

# Infinite Lists

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## Abstract

We introduce a theory of infinite lists in HOL formalized as functions over naturals (folder ListInf, theories ListInf and ListInf\_Prefix). It also provides additional results for finite lists (theory ListInf/List2), natural numbers (folder CommonArith, esp. division/modulo, naturals with infinity), sets (folder CommonSet, esp. cutting/truncating sets, traversing sets of naturals).

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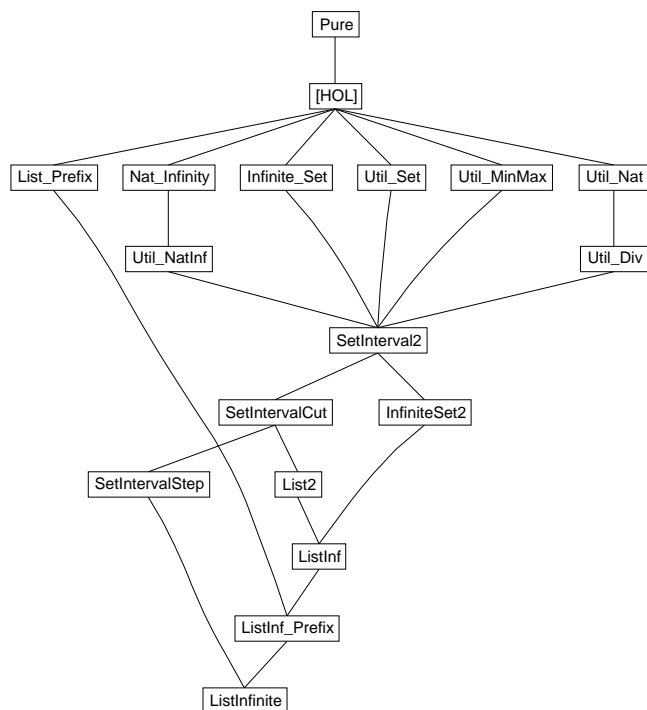
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## 1 Util-Set: Convenience results for set quantifiers

```
theory Util-Set
imports Fun Set
begin
```

### 1.1 Some auxiliary results for HOL rules

**lemma** *conj-disj-absorb*:  $(P \wedge Q \vee Q) = Q$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *disj-eq-distribL*:  $((a \vee b) = (a \vee c)) = (a \vee (b = c))$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *disj-eq-distribR*:  $((a \vee c) = (b \vee c)) = ((a = b) \vee c)$  *<proof>*

#### 1.1.1 Some auxiliary results for *Let*

**lemma** *Let-swap*:  $f$  (let  $x=a$  in  $g$   $x$ ) = (let  $x=a$  in  $f$  ( $g$   $x$ )) *<proof>*

#### 1.1.2 Some auxiliary *if*-rules

**thm** *if-P*

**lemma** *if-P'*:  $\llbracket P; x = z \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (if\ P\ then\ x\ else\ y) = z$  *<proof>*

**thm** *if-not-P*

**lemma** *if-not-P'*:  $\llbracket \neg P; y = z \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (if\ P\ then\ x\ else\ y) = z$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *if-P-both*:  $\llbracket Q\ x; Q\ y \rrbracket \Longrightarrow Q$  (if  $P$  then  $x$  else  $y$ ) *<proof>*

**lemma** *if-P-both-in-set*:  $\llbracket x \in s; y \in s \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (if\ P\ then\ x\ else\ y) \in s$  *<proof>*

#### 1.1.3 Some auxiliary rules for function composition

**lemma** *comp2-conv*:  $f1 \circ f2 = (\lambda x. f1\ (f2\ x))$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *comp3-conv*:  $f1 \circ f2 \circ f3 = (\lambda x. f1\ (f2\ (f3\ x)))$  *<proof>*

## 1.2 Some auxiliary lemmata for quantifiers

### 1.2.1 Auxiliary results for universal and existential quantifiers

**lemma** *ball-cong2*:

$\llbracket I \subseteq A; \forall x \in A. f\ x = g\ x \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (\forall x \in I. P\ (f\ x)) = (\forall x \in I. P\ (g\ x))$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *bex-cong2*:

$\llbracket I \subseteq A; \forall x \in I. f\ x = g\ x \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (\exists x \in I. P\ (f\ x)) = (\exists x \in I. P\ (g\ x))$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *ball-all-cong*:

$\forall x. f\ x = g\ x \Longrightarrow (\forall x \in I. P\ (f\ x)) = (\forall x \in I. P\ (g\ x))$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *bex-all-cong*:

$\forall x. f\ x = g\ x \Longrightarrow (\exists x \in I. P\ (f\ x)) = (\exists x \in I. P\ (g\ x))$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *all-cong*:

$\forall x. f\ x = g\ x \Longrightarrow (\forall x. P\ (f\ x)) = (\forall x. P\ (g\ x))$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *ex-cong*:

$\forall x. f\ x = g\ x \Longrightarrow (\exists x. P\ (f\ x)) = (\exists x. P\ (g\ x))$  *<proof>*

**lemmas** *all-eqI = iff-allI*

**lemmas**  $ex\text{-}eqI = \text{iff}\text{-}exI$

**lemma**  $all\text{-}imp\text{-}eqI$ :

$$\llbracket P = P'; \bigwedge x. P x \implies Q x = Q' x \rrbracket \implies (\forall x. P x \longrightarrow Q x) = (\forall x. P' x \longrightarrow Q' x)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $ex\text{-}imp\text{-}eqI$ :

$$\llbracket P = P'; \bigwedge x. P x \implies Q x = Q' x \rrbracket \implies (\exists x. P x \wedge Q x) = (\exists x. P' x \wedge Q' x)$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 1.2.2 Auxiliary results for empty sets

**lemma**  $empty\text{-}imp\text{-}not\text{-}in$ :  $x \notin \{\}$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $ex\text{-}imp\text{-}not\text{-}empty$ :  $\exists x. x \in A \implies A \neq \{\}$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $in\text{-}imp\text{-}not\text{-}empty$ :  $x \in A \implies A \neq \{\}$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $not\text{-}empty\text{-}imp\text{-}ex$ :  $A \neq \{\} \implies \exists x. x \in A$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $not\text{-}ex\text{-}in\text{-}conv$ :  $(\neg (\exists x. x \in A)) = (A = \{\})$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

### 1.2.3 Some auxiliary results for subset and membership relation

**lemma**  $beX\text{-}subset\text{-}imp\text{-}beX$ :  $\llbracket \exists x \in A. P x; A \subseteq B \rrbracket \implies \exists x \in B. P x$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $beX\text{-}imp\text{-}ex$ :  $\exists x \in A. P x \implies \exists x. P x$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $ball\text{-}subset\text{-}imp\text{-}ball$ :  $\llbracket \forall x \in B. P x; A \subseteq B \rrbracket \implies \forall x \in A. P x$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm**

$ball\text{-}subset\text{-}imp\text{-}ball$

$ball\text{-}subset\text{-}imp\text{-}ball[\text{rule-format}]$

**lemma**  $all\text{-}imp\text{-}ball$ :  $\forall x. P x \implies \forall x \in A. P x$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm**  $mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq$

**lemma**  $mem\text{-}Collect\text{-}eq\text{-}not$ :  $(a \notin \{x. P x\}) = (\neg P a)$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $Collect\text{-}not\text{-}in\text{-}imp\text{-}not$ :  $a \notin \{x. P x\} \implies \neg P a$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $Collect\text{-}not\text{-}imp\text{-}not\text{-}in$ :  $\neg P a \implies a \notin \{x. P x\}$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $Collect\text{-}is\text{-}subset$ :  $\{x \in A. P x\} \subseteq A$   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**end**

## 2 Util-MinMax: Order and linear order: min and max

**theory**  $Util\text{-}MinMax$

**imports**  $Lattices$

**begin**

### 2.1 Additional lemmata about $min$ and $max$

**thm**  $min\text{-}less\text{-}iff\text{-}conj$

**lemma** *min-less-imp-conj*:  $(z::'a::linorder) < \min x y \implies z < x \wedge z < y$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *conj-less-imp-min*:  $\llbracket z < x; z < y \rrbracket \implies (z::'a::linorder) < \min x y$  *<proof>*

**lemmas** *min-le-iff-conj* = *min-max.le-inf-iff*

**lemma** *min-le-imp-conj*:  $(z::'a::linorder) \leq \min x y \implies z \leq x \wedge z \leq y$  *<proof>*

**lemmas** *conj-le-imp-min* = *min-max.le-infI*

**thm** *min-max.inf-absorb1*

**lemmas** *min-eqL* = *min-max.inf-absorb1*

**lemmas** *min-eqR* = *min-max.inf-absorb2*

**lemmas** *min-eq* = *min-eqL min-eqR*

**thm** *min-eq*

**thm** *max-less-iff-conj*

**lemma** *max-less-imp-conj*:  $\max x y < b \implies x < (b::('a::linorder)) \wedge y < b$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *conj-less-imp-max*:  $\llbracket x < (b::('a::linorder)); y < b \rrbracket \implies \max x y < b$  *<proof>*

**lemmas** *max-le-iff-conj* = *min-max.le-sup-iff*

**lemma** *max-le-imp-conj*:  $\max x y \leq b \implies x \leq (b::('a::linorder)) \wedge y \leq b$  *<proof>*

**lemmas** *conj-le-imp-max* = *min-max.le-supI*

**thm** *min-max.sup-absorb1*

**lemmas** *max-eqL* = *min-max.sup-absorb1*

**lemmas** *max-eqR* = *min-max.sup-absorb2*

**lemmas** *max-eq* = *max-eqL max-eqR*

**thm** *max-eq*

**thm**

*le-maxI1*

*le-maxI2*

**lemmas** *le-minI1* = *min-max.inf-le1*

**lemmas** *le-minI2* = *min-max.inf-le2*

**lemma**

$min\text{-}le\text{-}monoR: (a::'a::linorder) \leq b \implies min\ x\ a \leq min\ x\ b$  **and**  
 $min\text{-}le\text{-}monoL: (a::'a::linorder) \leq b \implies min\ a\ x \leq min\ b\ x$   
 <proof>  
**lemma**  
 $max\text{-}le\text{-}monoR: (a::'a::linorder) \leq b \implies max\ x\ a \leq max\ x\ b$  **and**  
 $max\text{-}le\text{-}monoL: (a::'a::linorder) \leq b \implies max\ a\ x \leq max\ b\ x$   
 <proof>  
**end**

### 3 Util-NatInf: Results for natural arithmetics with infinity

**theory** *Util-NatInf*  
**imports** \$ISABELLE-HOME/src/HOL/Library/Nat-Infinity  
**begin**

#### 3.1 Arithmetic operations with *inat*

##### 3.1.1 Additional definitions

**thm** *one-inat-def*  
**thm** *plus-inat-def*  
**thm** *times-inat-def*

**instantiation** *inat* :: {*minus*, *Divides.div*}  
**begin**

##### definition

*diff-inat-def* [code del]:  
 $a - b \equiv (case\ a\ of$   
 $(Fin\ x) \Rightarrow (case\ b\ of\ (Fin\ y) \Rightarrow Fin\ (x - y) \mid \infty \Rightarrow 0) \mid$   
 $\infty \Rightarrow \infty)$

##### definition

*div-inat-def* [code del]:  
 $a\ div\ b \equiv (case\ a\ of$   
 $(Fin\ x) \Rightarrow (case\ b\ of\ (Fin\ y) \Rightarrow Fin\ (x\ div\ y) \mid \infty \Rightarrow 0) \mid$   
 $\infty \Rightarrow (case\ b\ of\ (Fin\ y) \Rightarrow ((case\ y\ of\ 0 \Rightarrow 0 \mid Suc\ n \Rightarrow \infty)) \mid \infty \Rightarrow \infty))$

##### definition

*mod-inat-def* [code del]:  
 $a\ mod\ b \equiv (case\ a\ of$   
 $(Fin\ x) \Rightarrow (case\ b\ of\ (Fin\ y) \Rightarrow Fin\ (x\ mod\ y) \mid \infty \Rightarrow a) \mid$   
 $\infty \Rightarrow \infty)$

**instance** <proof>

**end**

**lemmas** *inat-arith-defs* =  
*zero-inat-def one-inat-def*  
*plus-inat-def diff-inat-def times-inat-def div-inat-def mod-inat-def*  
**declare** *zero-inat-def*[*simp*]

**primrec** *the-Fin* :: *inat*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat* **where**  
*the-Fin* (*Fin* *n*) = *n*

**lemma** *Fin-the-Fin*:  $n \neq \infty \Longrightarrow \text{Fin } (\text{the-Fin } n) = n$  *<proof>*

### 3.1.2 Results for comparison operators

**lemma** *Fin-ile-mono*:  $(\text{Fin } m \leq \text{Fin } n) = (m \leq n)$  *<proof>*  
**lemma** *Fin-iless-mono*:  $(\text{Fin } m < \text{Fin } n) = (m < n)$  *<proof>*  
**lemma** *Infty-ub*:  $n \leq \infty$  *<proof>*

**thm** *less-not-sym*

**lemma** *iless-not-sym*:  $(x :: \text{inat}) < y \Longrightarrow \neg y < x$  *<proof>*

**thm** *less-not-refl*

**lemma** *iless-not-refl*:  $\neg (n :: \text{inat}) < n$  *<proof>*

**thm** *le-refl*

**lemma** *ile-refl*:  $(n :: \text{inat}) \leq n$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *eq-imp-ile*:  $(m :: \text{inat}) = n \Longrightarrow m \leq n$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *not-Infty-iless*:  $\neg \infty < n$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *Fin-iless-Infty*:  $\text{Fin } n < \infty$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *not-Infty-ile-Fin*:  $\neg \infty \leq \text{Fin } n$  *<proof>*

**lemmas** *Fin-ile-Infty* = *Infty-ub*

**lemmas** *neq-Infty-Fin-conv* = *not-Infty-eq*

**lemma** *Infty-le-eq*:  $(\infty \leq n) = (n = \infty)$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *ile-trans*:  $\llbracket (i :: \text{inat}) \leq j; j \leq k \rrbracket \Longrightarrow i \leq k$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *ile-anti-sym*:  $\llbracket (m :: \text{inat}) \leq n; n \leq m \rrbracket \Longrightarrow m = n$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *iless-ile*:  $((m :: \text{inat}) < n) = (m \leq n \wedge m \neq n)$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *ile-linear*:  $(m :: \text{inat}) \leq n \vee n \leq m$  *<proof>*

**thm** *neq0-conv*

**lemma** *ineq0-conv*:  $(n \neq (0::inat)) = (0 < n)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *ineq0-conv-Fin*[*simp*] = *ineq0-conv*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemmas** *not-iless0* = *not-ilessi0*

**lemma** *iless-iSuc0*:  $(n < iSuc\ 0) = (n = 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *iless-iSuc0-Fin*[*simp*] = *iless-iSuc0*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemmas** *ile-0-eq* = *i0-neq*

**lemma** *neq-Infty-imp-ex-Fin*:  $n \neq \infty \implies \exists nat. n = Fin\ nat$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *less-Infty-imp-ex-Fin*:  $n < \infty \implies \exists nat. n = Fin\ nat$

**thm** *neq-Infty-imp-ex-Fin*[*OF less-imp-neq*]

*<proof>*

### 3.1.3 Addition and difference

**lemma** *iadd-Fin-Fin*:  $Fin\ a + Fin\ b = Fin\ (a + b)$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *iadd-Infty*:  $\infty + n = \infty$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *iadd-Infty-right*:  $n + \infty = \infty$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *idiff-Fin-Fin*[*simp,code*]:  $Fin\ a - Fin\ b = Fin\ (a - b)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiff-Infty*[*simp,code*]:  $\infty - n = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiff-Infty-right*[*simp,code*]:  $Fin\ a - \infty = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiff-0*:  $(n::inat) - 0 = n$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *idiff-0-Fin*[*simp,code*] = *idiff-0*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *idiff-0-eq-0*:  $(0::inat) - n = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *idiff-0-eq-0-Fin*[*simp,code*] = *idiff-0-eq-0*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *diff-eq-conv-nat*:  $(x - y = (z::nat)) = (if\ y < x\ then\ x = y + z\ else\ z = 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiff-eq-conv*:

$(x - y = (z::inat)) =$

$(if\ y < x\ then\ x = y + z\ else\ if\ x \neq \infty\ then\ z = 0\ else\ z = \infty)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *idiff-eq-conv-Fin* = *idiff-eq-conv*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *idiff-self-eq-0*:  $n \neq \infty \implies (n::inat) - n = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *idiff-self-eq-0-Fin* = *idiff-self-eq-0*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *less-eq-idiff-eq-sum*:  $y \leq (x::inat) \implies (z \leq x - y) = (z + y \leq x)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iSuc-pred*:  $0 < n \implies iSuc (n - iSuc 0) = n$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *iSuc-pred-Fin* = *iSuc-pred*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *iadd-0*:  $(0::inat) + n = n$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *iadd-0-Fin*[*simp, code*] = *iadd-0*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *iadd-0-right*:  $n + (0::inat) = n$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *iadd-0-right-Fin*[*simp, code*] = *iadd-0-right*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *iadd-commute*:  $(a::inat) + b = b + a$

*<proof>*

**thm** *add-assoc*

**lemma** *iadd-assoc*:  $(a::inat) + b + c = a + (b + c)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *add-Suc*

**lemma** *iadd-Suc*:  $iSuc m + n = iSuc (m + n)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *add-Suc-right*

**lemma** *iadd-Suc-right*:  $m + iSuc n = iSuc (m + n)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mono-iSuc*: *mono iSuc*

*<proof>*

**thm** *add-is-0*[*no-vars*]

**lemma** *iadd-is-0*:  $(m + n = (0::inat)) = (m = 0 \wedge n = 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *iadd-is-0-Fin* = *iadd-is-0*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *ile-add1*:  $(n::inat) \leq n + m$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ile-add2*:  $(n::inat) \leq m + n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iadd-ile-mono*:  $\llbracket (i::inat) \leq j; k \leq l \rrbracket \implies i + k \leq j + l$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *iadd-ile-mono1*:  $(i::inat) \leq j \implies i + k \leq j + k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *iadd-ile-mono2*:  $(i::inat) \leq j \implies k + i \leq k + j$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *iadd-iless-mono*:  $\llbracket (i::inat) < j; k < l \rrbracket \implies i + k < j + l$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *trans-ile-iadd1*:  $i \leq (j::inat) \implies i \leq j + m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *trans-ile-iadd2*:  $i \leq (j::inat) \implies i \leq m + j$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *trans-iless-iadd1*:  $i < (j::inat) \implies i < j + m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *trans-iless-iadd2*:  $i < (j::inat) \implies i < m + j$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *add-leD1*[no-vars]

**lemma** *iadd-ileD1*:  $m + k \leq (n::inat) \implies m \leq n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *iadd-ileD2*:  $m + k \leq (n::inat) \implies k \leq n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *diff-le-mono*

**lemma** *idiff-ile-mono*:  $m \leq (n::inat) \implies m - l \leq n - l$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *diff-le-mono2*

**lemma** *idiff-ile-mono2*:  $m \leq (n::inat) \implies l - n \leq l - m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *diff-less-mono*

**lemma** *idiff-iless-mono*:  $\llbracket m < (n::inat); l \leq m \rrbracket \implies m - l < n - l$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *diff-less-mono2*

**lemma** *idiff-iless-mono2*:  $\llbracket m < (n::inat); m < l \rrbracket \implies l - n \leq l - m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 3.1.4 Multiplication and division

**lemma** *imult-Fin-Fin*:  $Fin\ a * Fin\ b = Fin\ (a * b)$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *imult-Infty*:  $(0::inat) < n \implies \infty * n = \infty$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas** *imult-Infty-Fin*[simp] = *imult-Infty*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imult-Infty-right*:  $(0::inat) < n \implies n * \infty = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *imult-Infty-right-Fin*[simp] = *imult-Infty-right*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *idiv-Fin-Fin*[simp, code]: *Fin a div Fin b = Fin (a div b)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiv-Infty*:  $0 < n \implies \infty \text{ div } n = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *idiv-Infty-Fin*[simp] = *idiv-Infty*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *idiv-Infty-right*[simp]:  $n \neq \infty \implies n \text{ div } \infty = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiv-Infty-if*:  $n \text{ div } \infty = (\text{if } n = \infty \text{ then } \infty \text{ else } 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *idiv-Infty-if-Fin* = *idiv-Infty-if*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imult-0*:  $0 * (m::\text{inat}) = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *imult-0-Fin*[simp, code] = *imult-0*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imult-0-right*:  $(m::\text{inat}) * 0 = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *imult-0-right-Fin*[simp, code] = *imult-0-right*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imult-is-0*:  $((m::\text{inat}) * n = 0) = (m = 0 \vee n = 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inat-0-less-mult-iff*:  $(0 < (m::\text{inat}) * n) = (0 < m \wedge 0 < n)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *imult-is-0-Fin* = *imult-is-0*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemmas** *inat-0-less-mult-iff-Fin* = *inat-0-less-mult-iff*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imult-commute*:  $(a::\text{inat}) * b = b * a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imult-Infty-if*:  $\infty * n = (\text{if } n = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \infty)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imult-Infty-right-if*:  $n * \infty = (\text{if } n = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \infty)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *imult-Infty-if-Fin* = *imult-Infty-if*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemmas** *imult-Infty-right-if-Fin* = *imult-Infty-right-if*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imult-is-Infty*:  $((a::\text{inat}) * b = \infty) = (a = \infty \wedge b \neq 0 \vee b = \infty \wedge a \neq 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *imult-is-Infty-Fin* = *imult-is-Infty*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imult-assoc*:  $(a::\text{inat}) * b * c = a * (b * c)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiv-by-0*:  $(a::inat) \text{ div } 0 = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *idiv-by-0-Fin*[simp, code] = *idiv-by-0*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *idiv-0*:  $0 \text{ div } (a::inat) = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *idiv-0-Fin*[simp, code] = *idiv-0*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**thm** *mod-by-0*

**lemma** *imod-by-0*:  $(a::inat) \text{ mod } 0 = a$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *imod-by-0-Fin*[simp, code] = *imod-by-0*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imod-0*:  $0 \text{ mod } (a::inat) = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *imod-0-Fin*[simp, code] = *imod-0*[unfolded zero-inat-def]

**lemma** *imod-Fin-Fin*[simp, code]:  $\text{Fin } a \text{ mod } \text{Fin } b = \text{Fin } (a \text{ mod } b)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imod-Infty*[simp, code]:  $\infty \text{ mod } n = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imod-Infty-right*[simp, code]:  $n \text{ mod } \infty = n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiv-self*:  $\llbracket 0 < (n::inat); n \neq \infty \rrbracket \implies n \text{ div } n = 1$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imod-self*:  $n \neq \infty \implies (n::inat) \text{ mod } n = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiv-iless*:  $m < (n::inat) \implies m \text{ div } n = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imod-iless*:  $m < (n::inat) \implies m \text{ mod } n = m$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imod-iless-divisor*:  $\llbracket 0 < (n::inat); m \neq \infty \rrbracket \implies m \text{ mod } n < n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imod-ile-dividend*:  $(m::inat) \text{ mod } n \leq m$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *idiv-ile-dividend*:  $(m::inat) \text{ div } n \leq m$

*<proof>*

**thm** *div-mult2-eq*

**lemma** *idiv-imult2-eq*:  $(a::inat) \text{ div } (b * c) = a \text{ div } b \text{ div } c$

*<proof>*

**thm** *idiv-Infty*

**thm** *idiv-Infty*[OF inat-0-less-mult-iff[THEN iffD2]]

*<proof>*

**thm** *add-mult-distrib*

**lemma** *iadd-imult-distrib*:  $((m::inat) + n) * k = m * k + n * k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *add-mult-distrib2*

**lemma** *iadd-imult-distrib2*:  $k * ((m::inat) + n) = k * m + k * n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *mult-le-mono*

