

# An Isabelle/HOL formalisation of Green's Theorem

Mohammad Abdulaziz and Lawrence C. Paulson

February 6, 2026

## Abstract

We formalise a statement of Greens theorem—the first formalisation to our knowledge—in Isabelle/HOL. The theorem statement that we formalise is enough for most applications, especially in physics and engineering. Our formalisation is made possible by a novel proof that avoids the ubiquitous line integral cancellation argument. This eliminates the need to formalise orientations and region boundaries explicitly with respect to the outwards-pointing normal vector. Instead we appeal to a homological argument about equivalences between paths.

## 1 Acknowledgements

Paulson was supported by the ERC Advanced Grant ALEXANDRIA (Project 742178) funded by the European Research Council at the University of Cambridge, UK.

**theory** *General-Utils*

**imports** *HOL-Analysis.Analysis*

**begin**

**lemma** *lambda-skolem-gen*:  $(\forall i. \exists f': ('a \hat{=} 'n) \Rightarrow 'a. P i f') \longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\exists f': ('a \hat{=} 'n) \Rightarrow ('a \hat{=} 'n). \forall i. P i ((\lambda x. (f' x) \$ i)))$  (**is** *?lhs*  $\longleftrightarrow$  *?rhs*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *lambda-skolem-euclidean*:  $(\forall i \in \text{Basis}. \exists f': ('a::\{\text{euclidean-space}\} \Rightarrow \text{real}). P$   
 $i f') \longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\exists f': ('a::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space}). \forall i \in \text{Basis}. P i ((\lambda x. (f' x) \cdot i)))$   
(**is** *?lhs*  $\longleftrightarrow$  *?rhs*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *lambda-skolem-euclidean-explicit*:  $(\forall i \in \text{Basis}. \exists f': ('a::\{\text{euclidean-space}\} \Rightarrow \text{real}).$   
 $P i f') \longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\exists f': ('a::\{\text{euclidean-space}\} \Rightarrow 'a). \forall i \in \text{Basis}. P i ((\lambda x. (f' x) \cdot i)))$  (**is** *?lhs*  $\longleftrightarrow$   
*?rhs*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *indic-ident*:

$\bigwedge (f::'a \Rightarrow \text{real}) s. (\lambda x. (f x) * \text{indicator } s x) = (\lambda x. \text{if } x \in s \text{ then } f x \text{ else } 0)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *real-pair-basis*:  $\text{Basis} = \{(1::\text{real}, 0::\text{real}), (0::\text{real}, 1::\text{real})\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *real-singleton-in-borel*:

**shows**  $\{a::\text{real}\} \in \text{sets borel}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *real-singleton-in-lborel*:

**shows**  $\{a::\text{real}\} \in \text{sets lborel}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cbox-diff*:

**shows**  $\{0::\text{real}..1\} - \{0,1\} = \text{box } 0 \ 1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sum-bij*:

**assumes** *bij*  $F$

$\forall x \in s. f x = g (F x)$

**shows**  $\bigwedge t. F^{-1} s = t \implies \text{sum } f s = \text{sum } g t$

*<proof>*

**abbreviation** *surj-on where*

*surj-on*  $s f \equiv s \subseteq \text{range } f$

**lemma** *surj-on-image-vimage-eq*: *surj-on*  $s f \implies f^{-1} (f^{-1} s) = s$

*<proof>*

**end**

**theory** *Derivs*

**imports** *General-Utills*

**begin**

**lemma** *field-simp-has-vector-derivative* [*derivative-intros*]:

$(f \text{ has-field-derivative } y) F \implies (f \text{ has-vector-derivative } y) F$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *continuous-on-cases-empty* [*continuous-intros*]:

$\llbracket \text{closed } S; \text{ continuous-on } S f; \bigwedge x. \llbracket x \in S; \neg P x \rrbracket \implies f x = g x \rrbracket \implies$   
*continuous-on*  $S (\lambda x. \text{if } P x \text{ then } f x \text{ else } g x)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inj-on-cases*:

**assumes** *inj-on*  $f$  ( $\text{Collect } P \cap S$ ) *inj-on*  $g$  ( $\text{Collect } (\text{Not } \circ P) \cap S$ )  
 $f' \text{ ' } (\text{Collect } P \cap S) \cap g' \text{ ' } (\text{Collect } (\text{Not } \circ P) \cap S) = \{\}$   
**shows** *inj-on*  $(\lambda x. \text{if } P \ x \ \text{then } f \ x \ \text{else } g \ x)$   $S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *inj-on-arccos*:  $S \subseteq \{-1..1\} \implies \text{inj-on arccos } S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-componentwise-within*:

$(f \text{ has-vector-derivative } f') \text{ (at } a \text{ within } S) \iff$   
 $(\forall i \in \text{Basis}. ((\lambda x. f \ x \cdot i) \text{ has-vector-derivative } (f' \cdot i)) \text{ (at } a \text{ within } S))$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-pair-within*:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space}$   
**assumes**  $\bigwedge u. u \in \text{Basis} \implies ((\lambda x. f \ x \cdot u) \text{ has-vector-derivative } f' \cdot u)$  (at  $x$  within  $S$ )  
 $\bigwedge u. u \in \text{Basis} \implies ((\lambda x. g \ x \cdot u) \text{ has-vector-derivative } g' \cdot u)$  (at  $x$  within  $S$ )  
**shows**  $((\lambda x. (f \ x, g \ x)) \text{ has-vector-derivative } (f', g'))$  (at  $x$  within  $S$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-const*:

**shows**  $(\lambda x. c)$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$   
*<proof>*

**declare** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-const* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]

**declare** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-neg* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]

**declare** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-add* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]

**declare** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-diff* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-ident* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-vector}$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. x)$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-mult* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-algebra}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   $g$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. f \ x * g \ x)$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *C1-differentiable-on-cdiv* [*simp*, *derivative-intros*]:

**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a :: \text{real-normed-field}$   
**shows**  $f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S \implies (\lambda x. f \ x / c)$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-cdiv* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{real-normed-field}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. f\ x / c)$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *sqrt-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**assumes**  $f: f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$  **and**  $\text{fim}: f\ 'S \subseteq \{0<..\}$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt}\ (f\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *sqrt-piecewise-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**assumes**  $f: f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$  **and**  $\text{fim}: f\ 'S \subseteq \{0<..\}$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{sqrt}\ (f\ x))$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\{\text{banach,real-normed-field}\}$   
**assumes**  $f: f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows** *sin-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  $(\lambda x. \text{sin}\ (f\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**and** *cos-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  $(\lambda x. \text{cos}\ (f\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *has-derivative-abs*:  
**fixes**  $a::\text{real}$   
**assumes**  $a \neq 0$   
**shows**  $(\text{abs}\ \text{has-derivative}\ ((*)\ (\text{sgn}\ a)))$   $(\text{at}\ a)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *abs-C1-differentiable* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $f: f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$  **and**  $0 \notin f\ 'S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{abs}\ (f\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *C1-differentiable-on-pair* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   $g$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. (f\ x, g\ x))$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-pair* [*simp, derivative-intros*]:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{euclidean-space}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   $g$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. (f\ x, g\ x))$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $S$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *test2*:

**assumes**  $s: \bigwedge x. x \in \{0..1\} - s \implies g$  *differentiable at x*  
**and**  $fs$ : *finite s* **and**  $uv$ :  $u \in \{0..1\} v \in \{0..1\} u \leq v$   
**and**  $x \in \{0..1\} x \notin (\lambda t. (v-u) *_{\mathbb{R}} t + u) - 's$   
**shows**  $\text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. g ((v-u) * x + u))$  *(at x within {0..1}) = (v-u)*  
 $*_{\mathbb{R}} \text{vector-derivative } g$  *(at ((v-u) \* x + u) within {0..1})*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *C1-differentiable-on-components*:

**assumes**  $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies (\lambda x. f x \cdot i)$  *C1-differentiable-on s*  
**shows**  $f$  *C1-differentiable-on s*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-components*:

**assumes** *finite t*  
 $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies (\lambda x. f x \cdot i)$  *C1-differentiable-on s - t*  
 $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} \implies \text{continuous-on } s$   $(\lambda x. f x \cdot i)$   
**shows**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on s*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *all-components-smooth-one-pw-smooth-is-pw-smooth*:

**assumes**  $\bigwedge i. i \in \text{Basis} - \{j\} \implies (\lambda x. f x \cdot i)$  *C1-differentiable-on s*  
**assumes**  $(\lambda x. f x \cdot j)$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on s*  
**shows**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on s*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *derivative-component-fun-component*:

**fixes**  $i::'a::\text{euclidean-space}$   
**assumes**  $f$  *differentiable (at x)*  
**shows**  $((\text{vector-derivative } f \text{ (at } x)) \cdot i) = ((\text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (f x) \cdot i) \text{ (at } x)))$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *gamma-deriv-at-within*:

**assumes**  $a \leq b$ :  $a < b$  **and**  
 $x$ -*within-bounds*:  $x \in \{a..b\}$  **and**  
 $\gamma$ -*differentiable*:  $\forall x \in \{a..b\}. \gamma$  *differentiable at x*  
**shows**  $\text{vector-derivative } \gamma$  *(at x within {a..b}) = vector-derivative } \gamma* *(at x)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *islimpt-diff-finite*:

**assumes** *finite*  $(t::'a::t1\text{-space set})$   
**shows**  $x$  *islimpt*  $s - t = x$  *islimpt*  $s$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *ivl-limpt-diff*:

**assumes** *finite*  $s$   $a < b$   $(x::\text{real}) \in \{a..b\} - s$   
**shows**  $x$  *islimpt*  $\{a..b\} - s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ivl-closure-diff-del:*

**assumes** *finite s a < b (x::real) ∈ {a..b} - s*

**shows** *x ∈ closure (({a..b} - s) - {x})*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ivl-not-trivial-limit-within:*

**assumes** *finite s*

*a < b*

*(x::real) ∈ {a..b} - s*

**shows** *at x within {a..b} - s ≠ bot*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vector-derivative-at-within-non-trivial-limit:*

*at x within s ≠ bot ∧ (f has-vector-derivative f') (at x) ⇒*

*vector-derivative f (at x within s) = f'*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *vector-derivative-at-within-ivl-diff:*

*finite s ∧ a < b ∧ (x::real) ∈ {a..b} - s ∧ (f has-vector-derivative f') (at x) ⇒*

*vector-derivative f (at x within {a..b} - s) = f'*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gamma-deriv-at-within-diff:*

**assumes** *a-leq-b: a < b and*

*x-within-bounds: x ∈ {a..b} - s and*

*gamma-differentiable: ∀ x ∈ {a .. b} - s. γ differentiable at x and*

*s-subset: s ⊆ {a..b} and*

*finite-s: finite s*

**shows** *vector-derivative γ (at x within {a..b} - s)*

*= vector-derivative γ (at x)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gamma-deriv-at-within-gen:*

**assumes** *a-leq-b: a < b and*

*x-within-bounds: x ∈ s and*

*s-subset: s ⊆ {a..b} and*

*gamma-differentiable: ∀ x ∈ s. γ differentiable at x*

**shows** *vector-derivative γ (at x within ({a..b})) = vector-derivative γ (at x)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *derivative-component-fun-component-at-within-gen:*

**assumes** *gamma-differentiable: ∀ x ∈ s. γ differentiable at x and s-subset: s ⊆ {0..1}*

**shows** *∀ x ∈ s. vector-derivative (λx. γ x) (at x within {0..1}) · (i::'a:: euclidean-space)*

*= vector-derivative (λx. γ x · i) (at x within {0..1})*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *derivative-component-fun-component-at-within*:  
**assumes** *gamma-differentiable*:  $\forall x \in \{0 .. 1\}. \gamma$  differentiable at  $x$   
**shows**  $\forall x \in \{0..1\}. \text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. \gamma x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\}) \cdot (i::'a:: \text{euclidean-space})$   
 $= \text{vector-derivative } (\lambda x. \gamma x \cdot i) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *straight-path-differentiable-x*:  
**fixes**  $b :: \text{real}$  **and**  $y1 :: \text{real}$   
**assumes** *gamma-def*:  $\gamma = (\lambda x. (b, y2 + y1 * x))$   
**shows**  $\forall x. \gamma$  differentiable at  $x$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *straight-path-differentiable-y*:  
**fixes**  $b :: \text{real}$  **and**  
 $y1 y2 :: \text{real}$   
**assumes** *gamma-def*:  $\gamma = (\lambda x. (y2 + y1 * x, b))$   
**shows**  $\forall x. \gamma$  differentiable at  $x$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on-imp-continuous-on*:  
**assumes**  $f$  piecewise-C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
**shows** continuous-on  $s$   $f$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *boring-lemma1*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes** ( $f$  has-vector-derivative  $D$ ) (at  $x$ )  
**shows**  $((\lambda x. (f x, 0))$  has-vector-derivative  $((D, 0::\text{real}))$ ) (at  $x$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *boring-lemma2*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes** ( $f$  has-vector-derivative  $D$ ) (at  $x$ )  
**shows**  $((\lambda x. (0, f x))$  has-vector-derivative  $(0, D)$ ) (at  $x$ )  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *pair-prod-smooth-pw-smooth*:  
**assumes**  $(f::\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  C1-differentiable-on  $s$   $(g::\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  piecewise-C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
**shows**  $(\lambda x. (f x, g x))$  piecewise-C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *scale-shift-smooth*:  
**shows**  $(\lambda x. a + b * x)$  C1-differentiable-on  $s$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *open-diff*:

**assumes** *finite* ( $t::'a::t1$ -space set)  
 open ( $s::'a$  set)  
**shows** open ( $s - t$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-derivative-transform-within*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$   
 and  $x \in s$   
 and  $\forall x' \in s. \text{dist } x' x < d \longrightarrow f x' = g x'$   
 and (*f has-derivative f'*) (at  $x$  within  $s$ )  
**shows** (*g has-derivative f'*) (at  $x$  within  $s$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-derivative-transform-within-ivl*:

**assumes**  $(0::\text{real}) < b$   
 and  $\forall x \in \{a..b\} - s. f x = g x$   
 and  $x \in \{a..b\} - s$   
 and (*f has-derivative f'*) (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\} - s$ )  
**shows** (*g has-derivative f'*) (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\} - s$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-transform-within-ivl*:

**assumes**  $(0::\text{real}) < b$   
 and  $\forall x \in \{a..b\} - s. f x = g x$   
 and  $x \in \{a..b\} - s$   
 and (*f has-vector-derivative f'*) (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\} - s$ )  
**shows** (*g has-vector-derivative f'*) (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\} - s$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-derivative-transform-at*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$   
 and  $\forall x'. \text{dist } x' x < d \longrightarrow f x' = g x'$   
 and (*f has-derivative f'*) (at  $x$ )  
**shows** (*g has-derivative f'*) (at  $x$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-transform-at*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$   
 and  $\forall x'. \text{dist } x' x < d \longrightarrow f x' = g x'$   
 and (*f has-vector-derivative f'*) (at  $x$ )  
**shows** (*g has-vector-derivative f'*) (at  $x$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *C1-diff-components-2*:

**assumes**  $b \in \text{Basis}$   
**assumes** *f C1-differentiable-on s*  
**shows**  $(\lambda x. f x \cdot b)$  *C1-differentiable-on s*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *eq-smooth*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$

$\forall x \in s. \forall y. \text{dist } x \ y < d \longrightarrow f \ y = g \ y$

$f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

**shows**  $g$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *eq-pw-smooth*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$

$\forall x \in s. \forall y. \text{dist } x \ y < d \longrightarrow f \ y = g \ y$

$\forall x \in s. f \ x = g \ x$

$f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

**shows**  $g$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *scale-piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*:

**assumes**  $f$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

**shows**  $(\lambda x. (c::\text{real}) * (f \ x))$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *eq-smooth-gen*:

**assumes**  $f$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

$\forall x. f \ x = g \ x$

**shows**  $g$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $s$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subpath-compose*:

**shows**  $(\text{subpath } a \ b \ \gamma) = \gamma \ o \ (\lambda x. (b - a) * x + a)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subpath-smooth*:

**assumes**  $\gamma$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   $0 \leq a < b \leq 1$

**shows**  $(\text{subpath } a \ b \ \gamma)$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-vector-derivative-divide*[*derivative-intros*]:

**fixes**  $a :: 'a::\text{real-normed-field}$

**shows**  $(f$  *has-vector-derivative*  $x) \ F \Longrightarrow ((\lambda x. f \ x / a)$  *has-vector-derivative*  $(x / a)) \ F$

