative-eq-intros*  
*simp: field-simps power-add [symmetric] simp del: of-nat-Suc power-Suc*  
*of-nat-add)*  
**also** **have**  $(\lambda x. (\sum_{k \leq m}. T k x)) = \text{stirling-sum}' j m$   
**by** (*simp add: Suc T-def c-def* *stirling-sum'-def fun-eq-iff add-ac mult.assoc*  
*sum-distrib-left*)  
**also** **have**  $(\sum_{k \leq m}. T' k x) = \text{stirling-sum}' (\text{Suc } j) m x$   
**by** (*simp add: T'-def c-def Suc* *stirling-sum'-def sum-distrib-left*  
*sum-distrib-right algebra-simps pochhammer-Suc*)  
**finally** **show** *?thesis* .  
**qed** (*insert assms, simp-all*)

**lemma** *higher-deriv-stirling-sum-complex*:

$\text{Re } x > 0 \implies (\text{deriv } \wedge i) (\text{stirling-sum } j m) x = \text{stirling-sum } (i + j) m x$   
**proof** (*induction i arbitrary: x*)  
**case** (*Suc i*)  
**have**  $\text{deriv } ((\text{deriv } \wedge i) (\text{stirling-sum } j m)) x = \text{deriv } (\text{stirling-sum } (i + j) m) x$   
**using** *eventually-nhds-in-open*[*of {x. Re x > 0} x*] *Suc.prem*s  
**by** (*intro* *deriv-cong-ev refl*) (*auto elim!: eventually-mono simp: open-halfspace-Re-gt*  
*Suc.IH*)  
**also** **from** *Suc.prem*s **have**  $\dots = \text{stirling-sum } (\text{Suc } (i + j)) m x$   
**by** (*intro DERIV-imp-deriv has-field-derivative-stirling-sum-complex*)  
**finally** **show** *?case* **by** *simp*  
**qed** *simp-all*

**definition** *Polygamma-approx* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a :: \{\text{real-normed-field, ln}\}$   
**where**

$\text{Polygamma-approx } j m =$   
 $(\text{deriv } \wedge j) (\lambda x. (x - 1 / 2) * \ln x - x + \text{of-real } (\ln (2 * \pi)) / 2 +$   
 $\text{stirling-sum } 0 m x)$

**lemma** *Polygamma-approx-Suc*:  $\text{Polygamma-approx } (\text{Suc } j) m = \text{deriv } (\text{Polygamma-approx}$

$j m$ )  
**by** (*simp add: Polygamma-approx-def*)

**lemma** *Polygamma-approx-0*:  
 $Polygamma-approx\ 0\ m\ x = (x - 1/2) * \ln\ x - x + of-real\ (\ln\ (2*pi)) / 2 +$   
 $stirling-sum\ 0\ m\ x$   
**by** (*simp add: Polygamma-approx-def*)

**lemma** *Polygamma-approx-1-complex*:  
 $Re\ x > 0 \implies$   
 $Polygamma-approx\ (Suc\ 0)\ m\ x = \ln\ x - 1 / (2*x) + stirling-sum\ (Suc\ 0)$   
 $m\ x$   
**unfolding** *Polygamma-approx-Suc Polygamma-approx-0*  
**by** (*intro DERIV-imp-deriv*)  
*(auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros elim!: nonpos-Reals-cases simp: field-simps)*

**lemma** *Polygamma-approx-1-real*:  
 $x > (0 :: real) \implies$   
 $Polygamma-approx\ (Suc\ 0)\ m\ x = \ln\ x - 1 / (2*x) + stirling-sum\ (Suc\ 0)$   
 $m\ x$   
**unfolding** *Polygamma-approx-Suc Polygamma-approx-0*  
**by** (*intro DERIV-imp-deriv*)  
*(auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros elim!: nonpos-Reals-cases simp: field-simps)*