**lemma** *imult-ile-mono*:  $\llbracket (i::inat) \leq j; k \leq l \rrbracket \implies i * k \leq j * l$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *imult-ile-mono1*:  $(i::inat) \leq j \implies i * k \leq j * k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *mult-le-mono2*

**lemma** *imult-ile-mono2*:  $(i::inat) \leq j \implies k * i \leq k * j$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *imult-iless-mono1*:  $\llbracket (i::inat) < j; 0 < k; k \neq \infty \rrbracket \implies i * k \leq j * k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *imult-iless-mono2*:  $\llbracket (i::inat) < j; 0 < k; k \neq \infty \rrbracket \implies k * i \leq k * j$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *imod-1*:  $(Fin\ m) \text{ mod } iSuc\ 0 = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas** *imod-1-Fin[simp, code]* = *imod-1[unfolded zero-inat-def]*

**lemma** *imod-iadd-self2*:  $(m + Fin\ n) \text{ mod } (Fin\ n) = m \text{ mod } (Fin\ n)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *imod-iadd-self1*:  $(Fin\ n + m) \text{ mod } (Fin\ n) = m \text{ mod } (Fin\ n)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *idiv-imod-equality*:  $(m::inat) \text{ div } n * n + m \text{ mod } n + k = m + k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *imod-idiv-equality*:  $(m::inat) \text{ div } n * n + m \text{ mod } n = m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *idiv-ile-mono*:  $m \leq (n::inat) \implies m \text{ div } k \leq n \text{ div } k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *idiv-ile-mono2*:  $\llbracket 0 < m; m \leq (n::inat) \rrbracket \implies k \text{ div } n \leq k \text{ div } m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**end**

## 4 Util-Nat: Results for natural arithmetics

```
theory Util-Nat
imports Nat
begin
```

### 4.1 Some convenience arithmetic lemmata

```
thm Nat.add-Suc-right
```

```
lemma add-1-Suc-conv:  $m + 1 = \text{Suc } m$  <proof>
```

```
lemma sub-Suc0-sub-Suc-conv:  $b - a - \text{Suc } 0 = b - \text{Suc } a$  <proof>
```

```
thm Nat.Suc-pred
```

```
lemma Suc-diff-Suc:  $m < n \implies \text{Suc } (n - \text{Suc } m) = n - m$ 
<proof>
```

```
lemma nat-grSuc0-conv:  $(\text{Suc } 0 < n) = (n \neq 0 \wedge n \neq \text{Suc } 0)$ 
<proof>
```

```
lemma nat-geSucSuc0-conv:  $(\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } 0) \leq n) = (n \neq 0 \wedge n \neq \text{Suc } 0)$ 
<proof>
```

```
lemma nat-lessSucSuc0-conv:  $(n < \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } 0)) = (n = 0 \vee n = \text{Suc } 0)$ 
<proof>
```

```
lemma nat-leSuc0-conv:  $(n \leq \text{Suc } 0) = (n = 0 \vee n = \text{Suc } 0)$ 
<proof>
```

```
thm Nat.mult-Suc
```

```
lemma mult-pred:  $(m - \text{Suc } 0) * n = m * n - n$ 
<proof>
```

```
thm Nat.mult-Suc-right
```

```
lemma mult-pred-right:  $m * (n - \text{Suc } 0) = m * n - m$ 
<proof>
```

```
lemma gr-implies-gr0:  $m < (n::\text{nat}) \implies 0 < n$  <proof>
```

```
thm
```

```
  Nat.mult-cancel1
```

```
  Nat.mult-cancel1
```

```
corollary mult-cancel1-gr0:
```

```
   $(0::\text{nat}) < k \implies (k * m = k * n) = (m = n)$  <proof>
```

```
corollary mult-cancel2-gr0:
```

```
   $(0::\text{nat}) < k \implies (m * k = n * k) = (m = n)$  <proof>
```

```
thm
```

```
  Nat.mult-le-cancel1
```

```
  Nat.mult-le-cancel2
```

```
corollary mult-le-cancel1-gr0:
```

```
   $(0::\text{nat}) < k \implies (k * m \leq k * n) = (m \leq n)$  <proof>
```

**corollary** *mult-le-cancel2-gr0*:

$$(0::nat) < k \implies (m * k \leq n * k) = (m \leq n) \langle proof \rangle$$

**thm** *mult-le-mono*

**lemma** *gr0-imp-self-le-mult1*:  $0 < (k::nat) \implies m \leq m * k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *gr0-imp-self-le-mult2*:  $0 < (k::nat) \implies m \leq k * m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *less-imp-Suc-mult-le*:  $m < n \implies Suc\ m * k \leq n * k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *less-imp-Suc-mult-pred-less*:  $\llbracket m < n; 0 < k \rrbracket \implies Suc\ m * k - Suc\ 0 < n * k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *Nat.zero-less-diff*

**lemma** *ord-zero-less-diff*:  $(0 < (b::'a::ordered-ab-group-add) - a) = (a < b)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ord-zero-le-diff*:  $(0 \leq (b::'a::ordered-ab-group-add) - a) = (a \leq b)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

*diff-diff-right* in rule format

**lemmas** *diff-diff-right* = *Nat.diff-diff-right*[*rule-format*]

**thm** *Nat.le-add1* *Nat.le-add2*

**lemma** *less-add1*:  $(0::nat) < j \implies i < i + j \langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *less-add2*:  $(0::nat) < j \implies i < j + i \langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *Nat.add-leD1* *Nat.add-leD2*

**thm** *Nat.add-lessD1*

**lemma** *add-lessD2*:  $i + j < (k::nat) \implies j < k \langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *Nat.add-le-mono1*

**lemma** *add-le-mono2*:  $i \leq (j::nat) \implies k + i \leq k + j \langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *Nat.add-less-mono1*

**lemma** *add-less-mono2*:  $i < (j::nat) \implies k + i < k + j \langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *Nat.diff-le-self*

**lemma** *diff-less-self*:  $\llbracket (0::nat) < i; 0 < j \rrbracket \implies i - j < i \langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**

*ge-less-neq-conv*:  $((a::'a::\text{linorder}) \leq n) = (\forall x. x < a \longrightarrow n \neq x)$  **and**  
*le-greater-neq-conv*:  $(n \leq (a::'a::\text{linorder})) = (\forall x. a < x \longrightarrow n \neq x)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma**

*greater-le-neq-conv*:  $((a::'a::\text{linorder}) < n) = (\forall x. x \leq a \longrightarrow n \neq x)$  **and**  
*less-ge-neq-conv*:  $(n < (a::'a::\text{linorder})) = (\forall x. a \leq x \longrightarrow n \neq x)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Lemmas for @termabs function

**lemma** *leq-pos-imp-abs-leq*:  $\llbracket 0 \leq (a::'a::\text{ordered-ab-group-add-abs}); a \leq b \rrbracket \implies |a| \leq |b|$

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *leq-neg-imp-abs-geq*:  $\llbracket (a::'a::\text{ordered-ab-group-add-abs}) \leq 0; b \leq a \rrbracket \implies$

$|a| \leq |b|$

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *abs-range*:  $\llbracket 0 \leq (a::'a::\{\text{ordered-ab-group-add-abs}, \text{abs-if}\}); -a \leq x; x \leq a \rrbracket \implies |x| \leq a$

⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *neg-le-iff-le*[*THEN iffD1*]

⟨*proof*⟩

Lemmas for @termsgn function

**lemma** *sgn-abs*:  $(x::'a::\text{linordered-idom}) \neq 0 \implies |\text{sgn } x| = 1$

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *sgn-mult-abs*:  $|x| * |\text{sgn } (a::'a::\text{linordered-idom})| = |x * \text{sgn } a|$

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *abs-imp-sgn-abs*:  $|a| = |b| \implies |\text{sgn } (a::'a::\text{linordered-idom})| = |\text{sgn } b|$

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *sgn-mono*:  $a \leq b \implies \text{sgn } (a::'a::\{\text{linordered-idom}, \text{linordered-semidom}\}) \leq \text{sgn } b$

⟨*proof*⟩

## 4.2 Additional facts about inequalities

**thm** *Nat.le-add-diff*

**lemma** *add-diff-le*:  $k \leq n \implies m + k - n \leq (m::\text{nat})$

⟨*proof*⟩

**thm**

*Nat.le-add-diff*

*add-diff-le*

**lemma** *less-add-diff*:  $k < (n::\text{nat}) \implies m < n + m - k$

**thm** *add-less-imp-less-right*[*of - k*]

⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *add-diff-le*

**lemma** *add-diff-less*:  $\llbracket k < n; 0 < m \rrbracket \implies m + k - n < (m::\text{nat})$

⟨*proof*⟩

**thm**

*Nat.le-add-diff*

*add-diff-le*  
*less-add-diff*  
*add-diff-less*

**thm** *Nat.less-diff-conv*

**lemma** *add-le-imp-le-diff1*:  $i + k \leq j \implies i \leq j - (k::nat)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *add-le-imp-le-diff2*:  $k + i \leq j \implies i \leq j - (k::nat)$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm**

*Nat.less-diff-conv* [*symmetric*]

*Nat.le-diff-conv2* [*symmetric*]

*add-le-imp-le-diff1*

*add-le-imp-le-diff2*

**thm**

*Nat.le-diff-conv* *Nat.le-diff-conv2*

*Nat.less-diff-conv*

**lemma** *diff-less-imp-less-add*:  $j - (k::nat) < i \implies j < i + k$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *Nat.le-diff-conv*

**lemma** *diff-less-conv*:  $0 < i \implies (j - (k::nat) < i) = (j < i + k)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *le-diff-swap*:  $\llbracket i \leq (k::nat); j \leq k \rrbracket \implies (k - j \leq i) = (k - i \leq j)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *diff-less-imp-swap*:  $\llbracket 0 < (i::nat); k - i < j \rrbracket \implies (k - j < i)$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *diff-less-swap*:  $\llbracket 0 < (i::nat); 0 < j \rrbracket \implies (k - j < i) = (k - i < j)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *less-diff-imp-less*:  $(i::nat) < j - m \implies i < j$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *le-diff-imp-le*:  $(i::nat) \leq j - m \implies i \leq j$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *less-diff-le-imp-less*:  $\llbracket (i::nat) < j - m; n \leq m \rrbracket \implies i < j - n$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *le-diff-le-imp-le*:  $\llbracket (i::nat) \leq j - m; n \leq m \rrbracket \implies i \leq j - n$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *Nat.less-imp-diff-less*

**lemma** *le-imp-diff-le*:  $(j::nat) \leq k \implies j - n \leq k$   $\langle proof \rangle$

### 4.3 Inequalities for Suc and pred

**thm** *Nat.less-Suc-eq-le*

**corollary** *less-eq-le-pred*:  $0 < (n::nat) \implies (m < n) = (m \leq n - Suc\ 0)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *less-imp-le-pred*:  $m < n \implies m \leq n - Suc\ 0$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *le-pred-imp-less*:  $\llbracket 0 < n; m \leq n - Suc\ 0 \rrbracket \implies m < n$   $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *Nat.Suc-le-eq*

**corollary** *pred-less-eq-le*:  $0 < m \implies (m - \text{Suc } 0 < n) = (m \leq n)$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *pred-less-imp-le*:  $m - \text{Suc } 0 < n \implies m \leq n$  *<proof>*

**corollary** *le-imp-pred-less*:  $\llbracket 0 < m; m \leq n \rrbracket \implies m - \text{Suc } 0 < n$  *<proof>*

**thm** *Nat.diff-add-inverse*

**lemma** *diff-add-inverse-Suc*:  $n < m \implies n + (m - \text{Suc } n) = m - \text{Suc } 0$  *<proof>*

**thm** *Nat.Suc-mono*

**lemma** *pred-mono*:  $\llbracket m < n; 0 < m \rrbracket \implies m - \text{Suc } 0 < n - \text{Suc } 0$  *<proof>*

**corollary** *pred-Suc-mono*:  $\llbracket m < \text{Suc } n; 0 < m \rrbracket \implies m - \text{Suc } 0 < n$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *Suc-less-pred-conv*:  $(\text{Suc } m < n) = (m < n - \text{Suc } 0)$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *Suc-le-pred-conv*:  $0 < n \implies (\text{Suc } m \leq n) = (m \leq n - \text{Suc } 0)$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *Suc-le-imp-le-pred*:  $\text{Suc } m \leq n \implies m \leq n - \text{Suc } 0$  *<proof>*

#### 4.4 Additional facts about cancellation in (in-)equalities

**lemma** *diff-cancel-imp-eq*:  $\llbracket 0 < (n::\text{nat}); n + i - j = n \rrbracket \implies i = j$  *<proof>*

**thm**

*Nat.nat-add-left-cancel-less*

*Nat.nat-add-left-cancel-le*

*Nat.nat-add-right-cancel*

*Nat.nat-add-left-cancel*

*Nat.diff-diff-eq*

*Nat.eq-diff-iff*

*Nat.less-diff-iff*

*Nat.le-diff-iff*

**lemma** *nat-diff-left-cancel-less*:  $k - m < k - (n::\text{nat}) \implies n < m$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-right-cancel-less*:  $n - k < (m::\text{nat}) - k \implies n < m$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-left-cancel-le1*:  $\llbracket k - m \leq k - (n::\text{nat}); m < k \rrbracket \implies n \leq m$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-left-cancel-le2*:  $\llbracket k - m \leq k - (n::\text{nat}); n \leq k \rrbracket \implies n \leq m$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-right-cancel-le1*:  $\llbracket m - k \leq n - (k::\text{nat}); k < m \rrbracket \implies m \leq n$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-right-cancel-le2*:  $\llbracket m - k \leq n - (k::\text{nat}); k \leq n \rrbracket \implies m \leq n$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-left-cancel-eq1*:  $\llbracket k - m = k - (n::\text{nat}); m < k \rrbracket \implies m = n$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-left-cancel-eq2*:  $\llbracket k - m = k - (n::\text{nat}); n < k \rrbracket \implies m = n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-right-cancel-eq1*:  $\llbracket m - k = n - (k::nat); k < m \rrbracket \implies m = n$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-diff-right-cancel-eq2*:  $\llbracket m - k = n - (k::nat); k < n \rrbracket \implies m = n$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *eq-diff-iff*

**lemma** *eq-diff-left-iff*:  $\llbracket (m::nat) \leq k; n \leq k \rrbracket \implies (k - m = k - n) = (m = n)$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *Nat.nat-add-right-cancel Nat.nat-add-left-cancel*

**thm** *Nat.diff-le-mono*

**lemma** *eq-imp-diff-eq*:  $m = (n::nat) \implies m - k = n - k$  *<proof>*

List of definitions and lemmas

**thm**

*Nat.add-Suc-right*  
*add-1-Suc-conv*  
*sub-Suc0-sub-Suc-conv*

**thm**

*Nat.mult-cancel1*  
*Nat.mult-cancel2*  
*mult-cancel1-gr0*  
*mult-cancel2-gr0*

**thm**

*Nat.add-lessD1*  
*add-lessD2*

**thm**

*Nat.zero-less-diff*  
*ord-zero-less-diff*  
*ord-zero-le-diff*

**thm**

*Nat.le-add-diff*  
*add-diff-le*  
*less-add-diff*  
*add-diff-less*

**thm**

*Nat.le-diff-conv Nat.le-diff-conv2*  
*Nat.less-diff-conv*  
*diff-less-imp-less-add*  
*diff-less-conv*

**thm**

*le-diff-swap*  
*diff-less-imp-swap*  
*diff-less-swap*

**thm**

*less-diff-imp-less*  
*le-diff-imp-le*

**thm**

*less-diff-le-imp-less*  
*le-diff-le-imp-le*

**thm**

*Nat.less-imp-diff-less*  
*le-imp-diff-le*

**thm**

*Nat.less-Suc-eq-le*  
*less-eq-le-pred*  
*less-imp-le-pred*  
*le-pred-imp-less*

**thm**

*Nat.Suc-le-eq*  
*pred-less-eq-le*  
*pred-less-imp-le*  
*le-imp-pred-less*

**thm**

*diff-cancel-imp-eq*

**thm**

*diff-add-inverse-Suc*

**thm**

*Nat.nat-add-left-cancel-less*  
*Nat.nat-add-left-cancel-le*  
*Nat.nat-add-right-cancel*  
*Nat.nat-add-left-cancel*  
*Nat.eq-diff-iff*  
*Nat.less-diff-iff*  
*Nat.le-diff-iff*

**thm**

*nat-diff-left-cancel-less*  
*nat-diff-right-cancel-less*

**thm**

*nat-diff-left-cancel-le1*  
*nat-diff-left-cancel-le2*  
*nat-diff-right-cancel-le1*  
*nat-diff-right-cancel-le2*

**thm**

*nat-diff-left-cancel-eq1*  
*nat-diff-left-cancel-eq2*  
*nat-diff-right-cancel-eq1*  
*nat-diff-right-cancel-eq2*

**thm**

*Nat.eq-diff-iff*  
*eq-diff-left-iff*

**thm**

*Nat.nat-add-right-cancel Nat.nat-add-left-cancel*  
*Nat.diff-le-mono*  
*eq-imp-diff-eq*

**end**

## 5 Util-Div: Results for division and modulo operators on integers

**theory** *Util-Div*  
**imports** *Util-Nat Presburger Sledgehammer*  
**begin**

### 5.1 Additional (in-)equalities with *div* and *mod*

**thm** *Divides.mod-less-divisor*

**corollary** *Suc-mod-le-divisor:  $0 < m \implies \text{Suc } (n \bmod m) \leq m$*   
*<proof>*

**thm** *Divides.mod-less*

**thm** *Divides.mod-less-divisor*

**lemma** *mod-less-dividend:  $\llbracket 0 < m; m \leq n \rrbracket \implies n \bmod m < (n::\text{nat})$*

**thm** *mod-less-divisor[*of m n*]*

**thm** *less-le-trans[OF mod-less-divisor[*of m n*]]*  
*<proof>*

**thm** *Divides.mod-le-divisor*

**lemmas** *mod-le-dividend = mod-less-eq-dividend*

**lemma** *diff-mod-le:  $(t - r) \bmod m \leq (t::\text{nat})$*

**thm** *le-trans[OF mod-le-dividend, OF diff-le-self]*  
*<proof>*

**thm** *Divides.mult-div-cancel*

**lemmas** *div-mult-cancel* = *div-mod-equality'*

**lemma** *mod-0-div-mult-cancel*:  $(n \text{ mod } (m::\text{nat}) = 0) = (n \text{ div } m * m = n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Divides.mult-div-cancel*

**lemma** *div-mult-le*:  $(n::\text{nat}) \text{ div } m * m \leq n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *less-div-Suc-mult*:  $0 < (m::\text{nat}) \implies n < \text{Suc } (n \text{ div } m) * m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nat-ge2-conv*:  $((2::\text{nat}) \leq n) = (n \neq 0 \wedge n \neq 1)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *Suc0-mod*:  $m \neq \text{Suc } 0 \implies \text{Suc } 0 \text{ mod } m = \text{Suc } 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *Suc0-mod-subst*:

$\llbracket m \neq \text{Suc } 0; P (\text{Suc } 0) \rrbracket \implies P (\text{Suc } 0 \text{ mod } m)$

**thm** *subst[OF Suc0-mod[symmetric]]*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *Suc0-mod-cong*:

$m \neq \text{Suc } 0 \implies f (\text{Suc } 0 \text{ mod } m) = f (\text{Suc } 0)$

**thm** *arg-cong[OF Suc0-mod]*  
 ⟨proof⟩

## 5.2 Additional results for addition and subtraction with *mod*

**thm** *Divides.mod-Suc*

**lemma** *mod-Suc-conv*:

$((\text{Suc } a) \text{ mod } m = (\text{Suc } b) \text{ mod } m) = (a \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m)$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-Suc-conv*

**thm** *mod-Suc*

**lemma** *mod-Suc'*:

$0 < n \implies \text{Suc } m \text{ mod } n = (\text{if } m \text{ mod } n < n - \text{Suc } 0 \text{ then } \text{Suc } (m \text{ mod } n) \text{ else } 0)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-add*:

$((a + k) \text{ mod } m = (b + k) \text{ mod } m) =$

$((a::\text{nat}) \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m)$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-sub-add*:

$k \leq (a::\text{nat}) \implies$

$((a - k) \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m) = (a \text{ mod } m = (b + k) \text{ mod } m)$

**thm** *mod-add[where m=m and a=a-k and b=b and k=k, symmetric]*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*mod-Suc-conv*  
*mod-add*  
*mod-sub-add*

**lemma** *mod-sub-eq-mod-0-conv*:

$a + b \leq (n::nat) \implies$   
 $((n - a) \bmod m = b \bmod m) = ((n - (a + b)) \bmod m = 0)$

**thm** *mod-add[of n-(a+b) b m 0]**<proof>***lemma** *mod-sub-eq-mod-swap*:

$\llbracket a \leq (n::nat); b \leq n \rrbracket \implies$   
 $((n - a) \bmod m = b \bmod m) = ((n - b) \bmod m = a \bmod m)$

**thm** *mod-sub-add**<proof>***lemma** *le-mod-greater-imp-div-less*:

$\llbracket a \leq (b::nat); a \bmod m > b \bmod m \rrbracket \implies a \operatorname{div} m < b \operatorname{div} m$

*<proof>***thm** *mult-le-mono1[of b div m a div m m]**<proof>***thm** *add-less-le-mono[of b mod m a mod m b div m \* m a div m \* m]**<proof>***lemma** *less-mod-ge-imp-div-less*:  $\llbracket a < (b::nat); a \bmod m \geq b \bmod m \rrbracket \implies a \operatorname{div} m < b \operatorname{div} m$ *<proof>***thm** *mult-less-cancel2[THEN iffD1, THEN conjunct2]**<proof>***corollary** *less-mod-0-imp-div-less*:  $\llbracket a < (b::nat); b \bmod m = 0 \rrbracket \implies a \operatorname{div} m < b \operatorname{div} m$ *<proof>***lemma** *mod-diff-right-eq*:

$(a::nat) \leq b \implies (b - a) \bmod m = (b - a \bmod m) \bmod m$

*<proof>***thm** *diff-diff-left[symmetric]**<proof>***corollary** *mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-eq*:

$\llbracket x \bmod m = y \bmod m; x \leq (t::nat); y \leq t \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(t - x) \bmod m = (t - y) \bmod m$

**thm** *mod-diff-right-eq**<proof>***lemma** *mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-eq2*:

$\llbracket x \bmod m = y \bmod m; (t::nat) \leq x; t \leq y \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(x - t) \bmod m = (y - t) \bmod m$

*<proof>*

**thm** *mod-mult-self2*[of  $x - t m t$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**  
*mod-diff-right-eq*  
*mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-eq*  
*mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-eq2*

**lemma** *divisor-add-diff-mod-if*:  
 ( $m + b \text{ mod } m - a \text{ mod } m$ ) mod ( $m::\text{nat}$ ) = (  
 if  $a \text{ mod } m \leq b \text{ mod } m$   
 then  $(b \text{ mod } m - a \text{ mod } m)$   
 else  $(m + b \text{ mod } m - a \text{ mod } m)$ )  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *less-imp-diff-less*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *divisor-add-diff-mod-eq1*:  
 $a \text{ mod } m \leq b \text{ mod } m \implies$   
 $(m + b \text{ mod } m - a \text{ mod } m) \text{ mod } (m::\text{nat}) = b \text{ mod } m - a \text{ mod } m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *divisor-add-diff-mod-eq2*:  
 $b \text{ mod } m < a \text{ mod } m \implies$   
 $(m + b \text{ mod } m - a \text{ mod } m) \text{ mod } (m::\text{nat}) = m + b \text{ mod } m - a \text{ mod } m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-add-mod-if*:  
 ( $a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m$ ) mod ( $m::\text{nat}$ ) = (  
 if  $a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m < m$   
 then  $a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m$   
 else  $a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m - m$ )  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *diff-less-conv*[THEN *iffD2*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-add-mod-eq1*:  
 $a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m < m \implies$   
 $(a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m) \text{ mod } (m::\text{nat}) = a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-add-mod-eq2*:  
 $m \leq a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m \implies$   
 $(a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m) \text{ mod } (m::\text{nat}) = a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m - m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Divides.mod-add-eq*

