

Pricing in discrete financial models

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1 Generated subalgebras

This section contains definitions and properties related to generated subalgebras.

theory *Generated-Subalgebra imports HOL-Probability.Probability*

begin

definition *gen-subalgebra* **where**
gen-subalgebra M G = sigma (space M) G

lemma *gen-subalgebra-space*:
shows *space (gen-subalgebra M G) = space M*
(proof)

lemma *gen-subalgebra-sets*:
assumes *G ⊆ sets M*
and *A ∈ G*
shows *A ∈ sets (gen-subalgebra M G)*
(proof)

lemma *gen-subalgebra-sig-sets*:
assumes *G ⊆ Pow (space M)*
shows *sets (gen-subalgebra M G) = sigma-sets (space M) G* *(proof)*

lemma *gen-subalgebra-sigma-sets*:
assumes *G ⊆ sets M*
and *sigma-algebra (space M) G*
shows *sets (gen-subalgebra M G) = G*
(proof)

lemma *gen-subalgebra-is-subalgebra*:
assumes *sub: G ⊆ sets M*
and *sigal:sigma-algebra (space M) G*
shows *subalgebra M (gen-subalgebra M G) (is subalgebra M ?N)*
(proof)

definition *fct-gen-subalgebra :: 'a measure ⇒ 'b measure ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ 'a measure* **where**
fct-gen-subalgebra M N X = gen-subalgebra M (sigma-sets (space M) {X - ` B ∩ (space M) | B. B ∈ sets N})

lemma *fct-gen-subalgebra-sets*:
shows *sets (fct-gen-subalgebra M N X) = sigma-sets (space M) {X - ` B ∩ space M | B. B ∈ sets N}*
(proof)

lemma *fct-gen-subalgebra-space*:

shows $\text{space}(\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N X) = \text{space } M$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra-eq-sets}$:
assumes $\text{sets } M = \text{sets } P$
shows $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N X = \text{fct-gen-subalgebra } P N X$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra-sets-mem}$:
assumes $B \in \text{sets } N$
shows $X -^{\circ} B \cap (\text{space } M) \in \text{sets}(\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N X)$ $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra-is-subalgebra}$:
assumes $X \in \text{measurable } M N$
shows $\text{subalgebra } M (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N X)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra-fct-measurable}$:
assumes $X \in \text{space } M \rightarrow \text{space } N$
shows $X \in \text{measurable}(\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N X) N$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra-min}$:
assumes $\text{subalgebra } M P$
and $f \in \text{measurable } P N$
shows $\text{subalgebra } P (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N f)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{fct-preimage-sigma-sets}$:
assumes $X \in \text{space } M \rightarrow \text{space } N$
shows $\text{sigma-sets}(\text{space } M) \{X -^{\circ} B \cap \text{space } M \mid B. B \in \text{sets } N\} = \{X -^{\circ} B \cap \text{space } M \mid B. B \in \text{sets } N\}$ (**is** $?L = ?R$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra-sigma-sets}$:
assumes $X \in \text{space } M \rightarrow \text{space } N$
shows $\text{sets}(\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N X) = \{X -^{\circ} B \cap \text{space } M \mid B. B \in \text{sets } N\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra-info}$:
assumes $f \in \text{space } M \rightarrow \text{space } N$
and $x \in \text{space } M$
and $w \in \text{space } M$
and $f x = f w$
shows $\bigwedge A. A \in \text{sets}(\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N f) \implies (x \in A) = (w \in A)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

1.1 Independence between a random variable and a subalgebra.

```
definition (in prob-space) subalgebra-indep-var :: ('a ⇒ real) ⇒ 'a measure ⇒
bool where
subalgebra-indep-var X N ↔
X ∈ borel-measurable M &
(subalgebra M N) &
(indep-set (sigma-sets (space M) { X -` A ∩ space M | A. A ∈ sets borel})
(sets N))
```

lemma (in prob-space) indep-set-mono:

```
assumes indep-set A B
assumes A' ⊆ A
assumes B' ⊆ B
shows indep-set A' B'
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in prob-space) subalgebra-indep-var-indicator:

```
fixes X::'a⇒real
assumes subalgebra-indep-var X N
and X ∈ borel-measurable M
and A ∈ sets N
shows indep-var borel X borel (indicator A)
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma fct-gen-subalgebra-cong:

```
assumes space M = space P
and sets N = sets Q
shows fct-gen-subalgebra M N X = fct-gen-subalgebra P Q X
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

2 Filtrations

This theory introduces basic notions about filtrations, which permit to define adaptable processes and predictable processes in the case where the filtration is indexed by natural numbers.

```
theory Filtration imports HOL-Probability.Probability
begin
```

2.1 Basic definitions

```

class linorder-bot = linorder + bot
instantiation nat::linorder-bot
begin
instance ⟨proof⟩
end

definition filtration :: 'a measure ⇒ ('i::linorder-bot ⇒ 'a measure) ⇒ bool where
  filtration M F ←→
    (forall t. subalgebra M (F t)) ∧
    (forall s t. s ≤ t → subalgebra (F t) (F s))

lemma filtrationI:
  assumes ∀ t. subalgebra M (F t)
  and ∀ s t. s ≤ t → subalgebra (F t) (F s)
  shows filtration M F ⟨proof⟩

lemma filtrationE1:
  assumes filtration M F
  shows subalgebra M (F t) ⟨proof⟩

lemma filtrationE2:
  assumes filtration M F
  shows s ≤ t ⇒ subalgebra (F t) (F s) ⟨proof⟩

locale filtrated-prob-space = prob-space +
  fixes F
  assumes filtration: filtration M F

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) filtration-space:
  assumes s ≤ t
  shows space (F s) = space (F t) ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) filtration-measurable:
  assumes f ∈ measurable (F t) N
  shows f ∈ measurable M N ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) increasing-measurable-info:
  assumes f ∈ measurable (F s) N
  and s ≤ t
  shows f ∈ measurable (F t) N
  ⟨proof⟩

definition disc-filtr :: 'a measure ⇒ (nat ⇒ 'a measure) ⇒ bool where
  disc-filtr M F ←→

```

```
( $\forall n$ . subalgebra  $M$  ( $F n$ ))  $\wedge$ 
( $\forall n m$ .  $n \leq m \longrightarrow$  subalgebra ( $F m$ ) ( $F n$ ))
```

```
locale disc-filtr-prob-space = prob-space +
fixes F
assumes discrete-filtration: disc-filtr M F

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) subalgebra-filtration:
assumes subalgebra N M
and filtration M F
shows filtration N F
⟨proof⟩
```

```
sublocale disc-filtr-prob-space ⊆ filtrated-prob-space
⟨proof⟩
```

2.2 Stochastic processes

Stochastic processes are collections of measurable functions. Those of a particular interest when there is a filtration are the adapted stochastic processes.

```
definition stoch-procs where
stoch-procs M N = {X.  $\forall t$ .  $(X t) \in$  measurable M N}
```

2.2.1 Adapted stochastic processes

```
definition adapt-stoch-proc where
(adapt-stoch-proc F X N)  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall t$ .  $(X t) \in$  measurable (F t) N)
```

```
abbreviation borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X ≡ adapt-stoch-proc F X borel
```

```
lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) adapted-is-dsp:
assumes adapt-stoch-proc F X N
shows X ∈ stoch-procs M N
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) adapt-stoch-proc-borel-measurable:
assumes adapt-stoch-proc F X N
shows  $\forall n$ .  $(X n) \in$  measurable M N
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) borel-adapt-stoch-proc-borel-measurable:
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
shows  $\forall n$ .  $(X n) \in$  borel-measurable M
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) constant-process-borel-adapted:

shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F (\lambda n w. c)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) borel-adapt-stoch-proc-add:

fixes $X::'b \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('c::\{\text{second-countable-topology, topological-monoid-add}\})$

assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F X$

and borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F Y$

shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F (\lambda t w. X t w + Y t w)$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) borel-adapt-stoch-proc-sum:

fixes $A::'d \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('c::\{\text{second-countable-topology, topological-comm-monoid-add}\})$

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies \text{borel-adapt-stoch-proc } F (A i)$

shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F (\lambda t w. (\sum i \in S. A i t w))$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) borel-adapt-stoch-proc-times:

fixes $X::'b \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('c::\{\text{second-countable-topology, real-normed-algebra}\})$

assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F X$

and borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F Y$

shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F (\lambda t w. X t w * Y t w)$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) borel-adapt-stoch-proc-prod:

fixes $A::'d \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('c::\{\text{second-countable-topology, real-normed-field}\})$

assumes $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies \text{borel-adapt-stoch-proc } F (A i)$

shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc $F (\lambda t w. (\prod i \in S. A i t w))$ $\langle proof \rangle$

2.2.2 Predictable stochastic processes

definition predict-stoch-proc where

$(\text{predict-stoch-proc } F X N) \longleftrightarrow (X 0 \in \text{measurable } (F 0) N \wedge (\forall n. (X (\text{Suc } n)) \in \text{measurable } (F n) N))$

abbreviation $\text{borel-predict-stoch-proc } F X \equiv \text{predict-stoch-proc } F X \text{ borel}$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) predict-imp-adapt:

assumes predict-stoch-proc $F X N$

shows adapt-stoch-proc $F X N$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) predictable-is-dsp:

assumes predict-stoch-proc $F X N$

shows $X \in \text{stoch-procs } M N$

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) borel-predict-stoch-proc-borel-measurable:
  assumes borel-predict-stoch-proc F X
  shows  $\forall n. (X n) \in \text{borel-measurable } M$  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) constant-process-borel-predictable:
  shows borel-predict-stoch-proc F ( $\lambda n w. c$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) borel-predict-stoch-proc-add:
  fixes  $X:\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('c:\{\text{second-countable-topology}, \text{topological-monoid-add}\})$ 
  assumes borel-predict-stoch-proc F X
  and borel-predict-stoch-proc F Y
  shows borel-predict-stoch-proc F ( $\lambda t w. X t w + Y t w$ ) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) borel-predict-stoch-proc-sum:
  fixes  $A:\text{'d} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('c:\{\text{second-countable-topology}, \text{topological-comm-monoid-add}\})$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies \text{borel-predict-stoch-proc } F (A i)$ 
  shows borel-predict-stoch-proc F ( $\lambda t w. (\sum i \in S. A i t w)$ ) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) borel-predict-stoch-proc-times:
  fixes  $X:\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('c:\{\text{second-countable-topology}, \text{real-normed-algebra}\})$ 
  assumes borel-predict-stoch-proc F X
  and borel-predict-stoch-proc F Y
  shows borel-predict-stoch-proc F ( $\lambda t w. X t w * Y t w$ ) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) borel-predict-stoch-proc-prod:
  fixes  $A:\text{'d} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('c:\{\text{second-countable-topology}, \text{real-normed-field}\})$ 
  assumes  $\bigwedge i. i \in S \implies \text{borel-predict-stoch-proc } F (A i)$ 
  shows borel-predict-stoch-proc F ( $\lambda t w. (\prod i \in S. A i t w)$ ) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition (in prob-space) constant-image where
  constant-image f = (if  $\exists c: 'b: \{t2\text{-space}\}. \forall x \in \text{space } M. f x = c$  then
    SOME c.  $\forall x \in \text{space } M. f x = c$  else undefined)

```

```

lemma (in prob-space) constant-imageI:
  assumes  $\exists c: 'b: \{t2\text{-space}\}. \forall x \in \text{space } M. f x = c$ 
  shows  $\forall x \in \text{space } M. f x = (\text{constant-image } f)$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in prob-space) constant-image-pos:

```

```

assumes  $\forall x \in \text{space } M. (0::\text{real}) < f x$ 
and  $\exists c::\text{real}. \forall x \in \text{space } M. f x = c$ 
shows  $0 < (\text{constant-image } f)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

definition *open-except where*

$$\text{open-except } x y = (\text{if } x = y \text{ then } \{\} \text{ else } \text{SOME } A. \text{open } A \wedge x \in A \wedge y \notin A)$$

```

lemma open-exceptI:
assumes  $(x::'b::\{t1\text{-space}\}) \neq y$ 
shows  $\text{open}(\text{open-except } x y) \text{ and } x \in \text{open-except } x y \text{ and } y \notin \text{open-except } x y$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma open-except-set:
assumes finite A
and  $(x::'b::\{t1\text{-space}\}) \notin A$ 
shows  $\exists U. \text{open } U \wedge x \in U \wedge U \cap A = \{\}$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition open-exclude-set where
 $\text{open-exclude-set } x A = (\text{if } (\exists U. \text{open } U \wedge U \cap A = \{x\}) \text{ then } \text{SOME } U. \text{open } U$ 
 $\wedge U \cap A = \{x\} \text{ else } \{\})$ 

```

```

lemma open-exclude-setI:
assumes  $\exists U. \text{open } U \wedge U \cap A = \{x\}$ 
shows  $\text{open}(\text{open-exclude-set } x A) \text{ and } (\text{open-exclude-set } x A) \cap A = \{x\}$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma open-exclude-finite:
assumes finite A
and  $(x::'b::\{t1\text{-space}\}) \in A$ 
shows  $\text{open-set: open}(\text{open-exclude-set } x A) \text{ and } \text{inter-x:}(\text{open-exclude-set } x A) \cap A = \{x\}$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

2.3 Initially trivial filtrations

Intuitively, these are filtrations that can be used to denote the fact that there is no information at the start.

```

definition init-triv-filt::'a measure  $\Rightarrow ('i::\text{linorder-bot} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ measure}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  where
 $\text{init-triv-filt } M F \longleftrightarrow \text{filtration } M F \wedge \text{sets } (F \text{ bot}) = \{\{\}, \text{space } M\}$ 

```

```

lemma triv-measurable-cst:
fixes  $f::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{t2\text{-space}\}$ 
assumes  $\text{space } N = \text{space } M$ 
and  $\text{space } M \neq \{\}$ 
and  $\text{sets } N = \{\{\}, \text{space } M\}$ 
and  $f \in \text{measurable } N \text{ borel}$ 

```

```

shows  $\exists c::'b. \forall x \in space N. f x = c$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

locale trivial-init-filtrated-prob-space = prob-space +
  fixes F
  assumes info-filtration: init-triv-filt M F

sublocale trivial-init-filtrated-prob-space  $\subseteq$  filtrated-prob-space
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

locale triv-init-disc-filtr-prob-space = prob-space +
  fixes F
  assumes info-disc-filtr: disc-filtr M F  $\wedge$  sets (F bot) = {{}, space M}

sublocale triv-init-disc-filtr-prob-space  $\subseteq$  trivial-init-filtrated-prob-space
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

sublocale triv-init-disc-filtr-prob-space  $\subseteq$  disc-filtr-prob-space
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma (in triv-init-disc-filtr-prob-space) adapted-init:
  assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F x
  shows  $\exists c. \forall w \in space M. ((x 0 w)::real) = c$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

2.4 Filtration-equivalent measure spaces

This is a relaxation of the notion of equivalent probability spaces, where equivalence is tested modulo a filtration. Equivalent measure spaces agree on events that have a zero probability of occurring; here, filtration-equivalent measure spaces agree on such events when they belong to the filtration under consideration.

definition filt-equiv where

$$\begin{aligned} filt-equiv F M N &\longleftrightarrow sets M = sets N \wedge filtration M F \wedge (\forall t A. A \in sets (F t) \\ &\longrightarrow (emeasure M A = 0) \longleftrightarrow (emeasure N A = 0)) \end{aligned}$$

lemma filt-equiv-space:
assumes filt-equiv F M N
shows space M = space N $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma filt-equiv-sets:
assumes filt-equiv F M N
shows sets M = sets N $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma filt-equiv-filtration:
  assumes filt-equiv F M N
  shows filtration N F ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in filtrated-prob-space) AE-borel-eq:
  fixes f::'a⇒real
  assumes f∈ borel-measurable (F t)
  and g∈ borel-measurable (F t)
  and AE w in M. f w = g w
  shows {w∈ space M. f w ≠ g w} ∈ sets (F t) ∧ emeasure M {w∈ space M. f w ≠ g w} = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in prob-space) filt-equiv-borel-AE-eq:
  fixes f::'a⇒ real
  assumes filt-equiv F M N
  and f∈ borel-measurable (F t)
  and g∈ borel-measurable (F t)
  and AE w in M. f w = g w
  shows AE w in N. f w = g w
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma filt-equiv-prob-space-subalgebra:
  assumes prob-space N
  and filt-equiv F M N
  and sigma-finite-subalgebra M G
  shows sigma-finite-subalgebra N G ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma filt-equiv-measurable:
  assumes filt-equiv F M N
  and f∈ measurable M P
  shows f∈ measurable N P ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma filt-equiv-imp-subalgebra:
  assumes filt-equiv F M N
  shows subalgebra N M ⟨proof⟩

```

end

3 Martingales

theory *Martingale imports Filtration*
begin

definition *martingale where*

martingale M F X \longleftrightarrow
 $(filtration M F) \wedge (\forall t. integrable M (X t)) \wedge (borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X) \wedge$
 $(\forall t s. t \leq s \longrightarrow (AE w in M. real-cond-exp M (F t) (X s) w = X t w))$

lemma *martingaleAE:*

assumes *martingale M F X*
and $t \leq s$

shows *AE w in M. real-cond-exp M (F t) (X s) w = (X t) w* $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *martingale-add:*

assumes *martingale M F X*
and *martingale M F Y*

and $\forall m. sigma-finite-subalgebra M (F m)$

shows *martingale M F (λn w. X n w + Y n w)* $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *disc-martingale-charact:*

assumes $(\forall n. integrable M (X n))$

and *filtration M F*

and $\forall m. sigma-finite-subalgebra M (F m)$

and $\forall m. X m \in borel-measurable (F m)$

and $(\forall n. AE w in M. real-cond-exp M (F n) (X (Suc n)) w = (X n) w)$

shows *martingale M F X* $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) constant-martingale:

assumes $\forall t. sigma-finite-subalgebra M (F t)$

and *filtration M F*

shows *martingale M F (λn w. c)* $\langle proof \rangle$

end

4 Discrete Conditional Expectation

theory *Disc-Cond-Expect imports HOL-Probability. Probability Generated-Subalgebra*

begin

4.1 Preliminary measurability results

These are some useful results, in particular when working with functions that have a countable codomain.

definition *disc-fct where*
disc-fct f \equiv *countable (range f)*

definition *point-measurable where*
point-measurable M S f \equiv $(f^*(\text{space } M) \subseteq S) \wedge (\forall r \in (\text{range } f) \cap S . f - 'r \cap (\text{space } M) \in \text{sets } M)$

lemma *singl-meas-if:*
assumes *f* \in *space M* \rightarrow *space N*
and $\forall r \in \text{range } f \cap \text{space } N . \exists A \in \text{sets } N . \text{range } f \cap A = \{r\}$
shows *point-measurable (fct-gen-subalgebra M N f) (space N)* *f* $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *meas-single-meas:*
assumes *f* \in *measurable M N*
and $\forall r \in \text{range } f \cap \text{space } N . \exists A \in \text{sets } N . \text{range } f \cap A = \{r\}$
shows *point-measurable M (space N)* *f* $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition *countable-preimages where*
countable-preimages B Y $=$ $(\lambda n. \text{if } ((\text{infinite } B) \vee (\text{finite } B \wedge n < \text{card } B)) \text{ then } Y - ' \{(\text{from-nat-into } B) n\} \text{ else } \{\})$

lemma *count-pre-disj:*
fixes *i::nat*
assumes *countable B*
and *i* \neq *j*
shows *(countable-preimages B Y) i* \cap *(countable-preimages B Y) j* $= \{\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *count-pre-surj:*
assumes *countable B*
and *w* \in *Y - 'B*
shows $\exists i. w \in (\text{countable-preimages } B \ Y) i$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *count-pre-img:*
assumes *x* \in *(countable-preimages B Y) n*
shows *Y x* $=$ *(from-nat-into B) n*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```

lemma count-pre-union-img:
  assumes countable B
  shows Y -`B = ( $\bigcup i. (\text{countable-preimages } B \text{ } Y) \text{ } i$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma count-pre-meas:
  assumes point-measurable M (space N) Y
  and B ⊆ space N
  and countable B
  shows  $\forall i. (\text{countable-preimages } B \text{ } Y) \text{ } i \cap \text{space } M \in \text{sets } M$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma disc-fct-point-measurable:
  assumes disc-fct f
  and point-measurable M (space N) f
  shows f ∈ measurable M N ⟨proof⟩

lemma set-point-measurable:
  assumes point-measurable M (space N) Y
  and B ⊆ space N
  and countable B
  shows (Y -`B) ∩ space M ∈ sets M
  ⟨proof⟩

