

# The Lévy-Prokhorov Metric

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## Abstract

We formalize the Lévy-Prokhorov metric, a metric on finite measures, mainly following the lecture notes by Gaans [4]. This entry includes the following formalization.

- Characterizations of closed sets, open sets, and topology by limit.
- A special case of Alaoglu's theorem.
- Weak convergence and the Portmanteau theorem.
- The Lévy-Prokhorov metric and its completeness and separability.
- The equivalence of the topology of weak convergence and the topology generated by the Lévy-Prokhorov metric.
- Prokhorov's theorem.
- Equality of two  $\sigma$ -algebras on the space of finite measures. One is the Borel algebra of the Lévy-Prokhorov metric and the other is the least  $\sigma$ -algebra that makes  $(\lambda\mu, \mu(A))$  measurable for all measurable sets  $A$ .
- The space of finite measures on a standard Borel space is also a standard Borel space.

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## 1 Preliminaries

```
theory Lemmas-Levy-Prokhorov
imports Standard-Borel-Spaces.StandardBorel
begin
```

```
lemma(in Metric-space) [measurable]:
  shows mball-sets: mball x e ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
  and mcball-sets: mcball x e ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
  by(auto simp: borel-of-open borel-of-closed)
```

```
lemma Metric-space-eq-MCauchy:
  assumes Metric-space M d ⋀ x y. x ∈ M ⟹ y ∈ M ⟹ d x y = d' x y
  and ⋀ x y. d' x y = d' y x ⋀ x y. d' x y ≥ 0
  shows Metric-space.MCauchy M d xn ↔ Metric-space.MCauchy M d' xn
proof -
  interpret d: Metric-space M d by fact
```

```

interpret d': Metric-space M d'
  using Metric-space-eq assms d.Metric-space-axioms by blast
show ?thesis
  using assms(2) by(auto simp: d.MCauchy-def d'.MCauchy-def subsetD)
qed

lemma borel-of-compact: Hausdorff-space X ==> compactin X K ==> K ∈ sets
(borel-of X)
  by(auto intro!: borel-of-closed compactin-imp-closedin)

lemma prob-algebra-cong: sets M = sets N ==> prob-algebra M = prob-algebra N
  by(simp add: prob-algebra-def cong: subprob-algebra-cong)

lemma topology-eq-closedin: X = Y <=> (∀ C. closedin X C <=> closedin Y C)
  unfolding topology-eq
  by (metis closedin-def closedin-topspace openin-closedin-eq openin-topspace sub-
set-antisym)

Another version of finite-measure ?M ==> countable {x. Sigma-Algebra.measure
?M {x} ≠ 0}

lemma(in finite-measure) countable-support-sets:
  assumes disjoint-family-on Ai D
  shows countable {i∈D. measure M (Ai i) ≠ 0}
proof cases
  assume measure M (space M) = 0
  with bounded-measure measure-le-0-iff have [simp]:{i∈D. measure M (Ai i) ≠
0} = {}
    by auto
  show ?thesis
    by simp
next
let ?M = measure M (space M) and ?m = λi. measure M (Ai i)
assume ?M ≠ 0
then have *: {i∈D. ?m i ≠ 0} = (⋃ n. {i∈D. ?M / Suc n < ?m i})
  using reals-Archimedean[of ?m x / ?M for x]
  by (auto simp: field-simps not-le[symmetric] divide-le-0-iff measure-le-0-iff)
have **: ⋀ n. finite {i∈D. ?M / Suc n < ?m i}
proof (rule ccontr)
  fix n assume infinite {i∈D. ?M / Suc n < ?m i} (is infinite ?X)
  then obtain X where finite X card X = Suc (Suc n) X ⊆ ?X
    by (meson infinite-arbitrarily-large)
  from this(3) have *: ⋀ x. x ∈ X ==> ?M / Suc n ≤ ?m x
    by auto
  { fix i assume i ∈ X
    from ‹?M ≠ 0› *[OF this] have ?m i ≠ 0 by (auto simp: field-simps
measure-le-0-iff)
    then have Ai i ∈ sets M by (auto dest: measure-notin-sets) }

```

```

note sets-Ai = this
have disj: disjoint-family-on Ai X
  using ⟨X ⊆ ?X⟩ assms by(auto simp: disjoint-family-on-def)
have ?M < (∑ x∈X. ?M / Suc n)
  using ⟨?M ≠ 0⟩
  by (simp add: ⟨card X = Suc (Suc n)⟩ field-simps less-le)
also have ... ≤ (∑ x∈X. ?m x)
  by (rule sum-mono) fact
also have ... = measure M (∪ i∈X. Ai i)
  using sets-Ai ⟨finite X⟩ by (intro finite-measure-finite-Union[symmetric,OF
- disj])
  (auto simp: disjoint-family-on-def)
finally have ?M < measure M (∪ i∈X. Ai i) .
moreover have measure M (∪ i∈X. Ai i) ≤ ?M
  using sets-Ai[THEN sets.sets-into-space] by (intro finite-measure-mono) auto
ultimately show False by simp
qed
show ?thesis
  unfolding * by (intro countable-UN countableI-type countable-finite[OF **])
qed

```

## 1.1 Finite Sum of Measures

```

definition sum-measure :: 'b measure ⇒ 'a set ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b measure) ⇒ 'b measure
where
sum-measure M I Mi ≡ measure-of (space M) (sets M) (λA. ∑ i∈I. emeasure (Mi
i) A)

```

```

lemma sum-measure-cong:
assumes sets M = sets M' ∧ i. i ∈ I ⇒ N i = N' i
shows sum-measure M I N = sum-measure M' I N'
by(simp add: sum-measure-def assms cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq)

```

```

lemma [simp]:
shows space-sum-measure: space (sum-measure M I Mi) = space M
  and sets-sum-measure[measurable-cong]: sets (sum-measure M I Mi) = sets M
by(auto simp: sum-measure-def)

```

```

lemma emeasure-sum-measure:
assumes [measurable]:A ∈ sets M and i. i ∈ I ⇒ sets (Mi i) = sets M
shows emeasure (sum-measure M I Mi) A = (∑ i∈I. Mi i A)

```

```

proof(rule emeasure-measure-of[of - space M sets M])
  show countably-additive (sets (sum-measure M I Mi)) (λA. ∑ i∈I. emeasure (Mi
i) A)
    unfolding sum-measure-def sets.sets-measure-of-eq countably-additive-def
    proof safe
      fix Ai :: nat ⇒ -
      assume h:range Ai ⊆ sets M disjoint-family Ai

```

```

then have [measurable]:  $\bigwedge i j. j \in I \implies A_i \in \text{sets } (M_i)$ 
  by(auto simp: assms)
  show  $(\sum i. \sum_{j \in I}. \text{emeasure } (M_i) (A_i)) = (\sum_{i \in I}. \text{emeasure } (M_i) (\bigcup (\text{range } A_i)))$ 
    by(auto simp: suminf-sum intro!: Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux sum-inf-emeasure h)
  qed
qed(auto simp: positive-def sum-measure-def intro!: sets.sets-into-space)

lemma sum-measure-infinite: infinite I  $\implies$  sum-measure M I Mi = null-measure M
  by(auto simp: sum-measure-def null-measure-def)

lemma nn-integral-sum-measure:
  assumes f  $\in$  borel-measurable M and [measurable-cong]:  $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{sets } (M_i) = \text{sets } M$ 
  shows  $(\int^+ x. f x \partial \text{sum-measure } M I Mi) = (\sum_{i \in I}. (\int^+ x. f x \partial (M_i)))$ 
  using assms(1)
proof induction
  case h:(cong f g)
  then show ?case (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
    by(auto cong: nn-integral-cong[of sum-measure M I Mi,simplified] intro!: Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux)
    (auto cong: nn-integral-cong simp: sets-eq-imp-space-eq[OF assms(2)[symmetric]])
next
  case (set A)
  then show ?case
    by(auto simp: emeasure-sum-measure assms)
next
  case (mult u c)
  then show ?case
    by(auto simp: nn-integral-cmult sum-distrib-left intro!: Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux)
next
  case (add u v)
  then show ?case
    by(auto simp: nn-integral-add sum.distrib)
next
  case ih[measurable]:(seq U)
  show ?case (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
  proof -
    have ?lhs =  $(\int^+ x. (\bigsqcup i. U_i x) \partial \text{sum-measure } M I Mi)$ 
      by(auto intro!: nn-integral-cong) (use SUP-apply in auto)
    also have ... =  $(\bigsqcup i. (\int^+ x. U_i x \partial \text{sum-measure } M I Mi))$ 
      by(rule nn-integral-monotone-convergence-SUP) (use ih in auto)
    also have ... =  $(\bigsqcup i. \sum_{j \in I}. (\int^+ x. U_i x \partial (M_i)))$ 
      by(simp add: ih)
    also have ... =  $(\sum_{j \in I}. \bigsqcup i. \int^+ x. U_i x \partial (M_i))$ 
      by(auto intro!: incseq-nn-integral ih ennreal-SUP-sum)
    also have ... =  $(\sum_{j \in I}. \int^+ x. (\bigsqcup i. U_i x) \partial (M_i))$ 

```

```

by(auto intro!: Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux nn-integral-monotone-convergence-SUP[symmetric]
ih)
  also have ... = ?rhs
    by(auto intro!: Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux nn-integral-cong) (metis
SUP-apply Sup-apply)
    finally show ?thesis .
  qed
qed

corollary integrable-sum-measure-iff-ne:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ 'b::{"banach, second-countable-topology"}
  assumes [measurable-cong]: ∀i. i ∈ I ⇒ sets (Mi i) = sets M and finite I and
I ≠ {}
  shows integrable (sum-measure M I Mi) f ←→ (∀i∈I. integrable (Mi i) f)
proof safe
  fix i
  assume [measurable]: integrable (sum-measure M I Mi) f and i:i ∈ I
  then have [measurable]: ∀i. i ∈ I ⇒ f ∈ borel-measurable (Mi i)
  f ∈ borel-measurable M (∫⁺ x. ennreal (norm (f x)) ∂sum-measure M I Mi) <
∞
  by(auto simp: integrable-iff-bounded)
  hence (∑ i∈I. ∫⁺ x. ennreal (norm (f x)) ∂Mi i) < ∞
  by(simp add: nn-integral-sum-measure assms)
  thus integrable (Mi i) f
  by(auto simp: assms integrable-iff-bounded i)
next
  assume h:∀ i∈I. integrable (Mi i) f
  obtain i where i:i ∈ I
    using assms by auto
  have [measurable]: f ∈ borel-measurable M
  using h[rule-format,OF i] i by auto
  show integrable (sum-measure M I Mi) f
  using h by(auto simp: integrable-iff-bounded nn-integral-sum-measure assms)
qed

corollary integrable-sum-measure-iff:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ 'b::{"banach, second-countable-topology"}
  assumes [measurable-cong]: ∀i. i ∈ I ⇒ sets (Mi i) = sets M and finite I
  and [measurable]: f ∈ borel-measurable M
  shows integrable (sum-measure M I Mi) f ←→ (∀i∈I. integrable (Mi i) f)
proof safe
  fix i
  assume integrable (sum-measure M I Mi) f i ∈ I
  thus integrable (Mi i) f
  using integrable-sum-measure-iff-ne[of I Mi,OF assms(1–2)] by auto
qed(auto simp: integrable-iff-bounded nn-integral-sum-measure assms)

lemma integral-sum-measure:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ 'b::{"banach, second-countable-topology"}

```

```

assumes [measurable-cong]: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{sets } (M_i i) = \text{sets } M \wedge \bigwedge i. i \in I \implies$ 
integrable ( $M_i i$ )  $f$ 
shows ( $\int x. f x \partial\text{sum-measure } M I M_i$ ) = ( $\sum i \in I. (\int x. f x \partial(M_i i))$ )
proof -
  consider  $I = \{\} \mid \text{finite } I \neq \{\} \mid \text{infinite } I$  by auto
  then show ?thesis
  proof cases
    case 1
    then show ?thesis
    by(auto simp: sum-measure-def integral-null-measure[simplified null-measure-def])
  next
    case 2
    have integrable (sum-measure  $M I M_i$ )  $f$ 
    by(auto simp: assms(2) integrable-sum-measure-iff-ne[of  $I M_i$ , OF assms(1)
      2, simplified])
    thus ?thesis
    proof induction
      case  $h:(\text{base } A c)$ 
      then have  $h':\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{emeasure } (M_i i) A < \top$ 
      by(auto simp: emeasure-sum-measure assms 2)
      show ?case
        using  $h$ 
        by(auto simp: measure-def  $h'$  emeasure-sum-measure assms enn2real-sum[of
           $I \lambda i. \text{emeasure } (M_i i) A$ , OF  $h'$ ] scaleR-left.sum
          intro!: Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux)
    next
      case  $ih:(\text{add } f g)$ 
      then have  $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{integrable } (M_i i) g \wedge \bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{integrable } (M_i i) f$ 
      by(auto simp: integrable-sum-measure-iff-ne assms 2)
      with  $ih$  show ?case
        by(auto simp: sum.distrib)
    next
      case  $ih:(\lim f s)$ 
      then have [measurable]: $f \in \text{borel-measurable } M \wedge \bigwedge i. s i \in \text{borel-measurable } M$ 
      by auto
      have int[measurable]:integrable ( $M_i i$ )  $f \wedge \bigwedge j. \text{integrable } (M_i i) (s j)$  if  $i \in I$ 
    for  $i$ 
      using that  $ih$  2 by(auto simp add: integrable-sum-measure-iff assms)
      show ?case
      proof(rule LIMSEQ-unique[where  $X=\lambda i. \sum j \in I. \int x. s i x \partial(M_i j)$ ])
        show ( $\lambda i. \sum j \in I. \int x. s i x \partial(M_i j)$ ) ————— ( $\int x. f x \partial\text{sum-measure } M I$ 
           $M_i$ )
        using  $ih$  by(auto simp: ih(5)[symmetric] intro!: integral-dominated-convergence[where
           $w=\lambda x. 2*\text{norm } (f x)$ ])
        show ( $\lambda i. \sum j \in I. \int x. s i x \partial(M_i j)$ ) ————— ( $\sum j \in I. (\int x. f x \partial(M_i j))$ )
        proof(rule tendsto-sum)
          fix  $j$ 
          assume  $j: j \in I$ 
          show ( $\lambda i. \int x. s i x \partial(M_i j)$ ) ————— ( $\int x. f x \partial(M_i j)$ )

```

```

    using integral-dominated-convergence[off Mi j s λx. 2 * norm (f x),OF
- - - AE-I2 AE-I2] ih int[OF j]
      by(auto simp: sets-eq-imp-space-eq[OF assms(1)[OF j]])
qed
qed
qed
next
case 3
then show ?thesis
  by(simp add: sum-measure-infinite)
qed
qed

```

Lemmas related to scale measure

```

lemma integrable-scale-measure:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ 'b::{banach, second-countable-topology}
  assumes integrable M f
  shows integrable (scale-measure (ennreal r) M) f
  using assms ennreal-less-top
  by(auto simp: integrable-iff-bounded nn-integral-scale-measure ennreal-mult-less-top)

lemma integral-scale-measure:
  assumes r ≥ 0 integrable M f
  shows (∫ x. f x ∂scale-measure (ennreal r) M) = r * (∫ x. f x ∂M)
  using assms(2)
proof induction
  case ih:(lim f s)
  show ?case
    proof(rule LIMSEQ-unique[where X=λi. ∫ x. s i x ∂scale-measure (ennreal r) M])
      from ih(1-4) show (λi. ∫ x. s i x ∂scale-measure (ennreal r) M) —→ (∫ x. f x ∂scale-measure (ennreal r) M)
        by(auto intro!: integral-dominated-convergence[where w=λx. 2 * norm (f x)])
      integrable-scale-measure
        simp: space-scale-measure)
      show (λi. ∫ x. s i x ∂scale-measure (ennreal r) M) —→ r * (∫ x. f x ∂M)
        unfolding ih(5) using ih(1-4) by(auto intro!: integral-dominated-convergence[where w=λx. 2 * norm (f x)] tendsto-mult-left)
      qed
    qed(auto simp: measure-scale-measure[OF assms(1)] ring-class.ring-distrib(1) integrable-scale-measure)

```

```

lemma
  fixes c :: ereal
  assumes c: c ≠ -∞ and a: ∀n. 0 ≤ a n
  shows liminf-cadd: liminf (λn. c + a n) = c + liminf a
    and limsup-cadd: limsup (λn. c + a n) = c + limsup a
  by(auto simp add: liminf-SUP-INF limsup-INF-SUP INF-ereal-add-right[OF - c a] SUP-ereal-add-right[OF - c])

```

```

intro!: INF-ereal-add-right c SUP-upper2 a)

lemma(in Metric-space) frontier-measure-zero-balls:
assumes sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) finite-measure N M ≠ {}
and e > 0 and separable-space mtopology
obtains ai ri where
(⋃ i::nat. mball (ai i) (ri i)) = M (⋃ i::nat. mcball (ai i) (ri i)) = M
  ∧ i. ai i ∈ M ∧ i. ri i > 0 ∧ i. ri i < e
  ∧ i. measure N (mtopology frontier-of (mball (ai i) (ri i))) = 0
  ∧ i. measure N (mtopology frontier-of (mcball (ai i) (ri i))) = 0
proof -
interpret N: finite-measure N by fact
have [measurable]: ∀ a r. mball a r ∈ sets N ∀ a r. mcball a r ∈ sets N
  ∧ a r. mtopology frontier-of (mball a r) ∈ sets N ∧ a r. mtopology frontier-of
  (mcball a r) ∈ sets N
by(auto simp: assms(1) borel-of-closed borel-of-open[OF openin-mball] closedin-frontier-of)
have mono: mtopology frontier-of (mball a r) ⊆ {y ∈ M. d a y = r}
  mtopology frontier-of (mcball a r) ⊆ {y ∈ M. d a y = r} for a r
proof -
have mtopology frontier-of (mball a r) ⊆ mcball a r - mball a r
  using closure-of-mball by(auto simp: frontier-of-def interior-of-openin[OF
  openin-mball])
also have ... ⊆ {y ∈ M. d a y = r}
  by auto
finally show mtopology frontier-of (mball a r) ⊆ {y ∈ M. d a y = r} .
have mtopology frontier-of (mcball a r) ⊆ mcball a r - mball a r
  using interior-of-mcball by(auto simp: frontier-of-def closure-of-closedin[OF
  closedin-mcball])
also have ... ⊆ {y ∈ M. d a y = r}
  by(auto simp: mcball-def mball-def)
finally show mtopology frontier-of (mcball a r) ⊆ {y ∈ M. d a y = r} .
qed
have sets[measurable]: {y ∈ M. d a y = r} ∈ sets N if a ∈ M for a r
proof -
have [simp]: d a -` {r} ∩ M = {y ∈ M. d a y = r} by blast
show ?thesis
  using measurable-sets[OF continuous-map-measurable[OF uniformly-continuous-imp-continuous-map[OF
  mdist-set-uniformly-continuous[of Self {a}]], of {r}]]
    by(simp add: borel-of-euclidean mtopology-of-def space-borel-of assms(1)
    mdist-set-Self)
    (metis (no-types, lifting) `d a -` {r} ∩ M = {y ∈ M. d a y = r}` commute
    d-set-singleton that vimage-inter-cong)
qed
from assms(5) obtain U where U: countable U mdense U by(auto simp: sep-
arable-space-def2)
with assms(3) have U-ne: U ≠ {}
  by(auto simp: mdense-empty-iff)
{ fix i :: nat
  have countable {r ∈ {e/2 <.. < e}. measure N {y ∈ M. d (from-nat-into U i) y

```

```

= r} ≠ 0}
    by(rule N.countable-support-sets) (auto simp: disjoint-family-on-def)
    from real-interval-avoid-countable-set[of e / 2 e,OF - this] assms(4)
    have ∃ r. measure N {y∈M. d (from-nat-into U i) y = r} = 0 ∧ r > e / 2 ∧
r < e
    by auto
}
then obtain ri where ri: ∀i. measure N {y∈M. d (from-nat-into U i) y = ri
i} = 0
    ∧i. ri i > e / 2 ∧i. ri i < e
    by metis
have 1: (∪ i. mball (from-nat-into U i) (ri i)) = M (∪ i. mcball (from-nat-into
U i) (ri i)) = M
proof -
have M = (∪ u∈U. mball u (e / 2))
    by(rule mdense-balls-cover[OF U(2),symmetric]) (simp add: assms(4))
also have ... = (∪ i. mball (from-nat-into U i) (e / 2))
    by(rule UN-from-nat-into[OF U(1) U-ne])
also have ... ⊆ (∪ i. mball (from-nat-into U i) (ri i))
    using mball-subset-concentric[OF order.strict-implies-order[OF ri(2)]] by
auto
finally have 1:M ⊆ (∪ i. mball (from-nat-into U i) (ri i)) .
moreover have M ⊆ (∪ i. mcball (from-nat-into U i) (ri i))
    by(rule order.trans[OF 1]) fastforce
ultimately show (∪ i. mball (from-nat-into U i) (ri i)) = M (∪ i. mcball
(from-nat-into U i) (ri i)) = M
    by fastforce+
qed
have 2: ∀i. from-nat-into U i ∈ M ∧i. ri i > 0 ∧i. ri i < e
    using from-nat-into[OF U-ne] dense-in-subset[OF U(2)] ri(3) assms(4)
    by(auto intro!: order.strict-trans[OF - ri(2),of 0])
have 3: measure N (mtopology frontier-of (mball (from-nat-into U i) (ri i))) =
0
    measure N (mtopology frontier-of (mcball (from-nat-into U i) (ri i))) = 0 for i
    using N.finite-measure-mono[OF mono(1) sets[of from-nat-into U i ri i]]
        N.finite-measure-mono[OF mono(2) sets[of from-nat-into U i ri i]]
    by (auto simp add: 2 measure-le-0-iff ri(1))
show ?thesis
    using 1 2 3 that by blast
qed

```

**lemma finite-measure-integral-eq-dense:**

**assumes** finite: finite-measure N finite-measure M

**and** sets-N:sets N = sets (borel-of X) **and** sets-M: sets M = sets (borel-of X)

**and** dense:dense-in (mtopology-of (cfunspace X euclidean-metric)) F

**and** integ-eq:∫f::real. f ∈ F ==> (∫ x. f x ∂N) = (∫ x. f x ∂M)

**and** f:continuous-map X euclideanreal f bounded (f ` topspace X)

**shows** (∫ x. f x ∂N) = (∫ x. f x ∂M)

**proof** –

```

interpret N: finite-measure N
  by fact
interpret M: finite-measure M
  by fact
have integ-N:  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets } N \implies \text{integrable } N$  (indicat-real A)
  and integ-M:  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets } M \implies \text{integrable } M$  (indicat-real A)
  by (auto simp add: N.emeasure-eq-measure M.emeasure-eq-measure)
have space-N: space N = topspace X and space-M: space M = topspace X
  using sets-N sets-M sets-eq-imp-space-eq[of - borel-of X]
  by(auto simp: space-borel-of)
from f obtain B where B:  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{topspace } X \implies |f x| \leq B$ 
  by (meson bounded-real imageI)
show  $(\int x. f x \partial N) = (\int x. f x \partial M)$ 
proof -
  have in-mspace-measurable:  $g \in \text{borel-measurable } N g \in \text{borel-measurable } M$ 
    if  $g: g \in \text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric} :: \text{real metric})$  for g
    using continuous-map-measurable[of X euclidean,simplified borel-of-euclidean]
g
  by(auto simp: sets-M cong: measurable-cong-sets sets-N)
have f':  $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) \in \text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric})$ 
  using f'(1) f'(2) by simp
with mdense-of-def3[THEN iffD1[OF assms(5)]] obtain fn where fn:
  range fn  $\subseteq F$  limitin (mtopology-of (cfunspace X euclidean-metric)) fn
 $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x)$  sequentially
  by blast
hence fn-space:  $\bigwedge n. fn n \in \text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric})$ 
  using dense-in-subset[OF assms(5)] by auto
hence [measurable]:  $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) \in \text{borel-measurable } N (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) \in \text{borel-measurable } M$ 
   $\bigwedge n. fn n \in \text{borel-measurable } N \bigwedge n. fn n \in \text{borel-measurable } M$ 
  using f' by (auto simp del: mspace-cfunspace intro!: in-mspace-measurable)
interpret d: Metric-space mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric) mdist (cfunspace X (euclidean-metric :: real metric))
  by blast
from fn have limitin d.mtopology fn  $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x)$  sequentially
  by (simp add: mtopology-of-def)
hence limit: $\bigwedge \varepsilon. \varepsilon > 0 \implies \exists N. \forall n \geq N. fn n \in \text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric}) \wedge$ 
  mdist (cfunspace X euclidean-metric) (fn n) (restrict f (topspace X))  $< \varepsilon$ 
  unfolding d.limit-metric-sequentially by blast
from this[of 1] obtain N0 where N0:
   $\bigwedge n. n \geq N0 \implies \text{mdist } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric}) (fn n) (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) < 1$ 
  by auto
have 1:  $(\lambda i. fn (i + N0) x) \longrightarrow (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) x$  if  $x: x \in \text{topspace } X$  for x
  proof(rule LIMSEQ-I)
    fix r :: real

```

```

assume r:0 < r
from limit[OF half-gt-zero[OF r]] obtain N where N:
   $\bigwedge n. n \geq N \implies \text{mdist}(\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric})(\text{fn } n) (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace } X)) < r / 2$ 
  by blast
show  $\exists n. \forall n \geq n. \text{norm}(\text{fn}(n + N0) x - \text{restrict } f (\text{topspace } X) x) < r$ 
proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=N])
  fix n
  assume n:N  $\leq n$ 
  with N[OF trans-le-add1[OF this,of N0]]]
  have mdist(cfunspace X euclidean-metric)(fn(n + N0)) (restrict f (topspace X))  $\leq r / 2$ 
  by auto
  from order.strict-trans1[OF mdist-cfunspace-imp-mdist-le[OF fn-space f' this x],of r] x r
  show norm(fn(n + N0) x - restrict f (topspace X) x) < r
  by (auto simp: dist-real-def)
  qed
  qed
  have 2:  $\text{norm}(\text{fn}(i + N0) x) \leq 2 * B + 1$  if x:x  $\in \text{topspace } X$  for i x
  proof-
    from N0[of i + N0]
    have mdist(cfunspace X euclidean-metric)(fn(i + N0)) (restrict f (topspace X))  $\leq 1$ 
    by linarith
    from mdist-cfunspace-imp-mdist-le[OF fn-space f' this x]
    have norm(fn(i + N0) x - fx)  $\leq 1$ 
    using x by (auto simp: dist-real-def)
    thus ?thesis
      using B[OF x] by auto
    qed
    from 1 2 have ( $\lambda i. \text{integral}^L N (\text{fn}(i + N0))$ )  $\longrightarrow \text{integral}^L N (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace } X))$ 
    by(auto intro!: integral-dominated-convergence[where s= $\lambda i. \text{fn}(i + N0)$  and w= $\lambda x. 2 * B + 1$ ]
      simp: space-N)
    moreover have ( $\lambda i. \text{integral}^L N (\text{fn}(i + N0))$ )  $\longrightarrow \text{integral}^L M (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace } X))$ 
    proof-
      have [simp]: $\text{integral}^L N (\text{fn}(i + N0)) = \text{integral}^L M (\text{fn}(i + N0))$  for i
        using fn(1) by(auto intro!: assms(6))
      from 1 2 show ?thesis
        by(auto intro!: integral-dominated-convergence[where s= $\lambda i. \text{fn}(i + N0)$ 
        and w= $\lambda x. 2 * B + 1$ ]
          simp: space-M)
      qed
      ultimately have  $\text{integral}^L N (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace } X)) = \text{integral}^L M (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace } X))$ 
      by(rule tendsto-unique[OF sequentially-bot])

```

```

moreover have integralL N (restrict f (topspace X)) = integralL N f
  by(auto cong: Bochner-Integration.integral-cong[OF refl] simp: space-N[symmetric])
moreover have integralL M (restrict f (topspace X)) = integralL M f
  by(auto cong: Bochner-Integration.integral-cong[OF refl] simp: space-M[symmetric])
ultimately show ?thesis
  by simp
qed
qed

```

## 1.2 Sequentially Continuous Maps

```

definition seq-continuous-map :: 'a topology ⇒ 'b topology ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ bool
where

```

```

seq-continuous-map X Y f ≡ ( ∀ xn x. limitin X xn x sequentially —> limitin Y
( λn. f (xn n)) (f x) sequentially)

```

```

lemma seq-continuous-map:

```

```

  seq-continuous-map X Y f ←→ ( ∀ xn x. limitin X xn x sequentially —> limitin Y
( λn. f (xn n)) (f x) sequentially)
  by(auto simp: seq-continuous-map-def)

```

```

lemma seq-continuous-map-funspace:

```

```

  assumes seq-continuous-map X Y f
  shows f ∈ topspace X → topspace Y

```

```

proof

```

```

  fix x

```

```

  assume x ∈ topspace X

```

```

  then have limitin X (λn. x) x sequentially

```

```

    by auto

```

```

  hence limitin Y (λn. f x) (f x) sequentially

```

```

    using assms

```

```

    by (meson limitin-sequentially seq-continuous-map)

```

```

  thus f x ∈ topspace Y

```

```

    by auto

```

```

qed

```

```

lemma seq-continuous-iff-continuous-first-countable:

```

```

  assumes first-countable X

```

```

  shows seq-continuous-map X Y = continuous-map X Y

```

```

  by standard (simp add: continuous-map-iff-limit-seq assms seq-continuous-map-def)

```

## 1.3 Sequential Compactness

```

definition seq-compactin :: 'a topology ⇒ 'a set ⇒ bool where

```

```

  seq-compactin X S

```

```

  —> S ⊆ topspace X ∧ ( ∀ xn. ( ∀ n::nat. xn n ∈ S) —> ( ∃ l∈S. ∃ a::nat ⇒ nat.
strict-mono a ∧ limitin X (xn o a) l sequentially))

```

```

definition seq-compact-space X ≡ seq-compactin X (topspace X)

```

```

lemma seq-compactin-subset-topspace: seq-compactin X S  $\implies$  S  $\subseteq$  topspace X
  by(auto simp: seq-compactin-def)

lemma seq-compactin-empty[simp]: seq-compactin X {}
  by(auto simp: seq-compactin-def)

lemma seq-compactin-seq-compact[simp]: seq-compactin euclidean S  $\longleftrightarrow$  seq-compact S
  by(auto simp: seq-compactin-def seq-compact-def)

lemma image-seq-compactin:
  assumes seq-compactin X S seq-continuous-map X Y f
  shows seq-compactin Y (f ` S)
  unfolding seq-compactin-def
  proof safe
    fix yn
    assume  $\forall n::nat. yn \in f ` S$ 
    then have  $\forall n. \exists x \in S. yn = f x$ 
      by blast
    then obtain xn where xn:  $\bigwedge n::nat. xn \in S \wedge n. yn = f (xn n)$ 
      by metis
    then obtain lx a where la: lx  $\in S$  strict-mono a limitin X (xn o a) lx sequentially
      by (meson assms(1) seq-compactin-def)
    show  $\exists l \in f ` S. \exists a. \text{strict-mono } a \wedge \text{limitin } Y (yn \circ a) l$  sequentially
    proof(safe intro!: bexI[where x=f lx] exI[where x=a])
      have [simp]:  $yn \circ a = (\lambda n. f ((xn \circ a) n))$ 
        by(auto simp: xn(2) comp-def)
      show limitin Y (yn o a) (f lx) sequentially
        using la(3) assms(2) xn(1,2) by(fastforce simp: seq-continuous-map)
    qed(use la in auto)
  qed(use seq-compactin-subset-topspace[OF assms(1)] seq-continuous-map-funspace[OF assms(2)] in auto)

lemma closed-seq-compactin:
  assumes seq-compactin X K C  $\subseteq$  K closedin X C
  shows seq-compactin X C
  unfolding seq-compactin-def
  proof safe
    fix xn
    assume xn:  $\forall n::nat. xn \in C$ 
    then have  $\forall n. xn \in K$ 
      using assms(2) by blast
    with assms(1) obtain l a where l: l  $\in K$  strict-mono a limitin X (xn o a) l sequentially
      by (meson seq-compactin-def)
    have l  $\in C$ 
      using xn by(auto intro!: limitin-closedin[OF l(3) assms(3)])
    with l(2,3) show  $\exists l \in C. \exists a. \text{strict-mono } a \wedge \text{limitin } X (xn \circ a) l$  sequentially
      by blast

```

```

qed(use closedin-subset[OF assms(3)] in auto)

corollary closedin-seq-compact-space:
  seq-compact-space X  $\implies$  closedin X C  $\implies$  seq-compactin X C
  by(auto intro!: closed-seq-compactin[where K=topspace X and C=C] closedin-subset
    simp: seq-compact-space-def)

lemma seq-compactin-subtopology: seq-compactin (subtopology X S) T  $\longleftrightarrow$  seq-compactin
  X T  $\wedge$  T  $\subseteq$  S
  by(fastforce simp: seq-compactin-def limitin-subtopology subsetD)

corollary seq-compact-space-subtopology: seq-compactin X S  $\implies$  seq-compact-space
  (subtopology X S)
  by(auto simp: seq-compact-space-def seq-compactin-subtopology inf-absorb2 seq-compactin-subset-topspace)

lemma seq-compactin-PiED:
  assumes seq-compactin (product-topology X I) (Pi_E I S)
  shows (Pi_E I S = {})  $\vee$  ( $\forall i \in I$ . seq-compactin (X i) (S i))
  proof -
    consider Pi_E I S = {} | Pi_E I S  $\neq$  {}
    by blast
    then show (Pi_E I S = {})  $\vee$  ( $\forall i \in I$ . seq-compactin (X i) (S i))
    proof cases
      case 1
      then show ?thesis
      by simp
    next
      case 2
      then have Si-ne: $\bigwedge i$ . i  $\in$  I  $\implies$  S i  $\neq$  {}
      by blast
      then obtain ci where ci:  $\bigwedge i$ . i  $\in$  I  $\implies$  ci i  $\in$  S i
      by (meson PiE-E ex-in-conv)
      show ?thesis
      proof(safe intro!: disjI2)
        fix i
        assume i: i  $\in$  I
        show seq-compactin (X i) (S i)
          unfolding seq-compactin-def
        proof safe
          fix xn
          assume xn: $\forall n :: nat$ . xn n  $\in$  S i
          define Xn where Xn  $\equiv$  ( $\lambda n$ .  $\lambda j \in I$ . if j = i then xn n else ci j)
          have  $\bigwedge n$ . Xn n  $\in$  Pi_E I S
            using i xn ci by(auto simp: Xn-def)
          then obtain L a where L: L  $\in$  Pi_E I S strict-mono a
            limitin (product-topology X I) (Xn o a) L sequentially
            by (meson assms seq-compactin-def)
          thus  $\exists l \in S$  i.  $\exists a$ . strict-mono a  $\wedge$  limitin (X i) (xn o a) l sequentially
            using i by(auto simp: limitin-componentwise Xn-def comp-def intro!:

```

```

bexI[where x=L i] exI[where x=a])
next
  show  $\bigwedge x. x \in S \rightarrow x \in \text{topspace}(X)$ 
  using i subset-PiE[THEN iffD1, OF seq-compactin-subset-topspace[OF
assms,simplified]] 2 by auto
qed
qed
qed
qed

lemma metrizable-seq-compactin-iff-compactin:
assumes metrizable-space X
shows seq-compactin X S  $\longleftrightarrow$  compactin X S
proof -
  obtain d where d: Metric-space (topspace X) d Metric-space.mtopology (topspace
X) d = X
    by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology assms metrizable-space-def)
  interpret Metric-space topspace X d
    by fact
  have seq-compactin X S  $\longleftrightarrow$  seq-compactin mtopology S
    by(simp add: d)
  also have ...  $\longleftrightarrow$  compactin mtopology S
    by(fastforce simp: compactin-sequentially seq-compactin-def)
  also have ...  $\longleftrightarrow$  compactin X S
    by(simp add: d)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

corollary metrizable-seq-compact-space-iff-compact-space:
shows metrizable-space X  $\Rightarrow$  seq-compact-space X  $\longleftrightarrow$  compact-space X
unfolding seq-compact-space-def compact-space-def by(rule metrizable-seq-compactin-iff-compactin)

```

## 1.4 Lemmas for Limsup and Liminf

```

lemma real-less-add-ex-less-pair:
fixes x w v :: real
assumes x < w + v
shows  $\exists y z. x = y + z \wedge y < w \wedge z < v$ 
apply(rule exI[where x=w - (w + v - x) / 2])
apply(rule exI[where x=v - (w + v - x) / 2])
using assms by auto

lemma ereal-less-add-ex-less-pair:
fixes x w v :: ereal
assumes  $-\infty < w - \infty < v$  x < w + v
shows  $\exists y z. x = y + z \wedge y < w \wedge z < v$ 
proof -
  consider x = -∞ | -∞ < x x < ∞ w = ∞ v = ∞
  | -∞ < x x < ∞ w < ∞ v = ∞ | -∞ < x x < ∞ v < ∞ w = ∞

```

```

|  $-\infty < x \ x < \infty \ w < \infty \ v < \infty$ 
  using assms(3) less-ereal.simps(2) by blast
then show ?thesis
proof cases
  assume x = - \infty
  then show ?thesis
    using assms by (auto intro!: exI[where x=- \infty])
next
  assume h:- \infty < x \ x < \infty \ w = \infty \ v = \infty
  show ?thesis
    apply(rule exI[where x=0])
    apply(rule exI[where x=x])
    using h assms by simp
next
  assume h:- \infty < x \ x < \infty \ w < \infty \ v = \infty
  then obtain x' w' where eq: w = ereal w' x = ereal x'
    using assms by (metis less-irrefl sgn-ereal.cases)
  show ?thesis
    apply(rule exI[where x=w - 1])
    apply(rule exI[where x=x - (w - 1)])
    using h assms by (auto simp: eq one-ereal-def)
next
  assume h:- \infty < x \ x < \infty \ v < \infty \ w = \infty
  then obtain x' v' where eq: v = ereal v' x = ereal x'
    using assms by (metis less-irrefl sgn-ereal.cases)
  show ?thesis
    apply(rule exI[where x=x - (v - 1)])
    apply(rule exI[where x=v - 1])
    using h assms by (auto simp: eq one-ereal-def)
next
  assume - \infty < x \ x < \infty \ w < \infty \ v < \infty
  then obtain x' v' w' where eq: x = ereal x' w = ereal w' v = ereal v'
    using assms by (metis less-irrefl sgn-ereal.cases)
  have \exists y' z'. x' = y' + z' \wedge y' < w' \wedge z' < v'
    using real-less-add-ex-less-pair assms by (simp add: eq)
  then obtain y' z' where yz': x' = y' + z' \wedge y' < w' \wedge z' < v'
    by blast
  show ?thesis
    apply(rule exI[where x=ereal y'])
    apply(rule exI[where x=ereal z'])
    using yz' by (simp add: eq)
qed
qed

lemma real-add-less:
  fixes x w v :: real
  assumes w + v < x
  shows \exists y z. x = y + z \wedge w < y \wedge v < z
  apply(rule exI[where x=w + (x - (w + v)) / 2])

```

```

apply(rule exI[where x=v + (x - (w + v)) / 2])
using assms by auto

lemma ereal-add-less:
fixes x w v :: ereal
assumes w + v < x
shows ∃ y z. x = y + z ∧ w < y ∧ v < z
proof -
have -∞ < x v < ∞ w < ∞
  using assms less-ereal.simps(2,3) by auto
then consider x = ∞ w < ∞ v < ∞ | -∞ < x x < ∞ w = -∞ v = -∞
| -∞ < x x < ∞ w = -∞ v < ∞ -∞ < v
| -∞ < x x < ∞ v = -∞ w < ∞ -∞ < w
| -∞ < x x < ∞ -∞ < w w < ∞ v < ∞ -∞ < v
by blast
thus ?thesis
proof cases
assume x = ∞ w < ∞ v < ∞
then show ?thesis
  by(auto intro!: exI[where x=∞])
next
assume h:-∞ < x x < ∞ w = -∞ v = -∞
show ?thesis
  apply(rule exI[where x=0])
  apply(rule exI[where x=x])
  using h assms by simp
next
assume h:-∞ < x x < ∞ w = -∞ v < ∞ -∞ < v
then obtain x' v' where xv': x = ereal x' v = ereal v'
  by (metis less-irrefl sgn-ereal.cases)
show ?thesis
  apply(rule exI[where x=x - (v + 1)])
  apply(rule exI[where x=v + 1])
  using h by(auto simp: xv')
next
assume h:-∞ < x x < ∞ v = -∞ w < ∞ -∞ < w
then obtain x' w' where xw': x = ereal x' w = ereal w'
  by (metis less-irrefl sgn-ereal.cases)
show ?thesis
  apply(rule exI[where x=w + 1])
  apply(rule exI[where x=x - (w + 1)])
  using h by(auto simp: xw')
next
assume h:-∞ < x x < ∞ -∞ < w w < ∞ v < ∞ -∞ < v
then obtain x' v' w' where eq: x = ereal x' w = ereal w' v = ereal v'
  using assms by (metis less-irrefl sgn-ereal.cases)
have ∃ y' z'. x' = y' + z' ∧ y' > w' ∧ z' > v'
  using assms real-add-less by(auto simp: eq)
then obtain y' z' where yz': x' = y' + z' ∧ y' > w' ∧ z' > v'

```

```

by blast
show ?thesis
apply(rule exI[where x=ereal y'])
apply(rule exI[where x=ereal z'])
using yz' by(simp add: eq)
qed
qed

A generalized version of  $\neg (\liminf u = \infty \wedge \liminf v = -\infty \vee \liminf u = -\infty \wedge \liminf v = \infty) \implies \liminf u + \liminf v \leq \liminf (\lambda n. u n + v n)$ .

lemma ereal-Liminf-add-mono:
fixes u v::'a ⇒ ereal
assumes ¬((Liminf F u = ∞ ∧ Liminf F v = -∞) ∨ (Liminf F u = -∞ ∧ Liminf F v = ∞))
shows Liminf F (λn. u n + v n) ≥ Liminf F u + Liminf F v
proof (cases)
assume (Liminf F u = -∞) ∨ (Liminf F v = -∞)
then have *: Liminf F u + Liminf F v = -∞ using assms by auto
show ?thesis by (simp add: *)
next
assume ¬((Liminf F u = -∞) ∨ (Liminf F v = -∞))
then have h: Liminf F u > -∞ Liminf F v > -∞ by auto
show ?thesis
unfolding le-Liminf-iff
proof safe
fix y
assume y: y < Liminf F u + Liminf F v
then obtain x z where xz: y = x + z x < Liminf F u z < Liminf F v
using ereal-less-add-ex-less-pair h by blast
show ∀ F x in F. y < u x + v x
by(rule eventually-mp[OF - eventually-conj[OF less-LiminfD[OF xz(2)] less-LiminfD[OF xz(3)]]])
(auto simp: xz intro!: eventuallyI ereal-add-strict-mono2)
qed
qed

```

A generalized version of  $\limsup (\lambda n. u n + v n) \leq \limsup u + \limsup v$ .

```

lemma ereal-Limsup-add-mono:
fixes u v::'a ⇒ ereal
shows Limsup F (λn. u n + v n) ≤ Limsup F u + Limsup F v
unfolding Limsup-le-iff
proof safe
fix y
assume Limsup F u + Limsup F v < y
then obtain x z where xz: y = x + z Limsup F u < x Limsup F v < z
using ereal-add-less by blast
show ∀ F x in F. u x + v x < y

```

```

by(rule eventually-mp[OF - eventually-conj[OF Limsup-lessD[OF xz(2)] Lim-sup-lessD[OF xz(3)]]]]])
  (auto simp: xz intro!: eventuallyI ereal-add-strict-mono2)
qed

```

## 1.5 A Characterization of Closed Sets by Limit

There is a net which characterize closed sets in terms of convergence. Since Isabelle/HOL's convergent is defined through filters, we transform the net to a filter. We refer to the lecture notes by Shi [3] for the conversion.

```

definition derived-filter :: ['i set, 'i ⇒ 'i ⇒ bool] ⇒ 'i filter where
  derived-filter I op ≡ ( $\bigcap_{i \in I} \text{principal } \{j \in I. \text{op } i j\}$ )

```

```

lemma eventually-derived-filter:
  assumes A ≠ {}
  and refl:  $\bigwedge a. a \in A \Rightarrow \text{rel } a a$ 
  and trans:  $\bigwedge a b c. a \in A \Rightarrow b \in A \Rightarrow c \in A \Rightarrow \text{rel } a b \Rightarrow \text{rel } b c \Rightarrow \text{rel } a c$ 
  and pair-bounded:  $\bigwedge a b. a \in A \Rightarrow b \in A \Rightarrow \exists c \in A. \text{rel } a c \wedge \text{rel } b c$ 
  shows eventually P (derived-filter A rel) ←→ ( $\exists i \in A. \forall n \in A. \text{rel } i n \longrightarrow P n$ )
proof –
  show ?thesis
    unfolding derived-filter-def
    proof(subst eventually-INF-base)
      fix a b
      assume h:a ∈ A b ∈ A
      then obtain z where z ∈ A rel a z rel b z
        using pair-bounded by metis
      thus  $\exists x \in A. \text{principal } \{j \in A. \text{rel } x j\} \leq \text{principal } \{j \in A. \text{rel } a j\} \sqcap \text{principal } \{j \in A. \text{rel } b j\}$ 
        using h by(auto intro!: bexI[where x=z dest: trans])
      next
        show ( $\exists b \in A. \text{eventually } P (\text{principal } \{j \in A. \text{rel } b j\})$ ) ←→ ( $\exists i \in A. \forall n \in A. \text{rel } i n \longrightarrow P n$ )
          unfolding eventually-principal by blast
        qed fact
      qed

```

```

definition nhdsin-sets :: 'a topology ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a set filter where
  nhdsin-sets X x ≡ derived-filter {U. openin X U ∧ x ∈ U} (⊓)

```

```

lemma eventually-nhdsin-sets:
  assumes x ∈ topspace X
  shows eventually P (nhdsin-sets X x) ←→ ( $\exists U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U \wedge (\forall V. \text{openin } X V \longrightarrow x \in V \longrightarrow V \subseteq U \longrightarrow P V)$ )
proof –
  have h:{U. openin X U ∧ x ∈ U} ≠ {}
     $\bigwedge a. a \in \{U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U\} \Longrightarrow (\exists) a a$ 

```

```

 $\bigwedge a b c. a \in \{U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U\} \implies b \in \{U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U\}$   $\implies c \in \{U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U\} \implies (\exists) a b \implies (\exists) b c \implies (\exists) a c$ 
 $\bigwedge a b. a \in \{U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U\} \implies b \in \{U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U\}$ 
 $\implies \exists c \in \{U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U\}. (\exists) a c \wedge (\exists) b c$ 

proof safe
fix  $U V$ 
assume  $x \in U$   $x \in V$   $\text{openin } X U \text{ openin } X V$ 
then show  $\exists W \in \{U. \text{openin } X U \wedge x \in U\}. W \subseteq U \wedge W \subseteq V$ 
using  $\text{openin-Int}[of X U V]$  by auto
qed(use assms in fastforce)+
show ?thesis
unfolding nhdsin-sets-def
apply(subst eventually-derived-filter[of {U. openin X U ∧ x ∈ U} (exists)])
using h apply blast
apply simp
using h
apply blast
using h
apply blast
apply fastforce
done
qed

lemma eventually-nhdsin-setsI:
assumes  $x \in \text{topspace } X \wedge U. x \in U \implies \text{openin } X U \implies P U$ 
shows eventually P (nhdsin-sets X x)
using assms by(auto simp: eventually-nhdsin-sets)

lemma nhdsin-sets-bot[simp, intro]:
assumes  $x \in \text{topspace } X$ 
shows nhdsin-sets X x ≠ ⊥
by(auto simp: trivial-limit-def eventually-nhdsin-sets[OF assms])

corollary limitin-nhdsin-sets: limitin X xn x (nhdsin-sets X x) ↔ x ∈ topspace X
 $\wedge (\forall U. \text{openin } X U \longrightarrow x \in U \longrightarrow (\exists V. \text{openin } X V \wedge x \in V \wedge (\forall W. \text{openin } X W \longrightarrow x \in W \longrightarrow W \subseteq V \longrightarrow xn W \in U)))$ 
using eventually-nhdsin-sets by(fastforce dest: limitin-topspace simp: limitin-def)

lemma closedin-limitin:
assumes  $T \subseteq \text{topspace } X \wedge xn x. x \in \text{topspace } X \implies (\bigwedge U. x \in U \implies \text{openin } X U \implies xn U \neq x) \implies (\bigwedge U. x \in U \implies \text{openin } X U \implies xn U \in T) \implies (\bigwedge U. xn U \in \text{topspace } X) \implies \text{limitin } X xn x (nhdsin-sets X x) \implies x \in T$ 
shows closedin X T
proof –
have 1:  $X \text{ derived-set-of } T \subseteq T$ 
proof
fix  $x$ 
assume  $x: x \in X \text{ derived-set-of } T$ 
hence  $x': x \in \text{topspace } X$ 

```

```

by (simp add: in-derived-set-of)
define xn where xn ≡ (λU. if x ∈ U ∧ openin X U then (SOME y. y ≠ x ∧
y ∈ T ∧ y ∈ U) else x)
have xn: xn U ≠ x xn U ∈ T xn U ∈ U if U: openin X U x ∈ U for U
proof -
  have (SOME y. y ≠ x ∧ y ∈ T ∧ y ∈ U) ≠ x ∧ (SOME y. y ≠ x ∧ y ∈ T
∧ y ∈ U) ∈ T ∧ (SOME y. y ≠ x ∧ y ∈ T ∧ y ∈ U) ∈ U
    by(rule someI-ex,insert x U) (auto simp: derived-set-of-def)
  thus xn U ≠ x xn U ∈ T xn U ∈ U
    by(auto simp: xn-def U)
qed
hence 1: ∀U. x ∈ U ⇒ openin X U ⇒ xn U ≠ x ∧ U. x ∈ U ⇒ openin
X U ⇒ xn U ∈ T
by simp-all
moreover have xn U ∈ topspace X for U
proof(cases x ∈ U ∧ openin X U)
  case True
  with assms 1 show ?thesis
    by fast
next
  case False
  with x 1 derived-set-of-subset-topspace[of X T] show ?thesis
    by(auto simp: xn-def)
qed
moreover have limitin X xn x (nhdsin-sets X x)
  unfolding limitin-nhdsin-sets
proof safe
  fix U
  assume U: openin X U x ∈ U
  then show ∃V. openin X V ∧ x ∈ V ∧ (∀W. openin X W → x ∈ W →
W ⊆ V → xn W ∈ U)
    using xn by(fastforce intro!: exI[where x=U])
qed(use x derived-set-of-subset-topspace in fastforce)
ultimately show x ∈ T
  by(rule assms(2)[OF x])
qed
thus ?thesis
  using assms(1) by(auto intro!: closure-of-eq[THEN iffD1] simp: closure-of)
qed

```

**corollary** closedin-iff-limitin-eq:  
**fixes**  $X :: \text{topology}$   
**shows** closedin  $X C$   
 $\longleftrightarrow C \subseteq \text{topspace } X \wedge$   
 $(\forall xi x (F :: \text{'a set filter}). (\forall i. xi i \in \text{topspace } X) \rightarrow x \in \text{topspace } X$   
 $\rightarrow (\forall F i \in F. xi i \in C) \rightarrow F \neq \perp \rightarrow \text{limitin } X xi x F \rightarrow x \in C)$