**lemma** *stirling-sum-2-conv-stirling-sum'-1*:  
**fixes**  $x :: 'a :: \{real-div-algebra, field-char-0\}$   
**assumes**  $m > 0\ x \neq 0$   
**shows**  $stirling-sum'\ 1\ m\ x = 1 / x + 1 / (2 * x^2) + stirling-sum\ 2\ m\ x$   
**proof** –  
**have** *pochhammer-2: pochhammer (of-nat k) 2 = of-nat k \* of-nat (Suc k)* **for**  
 $k$   
**by** (*simp add: pochhammer-Suc eval-nat-numeral add-ac*)  
**have**  $stirling-sum\ 2\ m\ x =$   
 $(\sum k = Suc\ 0..<m. of-real\ (bernoulli'\ (Suc\ k)) * inverse\ x ^ Suc\ (Suc\ k))$   
**unfolding** *stirling-sum-def pochhammer-2 power2-minus power-one mult-1-left*  
**by** (*intro sum.cong refl*)  
*(simp-all add: stirling-sum-def pochhammer-2 power2-eq-square divide-simps*  
*bernoulli'-def*  
 $del: of-nat-Suc\ power-Suc)$   
**also have**  $1 / (2 * x^2) + \dots =$   
 $(\sum k=0..<m. of-real\ (bernoulli'\ (Suc\ k)) * inverse\ x ^ Suc\ (Suc\ k))$   
**using** *assms*  
**by** (*subst (2) sum.atLeast-Suc-lessThan*) (*simp-all add: power2-eq-square field-simps*)  
**also have**  $1 / x + \dots = (\sum k=0..<Suc\ m. of-real\ (bernoulli'\ k) * inverse\ x ^$   
 $Suc\ k)$   
**by** (*subst sum.atLeast0-lessThan-Suc-shift*) (*simp-all add: bernoulli'-def di-*  
*vide-simps*)  
**also have**  $\dots = (\sum k \leq m. of-real\ (bernoulli'\ k) * inverse\ x ^ Suc\ k)$   
**by** (*intro sum.cong auto*)

also have ... = *stirling-sum'* 1 m x **by** (*simp add: stirling-sum'-def*)  
**finally show** ?thesis **by** (*simp add: add-ac*)  
**qed**

**lemma** *Polygamma-approx-2-real*:

**assumes**  $x > (0::real)$   $m > 0$   
**shows** *Polygamma-approx* (Suc (Suc 0)) m x = *stirling-sum'* 1 m x  
**proof** –  
**have** *Polygamma-approx* (Suc (Suc 0)) m x = *deriv* (*Polygamma-approx* (Suc 0) m) x  
**by** (*simp add: Polygamma-approx-Suc*)  
**also have** ... = *deriv* ( $\lambda x. \ln x - 1 / (2*x) + \textit{stirling-sum} (Suc 0) m x) x  
**using** *eventually-nhds-in-open*[of {0<..} x] *assms*  
**by** (*intro deriv-cong-ev*) (*auto elim!: eventually-mono simp: Polygamma-approx-1-real*)  
**also have** ... =  $1 / x + 1 / (2*x^2) + \textit{stirling-sum} (Suc (Suc 0)) m x **using**  
*assms*  
**by** (*intro DERIV-imp-deriv*) (*auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros*  
*elim!: nonpos-Reals-cases simp: field-simps power2-eq-square*)  
**also have** ... = *stirling-sum'* 1 m x **using** *stirling-sum-2-conv-stirling-sum'-1*[of  
m x] *assms*  
**by** (*simp add: eval-nat-numeral*)  
**finally show** ?thesis .  
**qed**$$

**lemma** *Polygamma-approx-2-complex*:

**assumes**  $\text{Re } x > 0$   $m > 0$   
**shows** *Polygamma-approx* (Suc (Suc 0)) m x = *stirling-sum'* 1 m x  
**proof** –  
**have** *Polygamma-approx* (Suc (Suc 0)) m x = *deriv* (*Polygamma-approx* (Suc 0) m) x  
**by** (*simp add: Polygamma-approx-Suc*)  
**also have** ... = *deriv* ( $\lambda x. \ln x - 1 / (2*x) + \textit{stirling-sum} (Suc 0) m x) x  
**using** *eventually-nhds-in-open*[of {s. Re s > 0} x] *assms*  
**by** (*intro deriv-cong-ev*)  
*(auto simp: open-halfspace-Re-gt elim!: eventually-mono simp: Polygamma-approx-1-complex)*  
**also have** ... =  $1 / x + 1 / (2*x^2) + \textit{stirling-sum} (Suc (Suc 0)) m x **using**  
*assms*  
**by** (*intro DERIV-imp-deriv*) (*auto intro!: derivative-eq-intros*  
*elim!: nonpos-Reals-cases simp: field-simps power2-eq-square*)  
**also have** ... = *stirling-sum'* 1 m x **using** *stirling-sum-2-conv-stirling-sum'-1*[of  
m x] *assms*  
**by** (*subst stirling-sum-2-conv-stirling-sum'-1*) (*auto simp: eval-nat-numeral*)  
**finally show** ?thesis .  
**qed**$$