*<proof>*

**end**

**theory** *Integrals*

**imports** *HOL-Analysis.Analysis General-Utills*

**begin**

**lemma** *gauge-integral-Fubini-universe-x*:

**fixes**  $f :: ('a::\text{euclidean-space} * 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$

**assumes** *fun-lesbeque-integrable: integrable lborel*  $f$  **and**

*x-axis-integral-measurable*:  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(x, y))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$

**shows**  $\text{integral UNIV } f = \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(x, y)))$   
 $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(x, y))) \text{ integrable-on UNIV}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gauge-integral-Fubini-universe-y*:

**fixes**  $f :: ('a::\text{euclidean-space} * 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$

**assumes** *fun-lesbegue-integrable*: *integrable lborel f* **and**

*y-axis-integral-measurable*:  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(y, x))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$

**shows**  $\text{integral UNIV } f = \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(y, x)))$   
 $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(y, x))) \text{ integrable-on UNIV}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gauge-integral-Fubini-curve-bounded-region-x*:

**fixes**  $f g :: ('a::\text{euclidean-space} * 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**

$g1 g2 :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b$  **and**

$s :: ('a * 'b) \text{ set}$

**assumes** *fun-lesbegue-integrable*: *integrable lborel f* **and**

*x-axis-gauge-integrable*:  $\bigwedge x. (\lambda y. f(x, y)) \text{ integrable-on UNIV}$  **and**

*x-axis-integral-measurable*:  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(x, y))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$  **and**

*f-is-g-indicator*:  $f = (\lambda x. \text{if } x \in s \text{ then } g x \text{ else } 0)$  **and**

*s-is-bounded-by-g1-and-g2*:  $s = \{(x, y). (\forall i \in \text{Basis}. a \cdot i \leq x \cdot i \wedge x \cdot i \leq b \cdot i)$

$\wedge$

$(\forall i \in \text{Basis}. (g1 x) \cdot i \leq y \cdot i \wedge y \cdot i \leq (g2 x) \cdot i)\}$

**shows**  $\text{integral } s g = \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a b) (\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } (g1 x) (g2 x)) (\lambda y. g(x, y)))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gauge-integral-Fubini-curve-bounded-region-y*:

**fixes**  $f g :: ('a::\text{euclidean-space} * 'b::\text{euclidean-space}) \Rightarrow 'c::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**

$g1 g2 :: 'b \Rightarrow 'a$  **and**

$s :: ('a * 'b) \text{ set}$

**assumes** *fun-lesbegue-integrable*: *integrable lborel f* **and**

*y-axis-gauge-integrable*:  $\bigwedge x. (\lambda y. f(y, x)) \text{ integrable-on UNIV}$  **and**

*y-axis-integral-measurable*:  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. f(y, x))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$  **and**

*f-is-g-indicator*:  $f = (\lambda x. \text{if } x \in s \text{ then } g x \text{ else } 0)$  **and**

*s-is-bounded-by-g1-and-g2*:  $s = \{(y, x). (\forall i \in \text{Basis}. a \cdot i \leq x \cdot i \wedge x \cdot i \leq b \cdot i)$

$\wedge$

$(\forall i \in \text{Basis}. (g1 x) \cdot i \leq y \cdot i \wedge y \cdot i \leq$

$(g2 x) \cdot i)\}$

**shows**  $\text{integral } s g = \text{integral } (\text{cbox } a b) (\lambda x. \text{integral } (\text{cbox } (g1 x) (g2 x)) (\lambda y. g(y, x)))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gauge-integral-by-substitution:*

**fixes**  $f::(\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  **and**

$g::(\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  **and**

$g'::\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$  **and**

$a::\text{real}$  **and**

$b::\text{real}$

**assumes**  $a \leq b$  **and**

$g \text{ a-le-gb: } g \text{ a} \leq g \text{ b}$  **and**

$g' \text{-derivative: } \forall x \in \{a..b\}. (g \text{ has-vector-derivative } (g' x))$  (at  $x$  within  $\{a..b\}$ )

**and**

$g' \text{-continuous: continuous-on } \{a..b\} g'$  **and**

$f \text{-continuous: continuous-on } (g' \text{ ` } \{a..b\}) f$

**shows**  $\text{integral } \{g \text{ a}..g \text{ b}\} (f) = \text{integral } \{a..b\} (\lambda x. f(g x) * (g' x))$

*<proof>*

**lemma**

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$

**shows**  $\text{frontier-ic: frontier } \{a<..b\} = \{a,b\}$

**and**  $\text{frontier-ci: frontier } \{a<..**b\} = \{a,b\}**$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ic-not-closed:*

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$

**shows**  $\neg \text{closed } \{a<..b\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *closure-ic-union-ci:*

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$   $b < c$

**shows**  $\text{closure } (\{a<..b\} \cup \{b<..c\}) = \{a .. c\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *interior-ic-ci-union:*

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$   $b < c$

**shows**  $b \notin (\text{interior } (\{a<..b\} \cup \{b<..c\}))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *frontier-ic-union-ci:*

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$   $b < c$

**shows**  $b \in \text{frontier } (\{a<..b\} \cup \{b<..c\})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ic-union-ci-not-closed:*

**assumes**  $a < (b::\text{real})$   $b < c$

**shows**  $\neg \text{closed } (\{a<..b\} \cup \{b<..c\})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *integrable-continuous-:*

**fixes**  $f :: 'b::\text{euclidean-space} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{banach}$

**assumes** *continuous-on* (cbox a b) f  
**shows** f *integrable-on* cbox a b  
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *removing-singletons-from-div*:  
**assumes**  $\forall t \in S. \exists c d :: \text{real}. c < d \wedge \{c..d\} = t$   
 $\{x\} \cup \bigcup_{\text{finite } S} S = \{a..b\}$   $a < x < b$   
**shows**  $\exists t \in S. x \in t$   
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *remove-singleton-from-division-of*:  
**assumes** A *division-of* {a::real..b} a < b  
**assumes**  $x \in \{a..b\}$   
**shows**  $\exists c d. c < d \wedge \{c..d\} \in A \wedge x \in \{c..d\}$   
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *remove-singleton-from-tagged-division-of*:  
**assumes** A *tagged-division-of* {a::real..b} a < b  
**assumes**  $x \in \{a..b\}$   
**shows**  $\exists k c d. c < d \wedge (k, \{c..d\}) \in A \wedge x \in \{c..d\}$   
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *tagged-div-wo-singletons*:  
**assumes** p *tagged-division-of* {a::real..b} a < b  
**shows**  $(p - \{xk. \exists x y. xk = (x, \{y\})\})$  *tagged-division-of* cbox a b  
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *tagged-div-wo-empty*:  
**assumes** p *tagged-division-of* {a::real..b} a < b  
**shows**  $(p - \{xk. \exists x. xk = (x, \{\})\})$  *tagged-division-of* cbox a b  
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *fine-diff*:  
**assumes**  $\gamma$  *fine* p  
**shows**  $\gamma$  *fine* (p - s)  
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *tagged-div-tage-notin-set*:  
**assumes** *finite* (s::real set)  
p *tagged-division-of* {a..b}  
 $\gamma$  *fine* p  $(\forall (x, K) \in p. \exists c d :: \text{real}. c < d \wedge K = \{c..d\})$  *gauge*  $\gamma$   
**shows**  $\exists p' \gamma'. p'$  *tagged-division-of* {a..b}  $\wedge$   
 $\gamma'$  *fine* p'  $\wedge (\forall (x, K) \in p'. x \notin s) \wedge$  *gauge*  $\gamma'$   
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *has-integral-bound-spike-finite*:  
**fixes** f :: 'a::euclidean-space  $\Rightarrow$  'b::real-normed-vector  
**assumes**  $0 \leq B$  and *finite* S

**and**  $f: (f \text{ has-integral } i) (cbox \ a \ b)$   
**and**  $leB: \bigwedge x. x \in cbox \ a \ b - S \implies norm \ (f \ x) \leq B$   
**shows**  $norm \ i \leq B * measure \ lborel \ (cbox \ a \ b)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *has-integral-bound-*:  
**fixes**  $f :: real \Rightarrow 'a::real-normed-vector$   
**assumes**  $a < b$   
**and**  $0 \leq B$   
**and**  $f: (f \text{ has-integral } i) (cbox \ a \ b)$   
**and** *finite*  $s$   
**and**  $\forall x \in (cbox \ a \ b) - s. norm \ (f \ x) \leq B$   
**shows**  $norm \ i \leq B * measure \ lborel \ (cbox \ a \ b)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *has-integral-bound-real'*:  
**fixes**  $f :: real \Rightarrow 'b::real-normed-vector$   
**assumes**  $0 \leq B$   
**and**  $f: (f \text{ has-integral } i) (cbox \ a \ b)$   
**and** *finite*  $s$   
**and**  $\forall x \in (cbox \ a \ b) - s. norm \ (f \ x) \leq B$   
**shows**  $norm \ i \leq B * measure \ lborel \ \{a..b\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *integral-has-vector-derivative-continuous-at'*:  
**fixes**  $f :: real \Rightarrow 'a::banach$   
**assumes** *finite*  $s$   
**and**  $f: f \text{ integrable-on } \{a..b\}$   
**and**  $x: x \in \{a..b\} - s$   
**and**  $fx: \text{continuous} \ (at \ x \ \text{within} \ (\{a..b\} - s)) \ f$   
**shows**  $((\lambda u. \text{integral} \ \{a..u\} \ f) \text{ has-vector-derivative } f \ x) \ (at \ x \ \text{within} \ (\{a..b\} - s))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *at-within-closed-interval-finite*:  
**fixes**  $x::real$   
**assumes**  $a < x \ x < b \ x \notin S \ \text{finite } S$   
**shows**  $(at \ x \ \text{within} \ \{a..b\} - S) = at \ x$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *fundamental-theorem-of-calculus-interior-stronger'*:  
**fixes**  $f :: real \Rightarrow 'a::banach$   
**assumes** *finite*  $S$   
**and**  $a \leq b \ \bigwedge x. x \in \{a <..< b\} - S \implies (f \text{ has-vector-derivative } f'(x)) \ (at \ x \ \text{within} \ \{a..b\} - S)$   
**and** *continuous-on*  $\{a .. b\} \ f$   
**shows**  $(f' \text{ has-integral } (f \ b - f \ a)) \ \{a .. b\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *has-integral-substitution-general-*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $s$ : *finite s* **and**  $le$ :  $a \leq b$   
**and**  $subset$ :  $g^{-1} \{a..b\} \subseteq \{c..d\}$   
**and**  $f$ :  $f$  *integrable-on*  $\{c..d\}$  *continuous-on*  $(\{c..d\} - (g^{-1} s)) f$   
**and**  $g$  : *continuous-on*  $\{a..b\}$  *inj-on*  $g$   $(\{a..b\} \cup s)$   
**and**  $deriv$  [*derivative-intros*]:  
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \{a..b\} - s \implies (g \text{ has-field-derivative } g' x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\})$   
**shows**  $((\lambda x. g' x *_{\mathbb{R}} f (g x)) \text{ has-integral } (\text{integral } \{g a..g b\} f - \text{integral } \{g b..g a\} f)) \{a..b\}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-integral-substitution-general--*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $s$ : *finite s* **and**  $le$ :  $a \leq b$  **and**  $s$ -*subset*:  $s \subseteq \{a..b\}$   
**and**  $subset$ :  $g^{-1} \{a..b\} \subseteq \{c..d\}$   
**and**  $f$ :  $f$  *integrable-on*  $\{c..d\}$  *continuous-on*  $(\{c..d\} - (g^{-1} s)) f$   
**and**  $g$  : *continuous-on*  $\{a..b\}$  *inj-on*  $g$   $\{a..b\}$   
**and**  $deriv$  [*derivative-intros*]:  
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \{a..b\} - s \implies (g \text{ has-field-derivative } g' x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\})$   
**shows**  $((\lambda x. g' x *_{\mathbb{R}} f (g x)) \text{ has-integral } (\text{integral } \{g a..g b\} f - \text{integral } \{g b..g a\} f)) \{a..b\}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-integral-substitution-general-'*:  
**fixes**  $f :: \text{real} \Rightarrow 'a::\text{euclidean-space}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real}$   
**assumes**  $s$ : *finite s* **and**  $le$ :  $a \leq b$  **and**  $s'$ : *finite s'*  
**and**  $subset$ :  $g^{-1} \{a..b\} \subseteq \{c..d\}$   
**and**  $f$ :  $f$  *integrable-on*  $\{c..d\}$  *continuous-on*  $(\{c..d\} - s') f$   
**and**  $g$  : *continuous-on*  $\{a..b\}$   $g \forall x \in s'. \text{finite } (g^{-1} \{x\}) \text{ surj-on } s' g \text{ inj-on } g$   
 $(\{a..b\} \cup ((s \cup g^{-1} s')))$   
**and**  $deriv$  [*derivative-intros*]:  
 $\bigwedge x. x \in \{a..b\} - s \implies (g \text{ has-field-derivative } g' x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\})$   
**shows**  $((\lambda x. g' x *_{\mathbb{R}} f (g x)) \text{ has-integral } (\text{integral } \{g a..g b\} f - \text{integral } \{g b..g a\} f)) \{a..b\}$   
*<proof>*

**end**  
**theory** *Paths*  
**imports** *Derivs General-Utills Integrals*  
**begin**

**lemma** *reverse-subpaths-join*:  
**shows**  $\text{subpath } 1 \ (1 / 2) \ p \ +++ \ \text{subpath } (1 / 2) \ 0 \ p = \text{reversepath } p$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *line-integral*:: ('a::euclidean-space  $\Rightarrow$  'a::euclidean-space)  $\Rightarrow$  (('a) set)  
 $\Rightarrow$  (real  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  real **where**  
*line-integral* F basis g  $\equiv$  integral {0 .. 1} ( $\lambda x. \sum b \in \text{basis}. (F(g x) \cdot b) * (\text{vector-derivative } g$   
(at x within {0..1})  $\cdot b$ ))

**definition** *line-integral-exists where*  
*line-integral-exists* F basis  $\gamma \equiv (\lambda x. \sum b \in \text{basis}. F(\gamma x) \cdot b * (\text{vector-derivative } \gamma$   
(at x within {0..1})  $\cdot b$ ) integrable-on {0..1}

**lemma** *line-integral-on-pair-straight-path*:  
**fixes** F::('a::euclidean-space)  $\Rightarrow$  'a **and** g :: real  $\Rightarrow$  real **and**  $\gamma$   
**assumes** gamma-const:  $\forall x. \gamma(x) \cdot i = a$   
**and** gamma-smooth:  $\forall x \in \{0 .. 1\}. \gamma$  differentiable at x  
**shows** (line-integral F {i}  $\gamma$ ) = 0 (line-integral-exists F {i}  $\gamma$ )  
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-on-pair-path-strong*:  
**fixes** F::('a::euclidean-space)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a) **and**  
g::real  $\Rightarrow$  'a **and**  
 $\gamma$ ::(real  $\Rightarrow$  'a) **and**  
i::'a  
**assumes** i-norm-1: norm i = 1 **and**  
g-orthogonal-to-i:  $\forall x. g(x) \cdot i = 0$  **and**  
gamma-is-in-terms-of-i:  $\gamma = (\lambda x. f(x) *_R i + g(f(x)))$  **and**  
gamma-smooth:  $\gamma$  piecewise-C1-differentiable-on {0 .. 1} **and**  
g-continuous-on-f: continuous-on (f ' {0..1}) g **and**  
path-start-le-path-end: (pathstart  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i \leq$  (pathfinish  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$  **and**  
field-i-comp-cont: continuous-on (path-image  $\gamma$ ) ( $\lambda x. F x \cdot i$ )  
**shows** line-integral F {i}  $\gamma$   
= integral (cbox ((pathstart  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$ ) ((pathfinish  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$ )) ( $\lambda f\text{-var}. (F (f\text{-var}$   
\*\_R i + g(f-var))  $\cdot i$ ))  
line-integral-exists F {i}  $\gamma$   
⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-on-pair-path*:  
**fixes** F::('a::euclidean-space)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a) **and**  
g::real  $\Rightarrow$  'a **and**  
 $\gamma$ ::(real  $\Rightarrow$  'a) **and**  
i::'a  
**assumes** i-norm-1: norm i = 1 **and**  
g-orthogonal-to-i:  $\forall x. g(x) \cdot i = 0$  **and**  
gamma-is-in-terms-of-i:  $\gamma = (\lambda x. f(x) *_R i + g(f(x)))$  **and**  
gamma-smooth:  $\gamma$  C1-differentiable-on {0 .. 1} **and**  
g-continuous-on-f: continuous-on (f ' {0..1}) g **and**  
path-start-le-path-end: (pathstart  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i \leq$  (pathfinish  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$  **and**  
field-i-comp-cont: continuous-on (path-image  $\gamma$ ) ( $\lambda x. F x \cdot i$ )  
**shows** (line-integral F {i}  $\gamma$ )  
= integral (cbox ((pathstart  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$ ) ((pathfinish  $\gamma$ )  $\cdot i$ )) ( $\lambda f\text{-var}. (F$   
(f-var \*\_R i + g(f-var))  $\cdot i$ ))