**lemma** *mod-add1-eq-if*:  
 ( $a + b$ ) mod ( $m::\text{nat}$ ) = (  
 if  $(a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m < m)$  then  $a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m$   
 else  $a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m - m$ )  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-add-eq-mod-conv*:  $0 < (m::nat) \implies$   
 $((x + a) \bmod m = b \bmod m) =$   
 $(x \bmod m = (m + b \bmod m - a \bmod m) \bmod m)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**thm** *mod-add-mod-if*[*of x m a*]  
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**thm** *mod-add-left-eq*[*symmetric*]  
**thm** *le-add-diff-inverse2*[*OF trans-le-add1*[*OF mod-le-divisor*], *of m*]  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *mod-diff1-eq*:  
 $(a::nat) \leq b \implies (b - a) \bmod m = (m + b \bmod m - a \bmod m) \bmod m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**thm** *diff-add-assoc2*[*of a mod m b m, symmetric* ]  
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**thm** *mod-div-equality*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**thm** *diff-add-assoc*[*of a mod m b mod m + m*]  
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**thm** *diff-add-assoc*[*OF mod-le-divisor, OF m-as*]  
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**thm** *divisor-add-diff-mod-if*  
**corollary** *mod-diff1-eq-if*:  
 $(a::nat) \leq b \implies (b - a) \bmod m =$   
 $\text{if } a \bmod m \leq b \bmod m \text{ then } b \bmod m - a \bmod m$   
 $\text{else } m + b \bmod m - a \bmod m)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**corollary** *mod-diff1-eq1*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; a \bmod m \leq b \bmod m \rrbracket$   
 $\implies (b - a) \bmod m = b \bmod m - a \bmod m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$   
**corollary** *mod-diff1-eq2*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; b \bmod m < a \bmod m \rrbracket$   
 $\implies (b - a) \bmod m = m + b \bmod m - a \bmod m$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### 5.2.1 Divisor subtraction with *div* and *mod*

**thm**  
*Divides.mod-add-self1*  
*Divides.mod-add-self2*  
*Divides.mod-mult-self1*  
*Divides.mod-mult-self2*  
**thm** *mod-diff1-eq2*  
**lemma** *mod-diff-self1*:  
 $0 < (n::nat) \implies (m - n) \bmod m = m - n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mod-diff-self2*:

$$m \leq (n::nat) \implies (n - m) \bmod m = n \bmod m$$

**thm** *mod-diff-right-eq*[of *m n m*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mod-diff-mult-self1*:

$$k * m \leq (n::nat) \implies (n - k * m) \bmod m = n \bmod m$$

**thm** *mod-diff-right-eq*[of *m n m*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mod-diff-mult-self2*:

$$m * k \leq (n::nat) \implies (n - m * k) \bmod m = n \bmod m$$

*<proof>*

**thm**

*Divides.div-add-self1*

*Divides.div-add-self2*

*Divides.div-mult-self1*

*Divides.div-mult-self2*

**thm** *div-0*

**lemma** *div-diff-self1*:  $0 < (n::nat) \implies (m - n) \text{ div } m = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *div-diff-self2*:  $(n - m) \text{ div } m = n \text{ div } m - \text{Suc } 0$

*<proof>*

**thm** *div-if*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *div-diff-mult-self1*:

$$(n - k * m) \text{ div } m = n \text{ div } m - (k::nat)$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *div-le-mono*[OF *less-imp-le*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *iffD1*[OF *mult-cancel1-gr0*[**where** *k=m*]]

*<proof>*

**thm** *diff-mult-distrib2*

*<proof>*

**thm** *mult-div-cancel*[of *m n - k \* m*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *mod-diff-mult-self1*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *div-diff-mult-self2*:

$$(n - m * k) \text{ div } m = n \text{ div } m - (k::nat)$$

*<proof>*

## 5.2.2 Modulo equality and modulo of difference

**lemma** *mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*:

$$(a::nat) \bmod m = b \bmod m \implies (b - a) \bmod m = 0$$

(is  $?P \implies ?Q$ )

*<proof>*

**thm** *mod-div-equality*  
 ⟨proof⟩  
**corollary** *mod-eq-imp-diff-dvd*:  
 $(a::nat) \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m \implies m \text{ dvd } b - a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-diff1-eq*  
**lemma** *mod-neq-imp-diff-mod-neq0*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \text{ mod } m \neq b \text{ mod } m; a \leq b \rrbracket \implies 0 < (b - a) \text{ mod } m$   
 ⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *mod-diff1-eq1*  
 ⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *mod-diff1-eq2*[*OF less-imp-le*]  
**thm** *trans-less-add1*[*OF mod-less-divisor*]  
 ⟨proof⟩  
**corollary** *mod-neq-imp-diff-not-dvd*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \text{ mod } m \neq b \text{ mod } m; a \leq b \rrbracket \implies \neg m \text{ dvd } b - a$   
**thm** *dvd-eq-mod-eq-0*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *diff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*:  
 $\llbracket (b - a) \text{ mod } m = 0; a \leq b \rrbracket \implies (a::nat) \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m$   
 ⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *mod-neq-imp-diff-mod-neq0*  
 ⟨proof⟩  
**corollary** *diff-dvd-imp-mod-eq*:  
 $\llbracket m \text{ dvd } b - a; a \leq b \rrbracket \implies (a::nat) \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m$   
**thm** *dvd-eq-mod-eq-0*[*THEN iffD1, THEN diff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**  
*mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*  
*diff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*  
**lemma** *mod-eq-diff-mod-0-conv*:  
 $a \leq (b::nat) \implies (a \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m) = ((b - a) \text{ mod } m = 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩  
**corollary** *mod-eq-diff-dvd-conv*:  
 $a \leq (b::nat) \implies (a \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m) = (m \text{ dvd } b - a)$   
**thm** *dvd-eq-mod-eq-0*[*symmetric, THEN subst*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

### 5.3 Some additional lemmata about integer *div* and *mod*

**lemma** *zmod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*:  
 $(a::int) \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m \implies (b - a) \text{ mod } m = 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *mod-add-eq*[*of b - a m*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *zmod-zminus1-eq-if*

*<proof>*

**thm**

*zmod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*[of *a::int m b*]

*mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*[of *a::nat m b*]

**thm** *Divides.nat-mod-distrib*

**lemma**  $\llbracket 0 \leq (n::int); 0 \leq m \rrbracket \implies \text{nat } (n \text{ mod } m) = \text{nat } n \text{ mod } \text{nat } m$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *int-mod-distrib = zmod-int*

**lemma** *zdiff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq-pos:*

$\llbracket (b - a) \text{ mod } m = 0; 0 < (m::int) \rrbracket \implies a \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m$

(**is**  $\llbracket ?P; ?Pm \rrbracket \implies ?Q$ )

*<proof>*

**thm** *divmod-int-rel-div-mod*[of *m a*]

**thm** *Divides.divmod-int-rel-def*

*<proof>*

**thm** *notI*[of *r1 ≠ r2, simplified*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *pos-mod-conj*

*<proof>*

**thm** *minus-less-iff*[of *m*]

**thm** *diff-le-s*

*<proof>*

**thm** *mod-pos-pos-trivial*[of *r2-r1 m*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *zmod-zminus2-eq-if*[of *r2-r1 m, simplified*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *mod-neg-neg-trivial*[of *r2-r1 -m*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *zmod-zminus-eq-conv-pos:*

$0 < (m::int) \implies (a \text{ mod } -m = b \text{ mod } -m) = (a \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *zmod-zminus1-eq-if*[of *-m*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *pos-mod-bound*[of *m*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *zmod-zminus-eq-conv:*

$((a::int) \text{ mod } -m = b \text{ mod } -m) = (a \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *zmod-zminus-eq-conv-pos*[of *-m, symmetric*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *zdiff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*:

$$(b - a) \bmod m = 0 \implies (a::\text{int}) \bmod m = b \bmod m$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *zdiff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*

**thm**

*zmod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*

*zdiff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*

**lemma** *zmod-eq-diff-mod-0-conv*:

$$((a::\text{int}) \bmod m = b \bmod m) = ((b - a) \bmod m = 0)$$

*<proof>*

**lemma**  $\neg(\exists (a::\text{int}) b m. (b - a) \bmod m = 0 \wedge a \bmod m \neq b \bmod m)$

*<proof>*

**lemma**  $\exists (a::\text{nat}) b m. (b - a) \bmod m = 0 \wedge a \bmod m \neq b \bmod m$

*<proof>*

**thm**

*zdiff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq[of b::int a m]*

*diff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq[of b::nat a m]*

**lemma** *zmult-div-leq-mono*:

$$\llbracket (0::\text{int}) \leq x; a \leq b; 0 < d \rrbracket \implies x * a \text{ div } d \leq x * b \text{ div } d$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *zmult-div-leq-mono-neg*:

$$\llbracket x \leq (0::\text{int}); a \leq b; 0 < d \rrbracket \implies x * b \text{ div } d \leq x * a \text{ div } d$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *zmult-div-pos-le*:

$$\llbracket (0::\text{int}) \leq a; 0 \leq b; b \leq c \rrbracket \implies a * b \text{ div } c \leq a$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *zdiv-mono1*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *zmult-div-neg-le*:

$$\llbracket a \leq (0::\text{int}); 0 < c; c \leq b \rrbracket \implies a * b \text{ div } c \leq a$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *zdiv-mono1*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *zmult-div-ge-0*: $\llbracket (0::\text{int}) \leq x; 0 \leq a; 0 < c \rrbracket \implies 0 \leq a * x \text{ div } c$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *zmult-div-plus-ge-0*:

$\llbracket (0::int) \leq x; 0 \leq a; 0 \leq b; 0 < c \rrbracket \implies 0 \leq a * x \text{ div } c + b$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *zmult-div-abs-ge*:

$\llbracket (0::int) \leq b; b \leq b'; 0 \leq a; 0 < c \rrbracket \implies$   
 $|a * b \text{ div } c| \leq |a * b' \text{ div } c|$

**thm** *zmult-div-ge-0[of b a c]*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *zmult-div-plus-abs-ge*:

$\llbracket (0::int) \leq b; b \leq b'; 0 \leq a; 0 < c \rrbracket \implies$   
 $|a * b \text{ div } c + a| \leq |a * b' \text{ div } c + a|$

**thm** *zmult-div-plus-ge-0*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *zmult-div-plus-abs-ge*

## 5.4 Some further (in-)equality results for *div* and *mod*

**lemma** *less-mod-eq-imp-add-divisor-le*:

$\llbracket (x::nat) < y; x \text{ mod } m = y \text{ mod } m \rrbracket \implies x + m \leq y$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *contrapos-pp[of x mod m = y mod m]*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *y-x-greater-0 y-x-less-m*

**thm** *mod-less[of y - x m]*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *less-div-imp-mult-add-divisor-le*:

$(x::nat) < n \text{ div } m \implies x * m + m \leq n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *le-diff-conv2[of m]*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *le-diff-imp-le[of m \* x + m]*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-add-eq-imp-mod-0*:

$((n + k) \text{ mod } (m::nat) = n \text{ mod } m) = (k \text{ mod } m = 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *between-imp-mod-between*:

$\llbracket b < (m::nat); m * k + a \leq n; n \leq m * k + b \rrbracket \implies$   
 $a \leq n \text{ mod } m \wedge n \text{ mod } m \leq b$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *between-imp-mod-le*:

$$\llbracket b < (m::nat); m * k \leq n; n \leq m * k + b \rrbracket \implies n \text{ mod } m \leq b$$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *between-imp-mod-gr0*:

$$\llbracket (m::nat) * k < n; n < m * k + m \rrbracket \implies 0 < n \text{ mod } m$$

⟨proof⟩

Some variations of *split-div-lemma*

**corollary** *le-less-div-conv*:

$$0 < m \implies (k * m \leq n \wedge n < \text{Suc } k * m) = (n \text{ div } m = k)$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *le-less-imp-div*:

$$\llbracket k * m \leq n; n < \text{Suc } k * m \rrbracket \implies n \text{ div } m = k$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *div-imp-le-less*:

$$\llbracket n \text{ div } m = k; 0 < m \rrbracket \implies k * m \leq n \wedge n < \text{Suc } k * m$$

**thm** *le-less-div-conv*[*THEN iffD2*]

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *div-le-mod-le-imp-le*:

$$\llbracket (a::nat) \text{ div } m \leq b \text{ div } m; a \text{ mod } m \leq b \text{ mod } m \rrbracket \implies a \leq b$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *le-mod-add-eq-imp-add-mod-le*:

$$\llbracket a \leq b; (a + k) \text{ mod } m = (b::nat) \text{ mod } m \rrbracket \implies a + k \text{ mod } m \leq b$$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mult-divisor-le-mod-ge-imp-ge*:

$$\llbracket (m::nat) * k \leq n; r \leq n \text{ mod } m \rrbracket \implies m * k + r \leq n$$

⟨proof⟩

## 5.5 Additional multiplication results for *mod* and *div*

**lemma** *mod-0-imp-mod-mult-right-0*:

$$n \text{ mod } m = (0::nat) \implies n * k \text{ mod } m = 0$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-0-imp-mod-mult-left-0*:

$$n \text{ mod } m = (0::nat) \implies k * n \text{ mod } m = 0$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-0-imp-div-mult-left-eq*:

$$n \text{ mod } m = (0::nat) \implies k * n \text{ div } m = k * (n \text{ div } m)$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-0-imp-div-mult-right-eq*:

$n \text{ mod } m = (0::\text{nat}) \implies n * k \text{ div } m = k * (n \text{ div } m)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Rings.dvd-mult-left*

**lemma** *mod-0-imp-mod-factor-0-left*:

$n \text{ mod } (m * m') = (0::\text{nat}) \implies n \text{ mod } m = 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-0-imp-mod-factor-0-right*:

$n \text{ mod } (m * m') = (0::\text{nat}) \implies n \text{ mod } m' = 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

## 5.6 Some factor distribution facts for *mod*

**lemma** *mod-eq-mult-distrib*:

$(a::\text{nat}) \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m \implies$   
 $a * k \text{ mod } (m * k) = b * k \text{ mod } (m * k)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-mult-eq-imp-mod-eq*:

$(a::\text{nat}) \text{ mod } (m * k) = b \text{ mod } (m * k) \implies a \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m$

**thm** *mod-mult2-eq[of a m k]*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *arg-cong[where f=λx. x mod m]*

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-eq-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*:

$\llbracket (a::\text{nat}) \text{ mod } m' = b \text{ mod } m'; m' \text{ mod } m = 0 \rrbracket$   
 $\implies a \text{ mod } m = b \text{ mod } m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-factor-imp-mod-0*:

$\llbracket (x::\text{nat}) \text{ mod } (m * k) = y * k \text{ mod } (m * k) \rrbracket \implies x \text{ mod } k = 0$   
 (is  $\llbracket ?P1 \rrbracket \implies ?Q$ )  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-mult-distrib[where m=y and n=m and k=k]*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-add-eq*

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-factor-div*:

$\llbracket (x::\text{nat}) \text{ mod } (m * k) = y * k \text{ mod } (m * k) \rrbracket \implies x \text{ div } k * k = x$

**thm** *mod-factor-imp-mod-0[THEN mod-0-div-mult-cancel[THEN iffD1]]*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-factor-div-mod*:

$\llbracket (x::\text{nat}) \text{ mod } (m * k) = y * k \text{ mod } (m * k); 0 < k \rrbracket$   
 $\implies x \text{ div } k \text{ mod } m = y \text{ mod } m$   
 (is  $\llbracket ?P1; ?P2 \rrbracket \implies ?L = ?R$ )

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-mult2-eq[where a=x and b=k and c=m]*

*<proof>*  
**thm** *mod-mult-distrib*  
*<proof>*

**thm**  
*Divides.mod-mult-distrib*  
*Divides.mod-mult-distrib2*

**thm**  
*mod-eq-mult-distrib*

**thm**  
*mod-factor-imp-mod-0*  
*mod-factor-div*  
*mod-factor-div-mod*

## 5.7 More results about quotient *div* with addition and subtraction

**thm** *Divides.div-add1-eq*

**thm** *mod-add1-eq-if*

**lemma** *div-add1-eq-if*:  $0 < m \implies$   
 $(a + b) \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) = a \text{ div } m + b \text{ div } m +$   
 $(\text{if } a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m < m \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \text{Suc } 0)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *arg-cong*[of  $(a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m) \text{ div } m$ ]

*<proof>*

**thm** *le-less-imp-div*[of  $\text{Suc } 0 \ m \ a \ \text{mod } m + b \ \text{mod } m$ ]

*<proof>*

**corollary** *div-add1-eq1*:

$a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m < (m::\text{nat}) \implies$   
 $(a + b) \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) = a \text{ div } m + b \text{ div } m$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *div-add1-eq1-mod-0-left*:

$a \text{ mod } m = 0 \implies (a + b) \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) = a \text{ div } m + b \text{ div } m$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *div-add1-eq1-mod-0-right*:

$b \text{ mod } m = 0 \implies (a + b) \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) = a \text{ div } m + b \text{ div } m$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *div-add1-eq2*:

$\llbracket 0 < m; (m::\text{nat}) \leq a \text{ mod } m + b \text{ mod } m \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(a + b) \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) = \text{Suc } (a \text{ div } m + b \text{ div } m)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *div-Suc*:

$0 < n \implies \text{Suc } m \text{ div } n = (\text{if } \text{Suc } (m \text{ mod } n) = n \text{ then } \text{Suc } (m \text{ div } n) \text{ else } m \text{ div } n)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *le-neq-trans*[OF *mod-less-divisor*[THEN *Suc-leI*]]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *div-Suc'*:

$0 < n \implies \text{Suc } m \text{ div } n = (\text{if } m \bmod n < n - \text{Suc } 0 \text{ then } m \text{ div } n \text{ else } \text{Suc } (m \text{ div } n))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *div-diff1-eq-if*:

$(b - a) \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) =$   
 $b \text{ div } m - a \text{ div } m - (\text{if } a \bmod m \leq b \bmod m \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \text{Suc } 0)$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-div-equality*[of  $b \ m$ ]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mult-le-mono1*[OF *div-le*]

**thm** *diff-add-assoc2*[OF *mult-le-mono1*[OF *div-le*]]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *b-a-s1*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *div-add1-eq*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *div-mult-self1*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *less-imp-neq*[OF *m-as*, THEN *not-sym*]

**thm** *div-mult-self1*[OF *less-imp-neq*[OF *m-as*, THEN *not-sym*]]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *le-mod-greater-imp-div-less*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *a-div-less*

**thm** *a-div-less*[THEN *zero-less-diff*[THEN *iffD2*]]

**thm** *a-div-less*[THEN *zero-less-diff*[THEN *iffD2*],

THEN *Suc-le-eq*[THEN *iffD2*]]

**thm** *diff-add-assoc2*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *diff-add-assoc*[of  $a \bmod m \ m + b \bmod m$ ]

**thm** *trans-le-add1*[of  $a \bmod m \ m$ , OF *mod-le-divisor*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *div-mult-self1*

**thm** *div-mult-self1*[OF *less-imp-neq*[OF *m-as*, THEN *not-sym*]]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *add-diff-less*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *div-diff1-eq-if*

**corollary** *div-diff1-eq*:

$(b - a) \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) =$

$b \text{ div } m - a \text{ div } m - (m + a \bmod m - \text{Suc } (b \bmod m)) \text{ div } m$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *div-diff1-eq-if*

**thm** *subst*[of

$\text{if } a \bmod m \leq b \bmod m \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } \text{Suc } 0$

$(m + a \bmod m - \text{Suc}(b \bmod m)) \text{ div } m]$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Suc-le-eq*[of  $b \bmod m$ , THEN *iffD2*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**corollary** *div-diff1-eq1*:  
 $a \bmod m \leq b \bmod m \implies$   
 $(b - a) \operatorname{div} (m::\operatorname{nat}) = b \operatorname{div} m - a \operatorname{div} m$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**corollary** *div-diff1-eq1-mod-0*:  
 $a \bmod m = 0 \implies$   
 $(b - a) \operatorname{div} (m::\operatorname{nat}) = b \operatorname{div} m - a \operatorname{div} m$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**corollary** *div-diff1-eq2*:  
 $b \bmod m < a \bmod m \implies$   
 $(b - a) \operatorname{div} (m::\operatorname{nat}) = b \operatorname{div} m - \operatorname{Suc} (a \operatorname{div} m)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

## 5.8 Further results about *div* and *mod*

### 5.8.1 Some auxiliary facts about *mod*

**lemma** *diff-less-divisor-imp-sub-mod-eq*:  
 $\llbracket (x::\operatorname{nat}) \leq y; y - x < m \rrbracket \implies x = y - (y - x) \bmod m$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *diff-ge-divisor-imp-sub-mod-less*:  
 $\llbracket (x::\operatorname{nat}) \leq y; m \leq y - x; 0 < m \rrbracket \implies x < y - (y - x) \bmod m$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm**  
*diff-less-divisor-imp-sub-mod-eq*  
*diff-ge-divisor-imp-sub-mod-less*

**lemma** *le-imp-sub-mod-le*:  
 $(x::\operatorname{nat}) \leq y \implies x \leq y - (y - x) \bmod m$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm**  
*diff-less-divisor-imp-sub-mod-eq*  
*diff-ge-divisor-imp-sub-mod-less*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *diff-ge-divisor-imp-sub-mod-less*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *mod-diff1-eq*

**lemma** *mod-less-diff-mod*:  
 $\llbracket n \bmod m < r; r \leq m; r \leq (n::\operatorname{nat}) \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(n - r) \bmod m = m + n \bmod m - r$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *mod-diff-self2*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *mod-0-imp-mod-pred*:

$\llbracket 0 < (n::\text{nat}); n \bmod m = 0 \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(n - \text{Suc } 0) \bmod m = m - \text{Suc } 0$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *mod-less-diff-mod*[of  $n$   $m$   $\text{Suc } 0$ ]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *mod-diff1-eq*[of  $\text{Suc } 0$   $n$   $m$ ]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *mod-pred*:

$0 < n \implies$

$(n - \text{Suc } 0) \bmod m = ($   
 $\text{if } n \bmod m = 0 \text{ then } m - \text{Suc } 0 \text{ else } n \bmod m - \text{Suc } 0)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *subst[OF Suc0-mod[symmetric], where  $P = \lambda x. x \leq n \bmod m$ ]*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *mod-diff1-eq1*[of  $\text{Suc } 0$   $n$   $m$ ]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *Suc0-mod*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *mod-pred-Suc-mod*:

$0 < n \implies \text{Suc } ((n - \text{Suc } 0) \bmod m) \bmod m = n \bmod m$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *diff-mod-pred*:

$a < b \implies$

$(b - \text{Suc } a) \bmod m = ($   
 $\text{if } a \bmod m = b \bmod m \text{ then } m - \text{Suc } 0 \text{ else } (b - a) \bmod m - \text{Suc } 0)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**corollary** *diff-mod-pred-Suc-mod*:

$a < b \implies \text{Suc } ((b - \text{Suc } a) \bmod m) \bmod m = (b - a) \bmod m$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-eq-divisor*:

$\llbracket a < b; 0 < m; a \bmod m = b \bmod m \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{Suc } ((b - \text{Suc } a) \bmod m) = m$

**thm** *mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *iffD2[OF zero-less-diff]*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *mod-0-imp-mod-pred*[of  $b - a$   $m$ ]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *sub-diff-mod-eq*:

$r \leq t \implies (t - (t - r) \bmod m) \bmod (m::\text{nat}) = r \bmod m$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *diff-mod-le*