**lemma** *Polygamma-approx-ge-2-real*:

**assumes**  $x > (0::real)$   $m > 0$   
**shows** *Polygamma-approx* (Suc (Suc j)) m x = *stirling-sum'* (Suc j) m x  
**using** *assms*(1)

```

proof (induction j arbitrary: x)
  case (0 x)
  with assms show ?case by (simp add: Polygamma-approx-2-real)
next
  case (Suc j x)
  have Polygamma-approx (Suc (Suc (Suc j))) m x = deriv (Polygamma-approx
(Suc (Suc j)) m) x
    by (simp add: Polygamma-approx-Suc)
  also have ... = deriv (stirling-sum' (Suc j) m) x
    using eventually-nhds-in-open[of {0<..} x] Suc.prems
    by (intro deriv-cong-ev refl) (auto elim!: eventually-mono simp: Suc.IH)
  also have ... = stirling-sum' (Suc (Suc j)) m x using Suc.prems
    by (intro DERIV-imp-deriv derivative-intros) simp-all
  finally show ?case .
qed

```

```

lemma Polygamma-approx-ge-2-complex:
  assumes  $Re\ x > 0\ m > 0$ 
  shows Polygamma-approx (Suc (Suc j)) m x = stirling-sum' (Suc j) m x
using assms(1)
proof (induction j arbitrary: x)
  case (0 x)
  with assms show ?case by (simp add: Polygamma-approx-2-complex)
next
  case (Suc j x)
  have Polygamma-approx (Suc (Suc (Suc j))) m x = deriv (Polygamma-approx
(Suc (Suc j)) m) x
    by (simp add: Polygamma-approx-Suc)
  also have ... = deriv (stirling-sum' (Suc j) m) x
    using eventually-nhds-in-open[of {x. Re x > 0} x] Suc.prems
    by (intro deriv-cong-ev refl) (auto elim!: eventually-mono simp: Suc.IH open-halfspace-Re-gt)
  also have ... = stirling-sum' (Suc (Suc j)) m x using Suc.prems
    by (intro DERIV-imp-deriv derivative-intros) simp-all
  finally show ?case .
qed

```

```

lemma Polygamma-approx-complex-of-real:
  assumes  $x > 0\ m > 0$ 
  shows Polygamma-approx j m (complex-of-real x) = of-real (Polygamma-approx
j m x)
proof (cases j)
  case 0
  with assms show ?thesis by (simp add: Polygamma-approx-0 Ln-of-real stir-
ling-sum-complex-of-real)
next
  case [simp]: (Suc j')
  thus ?thesis
  proof (cases j')
    case 0

```

**with** *assms* **show** *?thesis*  
**by** (*simp add: Polygamma-approx-1-complex*  
*Polygamma-approx-1-real stirling-sum-complex-of-real Ln-of-real*)

**next**  
**case** (*Suc j''*)  
**with** *assms* **show** *?thesis*  
**by** (*simp add: Polygamma-approx-ge-2-complex Polygamma-approx-ge-2-real*  
*stirling-sum'-complex-of-real*)

**qed**  
**qed**

**lemma** *higher-deriv-Polygamma-approx* [*simp*]:  
*(deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) (Polygamma-approx i m) = Polygamma-approx (j + i) m*  
**by** (*simp add: Polygamma-approx-def funpow-add*)

**lemma** *stirling-sum-holomorphic* [*holomorphic-intros*]:  
*0  $\notin$  A  $\implies$  stirling-sum j m holomorphic-on A*  
**unfolding** *stirling-sum-def* **by** (*intro holomorphic-intros*) *auto*

**lemma** *Polygamma-approx-holomorphic* [*holomorphic-intros*]:  
*Polygamma-approx j m holomorphic-on {s. Re s > 0}*  
**unfolding** *Polygamma-approx-def*  
**by** (*intro holomorphic-intros*) (*auto simp: open-halfspace-Re-gt elim!: nonpos-Reals-cases*)

