Verifying a Decision Procedure for Pattern Completeness*

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Abstract

Pattern completeness is the property that the left-hand sides of a functional program or term rewrite system cover all cases w.r.t. pattern matching. We verify a recent (abstract) decision procedure for pattern completeness that covers the general case, i.e., in particular without the usual restriction of left-linearity. In two refinement steps, we further develop an executable version of that abstract algorithm. On our example suite, this verified implementation is faster than other implementations that are based on alternative (unverified) approaches, including the complement algorithm, tree automata encodings, and even the pattern completeness check of the GHC Haskell compiler.

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1 Introduction

This AFP entry includes the formalization of a decision procedure [4] for pattern completeness. It also contains the setup for running the experiments of that paper, i.e., it contains

- a generator for example term rewrite systems and Haskell programs of varying size,
- a connection to an implementation of the complement algorithm [2] within the ground confluence prover AGCP [1], and
- a tree automata encoder of pattern completeness that is linked with the tree automata library FORT-h [3].

Note that some further glue code is required to run the experiments, which is not included in this submission. Here, we just include the glue code that was defined within Isabelle theories.

2 Pattern Completeness

Pattern-completeness is the question whether in a given program all terms of the form f(c1,...,cn) are matched by some lhs of the program, where here each ci is a constructor ground term and f is a defined symbol. This will be represented as a pattern problem of the shape (f(x1,...xn), lhs1, ..., lhsn) where the xi will represent arbitrary constructor terms.

3 A Set-Based Inference System to Decide Pattern Completeness

This theory contains an algorithm to decide whether pattern problems are complete. It represents the inference rules of the paper on the set-based level.

On this level we prove partial correctness and preservation of well-formed inputs, but not termination.

```
theory Pattern-Completeness-Set
imports
First-Order-Terms.Term-More
Sorted-Terms.Sorted-Contexts
begin
```

3.1 Definition of Algorithm – Inference Rules

We first consider matching problems which are sets of term pairs. Note that in the term pairs the type of variables differ: Each left term has natural numbers (with sorts) as variables, so that it is easy to generate new variables, whereas each right term has arbitrary variables of type $\prime v$ without any further information. Then pattern problems are sets of matching problems, and we also have sets of pattern problems.

The suffix -set is used to indicate that here these problems are modeled via sets.

```
sets.  \mathbf{type\text{-synonym}} \ ('f,'v,'s) match\text{-}problem\text{-}set = (('f,nat \times 's)term \times ('f,'v)term) \ set \\ \mathbf{type\text{-synonym}} \ ('f,'v,'s) pat\text{-}problem\text{-}set = ('f,'v,'s) match\text{-}problem\text{-}set \ set \\ \mathbf{type\text{-synonym}} \ ('f,'v,'s) pats\text{-}problem\text{-}set = ('f,'v,'s) pat\text{-}problem\text{-}set \ set \\ \mathbf{abbreviation} \ (input) \ bottom :: ('f,'v,'s) pats\text{-}problem\text{-}set \ \mathbf{where} \ bottom \equiv \{\{\}\} \\ \mathbf{definition} \ subst\text{-}left :: ('f,nat \times 's) subst \Rightarrow (('f,nat \times 's)term \times ('f,'v)term) \Rightarrow \\ (('f,nat \times 's)term \times ('f,'v)term) \ \mathbf{where} \\ subst\text{-}left \ \tau = (\lambda(t,r). \ (t \cdot \tau,r))
```

A function to compute for a variable x all substitution that instantiate x

```
by c(x_n,...,x_{n+a}) where c is an constructor of arity a and n is a parameter
that determines from where to start the numbering of variables.
definition \tau c :: nat \Rightarrow nat \times 's \Rightarrow 'f \times 's \ list \Rightarrow ('f, nat \times 's) subst where
  \tau c \ n \ x = (\lambda(f,ss). \ subst \ x \ (Fun \ f \ (map \ Var \ (zip \ [n \ .. < n + length \ ss] \ ss))))
Compute the list of conflicting variables (Some list), or detect a clash (None)
fun conflicts :: ('f,'v)term \Rightarrow ('f,'v)term \Rightarrow 'v list option where
  conflicts (Var x) (Var y) = (if x = y then Some [] else Some [x,y])
 conflicts (Var x) (Fun - -) = (Some [x])
 conflicts (Fun - -) (Var x) = (Some [x])
 conflicts (Fun f ss) (Fun g ts) = (if (f,length ss) = (g,length ts)
    then map-option concat (those (map2 conflicts ss ts))
    else None)
abbreviation Conflict-Var s t x \equiv conflicts s t \neq None \land x \in set (the (conflicts
abbreviation Conflict-Clash s t \equiv conflicts s t = None
locale pattern-completeness-context =
  fixes S :: 's \ set \longrightarrow set \ of \ sort-names
   and C :: (f, s)ssig — sorted signature
   and m :: nat — upper bound on arities of constructors
    and Cl: 's \Rightarrow ('f \times 's \ list) list— a function to compute all constructors of
given sort as list
   and inf-sort :: s \Rightarrow bool — a function to indicate whether a sort is infinite
   and ty :: 'v itself
begin
definition tvars-disj-pp :: nat set \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s)pat-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where
  tvars-disj-pp\ V\ p=(\forall\ mp\in p.\ \forall\ (ti,pi)\in mp.\ fst\ `vars\ ti\cap V=\{\})
definition inf-var-conflict :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where
  inf-var-conflict mp = (\exists s \ t \ x \ y.
   (s, Var \ x) \in mp \land (t, Var \ x) \in mp \land Conflict\text{-}Var \ s \ t \ y \land inf\text{-}sort \ (snd \ y))
definition tvars-mp :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-set \Rightarrow (nat \times 's) set where
  tvars-mp \ mp = (\bigcup (t,l) \in mp. \ vars \ t)
definition tvars-pp :: ('f, 'v, 's)pat-problem-set \Rightarrow (nat \times 's) set where
  tvars-pp \ pp = (\bigcup mp \in pp. \ tvars-mp \ mp)
definition subst-match-problem-set :: ('f, nat \times 's) subst \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-set
\Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-set where
  subst-match-problem-set 	au pp = subst-left 	au ' pp
```

definition subst-pat-problem-set :: $(f,nat \times s)$ subst $\Rightarrow (f,v,s)$ pat-problem-set

subst-pat-problem-set τ P = subst-match-problem-set τ ' P

 $\Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's)$ pat-problem-set where

```
definition \tau s :: nat \Rightarrow nat \times 's \Rightarrow ('f, nat \times 's)subst set where <math>\tau s \ n \ x = \{\tau c \ n \ x \ (f, ss) \mid f \ ss. \ f : ss \rightarrow snd \ x \ in \ C\}
```

The transformation rules of the paper.

The formal definition contains two deviations from the rules in the paper: first, the instantiate-rule can always be applied; and second there is an identity rule, which will simplify later refinement proofs. Both of the deviations cause non-termination.

The formal inference rules further separate those rules that deliver a bottomor top-element from the ones that deliver a transformed problem.

```
inductive mp-step :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-set \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-set \Rightarrow
(infix \rightarrow_s 50) where
   mp-decompose: length ts = length \ ls \implies insert \ (Fun f ts, Fun f ls) \ mp \rightarrow_s set
(zip \ ts \ ls) \cup mp
 mp-match: x \notin \bigcup (vars `snd `mp) \Longrightarrow insert (t, Var x) <math>mp \rightarrow_s mp
| mp-identity: mp \rightarrow_s mp
inductive mp-fail :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where
   mp\text{-}clash: (f, length\ ts) \neq (g, length\ ls) \Longrightarrow mp\text{-}fail\ (insert\ (Fun\ f\ ts,\ Fun\ g\ ls)
| mp\text{-}clash': Conflict\text{-}Clash \ s \ t \Longrightarrow mp\text{-}fail \ (\{(s, Var \ x), (t, Var \ x)\} \cup mp)
inductive pp-step :: ('f, 'v, 's) pat-problem-set \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) pat-problem-set \Rightarrow bool
(infix \Rightarrow_s 50) where
  pp\text{-}simp\text{-}mp: mp \rightarrow_s mp' \Longrightarrow insert mp pp \Rightarrow_s insert mp' pp
\mid pp\text{-remove-mp: } mp\text{-fail } mp \Longrightarrow insert \ mp \ pp \Rightarrow_s pp
inductive pp-success :: (f, v, s) pat-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where
  pp-success (insert {} pp)
inductive P-step-set :: ('f, 'v, 's) pats-problem-set \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) pats-problem-set \Rightarrow
(infix \Rightarrow_s 50) where
  P-fail: insert \{\}\ P \Rightarrow_s bottom
| P\text{-simp: } pp \Rightarrow_s pp' \Longrightarrow insert pp P \Rrightarrow_s insert pp' P
 P-remove-pp: pp-success pp \Longrightarrow insert pp P \Rrightarrow_s P
 P-instantiate: tvars-disj-pp \{n ... < n+m\} pp \Longrightarrow x \in tvars-pp pp \Longrightarrow
     insert pp P \Rightarrow_s \{subst-pat-problem-set \ \tau \ pp \mid . \ \tau \in \tau s \ n \ x\} \cup P
| P-failure': \forall mp \in pp. inf-var-conflict mp \Longrightarrow finite pp \Longrightarrow insert pp <math>P \Rrightarrow_s \{\{\}\}\}
```

Note that in *P-failure'* the conflicts have to be simultaneously occurring. If just some matching problem has such a conflict, then this cannot be deleted immediately!

Example-program: f(x,x) = ..., f(s(x),y) = ..., f(x,s(y)) = ... cover all cases of natural numbers, i.e., f(x1,x2), but if one would immediately delete the matching problem of the first lhs because of the resulting *inf-var-conflict* in

(x1,x),(x2,x) then it is no longer complete.

3.2 Soundness of the inference rules

```
The empty set of variables
```

```
definition EMPTY :: 'v \Rightarrow 's \ option \ \mathbf{where} \ EMPTY \ x = None
definition EMPTYn :: nat \times 's \Rightarrow 's \ option \ \mathbf{where} \ EMPTYn \ x = None
```

A constructor-ground substitution for the fixed set of constructors and set of sorts. Note that variables to instantiate are represented as pairs of (number, sort).

```
definition cg-subst :: ('f, nat \times 's, 'v)gsubst \Rightarrow bool where cg-subst \sigma = (\forall x. snd x \in S \longrightarrow (\sigma x : snd x in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY)))
```

A definition of pattern completeness for pattern problems.

```
definition match-complete-wrt :: ('f, nat \times 's, 'v)gsubst \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's)match-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where match-complete-wrt \sigma mp = (\exists \mu. \forall (t, l) \in mp. \ t \cdot \sigma = l \cdot \mu)
```

```
definition pat-complete :: ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where pat-complete pp = (\forall \sigma. \ cg\text{-subst } \sigma \longrightarrow (\exists \ mp \in pp. \ match-complete\text{-wrt } \sigma \ mp))
```

```
abbreviation pats-complete P \equiv \forall pp \in P. pat-complete pp
```

Well-formed matching and pattern problems: all occurring variables (in left-hand sides of matching problems) have a known sort.

```
definition wf-match :: ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where wf-match mp = (snd \ 'tvars-mp \ mp \subseteq S)
```

```
definition wf-pat :: ('f,'v,'s)pat-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where wf-pat pp = (\forall mp \in pp. wf-match mp)
```

```
definition wf-pats :: ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-set \Rightarrow bool where wf-pats P = (\forall pp \in P. \ wf-pat pp) end
```

```
lemma type-conversion: t: s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,\emptyset) \Longrightarrow t \cdot \sigma: s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,\emptyset) proof (induct t \ s \ rule: hastype-in-Term-induct) case (Fun f \ ss \ \sigma s \ \tau) then show ?case unfolding eval-term.simps by (smt (verit, best) Fun-hastype list-all2-map1 list-all2-mono) qed auto
```

```
lemma ball-insert-un-cong: f y = Ball \ zs \ f \Longrightarrow Ball \ (insert \ y \ A) \ f = Ball \ (zs \cup A) \ f by auto
```

```
lemma bex-insert-cong: f y = f z \Longrightarrow Bex (insert y A) f = Bex (insert z A) f
 by auto
lemma not-bdd-above-natD:
 assumes \neg bdd-above (A :: nat set)
 shows \exists x \in A. x > n
 using assms by (meson bdd-above.unfold linorder-le-cases order.strict-iff)
lemma list-eq-nth-eq: xs = ys \longleftrightarrow length \ xs = length \ ys \land (\forall i < length \ ys. \ xs !
i = ys \mid i
 using nth-equality I by metis
lemma subt-size: p \in poss \ t \Longrightarrow size \ (t \mid -p) \le size \ t
proof (induct \ p \ arbitrary: \ t)
 case (Cons\ i\ p\ t)
 thus ?case
 proof (cases t)
   case (Fun f ss)
   from Cons Fun have i: i < length ss and sub: t \mid -(i \# p) = (ss ! i) \mid -p
     and p \in poss (ss ! i) by auto
   with Cons(1)[OF\ this(3)]
   have size (t \mid -(i \# p)) \leq size (ss ! i) by auto
   also have \dots \leq size \ t \ using \ i \ unfolding \ Fun \ by \ (simp \ add: termination-simp)
   finally show ?thesis.
  qed auto
qed auto
lemma conflicts-sym: rel-option (\lambda xs ys. set xs = set ys) (conflicts s t) (conflicts
t \ s) (is rel-option - (?c \ s \ t) -)
proof (induct s t rule: conflicts.induct)
 case (4 f ss g ts)
 define c where c = ?c
 show ?case
 proof (cases\ (f, length\ ss) = (g, length\ ts))
   {\bf case}\  \, True
   hence len: length ss = length ts
     ((f, length ss) = (g, length ts)) = True
     ((g, length \ ts) = (f, length \ ss)) = True \ by \ auto
   show ?thesis using len(1) 4[OF True - refl]
     unfolding conflicts.simps len(2,3) if-True
     unfolding option.rel-map c-def[symmetric] set-concat
   proof (induct ss ts rule: list-induct2, goal-cases)
     case (2 s ss t ts)
     hence IH: rel-option (\lambda x \ y. \ \bigcup \ (set \ `set \ x) = \bigcup \ (set \ `set \ y)) (those (map2)
(c \ ss \ ts)) \ (those \ (map2 \ c \ ts \ ss)) by (auto)
     from 2 have st: rel-option (\lambda xs \ ys. \ set \ xs = set \ ys) (c s t) (c t s) by auto
     from IH st show ?case by (cases c s t; cases c t s; auto simp: option.rel-map)
       (simp add: option.rel-sel)
   qed simp
```

```
lemma conflicts: fixes x :: 'v
  shows Conflict-Clash s \ t \Longrightarrow \exists \ p. \ p \in poss \ s \land p \in poss \ t \land is-Fun \ (s \mid -p) \land
is-Fun (t \mid -p) \land root (s \mid -p) \neq root (t \mid -p) (is ?B1 \Longrightarrow ?B2)
    and Conflict-Var s t x \Longrightarrow
         \exists \ p \ . \ p \in poss \ s \ \land \ p \in poss \ t \ \land \ s \ | \mbox{-}p \neq \ t \ | \mbox{-}p \ \land \ (s \ | \mbox{-}p \ = \ Var \ x \ \lor \ t \ | \mbox{-}p \ =
Var x) (is ?C1 x \Longrightarrow ?C2 x)
    and s \neq t \Longrightarrow \exists x. Conflict\text{-}Clash \ s \ t \lor Conflict\text{-}Var \ s \ t \ x
    and Conflict-Var s \ t \ x \Longrightarrow x \in vars \ s \cup vars \ t
    and conflicts s \ t = Some \ [] \longleftrightarrow s = t \ (is \ ?A)
proof -
  let ?B = ?B1 \longrightarrow ?B2
 let ?C = \lambda x. ?C1 x \longrightarrow ?C2 x
    \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ 'v
    have (conflicts s \ t = Some \ [] \longrightarrow s = t) \land ?B \land ?C \ x
    proof (induction s arbitrary: t)
      case (Var \ y \ t)
      thus ?case by (cases t, auto)
    next
      case (Fun \ f \ ss \ t)
      show ?case
      proof (cases t)
        case t: (Fun g ts)
        show ?thesis
        proof (cases\ (f, length\ ss) = (g, length\ ts))
          case False
          hence res: conflicts (Fun f ss) t = None unfolding t by auto
          show ?thesis unfolding res unfolding t using False
            by (auto\ intro!:\ exI[of-Nil])
          case f: True
          let ?s = Fun f ss
          show ?thesis
          proof (cases those (map2 conflicts ss ts))
            case None
            hence res: conflicts ?s t = None unfolding t by auto
           from None[unfolded\ those-eq-None] obtain i where i: i < length\ ss\ i <
length ts and
              confl: conflicts (ss! i) (ts! i) = None
              using f unfolding set-conv-nth set-zip by auto
            from i have ss ! i \in set ss by auto
            from Fun.IH[OF this, of ts!i] confl obtain p
              where p: p \in poss (ss!i) \land p \in poss (ts!i) \land is-Fun (ss!i \mid -p) \land
is-Fun (ts ! i | -p) \land root (ss ! i | -p) \neq root (ts ! i | -p)
              by auto
```

 $egin{array}{l} \mathbf{qed} \ auto \\ \mathbf{qed} \ auto \end{array}$

```
from p have p: \exists p. p \in poss ?s \land p \in poss t \land is-Fun (?s | -p) \land is-Fun
(t \mid -p) \land root (?s \mid -p) \neq root (t \mid -p)
            by (intro exI[of - i \# p], unfold t, insert i f, auto)
          from p res show ?thesis by auto
        next
          case (Some xss)
          hence res: conflicts ?s t = Some (concat xss) unfolding t using f by
auto
          from Some have map 2: map 2 conflicts ss ts = map Some xss by auto
          from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this,\ of\ length]\ \mathbf{have}\ len:\ length\ xss = length\ ss\ \mathbf{using}
f by auto
          have rec: i < length ss \implies conflicts (ss!i) (ts!i) = Some (xss!i) for
i
            using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ map2,\ of\ \lambda\ xs.\ xs\ !\ i]\ len\ f\ by\ auto
            assume x \in set (the (conflicts ?s t))
            hence x \in set (concat \ xss) unfolding res by auto
            then obtain xs where xs: xs \in set xss and x: x \in set xs by auto
            from xs len obtain i where i: i < length ss and xs: xs = xss ! i by
(auto simp: set-conv-nth)
            from i have ss ! i \in set ss by auto
            from Fun.IH[OF this, of ts! i, unfolded rec[OF i, folded xs]] x
            obtain p where p \in poss (ss ! i) \land p \in poss (ts ! i) \land ss ! i | -p \neq ts
! i \mid -p \land (ss \mid i \mid -p = Var x \lor ts \mid i \mid -p = Var x)
              by auto
             hence \exists p. p \in poss ?s \land p \in poss t \land ?s | p \neq t | p \land (?s | p = p \neq p)
Var \ x \lor t \mid -p = Var \ x)
              by (intro exI[of - i \# p], insert if, auto simp: t)
          }
          moreover
            assume conflicts ?s t = Some
            with res have empty: concat xss = [] by auto
              fix i
              assume i: i < length ss
              from rec[OF \ i] have conflicts \ (ss \ ! \ i) \ (ts \ ! \ i) = Some \ (xss \ ! \ i).
              moreover from empty i len have xss ! i = [] by auto
              ultimately have res: conflicts (ss! i) (ts! i) = Some [] by simp
              from i have ss ! i \in set ss by auto
              from Fun.IH[OF\ this,\ of\ ts\ !\ i,\ unfolded\ res] have ss\ !\ i=ts\ !\ i by
auto
            with f have ?s = t unfolding t by (auto intro: nth-equalityI)
          ultimately show ?thesis unfolding res by auto
         qed
       qed
     qed auto
```

```
qed
  } note main = this
  from main show B: ?B1 \implies ?B2 and C: ?C1 x \implies ?C2 x by blast+
 show ?A
 proof
   assume s = t
   with B have conflicts s \ t \neq None by blast
   then obtain xs where res: conflicts s t = Some xs by auto
   show conflicts s t = Some
   proof (cases xs)
     {\bf case}\ {\it Nil}
     thus ?thesis using res by auto
   next
     case (Cons \ x \ xs)
     with main[of x] res \langle s = t \rangle show ?thesis by auto
  qed (insert main, blast)
   assume diff: s \neq t
   show \exists x. Conflict-Clash s t \lor Conflict-Var s t x
   proof (cases \ conflicts \ s \ t)
     case (Some \ xs)
     with \langle ?A \rangle diff obtain x where x \in set xs by (cases xs, auto)
     thus ?thesis unfolding Some by auto
   \mathbf{qed} auto
  }
 assume Conflict-Var\ s\ t\ x
 with C obtain p where p \in poss\ s\ p \in poss\ t\ (s \mid -p = Var\ x \lor t \mid -p = Var
x)
   by blast
 thus x \in vars \ s \cup vars \ t
   by (metis UnCI subt-at-imp-supteq' subteq-Var-imp-in-vars-term)
qed
declare conflicts.simps[simp del]
lemma conflicts-refl[simp]: conflicts\ t\ t=Some\ []
 using conflicts(5)[of\ t\ t] by auto
```

For proving partial correctness we need further properties of the fixed parameters: We assume that m is sufficiently large and that there exists some constructor ground terms. Moreover inf-sort really computes whether a sort has terms of arbitrary size. Further all symbols in C must have sorts of S. Finally, Cl should precisely compute the constructors of a sort.

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{locale} \ \ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context\text{-}with\text{-}assms = pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context} \ S \\ C \ m \ Cl \ inf\text{-}sort \ ty \\ \textbf{for} \ S \ \textbf{and} \ C :: ('f,'s)ssig \\ \textbf{and} \ m \ Cl \ inf\text{-}sort \\ \textbf{and} \ ty :: 'v \ itself \ + \end{array}
```

```
assumes sorts-non-empty: \bigwedge s. \ s \in S \Longrightarrow \exists \ t. \ t : s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY)
   and C-sub-S: \bigwedge f ss s. f : ss \rightarrow s in C \Longrightarrow insert s (set ss) \subseteq S
   and m: \bigwedge f ss \ s. \ f: ss \to s \ in \ C \Longrightarrow length \ ss \le m
    and inf-sort-def: s \in S \implies inf-sort s = (\neg bdd-above (size '\{t : t : s \ inf\})
\mathcal{T}(C,EMPTYn)\})
   and Cl: \land s. set (Cl \ s) = \{(f,ss). \ f: ss \rightarrow s \ in \ C\}
   and Cl-len: \bigwedge \sigma. Ball (length 'snd 'set (Cl \sigma)) (\lambda a. a \leq m)
begin
lemmas subst-defs-set =
  subst-pat-problem-set-def
  subst-match-problem-set-def
Preservation of well-formedness
lemma mp-step-wf: mp \rightarrow_s mp' \Longrightarrow wf-match mp \Longrightarrow wf-match mp'
  unfolding wf-match-def tvars-mp-def
proof (induct mp mp' rule: mp-step.induct)
  case (mp\text{-}decompose\ f\ ts\ ls\ mp)
  then show ?case by (auto dest!: set-zip-leftD)
qed auto
lemma pp-step-wf: pp \Rightarrow_s pp' \Longrightarrow wf-pat pp \Longrightarrow wf-pat pp'
 unfolding wf-pat-def
proof (induct pp pp' rule: pp-step.induct)
  case (pp-simp-mp \ mp \ mp' \ pp)
  then show ?case using mp-step-wf[of mp mp'] by auto
qed auto
theorem P-step-set-wf: P \Rightarrow_s P' \Longrightarrow wf-pats P \Longrightarrow wf-pats P'
  unfolding wf-pats-def
proof (induct P P' rule: P-step-set.induct)
  case (P\text{-}simp pp pp' P)
  then show ?case using pp-step-wf[of pp pp'] by auto
next
  case *: (P-instantiate n p x P)
 let ?s = snd x
  from * have sS: ?s \in S and p: wf-pat p unfolding wf-pat-def wf-match-def
tvars-pp-def by auto
  {
   fix \tau
   assume tau: \tau \in \tau s \ n \ x
   from tau[unfolded \ \tau s\text{-}def \ \tau c\text{-}def, \ simplified]
    obtain f sorts where f: f: sorts \rightarrow snd x in C and \tau: \tau = subst x (Fun f
(map\ Var\ (zip\ [n..< n + length\ sorts]\ sorts))) by auto
   let ?i = length \ sorts
   let ?xs = zip [n.. < n + length sorts] sorts
   from C-sub-S[OF f] have sS: ?s \in S and xs: snd 'set ?xs \subseteq S
     unfolding set-conv-nth set-zip by auto
```

```
\mathbf{fix} \ mp \ y
     assume mp: mp \in p and y \in tvars-mp (subst-left \tau 'mp)
     then obtain s t where y: y \in vars(s \cdot \tau) and st: (s,t) \in mp
       unfolding tvars-mp-def subst-left-def by auto
     from y have y \in vars \ s \cup set \ ?xs unfolding vars-term-subst \tau
       by (auto simp: subst-def split: if-splits)
     hence snd y \in snd ' vars s \cup snd ' set ?xs by auto
     also have ... \subseteq snd ' vars \ s \cup S using xs by auto
     also have \ldots \subseteq S using p mp st
       unfolding wf-pat-def wf-match-def tvars-mp-def by force
     finally have snd y \in S.
    }
   hence wf-pat (subst-pat-problem-set \tau p)
     unfolding wf-pat-def wf-match-def subst-defs-set by auto
  with * show ?case by auto
qed (auto simp: wf-pat-def)
Soundness requires some preparations
lemma cg-exists: \exists \sigma g. cg-subst \sigma g
proof
 show cq-subst (\lambda x. SOME t. t : snd x in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY))
   unfolding cg-subst-def
  proof (intro allI impI, goal-cases)
   case (1 x)
   from some I-ex[OF sorts-non-empty[OF 1]] show ?case by simp
 qed
qed
definition \sigma g :: (f,nat \times 's,'v)gsubst where \sigma g = (SOME \ \sigma. \ cg\text{-subst} \ \sigma)
lemma \sigma g: cq-subst \sigma g unfolding \sigma g-def using cq-exists by (metis some I-ex)
lemma pat-complete-empty[simp]: pat-complete \{\} = False
 unfolding pat-complete-def using \sigma g by auto
lemma inf-var-conflictD: assumes inf-var-conflict mp
 shows \exists p s t x y.
   (s, Var \ x) \in mp \land (t, Var \ x) \in mp \land s \mid -p = Var \ y \land s \mid -p \neq t \mid -p \land p \in poss
s \wedge p \in poss \ t \wedge inf\text{-sort} \ (snd \ y)
proof -
 from assms[unfolded inf-var-conflict-def]
 obtain s \ t \ x \ y \ \text{where} \ (s, \ Var \ x) \in mp \ \text{and} \ conf: \textit{Conflict-Var}
s t y and y: inf-sort (snd y) by blast
  with conflicts(2)[OF conf] show ?thesis by metis
qed
lemma cg-term-vars: t: s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \Longrightarrow vars \ t = \{\}
```

```
proof (induct t s rule: hastype-in-Term-induct)
  case (Var \ v \ \sigma)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: EMPTYn-def)
  case (Fun f ss \sigmas \tau)
 then show ?case unfolding term.simps unfolding set-conv-nth list-all2-conv-all-nth
by auto
qed
lemma type-conversion1: t: s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \Longrightarrow t \cdot \sigma': s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY)
 unfolding EMPTYn-def EMPTY-def by (rule type-conversion)
lemma type-conversion2: t: s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY) \Longrightarrow t \cdot \sigma': s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)
  unfolding EMPTYn-def EMPTY-def by (rule type-conversion)
lemma term-of-sort: assumes s \in S
 shows \exists t. t : s in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)
proof -
  from \sigma g[unfolded\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}def]\ assms
 have \exists t. t: s in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY) by force
  with type\text{-}conversion2[of - s]
  show ?thesis by auto
\mathbf{qed}
Main partial correctness theorems on well-formed problems: the transforma-
tion rules do not change the semantics of a problem
lemma mp-step-p<br/>correct: mp \rightarrow_s mp' \Longrightarrow match-complete-wrt \sigma mp = match-complete-wrt
\sigma mp'
proof (induct mp mp' rule: mp-step.induct)
  case *: (mp\text{-}decompose\ f\ ts\ ls\ mp)
 show ?case unfolding match-complete-wrt-def
   apply (rule ex-cong1)
   apply (rule ball-insert-un-cong)
   apply (unfold split) using * by (auto simp add: set-zip list-eq-nth-eq)
next
  case *: (mp\text{-}match \ x \ mp \ t)
  show ?case unfolding match-complete-wrt-def
  proof
   assume \exists \mu. \ \forall (ti, li) \in mp. \ ti \cdot \sigma = li \cdot \mu
   then obtain \mu where eq: \bigwedge ti li. (ti, li) \in mp \implies ti \cdot \sigma = li \cdot \mu by auto
   let ?\mu = \mu(x := t \cdot \sigma)
   have (ti, li) \in mp \implies ti \cdot \sigma = li \cdot ?\mu for ti \ li \ using * eq[of \ ti \ li]
     by (auto intro!: term-subst-eq)
    thus \exists \mu. \ \forall (ti, li) \in insert \ (t, \ Var \ x) \ mp. \ ti \cdot \sigma = li \cdot \mu \ by \ (intro \ exI[of - ?\mu],
auto)
  qed auto
qed auto
```