**lemma** *sub-diff-mod-eq'*:

$r \leq t \implies (k * m + t - (t - r) \bmod m) \bmod (m::\text{nat}) = r \bmod m$

**thm** *diff-mod-le*[of  $t\ r\ m$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-eq-Suc-0-conv*:  $Suc\ 0 < k \implies ((x + k - Suc\ 0) \bmod k = 0) = (x \bmod k = Suc\ 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-eq-divisor-minus-Suc-0-conv*:  $Suc\ 0 < k \implies (x \bmod k = k - Suc\ 0) = (Suc\ x \bmod k = 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 5.8.2 Some auxiliary facts about *div*

**lemma** *sub-mod-div-eq-div*:  $((n::nat) - n \bmod m) \mathit{div}\ m = n \mathit{div}\ m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mult-div-cancel*[of  $m\ n$ , *symmetric*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *split-div-lemma*

**lemma** *mod-less-imp-diff-div-conv*:

$\llbracket n \bmod m < r; r \leq m + n \bmod m \rrbracket \implies (n - r) \mathit{div}\ m = n \mathit{div}\ m - Suc\ 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *split-div-lemma*[of  $m\ n\ \mathit{div}\ m - Suc\ 0\ n-r$ ]

**thm** *iffD1*[OF *split-div-lemma*[of  $m\ n\ \mathit{div}\ m - Suc\ 0\ n-r$ ], *symmetric*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-0-le-imp-diff-div-conv*:

$\llbracket n \bmod m = 0; 0 < r; r \leq m \rrbracket \implies (n - r) \mathit{div}\ m = n \mathit{div}\ m - Suc\ 0$

**thm** *mod-less-imp-diff-div-conv*[of  $n\ m\ r$ ]

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-0-less-imp-diff-Suc-div-conv*:

$\llbracket n \bmod m = 0; r < m \rrbracket \implies (n - Suc\ r) \mathit{div}\ m = n \mathit{div}\ m - Suc\ 0$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-0-imp-diff-Suc-div-conv*:

$(n - r) \bmod m = 0 \implies (n - Suc\ r) \mathit{div}\ m = (n - r) \mathit{div}\ m - Suc\ 0$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *mod-0-imp-sub-1-div-conv*:

$n \bmod m = 0 \implies (n - Suc\ 0) \mathit{div}\ m = n \mathit{div}\ m - Suc\ 0$

**thm** *mod-0-less-imp-diff-Suc-div-conv*[**where**  $r=0$ ]

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *sub-Suc-mod-div-conv*:

$(n - Suc\ (n \bmod m)) \mathit{div}\ m = n \mathit{div}\ m - Suc\ 0$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Divides.div-le-mono*

**lemma** *div-le-conv*:  $0 < m \implies n \text{ div } m \leq k = (n \leq \text{Suc } k * m - \text{Suc } 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *diff-add-assoc*[OF *Suc-leI*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *add-le-mono*[OF *le-refl*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-0-imp-sub-1-div-conv*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *le-div-conv*:  $0 < (m::\text{nat}) \implies (n \leq k \text{ div } m) = (n * m \leq k)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *less-mult-imp-div-less*:  $n < k * m \implies n \text{ div } m < (k::\text{nat})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mod-0-imp-sub-1-div-conv*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *div-less-imp-less-mult*:  $\llbracket 0 < (m::\text{nat}); n \text{ div } m < k \rrbracket \implies n < k * m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *div-less-conv*:  $0 < (m::\text{nat}) \implies (n \text{ div } m < k) = (n < k * m)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *div-eq-0-conv*:  $(n \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) = 0) = (m = 0 \vee n < m)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *div-eq-0-conv'*:  $0 < m \implies (n \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) = 0) = (n < m)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *div-gr-imp-gr-divisor*:  $x < n \text{ div } (m::\text{nat}) \implies m \leq n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mod-0-less-div-conv*:  
 $n \text{ mod } (m::\text{nat}) = 0 \implies (k * m < n) = (k < n \text{ div } m)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *add-le-divisor-imp-le-Suc-div*:  
 $\llbracket x \text{ div } m \leq n; y \leq m \rrbracket \implies (x + y) \text{ div } m \leq \text{Suc } n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

List of definitions and lemmas

**thm**  
*Divides.mod-less*  
*Divides.mod-less-divisor*  
*Divides.mod-le-divisor*  
*mod-less-dividend*  
*mod-le-dividend*

**thm**  
*Divides.mult-div-cancel*  
*mod-0-div-mult-cancel*

*div-mult-le*  
*less-div-Suc-mult*

**thm**

*Suc0-mod*  
*Suc0-mod-subst*  
*Suc0-mod-cong*

**thm**

*Divides.mod-Suc*

**thm**

*mod-Suc-conv*

**thm**

*mod-add*  
*mod-sub-add*

**thm**

*mod-sub-eq-mod-0-conv*  
*mod-sub-eq-mod-swap*

**thm**

*le-mod-greater-imp-div-less*

**thm**

*mod-diff-right-eq*  
*mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-eq*

**thm**

*divisor-add-diff-mod-if*  
*divisor-add-diff-mod-eq1*  
*divisor-add-diff-mod-eq2*

**thm**

*mod-add-eq*  
*mod-add1-eq-if*

**thm**

*mod-diff1-eq-if*  
*mod-diff1-eq*  
*mod-diff1-eq1*  
*mod-diff1-eq2*

**thm**

*Divides.nat-mod-distrib*  
*int-mod-distrib*

**thm**

*zmod-zminus-eq-conv*

**thm**

*mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*

*zmod-eq-imp-diff-mod-0*

**thm**

*mod-neq-imp-diff-mod-neq0*

*diff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*

*zdiff-mod-0-imp-mod-eq*

**thm**

*zmod-eq-diff-mod-0-conv*

*mod-eq-diff-mod-0-conv*

**thm**

*less-mod-eq-imp-add-divisor-le*

**thm**

*mod-add-eq-imp-mod-0*

**thm**

*mod-eq-mult-distrib*

*mod-factor-imp-mod-0*

*mod-factor-div*

*mod-factor-div-mod*

**thm**

*Divides.mod-add-self1*

*Divides.mod-add-self2*

*Divides.mod-mult-self1*

*Divides.mod-mult-self2*

*mod-diff-self1*

*mod-diff-self2*

*mod-diff-mult-self1*

*mod-diff-mult-self2*

**thm**

*Divides.div-add-self1*

*Divides.div-add-self2*

*Divides.div-mult-self1*

*Divides.div-mult-self2*

*div-diff-self1*

*div-diff-self2*

*div-diff-mult-self1*

*div-diff-mult-self2*

**thm**

*le-less-imp-div*

*div-imp-le-less*

**thm**

*le-less-div-conv*

**thm**

*diff-less-divisor-imp-sub-mod-eq*  
*diff-ge-divisor-imp-sub-mod-less*  
*le-imp-sub-mod-le*

**thm**

*sub-mod-div-eq-div*

**thm**

*mod-less-imp-diff-div-conv*  
*mod-0-le-imp-diff-div-conv*  
*mod-0-less-imp-diff-Suc-div-conv*  
*mod-0-imp-sub-1-div-conv*

**thm**

*sub-Suc-mod-div-conv*

**thm**

*mod-less-diff-mod*  
*mod-0-imp-mod-pred*

**thm**

*mod-pred*  
*mod-pred-Suc-mod*

**thm**

*mod-eq-imp-diff-mod-eq-divisor*

**thm**

*diff-mod-le*  
*sub-diff-mod-eq*  
*sub-diff-mod-eq'*

**thm**

*Divides.div-add1-eq*  
*div-add1-eq-if*  
*div-add1-eq1*  
*div-add1-eq2*

**thm**

*div-diff1-eq-if*  
*div-diff1-eq*  
*div-diff1-eq1*  
*div-diff1-eq2*

**thm**

*div-le-conv*

end

## 6 SetInterval2: Sets of natural numbers

**theory** *SetInterval2*

**imports**

*\$ISABELLE-HOME/src/HOL/Library/Infinite-Set*

*Util-Set*

*../CommonArith/Util-MinMax*

*../CommonArith/Util-NatInf*

*../CommonArith/Util-Div*

**begin**

### 6.1 Auxiliary results for monotonic, injective and surjective functions over sets

#### 6.1.1 Monotonicity

**thm** *Orderings.strict-mono-def*

**thm** *mono-def*

**definition** *mono-on* :: ('a::order  $\Rightarrow$  'b::order)  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool **where**

*mono-on* f A  $\equiv \forall a \in A. \forall b \in A. a \leq b \longrightarrow f a \leq f b$

**definition** *strict-mono-on* :: ('a::order  $\Rightarrow$  'b::order)  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool **where**

*strict-mono-on* f A  $\equiv \forall a \in A. \forall b \in A. a < b \longrightarrow f a < f b$

**lemma** *mono-on-subset*:  $\llbracket \text{mono-on } f A ; B \subseteq A \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{mono-on } f B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *strict-mono-on-subset*:  $\llbracket \text{strict-mono-on } f A ; B \subseteq A \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \text{strict-mono-on } f B$

*<proof>*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mono-on-UNIV-mono-conv*:  $\text{mono-on } f \text{ UNIV} = \text{mono } f$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *strict-mono-on-UNIV-strict-mono-conv*:

$\text{strict-mono-on } f \text{ UNIV} = \text{strict-mono } f$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mono-imp-mono-on*:  $\text{mono } f \Longrightarrow \text{mono-on } f A$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *strict-mono-imp-strict-mono-on*:  $\text{strict-mono } f \Longrightarrow \text{strict-mono-on } f A$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *strict-mono-on-imp-mono-on*:  $\text{strict-mono-on } f A \Longrightarrow \text{mono-on } f A$

*<proof>*

### 6.1.2 Injectivity

**lemma** *inj-imp-inj-on*:  $\text{inj } f \implies \text{inj-on } f A$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *strict-mono-on-imp-inj-on*:  
 $\text{strict-mono-on } f (A::'a::\text{linorder set}) \implies \text{inj-on } f A$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *strict-mono-imp-inj*:  $\text{strict-mono } (f::('a::\text{linorder} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{order})) \implies \text{inj } f$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *strict-mono-on-mono-on-conv*:  
 $\text{strict-mono-on } f (A::'a::\text{linorder set}) = (\text{mono-on } f A \wedge \text{inj-on } f A)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *strict-mono-mono-conv*:  
 $\text{strict-mono } (f::('a::\text{linorder} \Rightarrow 'b::\text{order})) = (\text{mono } f \wedge \text{inj } f)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inj-image-mem-iff*

**lemma** *inj-on-image-mem-iff*:  
 $\llbracket \text{inj-on } f A; B \subseteq A; a \in A \rrbracket \implies (f a \in f ' B) = (a \in B)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Set.image-Un*

**thm** *Fun.inj-on-def*

**thm** *image-Int*

**thm** *inj-on-image-Int*

**corollary** *inj-on-union-image-Int*:

$\text{inj-on } f (A \cup B) \implies f ' (A \cap B) = f ' A \cap f ' B$

**thm** *inj-on-image-Int[OF - Un-upper1 Un-upper2]*  
 ⟨proof⟩

### 6.1.3 Surjectivity

**thm** *surj-def*

**definition**

$\text{surj-on} :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'b \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

*surj-on f A B*  $\equiv \forall b \in B. \exists a \in A. b = f a$

**thm** *surj-on-def*

**lemma** *surj-on-conv*:  $(\text{surj-on } f A B) = (\forall b \in B. \exists a \in A. b = f a)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-image-conv*:  $(\text{surj-on } f A B) = (B \subseteq f ' A)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-id*: *surj-on id A A*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  
*surj-onI*:  $\llbracket \forall b \in B. \exists a \in A. b = f a \rrbracket \implies \text{surj-on } f A B$  **and**  
*surj-onD2*:  $\text{surj-on } f A B \implies \forall b \in B. \exists a \in A. b = f a$  **and**  
*surj-onD*:  $\llbracket \text{surj-on } f A B; b \in B \rrbracket \implies \exists a \in A. b = f a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *comp-surj*

**lemma** *comp-surj-on*:

$\llbracket \text{surj-on } f A B; \text{surj-on } g B C \rrbracket \implies \text{surj-on } (g \circ f) A C$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*inj-on-Un*

*inj-on-diff*

*inj-on-empty*

*inj-on-imageI*

*inj-on-insert*

*subset-inj-on*

**lemma** *surj-on-Un-right*:  $\text{surj-on } f A (B1 \cup B2) = (\text{surj-on } f A B1 \wedge \text{surj-on } f A B2)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-Un-left*:

$\text{surj-on } f (A1 \cup A2) B =$

$(\exists B1. \exists B2. B \subseteq B1 \cup B2 \wedge \text{surj-on } f A1 B1 \wedge \text{surj-on } f A2 B2)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-diff-right*:  $\text{surj-on } f A B \implies \text{surj-on } f A (B - B')$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-empty-right*:  $\text{surj-on } f A \{\}$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-empty-left*:  $\text{surj-on } f \{\} B = (B = \{\})$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-imageI*:  $\text{surj-on } (g \circ f) A B \implies \text{surj-on } g (f ' A) B$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-insert-right*:  $\text{surj-on } f A (\text{insert } b B) = (\text{surj-on } f A B \wedge \text{surj-on } f A \{b\})$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-insert-left*:  $\text{surj-on } f \text{ (insert } a \text{ } A) \ B = (\text{surj-on } f \ A \ (B - \{f \ a\}))$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-subset-right*:  $\llbracket \text{surj-on } f \ A \ B; B' \subseteq B \rrbracket \implies \text{surj-on } f \ A \ B'$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *surj-on-subset-left*:  $\llbracket \text{surj-on } f \ A \ B; A \subseteq A' \rrbracket \implies \text{surj-on } f \ A' \ B$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *bij-betw-imp-surj-on*:  $\text{bij-betw } f \ A \ B \implies \text{surj-on } f \ A \ B$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *bij-betw-inj-on-surj-on-conv*:

$\text{bij-betw } f \ A \ B = (\text{inj-on } f \ A \ \wedge \ \text{surj-on } f \ A \ B \ \wedge \ f' \ A \subseteq B)$

⟨proof⟩

#### 6.1.4 Induction over natural sets

**lemma** *image-nat-induct*:

$\llbracket P \ (f \ 0); \bigwedge n. P \ (f \ n) \implies P \ (f \ (\text{Suc } n)); \text{surj-on } f \ \text{UNIV } I; a \in I \rrbracket \implies P \ a$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *image-nat-induct*

**thm** *nat-induct*

**lemma** *nat-induct* [rule-format]:

$\llbracket P \ n0; \bigwedge n. \llbracket n0 \leq n; P \ n \rrbracket \implies P \ (\text{Suc } n); n0 \leq n \rrbracket \implies P \ n$

**thm** *nat-induct*

**thm** *nat-induct* [where  $n=n-n0$  and  $P=\lambda n. P \ (n0+n)$ ]

⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*nat-induct'*

*nat-induct* [where  $?n0.0=0$ , simplified]

*nat-induct*

**lemma** *inat-induct*:

$\llbracket P \ 0; P \ \infty; \bigwedge n. P \ n \implies P \ (i\text{Suc } n) \rrbracket \implies P \ n$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *iSuc-imp-Suc-aux-0*:

$\llbracket \bigwedge n. P \ n \implies P \ (i\text{Suc } n); n0' \leq n'; P \ (\text{Fin } n') \rrbracket \implies P \ (\text{Fin } (\text{Suc } n'))$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *iSuc-imp-Suc-aux-n0*:

$\llbracket \bigwedge n. \llbracket \text{Fin } n0' \leq n; P \ n \rrbracket \implies P \ (i\text{Suc } n); n0' \leq n'; P \ (\text{Fin } n') \rrbracket \implies P \ (\text{Fin } (\text{Suc } n'))$

**thm** *inat-defs*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inat-induct'*:  
 [  $P (n0::inat); P \infty; \bigwedge n. [ n0 \leq n; P n ] \implies P (iSuc n); n0 \leq n ] \implies P n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nat-induct'*[**where**  $?n0.0=n0'$  **and**  $n=n'$  **and**  $P=\lambda n. P (Fin n)$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**  
*inat-induct'*  
*inat-induct'*[**where**  $?n0.0=0$ , *simplified*]  
*inat-induct*  
**thm** *inat-induct'*

**thm**  
*nat-induct*  
*nat-induct'*

**thm**  
*inat-induct*  
*inat-induct'*

**thm** *wellorder-class.intro*

**thm** *wf-def*

**thm**  
*wf-less*  
*wf-subset*

**lemma** *wf-less-interval*:  
 $wf \{ (x,y). x \in (I::nat \text{ set}) \wedge y \in I \wedge x < y \}$

**thm** *wf-subset*

**thm** *wf-subset*[**where**  
 $p=\{ (x,y). x \in I \wedge y \in I \wedge x < y \}$  **and**  
 $r=\{ (x,y). x < y \}$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *wf-less*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *wf-less-interval*

**thm** *wf-induct*

**lemma** *interval-induct*:

[  $\bigwedge x. \forall y. (x \in (I::nat \text{ set}) \wedge y \in I \wedge y < x \longrightarrow P y) \implies P x ]$   
 $\implies P a$

(**is** [  $\bigwedge x. \forall y. ?IA x y \implies P x ] \implies P a$ )

**thm** *wf-induct*

**thm** *wf-induct*[**where**  $r=\{ (x,y). x \in I \wedge y \in I \wedge x < y \}$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *interval-induct-rule:*

$$\llbracket \bigwedge x. (\bigwedge y. (x \in (I :: \text{nat set}) \wedge y \in I \wedge y < x \implies P y)) \implies P x \rrbracket$$
  

$$\implies P a$$
  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*wf-induct*  
*wf-induct-rule*  
*interval-induct*  
*interval-induct-rule*

### 6.1.5 Monotonicity and injectivity of arithmetic operators

**lemma** *add-left-inj:*  $\text{inj } (\lambda x. n + (x :: 'a :: \text{cancel-ab-semigroup-add}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *add-right-inj:*  $\text{inj } (\lambda x. x + (n :: 'a :: \text{cancel-ab-semigroup-add}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*add-left-inj*  
*add-right-inj*

**lemma** *mult-left-inj:*  $0 < n \implies \text{inj } (\lambda x. (n :: \text{nat}) * x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mult-right-inj:*  $0 < n \implies \text{inj } (\lambda x. x * (n :: \text{nat}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*mult-left-inj*  
*mult-right-inj*

**lemma** *sub-left-inj-on:*  $\text{inj-on } (\lambda x. (x :: \text{nat}) - k) \{k..\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sub-right-inj-on:*  $\text{inj-on } (\lambda x. k - (x :: \text{nat})) \{..k\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *add-left-strict-mono:*  $\text{strict-mono } (\lambda x. n + (x :: 'a :: \text{ordered-cancel-ab-semigroup-add}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *add-right-strict-mono:*  $\text{strict-mono } (\lambda x. x + (n :: 'a :: \text{ordered-cancel-ab-semigroup-add}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mult-left-strict-mono:*  $0 < n \implies \text{strict-mono } (\lambda x. n * (x :: \text{nat}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mult-right-strict-mono:*  $0 < n \implies \text{strict-mono } (\lambda x. x * (n :: \text{nat}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sub-left-strict-mono-on:*  $\text{strict-mono-on } (\lambda x. (x :: \text{nat}) - k) \{k..\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *div-right-strict-mono-on:*

$\llbracket 0 < (k::nat); \forall x \in I. \forall y \in I. x < y \longrightarrow x + k \leq y \rrbracket \implies$   
 $strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on (\lambda x. x \text{ div } k) I$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *mod-eq-div-right-strict-mono-on*:  
 $\llbracket 0 < (k::nat); \forall x \in I. \forall y \in I. x \text{ mod } k = y \text{ mod } k \rrbracket \implies$   
 $strict\text{-}mono\text{-}on (\lambda x. x \text{ div } k) I$   
 <proof>

**thm** *less-mod-eq-imp-add-divisor-le*  
 <proof>

**corollary** *div-right-inj-on*:  
 $\llbracket 0 < (k::nat); \forall x \in I. \forall y \in I. x < y \longrightarrow x + k \leq y \rrbracket \implies$   
 $inj\text{-}on (\lambda x. x \text{ div } k) I$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *mod-eq-imp-div-right-inj-on*:  
 $\llbracket 0 < (k::nat); \forall x \in I. \forall y \in I. x \text{ mod } k = y \text{ mod } k \rrbracket \implies$   
 $inj\text{-}on (\lambda x. x \text{ div } k) I$   
 <proof>

## 6.2 *Min* and *Max* elements of a set

A special minimum operator is required for dealing with infinite wellordered sets because the standard operator *Min* is usable only with finite sets.