**lemma** *higher-deriv-lnGamma-stirling*:  
**assumes** *m: m > 0*  
**shows** *( $\lambda x::\text{real}.$  (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) ln-Gamma x - Polygamma-approx j m x)  $\in$  O( $\lambda x.$*   
*1 / x  $\hat{\sim}$  (m + j))*  
**proof** –  
**have** *eventually* *( $\lambda x.$  |(deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) ln-Gamma x - Polygamma-approx j m x| =*  
*inverse (real m) \* |(deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) (stirling-integral m) x|) at-top*  
**using** *eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::real]*  
**proof** *eventually-elim*  
**case** (*elim x*)  
**note** *x = this*  
**have**  $\forall_F y$  *in nhds (complex-of-real x). y  $\in$  - $\mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$*   
**using** *elim* **by** (*intro eventually-nhds-in-open*) *auto*  
**hence** *(deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) ( $\lambda x.$  ln-Gamma x - Polygamma-approx 0 m x) (complex-of-real*  
*x) =*  

$$(deriv \hat{\sim} j) (\lambda x. (-inverse (of-nat m)) * stirling-integral m x)$$
*(complex-of-real x)*  
**using** *x m*  
**by** (*intro higher-deriv-cong-ev refl*)  
*(auto elim!: eventually-mono simp: ln-Gamma-stirling-complex Polygamma-approx-def*  
  
*field-simps open-halfspace-Re-gt stirling-sum-def*)  
**also have**  $\dots = -inverse (of-nat m) * (deriv \hat{\sim} j) (stirling-integral m) (of-real$   
*x) using* *x m*  
**by** (*intro higher-deriv-cmult[of - - $\mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$ ] stirling-integral-holomorphic*)

(auto simp: open-halfspace-Re-gt)  
**also have** (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) ( $\lambda x.$  ln-Gamma  $x - \text{Polygamma-approx } 0 \ m \ x$ ) (complex-of-real  $x$ ) =  
 (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) ln-Gamma (of-real  $x$ ) - (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) (Polygamma-approx  $0 \ m$ ) (of-real  $x$ )  
**using**  $x$   
**by** (intro higher-deriv-diff[of - {s. Re s > 0}])  
 (auto intro!: holomorphic-intros elim!: nonpos-Reals-cases simp: open-halfspace-Re-gt)  
**also have** (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) (Polygamma-approx  $0 \ m$ ) (complex-of-real  $x$ ) =  
 of-real (Polygamma-approx  $j \ m \ x$ ) **using**  $x \ m$   
**by** (simp add: Polygamma-approx-complex-of-real)  
**also have** norm (- inverse (of-nat  $m$ ) \* (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) (stirling-integral  $m$ ))  
 (complex-of-real  $x$ ) =  
 inverse (real  $m$ ) \* |(deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) (stirling-integral  $m$ )  $x$ |  
**using**  $x \ m$  **by** (simp add: norm-mult norm-inverse deriv-stirling-integral-complex-of-real)  
**also have** (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) ln-Gamma (complex-of-real  $x$ ) = of-real ((deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j)  
 ln-Gamma  $x$ ) **using**  $x$   
**by** (simp add: higher-deriv-ln-Gamma-complex-of-real)  
**also have** norm (... - of-real (Polygamma-approx  $j \ m \ x$ )) =  
 |(deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) ln-Gamma  $x - \text{Polygamma-approx } j \ m \ x$ |  
**by** (simp only: of-real-diff [symmetric] norm-of-real)  
**finally show** ?case .  
**qed**  
**from** bighetaI-cong[OF this]  $m$   
**have** ( $\lambda x::\text{real}.$  (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) ln-Gamma  $x - \text{Polygamma-approx } j \ m \ x$ )  $\in$   
 $\Theta(\lambda x.$  (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) (stirling-integral  $m$ )  $x$ ) **by** simp  
**also have** ( $\lambda x::\text{real}.$  (deriv  $\hat{\sim}$  j) (stirling-integral  $m$ )  $x$ )  $\in O(\lambda x.$   $1 / x^{(m + j)}$ )  
**using**  $m$   
**by** (rule deriv-stirling-integral-real-bound)  
**finally show** ?thesis .  
**qed**