**proof**  
**assume**  $C \subseteq \text{topspace } X \wedge$   
 $(\forall xi x (F :: \text{'a set filter}). (\forall i. xi i \in \text{topspace } X) \rightarrow x \in \text{topspace } X$

```

 $\longrightarrow (\forall_F i \text{ in } F. xi \ i \in C) \longrightarrow F \neq \perp \longrightarrow \text{limitin } X xi x F \longrightarrow x \in C)$ 
then show closedin  $X C$ 
apply(intro closedin-limitin)
apply blast
by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) nhdsin-sets-bot eventually-nhdsin-setsI)
qed(auto dest: limitin-closedin closedin-subset)

lemma closedin-iff-limitin-sequentially:
assumes first-countable  $X$ 
shows closedin  $X S \longleftrightarrow S \subseteq \text{topspace } X \wedge (\forall \sigma l. \text{range } \sigma \subseteq S \wedge \text{limitin } X \sigma l \text{ sequentially} \longrightarrow l \in S)$  (is ?lhs=?rhs)
proof safe
assume  $h: S \subseteq \text{topspace } X \forall \sigma l. \text{range } \sigma \subseteq S \wedge \text{limitin } X \sigma l \text{ sequentially} \longrightarrow l \in S$ 
show closedin  $X S$ 
proof(rule closedin-limitin)
fix  $xu x$ 
assume  $xu: \bigwedge U. x \in U \implies \text{openin } X U \implies xu \in S \wedge \bigwedge U. xu \in \text{topspace } X \text{ limitin } X xu x \text{ (nhdsin-sets } X x)$ 
then have  $x:x \in \text{topspace } X$ 
by(auto simp: limitin-topspace)
then obtain  $B$  where  $B: \text{countable } B \wedge \bigwedge V. V \in B \implies \text{openin } X V \wedge \bigwedge U. \text{openin } X U \implies x \in U \implies (\exists V \in B. x \in V \wedge V \subseteq U)$ 
using assms first-countable-def by metis
define  $B'$  where  $B' \equiv B \cap \{U. x \in U\}$ 
have  $B'\text{-ne}:B' \neq \{\}$ 
using  $B'\text{-def } B(3) x$  by fastforce
have  $cB':\text{countable } B'$ 
using  $B$  by(simp add:  $B'\text{-def}$ )
have  $B': \bigwedge V. V \in B' \implies \text{openin } X V \wedge \bigwedge U. \text{openin } X U \implies x \in U \implies (\exists V \in B'. x \in V \wedge V \subseteq U)$ 
using  $B$   $B'\text{-def}$  by fastforce+
define  $xn$  where  $xn \equiv (\lambda n. xu (\bigcap i \leq n. (\text{from-nat-into } B' i)))$ 
have  $xn\text{-in-}S: \text{range } xn \subseteq S$  and  $\text{limitin-}xn: \text{limitin } X xn x \text{ sequentially}$ 
proof -
have  $1: \bigwedge n. \text{openin } X (\bigcap i \leq n. (\text{from-nat-into } B' i))$ 
by (auto simp:  $B'(1) B'\text{-ne from-nat-into}$ )
have  $2: \bigwedge n. x \in (\bigcap i \leq n. (\text{from-nat-into } B' i))$ 
by (metis  $B'\text{-def } B'\text{-ne INT-I Int-iff from-nat-into mem-Collect-eq}$ )
thus range  $xn \subseteq S$ 
using 1 by(auto simp:  $xn\text{-def intro!: xu}$ )
show  $\text{limitin } X xn x \text{ sequentially}$ 
unfolding limitin-sequentially
proof safe
fix  $U$ 
assume  $U: \text{openin } X U x \in U$ 
then obtain  $V$  where  $V: x \in V \text{ openin } X V \wedge W. \text{openin } X W \implies x \in W \implies W \subseteq V \implies xu \in W \in U$ 

```

```

by (metis limitin-nhdsin-sets xu(3))
then obtain V' where V':  $V' \in B'$   $x \in V'$   $V' \subseteq V$ 
  using  $B'$  by meson
then obtain N where N:  $(\bigcap i \leq N. (\text{from-nat-into } B' i)) \subseteq V'$ 
  by (metis Inf-lower atMost-iff cB' from-nat-into-surj image-iff order.refl)
show  $\exists N. \forall n \geq N. xn n \in U$ 
proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=N])
  fix n
  assume [arith]: $n \geq N$ 
  show  $xn n \in U$ 
    unfolding xn-def
  proof(rule V(3))
    have  $(\bigcap i \leq n. (\text{from-nat-into } B' i)) \subseteq (\bigcap i \leq N. (\text{from-nat-into } B' i))$ 
      by force
    also have ...  $\subseteq V$ 
      using N V' by simp
    finally show  $\bigcap (\text{from-nat-into } B' \setminus \{..n\}) \subseteq V$  .
    qed(use 1 2 in auto)
  qed
  qed fact
qed
thus  $x \in S$ 
  using h(2) by blast
qed fact
qed(auto simp: limitin-closedin range-subsetD dest: closedin-subset)

```

## 1.6 A Characterization of Topology by Limit

```

lemma topology-eq-filter:
  fixes X :: 'a topology
  assumes topspace X = topspace Y
  and  $\bigwedge (F :: 'a set filter) xi x. (\bigwedge i. xi i \in \text{topspace } X) \implies x \in \text{topspace } X \implies$ 
    limitin X xi x F  $\longleftrightarrow$  limitin Y xi x F
  shows X = Y
  unfolding topology-eq-closedin closedin-iff-limitin-eq using assms by simp

lemma topology-eq-limit-sequentially:
  assumes topspace X = topspace Y
  and first-countable X first-countable Y
  and  $\bigwedge xn x. (\bigwedge n. xn i \in \text{topspace } X) \implies x \in \text{topspace } X \implies$ 
    limitin X xn x sequentially  $\longleftrightarrow$  limitin Y xn x sequentially
  shows X = Y
  unfolding topology-eq-closedin closedin-iff-limitin-sequentially[OF assms(2)] closedin-iff-limitin-sequentially[assms(3)]
  by (metis dual-order.trans limitin-topspace range-subsetD assms(1,4))

```

## 1.7 A Characterization of Open Sets by Limit

**corollary** openin-limitin:

assumes  $U \subseteq \text{topspace } X \wedge \bigwedge xi x. x \in \text{topspace } X \implies (\bigwedge i. xi i \in \text{topspace } X)$

```

 $\implies \text{limitin } X \ xi \ x \ (\text{nhdsin-sets } X \ x) \implies x \in U \implies \forall_F i \text{ in } (\text{nhdsin-sets } X \ x). \ xi_i \in U$ 
shows openin X U
unfolding openin-closedin-eq
proof(safe intro!: assms(1) closedin-limitin)
fix xi x
assume h:x ∈ topspace X ∀ V. x ∈ V → openin X V → xi V ∈ topspace X – U
 $\forall V. \ xi_V \in \text{topspace } X \ \text{limitin } X \ xi \ x \ (\text{nhdsin-sets } X \ x) \ x \in U$ 
show False
using assms(2)[OF h(1,3,4,5)[rule-format]] h(2)
by(auto simp: eventually-nhdsin-sets[OF h(1)])
qed

corollary openin-iff-limitin-eq:
fixes X :: 'a topology
shows openin X U ↔ U ⊆ topspace X ∧ (∀ xi x (F :: 'a set filter). (∀ i. xi_i ∈ topspace X) → x ∈ U → limitin X xi x F → (∀_F i in F. xi_i ∈ U))
by(auto intro!: openin-limitin openin-subset simp: limitin-def)

corollary limitin-openin-sequentially:
assumes first-countable X
shows openin X U ↔ U ⊆ topspace X ∧ (∀ xn x. x ∈ U → limitin X xn x sequentially → (∃ N. ∀ n ≥ N. xn_n ∈ U))
unfolding openin-closedin-eq closedin-iff-limitin-sequentially[OF assms]
apply safe
apply (simp add: assms closedin-iff-limitin-sequentially limitin-sequentially openin-closedin)
apply (simp add: limitin-sequentially)
apply blast
done

lemma upper-semicontinuous-map-limsup-iff:
fixes f :: 'a ⇒ ('b :: {complete-linorder, linorder-topology})
assumes first-countable X
shows upper-semicontinuous-map X f ↔ (∀ xn x. limitin X xn x sequentially → limsup (λn. f (xn_n)) ≤ f x)
unfolding upper-semicontinuous-map-def
proof safe
fix xn x
assume h: ∀ a. openin X {x ∈ topspace X. f x < a} limitin X xn x sequentially
show limsup (λn. f (xn_n)) ≤ f x
unfolding Limsup-le-iff eventually-sequentially
proof safe
fix y
assume y:f x < y
show ∃ N. ∀ n ≥ N. f (xn_n) < y
proof (rule ccontr)
assume ∉ N. ∀ n ≥ N. f (xn_n) < y

```

```

then have  $hc:\bigwedge N. \exists n \geq N. f(xn\ n) \geq y$ 
  using linorder-not-less by blast
define  $a :: nat \Rightarrow nat$  where  $a \equiv rec\text{-}nat (SOME\ n. f(xn\ n) \geq y) (\lambda n\ an.$ 
 $SOME\ m. m > an \wedge f(xn\ m) \geq y)$ 
have strict-mono  $a$ 
proof(rule strict-monoI-Suc)
fix  $n$ 
have [simp]: $a(Suc\ n) = (SOME\ m. m > a\ n \wedge f(xn\ m) \geq y)$ 
  by(auto simp: a-def)
show  $a\ n < a(Suc\ n)$ 
  by simp (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Suc-le-lessD hc someI)
qed
have *: $f(xn(a\ n)) \geq y$  for  $n$ 
proof(cases  $n$ )
case 0
then show ?thesis
  using hc[of 0] by(auto simp: a-def intro!: someI-ex)
next
case ( $Suc\ n'$ )
then show ?thesis
  by(simp add: a-def) (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Suc-le-lessD hc someI-ex)
qed
have  $\exists N. \forall n \geq N. (xn \circ a)\ n \in \{x \in topspace X. f x < y\}$ 
  using limitin-subsequence[OF ‹strict-mono a› h(2)] h(1)[rule-format,of y] y
  by(fastforce simp: limitin-sequentially)
with * show False
  using leD by auto
qed
qed
next
fix  $a$ 
assume  $h: \forall xn\ x. limitin X\ xn\ x\ sequentially \longrightarrow limsup(\lambda n. f(xn\ n)) \leq f x$ 
show openin  $X\ \{x \in topspace X. f x < a\}$ 
  unfolding limitin-openin-sequentially[OF assms]
proof safe
fix  $x\ xn$ 
assume  $h': limitin X\ xn\ x\ sequentially\ x \in topspace X\ f x < a$ 
with  $h$  have  $limsup(\lambda n. f(xn\ n)) \leq f x$ 
  by auto
with  $h'(3)$  obtain  $N$  where  $N: \bigwedge n. n \geq N \implies f(xn\ n) < a$ 
  by(auto simp: Limsup-le-iff eventually-sequentially)
obtain  $N'$  where  $N': \bigwedge n. n \geq N' \implies xn\ n \in topspace X$ 
  by (meson h'(1) limitin-sequentially openin-topspace)
thus  $\exists N. \forall n \geq N. xn\ n \in \{x \in topspace X. f x < a\}$ 
  using h'(3) N by(auto intro!: exI[where  $x=\max N\ N'$ ])
qed
qed

```

## 1.8 Lemmas for Upper/Lower-Semi Continuous Maps

```

lemma upper-semicontinuous-map-limsup-real:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ real
  assumes first-countable X
  shows upper-semicontinuous-map X f ←→ ( ∀ xn x. limitin X xn x sequentially
  → limsup ( λn. f (xn n)) ≤ f x)
  unfolding upper-semicontinuous-map-real-iff upper-semicontinuous-map-limsup-iff [OF
  assms] by simp

lemma lower-semicontinuous-map-liminf-iff:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ ('b :: {complete-linorder,linorder-topology})
  assumes first-countable X
  shows lower-semicontinuous-map X f ←→ ( ∀ xn x. limitin X xn x sequentially
  → f x ≤ liminf ( λn. f (xn n)))
  unfolding lower-semicontinuous-map-def
  proof safe
    fix xn x
    assume h: ∀ a. openin X {x ∈ topspace X. a < f x} limitin X xn x sequentially
    show f x ≤ liminf ( λn. f (xn n))
    unfolding le-Liminf-iff eventually-sequentially
    proof safe
      fix y
      assume y:y < f x
      show ∃ N. ∀ n≥N. y < f (xn n)
      proof(rule ccontr)
        assume ∉ N. ∀ n≥N. y < f (xn n)
        then have hc: ∧ N. ∃ n≥N. y ≥ f (xn n)
        by (meson verit-comp-simplify1(3))
        define a :: nat ⇒ nat where a ≡ rec-nat (SOME n. f (xn n) ≤ y) (λn an.
        SOME m. m > an ∧ f (xn m) ≤ y)
        have strict-mono a
        proof(rule strict-monoI-Suc)
          fix n
          have [simp]: a (Suc n) = (SOME m. m > a n ∧ f (xn m) ≤ y)
          by(auto simp: a-def)
          show a n < a (Suc n)
          by simp (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-le-lessD ∉ N. ∀ n≥N. y < f (xn n)-
          not-le someI-ex)
        qed
        have *: f (xn (a n)) ≤ y for n
        proof(cases n)
          case 0
          then show ?thesis
          using hc[of 0] by(auto simp: a-def intro!: someI-ex)
        next
          case (Suc n')
          then show ?thesis
          by(simp add: a-def) (metis (mono-tags, lifting) Suc-le-lessD hc someI-ex)
        qed

```

```

have  $\exists N. \forall n \geq N. (xn \circ a) n \in \{x \in \text{topspace } X. f x > y\}$ 
  using limitin-subsequence[OF strict-mono a] h(2) [rule-format,of y] y
  by(fastforce simp: limitin-sequentially)
  with * show False
    using leD by auto
qed
qed
next
fix a
assume  $h: \forall xn x. \text{limitin } X xn x \text{ sequentially} \longrightarrow f x \leq \text{liminf } (\lambda n. f (xn n))$ 
show openin  $X \{x \in \text{topspace } X. a < f x\}$ 
  unfolding limitin-openin-sequentially[OF assms]
proof safe
fix x xn
assume  $h': \text{limitin } X xn x \text{ sequentially} x \in \text{topspace } X f x > a$ 
with h have  $f x \leq \text{liminf } (\lambda n. f (xn n))$ 
  by auto
with h'(3) obtain N where  $N: \bigwedge n. n \geq N \implies f (xn n) > a$ 
  by(auto simp: le-Liminf-iff eventually-sequentially)
obtain N' where  $N': \bigwedge n. n \geq N' \implies xn n \in \text{topspace } X$ 
  by (meson h'(1) limitin-sequentially openin-topspace)
thus  $\exists N. \forall n \geq N. xn n \in \{x \in \text{topspace } X. f x > a\}$ 
  using h'(3) N by(auto intro!: exI[where x=max N N'])
qed
qed

```

```

lemma lower-semicontinuous-map-liminf-real:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ real
  assumes first-countable X
  shows lower-semicontinuous-map X f ⟷ ( $\forall xn x. \text{limitin } X xn x \text{ sequentially}$ 
   $\longrightarrow f x \leq \text{liminf } (\lambda n. f (xn n))$ )
  unfolding lower-semicontinuous-map-real-iff lower-semicontinuous-map-liminf-iff[OF assms] by simp
end

```

## 2 Alaoglu's Theorem

```

theory Alaoglu-Theorem
imports Lemmas-Levy-Prokhorov
Riesz-Representation.Riesz-Representation
begin

```

We prove (a special case of) Alaoglu's theorem for the space of continuous functions. We refer to Section 9 of the lecture note by Heil [1].

## 2.1 Metrizability of the Space of Uniformly Bounded Positive Linear Functionals

```

lemma metrizable-functional:
  fixes X :: 'a topology and r :: real
  defines prod-space ≡ powertop-real (mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric))
  defines B ≡ {φ∈topspace prod-space. φ (λx∈topspace X. 1) ≤ r ∧ positive-linear-functional-on-CX
X φ}
  defines Φ ≡ subtopology prod-space B
  assumes compact: compact-space X and met: metrizable-space X
  shows metrizable-space Φ
  proof(cases X = trivial-topology)
    case True
    hence metrizable-space prod-space
      by(auto simp: prod-space-def metrizable-space-product-topology metrizable-space-euclidean
intro!: countable-finite)
    thus ?thesis
      using Φ-def metrizable-space-subtopology by blast
  next
    case X-ne:False
    have Haus: Hausdorff-space X
      using met metrizable-imp-Hausdorff-space by blast
    consider r ≥ 0 | r < 0
      by fastforce
    then show ?thesis
    proof cases
      case r:1
      have B: B ⊆ topspace prod-space
        by(auto simp: B-def)
      have ext-eq: ∀f::'a ⇒ real. f ∈ mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric) ==>
(λx∈topspace X. f x) = f
        by (auto simp: extensional-def)
      have met1: metrizable-space (mtopology-of (cfunspace X euclidean-metric))
        by (metis Metric-space.metrizable-space-mtopology Metric-space-mspace-mdist
mtopology-of-def)
      have separable-space (mtopology-of (cfunspace X (euclidean-metric :: real metric)))
        by (simp add: Met-TC.Self-def euclidean-metric-def)
      proof -
        have separable-space (mtopology-of (cfunspace X (Met-TC.Self :: real metric)))
          using Met-TC.Metric-space-axioms Met-TC.separable-space-iff-second-countable
          by(auto intro!: Metric-space.separable-space-cfunspace[OF --- met compact])
        thus ?thesis
          by (simp add: Met-TC.Self-def euclidean-metric-def)
      qed
      then obtain F where dense:mdense-of (cfunspace X (euclidean-metric :: real metric)) F and F-count: countable F
        using separable-space-def2 by blast
      have infinite (topspace (mtopology-of (cfunspace X (euclidean-metric :: real metric))))
        by infinite (topspace (mtopology-of (cfunspace X (euclidean-metric :: real metric))))
      proof(rule infinite-super[where S=(λn::nat. λx∈topspace X. real n) ` UNIV])

```

```

show infinite (range (λn. λx∈topspace X. real n))
proof(intro range-inj-infinite inj-onI)
  fix n m
  assume h:(λx∈topspace X. real n) = (λx∈topspace X. real m)
  from X-ne obtain x where x ∈ topspace X by fastforce
  with fun-cong[OF h,of x] show n = m
    by simp
  qed
qed(auto simp: bounded-iff)
from countable-as-injective-image[OF F-count dense-in-infinite[OF metrizable-imp-t1-space[OF
met1] this dense]]
obtain gn :: nat ⇒ - where gn: F = range gn inj gn
  by blast
  then have gn-in: ∀n. gn n ∈ F ∀n. gn n ∈ mspace (cfunspace X eu-
clidian-metric)
    using dense-in-subset[OF dense] by auto
  hence gn-ext: ∀n. (λx∈topspace X. gn n x) = gn n
    by(auto intro!: ext-eq)
  define d :: [(‘a ⇒ real) ⇒ real, (‘a ⇒ real) ⇒ real] ⇒ real
  where d ≡ (λφ ψ. (∑ n. (1 / 2) ^ n * mdist (capped-metric 1 euclidean-metric)
    (φ (λx∈topspace X. gn n x)) (ψ (λx∈topspace
X. gn n x)))))
  have smble[simp]: summable (∑ n. (1 / 2) ^ n * mdist (capped-metric 1
(euclidean-metric :: real metric)) (a n) (b n))
  for a b
    by(rule summable-comparison-test'[where N=0 and g=λn. (1 / 2) ^ n *
1]) (auto intro!: mdist-capped)
  interpret d: Metric-space topspace Φ d
  proof
    show ∀x y. 0 ≤ d x y
      by(auto intro!: suminf-nonneg simp: d-def)
    show ∀x y. d x y = d y x
      by(auto simp: d-def simp: mdist-commute)
  next
    fix φ ψ
    assume h:φ ∈ topspace Φ ψ ∈ topspace Φ
    show d φ ψ = 0 ↔ φ = ψ
    proof
      assume d φ ψ = 0
      then have ∀n. (1 / 2) ^ n * mdist (capped-metric 1 euclidean-metric)
        (φ (λx∈topspace X. gn n x)) (ψ (λx∈topspace
X. gn n x)) = 0
        by(intro suminf-eq-zero-iff[THEN iffD1]) (auto simp: d-def)
      hence eq: ∀n. φ (λx∈topspace X. gn n x) = ψ (λx∈topspace X. gn n x)
        by simp
      show φ = ψ
      proof
        fix f
        consider f ∉ mspace (cfunspace X (euclidean-metric :: real metric))

```

```

|  $f \in mspace (cfunspace X (\text{euclidean-metric} :: \text{real metric}))$ 
by blast
thus  $\varphi f = \psi f$ 
proof cases
  case 1
  then show ?thesis
    using h by(auto simp: \Phi-def prod-space-def PiE-def extensional-def
simp del: mspace-cfunspace)
  next
  case f:2
  then have positive-linear-functional-on-CX X \varphi positive-linear-functional-on-CX
X \psi
  using h by(auto simp: \Phi-def topspace-subtopology-subset[OF B] B-def)
  from Riesz-representation-real-compact-metrizable[OF compact met
this(1)]
  Riesz-representation-real-compact-metrizable[OF compact met this(2)]
obtain N L where
  N: sets N = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure N
  \A f. continuous-map X euclideanreal f \implies \varphi (restrict f (topspace X))
= integralL N f
  and L: sets L = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure L
  \A f. continuous-map X euclideanreal f \implies \psi (restrict f (topspace X))
= integralL L f
  by auto
  have f-ext:(\lambda x\in topspace X. f x) = f
  using f by (auto simp: extensional-def)
  have \varphi f = \varphi (\lambda x\in topspace X. f x)
  by(simp add: f-ext)
  also have ... = integralL N f
  using f by(auto intro!: N)
  also have ... = integralL L f
  proof(rule finite-measure-integral-eq-dense[where F=F and X=X])
  fix g
  assume g \in F
  then obtain n where n:g = gn n
  using gn by fast
  hence integralL N g = integralL N (gn n)
  by simp
  also have ... = \varphi (\lambda x\in topspace X. gn n x)
  using gn-in by(auto intro!: N(3)[symmetric])
  also have ... = integralL L g
  using gn-in by(auto simp: eq n intro!: L(3))
  finally show integralL N g = integralL L g .
  qed(use N L dense f in auto)
  also have ... = \psi (\lambda x\in topspace X. f x)
  using f by(auto intro!: L(3)[symmetric])
  also have ... = \psi f
  by(simp add: f-ext)
  finally show ?thesis .

```

```

qed
qed
qed (auto simp add: d-def capped-metric-mdist)
next
fix  $\varphi_1 \varphi_2 \varphi_3$ 
assume  $h: \varphi_1 \in \text{topspace } \Phi \varphi_2 \in \text{topspace } \Phi \varphi_3 \in \text{topspace } \Phi$ 
show  $d \varphi_1 \varphi_3 \leq d \varphi_1 \varphi_2 + d \varphi_2 \varphi_3$ 
proof -
have  $d \varphi_1 \varphi_3 \leq (\sum n. (1 / 2) \wedge n * \text{mdist} (\text{capped-metric } 1 \text{ euclidean-metric})$ 
 $(\varphi_1 (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. \text{gn } n x)) (\varphi_2$ 
 $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. \text{gn } n x))$ 
 $+ (1 / 2) \wedge n * \text{mdist} (\text{capped-metric } 1 \text{ euclidean-metric})$ 
 $(\varphi_2 (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. \text{gn } n x)) (\varphi_3$ 
 $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. \text{gn } n x)))$ 
by(auto intro!: suminf-le mdist-triangle summable-add[OF smble smble,simplified distrib-left[symmetric]]
simp: d-def distrib-left[symmetric])
also have ... =  $d \varphi_1 \varphi_2 + d \varphi_2 \varphi_3$ 
by(simp add: suminf-add d-def)
finally show ?thesis .
qed
qed
have  $\Phi = d.\text{mtopology}$ 
unfolding topology-eq
proof safe
have continuous-map d.mtopology (subtopology prod-space B) id
unfolding continuous-map-in-subtopology prod-space-def id-apply image-id
continuous-map-componentwise
proof safe
fix  $f :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$ 
assume  $f: f \in \text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ (euclidean-metric)})$ 
hence  $f\text{-ext}: (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) = f$ 
by(auto intro!: ext-eq)
show continuous-map d.mtopology euclideanreal ( $\lambda x. x f$ )
unfolding continuous-map-iff-limit-seq[OF d.first-countable-mtopology]
proof safe
fix  $\varphi_n \varphi$ 
assume  $\varphi\text{-limit:limitin } d.\text{mtopology } \varphi_n \varphi \text{ sequentially}$ 
have  $(\lambda n. \varphi_n n f) \longrightarrow \varphi f$ 
proof(rule LIMSEQ-I)
fix  $e :: \text{real}$ 
assume  $e: e > 0$ 
from f_mdense-of-def3[THEN iffD1, OF dense] obtain fn where fn:
 $\bigwedge n. fn n \in F \text{ limitin } (m\text{topology-of } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric})) fn$ 
 $f \text{ sequentially}$ 
by fast
with f_dense-in-subset[OF dense] have fn-ext: $\bigwedge n. (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. fn n$ 
 $x) = fn n$ 
by(intro ext-eq) auto

```

```

define a0 where a0 ≡ (SOME n. ∀x∈topspace X. |fn n x - f x| ≤ (1 / 3) * (1 / (r + 1)) * e)
have a0:∀x∈topspace X. |fn a0 x - f x| ≤ (1 / 3) * (1 / (r + 1)) * e
unfolding a0-def
proof(rule someI-ex)
have ∃e. e > 0 ⇒ ∃N. ∀n≥N. mdist (cfunspace X euclidean-metric)
(fn n) f < e
by (metis Metric-space.limit-metric-sequentially Metric-space-mspace-mdist
fn(2) mttopology-of-def)
from this[of ((1 / 3) * (1 / (r + 1)) * e)]
obtain N where N: ∀n. n ≥ N ⇒ mdist (cfunspace X euclidean-metric)
(fn n) f < ((1 / 3) * (1 / (r + 1)) * e)
using e r by auto
hence mdist (cfunspace X euclidean-metric) (fn N) f ≤ ((1 / 3) * (1 / (r + 1)) * e)
by fastforce
from mdist-cfunspace-imp-mdist-le[OF -- this]
have le: ∀x. x ∈ topspace X ⇒ |fn N x - f x| ≤ ((1 / 3) * (1 / (r + 1)) * e)
using fn(1)[of N] dense-in-subset[OF dense] f dist-real-def by auto
thus ∃n. ∀x∈topspace X. |fn n x - f x| ≤ 1 / 3 * (1 / (r + 1)) * e
by(auto intro!: exI[where x=N])
qed
obtain l where l: fn a0 = gn l
using fn gn by blast
have ∃e. e > 0 ⇒ ∃N. ∀n≥N. φn n ∈ topspace Φ ∧ d (φn n) φ < e
using φ-limit by(fastforce simp: mttopology-of-def d.limit-metric-sequentially)
from this[of (1 / 2) ^ l * (1 / 3) * min 3 e] e
obtain N where N: ∀n. n ≥ N ⇒ φn n ∈ topspace Φ
    ∀n. n ≥ N ⇒ d (φn n) φ < (1 / 2) ^ l * (1 / 3) * min 3 e
by auto
show ∃no. ∀n≥no. norm (φn n f - φ f) < e
proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=N])
    fix n
    assume n: N ≤ n
    have norm (φn n f - φ f) ≤ |φn n (fn a0) - φ (fn a0)| + |φ (fn a0) - φ f| + |φn n (fn a0) - φn n f|
        by fastforce
    also have ... < (1 / 3) * e + (1 / 3) * e + (1 / 3) * e
    proof -
        have 1: |φn n (fn a0) - φ (fn a0)| < (1 / 3) * e
        proof(rule ccontr)
            assume ¬ |φn n (fn a0) - φ (fn a0)| < 1 / 3 * e
            then have 1: |φn n (fn a0) - φ (fn a0)| ≥ (1 / 3) * e
                by linarith
            have le1: |φn n (fn a0) - φ (fn a0)| < 1
            proof (rule ccontr)
                assume ¬ |φn n (fn a0) - φ (fn a0)| < 1
                then have contr: |φn n (fn a0) - φ (fn a0)| ≥ 1

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    by linarith
 $\text{consider } e > 3 \mid e \leq 3$ 
    by fastforce
 $\text{then show } False$ 
 $\text{proof cases}$ 
 $\text{case 1}$ 
 $\text{with } N[OF\ n] \text{ have } d(\varphi n\ n) \varphi < (1 / 2) \wedge l$ 
    by simp
 $\text{also have } \dots = (\sum m. \text{if } m = l \text{ then } (1 / 2) \wedge l \text{ else } 0)$ 
    using suminf-split-initial-segment[where  $f = \lambda m. \text{if } m = l \text{ then } (1 / 2) \wedge l \text{ else } (0 :: \text{real}) \text{ and } k = Suc\ l$ ]
        by simp
 $\text{also have } \dots \leq d(\varphi n\ n) \varphi$ 
    unfolding d-def
 $\text{proof(rule suminf-le)}$ 
 $\text{fix } m$ 
 $\text{show } (\text{if } m = l \text{ then } (1 / 2) \wedge l \text{ else } 0)$ 
 $\leq (1 / 2) \wedge m * mdist(\text{capped-metric 1 euclidean-metric})$ 
 $(\varphi n\ n (\text{restrict } (gn\ m) (\text{topspace } X)))$ 
 $(\varphi (\text{restrict } (gn\ m) (\text{topspace } X)))$ 
    using contr by(auto simp: l gn-ext capped-metric-mdist
dist-real-def)
qed auto
finally show False
by blast
next
case 2
then have  $(1 / 2) \wedge l * (1 / 3) * \min 3 e \leq (1 / 2) \wedge l$ 
    by simp
 $\text{also have } \dots = (\sum m. \text{if } m = l \text{ then } (1 / 2) \wedge l \text{ else } 0)$ 
    using suminf-split-initial-segment[where  $f = \lambda m. \text{if } m = l \text{ then } (1 / 2) \wedge l \text{ else } (0 :: \text{real}) \text{ and } k = Suc\ l$ ]
        by simp
 $\text{also have } \dots \leq d(\varphi n\ n) \varphi$ 
    unfolding d-def
 $\text{proof(rule suminf-le)}$ 
 $\text{fix } m$ 
 $\text{show } (\text{if } m = l \text{ then } (1 / 2) \wedge l \text{ else } 0)$ 
 $\leq (1 / 2) \wedge m * mdist(\text{capped-metric 1 euclidean-metric})$ 
 $(\varphi n\ n (\text{restrict } (gn\ m) (\text{topspace } X)))$ 
 $(\varphi (\text{restrict } (gn\ m) (\text{topspace } X)))$ 
    using contr by(auto simp: l gn-ext capped-metric-mdist
dist-real-def)
qed auto
also have  $\dots < (1 / 2) \wedge l * (1 / 3) * \min 3 e$ 
    by(rule N[OF n])
finally show False by simp
qed
qed

```

```

hence mdist1: mdist (capped-metric 1 euclidean-metric)
  ( $\varphi n\ n\ (\text{restrict}\ (\text{gn}\ l)\ (\text{topspace}\ X)))$ 
  ( $\varphi\ (\text{restrict}\ (\text{gn}\ l)\ (\text{topspace}\ X)))$ )
  =  $|\varphi n\ n\ (\text{fn}\ a0) - \varphi\ (\text{fn}\ a0)|$ 
  by(auto simp: capped-metric-mdist dist-real-def gn-ext l)
  have  $(1 / 2) \wedge l * (1 / 3) * \min 3 e \leq (1 / 2) \wedge l * (1 / 3) * e$ 
    using e by simp
  also have ... =  $(\sum m. \text{if } m = l \text{ then } (1 / 2) \wedge l * (1 / 3) * e \text{ else } 0)$ 
    using suminf-split-initial-segment[where  $f = \lambda m. \text{if } m = l \text{ then } (1 / 2) \wedge l * (1 / 3) * e \text{ else } 0$  and  $k = \text{Suc } l$ ]
    by simp
  also have ...  $\leq d(\varphi n\ n) \varphi$ 
    using 1 le1 by (fastforce simp: mdist1 d-def intro!: suminf-le)
  finally show False
    using N[OF n] by linarith
  qed
  have 2:  $|\varphi\ (\text{fn}\ a0) - \varphi\ f| \leq (1 / 3) * e$ 
  proof -
    from limitin-topspace[OF  $\varphi$ -limit,simplified]
    have plf:positive-linear-functional-on-CX X  $\varphi$ 
      by(simp add:  $\Phi$ -def B-def)
    from Riesz-representation-real-compact-metrizable[OF compact met
this]
    obtain N where N: sets N = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure N
       $\wedge f. \text{continuous-map } X \text{ euclideanreal } f \implies \varphi\ (\text{restrict}\ f\ (\text{topspace}\ X)) = \text{integral}^L N f$ 
      by blast
    hence space-N: space N = topspace X
      by(auto cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq simp: space-borel-of)
    interpret N: finite-measure N by fact
    have [measurable]:  $\text{fn}\ a0 \in \text{borel-measurable } N$   $f \in \text{borel-measurable } N$ 
      using continuous-map-measurable[of X euclideanreal] fn(1) f
      dense-in-subset[OF dense]
      by(auto simp: measurable-cong-sets[OF N(1) refl]
        intro!: continuous-map-measurable[of X euclideanreal,simplified
        borel-of-euclidean])
    have  $\varphi\ (\text{fn}\ a0) - \varphi\ f = \varphi\ (\lambda x \in \text{topspace}\ X. \text{fn}\ a0\ x) - \varphi\ (\lambda x \in \text{topspace}\ X. f\ x)$ 
      by(simp add: fn-ext f-ext)
    also have ... =  $\varphi\ (\lambda x \in \text{topspace}\ X. \text{fn}\ a0\ x) + \varphi\ (\lambda x \in \text{topspace}\ X. - f\ x)$ 
      using f by(auto intro!: pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-lin(1)[OF
      plf compact,of - - 1,simplified,symmetric])
    also have ... =  $\varphi\ (\lambda x \in \text{topspace}\ X. \text{fn}\ a0\ x + - f\ x)$ 
      by(rule pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-lin(2)[symmetric])
      (use fn(1) f dense-in-subset[OF dense] plf compact in auto)
    also have ... =  $\varphi\ (\lambda x \in \text{topspace}\ X. \text{fn}\ a0\ x - f\ x)$ 
      by simp

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```

also have ... = ( $\int x. fn a0 x - f x \partial N$ )
  using  $fn(1) f$  dense-in-subset[ $OF$  dense] by(auto intro!:  $N(3)$ 
continuous-map-diff)
  finally have  $|\varphi (fn a0) - \varphi f| = |(\int x. fn a0 x - f x \partial N)|$ 
    by simp
  also have ...  $\leq (\int x. |fn a0 x - f x| \partial N)$ 
    by(rule integral-abs-bound)
  also have ...  $\leq (\int x. (1 / 3) * (1 / (r + 1)) * e \partial N)$ 
    by(rule Bochner-Integration.integral-mono,insert a0)
    (auto intro!:  $N.integrable-const-bound[where B=(1 / 3) * (1 /$ 
 $(r + 1)) * e]$  simp: space-N)
  also have ... =  $(1 / 3) * e * ((1 / (r + 1)) * measure N (space N))$ 
    by simp
  also have ...  $\leq (1 / 3) * e$ 
  proof -
    have measure  $N$  (space  $N$ ) =  $(\int x. 1 \partial N)$ 
      by simp
    also have ... =  $\varphi (\lambda x \in topspace X. 1)$ 
      by(intro  $N(3)$ [symmetric]) simp
    also have ...  $\leq r$ 
    using limitin-topspace[ $OF$   $\varphi$ -limit,simplified] by(auto simp:  $\Phi$ -def
B-def)
    finally have  $(1 / (r + 1)) * measure N (space N) \leq 1$ 
      using  $r$  by simp
      thus ?thesis
        unfolding mult-le-cancel-left2 using  $e$  by auto
      qed
      finally show ?thesis .
    qed
    have 3:  $|\varphi n n (fn a0) - \varphi n n f| \leq (1 / 3) * e$ 
    proof -
      have plf:positive-linear-functional-on-CX  $X (\varphi n n)$ 
        using  $N(1)[OF n]$  by(simp add:  $\Phi$ -def B-def)
      from Riesz-representation-real-compact-metrizable[ $OF$  compact met
this]
      obtain  $N$  where  $N': sets N = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure N$ 
 $\wedge f. continuous-map X euclideanreal f \implies \varphi n n (restrict f (topspace$ 
 $X)) = integral^L N f$ 
        by blast
      hence space-N: space  $N = topspace X$ 
        by(auto cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq simp: space-borel-of)
      interpret  $N$ : finite-measure  $N$  by fact
      have [measurable]:  $fn a0 \in borel-measurable N f \in borel-measurable$ 
 $N$ 
        using continuous-map-measurable[of  $X$  euclideanreal]  $fn(1) f$ 
dense-in-subset[ $OF$  dense]
        by(auto simp: measurable-cong-sets[ $OF N'(1)$  refl]
intro!: continuous-map-measurable[of  $X$  euclideanreal,simplified
borel-of-euclidean])
    
```

```

have  $\varphi n n (fn a0) - \varphi n n f = \varphi n n (\lambda x \in topspace X. fn a0 x) -$ 
 $\varphi n n (\lambda x \in topspace X. f x)$ 
    by(simp add: fn-ext f-ext)
also have ... =  $\varphi n n (\lambda x \in topspace X. fn a0 x) + \varphi n n (\lambda x \in topspace$ 
 $X. - f x)$ 
    using f by(auto intro!: pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-lin(1)[OF
plf compact,of - - ,simplified,symmetric])
also have ... =  $\varphi n n (\lambda x \in topspace X. fn a0 x + - f x)$ 
    by(rule pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-lin(2)[symmetric])
        (use fn(1) plf compact f dense-in-subset[OF dense] in auto)
also have ... =  $\varphi n n (\lambda x \in topspace X. fn a0 x - f x)$ 
    by simp
also have ... = ( $\int x. fn a0 x - f x \partial N$ )
    using fn(1) f dense-in-subset[OF dense] by(auto intro!: N'(3)
continuous-map-diff)
    finally have  $|\varphi n n (fn a0) - \varphi n n f| = |(\int x. fn a0 x - f x \partial N)|$ 
        by simp
    also have ...  $\leq (\int x. |fn a0 x - f x| \partial N)$ 
        by(rule integral-abs-bound)
    also have ...  $\leq (\int x. (1 / 3) * (1 / (r + 1)) * e \partial N)$ 
        by(rule Bochner-Integration.integral-mono,insert a0)
            (auto intro!: N.integrable-const-bound[where B=(1 / 3) * (1 /
(r + 1)) * e] simp: space-N)
    also have ... =  $(1 / 3) * e * ((1 / (r + 1)) * measure N (space N))$ 
        by simp
    also have ...  $\leq (1 / 3) * e$ 
proof -
    have measure N (space N) = ( $\int x. 1 \partial N$ )
        by simp
    also have ... =  $\varphi n n (\lambda x \in topspace X. 1)$ 
        by(intro N'(3)[symmetric]) simp
    also have ...  $\leq r$ 
        using N(1)[OF n] by(auto simp: Φ-def B-def)
    finally have  $(1 / (r + 1)) * measure N (space N) \leq 1$ 
        using r by simp
    thus ?thesis
        unfolding mult-le-cancel-left2 using e by auto
    qed
    finally show ?thesis .
qed
show ?thesis
    using 1 2 3 by simp
qed
also have ... = e
    by simp
finally show norm ( $\varphi n n f - \varphi f$ ) < e .
qed
qed
thus limitin euclideanreal ( $\lambda n. \varphi n n f$ ) ( $\varphi f$ ) sequentially

```

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    by simp
qed
next
show  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{topspace } d.\text{mtopology} \implies x \in \text{extensional } (\text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric}))$ 
  unfolding  $d.\text{topspace-mtopology}$  by (auto simp:  $\Phi\text{-def prod-space-def extensional-def simp del: mspace-cfunspace}$ )
qed (simp, auto simp:  $\Phi\text{-def}$ )

thus  $\bigwedge S. \text{openin } \Phi S \implies \text{openin } d.\text{mtopology } S$ 
  by (metis  $\Phi\text{-def d.topospace-mtopology topology-finer-continuous-id}$ )
next
have continuous-map  $\Phi d.\text{mtopology id}$ 
  unfolding  $d.\text{continuous-map-to-metric id-apply}$ 
proof safe
fix  $\varphi$  and  $e::\text{real}$ 
assume  $\varphi: \varphi \in \text{topspace } \Phi$  and  $e: 0 < e$ 
then obtain  $N$  where  $N: (1 / 2)^N < e / 2$ 
  by (meson half-gt-zero-iff one-less-numeral-iff reals-power-lt-ex semiring-norm(76))
define  $e'$  where  $e' \equiv e / 2 - (1 / 2)^N$ 
have  $e': 0 < e'$ 
  using  $N$  by(auto simp:  $e'\text{-def}$ )
define  $U'$  where  $U' \equiv \Pi_E f \in \text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric}).$ 
  if  $\exists n < N. f = gn$  then  $\{\varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) - e' < .. < \varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) + e'\}$  else  $\text{UNIV}$ 
define  $U$  where  $U \equiv U' \cap B$ 
show  $\exists U. \text{openin } \Phi U \wedge \varphi \in U \wedge (\forall y \in U. y \in d.\text{mball } \varphi e)$ 
proof(safe intro!: exI[where  $x=U$ ])
show openin  $\Phi U$ 
  unfolding  $\Phi\text{-def openin-subtopology } U\text{-def}$ 
proof(safe intro!: exI[where  $x=U'$ ])
show openin prod-space  $U'$ 
  unfolding prod-space-def  $U'\text{-def openin-PiE-gen}$ 
  by (auto simp: Let-def)
qed
next
show  $\varphi \in U$ 
  unfolding  $U\text{-def } U'\text{-def}$ 
proof safe
fix  $f :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$ 
assume  $f: f \in \text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric})$ 
then show  $\varphi f \in (\text{if } \exists n < N. f = gn$ 
  then  $\{\varphi (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace } X)) - e' < .. < \varphi (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace } X)) + e'\}$ 
  else  $\text{UNIV}$ )
using  $e'$  by(auto simp: Let-def gn-ext)
qed(use  $\varphi \Phi\text{-def prod-space-def in auto})$ 
next

```

```

fix  $\psi$ 
assume  $\psi : \psi \in U$ 
then have  $\psi @\psi \in \text{topspace } \Phi$ 
  using  $\text{topspace-subtopology-subset}[\text{OF } B]$  by (auto simp: U-def Φ-def)
  have  $\psi\text{-le: } |\varphi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x) - \psi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x)| <$ 
 $e'$  if  $n : n < N$  for  $n$ 
  proof -
    have  $\psi \in (\Pi_E f \in \text{mspace } (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric}))$ .
      if  $\exists n < N. f = gn n$ 
        then  $\{\varphi(\text{restrict } f(\text{topspace } X)) - e' < .. < \varphi(\text{restrict } f(\text{topspace } X)) + e'\}$ 
          else  $UNIV$ 
    using  $\psi$  by (auto simp: U-def U'-def)
    from  $PiE\text{-mem}[\text{OF this } gn\text{-in}(2)[\text{of } n]]$ 
    have  $\psi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x) \in (\text{if } \exists m < N. gn n = gn m$ 
      then  $\{\varphi(\text{restrict } (gn n)(\text{topspace } X)) - e' < .. < \varphi(\text{restrict } (gn n)(\text{topspace } X)) + e'\}$ 
        else  $UNIV$ 
    by (simp add: gn-ext)
    thus  $?thesis$ 
    by (metis abs-diff-less-iff diff-less-eq greaterThanLessThan-iff n)
    qed
    have  $d \varphi \psi < e$ 
    proof -
      have  $d \varphi \psi = (\sum n. (1 / 2) \wedge (n + N) * mdist(\text{capped-metric } 1 \text{ euclidean-metric}))$ 
         $(\varphi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn(n + N)x))$ 
         $(\psi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn(n + N)x))$ 
         $+ (\sum n < N. (1 / 2) \wedge n * mdist(\text{capped-metric } 1 \text{ euclidean-metric}))$ 
         $(\varphi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x))$ 
         $(\psi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x))$ 
      unfolding  $d\text{-def}$  by (rule suminf-split-initial-segment d-def) simp
      also have  $\dots \leq (\sum n. (1 / 2) \wedge (n + N))$ 
         $+ (\sum n < N. (1 / 2) \wedge n * mdist(\text{capped-metric } 1 \text{ euclidean-metric}))$ 
         $(\varphi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x))$ 
         $(\psi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x))$ 
      by (auto intro!: suminf_le mdist-capped summable-ignore-initial-segment [where  $k=N$ ])
      also have  $\dots = (1 / 2) \wedge N * 2$ 
         $+ (\sum n < N. (1 / 2) \wedge n * mdist(\text{capped-metric } 1 \text{ euclidean-metric}))$ 
         $(\varphi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x))$ 
         $(\psi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x))$ 
      using  $nsum\text{-of-}r'[\text{where } r=1/2 \text{ and } K=1 \text{ and } k=N, simplified]$  by simp
      also have  $\dots \leq (1 / 2) \wedge N * 2$ 
         $+ (\sum n < N. (1 / 2) \wedge n * |\varphi(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. gn n x) - \psi|)$ 

```

```

 $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. \text{gn } n \ x) |)$ 
  by(auto intro!: sum-mono mdist-capped-le[where m=euclidean-metric
:: real metric,simplified,simplified dist-real-def])
  also have ...  $\leq (1 / 2)^N * 2 + (\sum n < N. (1 / 2)^n * e')$ 
    using  $\psi$ -le by(fastforce intro!: sum-mono)
  also have ...  $< (1 / 2)^N * 2 + (\sum n < \text{Suc } N. (1 / 2)^n * e')$ 
    using  $e'$  by(auto intro!: sum-strict-mono2)
  also have ...  $\leq (1 / 2)^N * 2 + (\sum n. (1 / 2)^n * e')$ 
    using  $e'$  by(auto intro!: sum-le-suminf summable-mult2 simp del:
sum.lessThan-Suc)
  also have ...  $= (1 / 2)^N * 2 + (\sum n. (1 / 2)^n * e')$ 
    by(auto intro!: suminf-mult2[symmetric])
  also have ...  $= (1 / 2)^N * 2 + 2 * e'$ 
    by(auto simp: suminf-geometric)
  also have ...  $= e$ 
    by(auto simp: e'-def)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
with  $\varphi \psi$  show  $\psi \in d.mball \varphi e$ 
  by simp
qed
qed
thus  $\bigwedge S. \text{openin } d.mtopology S \implies \text{openin } \Phi S$ 
  by (metis d.topspace-mtopology topology-finer-continuous-id)
qed
thus ?thesis
  using d.metrisable-space-mtopology by presburger
next
case r:2
have False if  $h:\varphi \in B$  for  $\varphi$ 
proof -
  have 1:  $\varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. 1) \leq r$ 
    using h by(auto simp: B-def)
  have 2:  $\varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. 1) \geq 0$ 
    using h by(auto simp: B-def pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-pos[OF -
compact])
  from 1 2 r show False by linarith
qed
hence  $B = \{\}$ 
  by auto
thus ?thesis
  by(auto simp:  $\Phi$ -def)
qed
qed

```

## 2.2 Alaoglu's Theorem

According to Alaoglu's theorem,  $\{\varphi \in C(X)^* \mid \|\varphi\| \leq r\}$  is compact. We show that  $\Phi = \{\varphi \in C(X)^* \mid \|\varphi\| \leq r \wedge \varphi \text{ is positive}\}$  is compact. Note that

$\|\varphi\| = \varphi(1)$  when  $\varphi \in C(X)^*$  is positive.

**theorem Alaoglu-theorem-real-functional:**

```

fixes X :: 'a topology and r :: real
defines prod-space ≡ powertop-real (mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric))
defines B ≡ {φ∈topspace prod-space. φ (λx∈topspace X. 1) ≤ r ∧ positive-linear-functional-on-CX
X φ}
assumes compact: compact-space X and ne: topspace X ≠ {}
shows compactin prod-space B
proof -
  consider r ≥ 0 | r < 0
  by linarith
  then show ?thesis
  proof cases
    assume rpos:r ≥ 0
    have continuous-map-compact-space-bounded: ∀f. continuous-map X euclidean-
real f ⇒ bounded (f ` topspace X)
    by (meson compact compact-imp-bounded compact-space-def compactin-euclidean-iff
image-compactin)
    have 1: compactin prod-space
      (Π_E f∈mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric). {− r * (⊔ x∈topspace
X. |f x|).. r * (⊔ x∈topspace X. |f x|)}) by(auto simp: prod-space-def compactin-PiE)
    have 2: B ⊆ (Π_E f∈mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric). {− r * (⊔ x∈topspace
X. |f x|).. r * (⊔ x∈topspace X. |f x|)}) by(auto simp: B-def)
    proof safe
      fix φ and f :: 'a ⇒ real
      assume h:φ ∈ B f ∈ mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric)
      then have f: continuous-map X euclideanreal f ∈ topspace X →_E UNIV
      by (auto simp: extensional-def)
      have plf:positive-linear-functional-on-CX X φ
      using h(1) by(auto simp: B-def)
      note φ = pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-lin[OF plf compact]
      pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-pos[OF plf compact]
      note φ-mono = pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-mono[OF plf compact]
      note φ-neg = pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-uminus[OF plf compact]
      f(1),symmetric]
      obtain K where K: ∀x. x ∈ topspace X ⇒ |f x| ≤ K
      using h(2) bounded-real by auto
      have f-Sup: ∀x. x ∈ topspace X ⇒ |f x| ≤ (⊔ x∈topspace X. |f x|) by(auto intro!: cSup-upper bdd-aboveI[where M=B] K)
      hence f-Sup-nonneg: (⊔ x∈topspace X. |f x|) ≥ 0
      using ne by fastforce
      have |φ f| = |φ (λx∈topspace X. f x)| using f(2) by fastforce
      also have ... ≤ φ (λx∈topspace X. |f x|) using φ-mono[OF - f(1) continuous-map-norm[OF f(1),simplified]]
      φ(3)[OF continuous-map-norm[OF f(1),simplified]]
      φ-mono[OF - continuous-map-minus[OF f(1)] continuous-map-norm[OF
f(1),simplified]]]
```