**thm** *Least-def*

**definition**

$iMin :: 'a::wellorder \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a$

**where**

$iMin I \equiv LEAST x. x \in I$

**thm**

*Least-def*

*Nat.Least-Suc*

*Set.Least-mono*

*Orderings.not-less-Least*

*Orderings.LeastI2-ex*

*Orderings.LeastI2*

*Orderings.LeastI-ex*

*Orderings.Least-le*

*Orderings.LeastI*

*Orderings.wellorder-Least-lemma*

*Orderings.LeastI2-order*

*Orderings.Least-equality*

**6.2.1 Basic results, as for *Least*****thm** *LeastI***lemma** *iMinI*:  $k \in I \implies iMin\ I \in I$ *<proof>***thm** *LeastI**<proof>***thm** *LeastI-ex***lemma** *iMinI-ex*:  $\exists x. x \in I \implies iMin\ I \in I$ *<proof>***corollary** *iMinI-ex2*:  $I \neq \{\} \implies iMin\ I \in I$ *<proof>***thm** *LeastI2***lemma** *iMinI2*:  $\llbracket k \in I; \bigwedge x. x \in I \implies P\ x \rrbracket \implies P\ (iMin\ I)$ **thm** *iMinI**<proof>***thm** *LeastI2-ex***lemma** *iMinI2-ex*:  $\llbracket \exists x. x \in I; \bigwedge x. x \in I \implies P\ x \rrbracket \implies P\ (iMin\ I)$ *<proof>***lemma** *iMinI2-ex2*:  $\llbracket I \neq \{\}; \bigwedge x. x \in I \implies P\ x \rrbracket \implies P\ (iMin\ I)$ *<proof>***thm** *Least-le***lemma** *iMin-le[dest]*:  $k \in I \implies iMin\ I \leq k$ *<proof>***lemma** *iMin-neq-imp-greater[dest]*:  $\llbracket k \in I; k \neq iMin\ I \rrbracket \implies iMin\ I < k$ *<proof>***thm** *Least-mono***lemma** *iMin-mono*: $\llbracket mono\ f; \exists x. x \in I \rrbracket \implies iMin\ (f\ ' I) = f\ (iMin\ I)$ *<proof>***thm** *Least-mono***thm** *Least-mono[of f I]**<proof>***thm** *iMin-le**<proof>***thm** *iMinI-ex**<proof>***corollary** *iMin-mono2*: $\llbracket mono\ f; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies iMin\ (f\ ' I) = f\ (iMin\ I)$ *<proof>*

**thm** *not-less-Least*

**lemma** *not-less-iMin*:  $k < iMin\ I \implies k \notin I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *not-less-Least*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Collect-not-less-iMin*:  $k < iMin\ \{x. P\ x\} \implies \neg P\ k$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Collect-iMin-le*:  $P\ k \implies iMin\ \{x. P\ x\} \leq k$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Collect-minI*:  $\llbracket k \in I; P\ (k::('a::wellorder)) \rrbracket \implies \exists x \in I. P\ x \wedge (\forall y \in I. y < x \longrightarrow \neg P\ y)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMinI*

**thm** *subsetD*

**thm** *Collect-is-subset*

**thm** *subsetD[OF - iMinI, OF Collect-is-subset]*

*<proof>*

**corollary** *Collect-minI-ex*:  $\exists k \in I. P\ (k::('a::wellorder)) \implies \exists x \in I. P\ x \wedge (\forall y \in I. y < x \longrightarrow \neg P\ y)$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *Collect-minI-ex2*:  $\{k \in I. P\ (k::('a::wellorder))\} \neq \{\} \implies \exists x \in I. P\ x \wedge (\forall y \in I. y < x \longrightarrow \neg P\ y)$

*<proof>*

**thm**

*Orderings.wellorder-Least-lemma*

*Orderings.Least-equality*

*Orderings.LeastI2-order*

*Least-def*

**thm** *Least-def*

**lemma** *iMin-the*:  $iMin\ I = (THE\ x. x \in I \wedge (\forall y. y \in I \longrightarrow x \leq y))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-the2*:  $iMin\ I = (THE\ x. x \in I \wedge (\forall y \in I. x \leq y))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Least-equality*

**lemma** *iMin-equality*:

$\llbracket k \in I; \bigwedge x. x \in I \implies k \leq x \rrbracket \implies iMin\ I = k$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Least-equality*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-mono-on:*

$\llbracket \text{mono-on } f \text{ } I; \exists x. x \in I \rrbracket \Longrightarrow iMin (f ' I) = f (iMin I)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMinI-ex*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-mono-on2:*

$\llbracket \text{mono-on } f \text{ } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \Longrightarrow iMin (f ' I) = f (iMin I)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *LeastI2-order*

**lemma** *iMinI2-order:*

$\llbracket k \in I; \bigwedge y. y \in I \Longrightarrow k \leq y; \bigwedge x. \llbracket x \in I; \forall y \in I. x \leq y \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P \ x \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P (iMin I)$

**thm** *LeastI2-order*

**thm** *LeastI2-order[of  $\lambda x. x \in i \ k \ P$ ]*

*<proof>*

**thm**

*iMinI2-order*

**thm**

*iMinI2*

*iMinI2-ex*

*iMinI2-ex2*

**thm** *wellorder-Least-lemma*

**lemma** *wellorder-iMin-lemma:*

$k \in I \Longrightarrow iMin I \in I \wedge iMin I \leq k$

**thm**

*iMinI*

*iMin-le*

*<proof>*

**thm**

*iMin-the iMin-the2*

**thm**

*iMin-mono iMin-mono2*

**thm**

*iMin-le*

*not-less-iMin*

**thm**

*iMinI*

*iMinI-ex iMinI-ex2*

**thm**

*iMinI2*

*iMinI2-ex iMinI2-ex2*

**thm**

*wellorder-iMin-lemma*

**thm**

*iMin-equality*

**thm**

*iMinI2-order*

**thm** *iMinI*

**lemma** *iMin-Min-conv*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies iMin\ I = Min\ I$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Min-ge-iff*[*THEN iffD2*]

<proof>

**thm** *Min-le-iff*[*THEN iffD2*]

<proof>

**lemma** *Min-neq-imp-greater*[*dest*]:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; k \in I; k \neq Min\ I \rrbracket \implies Min\ I < k$

<proof>

**lemma** *Max-neq-imp-less*[*dest*]:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; k \in I; k \neq Max\ I \rrbracket \implies k < Max\ I$

<proof>

**lemma** *nat-Least-mono*:

$\llbracket A \neq \{\}; \text{mono } (f::(\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat})) \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(LEAST\ x.\ x \in f\ 'A) = f\ (LEAST\ x.\ x \in A)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *Least-disj*:

$\llbracket \exists x.\ P\ x; \exists x.\ Q\ x \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(LEAST\ (x::'a::\text{wellorder}).\ (P\ x \vee Q\ x)) = \min\ (LEAST\ x.\ P\ x)\ (LEAST\ x.\ Q\ x)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *Least-imp-le*:

$\llbracket \exists x.\ P\ x; \wedge x.\ P\ x \implies Q\ x \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(LEAST\ (x::'a::\text{wellorder}).\ Q\ x) \leq (LEAST\ x.\ P\ x)$

**thm** *Least-le LeastI2-ex*

<proof>

**lemma** *Least-imp-disj-eq*:

$\llbracket \exists x. P x; \bigwedge x. P x \implies Q x \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(LEAST (x::'a::wellorder). P x \vee Q x) = (LEAST x. Q x)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *Least-le-imp-le*:

$\llbracket \exists x. P x; \exists x. Q x; \bigwedge x y. \llbracket P x; Q y \rrbracket \implies x \leq y \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(LEAST (x::'a::wellorder). P x) \leq (LEAST (x::'a::wellorder). Q x)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *Least-le-imp-le-disj*:

$\llbracket \exists x. P x; \bigwedge x y. \llbracket P x; Q y \rrbracket \implies x \leq y \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(LEAST (x::'a::wellorder). P x \vee Q x) = (LEAST (x::'a::wellorder). P x)$

**thm** *Least-imp-disj-eq*

<proof>

**thm** *Max-le-iff*

**thm** *Max-less-iff*

**thm** *iMin-equality*

**lemma** *Max-equality*:  $\llbracket (k::'a::linorder) \in A; \text{finite } A; \bigwedge x. x \in A \implies x \leq k \rrbracket \implies$

$Max A = k$   
 <proof>

**thm**

*iMin-le*

*Max-ge*

**thm** *not-less-iMin*

**lemma** *not-greater-Max*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } A; Max A < k \rrbracket \implies k \notin A$

<proof>

**thm** *Max-ge[of I k]*

<proof>

**thm** *order-le-less-trans[of k Max A k]*

<proof>

**lemma** *Collect-not-greater-Max*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } \{x. P x\}; Max \{x. P x\} < k \rrbracket \implies \neg P k$

<proof>

**lemma** *Collect-Max-ge*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } \{x. P x\}; P k \rrbracket \implies k \leq Max \{x. P x\}$

<proof>

**thm**

*iMinI-ex2*

*Max-in*

**thm** *iMinI*

**lemma** *MaxI*:  $\llbracket k \in A; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } A \in A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMinI-ex*

**lemma** *MaxI-ex*:  $\llbracket \exists x. x \in A; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } A \in A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMinI-ex2*

**lemma** *MaxI-ex2*:  $\llbracket A \neq \{\}; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } A \in A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMinI2*

**lemma** *MaxI2*:  $\llbracket k \in A; \bigwedge x. x \in A \implies P x; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies P (\text{Max } A)$

**thm** *Max-in*

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMinI2-ex*

**lemma** *MaxI2-ex*:  $\llbracket \exists x. x \in A; \bigwedge x. x \in A \implies P x; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies P (\text{Max } A)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMinI2-ex2*

**lemma** *MaxI2-ex2*:  $\llbracket A \neq \{\}; \bigwedge x. x \in A \implies P x; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies P (\text{Max } A)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-mono*

**lemma** *Max-mono*:  $\llbracket \text{mono } f; \exists x. x \in A; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (f \text{ ' } A) = f (\text{Max } A)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Max-equality*

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-mono2*

**lemma** *Max-mono2*:  $\llbracket \text{mono } f; A \neq \{\}; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (f \text{ ' } A) = f (\text{Max } A)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-mono-on*

**lemma** *Max-mono-on*:  $\llbracket \text{mono-on } f A; \exists x. x \in A; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (f \text{ ' } A) = f$

$(\text{Max } A)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-mono-on2*:

$\llbracket \text{mono-on } f A; A \neq \{\}; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (f \text{ ' } A) = f (\text{Max } A)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-the*

**lemma** *Max-the*:

$\llbracket A \neq \{\}; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{Max } A = (\text{THE } x. x \in A \wedge (\forall y. y \in A \longrightarrow y \leq x))$

**thm** *iffD1*[OF eq-commute]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *the-equality*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *Max-equality*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *iMin-the2*

**lemma** *Max-the2*:  $\llbracket A \neq \{\}; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{Max } A = (\text{THE } x. x \in A \wedge (\forall y \in A. y \leq x))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *wellorder-iMin-lemma*

**lemma** *wellorder-Max-lemma*:  $\llbracket k \in A; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } A \in A \wedge k \leq \text{Max } A$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *iMinI2-order*

**lemma** *MaxI2-order*:  $\llbracket k \in A; \text{finite } A; \bigwedge y. y \in A \implies y \leq k; \bigwedge x. \llbracket x \in A; \forall y \in A. y \leq x \rrbracket \implies P x \rrbracket$

$\implies P (\text{Max } A)$

**thm** *Max-equality*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm**

*iMin-equality*

*Max-equality*

**thm**

*iMin-the iMin-the2*

*Max-the Max-the2*

**thm**

*iMin-mono iMin-mono2*

*Max-mono Max-mono2*

**thm**

*iMin-le*

*Max-ge*

**thm**

*not-less-iMin*

*not-greater-Max*

**thm**

*iMinI*

*MaxI*

**thm**

*iMinI-ex iMinI-ex2*

*MaxI-ex MaxI-ex2*

**thm***iMinI2**MaxI2***thm***iMinI2-ex iMinI2-ex2**MaxI2-ex MaxI2-ex2***thm***wellorder-iMin-lemma**wellorder-Max-lemma***thm***iMinI2-order**MaxI2-order***lemma** *Min-le-Max*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \text{Min } A \leq \text{Max } A$ *<proof>***lemma** *iMin-le-Max*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \text{iMin } A \leq \text{Max } A$ **thm** *subst[OF iMin-Min-conv]**<proof>*

### 6.2.2 Max for sets over *inat*

**definition***iMax :: nat set  $\Rightarrow$  inat***where***iMax i  $\equiv$  if (finite i) then (Fin (Max i)) else  $\infty$* **lemma** *iMax-finite-conv*: *finite I = (iMax I  $\neq$   $\infty$ )**<proof>***lemma** *iMax-infinite-conv*: *infinite I = (iMax I =  $\infty$ )**<proof>***thm** *lattice.inf-sup-aci***thm** *lattice-class.inf-sup-aci***thm** *semilattice-inf-class.inf-aci***thm** *semilattice-sup-class.sup-aci***thm** *lattice-class-def***thm** *lattice-class.axioms***thm** *distrib-lattice-class-def***print-locale** *distrib-lattice***print-locale** *lattice***print-locale** *distrib-lattice*

**print-locale!** *distrib-lattice*

**thm** *distrib-lattice-class.axioms*

**interpretation** *min-max2*:

*distrib-lattice op ≤ :: 'a::linorder ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool op < min max*

*<proof>*

**print-theorems**

**term** *distrib-lattice-class*

**lemma** *class.distrib-lattice (op ≤) (op <) (min::('a::linorder ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a)) max*

**print-locale** *distrib-lattice*

**thm** *distrib-lattice-class.intro*

*<proof>*

**thm** *class.semilattice-inf.intro*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *class.distrib-lattice (op ≥) (op >) (max::('a::linorder ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a)) min*

**thm** *linorder-class.min-max.dual-distrib-lattice*

*<proof>*

**print-locale** *Lattices.distrib-lattice*

**thm** *Big-Operators.distrib-lattice.sup-Inf1-distrib*

**lemma** *max-Min-eq-Min-max[rule-format]*:

*finite A ⇒*

*A ≠ {} →*

*max x (Min A) = Min {max x a | a. a ∈ A}*

**thm** *finite.induct[of A]*

*<proof>*

**thm** *max-le-monoR[OF less-imp-le]*

*<proof>*

**thm** *max-Min-eq-Min-max*

**lemma** *max-iMin-eq-iMin-max*:

*[[ finite A; A ≠ {} ]] ⇒*

*max x (iMin A) = iMin {max x a | a. a ∈ A}*

**thm** *iMin-Min-conv*

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-Min-conv[of {max x a | a. a ∈ A}]*

*<proof>*

**thm** *max-Min-eq-Min-max*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *[[ finite A; A ≠ {} ]] ⇒ ∀ x ∈ A. x ≤ Max A*

*<proof>*

### 6.2.3 *Min* and *Max* for set operations

**lemma** *iMin-subset: [[ A ≠ {}; A ⊆ B ]] ⇒ iMin B ≤ iMin A*

**thm** *iMin-le[of iMin A j]*

**thm** *iMinI-ex2*[of *A*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *Max-subset*:  $\llbracket A \neq \{\}; A \subseteq B; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } A \leq \text{Max } B$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *Min-subset*:  $\llbracket A \neq \{\}; A \subseteq B; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies \text{Min } B \leq \text{Min } A$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *iMin-Int-ge1*:  $(A \cap B) \neq \{\} \implies \text{iMin } A \leq \text{iMin } (A \cap B)$

**thm** *iMin-subset*[*OF - Int-lower1*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *iMin-Int-ge2*:  $(A \cap B) \neq \{\} \implies \text{iMin } B \leq \text{iMin } (A \cap B)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *iMin-Int-ge*:  $(A \cap B) \neq \{\} \implies \max (\text{iMin } A) (\text{iMin } B) \leq \text{iMin } (A \cap B)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *Max-Int-le1*:  $\llbracket (A \cap B) \neq \{\}; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (A \cap B) \leq \text{Max } A$

**thm** *Max-subset*[*OF - Int-lower1*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *Max-Int-le2*:  $\llbracket (A \cap B) \neq \{\}; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (A \cap B) \leq \text{Max } B$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *Max-Int-le*:  $\llbracket (A \cap B) \neq \{\}; \text{finite } A; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{Max } (A \cap B) \leq \min (\text{Max } A) (\text{Max } B)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *iMin-Un*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{iMin } (A \cup B) = \min (\text{iMin } A) (\text{iMin } B)$

⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *min-le-iff-disj*

⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *iMinI-ex2*[of *A*∪*B*]

⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *Min-Un*

**thm** *Max-Un*

**thm** *linorder-class.Min-singleton linorder-class.Max-singleton*

**thm** *singletonI*[*THEN iMinI, THEN singletonD*]

**lemma** *iMin-singleton*[*simp*]:  $\text{iMin } \{a\} = a$

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *iMax-singleton*[*simp*]:  $\text{iMax } \{a\} = \text{Fin } a$

⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *Max-le-Min-imp-singleton*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A \leq \text{Min } A \rrbracket \implies A = \{\text{Min } A\}$$

**thm** *Max-ge*

**thm** *Max-le-iff*[*THEN iffD1*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-le-Min-conv-singleton*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies (\text{Max } A \leq \text{Min } A) = (\exists x. A = \{x\})$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-le-iMin-imp-le*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{Max } A \leq \text{iMin } B; a \in A; b \in B \rrbracket \implies a \leq b$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *le-imp-Max-le-iMin*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \forall a \in A. \forall b \in B. a \leq b \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } A \leq \text{iMin } B$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-le-iMin-conv-le*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies (\text{Max } A \leq \text{iMin } B) = (\forall a \in A. \forall b \in B. a \leq b)$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-less-iMin-imp-less*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B; a \in A; b \in B \rrbracket \implies a < b$$

**thm** *Max-less-iff*[*THEN iffD1, of - iMin B*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *less-imp-Max-less-iMin*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \forall a \in A. \forall b \in B. a < b \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-less-iMin-conv-less*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies (\text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B) = (\forall a \in A. \forall b \in B. a < b)$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-less-iMin-imp-disjoint*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B \rrbracket \implies A \cap B = \{\}$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Min.in-idem*

**lemma** *iMin-in-idem*:  $n \in I \implies \text{min } n (\text{iMin } I) = \text{iMin } I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Min-insert*

**lemma** *iMin-insert*:  $I \neq \{\} \implies \text{iMin } (\text{insert } n I) = \text{min } n (\text{iMin } I)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Min.insert-remove*

**lemma** *iMin-insert-remove*:

$iMin (insert\ n\ I) =$   
 $(if\ I - \{n\} = \{\} \text{ then } n \text{ else } min\ n\ (iMin\ (I - \{n\})))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Min.remove*

**lemma** *iMin-remove*:  $n \in I \implies iMin\ I = (if\ I - \{n\} = \{\} \text{ then } n \text{ else } min\ n\ (iMin\ (I - \{n\})))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Min.subset-idem*

**lemma** *iMin-subset-idem*:  $\llbracket B \neq \{\}; B \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies min\ (iMin\ B)\ (iMin\ A) = iMin\ A$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Min.union-inter*

**lemma** *iMin-union-inter*:  $A \cap B \neq \{\} \implies min\ (iMin\ (A \cup B))\ (iMin\ (A \cap B)) = min\ (iMin\ A)\ (iMin\ B)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Min-ge-iff*

**lemma** *iMin-ge-iff*:  $I \neq \{\} \implies (n \leq iMin\ I) = (\forall a \in I. n \leq a)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Min-gr-iff*

**lemma** *iMin-gr-iff*:  $I \neq \{\} \implies (n < iMin\ I) = (\forall a \in I. n < a)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Min-le-iff*

**lemma** *iMin-le-iff*:  $I \neq \{\} \implies (iMin\ I \leq n) = (\exists a \in I. a \leq n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Min-less-iff*

**lemma** *iMin-less-iff*:  $I \neq \{\} \implies (iMin\ I < n) = (\exists a \in I. a < n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *hom-Min-commute*

**lemma** *hom-iMin-commute*:  $\llbracket \bigwedge x\ y. h\ (min\ x\ y) = min\ (h\ x)\ (h\ y); I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies iMin\ (h\ 'I) = h\ (iMin\ I)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *min-eqL[OF iMin-le]*

⟨proof⟩

Synonyms for similarity with theorem names for *Min*”

**thm** *Min-eqI iMin-equality*

**lemmas** *iMin-eqI = iMin-equality*

**thm** *Min-in iMinI-ex2*

**lemmas** *iMin-in = iMinI-ex2*

### 6.3 Some auxiliary results for set operations

#### 6.3.1 Some additional abbreviations for relations

Abbreviations for *refl*, *sym*, *equiv*, *refl* similar to *transP* from HOL/Predicate.

**abbreviation** *reflP* :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ bool **where**  
*reflP* r ≡ *refl* {(x, y). r x y}

**abbreviation** *symP* :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ bool **where**  
*symP* r == *sym* {(x, y). r x y}

**abbreviation** *equivP* :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ bool **where**  
*equivP* r ≡ *reflP* r ∧ *symP* r ∧ *transP* r

**abbreviation** *irreflP* :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ bool **where**  
*irreflP* r ≡ *irrefl* {(x, y). r x y}

Example for *reflP*

**lemma** *reflP* ((op ≤)::('a::preorder ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool))  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Example for *symP*

**lemma** *symP* (op =)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Example for *equivP*

**lemma** *equivP* (op =)  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Example for *irreflP*

**lemma** *irreflP* ((op <)::('a::preorder ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool))  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

#### 6.3.2 Auxiliary results for singletons

**lemma** *singleton-not-empty*: {a} ≠ {} ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *singleton-finite*: finite {a} ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *singleton-ball*: (∀ x∈{a}. P x) = P a ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *singleton-bex*: (∃ x∈{a}. P x) = P a ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *Set.subset-singletonD*

**lemma** *subset-singleton-conv*: (A ⊆ {a}) = (A = {} ∨ A = {a}) ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *singleton-subset-conv*: ({a} ⊆ A) = (a ∈ A) ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *Set.singleton-inject*

**lemma** *singleton-eq-conv*: ({a} = {b}) = (a = b) ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *singleton-subset-singleton-conv*: ({a} ⊆ {b}) = (a = b) ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *singleton-Int1-if*:  $\{a\} \cap A = (\text{if } a \in A \text{ then } \{a\} \text{ else } \{\})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *singleton-Int2-if*:  $A \cap \{a\} = (\text{if } a \in A \text{ then } \{a\} \text{ else } \{\})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *singleton-image*:  $f \text{ ‘ } \{a\} = \{f \ a\}$  ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inj-on-singleton*: *inj-on*  $f \ \{a\}$  ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *strict-mono-on-singleton*: *strict-mono-on*  $f \ \{a\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

Auxiliary results for *empty* sets

**thm** *empty-imp-not-in*

**thm** *ex-imp-not-empty*

**thm** *in-imp-not-empty*

### 6.3.3 Auxiliary results for *finite* and *infinite* sets

**thm** *infinite-imp-nonempty*

**lemma** *infinite-imp-not-singleton*:  $\text{infinite } A \implies \neg (\exists a. A = \{a\})$  ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *infinite-insert*:  $\text{infinite } (\text{insert } a \ A) = \text{infinite } A$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *infinite-Diff-insert*:  $\text{infinite } (A - \text{insert } a \ B) = \text{infinite } (A - B)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *subset-finite-imp-finite*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } A; B \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies \text{finite } B$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *infinite-not-subset-finite*:  $\llbracket \text{infinite } A; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies \neg A \subseteq B$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Un-infinite*

**lemma** *Un-infinite-right*:  $\text{infinite } T \implies \text{infinite } (S \cup T)$  ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *Un-infinite-iff*:  $\text{infinite } (S \cup T) = (\text{infinite } S \vee \text{infinite } T)$  ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *transfer-nat-int-set-relations*

Give own name to the lemma about finiteness of the integer image of a nat set

**corollary** *finite-A-int-A-conv*:  $\text{finite } A = \text{finite } (\text{int } \text{ ‘ } A)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

Corresponding fact fo infinite sets

**corollary** *infinite-A-int-A-conv*:  $\text{infinite } A = \text{infinite } (\text{int } \text{ ‘ } A)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cartesian-product-infiniteL-imp-infinite*:  $\llbracket \text{infinite } A; B \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \text{infinite } (A \times B)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cartesian-product-infiniteR-imp-infinite*:  $\llbracket \text{infinite } B; A \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \text{infinite } (A \times B)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *finite-nat-iff-bounded*

**lemma** *finite-nat-iff-bounded2*:

$\text{finite } S = (\exists (k::\text{nat}). \forall n \in S. n < k)$

<proof>

**thm** *finite-nat-iff-bounded-le*

**lemma** *finite-nat-iff-bounded-le2*:

$\text{finite } S = (\exists (k::\text{nat}). \forall n \in S. n \leq k)$

<proof>

**lemma** *nat-asc-chain-imp-unbounded*:

$\llbracket S \neq \{\}; (\forall m \in S. \exists n \in S. m < (n::\text{nat})) \rrbracket \implies \forall m. \exists n \in S. m \leq n$

<proof>

**thm** *infinite-nat-iff-unbounded-le*

**lemma** *infinite-nat-iff-asc-chain*:

$S \neq \{\} \implies \text{infinite } S = (\forall m \in S. \exists n \in S. m < (n::\text{nat}))$

<proof>

**lemma** *infinite-imp-asc-chain*:  $\text{infinite } S \implies \forall m \in S. \exists n \in S. m < (n::\text{nat})$

**thm** *infinite-nat-iff-asc-chain*[THEN iffD1, OF infinite-imp-nonempty]

<proof>

**lemma** *infinite-image-imp-infinite*:  $\text{infinite } (f \text{ ‘ } A) \implies \text{infinite } A$

<proof>

**lemma** *inj-on-imp-infinite-image*:  $\llbracket \text{infinite } A; \text{inj-on } f A \rrbracket \implies \text{infinite } (f \text{ ‘ } A)$

<proof>

**lemma** *inj-on-infinite-image-iff*:  $\text{inj-on } f A \implies \text{infinite } (f \text{ ‘ } A) = \text{infinite } A$

<proof>

**lemma** *inj-on-finite-image-iff*:  $\text{inj-on } f A \implies \text{finite } (f \text{ ‘ } A) = \text{finite } A$

<proof>

**lemma** *nat-ex-greater-finite-Max-conv*:

$A \neq \{\} \implies (\exists x \in A. (n::\text{nat}) < x) = (\text{finite } A \longrightarrow n < \text{Max } A)$

<proof>

**thm** *infinite-nat-iff-unbounded*[THEN iffD1, rule-format]

<proof>

**corollary** *nat-ex-greater-infinite-finite-Max-conv'*:

$(\exists x \in A. (n::\text{nat}) < x) = (\text{finite } A \wedge A \neq \{\} \wedge n < \text{Max } A \vee \text{infinite } A)$

<proof>

### 6.3.4 Some auxiliary results for disjoint sets

**thm** *Set.disjoint-iff-not-equal*

**lemma** *disjoint-iff-in-not-in1*:  $(A \cap B = \{\}) = (\forall x \in A. x \notin B)$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *disjoint-iff-in-not-in2*:  $(A \cap B = \{\}) = (\forall x \in B. x \notin A)$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *disjoint-in-Un*:

$\llbracket A \cap B = \{\}; x \in A \cup B \rrbracket \implies x \notin A \vee x \notin B$

**thm** *disjoint-iff-in-not-in1* [THEN *iffD1*, *rule-format*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *partition-Union*:  $A \subseteq \bigcup C \implies (\bigcup_{c \in C}. A \cap c) = A$  *<proof>*

**lemma** *disjoint-partition-Int*:

$\forall c1 \in C. \forall c2 \in C. c1 \neq c2 \longrightarrow c1 \cap c2 = \{\} \implies$

$\forall a1 \in \{A \cap c \mid c. c \in C\}. \forall a2 \in \{A \cap c \mid c. c \in C\}.$

$a1 \neq a2 \longrightarrow a1 \cap a2 = \{\}$

*<proof>*

**thm**

*image-Union*

*image-eq-UN*

*image-def*

*image-Collect*

**lemma**  $\{f x \mid x. x \in A\} = (\bigcup_{x \in A}. \{f x\})$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-partition*

This lemma version drops the superfluous precondition *finite*  $(\bigcup C)$  (and turns the resulting equation to the sensible order *card .. = k \* card ..*).