**lemma** Polygamma-approx-1-real':

**assumes**  $x:$  (real) > 0 **and**  $m:$   $m > 0$   
**shows** Polygamma-approx  $1 \ m \ x = \ln x - (\sum k = \text{Suc } 0..m.$  bernoulli'  $k * \text{inverse } x^k / \text{real } k$ )  
**proof** -  
**have** Polygamma-approx  $1 \ m \ x = \ln x - (1 / (2 * x) +$   
 $(\sum k=\text{Suc } 0..<m.$  bernoulli (Suc  $k$ ) \* inverse  $x^{\text{Suc } k} / \text{real } (\text{Suc } k)))$   
 (is - = - - (- + ?S)) **using**  $x$  **by** (simp add: Polygamma-approx-1-real stir-  
 ling-sum-def)  
**also have** ?S =  $(\sum k=\text{Suc } 0..<m.$  bernoulli' (Suc  $k$ ) \* inverse  $x^{\text{Suc } k} / \text{real } (\text{Suc } k))$   
**by** (intro sum.cong refl) (simp-all add: bernoulli'-def)  
**also have**  $1 / (2 * x) + \dots =$   
 $(\sum k=0..<m.$  bernoulli' (Suc  $k$ ) \* inverse  $x^{\text{Suc } k} / \text{real } (\text{Suc } k))$   
**using**  $m$   
**by** (subst (2) sum.atLeast-Suc-lessThan) (simp-all add: field-simps)  
**also have** ... =  $(\sum k = \text{Suc } 0..m.$  bernoulli'  $k * \text{inverse } x^k / \text{real } k)$  **using**

*assms*

**by** (*subst sum.shift-bounds-Suc-ivl [symmetric]*) (*simp add: atLeastLessThanSuc-atLeastAtMost*)  
**finally show** *?thesis* .  
**qed**

**theorem**

**assumes** *m: m > 0*

**shows** *ln-Gamma-real-asymptotics:*

$(\lambda x. \ln\text{-Gamma } x - ((x - 1 / 2) * \ln x - x + \ln (2 * \pi)) / 2 +$   
 $(\sum k = 1..<m. \text{bernoulli } (\text{Suc } k) / (\text{real } k * \text{real } (\text{Suc } k)) / x^k))$   
 $\in O(\lambda x. 1 / x^m)$  (**is** *?th1*)

**and** *Digamma-real-asymptotics:*

$(\lambda x. \text{Digamma } x - (\ln x - (\sum k=1..m. \text{bernoulli}' k / \text{real } k / x^k)))$   
 $\in O(\lambda x. 1 / (x^{\text{Suc } m}))$  (**is** *?th2*)

**and** *Polygamma-real-asymptotics: j > 0  $\implies$*

$(\lambda x. \text{Polygamma } j x - (-1)^{\text{Suc } j} * (\sum k \leq m. \text{bernoulli}' k * \text{pochhammer } (\text{real } (\text{Suc } k)) (j - 1) / x^{(k + j)}))$   
 $\in O(\lambda x. 1 / x^{(m+j+1)})$  (**is**  $- \implies$  *?th3*)

**proof** –

**define** *G :: nat  $\implies$  real  $\implies$  real* **where**

*G = ( $\lambda m. \text{if } m = 0 \text{ then } \ln\text{-Gamma} \text{ else } \text{Polygamma } (m - 1))$*

**have**  $*$ :  $(\lambda x. G j x - h x) \in O(\lambda x. 1 / x^{(m + j)})$

**if**  $\wedge x::\text{real}. x > 0 \implies \text{Polygamma-approx } j m x = h x$  **for** *j h*

**proof** –

**have**  $(\lambda x. G j x - h x) \in$

$\Theta(\lambda x. (\text{deriv } \wedge^j) \ln\text{-Gamma } x - \text{Polygamma-approx } j m x)$  (**is**  $- \in$

$\Theta(?f)$ )

**using** *that*

**by** (*intro bigthetaI-cong*) (*auto intro: eventually-mono[OF eventually-gt-at-top[of 0::real]]*)

*simp del: funpow.simps simp: higher-deriv-ln-Gamma-real G-def*)