```
lemma mp-fail-pcorrect: mp-fail mp \implies \neg match-complete-wrt \sigma mp
proof (induct mp rule: mp-fail.induct)
  case *: (mp\text{-}clash\ f\ ts\ g\ ls\ mp)
   assume length ts \neq length ls
    hence (map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot \mu)\ ls = map\ (\lambda t.\ t\cdot \sigma)\ ts) = False for \sigma::('f,nat\ \times
's, 'a)gsubst and \mu
     by (metis length-map)
  } note len = this
  from * show ?case unfolding match-complete-wrt-def
   by (auto simp: len)
next
  case *: (mp\text{-}clash' s t x mp)
 from conflicts(1)[OF *(1)]
 obtain po where *: po \in poss \ s \ po \in poss \ t \ is-Fun (s \mid -po) \ is-Fun (t \mid -po) \ root
(s \mid -po) \neq root (t \mid -po)
   by auto
  show ?case
  proof
   assume match-complete-wrt \sigma ({(s, Var x), (t, Var x)} \cup mp)
   from this[unfolded match-complete-wrt-def]
   have s \cdot \sigma = t \cdot \sigma by auto
   hence root (s \cdot \sigma \mid -po) = root (t \cdot \sigma \mid -po) by auto
   also have root (s \cdot \sigma \mid -po) = root (s \mid -po \cdot \sigma) using * by auto
   also have \dots = root (s \mid -po) \text{ using } * \text{ by } (cases s \mid -po, auto)
   also have root (t \cdot \sigma \mid -po) = root (t \mid -po \cdot \sigma) using * by (cases t | -po, auto)
   also have \dots = root (t \mid -po) \text{ using } * \text{ by } (cases t \mid -po, auto)
   finally show False using * by auto
  qed
qed
lemma pp-step-pcorrect: pp \Rightarrow_s pp' \Longrightarrow pat-complete pp = pat-complete pp'
proof (induct pp pp' rule: pp-step.induct)
  case (pp-simp-mp \ mp' \ pp)
 then show ?case using mp-step-pcorrect[of mp mp'] unfolding pat-complete-def
by auto
next
  case (pp-remove-mp mp pp)
  then show ?case using mp-fail-pcorrect[of mp] unfolding pat-complete-def by
auto
qed
lemma pp-success-pcorrect: pp-success pp \Longrightarrow pat-complete pp
 by (induct pp rule: pp-success.induct, auto simp: pat-complete-def match-complete-wrt-def)
theorem P-step-set-pcorrect: P \Rightarrow_s P' \Longrightarrow wf-pats P \Longrightarrow
```

```
pats-complete P \longleftrightarrow pats-complete P'
proof (induct P P' rule: P-step-set.induct)
  case (P-fail\ P)
  then show ?case by (auto simp: pat-complete-def)
  case (P\text{-}simp pp pp' P)
  then show ?case using pp-step-pcorrect[of pp pp'] by auto
  case (P\text{-}remove\text{-}pp pp P)
  then show ?case using pp-success-pcorrect[of pp] by auto
next
  \mathbf{case} *: (P\text{-}instantiate \ n \ pp \ x \ P)
  note def = pat\text{-}complete\text{-}def[unfolded match-complete\text{-}wrt\text{-}def]
  show ?case
  proof (rule ball-insert-un-cong, standard)
   assume complete: pats-complete {subst-pat-problem-set \tau pp | \tau \in \tau s n x}
   show pat-complete pp unfolding def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix \sigma :: ('f, nat \times 's, 'v)gsubst
     from * have wf-pat pp unfolding wf-pats-def by auto
     with *(2) have x: snd x \in S unfolding tvars-pp-def tvars-mp-def wf-pat-def
wf-match-def by force
     assume cq: cq-subst \sigma
     from this[unfolded\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}def]\ x
     have \sigma x : snd x in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY) by blast
     then obtain f to \sigma s where f: f: \sigma s \rightarrow snd x in C
       and args: ts :_l \sigma s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY)
       and \sigma x: \sigma x = Fun f ts
       by (induct, auto simp: EMPTY-def)
     from f have f: f: \sigma s \rightarrow snd \ x \ in \ C
       by (meson hastype-in-ssig-def)
     let ?l = length ts
     from args have len: length \sigma s = ?l
       by (simp add: list-all2-lengthD)
     have l: ?l \le m \text{ using } m[OF f] \text{ len by } auto
     define \sigma' where \sigma' = (\lambda \ ys. \ let \ y = fst \ ys \ in \ if \ n \le y \land y < n + ?l \land \sigma s \ !
(y-n) = snd \ ys \ then \ ts \ ! \ (y-n) \ else \ \sigma \ ys)
     have cq: cq\text{-}subst \sigma' unfolding cq\text{-}subst\text{-}def
     proof (intro allI impI)
       fix ys :: nat \times 's
       assume ysS: snd ys \in S
       show \sigma' ys : snd ys in \mathcal{T}(C,EMPTY)
       proof (cases \sigma' ys = \sigma ys)
         case True
         thus ?thesis using cg ysS unfolding cg-subst-def by metis
       next
         case False
```

```
obtain y s where ys: ys = (y,s) by force
          with False have y: y - n < ?l \ n \le y \ y < n + ?l \ and \ arg: \sigma s \ ! \ (y - n)
= s and \sigma': \sigma' ys = ts ! (y - n)
           unfolding \sigma'-def Let-def by (auto split: if-splits)
          show ?thesis unfolding \sigma' unfolding ys snd-conv arg[symmetric] using
y(1) len args
            by (metis\ list-all2-nthD)
        qed
      qed
     define \tau where \tau = subst\ x\ (Fun\ f\ (map\ Var\ (zip\ [n.. < n + ?l]\ \sigma s)))
     from f have \tau \in \tau s \ n \ x \ unfolding \ \tau s-def \tau-def using len[symmetric]
      hence pat-complete (subst-pat-problem-set \tau pp) using complete by auto
      from this[unfolded def, rule-format, OF cg]
      obtain tl \mu where tl: tl \in subst-pat-problem-set \tau pp
        and match: \bigwedge ti li. (ti, li) \in tl \Longrightarrow ti \cdot \sigma' = li \cdot \mu by force
      from tl[unfolded\ subst-defs-set\ subst-left-def\ set-map]
      obtain tl' where tl': tl' \in pp and tl: tl = \{(t' \cdot \tau, l) \mid (t', l) \in tl'\} by auto
      show \exists tl \in pp. \ \exists \mu. \ \forall (ti, \ li) \in tl. \ ti \cdot \sigma = li \cdot \mu
      \mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{intro}\ \mathit{bexI}[\mathit{OF}\ \text{-}\ \mathit{tl'}]\ \mathit{exI}[\mathit{of}\ \text{-}\ \mu],\ \mathit{clarify})
        fix ti li
        assume tli: (ti, li) \in tl'
        hence tlit: (ti \cdot \tau, li) \in tl unfolding tl by force
        from match[OF\ this] have match: ti \cdot \tau \cdot \sigma' = li \cdot \mu by auto
        from *(1)[unfolded tvars-disj-pp-def, rule-format, OF tl' tli]
        have vti: fst 'vars-term ti \cap \{n.. < n + m\} = \{\} by auto
        have ti \cdot \sigma = ti \cdot (\tau \circ_s \sigma')
        proof (rule term-subst-eq, unfold subst-compose-def)
          \mathbf{fix} \ y
          assume y \in vars\text{-}term\ ti
          with vti have y: fst y \notin \{n... < n + m\} by auto
          show \sigma y = \tau y \cdot \sigma'
          proof (cases \ y = x)
            case False
            hence \tau \ y \cdot \sigma' = \sigma' \ y unfolding \tau-def subst-def by auto
            also have \dots = \sigma y
              unfolding \sigma'-def using y \mid by \ auto
            finally show ?thesis by simp
          next
            case True
               show ?thesis unfolding True \tau-def subst-simps \sigma x eval-term.simps
map-map o-def term.simps
              by (intro conjI refl nth-equalityI, auto simp: len \sigma'-def)
          qed
        qed
        also have ... = li \cdot \mu using match by simp
        finally show ti \cdot \sigma = li \cdot \mu by blast
      qed
    qed
```

```
next
   assume complete: pat-complete pp
      fix \tau
      assume \tau \in \tau s \ n \ x
      from this [unfolded \taus-def \tauc-def, simplified]
      obtain f sorts where f: f: sorts \rightarrow snd x in C and \tau: \tau = subst x (Fun f
(map\ Var\ (zip\ [n..< n+length\ sorts]\ sorts))) by auto
      let ?i = length \ sorts
      let ?xs = zip [n.. < n + length sorts] sorts
      have i: ?i \le m by (rule \ m[OF f])
      have pat-complete (subst-pat-problem-set \tau pp) unfolding def
      proof (intro allI impI)
       fix \sigma :: ('f, nat \times 's, 'v)gsubst
       assume cq: cq-subst \sigma
       define \sigma' where \sigma' = \sigma(x := Fun \ f \ (map \ \sigma \ ?xs))
       from C-sub-S[OF f] have sortsS: set sorts \subseteq S by auto
       from f have f: f: sorts \rightarrow snd \ x \ in \ C by (simp \ add: hastype-in-ssig-def)
       hence Fun f (map \sigma ?xs) : snd x in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY)
       proof (rule Fun-hastypeI)
          show map \sigma ?xs:<sub>l</sub> sorts in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY)
            using cg[unfolded\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}def,\ rule\text{-}format,\ OF\ set\text{-}mp[OF\ sortsS]]
               \mathbf{by} (smt (verit) add-diff-cancel-left' length-map length-upt length-zip
list-all2-conv-all-nth min.idem nth-map nth-mem nth-zip prod.sel(2))
       hence cg: cg\text{-}subst\ \sigma' using cg\ f unfolding cg\text{-}subst\text{-}def\ \sigma'\text{-}def by auto
       from complete[unfolded def, rule-format, OF this]
       obtain tl \ \mu where tl: tl \in pp and tli: \land ti \ li. \ (ti, \ li) \in tl \Longrightarrow ti \cdot \sigma' = li
\mu by force
       from the have that: \{(t \cdot \tau, l) \mid (t, l) \in th\} \in subst-pat-problem-set \tau pp
          unfolding subst-defs-set subst-left-def by auto
          fix ti li
          assume mem: (ti, li) \in tl
          from *[unfolded tvars-disj-pp-def] tl mem have vti: fst 'vars-term ti \cap
\{n..< n+m\} = \{\} by force
          from tli[OF\ mem] have li \cdot \mu = ti \cdot \sigma' by auto
          also have \dots = ti \cdot (\tau \circ_s \sigma)
          proof (intro term-subst-eq, unfold subst-compose-def)
            \mathbf{fix} \ y
            assume y \in vars\text{-}term\ ti
            with vti have y: fst y \notin \{n.. < n + m\} by auto
            show \sigma' y = \tau y \cdot \sigma
           proof (cases \ y = x)
             {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
             hence \tau \ y \cdot \sigma = \sigma \ y \ \text{unfolding} \ \tau \ subst-def \ \text{by} \ auto
              also have \dots = \sigma' y
                unfolding \sigma'-def using False by auto
             finally show ?thesis by simp
```

```
next
             {\bf case}\ {\it True}
             show ?thesis unfolding True \tau
               by (simp add: o-def \sigma'-def)
           ged
         qed
         finally have ti \cdot \tau \cdot \sigma = li \cdot \mu by auto
       thus \exists tl \in subst-pat-problem-set \ \tau \ pp. \ \exists \mu. \ \forall (ti, li) \in tl. \ ti \cdot \sigma = li \cdot \mu
         by (intro\ bexI[OF - tlm],\ auto)
     qed
   }
   thus pats-complete {subst-pat-problem-set \tau pp | \tau \in \tau s n x} by auto
  qed
next
  case *: (P-failure' pp P)
   assume pp: pat-complete pp
   with *(3) have wf: wf-pat pp by (auto simp: wf-pats-def)
    define confl' :: (f, nat \times 's) \ term \Rightarrow (f, nat \times 's) term \Rightarrow nat \times 's \Rightarrow bool
where confl' = (\lambda \ sp \ tp \ y).
           sp = Var \ y \land inf\text{-}sort \ (snd \ y) \land sp \neq tp)
    define P1 where P1 = (\lambda \ mp \ s \ t \ x \ y \ p. \ mp \in pp \longrightarrow (s, \ Var \ x) \in mp \land (t, t)
Var \ x) \in mp \land p \in poss \ s \land p \in poss \ t \land confl' \ (s \mid -p) \ (t \mid -p) \ y)
   {
     \mathbf{fix} \ mp
     assume mp \in pp
      hence inf-var-conflict mp using * by auto
      from inf-var-conflictD[OF this]
     have \exists s t x y p. P1 mp s t x y p unfolding P1-def confl'-def by force
   hence \forall mp. \exists s t x y p. P1 mp s t x y p unfolding P1-def by blast
   from choice[OF this] obtain s where \forall mp. \exists t x y p. P1 mp (s mp) t x y p
by blast
   from choice[OF\ this] obtain t where \forall mp. \exists x y p. P1\ mp\ (s\ mp)\ (t\ mp)\ x
y p by blast
    from choice[OF this] obtain x where \forall mp. \exists y p. P1 mp (s mp) (t mp) (x
mp) y p by blast
    from choice[OF\ this] obtain y where \forall mp. \exists p. P1\ mp\ (s\ mp)\ (t\ mp)\ (x
mp) (y mp) p by blast
    from choice[OF\ this] obtain p where \forall mp.\ P1\ mp\ (s\ mp)\ (t\ mp)\ (x\ mp)\ (y
mp) (p mp) by blast
   note P1 = this[unfolded P1-def, rule-format]
   from *(2) have finite (y 'pp) by blast
   from ex-bij-betw-finite-nat[OF\ this] obtain index\ and\ n::nat\ where
      bij: bij-betw index (y 'pp) \{...< n\}
      by (auto simp add: atLeast0LessThan)
   define var\text{-}ind :: nat \Rightarrow nat \times 's \Rightarrow bool \text{ where}
      var-ind i x = (x \in y \text{ '} pp \land index x \in \{..< n\} - \{..< i\}) \text{ for } i x
```

```
have [simp]: var-ind n x = False for x
       unfolding var-ind-def by auto
    \mathbf{define}\ \mathit{cg\text{-}\mathit{subst\text{-}ind}}\ ::\ \mathit{nat}\ \Rightarrow\ ('f,\mathit{nat}\ \times\ 's)\mathit{subst}\ \Rightarrow\ \mathit{bool}\ \mathbf{where}
       cg-subst-ind i \sigma = (\forall x. (var\text{-ind } i x \longrightarrow \sigma x = Var x))
              \land (\neg var\text{-}ind \ i \ x \longrightarrow (vars\text{-}term \ (\sigma \ x) = \{\} \land (snd \ x \in S \longrightarrow \sigma \ x : snd \}
x \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn))))) \text{ for } i \sigma
    define confl :: nat \Rightarrow ('f, nat \times 's) \ term \Rightarrow ('f, nat \times 's) term \Rightarrow bool \ \mathbf{where}
confl = (\lambda \ i \ sp \ tp.
             (\mathit{case}\ (\mathit{sp,tp})\ \mathit{of}\ (\mathit{Var}\ x,\ \mathit{Var}\ y) \Rightarrow x \neq y \ \land \ \mathit{var\text{-}ind}\ i\ x \ \land \ \mathit{var\text{-}ind}\ i\ y
              (Var x, Fun - -) \Rightarrow var - ind i x
              (Fun - -, Var x) \Rightarrow var - ind i x
             | (Fun f ss, Fun g ts) \Rightarrow (f, length ss) \neq (g, length ts)) |
   have confl-n: confl n s t \Longrightarrow \exists f g ss ts. s = Fun f ss \land t = Fun g ts \land (f, length)
(ss) \neq (g, length \ ts) \ \mathbf{for} \ s \ t
       by (cases s; cases t; auto simp: confl-def)
     {
       \mathbf{fix} i
      assume i \leq n
       hence \exists \sigma. cg-subst-ind i \sigma \land (\forall mp \in pp. \exists p. p \in poss (s mp \cdot \sigma) \land p \in poss (s mp \cdot \sigma))
poss\ (t\ mp\cdot\sigma) \land confl\ i\ (s\ mp\cdot\sigma \mid -p)\ (t\ mp\cdot\sigma \mid -p))
       proof (induction i)
         case \theta
          define \sigma where \sigma x = (if var-ind 0 x then Var x else if snd <math>x \in S then
map-vars undefined (\sigma g x) else Fun undefined [] for x
           \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ nat \times \ 's
           define t where t = \sigma g x
           define s where s = snd x
           assume snd x \in S
            hence \sigma g \ x : snd \ x \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,EMPTY) using \sigma g unfolding cg-subst-def
by blast
           hence map-vars undefined (\sigma g x): snd x in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) (is ?m: - in
-)
              unfolding t-def[symmetric] s-def[symmetric]
           proof (induct t s rule: hastype-in-Term-induct)
              case (Var \ v \ \sigma)
              then show ?case by (auto simp: EMPTY-def)
           next
              case (Fun f ss \sigmas \tau)
              then show ?case unfolding term.simps
                by (smt (verit, best) Fun-hastype list-all2-map1 list-all2-mono)
           qed
             from this cg\text{-}term\text{-}vars[OF\ this] have \sigma\text{:}\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}ind\ 0\ \sigma unfolding
cg-subst-ind-def \sigma-def by auto
         show ?case
         proof (rule exI, rule conjI[OF \sigma], intro ballI exI conjI)
           \mathbf{fix} \ mp
           assume mp: mp \in pp
```

```
note P1 = P1[OF this]
         from mp have mem: y mp \in y ' pp by auto
         with bij have y: index (y mp) \in \{... < n\} by (metis bij-betw-apply)
         hence y\theta: var-ind \theta (y mp) using mem unfolding var-ind-def by auto
         show p \ mp \in poss \ (s \ mp \cdot \sigma) using P1 by auto
         show p \ mp \in poss \ (t \ mp \cdot \sigma) using P1 by auto
         let ?t = t mp \mid -p mp
         define c where c = confl \ \theta \ (s \ mp \cdot \sigma \mid -p \ mp) \ (t \ mp \cdot \sigma \mid -p \ mp)
         have c = confl \ \theta \ (s \ mp \mid -p \ mp \cdot \sigma) \ (?t \cdot \sigma)
           using P1 unfolding c-def by auto
         also have s: s mp \mid -p mp = Var(y mp) using P1 unfolding confl'-def
by auto
         also have ... \sigma = Var(y mp) using y\theta unfolding \sigma-def by auto
         also have confl \theta (Var (y mp)) (?t \cdot \sigma)
         proof (cases ?t \cdot \sigma)
           case Fun
           thus ?thesis using y\theta unfolding confl-def by auto
         next
           case (Var\ z)
           then obtain u where t: ?t = Var u and ssig: \sigma u = Var z
            by (cases ?t, auto)
           from P1[unfolded s] have confl' (Var (y mp)) ?t (y mp) by auto
           from this[unfolded confl'-def t] have uy: y mp \neq u by auto
           show ?thesis
           proof (cases var-ind 0 u)
            {f case} True
            with y0 uy show ?thesis unfolding t \sigma-def confl-def by auto
           next
            {f case}\ {\it False}
             with ssig[unfolded \ \sigma\text{-}def] have uS: snd \ u \in S and contra: map\text{-}vars
undefined (\sigma g \ u) = Var \ z
              by (auto split: if-splits)
            from \sigma g[unfolded\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}def,\ rule\text{-}format,\ OF\ uS]\ contra
            have False by (cases \sigma g u, auto simp: EMPTY-def)
            thus ?thesis ..
          qed
         qed
          finally show confl 0 (s mp \cdot \sigma |- p mp) (t mp \cdot \sigma |- p mp) unfolding
c-def.
       qed
     \mathbf{next}
       case (Suc\ i)
        poss\ (s\ mp\cdot\sigma)\ \land\ p\in poss\ (t\ mp\cdot\sigma)\ \land\ confl\ i\ (s\ mp\cdot\sigma\mid -p)\ (t\ mp\cdot\sigma\mid -p))
        by auto
       from Suc have i \in \{... < n\} and i: i < n by auto
       with bij obtain z where z: z \in y 'pp index z = i unfolding bij-betw-def
by (metis imageE)
       {
```

```
from z obtain mp where mp \in pp and index(y mp) = i and z = y mp
by auto
         with P1[OF this(1), unfolded confl'-def] have inf: inf-sort (snd z)
           and *: p \ mp \in poss \ (s \ mp) \ s \ mp \mid -p \ mp = Var \ z \ (s \ mp, \ Var \ (x \ mp)) \in
mp
           by auto
         from *(1,2) have z \in vars (s mp) using vars-term-subt-at by fastforce
         with *(3) have z \in tvars-mp \ mp \ unfolding \ tvars-mp-def \ by force
          with \langle mp \in pp \rangle wf have snd \ z \in S unfolding wf-pat-def wf-match-def
by auto
       \mathbf{from}\ not\text{-}bdd\text{-}above\text{-}natD[\mathit{OF}\ inf[unfolded\ inf\text{-}sort\text{-}def[\mathit{OF}\ this]]]}\ term\text{-}of\text{-}sort[\mathit{OF}\ inf[unfolded\ inf\text{-}sort\text{-}def[\mathit{OF}\ this]]]}
this
         have \bigwedge n. \exists t. t : snd z in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \land n < size t by auto
        } note z-inf = this
       define all-st where all-st = (\lambda \ mp. \ s \ mp \cdot \sigma) 'pp (\lambda \ mp. \ t \ mp \cdot \sigma) 'pp
       have fin-all-st: finite all-st unfolding all-st-def using *(2) by simp
       define d :: nat where d = Suc (Max (size 'all-st))
       from z-inf[of d]
        obtain u where u: u: snd z in \mathcal{T}(C,EMPTYn) and du: d \leq size u by
auto
       have vars-u: vars u = \{\} by (rule cg-term-vars[OF u])
       define \sigma' where \sigma' x = (if x = z then u else <math>\sigma x) for x
       have \sigma'-def': \sigma' x = (if x \in y \text{ '} pp \land index x = i \text{ then } u \text{ else } \sigma x) for x \in S
           unfolding \sigma'-def by (rule if-cong, insert bij z, auto simp: bij-betw-def
inj-on-def)
       have var-ind-conv: var-ind i \ x = (x = z \lor var\text{-ind} \ (Suc \ i) \ x) for x
       proof
         assume x = z \vee var\text{-}ind (Suc \ i) \ x
         thus var-ind i x using z i unfolding var-ind-def by auto
         assume var-ind i x
         hence x: x \in y 'pp index x \in \{... < n\} - \{... < i\} unfolding var-ind-def by
auto
         with i have index x = i \lor index \ x \in \{... < n\} - \{... < Suc \ i\} by auto
         thus x = z \vee var\text{-}ind (Suc i) x
         proof
           assume index x = i
           with x(1) z bij have x = z by (auto simp: bij-betw-def inj-on-def)
           thus ?thesis by auto
         qed (insert x, auto simp: var-ind-def)
       have [simp]: var-ind i z unfolding var-ind-conv by auto
        have [simp]: var-ind (Suc\ i)\ z = False\ unfolding\ var-ind-def\ using\ z\ by
auto
       have \sigma z[simp]: \sigma z = Var z using \sigma[unfolded cg-subst-ind-def, rule-format,
of z] by auto
       have \sigma'-upd: \sigma' = \sigma(z := u) unfolding \sigma'-def by (intro ext, auto)
```

```
have \sigma'-comp: \sigma' = \sigma \circ_s Var(z := u) unfolding subst-compose-def \sigma'-upd
        proof (intro ext)
          \mathbf{fix} \ x
          show (\sigma(z := u)) x = \sigma x \cdot Var(z := u)
          proof (cases x = z)
            \mathbf{case}\ \mathit{False}
            hence \sigma x \cdot (Var(z := u)) = \sigma x \cdot Var
            proof (intro term-subst-eq)
              \mathbf{fix} \ y
              assume y: y \in vars (\sigma x)
              show (Var(z := u)) y = Var y
              proof (cases var-ind i x)
                \mathbf{case} \ \mathit{True}
                with \sigma[unfolded\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}ind\text{-}def,\ rule\text{-}format,\ of\ x]
                have \sigma x = Var x by auto
                with False y show ?thesis by auto
              next
                case False
                 with \sigma[unfolded\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}ind\text{-}def,\ rule\text{-}format,\ of\ x]
                have vars (\sigma x) = \{\} by auto
                with y show ?thesis by auto
              qed
            qed
            thus ?thesis by auto
          \mathbf{qed}\ simp
        qed
        have \sigma': cg-subst-ind (Suc i) \sigma' unfolding cg-subst-ind-def
        proof (intro allI conjI impI)
          \mathbf{fix} \ x
          assume var-ind (Suc \ i) \ x
          hence var-ind i x and diff: index x \neq i unfolding var-ind-def by auto
          hence \sigma x = Var x using \sigma[unfolded cg-subst-ind-def] by blast
          thus \sigma' x = Var x unfolding \sigma'-def' using diff by auto
        next
          \mathbf{fix} \ x
          assume \neg var\text{-}ind (Suc \ i) \ x \ \text{and} \ snd \ x \in S
          thus \sigma' x : snd x in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)
            using \sigma[unfolded\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}ind\text{-}def,\ rule\text{-}format,\ of\ x]\ u
            unfolding \sigma'-def var-ind-conv by auto
        next
          \mathbf{fix} \ x
          assume \neg var\text{-}ind (Suc \ i) \ x
          hence x = z \vee \neg var\text{-}ind \ i \ x \ unfolding \ var\text{-}ind\text{-}conv \ by \ auto
         thus vars(\sigma' x) = \{\} unfolding \sigma'-upd using \sigma[unfolded\ cg-subst-ind-def,
rule-format, of x] vars-u by auto
        qed
        show ?case
        proof (intro exI[of - \sigma'] conjI \sigma' ballI)
          \mathbf{fix} \ mp
```

```
assume mp: mp \in pp
         define s' where s' = s mp \cdot \sigma
         define t' where t' = t mp \cdot \sigma
         from confl[rule-format, OF mp]
         obtain p where p: p \in poss \ s' \ p \in poss \ t' and confl: confl i (s' \mid -p) (t' \mid -p)
|-p) by (auto simp: s'-def t'-def)
           fix s' t' :: (f, nat \times 's) term and p f ss x
            assume *: (s' \mid -p, t' \mid -p) = (Fun f ss, Var x) var-ind i x and p: p \in
poss \ s' \ p \in poss \ t'
            and range-all-st: s' \in all-st
           hence s': s' \cdot Var(z := u) \mid p = Fun f ss \cdot Var(z := u) (is - = ?s)
            and t': t' \cdot Var(z := u) \mid p = (if x = z then u else Var x) using p by
auto
           from range-all-st[unfolded all-st-def]
           have range \sigma: \exists S. s' = S \cdot \sigma by auto
           define s where s = ?s
           have \exists p. p \in poss (s' \cdot Var(z := u)) \land p \in poss (t' \cdot Var(z := u)) \land
confl\ (Suc\ i)\ (s'\cdot Var(z:=u)\mid -p)\ (t'\cdot Var(z:=u)\mid -p)
           proof (cases \ x = z)
            case False
           thus ?thesis using * p unfolding s' t' by (intro\ exI[of\ -\ p],\ auto\ simp:
confl-def var-ind-conv)
           next
            case True
            hence t': t' \cdot Var(z := u) \mid -p = u unfolding t' by auto
            have \exists p'. p' \in poss \ u \land p' \in poss \ s \land confl \ (Suc \ i) \ (s \mid -p') \ (u \mid -p')
            proof (cases \exists x. x \in vars \ s \land var\text{-}ind (Suc \ i) \ x)
              case True
               then obtain x where xs: x \in vars \ s and x: var-ind \ (Suc \ i) \ x by
auto
              from xs obtain p' where p': p' \in poss \ s and sp: s \mid -p' = Var \ x by
(metis\ vars-term-poss-subt-at)
              from p' sp vars-u show ?thesis
              proof (induct u arbitrary: p' s)
                case (Fun f us p' s)
                show ?case
                proof (cases s)
                  case (Var y)
                  with Fun have s: s = Var x by auto
                  with x show ?thesis by (intro exI[of - Nil], auto simp: confl-def)
                \mathbf{next}
                  case s: (Fun g ss)
                  with Fun obtain j p where p: p' = j \# p j < length ss p \in poss
(ss ! j) (ss ! j) \mid -p = Var x by auto
                  show ?thesis
                  proof (cases\ (f, length\ us) = (g, length\ ss))
                    case False
                    thus ?thesis by (intro exI[of - Nil], auto simp: s confl-def)
```

```
next
                    {\bf case}\  \, True
                    with p have j: j < length us by auto
                    hence usj: us! j \in set us by auto
                    with Fun have vars (us ! j) = \{\} by auto
                    from Fun(1)[OF\ usj\ p(3,4)\ this] obtain p' where
                       p' \in poss (us ! j) \land p' \in poss (ss ! j) \land confl (Suc i) (ss ! j | -
p') (us! j \mid -p') by auto
                    thus ?thesis using j p by (intro \ exI[of - j \# p'], \ auto \ simp: s)
                  qed
                 qed
               qed auto
             next
               case False
               from * have fss: Fun f ss = s' |- p by auto
               from range\sigma obtain S where sS: s' = S \cdot \sigma by auto
               from p have vars (s' | - p) \subseteq vars s' by (metis\ vars-term-subt-at)
                also have ... = (\bigcup y \in vars \ S. \ vars \ (\sigma \ y)) unfolding sS by (simp)
add: vars-term-subst)
               also have ... \subseteq (\bigcup y \in vars \ S. \ Collect \ (var-ind \ i))
               proof -
                 {
                  \mathbf{fix} \ x \ y
                  assume x \in vars (\sigma y)
                  hence var	ext{-}ind i x
                    using \sigma[unfolded\ cg\text{-}subst\text{-}ind\text{-}def,\ rule\text{-}format,\ of\ y] by auto
                 }
                thus ?thesis by auto
               qed
               finally have sub: vars (s' \mid -p) \subseteq Collect (var-ind i) by blast
               have vars s = vars (s' \mid p \cdot Var(z := u)) unfolding s-def s' fss by
auto
              also have ... = \bigcup (vars ' Var(z := u) ' vars (s' |- p)) by (simp add:
vars-term-subst)
               also have ... \subseteq \bigcup (vars `Var(z := u) `Collect (var-ind i)) using
sub by auto
               also have \ldots \subseteq Collect (var-ind (Suc i))
                by (auto simp: vars-u var-ind-conv)
               finally have vars-s: vars s = \{\} using False by auto
               {
                assume s = u
                from this [unfolded s-def fss]
                have eq: s' \mid p \cdot Var(z := u) = u by auto
                have False
                proof (cases z \in vars (s' | - p))
                  case True
                  have diff: s' \mid -p \neq Var \ z \ using * by \ auto
                  from True obtain C where id: s' \mid p = C \setminus Var z \rangle
```