**lemma** *card-partition*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } C; \bigwedge c. c \in C \implies \text{card } c = k; \bigwedge c1 \ c2. \llbracket c1 \in C; c2 \in C; c1 \neq c2 \rrbracket \implies$

$c1 \cap c2 = \{\} \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{card } (\bigcup C) = k * \text{card } C$

*<proof>*

### 6.3.5 Some auxiliary results for subset relation

**thm** *bex-subset-imp-bex*

**thm** *bex-imp-ex*

**thm**

*ball-subset-imp-ball*

*ball-subset-imp-ball*[*rule-format*]

**thm**

*all-imp-ball*

*all-imp-ball*[*rule-format*]

**thm** *image-mono*

**lemma** *subset-image-Int*:  $A \subseteq B \implies f \text{ ‘ } (A \cap B) = f \text{ ‘ } A \cap f \text{ ‘ } B$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *image-diff-disjoint-image-Int*:  
 $\llbracket f \text{ ‘ } (A - B) \cap f \text{ ‘ } B = \{\} \rrbracket \implies$   
 $f \text{ ‘ } (A \cap B) = f \text{ ‘ } A \cap f \text{ ‘ } B$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *subset-imp-Int-subset1*:  $A \subseteq C \implies A \cap B \subseteq C$

**thm** *subset-trans*[of -  $C \cap B$ ]

**thm** *subset-trans*[of -  $C \cap B$ , *OF Int-mono*]

**thm** *subset-trans*[of -  $C \cap B$ , *OF Int-mono*, *OF - subset-refl Int-lower1*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *subset-imp-Int-subset2*:  $B \subseteq C \implies A \cap B \subseteq C$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 6.3.6 Auxiliary results for intervals from *SetInterval*

**lemmas** *set-interval-defs* =  
*lessThan-def atMost-def*  
*greaterThan-def atLeast-def*  
*greaterThanLessThan-def atLeastLessThan-def*  
*greaterThanAtMost-def atLeastAtMost-def*  
**thm** *set-interval-defs*

**thm** *image-add-atLeastAtMost*

**lemma** *image-add-atLeast*:  
 $(\lambda n::nat. n+k) \text{ ‘ } \{i..\} = \{i+k..\}$  (**is**  $?A = ?B$ )  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *image-add-atMost*:  
 $(\lambda n::nat. n+k) \text{ ‘ } \{..i\} = \{k..i+k\}$  (**is**  $?A = ?B$ )  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *image-add-atLeastAtMost*

**thm** *image-add-atLeast*

**thm** *image-add-atMost*

**thm** *image-Suc-atLeastAtMost*

**thm** *image-add-atLeast*

**corollary** *image-Suc-atLeast*:  $Suc \text{ ‘ } \{i..\} = \{Suc \ i..\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *image-add-atMost*

**corollary** *image-Suc-atMost*:  $Suc \text{ ‘ } \{..i\} = \{Suc \ 0..Suc \ i\}$

**thm** *image-add-atMost*[of *Suc 0*]

⟨proof⟩

**lemmas** *image-add-lemmas* =  
*image-add-atLeastAtMost*  
*image-add-atLeast*  
*image-add-atMost*  
**lemmas** *image-Suc-lemmas* =  
*image-Suc-atLeastAtMost*  
*image-Suc-atLeast*  
*image-Suc-atMost*

**lemma** *atMost-atLeastAtMost-0-conv*:  $\{..i::nat\} = \{0..i\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *atLeastAtMost-subset-atMost*:  $(k::'a::order) \leq k' \implies \{l..k\} \subseteq \{l..k'\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *image-add-lemmas*  
**thm** *image-Suc-lemmas*  
**thm** *atMost-atLeastAtMost-0-conv*

**lemma** *lessThan-insert*:  $insert (n::'a::order) \{..<n\} = \{..n\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *greaterThan-insert*:  $insert (n::'a::order) \{n<..\} = \{n..\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *atMost-remove*:  $\{..n\} - \{(n::'a::order)\} = \{..<n\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *atLeast-remove*:  $\{n..\} - \{(n::'a::order)\} = \{n<..\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *atMost-def lessThan-def*  
**lemma** *atMost-lessThan-conv*:  $\{..n\} = \{..<Suc\ n\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *atLeastAtMost-def atLeastLessThan-def*  
**lemma** *atLeastAtMost-atLeastLessThan-conv*:  $\{l..u\} = \{l..<Suc\ u\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *atLeast-greaterThan-conv*:  $\{Suc\ n..\} = \{n<..\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *atLeastAtMost-greaterThanAtMost-conv*:  $\{Suc\ l..u\} = \{l<..u\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *finite-subset-atLeastAtMost*:  $finite\ A \implies A \subseteq \{Min\ A..Max\ A\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-le-imp-subset-atMost:*

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{Max } A \leq n \rrbracket \implies A \subseteq \{..n\}$

**thm** *subset-trans[OF finite-subset-atLeastAtMost atLeastAtMost-subset-atMost]*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subset-atMost-imp-Max-le:*

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; A \subseteq \{..n\} \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } A \leq n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subset-atMost-Max-le-conv:*

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies (A \subseteq \{..n\}) = (\text{Max } A \leq n)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-atLeast: iMin {n..} = n*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-greaterThan: iMin {n<..} = Suc n*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-atMost: iMin {..(n::nat)} = 0*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-lessThan: 0 < n  $\implies$  iMin {..<(n::nat)} = 0*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-atMost: Max {..(n::nat)} = n*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-lessThan: 0 < n  $\implies$  Max {..<n} = n - Suc 0*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-atLeastLessThan: m < n  $\implies$  iMin {m..<n} = m*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-atLeastLessThan: m < n  $\implies$  Max {m..<n} = n - Suc 0*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-greaterThanLessThan: Suc m < n  $\implies$  iMin {m<..<n} = Suc m*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-greaterThanLessThan: Suc m < n  $\implies$  Max {m<..<n} = n - Suc 0*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-greaterThanAtMost: m < n  $\implies$  iMin {m<..n} = Suc m*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-greaterThanAtMost: m < n  $\implies$  Max {m<..(n::nat)} = n*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iMin-atLeastAtMost: m  $\leq$  n  $\implies$  iMin {m..n} = m*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Max-atLeastAtMost: m  $\leq$  n  $\implies$  Max {m..(n::nat)} = n*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *infinite-atLeast: infinite {(n::nat)..}*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *infinite-greaterThan: infinite {(n::nat)<..}*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *infinite-atLeast-int*: *infinite*  $\{(n::int).. \}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *infinite-greaterThan-int*: *infinite*  $\{(n::int)<.. \}$   
**thm** *atLeast-remove*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *infinite-atMost-int*: *infinite*  $\{..(n::int) \}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *infinite-lessThan-int*: *infinite*  $\{..<(n::int) \}$   
**thm** *atMost-remove*  
*<proof>*

### 6.3.7 Auxiliary results for *card*

**lemma** *setsum-singleton*:  $(\sum x \in \{a\}. f x) = f a$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *card-singleton*: *card*  $\{a\} = \text{Suc } 0$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *card-cartesian-product-singleton*

**lemma** *card-cartesian-product-singleton-right*: *card*  $(A \times \{x\}) = \text{card } A$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *card-1-imp-singleton*: *card*  $A = \text{Suc } 0 \implies (\exists a. A = \{a\})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *card-1-singleton-conv*:  $(\text{card } A = \text{Suc } 0) = (\exists a. A = \{a\})$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *card-gr0-imp-finite*:  $0 < \text{card } A \implies \text{finite } A$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *card-gr0-imp-not-empty*:  $(0 < \text{card } A) \implies A \neq \{\}$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *not-empty-card-gr0-conv*: *finite*  $A \implies (A \neq \{\}) = (0 < \text{card } A)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-card-le-Max*: *card*  $(A::\text{nat set}) \leq \text{Suc } (\text{Max } A)$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *card-mono*[*OF finite-atMost, of A Max A*]  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *Int-card1*: *finite*  $A \implies \text{card } (A \cap B) \leq \text{card } A$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *Int-card2*: *finite*  $B \implies \text{card } (A \cap B) \leq \text{card } B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Un-card1*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies \text{card } A \leq \text{card } (A \cup B)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *Un-card2*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies \text{card } B \leq \text{card } (A \cup B)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Un-Int*

**lemma** *card-Un-conv*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{card } (A \cup B) = \text{card } A + \text{card } B - \text{card } (A \cap B)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *card-Int-conv*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{finite } B \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{card } (A \cap B) = \text{card } A + \text{card } B - \text{card } (A \cup B)$

*<proof>*

Pigeonhole principle, dirichlet’s box principle

**lemma** *pigeonhole-principle*[*rule-format*]:

$\text{card } (f \text{ ‘ } A) < \text{card } A \longrightarrow (\exists x \in A. \exists y \in A. x \neq y \wedge f x = f y)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *finite.induct*[*of A*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *pigeonhole-principle*

**corollary** *pigeonhole-principle-linorder*[*rule-format*]:

$\text{card } (f \text{ ‘ } A) < \text{card } (A::\text{‘}a::\text{linorder set}) \implies (\exists x \in A. \exists y \in A. x < y \wedge f x = f y)$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *pigeonhole-mod*:

$\llbracket 0 < m; m < \text{card } A \rrbracket \implies \exists x \in A. \exists y \in A. x < y \wedge x \text{ mod } m = y \text{ mod } m$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *pigeonhole-mod2*:

$\llbracket (0::\text{nat}) < m; m \leq c; \text{inj-on } f \text{ ‘ } \{..c\} \rrbracket \implies \exists x \leq c. \exists y \leq c. x < y \wedge f x \text{ mod } m = f y \text{ mod } m$

**thm** *pigeonhole-mod*[*of m f ‘ {..c}*]

*<proof>*

**end**

## 7 SetIntervalCut: Cutting linearly ordered and natural sets

**theory** *SetIntervalCut*

**imports** *SetInterval2*

**begin**

## 7.1 Set restriction

A set to set function  $f$  is a *set restriction*, if there exists a predicate  $P$ , so that for every set  $s$  the function result  $f s$  contains all its elements fulfilling  $P$

### definition

$set\_restriction :: ('a set \Rightarrow 'a set) \Rightarrow bool$

### where

$set\_restriction f \equiv \exists P. \forall A. f A = \{x \in A. P x\}$

**lemma** *set-restrictionD*:  $set\_restriction f \Longrightarrow \exists P. \forall A. f A = \{x \in A. P x\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *set-restrictionD-spec*:  $set\_restriction f \Longrightarrow \exists P. f A = \{x \in A. P x\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *set-restrictionI*:  $f = (\lambda A. \{x \in A. P x\}) \Longrightarrow set\_restriction f$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### lemma *set-restriction-comp*:

$\llbracket set\_restriction f; set\_restriction g \rrbracket \Longrightarrow set\_restriction (f \circ g)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### lemma *set-restriction-commute*:

$\llbracket set\_restriction f; set\_restriction g \rrbracket \Longrightarrow f (g I) = g (f I)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

Constructs a set restriction function with the given restriction predicate

### definition

$set\_restriction\_fun :: ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a set \Rightarrow 'a set)$

### where

$set\_restriction\_fun P \equiv \lambda A. \{x \in A. P x\}$

### lemma *set-restriction-fun-is-set-restriction*:

$set\_restriction (set\_restriction\_fun P)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### lemma *set-restriction-Int-conv*:

$set\_restriction f = (\exists B. \forall A. f A = A \cap B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### lemma *set-restriction-Un*:

$set\_restriction f \Longrightarrow f (A \cup B) = f A \cup f B$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### lemma *set-restriction-Int*:

$set\_restriction f \Longrightarrow f (A \cap B) = f A \cap f B$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### lemma *set-restriction-Diff*:

$set\_restriction f \Longrightarrow f (A - B) = f A - f B$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

### lemma *set-restriction-mono*:

$\llbracket set\_restriction f; A \subseteq B \rrbracket \Longrightarrow f A \subseteq f B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-absorb*:

$$\text{set-restriction } f \implies f (f A) = f A$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-empty*:

$$\text{set-restriction } f \implies f \{\} = \{\}$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-non-empty-imp*:

$$\llbracket \text{set-restriction } f; f A \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies A \neq \{\}$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-subset*:

$$\text{set-restriction } f \implies f A \subseteq A$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-finite*:

$$\llbracket \text{set-restriction } f; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{finite } (f A)$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-card*:

$$\llbracket \text{set-restriction } f; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{card } (f A) = \text{card } A - \text{card } \{a \in A. f \{a\} = \{\}\}$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *card-Diff-subset[symmetric]*

*<proof>*

**thm** *card-Diff-subset[symmetric]*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-card-le*:

$$\llbracket \text{set-restriction } f; \text{finite } A \rrbracket \implies \text{card } (f A) \leq \text{card } A$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-not-in-imp*:

$$\llbracket \text{set-restriction } f; x \notin A \rrbracket \implies x \notin f A$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-in-imp*:

$$\llbracket \text{set-restriction } f; x \in f A \rrbracket \implies x \in A$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-fun-singleton*:

$$\text{set-restriction-fun } P \{a\} = (\text{if } P a \text{ then } \{a\} \text{ else } \{\})$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-fun-all-conv*:

$$((\text{set-restriction-fun } P) A = A) = (\forall x \in A. P x)$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-fun-empty-conv*:

$$((\text{set-restriction-fun } P) A = \{\}) = (\forall x \in A. \neg P x)$$

*<proof>*

## 7.2 Cut operators for sets/intervals

### 7.2.1 Definitions and basic lemmata for cut operators

**definition**

$cut-le :: 'a::linorder\ set \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a\ set$  ( **infixl**  $\downarrow \leq 100$  )

**where**

$I \downarrow \leq t \equiv \{ x \in I. x \leq t \}$

**definition**

$cut-less :: 'a::linorder\ set \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a\ set$  ( **infixl**  $\downarrow < 100$  )

**where**

$I \downarrow < t \equiv \{ x \in I. x < t \}$

**definition**

$cut-ge :: 'a::linorder\ set \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a\ set$  ( **infixl**  $\downarrow \geq 100$  )

**where**

$I \downarrow \geq t \equiv \{ x \in I. t \leq x \}$

**definition**

$cut-greater :: 'a::linorder\ set \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a\ set$  ( **infixl**  $\downarrow > 100$  )

**where**

$I \downarrow > t \equiv \{ x \in I. t < x \}$

**lemmas**  $i-cut-defs =$

$cut-le-def\ cut-less-def$

$cut-ge-def\ cut-greater-def$

**thm**  $i-cut-defs$

**lemma**  $cut-le-mem-iff: x \in I \downarrow \leq t = (x \in I \wedge x \leq t)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $cut-less-mem-iff: x \in I \downarrow < t = (x \in I \wedge x < t)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $cut-ge-mem-iff: x \in I \downarrow \geq t = (x \in I \wedge t \leq x)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $cut-greater-mem-iff: x \in I \downarrow > t = (x \in I \wedge t < x)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas**  $i-cut-mem-iff =$

$cut-le-mem-iff\ cut-less-mem-iff$

$cut-ge-mem-iff\ cut-greater-mem-iff$

**thm**  $i-cut-mem-iff$

**lemma**

$cut-leI [intro!]: x \in I \Longrightarrow x \leq t \Longrightarrow x \in I \downarrow \leq t$  **and**

$cut-lessI [intro!]: x \in I \Longrightarrow x < t \Longrightarrow x \in I \downarrow < t$  **and**

$cut-geI [intro!]: x \in I \Longrightarrow x \geq t \Longrightarrow x \in I \downarrow \geq t$  **and**

$cut-greaterI [intro!]: x \in I \Longrightarrow x > t \Longrightarrow x \in I \downarrow > t$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**

$cut-leE [elim!]: x \in I \downarrow \leq t \Longrightarrow (x \in I \Longrightarrow x \leq t \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P$  **and**

$cut-lessE [elim!]: x \in I \downarrow < t \Longrightarrow (x \in I \Longrightarrow x < t \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P$  **and**

$cut-geE [elim!]: x \in I \downarrow \geq t \Longrightarrow (x \in I \Longrightarrow x \geq t \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P$  **and**

$cut-greaterE [elim!]: x \in I \downarrow > t \Longrightarrow (x \in I \Longrightarrow x > t \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**

*cut-less-bound*:  $n \in I \downarrow < t \implies n < t$  **and**  
*cut-le-bound*:  $n \in I \downarrow \leq t \implies n \leq t$  **and**  
*cut-greater-bound*:  $n \in i \downarrow > t \implies t < n$  **and**  
*cut-ge-bound*:  $n \in i \downarrow \geq t \implies t \leq n$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-bound* =

*cut-less-bound cut-le-bound*  
*cut-greater-bound cut-ge-bound*

**lemma**

*cut-le-Int-conv*:  $I \downarrow \leq t = I \cap \{..t\}$  **and**  
*cut-less-Int-conv*:  $I \downarrow < t = I \cap \{..<t\}$  **and**  
*cut-ge-Int-conv*:  $I \downarrow \geq t = I \cap \{t..\}$  **and**  
*cut-greater-Int-conv*:  $I \downarrow > t = I \cap \{t<..\}$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-Int-conv* =

*cut-le-Int-conv cut-less-Int-conv*  
*cut-ge-Int-conv cut-greater-Int-conv*

**thm** *i-cut-Int-conv***lemma**

*cut-le-Diff-conv*:  $I \downarrow \leq t = I - \{t<..\}$  **and**  
*cut-less-Diff-conv*:  $I \downarrow < t = I - \{t..\}$  **and**  
*cut-ge-Diff-conv*:  $I \downarrow \geq t = I - \{..<t\}$  **and**  
*cut-greater-Diff-conv*:  $I \downarrow > t = I - \{..t\}$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-Diff-conv* =

*cut-le-Diff-conv cut-less-Diff-conv*  
*cut-ge-Diff-conv cut-greater-Diff-conv*

**thm** *i-cut-Diff-conv***7.2.2 Basic results for cut operators****lemma**

*cut-less-eq-set-restriction-fun'*:  $(\lambda I. I \downarrow < t) = \text{set-restriction-fun } (\lambda x. x < t)$

**and**

*cut-le-eq-set-restriction-fun'*:  $(\lambda I. I \downarrow \leq t) = \text{set-restriction-fun } (\lambda x. x \leq t)$

**and**

*cut-greater-eq-set-restriction-fun'*:  $(\lambda I. I \downarrow > t) = \text{set-restriction-fun } (\lambda x. x > t)$

**and**

*cut-ge-eq-set-restriction-fun'*:  $(\lambda I. I \downarrow \geq t) = \text{set-restriction-fun } (\lambda x. x \geq t)$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-eq-set-restriction-fun'* =

*cut-less-eq-set-restriction-fun' cut-le-eq-set-restriction-fun'*

*cut-greater-eq-set-restriction-fun' cut-ge-eq-set-restriction-fun'*

**lemma**

*cut-less-eq-set-restriction-fun:*  $I \downarrow < t = \text{set-restriction-fun } (\lambda x. x < t) I$  **and**  
*cut-le-eq-set-restriction-fun:*  $I \downarrow \leq t = \text{set-restriction-fun } (\lambda x. x \leq t) I$  **and**  
*cut-greater-eq-set-restriction-fun:*  $I \downarrow > t = \text{set-restriction-fun } (\lambda x. x > t) I$  **and**  
*cut-ge-eq-set-restriction-fun:*  $I \downarrow \geq t = \text{set-restriction-fun } (\lambda x. x \geq t) I$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-eq-set-restriction-fun =*

*cut-less-eq-set-restriction-fun cut-le-eq-set-restriction-fun*  
*cut-greater-eq-set-restriction-fun cut-ge-eq-set-restriction-fun*

**lemma** *i-cut-set-restriction-disj:*

$\llbracket \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow < \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \leq \vee$   
 $\text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow > \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \geq;$   
 $f = (\lambda I. \text{cut-op } I t) \rrbracket \implies \text{set-restriction } f$

*<proof>*

**thm** *set-restriction-def*

**corollary**

*i-cut-less-set-restriction:*  $\text{set-restriction } (\lambda I. I \downarrow < t)$  **and**  
*i-cut-le-set-restriction:*  $\text{set-restriction } (\lambda I. I \downarrow \leq t)$  **and**  
*i-cut-greater-set-restriction:*  $\text{set-restriction } (\lambda I. I \downarrow > t)$  **and**  
*i-cut-ge-set-restriction:*  $\text{set-restriction } (\lambda I. I \downarrow \geq t)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-set-restriction =*

*i-cut-le-set-restriction i-cut-less-set-restriction*  
*i-cut-ge-set-restriction i-cut-greater-set-restriction*

**lemma** *i-cut-commute-disj:*  $\llbracket$

$\text{cut-op1} = \text{op} \downarrow < \vee \text{cut-op1} = \text{op} \downarrow \leq \vee$   
 $\text{cut-op1} = \text{op} \downarrow > \vee \text{cut-op1} = \text{op} \downarrow \geq;$   
 $\text{cut-op2} = \text{op} \downarrow < \vee \text{cut-op2} = \text{op} \downarrow \leq \vee$   
 $\text{cut-op2} = \text{op} \downarrow > \vee \text{cut-op2} = \text{op} \downarrow \geq \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{cut-op2 } (\text{cut-op1 } I t1) t2 = \text{cut-op1 } (\text{cut-op2 } I t2) t1$

**thm**

*set-restriction-commute*[of  $\lambda I. \text{cut-op1 } I t$ ]  
*i-cut-set-restriction-disj*

*<proof>*

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*[of  $\text{op} \downarrow < \text{op} \downarrow <$ , *simplified*]

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*[of  $\text{op} \downarrow < \text{op} \downarrow >$ , *simplified*]

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*[of  $\text{op} \downarrow \leq \text{op} \downarrow >$ , *simplified*]

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*[of  $\text{op} \downarrow \geq \text{op} \downarrow >$ , *simplified*]

**lemma**

*cut-less-empty:*  $\{\} \downarrow < t = \{\}$  **and**  
*cut-le-empty:*  $\{\} \downarrow \leq t = \{\}$  **and**  
*cut-greater-empty:*  $\{\} \downarrow > t = \{\}$  **and**  
*cut-ge-empty:*  $\{\} \downarrow \geq t = \{\}$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-empty* =  
*cut-less-empty cut-le-empty*  
*cut-greater-empty cut-ge-empty*  
**thm** *i-cut-empty*