```

4.2 Definition of explicit conditional expectation

This section is devoted to an explicit computation of a conditional expectation for random variables that have a countable codomain. More precisely, the computed random variable is almost everywhere equal to a conditional expectation of the random variable under consideration.

```

definition img-dce where
  img-dce M Y X =  $(\lambda y. \text{if measure } M ((Y -` \{y\}) \cap \text{space } M) = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else}$ 
     $((\text{integral}^L M (\lambda w. ((X w) * (\text{indicator } ((Y -` \{y\}) \cap \text{space } M) w)))) / (\text{measure } M ((Y -` \{y\}) \cap \text{space } M)))$ 

definition expl-cond-expect where
  expl-cond-expect M Y X = (img-dce M Y X) ∘ Y

```

```

lemma nn-expl-cond-expect-pos:
  assumes  $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$ 
  shows  $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq (\text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X) \text{ } w$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma expl-cond-expect-const:

```

assumes $Y w = Y y$
shows $\text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X \text{ } w = \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X \text{ } y$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{expl-cond-exp-cong}$:
assumes $\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{ } X \text{ } w = Z \text{ } w$
shows $\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{ } \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X \text{ } w = \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } Z \text{ } w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma expl-cond-exp-add :
assumes $\text{integrable } M \text{ } X$
and $\text{integrable } M \text{ } Z$
shows $\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{ } \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } (\lambda x. \text{ } X \text{ } x + Z \text{ } x) \text{ } w = \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X \text{ } w + \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } Z \text{ } w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{expl-cond-exp-diff}$:
assumes $\text{integrable } M \text{ } X$
and $\text{integrable } M \text{ } Z$
shows $\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{ } \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } (\lambda x. \text{ } X \text{ } x - Z \text{ } x) \text{ } w = \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X \text{ } w - \text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } Z \text{ } w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{expl-cond-expect-prop-sets}$:
assumes $\text{disc-fct } Y$
and $\text{point-measurable } M \text{ (space } N) \text{ } Y$
and $D = \{w \in \text{space } M. \text{ } Y \text{ } w \in \text{space } N \wedge (P \text{ (expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X \text{ } w))\}$
shows $D \in \text{sets } M$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{expl-cond-expect-prop-sets2}$:
assumes $\text{disc-fct } Y$
and $\text{point-measurable (fct-gen-subalgebra } M \text{ } N \text{ } Y) \text{ (space } N) \text{ } Y$
and $D = \{w \in \text{space } M. \text{ } Y \text{ } w \in \text{space } N \wedge (P \text{ (expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X \text{ } w))\}$
shows $D \in \text{sets (fct-gen-subalgebra } M \text{ } N \text{ } Y)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{expl-cond-expect-disc-fct}$:
assumes $\text{disc-fct } Y$
shows $\text{disc-fct } (\text{expl-cond-expect } M \text{ } Y \text{ } X)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *expl-cond-expect-point-meas*:
assumes *disc-fct Y*
and *point-measurable M (space N) Y*
shows *point-measurable M UNIV (expl-cond-expect M Y X)*
(proof)

lemma *expl-cond-expect-borel-measurable*:
assumes *disc-fct Y*
and *point-measurable M (space N) Y*
shows *(expl-cond-expect M Y X) ∈ borel-measurable M* *(proof)*

lemma *expl-cond-exp-borel*:
assumes *Y ∈ space M → space N*
and *disc-fct Y*
and $\forall r \in \text{range } Y \cap \text{space } N. \exists A \in \text{sets } N. \text{range } Y \cap A = \{r\}$
shows *(expl-cond-expect M Y X) ∈ borel-measurable (fct-gen-subalgebra M N Y)*
(proof)

lemma *expl-cond-expect-indic-borel-measurable*:
assumes *disc-fct Y*
and *point-measurable M (space N) Y*
and *B ⊆ space N*
and *countable B*
shows *(λw. expl-cond-expect M Y X w * indicator (countable-preimages B Y n ∩ space M)) w ∈ borel-measurable M*
(proof)

lemma (in finite-measure) dce-prod:
assumes *point-measurable M (space N) Y*
and *integrable M X*
and $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$
shows $\forall w. (Y w) \in \text{space } N \longrightarrow (\text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X) w * \text{measure } M ((Y - ' \{Y w\}) \cap \text{space } M) = \text{integral}^L M (\lambda y. (X y) * (\text{indicator } ((Y - ' \{Y w\}) \cap \text{space } M) y))$
(proof)

lemma *expl-cond-expect-const-exp*:
shows $\text{integral}^L M (\lambda y. \text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X w * (\text{indicator } (Y -' \{Y w\} \cap \text{space } M)) y) =$
 $\text{integral}^L M (\lambda y. \text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X y * (\text{indicator } (Y -' \{Y w\} \cap \text{space } M)) y)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *nn-expl-cond-expect-const-exp*:
assumes $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$
shows $\text{integral}^N M (\lambda y. \text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X w * (\text{indicator } (Y -' \{Y w\} \cap \text{space } M)) y) =$
 $\text{integral}^N M (\lambda y. \text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X y * (\text{indicator } (Y -' \{Y w\} \cap \text{space } M)) y)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) *nn-expl-cond-bounded*:
assumes $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$
and *integrable* $M X$
and *point-measurable* M (*space* N) Y
and $w \in \text{space } M$
and $Y w \in \text{space } N$
shows $\text{integral}^N M (\lambda y. \text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X y * (\text{indicator } (Y -' \{Y w\} \cap \text{space } M)) y) < \infty$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) *count-prod*:
fixes $Y :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b$
assumes $B \subseteq \text{space } N$
and *point-measurable* M (*space* N) Y
and *integrable* $M X$
and $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$
shows $\forall i. \text{integral}^L M (\lambda y. (X y) * (\text{indicator } (\text{countable-preimages } B Y i \cap \text{space } M)) y) =$
 $\text{integral}^L M (\lambda y. (\text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X y) * (\text{indicator } (\text{countable-preimages } B Y i \cap \text{space } M)) y)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) *count-pre-integrable*:
assumes *point-measurable* M (*space* N) Y
and *disc-fct* Y
and $B \subseteq \text{space } N$
and *countable* B
and *integrable* $M X$

and $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$
shows integrable $M (\lambda w. \text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X w * \text{indicator} (\text{countable-preimages } B Y n \cap \text{space } M) w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) nn-cond-expl-is-cond-exp-tmp:
assumes $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$
and integrable $M X$
and disc-fct Y
and point-measurable $M (\text{space } M') Y$
shows $\forall A \in \text{sets } M'. \text{integrable } M (\lambda w. ((\text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X) w) * (\text{indicator} ((Y - 'A) \cap (\text{space } M)) w)) \wedge$
 $\text{integral}^L M (\lambda w. (X w) * (\text{indicator} ((Y - 'A) \cap (\text{space } M)) w)) =$
 $\text{integral}^L M (\lambda w. ((\text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X) w) * (\text{indicator} ((Y - 'A) \cap (\text{space } M))) w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) nn-expl-cond-exp-integrable:
assumes $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$
and integrable $M X$
and disc-fct Y
and point-measurable $M (\text{space } N) Y$
shows integrable $M (\text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) nn-cond-expl-is-cond-exp:
assumes $\forall w \in \text{space } M. 0 \leq X w$
and integrable $M X$
and disc-fct Y
and point-measurable $M (\text{space } N) Y$
shows $\forall A \in \text{sets } N. \text{integral}^L M (\lambda w. (X w) * (\text{indicator} ((Y - 'A) \cap (\text{space } M)) w)) =$
 $\text{integral}^L M (\lambda w. ((\text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X) w) * (\text{indicator} ((Y - 'A) \cap (\text{space } M))) w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) expl-cond-exp-integrable:
assumes integrable $M X$
and disc-fct Y
and point-measurable $M (\text{space } N) Y$
shows integrable $M (\text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) *is-cond-exp*:
assumes integrable $M X$
and disc-fct Y
and point-measurable M (space N) Y
shows $\forall A \in \text{sets } N. \text{integral}^L M (\lambda w. (X w) * (\text{indicator } ((Y - 'A) \cap (\text{space } M)) w)) = \text{integral}^L M (\lambda w. ((\text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X) w) * (\text{indicator } ((Y - 'A) \cap (\text{space } M))) w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) *charact-cond-exp*:
assumes disc-fct Y
and integrable $M X$
and point-measurable M (space N) Y
and $Y \in \text{space } M \rightarrow \text{space } N$
and $\forall r \in \text{range } Y \cap \text{space } N. \exists A \in \text{sets } N. \text{range } Y \cap A = \{r\}$
shows $\text{AE } w \text{ in } M. \text{real-cond-exp } M (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N Y) X w = \text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in finite-measure) *charact-cond-exp'*:
assumes disc-fct Y
and integrable $M X$
and $Y \in \text{measurable } M N$
and $\forall r \in \text{range } Y \cap \text{space } N. \exists A \in \text{sets } N. \text{range } Y \cap A = \{r\}$
shows $\text{AE } w \text{ in } M. \text{real-cond-exp } M (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N Y) X w = \text{expl-cond-expect } M Y X w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

5 Infinite coin toss space

This section contains the formalization of the infinite coin toss space, i.e., the probability space constructed on infinite sequences of independent coin tosses.

theory *Infinite-Coin-Toss-Space* **imports** *Filtration Generated-Subalgebra Disc-Cond-Expect*

begin

5.1 Preliminary results

lemma *decompose-init-prod*:

```

fixes n::nat
shows ( $\prod i \in \{0..n\}. f i$ ) =  $f 0 * (\prod i \in \{1..n\}. f i)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma Inter-nonempty-distrib:
assumes A ≠ {}
shows  $\bigcap A \cap B = (\bigcap C \in A. (C \cap B))$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enn2real-sum: shows finite A  $\implies (\bigwedge a. a \in A \implies f a < top) \implies enn2real (sum f A) = (\sum a \in A. enn2real (f a))$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ennreal-sum: shows finite A  $\implies (\bigwedge a. 0 \leq f a) \implies (\sum a \in A. ennreal (f a)) = ennreal (\sum a \in A. f a)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma stake-snth:
assumes stake n w = stake n x
shows Suc i ≤ n  $\implies snth w i = snth x i$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma stake-snth-charact:
assumes stake n w = stake n x
shows  $\forall i < n. snth w i = snth x i$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma stake-snth':
shows ( $\bigwedge i. Suc i \leq n \implies snth w i = snth x i$ )  $\implies stake n w = stake n x$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma stake-inter-snth:
fixes x
assumes Suc 0 ≤ n
shows {w ∈ space M. (stake n w = stake n x)} = ( $\bigcap i \in \{0..n-1\}. \{w \in space M. (snth w i = snth x i)\}$ )
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma streams-stake-set:
shows pw ∈ streams A  $\implies set (stake n pw) \subseteq A$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma stake-finite-universe-induct:
assumes finite A

```

```

and  $A \neq \{\}$ 
shows  $(stake (Suc n) `streams A)) = \{s\#w | s \in A \wedge w \in (stake n `streams A)\}$  (is  $?L = ?R$ )
(proof)

```

```

lemma stake-finite-universe-finite:
assumes finite  $A$ 
and  $A \neq \{\}$ 
shows finite  $(stake n `streams A))$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma diff-streams-only-if:
assumes  $w \neq x$ 
shows  $\exists n. snth w n \neq snth x n$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma diff-streams-if:
assumes  $\exists n. snth w n \neq snth x n$ 
shows  $w \neq x$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma sigma-set-union-count:
assumes  $\forall y \in A. B y \in \text{sigma-sets } X Y$ 
and countable  $A$ 
shows  $(\bigcup y \in A. B y) \in \text{sigma-sets } X Y$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma sigma-set-inter-init:
assumes  $\bigwedge i. i \leq n \implies (X i) \in \text{measurable } M N$ 
and  $B \subseteq Pow sp$ 
shows  $(\bigcap i \in \{m. m \leq n\}. A i) \in \text{sigma-sets } sp B$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemma adapt-sigma-sets:
assumes  $\bigwedge i. i \leq n \implies (X i) \in \text{measurable } M N$ 
shows sigma-algebra  $(space M) (\text{sigma-sets } (space M) (\bigcup i \in \{m. m \leq n\}. \{X i -` A \cap space M | A. A \in sets N\}))$ 
(proof)

```

5.2 Bernoulli streams

Bernoulli streams represent the formal definition of the infinite coin toss space. The parameter p represents the probability of obtaining a head after a coin toss.

```
definition bernoulli-stream::real  $\Rightarrow$  (bool stream) measure where
```

```
beroulli-stream p = stream-space (measure-pmf (beroulli-pmf p))
```

```
lemma beroulli-stream-space:
  assumes  $N = \text{beroulli-stream } p$ 
  shows  $\text{space } N = \text{streams } \text{UNIV}::\text{bool}$ 
(proof)
```

```
lemma beroulli-stream-preimage:
  assumes  $N = \text{beroulli-stream } p$ 
  shows  $f^{-1} A \cap (\text{space } N) = f^{-1} A$ 
(proof)
```

```
lemma beroulli-stream-component-probability:
  assumes  $N = \text{beroulli-stream } p$  and  $0 \leq p$  and  $p \leq 1$ 
  shows  $\forall n. \text{emeasure } N \{w \in \text{space } N. (\text{snth } w n)\} = p$ 
(proof)
```

```
lemma beroulli-stream-component-probability-compl:
  assumes  $N = \text{beroulli-stream } p$  and  $0 \leq p$  and  $p \leq 1$ 
  shows  $\forall n. \text{emeasure } N \{w \in \text{space } N. \neg(\text{snth } w n)\} = 1 - p$ 
(proof)
```

```
lemma beroulli-stream-sets:
  assumes  $0 < q$ 
  and  $q < 1$ 
  and  $0 < p$ 
  and  $p < 1$ 
  shows  $\text{sets } (\text{beroulli-stream } p) = \text{sets } (\text{beroulli-stream } q)$  (proof)
```

```
locale infinite-coin-toss-space =
  fixes  $p::\text{real}$  and  $M::\text{bool stream measure}$ 
  assumes  $p\text{-gt-0}: 0 \leq p$ 
  and  $p\text{-lt-1}: p \leq 1$ 
  and  $\text{beroulli}: M = \text{beroulli-stream } p$ 
```

```
sublocale infinite-coin-toss-space  $\subseteq$  prob-space
(proof)
```

5.3 Natural filtration on the infinite coin toss space

The natural filtration on the infinite coin toss space is the discrete filtration F such that F_n represents the restricted measure space in which the outcome of the first n coin tosses is known.

5.3.1 The projection function

Intuitively, the restricted measure space in which the outcome of the first n coin tosses is known can be defined by any measurable function that maps all infinite sequences that agree on the first n coin tosses to the same element.

definition (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True:: $nat \Rightarrow bool\ stream \Rightarrow bool\ stream$ **where**

$pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n = (\lambda w. shift\ (stake\ n\ w)\ (sconst\ True))$

definition (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-False:: $nat \Rightarrow bool\ stream \Rightarrow bool\ stream$ **where**

$pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}False\ n = (\lambda w. shift\ (append\ (stake\ n\ w)\ [False])\ (sconst\ True))$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-False-neq-True:

shows $pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}False\ n\ w \neq pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n\ w$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-False-measurable:

shows $pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}False\ n \in measurable\ (bernoulli\text{-}stream\ p)$ ($bernoulli\text{-}stream\ p$)

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-stake:

shows $stake\ n\ (pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n\ w) = stake\ n\ w$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-False-stake:

shows $stake\ n\ (pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}False\ n\ w) = stake\ n\ w$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-stake-image:

assumes $(stake\ n\ w) = stake\ n\ x$

shows $pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n\ w = pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n\ x$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-prefix:

assumes $n \leq m$

and $pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ m\ x = pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ m\ y$

shows $pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n\ x = pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n\ y$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-measurable:

shows $pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n \in measurable\ (bernoulli\text{-}stream\ p)$ ($bernoulli\text{-}stream\ p$)

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-finite-image:

shows $finite\ (range\ (pseudo\text{-}proj\text{-}True\ n))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-False-finite-image:
  shows finite (range (pseudo-proj-False n))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-proj:
  shows pseudo-proj-True n (pseudo-proj-True n w) = pseudo-proj-True n w
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-Suc-False-proj:
  shows pseudo-proj-True (Suc n) (pseudo-proj-False n w) = pseudo-proj-False n w
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-Suc-proj:
  shows pseudo-proj-True (Suc n) (pseudo-proj-True n w) = pseudo-proj-True n w
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-proj-Suc:
  shows pseudo-proj-True n (pseudo-proj-True (Suc n) w) = pseudo-proj-True n w
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-shift:
  shows length l = n  $\implies$  pseudo-proj-True n (shift l (sconst True)) = shift l (sconst True)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-suc-img:
  shows pseudo-proj-True (Suc n) w  $\in \{$ pseudo-proj-True n w, pseudo-proj-False n w $\}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) measurable-snth-count-space:
  shows ( $\lambda w. snth w n$ )  $\in$  measurable (bernoulli-stream p) (count-space (UNIV::bool set))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-same-img:
  assumes pseudo-proj-True n w = pseudo-proj-True n x

```

shows $\text{stake } n \ w = \text{stake } n \ x \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-snth:
assumes $\text{pseudo-proj-True } n \ x = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n \ w$
shows $\bigwedge i. \text{Suc } i \leq n \implies \text{snth } x \ i = \text{snth } w \ i$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-snth':
assumes $(\bigwedge i. \text{Suc } i \leq n \implies \text{snth } w \ i = \text{snth } x \ i)$
shows $\text{pseudo-proj-True } n \ w = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n \ x$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-preimage:
assumes $w = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n \ w$
shows $(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) -^{\leftarrow} \{w\} = (\bigcap_{i \in \{m. \text{Suc } m \leq n\}} (\lambda w. \text{snth } w \ i) -^{\leftarrow} \{\text{snth } w \ i\})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-False-preimage:
assumes $w = \text{pseudo-proj-False } n \ w$
shows $(\text{pseudo-proj-False } n) -^{\leftarrow} \{w\} = (\bigcap_{i \in \{m. \text{Suc } m \leq n\}} (\lambda w. \text{snth } w \ i) -^{\leftarrow} \{\text{snth } w \ i\})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-preimage-stake:
assumes $w = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n \ w$
shows $(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) -^{\leftarrow} \{w\} = \{x. \text{stake } n \ x = \text{stake } n \ w\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-False-preimage-stake:
assumes $w = \text{pseudo-proj-False } n \ w$
shows $(\text{pseudo-proj-False } n) -^{\leftarrow} \{w\} = \{x. \text{stake } n \ x = \text{stake } n \ w\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-preimage-stake-space:
assumes $w = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n \ w$
shows $(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) -^{\leftarrow} \{w\} \cap \text{space } M = \{x \in \text{space } M. \text{stake } n \ x = \text{stake } n \ w\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-singleton:
assumes $w = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n \ w$
shows $(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) -^{\leftarrow} \{w\} \cap (\text{space } (\text{bernoulli-stream } p)) \in \text{sets } (\text{bernoulli-stream }$

p)
⟨proof⟩

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-False-singleton:
  assumes w = pseudo-proj-False n w
  shows (pseudo-proj-False n) - ‘{w} ∩ (space (bernoulli-stream p)) ∈ sets (bernoulli-stream
p)
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-inverse-induct:
  assumes w ∈ range (pseudo-proj-True n)
  shows (pseudo-proj-True n) - ‘{w} =
    (pseudo-proj-True (Suc n)) - ‘{w} ∪ (pseudo-proj-True (Suc n)) - ‘{pseudo-proj-False
n w}
⟨proof⟩