**also have**  $?f \in O(\lambda x::\text{real}. 1 / x^{(m + j)})$  **using** *m*

**by** (*rule higher-deriv-lnGamma-stirling*)

**finally show** *?thesis* .

**qed**

**note** [*simproc del: simplify-landau-sum*]

**from**  $*$ [*OF Polygamma-approx-0*] *assms show ?th1*

**by** (*simp add: G-def Polygamma-approx-0 stirling-sum-def field-simps*)

**from**  $*$ [*OF Polygamma-approx-1-real'*] *assms show ?th2* **by** (*simp add: G-def field-simps*)

**assume** *j: j > 0*

**from**  $*$ [*OF Polygamma-approx-ge-2-real, of j - 1*] *assms j show ?th3*

**by** (*simp add: G-def stirling-sum'-def power-add power-diff field-simps*)

**qed**

## 2.5 Asymptotics of the complex Gamma function

The  $m$ -th order remainder of Stirling's formula for  $\log \Gamma$  is  $O(s^{-m})$  uniformly over any complex cone  $\text{Arg}(z) \leq \alpha$ ,  $z \neq 0$  for any angle  $\alpha \in (0, \pi)$ . This means that there is bounded by  $cz^{-m}$  for some constant  $c$  for all  $z$  in this cone.

**context**

**fixes**  $F$  and  $\alpha$

**assumes**  $\alpha: \alpha \in \{0 < .. < \pi\}$

**defines**  $F \equiv \text{principal}(\text{complex-cone}' \alpha - \{0\})$

**begin**

**lemma** *stirling-integral-bigo*:

**fixes**  $m :: \text{nat}$

**assumes**  $m: m > 0$

**shows** *stirling-integral*  $m \in O[F](\lambda s. 1 / s \wedge m)$

**proof** –

**obtain**  $c$  **where**  $c: \bigwedge s. s \in \text{complex-cone}' \alpha - \{0\} \implies \text{norm}(\text{stirling-integral } m s) \leq c / \text{norm } s \wedge m$

**using** *stirling-integral-bound*  $[OF \langle m > 0 \rangle \alpha]$  **by** *blast*

**have**  $0 \leq \text{norm}(\text{stirling-integral } m 1 :: \text{complex})$

**by** *simp*

**also have**  $\dots \leq c$

**using**  $c[\text{of } 1] \alpha$  **by** *simp*

**finally have**  $c \geq 0$  .

**have** *eventually*  $(\lambda s. s \in \text{complex-cone}' \alpha - \{0\}) F$

**unfolding**  $F\text{-def}$  **by**  $(\text{auto } \text{simp}: \text{eventually-principal})$

**hence** *eventually*  $(\lambda s. \text{norm}(\text{stirling-integral } m s) \leq c * \text{norm}(1 / s \wedge m)) F$

**by** *eventually-elim*  $(\text{use } c \text{ in } \langle \text{simp add}: \text{norm-divide norm-power} \rangle)$

**thus** *stirling-integral*  $m \in O[F](\lambda s. 1 / s \wedge m)$

**by**  $(\text{intro } \text{bigoI}[\text{of } - c]) \text{ auto}$

**qed**

**end**

The following is a more explicit statement of this:

**theorem** *ln-Gamma-complex-asymptotics-explicit*:

**fixes**  $m :: \text{nat}$  and  $\alpha :: \text{real}$

**assumes**  $m > 0$  and  $\alpha \in \{0 < .. < \pi\}$

**obtains**  $C :: \text{real}$  and  $R :: \text{complex} \Rightarrow \text{complex}$

**where**  $\forall s :: \text{complex}. s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0} \longrightarrow$

$$\text{ln-Gamma } s = (s - 1/2) * \text{ln } s - s + \text{ln}(2 * \pi) / 2 + (\sum k=1..m. \text{bernoulli}(k+1) / (k * (k+1) * s \wedge k)) - R s$$

**and**  $\forall s. s \neq 0 \wedge |\text{Arg } s| \leq \alpha \longrightarrow \text{norm}(R s) \leq C / \text{norm } s \wedge m$