*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-box-cases:*

*measure lborel (box a b) = (if  $\forall i \in \text{Basis}. a \cdot i \leq b \cdot i$  then prod ( $\lambda i. b \cdot i - a \cdot i$ ) Basis*  
*else 0)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-box-cbox:*

**shows** *measure lborel (box a b) = measure lborel (cbox a b)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-eq-0: measure lborel (box a b) = 0  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists i \in \text{Basis}. b \cdot i \leq a \cdot i$ )*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-pos-lt-eq: 0 < measure lborel (cbox a (b::'a::euclidean-space))  $\longleftrightarrow$*   
*( $\forall i \in \text{Basis}. a \cdot i < b \cdot i$ )*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-lt-nz: 0 < measure lborel (box a b)  $\longleftrightarrow$  measure lborel (box a b)*  
 *$\neq 0$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *content-subset: cbox a b  $\subseteq$  box c d  $\implies$  measure lborel (cbox a b)  $\leq$  measure*  
*lborel (box c d)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sum-content-null:*

**assumes** *measure lborel (box a b) = 0*

**and** *p tagged-division-of (box a b)*

**shows** *sum ( $\lambda(x,k). \text{measure lborel } k *_R f x$ ) p = (0::'a::real-normed-vector)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-integral-null [intro]: measure lborel(box a b) = 0  $\implies$  (f has-integral 0)*  
*(box a b)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-distrib:*

**assumes** *line-integral-exists f basis g1*

*line-integral-exists f basis g2*

*valid-path g1 valid-path g2*

**shows** *line-integral f basis (g1 +++ g2) = line-integral f basis g1 + line-integral*  
*f basis g2*

*line-integral-exists f basis (g1 +++ g2)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-joinD1:*

**assumes** *line-integral-exists f basis (g1 +++ g2) valid-path g1*

**shows** *line-integral-exists f basis g1*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-joinD2:*

**assumes** *line-integral-exists f basis (g1 +++ g2) valid-path g2*

**shows** *line-integral-exists f basis g2*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *has-line-integral-on-reverse-path:*

**assumes** *g: valid-path g and int:*

*(( $\lambda x. \sum_{b \in \text{basis}. F (g x) \cdot b * (\text{vector-derivative } g \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\}) \cdot b)$ )*  
*has-integral c){0..1}*

**shows** *(( $\lambda x. \sum_{b \in \text{basis}. F ((\text{reversepath } g) x) \cdot b * (\text{vector-derivative } (\text{reversepath } g) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{0..1\}) \cdot b)$ )*  
*has-integral -c){0..1}*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-on-reverse-path:*

**assumes** *valid-path  $\gamma$  line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$*

**shows** *line-integral F basis  $\gamma = - (\text{line-integral } F \text{ basis } (\text{reversepath } \gamma))$*

*line-integral-exists F basis (reversepath  $\gamma$ )*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-degenerate-path:*

**assumes** *finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis ( $\lambda x. c$ )*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *degenerate-path-is-valid-path: valid-path ( $\lambda x. c$ )*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-degenerate-path:*

**assumes** *finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral F basis ( $\lambda x. c$ ) = 0*

*<proof>*

**definition** *point-path where*

*point-path  $\gamma \equiv \exists c. \gamma = (\lambda x. c)$*

**lemma** *line-integral-point-path:*

**assumes** *point-path  $\gamma$*

**assumes** *finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral F basis  $\gamma = 0$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-point-path:*

**assumes** *finite basis point-path  $\gamma$*

**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-subpath:*

**assumes**  $f$ : *line-integral-exists f basis g* **and**  $g$ : *valid-path g*  
**and**  $uv$ :  $u \in \{0..1\}$   $v \in \{0..1\}$   $u \leq v$   
**shows** (*line-integral-exists f basis (subpath u v g)*)  
⟨*proof*⟩

**type-synonym**  $path = real \Rightarrow (real * real)$   
**type-synonym**  $one-cube = (real \Rightarrow (real * real))$   
**type-synonym**  $one-chain = (int * path) set$   
**type-synonym**  $two-cube = (real * real) \Rightarrow (real * real)$   
**type-synonym**  $two-chain = two-cube set$

**definition**  $one-chain-line-integral :: ((real * real) \Rightarrow (real * real)) \Rightarrow ((real*real) set) \Rightarrow one-chain \Rightarrow real$  **where**  
 $one-chain-line-integral F b C \equiv (\sum (k,g) \in C. k * (line-integral F b g))$

**definition**  $boundary-chain$  **where**  
 $boundary-chain s \equiv (\forall (k, \gamma) \in s. k = 1 \vee k = -1)$

**fun**  $coeff-cube-to-path :: (int * one-cube) \Rightarrow path$   
**where**  $coeff-cube-to-path (k, \gamma) = (if k = 1 then \gamma else (reversepath \gamma))$

**fun**  $rec-join :: (int*path) list \Rightarrow path$  **where**  
 $rec-join [] = (\lambda x. 0) |$   
 $rec-join [oneC] = coeff-cube-to-path oneC |$   
 $rec-join (oneC \# xs) = coeff-cube-to-path oneC +++ (rec-join xs)$

**fun**  $valid-chain-list$  **where**  
 $valid-chain-list [] = True |$   
 $valid-chain-list [oneC] = True |$   
 $valid-chain-list (oneC \# l) = (pathfinish (coeff-cube-to-path (oneC))) = pathstart (rec-join l) \wedge valid-chain-list l)$

**lemma**  $joined-is-valid$ :  
**assumes**  $boundary-chain$ :  $boundary-chain (set l)$  **and**  
 $valid-path$ :  $\bigwedge k \gamma. (k, \gamma) \in set l \implies valid-path \gamma$  **and**  
 $valid-chain-list-ass$ :  $valid-chain-list l$   
**shows**  $valid-path (rec-join l)$   
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma**  $pathstart-rec-join-1$ :  
 $pathstart (rec-join ((1, \gamma) \# l)) = pathstart \gamma$   
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma**  $pathstart-rec-join-2$ :  
 $pathstart (rec-join ((-1, \gamma) \# l)) = pathstart (reversepath \gamma)$   
⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *pathstart-rec-join*:

*pathstart* (*rec-join* ((1,  $\gamma$ ) # *l*)) = *pathstart*  $\gamma$   
*pathstart* (*rec-join* ((-1,  $\gamma$ ) # *l*)) = *pathstart* (*reversepath*  $\gamma$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-rec-join*:

**assumes** *boundary-chain*: *boundary-chain* (*set l*) **and**  
*valid-chain-list*: *valid-chain-list l* **and**  
*valid-path*:  $\bigwedge k \gamma. (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma$  **and**  
*line-integral-exists*:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis* (*rec-join l*)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-rec-join-cons*:

**assumes** *line-integral-exists F basis* (*rec-join* ((1,  $\gamma$ ) # *l*))  
 $(\bigwedge k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{set } ((1, \gamma) \# l) \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma')$   
*finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis* ( $\gamma \text{ +++ } (\text{rec-join } l)$ )  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-rec-join-cons-2*:

**assumes** *line-integral-exists F basis* (*rec-join* ((-1,  $\gamma$ ) # *l*))  
 $(\bigwedge k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{set } ((1, \gamma) \# l) \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma')$   
*finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists F basis* ((*reversepath*  $\gamma$ ) +++ (*rec-join l*))  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-rec-join'*:

**assumes** *boundary-chain*: *boundary-chain* (*set l*) **and**  
*valid-chain-list*: *valid-chain-list l* **and**  
*valid-path*:  $\bigwedge k \gamma. (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma$  **and**  
*line-integral-exists*: *line-integral-exists F basis* (*rec-join l*) **and**  
*finite-basis*: *finite basis*  
**shows**  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{set } l. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**inductive** *chain-subdiv-path*

**where** *I*: *chain-subdiv-path*  $\gamma$  (*set l*) **if** *distinct l rec-join l =  $\gamma$  valid-chain-list l*

**lemma** *valid-path-equiv-valid-chain-list*:

**assumes** *path-eq-chain*: *chain-subdiv-path*  $\gamma$  *one-chain*  
**and** *boundary-chain one-chain*  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-rec-join-cons*:

**assumes** *line-integral-exists F basis*  $\gamma$   
*line-integral-exists F basis* (*rec-join* ((*l*)))

$(\bigwedge k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{set } ((1, \gamma) \# l) \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma')$   
*finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral F basis (rec-join ((1, \gamma) \# l)) = line-integral F basis (\gamma +++ (rec-join l))*  
 \langle proof \rangle

**lemma** *line-integral-rec-join-cons-2:*

**assumes** *line-integral-exists F basis \gamma*

*line-integral-exists F basis (rec-join ((l)))*

$(\bigwedge k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{set } ((-1, \gamma) \# l) \implies \text{valid-path } \gamma')$   
*finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral F basis (rec-join ((-1, \gamma) \# l)) = line-integral F basis ((reversepath \gamma) +++ (rec-join l))*  
 \langle proof \rangle

**lemma** *one-chain-line-integral-rec-join:*

**assumes** *l-props: set l = one-chain distinct l valid-chain-list l and*

*boundary-chain: boundary-chain one-chain and*

*line-integral-exists: \forall (k::int, \gamma) \in one-chain. line-integral-exists F basis \gamma and*

*valid-path: \forall (k::int, \gamma) \in one-chain. valid-path \gamma and*

*finite-basis: finite basis*

**shows** *line-integral F basis (rec-join l) = one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain*  
 \langle proof \rangle

**lemma** *line-integral-on-path-eq-line-integral-on-equiv-chain:*

**assumes** *path-eq-chain: chain-subdiv-path \gamma one-chain and*

*boundary-chain: boundary-chain one-chain and*

*line-integral-exists: \forall (k::int, \gamma) \in one-chain. line-integral-exists F basis \gamma and*

*valid-path: \forall (k::int, \gamma) \in one-chain. valid-path \gamma and*

*finite-basis: finite basis*

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain = line-integral F basis \gamma*

*line-integral-exists F basis \gamma*

*valid-path \gamma*

\langle proof \rangle

**lemma** *line-integral-on-path-eq-line-integral-on-equiv-chain':*

**assumes** *path-eq-chain: chain-subdiv-path \gamma one-chain and*

*boundary-chain: boundary-chain one-chain and*

*line-integral-exists: line-integral-exists F basis \gamma and*

*valid-path: \forall (k, \gamma) \in one-chain. valid-path \gamma and*

*finite-basis: finite basis*

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain = line-integral F basis \gamma*

*\forall (k, \gamma) \in one-chain. line-integral-exists F basis \gamma*

\langle proof \rangle

**definition** *chain-subdiv-chain where*

*chain-subdiv-chain one-chain1 subdiv*

$\equiv \exists f. (\bigcup (f \text{ ' one-chain1})) = \text{subdiv} \wedge$

$(\forall c \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{chain-subdiv-path } (\text{coeff-cube-to-path } c) (f \ c)) \wedge$

*pairwise*  $(\lambda p p'. f p \cap f p' = \{\})$  *one-chain1*  $\wedge$   
 $(\forall x \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{finite } (f x))$

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-chain-character*:

**shows** *chain-subdiv-chain one-chain1 subdiv*  $\longleftrightarrow$

$(\exists f. \bigcup (f \text{ ` one-chain1}) = \text{subdiv} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}.$

*if*  $k = 1$

*then* *chain-subdiv-path*  $\gamma$   $(f (k, \gamma))$

*else* *chain-subdiv-path*  $(\text{reversepath } \gamma)$   $(f (k, \gamma))$ )  $\wedge$

$(\forall p \in \text{one-chain1}.$

$\forall p' \in \text{one-chain1}. p \neq p' \longrightarrow f p \cap f p' = \{\}) \wedge$

$(\forall x \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{finite } (f x))$ )

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-chain-imp-finite-subdiv*:

**assumes** *finite one-chain1*

*chain-subdiv-chain one-chain1 subdiv*

**shows** *finite subdiv*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *valid-subdiv-imp-valid-one-chain*:

**assumes** *chain1-eq-chain2: chain-subdiv-chain one-chain1 subdiv* **and**

*boundary-chain1: boundary-chain one-chain1* **and**

*boundary-chain2: boundary-chain subdiv* **and**

*valid-path:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$*

**shows**  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *one-chain-line-integral-eq-line-integral-on-sudivision*:

**assumes** *chain1-eq-chain2: chain-subdiv-chain one-chain1 subdiv* **and**

*boundary-chain1: boundary-chain one-chain1* **and**

*boundary-chain2: boundary-chain subdiv* **and**

*line-integral-exists-on-chain2:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$*

**and**

*valid-path:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$*  **and**

*finite-chain1: finite one-chain1* **and**

*finite-basis: finite basis*

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral*  $F \text{ basis one-chain1} = \text{one-chain-line-integral } F$   
*basis subdiv*

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *one-chain-line-integral-eq-line-integral-on-sudivision'*:

**assumes** *chain1-eq-chain2: chain-subdiv-chain one-chain1 subdiv* **and**

*boundary-chain1: boundary-chain one-chain1* **and**

*boundary-chain2: boundary-chain subdiv* **and**

*line-integral-exists-on-chain1:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis}$*   
 $\gamma$  **and**

*valid-path*:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv. valid-path } \gamma$  **and**  
*finite-chain1*: *finite one-chain1* **and**  
*finite-basis*: *finite basis*  
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1* = *one-chain-line-integral F basis subdiv*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv. line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *line-integral-sum-gen*:

**assumes** *finite-basis*:  
*finite basis* **and**  
*line-integral-exists*:  
*line-integral-exists F basis1*  $\gamma$   
*line-integral-exists F basis2*  $\gamma$  **and**  
*basis-partition*:  
*basis1*  $\cup$  *basis2* = *basis* *basis1*  $\cap$  *basis2* = {}  
**shows** *line-integral F basis*  $\gamma$  = (*line-integral F basis1*  $\gamma$ ) + (*line-integral F basis2*  $\gamma$ )  
*line-integral-exists F basis*  $\gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *common-boundary-sudivision-exists* **where**

*common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain1 one-chain2*  $\equiv$   
 $\exists \text{subdiv. chain-sudiv-chain one-chain1 subdiv} \wedge$   
 $\text{chain-sudiv-chain one-chain2 subdiv} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv. valid-path } \gamma) \wedge$   
*boundary-chain subdiv*

**lemma** *common-boundary-sudivision-commutative*:

*(common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain1 one-chain2)* = *(common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain2 one-chain1)*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *common-sudivision-imp-eq-line-integral*:

**assumes** *(common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain1 one-chain2)*  
*boundary-chain one-chain1*  
*boundary-chain one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1. line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
*finite one-chain1*  
*finite one-chain2*  
*finite basis*  
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1* = *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain2. line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *common-sudiv-exists* **where**

*common-sudiv-exists one-chain1 one-chain2*  $\equiv$   
 $\exists \text{subdiv ps1 ps2. chain-sudiv-chain (one-chain1 - ps1) subdiv} \wedge$

$chain\text{-}subdiv\text{-}chain (one\text{-}chain2 - ps2) subdiv \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in subdiv. \text{valid-path } \gamma) \wedge$   
 $(boundary\text{-}chain subdiv) \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in ps1. \text{point-path } \gamma) \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in ps2. \text{point-path } \gamma)$

**lemma** *common-sudiv-exists-comm:*

**shows**  $common\text{-}sudiv\text{-}exists C1 C2 = common\text{-}sudiv\text{-}exists C2 C1$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *line-integral-degenerate-chain:*

**assumes**  $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in chain. \text{point-path } \gamma)$   
**assumes** *finite basis*  
**shows**  $one\text{-}chain\text{-}line\text{-}integral F \text{ basis } chain = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *gen-common-subdiv-imp-common-subdiv:*

**shows**  $(common\text{-}sudiv\text{-}exists one\text{-}chain1 one\text{-}chain2) = (\exists ps1 ps2. (common\text{-}boundary\text{-}subdivision\text{-}exists$   
 $(one\text{-}chain1 - ps1) (one\text{-}chain2 - ps2)) \wedge (\forall (k, \gamma) \in ps1. \text{point-path } \gamma) \wedge (\forall (k,$   
 $\gamma) \in ps2. \text{point-path } \gamma))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *common-subdiv-imp-gen-common-subdiv:*