```

5.3.2 Natural filtration locale

This part is mainly devoted to the proof that the projection function defined above indeed permits to obtain a filtration on the infinite coin toss space, and that this filtration is initially trivial.

```

definition (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration::nat ⇒ bool stream measure
where
  nat-filtration n = fct-gen-subalgebra M M (pseudo-proj-True n)

```

```

locale infinite-cts-filtration = infinite-coin-toss-space +
  fixes F
  assumes natural-filtration: F = nat-filtration

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-space:
  shows space (nat-filtration n) = UNIV
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-sets:
  shows sets (nat-filtration n) =
    sigma-sets (space (bernoulli-stream p))
      {pseudo-proj-True n - ‘B ∩ space M | B. B ∈ sets (bernoulli-stream p)}
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-singleton:
  assumes pseudo-proj-True n w = w
  shows pseudo-proj-True n - ‘{w} ∈ sets (nat-filtration n)
⟨proof⟩

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-pseudo-proj-True-measurable:
shows pseudo-proj-True $n \in \text{measurable}(\text{nat-filtration } n)$ $M \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-comp-measurable:
assumes $f \in \text{measurable } M N$
and $f \circ \text{pseudo-proj-True } n = f$
shows $f \in \text{measurable}(\text{nat-filtration } n) N$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition (in infinite-coin-toss-space) set-discriminating **where**
set-discriminating $n f N \equiv (\forall w. f w \neq f (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n w) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exists A \in \text{sets } N. (f w \in A) = (f (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n w) \notin A)))$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) set-discriminating-if:
fixes $f::\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow 'b::\{\text{t0-space}\}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable}(\text{nat-filtration } n)$
shows set-discriminating $n f \text{ borel} \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-not-borel-info:
assumes $f \in \text{measurable}(\text{nat-filtration } n) N$
and set-discriminating $n f N$
shows $f \circ \text{pseudo-proj-True } n = f$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-info:
fixes $f::\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow 'b::\{\text{t0-space}\}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable}(\text{nat-filtration } n)$
shows $f \circ \text{pseudo-proj-True } n = f$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-not-borel-info':
assumes $f \in \text{measurable}(\text{nat-filtration } n) N$
and set-discriminating $n f N$
shows $f \circ \text{pseudo-proj-False } n = f$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-info':

```

fixes f::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b::{t0-space}
assumes f $\in$  borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
shows f $\circ$  pseudo-proj-False n = f
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-borel-measurable-characterization:
fixes f::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b::{t0-space}
assumes f $\in$  borel-measurable M
shows f $\in$  borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)  $\longleftrightarrow$  f $\circ$  pseudo-proj-True n = f
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-borel-measurable-init:
fixes f::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b::{t0-space}
assumes f $\in$  borel-measurable (nat-filtration 0)
shows f = ( $\lambda w.$  f (sconst True))
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-Suc-sets:
shows sets (nat-filtration n)  $\subseteq$  sets (nat-filtration (Suc n))
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-subalgebra:
shows subalgebra M (nat-filtration n) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-discrete-filtration:
shows filtration M nat-filtration
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-info-filtration:
shows init-triv-filt M nat-filtration ⟨proof⟩

```

```

sublocale infinite-cts-filtration  $\subseteq$  triv-init-disc-filtr-prob-space
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-vimage-finite:

```

```

fixes f::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t2-space}
assumes f $\in$  borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
shows finite (f(space M)) ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-borel-measurable-simple:
fixes f::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t2-space}
assumes f $\in$  borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
shows simple-function M f
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-singleton-range-set:
fixes f::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t2-space}
assumes f $\in$  borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
shows  $\exists A \in \text{sets borel. range } f \cap A = \{f x\}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-borel-measurable-singleton:
fixes f::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t2-space}
assumes f $\in$  borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
shows f - {f x}  $\in$  sets (nat-filtration n)
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) borel-adapt-nat-filtration-info:
fixes X::nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t0-space}
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
and m  $\leq$  n
shows X m (pseudo-proj-True n w) = X m w
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-borel-measurable-integrable:
assumes f $\in$  borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
shows integrable M f
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition (in infinite-coin-toss-space) spick:: bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool  $\Rightarrow$  bool stream where
spick w n v = shift (stake n w) (v## sconst True)

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) spickI:
shows stake n (spick w n v) = stake n w  $\wedge$  snth (spick w n v) n = v
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) spick-eq-pseudo-proj-True:
shows spick w n True = pseudo-proj-True n w ⟨proof⟩

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) spick-eq-pseudo-proj-False:
shows spick w n False = pseudo-proj-False n w ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) spick-pseudo-proj:
shows spick (pseudo-proj-True (Suc n) w) n v = spick w n v
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) spick-pseudo-proj-gen:
shows m < n \implies spick (pseudo-proj-True n w) m v = spick w m v
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) spick-nat-filtration-measurable:
shows ($\lambda w.$ spick w n v) ∈ measurable (nat-filtration n) M
⟨proof⟩

definition (in infinite-coin-toss-space) proj-rep-set:
proj-rep-set n = range (pseudo-proj-True n)

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) proj-rep-set-finite:
shows finite (proj-rep-set n) ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) set-filt-contain:
assumes A ∈ sets (nat-filtration n)
and w ∈ A
shows pseudo-proj-True n $-` \{ \text{pseudo-proj-True } n w \} \subseteq A$
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) measurable-range-rep:
fixes f::bool stream \Rightarrow 'b::{t0-space}
assumes f ∈ borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
shows range f = ($\bigcup r \in (\text{proj-rep-set } n). \{f(r)\}$)
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) borel-measurable-stake:
fixes f::bool stream \Rightarrow 'b::{t0-space}
assumes f ∈ borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
and stake n w = stake n y
shows f w = f y
⟨proof⟩

5.3.3 Probability component

The probability component permits to compute measures of subspaces in a straightforward way.

```

definition prob-component where
  prob-component (p::real) w n = (if (snth w n) then p else 1-p)

lemma prob-component-neq-zero:
  assumes 0 < p
  and p < 1
  shows prob-component p w n ≠ 0 ⟨proof⟩

lemma prob-component-measure:
  fixes x::bool stream
  assumes 0 ≤ p
  and p ≤ 1
  shows emeasure (measure-pmf (bernoulli-pmf p)) {snth x i} = prob-component
  p x i ⟨proof⟩

lemma stake-preimage-measurable:
  fixes x::bool stream
  assumes Suc 0 ≤ n and M = bernoulli-stream p
  shows {w ∈ space M. (stake n w = stake n x)} ∈ sets M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma snth-as-fct:
  fixes b
  assumes M = bernoulli-stream p
  shows to-stream -` {w ∈ space M. snth w i = b} = {X::nat⇒bool. X i = b}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma stake-as-fct:
  assumes Suc 0 ≤ n and M = bernoulli-stream p
  shows to-stream -` {w ∈ space M. (stake n w = stake n x)} = {X::nat⇒bool. ∀ i.
  0 ≤ i ∧ i ≤ n-1 → X i = snth x i}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma bernoulli-stream-npref-prob:
  fixes x
  assumes M = bernoulli-stream p
  shows emeasure M {w ∈ space M. (stake 0 w = stake 0 x)} = 1
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma bernoulli-stream-pref-prob:
  fixes x

```

```

assumes  $M = \text{bernoulli-stream } p$ 
and  $0 \leq p$  and  $p \leq 1$ 
shows  $\sum_{w \in \text{space } M} (\text{stake } n w = \text{stake } n x) =$ 
 $(\prod_{i \in \{0..n-1\}} \text{prob-component } p x i)$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{bernoulli-stream-pref-prob}'$ :
  fixes  $x$ 
  assumes  $M = \text{bernoulli-stream } p$ 
  and  $p \leq 1$  and  $0 \leq p$ 
  shows  $\text{emeasure } M \{w \in \text{space } M. (\text{stake } n w = \text{stake } n x)\} = (\prod_{i \in \{0..n\}} \text{prob-component } p x i)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{bernoulli-stream-stake-prob}$ :
  fixes  $x$ 
  assumes  $M = \text{bernoulli-stream } p$ 
  and  $p \leq 1$  and  $0 \leq p$ 
  shows  $\text{measure } M \{w \in \text{space } M. (\text{stake } n w = \text{stake } n x)\} = (\prod_{i \in \{0..n\}} \text{prob-component } p x i)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $(\text{in infinite-coin-toss-space}) \text{ bernoulli-stream-pseudo-prob}$ :
  fixes  $x$ 
  assumes  $M = \text{bernoulli-stream } p$ 
  and  $p \leq 1$  and  $0 \leq p$ 
  and  $w \in \text{range } (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n)$ 
  shows  $\text{measure } M (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n - \{w\} \cap \text{space } M) = (\prod_{i \in \{0..n\}} \text{prob-component } p w i)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{bernoulli-stream-element-prob-rec}$ :
  fixes  $x$ 
  assumes  $M = \text{bernoulli-stream } p$ 
  and  $0 \leq p$  and  $p \leq 1$ 
  shows  $\bigwedge n. \text{emeasure } M \{w \in \text{space } M. (\text{stake } (\text{Suc } n) w = \text{stake } (\text{Suc } n) x)\} =$ 
     $(\text{emeasure } M \{w \in \text{space } M. (\text{stake } n w = \text{stake } n x)\} * \text{prob-component } p x n)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma  $\text{bernoulli-stream-element-prob-rec}'$ :
  fixes  $x$ 
  assumes  $M = \text{bernoulli-stream } p$ 
  and  $0 \leq p$  and  $p \leq 1$ 
  shows  $\bigwedge n. \text{measure } M \{w \in \text{space } M. (\text{stake } (\text{Suc } n) w = \text{stake } (\text{Suc } n) x)\} =$ 
     $(\text{measure } M \{w \in \text{space } M. (\text{stake } n w = \text{stake } n x)\} * \text{prob-component } p x n)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) bernoulli-stream-pseudo-prob-rec':
  fixes x
  assumes pseudo-proj-True n x = x
  shows measure M (pseudo-proj-True (Suc n) - `x) =
    (measure M (pseudo-proj-True n - `x)) * prob-component p x n
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) bernoulli-stream-pref-prob-pos:
  fixes x
  assumes 0 < p
  and p < 1
  shows emeasure M {w ∈ space M. (stake n w = stake n x)} > 0
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) bernoulli-stream-pref-prob-neq-zero:
  fixes x
  assumes 0 < p
  and p < 1
  shows emeasure M {w ∈ space M. (stake n w = stake n x)} ≠ 0
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-element-prob-pref:
  assumes w ∈ range (pseudo-proj-True n)
  shows emeasure M {y ∈ space M. ∃ x ∈ (pseudo-proj-True n - `w). y = c ## x} =
    prob-component p (c##w) 0 * emeasure M ((pseudo-proj-True n) - `w) ∩ space M
  ⟨proof⟩

```

5.3.4 Filtration equivalence for the natural filtration

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-null-set:
  assumes A ∈ sets (nat-filtration n)
  and 0 < p
  and p < 1
  and emeasure M A = 0
  shows A = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-AE-zero:
  fixes f::bool stream ⇒ real
  assumes AE w in M. f w = 0
  and f ∈ borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)
  and 0 < p
  and p < 1
  shows ∀ w. f w = 0

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) nat-filtration-AE-eq:  
  fixes f::bool stream ⇒ real  
  assumes AE w in M. f w = g w  
  and 0 < p  
  and p < 1  
  and f ∈ borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)  
  and g ∈ borel-measurable (nat-filtration n)  
  shows f w = g w  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) bernoulli-stream-equiv:  
  assumes N = bernoulli-stream q  
  and 0 < p  
  and p < 1  
  and 0 < q  
  and q < 1  
  shows filt-equiv nat-filtration M N  $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) bernoulli-nat-filtration:  
  assumes N = bernoulli-stream q  
  and 0 < q  
  and q < 1  
  and 0 < p  
  and p < 1  
  shows infinite-cts-filtration q N nat-filtration  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

5.3.5 More results on the projection function

```
lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-Suc-prefix:  
  shows pseudo-proj-True (Suc n) w = (w!!0)## pseudo-proj-True n (stl w)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-img:  
  assumes pseudo-proj-True n w = w  
  shows w ∈ range (pseudo-proj-True n)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) sconst-if:  
  assumes ⋀n. snth w n = True  
  shows w = sconst True  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-suc-img-pref:
```

shows $\text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True}(\text{Suc } n)) = \{y. \exists w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n). y = \text{True} \# \# w\} \cup \{y. \exists w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n). y = \text{False} \# \# w\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) reindex-pseudo-proj:
shows $(\sum_{w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n)}. f(c \# \# w)) = (\sum_{y \in \{y. \exists w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n). y = c \# \# w\}}. f y)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-True-imp-False:
assumes $\text{pseudo-proj-True } n w = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n x$
shows $\text{pseudo-proj-False } n w = \text{pseudo-proj-False } n x$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-Suc-prefix:
assumes $\text{pseudo-proj-True } n w = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n x$
shows $\text{pseudo-proj-True}(\text{Suc } n) w \in \{\text{pseudo-proj-True } n x, \text{pseudo-proj-False } n x\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-proj-Suc-preimage:
shows $\text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True}(\text{Suc } n)) \cap (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) -^c \{\text{pseudo-proj-True } n x\} = \{\text{pseudo-proj-True } n x, \text{pseudo-proj-False } n x\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) f-borel-Suc-preimage:
assumes $f \in \text{measurable}(F n) N$
and $\text{set-discriminating } n f N$
shows $\text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True}(\text{Suc } n)) \cap f -^c \{f x\} = (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) -^c (f -^c \{f x\}) \cup (\text{pseudo-proj-False } n) -^c (f -^c \{f x\})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) pseudo-proj-preimage:
assumes $g \in \text{measurable}(F n) N$
and $\text{set-discriminating } n g N$
shows $\text{pseudo-proj-True } n -^c (g -^c \{g z\}) = \text{pseudo-proj-True } n -^c (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n -^c (g -^c \{g z\}))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) borel-pseudo-proj-preimage:

```

fixes g::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t0-space}
assumes g $\in$  borel-measurable (F n)
shows pseudo-proj-True n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}) = pseudo-proj-True n  $-`$ (pseudo-proj-True
n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}))
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) pseudo-proj-False-preimage:
assumes g $\in$  measurable (F n) N
and set-discriminating n g N
shows pseudo-proj-False n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}) = pseudo-proj-False n  $-`$ (pseudo-proj-False
n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}))
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) borel-pseudo-proj-False-preimage:
fixes g::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t0-space}
assumes g $\in$  borel-measurable (F n)
shows pseudo-proj-False n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}) = pseudo-proj-False n  $-`$ (pseudo-proj-False
n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}))
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) pseudo-proj-preimage':
assumes g $\in$  measurable (F n) N
and set-discriminating n g N
shows pseudo-proj-True n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}) = g  $-`$ {g z}
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) borel-pseudo-proj-preimage':
fixes g::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t0-space}
assumes g $\in$  borel-measurable (F n)
shows pseudo-proj-True n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}) = g  $-`$ {g z}
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) pseudo-proj-False-preimage':
assumes g $\in$  measurable (F n) N
and set-discriminating n g N
shows pseudo-proj-False n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}) = g  $-`$ {g z}
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) borel-pseudo-proj-False-preimage':
fixes g::bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  'b:{t0-space}
assumes g $\in$  borel-measurable (F n)
shows pseudo-proj-False n  $-`$ (g  $-`$ {g z}) = g  $-`$ {g z}
⟨proof⟩

```

5.3.6 Integrals and conditional expectations on the natural filtration

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) cst-integral:

fixes $f:\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (F\ 0)$
and $f (\text{sconst True}) = c$
shows $\text{has-bochner-integral } M f c$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) cst-nn-integral:

fixes $f:\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (F\ 0)$
and $\bigwedge w. 0 \leq f w$
and $f (\text{sconst True}) = c$
shows $\text{integral}^N M f = \text{ennreal } c \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) suc-measurable:

fixes $f:\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow 'b:\{\text{t0-space}\}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (F\ (\text{Suc } n))$
shows $(\lambda w. f (c \# w)) \in \text{borel-measurable } (F\ n)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) F-n-nn-integral-pos:

fixes $f:\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
shows $\bigwedge f. (\forall x. 0 \leq f x) \implies f \in \text{borel-measurable } (F\ n) \implies \text{integral}^N M f =$
 $(\sum_{w \in \text{range } (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n)}. (\text{emeasure } M ((\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) - \{w\})$
 $\cap \text{space } M)) * \text{ennreal } (f w))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) F-n-integral-pos:

fixes $f:\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (F\ n)$
and $\forall w. 0 \leq f w$
shows $\text{has-bochner-integral } M f$
 $(\sum_{w \in \text{range } (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n)}. (\text{measure } M ((\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) - \{w\})$
 $\cap \text{space } M)) * (f w))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) F-n-integral:

fixes $f:\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (F\ n)$
shows $\text{has-bochner-integral } M f$
 $(\sum_{w \in \text{range } (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n)}. (\text{measure } M ((\text{pseudo-proj-True } n) - \{w\})$
 $\cap \text{space } M)) * (f w))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) F-n-integral-prob-comp:
fixes f::bool stream⇒real
assumes f∈ borel-measurable (F n)
shows has-bochner-integral M f

$$(\sum_{w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n)} (\prod (\text{prob-component } p w) \{0..<n\}) * (f w))$$

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) expect-prob-comp:
fixes f::bool stream⇒real
assumes f∈ borel-measurable (F n)
shows expectation f =

$$(\sum_{w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n)} (\prod (\text{prob-component } p w) \{0..<n\}) * (f w))$$

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma sum-union-disjoint':
assumes finite A
and finite B
and A ∩ B = {}
and A ∪ B = C
shows sum g C = sum g A + sum g B
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) borel-Suc-expectation:
fixes f::bool stream⇒ real
assumes f∈ borel-measurable (F (Suc n))
and g∈ measurable (F n) N
and set-discriminating n g N
and g -‘ {g z} ∈ sets (F n)
and ∀ y z. (g y = g z ∧ snth y n = snth z n) → f y = f z
shows expectation (λx. f x * indicator (g -‘ {g z}) x) =

$$\text{prob}(g -‘ {g z}) * (p * f(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n z) + (1-p) * f(\text{pseudo-proj-False } n z))$$

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) borel-Suc-expectation-pseudo-proj:
fixes f::bool stream⇒ real
assumes f∈ borel-measurable (F (Suc n))
shows expectation (λx. f x * indicator (pseudo-proj-True n -‘ {pseudo-proj-True n z})) =

$$\text{prob}(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n -‘ \{\text{pseudo-proj-True } n z\}) * (p * (f(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n z)) + (1-p) * (f(\text{pseudo-proj-False } n z)))$$

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) f-borel-Suc-expl-cond-expect:
  assumes f ∈ borel-measurable (F (Suc n))
  and g ∈ measurable (F n) N
  and set-discriminating n g N
  and g - ‘{g w} ∈ sets (F n)
  and ∀ y z. (g y = g z ∧ snth y n = snth z n) → f y = f z
  and 0 < p
  and p < 1
  shows expl-cond-expect M g f w = p * f (pseudo-proj-True n w) + (1 - p) * f
  (pseudo-proj-False n w)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) f-borel-Suc-real-cond-exp:
  assumes f ∈ borel-measurable (F (Suc n))
  and g ∈ measurable (F n) N
  and set-discriminating n g N
  and ∀ w. g - ‘{g w} ∈ sets (F n)
  and ∀ r ∈ range g ∩ space N. ∃ A ∈ sets N. range g ∩ A = {r}
  and ∀ y z. (g y = g z ∧ snth y n = snth z n) → f y = f z
  and 0 < p
  and p < 1
  shows AE w in M. real-cond-exp M (fct-gen-subalgebra M N g) f w = p * f
  (pseudo-proj-True n w) + (1 - p) * f (pseudo-proj-False n w)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) f-borel-Suc-real-cond-exp-proj:
  assumes f ∈ borel-measurable (F (Suc n))
  and 0 < p
  and p < 1
  shows AE w in M. real-cond-exp M (fct-gen-subalgebra M M (pseudo-proj-True
n)) f w =
  p * f (pseudo-proj-True n w) + (1 - p) * f (pseudo-proj-False n w)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

5.4 Images of stochastic processes by prefixes of streams

We define a function that, given a stream of coin tosses and a stochastic process, returns a stream of the values of the stochastic process up to a given time. This function will be used to characterize the smallest filtration that, at any time n, makes each random variable of a given stochastic process measurable up to time n.