```
by (metis ctxt-supt-id vars-term-poss-subt-at)
                                            with diff have diff: C \neq Hole by (cases C, auto)
                                            from eq[unfolded id, simplified] diff
                                            obtain C where C\langle u\rangle = u and C \neq Hole by (cases C; force)
                                            from arg\text{-}cong[OF\ this(1),\ of\ size]\ this(2)\ show\ False
                                                by (simp add: less-not-refl2 size-ne-ctxt)
                                       \mathbf{next}
                                            case False
                                            have size: size s' \in size 'all-st using range-all-st by auto
                                            from False have s' \mid p \cdot Var(z := u) = s' \mid
                                                by (intro term-subst-eq, auto)
                                            with eq have eq: s' \mid p = u by auto
                                            hence size u = size (s' | -p) by auto
                                            also have ... \le size \ s' using p(1)
                                                by (rule subt-size)
                                            also have \dots < Max (size 'all-st)
                                                using size fin-all-st by simp
                                            also have \dots < d unfolding d-def by simp
                                            also have \dots \leq size \ u \ using \ du.
                                            finally show False by simp
                                       \mathbf{qed}
                                   hence s \neq u by auto
                                   with vars-s vars-u
                                   show ?thesis
                                   proof (induct \ s \ arbitrary: \ u)
                                       case s: (Fun f ss u)
                                       then obtain g us where u: u = Fun g us by (cases u, auto)
                                       show ?case
                                       proof (cases\ (f, length\ ss) = (g, length\ us))
                                            case False
                                                    thus ?thesis unfolding u by (intro exI[of - Nil], auto simp:
confl-def)
                                       next
                                            case True
                                            with s(4)[unfolded\ u] have \exists\ j < length\ us.\ ss\ !\ j \neq us\ !\ j
                                                by (auto simp: list-eq-nth-eq)
                                               then obtain j where j: j < length us and diff: ss! j \neq us! j
by auto
                                            from j True have mem: ss ! j \in set ss us ! j \in set us by auto
                                            with s(2-) u have vars (ss \mid j) = \{\} vars (us \mid j) = \{\} by auto
                                            from s(1)[OF\ mem(1)\ this\ diff] obtain p' where
                                             p' \in poss \ (us \mid j) \land p' \in poss \ (ss \mid j) \land confl \ (Suc \ i) \ (ss \mid j \mid -p')
(us ! j | - p')
                                                by blast
                                          thus ?thesis unfolding u using True j by (intro exI[of - j \# p'],
auto)
                                       qed
                                   qed auto
```

```
qed
           then obtain p' where p': p' \in poss \ u \ p' \in poss \ s and confl: confl (Suc
i) (s | -p') (u | -p') by auto
                have s'': s' \cdot Var(z := u) \mid -(p @ p') = s \mid -p' unfolding s-def
s'[symmetric] using p p' by auto
            have t'': t' \cdot Var(z := u) \mid -(p @ p') = u \mid -p' using t' p p' by auto
            show ?thesis
            \mathbf{proof}\ (\mathit{intro}\ \mathit{exI}[\mathit{of}\ \text{-}\ \mathit{p}\ @\ \mathit{p'}],\ \mathit{unfold}\ \mathit{s''}\ \mathit{t''},\ \mathit{intro}\ \mathit{conjI}\ \mathit{confl})
              have p \in poss (s' \cdot Var(z := u)) using p by auto
                 moreover have p' \in poss ((s' \cdot Var(z := u)) \mid -p) using s' p' p
unfolding s-def by auto
               ultimately show p @ p' \in poss (s' \cdot Var(z := u)) by simp
               have p \in poss (t' \cdot Var(z := u)) using p by auto
               moreover have p' \in poss ((t' \cdot Var(z := u)) \mid -p) using t' p' p by
auto
              ultimately show p @ p' \in poss (t' \cdot Var(z := u)) by simp
            qed
           qed
         } note main = this
          consider (FF) f g ss ts where (s' \mid p, t' \mid p) = (Fun f ss, Fun g ts)
(f, length \ ss) \neq (g, length \ ts)
           | (FV) f ss x  where (s' | -p, t' | -p) = (Fun f ss, Var x)  var-ind i x
           (VF) f ss x where (s' | -p, t' | -p) = (Var x, Fun f ss) var-ind i x
           |(VV) x x' where (s' | -p, t' | -p) = (Var x, Var x') x \neq x' var-ind i x
var-ind i x'
           using confl by (auto simp: confl-def split: term.splits)
          hence \exists p. p \in poss (s' \cdot Var(z := u)) \land p \in poss (t' \cdot Var(z := u)) \land
confl\ (Suc\ i)\ (s'\cdot Var(z:=u) \mid -p)\ (t'\cdot Var(z:=u) \mid -p)
         proof cases
           case (FF f g ss ts)
           thus ?thesis using p by (intro exI[of - p], auto simp: confl-def)
           case (FV f ss x)
           have s' \in all\text{-}st unfolding s'\text{-}def using mp all-st\text{-}def by auto
           from main[OF FV p this] show ?thesis by auto
           case (VF f ss x)
           have t': t' \in all-st unfolding t'-def using mp all-st-def by auto
           from VF have (t' \mid -p, s' \mid -p) = (Fun f ss, Var x) var-ind i x by auto
           from main[OF this <math>p(2,1) t']
           obtain p where p \in poss (t' \cdot Var(z := u)) p \in poss (s' \cdot Var(z := u))
confl (Suc i) (t' \cdot Var(z := u) \mid -p) (s' \cdot Var(z := u) \mid -p)
            by auto
           thus ?thesis by (intro exI[of - p], auto simp: confl-def split: term.splits)
         next
           case (VV x x')
            thus ?thesis using p vars-u by (intro exI[of - p], cases u, auto simp:
confl-def var-ind-conv)
         qed
```

```
thus \exists p. p \in poss \ (s \ mp \cdot \sigma') \land p \in poss \ (t \ mp \cdot \sigma') \land confl \ (Suc \ i) \ (s
mp \cdot \sigma' \mid -p \rangle (t \ mp \cdot \sigma' \mid -p \rangle
            unfolding \sigma'-comp subst-subst-compose s'-def t'-def by auto
      qed
    from this[of n]
    obtain \sigma where \sigma: cg-subst-ind n \sigma and confl: \bigwedge mp. mp \in pp \Longrightarrow \exists p. p \in
poss\ (s\ mp\cdot\sigma)\ \land\ p\in poss\ (t\ mp\cdot\sigma)\ \land\ confl\ n\ (s\ mp\cdot\sigma\mid -p)\ (t\ mp\cdot\sigma\mid -p)
      by blast
    define \sigma' :: (f,nat \times f,v) gsubst where \sigma' x = Var undefined for x
    let ?\sigma = \sigma \circ_s \sigma'
    have cg-subst ?\sigma unfolding cg-subst-def subst-compose-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
      \mathbf{fix} \ x :: \ nat \times \ 's
      assume snd x \in S
      with \sigma[unfolded\ cq\text{-}subst\text{-}ind\text{-}def,\ rule\text{-}format,\ of\ x]
      have \sigma x : snd x in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) by auto
      thus \sigma x \cdot \sigma': snd x in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY) by (rule type-conversion1)
     from pp[unfolded pat-complete-def match-complete-wrt-def, rule-format, OF
this
    obtain mp \ \mu where mp: mp \in pp and match: \bigwedge ti \ li. \ (ti, \ li) \in mp \Longrightarrow ti \cdot ?\sigma
= li \cdot \mu by force
    from P1[OF\ this(1)]
    have (s mp, Var (x mp)) \in mp (t mp, Var (x mp)) \in mp by auto
    from match[OF\ this(1)]\ match[OF\ this(2)] have ident:\ s\ mp\cdot ?\sigma = t\ mp\cdot ?\sigma
by auto
    from conf[OF mp] obtain p
      where p: p \in poss (s mp \cdot \sigma) p \in poss (t mp \cdot \sigma) and confl: confl n (s mp ·
\sigma \mid -p \rangle (t \ mp \cdot \sigma \mid -p \rangle
      by auto
    let ?s = s \ mp \cdot \sigma \ \text{let} \ ?t = t \ mp \cdot \sigma
    from confl-n[OF\ confl] obtain f\ g\ ss\ ts where
      confl: ?s \mid -p = Fun \ f \ ss \ ?t \mid -p = Fun \ g \ ts \ and \ diff: (f, length \ ss) \neq (g, length)
ts) by auto
    define s' where s' = s mp \cdot \sigma
    define t' where t' = t mp \cdot \sigma
    from confl p ident
    have False
      unfolding subst-subst-compose s'-def[symmetric] t'-def[symmetric]
    proof (induction p arbitrary: s' t')
      case Nil
      then show ?case using diff by (auto simp: list-eq-nth-eq)
    next
      case (Cons\ i\ p\ s\ t)
      from Cons obtain h1 us1 where s: s = Fun h1 us1 by (cases s, auto)
      from Cons obtain h2 us2 where t: t = Fun h2 us2 by (cases t, auto)
      from Cons(2,4)[unfolded \ s] have si: (us1 \ ! \ i) \mid -p = Fun \ f \ ss \ p \in poss \ (us1 \ ! \ i)
```

```
! i) and i1: i < length \ us1 \ \mathbf{by} \ auto from Cons(3,5)[unfolded \ t] have ti: (us2 \ ! \ i) |-p = Fun \ g \ ts \ p \in poss \ (us2 \ ! \ i) and i2: i < length \ us2 \ \mathbf{by} \ auto from Cons(6)[unfolded \ s \ t] i1 i2 have us1 \ ! \ i \cdot \sigma' = us2 \ ! \ i \cdot \sigma' by (auto \ simp: \ list-eq-nth-eq) from Cons.IH[OF \ si(1) \ ti(1) \ si(2) \ ti(2) \ this] show False.

qed
} thus ?case by auto
qed
end
end
```

4 A Multiset-Based Inference System to Decide Pattern Completeness

```
theory Pattern-Completeness-Multiset imports
Pattern-Completeness-Set
LP-Duality.Minimum-Maximum
Polynomial-Factorization.Missing-List
First-Order-Terms.Term-Pair-Multiset
begin
```

4.1 Definition of the Inference Rules

We next switch to a multiset based implementation of the inference rules. At this level, termination is proven and further, that the evaluation cannot get stuck. The inference rules closely mimic the ones in the paper, though there is one additional inference rule for getting rid of duplicates (which are automatically removed when working on sets).

```
type-synonym ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-mset = (('f,nat × 's) term × ('f,'v) term) multiset

type-synonym ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-mset = ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-mset multiset

type-synonym ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-mset = ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-mset multiset

abbreviation mp-mset :: ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-mset \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-set

where mp-mset \equiv set-mset

abbreviation pat-mset :: ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-mset \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-set

where pat-mset \equiv image pat-mset o set-mset
```

```
where pats-mset \equiv image pat-mset o set-mset
```

```
abbreviation (input) bottom-mset :: ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-mset where bottom-mset
\equiv \{ \# \{ \# \} \ \# \}
context pattern-completeness-context
begin
A terminating version of (\Rightarrow_s) working on multisets that also treats the
transformation on a more modular basis.
definition subst-match-problem-mset :: ('f, nat \times 's) subst \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-mset
\Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-mset where
  subst-match-problem-mset \ \tau = image-mset \ (subst-left \ \tau)
definition subst-pat-problem-mset :: (f,nat \times 's) subst \Rightarrow (f,v,'s) pat-problem-mset
\Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) pat-problem-mset where
  subst-pat-problem-mset \tau = image-mset (subst-match-problem-mset \tau)
definition \tau s-list :: nat \Rightarrow nat \times 's \Rightarrow ('f, nat \times 's)subst list where
  \tau s-list n x = map (\tau c \ n \ x) (Cl (snd x))
inductive mp-step-mset :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-mset <math>\Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-mset
\Rightarrow bool (infix \rightarrow_m 50)where
  match-decompose: (f, length\ ts) = (g, length\ ls)
    \implies add-mset (Fun f ts, Fun g ls) mp \rightarrow_m mp + mset (zip ts ls)
\mid match-match: x \notin \bigcup (vars `snd `set-mset mp)
    \implies add\text{-}mset\ (t,\ Var\ x)\ mp \rightarrow_m mp
| match-duplicate: add-mset pair (add-mset pair mp) \rightarrow_m add-mset pair mp
inductive match-fail :: (f, v, s) match-problem-mset \Rightarrow bool where
  match-clash: (f, length\ ts) \neq (g, length\ ls)
    \implies match-fail (add-mset (Fun f ts, Fun g ls) mp)
\mid match\text{-}clash': Conflict\text{-}Clash \ s \ t \Longrightarrow match\text{-}fail \ (add\text{-}mset \ (s, \ Var \ x) \ (add\text{-}mset
(t, Var x) mp)
inductive pp-step-mset :: ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-mset \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-mset
\Rightarrow \mathit{bool}
  (infix \Rightarrow_m 50) where
  pat-remove-pp: add-mset <math>\{\#\} pp \Rightarrow_m \{\#\}
| pat-simp-mp: mp-step-mset mp mp' \Longrightarrow add-mset mp pp \Rightarrow_m {# (add-mset mp'
pp) \# 
 pat-remove-mp: match-fail mp \implies add-mset mp \ pp \Rightarrow_m \{ \# \ pp \ \# \}
\mid pat\text{-}instantiate: tvars-disj\text{-}pp \{n .. < n+m\} (pat\text{-}mset (add\text{-}mset mp pp)) \Longrightarrow
   (Var \ x, \ l) \in mp\text{-}mset \ mp \land is\text{-}Fun \ l \lor
   (s, Var \ y) \in mp\text{-}mset \ mp \land (t, Var \ y) \in mp\text{-}mset \ mp \land Conflict-Var \ s \ t \ x \land \neg
inf-sort (snd \ x) \Longrightarrow
  add-mset mp pp \Rightarrow_m mset (map (\lambda \tau. subst-pat-problem-mset \tau (add-mset mp
pp)) (\tau s-list n(x))
```

```
inductive pat-fail :: ('f, 'v, 's)pat-problem-mset \Rightarrow bool where
 pat-failure': Ball\ (pat-mset pp)\ inf-var-conflict \Longrightarrow pat-fail pp
| pat-empty: pat-fail {#}
inductive P-step-mset :: ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-mset \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-mset
\Rightarrow bool
  (infix \Rightarrow_m 50)where
  P-failure: pat-fail pp \implies add-mset pp P \neq bottom-mset \implies add-mset pp P \Rrightarrow_m
bottom	ext{-}mset
| P\text{-simp-pp: }pp \Rightarrow_m pp' \Longrightarrow add\text{-mset }pp \ P \Rrightarrow_m pp' + P
The relation (encoded as predicate) is finally wrapped in a set
definition P-step :: (('f, 'v, 's)pats-problem-mset \times ('f, 'v, 's)pats-problem-mset)set
(\Rightarrow) where
 \Rightarrow = \{(P,P'). P \Rightarrow_m P'\}
        The evaluation cannot get stuck
lemmas subst-defs =
  subst-pat-problem-mset-def
  subst-pat-problem-set-def
  subst-match-problem-mset-def
  subst-match-problem-set-def
lemma pat-mset-fresh-vars:
 \exists n. tvars-disj-pp \{n.. < n + m\} (pat-mset p)
proof -
 define p' where p' = pat-mset p
 define V where V = fst '\bigcup (vars '(fst '\bigcup p'))
 have finite V unfolding V-def p'-def by auto
 define n where n = Suc (Max V)
   \mathbf{fix} \ mp \ t \ l
   assume mp \in p'(t,l) \in mp
   hence sub: fst ' vars t \subseteq V unfolding V-def by force
   {
     \mathbf{fix}\ x
     assume x \in fst 'vars t
     with sub have x \in V by auto
     with \langle finite\ V \rangle have x \leq Max\ V by simp
     also have \dots < n unfolding n-def by simp
     finally have x < n.
   hence fst 'vars t \cap \{n.. < n + m\} = \{\} by force
  thus ?thesis unfolding tvars-disj-pp-def p'-def[symmetric]
   by (intro\ exI[of - n]\ ballI,\ force)
\mathbf{qed}
```

```
{f lemma} pat-fail-or-trans:
 pat-fail <math>p \lor (\exists ps. p \Rightarrow_m ps)
proof (cases p = \{\#\})
 case True
 with pat-empty show ?thesis by auto
\mathbf{next}
  from pat-mset-fresh-vars obtain n where fresh: tvars-disj-pp \{n... < n + m\}
(pat\text{-}mset\ p) by blast
 show ?thesis
 proof (cases \{\#\} \in \# p)
   case True
   then obtain p' where p = add-mset \{\#\} p' by (rule mset-add)
   with pat-remove-pp show ?thesis by auto
 next
   case empty-p: False
   show ?thesis
   proof (cases \exists mp s t. mp \in \# p \land (s,t) \in \# mp \land is-Fun t)
     case True
     then obtain mp \ s \ t where mp: mp \in \# \ p and (s,t) \in \# \ mp and is-Fun t by
auto
     then obtain g ts where mem: (s,Fun g ts) \in \# mp by (cases t, auto)
     from mp obtain p' where p: p = add-mset mp p' by (rule mset-add)
    from mem obtain mp' where mp: mp = add-mset (s, Fun \ g \ ts) \ mp' by (rule
mset-add)
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases s)
       case s: (Fun f ss)
     from pat-simp-mp[OF match-decompose, of f ss] pat-remove-mp[OF match-clash,
of f ss
       show ?thesis unfolding p mp s by blast
     \mathbf{next}
       case (Var x)
       from Var\ mem\ obtain\ l\ where\ (Var\ x,\ l)\in\#\ mp\ \wedge\ is\mbox{\it Fun}\ l\ {\bf by}\ auto
       from pat-instantiate[OF fresh[unfolded p] disjI1[OF this]]
       show ?thesis unfolding p by auto
     qed
   \mathbf{next}
     hence rhs-vars: \bigwedge mp s l. mp \in \# p \Longrightarrow (s,l) \in \# mp \Longrightarrow is-Var l by auto
     let ?single-var = (\exists mp \ t \ x. \ add\text{-mset} \ (t, Var \ x) \ mp \in \# \ p \land x \notin \bigcup \ (vars \ `
snd ' set-mset mp))
     let ?duplicate = (\exists mp \ pair. \ add\text{-mset pair} \ (add\text{-mset pair} \ mp) \in \# p)
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases ?single-var \vee ?duplicate)
       case True
       thus ?thesis
       proof
```

```
assume ?single-var
        then obtain mp\ t\ x where mp: add-mset\ (t, Var\ x)\ mp\in \#\ p and x: x\notin
\bigcup (vars 'snd 'set-mset mp)
          by auto
        from mp obtain p' where p = add-mset (add-mset (t, Var x) mp) p' by
(rule mset-add)
        with pat-simp-mp[OF match-match[OF x]] show ?thesis by auto
       next
        assume ?duplicate
        then obtain mp pair where add-mset pair (add-mset pair mp) \in \# p (is
?dup \in \# p) by auto
        from mset-add[OF\ this] obtain p' where
          p: p = add\text{-}mset ?dup p'.
         from pat-simp-mp[OF match-duplicate[of pair]] show ?thesis unfolding
p by auto
       qed
     next
       {\bf case}\ \mathit{False}
       hence ndup: \neg ?duplicate and nsvar: \neg ?single-var by auto
       {
        \mathbf{fix} \ mp
        assume mpp: mp \in \# p
        with empty-p have mp-e: mp \neq \{\#\} by auto
        obtain s \ l where sl: (s,l) \in \# \ mp \ using \ mp\text{-}e \ by \ auto
         from rhs-vars[OF mpp sl] sl obtain x where sx: (s, Var x) \in \# mp by
(cases l, auto)
        from mpp obtain p' where p: p = add-mset mp p' by (rule mset-add)
        from sx obtain mp' where mp: mp = add-mset (s, Var x) mp' by (rule
mset-add)
        from nsvar[simplified, rule-format, OF mpp[unfolded mp]]
        obtain t l where (t,l) \in \# mp' and x \in vars (snd (t,l)) by force
         with rhs-vars[OF mpp, of t l] have tx: (t, Var x) \in \# mp' unfolding mp
by auto
         then obtain mp'' where mp': mp' = add-mset (t, Var x) mp'' by (rule
mset-add)
        from ndup[simplified, rule-format] mpp have s \neq t unfolding mp mp' by
auto
        hence \exists s \ t \ x \ mp'. \ mp = add\text{-}mset \ (s, \ Var \ x) \ (add\text{-}mset \ (t, \ Var \ x) \ mp')
\land s \neq t \text{ unfolding } mp \ mp' \text{ by } auto
       } note two = this
       show ?thesis
       proof (cases \exists mp s t x y. add-mset (s, Var x) (add-mset (t, Var x) mp)
\in \# p \land Conflict\text{-}Var \ s \ t \ y \land \neg \ inf\text{-}sort \ (snd \ y))
        case True
        then obtain mp \ s \ t \ x \ y where
          mp: add\text{-}mset \ (s, \ Var \ x) \ (add\text{-}mset \ (t, \ Var \ x) \ mp) \in \# \ p \ (\mathbf{is} \ ?mp \in \# \ -)
and conf: Conflict-Var s t y and y: \neg inf-sort (snd y)
          by blast
        from conflicts(4)[OF\ conf] have y \in vars\ s \cup vars\ t by auto
```

```
with mp have y \in tvars-mp (mp-mset ?mp) unfolding tvars-mp-def by
auto
        from mp obtain p' where p: p = add-mset ?mp p' by (rule\ mset-add)
        let ?mp = add\text{-}mset\ (s,\ Var\ x)\ (add\text{-}mset\ (t,\ Var\ x)\ mp)
        from pat-instantiate[OF - disjI2, of n?mp p' s x t y, folded p, OF fresh]
        show ?thesis using y conf by auto
      next
        case no-non-inf: False
        show ?thesis
         proof (cases \exists mp s t x. add-mset (s, Var x) (add-mset (t, Var x) mp)
\in \# p \land Conflict\text{-}Clash \ s \ t)
          case True
          then obtain mp \ s \ t \ x where
            mp: add\text{-}mset \ (s, \ Var \ x) \ (add\text{-}mset \ (t, \ Var \ x) \ mp) \in \# \ p \ (is \ ?mp \in \#)
-) and conf: Conflict-Clash s t
           by blast
          from pat-remove-mp[OF \ match-clash'[OF \ conf, \ of \ x \ mp]]
          show ?thesis using mset-add[OF mp] by metis
          case no-clash: False
          show ?thesis
          proof (intro disjI1 pat-failure' ballI)
           \mathbf{fix} \ mp
           assume mp: mp \in pat\text{-}mset p
           then obtain mp' where mp': mp' \in \# p and mp: mp = mp-mset mp'
by auto
           from two[OF mp']
           obtain s t x mp''
              where mp'': mp' = add-mset (s, Var x) (add-mset (t, Var x) mp'')
and diff: s \neq t by auto
               from conflicts(3)[OF\ diff] obtain y where Conflict\text{-}Clash\ s\ t\ \lor
Conflict-Var s t y by auto
           with no-clash mp" mp' have conf: Conflict-Var s t y by force
           with no-non-inf mp'[unfolded mp''] have inf: inf-sort (snd y) by blast
           show inf-var-conflict mp unfolding inf-var-conflict-def mp mp"
             apply (rule exI[of - s], rule exI[of - t])
             apply (intro\ exI[of - x]\ exI[of - y])
             using insert inf conf by auto
          qed
        qed
      qed
     qed
   qed
 qed
qed
Pattern problems just have two normal forms: empty set (solvable) or bot-
tom (not solvable)
```

theorem P-step-NF:

```
assumes NF: P \in NF \Rightarrow shows P \in \{\{\#\}, bottom\text{-}mset\} proof (rule\ ccontr) assume nNF: P \notin \{\{\#\}, bottom\text{-}mset\} from NF have NF: \neg (\exists\ Q.\ P \Rightarrow_m Q) unfolding P\text{-}step\text{-}def by blast from nNF obtain p\ P' where P: P = add\text{-}mset\ p\ P' using multiset\text{-}cases by auto from pat\text{-}fail\text{-}or\text{-}trans obtain ps where pat\text{-}fail\ p \lor p \Rightarrow_m ps by auto with P\text{-}simp\text{-}pp[of\ p\ ps]\ NF have pat\text{-}fail\ p unfolding P by auto from P\text{-}failure[OF\ this,\ of\ P',\ folded\ P]\ nNF\ NF\ show\ False\ by\ auto qed end
```

4.3 Termination

show ?case

A measure to count the number of function symbols of the first argument that don't occur in the second argument

```
fun fun-diff :: ('f,'v)term \Rightarrow ('f,'w)term \Rightarrow nat where
 fun\text{-}diff\ l\ (Var\ x) = num\text{-}funs\ l
| fun\text{-}diff\ (Fun\ g\ ls)\ (Fun\ f\ ts) = (if\ f = g \land length\ ts = length\ ls\ then
    sum-list (map2 fun-diff ls ts) else 0)
| fun-diff | l | t = 0
lemma fun-diff-Var[simp]: fun-diff (Var x) t = 0
 by (cases\ t,\ auto)
lemma add-many-mult: (\bigwedge y. y \in \# N \Longrightarrow (y,x) \in R) \Longrightarrow (N + M, add-mset x
M) \in mult R
 by (metis add.commute add-mset-add-single multi-member-last multi-self-add-other-not-self
one-step-implies-mult)
lemma fun-diff-num-funs: fun-diff l t \leq num-funs l
proof (induct l t rule: fun-diff.induct)
 case (2 f ls g ts)
 show ?case
 proof (cases f = g \land length \ ts = length \ ls)
   have sum-list (map\ 2\ fun-diff\ ls\ ts) \le sum-list\ (map\ num-funs\ ls)
     by (intro sum-list-mono2, insert True 2, (force simp: set-zip)+)
   with 2 show ?thesis by auto
 ged auto
qed auto
lemma fun-diff-subst: fun-diff l (t \cdot \sigma) \leq fun-diff l t
proof (induct l arbitrary: t)
 case l: (Fun f ls)
```

```
proof (cases t)
   case t: (Fun g ts)
   show ?thesis unfolding t using l by (auto intro: sum-list-mono2)
   case t: (Var x)
   \mathbf{show} \ ? the sis \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ t \ \mathbf{using} \ fun-diff-num-funs[of \ Fun \ f \ ls] \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
  qed
qed auto
lemma fun-diff-num-funs-lt: assumes t': t' = Fun\ c\ cs
 and is-Fun l
shows fun-diff l t' < num-funs l
proof -
 from assms obtain g ls where l: l = Fun g ls by (cases l, auto)
 proof (cases c = q \land length \ cs = length \ ls)
   case False
   thus ?thesis unfolding t'l by auto
 next
   case True
   have sum-list (map\ 2\ fun-diff\ ls\ cs) \le sum-list\ (map\ num-funs\ ls)
     apply (rule sum-list-mono2; (intro impI)?)
     subgoal using True by auto
     subgoal for i using True by (auto intro: fun-diff-num-funs)
   thus ?thesis unfolding t' l using True by auto
 qed
qed
lemma sum-union-le-nat: sum (f :: 'a \Rightarrow nat) (A \cup B) \leq sum f A + sum f B
 by (metis finite-Un le-iff-add sum.infinite sum.union-inter zero-le)
lemma sum-le-sum-list-nat: sum f (set xs) \leq (sum-list (map f xs) :: nat)
proof (induct xs)
 case (Cons \ x \ xs)
 thus ?case
   by (cases x \in set xs, auto simp: insert-absorb)
qed auto
lemma bdd-above-has-Maximum-nat: bdd-above (A :: nat \ set) \implies A \neq \{\} \implies
has	ext{-}Maximum\ A
 unfolding has-Maximum-def
 by (meson Max-ge Max-in bdd-above-nat)
{f context} pattern-completeness-context-with-assms
begin
lemma \tau s-list: set (\tau s-list n x) = \tau s n x
```

```
unfolding \tau s-list-def \tau s-def using Cl by auto
abbreviation (input) sum-ms :: ('a \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow nat \text{ where}
    sum\text{-}ms \ f \ ms \equiv sum\text{-}mset \ (image\text{-}mset \ f \ ms)
definition meas-diff :: ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-mset \Rightarrow nat where
    meas-diff = sum-ms \ (sum-ms \ (\lambda \ (t,l). \ fun-diff \ l \ t))
definition max-size :: 's \Rightarrow nat where
   max-size s = (if \ s \in S \land \neg inf\text{-sort } s \ then \ Maximum \ (size `\{t.\ t: s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)\})
else 0)
definition meas-finvars :: ('f, 'v, 's) pat-problem-mset \Rightarrow nat where
   meas-finvars = sum-ms (\lambda mp. sum (max-size o snd) (tvars-mp (mp-mset mp)))
definition meas-symbols :: ('f, 'v, 's) pat-problem-mset \Rightarrow nat where
    meas-symbols = sum-ms size-mset
definition meas-setsize :: ('f, 'v, 's) pat-problem-mset \Rightarrow nat where
    meas-setsize p = sum-ms (sum-ms (\lambda -. 1)) p + size p
definition rel-pat :: (('f, 'v, 's)pat-problem-mset \times ('f, 'v, 's)pat-problem-mset) set (<math>\prec)
where
    (\prec) = inv\text{-}image \ (\{(x, y).\ x < y\} < *lex*> \{(x, y).\ x < y\} < *
< y  <* lex* > {(x, y). x < y})
   (\lambda \ mp. \ (meas-diff \ mp, \ meas-finvars \ mp, \ meas-symbols \ mp, \ meas-setsize \ mp))
abbreviation gt-rel-pat (infix \succ 50) where
    pp \succ pp' \equiv (pp',pp) \in \prec
definition rel-pats :: (('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-mset \times ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-mset) set
(\prec mul) where
    \prec mul = mult \ (\prec)
abbreviation gt\text{-}rel\text{-}pats\ (infix \succ mul\ 50)\ where
    P \succ mul P' \equiv (P',P) \in \prec mul
lemma wf-rel-pat: wf \prec
    unfolding rel-pat-def
    by (intro wf-inv-image wf-lex-prod wf-less)
lemma wf-rel-pats: wf \prec mul
    unfolding rel-pats-def
    by (intro wf-inv-image wf-mult wf-rel-pat)
lemma tvars-mp-fin:
   finite (tvars-mp (mp-mset mp))
    unfolding tvars-mp-def by auto
```