**assumes**  $(common\text{-}boundary\text{-}subdivision\text{-}exists one\text{-}chain1 one\text{-}chain2)$   
**shows**  $(common\text{-}sudiv\text{-}exists one\text{-}chain1 one\text{-}chain2)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *one-chain-line-integral-point-paths:*

**assumes** *finite one-chain*  
**assumes** *finite basis*  
**assumes**  $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in ps. \text{point-path } \gamma)$   
**shows**  $one\text{-}chain\text{-}line\text{-}integral F \text{ basis } (one\text{-}chain - ps) = one\text{-}chain\text{-}line\text{-}integral$   
 $F \text{ basis } (one\text{-}chain)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *boundary-chain-diff:*

**assumes** *boundary-chain one-chain*  
**shows**  $boundary\text{-}chain (one\text{-}chain - s)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *gen-common-subdivision-imp-eq-line-integral:*

**assumes**  $(common\text{-}sudiv\text{-}exists one\text{-}chain1 one\text{-}chain2)$   
 $boundary\text{-}chain one\text{-}chain1$   
 $boundary\text{-}chain one\text{-}chain2$   
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in one\text{-}chain1. line\text{-}integral\text{-}exists F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
 $finite one\text{-}chain1$   
 $finite one\text{-}chain2$   
 $finite basis$   
**shows**  $one\text{-}chain\text{-}line\text{-}integral F \text{ basis } one\text{-}chain1 = one\text{-}chain\text{-}line\text{-}integral F$

*basis one-chain2*

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain2}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *common-sudiv-exists-refl:*

**assumes** *common-sudiv-exists*  $C1\ C2$

**shows** *common-sudiv-exists*  $C2\ C1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-sudiv-path-singleton:*

**shows** *chain-sudiv-path*  $\gamma\ \{(1, \gamma)\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-sudiv-path-singleton-reverse:*

**shows** *chain-sudiv-path*  $(\text{reversepath } \gamma)\ \{(-1, \gamma)\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-sudiv-chain-refl:*

**assumes** *boundary-chain*  $C$

**shows** *chain-sudiv-chain*  $C\ C$

*<proof>*

**definition** *reparam-weak where*

*reparam-weak*  $\gamma1\ \gamma2 \equiv \exists \varphi. (\forall x \in \{0..1\}. \gamma1\ x = (\gamma2 \circ \varphi)\ x) \wedge \varphi \text{ piecewise-}C1\text{-differentiable-on } \{0..1\} \wedge \varphi(0) = 0 \wedge \varphi(1) = 1 \wedge \varphi^{-1} \{0..1\} = \{0..1\}$

**definition** *reparam where*

*reparam*  $\gamma1\ \gamma2 \equiv \exists \varphi. (\forall x \in \{0..1\}. \gamma1\ x = (\gamma2 \circ \varphi)\ x) \wedge \varphi \text{ piecewise-}C1\text{-differentiable-on } \{0..1\} \wedge \varphi(0) = 0 \wedge \varphi(1) = 1 \wedge \text{bij-betw } \varphi\ \{0..1\}\ \{0..1\} \wedge \varphi^{-1} \{0..1\} \subseteq \{0..1\} \wedge (\forall x \in \{0..1\}. \text{finite } (\varphi^{-1} \{x\}))$

**lemma** *reparam-weak-eq-refl:*

**shows** *reparam-weak*  $\gamma1\ \gamma1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-smooth-one-base:*

**assumes**  $\gamma\ C1\text{-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}$

*continuous-on*  $(\text{path-image } \gamma)\ (\lambda x. F\ x \cdot b)$

**shows** *line-integral-exists*  $F\ \{b\}\ \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *contour-integral-primitive-lemma:*

**fixes**  $f :: \text{complex} \Rightarrow \text{complex}$  **and**  $g :: \text{real} \Rightarrow \text{complex}$

**assumes**  $a \leq b$

**and**  $\bigwedge x. x \in s \implies (f \text{ has-field-derivative } f'\ x) \text{ (at } x \text{ within } s)$

**and**  $g \text{ piecewise-differentiable-on } \{a..b\} \bigwedge x. x \in \{a..b\} \implies g\ x \in s$

**shows**  $((\lambda x. f'(g\ x)) * \text{vector-derivative } g \text{ (at } x \text{ within } \{a..b\}))$

$has\_integral (f(g\ b) - f(g\ a)) \{a..b\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *line-integral-primitive-lemma:*

**fixes**  $f :: 'a :: \{euclidean\_space, real\_normed\_field\} \Rightarrow 'a :: \{euclidean\_space, real\_normed\_field\}$   
**and**

$g :: real \Rightarrow 'a$

**assumes**  $\bigwedge(a :: 'a). a \in s \implies (f\ has\_field\_derivative\ (f'\ a))\ (at\ a\ within\ s)$

**and**  $g\ piecewise\_differentiable\_on\ \{0..1\} \ \bigwedge x. x \in \{0..1\} \implies g\ x \in s$

**and**  $base\_vec \in Basis$

**shows**  $((\lambda x. ((f'(g\ x)) * (vector\_derivative\ g\ (at\ x\ within\ \{0..1\}))) \cdot base\_vec)$

$has\_integral\ (((f(g\ 1)) \cdot base\_vec - (f(g\ 0)) \cdot base\_vec)))\ \{0..1\}$

<proof>

**lemma** *reparam-eq-line-integrals:*

**assumes** *reparam:*  $reparam\ \gamma1\ \gamma2$  **and**

*pw-smooth:*  $\gamma2\ piecewise\_C1\_differentiable\_on\ \{0..1\}$  **and**

*cont:*  $continuous\_on\ (path\_image\ \gamma2)\ (\lambda x. F\ x \cdot b)$  **and**

*line-integral-ex:*  $line\_integral\_exists\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma2$

**shows**  $line\_integral\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma1 = line\_integral\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma2$

$line\_integral\_exists\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma1$

<proof>

**lemma** *reparam-weak-eq-line-integrals:*

**assumes** *reparam-weak*  $\gamma1\ \gamma2$

$\gamma2\ C1\_differentiable\_on\ \{0..1\}$

$continuous\_on\ (path\_image\ \gamma2)\ (\lambda x. F\ x \cdot b)$

**shows**  $line\_integral\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma1 = line\_integral\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma2$

$line\_integral\_exists\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma1$

<proof>

**lemma** *line-integral-sum-basis:*

**assumes** *finite*  $(basis :: ('a :: euclidean\_space)\ set) \ \forall b \in basis. line\_integral\_exists\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma$

**shows**  $line\_integral\ F\ basis\ \gamma = (\sum b \in basis. line\_integral\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma)$

$line\_integral\_exists\ F\ basis\ \gamma$

<proof>

**lemma** *reparam-weak-eq-line-integrals-basis:*

**assumes** *reparam-weak*  $\gamma1\ \gamma2$

$\gamma2\ C1\_differentiable\_on\ \{0..1\}$

$\forall b \in basis. continuous\_on\ (path\_image\ \gamma2)\ (\lambda x. F\ x \cdot b)$

*finite basis*

**shows**  $line\_integral\ F\ basis\ \gamma1 = line\_integral\ F\ basis\ \gamma2$

$line\_integral\_exists\ F\ basis\ \gamma1$

<proof>

**lemma** *reparam-eq-line-integrals-basis:*

**assumes** *reparam*  $\gamma1\ \gamma2$

$\gamma 2$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\forall b \in \text{basis. continuous-on (path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*finite basis*  
 $\forall b \in \text{basis. line-integral-exists } F \{b\} \gamma 2$   
**shows** *line-integral*  $F$  *basis*  $\gamma 1 = \text{line-integral } F$  *basis*  $\gamma 2$   
*line-integral-exists*  $F$  *basis*  $\gamma 1$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-smooth*:  
**assumes**  $\gamma$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\forall (b::'a::\text{euclidean-space}) \in \text{basis. continuous-on (path-image } \gamma) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*finite basis*  
**shows** *line-integral-exists*  $F$  *basis*  $\gamma$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *smooth-path-imp-reverse*:  
**assumes**  $g$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
**shows** (*reversepath*  $g$ ) *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *piecewise-smooth-path-imp-reverse*:  
**assumes**  $g$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
**shows** (*reversepath*  $g$ ) *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 <proof>

**definition** *chain-reparam-weak-chain where*  
 $\text{chain-reparam-weak-chain one-chain1 one-chain2} \equiv$   
 $\exists f. \text{bij } f \wedge f \text{ ' one-chain1} = \text{one-chain2} \wedge (\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{one-chain1. if } k = \text{fst}$   
 $(f(k,\gamma)) \text{ then reparam-weak } \gamma (\text{snd } (f(k,\gamma))) \text{ else reparam-weak } \gamma (\text{reversepath } (\text{snd}$   
 $(f(k,\gamma))))))$

**lemma** *chain-reparam-weak-chain-line-integral*:  
**assumes** *chain-reparam-weak-chain* *one-chain1* *one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k2,\gamma 2) \in \text{one-chain2. } \gamma 2$  *C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 $\forall (k2,\gamma 2) \in \text{one-chain2. } \forall b \in \text{basis. continuous-on (path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*finite basis*  
**and** *bound1*: *boundary-chain* *one-chain1*  
**and** *bound2*: *boundary-chain* *one-chain2*  
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral*  $F$  *basis* *one-chain1* = *one-chain-line-integral*  $F$   
*basis* *one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1. line-integral-exists } F$  *basis*  $\gamma$   
 <proof>

**definition** *chain-reparam-chain where*  
 $\text{chain-reparam-chain one-chain1 one-chain2} \equiv$   
 $\exists f. \text{bij } f \wedge f \text{ ' one-chain1} = \text{one-chain2} \wedge (\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{one-chain1. if } k = \text{fst}$   
 $(f(k,\gamma)) \text{ then reparam } \gamma (\text{snd } (f(k,\gamma))) \text{ else reparam } \gamma (\text{reversepath } (\text{snd } (f(k,\gamma))))))$

**definition** *chain-reparam-weak-path::((real)  $\Rightarrow$  (real \* real))  $\Rightarrow$  ((int \* ((real)  $\Rightarrow$*

$(real * real))) set) \Rightarrow bool$  **where**  
*chain-reparam-weak-path*  $\gamma$  *one-chain*  
 $\equiv \exists l. set\ l = one-chain \wedge distinct\ l \wedge reparam\ \gamma (rec-join\ l) \wedge valid-chain-list$   
 $l \wedge l \neq []$

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain-line-integral*:

**assumes** *chain-reparam-chain one-chain1 one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k2, \gamma2) \in one-chain2. \gamma2\ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on\ \{0..1\}$   
 $\forall (k2, \gamma2) \in one-chain2. \forall b \in basis. continuous-on\ (path-image\ \gamma2)\ (\lambda x. F\ x \cdot b)$   
*finite basis*  
**and** *bound1: boundary-chain one-chain1*  
**and** *bound2: boundary-chain one-chain2*  
**and** *line:  $\forall (k2, \gamma2) \in one-chain2. (\forall b \in basis. line-integral-exists\ F\ \{b\}\ \gamma2)$*   
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral*  $F$  *basis one-chain1 = one-chain-line-integral*  $F$   
*basis one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in one-chain1. line-integral-exists\ F\ basis\ \gamma$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *path-image-rec-join*:

**fixes**  $\gamma::real \Rightarrow (real \times real)$   
**fixes**  $k::int$   
**fixes**  $l$   
**shows**  $\bigwedge k\ \gamma. (k, \gamma) \in set\ l \Rightarrow valid-chain-list\ l \Rightarrow path-image\ \gamma \subseteq path-image$   
 $(rec-join\ l)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *path-image-rec-join-2*:

**fixes**  $l$   
**shows**  $l \neq [] \Rightarrow valid-chain-list\ l \Rightarrow path-image\ (rec-join\ l) \subseteq (\bigcup (k, \gamma) \in set$   
 $l. path-image\ \gamma)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *continuous-on-closed-UN*:

**assumes** *finite S*  
**shows**  $((\bigwedge s. s \in S \Rightarrow closed\ s) \Rightarrow (\bigwedge s. s \in S \Rightarrow continuous-on\ s\ f) \Rightarrow$   
 $continuous-on\ (\bigcup S)\ f)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *chain-reparam-weak-path-line-integral*:

**assumes** *path-eq-chain: chain-reparam-weak-path  $\gamma$  one-chain and*  
*boundary-chain: boundary-chain one-chain and*  
*line-integral-exists:  $\forall b \in basis. \forall (k::int, \gamma) \in one-chain. line-integral-exists\ F\ \{b\}$*   
 $\gamma$  **and**  
*valid-path:  $\forall (k::int, \gamma) \in one-chain. valid-path\ \gamma$  and*  
*finite-basis: finite basis and*  
*cont:  $\forall b \in basis. \forall (k, \gamma2) \in one-chain. continuous-on\ (path-image\ \gamma2)\ (\lambda x. F\ x \cdot$*   
 $b)$  **and**  
*finite-one-chain: finite one-chain*  
**shows** *line-integral*  $F$  *basis  $\gamma = one-chain-line-integral$*   $F$  *basis one-chain*

*line-integral-exists F basis  $\gamma$*

*<proof>*

**definition** *chain-reparam-chain'* **where**

*chain-reparam-chain' one-chain1 subdiv*

$\equiv \exists f. ((\bigcup (f \text{ ' one-chain1})) = \text{subdiv}) \wedge$

$(\forall \text{cube} \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{chain-reparam-weak-path} (\text{rec-join} [\text{cube}]) (f \text{ cube}))$

$\wedge$

$(\forall p \in \text{one-chain1}. \forall p' \in \text{one-chain1}. p \neq p' \longrightarrow f p \cap f p' = \{\}) \wedge$

$(\forall x \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{finite} (f x))$

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain'-imp-finite-subdiv:*

**assumes** *finite one-chain1*

*chain-reparam-chain' one-chain1 subdiv*

**shows** *finite subdiv*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain'-line-integral:*

**assumes** *chain1-eq-chain2: chain-reparam-chain' one-chain1 subdiv and*

*boundary-chain1: boundary-chain one-chain1 and*

*boundary-chain2: boundary-chain subdiv and*

*line-integral-exists-on-chain2:  $\forall b \in \text{basis}. \forall (k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{line-integral-exists}$*

*F {b}  $\gamma$  and*

*valid-path:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$  and*

*valid-path-2:  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$  and*

*finite-chain1: finite one-chain1 and*

*finite-basis: finite basis and*

*cont-field:  $\forall b \in \text{basis}. \forall (k, \gamma 2) \in \text{subdiv}. \text{continuous-on} (\text{path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$*

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1 = one-chain-line-integral F basis subdiv*

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists F basis } \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain'-line-integral-smooth-cubes:*

**assumes** *chain-reparam-chain' one-chain1 one-chain2*

$\forall (k 2, \gamma 2) \in \text{one-chain2}. \gamma 2 \text{ C1-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}$

$\forall b \in \text{basis}. \forall (k 2, \gamma 2) \in \text{one-chain2}. \text{continuous-on} (\text{path-image } \gamma 2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$

*finite basis*

*finite one-chain1*

*boundary-chain one-chain1*

*boundary-chain one-chain2*

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$

**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1 = one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain2*

$\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists F basis } \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-path-pathimg-subset*:  
**assumes** *chain-subdiv-path*  $\gamma$  *subdiv*  
**shows**  $\forall (k', \gamma') \in \text{subdiv}. (\text{path-image } \gamma') \subseteq \text{path-image } \gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *reparam-path-image*:  
**assumes** *reparam*  $\gamma 1$   $\gamma 2$   
**shows**  $\text{path-image } \gamma 1 = \text{path-image } \gamma 2$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-reparam-weak-path-pathimg-subset*:  
**assumes** *chain-reparam-weak-path*  $\gamma$  *subdiv*  
**shows**  $\forall (k', \gamma') \in \text{subdiv}. (\text{path-image } \gamma') \subseteq \text{path-image } \gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-chain-pathimg-subset'*:  
**assumes** *chain-subdiv-chain one-chain subdiv*  
**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}$   
**shows**  $\exists k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{one-chain} \wedge \text{path-image } \gamma \subseteq \text{path-image } \gamma'$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-subdiv-chain-pathimg-subset*:  
**assumes** *chain-subdiv-chain one-chain subdiv*  
**shows**  $\bigcup (\text{path-image } \{ \gamma. \exists k. (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv} \}) \subseteq \bigcup (\text{path-image } \{ \gamma. \exists k. (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain} \})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *chain-reparam-chain'-pathimg-subset'*:  
**assumes** *chain-reparam-chain' one-chain subdiv*  
**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}$   
**shows**  $\exists k' \gamma'. (k', \gamma') \in \text{one-chain} \wedge \text{path-image } \gamma \subseteq \text{path-image } \gamma'$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *common-reparam-exists*::  $(\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set} \Rightarrow (\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
*common-reparam-exists one-chain1 one-chain2*  $\equiv$   
 $(\exists \text{subdiv } ps1 \text{ } ps2.$   
 $\text{chain-reparam-chain}' (\text{one-chain1} - ps1) \text{ subdiv} \wedge$   
 $\text{chain-reparam-chain}' (\text{one-chain2} - ps2) \text{ subdiv} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{subdiv}. \gamma \text{ C1-differentiable-on } \{0..1\}) \wedge$   
 $\text{boundary-chain subdiv} \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in ps1. \text{point-path } \gamma) \wedge$   
 $(\forall (k, \gamma) \in ps2. \text{point-path } \gamma))$