5.4.1 Definitions

```

primrec smap-stoch-proc where
  smap-stoch-proc 0 f k w = []

```

| *smap-stoch-proc* (*Suc n*) *f k w* = (*f k w*) # (*smap-stoch-proc n f (Suc k) w*)

lemma *smap-stoch-proc-length*:

shows *length (smap-stoch-proc n f k w)* = *n*
{proof}

lemma *smap-stoch-proc-nth*:

shows *Suc p* ≤ *Suc n* ⇒ *nth (smap-stoch-proc (Suc n) f k w)* *p* = *f (k+p) w*
{proof}

definition *proj-stoch-proc* **where**

proj-stoch-proc f n = ($\lambda w. \text{shift}(\text{smap-stoch-proc } n \text{ } f \text{ } 0 \text{ } w) (\text{sconst}(f \text{ } n \text{ } w))$)

lemma *proj-stoch-proc-component*:

shows *k < n* ⇒ *(snth (proj-stoch-proc f n w)) k* = *f k w*
and *n ≤ k* ⇒ *(snth (proj-stoch-proc f n w)) k* = *f n w*
{proof}

lemma *proj-stoch-proc-component'*:

assumes *k ≤ n*
shows *f k x* = *snth (proj-stoch-proc f n x)* *k*
{proof}

lemma *proj-stoch-proc-eq-snth*:

assumes *proj-stoch-proc f n x* = *proj-stoch-proc f n y*
and *k ≤ n*
shows *f k x* = *f k y*
{proof}

lemma *proj-stoch-measurable-if-adapted*:

assumes *filtration M F*
and *adapt-stoch-proc F f N*
shows *proj-stoch-proc f n* ∈ *measurable M (stream-space N)*
{proof}

lemma *proj-stoch-adapted-if-adapted*:

assumes *filtration M F*
and *adapt-stoch-proc F f N*
shows *proj-stoch-proc f n* ∈ *measurable (F n) (stream-space N)*
{proof}

lemma *proj-stoch-adapted-if-adapted'*:

assumes *filtration M F*
and *adapt-stoch-proc F f N*
shows *adapt-stoch-proc F (proj-stoch-proc f)* (*stream-space N*) *{proof}*

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) proj-stoch-proj-invariant:
  fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ 'b:{t0-space}
    assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  shows proj-stoch-proc X n w = proj-stoch-proc X n (pseudo-proj-True n w)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) proj-stoch-set-finite-range:
  fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ 'b:{t0-space}
    assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  shows finite (range (proj-stoch-proc X n))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) proj-stoch-set-discriminating:
  fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ 'b:{t0-space}
    assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  shows set-discriminating n (proj-stoch-proc X n) N
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) proj-stoch-preimage:
  assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  shows (proj-stoch-proc X n) −‘ {proj-stoch-proc X n w} = (⋂ i ∈ {m. m ≤ n}. (X i) −‘ {X i w})
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) proj-stoch-singleton-set:
  fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ ('b:t2-space)
    assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  shows (proj-stoch-proc X n) −‘ {proj-stoch-proc X n w} ∈ sets (F n)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) finite-range-stream-space:
  fixes f::'a ⇒ 'b:t1-space
    assumes finite (range f)
  shows (λw. snth w i) −‘ (open-exclude-set (f x) (range f)) ∈ sets (stream-space borel)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) proj-stoch-range-singleton:
  fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ ('b:t2-space)
    assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
    and r ∈ range (proj-stoch-proc X n)
  shows ∃ A ∈ sets (stream-space borel). range (proj-stoch-proc X n) ∩ A = {r}
  ⟨proof⟩

definition (in infinite-cts-filtration) stream-space-single where

```

```

stream-space-single X r = (if ( $\exists U. U \in \text{sets}(\text{stream-space borel}) \wedge U \cap (\text{range } X) = \{r\}$ )
then SOME  $U. U \in \text{sets}(\text{stream-space borel}) \wedge U \cap (\text{range } X) = \{r\}$  else {})

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) stream-space-singleI:
  assumes  $\exists U. U \in \text{sets}(\text{stream-space borel}) \wedge U \cap (\text{range } X) = \{r\}$ 
  shows stream-space-single X r  $\in \text{sets}(\text{stream-space borel}) \wedge \text{stream-space-single}$ 
     $X \cap (\text{range } X) = \{r\}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration)
  fixes  $X:\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool stream} \Rightarrow ('b::t2\text{-space})$ 
  assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  and  $r \in \text{range}(\text{proj-stoch-proc } X n)$ 
  shows stream-space-single-set: stream-space-single (proj-stoch-proc X n)  $r \in \text{sets}(\text{stream-space borel})$ 
  and stream-space-single-preimage: stream-space-single (proj-stoch-proc X n)  $r \cap \text{range}(\text{proj-stoch-proc } X n) = \{r\}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

5.4.2 Induced filtration, relationship with filtration generated by underlying stochastic process

```

definition comp-proj-i where
  comp-proj-i X n i y = { $z \in \text{range}(\text{proj-stoch-proc } X n). \text{snth } z i = y$ }

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) comp-proj-i-finite:
  fixes  $X:\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool stream} \Rightarrow 'b::\{t0\text{-space}\}$ 
  assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  shows finite (comp-proj-i X n i y)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma stoch-proc-comp-proj-i-preimage:
  assumes  $i \leq n$ 
  shows  $(X i) - ` \{X i x\} = (\bigcup z \in \text{comp-proj-i } X n i (X i x). (\text{proj-stoch-proc } X n) - ` \{z\})$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition comp-proj where
  comp-proj X n y = { $z \in \text{range}(\text{proj-stoch-proc } X n). \text{snth } z n = y$ }

```

```

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) comp-proj-finite:
  fixes  $X:\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{bool stream} \Rightarrow 'b::\{t0\text{-space}\}$ 
  assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  shows finite (comp-proj X n y)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

lemma *stoch-proc-comp-proj-preimage*:
shows $(X n) -^c \{X n x\} = (\bigcup_{z \in \text{comp-proj } X n} (X n x)). (\text{proj-stoch-proc } X n)$
 $-^c \{z\})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *comp-proj-stoch-proc-preimage*:
shows $(\text{proj-stoch-proc } X n) -^c \{\text{proj-stoch-proc } X n x\} = (\bigcap_{i \in \{m. m \leq n\}} (X i) -^c \{X i x\})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition *stoch-proc-filt where*
stoch-proc-filt M X N (n::nat) = gen-subalgebra M (sigma-sets (space M)) ($\bigcup_{i \in \{m. m \leq n\}} \{(X i -^c A) \cap (\text{space } M) \mid A. A \in \text{sets } N\}$)

lemma *stoch-proc-filt-space*:
shows *space (stoch-proc-filt M X N n) = space M* $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *stoch-proc-filt-sets*:
assumes $\bigwedge i. i \leq n \implies (X i) \in \text{measurable } M N$
shows *sets (stoch-proc-filt M X N n) = (sigma-sets (space M))* ($\bigcup_{i \in \{m. m \leq n\}} \{(X i -^c A) \cap (\text{space } M) \mid A. A \in \text{sets } N\}$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *stoch-proc-filt-adapt*:
assumes $\bigwedge n. X n \in \text{measurable } M N$
shows *adapt-stoch-proc (stoch-proc-filt M X N) X N* $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *stoch-proc-filt-disc-filtr*:
assumes $\bigwedge i. (X i) \in \text{measurable } M N$
shows *disc-filtr M (stoch-proc-filt M X N)* $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *gen-subalgebra-eq-space-sets*:
assumes *space M = space N*
and $P = Q$
and $P \subseteq \text{Pow } (\text{space } M)$

```

shows sets (gen-subalgebra M P) = sets (gen-subalgebra N Q) ⟨proof⟩

lemma stoch-proc-filt-eq-sets:
assumes space M = space N
shows sets (stoch-proc-filt M X P n) = sets (stoch-proc-filt N X P n) ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) stoch-proc-filt-triv-init:
fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ real
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc nat-filtration X
shows init-triv-filt M (stoch-proc-filt M X borel) ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) stream-space-borel-union:
fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ ('b::t2-space)
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
and i ≤ n
and A ∈ sets borel
shows ∀ y ∈ A ∩ range (X i). X i - {y} = (proj-stoch-proc X n) - ` (Union z ∈ comp-proj-i X n i y.
(stream-space-single (proj-stoch-proc X n) z))
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) proj-stoch-pre-borel:
fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ ('b::t2-space)
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
shows proj-stoch-proc X n - ` {proj-stoch-proc X n x} ∈ sets (stoch-proc-filt M X borel n)
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-cts-filtration) stoch-proc-filt-gen:
fixes X::nat ⇒ bool stream ⇒ ('b::t2-space)
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
shows stoch-proc-filt M X borel n = fct-gen-subalgebra M (stream-space borel)
(proj-stoch-proc X n)
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) stoch-proc-subalg-nat-filt:
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc nat-filtration X
shows subalgebra (nat-filtration n) (stoch-proc-filt M X borel n) ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space)

```

```

assumes  $N = bernoulli\text{-}stream q$ 
and  $0 \leq q$ 
and  $q \leq 1$ 
and  $0 < p$ 
and  $p < 1$ 
and  $\text{filt-equiv nat-filtration } M N$ 
shows  $\text{filt-equiv-sgt: } 0 < q \text{ and filt-equiv-slt: } q < 1$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{stoch}\text{-proc}\text{-filt}\text{-filt-equiv}$ :
assumes  $\text{filt-equiv } F M N$ 
shows  $\text{stoch}\text{-proc}\text{-filt } M f P n = \text{stoch}\text{-proc}\text{-filt } N f P n$  ⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{filt-equiv-filt}$ :
assumes  $\text{filt-equiv } F M N$ 
and  $\text{filtration } M G$ 
shows  $\text{filtration } N G$  ⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{filt-equiv-borel-AE-eq-iff}$ :
fixes  $f::'a \Rightarrow \text{real}$ 
assumes  $\text{filt-equiv } F M N$ 
and  $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (F t)$ 
and  $g \in \text{borel-measurable } (F t)$ 
and  $\text{prob-space } N$ 
and  $\text{prob-space } M$ 
shows  $(\text{AE } w \text{ in } M. f w = g w) \longleftrightarrow (\text{AE } w \text{ in } N. f w = g w)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space)  $\text{filt-equiv-triv-init}$ :
assumes  $\text{filt-equiv } F M N$ 
and  $\text{init-triv-filt } M G$ 
shows  $\text{init-triv-filt } N G$  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space)  $\text{fct-gen-subalgebra-meas-info}$ :
assumes  $\forall w. f(g w) = f w$ 
and  $f \in \text{space } M \rightarrow \text{space } N$ 
and  $g \in \text{space } M \rightarrow \text{space } M$ 
shows  $g \in \text{measurable } (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M N f) \text{ (fct-gen-subalgebra } M N f)$ 
⟨proof⟩

end
theory Geometric-Random-Walk imports Infinite-Coin-Toss-Space
begin

```

6 Geometric random walk

A geometric random walk is a stochastic process that can, at each time, move upwards or downwards, depending on the outcome of a coin toss.

```

fun (in infinite-coin-toss-space) geom-rand-walk:: real  $\Rightarrow$  real  $\Rightarrow$  real  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  real) where
  base: (geom-rand-walk u d v) 0 =  $(\lambda w. v)|$ 
  step: (geom-rand-walk u d v) (Suc n) =  $(\lambda w. ((\lambda True \Rightarrow u \mid False \Rightarrow d) (snth w n)) * (geom-rand-walk u d v) n w)$ 

locale prob-grw = infinite-coin-toss-space +
  fixes geom-proc::nat  $\Rightarrow$  bool stream  $\Rightarrow$  real and u::real and d::real and init::real
  assumes geometric-process:geom-proc = geom-rand-walk u d init

lemma (in prob-grw) geom-rand-walk-borel-measurable:
  shows (geom-proc n)  $\in$  borel-measurable M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in prob-grw) geom-rand-walk-pseudo-proj-True:
  shows geom-proc n = geom-proc n  $\circ$  pseudo-proj-True n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in prob-grw) geom-rand-walk-pseudo-proj-False:
  shows geom-proc n = geom-proc n  $\circ$  pseudo-proj-False n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in prob-grw) geom-rand-walk-borel-adapted:
  shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc nat-filtration geom-proc
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in prob-grw) grw-succ-img:
  assumes (geom-proc n)  $-` \{x\} \neq \{\}$ 
  shows (geom-proc (Suc n))  $` ((geom-proc n)  $-` \{x\}) = \{u*x, d*x\}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in prob-grw) geom-rand-walk-strictly-positive:
  assumes 0 < init
  and 0 < d
  and d < u
  shows  $\forall n w. 0 < geom-proc n w$ 
  ⟨proof⟩$ 
```

```

lemma (in prob-grw) geom-random-walk-diff-induct:
  shows  $\bigwedge w. (\text{geom-proc}(\text{Suc } n)(\text{spick } w \text{ } n \text{ True}) - \text{geom-proc}(\text{Suc } n)(\text{spick } w \text{ } n \text{ False})) = (\text{geom-proc } n \text{ } w * (u - d))$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```
end
```

7 Fair Prices

This section contains the formalization of financial notions, such as markets, price processes, portfolios, arbitrages, fair prices, etc. It also defines risk-neutral probability spaces, and proves the main result about the fair price of a derivative in a risk-neutral probability space, namely that this fair price is equal to the expectation of the discounted value of the derivative's payoff.

```

theory Fair-Price imports Filtration Martingale Geometric-Random-Walk
begin

```

7.1 Preliminary results

7.1.1 On the almost everywhere filter

```

lemma AE-eq-trans[trans]:
  assumes AE  $x$  in  $M$ .  $A \text{ } x = B \text{ } x$ 
  and AE  $x$  in  $M$ .  $B \text{ } x = C \text{ } x$ 
  shows AE  $x$  in  $M$ .  $A \text{ } x = C \text{ } x$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```
abbreviation AEeq where AEeq  $M \text{ } X \text{ } Y \equiv \text{AE } w \text{ in } M. \text{ } X \text{ } w = Y \text{ } w$ 
```

```

lemma AE-add:
  assumes AE  $w$  in  $M$ .  $f \text{ } w = g \text{ } w$ 
  and AE  $w$  in  $M$ .  $f' \text{ } w = g' \text{ } w$ 
  shows AE  $w$  in  $M$ .  $f \text{ } w + f' \text{ } w = g \text{ } w + g' \text{ } w$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma AE-sum:
  assumes finite  $I$ 
  and  $\forall i \in I. \text{AE } w \text{ in } M. f \text{ } i \text{ } w = g \text{ } i \text{ } w$ 
  shows AE  $w$  in  $M$ .  $(\sum i \in I. f \text{ } i \text{ } w) = (\sum i \in I. g \text{ } i \text{ } w)$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma AE-eq-cst:
  assumes AE  $w$  in  $M$ .  $(\lambda w. c) \text{ } w = (\lambda w. d) \text{ } w$ 

```

and *emeasure M (space M) ≠ 0*

shows *c = d*

(proof)

7.1.2 On conditional expectations

lemma (in prob-space) subalgebra-sigma-finite:

assumes *subalgebra M N*

shows *sigma-finite-subalgebra M N* *(proof)*

lemma (in prob-space) trivial-subalg-cond-expect-AE:

assumes *subalgebra M N*

and *sets N = { }, space M }*

and *integrable M f*

shows *AE x in M. real-cond-exp M N f x = (λx. expectation f) x*

(proof)

lemma (in prob-space) triv-subalg-borel-eq:

assumes *subalgebra M F*

and *sets F = { }, space M }*

and *AE x in M. f x = (c::'b::{t2-space})*

and *f ∈ borel-measurable F*

shows *∀x ∈ space M. f x = c*

(proof)

lemma (in prob-space) trivial-subalg-cond-expect-eq:

assumes *subalgebra M N*

and *sets N = { }, space M }*

and *integrable M f*

shows *∀x ∈ space M. real-cond-exp M N f x = expectation f*

(proof)

lemma (in sigma-finite-subalgebra) real-cond-exp-cong':

assumes *∀w ∈ space M. f w = g w*

and *f ∈ borel-measurable M*

shows *AE w in M. real-cond-exp M F f w = real-cond-exp M F g w*

(proof)

lemma (in sigma-finite-subalgebra) real-cond-exp-bsum :

fixes *f::'b ⇒ 'a ⇒ real*

assumes [measurable]: $\bigwedge i. i \in I \implies \text{integrable } M (f i)$

shows *AE x in M. real-cond-exp M F (λx. ∑ i ∈ I. f i x) x = (∑ i ∈ I. real-cond-exp M F (f i) x)*

$\langle proof \rangle$

7.2 Financial formalizations

7.2.1 Markets

```
definition stk-strict-subs:'c set => bool where
  stk-strict-subs S <--> S ≠ UNIV

typedef ('a,'c) discrete-market = {(s::('c set), a::'c => (nat => 'a => real)). stk-strict-subs s}  $\langle proof \rangle$ 

definition prices where
  prices Mkt = (snd (Rep-discrete-market Mkt))

definition assets where
  assets Mkt = UNIV

definition stocks where
  stocks Mkt = (fst (Rep-discrete-market Mkt))

definition discrete-market-of
where
  discrete-market-of S A =
    Abs-discrete-market (if (stk-strict-subs S) then S else {}, A)

lemma prices-of:
  shows prices (discrete-market-of S A) = A
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma stocks-of:
  assumes UNIV ≠ S
  shows stocks (discrete-market-of S A) = S
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mkt-stocks-assets:
  shows stk-strict-subs (stocks Mkt)  $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

7.2.2 Quantity processes and portfolios

These are functions that assign quantities to assets; each quantity is a stochastic process. Basic operations are defined on these processes.