**lemma**  
*cut-less-not-empty-imp*:  $I \downarrow < t \neq \{\} \implies I \neq \{\}$  **and**  
*cut-le-not-empty-imp*:  $I \downarrow \leq t \neq \{\} \implies I \neq \{\}$  **and**  
*cut-greater-not-empty-imp*:  $I \downarrow > t \neq \{\} \implies I \neq \{\}$  **and**  
*cut-ge-not-empty-imp*:  $I \downarrow \geq t \neq \{\} \implies I \neq \{\}$   
<proof>

**lemma**  
*cut-less-singleton*:  $\{a\} \downarrow < t = (\text{if } a < t \text{ then } \{a\} \text{ else } \{\})$  **and**  
*cut-le-singleton*:  $\{a\} \downarrow \leq t = (\text{if } a \leq t \text{ then } \{a\} \text{ else } \{\})$  **and**  
*cut-greater-singleton*:  $\{a\} \downarrow > t = (\text{if } a > t \text{ then } \{a\} \text{ else } \{\})$  **and**  
*cut-ge-singleton*:  $\{a\} \downarrow \geq t = (\text{if } a \geq t \text{ then } \{a\} \text{ else } \{\})$   
<proof>  
**lemmas** *i-cut-singleton* =  
*cut-le-singleton cut-less-singleton*  
*cut-ge-singleton cut-greater-singleton*

**lemma**  
*cut-less-subset*:  $I \downarrow < t \subseteq I$  **and**  
*cut-le-subset*:  $I \downarrow \leq t \subseteq I$  **and**  
*cut-greater-subset*:  $I \downarrow > t \subseteq I$  **and**  
*cut-ge-subset*:  $I \downarrow \geq t \subseteq I$   
**thm** *i-cut-set-restriction*[*THEN set-restriction-subset*]  
<proof>  
**lemmas** *i-cut-subset* =  
*cut-less-subset cut-le-subset*  
*cut-greater-subset cut-ge-subset*  
**thm** *i-cut-subset*

**thm** *set-restriction-Un*

**lemma** *i-cut-Un-disj*:  
 $\llbracket \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow < \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \leq \vee$   
 $\text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow > \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \geq \rrbracket$   
 $\implies \text{cut-op} (A \cup B) t = \text{cut-op } A t \cup \text{cut-op } B t$   
**thm** *i-cut-set-restriction-disj*[*of cut-op*  $\lambda I. \text{cut-op } I t t$ ]  
<proof>  
**thm** *set-restriction-Un*  
<proof>

**corollary**

*cut-less-Un*:  $(A \cup B) \downarrow < t = A \downarrow < t \cup B \downarrow < t$  **and**  
*cut-le-Un*:  $(A \cup B) \downarrow \leq t = A \downarrow \leq t \cup B \downarrow \leq t$  **and**  
*cut-greater-Un*:  $(A \cup B) \downarrow > t = A \downarrow > t \cup B \downarrow > t$  **and**  
*cut-ge-Un*:  $(A \cup B) \downarrow \geq t = A \downarrow \geq t \cup B \downarrow \geq t$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-Un* =

*cut-less-Un cut-le-Un*  
*cut-greater-Un cut-ge-Un*

**lemma** *i-cut-Int-disj*:

$\llbracket \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow < \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \leq \vee$   
 $\text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow > \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \geq \rrbracket$   
 $\implies \text{cut-op} (A \cap B) t = \text{cut-op} A t \cap \text{cut-op} B t$

*<proof>***lemma**

*cut-less-Int*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow < t = A \downarrow < t \cap B \downarrow < t$  **and**  
*cut-le-Int*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow \leq t = A \downarrow \leq t \cap B \downarrow \leq t$  **and**  
*cut-greater-Int*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow > t = A \downarrow > t \cap B \downarrow > t$  **and**  
*cut-ge-Int*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow \geq t = A \downarrow \geq t \cap B \downarrow \geq t$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-Int* =

*cut-less-Int cut-le-Int*  
*cut-greater-Int cut-ge-Int*

**lemma**

*cut-less-Int-left*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow < t = A \downarrow < t \cap B$  **and**  
*cut-le-Int-left*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow \leq t = A \downarrow \leq t \cap B$  **and**  
*cut-greater-Int-left*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow > t = A \downarrow > t \cap B$  **and**  
*cut-ge-Int-left*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow \geq t = A \downarrow \geq t \cap B$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-Int-left* =

*cut-less-Int-left cut-le-Int-left*  
*cut-greater-Int-left cut-ge-Int-left*

**lemma**

*cut-less-Int-right*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow < t = A \cap B \downarrow < t$  **and**  
*cut-le-Int-right*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow \leq t = A \cap B \downarrow \leq t$  **and**  
*cut-greater-Int-right*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow > t = A \cap B \downarrow > t$  **and**  
*cut-ge-Int-right*:  $(A \cap B) \downarrow \geq t = A \cap B \downarrow \geq t$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-Int-right* =

*cut-less-Int-right cut-le-Int-right*  
*cut-greater-Int-right cut-ge-Int-right*

**lemma** *i-cut-Diff-disj*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow < \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \leq \vee \\ & \quad \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow > \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \geq \rrbracket \\ & \implies \text{cut-op} (A - B) t = \text{cut-op} A t - \text{cut-op} B t \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**corollary**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cut-less-Diff}: & \quad (A - B) \downarrow < t = A \downarrow < t - B \downarrow < t \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-le-Diff}: & \quad (A - B) \downarrow \leq t = A \downarrow \leq t - B \downarrow \leq t \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-greater-Diff}: & \quad (A - B) \downarrow > t = A \downarrow > t - B \downarrow > t \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-ge-Diff}: & \quad (A - B) \downarrow \geq t = A \downarrow \geq t - B \downarrow \geq t \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-Diff* =

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{cut-less-Diff} \text{ cut-le-Diff} \\ & \text{cut-greater-Diff} \text{ cut-ge-Diff} \end{aligned}$$

**thm** *set-restriction-mono*

**lemma** *i-cut-subset-mono-disj*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow < \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \leq \vee \\ & \quad \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow > \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \geq; A \subseteq B \rrbracket \\ & \implies \text{cut-op} A t \subseteq \text{cut-op} B t \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *set-restriction-mono*[where  $f = \lambda I. \text{cut-op } I t$ ]

*<proof>*

**corollary**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cut-less-subset-mono}: & \quad A \subseteq B \implies A \downarrow < t \subseteq B \downarrow < t \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-le-subset-mono}: & \quad A \subseteq B \implies A \downarrow \leq t \subseteq B \downarrow \leq t \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-greater-subset-mono}: & \quad A \subseteq B \implies A \downarrow > t \subseteq B \downarrow > t \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-ge-subset-mono}: & \quad A \subseteq B \implies A \downarrow \geq t \subseteq B \downarrow \geq t \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-subset-mono* =

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{cut-less-subset-mono} \text{ cut-le-subset-mono} \\ & \text{cut-greater-subset-mono} \text{ cut-ge-subset-mono} \end{aligned}$$

**lemma**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cut-less-mono}: & \quad t \leq t' \implies I \downarrow < t \subseteq I \downarrow < t' \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-greater-mono}: & \quad t' \leq t \implies I \downarrow > t \subseteq I \downarrow > t' \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-le-mono}: & \quad t \leq t' \implies I \downarrow \leq t \subseteq I \downarrow \leq t' \text{ and} \\ \text{cut-ge-mono}: & \quad t' \leq t \implies I \downarrow \geq t \subseteq I \downarrow \geq t' \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-mono* =

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{cut-le-mono} \text{ cut-less-mono} \\ & \text{cut-ge-mono} \text{ cut-greater-mono} \end{aligned}$$

**lemma**

*cut-cut-le*:  $i \downarrow \leq a \downarrow \leq b = i \downarrow \leq \min a b$  **and**  
*cut-cut-less*:  $i \downarrow < a \downarrow < b = i \downarrow < \min a b$  **and**  
*cut-cut-ge*:  $i \downarrow \geq a \downarrow \geq b = i \downarrow \geq \max a b$  **and**  
*cut-cut-greater*:  $i \downarrow > a \downarrow > b = i \downarrow > \max a b$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-cut* =

*cut-cut-le cut-cut-less*  
*cut-cut-ge cut-cut-greater*

**lemma** *i-cut-absorb-disj*:

$\llbracket \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow < \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \leq \vee$   
 $\text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow > \vee \text{cut-op} = \text{op} \downarrow \geq \rrbracket$   
 $\implies \text{cut-op} (\text{cut-op } I t) t = \text{cut-op } I t$

**thm** *i-cut-set-restriction-disj*[**where**  $f = \lambda I. \text{cut-op } I t$ ]*<proof>***thm** *set-restriction-absorb**<proof>***corollary**

*cut-le-absorb*:  $I \downarrow \leq t \downarrow \leq t = I \downarrow \leq t$  **and**  
*cut-less-absorb*:  $I \downarrow < t \downarrow < t = I \downarrow < t$  **and**  
*cut-ge-absorb*:  $I \downarrow \geq t \downarrow \geq t = I \downarrow \geq t$  **and**  
*cut-greater-absorb*:  $I \downarrow > t \downarrow > t = I \downarrow > t$

**thm** *i-cut-absorb-disj**<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-absorb* =

*cut-le-absorb cut-less-absorb*  
*cut-ge-absorb cut-greater-absorb*

**lemma**

*cut-less-0-empty*:  $I \downarrow < (0::\text{nat}) = \{\}$  **and**  
*cut-ge-0-all*:  $I \downarrow \geq (0::\text{nat}) = I$

*<proof>***lemma**

*cut-le-all-iff*:  $(I \downarrow \leq t = I) = (\forall x \in I. x \leq t)$  **and**  
*cut-less-all-iff*:  $(I \downarrow < t = I) = (\forall x \in I. x < t)$  **and**  
*cut-ge-all-iff*:  $(I \downarrow \geq t = I) = (\forall x \in I. x \geq t)$  **and**  
*cut-greater-all-iff*:  $(I \downarrow > t = I) = (\forall x \in I. x > t)$

*<proof>***lemmas** *i-cut-all-iff* =

*cut-le-all-iff cut-less-all-iff*  
*cut-ge-all-iff cut-greater-all-iff*

**lemma**

*cut-le-empty-iff*:  $(I \downarrow \leq t = \{\}) = (\forall x \in I. t < x)$  **and**  
*cut-less-empty-iff*:  $(I \downarrow < t = \{\}) = (\forall x \in I. t \leq x)$  **and**

*cut-ge-empty-iff*:  $(I \downarrow \geq t = \{\}) = (\forall x \in I. x < t)$  **and**  
*cut-greater-empty-iff*:  $(I \downarrow > t = \{\}) = (\forall x \in I. x \leq t)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-empty-iff* =  
*cut-le-empty-iff cut-less-empty-iff*  
*cut-ge-empty-iff cut-greater-empty-iff*

**lemma**

*cut-le-not-empty-iff*:  $(I \downarrow \leq t \neq \{\}) = (\exists x \in I. x \leq t)$  **and**  
*cut-less-not-empty-iff*:  $(I \downarrow < t \neq \{\}) = (\exists x \in I. x < t)$  **and**  
*cut-ge-not-empty-iff*:  $(I \downarrow \geq t \neq \{\}) = (\exists x \in I. t \leq x)$  **and**  
*cut-greater-not-empty-iff*:  $(I \downarrow > t \neq \{\}) = (\exists x \in I. t < x)$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-not-empty-iff* =  
*cut-le-not-empty-iff cut-less-not-empty-iff*  
*cut-ge-not-empty-iff cut-greater-not-empty-iff*

**thm** *i-cut-not-empty-iff*

**lemma** *nat-cut-ge-infinite-not-empty*: *infinite*  $I \implies I \downarrow \geq (t::nat) \neq \{\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-cut-greater-infinite-not-empty*: *infinite*  $I \implies I \downarrow > (t::nat) \neq \{\}$

*<proof>*

**thm** *set-restriction-not-in-imp*

**corollary**

*cut-le-not-in-imp*:  $x \notin I \implies x \notin I \downarrow \leq t$  **and**  
*cut-less-not-in-imp*:  $x \notin I \implies x \notin I \downarrow < t$  **and**  
*cut-ge-not-in-imp*:  $x \notin I \implies x \notin I \downarrow \geq t$  **and**  
*cut-greater-not-in-imp*:  $x \notin I \implies x \notin I \downarrow > t$

**thm** *i-cut-set-restriction*[*THEN set-restriction-not-in-imp*]

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-not-in-imp* =  
*cut-le-not-in-imp cut-less-not-in-imp*  
*cut-ge-not-in-imp cut-greater-not-in-imp*

**thm** *set-restriction-in-imp*

**corollary**

*cut-le-in-imp*:  $x \in I \downarrow \leq t \implies x \in I$  **and**  
*cut-less-in-imp*:  $x \in I \downarrow < t \implies x \in I$  **and**  
*cut-ge-in-imp*:  $x \in I \downarrow \geq t \implies x \in I$  **and**  
*cut-greater-in-imp*:  $x \in I \downarrow > t \implies x \in I$

**thm** *i-cut-set-restriction*[*THEN set-restriction-in-imp*]

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-in-imp* =  
*cut-le-in-imp cut-less-in-imp*

*cut-ge-in-imp cut-greater-in-imp*

**lemma** *Collect-minI-cut*:  $\llbracket k \in I; P (k::('a::wellorder)) \rrbracket \implies \exists x \in I. P x \wedge (\forall y \in (I \downarrow < x). \neg P y)$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *Collect-minI-ex-cut*:  $\exists k \in I. P (k::('a::wellorder)) \implies \exists x \in I. P x \wedge (\forall y \in (I \downarrow < x). \neg P y)$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *Collect-minI-ex2-cut*:  $\{k \in I. P (k::('a::wellorder))\} \neq \{\} \implies \exists x \in I. P x \wedge (\forall y \in (I \downarrow < x). \neg P y)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-le-cut-greater-ident*:  $t2 \leq t1 \implies I \downarrow \leq t1 \cup I \downarrow > t2 = I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-less-cut-ge-ident*:  $t2 \leq t1 \implies I \downarrow < t1 \cup I \downarrow \geq t2 = I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-le-cut-ge-ident*:  $t2 \leq t1 \implies I \downarrow \leq t1 \cup I \downarrow \geq t2 = I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-less-cut-greater-ident*:

$\llbracket t2 \leq t1; I \cap \{t1..t2\} = \{\} \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow < t1 \cup I \downarrow > t2 = I$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *cut-less-cut-greater-ident'*:

$t \notin I \implies I \downarrow < t \cup I \downarrow > t = I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *insert-eq-cut-less-cut-greater*:  $insert\ n\ I = I \downarrow < n \cup \{n\} \cup I \downarrow > n$

*<proof>*

### 7.2.3 Relations between cut operators

**lemma** *insert-Int-conv-if*:  $A \cap (insert\ x\ B) = ($

*if*  $x \in A$  *then*  $insert\ x\ (A \cap B)$  *else*  $A \cap B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-le-less-conv-if*:  $I \downarrow \leq t = ($

*if*  $t \in I$  *then*  $insert\ t\ (I \downarrow < t)$  *else*  $(I \downarrow < t)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-le-less-conv*:  $I \downarrow \leq t = (\{t\} \cap I) \cup (I \downarrow < t)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-less-le-conv*:  $I \downarrow < t = (I \downarrow \leq t) - \{t\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-less-le-conv-if*:  $I \downarrow < t =$   
 if  $t \in I$  then  $(I \downarrow \leq t) - \{t\}$  else  $(I \downarrow \leq t)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-ge-greater-conv-if*:  $I \downarrow \geq t =$   
 if  $t \in I$  then  $\text{insert } t (I \downarrow > t)$  else  $(I \downarrow > t)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-ge-greater-conv*:  $I \downarrow \geq t = (\{t\} \cap I) \cup (I \downarrow > t)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-greater-ge-conv*:  $I \downarrow > t = (I \downarrow \geq t) - \{t\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-greater-ge-conv-if*:  $I \downarrow > t =$   
 if  $t \in I$  then  $(I \downarrow \geq t) - \{t\}$  else  $(I \downarrow \geq t)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nat-cut-le-less-conv*:  $I \downarrow \leq t = I \downarrow < \text{Suc } t$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nat-cut-less-le-conv*:  $0 < t \implies I \downarrow < t = I \downarrow \leq (t - \text{Suc } 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nat-cut-ge-greater-conv*:  $I \downarrow \geq \text{Suc } t = I \downarrow > t$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nat-cut-greater-ge-conv*:  $0 < t \implies I \downarrow > (t - \text{Suc } 0) = I \downarrow \geq t$   
 ⟨proof⟩

## 7.2.4 Function images with cut operators

**lemma** *cut-less-image*:  
 [ *strict-mono-on*  $f$   $A$ ;  $I \subseteq A$ ;  $n \in A$  ]  $\implies$   
 $(f \text{ ' } I) \downarrow < f n = f \text{ ' } (I \downarrow < n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-le-image*:  
 [ *strict-mono-on*  $f$   $A$ ;  $I \subseteq A$ ;  $n \in A$  ]  $\implies$   
 $(f \text{ ' } I) \downarrow \leq f n = f \text{ ' } (I \downarrow \leq n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *cut-le-less-conv-if*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-greater-image*:

[[ *strict-mono-on*  $f$   $A$ ;  $I \subseteq A$ ;  $n \in A$  ]]  $\implies$   
 $(f \text{ ' } I) \downarrow > f n = f \text{ ' } (I \downarrow > n)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *cut-ge-image*:

[[ *strict-mono-on*  $f$   $A$ ;  $I \subseteq A$ ;  $n \in A$  ]]  $\implies$   
 $(f \text{ ' } I) \downarrow \geq f n = f \text{ ' } (I \downarrow \geq n)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *cut-ge-greater-conv-if*

<proof>

**lemmas** *i-cut-image* =

*cut-le-image cut-less-image*

*cut-ge-image cut-greater-image*

**thm** *i-cut-image*

**thm** *i-cut-image*[*OF - subset-refl*]

### 7.2.5 Finiteness and cardinality with cut operators

**thm** *set-restriction-finite*

**lemma**

*cut-le-finite*:  $finite\ I \implies finite\ (I \downarrow \leq t)$  **and**

*cut-less-finite*:  $finite\ I \implies finite\ (I \downarrow < t)$  **and**

*cut-ge-finite*:  $finite\ I \implies finite\ (I \downarrow \geq t)$  **and**

*cut-greater-finite*:  $finite\ I \implies finite\ (I \downarrow > t)$

**thm** *finite-subset*

<proof>

**lemma** *nat-cut-le-finite*:  $finite\ (I \downarrow \leq (t::nat))$

<proof>

**lemma** *nat-cut-less-finite*:  $finite\ (I \downarrow < (t::nat))$

<proof>

**lemma** *nat-cut-ge-finite-iff*:  $finite\ (I \downarrow \geq (t::nat)) = finite\ I$

<proof>

**thm** *cut-less-cut-ge-ident*[*OF order-refl*]

<proof>

**lemma** *nat-cut-greater-finite-iff*:  $finite\ (I \downarrow > (t::nat)) = finite\ I$

**thm** *cut-ge-greater-conv*

<proof>

**lemma**

*cut-le-card*:  $finite\ I \implies card\ (I \downarrow \leq t) \leq card\ I$  **and**

*cut-less-card*:  $finite\ I \implies card\ (I \downarrow < t) \leq card\ I$  **and**

*cut-ge-card*:  $finite\ I \implies card\ (I \downarrow \geq t) \leq card\ I$  **and**

*cut-greater-card*:  $finite\ I \implies card\ (I \downarrow > t) \leq card\ I$

<proof>

**lemma** *nat-cut-greater-card*:  $card\ (I \downarrow > (t::nat)) \leq card\ I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nat-cut-greater-finite-iff*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-cut-ge-card*:  $\text{card } (I \downarrow \geq (t::\text{nat})) \leq \text{card } I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nat-cut-ge-finite-iff*

*<proof>*

## 7.2.6 Cutting a set at *Min* or *Max* element

**lemma** *cut-greater-Min-eq-Diff*:  $I \downarrow > (i\text{Min } I) = I - \{i\text{Min } I\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-less-Max-eq-Diff*:  $\text{finite } I \implies I \downarrow < (\text{Max } I) = I - \{\text{Max } I\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-le-Min-empty*:  $t < i\text{Min } I \implies I \downarrow \leq t = \{\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-less-Min-empty*:  $t \leq i\text{Min } I \implies I \downarrow < t = \{\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-le-Min-not-empty*:  $\llbracket I \neq \{\}; i\text{Min } I \leq t \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow \leq t \neq \{\}$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMinI-ex2*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-less-Min-not-empty*:  $\llbracket I \neq \{\}; i\text{Min } I < t \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow < t \neq \{\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-ge-Min-all*:  $t \leq i\text{Min } I \implies I \downarrow \geq t = I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-le*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-greater-Min-all*:  $t < i\text{Min } I \implies I \downarrow > t = I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-le*

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *i-cut-min-empty* =

*cut-le-Min-empty*

*cut-less-Min-empty*

*cut-le-Min-not-empty*

*cut-less-Min-not-empty*

**lemmas** *i-cut-min-all* =

*cut-ge-Min-all*

*cut-greater-Min-all*

**thm**

*i-cut-min-empty*

*i-cut-min-all*

**lemma** *cut-ge-Max-empty*:  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{Max } I < t \implies I \downarrow \geq t = \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-greater-Max-empty*:  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{Max } I \leq t \implies I \downarrow > t = \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-ge-Max-not-empty*:  $\llbracket I \neq \{\}; \text{finite } I; t \leq \text{Max } I \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow \geq t \neq \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *MaxI-ex2*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-greater-Max-not-empty*:  $\llbracket I \neq \{\}; \text{finite } I; t < \text{Max } I \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow > t \neq \{\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-le-Max-all*:  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{Max } I \leq t \implies I \downarrow \leq t = I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-less-Max-all*:  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{Max } I < t \implies I \downarrow < t = I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemmas** *i-cut-max-empty* =  
*cut-ge-Max-empty*  
*cut-greater-Max-empty*  
*cut-ge-Max-not-empty*  
*cut-greater-Max-not-empty*

**lemmas** *i-cut-max-all* =  
*cut-le-Max-all*  
*cut-less-Max-all*

**thm**  
*i-cut-max-empty*  
*i-cut-max-all*

**lemma** *cut-less-Max-less*:  
 $\llbracket \text{finite } (I \downarrow < t); I \downarrow < t \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (I \downarrow < t) < t$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-le-Max-le*:  
 $\llbracket \text{finite } (I \downarrow \leq t); I \downarrow \leq t \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (I \downarrow \leq t) \leq t$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nat-cut-less-Max-less*:  
 $I \downarrow < t \neq \{\} \implies \text{Max } (I \downarrow < t) < (t::\text{nat})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nat-cut-le-Max-le*:  
 $I \downarrow \leq t \neq \{\} \implies \text{Max } (I \downarrow \leq t) \leq (t::\text{nat})$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-greater-Min-greater*:

$$I \downarrow > t \neq \{\} \implies iMin (I \downarrow > t) > t$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-ge-Min-greater*:

$$I \downarrow \geq t \neq \{\} \implies iMin (I \downarrow \geq t) \geq t$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-less-Min-eq*:  $I \downarrow < t \neq \{\} \implies iMin (I \downarrow < t) = iMin I$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-le-Min-eq*:  $I \downarrow \leq t \neq \{\} \implies iMin (I \downarrow \leq t) = iMin I$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-ge-Max-eq*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \downarrow \geq t \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies Max (I \downarrow \geq t) = Max I$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *cut-greater-Max-eq*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \downarrow > t \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies Max (I \downarrow > t) = Max I$   
*<proof>*