**lemma** *common-reparam-exists-imp-eq-line-integral*:  
**assumes** *finite-basis: finite basis and*  
*finite one-chain1*  
*finite one-chain2*  
*boundary-chain (one-chain1::(\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set})*

**boundary-chain** (*one-chain2*::(*int* × (*real* ⇒ *real* × *real*)) *set*)  
 $\forall (k2, \gamma2) \in \text{one-chain2}. \forall b \in \text{basis}. \text{continuous-on } (\text{path-image } \gamma2) (\lambda x. F x \cdot b)$   
*common-reparam-exists one-chain1 one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain2}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
**shows** *one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain1 = one-chain-line-integral F basis one-chain2*  
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain1}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \text{ basis } \gamma$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *subcube* :: *real* ⇒ *real* ⇒ (*int* × (*real* ⇒ *real* × *real*)) ⇒ (*int* × (*real* ⇒ *real* × *real*)) **where**  
*subcube a b cube = (fst cube, subpath a b (snd cube))*

**lemma** *subcube-valid-path*:  
**assumes** *valid-path (snd cube) a ∈ {0..1} b ∈ {0..1}*  
**shows** *valid-path (snd (subcube a b cube))*  
*<proof>*

**end**  
**theory** *Green*  
**imports** *Paths Derivs Integrals General-Utills*  
**begin**

**lemma** *frontier-Un-subset-Un-frontier*:  
 $\text{frontier } (s \cup t) \subseteq (\text{frontier } s) \cup (\text{frontier } t)$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *has-partial-derivative*:: (*'a*::*euclidean-space*) ⇒ *'b*::*euclidean-space*) ⇒ *'a* ⇒ (*'a* ⇒ *'b*) ⇒ (*'a*) ⇒ *bool* **where**  
*has-partial-derivative F base-vec F' a*  
 $\equiv ((\lambda x::'a::\text{euclidean-space}. F( a - ((a \cdot \text{base-vec}) *_R \text{base-vec})) + (x \cdot \text{base-vec}) *_R \text{base-vec} ))$   
*has-derivative F' (at a)*

**definition** *has-partial-vector-derivative*:: (*'a*::*euclidean-space*) ⇒ *'b*::*euclidean-space*) ⇒ *'a* ⇒ (*'b*) ⇒ (*'a*) ⇒ *bool* **where**  
*has-partial-vector-derivative F base-vec F' a*  
 $\equiv ((\lambda x. F( a - ((a \cdot \text{base-vec}) *_R \text{base-vec})) + x *_R \text{base-vec} ))$   
*has-vector-derivative F' (at (a · base-vec))*

**definition** *partially-vector-differentiable* **where**  
*partially-vector-differentiable F base-vec p ≡ (∃ F'. has-partial-vector-derivative F base-vec F' p)*

**definition** *partial-vector-derivative*:: (*'a*::*euclidean-space*) ⇒ *'b*::*euclidean-space*) ⇒ *'a* ⇒ *'a* ⇒ *'b* **where**  
*partial-vector-derivative F base-vec a*

$\equiv$  (vector-derivative ( $\lambda x. F( (a - ((a \cdot \text{base-vec}) *_R \text{base-vec})) + x *_R \text{base-vec}))$  (at ( $a \cdot \text{base-vec}$ ))))

**lemma** *partial-vector-derivative-works:*

**assumes** *partially-vector-differentiable*  $F$  *base-vec*  $a$

**shows** *has-partial-vector-derivative*  $F$  *base-vec* (*partial-vector-derivative*  $F$  *base-vec*  $a$ )  $a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *fundamental-theorem-of-calculus-partial-vector:*

**fixes**  $a$   $b$ :: *real* **and**

$F$ :: ( $'a$ ::*euclidean-space*  $\Rightarrow$   $'b$ ::*euclidean-space*) **and**

$i$ ::  $'a$  **and**

$j$ ::  $'b$  **and**

$F$ - $j$ - $i$ :: ( $'a$ ::*euclidean-space*  $\Rightarrow$  *real*)

**assumes** *a-leq-b*:  $a \leq b$  **and**

*Base-vecs*:  $i \in \text{Basis}$   $j \in \text{Basis}$  **and**

*no-i-component*:  $c \cdot i = 0$  **and**

*has-partial-deriv*:  $\forall p \in D. \text{has-partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j) i (F$ - $j$ - $i$

$p)$   $p$  **and**

*domain-subset-of-D*:  $\{x *_R i + c \mid x. a \leq x \wedge x \leq b\} \subseteq D$

**shows** ( $\lambda x. F$ - $j$ - $i$  ( $x *_R i + c$ )) *has-integral*

$F(b *_R i + c) \cdot j - F(a *_R i + c) \cdot j$  (*cbox*  $a$   $b$ )

*<proof>*

**lemma** *fundamental-theorem-of-calculus-partial-vector-gen:*

**fixes**  $k1$   $k2$ :: *real* **and**

$F$ :: ( $'a$ ::*euclidean-space*  $\Rightarrow$   $'b$ ::*euclidean-space*) **and**

$i$ ::  $'a$  **and**

$F$ - $i$ :: ( $'a$ ::*euclidean-space*  $\Rightarrow$   $'b$ )

**assumes** *a-leq-b*:  $k1 \leq k2$  **and**

*unit-len*:  $i \cdot i = 1$  **and**

*no-i-component*:  $c \cdot i = 0$  **and**

*has-partial-deriv*:  $\forall p \in D. \text{has-partial-vector-derivative } F i (F$ - $i$   $p)$   $p$  **and**

*domain-subset-of-D*:  $\{v. \exists x. k1 \leq x \wedge x \leq k2 \wedge v = x *_R i + c\} \subseteq D$

**shows** ( $\lambda x. F$ - $i$  ( $x *_R i + c$ )) *has-integral*

$F(k2 *_R i + c) - F(k1 *_R i + c)$  (*cbox*  $k1$   $k2$ )

*<proof>*

**lemma** *add-scale-img:*

**assumes**  $a < b$  **shows** ( $\lambda x$ ::*real*.  $a + (b - a) * x$ ) ' $\{0 .. 1\} = \{a .. b\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *add-scale-img'*:

**assumes**  $a \leq b$

**shows** ( $\lambda x$ ::*real*.  $a + (b - a) * x$ ) ' $\{0 .. 1\} = \{a .. b\}$

*<proof>*

**definition** *analytically-valid*::  $'a$ ::*euclidean-space set*  $\Rightarrow$  ( $'a \Rightarrow 'b$ :: $\{\text{euclidean-space, times, zero-neq-one}\}$ )

$\Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
*analytically-valid*  $s F i \equiv$   
 $(\forall a \in s. \text{partially-vector-differentiable } F i a) \wedge$   
 $\text{continuous-on } s F \wedge$  — TODO: should we replace this with saying that  $F$  is  
 partially differentiable on  $Dy$ ,  
 — i.e. there is a partial derivative on every dimension  
*integrable lborel*  $(\lambda p. (\text{partial-vector-derivative } F i) p * \text{indicator } s p) \wedge$   
 $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. (\text{partial-vector-derivative } F i (y *_R i + x *_R (\sum b$   
 $\in (\text{Basis} - \{i\}). b)))$   
 $* (\text{indicator } s (y *_R i + x *_R (\sum b \in \text{Basis} - \{i\}. b)))) \in \text{borel-measurable}$   
*lborel*

**lemma** *analytically-valid-imp-part-deriv-integrable-on*:  
**assumes** *analytically-valid*  $(s :: (\text{real} * \text{real}) \text{ set}) (f :: (\text{real} * \text{real}) \Rightarrow \text{real}) i$   
**shows**  $(\text{partial-vector-derivative } f i) \text{ integrable-on } s$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *typeII-twoCube* ::  $((\text{real} * \text{real}) \Rightarrow (\text{real} * \text{real})) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  **where**  
*typeII-twoCube*  $\text{twoC}$   
 $\equiv \exists a b g1 g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a..b\}. g2 x \leq g1 x) \wedge$   
 $\text{twoC} = (\lambda(y, x). ((1 - y) * (g2 ((1-x)*a + x*b)) + y * (g1$   
 $((1-x)*a + x*b)),$   
 $(1-x)*a + x*b)) \wedge$   
 $g1 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a .. b\} \wedge$   
 $g2 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a .. b\}$

**abbreviation** *unit-cube* **where**  $\text{unit-cube} \equiv \text{cbox } (0,0) (1::\text{real}, 1::\text{real})$

**definition** *cubeImage*::  $\text{two-cube} \Rightarrow ((\text{real} * \text{real}) \text{ set})$  **where**  
 $\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC} \equiv (\text{twoC} ' \text{unit-cube})$

**lemma** *typeII-twoCubeImg*:  
**assumes** *typeII-twoCube*  $\text{twoC}$   
**shows**  $\exists a b g1 g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a .. b\}. g2 x \leq g1 x) \wedge$   
 $\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC} = \{(y,x). x \in \{a..b\} \wedge y \in \{g2 x .. g1 x\}\}$   
 $\wedge \text{twoC} = (\lambda(y, x). ((1 - y) * g2 ((1 - x) * a + x * b) + y * g1$   
 $((1 - x) * a + x * b), (1 - x) * a + x * b))$   
 $\wedge g1 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a .. b\} \wedge g2 \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a .. b\}$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *horizontal-boundary* ::  $\text{two-cube} \Rightarrow \text{one-chain}$  **where**  
 $\text{horizontal-boundary } \text{twoC} \equiv \{(1, (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(x,0))), (-1, (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(x,1)))\}$

**definition** *vertical-boundary* ::  $\text{two-cube} \Rightarrow \text{one-chain}$  **where**

*vertical-boundary twoC*  $\equiv \{(-1, (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(0,y))), (1, (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(1,y)))\}$

**definition** *boundary* :: *two-cube*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*boundary twoC*  $\equiv$  *horizontal-boundary twoC*  $\cup$  *vertical-boundary twoC*

**definition** *valid-two-cube* **where**

*valid-two-cube twoC*  $\equiv$  *card (boundary twoC)* = 4

**definition** *two-chain-integral*:: *two-chain*  $\Rightarrow$   $((\text{real} * \text{real}) \Rightarrow (\text{real})) \Rightarrow \text{real}$  **where**

*two-chain-integral twoChain F*  $\equiv \sum C \in \text{twoChain}. (\text{integral} (\text{cubeImage } C) F)$

**definition** *valid-two-chain* **where**

*valid-two-chain twoChain*  $\equiv (\forall \text{twoCube} \in \text{twoChain}. \text{valid-two-cube } \text{twoCube})$   
 $\wedge$  *pairwise*  $(\lambda c1\ c2. ((\text{boundary } c1) \cap (\text{boundary } c2)) = \{\})$  *twoChain*  $\wedge$  *inj-on*  
*cubeImage twoChain*

**definition** *two-chain-boundary*:: *two-chain*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*two-chain-boundary twoChain*  $\equiv \bigcup (\text{boundary } ` \text{twoChain})$

**definition** *gen-division* **where**

*gen-division s S*  $\equiv (\text{finite } S \wedge (\bigcup S = s) \wedge \text{pairwise } (\lambda X\ Y. \text{negligible } (X \cap Y))$   
*S)*

**definition** *two-chain-horizontal-boundary*:: *two-chain*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*two-chain-horizontal-boundary twoChain*  $\equiv \bigcup (\text{horizontal-boundary } ` \text{twoChain})$

**definition** *two-chain-vertical-boundary*:: *two-chain*  $\Rightarrow$  *one-chain* **where**

*two-chain-vertical-boundary twoChain*  $\equiv \bigcup (\text{vertical-boundary } ` \text{twoChain})$

**definition** *only-horizontal-division* **where**

*only-horizontal-division one-chain two-chain*

$\equiv \exists \mathcal{H}\ \mathcal{V}. \text{finite } \mathcal{H} \wedge \text{finite } \mathcal{V} \wedge$

$(\forall (k,\gamma) \in \mathcal{H}.$

$(\exists (k', \gamma') \in \text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary } \text{two-chain}.$

$(\exists a \in \{0..1\}. \exists b \in \{0..1\}. a \leq b \wedge \text{subpath } a\ b\ \gamma' = \gamma))) \wedge$

$(\text{common-sudiv-exists } (\text{two-chain-vertical-boundary } \text{two-chain})\ \mathcal{V}$

$\vee \text{common-reparam-exists } \mathcal{V} (\text{two-chain-vertical-boundary } \text{two-chain}))$

$\wedge$

*boundary-chain*  $\mathcal{V} \wedge$

*one-chain* =  $\mathcal{H} \cup \mathcal{V} \wedge (\forall (k,\gamma) \in \mathcal{V}. \text{valid-path } \gamma)$

**lemma** *sum-zero-set*:

**assumes**  $\forall x \in s. f\ x = 0$  *finite s finite t*

**shows** *sum f (s  $\cup$  t) = sum f t*

*<proof>*

**abbreviation** *valid-typeII-division s twoChain*  $\equiv ((\forall \text{twoCube} \in \text{twoChain}. \text{typeII-twoCube}$   
*twoCube) \wedge*



**shows**  $\gamma$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *two-chain-integral-eq-integral-divisible*:

**assumes** *f-integrable*:  $\forall$  *twoCube*  $\in$  *twoChain*. *F integrable-on cubeImage twoCube*  
**and**

*gen-division*: *gen-division s (cubeImage ‘ twoChain)* **and**

*valid-two-chain*: *valid-two-chain twoChain*

**shows** *integral s F = two-chain-integral twoChain F*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition** *only-vertical-division where*

*only-vertical-division one-chain two-chain*  $\equiv$

$\exists \mathcal{V} \mathcal{H}. \text{finite } \mathcal{H} \wedge \text{finite } \mathcal{V} \wedge$

$(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \mathcal{V}.$

$(\exists (k', \gamma') \in \text{two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain}.$

$(\exists a \in \{0..1\}. \exists b \in \{0..1\}. a \leq b \wedge \text{subpath } a \ b \ \gamma' = \gamma))) \wedge$

$(\text{common-sudiv-exists } (\text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain}) \ \mathcal{H}$

$\vee \text{common-reparam-exists } \mathcal{H} \ (\text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain}))$

$\wedge$

$\text{boundary-chain } \mathcal{H} \wedge \text{one-chain} = \mathcal{V} \cup \mathcal{H} \wedge$

$(\forall (k, \gamma) \in \mathcal{H}. \text{valid-path } \gamma)$

**abbreviation** *valid-typeI-division s twoChain*

$\equiv (\forall \text{twoCube} \in \text{twoChain}. \text{typeI-twoCube twoCube}) \wedge$

$\text{gen-division } s \ (\text{cubeImage ' twoChain}) \wedge \text{valid-two-chain twoChain}$

**lemma** *field-cont-on-typeI-region-cont-on-edges*:

**assumes** *typeI-twoC*: *typeI-twoCube twoC*

**and** *field-cont*: *continuous-on (cubeImage twoC) F*

**and** *member-of-boundary*:  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$

**shows** *continuous-on*  $(\gamma \ ' \ \{0 \ .. \ 1\}) \ F$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *typeII-cube-explicit-spec*:

**assumes** *typeII-twoCube twoC*

**shows**  $\exists a \ b \ g1 \ g2. a < b \wedge (\forall x \in \{a \ .. \ b\}. g2 \ x \leq g1 \ x) \wedge$

$\text{cubeImage twoC} = \{(y, x). x \in \{a..b\} \wedge y \in \{g2 \ x \ .. \ g1 \ x\}\}$