```
lemmas\ meas-def=meas-finvars-def meas-diff-def meas-symbols-def meas-setsize-def
lemma tvars-mp-mono: mp \subseteq \# mp' \Longrightarrow tvars-mp (mp-mset mp) \subseteq tvars-mp
(mp\text{-}mset mp')
     unfolding tvars-mp-def
     by (intro image-mono subset-refl set-mset-mono UN-mono)
lemma meas-finvars-mono: assumes tvars-mp \ (mp\text{-}mset \ mp) \subseteq tvars-mp \ (mp\text{-}mset
mp'
     shows meas-finvars \{\#mp\#\} \le meas-finvars \{\#mp'\#\}
     using tvars-mp-fin[of mp'] assms
     unfolding meas-def by (auto intro: sum-mono2)
lemma rel-mp-sub: \{\# \ add\text{-mset} \ p \ mp\#\} \succ \{\# \ mp \ \#\}
proof -
     let ?mp' = add\text{-}mset\ p\ mp
     have mp \subseteq \# ?mp' by auto
     from meas-finvars-mono[OF tvars-mp-mono[OF this]]
     show ?thesis unfolding meas-def rel-pat-def by auto
qed
lemma rel-mp-mp-step-mset:
     assumes mp \to_m mp'
     shows \{\#mp\#\} \succ \{\#mp'\#\}
     using assms
proof cases
      case *: (match-decompose f ts g ls mp'')
     have meas-finvars \{\#mp'\#\} \le meas-finvars \{\#mp\#\}
     proof (rule meas-finvars-mono)
          show tvars-mp (mp\text{-}mset\ mp') \subseteq tvars\text{-}mp\ (mp\text{-}mset\ mp)
                unfolding tvars-mp-def * using *(3) by (auto simp: set-zip set-conv-nth)
     qed
     moreover
     have id: (case case x of (x, y) \Rightarrow (y, x) of (t, l) \Rightarrow f(t, l) = (case x of (a, b) \Rightarrow f(a, b)
          x::('f, 'v) \ Term.term \times ('f, \ nat \times 's) \ Term.term \ and \ f:: - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow nat
          by (cases x, auto)
     have meas-diff \{\#mp'\#\} \leq meas-diff \{\#mp\#\}
           unfolding meas\text{-}def*\mathbf{using}*(3)
       by (auto simp: sum-mset-sum-list|symmetric| zip-commute[of ts ls] image-mset.compositionality
o-def id)
     moreover have meas-symbols \{\#mp'\#\}\ < meas-symbols \{\#mp\#\}\
          unfolding meas-def * using *(3) size-mset-Fun-less[of ts ls g g]
          by (auto simp: sum-mset-sum-list)
      ultimately show ?thesis unfolding rel-pat-def by auto
     case *: (match-match x t)
     show ?thesis unfolding *
```

```
by (rule rel-mp-sub)
next
    case *: (match-duplicate pair mp)
    show ?thesis unfolding *
       by (rule \ rel-mp-sub)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma sum-ms-image: sum-ms f (image-mset g ms) = sum-ms (f o g) ms
   by (simp add: multiset.map-comp)
lemma meas-diff-subst-le: meas-diff (subst-pat-problem-mset \tau p) \leq meas-diff p
    unfolding meas-def subst-match-problem-set-def subst-defs subst-left-def
    unfolding sum-ms-image o-def
    apply (rule sum-mset-mono, rule sum-mset-mono)
    apply clarify
    unfolding map-prod-def split id-apply
    by (rule fun-diff-subst)
lemma meas-sub: assumes sub: p' \subseteq \# p
shows meas-diff p' \leq meas-diff p
    meas-finvars p' \leq meas-finvars p
    meas-symbols p' \leq meas-symbols p
proof -
    from sub obtain p'' where p: p = p' + p'' by (metis\ subset\text{-}mset.less\text{-}eqE)
    show meas-diff p' \leq meas-diff p meas-finvars p' \leq meas-finvars p meas-symbols
p' \leq meas-symbols p
        unfolding meas-def p by auto
qed
lemma meas-sub-rel-pat: assumes sub: p' \subset \# p
   shows p \succ p'
proof -
    from sub obtain x p'' where p: p = add-mset x p' + p''
     \textbf{by} \ (\textit{metis multi-nonempty-split subset-mset.lessE} \ \textit{union-mset-add-mset-left} \ \textit{union-mset-add-mset-right})
    hence lt: meas-setsize p' < meas-setsize p unfolding meas-def by auto
    from sub have p' \subseteq \# p by auto
   from lt meas-sub[OF this]
    show ?thesis unfolding rel-pat-def by auto
qed
lemma max-size-term-of-sort: assumes sS: s \in S and inf: \neg inf-sort s
     shows \exists t. t: s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \land max\text{-size } s = size t \land (\forall t'. t': s \text{ in } f(C, EMPTYn)) \land f(C, EMPTYn) \land f(
\mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \longrightarrow size \ t' \leq size \ t)
proof -
    let ?set = \lambda \ s. \ size \ `\{t. \ t : s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)\}
    have m: max-size s = Maximum (?set s) unfolding o-def max-size-def using
inf sS by auto
    from inf[unfolded inf-sort-def[OF sS]] have bdd-above (?set s) by auto
```

```
moreover from sorts-non-empty[OF sS] type-conversion2 have ?set s \neq \{\} by
auto
 ultimately have has-Maximum (?set s) by (rule bdd-above-has-Maximum-nat)
  from has-MaximumD[OF this, folded m] show ?thesis by auto
qed
lemma max-size-max: assumes sS: s \in S
  and inf: \neg inf\text{-}sort s
  and sort: t : s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)
shows size \ t \leq max-size \ s
  using max-size-term-of-sort[OF sS inf] sort by auto
lemma finite-sort-size: assumes c: c: map \ snd \ vs \rightarrow s \ in \ C
  and inf: \neg inf\text{-}sort s
shows sum (max-size \ o \ snd) (set \ vs) < max-size \ s
proof -
  from c have vsS: insert s (set (map snd vs)) \subseteq S using C-sub-S
   by (metis (mono-tags))
  hence sS: s \in S by auto
  let ?m = max\text{-}size s
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases \exists v \in set vs. inf-sort (snd v))
   case True
    {
     \mathbf{fix} \ v
     assume v \in set \ vs
     with vsS have v: snd \ v \in S by auto
     note term-of-sort[OF this]
   hence \forall v. \exists t. v \in set \ vs \longrightarrow t : snd \ v \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) by auto
   from choice[OF\ this] obtain t where
     t: \land v. \ v \in set \ vs \Longrightarrow t \ v: snd \ v \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \ by \ blast
   from True vsS obtain vl where vl: vl \in set \ vs \ and \ vlS: snd \ vl \in S \ and \ inf-vl:
inf-sort (snd vl) by auto
   from not\text{-}bdd\text{-}above\text{-}natD[OF\ inf\text{-}vl[unfolded\ inf\text{-}sort\text{-}def[OF\ vlS]],\ of\ ?m]\ t[OF\ vlS]
vl
    obtain tl where
     tl: tl: snd vl in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) and large: ?m \le size tl by fastforce
   let ?t = Fun\ c\ (map\ (\lambda\ v.\ if\ v = vl\ then\ tl\ else\ t\ v)\ vs)
   have ?t: s in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)
     by (intro Fun-hastypeI[OF c] list-all2-map-map, insert tl t, auto)
   from max-size-max[OF sS inf this]
   have False using large split-list[OF vl] by auto
   thus ?thesis ..
  next
   {f case} False
     \mathbf{fix} \ v
     assume v: v \in set \ vs
```

```
with False have inf: \neg inf\text{-}sort (snd v) by auto
     from vsS \ v have snd \ v \in S by auto
     from max-size-term-of-sort[OF this inf]
     have \exists t. t : snd v in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \land size t = max-size (snd v) by auto
   hence \forall v. \exists t. v \in set \ vs \longrightarrow t : snd \ v \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \land size \ t = max-size
(snd \ v) by auto
   from choice[OF this] obtain t where
     t: v \in set \ vs \Longrightarrow t \ v: snd \ v \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,EMPTYn) \land size \ (t \ v) = max-size \ (snd
v) for v by blast
   let ?t = Fun \ c \ (map \ t \ vs)
   have ?t: s in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)
     by (intro Fun-hastypeI[OF c] list-all2-map-map, insert t, auto)
   from max-size-max[OF sS inf this]
   have size ?t < max-size s.
   have sum\ (max\text{-}size\ \circ\ snd)\ (set\ vs) = sum\ (size\ o\ t)\ (set\ vs)
     by (rule sum.cong[OF reft], unfold o-def, insert t, auto)
   also have \dots \leq sum-list (map\ (size\ o\ t)\ vs)
     by (rule sum-le-sum-list-nat)
   also have \dots \leq size-list (size o t) vs by (induct vs, auto)
   also have \dots < size ?t by simp
   also have \dots \leq max-size s by fact
   finally show ?thesis.
  qed
qed
lemma rel-pp-step-mset:
 assumes p \Rightarrow_m ps
 and p' \in \# ps
shows p \succ p'
 using assms
proof induct
 case *: (pat-simp-mp \ mp \ mp' \ p)
 hence p': p' = add-mset mp' p by auto
 from rel-mp-mp-step-mset[OF *(1)]
 show ?case unfolding p' rel-pat-def meas-def by auto
  case (pat-remove-mp \ mp \ p)
 hence p': p' = p by auto
 show ?case unfolding p'
   by (rule meas-sub-rel-pat, auto)
 case *: (pat-instantiate n mp p x l s y t)
 from *(2) have \exists s t. (s,t) \in \# mp \land (s = Var x \land is Fun t)
         \lor (x \in vars \ s \land \neg \ inf\text{-}sort \ (snd \ x)))
    assume *: (s, Var y) \in \# mp \land (t, Var y) \in \# mp \land Conflict-Var s t x \land \neg
inf-sort (snd x)
```

```
hence Conflict-Var s t x and \neg inf-sort (snd x) by auto
   from conflicts(4)[OF\ this(1)]\ this(2) *
   show ?thesis by auto
  qed auto
  then obtain s t where st: (s,t) \in \# mp and choice: s = Var \ x \land is-Fun t \lor x
\in vars \ s \land \neg \ inf\text{-}sort \ (snd \ x)
   by auto
 let ?p = add-mset mp \ p
 let ?s = snd x
 from *(3) \tau s-list
 obtain \tau where \tau: \tau \in \tau s n x and p': p' = subst-pat-problem-mset \tau ?p by auto
 let ?tau\text{-}mset = subst\text{-}pat\text{-}problem\text{-}mset \ \tau
 let ?tau = subst-match-problem-mset \tau
 from \tau[unfolded \ \tau s\text{-}def \ \tau c\text{-}def \ List.maps\text{-}def]
 obtain c sorts where c: c: sorts \rightarrow ?s in C and tau: \tau = subst x (Fun c (map
Var (zip [n.. < n + length sorts] sorts)))
   by auto
  with C-sub-S have sS: ?s \in S and sorts: set sorts \subseteq S by auto
 define vs where vs = zip [n.. < n + length sorts] sorts
 have \tau: \tau = subst\ x\ (Fun\ c\ (map\ Var\ vs)) unfolding tau vs-def by auto
 have snd ' vars (\tau y) \subseteq insert (snd y) S for y
   using sorts unfolding tau by (auto simp: subst-def set-zip set-conv-nth)
 hence vars-sort: (a,b) \in vars (\tau y) \Longrightarrow b \in insert (snd y) S for a b y by fastforce
 from st obtain mp' where mp: mp = add-mset (s,t) mp' by (rule\ mset-add)
  from choice have ?p \succ ?tau\text{-}mset ?p
  proof
   assume s = Var x \wedge is-Fun t
   then obtain f ts where s: s = Var x and t: t = Fun f ts by (cases t, auto)
   have meas-diff (?tau-mset ?p) =
     meas-diff (?tau-mset (add-mset mp' p)) + fun-diff t (s \cdot \tau)
     unfolding meas-def subst-defs subst-left-def mp by simp
  also have \ldots \leq meas\text{-}diff\ (add\text{-}mset\ mp'\ p) + fun\text{-}diff\ t\ (\tau\ x) using meas\text{-}diff\text{-}subst\text{-}le[of]
\tau] s by auto
   also have ... < meas-diff (add-mset mp'p) + fun-diff t s
   proof (rule add-strict-left-mono)
     have fun-diff t (\tau x) < num-funs t
       unfolding tau subst-simps fun-diff.simps
       by (rule fun-diff-num-funs-lt[OF refl], auto simp: t)
     thus fun-diff t (\tau x) < fun-diff t s by (auto simp: s t)
   also have \dots = meas-diff ?p unfolding mp meas-def by auto
   finally show ?thesis unfolding rel-pat-def by auto
   assume x \in vars \ s \land \neg inf\text{-}sort \ (snd \ x)
   hence x: x \in vars \ s \ and \ inf: \neg \ inf-sort \ (snd \ x) \ by \ auto
   from meas-diff-subst-le[of 	au]
   have fd: meas-diff p' \leq meas-diff p' \in p unfolding p'.
```

```
have meas-finvars (?tau-mset ?p) = meas-finvars (?tau-mset \{\#mp\#\}) +
meas-finvars (?tau-mset p)
     unfolding subst-defs meas-def by auto
   also have ... < meas-finvars \{\#mp\#\} + meas-finvars p
   proof (rule add-less-le-mono)
    have vars-\tau-var: vars (\tau y) = (if x = y then set vs else <math>\{y\}) for y unfolding
\tau subst-def by auto
     have vars-\tau: vars (t \cdot \tau) = vars\ t - \{x\} \cup (if\ x \in vars\ t\ then\ set\ vs\ else\ \{\})
for t
       unfolding vars-term-subst image-comp o-def vars-\tau-var by auto
     \mathbf{have}\ \mathit{tvars-mp-subst}\colon \mathit{tvars-mp}\ (\mathit{mp-mset}\ (\mathit{?tau}\ \mathit{mp})) =
         tvars-mp \ (mp-mset \ mp) - \{x\} \cup (if \ x \in tvars-mp \ (mp-mset \ mp) \ then \ set
vs else {}) for mp
       {\bf unfolding}\ subst-defs\ subst-left-def\ tvars-mp-def
       by (auto simp:vars-\tau split: if-splits prod.split)
      have id1: meas-finvars (?tau-mset \{\#mp\#\}) = (\sum x \in tvars-mp (mp-mset
(?tau mp)). max-size (snd x)) for mp
       unfolding meas-def subst-defs by auto
     have id2: meas-finvars \{\#mp\#\} = (\sum x \in tvars-mp \ (mp\text{-}mset \ mp). \ max\text{-}size
(snd x)) for mp
      unfolding meas-def subst-defs by simp
      have eq: x \notin tvars-mp \ (mp\text{-}mset \ mp) \implies meas\text{-}finvars \ (?tau\text{-}mset \ \{\# \ mp\}
\#) = meas-finvars {\#mp\#} for mp
      unfolding id1 id2 by (rule sum.cong[OF - refl], auto simp: tvars-mp-subst)
     {
       \mathbf{fix} \ mp
       assume xmp: x \in tvars-mp \ (mp-mset \ mp)
       let ?mp = (mp\text{-}mset mp)
       have fin: finite (tvars-mp ?mp) by (rule tvars-mp-fin)
       define Mp where Mp = tvars-mp ? mp - \{x\}
       from xmp have 1: tvars-mp (mp-mset (?tau mp)) = set vs \cup Mp
        unfolding tvars-mp-subst Mp-def by auto
     from xmp have 2: tvars-mp?mp = insert x Mp and xMp: x \notin Mp unfolding
Mp-def by auto
       from fin have fin: finite Mp unfolding Mp-def by auto
       have meas-finvars (?tau-mset \{\# mp \#\}) = sum (max-size \circ snd) (set vs
\cup Mp) (is - = sum ?size -)
        unfolding id1 id2 using 1 by auto
     also have ... \leq sum ?size (set vs) + sum ?size Mp by (rule sum-union-le-nat)
       also have \dots < ?size x + sum ?size Mp
       proof -
        have sS: ?s \in S by fact
        have sorts: sorts = map \ snd \ vs \ unfolding \ vs-def \ by \ (intro \ nth-equalityI,
auto)
        have sum ?size (set vs) < ?size x
          using finite-sort-size[OF c[unfolded sorts] inf] by auto
        thus ?thesis by auto
       qed
```

```
also have ... = meas-finvars \{\#mp\#\} unfolding id2\ 2 using fin\ xMp by
auto
      finally have meas-finvars (?tau-mset {# mp #}) < meas-finvars {#mp#}
     } note less = this
     have le: meas-finvars (?tau-mset \{\# mp \#\}) \leq meas-finvars \{\# mp \#\} for
mp
      using eq[of mp] less[of mp] by linarith
     show meas-finvars (?tau-mset \{\#mp\#\}\) < meas-finvars \{\#mp\#\} using x
      by (intro less, unfold mp, force simp: tvars-mp-def)
     show meas-finvars (?tau-mset p) \leq meas-finvars p
      unfolding subst-pat-problem-mset-def meas-finvars-def sum-ms-image o-def
      apply (rule sum-mset-mono)
     subgoal for mp using le[of mp] unfolding meas-finvars-def o-def subst-defs
by auto
      done
   qed
   also have ... = meas-finvars p unfolding p' meas-def by simp
   finally show ?thesis using fd unfolding rel-pat-def p' by auto
 qed
 thus ?case unfolding p'.
next
 case *: (pat-remove-pp p)
 thus ?case by (intro meas-sub-rel-pat, auto)
finally: the transformation is terminating w.r.t. (\succ mul)
lemma rel-P-trans:
 assumes P \Rightarrow_m P'
 shows P \succ mul P'
 using assms
proof induct
 case *: (P-failure p P)
 from * have p \neq \{\#\} \lor p = \{\#\} \land P \neq \{\#\} by auto
 thus ?case
 proof
   assume p \neq \{\#\}
   then obtain mp \ p' where p: p = add-mset \ mp \ p' by (cases \ p, \ auto)
   have p \succ \{\#\} unfolding p by (intro meas-sub-rel-pat, auto)
   thus ?thesis unfolding rel-pats-def using
      one-step-implies-mult[of add-mset p P \{\#\{\#\}\#\} - \{\#\}\}]
     by auto
   assume *: p = \{\#\} \land P \neq \{\#\} then obtain p' P' where p: p = \{\#\} and
P: P = add\text{-}mset \ p' \ P' \ \mathbf{by} \ (cases \ P, \ auto)
   show ?thesis unfolding P p unfolding rel-pats-def
     by (simp add: subset-implies-mult)
```

```
qed
next
    case *: (P-simp-pp p ps P)
    from rel-pp-step-mset[OF *]
    show ?case unfolding rel-pats-def by (metis add-many-mult)
qed

termination of the multiset based implementation

theorem SN-P-step: SN \Rightarrow
proof —
    have sub: \Rightarrow \subseteq \prec mul \cap 1
    using rel-P-trans unfolding P-step-def by auto
    show ?thesis
    apply (rule\ SN-subset[OF - sub])
    using wf-rel-pats by (simp\ add: wf-imp-SN)
qed
```

4.4 Partial Correctness via Refinement

Obtain partial correctness via a simulation property, that the multiset-based implementation is a refinement of the set-based implementation.

```
lemma mp-step-cong: mp1 \rightarrow_s mp2 \Longrightarrow mp1 = mp1' \Longrightarrow mp2 = mp2' \Longrightarrow mp1'
\rightarrow_s mp2' by auto
lemma mp-step-mset-mp-trans: mp \rightarrow_m mp' \Longrightarrow mp-mset mp \rightarrow_s mp-mset mp'
proof (induct mp mp' rule: mp-step-mset.induct)
 case *: (match-decompose f ts g ls mp)
 show ?case by (rule mp-step-cong[OF mp-decompose], insert *, auto)
 case *: (match-match \ x \ mp \ t)
 show ?case by (rule mp-step-cong[OF mp-match], insert *, auto)
 case (match-duplicate pair mp)
 show ?case by (rule mp-step-cong[OF mp-identity], auto)
lemma mp-fail-cong: mp-fail mp \Longrightarrow mp = mp' \Longrightarrow mp-fail mp' by auto
lemma match-fail-mp-fail: match-fail mp \implies mp-fail (mp-mset mp)
proof (induct mp rule: match-fail.induct)
 case *: (match-clash\ f\ ts\ g\ ls\ mp)
 show ?case by (rule mp-fail-cong[OF mp-clash], insert *, auto)
 case *: (match-clash' s t x mp)
 show ?case by (rule mp-fail-cong[OF mp-clash'], insert *, auto)
lemma P-step-set-cong: P \Rightarrow_s Q \Longrightarrow P = P' \Longrightarrow Q = Q' \Longrightarrow P' \Rightarrow_s Q' by auto
```

```
lemma P-step-mset-imp-set: assumes P \Rightarrow_m Q
 shows pats-mset P \Rightarrow_s pats-mset Q
  using assms
proof (induct)
  case *: (P-failure p P)
 let ?P = insert (pat-mset p) (pats-mset P)
 from *(1)
 have ?P \Rightarrow_s bottom
 proof induct
   case (pat-failure' p)
   from P-failure'[OF this]
   show ?case by auto
 \mathbf{next}
   case pat-empty
   show ?case using P-fail by auto
 qed
  thus ?case by auto
next
 case *: (P-simp-pp \ p \ ps \ P)
 {f note}\ conv = o\text{-}def\ image\text{-}mset\text{-}union\ image\text{-}empty\ image\text{-}mset\text{-}add\text{-}mset\ Un-empty\text{-}left}
   set-mset-add-mset-insert set-mset-union image-Un image-insert set-mset-empty
   set	ext{-}mset	ext{-}set	ext{-}image	ext{-}mset
   set-map image-comp insert-is-Un[symmetric]
  define P' where P' = \{mp\text{-}mset \ `set\text{-}mset \ x \mid . \ x \in set\text{-}mset \ P\}
 from *(1)
 have insert (pat-mset p) (pats-mset P) \Rightarrow_s pats-mset ps \cup pats-mset P
   unfolding conv P'-def[symmetric]
 \mathbf{proof}\ induction
   case (pat-remove-pp \ p)
   show ?case unfolding conv
     by (intro P-remove-pp pp-success.intros)
 \mathbf{next}
   case *: (pat\text{-}simp\text{-}mp \ mp \ mp' \ p)
   from P-simp[OF pp-simp-mp[OF mp-step-mset-mp-trans[OF *]]]
   show ?case by auto
 next
   \mathbf{case} \, *: \, (\mathit{pat-remove-mp} \, \, \mathit{mp} \, \, p)
   from P-simp[OF pp-remove-mp[OF match-fail-mp-fail[OF *]]]
   show ?case by simp
  next
   case *: (pat-instantiate n mp p x l s y t)
   from *(2) have x \in tvars-mp \ (mp\text{-}mset \ mp)
     using conflicts(4)[of\ s\ t\ x] unfolding tvars-mp-def
     by (auto intro!:term.set-intros(3))
   hence x: x \in tvars-pp \ (pat-mset \ (add-mset \ mp \ p)) unfolding tvars-pp-def
     using *(2) by auto
   show ?case unfolding conv \ \tau s-list
     apply (rule P-step-set-cong[OF P-instantiate[OF *(1) x]])
```

```
by (unfold conv subst-defs set-map image-comp, auto)
 qed
 thus ?case unfolding conv.
qed
lemma P-step-pp-trans: assumes (P,Q) \in \Longrightarrow
 shows pats-mset P \Rightarrow_s pats-mset Q
 by (rule P-step-mset-imp-set, insert assms, unfold P-step-def, auto)
theorem P-step-pcorrect: assumes wf: wf-pats (pats-mset P) and step: (P,Q) \in
P-step
shows wf-pats (pats-mset Q) \land (pats-complete (pats-mset P) = pats-complete (pats-mset
Q))
proof -
 note step = P-step-pp-trans[OF step]
 from P-step-set-pcorrect[OF step] P-step-set-wf[OF step] wf
 show ?thesis by auto
qed
corollary P-steps-pcorrect: assumes wf: wf-pats (pats-mset P)
 and step: (P,Q) \in \Longrightarrow^*
shows wf-pats (pats-mset Q) \land (pats-complete (pats-mset P) \longleftrightarrow pats-complete
(pats-mset Q)
 using step by induct (insert wf P-step-pcorrect, auto)
Gather all results for the multiset-based implementation: decision procedure
on well-formed inputs (termination was proven before)
theorem P-step:
 assumes wf: wf-pats (pats-mset P) and NF: (P,Q) \in \Rightarrow!
 shows Q = \{\#\} \land pats\text{-}complete (pats\text{-}mset P) — either the result is and input
P is complete
 \vee Q = bottom\text{-}mset \wedge \neg pats\text{-}complete (pats\text{-}mset P) — or the result = bot and
P is not complete
proof -
 from NF have steps: (P,Q) \in \Rightarrow \hat{} * and NF: Q \in NF P-step by auto
 from P-steps-pcorrect[OF wf steps]
 have wf: wf-pats (pats-mset Q) and
   sound: pats-complete (pats-mset P) = pats-complete (pats-mset Q)
   by blast+
 from P-step-NF[OF\ NF] have Q \in \{\{\#\}, bottom\text{-}mset\}.
 thus ?thesis unfolding sound by auto
qed
end
end
```

5 Computing Nonempty and Infinite sorts

This theory provides two algorithms, which both take a description of a set of sorts with their constructors. The first algorithm computes the set of sorts that are nonempty, i.e., those sorts that are inhabited by ground terms; and the second algorithm computes the set of sorts that are infinite, i.e., where one can build arbitrary large ground terms.

```
theory Compute-Nonempty-Infinite-Sorts
imports
Sorted-Terms.Sorted-Terms
LP-Duality.Minimum-Maximum
Matrix.Utility
begin
```

5.1 Deciding the nonemptyness of all sorts under consideration

```
function compute-nonempty-main :: '\tau set \Rightarrow (('f \times '\tau \ list) \times '\tau) \ list <math>\Rightarrow '\tau set
  compute-nonempty-main ne ls = (let rem-ls = filter (\lambda f. snd f \notin ne) ls in
    case partition (\lambda ((-,args),-). set args \subseteq ne) rem-ls of
       (new, rem) \Rightarrow if \ new = [] \ then \ ne \ else \ compute-nonempty-main \ (ne \cup set
(map snd new)) rem)
  by pat-completeness auto
termination
proof (relation measure (length o snd), goal-cases)
  case (2 ne ls rem-ls new rem)
  have length new + length rem = length rem-ls
   using 2(2) sum-length-filter-compl[of - rem-ls] by (auto simp: o-def)
  with 2(3) have length rem < length rem-ls by (cases new, auto)
  also have \dots \leq length \ ls \ using \ 2(1) \ by \ auto
  finally show ?case by simp
qed simp
declare compute-nonempty-main.simps[simp del]
definition compute-nonempty-sorts :: (('f \times '\tau \ list) \times '\tau) \ list \Rightarrow '\tau \ set where
  compute-nonempty-sorts\ Cs = compute-nonempty-main\ \{\}\ Cs
lemma compute-nonempty-sorts:
  assumes distinct (map fst Cs)
  and map-of Cs = C
shows compute-nonempty-sorts Cs = \{\tau . \exists t :: (f, v) term. \ t : \tau \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, \emptyset)\} (is -
= ?NE)
proof -
  let ?TC = \mathcal{T}(C, (\emptyset :: 'v \Rightarrow -))
 have ne \subseteq ?NE \Longrightarrow set \ ls \subseteq set \ Cs \Longrightarrow snd \ `(set \ Cs - set \ ls) \subseteq ne \Longrightarrow
```

```
compute-nonempty-main ne \ ls = ?NE \ for \ ne \ ls
  proof (induct ne ls rule: compute-nonempty-main.induct)
   case (1 ne ls)
   note ne = 1(2)
   define rem-ls where rem-ls = filter (\lambda f. snd f \notin ne) ls
   have rem-ls: set rem-ls \subseteq set Cs
      snd '(set Cs - set rem-ls) \subseteq ne
     using 1(2-) by (auto simp: rem-ls-def)
    obtain new rem where part: partition (\lambda((f, args), target)). set args \subseteq ne)
rem-ls = (new, rem) by force
   have [simp]: compute-nonempty-main ne ls = (if new = [] then ne else com-
pute-nonempty-main (ne \cup set (map snd new)) rem)
   unfolding compute-nonempty-main.simps[of ne ls] Let-def rem-ls-def[symmetric]
part by auto
   have new: set (map \ snd \ new) \subseteq ?NE
   proof
     fix \tau
     assume \tau \in set \ (map \ snd \ new)
     then obtain f args where ((f, args), \tau) \in set rem-ls and args: set args \subseteq ne
using part by auto
     with rem-ls have ((f, args), \tau) \in set \ Cs \ by \ auto
     with assms have C(f, args) = Some \tau by auto
     hence fC: f: args \rightarrow \tau \ in \ C \ by \ (simp \ add: hastype-in-ssig-def)
     from args ne have \forall tau. \exists t. tau \in set args \longrightarrow t : tau in ?TC by auto
     from choice[OF\ this] obtain ts\ where \bigwedge\ tau.\ tau\in set\ args\Longrightarrow ts\ tau:\ tau
in ?TC by auto
     hence Fun f (map ts args) : \tau in ?TC
       apply (intro Fun-hastypeI[OF fC])
       by (simp add: list-all2-conv-all-nth)
     thus \tau \in ?NE by auto
   qed
   show ?case
   proof (cases new = [])
     case False
     note IH = 1(1)[OF rem-ls-def part[symmetric] False]
      have compute-nonempty-main ne ls = compute-nonempty-main (ne \cup set
(map snd new)) rem using False by simp
     also have \dots = ?NE
     proof (rule IH)
       show ne \cup set \ (map \ snd \ new) \subseteq ?NE \ \textbf{using} \ new \ ne \ \textbf{by} \ auto
       show set rem \subseteq set \ Cs \ using \ rem-ls \ part \ by \ auto
       show snd ' (set\ Cs - set\ rem) \subseteq ne \cup set\ (map\ snd\ new)
       proof
         fix \tau
         assume \tau \in snd ' (set Cs - set rem)
       then obtain f args where in-ls: ((f, args), \tau) \in set\ Cs and nrem: ((f, args), \tau)
\notin set rem by force
         thus \tau \in ne \cup set \ (map \ snd \ new) using new part rem-ls by force
       qed
```