Basic operations definition qty-empty where
 $qty-empty = (\lambda (x:'a) (n::nat) w. 0::real)$

definition qty-single where

```

qty-single asset qt-proc = (qty-empty(asset := qt-proc))

definition qty-sum::('b ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real) ⇒ ('b ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real) ⇒ ('b ⇒
nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real) where
  qty-sum pf1 pf2 = (λx n w. pf1 x n w + pf2 x n w)

definition qty-mult-comp::('b ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real) ⇒ (nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real) ⇒ ('b ⇒
nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real) where
  qty-mult-comp pf1 qty = (λx n w. (pf1 x n w) * (qty n w))

definition qty-rem-comp::('b ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real) ⇒ 'b ⇒ ('b ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a ⇒
real) where
  qty-rem-comp pf1 x = pf1(x:=(λn w. 0))

definition qty-replace-comp where
  qty-replace-comp pf1 x pf2 = qty-sum (qty-rem-comp pf1 x) (qty-mult-comp pf2
(pf1 x))

Support sets If p x n w is different from 0, this means that this quantity
is held on interval ]n-1, n].

definition support-set::('b ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real) ⇒ 'b set where
  support-set p = {x. ∃ n w. p x n w ≠ 0}

lemma qty-empty-support-set:
  shows support-set qty-empty = {} ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum-support-set:
  shows support-set (qty-sum pf1 pf2) ⊆ (support-set pf1) ∪ (support-set pf2)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mult-comp-support-set:
  shows support-set (qty-mult-comp pf1 qty) ⊆ (support-set pf1)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma remove-comp-support-set:
  shows support-set (qty-rem-comp pf1 x) ⊆ ((support-set pf1) − {x})
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma replace-comp-support-set:
  shows support-set (qty-replace-comp pf1 x pf2) ⊆ (support-set pf1 − {x}) ∪
  support-set pf2
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma single-comp-support:
  shows support-set (qty-single asset qty) ⊆ {asset}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma single-comp-nz-support:
  assumes ∃ n w. qty n w ≠ 0

```

shows *support-set* (*qty-single asset qty*) = {asset}
(proof)

Portfolios definition *portfolio where*
portfolio p \longleftrightarrow *finite (support-set p)*

definition *stock-portfolio* :: ('a, 'b) discrete-market \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow bool **where**
stock-portfolio Mkt p \longleftrightarrow *portfolio p* \wedge *support-set p* \subseteq *stocks Mkt*

lemma *sum-portfolio*:
assumes *portfolio pf1*
and *portfolio pf2*
shows *portfolio (qty-sum pf1 pf2)* *(proof)*

lemma *sum-basic-support-set*:
assumes *stock-portfolio Mkt pf1*
and *stock-portfolio Mkt pf2*
shows *stock-portfolio Mkt (qty-sum pf1 pf2)* *(proof)*

lemma *mult-comp-portfolio*:
assumes *portfolio pf1*
shows *portfolio (qty-mult-comp pf1 qty)* *(proof)*

lemma *mult-comp-basic-support-set*:
assumes *stock-portfolio Mkt pf1*
shows *stock-portfolio Mkt (qty-mult-comp pf1 qty)* *(proof)*

lemma *remove-comp-portfolio*:
assumes *portfolio pf1*
shows *portfolio (qty-rem-comp pf1 x)* *(proof)*

lemma *remove-comp-basic-support-set*:
assumes *stock-portfolio Mkt pf1*
shows *stock-portfolio Mkt (qty-mult-comp pf1 qty)* *(proof)*

lemma *replace-comp-portfolio*:
assumes *portfolio pf1*
and *portfolio pf2*
shows *portfolio (qty-replace-comp pf1 x pf2)* *(proof)*

lemma *replace-comp-stocks*:
assumes *support-set pf1* \subseteq *stocks Mkt* \cup {x}
and *support-set pf2* \subseteq *stocks Mkt*

shows *support-set* (*qty-replace-comp* *pf1* *x pf2*) \subseteq *stocks Mkt*
<proof>

lemma *single-comp-portfolio*:
shows *portfolio* (*qty-single asset qty*)
<proof>

Value processes definition *val-process* **where**
val-process *Mkt p* = (*if* (\neg (*portfolio p*)) *then* ($\lambda n w. 0$)
else ($\lambda n w. (\text{sum } (\lambda x. ((\text{prices Mkt}) x n w) * (p x (\text{Suc } n) w)) (\text{support-set } p)))$)

lemma *subset-val-process'*:
assumes *finite A*
and *support-set p \subseteq A*
shows *val-process Mkt p n w* = (*sum* ($\lambda x. ((\text{prices Mkt}) x n w) * (p x (\text{Suc } n) w))$
A)
<proof>

lemma *sum-val-process*:
assumes *portfolio pf1*
and *portfolio pf2*
shows $\forall n w. \text{val-process Mkt} (\text{qty-sum pf1 pf2}) n w = (\text{val-process Mkt pf1}) n w + (\text{val-process Mkt pf2}) n w$
<proof>

lemma *mult-comp-val-process*:
assumes *portfolio pf1*
shows $\forall n w. \text{val-process Mkt} (\text{qty-mult-comp pf1 qty}) n w = ((\text{val-process Mkt pf1}) n w) * (\text{qty} (\text{Suc } n) w)$
<proof>

lemma *remove-comp-values*:
assumes *x \neq y*
shows $\forall n w. \text{pf1 } x n w = (\text{qty-rem-comp pf1 } y) x n w$
<proof>

```

lemma remove-comp-val-process:
  assumes portfolio pf1
  shows  $\forall n w. \text{val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-rem-comp } pf1 y) n w = ((\text{val-process } Mkt pf1)$ 
 $n w) - (\text{prices } Mkt y n w) * (\text{pf1 } y (\text{Suc } n) w)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma replace-comp-val-process:
  assumes  $\forall n w. \text{prices } Mkt x n w = \text{val-process } Mkt pf2 n w$ 
  and portfolio pf1
  and portfolio pf2
  shows  $\forall n w. \text{val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-replace-comp } pf1 x pf2) n w = \text{val-process } Mkt$ 
 $pf1 n w$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma qty-single-val-process:
  shows  $\text{val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-single asset } qty) n w =$ 
     $\text{prices } Mkt \text{asset } n w * \text{qty } (\text{Suc } n) w$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

7.2.3 Trading strategies

```

locale disc-equity-market = triv-init-disc-filtr-prob-space +
  fixes Mkt::('a,'b) discrete-market

```

Discrete predictable processes

Trading strategy definition (in disc-filtr-prob-space) trading-strategy
where
 $\text{trading-strategy } p \longleftrightarrow \text{portfolio } p \wedge (\forall \text{asset} \in \text{support-set } p. \text{borel-predict-stoch-proc}$
 $F(p \text{asset}))$

**definition (in disc-filtr-prob-space) support-adapt:: ('a, 'b) discrete-market \Rightarrow ('b
 \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow bool where**
 $\text{support-adapt } Mkt pf \longleftrightarrow (\forall \text{asset} \in \text{support-set } pf. \text{borel-adapt-stoch-proc}$
 $F(\text{prices } Mkt \text{asset}))$

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) quantity-adapted:
  assumes  $\forall \text{asset} \in \text{support-set } p. p \text{asset } (\text{Suc } n) \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$ 
   $\forall \text{asset} \in \text{support-set } p. \text{prices } Mkt \text{asset } n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$ 
  shows  $\text{val-process } Mkt p n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) trading-strategy-adapted:

```

assumes *trading-strategy p*
and *support-adapt Mkt p*
shows *borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (val-process Mkt p) ⟨proof⟩*

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *ats-val-process-adapted*:
assumes *trading-strategy p*
and *support-adapt Mkt p*
shows *borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (val-process Mkt p) ⟨proof⟩*

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *trading-strategy-init*:
assumes *trading-strategy p*
and *support-adapt Mkt p*
shows $\exists c. \forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{val-process Mkt } p \ 0 \ w = c$ *⟨proof⟩*

definition (in disc-equity-market) *initial-value* **where**
initial-value pf = constant-image (val-process Mkt pf 0)

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *initial-valueI*:
assumes *trading-strategy pf*
and *support-adapt Mkt pf*
shows $\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{val-process Mkt } pf \ 0 \ w = \text{initial-value pf}$ *⟨proof⟩*

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *inc-predict-support-trading-strat*:
assumes *trading-strategy pf1*
shows $\forall \text{asset} \in \text{support-set pf1} \cup B. \text{borel-predict-stoch-proc F (pf1 asset)}$
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *inc-predict-support-trading-strat'*:
assumes *trading-strategy pf1*
and *asset ∈ support-set pf1 ∪ B*
shows *borel-predict-stoch-proc F (pf1 asset)*
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *inc-support-trading-strat*:
assumes *trading-strategy pf1*
shows $\forall \text{asset} \in \text{support-set pf1} \cup B. \text{borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (pf1 asset)}$ *⟨proof⟩*

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *qty-empty-trading-strat*:
shows *trading-strategy qty-empty* *⟨proof⟩*

```

lemma (in disc-equity-market) sum-trading-strat:
  assumes trading-strategy pf1
  and trading-strategy pf2
  shows trading-strategy (qty-sum pf1 pf2)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in disc-equity-market) mult-comp-trading-strat:
  assumes trading-strategy pf1
  and borel-predict-stoch-proc F qty
  shows trading-strategy (qty-mult-comp pf1 qty)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in disc-equity-market) remove-comp-trading-strat:
  assumes trading-strategy pf1
  shows trading-strategy (qty-rem-comp pf1 x)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in disc-equity-market) replace-comp-trading-strat:
  assumes trading-strategy pf1
  and trading-strategy pf2
  shows trading-strategy (qty-replace-comp pf1 x pf2) ⟨proof⟩

```

7.2.4 Self-financing portfolios

Closing value process fun up-cl-proc where

$$\begin{aligned} \text{up-cl-proc } Mkt\ p\ 0 &= \text{val-process } Mkt\ p\ 0 \\ \text{up-cl-proc } Mkt\ p\ (\text{Suc } n) &= (\lambda w. \sum_{x \in \text{support-set } p. \text{prices } Mkt\ x} (\text{Suc } n) w * p \\ &\quad x\ (\text{Suc } n) w) \end{aligned}$$

definition cls-val-process where

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cls-val-process } Mkt\ p &= (\text{if } (\neg (\text{portfolio } p)) \text{ then } (\lambda n w. 0) \\ &\quad \text{else } (\lambda n w. \text{up-cl-proc } Mkt\ p\ n\ w)) \end{aligned}$$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) quantity-updated-borel:

assumes $\forall n. \forall asset \in \text{support-set } p. p \text{ asset } (\text{Suc } n) \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$

and $\forall n. \forall asset \in \text{support-set } p. \text{prices } Mkt \text{ asset } n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$

shows $\forall n. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt\ p\ n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$

⟨proof⟩

lemma (in disc-equity-market) cls-val-process-adapted:

assumes trading-strategy p

and support-adapt Mkt p

shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (cls-val-process Mkt p)

⟨proof⟩

```

lemma subset-cls-val-process:
  assumes finite A
  and support-set p ⊆ A
  shows ∀ n w. cls-val-process Mkt p (Suc n) w = (sum (λx. ((prices Mkt) x (Suc n) w) * (p x (Suc n) w)) A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma subset-cls-val-process':
  assumes finite A
  and support-set p ⊆ A
  shows cls-val-process Mkt p (Suc n) w = (sum (λx. ((prices Mkt) x (Suc n) w) * (p x (Suc n) w)) A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum-cls-val-process-Suc:
  assumes portfolio pf1
  and portfolio pf2
  shows ∀ n w. cls-val-process Mkt (qty-sum pf1 pf2) (Suc n) w =
    (cls-val-process Mkt pf1) (Suc n) w + (cls-val-process Mkt pf2) (Suc n) w
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum-cls-val-process0:
  assumes portfolio pf1
  and portfolio pf2
  shows ∀ w. cls-val-process Mkt (qty-sum pf1 pf2) 0 w =
    (cls-val-process Mkt pf1) 0 w + (cls-val-process Mkt pf2) 0 w ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum-cls-val-process:
  assumes portfolio pf1
  and portfolio pf2
  shows ∀ n w. cls-val-process Mkt (qty-sum pf1 pf2) n w =
    (cls-val-process Mkt pf1) n w + (cls-val-process Mkt pf2) n w
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mult-comp-cls-val-process0:
  assumes portfolio pf1
  shows ∀ w. cls-val-process Mkt (qty-mult-comp pf1 qty) 0 w =
    ((cls-val-process Mkt pf1) 0 w) * (qty (Suc 0) w) ⟨proof⟩

lemma mult-comp-cls-val-process-Suc:
  assumes portfolio pf1
  shows ∀ n w. cls-val-process Mkt (qty-mult-comp pf1 qty) (Suc n) w =
    ((cls-val-process Mkt pf1) (Suc n) w) * (qty (Suc n) w)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma remove-comp-cls-val-process0:
  assumes portfolio pf1
  shows  $\forall w. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-rem-comp } pf1 y) 0 w =$ 
     $((\text{cls-val-process } Mkt pf1) 0 w) - (\text{prices } Mkt y 0 w) * (pf1 y (\text{Suc } 0) w)$   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma remove-comp-cls-val-process-Suc:
  assumes portfolio pf1
  shows  $\forall n w. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-rem-comp } pf1 y) (\text{Suc } n) w =$ 
     $((\text{cls-val-process } Mkt pf1) (\text{Suc } n) w) - (\text{prices } Mkt y (\text{Suc } n) w) * (pf1 y (\text{Suc } n) w)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma replace-comp-cls-val-process0:
  assumes  $\forall w. \text{prices } Mkt x 0 w = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt pf2 0 w$ 
  and portfolio pf1
  and portfolio pf2
  shows  $\forall w. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-replace-comp } pf1 x pf2) 0 w = \text{cls-val-process }$ 
     $Mkt pf1 0 w$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma replace-comp-cls-val-process-Suc:
  assumes  $\forall n w. \text{prices } Mkt x (\text{Suc } n) w = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt pf2 (\text{Suc } n) w$ 
  and portfolio pf1
  and portfolio pf2
  shows  $\forall n w. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-replace-comp } pf1 x pf2) (\text{Suc } n) w =$ 
     $\text{cls-val-process } Mkt pf1 (\text{Suc } n) w$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma replace-comp-cls-val-process:
  assumes  $\forall n w. \text{prices } Mkt x n w = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt pf2 n w$ 
  and portfolio pf1
  and portfolio pf2
  shows  $\forall n w. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-replace-comp } pf1 x pf2) n w = \text{cls-val-process }$ 
     $Mkt pf1 n w$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma qty-single-updated:
  shows  $\text{cls-val-process } Mkt (\text{qty-single asset qty}) (\text{Suc } n) w =$ 
     $\text{prices } Mkt \text{asset} (\text{Suc } n) w * \text{qty} (\text{Suc } n) w$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

Self-financing definition *self-financing* where
 $\text{self-financing } Mkt\ p \longleftrightarrow (\forall n. \text{val-process } Mkt\ p\ (Suc\ n) = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt\ p\ (Suc\ n))$

lemma *self-financingE*:
assumes *self-financing Mkt p*
shows $\forall n. \text{val-process } Mkt\ p\ n = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt\ p\ n$
(proof)

lemma *static-portfolio-self-financing*:
assumes $\forall x \in \text{support-set } p. (\forall w i. p\ x\ i\ w = p\ x\ (Suc\ i)\ w)$
shows *self-financing Mkt p*
(proof)

lemma *sum-self-financing*:
assumes *portfolio pf1*
and *portfolio pf2*
and *self-financing Mkt pf1*
and *self-financing Mkt pf2*
shows *self-financing Mkt (qty-sum pf1 pf2)*
(proof)

lemma *mult-time-constant-self-financing*:
assumes *portfolio pf1*
and *self-financing Mkt pf1*
and $\forall n w. \text{qty } n\ w = \text{qty } (\text{Suc } n)\ w$
shows *self-financing Mkt (qty-mult-comp pf1 qty)*
(proof)

lemma *replace-comp-self-financing*:
assumes $\forall n w. \text{prices } Mkt\ x\ n\ w = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt\ pf2\ n\ w$
and *portfolio pf1*
and *portfolio pf2*
and *self-financing Mkt pf1*
and *self-financing Mkt pf2*
shows *self-financing Mkt (qty-replace-comp pf1 x pf2)*
(proof)

Make a portfolio self-financing fun *remaining-qty* where
init: $\text{remaining-qty } Mkt\ v\ pf\ asset\ 0 = (\lambda w. 0) \mid$
first: $\text{remaining-qty } Mkt\ v\ pf\ asset\ (\text{Suc } 0) = (\lambda w. (v - \text{val-process } Mkt\ pf\ 0)$

$w)/(prices\ Mkt\ asset\ 0\ w))\ |\$
 step: $remaining\text{-}qty\ Mkt\ v\ pf\ asset\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n)) = (\lambda w.\ (remaining\text{-}qty\ Mkt\ v\ pf\ asset\ (Suc\ n)\ w) +$
 $(cls\text{-}val\text{-}process\ Mkt\ pf\ (Suc\ n)\ w - val\text{-}process\ Mkt\ pf\ (Suc\ n)\ w)/(prices\ Mkt\ asset\ (Suc\ n)\ w))$

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *remaining-qty-predict'*:
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (*prices Mkt asset*)
and trading-strategy pf
and support-adapt $Mkt\ pf$
shows $remaining\text{-}qty\ Mkt\ v\ pf\ asset\ (Suc\ n) \in borel\text{-}measurable\ (F\ n)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *remaining-qty-predict*:
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (*prices Mkt asset*)
and trading-strategy pf
and support-adapt $Mkt\ pf$
shows borel-predict-stoch-proc F (*remaining-qty Mkt v pf asset*) $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *remaining-qty-adapt*:
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (*prices Mkt asset*)
and trading-strategy pf
and support-adapt $Mkt\ pf$
shows $remaining\text{-}qty\ Mkt\ v\ pf\ asset\ n \in borel\text{-}measurable\ (F\ n)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-equity-market) *remaining-qty-adapted*:
assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (*prices Mkt asset*)
and trading-strategy pf
and support-adapt $Mkt\ pf$
shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (*remaining-qty Mkt v pf asset*) $\langle proof \rangle$

definition self-finance **where**
 $self\text{-}finance\ Mkt\ v\ pf\ (asset::'a) = qty\text{-}sum\ pf\ (qty\text{-}single\ asset\ (remaining\text{-}qty\ Mkt\ v\ pf\ asset)))$

lemma self-finance-portfolio:
assumes portfolio pf
shows portfolio (*self-finance Mkt v pf asset*) $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma self-finance-init:
assumes $\forall w.\ prices\ Mkt\ asset\ 0\ w \neq 0$
and portfolio pf
shows val-process $Mkt\ (self\text{-}finance\ Mkt\ v\ pf\ asset)\ 0\ w = v$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma self-finance-succ:
assumes prices Mkt asset ($Suc n$) $w \neq 0$
and portfolio pf
shows val-process Mkt (self-finance Mkt v pf asset) ($Suc n$) $w =$ prices Mkt asset ($Suc n$) $w * remaining-qty Mkt v pf asset (Suc n) w +$
cls-val-process Mkt pf ($Suc n$) w
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma self-finance-updated:
assumes prices Mkt asset ($Suc n$) $w \neq 0$
and portfolio pf
shows cls-val-process Mkt (self-finance Mkt v pf asset) ($Suc n$) $w =$
cls-val-process Mkt pf ($Suc n$) $w +$ prices Mkt asset ($Suc n$) $w * (remaining-qty Mkt v pf asset) (Suc n) w$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma self-finance-charact:
assumes $\forall n w. \text{prices Mkt asset} (Suc n) w \neq 0$
and portfolio pf
shows self-financing Mkt (self-finance Mkt v pf asset)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

7.2.5 Replicating portfolios

definition (in disc-filtr-prob-space) price-structure::($'a \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow real \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow real) \Rightarrow bool$ where
 $price\text{-structure } pyf T \pi pr \longleftrightarrow ((\forall w \in space M. pr 0 w = \pi) \wedge (AE w \text{ in } M. pr T w = pyf w) \wedge (pr T \in borel\text{-measurable} (F T)))$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) price-structure-init:
assumes price-structure $pyf T \pi pr$
shows $\forall w \in space M. pr 0 w = \pi$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) price-structure-borel-measurable:
assumes price-structure $pyf T \pi pr$
shows $pr T \in borel\text{-measurable} (F T)$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) price-structure-maturity:
assumes price-structure $pyf T \pi pr$
shows $AE w \text{ in } M. pr T w = pyf w$ $\langle proof \rangle$

definition (in disc-equity-market) replicating-portfolio where
replicating-portfolio pf der matur \longleftrightarrow (stock-portfolio Mkt pf) \wedge (trading-strategy pf) \wedge (self-financing Mkt pf) \wedge
 $(AE w \text{ in } M. \text{cls-val-process Mkt pf matur } w = \text{der } w)$

definition (in disc-equity-market) is-attainable where
is-attainable der matur $\longleftrightarrow (\exists \text{ pf. replicating-portfolio pf der matur})$

lemma (in disc-equity-market) replicating-price-process:
assumes replicating-portfolio pf der matur
and support-adapt Mkt pf
shows price-structure der matur (initial-value pf) (cls-val-process Mkt pf)
{proof}

7.2.6 Arbitrages

definition (in disc-filtr-prob-space) arbitrage-process
where
arbitrage-process Mkt p $\longleftrightarrow (\exists m. (\text{self-financing Mkt p}) \wedge (\text{trading-strategy p}))$
 \wedge
 $(\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{val-process Mkt p } 0 w = 0) \wedge$
 $(AE w \text{ in } M. 0 \leq \text{cls-val-process Mkt p } m w) \wedge$
 $0 < \mathcal{P}(w \text{ in } M. \text{cls-val-process Mkt p } m w > 0))$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) arbitrage-processE:
assumes arbitrage-process Mkt p
shows ($\exists m. (\text{self-financing Mkt p}) \wedge (\text{trading-strategy p}) \wedge$
 $(\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{cls-val-process Mkt p } 0 w = 0) \wedge$
 $(AE w \text{ in } M. 0 \leq \text{cls-val-process Mkt p } m w) \wedge$
 $0 < \mathcal{P}(w \text{ in } M. \text{cls-val-process Mkt p } m w > 0))$
{proof}

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) arbitrage-processI:
assumes ($\exists m. (\text{self-financing Mkt p}) \wedge (\text{trading-strategy p}) \wedge$
 $(\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{cls-val-process Mkt p } 0 w = 0) \wedge$
 $(AE w \text{ in } M. 0 \leq \text{cls-val-process Mkt p } m w) \wedge$
 $0 < \mathcal{P}(w \text{ in } M. \text{cls-val-process Mkt p } m w > 0))$
shows arbitrage-process Mkt p *{proof}*

definition (in disc-filtr-prob-space) viable-market
where
viable-market Mkt $\longleftrightarrow (\forall p. \text{stock-portfolio Mkt p} \longrightarrow \neg \text{arbitrage-process Mkt p})$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) arbitrage-val-process:
assumes arbitrage-process Mkt pf1
and self-financing Mkt pf2
and trading-strategy pf2
and $\forall n w. \text{cls-val-process Mkt pf1 } n w = \text{cls-val-process Mkt pf2 } n w$
shows arbitrage-process Mkt pf2

$\langle proof \rangle$

definition coincides-on where

assumes $\text{coincides-on } Mkt \text{ } Mkt2 \text{ } A \longleftrightarrow (\text{stocks } Mkt = \text{stocks } Mkt2 \wedge (\forall x. x \in A \longrightarrow \text{prices } Mkt \text{ } x = \text{prices } Mkt2 \text{ } x))$

lemma coincides-val-process:

assumes $\text{coincides-on } Mkt \text{ } Mkt2 \text{ } A$

and $\text{support-set } pf \subseteq A$

shows $\forall n w. \text{val-process } Mkt \text{ } pf \text{ } n \text{ } w = \text{val-process } Mkt2 \text{ } pf \text{ } n \text{ } w$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma coincides-cls-val-process':

assumes $\text{coincides-on } Mkt \text{ } Mkt2 \text{ } A$

and $\text{support-set } pf \subseteq A$

shows $\forall n w. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt \text{ } pf \text{ } (\text{Suc } n) \text{ } w = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt2 \text{ } pf \text{ } (\text{Suc } n)$

w

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma coincides-cls-val-process:

assumes $\text{coincides-on } Mkt \text{ } Mkt2 \text{ } A$

and $\text{support-set } pf \subseteq A$

shows $\forall n w. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt \text{ } pf \text{ } n \text{ } w = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt2 \text{ } pf \text{ } n \text{ } w$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) coincides-on-self-financing:

assumes $\text{coincides-on } Mkt \text{ } Mkt2 \text{ } A$

and $\text{support-set } p \subseteq A$

and $\text{self-financing } Mkt \text{ } p$

shows $\text{self-financing } Mkt2 \text{ } p$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) coincides-on-arbitrage:

assumes $\text{coincides-on } Mkt \text{ } Mkt2 \text{ } A$

and $\text{support-set } p \subseteq A$

and $\text{arbitrage-process } Mkt \text{ } p$

shows $\text{arbitrage-process } Mkt2 \text{ } p$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) coincides-on-stocks-viable:

assumes $\text{coincides-on } Mkt \text{ } Mkt2 \text{ } (\text{stocks } Mkt)$

and $\text{viable-market } Mkt$

shows $\text{viable-market } Mkt2 \text{ } \langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma coincides-stocks-val-process:
  assumes stock-portfolio Mkt pf
  and coincides-on Mkt Mkt2 (stocks Mkt)
  shows  $\forall n w. \text{val-process } Mkt \text{ pf } n w = \text{val-process } Mkt2 \text{ pf } n w \langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma coincides-stocks-cls-val-process:
  assumes stock-portfolio Mkt pf
  and coincides-on Mkt Mkt2 (stocks Mkt)
  shows  $\forall n w. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt \text{ pf } n w = \text{cls-val-process } Mkt2 \text{ pf } n w \langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) coincides-on-adapted-val-process:
  assumes coincides-on Mkt Mkt2 A
  and support-set p ⊆ A
  and borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (val-process Mkt p)
  shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (val-process Mkt2 p) ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) coincides-on-adapted-cls-val-process:
  assumes coincides-on Mkt Mkt2 A
  and support-set p ⊆ A
  and borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (cls-val-process Mkt p)
  shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (cls-val-process Mkt2 p) ⟨proof⟩