$\wedge \text{twoC} = (\lambda(y, x). ((1 - y) * g2 ((1 - x) * a + x * b) + y * g1$   
 $((1 - x) * a + x * b), (1 - x) * a + x * b))$

$\wedge g1 \ \text{piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{a \ .. \ b\} \wedge g2 \ \text{piecewise-C1-differentiable-on}$   
 $\{a \ .. \ b\}$

$\wedge (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(0, x)) = (\lambda x. (g2 \ (a + (b - a) * x), a + (b - a) * x))$

$\wedge (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(y, 1)) = (\lambda x. (g2 \ b + x *_{\mathbb{R}} (g1 \ b - g2 \ b), b))$

$\wedge (\lambda x. \text{twoC}(1, x)) = (\lambda x. (g1 \ (a + (b - a) * x), a + (b - a) * x))$

$\wedge (\lambda y. \text{twoC}(y, 0)) = (\lambda x. (g2 \ a + x *_{\mathbb{R}} (g1 \ a - g2 \ a), a))$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *typeII-twoCube-smooth-edges*:  
**assumes** *typeII-twoCube twoC*  $(k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
**shows**  $\gamma$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *field-cont-on-typeII-region-cont-on-edges*:  
**assumes** *typeII-twoC*:  
*typeII-twoCube twoC* **and**  
*field-cont*:  
*continuous-on*  $(\text{cubeImage twoC}) F$  **and**  
*member-of-boundary*:  
 $(k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
**shows** *continuous-on*  $(\gamma \text{ ‘ } \{0 .. 1\}) F$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *two-cube-boundary-is-boundary*: *boundary-chain*  $(\text{boundary } C)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *common-boundary-subdiv-exists-refl*:  
**assumes**  $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
**shows** *common-boundary-sudivision-exists*  $(\text{boundary twoC}) (\text{boundary twoC})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *common-boundary-subdiv-exists-refl'*:  
**assumes**  $\forall (k,\gamma) \in C. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
*boundary-chain*  $(C::(\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set})$   
**shows** *common-boundary-sudivision-exists*  $(C) (C)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *gen-common-boundary-subdiv-exists-refl-twochain-boundary*:  
**assumes**  $\forall (k,\gamma) \in C. \text{valid-path } \gamma$   
*boundary-chain*  $(C::(\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real})) \text{ set})$   
**shows** *common-sudiv-exists*  $(C) (C)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *two-chain-boundary-is-boundary-chain*:  
**shows** *boundary-chain*  $(\text{two-chain-boundary twoChain})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *typeI-edges-are-valid-paths*:  
**assumes** *typeI-twoCube twoC*  $(k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *typeII-edges-are-valid-paths*:  
**assumes** *typeII-twoCube twoC*  $(k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *finite-two-chain-vertical-boundary*:

**assumes** *finite two-chain*

**shows** *finite (two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *finite-two-chain-horizontal-boundary*:

**assumes** *finite two-chain*

**shows** *finite (two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain)*

*<proof>*

**locale** *R2 =*

**fixes** *i j*

**assumes** *i-is-x-axis: i = (1::real,0::real)* **and**

*j-is-y-axis: j = (0::real, 1::real)*

**begin**

**lemma** *analytically-valid-y*:

**assumes** *analytically-valid s F i*

**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. (\text{partial-vector-derivative } F \ i) \ (y, x) * (\text{indicator } s \ (y, x)))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *analytically-valid-x*:

**assumes** *analytically-valid s F j*

**shows**  $(\lambda x. \text{integral UNIV } (\lambda y. ((\text{partial-vector-derivative } F \ j) \ (x, y)) * (\text{indicator } s \ (x, y)))) \in \text{borel-measurable lborel}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Greens-thm-type-I*:

**fixes** *F:: (real\*real)  $\Rightarrow$  (real \* real)* **and**

*gamma1 gamma2 gamma3 gamma4 :: (real  $\Rightarrow$  (real \* real))* **and**

*a:: real* **and** *b:: real* **and**

*g1:: (real  $\Rightarrow$  real)* **and** *g2:: (real  $\Rightarrow$  real)*

**assumes** *Dy-def: Dy-pair = {(x::real,y) . x  $\in$  cbox a b  $\wedge$  y  $\in$  cbox (g2 x) (g1 x)}*

**and**

*gamma1-def: gamma1 = ( $\lambda x. (a + (b - a) * x, g2(a + (b - a) * x))$ )* **and**

*gamma1-smooth: gamma1 piecewise-C1-differentiable-on {0..1}* **and**

*gamma2-def: gamma2 = ( $\lambda x. (b, g2(b) + x *_R (g1(b) - g2(b)))$ )* **and**

*gamma3-def: gamma3 = ( $\lambda x. (a + (b - a) * x, g1(a + (b - a) * x))$ )* **and**

*gamma3-smooth: gamma3 piecewise-C1-differentiable-on {0..1}* **and**

*gamma4-def: gamma4 = ( $\lambda x. (a, g2(a) + x *_R (g1(a) - g2(a)))$ )* **and**

*F-i-analytically-valid: analytically-valid Dy-pair ( $\lambda p. F(p) \cdot i$ ) j* **and**

*g2-leq-g1:  $\forall x \in \text{cbox } a \ b. (g2 \ x) \leq (g1 \ x)$*  **and**

*a-lt-b: a < b*

**shows**  $(\text{line-integral } F \ \{i\} \ \text{gamma1}) +$

$(\text{line-integral } F \ \{i\} \ \text{gamma2}) -$

$(\text{line-integral } F \ \{i\} \ \text{gamma3}) -$

$(\text{line-integral } F \ \{i\} \ \text{gamma4})$

$= (\text{integral } \text{Dy-pair } (\lambda a. - (\text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda p. F(p)) \cdot i) \ j$

a)))  
*line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\}$   $\text{gamma4}$   
*line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\}$   $\text{gamma3}$   
*line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\}$   $\text{gamma2}$   
*line-integral-exists*  $F \{i\}$   $\text{gamma1}$   
⟨proof⟩

**theorem** *Greens-thm-type-II*:  
**fixes**  $F :: ((\text{real} * \text{real}) \Rightarrow (\text{real} * \text{real}))$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma4}$   $\text{gamma3}$   $\text{gamma2}$   $\text{gamma1} :: (\text{real} \Rightarrow (\text{real} * \text{real}))$  **and**  
 $a :: \text{real}$  **and**  $b :: \text{real}$  **and**  
 $g1 :: (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$  **and**  $g2 :: (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real})$   
**assumes**  $Dx\text{-def}: Dx\text{-pair} = \{(x :: \text{real}, y) . y \in \text{cbox } a \ b \wedge x \in \text{cbox } (g2 \ y) \ (g1 \ y)\}$   
**and**  
 $\text{gamma4}\text{-def}: \text{gamma4} = (\lambda x. (g2(a + (b - a) * x), a + (b - a) * x))$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma4}\text{-smooth}: \text{gamma4}$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma3}\text{-def}: \text{gamma3} = (\lambda x. (g2(b) + x *_R (g1(b) - g2(b)), b))$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma2}\text{-def}: \text{gamma2} = (\lambda x. (g1(a + (b - a) * x), a + (b - a) * x))$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma2}\text{-smooth}: \text{gamma2}$  *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{0..1\}$  **and**  
 $\text{gamma1}\text{-def}: \text{gamma1} = (\lambda x. (g2(a) + x *_R (g1(a) - g2(a)), a))$  **and**  
 $F\text{-j-analytically-valid}: \text{analytically-valid } Dx\text{-pair } (\lambda p. F(p) \cdot j)$   $i$  **and**  
 $g2\text{-leq-g1}: \forall x \in \text{cbox } a \ b. (g2 \ x) \leq (g1 \ x)$  **and**  
 $a\text{-lt-}b: a < b$   
**shows**  $-(\text{line-integral } F \{j\} \ \text{gamma4}) -$   
 $(\text{line-integral } F \{j\} \ \text{gamma3}) +$   
 $(\text{line-integral } F \{j\} \ \text{gamma2}) +$   
 $(\text{line-integral } F \{j\} \ \text{gamma1})$   
 $= (\text{integral } Dx\text{-pair } (\lambda a. (\text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda a. (F \ a) \cdot j) \ i$   
a)))  
*line-integral-exists*  $F \{j\}$   $\text{gamma4}$   
*line-integral-exists*  $F \{j\}$   $\text{gamma3}$   
*line-integral-exists*  $F \{j\}$   $\text{gamma2}$   
*line-integral-exists*  $F \{j\}$   $\text{gamma1}$   
⟨proof⟩

**end**

**locale** *green-typeII-cube* =  $R2 +$   
**fixes**  $\text{twoC } F$   
**assumes**  
 $\text{two-cube}: \text{typeII-twoCube } \text{twoC}$  **and**  
 $\text{valid-two-cube}: \text{valid-two-cube } \text{twoC}$  **and**  
 $f\text{-analytically-valid}: \text{analytically-valid } (\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC}) (\lambda x. (F \ x) \cdot j)$   $i$   
**begin**

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-twoCube*:  
**shows**  $\text{integral } (\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC}) (\lambda a. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. (F \ x) \cdot j) \ i$   
 $a) = \text{one-chain-line-integral } F \{j\} (\text{boundary } \text{twoC})$   
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } \text{twoC}. \text{line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \ \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-typeII-Cube-boundaries'*:

**assumes**  $(k,\gamma) \in \text{boundary twoC}$

**shows** *line-integral-exists*  $F \{j\} \gamma$

*<proof>*

**end**

**locale** *green-typeII-chain* =  $R2 +$

**fixes**  $F \text{ two-chain } s$

**assumes** *valid-typeII-div: valid-typeII-division*  $s \text{ two-chain}$  **and**

*F-anal-valid:  $\forall \text{twoC} \in \text{two-chain. analytically-valid (cubeImage twoC)}$*   $(\lambda x.$

$(F x) \cdot j) i$

**begin**

**lemma** *two-chain-valid-valid-cubes:  $\forall \text{two-cube} \in \text{two-chain. valid-two-cube two-cube}$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *typeII-chain-line-integral-exists-boundary'*:

**shows**  $\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain. line-integral-exists } F \{j\}$

$\gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *typeII-chain-line-integral-exists-boundary''*:

$\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain. line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *typeII-cube-line-integral-exists-boundary*:

$\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-boundary two-chain. line-integral-exists } F \{j\} \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *type-II-chain-horiz-bound-valid*:

$\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain. valid-path } \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *type-II-chain-vert-bound-valid*:

$\forall (k,\gamma) \in \text{two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain. valid-path } \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *members-of-only-horiz-div-line-integrable'*:

**assumes** *only-horizontal-division one-chain two-chain*

$(k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain}$

$(k::\text{int}, \gamma) \in \text{one-chain}$

*finite two-chain*

$\forall \text{two-cube} \in \text{two-chain. valid-two-cube two-cube}$

**shows** *line-integral-exists*  $F \{j\} \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-twoChain:*

**shows** *two-chain-integral two-chain (partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda a. (F a) \cdot j$ )  $i$ ) = one-chain-line-integral  $F \{j\}$  (two-chain-boundary two-chain)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-divisible:*

**assumes**

*gen-division: gen-division  $s$  (cubeImage ' two-chain)*

**shows** *integral  $s$  (partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j$ )  $i$ ) = one-chain-line-integral  $F \{j\}$  (two-chain-boundary two-chain)*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-divisible-region-boundary-gen:*

**assumes** *only-horizontal-division: only-horizontal-division  $\gamma$  two-chain*

**shows** *integral  $s$  (partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j$ )  $i$ ) = one-chain-line-integral  $F \{j\}$   $\gamma$*   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeII-divisible-region-boundary:*

**assumes**

*two-cubes-trace-vertical-boundaries:*

*two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain  $\subseteq \gamma$  and*

*boundary-of-region-is-subset-of-partition-boundary:*

*$\gamma \subseteq$  two-chain-boundary two-chain*

**shows** *integral  $s$  (partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda x. (F x) \cdot j$ )  $i$ ) = one-chain-line-integral  $F \{j\}$   $\gamma$*   
*<proof>*

**end**

**locale** *green-typeI-cube =  $R^2 +$*

**fixes** *twoC  $F$*

**assumes**

*two-cube: typeI-twoCube twoC and*

*valid-two-cube: valid-two-cube twoC and*

*f-analytically-valid: analytically-valid (cubeImage twoC) ( $\lambda x. (F x) \cdot i$ )  $j$*

**begin**

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-twoCube:*

**shows** *integral (cubeImage twoC) ( $\lambda a. -$  partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda p. F p \cdot i$ )  $j$ ) = one-chain-line-integral  $F \{i\}$  (boundary twoC)*  
 *$\forall (k, \gamma) \in$  boundary twoC. line-integral-exists  $F \{i\}$   $\gamma$*   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *line-integral-exists-on-typeI-Cube-boundaries':*

**assumes** *( $k, \gamma$ )  $\in$  boundary twoC*

**shows** *line-integral-exists  $F \{i\}$   $\gamma$*

*<proof>*

**end**

**locale** *green-typeI-chain* = *R2* +

**fixes** *F two-chain s*

**assumes** *valid-typeI-div: valid-typeI-division s two-chain and*

*F-anal-valid:  $\forall$  twoC  $\in$  two-chain. analytically-valid (cubeImage twoC) ( $\lambda x.$*

*(F x)  $\cdot$  i) j*

**begin**

**lemma** *two-chain-valid-valid-cubes:  $\forall$  two-cube  $\in$  two-chain. valid-two-cube two-cube*  
 *$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *typeI-cube-line-integral-exists-boundary'*:

**assumes**  $\forall$  two-cube  $\in$  two-chain. typeI-twoCube two-cube

**assumes**  $\forall$  twoC  $\in$  two-chain. analytically-valid (cubeImage twoC) ( $\lambda x. (F x) \cdot$

*i) j*

**assumes**  $\forall$  two-cube  $\in$  two-chain. valid-two-cube two-cube

**shows**  $\forall (k,\gamma) \in$  two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain. line-integral-exists *F {i}*

*$\gamma$*

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *typeI-cube-line-integral-exists-boundary''*:

$\forall (k,\gamma) \in$  two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain. line-integral-exists *F {i}*  $\gamma$

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *typeI-cube-line-integral-exists-boundary*:

$\forall (k,\gamma) \in$  two-chain-boundary two-chain. line-integral-exists *F {i}*  $\gamma$

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *type-I-chain-horiz-bound-valid*:

$\forall (k,\gamma) \in$  two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain. valid-path  $\gamma$

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *type-I-chain-vert-bound-valid*:

**assumes**  $\forall$  two-cube  $\in$  two-chain. typeI-twoCube two-cube

**shows**  $\forall (k,\gamma) \in$  two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain. valid-path  $\gamma$

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *members-of-only-vertical-div-line-integrable'*:

**assumes** *only-vertical-division one-chain two-chain*

*(k::int,  $\gamma$ ) $\in$ one-chain*

*(k::int,  $\gamma$ ) $\in$ one-chain*

*finite two-chain*

**shows** line-integral-exists *F {i}*  $\gamma$

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-two-chain*:

*two-chain-integral two-chain ( $\lambda a. -$  partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda x. (F x) \cdot i) j a$ )*  
*= one-chain-line-integral *F {i}* (two-chain-boundary two-chain)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-divisible:*

**assumes** *gen-division: gen-division s (cubeImage ‘ two-chain)*

**shows** *integral s (λx. – partial-vector-derivative (λa. F(a) · i) j x) = one-chain-line-integral F {i} (two-chain-boundary two-chain)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-divisible-region-boundary:*

**assumes**

*gen-division: gen-division s (cubeImage ‘ two-chain) and*

*two-cubes-trace-horizontal-boundaries:*

*two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain ⊆ γ and*

*boundary-of-region-is-subset-of-partition-boundary:*

*γ ⊆ two-chain-boundary two-chain*

**shows** *integral s (λx. – partial-vector-derivative (λa. F(a) · i) j x) = one-chain-line-integral F {i} γ*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-divisible-region-boundary-gen:*

**assumes** *valid-typeI-div: valid-typeI-division s two-chain and*

*f-analytically-valid: ∀ twoC ∈ two-chain. analytically-valid (cubeImage twoC)*

*(λa. F(a) · i) j and*

*only-vertical-division:*

*only-vertical-division γ two-chain*

**shows** *integral s (λx. – partial-vector-derivative (λa. F(a) · i) j x) = one-chain-line-integral F {i} γ*

*<proof>*

**end**

**locale** *green-typeI-typeII-chain = R2: R2 i j + T1: green-typeI-chain i j F two-chain-typeI*

*+ T2: green-typeII-chain i j F two-chain-typeII for i j F two-chain-typeI two-chain-typeII*