```
qed
     finally show ?thesis.
   next
     case True
     have compute-nonempty-main ne ls = ne using True by simp
     also have \dots = ?NE
     proof (rule ccontr)
       assume ¬ ?thesis
       with ne obtain \tau t where counter: t : \tau in ?TC \tau \notin ne by auto
       thus False
       proof (induct\ t\ \tau)
         case (Fun f ts \tau s \tau)
        from Fun(1) have C(f,\tau s) = Some \tau by (simp \ add: hastype-in-ssig-def)
        with assms(2) have mem: ((f,\tau s),\tau) \in set\ Cs by (meson\ map-of-SomeD)
         from Fun(3) have \tau s: set \tau s \subseteq ne by (induct, auto)
         from rem-ls mem Fun(4) have ((f,\tau s),\tau) \in set rem-ls by auto
         with \tau s have ((f,\tau s),\tau) \in set\ new\ using\ part\ by\ auto
         with True show ?case by auto
       qed auto
     qed
     finally show ?thesis.
   qed
 qed
  from this[of {} Cs] show ?thesis unfolding compute-nonempty-sorts-def by
auto
qed
definition decide-nonempty-sorts :: 't list \Rightarrow (('f \times 't list) \times 't)list \Rightarrow 't option
where
  decide-nonempty-sorts \tau s Cs = (let ne = compute-nonempty-sorts Cs in
  find (\lambda \tau. \tau \notin ne) \tau s)
lemma decide-nonempty-sorts:
 assumes distinct (map fst Cs)
 and map-of Cs = C
shows decide-nonempty-sorts \tau s Cs = None \Longrightarrow \forall \tau \in set \tau s. \exists t :: ('f,'v)term.
t: \tau \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,\emptyset)
  decide-nonempty-sorts \tau s Cs = Some \ \tau \Longrightarrow \tau \in set \ \tau s \land \neg \ (\exists \ t :: ('f, 'v)term. \ t
: \tau \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,\emptyset))
 unfolding decide-nonempty-sorts-def Let-def compute-nonempty-sorts[OF assms,
where ?'v = 'v
   find-None-iff find-Some-iff by auto
```

5.2 Deciding infiniteness of a sort

We provide an algorithm, that given a list of sorts with constructors, computes the set of those sorts that are infinite. Here a sort is defined as infinite iff there is no upper bound on the size of the ground terms of that sort.

function compute-inf-main :: $'\tau$ set \Rightarrow $('\tau \times ('f \times '\tau \ list)list)$ list \Rightarrow $'\tau$ set where

```
compute-inf-main \ m-inf \ ls = (
   let (fin, ls') =
         partition (\lambda \ (\tau,fs). \ \forall \ \tau s \in set \ (map \ snd \ fs). \ \forall \ \tau \in set \ \tau s. \ \tau \notin m\text{-}inf) \ ls
    in if fin = [] then m-inf else compute-inf-main (m\text{-inf} - set (map fst fin)) ls')
  by pat-completeness auto
termination
proof (relation measure (length o snd), goal-cases)
  case (2 m-inf ls pair fin ls')
  have length fin + length ls' = length ls
    using 2 sum-length-filter-compl[of - ls] by (auto simp: o-def)
  with 2(3) have length ls' < length ls by (cases fin, auto)
  thus ?case by auto
qed simp
lemma compute-inf-main: fixes E :: 'v \rightarrow 't and C :: ('f,'t)ssig
  assumes E \colon E = \emptyset
  and C-Cs: C = map-of Cs'
  and Cs': set Cs' = set (concat (map ((\lambda (\tau, fs). map (\lambda f. (f,\tau)) fs)) Cs))
  and arg-types-inhabitet: \forall f \ \tau s \ \tau \ \tau'. \ f: \tau s \to \tau \ in \ C \longrightarrow \tau' \in set \ \tau s \longrightarrow (\exists \ t.
t: \tau' \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E)
  and dist: distinct (map fst Cs) distinct (map fst Cs')
  and inhabitet: \forall \tau fs. (\tau, fs) \in set Cs \longrightarrow set fs \neq \{\}
  and \forall \tau. \tau \notin m\text{-}inf \longrightarrow bdd\text{-}above (size '\{t. t : \tau in \mathcal{T}(C,E)\})
  and set ls \subseteq set Cs
  and fst ' (set Cs - set ls) \cap m\text{-}inf = \{\}
  and m-inf \subseteq fst 'set ls
shows compute-inf-main m-inf ls = \{\tau, \neg bdd-above (size '\{t, t : \tau \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C, E)\}\})
  using assms(8-)
proof (induct m-inf ls rule: compute-inf-main.induct)
  case (1 \text{ } m\text{-}inf \text{ } ls)
  let ?fin = \lambda \tau. bdd-above (size '\{t.\ t: \tau \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,E)\})
  define crit where crit = (\lambda \ (\tau :: 't, fs :: ('f \times 't \ list) \ list). \ \forall \ \tau s \in set \ (map \ snd
fs). \forall \tau \in set \ \tau s. \ \tau \notin m\text{-}inf)
  define S where S \tau' = size' \{t. \ t : \tau' \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,E)\} \ \text{for } \tau'
  define M where M \tau' = Maximum (S \tau') for \tau'
  define M' where M' \sigma s = sum-list (map \ M \ \sigma s) + (1 + length \ \sigma s) for \sigma s
  define L where L = [\sigma s \cdot (\tau, cs) < -Cs, (f, \sigma s) < -cs]
  define N where N = max-list (map M' L)
  obtain fin ls' where part: partition crit ls = (fin, ls') by force
  {
    fix \tau cs
    assume inCs: (\tau, cs) \in set Cs
    have nonempty: \exists t. t : \tau in \mathcal{T}(C,E)
    proof -
      from inhabitet[rule-format, OF inCs] obtain f \sigma s where (f,\sigma s) \in set cs by
(cases cs, auto)
      with inCs have ((f,\sigma s),\tau) \in set Cs' unfolding Cs' by auto
```

```
hence fC: f: \sigma s \to \tau in C using dist(2) unfolding C\text{-}Cs
       by (meson hastype-in-ssig-def map-of-is-SomeI)
    hence \forall \sigma. \exists t. \sigma \in set \sigma s \longrightarrow t : \sigma \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E) \text{ using } arg\text{-types-inhabitet}[rule\text{-format},
of f \sigma s \tau by auto
     from choice[OF\ this] obtain t where \sigma \in set\ \sigma s \Longrightarrow t\ \sigma : \sigma\ in\ \mathcal{T}(C,E) for
\sigma by auto
      hence Fun f (map t \sigma s) : \tau in \mathcal{T}(C,E) using list-all2-conv-all-nth
        apply (intro Fun-hastypeI[OF fC]) by (simp add: list-all2-conv-all-nth)
      then show ?thesis by auto
   qed
  } note inhabited = this
   fix \tau
   assume asm: \tau \in fst 'set fin
   hence ? fin \tau
   proof(cases \ \tau \in m-inf)
     case True
      then obtain fs where taufs:(\tau, fs) \in set fin using asm by auto
       fix \tau' and t and args
       assume *: \tau' \in set \ args \ args \in snd 'set fs t : \tau' \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,E)
       from * have \tau' \notin m-inf using taufs unfolding compute-inf-main.simps[of
m-inf
          using crit-def part by fastforce
       hence ?fin \tau' using crit-def part 1(2) by auto
       hence \mathit{hM} \colon \mathit{bdd}\text{-}\mathit{above}\ (S\ \tau') unfolding S\text{-}\mathit{def}\ .
       from *(3) have size t \in S \tau' unfolding S-def by auto
     from this hM have size t \leq M \tau' unfolding M-def by (metis bdd-above-Maximum-nat)
      } note arg-type-bounds = this
       \mathbf{fix} t
       assume t: t: \tau \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E)
       then obtain f ts where tF: t = Fun f ts unfolding E by (induct, auto)
       from t[unfolded\ tF\ Fun-hastype]
       obtain \sigma s where f: f: \sigma s \to \tau in C and args: ts:_l \sigma s in \mathcal{T}(C,E) by auto
       from part[simplified] asm 1(3) obtain cs where inCs: (\tau,cs) \in set \ Cs and
crit: crit (\tau, cs) by auto
          from f[unfolded\ hastype-in-ssig-def\ C-Cs]
          have map-of Cs'(f, \sigma s) = Some \tau by auto
          hence ((f,\sigma s), \tau) \in set\ Cs' by (metis\ map-of-SomeD)
          from this[unfolded Cs', simplified] obtain cs' where 2: (\tau, cs') \in set \ Cs
and mem: (f,\sigma s) \in set \ cs' \ by \ auto
          from inCs \ 2 \ dist have cs' = cs by (metis \ eq\ -key\ -imp\ -eq\ -value)
          with mem have mem: (f,\sigma s) \in set \ cs \ by \ auto
        } note mem = this
       from mem inCs have inL: \sigma s \in set L unfolding L-def by force
          \mathbf{fix} \ \sigma \ ti
```

```
assume \sigma \in set \ \sigma s and ti: ti: \sigma \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,E)
         with mem crit have \sigma \notin m-inf unfolding crit-def by auto
         hence ?fin \sigma using 1(2) by auto
         hence hM: bdd-above (S \sigma) unfolding S-def.
         from ti have size ti \in S \sigma unfolding S-def by auto
      from this hM have size ti \leq M \sigma unfolding M-def by (metis bdd-above-Maximum-nat)
       } note arg-bound = this
     have len: length \sigma s = length \ ts \ using \ args \ by (auto \ simp: list-all2-conv-all-nth)
       have size t = sum-list (map \ size \ ts) + (1 + length \ ts) unfolding tF by
(simp add: size-list-conv-sum-list)
      also have ... \leq sum-list (map\ M\ \sigma s) + (1 + length\ ts) unfolding tF\ args
       proof -
        have id1: map size ts = map \ (\lambda \ i. \ size \ (ts \ ! \ i)) \ [0 \ .. < length \ ts] by (intro
nth-equalityI, auto)
         have id2: map M \sigma s = map (\lambda i. M (\sigma s ! i)) [0 ... < length ts] using len
by (intro nth-equalityI, auto)
         have sum-list (map size ts) \leq sum-list (map M \sigmas) unfolding id1 id2
          apply (rule sum-list-mono) using arg-bound args
          by (auto, simp add: list-all2-conv-all-nth)
         thus ?thesis by auto
       qed
         also have ... = sum-list (map M \sigma s) + (1 + length \sigma s) using args
unfolding M-def using list-all2-lengthD by auto
       also have ... = M' \sigma s unfolding M'-def by auto
       also have \ldots \leq max-list (map M' L)
         by (rule max-list, insert inL, auto)
       also have \dots = N unfolding N-def \dots
       finally have size \ t \leq N.
     hence \bigwedge s. \ s \in S \ \tau \Longrightarrow s \leq N  unfolding S-def by auto
     hence finite (S \tau)
       using finite-nat-set-iff-bounded-le by auto
     moreover
     have nonempty: \exists t. t : \tau \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E)
     proof -
       from part[simplified] asm 1(3) obtain cs where inCs: (\tau, cs) \in set \ Cs by
auto
       thus ?thesis using inhabited by auto
     qed
     hence S \tau \neq \{\} unfolding S-def by auto
       ultimately show ?thesis unfolding S-def[symmetric] by (metis Max-ge
bdd-above-def)
   \mathbf{next}
     case False
     then show ?thesis using 1(2) by simp
   qed
  } note fin = this
  show ?case
 proof (cases fin = [])
```

```
case False
    hence compute-inf-main m-inf ls = compute-inf-main (m-inf - set (map fst)
fin)) ls'
      unfolding compute-inf-main.simps[of m-inf] part[unfolded crit-def] by auto
    also have \dots = \{\tau. \neg ? fin \tau\}
    proof (rule 1(1)[OF refl part[unfolded crit-def, symmetric] False])
      show set ls' \subseteq set \ Cs \ using \ 1(3) \ part \ by \ auto
     show fst '(set Cs - set ls') \cap (m-inf - set (map fst fin)) = {} using 1(3-4)
part by force
      show \forall \tau. \tau \notin m\text{-inf} - set (map fst fin) \longrightarrow ?fin \tau using 1(2) fin by force
      show m-inf - set (map\ fst\ fin) \subseteq fst 'set ls' using 1(5)\ part by force
    finally show ?thesis.
  next
    case True
    hence compute-inf-main m-inf ls = m-inf
      unfolding compute-inf-main.simps[of m-inf] part[unfolded crit-def] by auto
    also have \dots = \{\tau. \neg ?fin \tau\}
    proof
      show \{\tau. \neg ?fin \tau\} \subseteq m\text{-}inf using fin 1(2) by auto
        fix \tau
        assume \tau \in m-inf
        with I(5) obtain cs where mem: (\tau, cs) \in set ls by auto
        from part True have ls': ls' = ls by (induct ls arbitrary: ls', auto)
        from partition-P[OF part, unfolded ls']
        have \bigwedge e. \ e \in set \ ls \Longrightarrow \neg \ crit \ e \ by \ auto
        from this [OF mem, unfolded crit-def split]
        obtain c \tau s \tau' where *: (c,\tau s) \in set cs \tau' \in set \tau s \tau' \in m-inf by auto
        from mem 1(2-) have (\tau,cs) \in set \ Cs by auto
        with * have ((c,\tau s),\tau) \in set\ Cs' unfolding Cs' by force
        with dist(2) have map-of Cs'((c,\tau s)) = Some \ \tau by simp
      from this[folded C-Cs] have c: c: \tau s \to \tau in C unfolding hastype-in-ssig-def
       from arg-types-inhabitet this have \forall \sigma. \exists t. \sigma \in set \ \tau s \longrightarrow t : \sigma \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,E)
by auto
          from choice[OF\ this] obtain t where \bigwedge \sigma. \ \sigma \in set\ \tau s \Longrightarrow t\ \sigma: \sigma in
\mathcal{T}(C,E) by auto
        hence list: map t \tau s :_{l} \tau s in \mathcal{T}(C,E) by (simp add: list-all2-conv-all-nth)
        with c have Fun c (map t \tau s) : \tau in \mathcal{T}(C,E) by (intro Fun-hastypeI)
       with *c list have \exists c \tau s \tau' ts. Fun c ts : \tau in \mathcal{T}(C,E) \wedge ts : t in \mathcal{T}(C,E)
\land \ c: \tau s \rightarrow \tau \ \textit{in} \ C \ \land \ \tau' \in \textit{set} \ \tau s \land \tau' \in \textit{m-inf}
          by blast
      } note m-invD = this
        have \tau \in m-inf \Longrightarrow \exists t. t : \tau \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E) \land \text{size } t \geq n \text{ for } \tau
        proof (induct n arbitrary: \tau)
          case (\theta \ \tau)
```

```
from m-invD[OF \ \theta] show ?case by blast
        next
          case (Suc n \tau)
          from m-invD[OF\ Suc(2)] obtain c\ \tau s\ \tau'\ ts
            where *: ts:_{l} \tau s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E) \ c: \tau s \to \tau \text{ in } C \ \tau' \in set \ \tau s \ \tau' \in m\text{-inf}
          \mathbf{from} \ *(1)[unfolded \ list-all 2-conv-all-nth] \ *(3)[unfolded \ set-conv-nth]
          obtain i where i: i < length \ \tau s and tsi:ts \ ! \ i : \tau' \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,E) and len:
length ts = length \tau s by auto
           from Suc(1)[OF*(4)] obtain t where t:t:\tau' in \mathcal{T}(C,E) and ns:n\leq
size t by auto
          define ts' where ts' = ts[i := t]
          have ts':_{l} \tau s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E) using list-all2-conv-all-nth unfolding ts'-def
        by (metis*(1) tsi has-same-type i list-all2-update-cong list-update-same-conv
t(1)
           hence **: Fun c ts': \tau in \mathcal{T}(C,E) apply (intro Fun-hastype I[OF*(2)])
by fastforce
          have t \in set \ ts' unfolding ts'-def using t
            by (simp add: i len set-update-memI)
          hence size (Fun c ts') \geq Suc n using *
            by (simp add: size-list-estimation' ns)
          thus ?case using ** by blast
        qed
      } note main = this
      show m-inf \subseteq \{\tau. \neg ?fin \tau\}
      proof (standard, standard)
        assume asm: \tau \in m\text{-}inf
        have \exists t. \ t : \tau \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,E) \land n < size \ t \ for \ n \ using \ main[OF \ asm, \ of \ Suc
n by auto
         by (metis bdd-above-Maximum-nat imageI mem-Collect-eq order.strict-iff)
      qed
    qed
    finally show ?thesis.
 qed
qed
definition compute-inf-sorts :: (('f \times 't \ list) \times 't) list \Rightarrow 't \ set \ where
  compute-inf-sorts Cs = (let
       Cs' = map \ (\lambda \ \tau. \ (\tau, map \ fst \ (filter(\lambda f. \ snd \ f = \tau) \ Cs))) \ (remdups \ (map \ snd \ f = \tau) \ Cs)))
Cs))
    in compute-inf-main (set (map fst Cs')) Cs')
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{compute-inf-sorts} :
  fixes E :: 'v \rightharpoonup 't and C :: ('f, 't)ssig
  assumes E \colon E = \emptyset
 and C-Cs: C = map-of Cs
 and arg-types-inhabitet: \forall f \ \tau s \ \tau \ \tau'. \ f : \tau s \to \tau \ in \ C \longrightarrow \tau' \in set \ \tau s \longrightarrow (\exists t.
```

```
t: \tau' \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E)
 and dist: distinct (map fst Cs)
shows compute-inf-sorts Cs = \{\tau. \neg bdd\text{-}above (size '\{t.\ t:\tau \ in\ \mathcal{T}(C,E)\})\}
proof -
  define taus where taus = remdups (map \ snd \ Cs)
 define Cs' where Cs' = map (\lambda \tau. (\tau, map fst (filter(\lambda f. snd f = \tau) Cs))) taus
  have compute-inf-sorts Cs = compute-inf-main (set (map fst Cs')) Cs'
    unfolding compute-inf-sorts-def taus-def Cs'-def Let-def by auto
  also have ... = \{\tau. \neg bdd\text{-}above (size '\{t. t : \tau in \mathcal{T}(C,E)\})\}
  proof (rule compute-inf-main[OF E C-Cs - arg-types-inhabitet - dist - - sub-
set-refl)
   have distinct taus unfolding taus-def by auto
   thus distinct (map fst Cs') unfolding Cs'-def map-map o-def fst-conv by auto
   show set Cs = set (concat (map (\lambda(\tau, fs)). map (\lambda f) (f, \tau)) fs) Cs')
     unfolding Cs'-def taus-def by force
   show \forall \tau fs. (\tau, fs) \in set Cs' \longrightarrow set fs \neq \{\}
     unfolding Cs'-def taus-def by (force simp: filter-empty-conv)
   show fst '(set Cs' – set Cs') \cap set (map fst Cs') = {} by auto
   show set (map \ fst \ Cs') \subseteq fst \ `set \ Cs' \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
   show \forall \tau. \tau \notin set (map \ fst \ Cs') \longrightarrow bdd-above (size '\{t. \ t : \tau \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,E)\})
   proof (intro allI impI)
     fix \tau
     assume \tau \notin set \ (map \ fst \ Cs')
     hence \tau \notin snd 'set Cs unfolding Cs'-def taus-def by auto
     hence diff: C f \neq Some \ \tau for f unfolding C-Cs
       by (metis Some-eq-map-of-iff dist imageI snd-conv)
     {
       \mathbf{fix} \ t
       assume t : \tau \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(C,E)
       hence False using diff unfolding E
       proof induct
         case (Fun f ss \sigma s \tau)
         from Fun(1,4) show False unfolding hastype-in-ssig-def by auto
       qed auto
     hence id: \{t.\ t: \tau \ in\ \mathcal{T}(C,E)\} = \{\} by auto
     show bdd-above (size ' \{t.\ t: \tau \ in\ \mathcal{T}(C,E)\}) unfolding id by auto
   qed
  qed
  finally show ?thesis.
qed
end
```

6 A List-Based Implementation to Decide Pattern Completeness

theory Pattern-Completeness-List imports

```
\label{lem:pattern-Completeness-Multiset} Pattern-Compute-Nonempty-Infinite-Sorts\\ HOL-Library. A List\\ \textbf{begin}
```

6.1 Definition of Algorithm

We refine the non-deterministic multiset based implementation to a deterministic one which uses lists as underlying data-structure. For matching problems we distinguish several different shapes.

```
type-synonym ('a,'b) alist = ('a \times 'b) list
type-synonym (f, v, s) match-problem-list = ((f, nat \times s) term \times (f, v) term)
list — mp with arbitrary pairs
type-synonym (f, v, s) match-problem-lx = ((nat \times s) \times (f, v) term) list — mp
where left components are variable
type-synonym (f, v, s) match-problem-rx = (v, (f, nat \times s) term \ list) alist \times bool
  - mp where right components are variables
\textbf{type-synonym} \ ('f,'v,'s) \textit{match-problem-lr} = ('f,'v,'s) \textit{match-problem-lx} \times ('f,'v,'s) \textit{match-problem-rx}
   a partitioned mp
\textbf{type-synonym} \ ('f,'v,'s) \textit{pat-problem-list} = ('f,'v,'s) \textit{match-problem-list} \ \textit{list}
type-synonym (f, v, s) pat-problem-lr = (f, v, s) match-problem-lr list
type-synonym (f, v, s) pats-problem-list = (f, v, s) pat-problem-list list
type-synonym (f, v, s) pat-problem-set-impl = ((f, nat \times s) term \times (f, v) term)
list list
abbreviation mp-list :: ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-list \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-mset
  where mp-list \equiv mset
abbreviation mp-lx :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-lx <math>\Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-list
  where mp-lx \equiv map \ (map-prod \ Var \ id)
definition mp\text{-}rx :: ('f, 'v, 's) match\text{-}problem\text{-}rx \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match\text{-}problem\text{-}mset
 where mp-rx mp = mset (List.maps (\lambda (x,ts). map (\lambda t. (t, Var x)) ts) (fst mp)
definition mp-rx-list :: ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-rx <math>\Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-list
  where mp-rx-list mp = List.maps (\lambda (x,ts). map (\lambda t. (t, Var x)) ts) (fst mp)
definition mp-lr :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-lr <math>\Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-mset
  where mp-lr pair = (case pair of <math>(lx,rx) \Rightarrow mp-list (mp-lx lx) + mp-rx rx)
definition mp-lr-list :: ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-lr \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-list
  where mp-lr-list pair = (case pair of <math>(lx,rx) \Rightarrow mp-lx lx @ mp-rx-list rx)
definition pat-lr :: ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-lr \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-mset
  where pat-lr ps = mset (map mp-lr ps)
definition pat-mset-list :: ('f, 'v, 's) pat-problem-list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) pat-problem-mset
```

```
definition pat-list :: ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-list \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) pat-problem-set
  where pat-list ps = set 'set ps
abbreviation pats-mset-list :: ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-list \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) pats-problem-mset
  where pats-mset-list \equiv mset \ o \ map \ pat-mset-list
definition subst-match-problem-list :: (f,nat \times 's)subst \Rightarrow (f,'v,'s)match-problem-list
\Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-list where
  subst-match-problem-list \ \tau = map \ (subst-left \ \tau)
definition subst-pat-problem-list :: (f,nat \times f) subst \Rightarrow (f,v,s) pat-problem-list
\Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s)pat-problem-list where
  subst-pat-problem-list \ \tau = map \ (subst-match-problem-list \ \tau)
definition match-var-impl :: ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-lr <math>\Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-lr
where
  match-var-impl\ mp = (case\ mp\ of\ (xl,(rx,b)) \Rightarrow
    let xs = remdups (List.maps (vars-term-list o snd) xl)
    in (xl,(filter\ (\lambda\ (x,ts).\ tl\ ts \neq []\ \lor\ x \in set\ xs)\ rx),b))
definition find-var :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-lr list \Rightarrow - where find-var p = (case
concat (map (\lambda (lx,-). lx) p) of
     (x,t) \# - \Rightarrow x
   | [] \Rightarrow let (-,rx,b) = hd (filter (Not o snd o snd) p)
        in case hd rx of (x, s \# t \# -) \Rightarrow hd (the (conflicts s t)))
definition empty-lr :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-lr \Rightarrow bool where
  empty-lr mp = (case \ mp \ of \ (lx,rx,-) \Rightarrow lx = [] \land rx = [])
{f context} pattern-completeness-context
begin
insert an element into the part of the mp that stores pairs of form (t,x) for
variables x. Internally this is represented as maps (assoc lists) from x to
terms t1,t2,... so that linear terms are easily identifiable. Duplicates will be
removed and clashes will be immediately be detected and result in None.
definition insert-rx :: ('f,nat \times 's)term \Rightarrow 'v \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s)match-problem-rx \Rightarrow
('f,'v,'s) match-problem-rx option where
  insert-rx t x rxb = (case rxb of (rx,b) \Rightarrow (case map-of rx x of part)
    None \Rightarrow Some (((x,[t]) \# rx, b))
  | Some ts \Rightarrow (case\ those\ (map\ (conflicts\ t)\ ts)
      of None \Rightarrow None — clash
       | Some cs \Rightarrow if [] \in set cs then Some rxb — empty conflict means (t,x) was
already part of rxb
        else Some ((AList.update x (t # ts) rx, b \lor (\exists y \in set (concat cs). inf-sort
(snd\ y))))
```

where pat-mset-list ps = mset (map mp-list ps)

```
)))
```

```
lemma size-zip[termination-simp]: length ts = length \ ls \implies size-list \ (\lambda p. \ size \ (snd
p)) (zip ts ls)
     < Suc (size-list size ls)
    by (induct ts ls rule: list-induct2, auto)
Decomposition applies decomposition, duplicate and clash rule to classify
all remaining problems as being of kind (x,f(11,..,ln)) or (t,x).
fun decomp-impl :: ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-list \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-lr option
where
     decomp-impl [] = Some ([],([],False))
   decomp-impl ((Fun f ts, Fun g ls) \# mp) = (if (f,length ts) = (g,length ls) then
           decomp-impl (zip ts ls @ mp) else None)
\mid decomp-impl \ ((Var \ x, \ Fun \ g \ ls) \ \# \ mp) = (case \ decomp-impl \ mp \ of \ Some \ (lx,rx))
\Rightarrow Some ((x,Fun \ g \ ls) \# lx,rx)
               | None \Rightarrow None \rangle
| decomp-impl ((t, Var y) \# mp) = (case decomp-impl mp of Some (lx,rx) \Rightarrow
               (case insert-rx t y rx of Some rx' \Rightarrow Some (lx,rx') \mid None \Rightarrow None)
                | None \Rightarrow None \rangle
definition match-steps-impl::('f,'v,'s) match-problem-list \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s) match-problem-lr
option where
    match-steps-impl mp = map-option match-var-impl (decomp-impl mp)
\textbf{fun} \ \textit{pat-inner-impl} :: (\textit{'f}, \textit{'v}, \textit{'s}) \ \textit{pat-problem-list} \Rightarrow (\textit{'f}, \textit{'v}, \textit{'s}) \ \textit{pat-problem-lr} \Rightarrow (\textit{'f}, \textit{'v}, \textit{'s}) \ \textit{pat-problem-lr}
option where
     pat\text{-}inner\text{-}impl [] pd = Some pd
\mid pat\text{-}inner\text{-}impl \ (mp \ \# \ p) \ pd = (case \ match\text{-}steps\text{-}impl \ mp \ of \ path{\mid} path
           None \Rightarrow pat\text{-}inner\text{-}impl \ p \ pd
       | Some mp' \Rightarrow if empty-lr mp' then None
               else pat-inner-impl p (mp' \# pd)
definition pat\text{-}impl :: nat \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s)pat\text{-}problem\text{-}list \Rightarrow ('f,'v,'s)pat\text{-}problem\text{-}list
list option where
     pat-impl\ n\ p = (case\ pat-inner-impl\ p\ []\ of\ None \Rightarrow Some\ []
                 | Some p' \Rightarrow (if \ (\forall mp \in set \ p'. snd \ (snd \ mp)) \ then \ None - detected
inf-var-conflict (or empty mp)
                  else let p'l = map \ mp-lr-list p';
                        x = find\text{-}var p'
                        Some (map (\lambda \tau. subst-pat-problem-list \tau p'l) (\tau s-list n x))))
partial-function (tailrec) pats-impl :: nat \Rightarrow (f, v, s) pats-problem-list \Rightarrow bool
     pats-impl n ps = (case ps of [] \Rightarrow True
           | p \# ps1 \Rightarrow (case \ pat-impl \ n \ p \ of
                    None \Rightarrow False
```

 $| Some \ ps2 \Rightarrow pats-impl\ (n+m)\ (ps2\ @\ ps1)))$

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{definition} \ pat\text{-}complete\text{-}impl :: ('f,'v,'s)pats\text{-}problem\text{-}list \Rightarrow bool \ \textbf{where}} \\ pat\text{-}complete\text{-}impl \ ps = (let \\ n = Suc \ (max\text{-}list \ (List.maps \ (map \ fst \ o \ vars\text{-}term\text{-}list \ o \ fst) \ (concat \ (concat \ ps)))) \\ in \ pats\text{-}impl \ n \ ps) \\ \textbf{end} \\ \\ \textbf{lemmas} \ pat\text{-}complete\text{-}impl\text{-}code = \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.pat\text{-}complete\text{-}impl\text{-}def} \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.pat\text{-}impl\text{-}def} \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.t.s\text{-}list\text{-}def} \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.insert\text{-}rx\text{-}def} \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.decomp\text{-}impl.simps} \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.match\text{-}steps\text{-}impl\text{-}def} \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.match\text{-}steps\text{-}impl\text{-}def} \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.match\text{-}steps\text{-}impl\text{-}def} \\ pattern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.pat\text{-}inner\text{-}impl\text{-}simps} \\ \end{array}
```