```

7.2.7 Fair prices

```

definition (in disc-filtr-prob-space) fair-price where
  fair-price Mkt π pyf matur  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
     $(\exists \text{ pr. price-structure pyf matur } \pi \text{ pr} \wedge$ 
     $(\forall x \text{ Mkt2 p. } (x \notin \text{stocks Mkt} \longrightarrow$ 
     $((\text{coincides-on Mkt Mkt2 (stocks Mkt)}) \wedge (\text{prices Mkt2 } x = \text{pr}) \wedge \text{portfolio p}$ 
     $\wedge \text{support-set p} \subseteq \text{stocks Mkt} \cup \{x\} \longrightarrow$ 
     $\neg \text{arbitrage-process Mkt2 p})))$ 

```

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) fair-priceI:
  assumes fair-price Mkt π pyf matur
  shows  $(\exists \text{ pr. price-structure pyf matur } \pi \text{ pr} \wedge$ 
     $(\forall x. (x \notin \text{stocks Mkt} \longrightarrow$ 
     $(\forall Mkt2 p. (\text{coincides-on Mkt Mkt2 (stocks Mkt)}) \wedge (\text{prices Mkt2 } x = \text{pr}) \wedge$ 
     $\text{portfolio p} \wedge \text{support-set p} \subseteq \text{stocks Mkt} \cup \{x\} \longrightarrow$ 
     $\neg \text{arbitrage-process Mkt2 p}))) \langle proof \rangle$ 

```

Existence when replicating portfolio **lemma** (*in disc-equity-market*) *replicating-fair-price*:

```

  assumes viable-market Mkt
  and replicating-portfolio pf der matur
  and support-adapt Mkt pf
  shows fair-price Mkt (initial-value pf) der matur
  ⟨proof⟩

```

Uniqueness when replicating portfolio The proof of uniqueness requires the existence of a stock that always takes strictly positive values.

```
locale disc-market-pos-stock = disc-equity-market +
  fixes pos-stock
  assumes in-stock: pos-stock ∈ stocks Mkt
  and positive: ∀ n w. prices Mkt pos-stock n w > 0
  and readable: ∀ asset ∈ stocks Mkt. borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (prices Mkt asset)
```

```
lemma (in disc-market-pos-stock) pos-stock-borel-adapted:
  shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (prices Mkt pos-stock)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
definition static-quantities where
  static-quantities p ←→ (∀ asset ∈ support-set p. ∃ c::real. p asset = (λ n w. c))
```

```
lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) static-quantities-trading-strat:
  assumes static-quantities p
  and finite (support-set p)
  shows trading-strategy p ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma two-component-support-set:
  assumes ∃ n w. a n w ≠ 0
  and ∃ n w. b n w ≠ 0
  and x ≠ y
  shows support-set ((λ (x::'b) (n::nat) (w::'a). 0::real)(x:= a, y:= b)) = {x,y}
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma two-component-val-process:
  assumes arb-pf = ((λ (x::'b) (n::nat) (w::'a). 0::real)(x:= a, y:= b))
  and portfolio arb-pf
  and x ≠ y
  and ∃ n w. a n w ≠ 0
  and ∃ n w. b n w ≠ 0
  shows val-process Mkt arb-pf n w =
    prices Mkt y n w * b (Suc n) w + prices Mkt x n w * a (Suc n) w
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma quantity-update-support-set:
  assumes ∃ n w. pr n w ≠ 0
  and x ∉ support-set p
  shows support-set (p(x:=pr)) = support-set p ∪ {x}
  ⟨proof⟩
```

lemma *fix-asset-price*:
shows $\exists x \text{ Mkt2. } x \notin \text{stocks Mkt} \wedge$
coincides-on $Mkt \text{ Mkt2 (stocks Mkt)} \wedge$
prices $Mkt2 x = pr$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-market-pos-stock) arbitrage-portfolio-properties:
assumes *price-structure* $\text{der matur } \pi \text{ pr}$
and *replicating-portfolio* pf der matur
and *(coincides-on Mkt Mkt2 (stocks Mkt))*
and *(prices Mkt2 x = pr)*
and $x \notin \text{stocks Mkt}$
and $\text{diff-inv} = (\pi - \text{initial-value pf}) / \text{constant-image (prices Mkt pos-stock 0)}$
and $\text{diff-inv} \neq 0$
and $\text{arb-pf} = (\lambda (x::'b) (n::nat) (w::'a). 0::\text{real})(x := (\lambda n w. -1), \text{pos-stock} := (\lambda n w. \text{diff-inv}))$
and $\text{contr-pf} = \text{qty-sum arb-pf pf}$
shows *self-financing* $Mkt2 \text{ contr-pf}$
and *trading-strategy* contr-pf
and $\forall w \in \text{space } M. \text{ cls-val-process } Mkt2 \text{ contr-pf } 0 w = 0$
and $0 < \text{diff-inv} \rightarrow (\text{AE } w \text{ in } M. 0 < \text{cls-val-process } Mkt2 \text{ contr-pf matur } w)$
and $\text{diff-inv} < 0 \rightarrow (\text{AE } w \text{ in } M. 0 > \text{cls-val-process } Mkt2 \text{ contr-pf matur } w)$
and *support-set arb-pf* = { x , *pos-stock*}
and *portfolio contr-pf*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-equity-market) mult-comp-cls-val-process-measurable':
assumes *cls-val-process* $Mkt2 \text{ pf } n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$
and *portfolio* pf
and *qty* $n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$
and $0 \neq n$
shows *cls-val-process* $Mkt2 (\text{qty-mult-comp pf qty}) n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in disc-equity-market) mult-comp-cls-val-process-measurable:
assumes $\forall n. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt2 \text{ pf } n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$
and *portfolio* pf
and $\forall n. \text{qty (Suc } n) \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$
shows $\forall n. \text{cls-val-process } Mkt2 (\text{qty-mult-comp pf qty}) n \in \text{borel-measurable } (F n)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma (in disc-equity-market) mult-comp-val-process-measurable:
  assumes val-process Mkt2 pf n ∈ borel-measurable (F n)
  and portfolio pf
  and qty (Suc n) ∈ borel-measurable (F n)
shows val-process Mkt2 (qty-mult-comp pf qty) n ∈ borel-measurable (F n)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in disc-market-pos-stock) repl-fair-price-unique:
  assumes replicating-portfolio pf der matur
  and fair-price Mkt π der matur
shows π = initial-value pf
  ⟨proof⟩

```

7.3 Risk-neutral probability space

7.3.1 risk-free rate and discount factor processes

```

fun disc-rfr-proc:: real ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ real
where
  rfr-base: (disc-rfr-proc r) 0 w = 1 |
  rfr-step: (disc-rfr-proc r) (Suc n) w = (1+r) * (disc-rfr-proc r) n w

```

```

lemma disc-rfr-proc-borel-measurable:
  shows (disc-rfr-proc r) n ∈ borel-measurable M
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma disc-rfr-proc-nonrandom:
  fixes r::real
  shows ∏n. disc-rfr-proc r n ∈ borel-measurable (F 0) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in disc-equity-market) disc-rfr-constant-time:
  shows ∃c. ∀w ∈ space (F 0). (disc-rfr-proc r n) w = c
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) disc-rfr-proc-borel-adapted:
  shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (disc-rfr-proc r)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma disc-rfr-proc-positive:
  assumes -1 < r
  shows ∏n w . 0 < disc-rfr-proc r n w
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in prob-space) disc-rfr-constant-time-pos:
  assumes -1 < r
  shows ∃ c > 0. ∀ w ∈ space M. (disc-rfr-proc r n) w = c
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma disc-rfr-proc-Suc-div:
  assumes -1 < r
  shows ∀w. disc-rfr-proc r (Suc n) w / disc-rfr-proc r n w = 1+r
  ⟨proof⟩

definition discount-factor where
  discount-factor r n = (λw. inverse (disc-rfr-proc r n w))

lemma discount-factor-times-rfr:
  assumes -1 < r
  shows (1+r) * discount-factor r (Suc n) w = discount-factor r n w ⟨proof⟩

lemma discount-factor-borel-measurable:
  shows discount-factor r n ∈ borel-measurable M ⟨proof⟩

lemma discount-factor-init:
  shows discount-factor r 0 = (λw. 1) ⟨proof⟩

lemma discount-factor-nonrandom:
  shows discount-factor r n ∈ borel-measurable M ⟨proof⟩

lemma discount-factor-positive:
  assumes -1 < r
  shows ∀n w . 0 < discount-factor r n w ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in prob-space) discount-factor-constant-time-pos:
  assumes -1 < r
  shows ∃ c > 0. ∀ w ∈ space M. (discount-factor r n) w = c ⟨proof⟩

locale rsk-free-asset =
  fixes Mkt r risk-free-asset
  assumes acceptable-rate: -1 < r
  and rf-price: prices Mkt risk-free-asset = disc-rfr-proc r
  and rf-stock: risk-free-asset ∈ stocks Mkt

locale rfr-disc-equity-market = disc-equity-market + rsk-free-asset +
  assumes rd: ∀ asset ∈ stocks Mkt. borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (prices Mkt asset)

```

sublocale *rfr-disc-equity-market* \subseteq *disc-market-pos-stock* - - - *risk-free-asset*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

7.3.2 Discounted value of a stochastic process

definition *discounted-value* **where**

$$\text{discounted-value } r X = (\lambda n w. \text{discount-factor } r n w * X n w)$$

lemma (**in** *rfr-disc-equity-market*) *discounted-rfr*:

shows *discounted-value r (prices Mkt risk-free-asset) n w = 1* $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *discounted-init*:

shows $\forall w. \text{discounted-value } r X 0 w = X 0 w$ $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *discounted-mult*:

shows $\forall n w. \text{discounted-value } r (\lambda m x. X m x * Y m x) n w = X n w * (\text{discounted-value } r Y) n w$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *discounted-mult'*:

shows *discounted-value r (λm x. X m x * Y m x) n w = X n w * (discounted-value r Y) n w*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *discounted-mult-times-rfr*:

assumes $-1 < r$

shows *discounted-value r (λm w. (1+r) * X w) (Suc n) w = discounted-value r (λm w. X w) n w*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *discounted-cong*:

assumes $\forall n w. X n w = Y n w$

shows $\forall n w. \text{discounted-value } r X n w = \text{discounted-value } r Y n w$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *discounted-cong'*:

assumes $X n w = Y n w$

shows *discounted-value r X n w = discounted-value r Y n w*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *discounted-AE-cong*:

assumes *AE w in N. X n w = Y n w*

shows *AE w in N. discounted-value r X n w = discounted-value r Y n w*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma discounted-sum:
  assumes finite I
  shows  $\forall n w. (\sum i \in I. (discounted-value r (\lambda m x. f i m x)) n w) = (discounted-value r (\lambda m x. (\sum i \in I. f i m x)) n w)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma discounted-adapted:
  assumes borel-adapt-stoch-proc F X
  shows borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (discounted-value r X)  $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma discounted-measurable:
  assumes  $X \in$  borel-measurable N
  shows discounted-value r ( $\lambda m. X$ )  $m \in$  borel-measurable N  $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma (in prob-space) discounted-integrable:
  assumes integrable N (X n)
  and  $-1 < r$ 
  and space N = space M
  shows integrable N (discounted-value r X n)  $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

7.3.3 Results on risk-neutral probability spaces

definition (in rfr-disc-equity-market) risk-neutral-prob **where**
 $risk\text{-neutral}\text{-prob } N \longleftrightarrow (prob\text{-space } N) \wedge (\forall asset \in stocks Mkt. martingale N F (discounted-value r (prices Mkt asset)))$

lemma integrable-val-process:
assumes $\forall asset \in support\text{-set pf}. integrable M (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset n w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
shows integrable M (val-process Mkt pf n)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma integrable-self-fin-uvp:
assumes $\forall asset \in support\text{-set pf}. integrable M (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset n w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
and self-financing Mkt pf
shows integrable M (cls-val-process Mkt pf n)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in rfr-disc-equity-market) stocks-portfolio-risk-neutral:
assumes risk-neutral-prob N
and trading-strategy pf

and *subalgebra N M*
and *support-set pf ⊆ stocks Mkt*
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. integrable N (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset (Suc n) w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
shows $\forall x \in support-set pf. AE w in N.$
 $(real-cond-exp N (F n) (discounted-value r (\lambda m y. prices Mkt x m y * pf x m y) (Suc n))) w =$
 $discounted-value r (\lambda m y. prices Mkt x m y * pf x (Suc m) y) n w$
(proof)

lemma (in rfr-disc-equity-market) self-fin-trad-strat-mart:
assumes *risk-neutral-prob N*
and *filt-equiv F M N*
and *trading-strategy pf*
and *self-financing Mkt pf*
and *stock-portfolio Mkt pf*
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. integrable N (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset n w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. integrable N (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset (Suc n) w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
shows *martingale N F (discounted-value r (cls-val-process Mkt pf))*
(proof)