**begin**

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region-boundary:*

**assumes**

*gen-divisions: gen-division s (cubeImage ‘ two-chain-typeI)*

*gen-division s (cubeImage ‘ two-chain-typeII) and*

*typeI-two-cubes-trace-horizontal-boundaries:*

*two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain-typeI ⊆ γ and*

*typeII-two-cubes-trace-vertical-boundaries:*

*two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain-typeII ⊆ γ and*

*boundary-of-region-is-subset-of-partition-boundaries:*

*γ ⊆ two-chain-boundary two-chain-typeI*

*γ ⊆ two-chain-boundary two-chain-typeII*

**shows** *integral s (λx. partial-vector-derivative (λa. F a · j) i x – partial-vector-derivative (λa. F a · i) j x)*

*= one-chain-line-integral F {i, j} γ*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region'*:

**assumes**

*only-vertical-division:*

*only-vertical-division one-chain-typeI two-chain-typeI*

*boundary-chain one-chain-typeI and*

*only-horizontal-division:*

*only-horizontal-division one-chain-typeII two-chain-typeII*

*boundary-chain one-chain-typeII and*

*typeI-and-typeII-one-chains-have-gen-common-subdiv:*

*common-sudiv-exists one-chain-typeI one-chain-typeII*

**shows** *integral s* ( $\lambda x.$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$  ( $F x \cdot j$ )  $i x -$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$  ( $F x \cdot i$ )  $j x$ ) = *one-chain-line-integral*  $F \{i, j\}$  *one-chain-typeI*

*integral s* ( $\lambda x.$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$  ( $F x \cdot j$ )  $i x -$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$  ( $F x \cdot i$ )  $j x$ ) = *one-chain-line-integral*  $F \{i, j\}$  *one-chain-typeII*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region:*

**assumes** *only-vertical-division:*

*only-vertical-division one-chain-typeI two-chain-typeI*

*boundary-chain one-chain-typeI and*

*only-horizontal-division:*

*only-horizontal-division one-chain-typeII two-chain-typeII*

*boundary-chain one-chain-typeII and*

*typeI-and-typeII-one-chains-have-common-subdiv:*

*common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain-typeI one-chain-typeII*

**shows** *integral s* ( $\lambda x.$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$  ( $F x \cdot j$ )  $i x -$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$  ( $F x \cdot i$ )  $j x$ ) = *one-chain-line-integral*  $F \{i, j\}$  *one-chain-typeI*

*integral s* ( $\lambda x.$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$  ( $F x \cdot j$ )  $i x -$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$  ( $F x \cdot i$ )  $j x$ ) = *one-chain-line-integral*  $F \{i, j\}$  *one-chain-typeII*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region-finite-holes:*

**assumes** *valid-cube-boundary:*  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } C.$  *valid-path*  $\gamma$  **and**

*only-vertical-division:*

*only-vertical-division (boundary C) two-chain-typeI and*

*only-horizontal-division:*

*only-horizontal-division (boundary C) two-chain-typeII and*

*s-is-oneCube:*  $s = \text{cubeImage } C$

**shows** *integral (cubeImage C)* ( $\lambda x.$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$   $F x \cdot j$ )  $i x -$  *partial-vector-derivative* ( $\lambda x.$   $F x \cdot i$ )  $j x$ ) =

*one-chain-line-integral*  $F \{i, j\}$  (*boundary C*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-typeI-typeII-divisible-region-equivalent-boundary:*

**assumes**

*gen-divisions:* *gen-division s* (*cubeImage* ' *two-chain-typeI*)

*gen-division s* (*cubeImage* ' *two-chain-typeII*) **and**

*typeI-two-cubes-trace-horizontal-boundaries:*  
*two-chain-horizontal-boundary two-chain-typeI  $\subseteq$  one-chain-typeI and*  
*typeII-two-cubes-trace-vertical-boundaries:*  
*two-chain-vertical-boundary two-chain-typeII  $\subseteq$  one-chain-typeII and*  
*boundary-of-region-is-subset-of-partition-boundaries:*  
*one-chain-typeI  $\subseteq$  two-chain-boundary two-chain-typeI*  
*one-chain-typeII  $\subseteq$  two-chain-boundary two-chain-typeII and*  
*typeI-and-typeII-one-chains-have-common-subdiv:*  
*common-boundary-sudivision-exists one-chain-typeI one-chain-typeII*  
**shows** *integral s ( $\lambda x$ . partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda x$ . ( $F x$ )  $\cdot$   $j$ )  $i x$  - partial-vector-derivative*  
*( $\lambda x$ . ( $F x$ )  $\cdot$   $i$ )  $j x$ ) = one-chain-line-integral  $F \{i, j\}$  one-chain-typeI*  
*integral s ( $\lambda x$ . partial-vector-derivative ( $\lambda x$ . ( $F x$ )  $\cdot$   $j$ )  $i x$  - partial-vector-derivative*  
*( $\lambda x$ . ( $F x$ )  $\cdot$   $i$ )  $j x$ ) = one-chain-line-integral  $F \{i, j\}$  one-chain-typeII*  
 *$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**end**

**end**

**theory** *SymmetricR2Shapes*

**imports** *Green*

**begin**

**context** *R2*

**begin**

**lemma** *valid-path-valid-swap:*

**assumes** *valid-path ( $\lambda x::real$ . (( $f x$ )::real, ( $g x$ )::real))*

**shows** *valid-path (prod.swap o ( $\lambda x$ . ( $f x$ ,  $g x$ )))*

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *pair-fun-components:  $C = (\lambda x$ . ( $C x \cdot i$ ,  $C x \cdot j$ ))*

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *swap-pair-fun: ( $\lambda y$ . prod.swap ( $C (y, 0)$ )) = ( $\lambda x$ . ( $C (x, 0) \cdot j$ ,  $C (x, 0)$*

*$\cdot i$ ))*

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *swap-pair-fun<sup>!</sup>: ( $\lambda y$ . prod.swap ( $C (y, 1)$ )) = ( $\lambda x$ . ( $C (x, 1) \cdot j$ ,  $C (x, 1)$*

*$\cdot i$ ))*

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *swap-pair-fun<sup>''</sup>: ( $\lambda y$ . prod.swap ( $C (0, y)$ )) = ( $\lambda x$ . ( $C (0, x) \cdot j$ ,  $C (0, x)$*

*$\cdot i$ ))*

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *swap-pair-fun<sup>'''</sup>: ( $\lambda y$ . prod.swap ( $C (1, y)$ )) = ( $\lambda x$ . ( $C (1, x) \cdot j$ ,  $C (1, x)$*

*$\cdot i$ ))*

*$\langle$ proof $\rangle$*

**lemma** *swap-valid-boundaries:*

**assumes**  $\forall (k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } C. \text{ valid-path } \gamma$   
**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } (\text{prod.swap } o \ C \ o \ \text{prod.swap})$   
**shows**  $\text{valid-path } \gamma$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *prod-comp-eq*:  
**assumes**  $f = \text{prod.swap } o \ g$   
**shows**  $\text{prod.swap } o \ f = g$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *swap-typeI-is-typeII*:  
**assumes**  $\text{typeI-twoCube } C$   
**shows**  $\text{typeII-twoCube } (\text{prod.swap } o \ C \ o \ \text{prod.swap})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *valid-cube-valid-swap*:  
**assumes**  $\text{valid-two-cube } C$   
**shows**  $\text{valid-two-cube } (\text{prod.swap } o \ C \ o \ \text{prod.swap})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *twoChainVertDiv-of-itself*:  
**assumes**  $\text{finite } C$   
 $\forall (k, \gamma) \in (\text{two-chain-boundary } C). \text{ valid-path } \gamma$   
**shows**  $\text{only-vertical-division } (\text{two-chain-boundary } C) \ C$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

**definition** *x-coord* **where**  $x\text{-coord} \equiv (\lambda t :: \text{real}. t - 1/2)$

**lemma** *x-coord-smooth*:  $x\text{-coord } C1\text{-differentiable-on } \{a..b\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *x-coord-bounds*:  
**assumes**  $(0 :: \text{real}) \leq x \ x \leq 1$   
**shows**  $-1/2 \leq x\text{-coord } x \wedge x\text{-coord } x \leq 1/2$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *x-coord-img*:  $x\text{-coord } ` \{ (0 :: \text{real}) .. 1 \} = \{-1/2 .. 1/2\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *x-coord-back-img*:  $\text{finite } (\{0..1\} \cap x\text{-coord } - ` \{x :: \text{real}\})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**abbreviation** *rot-x*  $t1 \ t2 \equiv (\text{if } (t1 - 1/2) \leq 0 \text{ then } (2 * t2 - 1) * t1 + 1/2$   
 $:: \text{real} \text{ else } 2 * t2 - 2 * t1 * t2 + t1 - 1/2 :: \text{real})$

**lemma** *rot-x-ivl*:  
**assumes**  $0 \leq x$   
 $x \leq 1$   
 $0 \leq y$   
 $y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $0 \leq \text{rot-x } x \ y \wedge \text{rot-x } x \ y \leq 1$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

## 2 The Circle Example

**theory** *CircExample*  
**imports** *Green SymmetricR2Shapes*

**begin**

**locale** *circle* = *R2* +  
**fixes**  $d::\text{real}$   
**assumes** *d-gt-0*:  $0 < d$   
**begin**

**definition** *circle-y* **where**  
 $\text{circle-y } t = \text{sqrt } (1/4 - t * t)$

**definition** *circle-cube* **where**  
 $\text{circle-cube} = (\lambda(x,y). ((x - 1/2) * d, (2 * y - 1) * d * \text{sqrt } (1/4 - (x - 1/2)*(x - 1/2))))$

**lemma** *circle-cube-nice*:  
**shows**  $\text{circle-cube} = (\lambda(x,y). (d * x\text{-coord } x, (2 * y - 1) * d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } x)))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *rot-circle-cube* **where**  
 $\text{rot-circle-cube} = \text{prod.swap} \circ (\text{circle-cube}) \circ \text{prod.swap}$

**abbreviation** *rot-y t1 t2*  $\equiv ((t1 - 1/2)/(2 * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } (\text{rot-x } t1 \ t2)))) + 1/2::\text{real}$

**definition** *x-coord-inv*  $(x::\text{real}) = (1/2) + x$

**lemma** *x-coord-inv-1*:  $x\text{-coord-inv } (x\text{-coord } (x::\text{real})) = x$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *x-coord-inv-2*:  $x\text{-coord } (x\text{-coord-inv } (x::\text{real})) = x$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *circle-y-inv* = *circle-y*

**abbreviation**  $rot-x'' (x::real) (y::real) \equiv (x\text{-coord-inv } ((2 * y - 1) * circle-y (x\text{-coord } x)))$

**lemma** *circle-y-bounds*:

**assumes**  $-1/2 \leq (x::real) \wedge x \leq 1/2$   
**shows**  $0 \leq circle-y x \wedge circle-y x \leq 1/2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-y-x-coord-bounds*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq (x::real) \wedge x \leq 1$   
**shows**  $0 \leq circle-y (x\text{-coord } x) \wedge circle-y (x\text{-coord } x) \leq 1/2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-x-ivl*:

**assumes**  $(0::real) \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 \wedge 0 \leq y \wedge y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $0 \leq rot-x'' x y \wedge rot-x'' x y \leq 1$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**abbreviation**  $rot-y'' (x::real) (y::real) \equiv (x\text{-coord } x) / (2 * (circle-y (x\text{-coord } (rot-x'' x y)))) + 1/2$

**lemma** *rot-y-ivl*:

**assumes**  $(0::real) \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 \wedge 0 \leq y \wedge y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $0 \leq rot-y'' x y \wedge rot-y'' x y \leq 1$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-eq-rot-circle*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 \wedge 0 \leq y \wedge y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $(circle\text{-cube } (x, y)) = (rot\text{-circle-cube } (rot-y'' x y, rot-x'' x y))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-eq-circle*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 \wedge 0 \leq y \wedge y \leq 1$   
**shows**  $(rot\text{-circle-cube } (x, y)) = (circle\text{-cube } (rot-x'' y x, rot-y'' y x))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-img-eq*:

**assumes**  $0 < d$   
**shows**  $(cubeImage (circle\text{-cube } )) = (cubeImage (rot\text{-circle-cube}))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-div-circle*:

**assumes**  $0 < (d::real)$   
**shows**  $gen\text{-division } (cubeImage circle\text{-cube}) (cubeImage \{rot\text{-circle-cube}\})$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-cube-boundary-valid*:

**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in boundary\ circle\text{-cube}$   
**shows**  $valid\text{-path } \gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-boundary-valid:*

**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary rot-circle-cube}$

**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *diff-divide-cancel:*

**fixes**  $z::\text{real}$  **shows**  $z \neq 0 \implies (a * z - a * (b * z)) / z = (a - a * b)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *circle-cube-is-type-I:*

**assumes**  $0 < d$

**shows** *typeI-twoCube circle-cube*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-is-type-II:*

**shows** *typeII-twoCube rot-circle-cube*

*<proof>*

**definition** *circle-bot-edge where*

*circle-bot-edge* =  $(1::\text{int}, \lambda t. (x\text{-coord } t * d, - d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } t)))$

**definition** *circle-top-edge where*

*circle-top-edge* =  $(- 1::\text{int}, \lambda t. (x\text{-coord } t * d, d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } t)))$

**definition** *circle-right-edge where*

*circle-right-edge* =  $(1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (d/2, 0))$

**definition** *circle-left-edge where*

*circle-left-edge* =  $(- 1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (- (d/2), 0))$

**lemma** *circle-cube-boundary-explicit:*

*boundary circle-cube* =  $\{\text{circle-left-edge}, \text{circle-right-edge}, \text{circle-bot-edge}, \text{circle-top-edge}\}$

*<proof>*

**definition** *rot-circle-right-edge where*

*rot-circle-right-edge* =  $(1::\text{int}, \lambda t. (d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } t), x\text{-coord } t * d))$

**definition** *rot-circle-left-edge where*

*rot-circle-left-edge* =  $(- 1::\text{int}, \lambda t. (- d * \text{circle-y } (x\text{-coord } t), x\text{-coord } t * d))$

**definition** *rot-circle-top-edge where*

*rot-circle-top-edge* =  $(- 1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (0, d/2))$

**definition** *rot-circle-bot-edge where*

*rot-circle-bot-edge* =  $(1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (0, - (d/2)))$

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-boundary-explicit:*

*boundary (rot-circle-cube) =*  
 $\{\text{rot-circle-top-edge}, \text{rot-circle-bot-edge}, \text{rot-circle-right-edge}, \text{rot-circle-left-edge}\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-vertical-boundary-explicit:*  
*vertical-boundary rot-circle-cube =*  $\{\text{rot-circle-right-edge}, \text{rot-circle-left-edge}\}$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *circ-left-edge-neq-top:*  
 $(-1 :: \text{int}, \lambda y :: \text{real}. (- (d/2), 0)) \neq (-1, \lambda x. ((x - 1/2) * d, d * \text{sqrt}(1/4 - (x - 1/2) * (x - 1/2))))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-cube-valid-two-cube: valid-two-cube (circle-cube)*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-cube-valid-two-cube:*  
**shows** *valid-two-cube rot-circle-cube*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**definition** *circle-arc-0* **where** *circle-arc-0 =*  $(1, \lambda t :: \text{real}. (0, 0))$

**lemma** *circle-top-bot-edges-neq' [simp]:*  
**shows** *circle-top-edge  $\neq$  circle-bot-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-top-left-edges-neq [simp]: rot-circle-top-edge  $\neq$  rot-circle-left-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-bot-left-edges-neq [simp]: rot-circle-bot-edge  $\neq$  rot-circle-left-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-top-right-edges-neq [simp]: rot-circle-top-edge  $\neq$  rot-circle-right-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-bot-right-edges-neq [simp]: rot-circle-bot-edge  $\neq$  rot-circle-right-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-right-top-edges-neq' [simp]: rot-circle-right-edge  $\neq$  rot-circle-left-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-circle-left-bot-edges-neq [simp]: rot-circle-left-edge  $\neq$  rot-circle-top-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-right-top-edges-neq [simp]: circle-right-edge  $\neq$  circle-top-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-left-bot-edges-neq [simp]: circle-left-edge  $\neq$  circle-bot-edge*  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *circle-left-top-edges-nej* [simp]: *circle-left-edge*  $\neq$  *circle-top-edge*  
 <proof>