```

by(cases  $\varphi$  (restrict  $f$  (topspace  $X$ ))  $\geq 0$ ) (auto simp:  $\varphi$ -neg)
also have ...  $\leq \varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. (\bigcup_{x \in \text{topspace } X} |f x|) * 1)$ 
  using continuous-map-norm[where 'b=real]  $f(1)$  f-Sup
  by(intro  $\varphi$ -mono) auto
also have ... =  $(\bigcup_{x \in \text{topspace } X} |f x|) * \varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. 1)$ 
  by(intro  $\varphi$ ) simp
also have ...  $\leq r * (\bigcup_{x \in \text{topspace } X} |f x|)$ 
using  $h(1)$  f-Sup-nonneg by(auto simp: B-def mult.commute mult-right-mono)
finally show  $\varphi f \in \{-r * (\bigcup_{x \in \text{topspace } X} |f x|), r * (\bigcup_{x \in \text{topspace } X} |f x|)\}$ 
  by auto
qed (auto simp: prod-space-def B-def)
have  $\beta$ : closedin prod-space  $B$ 
proof(rule closedin-limitin)
fix  $\varphi n \varphi$ 
assume  $h: \bigwedge U. \varphi \in U \implies \text{openin prod-space } U \implies \varphi n U \neq \varphi$ 
 $\bigwedge U. \varphi \in U \implies \text{openin prod-space } U \implies \varphi n U \in B$ 
  limitin prod-space  $\varphi n \varphi$  (nhdsin-sets prod-space  $\varphi$ )
then have  $xnx:\varphi \in \text{extensional (mspace (cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric))}$ 
 $(\forall F U \text{ in nhdsin-sets prod-space } \varphi. \varphi n U \in \text{topspace prod-space})$ 
 $\bigwedge f. f \in \text{mspace (cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric)} \implies \text{limitin euclideanreal } (\lambda c.$ 
 $\varphi n c f) (\varphi f)$  (nhdsin-sets prod-space  $\varphi$ )
  by(auto simp: limitin-componentwise prod-space-def)
have  $\varphi\text{-top}:\varphi \in \text{topspace prod-space}$ 
  by(meson h(3) limitin-topspace)
show  $\varphi \in B$ 
  unfolding B-def
proof safe
have  $limit: \text{limitin euclideanreal } (\lambda c. \varphi n c (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. 1)) (\varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. 1))$  (nhdsin-sets prod-space  $\varphi$ )
  by(rule xnx( $\beta$ )) (auto simp: bounded-iff)
  show  $\varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. 1) \leq r$ 
    using h(2)
  by(auto intro!: tends-to-upperbound[OF limit[simplified]] - nhdsin-sets-bot[OF
 $\varphi\text{-top}]]$ 
    eventually-nhdsin-setsI[OF  $\varphi\text{-top}$ ] simp: B-def)
next
show positive-linear-functional-on-CX  $X \varphi$ 
  unfolding positive-linear-functional-on-CX-compact[OF compact]
proof safe
fix  $c f$ 
assume  $f: \text{continuous-map } X \text{ euclideanreal } f$ 
then have  $f': (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. c * f x) \in \text{mspace (cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric)}$ 
 $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) \in \text{mspace (cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric)}$ 
  by(auto simp: intro!: continuous-map-compact-space-bounded continuous-map-real-mult-left)
  have tends1:  $((\lambda U. c * \varphi n U (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x)) \longrightarrow \varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. c * f x))$  (nhdsin-sets prod-space  $\varphi$ )

```

```

using B-def f h(2) by(fastforce intro!: tendsto-cong[THEN iffD1,OF -
xnx(3)[OF f'(1),simplified]]
eventually-nhdsin-setsI[OF φ-top] pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-lin[OF
- compact f])
show φ (λx∈topspace X. c * f x) = c * φ (λx∈topspace X. f x)
by(rule tendsto-unique[OF nhdsin-sets-bot[OF φ-top] tends1 tend-
sto-mult-left[OF xnx(3)[OF f'(2),simplified]]])
next
fix f g
assume fg:continuous-map X euclideanreal f continuous-map X euclideanreal
g
then have fg': (λx∈topspace X. f x) ∈ mspace (cfunspace X eu-
clidean-metric)
(λx∈topspace X. g x) ∈ mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric)
(λx∈topspace X. f x + g x) ∈ mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric)
by(auto intro!: continuous-map-compact-space-bounded continuous-map-add)
have ((λc. φn c (λx∈topspace X. f x) + φn c (λx∈topspace X. g x)))
→ φ (λx∈topspace X. f x + g x)) (nhdsin-sets prod-space φ)
using B-def fg h(2)
by(fastforce intro!: tendsto-cong[THEN iffD1,OF - xnx(3)[OF fg'(3),simplified]]
eventually-nhdsin-setsI[OF φ-top] pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-lin[OF
- compact])
moreover have ((λc. φn c (λx∈topspace X. f x) + φn c (λx∈topspace X.
g x)))
→ φ (λx∈topspace X. f x) + φ (λx∈topspace X. g x))
(nhdsin-sets prod-space φ)
using xnx fg' by(auto intro!: tendsto-add)
ultimately show φ (λx∈topspace X. f x + g x) = φ (λx∈topspace X. f
x) + φ (λx∈topspace X. g x)
by(rule tendsto-unique[OF nhdsin-sets-bot[OF φ-top]])
next
fix f
assume f:continuous-map X euclideanreal f ∀x∈topspace X. 0 ≤ f x
then have 1:(λx∈topspace X. f x) ∈ mspace (cfunspace X euclidean-metric)
by(auto intro!: continuous-map-compact-space-bounded)
from f h(2) show 0 ≤ φ (λx∈topspace X. f x)
by(auto intro!: tendsto-lowerbound[OF xnx(3)[OF 1,simplified] - nhdsin-sets-bot[OF
φ-top]]
eventually-nhdsin-setsI[OF φ-top] simp: B-def pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-pos[OF
- compact f(1)])
qed
qed fact
qed(auto simp: B-def)
show ?thesis
using 1 2 3 by(rule closed-compactin)
next
assume r:r < 0
have B = {}
proof safe

```

```

fix  $\varphi$ 
assume  $h:\varphi \in B$ 
then have  $\bigwedge f. \text{continuous-map } X \text{ euclideanreal } f \implies (\bigwedge x. x \in \text{topspace } X$ 
 $\implies f x \geq 0) \implies \varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. f x) \geq 0$ 
  by(auto simp: B-def pos-lin-functional-on-CX-compact-pos[OF - compact])
from this[of  $\lambda x. 1$ ] h r show  $\varphi \in \{\}$ 
  by(auto simp: B-def)
qed
thus compactin prod-space B
  by blast
qed
qed

theorem Alaoglu-theorem-real-functional-seq:
fixes  $X :: \text{'a topology}$  and  $r :: \text{real}$ 
defines prod-space  $\equiv \text{powertop-real} (\text{mspace} (\text{cfunspace } X \text{ euclidean-metric}))$ 
defines  $B \equiv \{\varphi \in \text{topspace prod-space}. \varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace } X. 1) \leq r \wedge \text{positive-linear-functional-on-CX}$ 
 $X \varphi\}$ 
assumes compact:compact-space  $X$  and ne: topspace  $X \neq \{\}$  and met: metrizable-space  $X$ 
shows seq-compactin prod-space  $B$ 
proof -
have compactin prod-space  $B$ 
  using Alaoglu-theorem-real-functional[OF compact ne] by(auto simp: B-def
prod-space-def)
hence compact-space (subtopology prod-space  $B$ )
  using compact-space-subtopology by blast
hence seq-compact-space (subtopology prod-space  $B$ )
  unfolding B-def prod-space-def
  using metrizable-seq-compact-space-iff-compact-space[OF metrizable-functional[OF
compact met]]
  by fast
moreover have  $B \subseteq \text{topspace prod-space}$ 
  by(auto simp: B-def)
ultimately show ?thesis
  by (simp add: inf.absorb-iff2 seq-compact-space-def seq-compactin-subtopology)
qed
end

```

### 3 General Weak Convergence

```

theory General-Weak-Convergence
imports Lemmas-Levy-Prokhorov
Riesz-Representation.Regular-Measure
begin

```

We formalize the notion of weak convergence and equivalent conditions. The formalization of weak convergence in HOL-Probability is restricted to

probability measures on real numbers. Our formalization is generalized to finite measures on any metric spaces.

### 3.1 Topology of Weak Convergence

```

definition weak-conv-topology :: 'a topology  $\Rightarrow$  'a measure topology where
weak-conv-topology X  $\equiv$ 
topology-generated-by
 $(\bigcup f \in \{f. \text{continuous-map } X \text{ euclideanreal } f \wedge (\exists B. \forall x \in \text{topspace } X. |f x| \leq B)\}.$ 
Collect (openin (pullback-topology {N. sets N = sets (borel-of X)  $\wedge$  finite-measure N})
 $(\lambda N. \int x. f x \partial N) \text{ euclideanreal}))$ 

lemma topspace-weak-conv-topology[simp]:
topspace (weak-conv-topology X) = {N. sets N = sets (borel-of X)  $\wedge$  finite-measure N}
unfolding weak-conv-topology-def openin-pullback-topology
by(auto intro!: exI[where x= $\lambda x. 1$ ] exI[where x=1]) blast

lemma openin-weak-conv-topology-base:
assumes f:continuous-map X euclideanreal f and B: $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{topspace } X \Rightarrow |f x| \leq B$ 
and U:open U
shows openin (weak-conv-topology X) (( $\lambda N. \int x. f x \partial N$ ) -` U
 $\cap \{N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) \wedge \text{finite-measure } N\})$ 
using assms
by(fastforce simp: weak-conv-topology-def openin-topology-generated-by-iff openin-pullback-topology
intro!: Basis)

lemma continuous-map-weak-conv-topology:
assumes f:continuous-map X euclideanreal f and B: $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{topspace } X \Rightarrow |f x| \leq B$ 
shows continuous-map (weak-conv-topology X) euclideanreal ( $\lambda N. \int x. f x \partial N$ )
using openin-weak-conv-topology-base[OF assms]
by(auto simp: continuous-map-def Collect-conj-eq Int-commute Int-left-commute
vimage-def)

lemma weak-conv-topology-minimal:
assumes topspace Y = {N. sets N = sets (borel-of X)  $\wedge$  finite-measure N}
and  $\bigwedge f B. \text{continuous-map } X \text{ euclideanreal } f$ 
 $\implies (\bigwedge x. x \in \text{topspace } X \Rightarrow |f x| \leq B) \implies \text{continuous-map } Y$ 
euclideanreal ( $\lambda N. \int x. f x \partial N$ )
shows openin (weak-conv-topology X) U  $\implies$  openin Y U
unfolding weak-conv-topology-def openin-topology-generated-by-iff
proof (induct rule: generate-topology-on.induct)
case h:(Basis s)
then obtain f B where f: continuous-map X euclidean f  $\wedge$  x: $\in$  topspace X  $\Rightarrow$ 
 $|f x| \leq B$ 
```

```

openin (pullback-topology {N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) ∧ finite-measure N}
(λN. ∫ x. f x ∂N) euclideanreal) s
by blast
then obtain u where u:
open u s = (λN. ∫ x. f x ∂N) -'u ∩ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) ∧ fi-
nite-measure N}
unfolding openin-pullback-topology by auto
with assms(2)[OF f(1,2)]
show ?case
using assms(1) continuous-map-open by fastforce
qed auto

lemma weak-conv-topology-continuous-map-integral:
assumes continuous-map X euclideanreal f ∧ x ∈ topspace X ⇒ |f x| ≤ B
shows continuous-map (weak-conv-topology X) euclideanreal (λN. ∫ x. f x ∂N)
unfolding continuous-map
proof safe
fix U
assume openin euclideanreal U
then show openin (weak-conv-topology X) {N ∈ topspace (weak-conv-topology
X). (∫ x. f x ∂N) ∈ U}
unfolding weak-conv-topology-def openin-topology-generated-by-iff using assms
by (auto intro!: Basis exI[where x=U] exI[where x=f] exI[where x=B] simp:
openin-pullback-topology) blast
qed simp

```

### 3.2 Weak Convergence

```

abbreviation weak-conv-on :: ('a ⇒ 'b measure) ⇒ 'b measure ⇒ 'a filter ⇒ 'b
topology ⇒ bool
( '((-)/ ⇒WC (-)) (-)/ on (-) [56, 55] 55) where
weak-conv-on Ni N F X ≡ limitin (weak-conv-topology X) Ni N F

abbreviation weak-conv-on-seq :: (nat ⇒ 'b measure) ⇒ 'b measure ⇒ 'b topology
⇒ bool
( '((-)/ ⇒WC (-)) on (-) [56, 55] 55) where
weak-conv-on-seq Ni N X ≡ weak-conv-on Ni N sequentially X

```

### 3.3 Limit in Topology of Weak Convergence

```

lemma weak-conv-on-def:
weak-conv-on Ni N F X ←→
(∀F i in F. sets (Ni i) = sets (borel-of X) ∧ finite-measure (Ni i)) ∧ sets N =
sets (borel-of X)
∧ finite-measure N
∧ (∀f. continuous-map X euclideanreal f → (∃B. ∀x∈topspace X. |f x| ≤
B)
→ ((λi. ∫ x. f x ∂Ni i) → ((∫ x. f x ∂N)) F))
proof safe
assume h:weak-conv-on Ni N F X

```

```

then have 1:sets N = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure N
  using limitin-topspace by fastforce+
then show  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{sets } N \implies x \in \text{sets}(\text{borel-of } X)$   $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{sets}(\text{borel-of } X)$ 
 $\implies x \in \text{sets } N$ 
  finite-measure N
  by auto
show 2: $\forall F. i \in F. \text{sets}(Ni i) = \text{sets}(\text{borel-of } X) \wedge \text{finite-measure}(Ni i)$ 
  using h by(cases F = ⊥) (auto simp: limitin-def)
fix f B
assume f:continuous-map X euclideanreal f and B:∀ x∈topspace X. |f x| ≤ B
show  $((\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial Ni n) \longrightarrow (\int x. f x \partial N)) F$ 
  unfolding tendsto-iff
proof safe
  fix r :: real
assume [arith]:r > 0
then have openin
   $(\text{weak-conv-topology } X)$ 
   $((\lambda N. \int x. f x \partial N) -` (\text{ball}(\int x. f x \partial N) r)$ 
   $\cap \{N. \text{sets } N = \text{sets}(\text{borel-of } X) \wedge \text{finite-measure } N\})$  (is openin
 $- ?U)$ 
  using f B by(auto intro!: openin-weak-conv-topology-base)
moreover have N ∈ ?U
  using h by (simp add: 1)
ultimately have NnU:∀ F n in F. Ni n ∈ ?U
  using h limitind by fastforce
show  $\forall F n \in F. \text{dist}(\int x. f x \partial Ni n, \int x. f x \partial N) < r$ 
  by(auto intro!: eventuallyI[THEN eventually-mp[OF - NnU]] simp: dist-real-def)
qed
next
assume h: ∀ F i in F. sets(Ni i) = sets(borel-of X) ∧ finite-measure(Ni i)
  sets N = sets(borel-of X)
  finite-measure N
   $\forall f. \text{continuous-map } X \text{ euclideanreal } f \longrightarrow (\exists B. \forall x \in \text{topspace } X. |f x| \leq B)$ 
   $\longrightarrow ((\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial Ni n) \longrightarrow (\int x. f x \partial N)) F$ 
show  $(Ni \Rightarrow_{WC} N) F$  on X
  unfolding limitin-def
proof safe
  show N ∈ topspace(weak-conv-topology X)
  using h by auto
fix U
assume h':openin(weak-conv-topology X) U N ∈ U
show  $\forall F x \in F. Ni x \in U$ 
  using h'[simplified weak-conv-topology-def openin-topology-generated-by-iff]
proof induction
  case Empty
  then show ?case
    by simp
next

```

```

case (Int a b)
then show ?case
  by (simp add: eventually-conj-iff)
next
  case (UN K)
  then show ?case
    using UnionI eventually-mono by fastforce
next
  case s:(Basis s)
  then obtain f where f: continuous-map X euclidean f  $\exists B. \forall x \in topspace X.$ 
   $|f x| \leq B$ 
    openin (pullback-topology {N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) \wedge finite-measure N}  $(\lambda N. \int x. f x \partial N)$  euclideanreal) s
    by blast
  then obtain u where u:
    open u s =  $(\lambda N. \int x. f x \partial N) - `u \cap \{N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) \wedge finite-measure N\}$ 
    unfolding openin-pullback-topology by auto
    have  $(\int x. f x \partial N) \in u$ 
    using u s by blast
    moreover have  $((\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial N i n) \longrightarrow (\int x. f x \partial N)) F$ 
    using f h by blast
    ultimately have  $1: \forall F n \text{ in } F. (\int x. f x \partial (N i n)) \in u$ 
    by (simp add: tendsto-def u(1))
  show ?case
    by (auto intro!: eventuallyI[THEN eventually-mp[OF - eventually-conj[OF 1 h(1)]]] simp: u(2))
  qed
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma weak-conv-on-def':
assumes  $\bigwedge i. sets (N i) = sets (borel-of X)$  and  $\bigwedge i. finite-measure (N i)$ 
and sets N = sets (borel-of X) and finite-measure N
shows weak-conv-on Ni N F X
   $\longrightarrow (\forall f. continuous-map X euclideanreal f \longrightarrow (\exists B. \forall x \in topspace X. |f x| \leq B))$ 
   $\longrightarrow ((\lambda i. \int x. f x \partial N i) \longrightarrow (\int x. f x \partial N)) F$ 
using assms by (auto simp: weak-conv-on-def)

```

```
lemmas weak-conv-seq-def = weak-conv-on-def[where F=sequentially]
```

```

lemma weak-conv-on-const:
 $(\bigwedge i. Ni i = N) \implies sets N = sets (borel-of X)$ 
 $\implies finite-measure N \implies weak-conv-on Ni N F X$ 
by (auto simp: weak-conv-on-def)

```

```
lemmas weak-conv-on-seq-const = weak-conv-on-const[where F=sequentially]
```

```

context Metric-space
begin

abbreviation mweak-conv  $\equiv (\lambda Ni\ N\ F.\ weak\text{-}conv\text{-}on}\ Ni\ N\ F\ mtopology)$ 
abbreviation mweak-conv-seq  $\equiv \lambda Ni\ N.\ mweak\text{-}conv\ Ni\ N\ sequentially$ 

lemmas mweak-conv-def = weak-conv-on-def[where X=mtopology,simplified]
lemmas mweak-conv-seq-def = weak-conv-seq-def[where X=mtopology,simplified]

end

```

### 3.4 The Portmanteau Theorem

```

locale mweak-conv-fin = Metric-space +
  fixes Ni :: 'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a measure and N :: 'a measure and F
  assumes sets-Ni: $\forall_F i$  in F. sets (Ni i) = sets (borel-of mtopology)
    and sets-N[measurable-cong]: sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)
    and finite-measure-Ni:  $\forall_F i$  in F. finite-measure (Ni i)
    and finite-measure-N: finite-measure N
begin

interpretation N: finite-measure N
  by(simp add: finite-measure-N)

lemma space-N: space N = M
  using sets-eq-imp-space-eq[OF sets-N] by(auto simp: space-borel-of)

lemma space-Ni:  $\forall_F i$  in F. space (Ni i) = M
  by(rule eventually-mp[OF - sets-Ni]) (auto simp: space-borel-of cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq)

lemma eventually-Ni:  $\forall_F i$  in F. space (Ni i) = M  $\wedge$  sets (Ni i) = sets (borel-of
  mtopology)  $\wedge$  finite-measure (Ni i)
  by(intro eventually-conj space-Ni sets-Ni finite-measure-Ni)

lemma measure-converge-bounded':
  assumes (( $\lambda n.$  measure (Ni n) M)  $\longrightarrow$  measure N M) F
  obtains K where  $\bigwedge A.$   $\forall_F x$  in F. measure (Ni x) A  $\leq$  K  $\bigwedge A.$  measure N A  $\leq$ 
  K
  proof -
    have measure N A  $\leq$  measure N M + 1 for A
    using N.bounded-measure[of A] by(simp add: space-N)
    moreover have  $\forall_F x$  in F. measure (Ni x) A  $\leq$  measure N M + 1 for A
    proof(rule eventuallyI[THEN eventually-mp[OF - eventually-conj[OF eventually-Ni tendsToD[OF assms,of 1]]]])
      fix x
      show (space (Ni x) = M  $\wedge$  sets (Ni x) = sets (borel-of mtopology)  $\wedge$  fi-
        nite-measure (Ni x))  $\wedge$ 
        dist (measure (Ni x) M) (measure N M) < 1  $\longrightarrow$  measure (Ni x) A  $\leq$ 
        measure N M + 1

```

```

using finite-measure.bounded-measure[of Ni x A]
by(auto intro!: eventuallyI[THEN eventually-mp[OF - tendsToD[OF assms,of
1]]] simp: dist-real-def)
qed simp
ultimately show ?thesis
using that by blast
qed

lemma
assumes F ≠ ⊥ ∀ F x in F. measure (Ni x) A ≤ K measure N A ≤ K
shows Liminf-measure-bounded: Liminf F (λi. measure (Ni i) A) < ∞ 0 ≤
Liminf F (λi. measure (Ni i) A)
and Limsup-measure-bounded: Limsup F (λi. measure (Ni i) A) < ∞ 0 ≤ Limsup
F (λi. measure (Ni i) A)
proof –
have Liminf F (λi. measure (Ni i) A) ≤ K Limsup F (λi. measure (Ni i) A) ≤
K
using assms by(auto intro!: Liminf-le Limsup-bounded)
thus Liminf F (λi. measure (Ni i) A) < ∞ Limsup F (λi. measure (Ni i) A) <
∞
by auto
show 0 ≤ Liminf F (λi. measure (Ni i) A) 0 ≤ Limsup F (λi. measure (Ni i)
A)
by(auto intro!: le-Limsup Liminf-bounded assms)
qed

lemma mweak-conv1:
fixes f:: 'a ⇒ real
assumes mweak-conv Ni N F
and uniformly-continuous-map Self euclidean-metric f
shows (∃ B. ∀ x∈M. |f x| ≤ B) ⟹ ((λn. integralL (Ni n) f) —→ integralL N
f) F
using uniformly-continuous-imp-continuous-map[OF assms(2)] assms(1) by(auto
simp: mweak-conv-def mtopology-of-def)

lemma mweak-conv2:
assumes ⋀f:: 'a ⇒ real. uniformly-continuous-map Self euclidean-metric f ⟹
(∃ B. ∀ x∈M. |f x| ≤ B)
⟹ ((λn. integralL (Ni n) f) —→ integralL N f) F
and closedin mtopology A
shows Limsup F (λx. ereal (measure (Ni x) A)) ≤ ereal (measure N A)
proof –
consider A = {} | F = ⊥ | A ≠ {} F ≠ ⊥
by blast
then show ?thesis
proof cases
assume A = {}
then show ?thesis
using Limsup-obtain linorder-not-less by fastforce

```

```

next
  assume A-ne: A ≠ {} and F: F ≠ ⊥
  have A[measurable]: A ∈ sets N ∀F i in F. A ∈ sets (Ni i)
    using borel-of-closed[OF assms(2)] by(auto simp: sets-N eventually-mp[OF - sets-Ni])
  have ((λn. measure (Ni n) M) —> measure N M) F
  proof -
    have 1:((λn. measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n))) —> measure N M) F
      using assms(1)[of λx. 1] by(auto simp: space-N)
    show ?thesis
      by(rule tendsto-cong[THEN iffD1,OF eventually-mp[OF - space-Ni] 1]) simp
  qed
  then obtain K where K: ∀F x in F. measure (Ni x) A ≤ K ∀A. measure N A ≤ K
    using measure-converge-bounded' by auto
  define Um where Um ≡ (λm. ⋃ a∈A. mball a (1 / Suc m))
  have Um-open: openin mttopology (Um m) for m
    by(auto simp: Um-def)
  hence Um-m[measurable]: ∀m. Um m ∈ sets N ∀F i in F. Um m ∈ sets (Ni i)
    by(auto simp: sets-N intro!: borel-of-open eventually-mono[OF sets-Ni])
  have A-Um: A ⊆ Um m for m
    using closedin-subset[OF assms(2)] by(fastforce simp: Um-def)
  have ∃fm:: - ⇒ real. (∀x. fm x ≥ 0) ∧ (∀x. fm x ≤ 1) ∧ (∀x∈M – Um m. fm x = 0) ∧ (∀x∈A. fm x = 1) ∧
    uniformly-continuous-map Self euclidean-metric fm for m
  proof -
    have 1: closedin mttopology (M – Um m)
      using Um-open[of m] by(auto simp: closedin-def Diff-Diff-Int Int-absorb1)
    have 2: A ∩ (M – Um m) = {}
      using A-Um[of m] by blast
    have 3: 1 / Suc m ≤ d x y if x ∈ A y ∈ M – Um m for x y
    proof(rule ccontr)
      assume ¬ 1 / real (Suc m) ≤ d x y
      then have d x y < 1 / (1 + real m) by simp
      thus False
        using that closedin-subset[OF assms(2)] by(auto simp: Um-def)
    qed
    show ?thesis
      by (metis Urysohn-lemma-uniform[of Self,simplified mttopology-of-def,simplified,OF assms(2) 1 2 3,simplified] Diff-iff)
    qed
    then obtain fm :: nat ⇒ - ⇒ real where fm: ∀m x. fm m x ≥ 0 ∀m x. fm m x ≤ 1
      ∧ ∀m x. x ∈ A ⇒ fm m x = 1 ∧ ∀m x. x ∈ M ⇒ x ∉ Um m ⇒ fm m x = 0
      ∧ ∀m. uniformly-continuous-map Self euclidean-metric (fm m)
      by (metis Diff-iff)
    have fm-m[measurable]: ∀m. ∀F i in F. fm m ∈ borel-measurable (Ni i) ∀m.
      fm m ∈ borel-measurable N

```

```

using continuous-map-measurable[OF uniformly-continuous-imp-continuous-map[OF
fm(5)]]
by(auto simp: borel-of-euclidean mtopology-of-def eventually-mono[OF sets-Ni])
have int-bounded: ∀ F n in F. (∫ x. fm m x ∂Ni n) ≤ K for m
proof(rule eventually-mono)
show ∀ F n in F. space (Ni n) = M ∧ finite-measure (Ni n) ∧ fm m ∈
borel-measurable (Ni n) ∧
(∫ x. fm m x ∂Ni n) ≤ (∫ x. 1 ∂Ni n) ∧ (∫ x. 1 ∂Ni n) ≤ K
proof(intro eventually-conj)
show ∀ F n in F. (∫ x. fm m x ∂Ni n) ≤ (∫ x. 1 ∂Ni n)
proof(rule eventually-mono)
show ∀ F n in F. space (Ni n) = M ∧ finite-measure (Ni n) ∧ fm m ∈
borel-measurable (Ni n)
by(intro eventually-conj space-Ni finite-measure-Ni fm-m)
show space (Ni n) = M ∧ finite-measure (Ni n) ∧ fm m ∈ borel-measurable
(Ni n)
    ⇒ (∫ x. fm m x ∂Ni n) ≤ (∫ x. 1 ∂Ni n) for n
by(rule integral-mono, insert fm) (auto intro!: finite-measure.integrable-const-bound[where
B=1])
qed
show ∀ F n in F. (∫ x. 1 ∂Ni n) ≤ K
by(rule eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF K(1)[of M] space-Ni]])
simp
qed(auto simp: space-Ni finite-measure-Ni fm-m)
qed simp
have 1: Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) A) ≤ measure N (Um m) for m
proof -
have Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) A) = Limsup F (λn. ∫ x. indicat-real A
x ∂Ni n)
by(intro Limsup-eq[OF eventually-mono[OF A(2)]]) simp
also have ... ≤ Limsup F (λn. ∫ x. fm m x ∂Ni n)
proof(safe intro!: eventuallyI[THEN Limsup-mono[OF eventually-mp[OF -
eventually-conj[OF fm-m(1)[of m]]]
eventually-conj[OF finite-measure-Ni eventually-conj[OF A(2)
int-bounded[of m]]]]])
fix n
assume h:(∫ x. fm m x ∂Ni n) ≤ K A ∈ sets (Ni n) finite-measure (Ni n)
fm m ∈ borel-measurable (Ni n)
with fm show ereal (∫ x. indicat-real A x ∂Ni n) ≤ ereal (∫ x. fm m x ∂Ni
n)
by(auto intro!: Limsup-mono integral-mono finite-measure.integrable-const-bound[where
B=1]
simp del: Bochner-Integration.integral-indicator) (auto simp: indica-
tor-def)
qed
also have ... = (∫ x. fm m x ∂N)
using fm by(auto intro!: lim-imp-Limsup[OF F tends-to-ereal[OF assms(1)[OF
fm(5)[of m]]] exI[where x=1]])
also have ... ≤ (∫ x. indicat-real (Um m) x ∂N)

```

```

unfolding ereal-less-eq(3) by(rule integral-mono, insert fm(4)[of - m]
fm(1,2))
  (auto intro!: N.integrable-const-bound[where B=1], auto simp: indicator-def
space-N)
also have ... = measure N (Um m)
  by simp
finally show ?thesis .
qed
have 2: ( $\lambda n.$  measure N (Um n))  $\longrightarrow$  measure N A
proof -
  have [simp]: ( $\bigcap$  (range Um)) = A
  unfolding Um-def
    by(rule nbh-Inter-closure-of[OF A-ne --- LIMSEQ-Suc,simplified clo-
sure-of-closedin[OF assms(2)]],
    insert sets.sets-into-space[OF A(1)])
    (auto intro!: decseq-SucI simp: frac-le space-N lim-1-over-n)
  have [simp]: monotone ( $\leq$ ) ( $\lambda x y.$   $y \subseteq x$ ) Um
  unfolding Um-def by(rule nbh-decseq) (auto intro!: decseq-SucI simp:
frac-le)
  have ( $\lambda n.$  measure N (Um n))  $\longrightarrow$  measure N ( $\bigcap$  (range Um))
  by(rule N.finite-Lim-measure-decseq) auto
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed
show ?thesis
  using 1 by(auto intro!: Lim-bounded2[OF tends-to-ereal[OF 2]])
qed simp
qed

lemma mweak-conv3:
assumes  $\bigwedge A.$  closedin mtopology A  $\implies$  Limsup F ( $\lambda n.$  measure (Ni n) A)  $\leq$ 
measure N A
and (( $\lambda n.$  measure (Ni n) M)  $\longrightarrow$  measure N M) F
and openin mtopology U
shows measure N U  $\leq$  Liminf F ( $\lambda n.$  measure (Ni n) U)
proof(cases F =  $\perp$ )
assume F: F  $\neq$   $\perp$ 
obtain K where K:  $\bigwedge A.$   $\forall_F x \text{ in } F.$  measure (Ni x) A  $\leq$  K  $\bigwedge A.$  measure N M
 $\leq$  K
  using measure-converge-bounded'[OF assms(2)] by metis
  have U[measurable]: U  $\in$  sets N  $\forall_F i \text{ in } F.$  U  $\in$  sets (Ni i)
    by(auto simp: sets-N borel-of-open assms eventually-mono[OF sets-Ni])
  have ereal (measure N U) = measure N M - measure N (M - U)
    by(simp add: N.finite-measure-compl[simplified space-N])
  also have ...  $\leq$  measure N M - Limsup F ( $\lambda n.$  measure (Ni n) (M - U))
  using assms(1)[OF openin-closedin[THEN iffD1, OF - assms(3)]] openin-subset[OF
assms(3)]
    by (metis ereal-le-real ereal-minus(1) ereal-minus-mono topspace-mtopology)
  also have ... = measure N M + Liminf F ( $\lambda n.$  - ereal (measure (Ni n) (M -
U)))

```

```

by (metis ereal-Liminf-uminus minus-ereal-def)
also have ... = Liminf F (λn. measure (Ni n) M) + Liminf F (λn. – measure
(Ni n) (M – U))
  using tendsto-iff-Liminf-eq-Limsup[OF F,THEN iffD1,OF tendsto-ereal[OF
assms(2)]] by simp
also have ... ≤ Liminf F (λn. ereal (measure (Ni n) M) + ereal (– measure (Ni
n) (M – U)))
  by(rule ereal-Liminf-add-mono) (use Liminf-measure-bounded[OF F K] in auto)
also have ... = Liminf F (λn. measure (Ni n) U)
  by(auto intro!: Liminf-eq eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF U(2) even-
tually-conj[OF space-Ni finite-measure-Ni]]]
simp: finite-measure.finite-measure-compl)
finally show ?thesis .
qed simp

lemma mweak-conv3':
assumes ⋀U. openin mtopology U ⟹ measure N U ≤ Liminf F (λn. measure
(Ni n) U)
  and ((λn. measure (Ni n) M) —> measure N M) F
  and closedin mtopology A
shows Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) A) ≤ measure N A
proof(cases F = ⊥)
assume F: F ≠ ⊥
have A[measurable]: A ∈ sets N ∀F i in F. A ∈ sets (Ni i)
  by(auto simp: sets-N borel-of-closed assms eventually-mono[OF sets-Ni])
have Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) A) = Limsup F (λn. ereal (measure (Ni n)
M) + ereal (– measure (Ni n) (M – A)))
  by(auto intro!: Limsup-eq eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF A(2) even-
tually-conj[OF space-Ni finite-measure-Ni]]]
simp: finite-measure.finite-measure-compl)
also have ... ≤ Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) M) + Limsup F (λn. – measure
(Ni n) (M – A))
  by(rule ereal-Limsup-add-mono)
also have ... = Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) M) + Limsup F (λn. – ereal (
measure (Ni n) (M – A)))
  by simp
also have ... = Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) M) – Liminf F (λn. measure
(Ni n) (M – A))
  unfolding ereal-Limsup-uminus using minus-ereal-def by presburger
also have ... = measure N M – Liminf F (λn. measure (Ni n) (M – A))
  by(simp add: lim-imp-Limsup[OF F tendsto-ereal[OF assms(2)]])
also have ... ≤ measure N M – measure N (M – A)
  using assms(1)[OF openin-diff[OF openin-topspace assms(3)]] closedin-subset[OF
assms(3)]
  by (metis assms(1,3) ereal-le-real ereal-minus(1) ereal-minus-mono open-in-mspace
openin-diff)
also have ... = measure N A
  by(simp add: N.finite-measure-compl[simplified space-N])
finally show ?thesis .

```

**qed simp**

**lemma** *mweak-conv4*:

**assumes**  $\bigwedge A. \text{closedin } mtopology A \implies \text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (Ni n) A) \leq \text{measure } N A$   
**and**  $\bigwedge U. \text{openin } mtopology U \implies \text{measure } N U \leq \text{Liminf } F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (Ni n) U)$   
**and** [measurable]:  $A \in \text{sets } (borel\text{-of } mtopology)$   
**and**  $\text{measure } N (mtopology \text{ frontier-of } A) = 0$   
**shows**  $((\lambda n. \text{measure} (Ni n) A) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N A) F$   
**proof**(cases  $F = \perp$ )  
**assume**  $F: F \neq \perp$   
**have** [measurable]:  $A \in \text{sets } N mtopology \text{ closure-of } A \in \text{sets } N mtopology \text{ interior-of } A \in \text{sets } N$   
 $mtopology \text{ frontier-of } A \in \text{sets } N$   
**and**  $A: \forall_F i \text{ in } F. A \in \text{sets} (Ni i) \forall_F i \text{ in } F. mtopology \text{ closure-of } A \in \text{sets} (Ni i)$   
 $\forall_F i \text{ in } F. mtopology \text{ interior-of } A \in \text{sets} (Ni i) \forall_F i \text{ in } F. mtopology \text{ frontier-of } A \in \text{sets} (Ni i)$   
**by**(auto simp: sets-N borel-of-open borel-of-closed closedin-frontier-of eventually-mono[OF sets-Ni])  
**have**  $\text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (Ni n) A) \leq \text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (Ni n) (mtopology \text{ closure-of } A))$   
**using** sets.sets-into-space[OF assms(3)]  
**by**(fastforce intro!: Limsup-mono finite-measure.finite-measure-mono[OF - closure-of-subset]  
eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF finite-measure-Ni A(2)]] simp:  
space-borel-of)  
**also have** ...  $\leq \text{measure } N (mtopology \text{ closure-of } A)$   
**by**(auto intro!: assms(1))  
**also have** ...  $\leq \text{measure } N (A \cup (mtopology \text{ frontier-of } A))$   
**using** closure-of-subset[of A mtopology] sets.sets-into-space[OF assms(3)] interior-of-subset[of mtopology A]  
**by**(auto simp: space-borel-of interior-of-union-frontier-of[symmetric]  
simp del: interior-of-union-frontier-of intro!: N.finite-measure-mono)  
**also have** ...  $\leq \text{measure } N A + \text{measure } N (mtopology \text{ frontier-of } A)$   
**by**(simp add: N.finite-measure-subadditive)  
**also have** ...  $= \text{measure } N A$  **by**(simp add: assms)  
**finally have** 1:  $\text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (Ni n) A) \leq \text{measure } N A$ .  
**have** ereal (measure N A) = measure N A - measure N (mtopology frontier-of A)  
**by**(simp add: assms)  
**also have** ...  $\leq \text{measure } N (A - mtopology \text{ frontier-of } A)$   
**by**(auto simp: N.finite-measure-Diff' intro!: N.finite-measure-mono)  
**also have** ...  $\leq \text{measure } N (mtopology \text{ interior-of } A)$   
**using** closure-of-subset[OF sets.sets-into-space[OF assms(3), simplified space-borel-of]]  
**by**(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono simp: frontier-of-def)  
**also have** ...  $\leq \text{Liminf } F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (Ni n) (mtopology \text{ interior-of } A))$   
**by**(auto intro!: assms)

```

also have ... ≤ Liminf F (λn. measure (Ni n) A)
by(fastforce intro!: Liminf-mono finite-measure.finite-measure-mono interior-of-subset
    eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF finite-measure-Ni A(1)]])
finally have 2: measure N A ≤ Liminf F (λn. measure (Ni n) A).
have Liminf F (λn. measure (Ni n) A) = measure N A ∧ Limsup F (λn. measure
(Ni n) A) = measure N A
using 1 2 order.trans[OF 2 Liminf-le-Limsup[OF F]] order.trans[OF Lim-
inf-le-Limsup[OF F] 1] antisym
by blast
thus ?thesis
by (metis F lim-ereal tendsto-Limsup)
qed simp

```

**lemma** mweak-conv5:

```

assumes ∀A. A ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology) ==> measure N (mtopology frontier-of
A) = 0
    ==> ((λn. measure (Ni n) A) —> measure N A) F
shows mweak-conv Ni N F
proof(cases F = ⊥)
assume F: F ≠ ⊥
show ?thesis
unfolding mweak-conv-def
proof safe
fix f B
assume h:continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f ∀x∈M. |f x| ≤ B
have ((λn. measure (Ni n) M) —> measure N M) F
using frontier-of-topspace[of mtopology] by(auto intro!: assms borel-of-open)
then obtain K where K: ∀A. ∀F x in F. measure (Ni x) A ≤ K ∀A. measure
N A ≤ K
using measure-converge-bounded' by metis
from continuous-map-measurable[OF h(1)]
have f[measurable]:f ∈ borel-measurable N ∀F i in F. f ∈ borel-measurable (Ni
i)
by(auto cong: measurable-cong-sets simp: sets-N borel-of-euclidean intro!:
eventually-mono[OF sets-Ni])
have f-int[simp]: integrable N f ∀F i in F. integrable (Ni i) f
using h by(auto intro!: N.integrable-const-bound[where B=B] finite-measure.integrable-const-bound[wher
B=B]
eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF eventually-conj[OF space-Ni f(2)]]
finite-measure-Ni]] simp: space-N)
show ((λn. ∫ x. f x ∂Ni n) —> (∫ x. f x ∂N)) F
proof(cases B > 0)
case False
with h(2) have 1: ∀x. x ∈ space N ==> f x = 0 ∀F i in F. ∀x. x ∈ space
(Ni i) —> f x = 0
by (fastforce simp: space-N intro!: eventually-mono[OF space-Ni])+
thus ?thesis
by(auto cong: Bochner-Integration.integral-cong
intro!: tendsto-cong[where g=λx. 0 and f=(λn. ∫ x. f x ∂Ni n), THEN

```

```

iffD2] eventually-mono[OF 1(2)])
next
  case B[arith]:True
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases K > 0)
    case False
    then have 1:measure N A = 0  $\forall_F x \in F. \text{measure}(Ni x) M = 0$  for A
    using K(2)[of A] measure-nonneg[of - A] measure-le-0-iff
    by(fastforce intro!: eventuallyI[THEN eventually-mp[OF - K(1)[of M]]])+
    hence N = null-measure (borel-of mtopology)
    by(auto intro!: measure-eqI simp: sets-N.emeasure-eq-measure)
    moreover have  $\forall_F x \in F. Ni x = \text{null-measure}$  (borel-of mtopology)
    using order.trans[where c=0,OF finite-measure.bounded-measure]
    by(intro eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF eventually-conj[OF
      space-Ni eventually-conj[OF finite-measure-Ni sets-Ni]] 1(2)]] measure-eqI)
      (auto simp: finite-measure.emeasure-eq-measure measure-le-0-iff)
    ultimately show ?thesis
    by (simp add: eventually-mono tends-to-eventually)
next
  case [arith]:True
  show ?thesis
  unfolding tends-to-iff LIMSEQ-def dist-real-def
  proof safe
    fix r :: real
    assume r[arith]:  $r > 0$ 
    define  $\nu$  where  $\nu \equiv \text{distr } N \text{ borel } f$ 
    have sets-nu[measurable-cong, simp]: sets  $\nu = \text{sets borel}$ 
      by(simp add:  $\nu$ -def)
    interpret  $\nu$ : finite-measure  $\nu$ 
      by(auto simp:  $\nu$ -def N.finite-measure-distr)
    have  $(1 / 6) * (r / K) * (1 / B) > 0$ 
      by auto
    from nat-approx-posE[OF this]
    obtain N' where N':  $1 / (\text{Suc } N') < (1 / 6) * (r / K) * (1 / B)$ 
      by auto
    from mult-strict-right-mono[OF this B] have N'':  $B / (\text{Suc } N') < (1 / 6) * (r / K)$ 
      by auto
    have  $\exists tn \in \{B / \text{Suc } N' * (\text{real } n - 1) - B < .. < B / \text{Suc } N' * \text{real } n - B\}. \text{measure } \nu \{tn\} = 0$  for n
    proof(rule ccontr)
      assume  $\neg (\exists tn \in \{B / \text{Suc } N' * (\text{real } n - 1) - B < .. < B / \text{Suc } N' * \text{real } n - B\}. \text{measure } \nu \{tn\} = 0)$ 
      then have  $\{B / \text{Suc } N' * (\text{real } n - 1) - B < .. < B / \text{Suc } N' * \text{real } n - B\} \subseteq \{x. \text{measure } \nu \{x\} \neq 0\}$ 
        by auto
      moreover have uncountable  $\{B / \text{Suc } N' * (\text{real } n - 1) - B < .. < B / \text{Suc } N' * \text{real } n - B\}$ 
        unfolding uncountable-open-interval right-diff-distrib by auto

```

```

ultimately show False
  using ν.countable-support by(meson countable-subset)
qed
then obtain tn where tn: ∏n. B / Suc N' * (real n - 1) - B < tn n
  ∏n. tn n < B / Suc N' * real n - B
    ∏n. measure ν {tn n} = 0
      by (metis greaterThanLessThan-iff)
have t0: tn 0 < - B
  using tn(2)[of 0] by simp
have tN: B < tn (Suc (2 * (Suc N')))
proof -
  have B * (2 + 2 * real N') / (1 + real N') = 2 * B
    by(auto simp: divide-eq-eq)
  with tn(1)[of Suc (2 * (Suc N'))] show ?thesis
    by simp
qed
define Aj where Aj ≡ (λj. f -` {tn j..<tn (Suc j)} ∩ M)
have sets-Aj[measurable]: ∀j. Aj j ∈ sets N ∀F i in F. ∀j. Aj j ∈ sets
(Ni i)
  using measurable-sets[OF f(1)]
  by(auto simp: Aj-def space-N intro!: eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF space-Ni f(2)]])
have m-f: measure N (mtopology frontier-of (Aj j)) = 0 for j
proof -
  have measure N (mtopology frontier-of (Aj j)) = measure N (mtopology
closure-of (Aj j) - mtopology interior-of (Aj j))
    by(simp add: frontier-of-def)
  also have ... ≤ measure ν {tn j, tn (Suc j)}
  proof -
    have [simp]: {x ∈ M. tn j ≤ f x ∧ f x ≤ tn (Suc j)} = f -` {tn j..tn
(Suc j)} ∩ M
      {x ∈ M. tn j < f x ∧ f x < tn (Suc j)} = f -` {tn j<..<tn (Suc j)}
      ∩ M
        by auto
    have mtopology closure-of (Aj j) ⊆ f -` {tn j..tn (Suc j)} ∩ M
      by(rule closure-of-minimal,insert closedin-continuous-map-preimage[OF
h(1),of {tn j..tn (Suc j)}])
        (auto simp: Aj-def)
    moreover have f -` {tn j..tn (Suc j)} ∩ M ⊆ mtopology interior-of
(Aj j)
      by(rule interior-of-maximal,insert openin-continuous-map-preimage[OF
h(1),of {tn j..tn (Suc j)}])
        (auto simp: Aj-def)
    ultimately have mtopology closure-of (Aj j) = mtopology interior-of
(Aj j) ⊆ f -` {tn j, tn (Suc j)} ∩ M
      by(fastforce dest: contra-subsetD)
    with closedin-subset[OF closedin-closure-of,of mtopology Aj j] show
?thesis
      by(auto simp: ν-def measure-distr intro!: N.finite-measure-mono)

```

```

(auto simp: space-N)
qed
also have ... ≤ measure ν {tn j} + measure ν {tn (Suc j)}
  using ν.finite-measure-subadditive[of {tn (Suc j)} {tn j}] by auto
also have ... = 0
  by(simp add: tn)
finally show ?thesis
  by (simp add: measure-le-0-iff)
qed
hence conv:(λn. measure (Ni n) (Aj j)) —→ measure N (Aj j)) F for j
  by(auto intro!: assms simp: sets-N[symmetric] sets-Ni)
have fil1:∀ F n in F. |tn j| * |measure (Ni n) (Aj j) − measure N (Aj j)|
< r / (3 * (Suc (Suc (2 * Suc N')))) for j
proof(cases |tn j| = 0)
  case pos:False
  then have r / (3 * (Suc (Suc (2 * Suc N')))) * (1 / |tn j|) > 0
    by auto
  with conv[of j]
  have 1:∀ F n in F. |measure (Ni n) (Aj j) − measure N (Aj j)|
    < r / (3 * (Suc (Suc (2 * Suc N')))) * (1 / |tn j|)
    unfolding tendsto-iff dist-real-def by metis
  have ∀ F n in F. |tn j| * |measure (Ni n) (Aj j) − measure N (Aj j)| <
    r / (3 * (Suc (Suc (2 * Suc N'))))
  proof(rule eventuallyI[THEN eventually-mp[OF - 1]])
    show |measure (Ni n) (Aj j) − measure N (Aj j)| < r / real (3 * Suc
      (Suc (2 * Suc N'))) * (1 / |tn j|)
      —→ |tn j| * |measure (Ni n) (Aj j) − measure N (Aj j)| < r / real
      (3 * Suc (Suc (2 * Suc N'))) for n
      using mult-less-cancel-right-pos[of |tn j| |measure (Ni n) (Aj j) −
        measure N (Aj j)|
        r / real (3 * Suc (Suc (2 * Suc N'))) * (1 / |tn j|)] pos by(simp
        add: mult.commute)
    qed
    thus ?thesis by auto
  qed auto
  hence fil1:∀ F n in F. ∀ j ∈ {..Suc (2 * Suc N')}. |tn j| * |measure (Ni n)
    (Aj j) − measure N (Aj j)| < r / (3 * (Suc (Suc (2 * Suc N'))))
    by(auto intro!: eventually-ball-finite)
  have tn-strictmono: strict-mono tn
    unfolding strict-mono-Suc-iff
  proof safe
    fix n
    show tn n < tn (Suc n)
      using tn(1)[of Suc n] tn(2)[of n] by auto
  qed
  from strict-mono-less[OF this] have Aj-disj: disjoint-family Aj
    by(auto simp: disjoint-family-on-def Aj-def) (metis linorder-not-le
    not-less-eq order-less-le order-less-trans)

```

```

have Aj-un:  $M = (\bigcup_{i \in \{\dots\text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * \text{Suc }N')\}}. \text{Aj } i)$ 
proof
  show  $M \subseteq \bigcup (\text{Aj } ' \{\dots\text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * \text{Suc }N')\})$ 
  proof
    fix  $x$ 
    assume  $x:x \in M$ 
    with  $h(\mathcal{Z}) tN t0$  have  $h':tn 0 < f x f x < tn (\text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * \text{Suc }N'))$ 
      by fastforce+
    define  $n$  where  $n \equiv \text{LEAST } n. f x < tn (\text{Suc }n)$ 
    have  $f x < tn (\text{Suc }n)$ 
      unfolding  $n\text{-def}$  by(rule LeastI-ex) (use  $h'$  in auto)
    moreover have  $tn n \leq f x$ 
      by (metis Least-le Suc-n-not-le-n  $h'(\mathcal{Z})$  less-eq-real-def linorder-not-less
        n-def not0-implies-Suc)
    moreover have  $n \leq \mathcal{Z} * \text{Suc }N'$ 
      unfolding  $n\text{-def}$  by(rule Least-le) (use  $h'$  in auto)
    ultimately show  $x \in \bigcup (\text{Aj } ' \{\dots\text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * \text{Suc }N')\})$ 
      by(auto simp: Aj-def x)
  qed
  qed(auto simp: Aj-def)
  define  $h$  where  $h \equiv (\lambda x. \sum_{i \leq \text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * (\text{Suc }N'))}. tn i * \text{indicat-real } (\text{Aj }i) x)$ 
  have  $h[\text{measurable}]: h \in \text{borel-measurable } N \forall F. i \text{ in } F. h \in \text{borel-measurable } (Ni i)$ 
    by(auto simp: h-def simp del: sum.atMost-Suc sum-mult-indicator intro!
      borel-measurable-sum eventually-mono[OF sets-Aj(2)])
  have  $h-f: h x \leq f x$  if  $x \in M$  for  $x$ 
  proof -
    from that disjoint-family-onD[OF Aj-disj]
    obtain  $n$  where  $n: x \in \text{Aj } n n \leq \text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * \text{Suc }N') \wedge m. m \neq n \Rightarrow x \notin \text{Aj } m$ 
      by(auto simp: Aj-un)
    have  $h x = (\sum_{i \leq \text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * (\text{Suc }N'))}. \text{if } i = n \text{ then } tn i \text{ else } 0)$ 
      unfolding  $h\text{-def}$  by(rule Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux) (use
        n in auto)
    also have ... =  $tn n$ 
      using n by auto
    also have ...  $\leq f x$ 
      using n(1) by(auto simp: Aj-def)
    finally show ?thesis .
  qed
  have  $f-h: f x < h x + (1 / 3) * (r / \text{enn2real } K)$  if  $x \in M$  for  $x$ 
  proof -
    from that disjoint-family-onD[OF Aj-disj]
    obtain  $n$  where  $n: x \in \text{Aj } n n \leq \text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * \text{Suc }N') \wedge m. m \neq n \Rightarrow x \notin \text{Aj } m$ 
      by(auto simp: Aj-un)
    have  $h x = (\sum_{i \leq \text{Suc }(\mathcal{Z} * (\text{Suc }N'))}. \text{if } i = n \text{ then } tn i \text{ else } 0)$ 
      unfolding  $h\text{-def}$  by(rule Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux) (use
        n in auto)
  
```

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n in auto)
  also have ... = tn n
    using n by auto
  finally have hx: h x = tn n .
  have f x < tn (Suc n)
    using n by(auto simp: Aj-def)
  hence f x - tn n < tn (Suc n) - tn n by auto
  also have ... < B / real (Suc N') * real (Suc n) - (B / real (Suc N') *
(real n - 1))
    using tn(1)[of n] tn(2)[of Suc n] by auto
  also have ... = 2 * B / real (Suc N')
    by(auto simp: diff-divide-distrib[symmetric]) (simp add: ring-distrib(1)
right-diff-distrib)
  also have ... < (1 / 3) * (r / enn2real K)
    using N'' by auto
  finally show ?thesis
    using hx by simp
qed
with h-f have fh: ∀x. x ∈ M ⇒ |f x - h x| < (1 / 3) * (r / enn2real
K)
  by fastforce
have h-bounded: |h x| ≤ (∑ i≤Suc (2 * (Suc N')). |tn i|) for x
  unfolding h-def by(rule order.trans[OF sum-abs[of λi. tn i * indicat-real
(Aj i) x
  {..Suc (2 * (Suc N'))} sum-mono]]) (auto simp: indicator-def)
  hence h-int[intsimp]: integrable N h ∀F i in F. integrable (Ni i) h
    by(auto intro!: N.integrable-const-bound[where B=∑ i≤Suc (2 * (Suc
N')). |tn i|]
finite-measure.integrable-const-bound[where B=∑ i≤Suc (2 * (Suc
N')). |tn i|]
eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF finite-measure-Ni h(2)]])
  show ∀F n in F. |(∫ x. f x ∂Ni n) - (∫ x. f x ∂N)| < r
  proof(safe intro!: eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF K(1)[of M]
eventually-conj[OF eventually-conj[OF fil1 h-int(2)]]
eventually-conj[OF f-int(2)]
eventually-conj[OF eventually-conj[OF finite-measure-Ni
space-Ni]
sets-Aj(2)]]]])
fix n
assume n: ∀j∈{..Suc (2 * Suc N')} .
  |tn j| * |measure (Ni n) (Aj j) - measure N (Aj j)| < r / real (3 * Suc
(Suc (2 * Suc N')))
    measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n)) ≤ K
    and h-intn[intsimp]:integrable (Ni n) h and f-intn[intsimp]:integrable (Ni
n) f
    and sets-Aj2[measurable]:∀j. Aj j ∈ sets (Ni n)
    and space-Ni:M = space (Ni n)
    and finite-measure (Ni n)
interpret Ni: finite-measure (Ni n) by fact