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) finite-integrable-vp:
assumes $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. finite (prices Mkt asset n `space M))$
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. finite (pf asset n `space M))$
and *prob-space N*
and *filt-equiv F M N*
and *trading-strategy pf*
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. prices Mkt asset n \in borel-measurable M$
shows $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. integrable N (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset n w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
(proof)

lemma (in disc-filtr-prob-space) finite-integrable-uvp:
assumes $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. finite (prices Mkt asset n `space M))$
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. finite (pf asset n `space M))$
and *prob-space N*
and *filt-equiv F M N*
and *trading-strategy pf*
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. prices Mkt asset n \in borel-measurable M$
shows $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. integrable N (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset (Suc n) w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
(proof)

lemma (in rfr-disc-equity-market) self-fin-trad-strat-mart-finite:

assumes *risk-neutral-prob N*
and *filt-equiv F M N*
and *trading-strategy pf*
and *self-financing Mkt pf*
and *support-set pf ⊆ stocks Mkt*
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. finite(prices Mkt asset n '(space M))$
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. finite(pf asset n '(space M))$
and $\forall asset \in stocks Mkt. borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (prices Mkt asset)$
shows *martingale N F (discounted-value r (cls-val-process Mkt pf))*
{proof}

lemma (in rfr-disc-equity-market) replicating-expectation:
assumes *risk-neutral-prob N*
and *filt-equiv F M N*
and *replicating-portfolio pf pyf matur*
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. integrable N (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset n w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. integrable N (\lambda w. prices Mkt asset (Suc n) w * pf asset (Suc n) w)$
and *viable-market Mkt*
and *sets (F 0) = {{}, space M}*
and *pyf ∈ borel-measurable (F matur)*
shows *fair-price Mkt (prob-space.expectation N (discounted-value r (λm. pyf) matur))*
pyf matur
{proof}

lemma (in rfr-disc-equity-market) replicating-expectation-finite:
assumes *risk-neutral-prob N*
and *filt-equiv F M N*
and *replicating-portfolio pf pyf matur*
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. finite(prices Mkt asset n '(space M))$
and $\forall n. \forall asset \in support-set pf. finite(pf asset n '(space M))$
and *viable-market Mkt*
and *sets (F 0) = {{}, space M}*
and *pyf ∈ borel-measurable (F matur)*
shows *fair-price Mkt (prob-space.expectation N (discounted-value r (λm. pyf) matur))*
pyf matur
{proof}

end

8 The Cox Ross Rubinstein model

This section defines the Cox-Ross-Rubinstein model of a financial market, and characterizes a risk-neutral probability space for this market. This, together with the proof that every derivative is attainable, permits to obtain a formula to explicitly compute the fair price of any derivative.

```
theory CRR-Model imports Fair-Price
```

```
begin
```

```
locale CRR-hyps = prob-grw + rsk-free-asset +
  fixes stk
assumes stocks: stocks Mkt = {stk, risk-free-asset}
  and stk-price: prices Mkt stk = geom-proc
  and S0-positive: 0 < init
  and down-positive: 0 < d and down-lt-up: d < u
  and psgt: 0 < p
  and psht: p < 1
```

```
locale CRR-market = CRR-hyps +
  fixes G
assumes stock-filtration:G = stoch-proc-filt M geom-proc borel
```

8.1 Preliminary results on the market

```
lemma (in CRR-market) case-asset:
  assumes asset ∈ stocks Mkt
  shows asset = stk ∨ asset = risk-free-asset
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma (in CRR-market)
  assumes N = bernoulli-stream q
  and 0 < q
  and q < 1
  shows bernoulli-gen-filtration: filtration N G
  and bernoulli-sigma-finite: ∀ n. sigma-finite-subalgebra N (G n)
⟨proof⟩
```

```
sublocale CRR-market ⊆ rfr-disc-equity-market - G
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma (in CRR-market) two-stocks:
  shows stk ≠ risk-free-asset
⟨proof⟩
```

lemma (in CRR-market) stock-pf-vp-expand:
assumes stock-portfolio $Mkt\ pf$
shows val-process $Mkt\ pf\ n\ w = geom\text{-}proc\ n\ w * pf\ stk\ (Suc\ n)\ w + disc\text{-}rfr\text{-}proc\ r\ n\ w * pf\ risk\text{-}free\text{-}asset\ (Suc\ n)\ w$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) stock-pf-uvp-expand:
assumes stock-portfolio $Mkt\ pf$
shows cls-val-process $Mkt\ pf\ (Suc\ n)\ w = geom\text{-}proc\ (Suc\ n)\ w * pf\ stk\ (Suc\ n)\ w + disc\text{-}rfr\text{-}proc\ r\ (Suc\ n)\ w * pf\ risk\text{-}free\text{-}asset\ (Suc\ n)\ w$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) pos-pf-neg-uvp:
assumes stock-portfolio $Mkt\ pf$
and $d < 1+r$
and $0 < pf\ stk\ (Suc\ n)\ (spick\ w\ n\ False)$
and val-process $Mkt\ pf\ n\ (spick\ w\ n\ False) \leq 0$
shows cls-val-process $Mkt\ pf\ (Suc\ n)\ (spick\ w\ n\ False) < 0$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) neg-pf-neg-uvp:
assumes stock-portfolio $Mkt\ pf$
and $1+r < u$
and $pf\ stk\ (Suc\ n)\ (spick\ w\ n\ True) < 0$
and val-process $Mkt\ pf\ n\ (spick\ w\ n\ True) \leq 0$
shows cls-val-process $Mkt\ pf\ (Suc\ n)\ (spick\ w\ n\ True) < 0$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) zero-pf-neg-uvp:
assumes stock-portfolio $Mkt\ pf$
and $pf\ stk\ (Suc\ n)\ w = 0$
and $pf\ risk\text{-}free\text{-}asset\ (Suc\ n)\ w \neq 0$
and val-process $Mkt\ pf\ n\ w \leq 0$
shows cls-val-process $Mkt\ pf\ (Suc\ n)\ w < 0$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) neg-pf-exists:
assumes stock-portfolio $Mkt\ pf$

and *trading-strategy pf*
and $1+r < u$
and $d < 1+r$
and *val-process Mkt pf n w ≤ 0*
and *pf stk (Suc n) w ≠ 0 ∨ pf risk-free-asset (Suc n) w ≠ 0*
shows $\exists y. \text{cls-val-process Mkt pf (Suc n)} y < 0$
(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) non-zero-components:
assumes *val-process Mkt pf n y ≠ 0*
and *stock-portfolio Mkt pf*
shows *pf stk (Suc n) y ≠ 0 ∨ pf risk-free-asset (Suc n) y ≠ 0*
(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) neg-pf-Suc:
assumes *stock-portfolio Mkt pf*
and *trading-strategy pf*
and *self-financing Mkt pf*
and $1+r < u$
and $d < 1+r$
and *cls-val-process Mkt pf n w < 0*
shows $n \leq m \implies \exists y. \text{cls-val-process Mkt pf m} y < 0$
(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) viable-if:
assumes $1+r < u$
and $d < 1+r$
shows *viable-market Mkt* *(proof)*

lemma (in CRR-market) viable-only-if-d:
assumes *viable-market Mkt*
shows $d < 1+r$
(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) viable-only-if-u:
assumes *viable-market Mkt*
shows $1+r < u$
(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) viable-iff:
shows *viable-market Mkt* $\longleftrightarrow (d < 1+r \wedge 1+r < u) *(proof)*$

8.2 Risk-neutral probability space for the geometric random walk

lemma (in CRR-market) *stock-price-borel-measurable:*

shows *borel-adapt-stoch-proc G (prices Mkt stk)*

(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) *risk-free-asset-martingale:*

assumes *N = bernoulli-stream q*

and $0 < q$

and $q < 1$

shows *martingale N G (discounted-value r (prices Mkt risk-free-asset))*

(proof)

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) *nat-filtration-from-eq-sets:*

assumes *N = bernoulli-stream q*

and $0 < q$

and $q < 1$

shows *sets (infinite-coin-toss-space.nat-filtration N n) = sets (nat-filtration n)*

(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) *geom-proc-integrable:*

assumes *N = bernoulli-stream q*

and $0 \leq q$

and $q \leq 1$

shows *integrable N (geom-proc n)*

(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) *CRR-infinite-cts-filtration:*

shows *infinite-cts-filtration p M nat-filtration*

(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) *proj-stoch-proc-geom-disc-fct:*

shows *disc-fct (proj-stoch-proc geom-proc n) (proof)*

lemma (in CRR-market) *proj-stoch-proc-geom-rng:*

assumes *N = bernoulli-stream q*

shows *proj-stoch-proc geom-proc n $\in N \rightarrow_M \text{stream-space borel}$*

(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) *proj-stoch-proc-geom-open-set:*

shows $\forall r \in \text{range} (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) \cap \text{space} (\text{stream-space borel}).$

$\exists A \in \text{sets} (\text{stream-space borel}). \text{range} (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) \cap A = \{r\}$

(proof)

lemma (in CRR-market) bernoulli-AE-cond-exp:

- assumes** $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
- and** $0 < q$
- and** $q < 1$
- and** *integrable N X*
- shows** $\text{AE } w \text{ in } N. \text{ real-cond-exp } N (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } N (\text{stream-space borel}) (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n)) X w =$
 $\text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) X w$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-proc-cond-exp:

- assumes** $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
- and** $0 < q$
- and** $q < 1$
- shows** $\text{AE } w \text{ in } N. \text{ real-cond-exp } N (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } N (\text{stream-space borel}) (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n)) (\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n)) w =$
 $\text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) (\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n)) w$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) expl-cond-eq-sets:

- assumes** $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
- shows** $\text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) X \in$
 $\text{borel-measurable } (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } N (\text{stream-space borel}) (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) bernoulli-real-cond-exp-AE:

- assumes** $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
- and** $0 < q$
- and** $q < 1$
- and** *integrable N X*
- shows** $\text{real-cond-exp } N (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } N (\text{stream-space borel}) (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n))$
 $X w = \text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) X w$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-proc-real-cond-exp-AE:

- assumes** $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
- and** $0 < q$
- and** $q < 1$
- shows** $\text{real-cond-exp } N (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } N (\text{stream-space borel}) (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n))$
 $(\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n)) w = \text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n)$
 $(\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n)) w$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-proc-stoch-proc-filt:
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $\text{stoch-proc-filt } N \text{ geom-proc borel } n = \text{fct-gen-subalgebra } N \text{ (stream-space borel)}$ ($\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) bernoulli-cond-exp:
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
and $\text{integrable } N X$
shows $\text{real-cond-exp } N (\text{stoch-proc-filt } N \text{ geom-proc borel } n) X w = \text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) X w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) stock-cond-exp:
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $\text{real-cond-exp } N (\text{stoch-proc-filt } N \text{ geom-proc borel } n) (\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n)) w = \text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) (\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n)) w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in prob-space) discount-factor-real-cond-exp:
assumes $\text{integrable } M X$
and $\text{subalgebra } M G$
and $-1 < r$
shows $\text{AE } w \text{ in } M. \text{ real-cond-exp } M G (\lambda x. \text{ discount-factor } r n x * X x) w = \text{discount-factor } r n w * (\text{real-cond-exp } M G X) w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in prob-space) discounted-value-real-cond-exp:
assumes $\text{integrable } M X$
and $-1 < r$
and $\text{subalgebra } M G$
shows $\text{AE } w \text{ in } M. \text{ real-cond-exp } M G ((\text{discounted-value } r (\lambda m. X)) n) w = \text{discounted-value } r (\lambda m. (\text{real-cond-exp } M G X)) n w$ $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market)
assumes $q = (1 + r - d)/(u - d)$
and $\text{viable-market } Mkt$

```

shows gt-param:  $0 < q$ 
and lt-param:  $q < 1$ 
and risk-neutral-param:  $u * q + d * (1 - q) = 1 + r$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in CRR-market) beroulli-expl-cond-expect-adapt:
assumes  $N = \text{beroulli-stream } q$ 
and  $0 < q$ 
and  $q < 1$ 
shows expl-cond-expect N (proj-stoch-proc geom-proc n) f ∈ borel-measurable (G n)
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in CRR-market) real-cond-exp-discount-stock:
assumes  $N = \text{beroulli-stream } q$ 
and  $0 < q$ 
and  $q < 1$ 
shows AE w in N. real-cond-exp N (G n)
(discounted-value r (prices Mkt stk) (Suc n)) w =
discounted-value r (λm w. (q * u + (1 - q) * d) * prices Mkt stk n w) (Suc n) w
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in CRR-market) risky-asset-martingale-only-if:
assumes  $N = \text{beroulli-stream } q$ 
and  $0 < q$ 
and  $q < 1$ 
and martingale N G (discounted-value r (prices Mkt stk))
shows  $q = (1 + r - d) / (u - d)$ 
⟨proof⟩

locale CRR-market-viable = CRR-market +
assumes CRR-viable: viable-market Mkt

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) real-cond-exp-discount-stock-q-const:
assumes  $N = \text{beroulli-stream } q$ 
and  $q = (1+r-d) / (u-d)$ 
shows AE w in N. real-cond-exp N (G n)
(discounted-value r (prices Mkt stk) (Suc n)) w =
discounted-value r (prices Mkt stk) n w
⟨proof⟩

```

lemma (in *CRR-market-viable*) *risky-asset-martingale-if*:
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $q = (1 + r - d) / (u - d)$
shows *martingale* $N G$ (*discounted-value* r (*prices Mkt stk*))
{proof}

lemma (in *CRR-market-viable*) *risk-neutral-iff'*:
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 \leq q$
and $q \leq 1$
and *filt-equiv nat-filtration* $M N$
shows *rfr-disc-equity-market.risk-neutral-prob* $G \text{Mkt } r N \longleftrightarrow q = (1 + r - d) / (u - d)$
{proof}

lemma (in *CRR-market-viable*) *risk-neutral-iff*:
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows *rfr-disc-equity-market.risk-neutral-prob* $G \text{Mkt } r N \longleftrightarrow q = (1 + r - d) / (u - d)$
{proof}

8.3 Existence of a replicating portfolio

fun (in *CRR-market*) *rn-rev-price* **where**
rn-rev-price $N \text{ der matur } 0 w = \text{der } w |$
rn-rev-price $N \text{ der matur } (\text{Suc } n) w = \text{discount-factor } r (\text{Suc } 0) w * \text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc} (\text{matur} - \text{Suc } n)) (\text{rn-rev-price } N \text{ der matur } n) w$

lemma (in *CRR-market*) *stock-filtration-eq*:
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $G n = \text{stoch-proc-filt } N \text{ geom-proc borel } n$
{proof}

lemma (in *CRR-market*) *real-exp-eq*:
assumes $\text{der} \in \text{borel-measurable} (G \text{ matur})$

and $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $\text{real-cond-exp } N (\text{stoch-proc-filt } N \text{ geom-proc borel } n) \text{ der } w =$
 $\text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) \text{ der } w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) $\text{rn-rev-price-rev-borel-adapt}:$
assumes $\text{cash-flow} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \text{ matur})$
and $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $(n \leq \text{matur}) \implies (\text{rn-rev-price } N \text{ cash-flow matur } n) \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \text{ (matur - n)})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) $\text{bernoulli-discounted-integrable}:$
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
and $\text{der} \in \text{borel-measurable } (\text{nat-filtration } n)$
and $-1 < r$
shows $\text{integrable } N (\text{discounted-value } r (\lambda m. \text{ der}) m)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) $\text{rn-rev-expl-cond-expect}:$
assumes $\text{der} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \text{ matur})$
and $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $n \leq \text{matur} \implies \text{rn-rev-price } N \text{ der matur } n w =$
 $\text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } (\text{matur} - n)) (\text{discounted-value } r (\lambda m. \text{ der}) n) w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition (in CRR-market) rn-price **where**
 $\text{rn-price } N \text{ der matur } n w = \text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) (\text{discounted-value } r (\lambda m. \text{ der}) (\text{matur} - n)) w$

definition (in CRR-market) rn-price-ind **where**
 $\text{rn-price-ind } N \text{ der matur } n w = \text{rn-rev-price } N \text{ der matur } (\text{matur} - n) w$

lemma (in CRR-market) $\text{rn-price-eq}:$
assumes $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$

and $\text{der} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \text{ matur})$
and $n \leq \text{matur}$
shows $\text{rn-price } N \text{ der matur } n w = \text{rn-price-ind } N \text{ der matur } n w \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-proc-filt-info:
fixes $f::\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow 'b::\{\text{t0-space}\}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (G n)$
shows $f w = f (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-proc-filt-info':
fixes $f::\text{bool stream} \Rightarrow 'b::\{\text{t0-space}\}$
assumes $f \in \text{borel-measurable } (G n)$
shows $f w = f (\text{pseudo-proj-False } n w)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) rn-price-borel-adapt:
assumes $\text{cash-flow} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \text{ matur})$
and $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
and $n \leq \text{matur}$
shows $(\text{rn-price } N \text{ cash-flow matur } n) \in \text{borel-measurable } (G n)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition (in CRR-market) delta-price where
 $\text{delta-price } N \text{ cash-flow } T =$
 $(\lambda n w. \text{if } (\text{Suc } n \leq T)$
 $\quad \text{then } (\text{rn-price } N \text{ cash-flow } T (\text{Suc } n) (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n w) - \text{rn-price } N$
 $\quad \text{cash-flow } T (\text{Suc } n) (\text{pseudo-proj-False } n w)) /$
 $\quad ((\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{spick } w n \text{ True}) - \text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{spick } w n \text{ False}))$
 $\quad \text{else } 0)$

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-price-eq:
assumes $\text{Suc } n \leq T$
shows $\text{delta-price } N \text{ cash-flow } T n w = (\text{rn-price } N \text{ cash-flow } T (\text{Suc } n) (\text{spick } w n \text{ True}) - \text{rn-price } N \text{ cash-flow } T (\text{Suc } n) (\text{spick } w n \text{ False})) /$
 $((\text{geom-proc } n w) * (u - d))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-proc-spick:

shows $\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{spick } w \ n \ x) = (\text{if } x \text{ then } u \text{ else } d) * \text{geom-proc } n \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) spick-red-geom:

shows $(\lambda w. \text{spick } w \ n \ x) \in \text{measurable } (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M \text{ borel } (\text{geom-proc } n)) (\text{fct-gen-subalgebra } M \text{ borel } (\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n)))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-spick-Suc:

assumes $A \in \{(\text{geom-proc } (\text{Suc } n)) -' B \mid B. B \in \text{sets borel}\}$
shows $(\lambda w. \text{spick } w \ n \ x) -' A \in \{\text{geom-proc } n -' B \mid B. B \in \text{sets borel}\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-spick-lt:

assumes $m < n$
shows $\text{geom-proc } m (\text{spick } w \ n \ x) = \text{geom-proc } m \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-spick-eq:

shows $\text{geom-proc } m (\text{spick } w \ m \ x) = \text{geom-proc } m \ w$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) spick-red-geom-filt:

shows $(\lambda w. \text{spick } w \ n \ x) \in \text{measurable } (G \ n) (G \ (\text{Suc } n)) \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-price-adapted:

fixes $\text{cash-flow::bool stream} \Rightarrow \text{real}$
assumes $\text{cash-flow} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \ T)$
and $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $\text{borel-adapt-stoch-proc } G (\text{delta-price } N \text{ cash-flow } T)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

fun (in CRR-market) delta-predict where

$\text{delta-predict } N \text{ der matur } 0 = (\lambda w. \text{delta-price } N \text{ der matur } 0 \ w) \mid$
 $\text{delta-predict } N \text{ der matur } (\text{Suc } n) = (\lambda w. \text{delta-price } N \text{ der matur } n \ w)$

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-predict-predict:

assumes $\text{der} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \ \text{matur})$
and $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $\text{borel-predict-stoch-proc } G (\text{delta-predict } N \text{ der matur}) \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition (in CRR-market) delta-pf where
 $\text{delta-pf } N \text{ der matur} = \text{qty-single stk} (\text{delta-predict } N \text{ der matur})$