 $\mathbf{declare}\ \mathit{pat-complete-impl-code}[\mathit{code}]$

6.2 Partial Correctness of the Implementation

We prove that the list-based implementation is a refinement of the multisetbased one.

```
lemma mset-concat-union:
  mset\ (concat\ xs) = \sum_{\#} (mset\ (map\ mset\ xs))
  by (induct xs, auto simp: union-commute)
lemma in-map-mset[intro]:
  a \in \# A \Longrightarrow f \ a \in \# image\text{-mset } f \ A
  unfolding in-image-mset by simp
lemma mset-update: map-of xs x = Some y \Longrightarrow
  mset\ (AList.update\ x\ z\ xs) = (mset\ xs\ -\ \{\#\ (x,y)\ \#\})\ +\ \{\#\ (x,z)\ \#\}
  by (induction xs, auto)
lemma set-update: map-of xs \ x = Some \ y \Longrightarrow distinct \ (map \ fst \ xs) \Longrightarrow
  set (AList.update \ x \ z \ xs) = insert (x,z) (set \ xs - \{(x,y)\})
  by (induction xs, auto)
{f context} pattern-completeness-context-with-assms
begin
Various well-formed predicates for intermediate results
definition wf-ts :: ('f, nat \times 's) term list \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-ts ts = (ts \neq [] \land distinct \ ts \land (\forall \ j < length \ ts. \ \forall \ i < j. \ conflicts \ (ts ! i) \ (ts
! j) \neq None
```

```
definition wf-ts2 :: ('f, nat \times 's) term list \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-ts2 ts = (length ts \geq 2 \wedge distinct ts \wedge (\forall j < length ts. \forall i < j. conflicts (ts
!\ i)\ (ts\ !\ j) \neq None))
definition wf-lx :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-<math>lx \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-lx lx = (Ball (snd 'set lx) is-Fun)
definition wf-rx :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-rx \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-rx rx = (distinct (map fst (fst <math>rx)) \land (Ball (snd `set (fst <math>rx)) wf-ts) \land snd rx
= inf-var-conflict (set-mset (mp-rx rx)))
definition wf-rx2 :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-rx \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-rx2 rx = (distinct (map fst (fst <math>rx)) \land (Ball (snd `set (fst <math>rx)) wf-ts2) \land snd
rx = inf\text{-}var\text{-}conflict (set\text{-}mset (mp\text{-}rx rx)))
definition wf-lr :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-lr \Rightarrow bool
  where wf-lr pair = (case pair of (lx,rx) \Rightarrow wf-lx lx \land wf-rx rx)
definition wf-lr2 :: ('f, 'v, 's) match-problem-lr \Rightarrow bool
  where wf-lr2 pair = (case pair of (lx,rx) \Rightarrow wf-lx lx \land (if lx = [] then wf-rx2 rx
else wf-rx rx))
definition wf-pat-lr :: ('f, 'v, 's)pat-problem-lr \Rightarrow bool where
  wf-pat-lr\ mps = (Ball\ (set\ mps)\ (\lambda\ mp.\ wf-lr2\ mp \land \neg\ empty-lr\ mp))
lemma mp-step-mset-cong:
  assumes (\rightarrow_m)^{**} mp mp'
  shows (add-mset (add-mset mp p) P, add-mset (add-mset mp' p) P) \in \Rightarrow^*
 using assms
proof induct
  case (step mp' mp'')
  from P-simp-pp[OF pat-simp-mp[OF step(2), of p], of P]
 have (add\text{-}mset\ (add\text{-}mset\ mp'\ p)\ P,\ add\text{-}mset\ (add\text{-}mset\ mp''\ p)\ P)\in P\text{-}step
   unfolding P-step-def by auto
  with step(3)
  show ?case by simp
qed auto
lemma mp-step-mset-vars: assumes mp \rightarrow_m mp'
  shows tvars-mp (mp-mset mp) \supseteq tvars-mp (mp-mset mp')
  using assms by induct (auto simp: tvars-mp-def set-zip)
lemma mp-step-mset-steps-vars: assumes (\rightarrow_m)^{**} mp mp'
  shows tvars-mp (mp\text{-}mset\ mp) \supseteq tvars\text{-}mp\ (mp\text{-}mset\ mp')
  using assms by (induct, insert mp-step-mset-vars, auto)
Continue with properties of the sub-algorithms
lemma insert-rx: assumes res: insert-rx t x rxb = res
```

```
and wf: wf-rx rxb
 and mp: mp = (ls, rxb)
 shows res = Some \ rx' \Longrightarrow (\rightarrow_m)^{**} \ (add\text{-mset} \ (t, Var \ x) \ (mp\text{-}lr \ mp + M)) \ (mp\text{-}lr \ mp + M)
(ls,rx') + M) \wedge wf-rx rx'
   res = None \Longrightarrow match-fail (add-mset (t, Var x) (mp-lr mp + M))
proof -
  obtain rx b where rxb: rxb = (rx,b) by force
 note [simp] = List.maps-def
 note res = res[unfolded insert-rx-def]
   assume *: res = None
    with res rxb obtain ts where look: map-of rx x = Some ts by (auto split:
option.splits)
   with res[unfolded\ look\ Let\text{-}def\ rxb\ split]* obtain t' where t': t' \in set\ ts and
clash: Conflict-Clash t t'
     by (auto split: if-splits option.splits)
   from map\text{-}of\text{-}SomeD[OF\ look]\ t' have (t', Var\ x) \in \#\ mp\text{-}rx\ rxb
       unfolding mp-rx-def rxb by auto
   hence (t', Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}lr mp + M \text{ unfolding } mp mp\text{-}lr\text{-}def \text{ by } auto
    then obtain mp' where mp: mp-lr mp + M = add-mset (t', Var x) mp' by
(rule mset-add)
   show match-fail (add-mset (t, Var x) (mp-lr mp + M)) unfolding mp
     by (rule match-clash'[OF clash])
   assume res = Some rx'
   note res = res[unfolded this rxb split]
   show mp-step-mset** (add-mset (t, Var x) (mp-lr mp + M)) (mp-lr (ls, rx') +
M) \wedge wf-rx rx'
   proof (cases map-of rx x)
     case look: None
     from res[unfolded this]
     have rx': rx' = ((x,[t]) \# rx, b) by auto
     have id: mp-rx rx' = add-mset (t, Var x) (mp-rx rxb)
       using look unfolding mp-rx-def mset-concat-union mset-map rx' o-def rxb
     have [simp]: (x, t) \notin set \ rx \ for \ t \ using \ look
       using weak-map-of-SomeI by force
     have inf-var-conflict (mp\text{-mset}\ (mp\text{-rx}\ ((x,[t])\ \#\ rx,\ b))) = inf\text{-var-conflict}
(mp\text{-}mset\ (mp\text{-}rx\ (rx,\ b)))
       unfolding mp-rx-def fst-conv inf-var-conflict-def
       by (intro ex-cong1, auto)
    hence wf: wf-rx rx' using wf look unfolding wf-rx-def rx' rxb by (auto simp:
wf-ts-def)
     show ?thesis unfolding mp mp-lr-def split id
       using wf unfolding rx' by auto
     case look: (Some ts)
     from map\text{-}of\text{-}SomeD[OF\ look] have mem:(x,ts) \in set\ rx\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
```

```
note res = res[unfolded look option.simps Let-def]
     from res obtain cs where those: those (map (conflicts t) ts) = Some cs by
(auto split: option.splits)
     note res = res[unfolded those option.simps]
     from arg-cong[OF those[unfolded those-eg-Some], of set] have confl: conflicts
t 'set ts = Some 'set cs by auto
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases [] \in set \ cs)
       case True
       with res have rx': rx' = rxb by (auto split: if-splits simp: mp rxb those)
       from True confl obtain t' where t' \in set ts and conflicts t t' = Some
       hence t: t \in set \ ts \ using \ conflicts(5)[of \ t \ t'] \ by \ auto
       hence (t, Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx rxb unfolding mp\text{-}rx\text{-}def rxb using mem by
auto
       hence (t, Var x) \in \# mp-lr mp + M unfolding mp mp-lr-def by auto
       then obtain sub where id: mp-lr mp + M = add-mset (t, Var x) sub by
(rule mset-add)
      show ?thesis unfolding id rx' mp[symmetric] using match-duplicate[of (t,
Var x) sub] wf by auto
     next
       case False
       with res have rx': rx' = (AList.update\ x\ (t\ \#\ ts)\ rx,\ b\ \lor\ (\exists\ y \in set\ (concat
cs). inf-sort (snd y))) by (auto split: if-splits)
       from split-list[OF\ mem] obtain rx1\ rx2 where rx:\ rx=rx1 @ (x,ts) #
rx2 by auto
       have id: mp-rx rx' = add-mset (t, Var x) (mp-rx rxb)
      unfolding rx' mp-rx-def rxb by (simp add: mset-update[OF look] mset-concat-union,
auto simp: rx)
     from wf[unfolded\ wf\text{-}rx\text{-}def]\ rx\ rxb\ \mathbf{have}\ ts:\ wf\text{-}ts\ ts\ \mathbf{and}\ b:\ b=inf\text{-}var\text{-}conflict
(mp\text{-}mset\ (mp\text{-}rx\ rxb)) by auto
       from False conflicts(5)[of t t] have t: t \notin set ts by force
       from confl have None \notin set (map (conflicts t) ts) by auto
       with ts t have ts': wf-ts (t \# ts) unfolding wf-ts-def
        apply clarsimp
        subgoal for j i by (cases j, force, cases i; force simp: set-conv-nth)
        done
         have b: (b \lor (\exists y \in set (concat cs). inf-sort (snd y))) = inf-var-conflict
(mp\text{-}mset\ (add\text{-}mset\ (t,\ Var\ x)\ (mp\text{-}rx\ rxb)))\ (\mathbf{is}\ -=\ ?ivc)
       proof (standard, elim disjE bexE)
        show b \implies ?ivc unfolding b inf-var-conflict-def by force
        {
          \mathbf{fix} \ y
          assume y: y \in set (concat \ cs) and inf: inf-sort (snd \ y)
           from y confl obtain t' ys where t': t' \in set ts and c: conflicts t t' =
Some ys and y: y \in set ys unfolding set-concat
            by (smt (verit, del-insts) UnionE image-iff)
          have y: Conflict-Var t t' y using c y by auto
           from mem t' have (t', Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx rxb unfolding rxb mp\text{-}rx\text{-}def
```

```
by auto
           thus ?ivc unfolding inf-var-conflict-def using inf y by fastforce
         assume ?ivc
         from this [unfolded inf-var-conflict-def]
         obtain s1 \ s2 \ x' \ y
           where ic: (s1, Var x') \in \# add\text{-mset} (t, Var x) (mp\text{-rx } rxb) \land (s2, Var x)
(x') \in \# \ add\text{-mset} \ (t, \ Var \ x) \ (mp\text{-rx} \ rxb) \land Conflict\text{-} Var \ s1 \ s2 \ y \land inf\text{-}sort \ (snd \ y)
           by blast
         show b \lor (\exists y \in set (concat \ cs). \ inf-sort (snd \ y))
         proof (cases (s1, Var x') \in \# mp-rx rxb \land (s2, Var x') \in \# mp-rx rxb)
           with ic have b unfolding b inf-var-conflict-def by blast
          thus ?thesis ..
         next
           case False
          with ic have (s1, Var x') = (t, Var x) \lor (s2, Var x') = (t, Var x) by auto
        hence \exists s y. (s, Var x) \in \# add\text{-}mset (t, Var x) (mp\text{-}rx rxb) \land Conflict\text{-}Var
t \ s \ y \wedge inf\text{-}sort \ (snd \ y)
           proof
            assume (s1, Var x') = (t, Var x)
            thus ?thesis using ic by blast
             assume *: (s2, Var x') = (t, Var x)
             with ic have Conflict-Var s1 t y by auto
          hence Conflict-Var t s1 y using conflicts-sym[of s1 t] by (cases conflicts
s1 t; cases conflicts t s1, auto)
            with ic * show ?thesis by blast
           qed
           then obtain s y where sx: (s, Var x) \in \# add\text{-}mset (t, Var x) (mp\text{-}rx)
rxb) and y: Conflict-Var t s y and inf: inf-sort (snd y)
            by blast
            from wf have dist: distinct (map fst rx) unfolding wf-rx-def rxb by
auto
           from y have s \neq t by auto
           with sx have (s, Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx rxb by auto
       hence s \in set\ ts\ unfolding\ mp\text{-}rx\text{-}def\ rxb\ using\ mem\ eq\text{-}key\text{-}imp\text{-}eq\text{-}value[OF
dist] by auto
           with y confl have y \in set (concat cs) by (cases conflicts t s; force)
           with inf show ?thesis by auto
         \mathbf{qed}
       qed
       have wf: wf-rx rx' using wf ts' unfolding wf-rx-def id unfolding rx' rxb
snd-conv b by (auto simp: distinct-update set-update[OF look])
       show ?thesis using wf id unfolding mp by (auto simp: mp-lr-def)
     qed
   qed
 }
qed
```

```
lemma decomp\text{-}impl: decomp\text{-}impl mp = res \Longrightarrow
   (res = Some \ mp' \longrightarrow (\rightarrow_m)^{**} \ (mp\text{-}list \ mp + M) \ (mp\text{-}lr \ mp' + M) \land wf\text{-}lr \ mp')
  \land (res = None \longrightarrow (\exists mp'. (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp-list mp + M) mp' \land match-fail mp'))
proof (induct mp arbitrary: res M mp' rule: decomp-impl.induct)
  thus ?case by (auto simp: mp-lr-def mp-rx-def List.maps-def wf-lr-def wf-lx-def
wf-rx-def inf-var-conflict-def)
next
  case (2 f ts g ls mp res M mp')
 have id: mp-list ((Fun f ts, Fun g ls) \# mp) + M = add-mset (Fun f ts, Fun g
ls) (mp-list mp + M)
   by auto
 show ?case
 proof (cases\ (f, length\ ts) = (g, length\ ls))
   case False
   with 2(2-) have res: res = None by auto
   from match-clash[OF\ False,\ of\ (mp-list\ mp\ +\ M),\ folded\ id]
   show ?thesis unfolding res by blast
  next
   case True
   have id2: mp-list (zip ts ls @ mp) + M = mp-list mp + M + mp-list (zip ts
ls)
     by auto
   from True 2(2-) have res: decomp-impl (zip ts ls @ mp) = res by auto
   note IH = 2(1)[OF True this, of mp' M]
   note step = match-decompose[OF\ True,\ of\ mp-list\ mp\ +\ M,\ folded\ id\ id\ 2]
   from IH step show ?thesis by (meson converse-rtranclp-into-rtranclp)
 qed
next
 case (3 \times g \text{ ls } mp \text{ res } M \text{ } mp')
 note res = 3(2)[unfolded\ decomp-impl.simps]
 show ?case
 proof (cases decomp-impl mp)
   case None
    from 3(1)[OF None, of mp' add-mset (Var x, Fun q ls) M] None res show
?thesis by auto
  next
   case (Some \ mpx)
   then obtain lx rx where decomp: decomp-impl mp = Some (lx,rx) by (cases
mpx, auto)
   from res[unfolded\ decomp\ option.simps\ split] have res:\ res=\ Some\ (\ (x,\ Fun
g ls) \# lx, rx) by auto
   from 3(1)[OF\ decomp,\ of\ (lx,\ rx)\ add-mset\ (Var\ x,\ Fun\ g\ ls)\ M]\ res
   show ?thesis by (auto simp: mp-lr-def wf-lr-def wf-lx-def)
 qed
next
 case (4 t y mp res M mp')
 note res = 4(2)[unfolded\ decomp-impl.simps]
```

```
show ?case
 proof (cases decomp-impl mp)
   {f case}\ None
   from 4(1)[OF None, of mp' add-mset (t, Var y) M] None res show ?thesis
by auto
 next
   case (Some \ mpx)
   then obtain lx rx where decomp: decomp-impl mp = Some (lx,rx) by (cases
mpx, auto)
   note res = res[unfolded\ decomp\ option.simps\ split]
   from 4(1)[OF\ decomp,\ of\ (\ lx,\ rx)\ add\text{-}mset\ (t,\ Var\ y)\ M]
  have IH: (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp\text{-}list ((t, Var y) \# mp) + M) (mp\text{-}lr (lx, rx) + add\text{-}mset)
(t, Var y) M)
     wf-lr ( lx, rx) by auto
   from IH have wf-rx: wf-rx rx unfolding wf-lr-def by auto
   show ?thesis
   proof (cases insert-rx t y rx)
     {f case}\ None
     with res have res: res = None by auto
     from insert-rx(2)[OF None wf-rx refl refl, of <math>lx M]
      IH res show ?thesis by auto
   \mathbf{next}
     case (Some rx')
     with res have res: res = Some(lx, rx') by auto
     from insert-rx(1)[OF Some wf-rx refl refl, of lx M]
     have wf-rx: wf-rx rx'
      and steps: (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp-lr (lx, rx) + add-mset (t, Var y) M) (mp-lr (lx,
rx') + M)
      by auto
     from IH(1) steps
    have steps: (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp-list ((t, Var y) \# mp) + M) (mp-lr (lx, rx') + M)
by auto
     from wf-rx IH(2-) have wf: wf-lr (lx, rx')
      unfolding wf-lr-def by auto
     from res wf steps show ?thesis by auto
   qed
 qed
qed
lemma match-var-impl: assumes wf: wf-lr mp
shows (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp-lr\ mp)\ (mp-lr\ (match-var-impl\ mp))
 and wf-lr2 (match-var-impl mp)
proof -
 note [simp] = List.maps-def
 let ?mp' = match-var-impl mp
 from assms obtain xl rx b where mp3: mp = (xl,(rx,b)) by (cases mp, auto)
 define xs where xs = remdups (List.maps (vars-term-list o snd) xl)
 have xs: xl = [] \implies xs = [] unfolding xs-def by auto
 define f where f = (\lambda (x,ts :: (f, nat \times f) term list). then <math>ts \neq [v \mid x \in set xs)
```

```
define mp' where mp' = mp-rx (filter f(rx, b) + mp-list (mp-lx xl)
    define deleted where deleted = mp-rx (filter (Not o f) rx, b)
    have mp': mp-lr?mp' = mp'?mp' = (xl, (filter f rx, b))
       unfolding mp3 mp'-def match-var-impl-def split xs-def f-def mp-lr-def by auto
   have mp-rx (rx,b) = mp-rx (filter\ f\ rx,\ b) + mp-rx (filter\ (Not\ o\ f)\ rx,\ b)
       unfolding mp-rx-def List.maps-def by (induct rx, auto)
  hence mp: mp-lr mp = deleted + mp' unfolding mp3 mp-lr-def mp'-def deleted-def
  have inf-var-conflict (mp-mset (mp-rx (filter f rx, b))) = inf-var-conflict (mp-mset
(mp-rx\ (rx,\ b)))\ (is\ ?ivcf=?ivc)
   proof
     show ?ivcf \implies ?ivc unfolding inf-var-conflict-def mp-rx-def fst-conv List.maps-def
by force
      assume ?ivc
       from this [unfolded inf-var-conflict-def]
        obtain s t x y where s: (s, Var x) \in \# mp - rx (rx, b) and t: (t, Var x) \in \#
mp-rx (rx, b) and c: Conflict-Var s t y and inf: inf-sort (snd y)
          by blast
       from c \ conflicts(5)[of \ s \ t] have st: s \neq t by auto
       from s[unfolded mp-rx-def List.maps-def]
       obtain ss where xss: (x,ss) \in set \ rx \ and \ s: s \in set \ ss \ by \ auto
       from t[unfolded\ mp\mbox{-}rx\mbox{-}def\ List.maps\mbox{-}def]
       obtain ts where xts: (x,ts) \in set \ rx \ and \ t: \ t \in set \ ts \ by \ auto
       from wf[unfolded mp3 wf-lr-def wf-rx-def] have distinct (map fst rx) by auto
       from eq-key-imp-eq-value [OF this xss xts] t have t: t \in set ss by auto
       with s st have f(x,ss) unfolding f-def by (cases ss; cases tl ss; auto)
       hence (x, ss) \in set (filter f rx) using xss by auto
       with s t have (s, Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx \text{ (filter } f rx, b) \text{ } (t, Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx \text{ (filter } f rx, b) \text{ } (t, Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx \text{ } (t, Var x) \text{ } (t, Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx \text{ } (t, Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx \text{ } (t, Var x) \in \# mp\text{-}rx \text{ } (t, Var x) \text{ } (t, V
f(rx, b)
          unfolding mp-rx-def List.maps-def by auto
       with c inf
       show ?ivcf unfolding inf-var-conflict-def by blast
    qed
   also have \dots = b using wf unfolding mp3 wf-lr-def wf-rx-def by auto
   finally have ivcf: ?ivcf = b.
   show wf-lr2 (match-var-impl mp)
   proof (cases xl = [])
       {f case}\ {\it False}
       from ivef False wf[unfolded mp3] show ?thesis
        unfolding mp' wf-lr2-def wf-lr-def split wf-rx-def by (auto simp: distinct-map-filter)
    next
       case True
       with xs have xs = [] by auto
       with True wf[unfolded mp3]
       show ?thesis
           unfolding wf-lr2-def mp' split wf-rx2-def wf-rx-def ivcf
         unfolding mp' wf-lr2-def wf-lr-def split wf-rx-def wf-rx2-def wf-ts-def wf-ts2-def
f-def
          apply (clarsimp simp: distinct-map-filter)
```

```
subgoal for x ts by (cases ts; cases tl ts; force)
     done
 qed
   \mathbf{fix} \ xt \ t
   assume del: (t, xt) \in \# deleted
   from this[unfolded deleted-def mp-rx-def, simplified]
   obtain x ts where mem: (x,ts) \in set rx and nf: \neg f(x,ts) and t: t \in set ts
and xt: xt = Var x by force
   note del = del[unfolded xt]
   from nf[unfolded\ f\text{-}def\ split]\ t have xxs:\ x\notin set\ xs and ts:\ ts=[t] by (cases
ts; cases tl ts, auto)+
    from split-list[OF\ mem[unfolded\ ts]] obtain rx1\ rx2 where rx:\ rx=\ rx1 @
(x,[t]) \# rx2 by auto
   from wf[unfolded wf-lr-def mp3] have wf: wf-rx(rx,b) by auto
   hence distinct (map fst rx) unfolding wf-rx-def by auto
   with rx have xrx: x \notin fst 'set rx1 \cup fst 'set rx2 by auto
   define mp'' where mp'' = mp\text{-}rx (filter (Not \circ f) (rx1 @ rx2), b)
   have eq: deleted = add-mset (t, Var x) mp''
     unfolding deleted-def mp"-def rx mp-rx-def List.maps-def mset-concat-union
using nf ts by auto
   have \exists x mp''. xt = Var x \land deleted = add\text{-mset}(t, Var x) mp'' \land x \notin \bigcup (vars)
'snd' (mp-mset <math>mp'' \cup mp-mset <math>mp'))
   proof (intro exI conjI, rule xt, rule eq, intro notI)
     assume x \in \bigcup (vars `snd `(mp-mset mp'' \cup mp-mset mp'))
     then obtain s t' where st: (s,t') \in mp\text{-mset } (mp' + mp'') and st: x \in vars
t' by force
    from xrx have (s,t') \notin mp\text{-mset } mp'' using xt unfolding mp''\text{-def } mp\text{-rx-def}
by force
     with st have (s,t') \in mp\text{-mset } mp' by auto
      with xxs have (s, t') \in \# mp\text{-}rx (filter f rx, b) using xt unfolding xs-def
mp'-def mp-rx-def
      by auto
     with xt nf show False unfolding mp-rx-def f-def split ts list.sel
         by auto (metis Un-iff \langle \neg (tl \ ts \neq [] \lor x \in set \ xs) \rangle fst-conv image-eqI
prod.inject rx set-ConsD set-append ts xrx)
   qed
  } note lin-vars = this
  show (\to_m)^{**} (mp-lr mp) (mp-lr (match-var-impl mp)) unfolding mp mp'(1)
using lin-vars
  proof (induct deleted)
   case (add pair deleted)
   obtain t xt where pair: pair = (t,xt) by force
   hence (t,xt) \in \# add-mset pair deleted by auto
   from add(2)[OF this] pair
   obtain x where add-mset pair deleted + mp' = add-mset (t, Var x) (deleted
     and x: x \notin \bigcup (vars 'snd '(mp-mset (deleted + mp')))
     and pair: pair = (t, Var x)
```

```
by auto
   from match-match[OF\ this(2),\ of\ t,\ folded\ this(1)]
   have one: add-mset pair deleted + mp' \rightarrow_m (deleted + mp').
   have two: (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (deleted + mp') mp'
   proof (rule\ add(1), goal\text{-}cases)
     case (1 \ s \ yt)
     hence (s,yt) \in \# add-mset pair deleted by auto
     from add(2)[OF this]
     obtain y mp'' where yt: yt = Var y add-mset pair deleted = add-mset (s, t)
Var y) mp''
       y \notin \bigcup (vars 'snd '(mp-mset mp'' \cup mp-mset mp'))
      by auto
     from 1[unfolded yt] have y \in \bigcup (vars 'snd' (mp-mset (deleted + mp')))
by force
     with x have x \neq y by auto
     with pair yt have pair \neq (s, Var y) by auto
     with yt(2) have del: deleted = add\text{-}mset (s, Var y) (mp'' - {\#pair\#})
      by (meson add-eq-conv-diff)
     show ?case
      by (intro exI conjI, rule yt, rule del, rule contra-subsetD[OF - yt(3)])
       (intro UN-mono, auto dest: in-diffD)
   qed
   from one two show ?case by auto
  qed auto
\mathbf{qed}
lemma match-steps-impl: assumes match-steps-impl mp = res
 shows res = Some \ mp' \Longrightarrow (\rightarrow_m)^{**} \ (mp-list \ mp) \ (mp-lr \ mp') \land wf-lr2 \ mp'
   and res = None \Longrightarrow \exists mp'. (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp\text{-list } mp) mp' \land match\text{-fail } mp'
proof (atomize (full), goal-cases)
 case 1
 obtain res' where decomp: decomp-impl mp = res' by auto
 note res = assms[unfolded match-steps-impl-def decomp]
 note decomp = decomp - impl[OF decomp, of - {\#}, unfolded empty-neutral]
 show ?case
 proof (cases res')
   {f case} None
   with decomp res show ?thesis by auto
  next
   case (Some mp")
   with decomp[of mp'']
   have steps: (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp-list mp) (mp-lr mp'') and wf: wf-lr mp'' by auto
   from res[unfolded Some] have res: res = Some (match-var-impl mp'') by auto
   from match-var-impl[OF wf] steps res show ?thesis by auto
 qed
qed
lemma pat-inner-impl: assumes pat-inner-impl p pd = res
 and wf-pat-lr pd
```

```
and tvars-pp (pat-mset (pat-mset-list p + pat-lr pd)) \subseteq V
 shows res = None \Longrightarrow (add\text{-}mset\ (pat\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ p\ +\ pat\text{-}lr\ pd)\ P,\ P) \in \Rightarrow^+
    and res = Some \ p' \Longrightarrow (add\text{-}mset \ (pat\text{-}mset\text{-}list \ p + pat\text{-}lr \ pd) \ P, \ add\text{-}mset
(pat-lr\ p')\ P) \in \Longrightarrow^*
           \land wf-pat-lr p' \land tvars-pp (pat-mset (pat-<math>lr p')) \subseteq V
proof (atomize(full), insert assms, induct p arbitrary: pd res p')
 case Nil
  then show ?case by (auto simp: wf-pat-lr-def pat-mset-list-def pat-lr-def)
next
  case (Cons \ mp \ p \ d \ res \ p')
 let ?p = pat\text{-}mset\text{-}list p + pat\text{-}lr pd
 have id: pat-mset-list (mp \# p) + pat-lr pd = add-mset (mp-list mp) ? p unfold-
ing pat-mset-list-def by auto
 show ?case
 proof (cases match-steps-impl mp)
   case (Some mp')
   from match-steps-impl(1)[OF\ Some\ refl]
   have steps: (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp-list mp) (mp-lr mp') and wf: wf-lr2 mp' by auto
    have id2: pat-mset-list <math>p + pat-lr (mp' \# pd) = add-mset (mp-lr mp') ?<math>p
unfolding pat-lr-def by auto
   from mp-step-mset-steps-vars[OF steps] Cons(4)
   have vars: tvars-pp (pat-mset (pat-mset-list p + pat-lr (mp' \# pd))) \subseteq V
       unfolding id2 by (auto simp: tvars-pp-def pat-mset-list-def)
   note steps = mp\text{-}step\text{-}mset\text{-}cong[OF\ steps,\ of\ ?p\ P,\ folded\ id]
   note res = Cons(2)[unfolded pat-inner-impl.simps Some option.simps]
   show ?thesis
   proof (cases empty-lr mp')
     case False
     with Cons(3) wf have wf: wf-pat-lr (mp' \# pd) unfolding wf-pat-lr-def by
auto
     from res False have pat-inner-impl p (mp' \# pd) = res by auto
     from Cons(1)[OF this wf, of p', OF vars, unfolded id2] steps
     show ?thesis by auto
   next
     case True
     with wf have id3: mp-lr mp' = {\#} unfolding wf-lr2-def empty-lr-def by
(cases mp', auto simp: mp-lr-def mp-rx-def List.maps-def)
     from True res have res: res = None by auto
     have (add\text{-}mset\ (add\text{-}mset\ (mp\text{-}lr\ mp')\ ?p)\ P,\ P) \in P\text{-}step
       unfolding id3 P-step-def using P-simp-pp[OF pat-remove-pp[of ?p], of P]
by auto
     with res steps show ?thesis by auto
   qed
 next
   {f case}\ None
   from match-steps-impl(2)[OF None refl] obtain mp' where
     (\rightarrow_m)^{**} (mp-list mp) mp' and fail: match-fail mp' by auto
   note steps = mp\text{-}step\text{-}mset\text{-}cong[OF\ this(1),\ of\ ?p\ P,\ folded\ id]
   from P-simp-pp[OF pat-remove-mp[OF fail, of ?p], of P]
```

```
have (add\text{-}mset\ (add\text{-}mset\ mp'\ ?p)\ P,\ add\text{-}mset\ ?p\ P) \in P\text{-}step
     unfolding P-step-def by auto
     with steps have steps: (add-mset (pat-mset-list (mp \# p) + pat-lr pd) P,
add-mset ?p P) \in P-step * by auto
   note res = Cons(2)[unfolded\ pat-inner-impl.simps\ None\ option.simps]
   have vars: tvars-pp (pat-mset (pat-mset-list p + pat-lr pd)) \subseteq V
     using Cons(4) unfolding tvars-pp-def pat-mset-list-def by auto
   from Cons(1)[OF \ res \ Cons(3), \ of \ p', \ OF \ vars] \ steps
   show ?thesis by auto
  \mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma pat-mset-list: pat-mset (pat-mset-list p) = pat-list p
  unfolding pat-list-def pat-mset-list-def by (auto simp: image-comp)
Main simulation lemma for a single pat-impl step.
lemma pat-impl: assumes pat-impl n p = res
   and vars: fst 'tvars-pp (pat-list p) \subseteq \{... < n\}
  shows res = None \implies \exists p'. (add-mset (pat-mset-list p) P, add-mset p' P) \in
\Rightarrow^* \land pat\text{-}fail p'
   and res = Some \ ps \Longrightarrow (add\text{-}mset \ (pat\text{-}mset\text{-}list \ p) \ P, \ mset \ (map \ pat\text{-}mset\text{-}list
ps) + P \in \Rightarrow^+
            \land fst 'tvars-pp (\bigcup (pat-list 'set ps)) \subseteq {..<n+m}
proof (atomize(full), goal-cases)
  case 1
  have wf: wf-pat-lr [] unfolding wf-pat-lr-def by auto
  have fst 'tvars-pp (pat-mset (pat-mset-list p)) \subseteq \{..< n\}
   using vars unfolding pat-mset-list.
  hence vars: tvars-pp (pat-mset (pat-mset-list p)) \subseteq \{... < n\} \times UNIV by force
  have pat-mset-list p + pat-lr [] = pat-mset-list p unfolding pat-lr-def by auto
  \mathbf{note}\ \mathit{pat-inner} = \mathit{pat-inner-impl}[\mathit{OF}\ \mathit{refl}\ \mathit{wf},\ \mathit{of}\ \mathit{p},\ \mathit{unfolded}\ \mathit{this},\ \mathit{OF}\ \mathit{vars}]
  note res = assms(1)[unfolded pat-impl-def]
  show ?case
  proof (cases pat-inner-impl p [])
   case None
   from pat\text{-}inner(1)[OF\ this,\ of\ P]\ res[unfolded\ None\ option.simps]\ vars
   show ?thesis by (auto simp: tvars-pp-def)
  next
   case (Some p')
   from pat\text{-}inner(2)[OF\ this,\ of\ P]
    have steps: (add\text{-}mset\ (pat\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ p)\ P,\ add\text{-}mset\ (pat\text{-}lr\ p')\ P)\in \Rightarrow^* and
wf: wf-pat-lr p'
     and varsp': tvars-pp (pat-mset (pat-lr p')) \subseteq \{... < n\} \times UNIV by auto
   note res = res[unfolded Some option.simps]
   show ?thesis
   proof (cases \forall mp \in set p'. snd (snd mp))
     case True
     with res have res: res = None by auto
     have pat-fail (pat-lr p')
```

```
proof (intro pat-failure' ballI)
      fix mps
      assume mps \in pat\text{-}mset (pat\text{-}lr p')
      then obtain mp where mem: mp \in set \ p' and mps: mps = mp-mset (mp-lr
mp) by (auto simp: pat-lr-def)
      obtain lx rx b where mp: mp = (lx, rx, b) by (cases mp, auto)
      from mp mem True have b by auto
       with wf[unfolded wf-pat-lr-def, rule-format, OF mem, unfolded wf-lr2-def
mp \ split
    have inf-var-conflict (set-mset (mp-rx (rx,b))) unfolding wf-rx-def wf-rx2-def
by (auto split: if-splits)
      thus inf-var-conflict mps unfolding mps mp-lr-def mp split
        unfolding inf-var-conflict-def by fastforce
     qed
     with steps res
     show ?thesis by auto
   next
     case False
     define p'l where p'l = map \ mp-lr-list p'
     define x where x = find-var p'
     define ps where ps = map (\lambda \tau. subst-pat-problem-list \tau p'l) (\tau s-list n x)
      have id: pat-lr p' = pat-mset-list p'l unfolding pat-mset-list-def pat-lr-def
p'l-def map-map o-def
    by (intro arg-cong[of - - mset] map-cong refl, auto simp: mp-lr-def mp-lr-list-def
mp-rx-def mp-rx-list-def)
     from False have (\forall mp \in set \ p'. \ snd \ (snd \ mp)) = False \ by \ auto
     from res[unfolded this if-False Let-def, folded p'l-def x-def, folded ps-def]
     have res: res = Some ps bv auto
     have step: (add-mset (pat-lr p') P, mset (map pat-mset-list ps) + P) \in \Rightarrow
      unfolding P-step-def
     proof (standard, unfold split, intro P-simp-pp)
      note x = x-def[unfolded find-var-def]
      let ?concat = concat (map (\lambda (lx,-). lx) p')
      have disj: tvars-disj-pp \{n.. < n + m\} (pat-mset (pat-lr p'))
          using varsp' unfolding tvars-pp-def tvars-disj-pp-def tvars-mp-def by
force
       have subst: map (\lambda \tau. subst-pat-problem-mset \tau (pat-lr p')) (\tau s-list n x) =
map pat-mset-list ps
        unfolding id
           unfolding ps-def subst-pat-problem-list-def subst-pat-problem-mset-def
subst-match-problem-mset-def
          subst-match-problem-list-def map-map o-def
      by (intro list.map-conq0, auto simp: pat-mset-list-def o-def image-mset.compositionality)
      show pat-lr p' \Rightarrow_m mset (map pat-mset-list ps)
      proof (cases ?concat)
        case (Cons pair list)
         with x obtain t where concat: ?concat = (x,t) \# list by (cases pair,
auto)
        hence (x,t) \in set ?concat by auto
```

```
then obtain mp where mp \in set \ p' and (x,t) \in set \ ((\lambda \ (lx,-). \ lx) \ mp)
by auto
        then obtain lx rx where mem: (lx,rx) \in set p' and xt: (x,t) \in set lx by
auto
       from wf mem have wf: wf-lx lx unfolding wf-pat-lr-def wf-lr2-def by auto
        with xt have t: is-Fun t unfolding wf-lx-def by auto
       from mem obtain p" where pat: pat-lr p' = add-mset (mp-lr (lx,rx)) p"
        unfolding pat-lr-def by simp (metis in-map-mset mset-add set-mset-mset)
         from xt have xt: (Var x, t) \in \# mp-lr (lx,rx) unfolding mp-lr-def by
force
         from pat-instantiate[OF - disjI1[OF conjI[OF xt t]], of n p'', folded pat,
OF \ disj
        show ?thesis unfolding subst.
      next
        case Nil
        let ?fp = filter (Not \circ snd \circ snd) p'
       from False have set ?fp \neq \{\} unfolding o-def filter-empty-conv set-empty
          by auto
        then obtain mp p'' where fp: ?fp = mp \# p'' by (cases ?fp) auto
        obtain lx rx b where mp: mp = (lx, rx, b) by (cases mp) auto
        have mpp: mp \in set \ p' using arg\text{-}cong[OF\ fp,\ of\ set] by auto
        from mp \ mpp \ Nil \ have \ lx: \ lx = [] by auto
        from fp have (lx,rx,b) \in set ?fp unfolding mp by auto
        hence \neg b unfolding o-def by auto
        with mp lx have mp: mp = ([], rx, False) by auto
          from wf mpp have wf: wf-lr2 mp and ne: ¬ empty-lr mp unfolding
wf-pat-lr-def by auto
        from wf[unfolded wf-lr2-def mp split] mp
        have wf: wf\text{-}rx2 \ (rx, False) and mp: mp = ([], rx, False) by auto
        from ne[unfolded empty-lr-def mp split] obtain y ts rx'
          where rx: rx = (y,ts) \# rx' by (cases rx, auto)
      from wf[unfolded\ wf-rx2-def] have ninf: \neg\ inf-var-conflict\ (mp-mset\ (mp-rx
(rx, False)))
          and wf: wf-ts2 ts unfolding rx by auto
         from wf[unfolded\ wf\text{-}ts2\text{-}def]\ \mathbf{obtain}\ s\ t\ ts'\ \mathbf{where}\ ts:\ ts=s\ \#\ t\ \#\ ts'
and
          diff: s \neq t and conf: conflicts s t \neq None
          by (cases ts; cases tl ts, auto)
          from conf obtain xs where conf: conflicts s t = Some xs by (cases
conflicts \ s \ t, \ auto)
        with conflicts(5)[of\ s\ t]\ diff\ \mathbf{have}\ xs \neq []\ \mathbf{by}\ auto
      with x[unfolded Nil list.simps fp list.sel mp split Let-def rx ts conf option.sel]
        obtain xs' where xs: xs = x \# xs' by (cases xs) auto
        from conf xs have confl: Conflict-Var s t x by auto
       from ts rx have sty: (s, Var y) \in \# mp\text{-rx} (rx, False) (t, Var y) \in \# mp\text{-rx}
(rx, False)
          by (auto simp: mp-rx-def List.maps-def)
        with confl ninf have \neg inf-sort (snd x) unfolding inf-var-conflict-def by
blast
```

```
with sty confl rx have main: (s, Var y) \in \# mp-lr mp \land (t, Var y) \in \#
mp-lr mp \land Conflict-Var s t x \land \neg inf-sort (snd x)
          unfolding mp by (auto simp: mp-lr-def)
         from mpp obtain p'' where pat: pat-lr p' = add-mset (mp-lr mp) p''
        unfolding pat-lr-def by simp (metis in-map-mset mset-add set-mset)
         from pat-instantiate[OF - disjI2[OF main], of n p", folded pat, OF disj]
         show ?thesis unfolding subst.
       qed
     qed
     have fst ' tvars-pp (\bigcup (pat-list ' set ps)) \subseteq \{... < n + m\}
     proof
       \mathbf{fix} \ yn
       assume yn \in fst 'tvars-pp ( ( ) (pat-list 'set ps))
      then obtain pi \ y \ mp where pi: pi \in set \ ps and mp: mp \in set \ pi and y: \ y
\in tvars-mp \ (set \ mp) \ and \ yn: \ yn = fst \ y
         unfolding tvars-pp-def pat-list-def by force
     \mathbf{from}\ pi[unfolded\ ps-def\ set-map\ subst-pat-problem-list-def\ subst-match-problem-list-def,
simplified]
      obtain \tau where tau: \tau \in set (\tau s\text{-}list \ n \ x) and pi: pi = map (map (subst-left
\tau)) p'l by auto
       from tau[unfolded \ \tau s\text{-}list\text{-}def]
       obtain info where info \in set (Cl (snd x)) and tau: \tau = \tau c \ n \ x info by
auto
       from Cl-len[of snd x] this(1) have len: length (snd info) \leq m by force
       from mp[unfolded\ pi\ set\text{-}map] obtain mp' where mp': mp' \in set\ p'l and
mp: mp = map \ (subst-left \ \tau) \ mp' \ by \ auto
       from y[unfolded mp tvars-mp-def image-comp o-def set-map]
       obtain pair where *: pair \in set mp' y \in vars (fst (subst-left \tau pair)) by
auto
       obtain s t where pair: pair = (s,t) by force
         from *[unfolded pair] have st: (s,t) \in set mp' and y: y \in vars (s \cdot \tau)
unfolding subst-left-def by auto
       from y[unfolded vars-term-subst, simplified] obtain z where z: z \in vars \ s
and y: y \in vars (\tau z) by auto
       obtain f ss where info: info = (f,ss) by (cases info, auto)
       with len have len: length ss \le m by auto
      define ts :: (f,-)term\ list\ \mathbf{where}\ ts = map\ Var\ (zip\ [n..< n + length\ ss]\ ss)
          from tau[unfolded \ \tau c\text{-}def \ info \ split] have tau: \ \tau = subst \ x \ (Fun \ f \ ts)
unfolding ts-def by auto
      have fst 'vars (Fun f ts) \subseteq {..< n + length ss} unfolding ts-def by (auto
simp: set-zip)
       also have \ldots \subseteq \{ ... < n + m \} using len by auto
       finally have subst: fst 'vars (Fun f ts) \subseteq \{... < n + m\} by auto
       show yn \in \{..< n + m\}
       proof (cases z = x)
         case True
         with y subst tau yn show ?thesis by auto
       next
         case False
```

```
hence \tau z = Var z unfolding tau by (auto simp: subst-def)
        with y have z = y by auto
        with z have y: y \in vars \ s \ by \ auto
        with st have y \in tvars-mp (set mp') unfolding tvars-mp-def by force
        with mp' have y \in tvars-pp (set 'set p'l) unfolding tvars-pp-def by auto
        also have \dots = tvars-pp \ (pat-mset \ (pat-mset-list \ p'l))
        by (rule arg-cong[of - - tvars-pp], auto simp: pat-mset-list-def image-comp)
         also have ... = tvars-pp (pat-mset (pat-lr p')) unfolding id[symmetric]
by simp
        also have ... \subseteq \{..< n\} \times UNIV \text{ using } varsp'.
        finally show ?thesis using yn by auto
     qed
     with step steps res show ?thesis by auto
 qed
qed
The simulation property for pats-impl, proven by induction on the terminat-
ing relation of the multiset-implementation.
lemma pats-impl-P-step: assumes Ball (set ps) (\lambda p. fst 'tvars-pp (pat-list p) \subseteq
\{..< n\})
 shows
   — if result is True, then one can reach empty set
   pats-impl\ n\ ps \Longrightarrow (pats-mset-list\ ps, \{\#\}) \in \Longrightarrow^*
   — if result is False, then one can reach bottom
   \neg pats\text{-}impl\ n\ ps \Longrightarrow (pats\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ ps,\ bottom\text{-}mset) \in \Longrightarrow^*
proof (atomize(full), insert assms, induct ps arbitrary: n rule: SN-induct[OF SN-inv-image[OF
SN-imp-SN-trancl[OF SN-P-step]], of pats-mset-list])
  case (1 ps n)
 show ?case
  proof (cases ps)
   case Nil
   show ?thesis unfolding pats-impl.simps[of n ps] unfolding Nil by auto
  next
   case (Cons p ps1)
   hence id: pats-mset-list ps = add-mset (pat-mset-list p) (pats-mset-list ps1) by
auto
   note res = pats-impl.simps[of n ps, unfolded Cons list.simps, folded Cons]
   from 1(2)[rule\text{-}format, of p] Cons have fst 'tvars-pp (pat-list p) \subseteq \{... < n\} by
auto
   note pat\text{-}impl = pat\text{-}impl[OF refl this]
   show ?thesis
   proof (cases pat-impl n p)
     case None
     with res have res: pats-impl n ps = False by auto
     from pat-impl(1)[OF None, of pats-mset-list ps1, folded id]
    obtain p' where steps: (pats-mset-list ps, add-mset p' (pats-mset-list ps1)) <math>\in
\Rightarrow^* and fail: pat-fail p'
```

```
by auto
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases add-mset p' (pats-mset-list ps1) = bottom-mset)
       case True
       with res steps show ?thesis by auto
     next
       case False
       from P-failure[OF fail False]
          have (add\text{-}mset\ p'\ (pats\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ ps1),\ bottom\text{-}mset) \in \Rightarrow unfolding
P-step-def by auto
       with steps res show ?thesis by simp
     qed
   \mathbf{next}
     case (Some ps2)
     with res have res: pats-impl n ps = pats-impl (n + m) (ps2 @ ps1) by auto
     from pat-impl(2)[OF Some, of pats-mset-list ps1, folded id]
     have steps: (pats\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ ps,\ mset\ (map\ pat\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ (ps2\ @\ ps1))) \in \Rightarrow^+
         and vars: fst 'tvars-pp (\bigcup (pat-list 'set ps2)) \subseteq {..<n + m} by auto
     hence rel: (ps, ps2 @ ps1) \in inv\text{-}image (P\text{-}step^+) pats\text{-}mset\text{-}list by auto}
     have vars: \forall p \in set \ (ps2 \ @ \ ps1). fst 'tvars-pp (pat\text{-}list \ p) \subseteq \{... < n + m\}
     proof
       \mathbf{fix} p
       assume p \in set (ps2 @ ps1)
       hence p \in set \ ps2 \lor p \in set \ ps1 by auto
       thus fst ' tvars-pp (pat-list p) \subseteq \{... < n + m\}
       proof
         assume p \in set ps2
         hence fst ' tvars-pp (pat-list p) \subseteq fst ' tvars-pp (\bigcup (pat-list `set ps2))
           unfolding tvars-pp-def by auto
         with vars show ?thesis by auto
       next
         assume p \in set \ ps1
         hence p \in set \ ps \ unfolding \ Cons \ by \ auto
         from 1(2)[rule-format, OF this] show ?thesis by auto
       qed
     qed
      show ?thesis using 1(1)[OF rel vars] steps unfolding res[symmetric] by
auto
   qed
 qed
qed
Consequence: partial correctness of the list-based implementation on well-
formed inputs
theorem pats-impl: assumes wf: \forall pp \in pat-list 'set P. wf-pat pp
 and n: \forall p \in set \ P. \ fst \ `tvars-pp \ (pat-list \ p) \subseteq \{..< n\}
 shows pats-impl n \ P \longleftrightarrow pats-complete (pat-list 'set P)
proof -
 from wf have wf: wf-pats (pat-list 'set P) by (auto simp: wf-pats-def)
```

```
have id: pats-mset (pats-mset-list P) = pat-list 'set P unfolding pat-list-def
   by (auto simp: pat-mset-list-def image-comp)
   assume pats-impl n P
   from pats-impl-P-step(1)[OF \ n \ this]
   have (pats\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ P,\ \{\#\}) \in \Rightarrow^* by\ auto
   \mathbf{from}\ P\text{-}steps\text{-}pcorrect[\mathit{OF}\ \text{-}\ this,\ unfolded\ id,\ \mathit{OF}\ wf]
   have pats-complete (pat-list 'set P) by auto
 moreover
  {
   assume \neg pats-impl \ n \ P
   from pats-impl-P-step(2)[OF \ n \ this]
   have (pats\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ P,\ \{\#\{\#\}\#\}) \in \Rightarrow^* by\ auto
   from P-steps-pcorrect[OF - this, unfolded id, OF wf]
   have \neg pats-complete (pat-list 'set P) by auto
 ultimately show ?thesis by auto
qed
corollary pat-complete-impl:
 assumes wf: snd ` \bigcup (vars `fst `set (concat (concat P))) \subseteq S
 shows pat-complete-impl P \longleftrightarrow pats-complete (pat-list 'set P)
proof -
 have wf: Ball (pat-list 'set P) wf-pat
   unfolding pat-list-def wf-pat-def wf-match-def tvars-mp-def using wf[unfolded
set-concat image-comp] by force
 let ?l = (List.maps (map fst o vars-term-list o fst) (concat (concat P)))
 define n where n = Suc (max-list ?l)
 have n: \forall p \in set P. fst `tvars-pp (pat-list p) \subseteq \{.. < n\}
 proof (intro ballI subsetI)
   \mathbf{fix} \ p \ x
   assume p \in set P and x \in fst 'tvars-pp (pat-list p)
   hence x \in set ?l unfolding List.maps-def tvars-pp-def tvars-mp-def pat-list-def
     by force
   from max-list[OF\ this] have x < n unfolding n-def by auto
   thus x \in \{..< n\} by auto
  qed
  have pat-complete-impl P = pats-impl n P
   unfolding pat-complete-impl-def n-def Let-def ..
 from pats-impl[OF \ wf \ n, folded \ this]
 show ?thesis.
qed
end
```