```

```

have  $|( \int x. f x \partial Ni n ) - ( \int x. f x \partial N )|$ 
     $= |( \int x. f x - h x \partial Ni n ) + (( \int x. h x \partial Ni n ) - ( \int x. h x \partial N )) -$ 
 $( \int x. f x - h x \partial N )|$ 
    by (simp add: Bochner-Integration.integral-diff[OF f-int(1) h-int(1)]
Bochner-Integration.integral-diff[OF f-intn h-intn])
also have ...  $\leq | \int x. f x - h x \partial Ni n | + |( \int x. h x \partial Ni n ) - ( \int x. h x \partial N )| + | \int x. f x - h x \partial N |$ 
    by linarith
also have ...  $\leq ( \int x. |f x - h x| \partial Ni n ) + |( \int x. h x \partial Ni n ) - ( \int x. h x \partial N )| + ( \int x. |f x - h x| \partial N )$ 
    using integral-abs-bound by (simp add: add-mono del: f-int f-intn)
also have ...  $\leq r / 3 + |( \int x. h x \partial Ni n ) - ( \int x. h x \partial N )| + r / 3$ 
proof -
have  $( \int x. |f x - h x| \partial Ni n ) \leq ( \int x. (1 / 3) * (r / enn2real K) \partial Ni n )$ 
by (rule integral-mono) (insert fh, auto simp: space-Ni order.strict-implies-order)
also have ... = measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n)) / K * (r / 3)
    by auto
also have ...  $\leq r / 3$ 
    by (rule mult-left-le-one-le) (use n space-Ni in auto)
finally have 1:  $( \int x. |f x - h x| \partial Ni n ) \leq r / 3$ .
have  $( \int x. |f x - h x| \partial N ) \leq ( \int x. (1 / 3) * (r / K) \partial N )$ 
by (rule integral-mono) (insert fh, auto simp: space-N order.strict-implies-order)
also have ... = measure N (space N) / enn2real K * (r / 3)
    by auto
also have ...  $\leq r / 3$ 
    by (rule mult-left-le-one-le) (use K space-N in auto)
finally show ?thesis
    using 1 by auto
qed
also have ... < r
proof -
have  $|( \int x. h x \partial Ni n ) - ( \int x. h x \partial N )|$ 
     $= |( \int x. (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). tn i * indicat-real (Aj i) x) \partial Ni$ 
 $n)$ 
     $- ( \int x. (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). tn i * indicat-real (Aj i) x) \partial N )|$ 
    by (simp add: h-def)
also have ... =  $|(\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). (\int x. tn i * indicat-real (Aj i) x) \partial Ni n)$ 
     $- (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). (\int x. tn i * indicat-real (Aj i) x) \partial N)|$ 
proof -
have 1:  $( \int x. (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). tn i * indicat-real (Aj i) x) \partial Ni n)$ 
     $= (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). (\int x. tn i * indicat-real (Aj i) x) \partial Ni n))$ 
    by (rule Bochner-Integration.integral-sum) (use integrable-real-mult-indicator
sets-Aj2 in blast)
have 2:  $( \int x. (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). tn i * indicat-real (Aj i) x) \partial Ni n)$ 

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```


$$\partial N)$$


$$= (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')) . (\int x. tn i * indicat-real (Aj i) x$$


$$\partial N))$$


by(rule Bochner-Integration.integral-sum) (use integrable-real-mult-indicator  
sets-Aj(1) in blast)



show ?thesis



by(simp only: 1 2)



qed



also have ... = |(\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). tn i * measure (Ni n) (Aj  
i))  
- (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). tn i * measure N (Aj i))|



by simp



also have ... = |\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). tn i * (measure (Ni n) (Aj  
i) - measure N (Aj i))|



by(auto simp: sum-subtractf right-diff-distrib)



also have ... ≤ (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). |tn i * (measure (Ni n) (Aj  
i) - measure N (Aj i))|)



by(rule sum-abs)



also have ... ≤ (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). |tn i| * |(measure (Ni n) (Aj  
i) - measure N (Aj i))|)



by(simp add: abs-mult)



also have ... < (\sum i \leq Suc (2 * (Suc N')). r / (3 * (Suc (Suc (2 * Suc  
N')))))



by(rule sum-strict-mono) (use n in auto)



also have ... = real (Suc (Suc (2 * Suc N'))) * (1 / (Suc (Suc (2 *  
Suc N')))) * (r / 3))



by auto



also have ... = r / 3



unfolding mult.assoc[symmetric] by simp



finally show ?thesis by auto



qed



finally show |(\int x. f x \partial Ni n) - (\int x. f x \partial N)| < r .



qed



qed



qed



qed



qed(auto simp: sets-N finite-measure-N intro!: eventually-mono[OF eventually-Ni])



qed (simp add: mweak-conv-def sets-Ni sets-N finite-measure-N)



lemma mweak-conv-eq: mweak-conv Ni N F



↔ (forall f::'a ⇒ real. continuous-map mttopology euclidean f → (exists B. ∀ x∈M. |f x| ≤ B)  
→ ((λn. ∫ x. f x ∂ Ni n) → (∫ x. f x ∂ N) F)



by(auto simp: sets-N mweak-conv-def finite-measure-N  
intro!: eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF finite-measure-Ni sets-Ni]])



lemma mweak-conv-eq1: mweak-conv Ni N F



↔ (forall f::'a ⇒ real. uniformly-continuous-map Self euclidean-metric f → (exists B.  
∀ x∈M. |f x| ≤ B)


```

$\longrightarrow ((\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial N i n) \longrightarrow (\int x. f x \partial N)) F$

**proof**

**assume**  $h: \forall f: 'a \Rightarrow \text{real. uniformly-continuous-map Self euclidean-metric } f \longrightarrow (\exists B. \forall x \in M. |f x| \leq B)$   
 $\longrightarrow ((\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial N i n) \longrightarrow (\int x. f x \partial N)) F$

**have**  $1: ((\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) M) \longrightarrow \text{measure} N M) F$

**proof –**

**have**  $1: ((\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) (\text{space} (N i n))) \longrightarrow \text{measure} N M) F$   
**using**  $h[\text{rule-format}, \text{OF uniformly-continuous-map-const[THEN iffD2,of - 1]}]$   
**by**(auto simp: space-N)  
**show** ?thesis  
**by**(auto intro!: tendsto-cong[THEN iffD1,OF - 1] eventually-mono[OF space-Ni])

**qed**

**have**  $\bigwedge A. \text{closedin mtopology} A \implies \text{Limsup} F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) A) \leq \text{measure} N A$   
**and**  $\bigwedge U. \text{openin mtopology} U \implies \text{measure} N U \leq \text{Liminf} F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) U)$   
**using** mweak-conv2[OF h[rule-format]] mweak-conv3[OF - 1] **by** auto  
**hence**  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)} \implies \text{measure} N (\text{mtopology frontier-of} A) = 0$   
 $\implies ((\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) A) \longrightarrow \text{measure} N A) F$   
**using** mweak-conv4 **by** auto  
**with** mweak-conv5 **show** mweak-conv Ni N F **by** auto  
**qed**(use mweak-conv1 in auto)

**lemma** mweak-conv-eq2: mweak-conv Ni N F

$\longleftarrow ((\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) M) \longrightarrow \text{measure} N M) F \wedge (\forall A. \text{closedin mtopology} A \longrightarrow \text{Limsup} F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) A) \leq \text{measure} N A)$

**proof safe**

**assume** mweak-conv Ni N F  
**note**  $h = \text{this}[\text{simplified mweak-conv-eq1}]$   
**show**  $1: ((\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) M) \longrightarrow \text{measure} N M) F$   
**proof –**

**have**  $1: ((\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) (\text{space} (N i n))) \longrightarrow \text{measure} N M) F$   
**using**  $h[\text{rule-format}, \text{OF uniformly-continuous-map-const[THEN iffD2,of - 1]}]$   
**by**(auto simp: space-N)  
**show** ?thesis  
**by**(auto intro!: tendsto-cong[THEN iffD1,OF - 1] eventually-mono[OF space-Ni])  
**qed**

**show**  $\bigwedge A. \text{closedin mtopology} A \implies \text{Limsup} F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) A) \leq \text{measure} N A$   
**using** mweak-conv2[OF h[rule-format]] **by** auto

**next**

**assume**  $h: ((\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) M) \longrightarrow \text{measure} N M) F$   
 $\forall A. \text{closedin mtopology} A \longrightarrow \text{Limsup} F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) A) \leq \text{measure} N A$   
**then have**  $\bigwedge A. \text{closedin mtopology} A \implies \text{Limsup} F (\lambda n. \text{measure} (N i n) A) \leq \text{measure} N A$

**and**  $\bigwedge U. \text{openin mtopology } U \implies \text{measure } N U \leq \text{Liminf } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) U)$   
**using** mweak-conv3 **by** auto  
**hence**  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)} \implies \text{measure } N (\text{mtopology frontier-of } A) = 0$   
 $\implies ((\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) A) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N A) F$   
**using** mweak-conv4 **by** auto  
**with** mweak-conv5 **show** mweak-conv Ni N F **by** auto  
**qed**

**lemma** mweak-conv-eq3: mweak-conv Ni N F  
 $\longleftarrow ((\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) M) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N M) F \wedge$   
 $(\forall U. \text{openin mtopology } U \longrightarrow \text{measure } N U \leq \text{Liminf } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) U))$   
**proof safe**  
**assume** mweak-conv Ni N F  
**note** h = this[simplified mweak-conv-eq1]  
**show** 1:  $((\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) M) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N M) F$   
**proof -**  
**have** 1:  $((\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) (\text{space } (Ni_n))) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N M) F$   
**using** h[rule-format, OF uniformly-continuous-map-const[THEN iffD2, of - 1]]  
**by**(auto simp: space-N)  
**show** ?thesis  
**by**(auto intro!: tends-to-cong[THEN iffD1, OF - 1] eventually-mono[OF space-Ni])  
**qed**  
**show**  $\bigwedge U. \text{openin mtopology } U \implies \text{measure } N U \leq \text{Liminf } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) U)$   
**using** mweak-conv2[OF h[rule-format]] mweak-conv3[OF - 1] **by** auto  
**next**  
**assume** h:  $((\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) M) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N M) F$   
 $\forall U. \text{openin mtopology } U \longrightarrow \text{measure } N U \leq \text{Liminf } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) U)$   
**then have**  $\bigwedge A. \text{closedin mtopology } A \implies \text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) A) \leq \text{measure } N A$   
**and**  $\bigwedge U. \text{openin mtopology } U \implies \text{measure } N U \leq \text{Liminf } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) U)$   
**using** mweak-conv3' **by** auto  
**hence**  $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)} \implies \text{measure } N (\text{mtopology frontier-of } A) = 0$   
 $\implies ((\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) A) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N A) F$   
**using** mweak-conv4 **by** auto  
**with** mweak-conv5 **show** mweak-conv Ni N F **by** auto  
**qed**

**lemma** mweak-conv-eq4: mweak-conv Ni N F  
 $\longleftarrow (\forall A \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)}. \text{measure } N (\text{mtopology frontier-of } A) = 0$   
 $\longrightarrow ((\lambda n. \text{measure } (Ni_n) A) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N A) F)$   
**proof safe**  
**assume** mweak-conv Ni N F

```

note h = this[simplified mweak-conv-eq1]
have 1:((λn. measure (Ni n) M) —→ measure N M) F
proof –
  have 1:((λn. measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n))) —→ measure N M) F
    using h[rule-format,OF uniformly-continuous-map-const[THEN iffD2,of - 1]]
    by(auto simp: space-N)
  show ?thesis
    by(auto intro!: tendsto-cong[THEN iffD1,OF - 1] eventually-mono[OF space-Ni])
  qed
  have ⋀A. closedin mtopology A ==> Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) A) ≤ measure N A
    and ⋀U. openin mtopology U ==> measure N U ≤ Liminf F (λn. measure (Ni n) U)
    using mweak-conv2[OF h[rule-format]] mweak-conv3[OF - 1] by auto
    thus ⋀A. A ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology) ==> measure N (mtopology frontier-of A) = 0
      ==> ((λn. measure (Ni n) A) —→ measure N A) F
    using mweak-conv4 by auto
  qed(use mweak-conv5 in auto)

corollary mweak-conv-imp-limit-space:
assumes mweak-conv Ni N F
shows ((λi. measure (Ni i) M) —→ measure N M) F
using assms by(simp add: mweak-conv-eq3)

end

lemma
assumes metrizable-space X
and ∀F i in F. sets (Ni i) = sets (borel-of X) ∀F i in F. finite-measure (Ni i)
and sets N = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure N
shows weak-conv-on-eq1:
  weak-conv-on Ni N F X
  —> ((λn. measure (Ni n) (topspace X)) —→ measure N (topspace X)) F
  ∧ (⋀A. closedin X A —> Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) A) ≤ measure N A) (is ?eq1)
  and weak-conv-on-eq2:
  weak-conv-on Ni N F X
  —> ((λn. measure (Ni n) (topspace X)) —→ measure N (topspace X)) F
  ∧ (⋀U. openin X U —> measure N U ≤ Liminf F (λn. measure (Ni n) U)) (is ?eq2)
  and weak-conv-on-eq3:
  weak-conv-on Ni N F X
  —> (⋀A ∈ sets (borel-of X). measure N (X frontier-of A) = 0
  —> ((λn. measure (Ni n) A) —→ measure N A) F) (is ?eq3)
proof –
  obtain d where d: Metric-space (topspace X) d Metric-space.mtopology (topspace X) d = X
    by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology assms(1) metrizable-space-def)

```

```

then interpret mweak-conv-fin topspace X d Ni N
  by(auto simp: mweak-conv-fin-def mweak-conv-fin-axioms-def assms)
show ?eq1 ?eq2 ?eq3
  using mweak-conv-eq2 mweak-conv-eq3 mweak-conv-eq4 unfolding d(2) by
blast+
qed

end

```

## 4 The Lévy-Prokhorov Metric

```

theory Levy-Prokhorov-Distance
imports Lemmas-Levy-Prokhorov General-Weak-Convergence
begin

```

### 4.1 The Lévy-Prokhorov Metric

```

lemma LPm-ne':
assumes finite-measure M finite-measure N
shows ∃ e>0. ∀ A B C D. measure M A ≤ measure N (B A e) + e ∧ measure
N C ≤ measure M (D C e) + e
proof -
  interpret M: finite-measure M by fact
  interpret N: finite-measure N by fact
  from M.emeasure-real N.emeasure-real obtain m n where mn[arith]:
    m ≥ 0 n ≥ 0 M (space M) = ennreal m N (space N) = ennreal n
    by metis
  then have MN: ∀ A. measure M A ≤ m ∧ ∀ A. measure N A ≤ n
  using M.bounded-measure N.bounded-measure measure-eq-emmeasure-eq-ennreal
by blast+
  show ?thesis
  proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=m+n+1])
    fix A B C D
    note [arith] = MN(1)[of A] MN(1)[of D C (m + n + 1)] MN(2)[of C]
    MN(2)[of B A (m + n + 1)]
    show measure M A ≤ measure N (B A (m+n+1)) + (m+n+1) measure N
      C ≤ measure M (D C (m+n+1)) + (m+n+1)
      by(simp-all add: add.commute add-increasing2)
    qed simp
  qed

```

```

locale Levy-Prokhorov = Metric-space
begin

```

```

definition P ≡ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ finite-measure N}

```

```

lemma inP-D:
assumes N ∈ P
shows finite-measure N sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) space N = M

```

```

using assms by(auto simp: P-def space-borel-of cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq)

declare inP-D(2)[measurable-cong]

lemma inP-I: sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ==> finite-measure N ==> N ∈
P
  by(auto simp: P-def)

lemma inP-iff: N ∈ P <=> sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ finite-measure N
  by(simp add: P-def)

lemma M-empty-P:
  assumes M = {}
  shows P = {} ∨ P = {count-space {}}
proof -
  have ⋀N. N ∈ P ==> N = count-space {}
    by (simp add: assms inP-D(3) space-empty)
  thus ?thesis
    by blast
qed

lemma M-empty-P':
  assumes M = {}
  shows P = {} ∨ P = {null-measure (borel-of mtopology)}
  by (metis inP-D(2) singletonI space-count-space space-empty space-empty-iff space-null-measure
M-empty-P[OF assms])

lemma inP-mweak-conv-fin-all:
  assumes ⋀i. Ni i ∈ P N ∈ P
  shows mweak-conv-fin M d Ni N F
  using assms inP-D by(auto simp: mweak-conv-fin-def Metric-space-axioms mweak-conv-fin-axioms-def)

lemma inP-mweak-conv-fin:
  assumes ∀F i in F. Ni i ∈ P N ∈ P
  shows mweak-conv-fin M d Ni N F
  using assms inP-D by(auto simp: mweak-conv-fin-def Metric-space-axioms mweak-conv-fin-axioms-def
intro!: eventually-mono[OF assms(1)])

definition LPm :: 'a measure ⇒ 'a measure ⇒ real where
LPm N L ≡
  if N ∈ P ∧ L ∈ P then
    (⋀{e. e > 0 ∧ (∀A∈sets (borel-of mtopology).
      measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
      measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃a∈A. mball a e) + e)))
  else 0

lemma bdd-below-Levy-Prokhorov:
  bdd-below {e. e > 0 ∧ (∀A∈sets (borel-of mtopology).
    measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
    measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃a∈A. mball a e) + e))

```

```

measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e)
by(auto intro!: bdd-belowI[where m=0])

```

**lemma** LPm-ne:

**assumes**  $N \in \mathcal{P}$   $L \in \mathcal{P}$

**shows** { $e. e > 0 \wedge (\forall A \in \text{sets}(\text{borel-of mtopology}).$

$\text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a e) + e \wedge$   
 $\text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a e) + e\}$

$\neq \{\}$

**proof** –

from LPm-ne'[OF inP-D(1)[OF assms(1)] inP-D(1)[OF assms(2)]]

show ?thesis by fastforce

qed

**lemma** LPm-imp-le:

**assumes**  $e > 0$

**and**  $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{sets}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) \implies \text{measure } L B \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in B. \text{mball } a e) + e$

**and**  $\bigwedge B. B \in \text{sets}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) \implies \text{measure } N B \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup a \in B. \text{mball } a e) + e$

**shows**  $\text{LPm } L N \leq e$

**proof** –

consider  $L \notin \mathcal{P} \mid N \notin \mathcal{P} \mid L \in \mathcal{P} \mid N \in \mathcal{P}$  by auto

then show ?thesis

**proof** cases

case 3

show ?thesis

by(auto simp add: LPm-def 3 intro!: cINF-lower[where f=id,simplified] assms  
bdd-belowI[where m=0])

qed(insert assms,simp-all add: LPm-def)

qed

**lemma** LPm-le-max-measure:  $\text{LPm } L N \leq \max(\text{measure } L (\text{space } L)) (\text{measure } N (\text{space } N))$

**proof** –

consider  $N \notin \mathcal{P} \mid L \notin \mathcal{P}$

|  $\max(\text{measure } L (\text{space } L)) (\text{measure } N (\text{space } N)) = 0 \mid L \in \mathcal{P} \mid N \in \mathcal{P}$

|  $\max(\text{measure } L (\text{space } L)) (\text{measure } N (\text{space } N)) > 0 \mid L \in \mathcal{P} \mid N \in \mathcal{P}$

by (metis less-max-iff-disj max.idem zero-less-measure-iff)

then show ?thesis

**proof** cases

assume  $h: L \in \mathcal{P} \mid N \in \mathcal{P} \mid \max(\text{measure } L (\text{space } L)) (\text{measure } N (\text{space } N)) = 0$

interpret  $L: \text{finite-measure } L$

using  $h$  by(auto dest: inP-D)

interpret  $N: \text{finite-measure } N$

using  $h$  by(auto dest: inP-D)

have  $\text{measure } L: \bigwedge A. \text{measure } L A = 0$

by (metis L.bounded-measure h(3) max.absorb1 max.commute max.left-idem)

```

measure-nonneg)
  have measureN: $\bigwedge A$ . measure N A = 0
    by (metis N.bounded-measure h(3) max.absorb1 max.commute max.left-idem
measure-nonneg)
  have  $\bigwedge e. e > 0 \implies LPm L N \leq e$ 
    by(auto intro!: LPm-imp-le simp: measureL measureN)
  thus ?thesis
    by(simp add: h(3) field-le-epsilon)
  next
  assume h:max (measure L (space L)) (measure N (space N)) > 0 (is ?a > 0)
  L ∈ ℙ N ∈ ℙ
  interpret L: finite-measure L
    using h by(auto dest: inP-D)
  interpret N: finite-measure N
    using h by(auto dest: inP-D)
  have  $\bigwedge B. B \in sets (borel-of mtopology) \implies measure L B \leq measure N (\bigcup a \in B. mball a ?a) + ?a$ 
    using L.bounded-measure by(auto intro!: add-increasing max.coboundedI1)
  moreover have  $\bigwedge B. B \in sets (borel-of mtopology) \implies measure N B \leq measure L (\bigcup a \in B. mball a ?a) + ?a$ 
    using N.bounded-measure by(auto intro!: add-increasing max.coboundedI2)
  ultimately show ?thesis
    by(auto intro!: LPm-imp-le h)
  qed(simp-all add: LPm-def max-def)
qed

```

**lemma** LPm-less-then:

assumes  $N \in \mathcal{P}$  and  $L \in \mathcal{P}$   
and  $LPm N L < e$   $A \in sets (borel-of mtopology)$   
shows  $measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup a \in A. mball a e) + e$   $measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup a \in A. mball a e) + e$

**proof** –

have sets-NL:  $sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets N sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets L$   
using assms by (auto simp: inP-D)  
interpret L: finite-measure L  
by (simp add: assms(2) inP-D)  
interpret N: finite-measure N  
by (simp add: assms(1) inP-D)  
have  $\exists e. e > 0 \wedge (\forall A \in sets (borel-of mtopology). measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup a \in A. mball a e) + e \wedge measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup a \in A. mball a e) + e) \} < e$   
using assms by(simp add: LPm-def)  
from cInf-less-iff[THEN iffD1, OF LPm-ne[OF assms(1,2)]] bdd-below-Levy-Prokhorov  
this]  
obtain e' where e':  
 $e' > 0 \wedge \forall A. A \in sets (borel-of mtopology) \implies measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup a \in A. mball a e') + e'$   
 $\forall A. A \in sets (borel-of mtopology) \implies measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup a \in A. mball$

```

 $a e') + e' e' < e$ 
  by auto
have measure N A ≤ measure L ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e'$ ) + e'
  by(auto intro!: e' assms)
also have ... ≤ measure L ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e')$  + e
  using e' by auto
also have ... ≤ measure L ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e$ ) + e
  using sets.sets-into-space[OF assms(4)] mball-subset-concentric[of e' e] e'
  by(auto intro!: L.finite-measure-mono borel-of-open simp: space-borel-of sets-NL(2)[symmetric])
finally show measure N A ≤ measure L ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e$ ) + e .
have measure L A ≤ measure N ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e'$ ) + e'
  by(auto intro!: e' assms)
also have ... ≤ measure N ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e')$  + e
  using e' by auto
also have ... ≤ measure N ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e$ ) + e
  using sets.sets-into-space[OF assms(4)] mball-subset-concentric[of e' e] e'
  by(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono borel-of-open simp: space-borel-of sets-NL(1)[symmetric])
finally show measure L A ≤ measure N ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e$ ) + e .
qed

lemma LPm-nonneg:0 ≤ LPm N L
  by(auto simp: LPm-def le-cInf-iff[OF LPm-ne bdd-below-Levy-Prokhorov])

lemma LPm-open: LPm L N = (if L ∈ P ∧ N ∈ P then
  ( $\prod \{e. e > 0 \wedge (\forall A \in \{U. openin mtopology U\}. measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e) + e \wedge measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e) + e\})$ )
  else 0)
proof -
{
  assume LN:L ∈ P N ∈ P
  then have finite-measure L finite-measure N
    and sets-MN[measurable-cong]:sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets L sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets N
      by(auto dest: inP-D)
  interpret L: finite-measure L by fact
  interpret N: finite-measure N by fact
  have  $\prod \{e. 0 < e \wedge (\forall A \in sets (borel-of mtopology). measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e) + e \wedge measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e) + e\}) =$ 
     $\prod \{e. 0 < e \wedge (\forall A. openin mtopology A \longrightarrow measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e) + e \wedge measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e) + e\}$ 
    (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
  proof(rule order.antisym)
    show ?rhs ≤ ?lhs
      using LPm-ne[OF LN] by(auto intro!: cInf-superset-mono bdd-belowI[where

```

```

m=0] dest: borel-of-open)
next
  have ball-sets[measurable]:  $\bigwedge A e. (\bigcup a \in A. mball a e) \in sets L$   $\bigwedge A e. (\bigcup a \in A. mball a e) \in sets N$ 
    by(auto simp: sets-MN[symmetric])
  show ?lhs  $\leq$  ?rhs
  proof(safe intro!: cInf-le-iff-less[where f=id,simplified,THEN iffD2])
    have ne:{e. 0 < e  $\wedge$  ( $\forall A.$  openin mtopology A
       $\longrightarrow$  measure L A  $\leq$  measure N ( $\bigcup a \in A. mball a e$ ) + e  $\wedge$ 
      measure N A  $\leq$  measure L ( $\bigcup a \in A. mball a e$ ) + e})  $\neq \{\}$ 
      using LPm-ne'[OF L.finite-measure-axioms N.finite-measure-axioms] by
    fastforce
    fix y
    assume y > ?rhs
    from cInf-lessD[OF ne this] obtain x where x:  $x < y$   $0 < x$ 
       $\wedge A.$  openin mtopology A  $\Longrightarrow$  measure L A  $\leq$  measure N ( $\bigcup a \in A. mball a$ 
      x) + x
       $\wedge A.$  openin mtopology A  $\Longrightarrow$  measure N A  $\leq$  measure L ( $\bigcup a \in A. mball a$ 
      x) + x
      by auto
    define x' where x'  $\equiv$  x + (y - x) / 2
    have x':  $x' > 0$   $x < x'$ 
      using x(1,2) by(auto simp: x'-def add-pos-pos)
    with mball-subset-concentric[of x x'] have x': measure L A  $\leq$  measure N
      ( $\bigcup a \in A. mball a x'$ ) + x'
      measure N A  $\leq$  measure L ( $\bigcup a \in A. mball a x'$ ) + x' if openin mtopology
      A for A
      by(auto intro!: order.trans[OF x(3)[OF that]] order.trans[OF x(4)[OF
      that]])
        add-mono N.finite-measure-mono L.finite-measure-mono)
    show  $\exists i \in \{e. 0 < e \wedge (\forall A \in sets (borel-of mtopology).$ 
      measure L A  $\leq$  measure N ( $\bigcup a \in A. mball a e$ ) + e  $\wedge$ 
      measure N A  $\leq$  measure L ( $\bigcup a \in A. mball a e$ ) + e}).
    i  $\leq$  y
    proof(safe intro!: bexI[where x=y])
      fix A
      assume A:A  $\in$  sets (borel-of mtopology)
      then have [measurable]: A  $\in$  sets L A  $\in$  sets N
        by(auto simp: sets-MN[symmetric])
      have measure L A =  $\bigcap$  {measure L C. openin mtopology C  $\wedge$  A  $\subseteq$  C}
        by(simp add: L.outer-regularD[OF L.outer-regular'[OF metrizable-space-mtopology
        sets-MN(1)]])
      also have ...  $\leq$   $\bigcap$  {measure N ( $\bigcup c \in C. mball c x'$ ) + x' | C. openin
        mtopology C  $\wedge$  A  $\subseteq$  C}
        using sets.sets-into-space[OF A]
      by(auto intro!: cInf-mono x'2 bdd-belowI[where m=0] simp: space-borel-of)
      also have ...  $\leq$  measure N ( $\bigcup a \in (\bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2)). mball a x'$ 
      + x')
      proof(safe intro!: cInf-lower bdd-belowI[where m=0])

```

```

have  $A \subseteq (\bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2))$ 
  using  $x(1)$  sets.sets-into-space[ $\text{OF } A$ ] by(fastforce simp: space-borel-of)
  thus  $\exists C. \text{measure } N (\bigcup b \in (\bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2)). mball b x')$ 
+  $x'$ 
=  $\text{measure } N (\bigcup c \in C. mball c x') + x' \wedge \text{openin mtopology } C \wedge$ 
 $A \subseteq C$ 
  by(auto intro!: exI[where  $x = \bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2)$ ])
qed(use measure-nonneg x'1 in auto)
also have ...  $\leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2 + x')) + x'$ 
  using nbh-add[of  $x'(y-x)/2 A$ ] by(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono)
also have ... =  $\text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. mball a y) + x'$ 
  by(auto simp: x'-def)
also have ...  $\leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. mball a y) + y$ 
  using x(1,2)
  by(auto simp: x'-def intro!: order.trans[ $\text{OF le-add-same-cancel1[of } x+(y-x)/2 (y-x)/2, \text{THEN iffD2}]]$ )
  finally show  $\text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. mball a y) + y$ .
have  $\text{measure } N A = \bigcap \{\text{measure } N ' \{C. \text{openin mtopology } C \wedge A \subseteq C\}\}$ 
  by(simp add: N.outer-regularD[ $\text{OF } N.\text{outer-regular}'[\text{OF metrizable-space-mtopology sets-MN}(2)]$ ])
also have ...  $\leq \bigcap \{\text{measure } L (\bigcup c \in C. mball c x') + x' | C. \text{openin mtopology } C \wedge A \subseteq C\}$ 
  using sets.sets-into-space[ $\text{OF } A$ ]
  by(auto intro!: cInf-mono x'2 bdd-belowI[where  $m=0$ ] simp: space-borel-of)
also have ...  $\leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup a \in (\bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2)). mball a x')$ 
+  $x'$ 
  proof(safe intro!: cInf-lower bdd-belowI[where  $m=0$ ])
    have  $A \subseteq (\bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2))$ 
      using x(1) sets.sets-into-space[ $\text{OF } A$ ] by(fastforce simp: space-borel-of)
      thus  $\exists C. \text{measure } L (\bigcup b \in (\bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2)). mball b x') +$ 
+  $x'$ 
=  $\text{measure } L (\bigcup c \in C. mball c x') + x' \wedge \text{openin mtopology } C \wedge$ 
 $A \subseteq C$ 
      by(auto intro!: exI[where  $x = \bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2)$ ])
qed(use measure-nonneg x'1 in auto)
also have ...  $\leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup a \in A. mball a ((y-x)/2 + x')) + x'$ 
  using nbh-add[of  $x'(y-x)/2 A$ ] by(auto intro!: L.finite-measure-mono)
also have ... =  $\text{measure } L (\bigcup a \in A. mball a y) + x'$ 
  by(auto simp: x'-def)
also have ...  $\leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup a \in A. mball a y) + y$ 
  using x(1,2)
  by(auto simp: x'-def intro!: order.trans[ $\text{OF le-add-same-cancel1[of } x+(y-x)/2 (y-x)/2, \text{THEN iffD2}]]$ )
  finally show  $\text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup a \in A. mball a y) + y$ .
qed(use x in auto)
qed(insert LPm-ne[ $\text{OF } LN$ ], auto intro!: bdd-belowI[where  $m=0$ ])
qed
}
thus ?thesis

```

```

    by (auto simp: LPm-def)
qed

lemma LPm-closed: LPm L N = (if L ∈ ℙ ∧ N ∈ ℙ then
  (Π {e. e > 0 ∧ (∀ A∈{U. closedin mtopology U}. measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧ measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e)}) else 0)

proof -
{
  assume LN:L ∈ ℙ N ∈ ℙ
  then have finite-measure L finite-measure N
  and sets-MN[measurable-cong]: sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets L sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets N
  by(auto dest: inP-D)
  interpret L: finite-measure L by fact
  interpret N: finite-measure N by fact
  have Π {e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A∈sets (borel-of mtopology). measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧ measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e)}
  = Π {e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A. closedin mtopology A —> measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧ measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e)} (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
  proof(rule order.antisym)
    show ?rhs ≤ ?lhs
    using LPm-ne[OF LN] by(auto intro!: cInf-superset-mono bdd-belowI[where m=0] dest: borel-of-closed)
  next
    have ball-sets[measurable]: ∀A e. (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) ∈ sets L ∀A e. (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) ∈ sets N
    by(auto simp: sets-MN[symmetric])
    show ?lhs ≤ ?rhs
    proof(safe intro!: cInf-le-iff-less[where f=id,simplified,THEN iffD2])
      have ne:{e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A. closedin mtopology A —> measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧ measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e}) ≠ {}
      using LPm-ne'[OF LFINITE-MEASURE-AXIOMS NFINITE-MEASURE-AXIOMS] by fastforce
      fix y
      assume y > ?rhs
      from cInf-lessD[OF ne this] obtain x where x: x < y 0 < x
        ∧ A. closedin mtopology A —> measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a x) + x
        ∧ A. closedin mtopology A —> measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a x) + x
    qed
}

```

```

    by auto
define x' where x' ≡ x + (y - x) / 2
have x'1: x' > 0 x < x'
  using x(1,2) by(auto simp: x'-def add-pos-pos)
  with mball-subset-concentric[of x x']
have x'2: measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a x') + x' measure N
A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a x') + x'
  if closedin mttopology A for A
    by(auto intro!: order.trans[OF x(3)[OF that]] order.trans[OF x(4)[OF
that]])
      add-mono N.finite-measure-mono L.finite-measure-mono)
  show ∃ i∈{e..0 < e ∧ (∀ A∈sets (borel-of mttopology). measure L A ≤ measure
N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e)) + e ∧
      measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) +
e)}. i ≤ y
  proof(safe intro!: bexI[where x=y])
    fix A
    assume A:A ∈ sets (borel-of mttopology)
    then have [measurable]: A ∈ sets L A ∈ sets N
      by(auto simp: sets-MN[symmetric])
    have measure L A = (⊔ (measure L ` {C. closedin mttopology C ∧ C ⊆
A}))
      by(simp add: L.inner-regularD[OF L.inner-regular'[OF metrizable-space-mtopology
sets-MN(1)]])
    also have ... ≤ (⊔ {measure N (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') + x' | C. closedin
mttopology C ∧ C ⊆ A})
      using sets.sets-into-space[OF A]
      by(auto intro!: cSup-mono x'2 bdd-aboveI[where M=measure N (space
N) + x'] N.bounded-measure
        simp: space-borel-of)
    also have ... ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈(⋃ a∈A. mball a ((y-x)/2)). mball a x')
+ x'
      proof(safe intro!: cSup-le-iff[THEN iffD2] bdd-aboveI[where M=measure
N (space N) + x'])
        fix C
        assume C ⊆ A
        then have (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') ⊆ (⋃ b∈A. mball a ((y - x) / 2).
mball b x')
          using x'1(2) x'-def by fastforce
          thus measure N (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') + x' ≤ measure N (⋃ b∈A. mball a ((y - x) / 2). mball b x') + x'
            by (metis N.finite-measure-mono add.commute add-le-cancel-left
ball-sets(2))
        qed(auto intro!: N.bounded-measure)
        also have ... ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a ((y-x)/2 + x')) + x'
          using nbh-add[of x' (y-x)/2 A] by(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono)
        also have ... = measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + x'
          by(auto simp: x'-def)
        also have ... ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + y

```

```

using x(1,2)
  by(auto simp: x'-def intro!: order.trans[OF le-add-same-cancel1[of
x+(y-x)/2 (y-x)/2,THEN iffD2]])
  finally show measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + y .
  have measure N A = ⋃ (measure N ` {C. closedin mttopology C ∧ C ⊆
A})
    by(simp add: N.inner-regularD[OF N.inner-regular'[OF metrizable-space-mtopology
sets-MN(2)]])
    also have ... ≤ ⋃ {measure L (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') + x' | C. closedin
mttopology C ∧ C ⊆ A}
    using sets.sets-into-space[OF A]
    by(auto intro!: cSup-mono x'2 bdd-aboveI[where M=measure L (space
L) + x'] L.bounded-measure
      simp: space-borel-of)
    also have ... ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈(⋃ a∈A. mball a ((y-x)/2)). mball a x'
+ x'
    proof(safe intro!: cSup-le-iff[THEN iffD2] bdd-aboveI[where M=measure
L (space L) + x'])
      fix C
      assume C ⊆ A
      then have (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') ⊆ (⋃ b∈A. mball a ((y - x) / 2).
mball b x')
        using x'1(2) x'-def by fastforce
        thus measure L (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') + x' ≤ measure L (⋃ b∈A. mball a ((y - x) / 2). mball b x') + x'
          by (metis L.finite-measure-mono add.commute add-le-cancel-left
ball-sets(1))
      qed(auto intro!: L.bounded-measure)
      also have ... ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a ((y-x)/2 + x')) + x'
        using nbh-add[of x' (y-x)/2 A] by(auto intro!: L.finite-measure-mono)
      also have ... = measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + x'
        by(auto simp: x'-def)
      also have ... ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + y
        using x(1,2)
        by(auto simp: x'-def intro!: order.trans[OF le-add-same-cancel1[of
x+(y-x)/2 (y-x)/2,THEN iffD2]])
        finally show measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + y .
      qed(use x in auto)
      qed(insert LPm-ne[OF LN], auto intro!: bdd-belowI[where m=0])
    qed
  }
  thus ?thesis
    by (auto simp: LPm-def)
qed

lemma LPm-compact:
assumes separable-space mttopology mcomplete
shows LPm L N = (if L ∈ P ∧ N ∈ P then
  (⋂ {e. e > 0 ∧ (∀ A∈{U. compactin mttopology U}.))

```

```

measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e)
+ e ∧
+ e) })
else 0)

proof -
{
  assume LN:L ∈ ℙ N ∈ ℙ
  then have finite-measure L finite-measure N
  and sets-MN[measurable-cong]: sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets L sets (borel-of
mtopology) = sets N
    by(auto dest: inP-D)
  interpret L: finite-measure L by fact
  interpret N: finite-measure N by fact
  have measureL:A ∈ sets L ==> measure L A = (⋃ K∈{K. compactin mtopology
K ∧ K ⊆ A}. measure L K)
  and measureN: A ∈ sets N ==> measure N A = (⋃ K∈{K. compactin mtopology
K ∧ K ⊆ A}. measure N K) for A
    by(auto intro!: inner-regular'' L.tight-on-Polish N.tight-on-Polish Polish-space-mtopology
assms
      simp: sets-MN[symmetric] metrizable-space-mtopology)
  have ⋂ {e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A∈sets (borel-of mtopology).
    measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
    measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e)}
    = ⋂ {e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A. compactin mtopology A —>
      measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
      measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e)}
(is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof(rule order.antisym)
  show ?rhs ≤ ?lhs
  using LPm-ne[OF LN] by(auto intro!: cInf-superset-mono bdd-belowI[where
m=0]
    dest: borel-of-compact[OF Hausdorff-space-mtopology])
next
  have ball-sets[measurable]: ⋀ A e. (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) ∈ sets L ⋀ A e. (⋃ a∈A.
mball a e) ∈ sets N
    by(auto simp: sets-MN[symmetric])
  show ?lhs ≤ ?rhs
  proof(safe intro!: cInf-le-iff-less[where f=id,simplified,THEN iffD2])
    have ne:{e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A. compactin mtopology A —>
      measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
      measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) +
      e}) ≠ {}
    using LPm-ne'[OF L.finite-measure-axioms N.finite-measure-axioms] by
fastforce
    fix y
    assume y > ?rhs
    from cInf-lessD[OF ne this] obtain x where x: x < y 0 < x
      ⋀ A. compactin mtopology A ==> measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball

```

```

 $a \cdot x) + x$ 
 $\bigwedge A. \text{compactin\_mtopology } A \implies \text{measure } N \cdot A \leq \text{measure } L \left( \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a \cdot x \right) + x$ 
 $\quad \text{by auto}$ 
 $\text{define } x' \text{ where } x' \equiv x + (y - x) / 2$ 
 $\text{have } x'1: x' > 0 \cdot x < x'$ 
 $\quad \text{using } x(1,2) \text{ by (auto simp: } x'\text{-def add-pos-pos)}$ 
 $\quad \text{with mball-subset-concentric[of } x \cdot x']$ 
 $\text{have } x'2: \text{measure } L \cdot A \leq \text{measure } N \left( \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a \cdot x' \right) + x' \cdot \text{measure } N$ 
 $A \leq \text{measure } L \left( \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a \cdot x' \right) + x'$ 
 $\quad \text{if compactin\_mtopology } A \text{ for } A$ 
 $\quad \text{by (auto intro!: order.trans[OF } x(3)[OF \text{ that}]] \text{ order.trans[OF } x(4)[OF \text{ that}]]])}$ 
 $\quad \text{add-mono } N.\text{finite-measure-mono } L.\text{finite-measure-mono})$ 
 $\text{show } \exists i \in \{e. 0 < e \wedge (\forall A \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)}. \text{measure } L \cdot A \leq \text{measure } N \left( \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a \cdot e \right) + e \wedge$ 
 $\quad \text{measure } N \cdot A \leq \text{measure } L \left( \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a \cdot e \right) + e\}. i \leq y$ 
 $\quad \text{proof(safe intro!: bexI[where } x=y])$ 
 $\quad \text{fix } A$ 
 $\quad \text{assume } A : A \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)}$ 
 $\quad \text{then have [measurable]: } A \in \text{sets } L \cdot A \in \text{sets } N$ 
 $\quad \text{by (auto simp: sets-MN[symmetric])}$ 
 $\quad \text{have } \text{measure } L \cdot A = (\bigcup \{\text{measure } L \cdot C. \text{compactin\_mtopology } C \wedge C \subseteq A\})$ 
 $\quad \text{by (simp add: measureL)}$ 
 $\quad \text{also have ...} \leq (\bigcup \{\text{measure } N \left( \bigcup_{c \in C} \text{mball } c \cdot x' \right) + x' | C. \text{compactin\_mtopology } C \wedge C \subseteq A\})$ 
 $\quad \text{using sets.sets-into-space[OF } A]$ 
 $\quad \text{by (auto intro!: cSup-mono x'2 bdd-aboveI[where } M = \text{measure } N \text{ (space } N) + x'] \text{ N.bounded-measure}$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{simp: space-borel-of})$ 
 $\quad \text{also have ...} \leq \text{measure } N \left( \bigcup_{a \in (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a ((y-x)/2))} \text{mball } a \cdot x' \right) + x'$ 
 $\quad \text{proof(safe intro!: cSup-le-iff[THEN iffD2] bdd-aboveI[where } M = \text{measure } N \text{ (space } N) + x'])$ 
 $\quad \text{fix } C$ 
 $\quad \text{assume } C \subseteq A$ 
 $\quad \text{then have } (\bigcup_{c \in C} \text{mball } c \cdot x') \subseteq (\bigcup_{b \in \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a ((y-x)/2)} \text{mball } b \cdot x')$ 
 $\quad \text{using } x'1(2) \text{ x'-def by fastforce}$ 
 $\quad \text{thus } \text{measure } N \left( \bigcup_{c \in C} \text{mball } c \cdot x' \right) + x' \leq \text{measure } N \left( \bigcup_{b \in \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a ((y-x)/2)} \text{mball } b \cdot x' \right) + x'$ 
 $\quad \text{by (metis } N.\text{finite-measure-mono add.commute add-le-cancel-left ball-sets}(2)\text{)}$ 
 $\quad \text{qed(auto intro!: N.bounded-measure)}$ 
 $\quad \text{also have ...} \leq \text{measure } N \left( \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a ((y-x)/2 + x') \right) + x'$ 
 $\quad \text{using nbh-add[of } x' (y-x)/2 \text{ A] by (auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono)}$ 
 $\quad \text{also have ...} = \text{measure } N \left( \bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a \cdot y \right) + x'$ 

```

```

    by(auto simp: x'-def)
  also have ... ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + y
    using x(1,2)
      by(auto simp: x'-def intro!: order.trans[OF le-add-same-cancel1[of
x+(y-x)/2 (y-x)/2, THEN iffD2]])
    finally show measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + y .
    have measure N A = ⋃ (measure N ` {C. compactin mtopology C ∧ C ⊆
A})
      by(simp add: measureN)
    also have ... ≤ ⋃ {measure L (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') + x' | C. compactin
mtopology C ∧ C ⊆ A}
      using sets.sets-into-space[OF A]
        by(auto intro!: cSup-mono x'2 bdd-aboveI[where M=measure L (space
L) + x'] L.bounded-measure
          simp: space-borel-of)
      also have ... ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈(⋃ a∈A. mball a ((y-x)/2)). mball a x'
+ x'
        proof(safe intro!: cSup-le-iff[THEN iffD2] bdd-aboveI[where M=measure
L (space L) + x'])
          fix C
          assume C ⊆ A
          then have (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') ⊆ (⋃ b∈A. mball a ((y - x) / 2).
mball b x')
            using x'1(2) x'-def by fastforce
            thus measure L (⋃ c∈C. mball c x') + x' ≤ measure L (⋃ b∈A. mball a ((y - x) / 2). mball b x') + x'
              by (metis L.finite-measure-mono add.commute add-le-cancel-left
ball-sets(1))
            qed(auto intro!: L.bounded-measure)
          also have ... ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a ((y-x)/2 + x')) + x'
            using nbh-add[of x' (y-x)/2 A] by(auto intro!: L.finite-measure-mono)
          also have ... = measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + x'
            by(auto simp: x'-def)
          also have ... ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + y
            using x(1,2)
              by(auto simp: x'-def intro!: order.trans[OF le-add-same-cancel1[of
x+(y-x)/2 (y-x)/2, THEN iffD2]])
            finally show measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a y) + y .
            qed(use x in auto)
          qed(insert LPm-ne[OF LN], auto intro!: bdd-belowI[where m=0])
        qed
      }
      thus ?thesis
        by (auto simp: LPm-def)
    qed

  sublocale LPm: Metric-space ℙ LPm
  proof
    show 0 ≤ LPm M N for M N

```

```

    by(rule LPm-nonneg)
next
fix L N
assume MN:L ∈ ℙ N ∈ ℙ
interpret L: finite-measure L
    by(rule inP-D(1)[OF MN(1)])
interpret N: finite-measure N
    by(rule inP-D(1)[OF MN(2)])
show LPm L N = 0 ↔ L = N
proof safe
have [simp]: {e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A∈sets (borel-of mtopology). measure N A ≤ measure
N (∪ a∈A. mball a e) + e)} = {0<..}
proof safe
fix e :: real and A
assume h':e > 0 A ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
show measure N A ≤ measure N (∪ a∈A. mball a e) + e
using nbh-sets[of e A] inP-D(2)[OF MN(2)] sets.sets-into-space[OF h'(2)]
h'(1)
by(auto simp: space-borel-of intro!: order.trans[OF N.finite-measure-mono[OF
nbh-subset[of A e]]])
qed
show LPm N N = 0
by (simp add: LPm-def)
next
assume LPm L N = 0
then have h:¬e'. e' > 0 ==>
    ∃ a∈{e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A∈sets (borel-of mtopology).
        measure L A ≤ measure N (∪ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
        measure N A ≤ measure L (∪ a∈A. mball a e) + e)}. a < e'
    using cInf-le-iff[OF LPm-ne[OF MN] bdd-below-Levy-Prokhorov] by (auto
simp: MN LPm-def)
show L = N
proof(rule measure-eqI-generator-eq[where E={U. closedin mtopology U} and
A=λi. M and Ω=M])
show Int-stable {U. closedin mtopology U}
by(auto simp: Int-stable-def)
next
show {U. closedin mtopology U} ⊆ Pow M
using closedin-metric2 by auto
next
show ∀X. X ∈ {U. closedin mtopology U} ==> emeasure L X = emeasure N
X
proof safe
fix U
assume closedin mtopology U
then have US: U ⊆ M
by (simp add: closedin-def)
consider U = {} | U ≠ {} by auto
then have measure L U = measure N U

```

```

proof cases
case U:2
define an
where an  $\equiv$  rec-nat (SOME e.  $0 < e \wedge e < 1 / \text{Suc } 0$ 
 $\wedge (\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology})).$ 
 $\text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a$ 
e) + e
 $\wedge \text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a$ 
e) + e))
 $(\lambda n. \text{an. SOME } e. 0 < e \wedge e < \text{an} \wedge e < 1 / \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)$ 
 $\wedge (\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology})).$ 
 $\text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball }$ 
a e) + e  $\wedge$ 
 $\text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball }$ 
a e) + e))
have an-simp: an 0 = (SOME e.  $0 < e \wedge e < 1 / \text{Suc } 0$ 
 $\wedge (\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology})).$ 
 $\text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a$ 
e) + e  $\wedge$ 
 $\text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a$ 
e) + e))
 $\wedge n. \text{an } (\text{Suc } n) = (\text{SOME } e. 0 < e \wedge e < (\text{an } n) \wedge e < 1 / \text{Suc }$ 
( $\text{Suc } n$ )  $\wedge$ 
 $(\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology})).$ 
 $\text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball }$ 
a e) + e  $\wedge$ 
 $\text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball }$ 
a e) + e))
by(simp-all add: an-def)
have *:an 0 > 0  $\wedge$  an 0 < 1 / Suc 0  $\wedge$ 
 $(\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology}).$ 
 $\text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a (\text{an } 0)) + (\text{an } 0) \wedge$ 
 $\text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a (\text{an } 0)) + (\text{an } 0))$ 
by(simp add: an-simp) (rule someI-ex,use h[of 1] in auto)
moreover have **:an n > 0 for n
proof(induction n)
case ih:(Suc n)
have an (Suc n) > 0  $\wedge$  an (Suc n) < an n  $\wedge$  an (Suc n) < 1 / Suc
(Suc n)  $\wedge$ 
 $(\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology})).$ 
 $\text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a (\text{an } (\text{Suc } n))) +$ 
(an (Suc n))  $\wedge$ 
 $\text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup_{a \in A} \text{mball } a (\text{an } (\text{Suc } n))) +$ 
(an (Suc n)))
by(simp add: an-simp,rule someI-ex) (use h[of min (an n) (1 / Suc
(Suc n))] ih in auto)
thus ?case
by auto
qed(use * in auto)