**lemma** *circle-right-bot-edges-nej* [simp]: *circle-right-edge*  $\neq$  *circle-bot-edge*  
 <proof>

**definition** *circle-polar* **where**

*circle-polar*  $t = ((d/2) * \cos (2 * \pi * t), (d/2) * \sin (2 * \pi * t))$

**lemma** *circle-polar-smooth*: (*circle-polar*) *C1-differentiable-on* {0..1}  
 <proof>

**abbreviation** *custom-arccos*  $\equiv (\lambda x. (if -1 \leq x \wedge x \leq 1 then \arccos x else (if x < -1 then -x + \pi else 1 - x)))$

**lemma** *cont-custom-arccos*:

**assumes**  $S \subseteq \{-1..1\}$

**shows** *continuous-on*  $S$  *custom-arccos*

<proof>

**lemma** *custom-arccos-has-deriv*:

**assumes**  $-1 < x < 1$

**shows** *DERIV* *custom-arccos*  $x := inverse (- \sqrt{1 - x^2})$

<proof>

**declare**

*custom-arccos-has-deriv*[*THEN* *DERIV-chain2*, *derivative-intros*]

*custom-arccos-has-deriv*[*THEN* *DERIV-chain2*, *unfolded has-field-derivative-def*,  
*derivative-intros*]

**lemma** *circle-boundary-reparams*:

**shows** *rot-circ-left-edge-reparam-polar-circ-split*:

*reparam* (*rec-join* [(*rot-circle-left-edge*)] (*rec-join* [(*subcube* (1/4) (1/2) (1, *circle-polar*)), (*subcube* (1/2) (3/4) (1, *circle-polar*))]))

(**is** ?P1)

**and** *circ-top-edge-reparam-polar-circ-split*:

*reparam* (*rec-join* [(*circle-top-edge*)] (*rec-join* [(*subcube* 0 (1/4) (1, *circle-polar*)), (*subcube* (1/4) (1/2) (1, *circle-polar*))]))

(**is** ?P2)

**and** *circ-bot-edge-reparam-polar-circ-split*:

*reparam* (*rec-join* [(*circle-bot-edge*)] (*rec-join* [(*subcube* (1/2) (3/4) (1, *circle-polar*)), (*subcube* (3/4) 1 (1, *circle-polar*))]))

(**is** ?P3)

**and** *rot-circ-right-edge-reparam-polar-circ-split*:

*reparam* (*rec-join* [(*rot-circle-right-edge*)] (*rec-join* [(*subcube* (3/4) 1 (1, *circle-polar*)), (*subcube* 0 (1/4) (1, *circle-polar*))]))

(**is** ?P4)

<proof>

**definition** *circle-cube-boundary-to-polarcircle* **where**

*circle-cube-boundary-to-polarcircle*  $\gamma \equiv$   
 if ( $\gamma = (\text{circle-top-edge})$ ) then  
   {subcube 0 (1/4) (1, circle-polar), subcube (1/4) (1/2) (1, circle-polar)}  
 else if ( $\gamma = (\text{circle-bot-edge})$ ) then  
   {subcube (1/2) (3/4) (1, circle-polar), subcube (3/4) 1 (1, circle-polar)}  
 else {}

**definition** *rot-circle-cube-boundary-to-polarcircle* **where**

*rot-circle-cube-boundary-to-polarcircle*  $\gamma \equiv$   
 if ( $\gamma = (\text{rot-circle-left-edge})$ ) then  
   {subcube (1/4) (1/2) (1, circle-polar), subcube (1/2) (3/4) (1, circle-polar)}  
 else if ( $\gamma = (\text{rot-circle-right-edge})$ ) then  
   {subcube (3/4) 1 (1, circle-polar), subcube 0 (1/4) (1, circle-polar)}  
 else {}

**lemma** *circle-arcs-neq*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq k \leq 1 \ 0 \leq n \leq 1 \ n < k \ k + n < 1$   
**shows**  $\text{subcube } k \ m \ (1, \text{circle-polar}) \neq \text{subcube } n \ q \ (1, \text{circle-polar})$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *circle-arcs-neq-2*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq k \leq 1 \ 0 \leq n \leq 1 \ n < k \ 0 < n$  **and**  $kn12: 1/2 < k + n$  **and**  
 $k + n < 3/2$   
**shows**  $\text{subcube } k \ m \ (1, \text{circle-polar}) \neq \text{subcube } n \ q \ (1, \text{circle-polar})$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *circle-cube-is-only-horizontal-div-of-rot*:

**shows**  $\text{only-horizontal-division } (\text{boundary } (\text{circle-cube})) \ \{\text{rot-circle-cube}\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *GreenThm-circlce*:

**assumes**  $\forall \text{twoC} \in \{\text{circle-cube}\}. \text{analytically-valid } (\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC}) \ (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot$   
 $i) \ j$   
 $\forall \text{twoC} \in \{\text{rot-circle-cube}\}. \text{analytically-valid } (\text{cubeImage } \text{twoC}) \ (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot j) \ i$   
**shows**  $\text{integral } (\text{cubeImage } (\text{circle-cube})) \ (\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot$   
 $j) \ i \ x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot i) \ j \ x) =$   
 $\text{one-chain-line-integral } F \ \{i, j\} \ (\text{boundary } (\text{circle-cube}))$

<proof>

**end**

**end**

### 3 The Diamond Example

**theory** *DiamExample*

**imports** *Green SymmetricR2Shapes*

**begin**

**lemma** *abs-if'*:

**fixes**  $a :: 'a :: \{abs-if, ordered-ab-group-add\}$

**shows**  $|a| = (if\ a \leq 0\ then\ -\ a\ else\ a)$

*<proof>*

**locale** *diamond* =  $R2 +$

**fixes**  $d::real$

**assumes**  $d-gt-0: 0 < d$

**begin**

**definition** *diamond-y-gen* ::  $real \Rightarrow real$  **where**

$diamond-y-gen \equiv \lambda t. 1/2 - |t|$

**definition** *diamond-cube-gen*::  $((real * real) \Rightarrow (real * real))$  **where**

$diamond-cube-gen \equiv (\lambda(x,y). (d * x-coord\ x, (2 * y - 1) * (d * diamond-y-gen\ (x-coord\ x))))$

**lemma** *diamond-y-gen-valid*:

**assumes**  $a \leq 0\ 0 \leq b$

**shows** *diamond-y-gen* *piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{a..b\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-cube-gen-boundary-valid*:

**assumes**  $(k,\gamma) \in boundary\ (diamond-cube-gen)$

**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$

*<proof>*

**definition** *diamond-x* **where**

$diamond-x \equiv \lambda t. (t - 1/2) * d$

**definition** *diamond-y* **where**

$diamond-y \equiv \lambda t. d/2 - |t|$

**definition** *diamond-cube* **where**

$diamond-cube = (\lambda(x,y). (diamond-x\ x, (2 * y - 1) * (diamond-y\ (diamond-x\ x))))$

**definition** *rot-diamond-cube* **where**

$rot-diamond-cube = prod.swap\ o\ (diamond-cube)\ o\ prod.swap$

**lemma** *diamond-eq-characterisations*:

**shows**  $diamond-cube\ (x,y) = diamond-cube-gen\ (x,y)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-eq-characterisations-fun*:  $diamond-cube = diamond-cube-gen$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-y-valid*:

**shows** *diamond-y piecewise-C1-differentiable-on*  $\{-d/2..d/2\}$  **(is ?P)**  
 $(\lambda x. \text{diamond-y } x) \text{ piecewise-C1-differentiable-on } \{-d/2..d/2\}$  **(is ?Q)**  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-cube-boundary-valid*:

**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } (\text{diamond-cube})$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-cube-is-type-I*:

**shows** *typeI-twoCube*  $(\text{diamond-cube})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-cube-valid-two-cube*:

**shows** *valid-two-cube*  $(\text{diamond-cube})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-boundary-valid*:

**assumes**  $(k, \gamma) \in \text{boundary } (\text{rot-diamond-cube})$   
**shows** *valid-path*  $\gamma$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-is-type-II*:

**shows** *typeII-twoCube*  $(\text{rot-diamond-cube})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-valid-two-cube*: *valid-two-cube*  $(\text{rot-diamond-cube})$

*<proof>*

**definition** *diamond-top-edges where*

*diamond-top-edges* =  $(- 1::\text{int}, \lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } x, \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } x)))$

**definition** *diamond-bot-edges where*

*diamond-bot-edges* =  $(1::\text{int}, \lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } x, - \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } x)))$

**lemma** *diamond-cube-boundary-explicit*:

*boundary*  $(\text{diamond-cube}) =$   
 $\{\text{diamond-top-edges},$   
 $\text{diamond-bot-edges},$   
 $(- 1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (\text{diamond-x } 0, (2 * y - 1) * \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } 0))),$   
 $(1::\text{int}, \lambda y. (\text{diamond-x } 1, (2 * y - 1) * \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } 1)))\}$   
*<proof>*

**definition** *diamond-top-left-edge where*

*diamond-top-left-edge* =  $(- 1::\text{int}, (\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } (1/2 * x), (\text{diamond-x } (1/2 * x) + d/2))))$

**definition** *diamond-top-right-edge where*

$diamond-top-right-edge = (-1::int, (\lambda x. (diamond-x (1/2 * x + 1/2), (-(diamond-x (1/2 * x + 1/2)) + d/2))))$

**definition** *diamond-bot-left-edge* **where**

$diamond-bot-left-edge = (1::int, (\lambda x. (diamond-x (1/2 * x), -(diamond-x (1/2 * x) + d/2))))$

**definition** *diamond-bot-right-edge* **where**

$diamond-bot-right-edge = (1::int, (\lambda x. (diamond-x (1/2 * x + 1/2), -(-(diamond-x (1/2 * x + 1/2)) + d/2))))$

**lemma** *diamond-edges-are-valid*:

$valid-path (snd (diamond-top-left-edge))$   
 $valid-path (snd (diamond-top-right-edge))$   
 $valid-path (snd (diamond-bot-left-edge))$   
 $valid-path (snd (diamond-bot-right-edge))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *diamond-cube-boundary-to-subdiv* **where**

$diamond-cube-boundary-to-subdiv (gamma::(int \times (real \Rightarrow real \times real))) \equiv$   
 if  $(gamma = diamond-top-edges)$  then  
 $\{diamond-top-left-edge, diamond-top-right-edge\}$   
 else if  $(gamma = diamond-bot-edges)$  then  
 $\{diamond-bot-left-edge, diamond-bot-right-edge\}$   
 else  $\{\}$

**lemma** *rot-diam-edge-1*:

$(1::int, \lambda x::real. ((x::real) * (2 * diamond-y (diamond-x 0)) - 1 * diamond-y (diamond-x 0), diamond-x 0)) =$   
 $(1, \lambda x. (x * (2 * diamond-y (diamond-x 0)) - (diamond-y (diamond-x 0)), diamond-x 0))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *diamond-left-edges* **where**

$diamond-left-edges = (-1, \lambda y. (-diamond-y (diamond-x y), diamond-x y))$

**definition** *diamond-right-edges* **where**

$diamond-right-edges = (1, \lambda y. (diamond-y (diamond-x y), diamond-x y))$

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-boundary-explicit*:

$boundary (rot-diamond-cube) = \{(1::int, \lambda x::real. ((2 * x - 1) * diamond-y (diamond-x 0), diamond-x 0)),$   
 $(-1, \lambda x. ((2 * x - 1) * diamond-y (diamond-x 1), diamond-x 1)),$   
 $diamond-left-edges, diamond-right-edges\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *rot-diamond-cube-vertical-boundary-explicit*:

$vertical-boundary (rot-diamond-cube) = \{diamond-left-edges, diamond-right-edges\}$

*<proof>*

**definition** *rot-diamond-cube-boundary-to-subdiv* **where**

*rot-diamond-cube-boundary-to-subdiv* ( $\text{gamma}::(\text{int} \times (\text{real} \Rightarrow \text{real} \times \text{real}))$ )  $\equiv$   
if ( $\text{gamma} = \text{diamond-left-edges}$ ) then {*diamond-bot-left-edge*, *diamond-top-left-edge*}  
else if ( $\text{gamma} = \text{diamond-right-edges}$ ) then {*diamond-bot-right-edge*, *diamond-top-right-edge*}  
else {}

**definition** *diamond-boundaries-reparam-map* **where**

*diamond-boundaries-reparam-map*  $\equiv \text{id}$

**lemma** *diamond-boundaries-reparam-map-bij*:

*bij* (*diamond-boundaries-reparam-map*)

*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-bot-edges-neq-diamond-top-edges*:

*diamond-bot-edges*  $\neq$  *diamond-top-edges*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-top-left-edge-neq-diamond-top-right-edge*:

*diamond-top-left-edge*  $\neq$  *diamond-top-right-edge*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *neqs1*:

**shows** ( $\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } x, \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } x)) \neq (\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } x, -\text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } x)))$ )

**and** ( $\lambda y. (-\text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } y), \text{diamond-x } y) \neq (\lambda y. (\text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } y), \text{diamond-x } y))$ )

**and** ( $\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x}(x/2 + 1/2), \text{diamond-x}(x/2 + 1/2) - d/2) \neq (\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x}(x/2), -\text{diamond-x}(x/2) - d/2))$ )

**and** ( $\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x}(x/2 + 1/2), d/2 - \text{diamond-x}(x/2 + 1/2)) \neq (\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x}(x/2), \text{diamond-x}(x/2) + d/2))$ )

**and** ( $\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x}(x/2), -\text{diamond-x}(x/2) - d/2) \neq (\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x}(x/2 + 1/2), \text{diamond-x}(x/2 + 1/2) - d/2))$ )

**and** ( $\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x}(x/2), \text{diamond-x}(x/2) + d/2) \neq (\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x}(x/2 + 1/2), d/2 - \text{diamond-x}(x/2 + 1/2))$ )

*<proof>*

**lemma** *neqs2*:

**shows** ( $\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } x, \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } x)) \neq (\lambda x. ((2 * x - 1) * \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } 1), \text{diamond-x } 1))$ )

**and** ( $\lambda x. (\text{diamond-x } x, -\text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } x)) \neq (\lambda x. ((2 * x - 1) * \text{diamond-y } (\text{diamond-x } 0), \text{diamond-x } 0))$ )

*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-cube-is-only-horizontal-div-of-rot*:

**shows** *only-horizontal-division* (*boundary* (*diamond-cube*)) {*rot-diamond-cube*}

*<proof>*

**abbreviation**  $\text{rot-y } t1 \ t2 \equiv (t1 - 1/2) / (2 * \text{diamond-y-gen } (x\text{-coord } (\text{rot-x } t1 \ t2))) + 1/2$

**lemma** *rot-y-ivl*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq x \leq 1 \ 0 \leq y \leq 1$

**shows**  $0 \leq \text{rot-y } x \ y \wedge \text{rot-y } x \ y \leq 1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *diamond-gen-eq-rot-diamond*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq x \leq 1 \ 0 \leq y \leq 1$

**shows**  $(\text{diamond-cube-gen } (x, y)) = (\text{rot-diamond-cube } (\text{rot-y } x \ y, \text{rot-x } x \ y))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-diamond-eq-diamond-gen*:

**assumes**  $0 \leq x \leq 1 \ 0 \leq y \leq 1$

**shows**  $\text{rot-diamond-cube } (x, y) = \text{diamond-cube-gen } (\text{rot-x } y \ x, \text{rot-y } y \ x)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-img-eq*:  $\text{cubeImage } (\text{diamond-cube-gen}) = \text{cubeImage } (\text{rot-diamond-cube})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-diamond-gen-div-diamond-gen*:

**shows**  $\text{gen-division } (\text{cubeImage } (\text{diamond-cube-gen})) (\text{cubeImage } \{ \text{rot-diamond-cube} \})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *rot-diamond-gen-div-diamond*:

**shows**  $\text{gen-division } (\text{cubeImage } (\text{diamond-cube})) (\text{cubeImage } \{ \text{rot-diamond-cube} \})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *GreenThm-diamond*:

**assumes** *analytically-valid*  $(\text{cubeImage } (\text{diamond-cube})) (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot i) \ j$

*analytically-valid*  $(\text{cubeImage } (\text{diamond-cube})) (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot j) \ i$

**shows**  $\text{integral } (\text{cubeImage } (\text{diamond-cube})) (\lambda x. \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot j) \ i \ x - \text{partial-vector-derivative } (\lambda x. F \ x \cdot i) \ j \ x) =$

$\text{one-chain-line-integral } F \ \{i, j\} \ (\text{boundary } (\text{diamond-cube}))$

*<proof>*

**end**

**end**