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-pf-support:
shows $\text{support-set} (\text{delta-pf } N \text{ der matur}) \subseteq \{\text{stk}\}$ $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

definition (in CRR-market) self-fin-delta-pf where
 $\text{self-fin-delta-pf } N \text{ der matur } v0 = \text{self-finance Mkt } v0$ ($\text{delta-pf } N \text{ der matur}$)
risk-free-asset

lemma (in disc-equity-market) self-finance-trading-strat:
assumes $\text{trading-strategy pf}$
and portfolio pf
and $\text{borel-adapt-stoch-proc F (prices Mkt asset)}$
and $\text{support-adapt Mkt pf}$
shows $\text{trading-strategy (self-finance Mkt v pf asset)}$ $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) self-fin-delta-pf-trad-strat:
assumes $\text{der} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \text{ matur})$
and $N = \text{beroulli-stream } q$
and $0 < q$
and $q < 1$
shows $\text{trading-strategy (self-fin-delta-pf } N \text{ der matur } v0)$ $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

definition (in CRR-market) delta-hedging where
 $\text{delta-hedging } N \text{ der matur} = \text{self-fin-delta-pf } N \text{ der matur}$
 $(\text{prob-space.expectation } N (\text{discounted-value } r (\lambda m. \text{ der}) \text{ matur}))$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-proc-eq-snth:
shows $(\bigwedge m. m \leq \text{Suc } n \implies \text{geom-proc } m x = \text{geom-proc } m y) \implies$
 $(\bigwedge m. m \leq n \implies \text{snth } x m = \text{snth } y m)$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) geom-proc-eq-pseudo-proj-True:
shows $(\bigwedge m. m \leq n \implies \text{geom-proc } m x = \text{geom-proc } m y) \implies$
 $(\text{pseudo-proj-True } (n) x = \text{pseudo-proj-True } (n) y)$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) proj-stoch-eq-pseudo-proj-True:
assumes $\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } m x = \text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } m y$
shows $\text{pseudo-proj-True } m x = \text{pseudo-proj-True } m y$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) rn-rev-price-cond-expect:
assumes $N = \text{beroulli-stream } q$

```

and  $0 < q$ 
and  $q < 1$ 
and  $\text{der} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \text{ matur})$ 
and  $\text{Suc } n \leq \text{matur}$ 
shows  $\text{expl-cond-expect } N (\text{proj-stoch-proc geom-proc } n) (\text{rn-rev-price } N \text{ der matur}$ 
 $(\text{matur} - \text{Suc } n)) w =$ 
 $(q * \text{rn-rev-price } N \text{ der matur } (\text{matur} - \text{Suc } n) (\text{pseudo-proj-True } n w) +$ 
 $(1 - q) * \text{rn-rev-price } N \text{ der matur } (\text{matur} - \text{Suc } n) (\text{pseudo-proj-False } n w))$ 
{proof}

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) rn-price-eq-ind:
assumes  $N = \text{bernoulli-stream } q$ 
and  $n < \text{matur}$ 
and  $0 < q$ 
and  $q < 1$ 
and  $\text{der} \in \text{borel-measurable } (G \text{ matur})$ 
shows  $(1+r) * \text{rn-price } N \text{ der matur } n w = q * \text{rn-price } N \text{ der matur } (\text{Suc } n)$ 
 $(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n w) +$ 
 $(1 - q) * \text{rn-price } N \text{ der matur } (\text{Suc } n) (\text{pseudo-proj-False } n w)$ 
{proof}

```

```

lemma self-finance-updated-suc-suc:
assumes  $\text{portfolio pf}$ 
and  $\forall n. \text{prices Mkt asset } n w \neq 0$ 
shows  $\text{cls-val-process Mkt } (\text{self-finance Mkt v pf asset}) (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) w =$ 
 $\text{cls-val-process Mkt pf } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) w +$ 
 $(\text{prices Mkt asset } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) w / (\text{prices Mkt asset } (\text{Suc } n) w)) *$ 
 $(\text{cls-val-process Mkt } (\text{self-finance Mkt v pf asset}) (\text{Suc } n) w -$ 
 $\text{val-process Mkt pf } (\text{Suc } n) w)$ 
{proof}

```

```

lemma self-finance-updated-suc-0:
assumes  $\text{portfolio pf}$ 
and  $\forall n w. \text{prices Mkt asset } n w \neq 0$ 
shows  $\text{cls-val-process Mkt } (\text{self-finance Mkt v pf asset}) (\text{Suc } 0) w = \text{cls-val-process}$ 
 $\text{Mkt pf } (\text{Suc } 0) w +$ 
 $(\text{prices Mkt asset } (\text{Suc } 0) w / (\text{prices Mkt asset } 0 w)) *$ 
 $(\text{val-process Mkt } (\text{self-finance Mkt v pf asset}) 0 w -$ 
 $\text{val-process Mkt pf } 0 w)$ 
{proof}

```

```

lemma self-finance-updated-ind:
assumes  $\text{portfolio pf}$ 
and  $\forall n w. \text{prices Mkt asset } n w \neq 0$ 

```

```

shows cls-val-process Mkt (self-finance Mkt v pf asset) (Suc n) w = cls-val-process Mkt pf (Suc n) w +
  (prices Mkt asset (Suc n) w / (prices Mkt asset n w)) *
  (val-process Mkt (self-finance Mkt v pf asset) n w -
   val-process Mkt pf n w)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in rfr-disc-equity-market) self-finance-risk-free-update-ind:
assumes portfolio pf
shows cls-val-process Mkt (self-finance Mkt v pf risk-free-asset) (Suc n) w =
cls-val-process Mkt pf (Suc n) w +
  (1 + r) * (val-process Mkt (self-finance Mkt v pf risk-free-asset) n w - val-process Mkt pf n w)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-pf-portfolio:
shows portfolio (delta-pf N der matur) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-pf-updated:
shows cls-val-process Mkt (delta-pf N der matur) (Suc n) w =
geom-proc (Suc n) w * delta-price N der matur n w ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-pf-val-process:
shows val-process Mkt (delta-pf N der matur) n w =
geom-proc n w * delta-price N der matur n w ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-hedging-cls-val-process:
shows cls-val-process Mkt (delta-hedging N der matur) (Suc n) w =
geom-proc (Suc n) w * delta-price N der matur n w +
  (1 + r) * (val-process Mkt (delta-hedging N der matur) n w - geom-proc n w
  * delta-price N der matur n w)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) delta-hedging-eq-derivative-price:
fixes der::bool stream ⇒ real and matur::nat
assumes N = bernoulli-stream ((1 + r - d) / (u - d))
and der ∈ borel-measurable (G matur)
shows  $\bigwedge n w. n \leq matur \implies$ 
  val-process Mkt (delta-hedging N der matur) n w =
  (rn-price N der matur) n w

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) delta-hedging-same-cash-flow:
 assumes $der \in borel\text{-measurable}(G matur)$
 and $N = bernoulli\text{-stream}((1 + r - d) / (u - d))$
 shows $cls\text{-val}\text{-process } Mkt(\delta\text{-hedging } N \text{ der matur}) \text{ matur } w =$
 $der w$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-hedging-trading-strat:
 assumes $N = bernoulli\text{-stream } q$
 and $0 < q$
 and $q < 1$
 and $der \in borel\text{-measurable}(G matur)$
 shows $trading\text{-strategy}(\delta\text{-hedging } N \text{ der matur}) \langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market) delta-hedging-self-financing:
 shows $self\text{-financing } Mkt(\delta\text{-hedging } N \text{ der matur}) \langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) delta-hedging-replicating:
 assumes $der \in borel\text{-measurable}(G matur)$
 and $N = bernoulli\text{-stream}((1 + r - d) / (u - d))$
 shows $replicating\text{-portfolio}(\delta\text{-hedging } N \text{ der matur}) \text{ der matur}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition (in disc-equity-market) complete-market **where**
 $complete\text{-market} \longleftrightarrow (\forall matur. \forall der \in borel\text{-measurable}(F matur). (\exists p. replicating\text{-portfolio } p \text{ der matur}))$

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) CRR-market-complete:
 shows $complete\text{-market} \langle proof \rangle$

lemma subalgebras-filtration:
 assumes filtration $M F$
 and $\forall t. subalgebra(F t)(G t)$
 and $\forall s t. s \leq t \longrightarrow subalgebra(G t)(G s)$
 shows filtration $M G \langle proof \rangle$

lemma subfilt-filt-equiv:
 assumes filt-equiv $F M N$
 and $\forall t. subalgebra(F t)(G t)$
 and $\forall s t. s \leq t \longrightarrow subalgebra(G t)(G s)$
 shows filt-equiv $G M N \langle proof \rangle$

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) CRR-market-fair-price:

```

assumes pyf ∈ borel-measurable (G matur)
shows fair-price Mkt
  ( $\sum_{w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True matur})} (\text{prod}(\text{prob-component}((1 + r - d) / (u - d)) w) \{0..<\text{matur}\}) * ((\text{discounted-value } r (\lambda m. \text{pyf}) \text{ matur}) w))$ 
    pyf matur
  ⟨proof⟩

end
theory Option-Price-Examples imports CRR-Model

begin

```

This file contains pricing results for four options in the Cox-Ross-Rubinstein model. The first section contains results relating some functions to the more abstract counterparts that were used to prove fairness and completeness results. The second section contains the pricing results for a few options; some path-dependent and others not.

9 Effective computation definitions and results

9.1 Generation of lists of boolean elements

The function gener-bool-list permits to generate lists of boolean elements. It is used to generate a list representative of the range of boolean streams by the function pseudo-proj-True.

```

fun gener-bool-list where
  gener-bool-list 0 = {[]}
  | gener-bool-list (Suc n) = {True # w | w. w ∈ gener-bool-list n} ∪ {False # w | w.
  w ∈ gener-bool-list n}

lemma gener-bool-list-elem-length:
  shows  $\bigwedge x. x \in \text{gener-bool-list } n \implies \text{length } x = n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) stake-gener-bool-list:
  shows stake n‘streams (UNIV::bool set) = gener-bool-list n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) pseudo-range-stake:
  assumes  $\bigwedge w. f w = g (\text{stake } n w)$ 
  shows  $(\sum_{w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True } n)} f w) = (\sum_{y \in (\text{gener-bool-list } n)} g y)$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

9.2 Probability components for lists

```
fun lprob-comp where
```

```

lprob-comp (p::real) [] = 1
| lprob-comp p (x # xs) = (if x then p else (1-p)) * lprob-comp p xs

```

lemma *lprob-comp-last*:

shows *lprob-comp p (xs @ [x])* = (*lprob-comp p xs*) * (if *x* then *p* else (1 - *p*))
<proof>

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) *lprob-comp-stake*:

shows (*prod (prob-component pr w) {0..<matur}*) = *lprob-comp pr (stake matur w)*
<proof>

9.3 Geometric process applied to lists

fun *lrev-geom* **where**

lrev-geom u d v [] = *v*
| *lrev-geom u d v (x#xs)* = (if *x* then *u* else *d*) * *lrev-geom u d v xs*

fun *lgeom-proc* **where** *lgeom-proc u d v l* = *lrev-geom u d v (rev l)*

lemma (in infinite-coin-toss-space) *geom-lgeom*:

shows *geom-rand-walk u d v n w* = *lgeom-proc u d v (stake n w)*
<proof>

lemma *lgeom-proc-take*:

assumes *i* ≤ *n*
 shows *lgeom-proc u d init (stake i w)* = *lgeom-proc u d init (take i (stake n w))*
<proof>

9.4 Effective computation of discounted values

fun *det-discount* **where**

det-discount (r::real) 0 = 1
| *det-discount r (Suc n)* = (*inverse (1+r)*) * (*det-discount r n*)

lemma *det-discounted*:

shows *discounted-value r X n w* = (*det-discount r n*) * (*X n w*) *<proof>*

10 Pricing results on options

10.1 Call option

A call option is parameterized by a strike *K* and maturity *T*. If *S* denotes the price of the (unique) risky asset at time *T*, then the option pays $\max(S - K, 0)$ at that time.

definition (in CRR-market) *call-option* **where**

```

call-option (T::nat) (K::real) = ( $\lambda w. \max (\text{prices Mkt stk } T w - K) 0$ )

lemma (in CRR-market) call-borel:
  shows call-option T K ∈ borel-measurable (G T) ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) call-option-lgeom:
  shows call-option T K w =  $\max ((\text{lgeom-proc } u d \text{ init } (\text{stake } T w)) - K) 0$ 
    ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) disc-call-option-lgeom:
  shows (discounted-value r ( $\lambda m. (\text{call-option } T K)$ ) T w) =
    ( $\det\text{-discount } r T$ ) *  $\max ((\text{lgeom-proc } u d \text{ init } (\text{stake } T w)) - K) 0$ 
    ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) call-effect-compute:
  shows ( $\sum_{w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True matur})} (\prod (\text{prob-component } pr w) \{0..<\text{matur}\}) *$ 
    (discounted-value r ( $\lambda m. (\text{call-option matur } K)$ ) matur w)) =
    ( $\sum_{y \in (\text{gener-bool-list matur})} lprob\text{-comp } pr y * (\det\text{-discount } r matur) *$ 
    ( $\max ((\text{lgeom-proc } u d \text{ init } (\text{take matur } y)) - K) 0$ ))
    ⟨proof⟩

fun call-price where
  call-price u d init r matur K = ( $\sum_{y \in (\text{gener-bool-list matur})} lprob\text{-comp } ((1 + r - d) / (u - d)) y * (\det\text{-discount } r matur) *$ 
    ( $\max ((\text{lgeom-proc } u d \text{ init } (\text{take matur } y)) - K) 0$ ))

```

Evaluating the function above returns the fair price of a call option.

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) call-price:
  shows fair-price Mkt
    (call-price u d init r matur K)
    (call-option matur K) matur
    ⟨proof⟩

```

10.2 Put option

A put option is also parameterized by a strike K and maturity T. If S denotes the price of the (unique) risky asset at time T, then the option pays $\max(K - S, 0)$ at that time.

```

definition (in CRR-market) put-option where
  put-option (T::nat) (K::real) = ( $\lambda w. \max (K - \text{prices Mkt stk } T w) 0$ )

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market) put-borel:
  shows put-option T K ∈ borel-measurable (G T) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) put-option-lgeom:
  shows put-option T K w =  $\max (K - (\text{lgeom-proc } u d \text{ init } (\text{stake } T w))) 0$ 
    ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) disc-put-option-lgeom:
  shows (discounted-value r ( $\lambda m.$  (put-option T K)) T w) =
    ( $\det\text{-discount}$  r T) * ( $\max(K - (\text{lgeom-proc } u d \text{ init} (\text{stake } T w)))$ ) 0)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) put-effect-compute:
  shows ( $\sum_{w \in \text{range}}$  (pseudo-proj-True matur). (prod (prob-component pr w) {0..<matur})) *
    (discounted-value r ( $\lambda m.$  (put-option matur K)) matur w)) =
    ( $\sum_{y \in (\text{gener-bool-list matur})}$ . lprob-comp pr y * ( $\det\text{-discount}$  r matur) *
     ( $\max(K - (\text{lgeom-proc } u d \text{ init} (\text{take matur } y)))$ ) 0))
  ⟨proof⟩

fun put-price where
  put-price u d init r matur K = ( $\sum_{y \in (\text{gener-bool-list matur})}$ . lprob-comp ((1 +
  r - d) / (u - d)) y * ( $\det\text{-discount}$  r matur) *
  ( $\max(K - (\text{lgeom-proc } u d \text{ init} (\text{take matur } y)))$ ) 0))

```

Evaluating the function above returns the fair price of a put option.

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) put-price:
  shows fair-price Mkt
    (put-price u d init r matur K)
    (put-option matur K) matur
  ⟨proof⟩

```

10.3 Lookback option

A lookback option is parameterized by a maturity T. If S_n denotes the price of the (unique) risky asset at time n, then the option pays $\max(S_n : 0 \leq n \leq T) - ST$ at that time.

```

definition (in CRR-market) lbk-option where
  lbk-option (T::nat) = ( $\lambda w.$  Max (( $\lambda i.$  (prices Mkt stk) i w) {0 .. T}) - (prices
  Mkt stk T w))

```

```

lemma borel-measurable-Max-finite:
  fixes f::'a ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'c:{second-countable-topology, linorder-topology}
  assumes 0 < (n::nat)
  shows  $\bigwedge A.$  card A = n ⇒  $\forall a \in A.$  f a ∈ borel-measurable M ⇒ ( $\lambda w.$  Max
  (( $\lambda a.$  f a w) 'A)) ∈ borel-measurable M ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market) lbk-borel:
  shows lbk-option T ∈ borel-measurable (G T) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) lbk-option-lgeom:
  shows lbk-option T w = Max (( $\lambda i.$  (lgeom-proc u d init (stake i w))) {0 .. T})
  - (lgeom-proc u d init (stake T w))

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) disc-lbk-option-lgeom:
  shows (discounted-value r ( $\lambda m.$  (lbk-option T)) T w) =
    ( $\det\text{-discount}$  r T) * ( $\Max ((\lambda i.$  (lgeom-proc u d init (take i (stake T w)))) $)^{\{0 .. T\}}$ ) - (lgeom-proc u d init (stake T w))
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) lbk-effect-compute:
  shows ( $\sum_{w \in \text{range}(\text{pseudo-proj-True matur})} (\prod (\text{prob-component pr } w)^{\{0 .. <\text{matur}\}})$  *
    (discounted-value r ( $\lambda m.$  (lbk-option matur)) matur w)) =
    ( $\sum_{y \in (\text{gener-bool-list matur})} lprob-comp pr y * (\det\text{-discount r matur}) * (\Max ((\lambda i.$  (lgeom-proc u d init (take i y))) $)^{\{0 .. \text{matur}\}}$ ) - (lgeom-proc u d init y)))
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

fun lbk-price where
  lbk-price u d init r matur = ( $\sum_{y \in (\text{gener-bool-list matur})} lprob-comp ((1 + r - d) / (u - d)) y * (\det\text{-discount r matur}) * (\Max ((\lambda i.$  (lgeom-proc u d init (take i y))) $)^{\{0 .. \text{matur}\}}$ ) - (lgeom-proc u d init y)))

```

Evaluating the function above returns the fair price of a lookback option.

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) lbk-price:
  shows fair-price Mkt
    (lbk-price u d init r matur)
    (lbk-option matur) matur
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

value lbk-price 1.2 0.8 10 0.03 2

10.4 Asian option

An asian option is parameterized by a maturity T. This option pays the average price of the risky asset at time T.

```

definition (in CRR-market) asian-option where
  asian-option (T::nat) = ( $\lambda w.$  ( $\sum_{i \in \{1 .. T\}} \text{prices Mkt stk } i w$ )) / T

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market) asian-borel:
  shows asian-option T  $\in$  borel-measurable (G T)  $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) asian-option-lgeom:
  shows asian-option T w = ( $\sum_{i \in \{1 .. T\}} lgeom-proc u d init (\text{stake } i w)$ ) / T
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) disc-asian-option-lgeom:
  shows (discounted-value r ( $\lambda m. (asian-option T)) T w$ ) =
    ( $det-discount r T$ ) * ( $\sum_{i \in \{1..T\}} lgeom-proc u d init (take i (stake T w))$ )) /
     $T$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) asian-effect-compute:
  shows ( $\sum_{w \in range} (pseudo-proj-True matur)$ ). ( $prod (prob-component pr w)$ 
   $\{0..<matur\}$ ) *
    (discounted-value r ( $\lambda m. (asian-option matur)) matur w$ )) =
    ( $\sum_{y \in (gener-bool-list matur)} lprob-comp pr y * (det-discount r matur)$ ) *
    ( $\sum_{i \in \{1..matur\}} lgeom-proc u d init (take i y) / matur$ )
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

fun asian-price where
   $asian-price u d init r matur = (\sum_{y \in (gener-bool-list matur)} lprob-comp ((1 + r - d) / (u - d)) y * (det-discount r matur)) *$ 
  ( $\sum_{i \in \{1..matur\}} lgeom-proc u d init (take i y) / matur$ )
```

Evaluating the function above returns the fair price of an asian option.

```

lemma (in CRR-market-viable) asian-price:
  shows fair-price Mkt
    ( $asian-price u d init r matur$ )
    ( $asian-option matur$ ) matur
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end
```