```

**moreover have**  $an(Suc n) > 0 \wedge an(Suc n) < an n \wedge an(Suc n) < 1$   
 $/ Suc(Suc n) \wedge$   
 $(\forall A \in sets(borel-of-mtopology)).$   
 $measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a(an(Suc n))) + (an(Suc n)) \wedge$   
 $measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a(an(Suc n))) + (an(Suc n))$   
**for n**  
 $\text{by}(simp\ add: an-simp, rule someI-ex) (use h[of min(an n)(1 / Suc(Suc n))] ** in auto)$   
**ultimately have**  $an n > 0 \wedge decseq an \wedge an n < 1 / Suc n \wedge$   
 $(\forall A \in sets(borel-of-mtopology)).$   
 $measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a(an n)) + (an n) \wedge$   
 $measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a(an n)) + (an n)$   
**for n**  
 $\text{by}(cases\ n) (auto\ intro!: decseq-SucI\ order.strict-implies-order)$   
**hence**  $an : \bigwedge n. an n > 0 \wedge decseq an \wedge \bigwedge n. an n < 1 / Suc n$   
 $\bigwedge n. A \in sets(borel-of-mtopology) \implies measure L A \leq measure N (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a(an n)) + an n$   
 $\bigwedge n. A \in sets(borel-of-mtopology) \implies measure N A \leq measure L (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a(an n)) + an n$   
**by auto**  
**hence**  $an\text{-lim}: an \longrightarrow 0$   
**by** (auto intro!: LIMSEQ-norm-0 simp: less-eq-real-def)  
**have**  $1 : U \in sets(borel-of-mtopology)$   
**by** (simp add: closedin\_mtopology\_U borel-of-closed)  
**have**  $U\text{int} : (\bigcap i. \bigcup_{a \in U} mball a(an i)) = U$   
**by** (simp add: nbh-Inter-closure-of[OF U US an(1,2) an-lim] closure-of-closedin[OF closedin\_mtopology\_U])  
**have**  $(\lambda n. measure L (\bigcup_{a \in U} mball a(an n))) \longrightarrow measure L (\bigcap i. \bigcup_{a \in U} mball a(an i))$   
 $(\lambda n. measure N (\bigcup_{a \in U} mball a(an n))) \longrightarrow measure N (\bigcap i. \bigcup_{a \in U} mball a(an i))$   
**by** (auto intro!: L.finite-Lim-measure-decseq[OF - nbh-decseq[OF an(2)]]  
 $N.\text{finite-Lim-measure-decseq}[OF - nbh-decseq[OF an(2)]]]$   
**simp: MN**  
**hence**  $MN\text{-lim} : (\lambda n. measure L (\bigcup_{a \in U} mball a(an n)) + an n) \longrightarrow$   
 $measure L U$   
 $(\lambda n. measure N (\bigcup_{a \in U} mball a(an n)) + an n) \longrightarrow measure N U$   
**by** (auto simp add: Uint\_intro!: tendsto-add[OF - an-lim, simplified])  
**show ?thesis**  
**proof** (rule order.antisym)  
**show**  $measure L U \leq measure N U$   
**by** (rule Lim-bounded2[OF MN-lim(2)], auto simp: an 1)  
**next**  
**show**  $measure N U \leq measure L U$   
**by** (rule Lim-bounded2[OF MN-lim(1)], auto simp: an 1)  
**qed**  
**qed simp**

```

thus emeasure L U = emeasure N U
  by (simp add: L.emeasure-eq-measure N.emeasure-eq-measure)
qed
next
  show range ( $\lambda i. M$ )  $\subseteq \{U. \text{closedin } mtopology\ U\}$ 
    by simp
qed (simp-all add: MN sets-borel-of-closed inP-D(2))
qed
next
fix M N L
assume MNL[simp]:  $M \in \mathcal{P}$   $N \in \mathcal{P}$   $L \in \mathcal{P}$ 
interpret M: finite-measure M
  by(rule inP-D(1)[OF MNL(1)])
interpret N: finite-measure N
  by(rule inP-D(1)[OF MNL(2)])
interpret L: finite-measure L
  by(rule inP-D(1)[OF MNL(3)])
have ne:{ $e1 + e2 | e1 e2. 0 < e1 \wedge 0 < e2 \wedge$ 
           $(\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of } mtopology)).$ 
          measure M A  $\leq$  measure N ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e1$ ) +  $e1 \wedge$ 
          measure N A  $\leq$  measure M ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e1$ ) +  $e1 \wedge$ 
          measure N A  $\leq$  measure L ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e2$ ) +  $e2 \wedge$ 
          measure L A  $\leq$  measure N ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e2$ ) +  $e2\}$   $\neq \{\}$ 
(is { $e1 + e2 | e1 e2. 0 < e1 \wedge 0 < e2 \wedge ?P e1 e2\} \neq \{\}$ )
using N.bounded-measure M.bounded-measure L.bounded-measure
  by(auto intro!: exI[where x=max 1 (max (measure M (space M)) (max
(measure L (space L)) (measure N (space N))))]
add-increasing[OF measure-nonneg] simp: le-max-iff-disj)
show LPm M L  $\leq$  LPm M N + LPm N L (is ?lhs  $\leq$  ?rhs)
proof -
  have ?lhs =  $\bigcap \{e. e > 0 \wedge (\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of } mtopology).$ 
    measure M A  $\leq$  measure L ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e$ ) +  $e \wedge$ 
    measure L A  $\leq$  measure M ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e$ ) +  $e\}$ 
  by(auto simp: LPm-def)
  also have ...  $\leq \bigcap \{e1 + e2 | e1 e2. 0 < e1 \wedge 0 < e2 \wedge ?P e1 e2\}$  (is -  $\leq$  Inf
?B)
  proof(rule cInf-superset-mono)
    show ?B  $\subseteq \{e. e > 0 \wedge (\forall A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of } mtopology).$ 
      measure M A  $\leq$  measure L ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e$ ) +  $e \wedge$ 
      measure L A  $\leq$  measure M ( $\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e$ ) +  $e\}$ 
  proof safe
    fix e1 e2 A
    assume ?P e1 e2
    and A[measurable]:  $A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of } mtopology)$ 
    then have mA:
       $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of } mtopology) \implies \text{measure } M A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e1) + e1$ 
       $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets} (\text{borel-of } mtopology) \implies \text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } M (\bigcup_{a \in A} mball a e1) + e1$ 
  qed
qed

```

```

 $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) \implies \text{measure } N A \leq \text{measure } L (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a e2) + e2$ 
 $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) \implies \text{measure } L A \leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a e2) + e2$ 
  by auto
show measure M A ≤ measure L (bigcup a in A. mball a (e1 + e2)) + (e1 + e2)
proof -
  have measure M A ≤ measure N (bigcup a in A. mball a e1) + e1
    by(simp add: mA)
  also have ... ≤ measure L (bigcup a in (bigcup a in A. mball a e1). mball a e2) + e2
+ e1
  by(simp add: mA(3)[of bigcup a in A. mball a e1,simplified])
  also have ... ≤ measure L (bigcup a in A. mball a (e1 + e2)) + e2 + e1
    by(simp add: L.finite-measure-mono[OF nbh-add,simplified])
  finally show ?thesis
    by simp
qed
show measure L A ≤ measure M (bigcup a in A. mball a (e1 + e2)) + (e1 + e2)
proof -
  have measure L A ≤ measure N (bigcup a in A. mball a e2) + e2
    by(simp add: mA)
  also have ... ≤ measure M (bigcup a in (bigcup a in A. mball a e2). mball a e1) + e1
+ e2
  by(simp add: mA(2)[of bigcup a in A. mball a e2,simplified])
  also have ... ≤ measure M (bigcup a in A. mball a (e1 + e2)) + e1 + e2
  by(simp add: M.finite-measure-mono[OF nbh-add,simplified] add.commute[of e1])
  finally show ?thesis
    by simp
qed
qed simp
qed (use ne bdd-below-Levy-Prokhorov in auto)
also have ... ≤ ?rhs
proof(rule cInf-le-iff-less[where f=id,simplified,THEN iffD2])
  show ∀ y>LPm M N + LPm N L. ∃ i ∈ {e1 + e2 | e1 e2. 0 < e1 ∧ 0 < e2
  ∧ ?P e1 e2}. i ≤ y
    proof safe
      fix e
      assume h:LPm M N + LPm N L < e
      define e' where "e' ≡ (e - (LPm M N + LPm N L)) / 2"
      have e'[arith]: "e' > 0"
        using h by(auto simp: e'-def)
      have
        ∀ y. y>LPm M N ⇒ ∃ i ∈ {e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology).
          measure M A ≤ measure N (bigcup a in A. mball a
          e) + e ∧
          measure N A ≤ measure M (bigcup a in A. mball a
          e) + e)}. i ≤ y
        ∀ y. y>LPm N L ⇒ ∃ i ∈ {e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology).

```

```

measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a
e) + e ∧
measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a
e) + e}. i ≤ y
using cInf-le-iff-less[where f=id,simplified,OF LPm-ne[OF MNL(2,3)],of
LPm N L]
cInf-le-iff-less[where f=id,simplified,OF LPm-ne[OF MNL(1,2)],of LPm
M N]
by(simp-all add: LPm-def bdd-below-Levy-Prokhorov)
from this(1)[of LPm M N + e'] this(2)[of LPm N L + e'] obtain emn enl
where emn: emn > 0 emn ≤ LPm M N + e'
    ⋀ A. A ∈ sets (borel-of mttopology) ⇒ measure M A ≤ measure N
(⋃ a∈A. mball a emn) + emn
    ⋀ A. A ∈ sets (borel-of mttopology) ⇒ measure N A ≤ measure M
(⋃ a∈A. mball a emn) + emn
    and enl: enl > 0 enl ≤ LPm N L + e'
    ⋀ A. A ∈ sets (borel-of mttopology) ⇒ measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A.
mball a enl) + enl
    ⋀ A. A ∈ sets (borel-of mttopology) ⇒ measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A.
mball a enl) + enl
    by auto
hence emn + enl ≤ e
by(auto intro!: order.trans[of emn + enl LPm M N + e' + (LPm N L +
e') e])
(auto simp: e'-def diff-divide-distrib)
show ∃ i∈{e1 + e2 | e1 e2. 0 < e1 ∧ 0 < e2 ∧ ?P e1 e2}. i ≤ e
apply(rule bexI[where x=emn + enl])
apply fact
apply standard
apply(rule exI[where x=emn])
apply(rule exI[where x=enl])
apply(use emn enl in auto)
done
qed
qed(insert ne,auto intro!: bdd-belowI[of - 0])
finally show ?thesis .
qed
qed(simp add: LPm-def, meson)

```

## 4.2 Convergence and Weak Convergence

```

lemma converge-imp-mweak-conv:
assumes limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N F
shows mweak-conv Ni N F
proof(cases F = ⊥)
assume F: F ≠ ⊥
have h: N ∈ P ((λn. LPm (Ni n) N) —→ 0) F ∀F i in F. Ni i ∈ P
using LPm.limitin-metric-dist-null assms(1) by auto
interpret N: finite-measure N

```

```

using h by(auto simp: inP-D)
interpret mweak-conv-fin M d Ni N
  by(auto intro!: h inP-mweak-conv-fin assms)
show ?thesis
  unfolding mweak-conv-eq2
proof safe
  show ((λn. measure (Ni n) M) —> measure N M) F
  unfolding tendsto-iff dist-real-def
proof safe
  fix r :: real
  assume r: 0 < r
  from half-gt-zero[OF this] h(2)
  have 1: ∀F n in F. LPm (Ni n) N < r / 2
    unfolding tendsto-iff dist-real-def LPm.nonneg by fastforce
  show ∀F n in F. |measure (Ni n) M - measure N M| < r
  proof(safe intro!: eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF h(3) 1]])
    fix n
    assume n: LPm (Ni n) N < r / 2 Ni n ∈ P
    have [simp]: (UNION a∈M. mball a (r / 2)) = M
      using r by auto
    have [measurable]: M ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
      by(auto intro!: borel-of-open)
    have measure (Ni n) M ≤ measure N M + r / 2 measure N M ≤ measure
      (Ni n) M + r / 2
      using LPm-less-then[OF _ _ n(1), of M] h(1) n(2) by auto
    hence |measure (Ni n) M - measure N M| ≤ r / 2
      by linarith
    also have ... < r
      using r by auto
    finally show |measure (Ni n) M - measure N M| < r .
  qed
qed
next
define bn where bn ≡ (λn. LPm (Ni n) N)
have bn-nonneg: ∀n. bn n ≥ 0
  by(auto simp: bn-def)
have bn-tendsto:(bn —> 0) F
  using h(2) by(auto simp: bn-def)
fix A
assume A: closedin mtopology A
then have A-meas[measurable]: A ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
  by(simp add: borel-of-closed)
show Limsup F (λx. measure (Ni x) A) ≤ (measure N A)
proof(cases A = {})
  assume A-ne:A ≠ {}
  have bdd:Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) A) ≤ (measure N (UNION a∈A. mball a
  (2 / Suc m))) + 1 / Suc m for m
  proof -
    have Limsup F (λn. measure (Ni n) A)

```

```

 $\leq \text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (bn n + 1 / Suc m)) +$ 
 $\text{ereal } (bn n + 1 / Suc m))$ 
 $\quad \text{by}(\text{auto intro!}: \text{Limsup-mono eventually-mono}[OF h(3)] \text{ LPm-less-then}(1)[OF$ 
 $- h(1)] \text{ simp: bn-def})$ 
 $\quad \text{also have ...} \leq \text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (bn n + 1 /$ 
 $Suc m)) + \text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. bn n + 1 / Suc m)$ 
 $\quad \text{by}(\text{rule ereal-Limsup-add-mono})$ 
 $\quad \text{also have ...} = \text{Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (bn n + 1 /$ 
 $Suc m))) + 1 / Suc m$ 
 $\quad \text{using Limsup-add-ereal-right}[OF F, of 1 / Suc m bn]$ 
 $\quad \text{by}(\text{simp add: lim-imp-Limsup}[OF F tendsto-ereal[OF bn-tendsto]])$ 
 $\quad \text{also have ...} \leq \text{ereal } (\text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (2 / Suc m))) + 1 / Suc$ 
 $m$ 
 $\quad \text{proof -}$ 
 $\quad \text{have Limsup } F (\lambda n. \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (bn n + 1 / Suc m)))$ 
 $\leq \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (2 / Suc m))$ 
 $\quad \text{using bn-nonneg}$ 
 $\quad \text{by}(\text{fastforce intro!}: \text{Limsup-bounded eventuallyI}[THEN eventually-mp[OF$ 
 $- tendstoD[OF bn-tendsto, of 1 / Suc m]]]$ 
 $\quad \quad \quad N.\text{finite-measure-mono})$ 
 $\quad \text{thus ?thesis}$ 
 $\quad \text{using add-mono by blast}$ 
 $\quad \text{qed}$ 
 $\quad \text{finally show ?thesis by simp}$ 
 $\quad \text{qed}$ 
 $\quad \text{have lim:}(\lambda m. \text{ereal } ((\text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (2 / Suc m))) + 1 / Suc$ 
 $m)) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N A$ 
 $\quad \text{proof}(\text{safe intro!}: \text{tendsto-ereal}[\text{where } x=\text{measure } N A] \text{ tendsto-add}[\text{where}$ 
 $b=0, \text{simplified}])$ 
 $\quad \text{show } (\lambda m. \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (2 / Suc m))) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N A$ 
 $\quad \text{proof -}$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{have 1:}(\bigcap m. (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (2 / Suc m))) = A$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{using tendsto-mult}[OF \text{tendsto-const}[of 2] \text{ LIMSEQ-Suc}[OF \text{lim-inverse-}n']]$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{closedin-subset}[OF A]$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{by}(\text{intro nbh-Inter-closure-of}[OF A-ne, simplified closure-of-closedin[OF$ 
 $A]] \text{ decseq-SucI})$ 
 $\quad \quad \quad (\text{auto simp: frac-le})$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{have } (\lambda m. \text{measure } N (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (2 / Suc m))) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N$ 
 $(\bigcap m. (\bigcup a \in A. \text{mball } a (2 / Suc m)))$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{by}(\text{auto intro!}: N.\text{finite-Lim-measure-decseq nbh-decseq}[OF decseq-SucI]$ 
 $\quad \quad \quad \text{simp: frac-le})$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{thus ?thesis}$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{unfolding 1 .}$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{qed}$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{qed}(\text{rule LIMSEQ-Suc}[OF \text{lim-inverse-}n'])$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{show ?thesis}$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{using bdd by}(\text{auto intro!}: \text{Lim-bounded2}[OF lim])$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{qed}(\text{simp add: Limsup-const}[OF F])$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{qed}$ 

```

```

next
  show  $F = \perp \implies mweak\text{-conv } Ni N F$ 
    using limitin-topspace[ $\text{OF assms}(1)$ ] by(auto simp: inP-D mweak-conv-def)
qed

lemma mweak-conv-imp-converge:
  assumes separable-space mtopology
  and mweak-conv Ni N F
  shows limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N F
proof -
  have in-P: $\forall_F i \text{ in } F. Ni i \in \mathcal{P} N \in \mathcal{P}$ 
    using limitin-topspace[ $\text{OF assms}(2)$ ]
    by(fastforce intro!: eventually-mono[ $\text{OF limitinD[OF assms}(2)$ ,
    of_topspace (weak-conv-topology mtopology),  $\text{OF openin-topspace limitin-topspace[OF assms}(2)\text{]}]]$  inP-I)++
  consider  $M = \{\} \mid F = \perp \mid M \neq \{\} \mid F \neq \perp$ 
    by blast
  thus ?thesis
proof cases
  case 1
  then have 2:sets (borel-of mtopology) =  $\{\{\}\}$ 
    by (metis space-borel-of space-empty-iff topspace-mtopology)
  have  $\forall_F i \text{ in } F. \text{space}(Ni i) = M \text{ space } N = M$ 
    using inP-D in-P
    by(auto intro!: eventually-mono[ $\text{OF in-P(1)}$ ] cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq simp:
    space-borel-of)
  then have  $\forall_F i \text{ in } F. Ni i = \text{count-space } \{\} N = \text{count-space } \{\}$ 
    using 1 by(auto simp: space-empty eventually-mono)
  thus ?thesis
    by(auto intro!: limitin-eventually inP-I finite-measureI simp: 2)
next
  show  $F = \perp \implies \text{limitin LPm.mtopology } Ni N F$ 
    using limitin-topspace[ $\text{OF assms}(2)$ ] by(auto intro!: limitin-trivial inP-I)
next
  assume  $M\text{-ne}:M \neq \{\} \text{ and } F:F \neq \perp$ 
  show ?thesis
    unfolding LPm.limitin-metric-dist-null dist-real-def tendsto-iff
  proof safe
    interpret mweak-conv-fin M d Ni N F
      by(auto intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin in-P)
    have  $M[\text{measurable}]: M \in \text{sets } N \forall_F i \text{ in } F. M \in \text{sets } (Ni i)$ 
      by(auto simp: sets-N borel-of-open eventually-mono[ $\text{OF sets-}Ni$ ])
    fix r :: real
    assume r[arith]:  $0 < r$ 
    interpret N: finite-measure N
      using in-P by(auto simp: inP-D)
    define r' where  $r' \equiv r / 5$ 
    have r'[arith]:  $r' \leq r \ 0 < r'$ 
      by(auto simp: r'-def)

```

```

obtain ai ri where airi: ( $\bigcup_{i \in \text{sets } N} mball(ai i) (ri i)$ ) = M ( $\bigcup_{i \in \text{sets } N} mcball(ai i) (ri i)$ ) = M
 $\wedge_{i:\text{nat}} ai i \in M \wedge_{i:\text{nat}} 0 < ri i \wedge_{i:\text{nat}} ri i < r' / 2$ 
 $\wedge_{i \in \text{sets } N} (\text{mtopology frontier-of } mball(ai i) (ri i)) = 0$ 
 $\wedge_{i \in \text{sets } N} (\text{mtopology frontier-of } mcball(ai i) (ri i)) = 0$ 
using frontier-measure-zero-balls[OF sets-N NFINITE-MEASURE-AXIOMS M-ne
half-gt-zero[OF r'(2)] assms(1)]
by blast
have measurable:  $\bigwedge_{r \in \text{sets } N} \bigwedge_{a \in \text{sets } N} mball(a r) = \bigwedge_{r \in \text{sets } N} \bigwedge_{a \in \text{sets } N} mcball(a r)$ 
by(auto simp: eventually-mono[OF sets-Ni] sets-N borel-of-open closed-in-frontier-of
borel-of-closed)
have  $\exists k. \forall l \geq k. |\text{measure } N (\bigcup_{i \in \{..l\}} mball(ai i) (ri i)) - \text{measure } N M| < r'$ 
proof -
have  $(\lambda j. \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{i \in \{..j\}} mball(ai i) (ri i))) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{i \in \{..j\}} (\text{range } (\lambda j. \bigcup_{i \in \{..j\}} mball(ai i) (ri i))))$ 
by(rule NFINITE-LIM-MEASURE-INCSEQ) (fastforce intro!: monoI)+
hence  $(\lambda j. \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{i \in \{..j\}} mball(ai i) (ri i))) \longrightarrow \text{measure } N M$ 
by (metis UN-UN-flatten UN-AT-MOST-UNIV airi(1))
thus ?thesis
using r' by(auto simp: LIMSEQ-def dist-real-def)
qed
then obtain k where k:  $\text{measure } N M - \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{i \in \{..k\}} mball(ai i) (ri i)) < r'$ 
using space-N NFINITE-BOUNDED-MEASURE by fastforce
define A where A =  $(\lambda J. \bigcup_{j \in J} mball(ai j) (ri j))` \text{Pow } \{..k\}$ 
have A-fin: finite A
by(auto simp: A-def)
have A-ne: A ≠ {}
by(auto simp: A-def)
have  $\forall F n \in F. |\text{measure } (Ni n) A - \text{measure } N A| < r'$  if A ∈ A for A
proof -
obtain J where J:  $J \subseteq \{..k\} A = (\bigcup_{j \in J} mball(ai j) (ri j))$ 
using ‹A ∈ A› by(auto simp: A-def)
hence J-fin: finite J
using finite-nat-iff-bounded-le by blast
have  $\text{measure } N (\text{mtopology frontier-of } A) = \text{measure } N (\text{mtopology frontier-of } (\bigcup_{j \in J} mball(ai j) (ri j)))$ 
by(auto simp: J)
also have ... ≤  $\text{measure } N (\bigcup ((\text{frontier-of}) \text{mtopology}` (\lambda j. mball(ai j) (ri j))` J))$ 
by(rule NFINITE-MEASURE-MONO[OF FRONTIER-OF-UNION-SUBSET]) (use J-fin in
auto)
also have ... ≤  $(\sum_{j \in J} \text{measure } N (\text{mtopology frontier-of } mball(ai j) (ri j)))$ 
unfolding image-image by(rule NFINITE-MEASURE-SUBADDITIVE-FINITE) (use

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J-fin in auto)
  also have ... = 0
    by(simp add: airi)
  finally have measure N (mtopology frontier-of A) = 0
    by (simp add: measure-le-0-iff)
  moreover have A ∈ sets N
    by(auto simp: J(2))
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using mweak-conv-eq4 assms(2) by (fastforce simp: sets-N sets-Ni tendsto-iff
dist-real-def)
qed
hence filter1: ∀ F n in F. ∀ A ∈ A. |measure (Ni n) A − measure N A| < r'
  by(auto intro!: A-fin eventually-ball-finite)
have filter2: ∀ F n in F. |measure (Ni n) M − measure N M| < r'
  using mweak-conv-imp-limit-space[OF assms(2)] by(auto simp: tendsto-iff
dist-real-def)
show ∀ F x in F. |LPm (Ni x) N − 0| < r
proof(safe intro!: eventually-mono[OF eventually-conj[OF
  eventually-conj[OF finite-measure-Ni sets-Ni] eventually-conj[OF
filter1 filter2]]])
fix n
assume n: ∀ A ∈ A. |measure (Ni n) A − measure N A| < r' |measure (Ni n)
M − measure N M| < r'
  and sets-Ni[measurable-cong]: sets (Ni n) = sets (borel-of mtopology) and
finite-measure (Ni n)
then have [measurable]: ∀ a r. mball a r ∈ sets (Ni n)
  ∧ a r. mtopology frontier-of mball a r ∈ sets (Ni n) M ∈ sets (Ni n)
  using meas sets-N by auto
have space-Ni: space (Ni n) = M
  by(simp add: sets-Ni space-borel-of cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq)
interpret Ni: finite-measure Ni n by fact
have LPm (Ni n) N < r
proof(safe intro!: order.strict-trans1[OF LPm-imp-le[of 4 * r']])
fix B
assume B ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
hence [measurable]: B ∈ sets N B ∈ sets (Ni n)
  by(auto simp: sets-N)
define A where A ≡ ⋃ j ∈ {..k} ∩ {j. mball (ai j) (ri j) ∩ B ≠ {}}. mball
(ai j) (ri j)
have A-in: A ∈ A
  by(auto simp: A-def A-def)
have [measurable]: A ∈ sets N A ∈ sets (Ni n)
  by(auto simp: A-def)
have 1: A ⊆ (⋃ a ∈ B. mball a r')
proof
fix x
assume x ∈ A
then obtain j where j: j ≤ k mball (ai j) (ri j) ∩ B ≠ {} x ∈ mball (ai
j) (ri j)

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by(auto simp: A-def)
then obtain b where b:b ∈ mball (ai j) (ri j) b ∈ B
  by blast
have d b x ≤ d b (ai j) + d (ai j) x
  using b j by(auto intro!: triangle)
also have ... < r' / 2 + r' / 2
  by(rule add-strict-mono, insert b(1) airi(5)[of j] j(3)) (auto simp:
commute)
also have ... = r' by auto
finally show x ∈ (⋃ a∈B. mball a r')
  using b(1) j(3) by(auto intro!: bexI[where x=b] b simp: mball-def)
qed
have 2: B ⊆ A ∪ (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j) (ri j)))
proof –
  have B = B ∩ (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j) (ri j)) ∪ B ∩ (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball
(ai j) (ri j)))
    using sets.sets-into-space[OF `B ∈ sets N`] by(auto simp: space-N)
  also have ... ⊆ A ∪ (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j) (ri j)))
    by(auto simp: A-def)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
have 3: measure N (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j) (ri j))) < r'
  using N.finite-measure-compl k space-N by auto
have 4: measure (Ni n) (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j) (ri j))) < 3 * r'
proof –
  have measure (Ni n) (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j) (ri j)))
    = measure (Ni n) M − measure (Ni n) (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j) (ri j))
    using Ni.finite-measure-compl space-Ni by auto
  also have ... < measure N M + r' − (measure N (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j)
(r i j)) − r')
    by(rule diff-strict-mono,insert n) (auto simp: abs-diff-less-iff A-def)
  also have ... = measure N (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball (ai j) (ri j))) + 2 * r'
    using N.finite-measure-compl diff-add-cancel space-N by auto
  finally show ?thesis
    using 3 by auto
qed
show measure (Ni n) B ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈B. mball a (4 * r')) + 4 * r'
proof –
  have measure (Ni n) B ≤ measure (Ni n) (A ∪ (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball
(ai j) (ri j))))
    by(auto intro!: Ni.finite-measure-mono[OF 2])
  also have ... ≤ measure (Ni n) A + measure (Ni n) (M − (⋃ j≤k. mball
(ai j) (ri j)))
    by(auto intro!: Ni.finite-measure-subadditive)
  also have ... < measure N A + 4 * r'
    using 4 A-in n by(auto simp: abs-diff-less-iff)
  also have ... ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈B. mball a r') + 4 * r'
    by(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono[OF 1] borel-of-open simp: sets-N)
  also have ... ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈B. mball a (4 * r')) + 4 * r'

```

```

using mball-subset-concentric[of  $r' 4 * r'$ ]
by(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono borel-of-open simp: sets-N)
finally show ?thesis by simp
qed
show measure N B  $\leq$  measure (Ni n) ( $\bigcup_{a \in B}$ . mball a ( $4 * r'$ )) +  $4 * r'$ 
proof -
  have measure N B  $\leq$  measure N (A  $\cup$  (M - ( $\bigcup_{j \leq k}$ . mball (ai j) (ri j))))
    by(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono[OF 2])
    also have ...  $\leq$  measure N A + measure N (M - ( $\bigcup_{j \leq k}$ . mball (ai j) (ri j)))
      by(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-subadditive)
      also have ...  $<$  measure (Ni n) A +  $2 * r'$ 
        using 3 A-in n by(auto simp: abs-diff-less-iff)
        also have ...  $\leq$  measure (Ni n) ( $\bigcup_{a \in B}$ . mball a  $r')$  +  $2 * r'$ 
        by(auto intro!: Ni.finite-measure-mono[OF 1] borel-of-open simp: sets-N)
        also have ...  $\leq$  measure (Ni n) ( $\bigcup_{a \in B}$ . mball a ( $4 * r'$ )) +  $2 * r'$ 
          using mball-subset-concentric[of  $r' 4 * r'$ ]
          by(auto intro!: Ni.finite-measure-mono borel-of-open simp: sets-N)
          finally show ?thesis by simp
        qed
      qed (auto simp: r'-def)
      thus  $|LPm(Ni n) N - 0| < r$ 
        by simp
      qed
      qed (use in-P in auto)
      qed
      qed

```

**corollary** conv-iff-mweak-conv: separable-space mtopology  $\implies$  limitin LPm.mtopology  
 $Ni N F \longleftrightarrow mweak\text{-}conv Ni N F$   
**using** converge-imp-mweak-conv mweak-conv-imp-converge **by** blast

### 4.3 Separability

```

lemma LPm-countable-base:
assumes ai:mdense (range ai)
shows LPm.mdense
  (( $\lambda(k, bi)$ . sum-measure
    (borel-of mtopology) {..k}
    ( $\lambda i$ . scale-measure (ennreal (bi i)) (return (borel-of mtopology))
  (ai i))))  $'$  (SIGMA k:(UNIV :: nat set). ({..k}  $\rightarrow_E$  Q  $\cap$  {0..})) (is LPm.mdense
?D)
proof -
  have sep:separable-space mtopology
  using ai by(auto simp: separable-space-def2 intro!: exI[where x=range ai])
  have ai-in:  $\bigwedge i$ . ai i  $\in$  M
    by (meson ai mdense-def2 range-subsetD)

```

```

hence  $M\text{-ne}:M \neq \{\}$ 
  by blast
  show ?thesis
    unfolding LPm.mdense-def3
  proof
    show goal1:?D ⊆ P
    proof safe
      fix bi :: nat ⇒ real and k :: nat
      assume h:  $bi \in \{..k\} \rightarrow_E \mathbb{Q} \cap \{0..\}$ 
      show sum-measure (borel-of mtopology) {..k}
        (λi. scale-measure (ennreal (bi i)) (return (borel-of mtopology)
          (ai i))) ∈ P
        by(auto simp: P-def emeasure-sum-measure intro!: finite-measureI)
    qed
    show ∀x∈P. ∃xn. range xn ⊆ ?D ∧ limitin LPm.mtopology xn x sequentially
    proof
      fix N
      assume N ∈ P
      then have sets-N[measurable-cong]: sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)
        and space-N:space N = M and finite-measure N
        by(auto simp: P-def space-borel-of cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq)
      then interpret N: finite-measure N by simp
      have [measurable]: $\bigwedge a r. mball a r \in \text{sets } N$ 
        by(auto simp: sets-N borel-of-open)
      have ai-in'[measurable]: $\bigwedge i. ai i \in \text{space } N$ 
        by(auto simp: ai-in space-N)
      have (λi. measure N (⋃j≤i. mball (ai j) (1 / Suc m))) —→ measure N
        (space N) for m
      proof –
        have 1:( $\bigcup i. (\bigcup j \leq i. mball (ai j) (1 / Suc m)) = \text{space } N$ )
          using mdense-balls-cover[OF ai,of 1 / Suc m] by(auto simp: space-N)
        have (λi. measure N (⋃j≤i. mball (ai j) (1 / Suc m)))
          —→ measure N (⋃i. (⋃j≤i. mball (ai j) (1 / Suc m)))
          by(rule NFINITE-LIM-MEASURE-INCSEQ) (fastforce intro!: monoI) +
        thus ?thesis
          unfolding 1 .
      qed
      hence ∃k. ∀i≥k. |measure N (⋃j≤i. mball (ai j) (1 / Suc m)) – measure
        N (space N)| < 1 / Suc m for m
        unfolding LIMSEQ-def dist-real-def by fastforce
      then obtain k where
        λi m. i ≥ k m ==> |measure N (⋃j≤i. mball (ai j) (1 / Suc m)) – measure
        N (space N)| < 1 / Suc m
        by metis
      hence k: λm. measure N (space N) – measure N (⋃j≤k m. mball (ai j) (1
        / Suc m)) < 1 / Suc m
        using N.bounded-measure by auto
      define Ami
        where Ami ≡ (λm i. (⋃j<Suc i. mball (ai j) (1 / Suc m)) – (⋃j<i. mball

```

```

(ai j) (1 / Suc m)))
  have Ami-disj:  $\bigwedge m. \text{disjoint-family}(\text{Ami } m)$ 
    by(fastforce simp: Ami-def intro!: disjoint-family-Suc)
  have Ami-def':  $\text{Ami} = (\lambda m i. \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / \text{Suc } m) - (\bigcup_{j < i} \text{mball}(\text{ai } j) (1 / \text{Suc } m)))$ 
    by (standard, standard) (auto simp: Ami-def less-Suc-eq)
  have Ami-subs:  $\text{Ami } m i \subseteq \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / \text{Suc } m)$  for m i
    by(auto simp: Ami-def')
  have Ami-un:  $(\bigcup_{i \leq j} \text{Ami } m i) = (\bigcup_{i \leq j} \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / \text{Suc } m))$  for m j
  proof
    show  $(\bigcup_{i \leq j} \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / \text{real}(\text{Suc } m))) \subseteq (\bigcup_{i \leq j} \text{Ami } m i)$ 
    proof(induction j)
      case 0
      then show ?case
        by(auto simp: Ami-def)
    next
      case ih:(Suc j)
      have  $(\bigcup_{i \leq \text{Suc } j} \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / \text{real}(\text{Suc } m)))$ 
         $= (\bigcup_{i \leq j} \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / (\text{Suc } m))) \cup \text{mball}(\text{ai } (\text{Suc } j)) (1 / \text{Suc } m)$ 
        by(fastforce simp: le-Suc-eq)
      also have ... =  $(\bigcup_{i \leq j} \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / (\text{Suc } m))) \cup$ 
         $(\text{mball}(\text{ai } (\text{Suc } j)) (1 / \text{Suc } m) - (\bigcup_{i < \text{Suc } j} \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / (\text{Suc } m))))$ 
        by fastforce
      also have ...  $\subseteq (\bigcup_{i \leq \text{Suc } j} \text{Ami } m i)$ 
      proof -
        have  $(\text{mball}(\text{ai } (\text{Suc } j)) (1 / \text{Suc } m) - (\bigcup_{i < \text{Suc } j} \text{mball}(\text{ai } i) (1 / (\text{Suc } m))))$ 
           $\subseteq (\bigcup_{i \leq \text{Suc } j} \text{Ami } m i)$ 
        using Ami-def' by blast
      thus ?thesis
        using ih by(fastforce simp: le-Suc-eq)
    qed
    finally show ?case .
  qed
  qed(use Ami-subs in auto)
  have sets-Ami[measurable]:  $\bigwedge m i. \text{Ami } m i \in \text{sets } N$ 
    by(auto simp: Ami-def)
  have  $\exists qmi. qmi \in (\{..k m\} \rightarrow_E \mathbb{Q} \cap \{0..\}) \wedge (\sum_{i \leq k} m. |\text{measure } N(\text{Ami } m i) - qmi i|) < 1 / \text{Suc } m$  for m
  proof -
    have  $\exists qmi \in \mathbb{Q} \cap \{0..\}. \text{measure } N(\text{Ami } m i) - qmi < 1 / (\text{real}(\text{Suc } m) * \text{real}(\text{Suc}(k m))) \wedge$ 
       $qmi \leq \text{measure } N(\text{Ami } m i) \text{ if } i \leq k m \text{ for } i$ 
    proof(cases measure N (Ami m i) = 0)
      case True
      then show ?thesis
        by(auto intro!: bexI[where x=0])
    qed
  qed

```

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next
  case False
    hence  $\max 0 (\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i) - 1 / (\text{real } (\text{Suc } m) * \text{real } (\text{Suc } (k m)))) < \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i)$ 
      by(auto simp: zero-less-measure-iff)
      from of-rat-dense[OF this] obtain q where
         $q: 0 < \text{real-of-rat } q \text{ measure } N (\text{Ami } m i) - 1 / (\text{real } (\text{Suc } m) * \text{real } (\text{Suc } (k m))) < \text{real-of-rat } q$ 
         $\text{real-of-rat } q < \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i)$ 
        by auto
      hence real-of-rat q  $\in \mathbb{Q} \cap \{0..\}$ 
      by auto
      with q(2,3) show ?thesis
        by(auto intro!: bexI[where x=real-of-rat q])
    qed
    then obtain qmi where  $qmi: \bigwedge i. i \leq k m \implies qmi i \in \mathbb{Q} \cap \{0..\}$ 
       $\bigwedge i. i \leq k m \implies \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i) - qmi i < 1 / (\text{real } (\text{Suc } m) * \text{real } (\text{Suc } (k m)))$ 
       $\bigwedge i. i \leq k m \implies qmi i \leq \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i)$ 
      by metis
    have 2:  $(\sum_{i \leq k m} |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i) - qmi i|) < 1 / \text{Suc } m$ 
    proof -
      have  $\bigwedge i. i \leq k m \implies |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i) - qmi i| < 1 / (\text{real } (\text{Suc } m) * \text{real } (\text{Suc } (k m)))$ 
      using qmi by auto
      hence  $(\sum_{i \leq k m} |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i) - qmi i|) < (\sum_{i \leq k m} 1 / (\text{real } (\text{Suc } m) * \text{real } (\text{Suc } (k m))))$ 
      by(intro sum-strict-mono) auto
      also have ...  $= 1 / \text{Suc } m$ 
      by auto
      finally show ?thesis .
    qed
    show ?thesis
      using qmi 2 by(intro exI[where x=λi∈{..k m}. qmi i]) force
    qed

    hence  $\exists qmi. \forall m. qmi m \in (\{..k m\} \rightarrow_E \mathbb{Q} \cap \{0..\}) \wedge (\sum_{i \leq k m} |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i) - qmi m i|) < 1 / \text{Suc } m$ 
      by(intro choice) auto
    then obtain qmi where  $qmi: \bigwedge m. qmi m \in (\{..k m\} \rightarrow_E \mathbb{Q} \cap \{0..\})$ 
       $\bigwedge m. (\sum_{i \leq k m} |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } m i) - qmi m i|) < 1 / \text{Suc } m$ 
      by blast
    define Ni where  $Ni \equiv (\lambda i. \text{sum-measure } N \{..k i\} (\lambda j. \text{scale-measure } (qmi i j) (\text{return } N (ai j))))$ 
    have NiD:Ni i ∈ ?D for i
      using qmi by(auto simp: Ni-def image-def intro!: exI[where x=k i])
      bexI[where x=qmi i]
        cong: return-cong[OF sets-N] sum-measure-cong[OF sets-N refl])

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```

with goal1 have NiP:  $\bigwedge i. Ni \in \mathcal{P}$  by auto
hence Nifin:  $\bigwedge i. \text{finite-measure} (Ni i)$ 
and sets-Ni'[measurable-cong]:  $\bigwedge i. \text{sets} (Ni i) = \text{borel-of mtopology}$ 
by(auto simp: inP-D)
interpret mweak-conv-fin M d Ni N sequentially
using NiP  $\mathcal{P}\text{-def } \langle N \in \mathcal{P} \rangle$  inP-mweak-conv-fin-all by blast
show  $\exists xn. \text{range } xn \subseteq ?D \wedge \text{limitin } LPm.mtopology xn N \text{ sequentially}$ 
proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=Ni] mweak-conv-imp-converge sep)
show mweak-conv-seq Ni N
unfolding mweak-conv-eq1 LIMSEQ-def
proof safe
fix g :: 'a ⇒ real and K r :: real
assume h: uniformly-continuous-map Self euclidean-metric g  $\forall x \in M. |g x| \leq K$  and r[arith]:  $r > 0$ 
have [measurable]: $g \in \text{borel-measurable } N$ 
using continuous-map-measurable[OF uniformly-continuous-imp-continuous-map[OF h(1)]]
by(auto simp: borel-of-euclidean mtopology-of-def cong: measurable-cong-sets
sets-N)
have gK:  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{space } N \implies |g x| \leq K$ 
using h(2) by(auto simp: space-N)
have K-nonneg:  $K \geq 0$ 
using h(2) M-ne by auto
have  $\exists m. 2 * K / Suc m < r / 2$ 
proof (cases K = 0)
assume K:  $K \neq 0$ 
then have r:  $r / 2 * (1 / (2 * K)) > 0$ 
using K-nonneg by auto
then obtain m where 1:  $1 / Suc m < r / 2 * (1 / (2 * K))$ 
by (meson nat-approx-posE)
from mult-strict-right-mono[OF this, of 2 * K] show ?thesis
using K K-nonneg by auto
qed simp
then obtain m1 where m1:  $2 * K / Suc m1 < r / 2$  by auto
obtain δ where δ:  $\delta > 0$ 
 $\bigwedge x y. x \in M \implies y \in M \implies d x y < \delta \implies |g x - g y| < r / 2 * (1 / (1 + \text{measure } N (\text{space } N)))$ 
using conjunct2[OF h(1)[simplified uniformly-continuous-map-def],
rule-format, of  $(r / 2) * (1 / (1 + \text{measure } N (\text{space } N)))$ ]
measure-nonneg[of N space N] r
unfolding mdist-Self mspace-Self mdist-euclidean-metric dist-real-def by
auto
obtain m2 where m2:  $1 / Suc m2 < \delta$ 
using δ(1) nat-approx-posE by blast
define m where m:  $\max m1 m2$ 
then have m:  $1 / Suc m \leq 1 / \text{real} (\Suc m1) 1 / Suc m \leq 1 / \text{real} (\Suc m2)$ 
by (simp-all add: frac-le)
show  $\exists no. \forall n \geq no. \text{dist} (\int x. g x \partial Ni n) (\int x. g x \partial N) < r$ 

```

```

unfolding dist-real-def
proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=m])
  fix n
  assume n ≥ m
  then have n:1 / Suc n ≤ 1 / real (Suc m)
    by (simp add: frac-le)
  have int1[measurable]: integrable (return N (ai j)) g for j
    unfolding integrable-iff-bounded
  proof safe
    show (ʃ+ x. ennreal (norm (g x)) ∂return N (ai j)) < ∞
      by(rule order.strict-trans1[OF nn-integral-mono[where v=λx. ennreal
K]])]
      (auto simp: ai-in' gK intro!: ennreal-leI)
  qed simp
  have int2[measurable]: ∀A. A ∈ sets N ⇒ integrable N (indicat-real A)
    using N.fmeasurable-eq-sets fmeasurable-def by blast
  have intg: integrable N g
    by(auto intro!: N.integrable-const-bound[where B=K] gK)
  show |(ʃ x. g x ∂Ni n) - (ʃ x. g x ∂N)| < r (is ?lhs < -)
  proof -
    have ?lhs = |(∑ i≤k n. ∫ x. g x ∂scale-measure (qmi n i) (return N
(ai i))) - (ʃ x. g x ∂N)|
      by(simp add: Ni-def integral-sum-measure[OF - integrable-scale-measure[OF
int1]])
    also have ... = |(∑ i≤k n. qmi n i * g (ai i)) - (ʃ x. g x ∂N)|
    proof -
      {
        fix i
        assume i:i ≤ k n
        then have (∫ x. g x ∂scale-measure (qmi n i) (return N (ai i))) =
          qmi n i * g (ai i)
          using integral-scale-measure[OF - int1, of qmi n i] qmi(1)[of n]
        int1
          by(fastforce simp: integral-return ai-in')
      }
      thus ?thesis
        by simp
    qed
    also have ... = |(∑ i≤k n. qmi n i * g (ai i)) - (∑ i≤k n. measure N
(Ami n i) * g (ai i)) +
      ((∑ i≤k n. measure N (Ami n i) * g (ai i)) - (ʃ x. g
x ∂N))|
      by simp
    also have ... ≤ |(∑ i≤k n. measure N (Ami n i) * g (ai i)) - (∑ i≤k
n. qmi n i * g (ai i))|
      + |(∑ i≤k n. measure N (Ami n i) * g (ai i)) - (ʃ x. g
x ∂N)|
      by auto
    also have ... = |∑ i≤k n. (measure N (Ami n i) - qmi n i) * g (ai i)|

```

$$\begin{aligned}
& + |(\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) * g (\text{ai } i)) - (\int x. g \\
x \partial N)| \\
& \quad \text{by (simp add: sum-subtractf left-diff-distrib)} \\
& \quad \text{also have ...} \leq (\sum_{i \leq k} n. |(\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) - \text{qmi } n i) * g (\text{ai } i)|) \\
& \quad + |(\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) * g (\text{ai } i)) - (\int x. g \\
x \partial N)| \\
& \quad \text{by simp} \\
& \quad \text{also have ...} = (\sum_{i \leq k} n. |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) - \text{qmi } n i| * |g (\text{ai } i)|) \\
& \quad + |(\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) * g (\text{ai } i)) - (\int x. g \\
x \partial N)| \\
& \quad \text{by (simp add: abs-mult)} \\
& \quad \text{also have ...} \leq (\sum_{i \leq k} n. |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) - \text{qmi } n i| * K) \\
& \quad + |(\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) * g (\text{ai } i)) - (\int x. g \\
x \partial N)| \\
& \quad \text{by (auto intro!: sum-mono mult-left-mono gK[OF ai-in'])} \\
& \quad \text{also have ...} = (\sum_{i \leq k} n. |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) - \text{qmi } n i|) * K \\
& \quad + |(\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) * g (\text{ai } i)) - (\int x. g \\
x \partial N)| \\
& \quad \text{by (simp add: sum-distrib-right)} \\
& \quad \text{also have ...} \leq 1 / \text{Suc } n * K + |(\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) * g \\
(\text{ai } i)) - (\int x. g x \partial N)| \\
& \quad \text{proof -} \\
& \quad \quad \text{have } (\sum_{i \leq k} n. |\text{measure } N (\text{Ami } n i) - \text{qmi } n i|) * K \leq 1 / \text{Suc } n \\
& \quad \quad * K \\
& \quad \quad \text{by (rule mult-right-mono) (use qmi(2)[of n] K-nonneg in auto)} \\
& \quad \quad \text{thus ?thesis by simp} \\
& \quad \quad \text{qed} \\
& \quad \text{also have ...} = K / \text{Suc } n + |(\sum_{i \leq k} n. (\int x. \text{indicator } (\text{Ami } n i) x * \\
g (\text{ai } i) \partial N)) - (\int x. g x \partial N)| \\
& \quad \text{by auto} \\
& \quad \text{also have ...} = K / \text{Suc } n + |(\int x. (\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{indicator } (\text{Ami } n i) x * \\
g (\text{ai } i) \partial N) - (\int x. g x \partial N)| \\
& \quad \text{proof -} \\
& \quad \quad \text{have } (\sum_{i \leq k} n. (\int x. \text{indicator } (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (\text{ai } i) \partial N)) \\
& \quad \quad = (\int x. (\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{indicator } (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (\text{ai } i)) \partial N) \\
& \quad \quad \text{by (rule integral-sum'[symmetric]) (use int2 in auto)} \\
& \quad \quad \text{thus ?thesis} \\
& \quad \quad \text{by simp} \\
& \quad \quad \text{qed} \\
& \quad \text{also have ...} = K / \text{Suc } n \\
& \quad + |(\int x. (\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{indicat-real } (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (\text{ai } i)) \partial N) \\
& \quad - ((\int x. (\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{indicat-real } (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x) \partial N) \\
& \quad + (\int x. \text{indicat-real } (\text{space } N - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} n. \text{Ami } n i)) x \\
*g x \partial N))| \\
& \quad \text{proof -} \\
& \quad \quad \text{have *:indicat-real } (\bigcup_{i \leq k} n. \text{Ami } n i) x = (\sum_{i \leq k} n. \text{indicat-real} \\
(\text{Ami } n i) x) \text{ for } x \\
& \quad \quad \text{by (auto intro!: indicator-UN-disjoint Ami-disj disjoint-family-on-mono[OF}
\end{aligned}$$

```

- Ami-disj[of  $n$ ]]
  hence ( $\int x. (\sum i \leq k n. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x) \partial N$ )
    + ( $\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{space } N - (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i)) x * g x \partial N$ )
    = ( $\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i) x * g x \partial N$ )
    + ( $\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{space } N - (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i)) x * g x \partial N$ )
  by (simp add: sum-distrib-right)
  also have ... = ( $\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i) x * g x$ 
    +  $\text{indicat-real} (\text{space } N - (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i)) x * g x$ 
 $\partial N)$ 
  by(rule Bochner-Integration.integral-add[symmetric])
    (auto intro!: integrable-mult-indicator[where 'b=real,simplified]
  intg)
  also have ... = ( $\int x. g x \partial N$ )
    by(auto intro!: Bochner-Integration.integral-cong) (auto simp:
  indicator-def)
  finally show ?thesis by simp
  qed
  also have ... =  $K / \text{Suc } n$ 
    + |( $\sum i \leq k n. \int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (ai i) \partial N$ )
      - ( $\sum i \leq k n. \int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x \partial N$ )
      + ( $\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{space } N - (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i)) x$ 
 $* g x \partial N))|$ 
  proof -
    have *: ( $\int x. (\sum i \leq k n. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (ai i)) \partial N$ )
      = ( $\sum i \leq k n. \int x. \text{indicator} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (ai i) \partial N$ )
    by(rule Bochner-Integration.integral-sum) (use int2 in auto)
    have **: ( $\int x. (\sum i \leq k n. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x) \partial N$ )
      = ( $\sum i \leq k n. \int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x \partial N$ )
    by(rule Bochner-Integration.integral-sum)
      (auto intro!: integrable-mult-indicator[where 'b=real,simplified]
  intg)
    show ?thesis
      unfolding * ** by simp
    qed
    also have ... =  $K / \text{Suc } n$ 
      + |( $\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (ai i) \partial N) - (\int x.$ 
 $\text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x \partial N)$ )
      - ( $\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{space } N - (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i)) x * g x \partial N)$ |
    by(simp add: sum-subtractf)
    also have ...  $\leq K / \text{Suc } n$ 
      + |( $\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (ai i) \partial N) - (\int x.$ 
 $\text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x \partial N)$ )
      + | $\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{space } N - (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i)) x * g x \partial N|$ 
    by linarith
    also have ...  $\leq K / \text{Suc } n$ 
      + | $\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (g (ai i) - g$ 
 $x) \partial N)|
      + | $\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{space } N - (\bigcup i \leq k n. \text{Ami } n i)) x * g$ 
 $x \partial N|$$ 
```