6.3 Getting the result outside the locale with assumptions

We next lift the results for the list-based implementation out of the locale. Here, we use the existing algorithms to decide non-empty sorts decide-nonempty-sorts and to compute the infinite sorts compute-inf-sorts.

```
context pattern-completeness-context
begin
lemma pat-complete-impl-wrapper: assumes C-Cs: C = map-of Cs
  and dist: distinct (map fst Cs)
  and inhabited: decide-nonempty-sorts Sl\ Cs = None
  and S-Sl: S = set Sl
  and inf-sort: inf-sort = (\lambda \ s. \ s \in compute-inf-sorts \ Cs)
  and C: \bigwedge f \sigma s \sigma. ((f,\sigma s),\sigma) \in set Cs \Longrightarrow length \sigma s \leq m \wedge set (\sigma \# \sigma s) \subseteq S
  and Cl: \bigwedge s. Cl \ s = map \ fst \ (filter \ ((=) \ s \ o \ snd) \ Cs)
  and P: snd '\bigcup (vars 'fst 'set (concat (concat P))) \subseteq S
  shows pat-complete-impl P = pats-complete (pat-list 'set P)
  from decide-nonempty-sorts(1)[OF dist C-Cs[symmetric] inhabited, folded S-Sl]
  have S: \land \sigma. \sigma \in S \Longrightarrow \exists t. \ t : \sigma \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTY)
    \bigwedge \sigma. \ \sigma \in S \Longrightarrow \exists \ t. \ t : \sigma \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn) \ \mathbf{unfolding} \ EMPTY-def \ EMP-
TYn-def by auto
  {
    \mathbf{fix} \ f \ ss \ s
    assume f: ss \to s \text{ in } C
    hence ((f,ss),s) \in set \ Cs \ unfolding \ C-Cs \ by \ (auto \ dest!: hastype-in-ssigD
map-of-SomeD)
    from C[OF\ this] have insert s\ (set\ ss)\subseteq S\ length\ ss\le m by auto
  } note Cons = this
  {
    \mathbf{fix} \ f \ ss \ s
    assume (f,ss) \in set (Cl s)
    hence ((f,ss),s) \in set \ Cs \ unfolding \ Cl \ by \ auto
    from C[OF\ this] have length ss \leq m by auto
  hence m: \forall a \in length \ 'snd \ 'set \ (Cl \ s). \ a \leq m \ for \ s \ by \ auto
  have En: EMPTYn = \emptyset unfolding EMPTYn-def by auto
 have \forall f ss \ s'. \ f: ss \rightarrow s \ in \ C \longrightarrow s' \in set \ ss \longrightarrow (\exists \ t. \ t: s' \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn))
  proof (intro allI impI)
    fix f ss s s'
    assume f: ss \to s in C and s' \in set ss
    hence s' \in S using Cons(1)[of f ss s] by (auto simp: hastype-in-ssig-def)
    from S[OF\ this] show \exists\ t.\ t:s'\ in\ \mathcal{T}(C,EMPTYn) by auto
  qed
  from compute-inf-sorts[OF En C-Cs this dist] inf-sort
 have inf-sort: inf-sort s = (\neg bdd-above (size `\{t. t: s in \mathcal{T}(C, EMPTYn)\})) for
s unfolding inf-sort by auto
  have Cl: set (Cl \ s) = \{(f,ss), f : ss \rightarrow s \ in \ C\} for s
    unfolding Cl set-map o-def C-Cs using dist
```

```
by (force simp: hastype-in-ssig-def)
  interpret pattern-completeness-context-with-assms
   apply unfold-locales
   subgoal by (rule\ S(1))
   subgoal by (rule Cons)
   subgoal by (rule Cons)
   subgoal by (rule inf-sort)
   subgoal by (rule Cl)
   subgoal by (rule \ m)
   done
 show ?thesis by (rule pat-complete-impl[OF P])
qed
end
Next we are also leaving the locale that fixed the common parameters, and
chooses suitable values.
extract all sorts from a ssignature (input and target sorts)
definition sorts-of-ssig-list :: (('f \times 's \ list) \times 's) list \Rightarrow 's \ list where
  sorts-of-ssig-list Cs = remdups \ (List.maps \ (\lambda \ ((f,ss),s). \ s \ \# \ ss) \ Cs)
definition decide-pat-complete :: (('f \times 's \ list) \times 's) \ list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v, 's) \ pats-problem-list
\Rightarrow bool \text{ where}
  decide-pat-complete\ Cs\ P=(let\ Sl=sorts-of-ssig-list\ Cs;
     m = max-list (map (length o snd o fst) Cs);
     Cl = (\lambda \ s. \ map \ fst \ (filter \ ((=) \ s \circ snd) \ Cs));
     IS = compute-inf-sorts Cs
    in pattern-completeness-context.pat-complete-impl m Cl (\lambda s. s \in IS)) P
abbreviation (input) pat-complete where
  pat-complete \equiv pattern-completeness-context.pat-complete
abbreviation (input) pats-complete where
  pats-complete \equiv pattern-completeness-context.pats-complete
Finally: a pattern completeness decision procedure for arbitrary inputs, as-
suming sensible inputs
theorem decide-pat-complete: assumes C-Cs: C = map\text{-}of \ Cs
 and dist: distinct (map fst Cs)
 and non-empty-sorts: decide-nonempty-sorts (sorts-of-ssig-list Cs) Cs = None
 and S: S = set (sorts-of-ssig-list Cs)
 and P: snd '[] (vars 'fst 'set (concat (concat P))) \subseteq S
shows decide-pat-complete Cs P = pats-complete S C (pat-list 'set P)
  unfolding decide-pat-complete-def Let-def
proof (rule pattern-completeness-context.pat-complete-impl-wrapper[OF C-Cs dist
non-empty-sorts \ S \ refl - refl \ P)
 fix f \sigma s \sigma
 assume mem: ((f, \sigma s), \sigma) \in set \ Cs
 hence length \sigma s \in set (map (length \circ snd \circ fst) Cs) by force
```

```
from max-list[OF\ this]\ mem
show length\ \sigma s \leq max-list (map\ (length\ \circ\ snd\ \circ\ fst)\ Cs)\ \wedge\ set\ (\sigma\ \#\ \sigma s) \subseteq S
unfolding S\ sorts-of-ssig-list-def List.maps-def by force
qed
```