**proof** –

**obtain**  $c$  **where**  $c: \bigwedge s. s \in \text{complex-cone}' \alpha - \{0\} \implies \text{norm}(\text{stirling-integral } m s) \leq c / \text{norm } s \wedge m$

```

    using stirling-integral-bound [OF assms] by blast
  have  $0 \leq \text{norm } (\text{stirling-integral } m \ 1 \ :: \text{complex})$ 
    by simp
  also have  $\dots \leq c$ 
    using c[of 1] assms by simp
  finally have  $c \geq 0$  .
  define R where  $R = (\lambda s :: \text{complex}. \text{stirling-integral } m \ s \ / \ \text{of-nat } m)$ 
  show ?thesis
  proof (rule that)
    from ln-Gamma-stirling-complex [of - m] assms show
       $\forall s :: \text{complex}. s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0} \longrightarrow$ 
         $\text{ln-Gamma } s = (s - 1 / 2) * \text{ln } s - s + \text{ln } (2 * \text{pi}) / 2 +$ 
         $(\sum_{k=1..<m.} \text{bernoulli } (k+1) / (k * (k+1) * s ^ k)) - R \ s$ 
      by (auto simp add: R-def algebra-simps)
    show  $\forall s. s \neq 0 \wedge |\text{Arg } s| \leq \alpha \longrightarrow \text{cmod } (R \ s) \leq c / \text{real } m / \text{cmod } s ^ m$ 
    proof (safe, goal-cases)
      case (1 s)
      show ?case
        using 1 c[of s] assms
        by (auto simp: complex-cone-altdef abs-le-iff R-def norm-divide field-simps)
    qed
  qed
qed

```

Lastly, we can also derive the asymptotics of  $\Gamma$  itself:

$$\Gamma(z) \sim \sqrt{2\pi/z} \left(\frac{z}{e}\right)^z$$

uniformly for  $|z| \rightarrow \infty$  within the cone  $\text{Arg}(z) \leq \alpha$  for  $\alpha \in (0, \pi)$ :

```

context
  fixes F and  $\alpha$ 
  assumes  $\alpha: \alpha \in \{0 < .. < \text{pi}\}$ 
  defines  $F \equiv \text{inf at-infinity } (\text{principal } (\text{complex-cone}' \ \alpha))$ 
begin

```

**lemma** *Gamma-complex-asymp-equiv:*

*Gamma*  $\sim$ [*F*]  $(\lambda s. \text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi}) * (s / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } s / s \text{ powr } (1 / 2))$

**proof** –

**define** *I* :: *complex*  $\Rightarrow$  *complex* **where** *I* = *stirling-integral 1*

**have** *eventually*  $(\lambda s. s \in \text{complex-cone}' \ \alpha) \ F$

by (auto *simp: eventually-inf-principal F-def*)

**moreover** **have** *eventually*  $(\lambda s. s \neq 0) \ F$

**unfolding** *F-def* *eventually-inf-principal*

**using** *eventually-not-equal-at-infinity* **by** *eventually-elim auto*

**ultimately** **have** *eventually*  $(\lambda s. \text{Gamma } s =$

$\text{sqrt } (2 * \text{pi}) * (s / \text{exp } 1) \text{ powr } s / s \text{ powr } (1 / 2) / \text{exp } (I \ s)) \ F$