```

proof -
  have  $(\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (\text{ai } i) \partial N) - (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x \partial N)) = (\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g (\text{ai } i) - \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * g x \partial N))$ 
    by(rule Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux[OF Bochner-Integration.integral-diff[symmetric]])
  (auto intro!: integrable-mult-indicator[where 'b=real,simplified] intg int2)
    also have ... =  $(\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (g (\text{ai } i) - g x) \partial N))$ 
      by(simp add: right-diff-distrib)
      finally show ?thesis by simp
    qed
    also have ...  $\leq 1 / \text{Suc } n * K + r / 2 + 1 / \text{Suc } n * K$ 
    proof -
      have  $*: |\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (g (\text{ai } i) - g x) \partial N)| \leq r / 2$ 
      proof -
        have  $|\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (g (\text{ai } i) - g x) \partial N)| \leq (\sum i \leq k n. |\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (g (\text{ai } i) - g x) \partial N|)$ 
          by(rule sum-abs)
        also have ...  $\leq (\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. |\text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (g (\text{ai } i) - g x)| \partial N))$ 
          by(auto intro!: sum-mono)
        also have ... =  $(\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * |(g (\text{ai } i) - g x)| \partial N))$ 
          by(auto intro!: Finite-Cartesian-Product.sum-cong-aux Bochner-Integration.integral-cong
            simp: abs-mult)
        also have ...  $\leq (\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (\bigsqcup y \in \text{Ami } n i. |g (\text{ai } i) - g y|) \partial N))$ 
          proof(rule sum-mono[OF integral-mono])
            fix i x
            show  $\text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * |g (\text{ai } i) - g x| \leq \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (\bigsqcup y \in \text{Ami } n i. |g (\text{ai } i) - g y|)$ 
              using gK gK[OF ai-in'[of i]] sets.sets-into-space[OF sets-Ami[of n i]]
          qed(auto intro!: indicator-def intro!: cSUP-upper bdd-aboveI[where M=2 * K])
        also have ...  $\leq (\sum i \leq k n. (\int x. \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (r / 2 * (1 / (1 + \text{measure } N (\text{space } N)))) \partial N))$ 
          proof(rule sum-mono[OF integral-mono])
            fix i x
            show  $\text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (\bigsqcup y \in \text{Ami } n i. |g (\text{ai } i) - g y|) \leq \text{indicat-real} (\text{Ami } n i) x * (r / 2 * (1 / (1 + \text{measure } N (\text{space } N))))$ 
          proof -
            {

```

```

assume  $x:x \in Ami\ n\ i$ 
have  $(\bigcup_{y \in Ami\ n\ i} |g(ai\ i) - g(y)|) \leq r / 2 * (1 / (1 + measure\ N\ (space\ N)))$ 
proof(safe intro!: cSup-le-iff[THEN iffD2])
  fix  $y$ 
  assume  $y:y \in Ami\ n\ i$ 
  with Ami-subs[of n i] have  $y \in mball(ai\ i) (1 / real(Suc\ n))$ 
    by auto
  with  $\delta(2)\ n\ m\ m2$ 
  show  $|g(ai\ i) - g(y)| \leq r / 2 * (1 / (1 + measure\ N\ (space\ N)))$ 
    by fastforce
  qed(insert x gK gK[OF ai-in'[of i]] sets.sets-into-space[OF sets-Ami[of n i]],,
    fastforce intro!: bdd-aboveI[where M=2*K])+
}
thus ?thesis
  by(auto simp: indicator-def)
qed
qed(auto intro!: integrable-mult-indicator[where 'b=real,simplified]
intg int2)
also have ...  $\leq (\sum_{i \leq k} n. measure\ N\ (Ami\ n\ i)) * (r / 2 * (1 / (1 + measure\ N\ (space\ N))))$ 
  by (simp only: sum-distrib-right) auto
also have ... =  $measure\ N\ (\bigcup_{i \leq k} n. (Ami\ n\ i)) * (r / 2 * (1 / (1 + measure\ N\ (space\ N))))$ 
  by(auto intro!: N.finite-measure-finite-Union[symmetric] disjoint-family-on-mono[OF - Ami-disj[of n]])
also have ...  $\leq (r / 2) * (measure\ N\ (space\ N)) * (1 / (1 + measure\ N\ (space\ N)))$ 
  using r measure-nonneg N.bounded-measure
  by(auto simp del: times-divide-eq-left times-divide-eq-right intro!: mult-right-mono)
also have ...  $\leq r / 2$ 
  by(intro mult-left-le) (auto simp: divide-le-eq-1 intro!: add-pos-nonneg)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
have **:  $|\int x. indicat-real (space\ N - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} n. Ami\ n\ i)) x * g\ x| \leq 1 / Suc\ n * K$ 
proof -
  have  $|\int x. indicat-real (space\ N - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} n. Ami\ n\ i)) x * g\ x \partial N| \leq (\int x. |indicat-real (space\ N - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} n. Ami\ n\ i)) x * g\ x| \partial N)$ 
    by simp
  also have ... =  $(\int x. indicat-real (space\ N - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} n. Ami\ n\ i)) x * |g\ x| \partial N)$ 
    by(auto intro!: Bochner-Integration.integral-cong simp: abs-mult)
  also have ...  $\leq (\int x. indicat-real (space\ N - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} n. Ami\ n\ i)) x * K \partial N)$ 

```

```

by(rule integral-mono,insert gK)
  (auto intro!: integrable-mult-indicator[where 'b=real,simplified]
intg int2
  simp: ordered-semiring-class.mult-left-mono)
also have ... = measure N (space N - (Union i≤k n. Ami n i)) * K
  by simp
also have ... = (measure N (space N) - measure N (Union j≤k n. mball
(ai j) (1 / real (Suc n)))) * K
  unfolding Ami-un by(simp add: N.finite-measure-compl)
also have ... ≤ 1 / Suc n * K
  by (metis k[of n] K-nonneg less-eq-real-def mult.commute
mult-left-mono)
finally show ?thesis .
qed
show ?thesis
  using * ** by auto
qed
also have ... = 2 * K / Suc n + r / 2
  by simp
also have ... ≤ 2 * K / Suc m + r / 2
  using K-nonneg by (simp add: m ≤ n frac-le)
also have ... ≤ 2 * K / Suc m1 + r / 2
  using K-nonneg divide-inverse m(1) mult-left-mono by fastforce
also have ... < r
  using m1 by auto
finally show ?thesis .
qed
qed
qed
qed(use NiD sep in auto)
qed
qed
qed

```

```

lemma separable-LPm:
assumes separable-space mtopology
shows separable-space LPm.mtopology
proof(cases M = {})
  case True
  from M-empty-P[OF this] show ?thesis
    by(intro countable-space-separable-space) auto
next
  case M-ne:False
  then obtain ai :: nat ⇒ 'a where ai:mdense (range ai)
    using assms mdense-empty-iff uncountable-def unfolding separable-space-def2
  by blast
  have countable (((λ(k, bi). sum-measure (borel-of mtopology) {..k}
    (λi. scale-measure (ennreal (bi i)) (return (borel-of
    mtopology) (ai i)))))
```

```

‘ (SIGMA k:UNIV. {..k} →_E Q ∩ {0..})) )
using countable-rat by(auto intro!: countable-PiE)
thus ?thesis
  using LPm-countable-base[OF ai] by(auto simp: separable-space-def2)
qed

lemma closedin-bounded-measures:
closedin LPm.mtopology {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ N (space N)
≤ ennreal r}
unfolding LPm.metric-closedin-iff-sequentially-closed
proof(intro allI conjI uncurry impI)
  show 1: {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ emeasure N (space N) ≤
ennreal r} ⊆ P
    by(auto intro!: inP-I finite-measureI simp: top.extremum-unique)
    fix Ni N
    assume h:range Ni ⊆ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ emeasure N
(space N) ≤ ennreal r}
    limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N sequentially
    then have sets-Ni: ∀i. sets (Ni i) = sets (borel-of mtopology)
      and Nir: ∀i. Ni i (space (Ni i)) ≤ ennreal r
      by auto
    interpret N: finite-measure N
    using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology by(simp
add: P-def)
    interpret Ni: finite-measure Ni i for i
    using 1 h by(auto dest: inP-D)
    have mweak-conv Ni N sequentially
      using h 1 sets-Ni Nir by(auto intro!: converge-imp-mweak-conv)
      hence ∀f. continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f
        ⟹ (∃B. ∀x∈M. |f x| ≤ B) ⟹ (λn. ∫ x. f x ∂Ni n) —→ (∫ x. f x
∂N)
        by(simp add: mweak-conv-def)
      from this[of λx. 1] have (λi. measure (Ni i) (space (Ni i))) —→ measure N
(space N)
        by auto
      hence (λi. Ni i (space (Ni i))) —→ N (space N)
        by (simp add: N.emmeasure-eq-measure Ni.emmeasure-eq-measure)
      from tends-to-upperbound[OF this,of ennreal r]
      show N ∈ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ emeasure N (space N) ≤
ennreal r}
        using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] Nir unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology
        by(auto simp: P-def)
qed

lemma closedin-subprobs:
closedin LPm.mtopology {N. subprob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of mtopol-
ogy)}
unfolding LPm.metric-closedin-iff-sequentially-closed
proof(intro allI conjI uncurry impI)

```

```

show 1:{N. subprob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)} ⊆ P
  by(auto intro!: inP-I simp: top.extremum-unique subprob-space-def)
fix Ni N
assume h:range Ni ⊆ {N. subprob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)}
  limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N sequentially
then have sets-Ni: ∏i. sets (Ni i) = sets (borel-of mtopology) and Ni: ∏i. subprob-space (Ni i)
  by auto
have setsN:sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology by(auto dest: inP-D)
interpret N: finite-measure N
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology by(simp add: P-def)
interpret Ni: subprob-space Ni i for i
  by fact
have mweak-conv Ni N sequentially
  using h 1 sets-Ni Ni by(auto intro!: converge-imp-mweak-conv)
hence ∏f. continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f ⟹ (∃B. ∀x∈M. |f x| ≤ B)
  ⟹ (λn. ∫ x. f x ∂Ni n) —→ (∫ x. f x ∂N)
  by(simp add: mweak-conv-def)
from this[of λx. 1] have (λi. measure (Ni i) (space (Ni i))) —→ measure N (space N)
  by auto
hence (λi. Ni i (space (Ni i))) —→ N (space N)
  by (simp add: N.emeasure-eq-measure Ni.emeasure-eq-measure)
from tends-to-upperbound[OF this,of 1]
have emeasure N (space N) ≤ 1
  using Ni.subprob-emeasure-le-1 by force
moreover have space N ≠ {}
  using sets-eq-imp-space-eq[OF setsN] sets-eq-imp-space-eq[OF sets-Ni[of 0]]
  using Ni.subprob-not-empty by fastforce
ultimately show N ∈ {N. subprob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)}
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology
  by(auto intro!: subprob-spaceI setsN)
qed

```

```

lemma closedin-probs: closedin LPm.mtopology {N. prob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)}
  unfolding LPm.metric-closedin-iff-sequentially-closed
proof(intro allI conjI uncurry impI)
show 1:{N. prob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)} ⊆ P
  by(auto intro!: inP-I simp: top.extremum-unique prob-space-def)
fix Ni N
assume h:range Ni ⊆ {N. prob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)}
  limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N sequentially
then have sets-Ni: ∏i. sets (Ni i) = sets (borel-of mtopology) and Ni: ∏i. prob-space (Ni i)

```

```

    by auto
  have setsN:sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)
    using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology by(auto
dest: inP-D)
  interpret N: finite-measure N
    using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology by(simp
add: P-def)
  interpret Ni: prob-space Ni i for i
    by fact
  have mweak-conv Ni N sequentially
    using h 1 sets-Ni Ni by(auto intro!: converge-imp-mweak-conv)
  hence  $\bigwedge f$ . continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f  $\Rightarrow (\exists B. \forall x \in M. |f x| \leq B)$ 
     $\Rightarrow (\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial Ni n) \longrightarrow (\int x. f x \partial N)$ 
    by(simp add: mweak-conv-def)
  from this[of  $\lambda x. 1$ ] have ( $\lambda i.$  measure (Ni i) (space (Ni i)))  $\longrightarrow$  measure N
  (space N)
    by auto
  hence prob-space N
    by(simp add: Ni.prob-space LIMSEQ-const-iff N.emeasure-eq-measure prob-spaceI)
  thus  $N \in \{N. \text{prob-space } N \wedge \text{sets } N = \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)}\}$ 
    using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology
    by(auto intro!: setsN)
qed

```

#### 4.4 The Lévy-Prokhorov Metric and Topology of Weak Convergence

```

lemma weak-conv-topology-le-LPm-topology:
  assumes openin (weak-conv-topology mtopology) S
  shows openin LPm.mtopology S
proof(rule weak-conv-topology-minimal[OF -- assms])
  fix f B
  assume f: continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f and B: $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{topspace}$ 
  mtopology  $\Rightarrow |f x| \leq B$ 
  show continuous-map LPm.mtopology euclideanreal ( $\lambda N. \int x. f x \partial N$ )
    unfolding continuous-map-iff-limit-seq[OF LPm.first-countable-mtopology]
  proof safe
    fix Ni N
    assume limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N sequentially
    then have h':weak-conv-on Ni N sequentially mtopology
      by(simp add: mtopology-of-def converge-imp-mweak-conv)
    thus limitin euclideanreal ( $\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial Ni n$ ) ( $\int x. f x \partial N$ ) sequentially
      using f B by(fastforce simp: mweak-conv-seq-def)
  qed
qed(unfold LPm.topspace-mtopology, simp add: P-def)

```

```

lemma LPmtopology-eq-weak-conv-topology:
  assumes separable-space mtopology

```

```

shows LPm.mtopology = weak-conv-topology mtopology
by(auto intro!: topology-eq-filter inP-I simp: conv-iff-mweak-conv[OF assms] inP-D)

end

corollary
assumes metrizable-space X separable-space X
shows metrizable-weak-conv-topology:metrizable-space (weak-conv-topology X)
and separable-weak-conv-topology:separable-space (weak-conv-topology X)
proof -
obtain d where d:Metric-space (topspace X) d Metric-space.mtopology (topspace X) d = X
by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology assms(1) metrizable-space-def)
then interpret Levy-Prokhorov topspace X d
by(auto simp: Levy-Prokhorov-def)
show g1:metrizable-space (weak-conv-topology X)
using assms(2) d(2) LPm.metrizable-space-mtopology LPmtopology-eq-weak-conv-topology
by simp
show g2:separable-space (weak-conv-topology X)
using assms(2) d(2) LPmtopology-eq-weak-conv-topology separable-LPm by
simp
qed

end

```

## 5 Prokhorov's Theorem

```

theory Prokhorov-Theorem
imports Levy-Prokhorov-Distance
Alaoglu-Theorem
begin

5.1 Prokhorov's Theorem

context Levy-Prokhorov
begin

lemma relatively-compact-imp-tight-LP:
assumes Γ ⊆ P separable-space mtopology mcomplete
and compactin LPm.mtopology (LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ)
shows tight-on-set mtopology Γ
proof(cases M = {})
case True
then have Γ = {} ∨ Γ = {null-measure (borel-of mtopology)}
using assms(1) M-empty-P' by auto
thus ?thesis
by(auto simp: tight-on-set-def intro!: finite-measureI)
next
case M-ne:False

```

```

have 1:  $\exists k. \forall N \in \Gamma. \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{m \leq k} U_i m) > \text{measure } N M - e$ 
  if  $U_i : \bigwedge i : \text{nat}. \text{openin } m\text{topology } (U_i i) (\bigcup i. U_i i) = M$  and  $e : e > 0$  for  $U_i e$ 
proof(rule ccontr)
  assume  $\nexists k. \forall N \in \Gamma. \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{m \leq k} U_i m) > \text{measure } N M - e$ 
  then have h:  $\forall k. \exists N \in \Gamma. \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{m \leq k} U_i m) \leq \text{measure } N M - e$ 
    by(auto simp: linorder-class.not-less)
  then obtain Nk where Nk:  $\bigwedge k. Nk k \in \Gamma \wedge k. \text{measure } (Nk k) (\bigcup_{m \leq k} U_i m) \leq \text{measure } (Nk k) M - e$ 
    by metis
  obtain Nr where Nr:  $N \in LPm.mtopology \text{ closure-of } \Gamma \text{ strict-mono } r$ 
    limitin  $LPm.mtopology (Nk \circ r) N$  sequentially
    using assms(1,4) Nk(1) closure-of-subset[of  $LPm.mtopology$ ]
    by(simp add: LPm.compactin-sequentially) (metis image-subset-iff subsetD)
  then interpret mweak-conv-fin M d λi. Nk (r i) N sequentially
    using assms(1) Nk(1) closure-of-subset-topspace[of  $LPm.mtopology$ ]
    by(auto intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin-all)
  have sets-Nk[measurable-cong,simp]: $\bigwedge i. \text{sets } (Nk (r i)) = \text{sets } (\text{borel-of } m\text{topology})$ 
    using Nk(1) assms(1) inP-D(2) by blast
  have wc: mweak-conv-seq (λi. Nk (r i)) N
    using converge-imp-mweak-conv[OF Nr(3)] Nk(1) assms(1) by(auto simp: comp-def)
  interpret Nk: finite-measure Nk k for k
    using Nk(1) assms(1) inP-D by blast
  interpret N: finite-measure N
    using finite-measure-N by blast
  have 1: measure N ( $\bigcup_{i \leq n} U_i i$ )  $\leq \text{measure } N M - e$  for n
  proof -
    have measure N ( $\bigcup_{i \leq n} U_i i$ )  $\leq \text{liminf } (\lambda j. \text{measure } (Nk (r j))) (\bigcup_{i \leq n} U_i i)$ 
      using Ui by(auto intro!: conjunct2[OF mweak-conv-eq3[THEN iffD1,OF wc],rule-format])
      also have ...  $\leq \text{liminf } (\lambda j. \text{measure } (Nk (r j))) (\bigcup_{i \leq r j} U_i i)$ 
        by(rule Liminf-mono)
        (auto intro!: Ui(1) exI[where x=n] Nk.finite-measure-mono[OF UN-mono]
          le-trans[OF - strict-mono-imp-increasing[OF Nr(2)]] borel-of-open
          simp: eventually-sequentially sets-N)
      also have ...  $\leq \text{liminf } (\lambda j. \text{measure } (Nk (r j))) M + \text{ereal } (-e)$ 
        using Nk by(auto intro!: Liminf-mono eventuallyI)
      also have ...  $\leq \text{liminf } (\lambda j. \text{measure } (Nk (r j))) M + \text{limsup } (\lambda i. -e)$ 
        by(rule ereal-liminf-limsup-add)
      also have ...  $= \text{liminf } (\lambda j. \text{measure } (Nk (r j))) M + \text{ereal } (-e)$ 
        using Limsup-const[of sequentially - e] by simp
      also have ...  $= \text{measure } N M + \text{ereal } (-e)$ 
    proof -
      have (λk. measure (Nk (r k))) M —> measure N M
        using wc mweak-conv-eq2 by fastforce
      from limI[OF tendsto-ereal[OF this]] convergent-liminf-cl[OF convergentI[OF
        tendsto-ereal[OF this]]]
    
```

```

show ?thesis by simp
qed
finally show ?thesis
  by simp
qed
have ?:(λn. measure N (⋃ i≤n. Ui i)) —→ measure N M
proof -
  have (λn. measure N (⋃ i≤n. Ui i)) —→ measure N (⋃ (range (λn.
  ⋃ i≤n. Ui i)))
    by(fastforce intro!: Ui(1) N.finite-Lim-measure-incseq borel-of-open inc-
seq-SucI simp: sets-N)
    moreover have ⋃ (range (λn. ⋃ i≤n. Ui i)) = M
      using Ui(2) by blast
    ultimately show ?thesis
      by simp
qed
show False
  using e Lim-bounded[OF 2,of 0 measure N M - e] 1 by auto
qed
show ?thesis
  unfolding tight-on-set-def
proof safe
  fix e :: real
  assume e: 0 < e
  obtain U where U: countable U mdense U
    using assms(2) separable-space-def2 by blast
  let ?an = from-nat-into U
  have an: ⋀n. ?an n ∈ M mdense (range ?an)
    by (metis M-ne U(2) from-nat-into mdense-def2 mdense-empty-iff subsetD)
        (metis M-ne U(1) U(2) mdense-empty-iff range-from-nat-into)
  have ∃k. ∀N∈Γ. measure N (⋃ n≤k. mball (?an n) (1 / Suc m)) > measure
  NM - (e / 2) * (1 / 2) ^ Suc m for m
    by(rule 1) (use mdense-balls-cover[OF an(2)] e in auto)
  then obtain k where k:
    ⋀m N. N ∈ Γ ==> measure N (⋃ n≤k m. mball (?an n) (1 / Suc m)) >
  measure NM - (e / 2) * (1 / 2) ^ Suc m
    by metis
  let ?K = ⋃ m. (⋃ i≤k m. mball (?an i) (1 / Suc m))
  show ∃K. compactin mtopology K ∧ (∀M∈Γ. measure M (space M - K) < e)
  proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=?K])
    have closedin mtopology ?K
      by(auto intro!: closedin-Union)
    moreover have ?K ⊆ M
      by auto
    moreover have mtotally-bounded ?K
      unfolding mtotally-bounded-def2
    proof safe
      fix e :: real
      assume e: 0 < e

```

```

then obtain m where m:  $e > 1 / \text{Suc } m$ 
  using nat-approx-posE by blast
have ?K  $\subseteq (\bigcup_{i \leq k} m. \text{mcball} (?an i) (1 / \text{real} (\text{Suc } m)))$ 
  by auto
also have ...  $\subseteq (\bigcup_{x \in ?an} \{..k m\}. \text{mball } x e)$ 
  using mcball-subset-mball-concentric[OF m] by blast
finally show  $\exists K. \text{finite } K \wedge K \subseteq M \wedge ?K \subseteq (\bigcup_{x \in K} m. \text{mball } x e)$ 
  using an(1) by(fastforce intro!: exI[where x=?an ' {..k m}])
qed
ultimately show compactin mtopology ?K
  using mtotally-bounded-eq-compact-closedin[OF assms(3)] by auto
next
fix N
assume N:  $N \in \Gamma$ 
then interpret N: finite-measure N
  using assms(1) inP-D by blast
have sets-N: sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)
  using N assms(1) by(auto simp: P-def)
hence space-N: space N = M
  by(auto cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq simp: space-borel-of)
have [measurable]:  $\bigwedge a b. \text{mcball } a b \in \text{sets } N \quad M \in \text{sets } N$ 
  by(auto simp: sets-N intro!: borel-of-closed)
have Ne:measure N (M - ( $\bigcup_{i \leq k} m. \text{mcball} (?an i) (1 / \text{real} (\text{Suc } m))$ ) <
 $(e / 2) * (1 / 2) \wedge \text{Suc } m$  for m
proof -
  have measure N (M - ( $\bigcup_{i \leq k} m. \text{mcball} (?an i) (1 / \text{real} (\text{Suc } m))$ ))
    = measure N M - measure N ( $\bigcup_{i \leq k} m. \text{mcball} (?an i) (1 / \text{real} (\text{Suc } m))$ )
    by(auto simp: N.finite-measure-compl[simplified space-N])
  also have ...  $\leq \text{measure } N M - \text{measure } N (\bigcup_{i \leq k} m. \text{mball} (?an i) (1 / \text{real} (\text{Suc } m)))$ 
    by(fastforce intro!: N.finite-measure-mono)
  also have ...  $< (e / 2) * (1 / 2) \wedge \text{Suc } m$ 
    using k[OF N,of m] by simp
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
have Ne-sum: summable ( $\lambda m. (e / 2) * (1 / 2) \wedge \text{Suc } m$ )
  by auto
have sum2: summable ( $\lambda m. \text{measure } N (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} m. \text{mcball} (\text{from-nat-into } U i) (1 / \text{real} (\text{Suc } m))))$ )
  using Ne by(auto intro!: summable-comparison-test-ev[OF - Ne-sum] eventuallyI) (use less-eq-real-def in blast)
show measure N (space N - ?K) < e
proof -
  have measure N (space N - ?K) = measure N ( $\bigcup m. (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} m. \text{mcball} (?an i) (1 / \text{Suc } m)))$ )
    by(auto simp: space-N)
  also have ...  $\leq (\sum m. \text{measure } N (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq k} m. \text{mcball} (?an i) (1 / \text{Suc } m))))$ 

```

```

by(rule N.finite-measure-subadditive-countably) (use sum2 in auto)
also have ... ≤ (∑ m. (e / 2) * (1 / 2) ^ Suc m)
  by(rule suminf-le) (use Ne less-eq-real-def sum2 in auto)
also have ... = (e / 2) * (∑ m. (1 / 2) ^ Suc m)
  by(rule suminf-mult) auto
also have ... = e / 2
  using power-half-series sums-unique by fastforce
also have ... < e
  using e by simp
finally show ?thesis .
qed
qed
qed(use assms inP-D in auto)
qed

lemma mcompact-imp-LPmcompact:
assumes compact-space mtopology
shows compactin LPm.mtopology {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ N
(space N) ≤ ennreal r}
(is compactin - ?N)
proof -
consider M = {} | r < 0 | r ≥ 0 M ≠ {}
  by linarith
then show ?thesis
proof cases
assume M = {}
then have finite (topspace LPm.mtopology)
  unfolding LPm.topspace-mtopology using M-empty-P by fastforce
thus ?thesis
  using closedin-bounded-measures closedin-compact-space compact-space-def
finite-imp-compactin-eq by blast
next
assume r < 0
then have ?N = {null-measure (borel-of mtopology)}
  using emeasure-eq-0[OF -- sets.sets-into-space]
  by(safe,intro measure-eqI) (auto simp: ennreal-lt-0)
thus ?thesis
  by(auto intro!: inP-I finite-measureI)
next
assume M-ne:M ≠ {} and r:r ≥ 0
hence [simp]: mtopology ≠ trivial-topology
  using topspace-mtopology by force
define Cb where Cb ≡ cfunspace mtopology (euclidean-metric :: real metric)
define Cb' where Cb' ≡ powertop-real (mspace (cfunspace mtopology (euclidean-metric
:: real metric)))
define B where
B ≡ {φ∈topspace Cb'. φ (λx∈topspace mtopology. 1) ≤ r ∧ positive-linear-functional-on-CX
mtopology φ}
define T :: 'a measure ⇒ ('a ⇒ real) ⇒ real

```

```

where  $T \equiv \lambda N. \lambda f \in mspace (cfunspace mtopology euclidean-metric). \int x. f x$ 
 $\partial N$ 
have compact: compactin  $Cb' B$ 
unfolding  $B\text{-def } Cb'\text{-def}$  by(rule Alaoglu-theorem-real-functional[ $OF assms(1)$ ])
(use M-ne in simp)
have metrizable: metrizable-space (subtopology  $Cb' B$ )
unfolding  $B\text{-def } Cb'\text{-def}$  by(rule metrizable-functional[ $OF assms$  metrizable-space-mtopology])
have homeo: homeomorphic-map (subtopology  $LPm.mtopology ?N$ ) (subtopology
 $Cb' B$ )  $T$ 
proof -
have  $T\text{-cont}'$ : continuous-map (subtopology  $LPm.mtopology ?N$ )  $Cb' T$ 
unfold continuous-map-atin
proof safe
fix  $N$ 
assume  $N:N \in topspace$  (subtopology  $LPm.mtopology ?N$ )
show limitin  $Cb' T (T N)$  (atin (subtopology  $LPm.mtopology ?N$ )  $N$ )
unfold  $Cb'\text{-def limitin-componentwise}$ 
proof safe
fix  $g :: 'a \Rightarrow real$ 
assume  $g:g \in mspace (cfunspace mtopology euclidean-metric)$ 
then have  $g\text{-bounded}:\exists B. \forall x \in M. |g x| \leq B$ 
by(auto simp: bounded-pos-less order-less-le)
show limitin euclideanreal ( $\lambda c. T c g$ ) ( $T N g$ ) (atin (subtopology
 $LPm.mtopology ?N$ )  $N$ )
unfold limitin-canonical-iff
proof
fix  $e :: real$ 
assume  $e:0 < e$ 
have  $N\text{-in}: N \in ?N$ 
using  $N$  by simp
show  $\forall F c \in atin$  (subtopology  $LPm.mtopology ?N$ )  $N.$  dist ( $T c g$ ) ( $T$ 
 $N g$ )  $< e$ 
unfold atin-subtopology-within[ $OF N\text{-in}$ ]
proof (safe intro!: eventually-within-imp[THEN iffD2, OF LPm.eventually-atin-sequentially[THEN
iffD2]])
fix  $Ni$ 
assume  $Ni:range Ni \subseteq \mathcal{P} - \{N\}$  limitin  $LPm.mtopology Ni N$  sequentially
with  $N$  interpret mweak-conv-fin  $M d Ni N$  sequentially
by(auto intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin-all)
have  $wc:mweak-conv-seq Ni N$ 
using  $Ni$  by(auto intro!: converge-imp-mweak-conv)
hence  $1:(\lambda n. T (Ni n) g) \longrightarrow T N g$ 
unfold  $T\text{-def}$  by(auto simp: g mweak-conv-def g-bounded)
show  $\forall F n \in sequentially. Ni n \in ?N \longrightarrow dist (T (Ni n) g) (T N g)$ 
 $< e$ 
by(rule eventually-mp[ $OF - 1$ [simplified tends-to-iff, rule-format,  $OF$ 
e]]) simp
qed

```

```

qed
qed(auto simp: T-def)
qed
have T-cont: continuous-map (subtopology LPm.mtopology ?N) (subtopology
Cb' B) T
  unfolding continuous-map-in-subtopology
proof
  show T ` topspace (subtopology LPm.mtopology ?N) ⊆ B
    unfolding B-def Cb'-def
    proof safe
      fix N
      assume N:N ∈ topspace (subtopology LPm.mtopology ?N)
      then have finite-measure N and sets-N:sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)
        and space-N:space N = M and N-r:emeasure N (space N) ≤ ennreal r
        by(auto intro!: inP-D)
      hence N-r':measure N (space N) ≤ r
        by (simp add: finite-measure.emeasure-eq-measure r)
      interpret N: finite-measure N
        by fact
      have TN-def: T N (λx∈topspace mtopology. f x) = (∫ x. f x ∂N) T N
        (λx∈M. f x) = (∫ x. f x ∂N)
        if f:continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f for f
          using f Bochner-Integration.integral-cong[OF refl,of N λx∈M. f x
f,simplified space-N]
          compact-imp-bounded[OF compactin-euclidean-iff[THEN iffD1,
OF image-compactin[OF assms[simplified compact-space-def] f]]]
          by(auto simp: T-def)
        have N-integrable[simp]: integrable N f if f:continuous-map mtopology
euclideanreal f for f
          using compact-imp-bounded[OF compactin-euclidean-iff[THEN iffD1,OF
image-compactin[OF
assms[simplified compact-space-def] f]]] continuous-map-measurable[OF
f]
          by(auto intro!: N.integrable-const-bound AE-I2[of N]
simp: bounded-iff measurable-cong-sets[OF sets-N] borel-of-euclidean
space-N)

show T N (λx∈topspace mtopology. 1) ≤ r
  unfolding TN-def[OF continuous-map-canonical-const]
  using N-r' by simp
show positive-linear-functional-on-CX mtopology (T N)
  unfolding positive-linear-functional-on-CX-compact[OF assms]
proof safe
  fix f c
  assume f: continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f
  show T N (λx∈topspace mtopology. c * f x) = c * T N (λx∈topspace
mtopology. f x)
    using f continuous-map-real-mult-left[OF f,of c] by(auto simp: TN-def)
next

```

```

fix f g
assume fg: continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f
continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal g
show T N (λx∈topspace mtopology. f x + g x)
= T N (λx∈topspace mtopology. f x) + T N (λx∈topspace mtopology.
g x)
using fg continuous-map-add[OF fg]
by(auto simp: TN-def intro!: Bochner-Integration.integral-add)
next
fix f
assume continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f ∀x∈topspace mtopology.
0 ≤ f x
then show 0 ≤ T N (λx∈topspace mtopology. f x)
by(auto simp: TN-def space-N intro!: Bochner-Integration.integral-nonneg)
qed
show T N ∈ topspace (powertop-real (mspace (cfunspace mtopology
euclidean-metric)))
by(auto simp: T-def)
qed
qed fact
define T-inv :: (('a ⇒ real) ⇒ real) ⇒ 'a measure where
T-inv ≡ (λφ. THE N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ finite-measure
N ∧
(∀f. continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f
→ φ (restrict f (topspace mtopology)) = integralL N f))
have T-T-inv: ∀N∈topspace (subtopology LPm.mtopology ?N). T-inv (T N)
= N
proof safe
fix N
assume N:N ∈ topspace (subtopology LPm.mtopology ?N)
from Pi-mem[OF continuous-map-funspace[OF T-cont] this]
have TN:T N ∈ topspace (subtopology Cb' B)
by blast
hence ∃!N'. sets N' = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ finite-measure N' ∧
(∀f. continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f
→ T N (restrict f (topspace mtopology)) = integralL N' f)
by(intro Riesz-representation-real-compact-metrizable[OF assms metrizable-space-mtopology])
(auto simp del: topspace-mtopology restrict-apply simp: B-def)
moreover have sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ finite-measure N ∧
(∀f. continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f
→ T N (restrict f (topspace mtopology)) = integralL N f)
using compact-imp-bounded[OF compactin-euclidean-iff[THEN iffD1, OF
image-compactin[OF
assms[simplified compact-space-def] -]]] N
by(auto simp: T-def dest:inP-D cong: Bochner-Integration.integral-cong)
ultimately show T-inv (T N) = N
unfolding T-inv-def by(rule the1-equality)
qed

```

```

have T-inv-T:  $\forall \varphi \in \text{topspace} (\text{subtopology } Cb' B). T (T\text{-inv } \varphi) = \varphi$ 
proof safe
fix  $\varphi$ 
assume  $\varphi : \varphi \in \text{topspace} (\text{subtopology } Cb' B)$ 
hence 1:  $\exists ! N'. \text{sets } N' = \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) \wedge \text{finite-measure } N' \wedge$ 
      ( $\forall f. \text{continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal } f$ 
        $\longrightarrow \varphi (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace mtopology})) = \text{integral}^L N' f$ )
by(intro Riesz-representation-real-compact-metrizable[OF assms metrizable-space-mtopology])
(auto simp del: topspace-mtopology restrict-apply simp add: B-def)
have T-inv- $\varphi$ : sets (T-inv  $\varphi$ ) = sets (borel-of mtopology) finite-measure (T-inv  $\varphi$ )
 $\wedge \forall f. \text{continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal } f$ 
 $\implies \varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace mtopology}. f x) = \text{integral}^L (T\text{-inv } \varphi) f$ 
unfolding T-inv-def by(use theI'[OF 1] in blast) +
show T (T-inv  $\varphi$ ) =  $\varphi$ 
proof
fix  $f$ 
consider  $f \in \text{mspace } Cb \mid f \notin \text{mspace } Cb$ 
by fastforce
then show T (T-inv  $\varphi) f = \varphi f$ 
proof cases
case 1
then have T (T-inv  $\varphi) f = \text{integral}^L (T\text{-inv } \varphi) f$ 
by(auto simp: T-def Cb-def)
also have ... =  $\varphi (\lambda x \in \text{topspace mtopology}. f x)$ 
by(rule T-inv- $\varphi$ (3)[symmetric]) (use 1 Cb-def in auto)
also have ... =  $\varphi f$ 
proof -
have 2:  $(\lambda x \in \text{topspace mtopology}. f x) = f$ 
using 1 by(auto simp: extensional-def Cb-def)
show ?thesis
unfolding 2 by blast
qed
finally show ?thesis .
next
case 2
then have T (T-inv  $\varphi) f = \text{undefined}$ 
by (auto simp: Cb-def T-def)
also have ... =  $\varphi f$ 
using 2  $\varphi \text{ Cb}'\text{-def Cb-def PiE-arb by auto}$ 
finally show ?thesis .
qed
qed
qed
have T-inv-cont: continuous-map (subtopology Cb' B) (subtopology LPm.mtopology
?N) T-inv
unfolding seq-continuous-iff-continuous-first-countable[OF metrizable-imp-first-countable[OF
metrizable],symmetric] seq-continuous-map

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```

proof safe
  fix  $\varphi n \varphi$ 
  assume  $\text{limitin} (\text{subtopology } Cb' B) \varphi n \varphi$  sequentially
    then have  $\varphi B : \varphi \in B$  and  $h : \text{limitin } Cb' \varphi n \varphi$  sequentially  $\forall_F n$  in
    sequentially.  $\varphi n n \in B$ 
      by(auto simp: limitin-subtopology)
      then obtain  $n0$  where  $\bigwedge n. n \geq n0 \implies \varphi n n \in B$ 
        by(auto simp: eventually-sequentially)
        have  $\text{limit}: \bigwedge f. f \in \text{mspace} (\text{cfunspace mtopology euclidean-metric}) \implies (\lambda n.$ 
           $\varphi n n f) \longrightarrow \varphi f$ 
        using  $h(1)$  by(auto simp: limitin-componentwise Cb'-def)
        show  $\text{limitin} (\text{subtopology } LPm.mtopology ?N) (\lambda n. T\text{-inv} (\varphi n n))$  ( $T\text{-inv}$ 
         $\varphi$ ) sequentially
          proof(rule limitin-sequentially-offset-rev[where  $k=n0$ ])
            from  $\varphi B$  have  $\exists !N. \text{sets } N = \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) \wedge \text{finite-measure}$ 
             $N \wedge$ 
               $(\forall f. \text{continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal } f \longrightarrow \varphi (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace mtopology})) = \text{integral}^L N f)$ 
              by(intro Riesz-representation-real-compact-metrizable[OF assms metrizable-space-mtopology])
                (auto simp del: topspace-mtopology restrict-apply simp: B-def)
                hence  $\text{sets} (T\text{-inv} \varphi) = \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) \wedge \text{finite-measure} (T\text{-inv}$ 
                 $\varphi) \wedge$ 
                   $(\forall f. \text{continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal } f \longrightarrow \varphi (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace mtopology})) = \text{integral}^L (T\text{-inv} \varphi) f)$ 
                  unfolding  $T\text{-inv-def}$  by(rule theI')
                  hence  $T\text{-inv-}\varphi : \text{sets} (T\text{-inv} \varphi) = \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) \text{ finite-measure}$ 
                   $(T\text{-inv} \varphi)$ 
                   $\bigwedge f. \text{continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal } f \implies \varphi (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace mtopology})) = \text{integral}^L (T\text{-inv} \varphi) f$ 
                  by auto
                  from this(2) this(3)[of  $\lambda x. 1$ ]  $\varphi B$  have  $T\text{-inv-}\varphi\text{-}r : T\text{-inv} \varphi (\text{space} (T\text{-inv}$ 
                   $\varphi)) \leq \text{ennreal } r$ 
                  unfolding  $B\text{-def}$  by simp (metis ennreal-le-iff finite-measure.emeasure-eq-measure
                   $r)$ 
                  {
                    fix  $n$ 
                    from  $n0[\text{of } n + n0, \text{simplified}]$  have  $\exists !N. \text{sets } N = \text{sets} (\text{borel-of}$ 
                     $\text{mtopology}) \wedge$ 
                       $\text{finite-measure } N \wedge (\forall f. \text{continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal } f \longrightarrow \varphi n (n + n0) (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace mtopology})) = \text{integral}^L N f)$ 
                      by(intro Riesz-representation-real-compact-metrizable[OF assms metrizable-space-mtopology])
                        (auto simp del: topspace-mtopology restrict-apply simp: B-def)
                        hence  $\text{sets} (T\text{-inv} (\varphi n (n + n0))) = \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) \wedge$ 
                         $\text{finite-measure} (T\text{-inv} (\varphi n (n + n0))) \wedge$ 
                           $(\forall f. \text{continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal } f \longrightarrow \varphi n (n + n0) (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace mtopology})) = \text{integral}^L (T\text{-inv}$ 

```

```

 $(\varphi n (n + n0))) f)$ 
  unfolding T-inv-def by(rule theI')
  hence sets (T-inv ( $\varphi n (n + n0)$ )) = sets (borel-of mtopology)
    finite-measure (T-inv ( $\varphi n (n + n0)$ ))
     $\bigwedge f$ . continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f
     $\implies \varphi n (n + n0) (\text{restrict } f (\text{topspace mtopology})) = \text{integral}^L (T\text{-inv}$ 
 $(\varphi n (n + n0))) f$ 
  by auto
}
note T-inv- $\varphi n$  = this
have T-inv- $\varphi n$ -r: T-inv ( $\varphi n (n + n0)$ ) (space (T-inv ( $\varphi n (n + n0)$ )))  $\leq$ 
ennreal r for n
  using T-inv- $\varphi n$ (2)[of n] T-inv- $\varphi n$ (3)[of  $\lambda x. 1 n$ ] n0[of n + n0,simplified]
  unfolding B-def by simp (metis ennreal-le-iff finite-measure.emeasure-eq-measure
r)
  show limitin (subtopology LPm.mtopology ?N) ( $\lambda n. T\text{-inv} (\varphi n (n + n0))$ )
(T-inv  $\varphi$ ) sequentially
  proof(intro limitin-subtopology[THEN iffD2] mweak-conv-imp-converge
conjI)
    show mweak-conv-seq ( $\lambda n. T\text{-inv} (\varphi n (n + n0))$ ) (T-inv  $\varphi$ )
    unfolding mweak-conv-seq-def
    proof safe
      fix f :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  real and B
      assume f:continuous-map mtopology euclideanreal f and B: $\forall x \in M. |f$ 
 $x| \leq B$ 
      hence f': restrict f (topspace mtopology)  $\in$  mspace (cfunspace mtopology
euclidean-metric)
        by (auto simp: bounded-pos-less intro!: exI[where  $x=|B| + 1$ ])
      have 1:( $\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial T\text{-inv} (\varphi n (n + n0))$ ) = ( $\lambda n. \varphi n (n + n0)$ 
(restrict f (topspace mtopology)))
        by(subst T-inv- $\varphi n$ (3)) (use f in auto)
      have 2:( $\int x. f x \partial T\text{-inv} \varphi$ ) =  $\varphi$  (restrict f (topspace mtopology))
        by(subst T-inv- $\varphi$ (3)) (use f in auto)
      show ( $\lambda n. \int x. f x \partial T\text{-inv} (\varphi n (n + n0))$ )  $\longrightarrow$  ( $\int x. f x \partial T\text{-inv} \varphi$ )
        unfolding 1 2 using limit[OF f'] LIMSEQ-ignore-initial-segment by
blast
    qed(use T-inv- $\varphi$ (1,2) T-inv- $\varphi n$ (1,2) eventuallyI in auto)
  next
    show  $\forall_F a$  in sequentially. T-inv ( $\varphi n (a + n0)$ )  $\in$  ?N
      by (simp add: T-inv- $\varphi n$ (1) T-inv- $\varphi n$ -r)
  next
    show T-inv  $\varphi \in \{N. \text{sets } N = \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)} \wedge \text{emeasure } N$ 
(space N)  $\leq$  ennreal r}
      using T-inv- $\varphi$ (1) T-inv- $\varphi$ -r by auto
    qed(use T-inv- $\varphi n$ (1) T-inv- $\varphi n$ -r T-inv- $\varphi$ (1) T-inv- $\varphi$ -r compact-space-imp-separable[OF
assms] in auto)
    qed
  qed
  show ?thesis

```

```

using T-inv-cont T-cont T-T-inv T-inv-T
by(auto intro!: homeomorphic-maps-imp-map[where g=T-inv] simp: homeomorphic-maps-def)
qed
show ?thesis
using homeomorphic-compact-space[OF homeomorphic-map-imp-homeomorphic-space[OF homeo]]
compact-space-subtopology[OF compact] LPm.closedin-metric closedin-bounded-measures compactin-subspace
by fastforce
qed
qed

lemma tight-imp-relatively-compact-LP:
assumes "Γ ⊆ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ N (space N) ≤ ennreal r} separable-space mtopology"
and "tight-on-set mtopology Γ"
shows "compactin LPm.mtopology (LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ)"
proof(cases r < 0)
assume "r < 0"
then have "*:{N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ N (space N) ≤ ennreal r} = {null-measure (borel-of mtopology)}"
using emeasure-eq-0[OF - - sets.sets-into-space]
by(safe,intro measure-eqI) (auto simp: ennreal-lt-0)
with assms(1) have "Γ = {} ∨ Γ = {null-measure (borel-of mtopology)}"
by auto
hence "LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ = {} ∨ LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ = {null-measure (borel-of mtopology)}"
by (metis (no-types) * closedin-bounded-measures closure-of-empty closure-of-eq)
thus ?thesis
by(auto intro!: inP-I finite-measureI)
next
assume "¬ r < 0"
then have "r-nonneg:r ≥ 0"
by simp
have subst1: "Γ ⊆ P"
using assms(1) linorder-not-le by(force intro!: finite-measureI inP-I)
have subst2: "LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ ⊆ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ N (space N) ≤ ennreal r}"
by (simp add: assms(1) closedin-bounded-measures closure-of-minimal)
have "tight": "tight-on-set mtopology (LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ)"
unfolding tight-on-set-def
proof safe
fix e :: real
assume "e: 0 < e"
then obtain K where "K: compactin mtopology K ∧ N. N ∈ Γ ⇒ measure N (space N - K) < e / 2"
by (metis assms(3) tight-on-set-def zero-less-divide-iff zero-less-numeral)
show "∃ K. compactin mtopology K ∧ (∀ M ∈ LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ. mea-

```

```

sure M (space M - K) < e)
  proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=K])
    fix N
    assume N:N ∈ LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ
    then obtain Nn where Nn: ⋀n. Nn n ∈ Γ limitin LPm.mtopology Nn N
    sequentially
      unfolding LPm.closure-of-sequentially by auto
      with N subst1 interpret mweak-conv-fin M d Nn N sequentially
        using closure-of-subset-topspace by(fastforce intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin-all
        simp: closure-of-subset-topspace)
      have space-Ni: ⋀i. space (Nn i) = M
        by (meson Nn(1) inP-D(3) subsetD subst1)
      have openin mtopology (M - K)
        using compactin-imp-closedin[OF Hausdorff-space-mtopology K(1)] by blast
        hence ereal (measure N (M - K)) ≤ liminf (λn. ereal (measure (Nn n) (M - K)))
          using mweak-conv-eq3 converge-imp-mweak-conv[OF Nn(2)] Nn(1) subst1
          by blast
          also have ... ≤ ereal (e / 2)
            using K(2) Nn(1) space-Ni
            by(intro Liminf-le eventuallyI ereal-less-eq(3)[THEN iffD2] order.strict-implies-order)
            fastforce+
          also have ... < ereal e
            using e by auto
          finally show measure N (space N - K) < e
            by(auto simp: space-N)
        qed fact
      qed(use closure-of-subset-topspace[of LPm.mtopology Γ] inP-D in auto)
      show ?thesis
        unfolding LPm.comactin-sequentially
        proof safe
          fix Ni :: nat ⇒ 'a measure
          assume Ni: range Ni ⊆ LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ
          then have Ni2: ⋀i. finite-measure (Ni i) and Ni-le-r: ⋀i. Ni i (space (Ni i))
          ≤ ennreal r
            and sets-Ni[measurable-cong]: ⋀i. sets (Ni i) = sets (borel-of mtopology)
            and space-Ni: ⋀i. space (Ni i) = M
            using closure-of-subset-topspace[of LPm.mtopology Γ] inP-D subst2 by fast-
            force+
          interpret Ni: finite-measure Ni i for i
            by fact
          have metrizable-space Hilbert-cube-topology
            by(auto simp: metrizable-space-product-topology metrizable-space-euclidean
            intro!: metrizable-space-subtopology)
          then obtain dH where dH: Metric-space (UNIV →E {0..1}) dH
            Metric-space.mtopology (UNIV →E {0..1}) dH = Hilbert-cube-topology
            by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology metrizable-space-def topspace-Hilbert-cube)
          then interpret dH: Metric-space UNIV →E {0..1} dH
            by auto

```

```

have compact-dH:compact-space dH.mtopology
  unfolding dH(2) by(auto simp: compact-space-def compactin-PiE)
  from embedding-into-Hilbert-cube[OF metrizable-space-mtopology_assms(2)]
  obtain A where A: A ⊆topspace Hilbert-cube-topology
    mtopology homeomorphic-space subtopology Hilbert-cube-topology A
    by auto
  then obtain T T-inv where T: continuous-map mtopology (subtopology Hilbert-cube-topology)
  A) T
    continuous-map (subtopology Hilbert-cube-topology A) mtopology T-inv
    ∀x. x ∈ topspace (subtopology Hilbert-cube-topology A)
      ⟹ T (T-inv x) = x ∀x. x ∈ M ⟹ T-inv (T x) = x
    unfolding homeomorphic-space-def homeomorphic-maps-def by fastforce
    hence injT: inj-on T M
      by(intro inj-on-inverseI)
    have T-cont: continuous-map mtopology dH.mtopology T
      by (metis T(1) continuous-map-in-subtopology dH(2))
    from continuous-map-measurable[OF this]
    have T-meas[measurable]: T ∈ measurable (Ni n) (borel-of dH.mtopology) for
    n
      by(auto simp: sets-Ni cong: measurable-cong-sets)
    define νn where νn ≡ (λi. distr (Ni i) (borel-of dH.mtopology) T)
    have sets-νn: ∀n. sets (νn n) = sets (borel-of dH.mtopology)
      unfolding νn-def by simp
    hence space-νn: ∀n. space (νn n) = UNIV →E {0..1}
      by(auto cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq simp: space-borel-of)
    interpret νn: finite-measure νn n for n
      by(auto simp: νn-def space-borel-of PiE-eq-empty-iff intro!: Ni.finite-measure-distr)
    have νn-le-r: νn n (space (νn n)) ≤ ennreal r for n
      by(auto simp: νn-def emeasure-distr order.trans[OF emeasure-space Ni-le-r[of
    n]])
    have measure-νn-compact:measure (νn n) (space (νn n) - T ` K) = measure
    (Ni n) (space (Ni n) - K)
      if K: compactin mtopology K for K n
    proof -
      have compactin dH.mtopology (T ` K)
        using T-cont image-compactin K by blast
      hence T ` K ∈ sets (borel-of dH.mtopology)
        by(auto intro!: borel-of-closed compactin-imp-closedin dH.Hausdorff-space-mtopology)
      hence measure (νn n) (space (νn n) - T ` K)
        = measure (Ni n) (T -` (space (νn n) - T ` K) ∩ space (Ni n))
        by(simp add: νn-def measure-distr)
      also have ... = measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n) - K)
        using compactin-subset-topspace[OF K] T(4) Pi-mem[OF continuous-map-funspace[OF
    T(1)]]
        by(auto intro!: arg-cong[where f=measure (Ni n)] simp: space-Ni subset-iff
    space-νn) metis
      finally show ?thesis .
    qed
    define HP where HP ≡ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of dH.mtopology) ∧ N (space
  
```