end

7 Pattern-Completeness and Related Properties

We use the core decision procedure for pattern completeness and connect it to other properties like pattern completeness of programs (where the lhss are given), or (strong) quasi-reducibility.

```
theory Pattern-Completeness
 imports
    Pattern-Completeness-List
   Show.Shows-Literal
    Certification-Monads. Check-Monad
begin
A pattern completeness decision procedure for a set of lhss
definition basic-terms :: ('f,'s)ssig \Rightarrow ('f,'s)ssig \Rightarrow ('v \rightharpoonup 's) \Rightarrow ('f,'v)term set
(\mathcal{B}'(-,-,-')) where
 \mathcal{B}(C,D,V) = \{ Fun f ts \mid f ss s ts \cdot f : ss \rightarrow s in D \land ts :_{l} ss in \mathcal{T}(C,V) \}
definition matches :: ('f,'v)term \Rightarrow ('f,'v)term \Rightarrow bool (infix matches 50) where
  l \ matches \ t = (\exists \ \sigma. \ t = l \cdot \sigma)
definition pat-complete-lhss :: (f,s)ssig \Rightarrow (f,s)ssig \Rightarrow (f,v)term set \Rightarrow bool
 pat-complete-lhss C D L = (\forall t \in \mathcal{B}(C,D,\emptyset). \exists l \in L. l matches t)
definition decide-pat-complete-lhss:
  bool where
  decide-pat-complete-lhss \ C \ D \ lhss = \ do \ \{
   check (distinct (map fst C)) (showsl-lit (STR "constructor information contains
duplicate''));
     check (distinct (map fst D)) (showsl-lit (STR "defined symbol information
contains duplicate''));
   let S = sorts-of-ssig-list C;
   check-allm (\lambda ((f,ss),-). check-allm (\lambda s. check (s \in set S)
      (showsl-lit (STR "a defined symbol has argument sort that is not known in
constructors''))) \ ss) \ D;
    (case (decide-nonempty-sorts S C) of None \Rightarrow return () | Some s \Rightarrow error
(showsl-lit (STR "some sort is empty")));
   let pats = [Fun f (map Var (zip [0...<length ss] ss]). ((f,ss),s) \leftarrow D];
   let P = [[(pat, lhs)]. lhs \leftarrow lhss]. pat \leftarrow pats];
```

```
return (decide-pat-complete \ C \ P)
theorem decide-pat-complete-lhss:
 assumes decide-pat-complete-lhss C D (lhss :: ('f,'v)term list) = return b
 shows b = pat\text{-}complete\text{-}lhss\ (map\text{-}of\ C)\ (map\text{-}of\ D)\ (set\ lhss)
proof -
  let ?EMPTY = pattern-completeness-context.EMPTY
 let ?cg-subst = pattern-completeness-context.cg-subst
 let ?C = map \text{-} of C
 let ?D = map \text{-} of D
 define S where S = sorts-of-ssig-list C
  define pats where pats = map (\lambda ((f,ss),s). Fun f (map Var (zip [0..<length
ss[ss])) D
 define P where P = map (\lambda pat. map (\lambda lhs. [(pat, lhs)]) lhss) pats
 let ?match-lhs = \lambda t. \exists l \in set lhss. l matches t
 note ass = assms(1)[unfolded decide-pat-complete-lhss-def, folded S-def,
     unfolded Let-def, folded pats-def, folded P-def, simplified
  from ass have dec: decide-nonempty-sorts S C = None (is ?e = -) by (cases
?e, auto)
  note ass = ass[unfolded dec, simplified]
  from ass have b: b = decide-pat-complete <math>C P and dist: distinct (map fst <math>C)
distinct \ (map \ fst \ D) \ \mathbf{by} \ auto
 have b = decide-pat-complete\ C\ P\ by\ fact
 also have ... = pats-complete (set S) ?C (pat-list 'set P)
 proof (rule decide-pat-complete[OF refl dist(1) dec[unfolded S-def]], unfold S-def[symmetric])
    {
     fix i \, si \, f \, ss \, s
     assume mem: ((f, ss), s) \in set \ D and isi: (i, si) \in set \ (zip \ [0... < length \ ss])
ss)
     from isi have si: si \in set ss by (metis in-set-zipE)
     from mem si ass
     have si \in set S by auto
    thus snd '\bigcup (vars 'fst 'set (concat (concat P))) \subseteq set S unfolding P-def
pats-def by force
 qed simp
  also have pat-list 'set P = \{ \{ \{(pat, lhs)\} \mid lhs. \ lhs \in set \ lhss \} \mid pat. \ pat \in set \} 
    unfolding pat-list-def P-def by (auto simp: image-comp)
 also have pats-complete (set S) ?C \ldots \longleftrightarrow
    Ball { pat \cdot \sigma \mid pat \ \sigma. pat \in set \ pats \land ?cg\text{-subst} \ (set \ S) ?C \ \sigma} ?match-lhs (is
- = Ball ?L -)
   unfolding pattern-completeness-context.pat-complete-def
     pattern-completeness-context. match-complete-wrt-def\ matches-def
   by auto (smt (verit, best) case-prod-conv mem-Collect-eq singletonI, blast)
 also have ?L = \mathcal{B}(?C,?D,\emptyset) (is -=?R)
 proof
   {
```

```
fix pat and \sigma :: ('f, -, 'v)gsubst
     assume pat: pat \in set pats and subst: ?cg-subst (set S) ?C \sigma
     from pat[unfolded\ pats-def] obtain f ss s where pat: pat = Fun f (map\ Var
(zip [0..< length ss] ss))
       and inDs: ((f,ss),s) \in set D by auto
      from dist(2) in Ds have f: f: ss \rightarrow s in ?D unfolding hastype-in-ssig-def
by simp
     {
       \mathbf{fix} i
       assume i: i < length ss
       hence ss ! i \in set ss by auto
       with inDs ass have ss ! i \in set S by auto
     with subst have \sigma(i, ss!i) : ss!i in \mathcal{T}(?C,\emptyset) unfolding pattern-completeness-context.cg-subst-def
           pattern-completeness-context.EMPTY-def by auto
     } note ssigma = this
     define ts where ts = (map (\lambda i. \sigma (i, ss! i)) [0..< length ss])
      have ts: ts: l ss in \mathcal{T}(?C,\emptyset) unfolding list-all2-conv-all-nth ts-def using
ssigma by auto
     have pat: pat \cdot \sigma = Fun f ts
       unfolding pat ts-def by (auto intro: nth-equalityI)
     from pat f ts have pat \cdot \sigma \in ?R unfolding basic-terms-def by auto
   thus ?L \subseteq ?R by blast
     fix f ss s and ts :: ('f,'v) term list
     assume f: f: ss \to s \text{ in } ?D \text{ and } ts: ts:_l ss in <math>\mathcal{T}(?C,\emptyset)
     from ts have len: length ts = length ss by (metis list-all2-lengthD)
     define pat where pat = Fun f (map Var (zip [0...< length ss] ss))
       from f have ((f,ss),s) \in set D unfolding hastype-in-ssig-def by (metis
map-of-SomeD)
     hence pat: pat \in set pats unfolding pat-def pats-def by force
     define \sigma where \sigma x = (case \ x \ of \ (i,s) \Rightarrow if \ i < length \ ss \land s = ss \ ! \ i \ then
ts! i else
       (SOME t. t: s in \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY))) for x
     have id: Fun f ts = pat \cdot \sigma unfolding pat-def using len
       by (auto intro!: nth-equality I simp: \sigma-def)
     have ssigma: ?cg-subst (set S) ?C \sigma
       unfolding pattern-completeness-context.cg-subst-def
     proof (intro allI impI)
       \mathbf{fix} \ x :: nat \times -
       assume snd \ x \in set \ S
       then obtain i s where x: x = (i,s) and s: s \in set S by (cases x, auto)
       show \sigma x : snd x in \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY)
       proof (cases i < length ss \land s = ss ! i)
         case True
         hence id: \sigma x = ts ! i unfolding x \sigma-def by auto
           from ts True show ?thesis unfolding id unfolding x snd-conv pat-
tern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.EMPTY\text{-}def
```

```
by (simp add: list-all2-conv-all-nth)
                next
                     case False
                     hence id: \sigma x = (SOME \ t. \ t: s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY)) unfolding x \ \sigma-def
                     from decide-nonempty-sorts(1)[OF\ dist(1)\ refl\ dec]\ s
               have \exists \ t. \ t: s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY) unfolding pattern-completeness-context.EMPTY-def
                    from some I-ex [OF this] have \sigma x : s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY) unfolding id.
                     thus ?thesis unfolding x by auto
                qed
            qed
            from pat id ssigma
            have Fun f ts \in ?L by auto
        thus ?R \subseteq ?L unfolding basic-terms-def by auto
    finally show ?thesis unfolding pat-complete-lhss-def by blast
Definition of strong quasi-reducibility and a corresponding decision proce-
dure
definition strong-quasi-reducible :: (f,s)ssig \Rightarrow (f,s)ssig \Rightarrow (f,s)ssig \Rightarrow (f,s)term set \Rightarrow
bool where
    strong-quasi-reducible C D L =
    (\forall t \in \mathcal{B}(C,D,\emptyset). \exists ti \in set (t \# args t). \exists l \in L. l matches ti)
definition term-and-args :: f \Rightarrow (f,v) term list \Rightarrow (f,v) term list where
    term-and-args f ts = Fun f ts # ts
definition decide-strong-quasi-reducible ::
    (('f \times 's \ list) \times 's) list \Rightarrow (('f \times 's \ list) \times 's) list \Rightarrow ('f, 'v) term \ list \Rightarrow showsl + ('f, 'v) term \ list \Rightarrow showsl + ((f, 'v) term \ list \Rightarrow showsl 
bool where
    decide-strong-quasi-reducible CD lhss = do {
       check (distinct (map fst C)) (showsl-lit (STR "constructor information contains
duplicate''));
            check (distinct (map fst D)) (showsl-lit (STR "defined symbol information
contains duplicate''));
        let S = sorts-of-ssig-list C;
        check-allm (\lambda ((f,ss),-). check-allm (\lambda s. check (s \in set S)
              (showsl-lit (STR "defined symbol f has argument sort s that is not known in
constructors'')) ss) D;
           (case (decide-nonempty-sorts S C) of None \Rightarrow return () | Some s \Rightarrow error
(showsl-lit (STR "sort s is empty")));
       let pats = map (\lambda ((f,ss),s). term-and-args f (map Var (zip [0..< length ss] ss)))
        let P = map \ (List.maps \ (\lambda \ pat. \ map \ (\lambda \ lhs. \ [(pat,lhs)]) \ lhss)) \ pats;
        return (decide-pat-complete C P)
```

```
}
lemma decide-strong-quasi-reducible:
 assumes decide-strong-quasi-reducible C D (lhss :: ('f, 'v)term list) = return b
  shows b = strong-quasi-reducible (map-of C) (map-of D) (set lhss)
proof -
  let ?EMPTY = pattern-completeness-context.EMPTY
 let ?cg-subst = pattern-completeness-context.cg-subst
 let ?C = map \text{-} of C
 let ?D = map \text{-} of D
 define S where S = sorts-of-ssig-list C
  define pats where pats = map (\lambda ((f,ss),s)). term-and-args f (map Var (zip
[0..< length ss] ss))) D
 define P where P = map (List.maps (\lambda pat. map (\lambda lhs. [(pat,lhs)]) lhss)) pats
 let ?match-lhs = \lambda t. \exists l \in set lhss. l matches t
  note ass = assms(1)[unfolded\ decide-strong-quasi-reducible-def,\ folded\ S-def,
folded pats-def,
     unfolded Let-def, folded P-def]
  from ass have dec: decide-nonempty-sorts S C = None (is e = -) by (cases
?e, auto)
  note ass = ass[unfolded dec, simplified]
  from ass have b: b = decide-pat-complete <math>C P and dist: distinct (map fst <math>C)
distinct (map fst D) by auto
 have b = decide-pat-complete\ C\ P\ by\ fact
 also have ... = pats-complete (set S) ?C (pat-list 'set P)
 proof (rule decide-pat-complete[OF refl dist(1) dec[unfolded S-def]], unfold S-def[symmetric])
     \mathbf{fix} \ f \ ss \ s \ i \ si
     assume mem: ((f, ss), s) \in set D and isi: (i, si) \in set (zip [0..< length ss])
ss)
     from isi have si: si \in set ss by (metis in-set-zipE)
     from mem si ass
     have si \in set S by auto
    thus snd '() (vars 'fst 'set (concat (concat P))) \subseteq set S unfolding P-def
pats-def term-and-args-def List.maps-def
     by fastforce
  qed simp
  also have pat-list 'set P = \{ \{ \{(pat, lhs)\} \mid lhs \ pat. \ pat \in set \ patL \land lhs \in set \} \}
lhss\} \mid patL. \ patL \in set \ pats\}
   unfolding pat-list-def P-def List.maps-def by (auto simp: image-comp) force+
  also have pats-complete (set S) ?C \ldots \longleftrightarrow
     (\forall patsL \ \sigma. \ patsL \in set \ pats \longrightarrow ?cq\text{-subst} \ (set \ S) \ ?C \ \sigma \longrightarrow (\exists \ pat \in set
patsL. ?match-lhs (pat \cdot \sigma))) (is - \longleftrightarrow ?L)
   {\bf unfolding}\ pattern-completeness-context.pat-complete-def
     pattern-completeness-context. match-complete-wrt-def\ matches-def
     (smt (verit, best) case-prod-conv mem-Collect-eq singletonI,
       metis (mono-tags, lifting) case-prod-conv singleton-iff)
```

```
also have ?L
    \longleftrightarrow (\forall f \ ss \ s \ (ts :: ('f,'v)term \ list). \ f : ss \to s \ in \ ?D \longrightarrow ts :_l \ ss \ in \ \mathcal{T}(?C,\emptyset)
          (\exists ti \in set (term-and-args f ts). ?match-lhs ti)) (is -= ?R)
  proof (standard; intro allI impI)
   fix patL and \sigma :: ('f, -, 'v) gsubst
   assume patL: patL \in set pats and subst: ?cg-subst (set S) ?C \sigma and R: ?R
   from patL[unfolded\ pats-def] obtain f\ ss\ s where patL:\ patL=\ term-and-args
f (map \ Var \ (zip \ [0..< length \ ss] \ ss))
     and inDs: ((f,ss),s) \in set D by auto
   from dist(2) in Ds have f: f: ss \to s in ?D unfolding hastype-in-ssig-def by
simp
    {
     \mathbf{fix} i
     assume i: i < length ss
     hence ss ! i \in set ss by auto
     with inDs ass have ss ! i \in set S by auto
     with subst have \sigma (i, ss ! i) : ss ! i in <math>\mathcal{T}(?C,\emptyset)
     {\bf unfolding} \ pattern-completeness-context. {\it cg-subst-def} \ pattern-completeness-context. {\it EMPTY-def}
by auto
    } note ssigma = this
   define ts where ts = (map (\lambda i. \sigma (i, ss! i)) [0..< length ss])
   have ts: ts:_l ss in \mathcal{T}(?C,\emptyset) unfolding list-all2-conv-all-nth ts-def using ssigma
by auto
   from R[rule-format, OF f ts] obtain ti where ti: ti \in set (term-and-args f ts)
and match: ?match-lhs ti by auto
  have map (\lambda \ pat. \ pat. \ pat. \ args-def term-and-args f ts unfolding patL term-and-args-def
ts-def
     by (auto intro: nth-equalityI)
   from ti[folded this] match
   show \exists pat \in set \ patL. ?match-lhs (pat \cdot \sigma) by auto
   fix f ss s and ts :: ('f,'v) term list
   assume f: f: ss \to s \text{ in } ?D \text{ and } ts: ts:_l ss in <math>\mathcal{T}(?C,\emptyset) and L: ?L
   from ts have len: length ts = length ss by (metis list-all2-lengthD)
   define patL where patL = term-and-args f (map Var (zip [0..<length ss] ss))
     from f have ((f,ss),s) \in set D unfolding hastype-in-ssig-def by (metis
map-of-SomeD)
   hence patL: patL \in set\ pats\ unfolding\ patL-def\ pats-def\ by\ force
    define \sigma where \sigma x = (case \ x \ of \ (i,s) \Rightarrow if \ i < length \ ss \land s = ss \ ! \ i \ then \ ts
! i else
     (SOME\ t.\ t:s\ in\ \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY)))\ \mathbf{for}\ x
   have ssigma: ?cg-subst (set S) ?C \sigma
     unfolding pattern-completeness-context.cg-subst-def
   proof (intro allI impI)
     \mathbf{fix} \ x :: nat \times -
     assume snd x \in set S
     then obtain i s where x: x = (i,s) and s: s \in set S by (cases x, auto)
     show \sigma x : snd x in \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY)
```

```
proof (cases i < length ss \land s = ss ! i)
       {f case} True
      hence id: \sigma x = ts! i unfolding x \sigma-def by auto
          from ts True show ?thesis unfolding id unfolding x snd-conv pat-
tern\text{-}completeness\text{-}context.EMPTY\text{-}def
        by (simp add: list-all2-conv-all-nth)
     next
       case False
       hence id: \sigma x = (SOME \ t. \ t: s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY)) unfolding x \ \sigma-def
       from decide-nonempty-sorts(1)[OF dist(1) refl dec] s
    have \exists t. t: s in \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY) unfolding pattern-completeness-context. EMPTY-def
by auto
       from some I-ex[OF this] have \sigma x : s \text{ in } \mathcal{T}(?C,?EMPTY) unfolding id.
       thus ?thesis unfolding x by auto
     qed
   qed
   from L[rule-format, OF patL ssigma]
   obtain pat where pat: pat \in set patL and match: ?match-lhs (pat \cdot \sigma) by auto
   have id: map (\lambda \ pat. \ pat. \ \sigma) patL = term-and-args f ts unfolding patL-def
term-and-args-def using len
     by (auto intro!: nth-equality I simp: \sigma-def)
    show \exists ti \in set \ (term-and-args \ f \ ts). ?match-lhs ti unfolding id[symmetric]
using pat match by auto
  qed
  also have ... = (\forall t. \ t \in \mathcal{B}(?C,?D,\emptyset) \longrightarrow (\exists \ ti \in set \ (t \# args \ t). ?match-lhs
ti))
   unfolding basic-terms-def term-and-args-def by force
 finally show ?thesis unfolding strong-quasi-reducible-def by blast
qed
       Connecting Pattern-Completeness, Strong Quasi-Reducibility
       and Quasi-Reducibility
```

7.1

```
definition quasi-reducible :: ('f,'s)ssig \Rightarrow ('f,'s)ssig \Rightarrow ('f,'v)term \ set \Rightarrow \ bool
  quasi-reducible C D L = (\forall t \in \mathcal{B}(C, D, \emptyset)) \exists tp \leq t \exists l \in L l matches tp)
{f lemma}\ pat-complete-imp-strong-quasi-reducible:
  pat-complete-lhss\ C\ D\ L \Longrightarrow strong-quasi-reducible\ C\ D\ L
  unfolding pat-complete-lhss-def strong-quasi-reducible-def by force
lemma arg-imp-subt: s \in set (args \ t) \Longrightarrow t \trianglerighteq s
  by (cases\ t,\ auto)
\mathbf{lemma}\ strong\text{-}quasi\text{-}reducible\text{-}imp\text{-}quasi\text{-}reducible\text{:}}
  strong-quasi-reducible C D L \Longrightarrow quasi-reducible C D L
  unfolding strong-quasi-reducible-def quasi-reducible-def
  by (force dest: arg-imp-subt)
```

If no root symbol of a left-hand sides is a constructor, then pattern completeness and quasi-reducibility coincide.

```
lemma quasi-reducible-iff-pat-complete: fixes L :: (f, v) term set
 assumes \bigwedge l f ls \tau s \tau. l \in L \Longrightarrow l = Fun f ls \Longrightarrow \neg f : \tau s \to \tau in C
 shows pat-complete-lhss C D L \longleftrightarrow quasi-reducible C D L
\textbf{proof} \ (standard, \ rule \ strong-quasi-reducible-imp-quasi-reducible[OF \ pat-complete-imp-strong-quasi-reducible])
  assume q: quasi-reducible C D L
 show pat-complete-lhss C D L
   unfolding pat-complete-lhss-def
  proof
   fix t :: ('f, 'v) term
   assume t: t \in \mathcal{B}(C,D,\emptyset)
   from q[unfolded quasi-reducible-def, rule-format, OF this]
   obtain tp where tp: t \ge tp and match: \exists l \in L. l matches tp by auto
   show \exists l \in L. l matches t
   proof (cases \ t = tp)
     {f case}\ True
     thus ?thesis using match by auto
   next
     {f case}\ {\it False}
      from t[unfolded\ basic-terms-def] obtain f ts ss where t: t = Fun\ f ts and
ts: ts:_l ss in \mathcal{T}(C,\emptyset) by auto
     from t False tp obtain ti where ti: ti \in set ts and subt: ti \geq tp
       by (meson Fun-supteq)
     from subt obtain CC where ctxt: ti = CC \langle tp \rangle by auto
     from ti ts obtain s where ti: s in \mathcal{T}(C,\emptyset) unfolding list-all2-conv-all-nth
set-conv-nth by auto
      from hastype-context-decompose[OF\ this[unfolded\ ctxt]]\ \mathbf{obtain}\ s\ \mathbf{where}\ tp:
tp: s \ in \ \mathcal{T}(C,\emptyset) \ \mathbf{by} \ blast
     from match[unfolded\ matches-def] obtain l\ \sigma where l:\ l\in L and match:\ tp
= l \cdot \sigma by auto
     show ?thesis
     proof (cases l)
       case (Var x)
       with l show ?thesis unfolding matches-def by (auto intro!: bexI[of - l])
     next
       case (Fun f ls)
       from tp[unfolded match this, simplified] obtain ss where f: ss \rightarrow s in C
         by (meson Fun-hastype hastype-def hastype-in-ssig-def)
       with assms[OF l Fun, of ss s] show ?thesis by auto
     qed
   qed
  qed
qed
end
```

8 Setup for Experiments

```
theory Test-Pat-Complete
 imports
    Pattern\hbox{-} Completeness
    HOL-Library.\ Code-Abstract-Char
    HOL-Library. Code-Target-Numeral
begin
turn error message into runtime error
definition pat-complete-alg :: (('f \times 's \ list) \times 's)list \Rightarrow (('f \times 's \ list) \times 's)list \Rightarrow
(f, v)term list \Rightarrow bool where
  pat\text{-}complete\text{-}alg\ C\ D\ lhss = (
  case decide-pat-complete-lhss C D lhss of Inl err \Rightarrow Code.abort (err (STR ''''))
(\lambda - True)
    | Inr res \Rightarrow res |
turn error message into runtime error
definition strong-quasi-reducible-alg::(('f \times 's \ list) \times 's)list \Rightarrow (('f \times 's \ list) \times 's)list
's) list \Rightarrow ('f,'v) term list \Rightarrow bool where
  strong-quasi-reducible-alg\ C\ D\ lhss = (
  case\ decide-strong-quasi-reducible C\ D\ lhss\ of\ Inl\ err\ <math>\Rightarrow\ Code.abort\ (err\ (STR
'''')) (\lambda -. True)
   | Inr res \Rightarrow res |
Examples
definition nat\text{-}bool = [
   (("zero", []), "nat"), (("succ", ["nat"]), "nat"),
   (("true", []), "bool"),
   (("false", []), "bool")
definition int-bool = [
   ((''zero^{\prime\prime},~[]),~''int^{\prime\prime}),
  (("succ", ["int"]), "int"), (("pred", ["int"]), "int"),
   (("true", []), "bool"),
   (("false", []), "bool")
definition even-nat = [
    (("even", ["nat"]), "bool")
definition even-int = [
    (("even", ["int"]), "bool")
```

```
definition even-lhss = [
  Fun "even" [Fun "zero" []],
  Fun "even" [Fun "succ" [Fun "zero" []]],
 Fun "even" [Fun "succ" [Fun "succ" [Var "x"]]]
definition even-lhss-int = [
 Fun "even" [Fun "zero" []],
Fun "even" [Fun "succ" [Fun "zero" []]],
  Fun "even" [Fun "succ" [Fun "succ" [Var "x"]]],
  Fun "even" [Fun "pred" [Fun "zero" []]],
  Fun "even" [Fun "pred" [Fun "pred" [Var "x"]]],
  Fun "succ" [Fun "pred" [Var "x"]],
  Fun "pred" [Fun "succ" [Var "x"]]
lemma decide-pat-complete-wrapper:
  assumes (case decide-pat-complete-lhss C D lhss of Inr b \Rightarrow Some \ b \mid Inl \rightarrow
None) = Some res
 shows pat-complete-lhss (map-of C) (map-of D) (set lhss) = res
 \mathbf{using}\ decide-pat-complete-lhss[of\ C\ D\ lhss]\ assms\ \mathbf{by}\ (auto\ split:\ sum.splits)
lemma decide-strong-quasi-reducible-wrapper:
  assumes (case decide-strong-quasi-reducible C D lhss of Inr b \Rightarrow Some \ b \mid Inl -
\Rightarrow None = Some res
 shows strong-quasi-reducible (map-of C) (map-of D) (set lhss) = res
 using decide-strong-quasi-reducible of C D lhss assms by (auto split: sum.splits)
lemma pat-complete-lhss (map-of nat-bool) (map-of even-nat) (set even-lhss)
 apply (subst decide-pat-complete-wrapper[of - - - True])
 by eval+
lemma \neg pat-complete-lhss (map-of int-bool) (map-of even-int) (set even-lhss-int)
 apply (subst decide-pat-complete-wrapper[of - - - False])
 by eval+
lemma strong-quasi-reducible (map-of int-bool) (map-of even-int) (set even-lhss-int)
 apply (subst decide-strong-quasi-reducible-wrapper[of - - - True])
 by eval+
definition non-lin-lhss = [
  Fun "f" [Var "x", Var "x", Var "y"],
 Fun "f" [Var "x", Var "y", Var "x"],
Fun "f" [Var "y", Var "x", Var "x"]
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ pat-complete-lhss \ (map-of \ nat-bool) \ (map-of \ [((''f'', [''bool'', ''bool'', ''bool'')]) \ ''bool'')])
(set non-lin-lhss)
 apply (subst decide-pat-complete-wrapper[of - - - True])
 by eval+
\mathbf{lemma} \neg pat\text{-}complete\text{-}lhss\ (map\text{-}of\ nat\text{-}bool)\ (map\text{-}of\ [((''f'',[''nat'',''nat'',''nat'']),''bool'')])
(set non-lin-lhss)
  apply (subst decide-pat-complete-wrapper[of - - - False])
 by eval+
definition testproblem (c :: nat) n = (let \ s = String.implode; \ s = id;
    c1 = even c;
    c2 = even (c div 2);
    c3 = even (c div 4);
    c4 = even (c div 8);
    revo = (if c4 then id else rev);
    nn = [0 ..< n];
    rnn = (if \ c4 \ then \ id \ nn \ else \ rev \ nn);
    b = s "b"; t = s "tt"; f = s "ff"; g = s "g";
    gg = (\lambda \ ts. \ Fun \ g \ (revo \ ts));
    ff = Fun f [];
    tt = Fun \ t \ [];
    C = [((t, [] :: string \ list), b), ((f, []), b)];
    D = [((g, replicate (2 * n) b), b)];
    x = (\lambda \ i :: nat. \ Var (s ("x" @ show i)));
    y = (\lambda \ i :: nat. \ Var \ (s \ ("y" @ show i)));
    lhsF = gg \ (if \ c1 \ then \ List.maps \ (\lambda \ i. \ [ff, \ y \ i]) \ rnn \ else \ (replicate \ n \ ff \ @ \ map)
y rnn));
    lhsT = (\lambda \ b \ j. \ gg \ (if \ c1 \ then \ List.maps \ (\lambda \ i. \ if \ i = j \ then \ [tt, \ b] \ else \ [x \ i, \ y \ i] \ )
rnn else
             (map \ (\lambda \ i. \ if \ i = j \ then \ tt \ else \ x \ i) \ rnn @ map \ (\lambda \ i. \ if \ i = j \ then \ b \ else
y i) rnn)));
    lhssT = (if \ c2 \ then \ List.maps \ (\lambda \ i. \ [lhsT \ tt \ i, \ lhsT \ ff \ i]) \ nn \ else \ List.maps \ (\lambda \ i. \ [lhsT \ tt \ i, \ lhsT \ ff \ i])
b. map (lhsT b) nn) [tt,ff];
    lhss = (if \ c3 \ then \ [lhsF] \ @ \ lhssT \ else \ lhssT \ @ \ [lhsF])
  in (C, D, lhss)
definition test-problem c n perms = (if c < 16 then testproblem c n
  else let (C, D, lhss) = testproblem 0 n;
      (permRow, permCol) = perms!(c - 16);
      permRows = map \ (\lambda \ i. \ lhss \ ! \ i) \ permRow;
      pCol = (\lambda \ t. \ case \ t \ of \ Fun \ g \ ts \Rightarrow Fun \ g \ (map \ (\lambda \ i. \ ts \ ! \ i) \ permCol))
    in (C, D, map pCol permRows))
definition test-problem-integer where
  test-problem-integer c n perms = test-problem (nat-of-integer c) (nat-of-integer
n) (map (map-prod (map nat-of-integer) (map nat-of-integer)) perms)
```

fun term-to-haskell where

```
term-to-haskell (Var x) = String.implode x
| term-to-haskell (Fun f ts) = (if f = "tt" then STR "TT" else if f = "ff" then
STR "FF" else String.implode f)
    + foldr (\lambda t r. STR "" + term-to-haskell t + r) ts (STR "")
definition createHaskellInput :: integer \Rightarrow integer \Rightarrow (integer list <math>\times integer list)
list \Rightarrow String.literal where
  createHaskellInput\ c\ n\ perms = (case\ test-problem-integer\ c\ n\ perms
    (-,-,lhss) \Rightarrow STR "module Test(g) where \leftarrow \mid \leftarrow \mid data \ B = TT \mid FF \mid \leftarrow \mid \leftarrow \mid"
      foldr\ (\lambda\ l\ s.\ (term-to-haskell\ l+STR\ ''=TT[\longleftrightarrow]''+s))\ lhss\ (STR\ ''''))
definition pat-complete-alg-test :: integer \Rightarrow integer \Rightarrow (integer \ list * integer)
list)list \Rightarrow bool  where
  pat-complete-alg-test\ c\ n\ perms = (case\ test-problem-integer\ c\ n\ perms\ of
    (C,D,lhss) \Rightarrow pat\text{-}complete\text{-}alg\ C\ D\ lhss)
definition show-pat-complete-test :: integer \Rightarrow integer \Rightarrow (integer \ list * integer)
list)list \Rightarrow String.literal where
 show-pat-complete-test\ c\ n\ perms = (\mathit{case}\ test-problem-integer\ c\ n\ perms\ of\ (\text{--},\text{--},lhss)
  \Rightarrow showsl-lines (STR "empty") lhss (STR """))
definition create-agcp-input :: (String.literal \Rightarrow 't) \Rightarrow integer \Rightarrow integer \Rightarrow (integer)
list * integer list)list \Rightarrow
  't list list * 't list list where
  create-agcp-input \ term \ C \ N \ perms = (let
      n = nat\text{-}of\text{-}integer N;
      c = nat\text{-}of\text{-}integer C;
      lhss = (snd \ o \ snd) \ (test-problem-integer \ C \ N \ perms);
      tt = (\lambda \ t. \ case \ t \ of \ (Var \ x) \Rightarrow term \ (String.implode \ (''?'' @ x @ '':B''))
           | Fun f [] \Rightarrow term (String.implode f));
      pslist = map \ (\lambda \ i. \ tt \ (Var \ ("x" @ show i))) \ [\theta..< 2 * n];
      patlist = map \ (\lambda \ t. \ case \ t \ of \ Fun - ps \Rightarrow map \ tt \ ps) \ lhss
    in ([pslist], patlist))
connection to AGCP, which is written in SML, and SML-export of verified
pattern completeness algorithm
export-code
  pat-complete-alg-test
  show-pat-complete-test
  create-agcp-input
```

pat-complete-alg

strong-quasi-reducible-alg

in SML module-name Pat-Complete

tree automata encoding

We assume that there are certain interface-functions from the tree-automata library.

```
context
 fixes cState :: String.literal \Rightarrow 'state - create a state from name
 and cSym :: String.literal \Rightarrow integer \Rightarrow 'sym— create a symbol from name and
 and cRule :: 'sym \Rightarrow 'state \ list \Rightarrow 'state \Rightarrow 'rule - create a transition-rule
 and cAut :: 'sym \ list \Rightarrow 'state \ list \Rightarrow 'state \ list \Rightarrow 'rule \ list \Rightarrow 'aut
   — create an automaton given the signature, the list of all states, the list of final
states, and the transitions
 and checkSubset :: 'aut \Rightarrow 'aut \Rightarrow bool— check language inclusion
begin
we further fix the parameters to generate the example TRSs
context
 fixes c n :: integer
 and perms :: (integer list \times integer list) list
definition tt = cSym (STR "tt") \theta
definition ff = cSym (STR "ff") \theta
definition g = cSym (STR "g") (2 * n)
definition qt = cState (STR "qt")
definition qf = cState (STR "qf")
definition qb = cState (STR "qb")
definition qfin = cState (STR "qFin")
\mathbf{definition}\ tRule = (\lambda\ q.\ cRule\ tt\ []\ q)
definition fRule = (\lambda \ q. \ cRule \ ff \ [] \ q)
definition qbRules = [tRule \ qb, fRule \ qb]
definition stdRules = qbRules @ [tRule qt, fRule qf]
definition leftStates = [qb, qfin]
definition rightStates = [qt, qf] @ leftStates
definition finStates = [qfin]
definition signature = [tt, ff, g]
fun argToState where
  argToState (Var -) = qb
| argToState (Fun s | ) = (if s = "tt" then qt else if s = "ff" then qf
    else Code.abort (STR "unknown") (\lambda -. qf))
fun termToRule where
  termToRule (Fun - ts) = cRule g (map argToState ts) qfin
definition automataLeft = cAut signature leftStates finStates (cRule\ g\ (replicate
(2 * nat\text{-}of\text{-}integer n) \ qb) \ qfin \# \ qbRules)
definition automataRight = (case\ test\text{-}problem\text{-}integer\ c\ n\ perms\ of\ definition)
```

```
(\neg,\neg,lhss) \Rightarrow cAut \ signature \ rightStates \ finStates \ (map \ term ToRule \ lhss @ stdRules))
definition encodeAutomata = (automataLeft, automataRight)
definition patCompleteAutomataTest = (checkSubset automataLeft automataRight)
end
end
definition string-append :: String.literal <math>\Rightarrow String.literal \Rightarrow String.literal (infixr
+++ 65) where
 string-append \ s \ t = String.implode \ (String.explode \ s \ @ String.explode \ t)
code-printing constant string-append \rightharpoonup
  (Haskell) infixr 5 ++
fun paren where
 paren \ e \ l \ r \ s \ [] = e
| paren \ e \ l \ r \ s \ (x \# xs) = l + + + x + + + foldr \ (\lambda \ y \ r. \ s + + + \ y + + + \ r) \ xs \ r
definition showAutomata where showAutomata n c perms = (case\ encodeAu-
tomata id (\lambda \ n \ a. \ n)
 (\lambda f qs q. paren f (f +++ STR "(") (STR ")") (STR ",") qs +++ STR "->
^{\prime\prime} +++ q)
 (\lambda sig Q Qfin rls.
    STR "tree-automata has final states: " +++ paren (STR "{}") (STR "{"}")
(STR ")") (STR ",") Qfin +++ STR " \leftarrow "
    +++ STR "and transitions: \leftarrow"" +++ paren (STR """) (STR """) (STR """)
(STR \ '' \leftarrow )'') \ rls +++ \ STR \ '' \leftarrow \leftarrow )'') \ n \ c \ perms
 of (al\overline{l,pats}) \Rightarrow STR "decide whether language of first automaton is subset of the
+++ STR "first" +++ all +++ STR "\longleftrightarrow and second " +++ pats)
value showAutomata 4 4 []
value show-pat-complete-test 4 4 []
value createHaskellInput 4 4 []
connection to FORT-h, generation of Haskell-examples, and Haskell tests of
verified pattern completeness algorithm
export-code encodeAutomata
  show Automata
 patCompleteAutomataTest
  show\mbox{-}pat\mbox{-}complete\mbox{-}test
  pat-complete-alg-test
  create Haskell Input
  in Haskell module-name Pat-Test-Generated
```

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- [3] A. Middeldorp, A. Lochmann, and F. Mitterwallner. First-order theory of rewriting for linear variable-separated rewrite systems: Automation, formalization, certification. *J. Autom. Reason.*, 67(2):14, 2023.
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