**proof** *eventually-elim*

**case** (*elim s*)

**from** *elim* **have** *s'*:  $s \notin \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$

**using** *complex-cone-inter-nonpos-Reals*[of  $-\alpha$ ]  $\alpha$  **by** *auto*  
**from** *elim* **have** [simp]:  $s \neq 0$  **by** *auto*  
**from**  $s'$  **have**  $\Gamma s = \exp (\ln \Gamma s)$   
**unfolding** *Gamma-complex-altdef* **using** *nonpos-Ints-subset-nonpos-Reals* **by**  
*auto*  
**also from**  $s'$  **have**  $\ln \Gamma s = (s-1/2) * \text{Ln } s - s + \text{complex-of-real } (\ln$   
 $(2 * \pi) / 2) - I s$   
**by** (*subst ln-Gamma-stirling-complex*[of - 1]) (*simp-all add: exp-add exp-diff*  
*I-def*)  
**also have**  $\exp \dots = \exp ((s - 1 / 2) * \text{Ln } s) / \exp s *$   
 $\exp (\text{complex-of-real } (\ln (2 * \pi) / 2)) / \exp (I s)$   
**unfolding** *exp-diff exp-add* **by** (*simp add: exp-diff exp-add*)  
**also have**  $\exp ((s - 1 / 2) * \text{Ln } s) = s \text{ powr } (s - 1 / 2)$   
**by** (*simp add: powr-def*)  
**also have**  $\exp (\text{complex-of-real } (\ln (2 * \pi) / 2)) = \text{sqrt } (2 * \pi)$   
**by** (*subst exp-of-real*) (*auto simp: powr-def simp flip: powr-half-sqrt*)  
**also have**  $\exp s = \exp 1 \text{ powr } s$   
**by** (*simp add: powr-def*)  
**also have**  $s \text{ powr } (s - 1 / 2) / \exp 1 \text{ powr } s = (s \text{ powr } s / \exp 1 \text{ powr } s) / s$   
 $\text{powr } (1/2)$   
**by** (*subst powr-diff*) *auto*  
**also have**  $*$ :  $\text{Ln } (s / \exp 1) = \text{Ln } s - 1$   
**using** *Ln-divide-of-real*[of  $\exp 1$   $s$ ] **by** (*simp flip: exp-of-real*)  
**hence**  $s \text{ powr } s / \exp 1 \text{ powr } s = (s / \exp 1) \text{ powr } s$   
**unfolding** *powr-def* **by** (*subst \**) (*auto simp: exp-diff field-simps*)  
**finally show**  $\Gamma s = \text{sqrt } (2 * \pi) * (s / \exp 1) \text{ powr } s / s \text{ powr } (1 / 2)$   
 $/ \exp (I s)$   
**by** (*simp add: algebra-simps*)  
**qed**  
**hence**  $\Gamma s \sim[F] (\lambda s. \text{sqrt } (2 * \pi) * (s / \exp 1) \text{ powr } s / s \text{ powr } (1 / 2) /$   
 $\exp (I s))$   
**by** (*rule asymp-equiv-refl-ev*)  
**also have**  $\dots \sim[F] (\lambda s. \text{sqrt } (2 * \pi) * (s / \exp 1) \text{ powr } s / s \text{ powr } (1 / 2) / 1)$   
**proof** (*intro asymp-equiv-intros*)  
**have**  $F \leq \text{principal } (\text{complex-cone}' \alpha - \{0\})$   
**unfolding** *le-principal F-def eventually-inf-principal*  
**using** *eventually-not-equal-at-infinity* **by** *eventually-elim auto*  
**moreover have**  $I \in O[\text{principal } (\text{complex-cone}' \alpha - \{0\})](\lambda s. 1 / s)$   
**using** *stirling-integral-bigo*[of  $\alpha$  1]  $\alpha$  **unfolding** *F-def* **by** (*simp add: I-def*)  
**ultimately have**  $I \in O[F](\lambda s. 1 / s)$   
**by** (*rule landau-o.big.filter-mono*)  
**also have**  $(\lambda s. 1 / s) \in o[F](\lambda s. 1)$   
**proof** (*rule landau-o.smallI*)  
**fix**  $c :: \text{real}$   
**assume**  $c: c > 0$   
**hence** *eventually*  $(\lambda z::\text{complex. norm } z \geq 1 / c)$  *at-infinity*  
**by** (*auto simp: eventually-at-infinity*)  
**moreover have** *eventually*  $(\lambda z::\text{complex. } z \neq 0)$  *at-infinity*  
**by** (*rule eventually-not-equal-at-infinity*)

**ultimately show** *eventually*  $(\lambda z :: \text{complex. norm } (1 / z) \leq c * \text{norm } (1 :: \text{complex})) F$   
**unfolding** *F-def eventually-inf-principal*  
**by** *eventually-elim (use <c > 0> in <auto simp: norm-divide field-simps>)*  
**qed**  
**finally have**  $I \in o[F](\lambda s. 1)$  .  
**from** *smalloD-tendsto[OF this]* **have** *[tendsto-intros]:*  $(I \longrightarrow 0) F$   
**by** *simp*  
**show**  $(\lambda x. \text{exp } (I x)) \sim[F] (\lambda x. 1)$   
**by** *(rule asymp-equivI' tendsto-eq-intros refl | simp)+*  
**qed**  
**finally show** *?thesis* **by** *simp*  
**qed**  
**end**  
**end**

## References

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