```

 $N) \leq ennreal r\}$ 
interpret dHs: Levy-Prokhorov UNIV  $\rightarrow_E \{0..1\}$  dH
  using dH(1) by(auto simp: HP-def Levy-Prokhorov-def)
have HP:HP  $\subseteq \{N. sets N = sets (borel-of dH.mtopology) \wedge finite-measure N\}$ 
  by(auto simp: HP-def top.extremum-unique intro!: finite-measureI)
have  $\nu n$ :HP:range  $\nu n \subseteq HP$ 
  by(fastforce simp: HP-def sets- $\nu n$   $\nu n$ -le- $r$ )
then obtain  $\nu'$  a where  $\nu': \nu' \in HP$  strict-mono a limitin dHs.LPm.mtopology
( $\nu n \circ a$ )  $\nu'$  sequentially
  using dHs.mcompact-imp-LPmcompact[OF compact-dH,of  $r$ ]
  unfolding dHs.LPm.compactin-sequentially HP-def by meson
hence sets- $\nu'$ [measurable-cong]: sets  $\nu' = sets (borel-of dH.mtopology)$ 
  and  $\nu'$ -le- $r$ :  $\nu' (space \nu') \leq ennreal r$ 
  by(auto simp: HP-def space-borel-of)
have space- $\nu'$ : space  $\nu' = UNIV \rightarrow_E \{0..1\}$ 
  using sets-eq-imp-space-eq[OF sets- $\nu'$ ] by(simp add: space-borel-of)
interpret  $\nu'$ : finite-measure  $\nu'$ 
  using  $\nu'$ -le- $r$  by(auto intro!: finite-measureI simp: top-unique)
interpret wc:mweak-conv-fin UNIV  $\rightarrow_E \{0..1\}$  dH  $\nu n \circ a \nu'$  sequentially
  using  $\nu n$ :HP HP by(fastforce intro!: dHs.inP-mweak-conv-fin-all  $\nu'$  dHs.inP-I)
have claim:  $\exists E \subseteq A. E \in sets (borel-of dH.mtopology) \wedge measure \nu' (space \nu' - E) = 0$ 
proof -
  {
    fix n
    have  $\exists Kn. compactin mtopology Kn \wedge (\forall N \in LPm.mtopology closure-of \Gamma. measure N (space N - Kn) < 1 / Suc n)$ 
      using tight by(auto simp: tight-on-set-def)
  }
  then obtain Kn where Kn:  $\bigwedge n. compactin mtopology (Kn n)$ 
     $\bigwedge N n. N \in LPm.mtopology closure-of \Gamma \implies measure N (space N - Kn n) < 1 / Suc n$ 
    by metis
  have TKn-compact:  $\bigwedge n. compactin dH.mtopology (T ` (Kn n))$ 
    by (metis Kn(1) T-cont image-compactin)
  hence [measurable]:  $\bigwedge n. T ` Kn n \in sets (borel-of dH.mtopology)$ 
  by(auto intro!: borel-of-closed compactin-imp-closedin dH.Hausdorff-space-mtopology)
  have T-img:  $\bigwedge n. T ` (Kn n) \subseteq A$ 
  using continuous-map-image-subset-topspace[OF T(1)] compactin-subset-topspace[OF
  Kn(1)]
    by fastforce
  define E where E  $\equiv (\bigcup n. T ` (Kn n))$ 
  have [measurable]: E  $\in sets (borel-of dH.mtopology)$ 
    by(simp add: E-def)
  show ?thesis
  proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=E])
    show measure  $\nu' (space \nu' - E) = 0$ 
    proof(rule antisym[OF field-le-epsilon])
      fix e :: real

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```

assume e:  $0 < e$ 
then obtain n0 where n0:  $1 / (\text{Suc } n0) < e$ 
    using nat-approx-posE by blast
    show measure  $\nu'$  (space  $\nu' - E$ )  $\leq 0 + e$ 
    proof -
        have ereal (measure  $\nu'$  (space  $\nu' - E$ ))  $\leq$  ereal (measure  $\nu'$  (space  $\nu' - T' (Kn n0)$ ))
            by(auto intro!:  $\nu'.\text{finite-measure-mono}$  simp: E-def)
            also have ...  $\leq \liminf (\lambda n. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} ((\nu n \circ a) n) (\text{space} \nu' - T' (Kn n0))))$ 
        proof -
            have openin dH.mtopology (space  $\nu' - T' (Kn n0)$ )
            by (metis TKn-compact compactin-imp-closedin dH.Hausdorff-space-mtopology
dH.open-in-mspace openin-diff wc.space-N)
            with wc.mweak-conv-eq3[THEN iffD1,OF dHs.converge-imp-mweak-conv[OF
 $\nu'(3)]]$ 
            show ?thesis
                using  $\nu n$ -HP HP by(auto simp: dHs.inP-iff)
                qed
                also have ...  $= \liminf (\lambda n. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} ((\nu n \circ a) n) (\text{space} ((\nu n \circ a) n) - T' (Kn n0))))$ 
                    by(auto simp: space- $\nu n$  space- $\nu'$ )
                    also have ...  $= \liminf (\lambda n. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} ((Ni \circ a) n) (\text{space} ((Ni \circ a) n) - Kn n0)))$ 
                        by(simp add: measure- $\nu n$ -compact[OF Kn(1)])
                        also have ...  $\leq 1 / (\text{Suc } n0)$ 
                        using Ni
                            by(intro Liminf-le eventuallyI ereal-less-eq(3)[THEN iffD2] or-
der.strict-implies-order Kn(2))
                            auto
                        also have ...  $< \text{ereal } e$ 
                        using n0 by auto
                        finally show ?thesis
                            by simp
                        qed
                    qed simp
                qed(use E-def T-img in auto)
            qed
then obtain E where E[measurable]:  $E \subseteq A$ 
    E  $\in$  sets (borel-of dH.mtopology) measure  $\nu'$  (space  $\nu' - E$ ) = 0
    by blast
have measure- $\nu'$ : measure  $\nu'$  ( $B \cap E$ ) = measure  $\nu'$  B
    if B[measurable]:  $B \in$  sets (borel-of dH.mtopology) for B
proof(rule antisym)
    have measure  $\nu'$  B = measure  $\nu'$  ( $B \cap E \cup B \cap (\text{space} \nu' - E)$ )
        using sets.sets-into-space[OF B]
        by(auto intro!: arg-cong[where f=measure  $\nu'$ ] simp: space- $\nu'$  space-borel-of)
    also have ...  $\leq \text{measure} \nu' (B \cap E) + \text{measure} \nu' (B \cap (\text{space} \nu' - E))$ 
        by(auto intro!: measure-Un-le)

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also have ... ≤ measure ν' (B ∩ E) + measure ν' ((space ν' − E))
  by(auto intro!: ν'.finite-measure-mono)
also have ... = measure ν' (B ∩ E)
  by(simp add: E)
finally show measure ν' B ≤ measure ν' (B ∩ E) .
qed(auto intro!: ν'.finite-measure-mono)
from this[of space ν'] sets.sets-into-space[OF E(2)]
have measure-ν'E:measure ν' E = measure ν' (space ν')
  by(auto simp: space-ν' borel-of-open space-borel-of inf.absorb-iff2)
  show ∃ N r. N ∈ LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ ∧ strict-mono r ∧ limitin
LPm.mtopology (Ni ∘ r) N sequentially
proof -
  define ν where ν ≡ restrict-space ν' E
  interpret ν: finite-measure ν
    by(auto intro!: finite-measure-restrict-space ν'.finite-measure-axioms simp:
ν-def)
  have space-ν:space ν = E
    using E(2) ν-def sets-ν' space-restrict-space2 by blast
  have ν-le-r: ν (space ν) ≤ ennreal r
    by(simp add: ν-def emeasure-restrict-space order.trans[OF emeasure-space
ν'-le-r])
  have measure-ν'2: measure ν' B = measure ν (B ∩ E)
    if B[measurable]: B ∈ sets (borel-of dH.mtopology) for B
    by(auto simp: ν-def measure-restrict-space measure-ν')
  have T-inv-measurable[measurable]: T-inv ∈ ν → M borel-of mtopology
  using continuous-map-measurable[OF continuous-map-from-subtopology-mono[OF
T(2) E(1)]]
    by(auto simp: ν-def borel-of-subtopology dH
      cong: sets-restrict-space-cong[OF sets-ν'] measurable-cong-sets)
  define N where N ≡ distr ν (borel-of mtopology) T-inv
  have N-inP:N ∈ P
    using Ni2[of 0,simplified subprob-space-def subprob-space-axioms-def]
    by(auto simp: P-def N-def space-Ni emeasure-distr order.trans[OF eme-
asure-space ν-le-r] ν.finite-measure-distr)
  then interpret wcN:mweak-conv-fin M d Ni ∘ a N sequentially
  using subset-trans[OF Ni closure-of-subset-topspace] by(auto intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin-all)

  show ∃ N r. N ∈ LPm.mtopology closure-of Γ ∧ strict-mono r ∧ limitin
LPm.mtopology (Ni ∘ r) N sequentially
  proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=N] exI[where x=a])
    show limit: limitin LPm.mtopology (Ni ∘ a) N sequentially
    proof(rule mweak-conv-imp-converge)
      show mweak-conv-seq (Ni ∘ a) N
        unfolding wcN.mweak-conv-eq2
      proof safe
        have [measurable]:UNIV → E {0..1} ∈ sets (borel-of dH.mtopology)
          by(auto simp: borel-of-open)
        have 1:measure ((Ni ∘ a) n) M = measure ((νn ∘ a) n) (UNIV → E
{0..1}) for n
      qed
    qed
  qed

```

```

using continuous-map-funspace[OF T(1)]
  by(auto simp: νn-def measure-distr space-Ni intro!: arg-cong[where
f=measure (Ni (a n))])
  have 2: measure N M = measure ν' (space ν')
  proof -
    have [measurable]: M ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
      by(auto intro!: borel-of-open)
    have measure N M = measure ν (T-inv -` M ∩ space ν)
      by(auto simp: N-def intro!: measure-distr)
    also have ... = measure ν (space ν ∩ E)
      using measurable-space[OF T-inv-measurable]
        by(auto intro!: arg-cong[where f=measure ν] simp: space-borel-of
space-ν)
    also have ... = measure ν' (space ν)
      by(rule measure-ν'2[symmetric]) (simp add: space-ν)
    also have ... = measure ν' (space ν')
      by(simp add: measure-ν'E space-ν)
    finally show ?thesis .
  qed
  show (λn. measure ((Ni ∘ a) n) M) ————— measure N M
    unfolding 1 2 using HP νn-HP wc.mweak-conv-eq2[THEN iffD1,OF
dHs.converge-imp-mweak-conv[OF ν'(3)]]
      by(auto simp: space-ν' dHs.inP-iff)
  next
    fix C
    assume C: closedin mtopology C
    hence [measurable]: C ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
      by(auto intro!: borel-of-closed)
    have closedin (subtopology dH.mtopology A) (T ` C)
    proof -
      have T ` C = {x ∈ topspace (subtopology Hilbert-cube-topology A).
T-inv x ∈ C}
        using closedin-subset[OF C] T(3,4) continuous-map-funspace[OF
T(1)] continuous-map-funspace[OF T(2)]
          by (auto simp: rev-image-eqI)
      also note closedin-continuous-map-preimage[OF T(2) C]
      finally show ?thesis
        by(simp add: dH)
    qed
    then obtain K where K: closedin dH.mtopology K T ` C = K ∩ A
      by (meson closedin-subtopology)
    hence [measurable]: K ∈ sets (borel-of dH.mtopology)
      by(simp add: borel-of-closed)
    have C-eq:C = T -` K ∩ M
    proof -
      have C = (T -` T ` C) ∩ M
        using closedin-subset[OF C] injT by(auto dest: inj-onD)
      also have ... = (T -` (K ∩ A)) ∩ M
        by(simp only: K(2))
    qed
  qed

```

```

also have ... =  $T -' K \cap M$ 
  using  $A(1)$  continuous-map-funspace[ $OF T(1)$ ] by auto
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
hence  $1:measure ((Ni \circ a) n) C = measure ((\nu n \circ a) n) K$  for  $n$ 
  by(auto simp:  $\nu n$ -def measure-distr space- $Ni$ )
  have  $\limsup (\lambda n. ereal (measure ((Ni \circ a) n) C)) = \limsup (\lambda n. ereal (measure ((\nu n \circ a) n) K))$ 
    unfolding 1 by simp
  also have ...  $\leq ereal (measure \nu' K)$ 
  using  $\nu n$ -HP HP wc.mweak-conv-eq2[THEN iffD1, OF dHs.converge-imp-mweak-conv[ $OF \nu'(3)$ ]]  $K(1)$  dHs.inP-iff by auto
  also have ... =  $ereal (measure \nu (K \cap E))$ 
    by(simp add: measure- $\nu'$ 2)
  also have ... =  $ereal (measure \nu (T\text{-inv} -' C \cap space \nu))$ 
  using measurable-space[ $OF T\text{-inv-measurable}$ ]  $K(2)$   $E(1)$  closedin-subset[ $OF K(1)$ ]  $A(1)$   $T(3,4)$ 
    by(fastforce intro!: arg-cong[where  $f=measure \nu$ ] simp: space- $\nu$  C-eq
      space-borel-of subsetD)
  also have ... =  $ereal (measure N C)$ 
    by(auto simp: N-def measure-distr)
  finally show  $\limsup (\lambda n. ereal (measure ((Ni \circ a) n) C)) \leq ereal (measure N C)$  .
qed
qed(use N-inP Ni assms closure-of-subset-topspace[of LPm.mtopology  $\Gamma$ ] in
auto)
have range  $(Ni \circ a) \subseteq LPm.mtopology$  closure-of  $\Gamma$ 
  using Ni by auto
thus  $N \in LPm.mtopology$  closure-of  $\Gamma$ 
  using limit LPm.metric-closedin-iff-sequentially-closed[THEN iffD1, OF
closedin-closure-of[of -  $\Gamma$ ]]
  by blast
qed fact
qed
qed(use assms(1) closedin-subset[ $OF closedin-closure-of[of LPm.mtopology]$ ] in
auto)
qed

```

**corollary Prokhorov-theorem-LP:**

```

assumes  $\Gamma \subseteq \{N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) \wedge emeasure N (space N) \leq ennreal r\}$ 
  and separable-space mtopology mcomplete
  shows compactin LPm.mtopology ( $LPm.mtopology$  closure-of  $\Gamma$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  tight-on-set
  mtopology  $\Gamma$ 
proof -
  have  $\Gamma \subseteq \mathcal{P}$ 
  using assms(1) by(auto intro!: finite-measureI inP-I simp: top.extremum-unique)
  thus ?thesis
  using assms by(auto simp: relatively-compact-imp-tight-LP tight-imp-relatively-compact-LP)

```

qed

## 5.2 Completeness of the Lévy-Prokhorov Metric

```

lemma mcomplete-tight-on-set:
  assumes  $\Gamma \subseteq \mathcal{P}$  mcomplete
  and  $\bigwedge e f. e > 0 \implies f > 0$ 
         $\implies \exists an n. an` \{..n::nat\} \subseteq M \wedge (\forall N \in \Gamma. measure N (M - (\bigcup i \leq n. mball (an i) f)) \leq e)$ 
  shows tight-on-set mtopology  $\Gamma$ 
  unfolding tight-on-set-def
proof safe
  fix  $e :: real$ 
  assume  $e: 0 < e$ 
  then have  $\exists an n. an` \{..n::nat\} \subseteq M \wedge$ 
     $(\forall N \in \Gamma. measure N (M - (\bigcup i \leq n. mball (an i) (1 / (1 + real m)))) \leq e / 2$ 
  *  $(1 / 2) \wedge Suc m$  for  $m$ 
    using assms(3)[of  $e / 2 * (1 / 2) \wedge Suc m 1 / (1 + real m)$ ] by fastforce
    then obtain  $anm nm$  where  $anm: \bigwedge m. anm m` \{..nm m::nat\} \subseteq M$ 
       $\bigwedge m N. N \in \Gamma \implies measure N (M - (\bigcup i \leq nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m)))) \leq e / 2 * (1 / 2) \wedge Suc m$ 
      by metis
  define  $K$  where  $K \equiv (\bigcap m. (\bigcup i \leq nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m))))$ 
  have  $K$ -closed: closedin mtopology  $K$ 
    by(auto simp: K-def intro!: closedin-Union)
  show  $\exists K. compactin mtopology K \wedge (\forall M \in \Gamma. measure M (space M - K) < e)$ 
  proof(safe intro!: exI[where  $x=K$ ])
    have mtotally-bounded  $K$ 
    unfolding mtotally-bounded-def2
proof safe
  fix  $\varepsilon :: real$ 
  assume  $\varepsilon: 0 < \varepsilon$ 
  then obtain  $m$  where  $m: 1 / (1 + real m) < \varepsilon$ 
    using nat-approx-pose by auto
  show  $\exists Ka. finite Ka \wedge Ka \subseteq M \wedge K \subseteq (\bigcup x \in Ka. mball x \varepsilon)$ 
  proof(safe intro!: exI[where  $x=anm m` \{..nm m\}$ ])
    fix  $x$ 
    assume  $x \in K$ 
    then have  $x \in (\bigcup i \leq nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m)))$ 
      by(auto simp: K-def)
    also have  $\dots \subseteq (\bigcup i \leq nm m. mball (anm m i) \varepsilon)$ 
      by(rule UN-mono) (use  $m$  in auto)
    finally show  $x \in (\bigcup x \in anm m` \{..nm m\}. mball x \varepsilon)$ 
      by auto
  qed(use  $anm$  in auto)
qed
  thus compactin mtopology  $K$ 
  by(simp add: mtotally-bounded-eq-compact-closedin[OF assms(2) K-closed])
next

```

```

fix N
assume N:N ∈ Γ
then interpret N: finite-measure N
  using assms(1) inP-D(1) by auto
have [measurable]: M ∈ sets N ∧ a b. mball a b ∈ sets N
  using N inP-D(2) assms(1) by(auto intro!: borel-of-closed)
have [measurable]: ∧a b. mball a b ∈ sets N
  using N inP-D(2) assms(1) by(auto intro!: borel-of-open)
have [simp]: summable (λm. measure N (M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i)
(1 / (1 + real m))))) using anm(2)[OF N]
  by(auto intro!: summable-comparison-test-ev[where g=λn. e / 2 * (1 / 2) ^ Suc n
and f=λm. measure N (M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m))))] eventuallyI)
show measure N (space N - K) < e
proof -
  have measure N (space N - K) = measure N (M - K)
    using N assms(1) inP-D(3) by auto
  also have ... = measure N (⋃ m. M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m))))
    by(auto simp: K-def)
  also have ... ≤ (∑ m. e / 2 * (1 / 2) ^ Suc m)
  proof -
    have (λk. measure N (⋃ m≤k. M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m)))) -->
      measure N (⋃ i. ⋃ m≤i. M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m))))
        by(rule N.finite-Lim-measure-incseq) (auto intro!: incseq-SucI)
    moreover have (⋃ i. ⋃ m≤i. M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m)))) =
      (⋃ m. M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m))))
        by blast
    ultimately have 1:(λk. measure N (⋃ m≤k. M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m))))) -->
      measure N (⋃ m. M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m))))
        by simp
    show ?thesis
  proof(safe intro!: Lim-bounded[OF 1])
    fix n
    show measure N (⋃ m≤n. M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m)))) ≤ (∑ m. e / 2 * (1 / 2) ^ Suc m) (is ?lhs ≤ ?rhs)
    proof -
      have ?lhs ≤ (∑ m≤n. measure N (M - (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i) (1 / (1 + real m))))) by(rule N.finite-measure-subadditive-finite) auto

```

```

also have ... ≤ (∑ m≤n. measure N (M − (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m
i) (1 / (1 + real m)))))  

    by(rule sum-mono) (auto intro!: N.finite-measure-mono)  

also have ... ≤ (∑ m. measure N (M − (⋃ i≤nm m. mball (anm m i)
(1 / (1 + real m)))))  

    by(rule sum-le-suminf) auto  

also have ... ≤ ?rhs  

    by(rule suminf-le) (use anm(2)[OF N] in auto)  

finally show ?thesis .  

qed  

qed  

qed  

also have ... = e / 2 * (∑ m. (1 / 2) ^ Suc m)  

    by(rule suminf-mult) auto  

also have ... = e / 2  

    using power-half-series sums-unique by fastforce  

also have ... < e  

    using e by simp  

finally show ?thesis .  

qed  

qed  

qed(use assms(1) inP-D in auto)

lemma mcomplete-LPmcomplete:  

assumes mcomplete separable-space mtopology  

shows LPm.mcomplete
proof –
consider M = {} | M ≠ {}
by blast
then show ?thesis
proof cases
case 1
from M-empty-P[OF this]
have P = {} ∨ P = {count-space {}} .
then show ?thesis
using LPm.compact-space-eq-Bolzano-Weierstrass LPm.compact-space-imp-mcomplete
finite-subset
by fastforce
next
case M-ne:2
show ?thesis
unfolding LPm.mcomplete-def
proof safe
fix Ni
assume cauchy: LPm.MCauchy Ni
hence range-Ni: range Ni ⊆ P
    by(auto simp: LPm.MCauchy-def)
hence range-Ni2: range Ni ⊆ LPm.mtopology closure-of (range Ni)
    by (simp add: closure-of-subset)

```

```

have Ni-inP:  $\bigwedge i. Ni \ i \in \mathcal{P}$ 
  using cauchy by(auto simp: LPm.MCauchy-def)
hence  $\bigwedge n. \text{finite-measure} (Ni \ n)$ 
  and sets-Ni[measurable-cong]: $\bigwedge n. \text{sets} (Ni \ n) = \text{sets} (\text{borel-of mtopology})$ 
  and space-Ni:  $\bigwedge n. \text{space} (Ni \ n) = M$ 
  by(auto dest: inP-D)
then interpret Ni: finite-measure Ni n for n
  by simp
have  $\exists r \geq 0. \forall i. Ni \ i (\text{space} (Ni \ i)) \leq ennreal \ r$ 
proof -
  obtain N where N:  $\bigwedge n m. n \geq N \implies m \geq N \implies LPm (Ni \ n) (Ni \ m) < 1$ 
    using LPm.MCauchy-def cauchy zero-less-one by blast
  define r where r = max (Max (( $\lambda i. \text{measure} (Ni \ i) (\text{space} (Ni \ i))$ ) ` {..N})) (measure (Ni N) (space (Ni N)) + 1)
    show ?thesis
    proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=r])
      fix i
      consider i ≤ N | N ≤ i
        by fastforce
      then show Ni i (space (Ni i)) ≤ ennreal r
    proof cases
      assume i ≤ N
      then have measure (Ni i) (space (Ni i)) ≤ r
        by(auto simp: r-def intro!: max.coboundedI1)
      thus ?thesis
        by (simp add: measure-def enn2real-le)
    next
      assume i:i ≥ N
      have measure (Ni i) (space (Ni i)) ≤ r
      proof -
        have measure (Ni i) M ≤ measure (Ni N) ( $\bigcup_{a \in M. mball a 1} + 1$ )
        using range-Ni by(auto intro!: LPm-less-then[of Ni N] Ni borel-of-open)
        also have ... ≤ measure (Ni N) (space (Ni N)) + 1
          using Ni.bounded-measure by auto
        also have ... ≤ r
          by(auto simp: r-def)
        finally show ?thesis
          by(simp add: space-Ni)
      qed
      thus ?thesis
        by (simp add: Ni.emeasure-eq-measure ennreal-leI)
      qed
      qed(auto simp: r-def intro!: max.coboundedI2)
    qed
    then obtain r where r-nonneg:  $r \geq 0$  and r-bounded: $\bigwedge i. Ni \ i (\text{space} (Ni \ i)) \leq ennreal \ r$ 
      by blast
    with sets-Ni have range-Ni':

```

```

range Ni ⊆ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology) ∧ emeasure N (space N)
≤ ennreal r}
by blast
have M-meas[measurable]: M ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
by(simp add: borel-of-open)
have mball-meas[measurable]: mball a e ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology) for a e
by(auto intro!: borel-of-open)
have Ni-Cauchy: ∀e. e > 0 ⟹ ∃n0. ∀n n'. n0 ≤ n ⟶ n0 ≤ n' ⟶ LPm
(Ni n) (Ni n') < e
using cauchy by(auto simp: LPm.MCauchy-def)
have tight-on-set mtopology (range Ni)
proof(rule mcomplete-tight-on-set[OF range-Ni assms(1)])
fix e f :: real
assume e: e > 0 and f: f > 0
with Ni-Cauchy[of min e f / 2] obtain n0 where n0:
  ∀n m. n0 ≤ n ⟹ n0 ≤ m ⟹ LPm (Ni n) (Ni m) < min e f / 2
  by fastforce
obtain D where D: mdense D countable D
  using assms(2) separable-space-def2 by blast
then obtain an where an: ∀n::nat. an n ∈ D range an = D
  by (metis M-ne mdense-empty-iff rangeI uncountable-def)
have ∃n1. ∀i≤n0. measure (Ni i) (M - (⋃i≤n1. mball (an i) (f / 2)))
≤ min e f / 2
proof -
  have ∃n1. measure (Ni i) (M - (⋃i≤n1. mball (an i) (f / 2))) ≤ min
  e f / 2 for i
  proof -
    have (λn1. measure (Ni i) (M - (⋃i≤n1. mball (an i) (f / 2)))) ⟶
    0
    proof -
      have 1: (λn1. measure (Ni i) (M - (⋃i≤n1. mball (an i) (f / 2))))
      = (λn1. measure (Ni i) M - measure (Ni i) ((⋃i≤n1. mball
      (an i) (f / 2))))
      using Ni.finite-measure-compl by(auto simp: space-Ni)
      have (λn1. measure (Ni i) ((⋃i≤n1. mball (an i) (f / 2)))) ⟶
      measure (Ni i) M
      proof -
        have (λn1. measure (Ni i) ((⋃i≤n1. mball (an i) (f / 2))))
        ⟶ measure (Ni i) (⋃n1. (⋃i≤n1. mball (an i) (f / 2)))
        by(intro Ni.finite-Lim-measure-incseq incseq-SucI UN-mono) auto
        moreover have (⋃n1. (⋃i≤n1. mball (an i) (f / 2))) = M
        using mdense-balls-cover[OF D(1)[simplified an(2)[symmetric]], of f
        / 2] f by auto
        ultimately show ?thesis by argo
      qed
      from tendsto-diff[OF tendsto-const[where k=measure (Ni i) M] this]
      show ?thesis
        unfolding 1 by simp
      qed
    qed
  qed
qed

```

```

thus ?thesis
by (meson e f LIMSEQ_le_const half_gt_zero less_eq_real_def linorder_not_less
min_less_iff_conj)
qed
then obtain ni where ni:  $\bigwedge i. \text{measure}(\text{Ni } i) (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq ni} i. \text{mball}(\text{an } i) (f / 2))) \leq \min e f / 2$ 
by metis
define n1 where n1 ≡ Max (ni ` {..n0})
show ?thesis
proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=n1])
fix i
assume i:  $i \leq n0$ 
then have nii:  $i \leq n1$ 
by (simp add: n1-def)
show measure (Ni i) (M - ( $\bigcup_{i \leq n1} \text{mball}(\text{an } i) (f / 2)$ ))  $\leq \min e f / 2$ 
/
2
proof -
have measure (Ni i) (M - ( $\bigcup_{i \leq n1} \text{mball}(\text{an } i) (f / 2)$ ))  $\leq \text{measure}(\text{Ni } i) (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq ni} i. \text{mball}(\text{an } i) (f / 2)))$ 
using nii by(fastforce intro!: Ni.finite-measure-mono)
also have ...  $\leq \min e f / 2$ 
by fact
finally show ?thesis .
qed
qed
qed
then obtain n1 where n1:
 $\bigwedge i. i \leq n0 \implies \text{measure}(\text{Ni } i) (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq n1} i. \text{mball}(\text{an } i) (f / 2))) \leq e / 2$ 
 $\bigwedge i. i \leq n0 \implies \text{measure}(\text{Ni } i) (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq n1} i. \text{mball}(\text{an } i) (f / 2))) \leq f / 2$ 
by auto
show  $\exists an\ n. an`{..n::nat} \subseteq M \wedge (\forall N \in \text{range } Ni. \text{measure } N (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq n} i. \text{mball}(\text{an } i) f)) \leq e)$ 
proof(safe intro!: exI[where x=an] exI[where x=n1])
fix n
consider n ≤ n0 | n0 ≤ n
by linarith
then show measure (Ni n) (M - ( $\bigcup_{i \leq n1} i. \text{mball}(\text{an } i) f$ ))  $\leq e$ 
proof cases
case 1
have measure (Ni n) (M - ( $\bigcup_{i \leq n1} i. \text{mball}(\text{an } i) f$ ))  $\leq \text{measure}(\text{Ni } n) (M - (\bigcup_{i \leq n1} i. \text{mball}(\text{an } i) (f / 2)))$ 
using f by(fastforce intro!: Ni.finite-measure-mono)
also have ...  $\leq e$ 
using n1[OF 1] e by linarith
finally show ?thesis .
next
case 2

```

```

have measure (Ni n) (M - (Union i ≤ n1. mball (an i) f))
  ≤ measure (Ni n0) (Union a ∈ M - (Union i ≤ n1. mball (an i) f). mball a
  (min e f / 2)) + min e f / 2
  by(intro LPm-less-then(2) n0 2 Ni-inP) auto
  also have ... ≤ measure (Ni n0) (M - (Union i ≤ n1. mball (an i) (f / 2)))
+ min e f / 2
  proof -
    have (Union a ∈ M - (Union i ≤ n1. mball (an i) f). mball a (min e f / 2))
      ⊆ M - (Union i ≤ n1. mball (an i) (f / 2))
    proof safe
      fix x a i
      assume x: x ∈ mball a (min e f / 2) x ∈ mball (an i) (f / 2)
      and a:a ∈ M a ∉ (Union i ≤ n1. mball (an i) f) and i:i ≤ n1
      hence d (an i) x < f / 2 d x a < f / 2
      by(auto simp: commute)
      hence d (an i) a < f
      using triangle[of an i x a] a(1) x(2) by auto
      with a(2) i
      show False
      using a(1) atMost-iff image-eqI x(2) by auto
    qed simp
    thus ?thesis
      by(auto intro!: Ni.finite-measure-mono)
  qed
  also have ... ≤ e
  using n1(1)[OF order.refl] by linarith
  finally show ?thesis .
qed
qed(use an dense-in-subset[OF D(1)] in auto)
qed
from tight-imp-relatively-compact-LP[OF range-Ni' assms(2) this] range-Ni2
obtain l N where strict-mono l limitin LPm.mtopology (Ni ∘ l) N sequentially
  unfolding LPm.compactin-sequentially by blast
  from LPm.MCauchy-convergent-subsequence[OF cauchy this]
  show ∃ N. limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N sequentially
    by blast
qed
qed
qed

```

### 5.3 Equivalence of Separability, Completeness, and Compactness

**lemma** return-inP[simp]:return (borel-of mtopology) x ∈ P  
**by** (metis emeasure-empty ennreal-top-neq-zero finite-measureI inP-I infinity-ennreal-def sets-return space-return subprob-space.axioms(1) subprob-space-return-ne)

**lemma** LPm-return-eq:

```

assumes  $x \in M$   $y \in M$ 
shows  $LPm(\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} x) (\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} y) =$ 
 $\min 1 (d x y)$ 
proof(rule antisym[OF min.boundedI])
  show  $LPm(\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} x) (\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} y) \leq d x$ 
y
  proof(rule field-le-epsilon)
    fix  $e :: real$ 
    assume  $e: e > 0$ 
    show  $LPm(\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} x) (\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} y) \leq d$ 
x  $y + e$ 
    proof(rule LPm-imp-le)
      fix  $B$ 
      assume  $B[\text{measurable}]: B \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)}$ 
      have  $x \in B \implies y \in (\bigcup_{a \in B.} \text{mball } a (d x y + e))$ 
        using e assms by auto
      thus measure (return (borel-of mtopology) x) B
         $\leq$  measure (return (borel-of mtopology) y)  $(\bigcup_{a \in B.} \text{mball } a (d x y + e))$ 
+  $(d x y + e)$ 
        using e by(simp add: measure-return indicator-def)
      next
      fix  $B$ 
      assume  $B[\text{measurable}]: B \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)}$ 
      have  $y \in B \implies x \in (\bigcup_{a \in B.} \text{mball } a (d x y + e))$ 
        using e assms by (auto simp: commute)
      thus measure (return (borel-of mtopology) y) B
         $\leq$  measure (return (borel-of mtopology) x)  $(\bigcup_{a \in B.} \text{mball } a (d x y + e))$ 
+  $(d x y + e)$ 
        using e by(simp add: measure-return indicator-def)
      qed (simp add: add.commute add-pos-nonneg e)
    qed
  next
  consider  $LPm(\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} x) (\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} y) <$ 
1
  |  $LPm(\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} x) (\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} y) \geq 1$ 
  by linarith
  then show  $\min 1 (d x y) \leq LPm(\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} x) (\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} y)$ 
proof cases
  case 1
  have 2:d x y < a if a:  $LPm(\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} x) (\text{return (borel-of mtopology)} y) < a$ 
  a < 1 for a
  proof -
    have [measurable]:  $\{x\} \in \text{sets (borel-of mtopology)}$ 
      using assms by(auto simp add: closedin-t1-singleton t1-space-mtopology
intro!: borel-of-closed)
    have measure (return (borel-of mtopology) x)  $\{x\}$ 
       $\leq$  measure (return (borel-of mtopology) y)  $(\bigcup_{b \in \{x\}.} \text{mball } b a) + a$ 
  qed

```

```

using assms subprob-space.subprob-emeasure-le-1 [OF subprob-space-return-ne[of borel-of mtopology]]
by(intro LPm-less-then(1)[where A={x}, OF - - a(1)])
  (auto simp: space-borel-of space-scale-measure)
thus ?thesis
using assms a(2) linorder-not-less by(fastforce simp: measure-return indicator-def)
qed
have d x y < a if a: LPm (return (borel-of mtopology) x) (return (borel-of mtopology) y) < a for a
proof(cases a < 1)
  assume r1:~ a < 1
  obtain k where k:LPm (return (borel-of mtopology) x) (return (borel-of mtopology) y) < k k < 1
    using dense 1 by blast
  show ?thesis
    using 2[OF k] k(2) r1 by linarith
  qed(use 2 a in auto)
thus ?thesis
  by force
qed simp
next
show LPm (return (borel-of mtopology) x) (return (borel-of mtopology) y) ≤ 1
  by(rule order.trans[OF LPm-le-max-measure])
  (metis assms(1) assms(2) indicator-simps(1) max.idem measure-return nle-le sets.top space-borel-of space-return topspace-mtopology)
qed

corollary LPm-return-eq-capped-dist:
assumes x ∈ M y ∈ M
shows LPm (return (borel-of mtopology) x)(return (borel-of mtopology) y) = capped-dist 1 x y
by(simp add: capped-dist-def assms LPm-return-eq)

corollary MCauchy-iff-MCauchy-return:
assumes range xn ⊆ M
shows MCauchy xn ←→ LPm.MCauchy (λn. return (borel-of mtopology) (xn n))
proof –
  interpret c: Metric-space M capped-dist 1
  using capped-dist by blast
  show ?thesis
  using range-subsetD[OF assms(1)]
  by(auto simp: MCauchy-capped-metric[of 1,symmetric] c.MCauchy-def LPm.MCauchy-def LPm-return-eq-capped-dist)
qed

lemma conv-conv-return:
assumes limitin mtopology xn x sequentially
shows limitin LPm.mtopology (λn. return (borel-of mtopology) (xn n)) (return

```

```

(borel-of mtopology) x) sequentially
proof -
  interpret c: Metric-space M capped-dist 1
  using capped-dist by blast
  have clim:limitin c.mtopology xn x sequentially
  using assms by (simp add: mtopology-capped-metric)
  show ?thesis
  using LPm-return-eq-capped-dist clim
  by(fastforce simp: c.limit-metric-sequentially LPm.limit-metric-sequentially)
qed

lemma conv-iff-conv-return:
  assumes range xn ⊆ M x ∈ M
  shows limitin mtopology xn x sequentially
    ←→ limitin LPm.mtopology (λn. return (borel-of mtopology) (xn n))
          (return (borel-of mtopology) x) sequentially
proof -
  have xn: ∀n. xn n ∈ M
  using assms by auto
  interpret c: Metric-space M capped-dist 1
  using capped-dist by blast
  have limitin mtopology xn x sequentially ←→ limitin c.mtopology xn x sequentially
  by (simp add: mtopology-capped-metric)
  also have ...
    ←→ limitin LPm.mtopology (λn. return (borel-of mtopology) (xn n)) (return
  (borel-of mtopology) x) sequentially
  using xn assms by(auto simp: c.limit-metric-sequentially LPm.limit-metric-sequentially
LPm-return-eq-capped-dist)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

lemma continuous-map-return: continuous-map mtopology LPm.mtopology (λx.
  return (borel-of mtopology) x)
  by(auto simp: continuous-map-iff-limit-seq[OF first-countable-mtopology] conv-conv-return)

lemma homeomorphic-map-return:
  homeomorphic-map mtopology
    (subtopology LPm.mtopology ((λx. return (borel-of mtopology) x) ` M))
    (λx. return (borel-of mtopology) x)
proof(rule homeomorphic-maps-imp-map)
  define inv where inv ≡ (λN. THE x. x ∈ M ∧ N = return (borel-of mtopology) x)
  have inv-eq: inv (return (borel-of mtopology) x) = x if x: x ∈ M for x
  proof -
    have inv (return (borel-of mtopology) x) ∈ M ∧ return (borel-of mtopology) x
      = return (borel-of mtopology) (inv (return (borel-of mtopology) x))
    unfolding inv-def
    proof(rule theI)

```

```

fix y
assume  $y \in M \wedge \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) x = \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology})$ 
y
then show  $y = x$ 
using LPm-return-eq[ $\text{OF } x, \text{of } y$ ] x
by (auto intro!: zero[THEN iffD1] simp: commute simp del: zero)
qed(use x in auto)
thus ?thesis
by (metis LPm-return-eq-capped-dist Metric-space.zero capped-dist x)
qed
interpret s: Submetric  $\mathcal{P}$  LPm ( $\lambda x. \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) x$ ) ` M
by standard auto
have continuous-map mtopology s.sub.mtopology ( $\lambda x. \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology})$ 
x)
using continuous-map-return
by (simp add: LPm.Metric-space-axioms metric-continuous-map s.sub.Metric-space-axioms)
moreover have continuous-map s.sub.mtopology mtopology inv
unfolding continuous-map-iff-limit-seq[ $\text{OF } s.\text{sub}.first\text{-countable-mtopology}$ ]
proof safe
fix  $Ni N$ 
assume  $h:\text{limitin } s.\text{sub}.mtopology Ni N \text{ sequentially}$ 
then obtain  $x$  where  $x: x \in M N = \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) x$ 
using s.sub.limit-metric-sequentially by auto
interpret c: Metric-space M capped-dist 1
using capped-dist by blast
show limitin mtopology ( $\lambda n. \text{inv}(Ni n)$ ) (inv N) sequentially
unfolding c.limit-metric-sequentially mtopology-capped-metric[of 1,symmetric]
proof safe
fix  $e :: real$ 
assume  $e > 0$ 
then obtain  $n0$  where  $n0:$ 
 $\bigwedge n. n \geq n0 \implies Ni n \in (\lambda x. \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) x) ` M$ 
 $\bigwedge n. n \geq n0 \implies LPm(Ni n) N < e$ 
by (metis h s.sub.limit-metric-sequentially)
then obtain  $xn$  where  $xn: \bigwedge n. n \geq n0 \implies xn n \in M$ 
 $\bigwedge n. n \geq n0 \implies Ni n = \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology})(xn n)$ 
unfolding image-def by simp metis
thus  $\exists Na. \forall n \geq Na. \text{inv}(Ni n) \in M \wedge \text{capped-dist } 1 (\text{inv}(Ni n)) (\text{inv } N) < e$ 
using  $n0$  by(auto intro!: exI[where  $x=n0$ ] simp: inv-eq x LPm-return-eq-capped-dist)
qed(simp add: inv-eq x)
qed
moreover have  $\forall x \in \text{topspace mtopology}. \text{inv}(\text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) x) = x$ 
 $\forall y \in \text{topspace s.sub.mtopology}. \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology})(\text{inv } y) = y$ 
by(auto simp: inv-eq)
ultimately show homeomorphic-maps mtopology (subtopology LPm.mtopology
(( $\lambda x. \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) x$ ) ` M))
 $\quad (\lambda x. \text{return}(\text{borel-of mtopology}) x) \text{ inv}$ 
by(simp add: s.mtopology-submetric homeomorphic-maps-def)
qed

```

```

corollary homeomorphic-space-mtopology-return:
  mtopology homeomorphic-space (subtopology LPm.mtopology (( $\lambda x.$  return (borel-of
  mtopology)  $x$ ) ` M))
  using homeomorphic-map-return homeomorphic-space by fast

lemma closedin-returnM: closedin LPm.mtopology (( $\lambda x.$  return (borel-of mtopology)  $x$ ) ` M)
  unfolding LPm.metric-closedin-iff-sequentially-closed
proof safe
  fix Ni N
  assume h:range Ni  $\subseteq$  ( $\lambda x.$  return (borel-of mtopology)  $x$ ) ` M limitin LPm.mtopology
  Ni N sequentially
  from range-subsetD[OF this(1)]
  obtain xi where xi:  $\bigwedge i. xi \in M \text{ Ni} = (\lambda i.$  return (borel-of mtopology)  $(xi\ i))$ 
    unfolding image-def by simp metis
  have sets-N[measurable-cong]: sets N = sets (borel-of mtopology)
    by (meson LPm.limitin-mspace h(2) inP-D)
  have [measurable]: $\bigwedge n. \{xi\ n\} \in \text{sets } N$ 
    by (simp add: Hausdorff-space-mtopology borel-of-closed closedin-Hausdorff-sing-eq
    sets-N xi(1))
  interpret N: finite-measure N
    by (meson LPm.limitin-metric-dist-null h(2) inP-D(1))
  interpret Ni: prob-space Ni i for i
    by(auto intro!: prob-space-return simp: xi space-borel-of)
  have N-r: ereal (measure N A)  $\leq$  ereal 1 for A
    unfolding ereal-less-eq(3)
  proof(rule order.trans[OF N.bounded-measure])
    interpret mweak-conv-fin M d Ni N sequentially
      using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] by(auto intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin inP-I
      return-inP simp: xi(2))
    have mweak-conv-seq Ni N
      using converge-imp-mweak-conv h(2) xi(2) by force
      from mweak-conv-imp-limit-space[OF this]
      show measure N (space N)  $\leq$  1
        by(auto intro!: tends-to-upperbound[where F=sequentially and f= $\lambda n.$  Ni.prob
        n (space N)] simp: space-N space-Ni)
    qed
    have  $\exists x.$  limitin mtopology xi x sequentially
    proof(rule ccontr)
      assume contr: $\nexists x.$  limitin mtopology xi x sequentially
      have MCauchy-xi: MCauchy xi
        using MCauchy-iff-MCauchy-return[THEN iffD2,of xi,
        OF - LPm.convergent-imp-MCauchy[OF - h(2)[simplified xi(2)]]] xi
        by fastforce
      have 0: $\nexists x.$  limitin mtopology  $(xi \circ a)$  x sequentially if a: strict-mono a for a
        :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat
        using MCauchy-convergent-subsequence[OF MCauchy-xi a] contr by blast
      have inf: infinite (range xi)
    
```

```

by (metis 0 Bolzano-Weierstrass-property MCauchy-xi MCauchy-def finite-subset
preorder-class.order.refl)
have cl: closedin mtopology (range (xi ∘ a)) if a: strict-mono a for a :: nat ⇒
nat
  unfolding closedin-metric
proof safe
fix x
assume x:x ∈ M x ∉ range (xi ∘ a)
from 0 a have ¬ limitin mtopology (xi ∘ a) x sequentially
  by blast
then obtain e where e: e > 0 ∧ n0. ∃ n≥n0. d ((xi ∘ a) n) x ≥ e
  using xi(1) x by(fastforce simp: limit-metric-sequentially)
then obtain n0 where n0: ∀ n. n ≥ n0 ⇒ m ≥ n0 ⇒ d ((xi ∘ a) n)
((xi ∘ a) m) < e / 2
  using MCauchy-subsequence[OF a MCauchy-xi]
  by (meson MCauchy-def zero-less-divide-iff zero-less-numeral)
obtain n1 where n1: n1 ≥ n0 d ((xi ∘ a) n1) x ≥ e
  using e(2) by blast
define e' where e' ≡ Min ((λ n. d x ((xi ∘ a) n))` {..n0})
have e'-pos: e' > 0
  unfolding e'-def using x xi(1) by(subst linorder-class.Min-gr-iff) auto
have d x ((xi ∘ a) n) ≥ min (e / 2) e' for n
proof(cases n ≤ n0)
assume ¬ n ≤ n0
then have d ((xi ∘ a) n) ((xi ∘ a) n1) < e / 2
  using n1(1) n0 by simp
hence e / 2 ≤ d x ((xi ∘ a) n1) - d ((xi ∘ a) n) ((xi ∘ a) n1)
  using n1(2) by(simp add: commute)
also have ... ≤ d x ((xi ∘ a) n)
  using triangle[OF x(1) xi(1)[of a n] xi(1)[of a n1]] by simp
finally show ?thesis
  by simp
qed(auto intro!: linorder-class.Min-le min.coboundedI2 simp: e'-def)
thus ∃ r>0. disjoint (range (xi ∘ a)) (mball x r)
  using e'-pos e(1) x(1) xi(1) linorder-not-less
  by(fastforce intro!: exI[where x=min (e / 2) e'] simp: disjoint-def simp del:
min-less-iff-conj)
qed(use xi in auto)
hence meas: strict-mono a ⇒ (range (xi ∘ a)) ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology) for
a :: nat ⇒ nat
  by(auto simp: borel-of-closed)
have 1:measure N (range (xi ∘ a)) = 1 if a: strict-mono a for a :: nat ⇒ nat
proof -
interpret mweak-conv-fin M d Ni N sequentially
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] xi(1) by(auto intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin
simp: xi(2))
have mweak-conv-seq Ni N
  using converge-imp-mweak-conv[OF h(2)] xi(2) by simp
hence *: closedin mtopology A ⇒ limsup (λ n. ereal (measure (Ni n) A)) ≤

```

```

ereal (measure N A) for A
  using mweak-conv-eq2 by blast
  have ereal 1 ≤ limsup (λn. ereal (measure (Ni n) (range (xi ∘ a))))
    using meas[OF a] seq-suble[OF a]
    by(auto simp: limsup-INF-SUP le-Inf-iff le-Sup-iff xi(2) measure-return
      indicator-def one-ereal-def)
  also have ... ≤ ereal (measure N (range (xi ∘ a)))
    by(intro * a cl)
  finally show ?thesis
    using N-r by(auto intro!: antisym)
qed
have 2:measure N {xi n} = 0 for n
proof -
  have infinite {i. xi i ≠ xi n}
  proof
    assume finite {i. xi i ≠ xi n}
    then have finite (xi ` {i. xi i ≠ xi n})
      by blast
    moreover have (xi ` {i. xi i ≠ xi n}) = range xi - {xi n}
      by auto
    ultimately show False
      using inf by auto
  qed
  from infinite-enumerate[OF this]
  obtain a :: nat ⇒ nat where r: strict-mono a ∧ i. a i ∈ {i. xi i ≠ xi n}
    by blast
  hence disj: range (xi ∘ a) ∩ {xi n} = {}
    by fastforce
  from N.finite-measure-Union[OF - - this]
  have measure N (range (xi ∘ a) ∪ {xi n}) = 1 + measure N {xi n}
    using meas[OF r(1)] 1[OF r(1)] by simp
  thus ?thesis
    using N-r[of range (xi ∘ a) ∪ {xi n}] measure-nonneg[of N {xi n}] by simp
qed
have measure N (range xi) = 0
proof -
  have count: countable (range xi)
    by blast
  define Xn where Xn ≡ (λn. {from-nat-into (range xi) n})
  have Un-Xn: range xi = (⋃ n. Xn n)
    using bij-betw-from-nat-into[OF count inf] by (simp add: UNION-singleton-eq-range
      Xn-def)
  have disjXn: disjoint-family Xn
    using bij-betw-from-nat-into[OF count inf] by (simp add: inf disjoint-family-on-def
      Xn-def)
  have [measurable]: ∀n. Xn n ∈ sets N
    using bij-betw-from-nat-into[OF count inf]
    by (metis UNIV-I Xn-def ‹∀n. {xi n} ∈ sets N› bij-betw-iff-bijections
      image-iff)

```

```

have eq0:  $\bigwedge n. \text{measure } N (Xn\ n) = 0$ 
  by (metis bij-betw-from-nat-into[OF count inf] 2 UNIV-I Xn-def bij-betw-imp-surj-on
  image-iff)
  have  $\text{measure } N (\text{range } xi) = \text{measure } N (\bigcup n. Xn\ n)$ 
    by(simp add: Un-Xn)
  also have ... = ( $\sum n. \text{measure } N (Xn\ n)$ )
    using N.suminf-measure[OF - disjXn] by fastforce
  also have ... = 0
    by(simp add: eq0)
  finally show ?thesis .
  qed
  with 1[OF strict-mono-id] show False by simp
  qed
  then obtain x where x: limitin mtopology xi x sequentially
    by blast
  show  $N \in (\lambda x. \text{return} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) x) ` M$ 
    using limitin-topspace[OF xi] by(simp add: LPm.limitin-metric-unique[OF h(2)[simplified
  xi(2)] conv-conv-return[OF xi]])
  qed simp

corollary separable-iff-LPm-separable: separable-space mtopology  $\longleftrightarrow$  separable-space
LPm.mtopology
  using homeomorphic-space-second-countability[OF homeomorphic-space-mtopology-return]
separable-LPm
  by(auto simp: separable-space-iff-second-countable LPm.separable-space-iff-second-countable
second-countable-subtopology)

corollary LPmcomplete-mcomplete:
  assumes LPm.mcomplete
  shows mcomplete
  unfolding mcomplete-def
  proof safe
    fix xn
    assume h: MCauchy xn
    hence 1:  $\text{range } xn \subseteq M$ 
      using MCauchy-def by blast
      interpret Submetric  $\mathcal{P}$  LPm ( $\lambda x. \text{return} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) x$ ) ` M
        by (metis LPm.Metric-space-axioms LPm.topspace-mtopology Submetric.intro
Submetric-axioms.intro closedin-returnM closedin-subset)
      have sub.mcomplete
        using assms(1) closedin-eq-mcomplete closedin-returnM by blast
        moreover have sub.MCauchy ( $\lambda n. \text{return} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) (xn\ n)$ )
          using MCauchy-iff-MCauchy-return[OF 1] 1 by (simp add: MCauchy-submetric
h image-subset-iff)
        ultimately obtain x where
          x:  $x \in M \text{ limitin LPm.mtopology } (\lambda n. \text{return} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) (xn\ n))$ 
             $(\text{return} (\text{borel-of mtopology}) x) \text{ sequentially}$ 
          unfolding sub.mcomplete-def limitin-submetric-iff by blast
          thus  $\exists x. \text{limitin mtopology } xn\ x \text{ sequentially}$ 

```

```

by(auto simp: conv-iff-conv-return[OF 1 x(1),symmetric])
qed

corollary mcomplete-iff-LPmcomplete: separable-space mtopology  $\Rightarrow$  mcomplete
 $\longleftrightarrow$  LPm.mcomplete
by(auto simp add: mcomplete-LPmcomplete LPmcomplete-mcomplete)

lemma LPmcompact-imp-mcompact: compact-space LPm.mtopology  $\Rightarrow$  compact-space
mtopology
by (meson closedin-compact-space closedin-returnM compact-space-subtopology
homeomorphic-compact-space homeomorphic-space-mtopology-return)

end

corollary Polish-space-weak-conv-topology:
assumes Polish-space X
shows Polish-space (weak-conv-topology X)
proof -
obtain d where d:Metric-space (topspace X) d Metric-space.mcomplete (topspace
X) d
Metric-space.mtopology (topspace X) d = X
by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology assms completely-metrizable-space-def
Polish-space-imp-completely-metrizable-space)
then interpret Levy-Prokhorov topspace X d
by(auto simp: Levy-Prokhorov-def)
have separable-space mtopology
by (simp add: assms d(3) Polish-space-imp-separable-space)
thus ?thesis
using LPm.Polish-space-mtopology LPmtopology-eq-weak-conv-topology d(2)
d(3) mcomplete-LPmcomplete separable-LPm by force
qed

```

## 5.4 Prokhorov Theorem for Topology of Weak Convergence

```

lemma relatively-compact-imp-tight:
assumes Polish-space X  $\Gamma \subseteq \{N. \text{ sets } N = \text{sets (borel-of } X) \wedge \text{finite-measure } N\}$ 
and compactin (weak-conv-topology X) (weak-conv-topology X closure-of  $\Gamma$ )
shows tight-on-set X  $\Gamma$ 
proof -
obtain d where d:Metric-space (topspace X) d Metric-space.mcomplete (topspace
X) d
Metric-space.mtopology (topspace X) d = X
by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology assms(1) completely-metrizable-space-def
Polish-space-imp-completely-metrizable-space)
note sep = Polish-space-imp-separable-space[OF assms(1)]
hence sep':separable-space (Metric-space.mtopology (topspace X) d)
by(simp add: d)
interpret Levy-Prokhorov topspace X d

```

```

by(auto simp: d Levy-Prokhorov-def)
show ?thesis
  using relatively-compact-imp-tight-LP[of Γ] assms sep inP-iff
    by(fastforce simp add: d LPmtopology-eq-weak-conv-topology[OF sep'])
qed

lemma tight-imp-relatively-compact:
assumes metrizable-space X separable-space X

$$\Gamma \subseteq \{N. N \text{ (space } N) \leq \text{ennreal } r \wedge \text{sets } N = \text{sets (borel-of } X)\}$$

and tight-on-set X Γ
shows compactin (weak-conv-topology X) (weak-conv-topology X closure-of Γ)
proof –
  obtain d where d:Metric-space (topspace X) d Metric-space.mtopology (topspace X) d = X
    by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology assms(1) metrizable-space-def)
  hence sep':separable-space (Metric-space.mtopology (topspace X) d)
    by(simp add: d assms)
  show ?thesis
  proof(cases r ≤ 0)
    assume r ≤ 0
    then have {N. N (space N) ≤ ennreal r ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of X)} =
      {null-measure (borel-of X)}
      by(fastforce simp: ennreal-neg le-zero-eq[THEN iffD1,OF order.trans[OF emeasure-space]] intro!: measure-eqI)
      then have Γ = {} ∨ Γ = {null-measure (borel-of X)}
        using assms(3) by auto
        moreover have weak-conv-topology X closure-of {null-measure (borel-of X)}
      = {null-measure (borel-of X)}
      by(intro closure-of-eq[THEN iffD2] closedin-Hausdorff-singleton metrizable-imp-Hausdorff-space
        metrizable-space-subtopology metrizable-weak-conv-topology assms)
        (auto intro!: finite-measureI)
      ultimately show ?thesis
        by (auto intro!: finite-measureI)
  next
    assume ¬ r ≤ 0
    then interpret Levy-Prokhorov topspace X d
      by(auto simp: d Levy-Prokhorov-def)
    show ?thesis
      using tight-imp-relatively-compact-LP[of Γ] assms
        by(auto simp add: d LPmtopology-eq-weak-conv-topology[OF sep'])
  qed
qed

lemma Prokhorov:
assumes Polish-space X Γ ⊆ {N. N (space N) ≤ ennreal r ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of X)}
shows tight-on-set X Γ ←→ compactin (weak-conv-topology X) (weak-conv-topology X closure-of Γ)
proof –

```

```

have  $\Gamma \subseteq \{N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) \wedge finite-measure N\}$ 
  using assms(2) by(auto intro!: finite-measureI simp: top.extremum-unique)
  thus ?thesis
    using relatively-compact-imp-tight tight-imp-relatively-compact assms
      Polish-space-imp-metrizable-space Polish-space-imp-separable-space
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting))
qed

corollary tight-on-set-imp-convergent-subsequence:
fixes  $Ni :: nat \Rightarrow - measure$ 
assumes metrizable-space  $X$  separable-space  $X$ 
  and tight-on-set  $X$  (range  $Ni$ )  $\bigwedge i. (Ni i)$  (space  $(Ni i)$ )  $\leq ennreal r$ 
shows  $\exists a N. strict-mono a \wedge finite-measure N \wedge sets N = sets (borel-of X)$ 
   $\wedge N$  (space  $N$ )  $\leq ennreal r \wedge weak\text{-}conv\text{-}on (Ni \circ a) N$  sequentially  $X$ 
proof(cases  $r \leq 0$ )
  case True
  then have  $Ni = (\lambda i. null\text{-}measure (borel-of X))$ 
    using assms(3) order.trans[OF emeasure-space assms(4)]
    by(auto simp: tight-on-set-def ennreal-neg intro!: measure-eqI)
  thus ?thesis
    using weak-conv-on-const[of  $Ni$ ]
    by(auto intro!: exI[where  $x=id$ ] exI[where  $x=null\text{-}measure (borel-of X)$ ]
strict-mono-id finite-measureI)
  next
    case False
    then have  $r[arith]:r > 0$  by linarith
    obtain  $d$  where  $d: Metric\text{-}space (topspace X)$   $d$  Metric-space.mtopology (topspace  $X$ )  $d = X$ 
      by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology assms(1) metrizable-space-def)
    then interpret  $d: Metric\text{-}space topspace X d$ 
      by blast
    interpret Levy-Prokhorov topspace  $X d$ 
      by(auto simp: Levy-Prokhorov-def d )
    have range- $Ni$ : range  $Ni \subseteq \{N. N$  (space  $N$ )  $\leq ennreal r \wedge sets N = sets (borel-of X)\}$ 
      using assms(3,4) by(auto simp: tight-on-set-def)
    hence  $Ni\text{-fin}: \bigwedge i. finite\text{-}measure (Ni i)$ 
      by (meson assms(3) range-eqI tight-on-set-def)
    have range- $Ni'$ : LPm.mtopology closure-of range  $Ni$ 
       $\subseteq \{N. N$  (space  $N$ )  $\leq ennreal r \wedge sets N = sets (borel-of X)\}$ 
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) Collect-cong closedin-bounded-measures closure-of-minimal
d(2) range- $Ni$ )
    have compactin LPm.mtopology (LPm.mtopology closure-of (range  $Ni$ ))
      using assms(2,3) range- $Ni$  by(auto intro!: tight-imp-relatively-compact-LP
simp: d(2))
    from LPm.compactin-sequentially[THEN iffD1, OF this] range- $Ni$ 
obtain  $a N$  where  $N \in LPm.mtopology closure\text{-}of range Ni$  strict-mono  $a$ 
  limitin LPm.mtopology  $(Ni \circ a) N$  sequentially
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) LPm.topspace-mtopology assms(3) closure-of-subset

```

```

d(2) inP-I subsetI tight-on-set-def)
  moreover hence finite-measure N sets N = sets (borel-of X) N (space N) ≤
ennreal r
  using range-Ni' by (auto simp add: LPm.limitin-metric inP-iff)
  ultimately show ?thesis
  using range-Ni Ni-fin assms(4)
  by(fastforce intro!: converge-imp-mweak-conv[simplified d] exI[where x=a]
exI[where x=N] inP-I
simp: image-subset-iff d(2))
qed
end

```

```

theory Space-of-Finite-Measures
imports Prokhorov-Theorem
begin

```

## 6 Measurable Space of Finite Measures

### 6.1 Measurable Space of Finite Measures

We define the measurable space of all finite measures in the same way as *subprob-algebra*.

```

definition finite-measure-algebra :: 'a measure ⇒ 'a measure measure where
finite-measure-algebra K =
  (SUP A ∈ sets K. vimage-algebra {M. finite-measure M ∧ sets M = sets K}
  (λM. emeasure M A) borel)

```

```

lemma space-finite-measure-algebra:
space (finite-measure-algebra A) = {M. finite-measure M ∧ sets M = sets A}
by (auto simp add:finite-measure-algebra-def space-Sup-eq-UN)

```

```

lemma finite-measure-algebra-cong: sets M = sets N ==> finite-measure-algebra
M = finite-measure-algebra N
by (simp add: finite-measure-algebra-def)

```

```

lemma measurable-emeasure-finite-measure-algebra[measurable]:
a ∈ sets A ==> (λM. emeasure M a) ∈ borel-measurable (finite-measure-algebra
A)
by (auto intro!: measurable-Sup1 measurable-vimage-algebra1 simp: finite-measure-algebra-def)

```

```

lemma measurable-measure-finite-measure-algebra[measurable]:
a ∈ sets A ==> (λM. measure M a) ∈ borel-measurable (finite-measure-algebra A)
unfolding measure-def by measurable

```

```

lemma finite-measure-measurableD:
assumes N: N ∈ measurable M (finite-measure-algebra S) and x: x ∈ space M

```

```

shows space (N x) = space S
  and sets (N x) = sets S
  and measurable (N x) K = measurable S K
  and measurable K (N x) = measurable K S
using measurable-space[OF N x]
by (auto simp: space-finite-measure-algebra intro!: measurable-cong-sets dest:
sets-eq-imp-space-eq)

ML ‹
fun finite-measure-cong thm ctxt = (
  let
    val thm' = Thm.transfer' ctxt thm
    val free = thm' |> Thm.concl-of |> HOLogic.dest-Trueprop |> dest-comb |> fst
  |>
    dest-comb |> snd |> strip-abs-body |> head-of |> is-Free
  in
    if free then ([] , Measurable.add-local-cong (thm' RS @{thm finite-measure-measurableD(2)}) ctxt)
    else ([] , ctxt)
  end
  handle THM _ => ([] , ctxt) | TERM _ => ([] , ctxt))
›

setup ‹
Context.theory-map (Measurable.add-preprocessor finite-measure-cong subprob-cong)
›

context
fixes K M N assumes K:  $K \in \text{measurable } M$  (finite-measure-algebra  $N$ )
begin

lemma finite-measure-space-kernel:  $a \in \text{space } M \implies \text{finite-measure } (K a)$ 
  using measurable-space[OF K] by (simp add: space-finite-measure-algebra)

lemma sets-finite-kernel:  $a \in \text{space } M \implies \text{sets } (K a) = \text{sets } N$ 
  using measurable-space[OF K] by (simp add: space-finite-measure-algebra)

lemma measurable-emeasure-finite-kernel[measurable]:
   $A \in \text{sets } N \implies (\lambda a. \text{emeasure } (K a) A) \in \text{borel-measurable } M$ 
  using measurable-compose[OF K measurable-emeasure-finite-measure-algebra] .

end

lemma measurable-finite-measure-algebra:
   $(\bigwedge a. a \in \text{space } M \implies \text{finite-measure } (K a)) \implies$ 
   $(\bigwedge a. a \in \text{space } M \implies \text{sets } (K a) = \text{sets } N) \implies$ 
   $(\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets } N \implies (\lambda a. \text{emeasure } (K a) A) \in \text{borel-measurable } M) \implies$ 

```

$K \in measurable M$  (*finite-measure-algebra*  $N$ )  
**by** (*auto intro!*: *measurable-Sup2 measurable-vimage-algebra2 simp: finite-measure-algebra-def*)

**lemma** *measurable-finite-markov*:

$K \in measurable M$  (*finite-measure-algebra*  $M$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\forall x \in space M. finite-measure (K x) \wedge sets (K x) = sets M) \wedge$   
 $(\forall A \in sets M. (\lambda x. emeasure (K x) A) \in measurable M borel)$

**proof**

**assume**  $(\forall x \in space M. finite-measure (K x) \wedge sets (K x) = sets M) \wedge$   
 $(\forall A \in sets M. (\lambda x. emeasure (K x) A) \in borel-measurable M)$   
**then show**  $K \in measurable M$  (*finite-measure-algebra*  $M$ )  
**by** (*intro measurable-finite-measure-algebra*) *auto*

**next**

**assume**  $K \in measurable M$  (*finite-measure-algebra*  $M$ )  
**then show**  $(\forall x \in space M. finite-measure (K x) \wedge sets (K x) = sets M) \wedge$   
 $(\forall A \in sets M. (\lambda x. emeasure (K x) A) \in borel-measurable M)$   
**by** (*auto dest: finite-measure-space-kernel sets-finite-kernel*)

**qed**

**lemma** *measurable-finite-measure-algebra-generated*:

**assumes** *eq: sets N = sigma-sets Ω G and Int-stable G G ⊆ Pow Ω*  
**assumes** *subsp: ⋀a. a ∈ space M ⇒ finite-measure (K a)*  
**assumes** *sets: ⋀a. a ∈ space M ⇒ sets (K a) = sets N*  
**assumes** *ΛA. A ∈ G ⇒ (λa. emeasure (K a) A) ∈ borel-measurable M*  
**assumes** *Ω: (λa. emeasure (K a) Ω) ∈ borel-measurable M*  
**shows**  $K \in measurable M$  (*finite-measure-algebra*  $N$ )

**proof** (*rule measurable-finite-measure-algebra*)  
**fix a assume**  $a \in space M$  **then show**  $finite-measure (K a) sets (K a) = sets N$  **by** *fact+*  
**next**

**interpret**  $G: sigma-algebra \Omega$  *sigma-sets Ω G*

**using**  $\langle G \subseteq Pow \Omega \rangle$  **by** (*rule sigma-algebra-sigma-sets*)

**fix A assume**  $A \in sets N$  **with assms(2,3)** **show**  $(\lambda a. emeasure (K a) A) \in borel-measurable M$

**unfolding**  $\langle sets N = sigma-sets \Omega G \rangle$

**proof** (*induction rule: sigma-sets-induct-disjoint*)

**case** (*basic A*) **then show** ?case **by** *fact*

**next**

**case** *empty* **then show** ?case **by** *simp*

**next**

**case** (*compl A*)

**have**  $(\lambda a. emeasure (K a) (\Omega - A)) \in borel-measurable M \longleftrightarrow$

$(\lambda a. emeasure (K a) \Omega - emeasure (K a) A) \in borel-measurable M$

**using** *G.top G.sets-into-space sets eq compl finite-measure.emesure-finite[OF subsp]*

**by** (*intro measurable-cong emeasure-Diff*) *auto*

**with** *compl Ω* **show** ?case

**by** *simp*

**next**

```

case (union  $F$ )
moreover have ( $\lambda a.$  emeasure ( $K a$ ) ( $\bigcup i. F i$ ))  $\in$  borel-measurable  $M \longleftrightarrow$ 
 $(\lambda a. \sum i. \text{emeasure} (K a) (F i)) \in$  borel-measurable  $M$ 
using sets union eq
by (intro measurable-cong suminf-emeasure[symmetric]) auto
ultimately show ?case
by auto
qed
qed

lemma space-finite-measure-algebra-empty: space  $N = \{\} \implies$  space (finite-measure-algebra  $N$ )  $= \{\text{null-measure } N\}$ 
by(fastforce simp: space-finite-measure-algebra space-empty-iff intro!: measure-eqI
finite-measureI)

lemma sets-subprob-algebra-restrict:
sets (subprob-algebra  $M$ )  $=$  sets (restrict-space (finite-measure-algebra  $M$ )  $\{N.$ 
subprob-space  $N\}$ )
(is sets ?L = sets ?R)
proof -
have 1:id  $\in$  measurable ?L ?R
using sets.sets-into-space[of -  $M$ ]
by(auto intro!: measurable-restrict-space2 Int-stableI
measurable-finite-measure-algebra-generated[where  $\Omega =$  space  $M$ 
and  $G =$  sets  $M$ ]
simp: space-subprob-algebra subprob-space-def sets.sigma-sets-eq)
have 2:id  $\in$  measurable ?R ?L
using sets.sets-into-space[of -  $M$ ]
by(auto intro!: measurable-subprob-algebra-generated[where  $\Omega =$  space  $M$  and
 $G =$  sets  $M$ ] Int-stableI
simp: sets.sigma-sets-eq space-restrict-space space-finite-measure-algebra measurable-restrict-space1)
have 3: space ?L = space ?R
by(auto simp: space-restrict-space space-subprob-algebra space-finite-measure-algebra
subprob-space-def)
have [simp]:  $\bigwedge A. A \in$  sets ?L  $\implies A \cap$  space ?R  $= A \bigwedge A. A \in$  sets ?R  $\implies A \cap$ 
space ?L  $= A$ 
using 3 sets.sets-into-space by auto
show ?thesis
using measurable-sets[OF 1] measurable-sets[OF 2] by auto
qed

```

## 6.2 Equivalence between Spaces of Finite Measures

Corollary 17.21 [2].

```

lemma(in Levy-Prokhorov) openin-lower-semicontinuous:
assumes openin mttopology  $U$ 
shows lower-semicontinuous-map LPm.mtopology  $(\lambda N.$  measure  $N$   $U)$ 
unfolding lower-semicontinuous-map-liminf-real[ $OF$  LPm.first-countable-mtopology]

```

```

proof safe
fix Ni N
assume h:limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N sequentially
then obtain K where K:  $\bigwedge n. n \geq K \implies Ni n \in \mathcal{P}$ 
  by(simp add: mtopology-of-def LPm.limit-metric-sequentially)
  (meson LPm.mbounded-alt-pos LPm.mbounded-empty)
have h': limitin LPm.mtopology ( $\lambda n. Ni (n + K)$ ) N sequentially
  by (simp add: h limitin-sequentially-offset)
interpret mweak-conv-fin M d  $\lambda n. Ni (n + K)$  N sequentially
  using K h by(auto intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin simp: mtopology-of-def dest:
LPm.limitin-mspace)
have mweak-conv-seq ( $\lambda n. Ni (n + K)$ ) N
  using K LPm.Self-def converge-imp-mweak-conv h' by auto
hence ereal (measure N U)  $\leq \liminf (\lambda x. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} (Ni (x + K)) U))$ 
  using assms by(simp add: mweak-conv-eq3)
thus ereal (measure N U)  $\leq \liminf (\lambda x. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} (Ni x) U))$ 
  unfolding liminf-shift-k[of  $\lambda x. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} (Ni x) U)$  K].
qed

```

```

lemma(in Levy-Prokhorov) closedin-upper-semicontinuous:
assumes closedin mtopology A
shows upper-semicontinuous-map LPm.mtopology ( $\lambda N. \text{measure} N A$ )
unfolding upper-semicontinuous-map-limsup-real[OF LPm.first-countable-mtopology]
proof safe
fix Ni N
assume h:limitin LPm.mtopology Ni N sequentially
then obtain K where K:  $\bigwedge n. n \geq K \implies Ni n \in \mathcal{P}$ 
  by(simp add: mtopology-of-def LPm.limit-metric-sequentially)
  (meson LPm.mbounded-alt-pos LPm.mbounded-empty)
have h': limitin LPm.mtopology ( $\lambda n. Ni (n + K)$ ) N sequentially
  by (simp add: h limitin-sequentially-offset)
interpret mweak-conv-fin M d  $\lambda n. Ni (n + K)$  N sequentially
  using K h by(auto intro!: inP-mweak-conv-fin simp: mtopology-of-def dest:
LPm.limitin-mspace)
have mweak-conv-seq ( $\lambda n. Ni (n + K)$ ) N
  using K LPm.Self-def converge-imp-mweak-conv h' by auto
hence limsup ( $\lambda x. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} (Ni (x + K)) A)) \leq \text{ereal} (\text{measure} N A)$ 
  using assms by(auto simp: mweak-conv-eq2)
thus limsup ( $\lambda x. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} (Ni x) A)) \leq \text{ereal} (\text{measure} N A)$ 
  unfolding limsup-shift-k[of  $\lambda x. \text{ereal} (\text{measure} (Ni x) A)$  K].
qed

```

```

context Levy-Prokhorov
begin

```

We show that the measurable space generated from  $LPm.mtopology$  is equal to  $\text{finite-measure-algebra}$  (borel-of  $LPm.mtopology$ ).

```

lemma sets-LPm1: sets (finite-measure-algebra (borel-of mtopology))
 $\subseteq$  sets (borel-of LPm.mtopology) (is sets ?Giry  $\subseteq$  sets ?Levy)

```

```

proof safe
have space-eq: space ?Levy = space ?Giry
  by(simp add: space-finite-measure-algebra space-borel-of) (auto simp add: P-def)
have 1:\ $\bigwedge A$ . openin mtopology A  $\implies$  ( $\lambda N$ . measure N A)  $\in$  borel-measurable
?Levy
  by(auto intro!: lower-semicontinuous-map-measurable openin-lower-semicontinuous)
have m:id  $\in$  ?Levy  $\rightarrow_M$  ?Giry
proof(rule measurable-finite-measure-algebra-generated[where  $\Omega=M$  and  $G=\{U$ .
openin mtopology U\}])
  show sets (borel-of mtopology) = sigma-sets M {U. openin mtopology U}
    using sets-borel-of[of mtopology] by simp
next
  show Int-stable {U. openin mtopology U}
    by(auto intro!: Int-stableI)
next
  show {U. openin mtopology U}  $\subseteq$  Pow M
    using openin-subset[of mtopology] by auto
next
  show  $\bigwedge a$ . a  $\in$  space (borel-of LPm.mtopology)  $\implies$  finite-measure (id a)
    by(simp add: space-borel-of) (simp add: P-def)
next
  show  $\bigwedge a$ . a  $\in$  space (borel-of LPm.mtopology)  $\implies$  sets (id a) = sets (borel-of
mtopology)
    by(simp add: space-borel-of) (simp add: P-def)
next
  fix A
  assume A  $\in$  {U. openin mtopology U}
  then have ( $\lambda N$ . measure (id N) A)  $\in$  borel-measurable (borel-of LPm.mtopology)
    by(simp add: 1)
  then have 1:( $\lambda N$ . ennreal (measure (id N) A))  $\in$  borel-measurable (borel-of
LPm.mtopology)
    by simp
  have 2: $\bigwedge N$ . N  $\in$  space (borel-of LPm.mtopology)  $\implies$  ennreal (measure (id N)
A) = emeasure (id N) A
    unfolding measure-def
    by(rule ennreal-enn2real)
    (simp add: finite-measure.emeasure-eq-measure space-eq space-finite-measure-algebra)
  show ( $\lambda N$ . emeasure (id N) A)  $\in$  borel-measurable (borel-of LPm.mtopology)
    using 1 measurable-cong[THEN iffD1, OF 2 1] by auto
next
  have openin mtopology M
    by simp
  then have ( $\lambda N$ . measure (id N) M)  $\in$  borel-measurable (borel-of LPm.mtopology)
    by(simp add: 1)
  then have 1:( $\lambda N$ . ennreal (measure (id N) M))  $\in$  borel-measurable (borel-of
LPm.mtopology)
    by simp
  have 2: $\bigwedge N$ . N  $\in$  space (borel-of LPm.mtopology)  $\implies$  ennreal (measure (id N)
M) = emeasure (id N) M

```

```

unfolding measure-def by(rule ennreal-enn2real)
  (simp add: finite-measure.emmeasure-eq-measure space-eq space-finite-measure-algebra)
show ( $\lambda N.$  emeasure (id  $N$ )  $M$ )  $\in$  borel-measurable (borel-of LPm.mtopology)
  using 1 measurable-cong[THEN iffD1,OF 2 1] by auto
qed

fix  $A$ 
assume  $A:A \in$  sets ?Giry
from measurable-sets[OF  $m$  this] have  $A \cap$  space ?Levy  $\in$  sets ?Levy
  by simp
moreover have  $A \cap$  space ?Levy =  $A$ 
  by (simp add:  $A$  space-eq)
ultimately show  $A \in$  sets ?Levy
  by simp
qed

lemma sets-LPm2:
assumes mcomplete separable-space mtopology
shows sets (borel-of LPm.mtopology)  $\subseteq$  sets (finite-measure-algebra (borel-of
mtopology))
  (is sets ?Levy  $\subseteq$  sets ?Giry)
proof -
  obtain  $\mathcal{O}$  where base: countable  $\mathcal{O}$  base-in mtopology  $\mathcal{O}$ 
  using assms(2) second-countable-base-in separable-space-imp-second-countable
by blast
  define funion-of-base where funion-of-base  $\equiv$   $\bigcup \{U. \text{finite } U \wedge U \subseteq \mathcal{O}\}$ 
  have funion-of-base-ne: funion-of-base  $\neq \{\}$ 
  by(auto simp: funion-of-base-def)
  have open-funion-of-base:  $\bigwedge A. A \in$  funion-of-base  $\implies$  openin mtopology  $A$ 
  using base-in-openin[OF base(2)] by(auto simp: funion-of-base-def)
  hence meas-funion-of-base[measurable]:  $\bigwedge A. A \in$  funion-of-base  $\implies A \in$  sets
(borel-of mtopology)
  by(auto simp: borel-of-open)
  have countable-funion-of-base: countable funion-of-base
  using countable-Collect-finite-subset[OF base(1)] by(auto simp: funion-of-base-def)

  have sets ?Levy = sigma-sets  $\mathcal{P} \{LPm.mball a \varepsilon | a \varepsilon. a \in \mathcal{P} \wedge 0 < \varepsilon\}$ 
  by(auto simp: borel-of-second-countable'[OF separable-LPm[OF assms(2),
simplified LPm.separable-space-iff-second-countable]
base-is-subbase[OF LPm.mtopology-base-in-balls]] intro!: sets-measure-of)
  also have ... = sigma-sets  $\mathcal{P} \{LPm.mcball a \varepsilon | a \varepsilon. a \in \mathcal{P} \wedge 0 \leq \varepsilon\}$ 
proof(safe intro!: sigma-sets-eqI)
  fix  $L$  and  $e :: real$ 
  assume  $h:L \in \mathcal{P}$  and  $0 < e$ 
  have LPm.mball  $L$   $e = (\bigcup n. LPm.mcball L (e - 1 / (Suc n)))$ 
  proof safe
  fix  $N$ 
  assume  $N: N \in LPm.mball L e$ 
  then obtain  $n$  where  $1 / Suc n < e - LPm L N$ 

```

```

by (meson LPm.in-mball diff-gt-0-iff-gt nat-approx-posE)
thus  $N \in (\bigcup n. LPm.mcball L (e - 1 / real (Suc n)))$ 
    using  $N$  by(auto intro!: exI[where  $x=n$ ] simp: LPm.mcball-def)
next
fix  $N n$ 
assume  $N: N \in LPm.mcball L (e - 1 / (Suc n))$ 
with order.strict-trans1[of  $LPm L N e - 1 / (Suc n) e$ ]
show  $N \in LPm.mball L e$ 
    by auto
qed
also have ... ∈ sigma-sets  $\mathcal{P} \{LPm.mcball a \varepsilon | a \varepsilon. a \in \mathcal{P} \wedge 0 \leq \varepsilon\}$ 
proof(rule Union)
fix  $n$ 
consider  $e - 1 / real (Suc n) < 0 | 0 \leq e - 1 / real (Suc n)$  by fastforce
then show  $LPm.mcball L (e - 1 / real (Suc n)) \in \text{sigma-sets } \mathcal{P} \{LPm.mcball a \varepsilon | a \varepsilon. a \in \mathcal{P} \wedge 0 \leq \varepsilon\}$ 
proof cases
case 2
then show ?thesis
using  $h$  by fast
qed(use LPm.mcball-eq-empty[of  $- e - 1 / real (Suc n)$ ] sigma-sets.Empty in
auto)
qed
finally show  $LPm.mball L e \in \text{sigma-sets } \mathcal{P} \{LPm.mcball a \varepsilon | a \varepsilon. a \in \mathcal{P} \wedge 0 \leq \varepsilon\}$  .
next
fix  $L$  and  $e :: real$ 
assume  $h:L \in \mathcal{P} 0 \leq e$ 
have  $LPm.mcball L e = (\bigcap n. LPm.mball L (e + 1 / Suc n))$ 
proof safe
fix  $N n$ 
assume  $N \in LPm.mcball L e$ 
with order.strict-trans1[of  $LPm L N e e + 1 / (Suc n)$ ]
show  $N \in LPm.mball L (e + 1 / (Suc n))$ 
    by auto
next
fix  $N$ 
assume  $hn:N \in (\bigcap n. LPm.mball L (e + 1 / real (Suc n)))$ 
then have  $N:N \in \mathcal{P}$ 
by auto
show  $N \in LPm.mcball L e$ 
proof -
have  $LPm L N \leq e$ 
proof(rule field-le-epsilon)
fix  $l :: real$ 
assume  $l > 0$ 
then obtain  $n$  where  $1 / (1 + real n) < l$ 
using nat-approx-posE by auto
with  $hn$  show  $LPm L N \leq e + l$ 

```

```

    by(auto intro!: order.trans[of LPm L N e + 1 / (1 + real n) e + l,OF
less-imp-le])
qed
thus ?thesis
using hn by auto
qed
qed
also have ... ∈ sigma-sets ℙ {LPm.mball a ε | a ε. a ∈ ℙ ∧ 0 < ε}
proof(rule sigma-sets-Inter)
fix n
show LPm.mball L (e + 1 / real (Suc n)) ∈ sigma-sets ℙ {LPm.mball a ε
| a ε. a ∈ ℙ ∧ 0 < ε}
using h by(auto intro!: exI[where x=L] exI[where x=e + 1 / (1 + real
n)] add-nonneg-pos)
qed auto
finally show LPm.mcball L e ∈ sigma-sets ℙ {LPm.mball a ε | a ε. a ∈ ℙ ∧
0 < ε} .
qed
also have ... = sigma-sets (space ?Giry) {LPm.mcball a ε | a ε. a ∈ ℙ ∧ 0 ≤ ε}
unfolding space-finite-measure-algebra ℙ-def by meson
also have ... ⊆ sets ?Giry
proof(rule sigma-sets-le-sets-iff[THEN iffD2])
show {LPm.mcball a ε | a ε. a ∈ ℙ ∧ 0 ≤ ε} ⊆ sets ?Giry
proof safe
fix L and e :: real
assume L:L ∈ ℙ and e:0 ≤ e
then have sets-L: sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets L and finite-measure L
by(auto simp: inP-D)
interpret L: finite-measure L by fact
have LPm.mcball L e
= (⋂ A∈funion-of-base.
(⋂ n. (λN. measure N A) -`{..measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n))) + (e + 1 /
(1 + real n))}) ∩ ℙ)
∩ (⋂ n. (λN. measure N
(⋃ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n)))) -`{measure L A - (e +
1 / (1 + real n))..} ∩ ℙ))
(is - = ?rhs)
unfolding set-eq-iff
proof(intro allI iffI)
fix N
assume N: N ∈ LPm.mcball L e
have sets-N: sets (borel-of mtopology) = sets N and finite-measure N
using N by simp-all (auto simp: inP-D)
then interpret N: finite-measure N by simp
show N ∈ ?rhs
proof safe
fix A n
assume [measurable]:A ∈ funion-of-base

```

```

have LPm L N < e + 1 / (1 + real n)
  by(rule order.strict-trans1[of LPm L N e e + 1 / (1 + real n)]) (use N
in auto)
  thus N ∈ (λN. measure N A) -‘ {..measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 /
(1 + real n)) + (e + 1 / (1 + real n)))}
    N ∈ (λN. measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n)))) -‘
{measure L A - (e + 1 / (1 + real n))..}
  using LPm-less-than[of L N e + 1 / (1 + real n) A] N L by auto
qed(use N in auto)
next
  fix N
  assume N ∈ ?rhs
  then have N: N ∈ P
    ⋀A n. A ∈ funion-of-base
    ⟹ measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n)) +
(e + 1 / (1 + real n)))
      ⋀A n. A ∈ funion-of-base
      ⟹ measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n)))
+ (e + 1 / (1 + real n))
      using funion-of-base-ne by (auto simp: diff-le-eq)
    then have sets-N: sets (borel-of mttopology) = sets N
      by(auto simp: inP-D)
    interpret N: finite-measure N
      using N by(auto simp: inP-D)
    have [measurable]: ⋀A e. (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) ∈ sets N ⋀A e. (⋃ a∈A. mball
a e) ∈ sets L
      by(auto simp: sets-L[symmetric] sets-N[symmetric])
    have ne: {e. e > 0 ∧ (∀ A ∈ {U. openin mttopology U}. measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e)}
      ≠ {}
      using LPm-ne'[OF L.finite-measure-axioms N.finite-measure-axioms] by
fastforce
      have (⊓ {e. e > 0 ∧ (∀ A ∈ {U. openin mttopology U}. measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e})) ≤ e
      proof(safe intro!: cInf-le-iff-less[where f=id,simplified, THEN iffD2, OF
ne])
        fix y
        assume y:e < y
        then obtain n where 1 / Suc n < y - e
          by (meson diff-gt-0-iff-gt nat-approx-posE)
        hence n: e + 1 / (1 + real n) < y by simp
        show ∃ i ∈ {e. 0 < e ∧ (∀ A ∈ {U. openin mttopology U}. measure L A ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e ∧
measure N A ≤ measure L (⋃ a∈A. mball a e) + e)}.
          i ≤ y
          proof(safe intro!: bexI[where x=e + 1 / (1 + real n)])

```

```

fix A
assume A: openin mtopology A
then have A'[measurable]: A ∈ sets L A ∈ sets N
  by(auto simp: borel-of-open sets-N[symmetric] sets-L[symmetric])
have measure L A = ⋃ (measure L ` {K. compactin mtopology K ∧ K
  ⊆ A})
  by(auto intro!: L.inner-regular-Polish[OF Polish-space-mtopology[OF
assms] sets-L])
also have ... ≤ ⋃ (measure L ` {U. U ∈ funion-of-base ∧ U ⊆ A})
  proof(safe intro!: cSup-mono bdd-aboveI[where M=measure L (space
L)] L.bounded-measure)
    fix K
    assume K:compactin mtopology K K ⊆ A
    obtain U where Aun: A = ⋃ U U ⊆ O
      using A base by(auto simp: base-in-def)
    obtain F where F: finite F F ⊆ U K ⊆ ⋃ F
      using compactinD[OF K(1),of U] Aun K base-in-openin[OF base(2)]
by blast
  hence Ffunion: ⋃ F ∈ funion-of-base ⋃ F ⊆ A
    using F Aun K by (auto simp: funion-of-base-def)
    with F(3) show ∃ a∈measure L ` {U ∈ funion-of-base. U ⊆ A}.
measure L K ≤ a
  by(auto intro!: exI[where x=⋃ F] L.finite-measure-mono meas-funion-of-base[simplified
sets-L])
qed auto
also have ... ≤ ⋃ {measure N (⋃ a∈U. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real
n)))+(e+1 / (1+real n))
  | U. U ∈ funion-of-base ∧ U ⊆ A}
  by(force intro!: cSup-mono N bdd-aboveI[where M=measure N (space
N)+(e + 1/(1+real n))]
    N.bounded-measure simp: funion-of-base-def)
also have ... ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n)))+(e + 1 / (1 + real n))
  by(fastforce intro!:
    cSup-le-iff[THEN iffD2] bdd-aboveI[where M=measure N (space
N) + (e + 1 / (1 + real n))]
    N.bounded-measure N.finite-measure-mono
    simp: funion-of-base-def)
finally show measure L A
  ≤ measure N (⋃ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n)))+(e
+ 1 / (1 + real n)).
have measure N A = ⋃ (measure N ` {K. compactin mtopology K ∧ K
  ⊆ A})
  by(auto intro!: N.inner-regular-Polish[OF Polish-space-mtopology sets-N]
assms)
also have ... ≤ ⋃ (measure N ` {U. U ∈ funion-of-base ∧ U ⊆ A})
  proof(safe intro!: cSup-mono bdd-aboveI[where M=measure N (space
N)] N.bounded-measure)
    fix K

```

```

assume K:compactin mtopology K K ⊆ A
obtain U where Aun: A = ∪ U U ⊆ O
  using A base by(auto simp: base-in-def)
obtain F where F: finite F F ⊆ U K ⊆ ∪ F
  using compactinD[OF K(1),of U] Aun K base-in-openin[OF base(2)]
by blast
hence Ffunion: ∪ F ∈ funion-of-base ∪ F ⊆ A
  using F Aun K by (auto simp: funion-of-base-def)
  with F(3) show ∃ y∈ measure N ‘ {U ∈ funion-of-base. U ⊆ A}.
measure N K ≤ y
  by(auto intro!: exI[where x=∪ F] N.finite-measure-mono meas-funion-of-base[simplified
sets-N])
qed auto
also have ... ≤ ∑ {measure L ((∪ a∈U. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n))) +
(e + 1 / (1 + real n)) |
  U. U ∈ funion-of-base ∧ U ⊆ A)}
  by(force intro!: cSup-mono N bdd-aboveI[where M=measure L (space
L) + (e + 1 / (1 + real n))]
    L.bounded-measure simp: funion-of-base-def)
also have ... ≤ measure L ((∪ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n))) +
(e + 1 / (1 + real n)))
  by(fastforce intro!:
    cSup-le-iff[THEN iffD2] bdd-aboveI[where M=measure L (space L)
+ (e + 1 / (1 + real n))] |
    L.bounded-measure L.finite-measure-mono
    simp: funion-of-base-def)
finally show measure N A ≤ measure L ((∪ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1
+ real n))) + (e + 1 / (1 + real n))).
qed(insert e n, auto intro!: add-nonneg-pos)
qed(fastforce intro!: bdd-belowI[where m=0])
thus N ∈ LPm.mcball L e
  using N(1) L by(auto simp: LPm-open)
qed
also have ... ∈ sets ?Giry
proof -
  have h:(λN. measure N A) ‘
    {..measure L ((∪ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n))) + (e + 1 /
    (1 + real n)))} ∩ P
    ∈ sets ?Giry (is ?m1)
    (λN. measure N
      ((∪ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n)))) ‘ {measure L A - (e +
      1 / (1 + real n))..}) ∩ P
    ∈ sets ?Giry (is ?m2) if A ∈ funion-of-base for A n
  proof -
    have P:P = space ?Giry unfolding P-def space-finite-measure-algebra by
    auto
    have [measurable]:A ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology)
      ((∪ a∈A. mball a (e + 1 / (1 + real n))) ∈ sets (borel-of mtopology))
    using that by simp (auto intro!: borel-of-open)

```

```

show ?m1 ?m2
  by(auto intro!: measurable-sets simp: P)
qed
show ?thesis
  by(rule sets.countable-INT'[OF countable-funion-of-base funion-of-base-ne])
(use h in blast)
qed
finally show LPm.mcball L e ∈ sets ?Giry .
qed
qed
finally show ?thesis .
qed

corollary sets-LPm-eq-sets-finite-measure-algebra:
assumes mcomplete separable-space mtopology
shows sets (borel-of LPm.mtopology) = sets (finite-measure-algebra (borel-of
mtopology))
using sets-LPm1 sets-LPm2[OF assms] by simp

end

corollary weak-conv-topology-eq-finite-measure-algebra:
assumes Polish-space X
shows sets (borel-of (weak-conv-topology X)) = sets (finite-measure-algebra (borel-of
X))
proof –
  obtain d where d:Metric-space (topspace X) d Metric-space.mcomplete (topspace
X) d
    Metric-space.mtopology (topspace X) d = X
  by (metis Metric-space.topspace-mtopology assms completely-metrizable-space-def
Polish-space-imp-completely-metrizable-space)
  then interpret Levy-Prokhorov topspace X d
    by (auto simp add: Levy-Prokhorov-def)
  have sep: separable-space mtopology
    by (simp add: assms d(3) Polish-space-imp-separable-space)
  show ?thesis
  using sets-LPm-eq-sets-finite-measure-algebra[OF d(2) sep] LPmtopology-eq-weak-conv-topology[OF
sep]
    by(simp add: d)
qed

corollary weak-conv-topology-eq-subprob-algebra:
assumes Polish-space X
shows sets (borel-of (subtopology (weak-conv-topology X) {N. subprob-space N ∧
sets N = sets (borel-of X)}))
  = sets (subprob-algebra (borel-of X)) (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof –
  have ?lhs = sets (borel-of (subtopology (weak-conv-topology X) {N. sets N =
sets (borel-of X) ∧ subprob-space N}))

```

```

by meson
also have ... = sets (borel-of (subtopology (weak-conv-topology X) {N. subprob-space N}))
  using subtopology-restrict[of weak-conv-topology X {N. subprob-space N}]
  by(auto intro!: arg-cong[where f=λx. sets (borel-of x)] simp: Collect-conj-eq[symmetric]
    subprob-space-def)
also have ... = ?rhs
  by(auto simp: borel-of-subtopology sets-subprob-algebra-restrict
    weak-conv-topology-eq-finite-measure-algebra[OF assms]
    intro!: sets-restrict-space-cong)
finally show ?thesis .
qed

corollary weak-conv-topology-eq-prob-algebra:
assumes Polish-space X
shows sets (borel-of (subtopology (weak-conv-topology X) {N. prob-space N ∧
  sets N = sets (borel-of X)}))
  = sets (prob-algebra (borel-of X)) (is ?lhs = ?rhs)
proof –
  have ?lhs = sets (borel-of (subtopology
    (subtopology (weak-conv-topology X) {N. subprob-space N ∧
      sets N = sets (borel-of X)}))
    {N. prob-space N}))
  by(auto simp: subtopology-subtopology Collect-conj-eq[symmetric] dest:prob-space-imp-subprob-space
    intro!: arg-cong[where f=λx. sets (borel-of (subtopology - x))])
  also have ... = sets (restrict-space (borel-of (subtopology (weak-conv-topology X)
    {N. subprob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of X)})) {N.
    prob-space N})
    by(simp add: borel-of-subtopology)
  also have ... = sets (restrict-space (subprob-algebra (borel-of X)) {N. prob-space
    N})
    by(simp cong: sets-restrict-space-cong add: weak-conv-topology-eq-subprob-algebra[OF
      assms])
  also have ... = ?rhs
    by(simp add: prob-algebra-def)
  finally show ?thesis .
qed

```

### 6.3 Standardness

```

lemma closedin-weak-conv-topology-r:
  closedin (weak-conv-topology X) {N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) ∧ N (space N)
  ≤ ennreal r}
proof(rule closedin-limitin)
  fix Ni N
  assume h: ∀ U. Ni U ∈ topspace (weak-conv-topology X)
  limitin (weak-conv-topology X) Ni N (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology X) N)
  ∑ U. N ∈ U ⇒ openin (weak-conv-topology X) U
  ⇒ Ni U ∈ {N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) ∧ emeasure N (space N)}

```

```

 $\leq ennreal r\}$ 
have  $x: sets N = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure N$ 
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] by auto
interpret  $N: finite-measure N$ 
  by fact
interpret  $Ni: finite-measure Ni i$  for  $i$ 
  using h(1) by simp
have  $\bigwedge f. continuous-map X euclideanreal f \implies (\exists B. \forall x \in topspace X. abs(f x) \leq B)$ 
   $\implies ((\lambda n. \int x. fx \partial Ni n) \longrightarrow (\int x. fx \partial N)) (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology X) N)$ 
  using h(2) by (auto simp: weak-conv-on-def)
  from this[of  $\lambda x. 1$ ]
have  $((\lambda n. measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n))) \longrightarrow measure N (space N)) (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology X) N)$ 
  by auto
hence  $((\lambda n. Ni n (space (Ni n))) \longrightarrow N (space N)) (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology X) N)$ 
  by (simp add: N.emeasure-eq-measure Ni.emeasure-eq-measure)
hence emeasure  $N (space N) \leq ennreal r$ 
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] h(3) by (auto intro!: tendsto-upperbound eventually-nhdsin-setsI)
thus  $N \in \{N. sets N = sets (borel-of X) \wedge emeasure N (space N) \leq ennreal r\}$ 
  using x by blast
qed (auto intro!: finite-measureI simp: top.extremum-unique)

lemma closedin-weak-conv-topology-subprob:
closedin (weak-conv-topology X) {N. subprob-space N  $\wedge$  sets N = sets (borel-of X)}
proof(rule closedin-limitin)
fix  $Ni N$ 
assume  $h: \bigwedge U. Ni U \in topspace (weak-conv-topology X)$ 
limitin (weak-conv-topology X)  $Ni N (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology X) N)$ 
 $\bigwedge U. N \in U \implies openin (weak-conv-topology X) U$ 
 $\implies Ni U \in \{N. subprob-space N \wedge sets N = sets (borel-of X)\}$ 
have  $x: sets N = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure N$ 
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] by auto
have  $X: topspace X \neq \{\}$ 
  using h(3)[OF limitin-topspace[OF h(2)], simplified openin-topspace]
  by (auto simp: subprob-space-def space-borel-of subprob-space-axioms-def cong: sets-eq-imp-space-eq)
interpret  $N: finite-measure N$ 
  by fact
interpret  $Ni: finite-measure Ni i$  for  $i$ 
  using h(1) by simp
have  $\bigwedge f. continuous-map X euclideanreal f \implies (\exists B. \forall x \in topspace X. abs(f x) \leq B)$ 
   $\implies ((\lambda n. \int x. fx \partial Ni n) \longrightarrow (\int x. fx \partial N)) (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology X) N)$ 

```

```

using h by(auto simp: weak-conv-on-def)
from this[of λx. 1]
have ((λn. measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n))) —→ measure N (space N)) (nhdsin-sets
(weak-conv-topology X) N)
  by auto
hence 1:(λn. Ni n (space (Ni n))) —→ N (space N) (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology
X) N)
  by (simp add: N.emeasure-eq-measure Ni.emeasure-eq-measure)
hence emeasure N (space N) ≤ 1
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] h(3)
  by(auto intro!: tendsto-upperbound[OF 1] eventually-nhdsin-setsI dest:subprob-space.subprob-emeasure-le-1)
hence subprob-space N
  using X by(auto intro!: subprob-spaceI simp: sets-eq-imp-space-eq[OF x(1)]
space-borel-of)
thus N ∈ {N. subprob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of X)}
  using x h(3) by fast
qed (auto simp: subprob-space-def)

lemma closedin-weak-conv-topology-prob:
closedin (weak-conv-topology X) {N. prob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of X)}
proof(rule closedin-limitin)
fix Ni N
assume h: ∀ U. Ni U ∈ topspace (weak-conv-topology X)
limitin (weak-conv-topology X) Ni N (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology X) N)
  ∧ U. N ∈ U ⟹ openin (weak-conv-topology X) U
    ⟹ Ni U ∈ {N. prob-space N ∧ sets N = sets (borel-of X)}
have x: sets N = sets (borel-of X) finite-measure N
  using limitin-topspace[OF h(2)] by auto
interpret N: finite-measure N
  by fact
interpret Ni: finite-measure Ni i for i
  using h(1) by simp
have ∀ f. continuous-map X euclideanreal f ⟹ (∃ B. ∀ x ∈ topspace X. abs (f x)
≤ B)
  ⟹ ((λn. ∫ x. fx ∂Ni n) —→ (∫ x. fx ∂N)) (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology
X) N)
  using h by(auto simp: weak-conv-on-def)
from this[of λx. 1]
have ((λn. measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n))) —→ measure N (space N)) (nhdsin-sets
(weak-conv-topology X) N)
  by auto
hence ((λn. 1) —→ measure N (space N)) (nhdsin-sets (weak-conv-topology X)
N)
  using x h
  by(auto intro!: tendsto-cong[where f=λn. measure (Ni n) (space (Ni n))
and g=λn. 1, THEN iffD1] eventually-nhdsin-setsI prob-space.prob-space)
hence measure N (space N) = 1
  by (metis nhdsin-sets-bot h(2) limitin-topspace tendsto-const-iff)
hence prob-space N

```

```

    by (simp add: N.emeasure_eq_measure prob-spaceI)
thus  $N \in \{N. \text{prob-space } N \wedge \text{sets } N = \text{sets}(\text{borel-of } X)\}$ 
    using x by blast
qed (auto simp: prob-space.finite-measure)

```

**corollary**

```

assumes standard-borel M
shows standard-borel-finite-measure-algebra: standard-borel (finite-measure-algebra
M)
    and standard-borel-ne-finite-measure-algebra: standard-borel-ne (finite-measure-algebra
M)
    and standard-borel-subprob-algebra: standard-borel (subprob-algebra M)
    and standard-borel-prob-algebra: standard-borel (prob-algebra M)

```

**proof –**

```

interpret sbn: standard-borel M by fact
obtain X where X: Polish-space X sets M = sets (borel-of X)
    using sbn.Polish-space by blast
show 1:standard-borel (finite-measure-algebra M)
    by (metis X finite-measure-algebra-cong Polish-space-weak-conv-topology stan-
dard-borel.intro weak-conv-topology-eq-finite-measure-algebra)
moreover have null-measure M ∈ space (finite-measure-algebra M)
    by (auto simp: space-finite-measure-algebra intro!: finite-measureI)
ultimately show standard-borel-ne (finite-measure-algebra M)
    using standard-borel-ne-axioms-def standard-borel-ne-def by force
show standard-borel (subprob-algebra M)
    using Polish-space-closedin[OF Polish-space-weak-conv-topology[OF X(1)]] closedin-weak-conv-topology-subp
by (auto cong: subprob-algebra-cong
    simp: X(2) weak-conv-topology-eq-subprob-algebra[OF X(1),symmetric]
standard-borel-def)
show standard-borel (prob-algebra M)
    using Polish-space-closedin[OF Polish-space-weak-conv-topology[OF X(1)]] closedin-weak-conv-topology-prob
by (auto cong: prob-algebra-cong
    simp: X(2) weak-conv-topology-eq-prob-algebra[OF X(1),symmetric]
standard-borel-def)
qed

```

**corollary**

```

assumes standard-borel-ne M
shows standard-borel-ne-subprob-algebra: standard-borel-ne (subprob-algebra M)
    and standard-borel-ne-prob-algebra: standard-borel-ne (prob-algebra M)

```

**proof –**

```

obtain x where x:  $x \in \text{space } M$ 
    using assms standard-borel-ne.space-ne by auto
then have return M x ∈ space (subprob-algebra M) return M x ∈ space (prob-algebra
M)
    using prob-space-return

```

```

by(auto intro!: prob-space-imp-subprob-space simp: space-subprob-algebra space-prob-algebra)
thus standard-borel-ne (subprob-algebra M) standard-borel-ne (prob-algebra M)
  using assms standard-borel-subprob-algebra standard-borel-prob-algebra
    by(auto simp: standard-borel-ne-def standard-borel-ne-axioms-def)
qed

end

```

## References

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