### 7.2.7 Cut operators with intervals from SetInterval

**lemma**

$$\begin{aligned} UNIV\text{-cut-le:} & \quad UNIV \downarrow \leq t = \{..t\} \text{ and} \\ UNIV\text{-cut-less:} & \quad UNIV \downarrow < t = \{..<t\} \text{ and} \\ UNIV\text{-cut-ge:} & \quad UNIV \downarrow \geq t = \{t..\} \text{ and} \\ UNIV\text{-cut-greater:} & \quad UNIV \downarrow > t = \{t<..\} \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**lemma**

$$\begin{aligned} lessThan\text{-cut-le:} & \quad \{..<n\} \downarrow \leq t = (\text{if } n \leq t \text{ then } \{..<n\} \text{ else } \{..t\}) \text{ and} \\ lessThan\text{-cut-less:} & \quad \{..<n\} \downarrow < t = (\text{if } n \leq t \text{ then } \{..<n\} \text{ else } \{..<t\}) \text{ and} \\ lessThan\text{-cut-ge:} & \quad \{..<n\} \downarrow \geq t = \{t..<n\} \text{ and} \\ lessThan\text{-cut-greater:} & \quad \{..<n\} \downarrow > t = \{t<..<n\} \text{ and} \\ atMost\text{-cut-le:} & \quad \{..n\} \downarrow \leq t = (\text{if } n \leq t \text{ then } \{..n\} \text{ else } \{..t\}) \text{ and} \\ atMost\text{-cut-less:} & \quad \{..n\} \downarrow < t = (\text{if } n < t \text{ then } \{..n\} \text{ else } \{..<t\}) \text{ and} \\ atMost\text{-cut-ge:} & \quad \{..n\} \downarrow \geq t = \{t..n\} \text{ and} \\ atMost\text{-cut-greager:} & \quad \{..n\} \downarrow > t = \{t<..n\} \text{ and} \\ greaterThan\text{-cut-le:} & \quad \{n<..\} \downarrow \leq t = \{n<..t\} \text{ and} \\ greaterThan\text{-cut-less:} & \quad \{n<..\} \downarrow < t = \{n<..<t\} \text{ and} \\ greaterThan\text{-cut-ge:} & \quad \{n<..\} \downarrow \geq t = (\text{if } t \leq n \text{ then } \{n<..\} \text{ else } \{t..\}) \text{ and} \\ greaterThan\text{-cut-greater:} & \quad \{n<..\} \downarrow > t = (\text{if } t \leq n \text{ then } \{n<..\} \text{ else } \{t<..\}) \text{ and} \\ atLeast\text{-cut-le:} & \quad \{n..\} \downarrow \leq t = \{n..t\} \text{ and} \\ atLeast\text{-cut-less:} & \quad \{n..\} \downarrow < t = \{n..<t\} \text{ and} \\ atLeast\text{-cut-ge:} & \quad \{n..\} \downarrow \geq t = (\text{if } t \leq n \text{ then } \{n..\} \text{ else } \{t..\}) \text{ and} \\ atLeast\text{-cut-greater:} & \quad \{n..\} \downarrow > t = (\text{if } t \leq n \text{ then } \{n..\} \text{ else } \{t..\}) \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**lemma**

*greaterThanLessThan-cut-le*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*greaterThanLessThan-cut-less*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*greaterThanLessThan-cut-ge*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*greaterThanLessThan-cut-greater*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*atLeastLessThan-cut-le*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*atLeastLessThan-cut-less*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*atLeastLessThan-cut-ge*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*atLeastLessThan-cut-greater*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*greaterThanAtMost-cut-le*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*greaterThanAtMost-cut-less*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*greaterThanAtMost-cut-ge*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*greaterThanAtMost-cut-greater*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*atLeastAtMost-cut-le*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*atLeastAtMost-cut-less*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*atLeastAtMost-cut-ge*:  $\{m<.. **and**  
*atLeastAtMost-cut-greater*:  $\{m<..$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$

*<proof>*

### 7.2.8 Mirroring finite natural sets between their *Min* and *Max* element

Mirroring a number at the middle of the interval  $\text{min } l \text{ r}.. \text{max } l \text{ r}$

Mirroring a single element  $n$  between the interval boundaries  $l$  and  $r$

**definition**

*nat-mirror* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$

**where**

*nat-mirror*  $n \ l \ r \equiv l + r - n$

**lemma** *nat-mirror-commute*:  $\text{nat-mirror } n \ l \ r = \text{nat-mirror } n \ r \ l$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *nat-mirror-inj-on*: *inj-on* ( $\lambda x. \text{nat-mirror } x \ l \ r$ )  $\{..l + r\}$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-nat-mirror-ident*:  
 $n \leq l + r \implies \text{nat-mirror } (\text{nat-mirror } n \ l \ r) \ l \ r = n$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-add*:  
 $\text{nat-mirror } (n + k) \ l \ r = (\text{nat-mirror } n \ l \ r) - k$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-diff*:  
 $\llbracket k \leq n; n \leq l + r \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{nat-mirror } (n - k) \ l \ r = (\text{nat-mirror } n \ l \ r) + k$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-le*:  $a \leq b \implies \text{nat-mirror } b \ l \ r \leq \text{nat-mirror } a \ l \ r$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-le-conv*:  
 $a \leq l + r \implies (\text{nat-mirror } b \ l \ r \leq \text{nat-mirror } a \ l \ r) = (a \leq b)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-less*:  
 $\llbracket a < b; a < l + r \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{nat-mirror } b \ l \ r < \text{nat-mirror } a \ l \ r$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-less-imp-less*:  
 $\text{nat-mirror } b \ l \ r < \text{nat-mirror } a \ l \ r \implies a < b$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-less-conv*:  
 $a < l + r \implies (\text{nat-mirror } b \ l \ r < \text{nat-mirror } a \ l \ r) = (a < b)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *nat-mirror-eq-conv*:  
 $\llbracket a \leq l + r; b \leq l + r \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(\text{nat-mirror } a \ l \ r = \text{nat-mirror } b \ l \ r) = (a = b)$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Mirroring a single element  $n$  between the interval boundaries of  $I$

**definition**

*mirror-elem* ::  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat set} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$

**where**

$\text{mirror-elem } n \ I \equiv \text{nat-mirror } n \ (iMin \ I) \ (Max \ I)$

**lemma** *mirror-elem-inj-on*: *finite*  $I \implies \text{inj-on } (\lambda x. \text{mirror-elem } x \ I) \ I$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *mirror-elem-add*:  
 $\text{finite } I \implies \text{mirror-elem } (n + k) \ I = \text{mirror-elem } n \ I - k$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *mirror-elem-diff*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; k \leq n; n \in I \rrbracket \implies \text{mirror-elem } (n - k) I = \text{mirror-elem } n I + k$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mirror-elem-Min*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \text{mirror-elem } (iMin I) I = Max I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mirror-elem-Max*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies \text{mirror-elem } (Max I) I = iMin I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mirror-elem-mirror-elem-ident*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \leq iMin I + Max I \rrbracket \implies \text{mirror-elem } (\text{mirror-elem } n I) I = n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nat-mirror-le-conv*

**lemma** *mirror-elem-le-conv*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(\text{mirror-elem } b I \leq \text{mirror-elem } a I) = (a \leq b)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mirror-elem-less-conv*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(\text{mirror-elem } b I < \text{mirror-elem } a I) = (a < b)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nat-mirror-eq-conv*

**lemma** *mirror-elem-eq-conv*:

$\llbracket a \leq iMin I + Max I; b \leq iMin I + Max I \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(\text{mirror-elem } a I = \text{mirror-elem } b I) = (a = b)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *mirror-elem-eq-conv'*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies (\text{mirror-elem } a I = \text{mirror-elem } b I) = (a = b)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition**

*imirror-bounds* :: *nat set*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat set*

**where**

*imirror-bounds* *I l r*  $\equiv (\lambda x. \text{nat-mirror } x l r) ' I$

Mirroring all elements between the interval boundaries of I

**definition**

*imirror* :: *nat set*  $\Rightarrow$  *nat set*

**where**

*imirror* *I*  $\equiv (\lambda x. iMin I + Max I - x) ' I$

**lemma** *imirror-eq-nat-mirror-image*:

*imirror* *I* =  $(\lambda x. \text{nat-mirror } x (iMin I) (Max I)) ' I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-eq-mirror-elem-image:*

$$\text{imirror } I = (\lambda x. \text{mirror-elem } x \ I) \ ' \ I$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-eq-imirror-bounds:*

$$\text{imirror } I = \text{imirror-bounds } I \ (\text{iMin } I) \ (\text{Max } I)$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-empty:*  $\text{imirror } \{\} = \{\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-is-empty:*  $(\text{imirror } I = \{\}) = (I = \{\})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-not-empty:*  $I \neq \{\} \implies \text{imirror } I \neq \{\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-singleton:*  $\text{imirror } \{a\} = \{a\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-finite:*  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{finite } (\text{imirror } I)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-bounds-iMin:*

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; \text{iMin } I \leq l + r \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{iMin } (\text{imirror-bounds } I \ l \ r) = l + r - \text{Max } I$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-equality*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-bounds-Max:*

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; \text{Max } I \leq l + r \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{Max } (\text{imirror-bounds } I \ l \ r) = l + r - \text{iMin } I$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-iMin:*  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{iMin } (\text{imirror } I) = \text{iMin } I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-Max:*  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{Max } (\text{imirror } I) = \text{Max } I$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *imirror-iMin-Max:*  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \in \text{imirror } I \rrbracket \implies \text{iMin } I \leq n \wedge n \leq \text{Max } I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *imirror-iMin imirror-Max*

*<proof>*

**thm** *image-iff*

**lemma** *imirror-bounds-iff*:

$$(n \in \text{imirror-bounds } I \ l \ r) = (\exists x \in I. n = l + r - x)$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-iff*:  $(n \in \text{imirror } I) = (\exists x \in I. n = iMin \ I + Max \ I - x)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-bounds-imirror-bounds-ident*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; Max \ I \leq l + r \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{imirror-bounds } (\text{imirror-bounds } I \ l \ r) \ l \ r = I$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nat-mirror-nat-mirror-ident*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-imirror-ident*:  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{imirror } (\text{imirror } I) = I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *imirror-eq-imirror-bounds*

**thm** *imirror-bounds-imirror-bounds-ident*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *mirror-elem-imirror*:

$$\text{finite } I \implies \text{mirror-elem } t \ (\text{imirror } I) = \text{mirror-elem } t \ I$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-card*:  $\text{finite } I \implies \text{card } (\text{imirror } I) = \text{card } I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-bounds-elem-conv*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \leq l + r; Max \ I \leq l + r \rrbracket \implies$$

$$((\text{nat-mirror } n \ l \ r) \in \text{imirror-bounds } I \ l \ r) = (n \in I)$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *inj-on-image-mem-iff* [where  $A = \{..l + r\}$ ]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-mem-conv*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \leq iMin \ I + Max \ I \rrbracket \implies ((\text{mirror-elem } n \ I) \in \text{imirror } I) = (n \in I)$$

**thm** *imirror-bounds-elem-conv*

*<proof>*

**corollary** *in-imp-mirror-elem-in*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \in I \rrbracket \implies (\text{mirror-elem } n \ I) \in \text{imirror } I$$

**thm** *imirror-mem-conv* [OF - trans-le-add2 [OF Max-ge], THEN iffD2]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *imirror-cut-less*:

$$\text{finite } I \implies$$

$$\text{imirror } I \ \downarrow < (\text{mirror-elem } t \ I) =$$

$$\text{imirror-bounds } (I \ \downarrow > t) \ (iMin \ I) \ (Max \ I)$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nat-mirror-less-imp-less*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nat-mirror-less*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *imirror-cut-le*:

[[ *finite I*;  $t \leq iMin\ I + Max\ I$  ]]  $\implies$   
*imirror I*  $\downarrow \leq$  (*mirror-elem t I*) =  
*imirror-bounds (I*  $\downarrow \geq t)$  (*iMin I*) (*Max I*)

**thm** *nat-cut-le-less-conv nat-cut-greater-ge-conv*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *imirror-cut-less*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *imirror-cut-ge*:

*finite I*  $\implies$   
*imirror I*  $\downarrow \geq$  (*mirror-elem t I*) =  
*imirror-bounds (I*  $\downarrow \leq t)$  (*iMin I*) (*Max I*)  
 (is ?P  $\implies$  ?lhs *I* = ?rhs *I t*)

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mirror-elem-mirror-elem-ident*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *imirror-cut-le*[of *imirror I mirror-elem t I*, OF *imirror-finite*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *imirror-cut-greater*: [[ *finite I*;  $t \leq iMin\ I + Max\ I$  ]]  $\implies$

*imirror I*  $\downarrow >$  (*mirror-elem t I*) =  
*imirror-bounds (I*  $\downarrow < t)$  (*iMin I*) (*Max I*)

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nat-cut-ge-greater-conv*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *subst*[of *mirror-elem (t - Suc 0) I Suc (mirror-elem t I)*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nat-mirror-diff*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *imirror-cut-ge nat-cut-less-le-conv*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemmas** *imirror-cut =*

*imirror-cut-less imirror-cut-ge*  
*imirror-cut-le imirror-cut-greater*

**thm** *imirror-cut*

**corollary** *imirror-cut-le'*:

[[ *finite I*;  $t \in I$  ]]  $\implies$   
*imirror I*  $\downarrow \leq$  *mirror-elem t I* =  
*imirror-bounds (I*  $\downarrow \geq t)$  (*iMin I*) (*Max I*)

**thm** *imirror-cut-le*[OF - *trans-le-add2*[OF *Max-ge*]]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *imirror-cut-greater'*:  
 $\llbracket \text{finite } I; t \in I \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{imirror } I \downarrow > \text{mirror-elem } t \text{ } I =$   
 $\text{imirror-bounds } (I \downarrow < t) (\text{iMin } I) (\text{Max } I)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$   
**lemmas** *imirror-cut'* =  
 $\text{imirror-cut-le}' \text{ imirror-cut-greater}'$   
**thm**  
 $\text{imirror-cut}$   
 $\text{imirror-cut}'$

**lemma** *imirror-bounds-Un*:  
 $\text{imirror-bounds } (A \cup B) \text{ } l \text{ } r =$   
 $\text{imirror-bounds } A \text{ } l \text{ } r \cup \text{imirror-bounds } B \text{ } l \text{ } r$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *imirror-bounds-Int*:  
 $\llbracket A \subseteq \{..l + r\}; B \subseteq \{..l + r\} \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{imirror-bounds } (A \cap B) \text{ } l \text{ } r =$   
 $\text{imirror-bounds } A \text{ } l \text{ } r \cap \text{imirror-bounds } B \text{ } l \text{ } r$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *inj-on-image-Int*[*OF - Un-upper1 Un-upper2*]  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *nat-mirror-inj-on*

**thm** *subset-inj-on*[*OF nat-mirror-inj-on*]  
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

## 8 SetIntervalStep: Stepping through sets of natural numbers

**theory** *SetIntervalStep*  
**imports** *SetIntervalCut*  
**begin**

### 8.1 Function *inext* and *iprev* for stepping through natural sets

**definition**

$\text{inext} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat set} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$

**where**

$\text{inext } n \text{ } I \equiv ($   
 $\text{if } (n \in I \wedge (I \downarrow > n \neq \{\}))$   
 $\text{then } \text{iMin } (I \downarrow > n)$   
 $\text{else } n)$

**definition**

$iprev :: nat \Rightarrow nat\ set \Rightarrow nat$

**where**

$iprev\ n\ I \equiv$   
 $\quad if\ (n \in I \wedge (I \downarrow < n \neq \{\}))$   
 $\quad then\ Max\ (I \downarrow < n)$   
 $\quad else\ n)$

$inext$  and  $iprev$  can be viewed as generalisations of  $Suc$  and  $prev$

**lemma**  $inext-UNIV: inext\ n\ UNIV = Suc\ n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $iprev-UNIV: iprev\ n\ UNIV = n - Suc\ 0$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $inext-empty: inext\ n\ \{\} = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $iprev-empty: iprev\ n\ \{\} = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**thm**

$finite-nat-iff-bounded-le$

$finite-nat-iff-bounded-le2$

**lemma**  $not-in-inext-fix: n \notin I \Longrightarrow inext\ n\ I = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $not-in-iprev-fix: n \notin I \Longrightarrow iprev\ n\ I = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $inext-all-le-fix: \forall x \in I. x \leq n \Longrightarrow inext\ n\ I = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $iprev-all-ge-fix: \forall x \in I. n \leq x \Longrightarrow iprev\ n\ I = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $inext-Max: finite\ I \Longrightarrow inext\ (Max\ I)\ I = Max\ I$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $iprev-iMin: iprev\ (iMin\ I)\ I = iMin\ I$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $inext-ge-Max: [\![\ finite\ I; Max\ I \leq n \]\!] \Longrightarrow inext\ n\ I = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**thm**  $iprev-iMin$

**lemma**  $iprev-le-iMin: n \leq iMin\ I \Longrightarrow iprev\ n\ I = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $inext-singleton: inext\ n\ \{a\} = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma**  $iprev-singleton: iprev\ n\ \{a\} = n$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-closed*:  $n \in I \implies \text{inext } n \ I \in I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *subsetD[of I ↓> n I]*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-closed*:  $n \in I \implies \text{iprev } n \ I \in I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *subsetD[of I ↓< n I]*

*<proof>*

**thm** *Max-in[OF nat-cut-less-finite]*

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-closed*

**lemma** *inext-in-imp-in*:  $\text{inext } n \ I \in I \implies n \in I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-in-iff*:  $(\text{inext } n \ I \in I) = (n \in I)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subset-inext-closed*:  $\llbracket n \in B; A \subseteq B \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } n \ A \in B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subset-inext-in-imp-in*:  $\llbracket \text{inext } n \ A \in B; A \subseteq B \rrbracket \implies n \in B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subset-inext-in-iff*:  $A \subseteq B \implies (\text{inext } n \ A \in B) = (n \in B)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iprev-closed*

**lemma** *iprev-in-imp-in*:  $\text{iprev } n \ I \in I \implies n \in I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-in-iff*:  $(\text{iprev } n \ I \in I) = (n \in I)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subset-iprev-closed*:  $\llbracket n \in B; A \subseteq B \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } n \ A \in B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subset-iprev-in-imp-in*:  $\llbracket \text{iprev } n \ A \in B; A \subseteq B \rrbracket \implies n \in B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *subset-iprev-in-iff*:  $A \subseteq B \implies (\text{iprev } n \ A \in B) = (n \in B)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-mono*:  $n \leq \text{inext } n \ I$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *inext-neq-imp-less*:  $n \neq \text{inext } n \ I \implies n < \text{inext } n \ I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-mono2*:  $\llbracket n \in I; \exists x \in I. n < x \rrbracket \implies n < \text{inext } n \ I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-mono2-infin*:  $\llbracket n \in I; \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies n < \text{inext } n \ I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-mono2-fin*:  $\llbracket n \in I; \text{finite } I; n \neq \text{Max } I \rrbracket \implies n < \text{inext } n \ I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-mono2*

**lemma** *inext-mono2-infin-fin*:

$\llbracket n \in I; n \neq \text{Max } I \vee \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies n < \text{inext } n \ I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Nat.zero-less-Suc*

**lemma** *inext-neq-iMin*:  $\exists x \in I. n < x \implies \text{inext } n \ I \neq \text{iMin } I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *le-less-trans*[OF *iMin-le*[of *n*], OF - *inext-mono2*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-neq-iMin-infin*:  $\text{infinite } I \implies \text{inext } n \ I \neq \text{iMin } I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *infinite-nat-iff-unbounded*[THEN *iffD1*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Max-le-Min-imp-singleton*

**lemma** *Max-le-iMin-imp-singleton*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; \text{Max } I \leq \text{iMin } I \rrbracket \implies I = \{\text{iMin } I\}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-neq-iMin-not-singleton*:

$\llbracket I \neq \{\}; \neg(\exists a. I = \{a\}) \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } n \ I \neq \text{iMin } I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *inext-neq-iMin-not-card-1*:

$\llbracket I \neq \{\}; \text{card } I \neq \text{Suc } 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } n \ I \neq \text{iMin } I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-neq-imp-Max*:  $n \neq \text{inext } n \ I \implies n < \text{Max } I \vee \text{infinite } I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-less-conv*:  $(n \in I \wedge (n < \text{Max } I \vee \text{infinite } I)) = (n < \text{inext } n \ I)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-min-step*:  $\llbracket n < k; k < \text{inext } n \ I \rrbracket \implies k \notin I$   
 <proof>

**thm** *contrapos-pn*[of  $k < \text{inext } n \ I \ k \in I$ ]  
 <proof>

**thm** *not-less-iMin*

**thm** *not-less-iMin*[of  $k \ \{x \in I. n < x\}$ ]  
 <proof>

**corollary** *inext-min-step2*:  $\neg(\exists k \in I. n < k \wedge k < \text{inext } n \ I)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *min-step-inext*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket x < y; x \in I; y \in I; \bigwedge k. \llbracket x < k; k < y \rrbracket \implies k \notin I \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{inext } x \ I = y$   
 <proof>

**thm** *nat-neq-iff*  
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-closed*[of  $x \ I$ ]

**thm** *inext-mono2*[of  $x \ I$ ]  
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-min-step*[of  $x \ y \ I$ ]  
 <proof>

**corollary** *min-step-inext2*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket x < y; x \in I; y \in I; \neg(\exists k \in I. x < k \wedge k < y) \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{inext } x \ I = y$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *between-empty-imp-inext-eq*:

$\llbracket n \in A; n < \text{inext } n \ A; n \in B; \text{inext } n \ A \in B; B \downarrow > n \downarrow < (\text{inext } n \ A) = \{\} \rrbracket$   
 $\implies$   
 $\text{inext } n \ B = \text{inext } n \ A$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *inext-le-mono*:  $\llbracket a \leq b; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } a \ I \leq \text{inext } b \ I$   
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-min-step*  
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-mono2*

**lemma** *inext-less-mono*:

$\llbracket a < b; a \in I; b \in I; \exists x \in I. b < x \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } a \ I < \text{inext } b \ I$   
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-min-step*  
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-mono2-fin*

**lemma** *inext-less-mono-fin*:

$\llbracket a < b; a \in I; b \in I; \text{finite } I; b \neq \text{Max } I \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } a \ I < \text{inext } b \ I$   
**thm** *inext-less-mono Max-in*  
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-mono2-infin*

**lemma** *inext-less-mono-infin:*

$\llbracket a < b; a \in I; b \in I; \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } a \ I < \text{inext } b \ I$   
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-mono2-infin-fin*

**lemma** *inext-less-mono-infin-fin:*

$\llbracket a < b; a \in I; b \in I; b \neq \text{Max } I \vee \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } a \ I < \text{inext } b \ I$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *inext-le-mono-rev:*

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I \leq \text{inext } b \ I; a \in I; b \in I; \exists x \in I. \text{inext } a \ I < x \rrbracket \implies a \leq b$   
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-less-mono*

<proof>

**lemma** *inext-le-mono-fin-rev:*

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I \leq \text{inext } b \ I; a \in I; b \in I; \text{finite } I; \text{inext } a \ I \neq \text{Max } I \rrbracket \implies a \leq b$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *inext-le-mono-infin-rev:*

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I \leq \text{inext } b \ I; a \in I; b \in I; \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies a \leq b$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *inext-le-mono-infin-fin-rev:*

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I \leq \text{inext } b \ I; a \in I; b \in I; \text{inext } a \ I \neq \text{Max } I \vee \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies a \leq b$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *inext-less-mono-rev:*

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I < \text{inext } b \ I; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies a < b$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *less-imp-inext-le:*  $\llbracket a < b; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } a \ I \leq b$

<proof>

**lemma** *iprev-mono:*  $\text{iprev } n \ I \leq n$

<proof>

**corollary** *iprev-neq-imp-greater:*  $n \neq \text{iprev } n \ I \implies \text{iprev } n \ I < n$

<proof>

**lemma** *iprev-mono2:*  $\llbracket n \in I; \exists x \in I. x < n \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } n \ I < n$

<proof>

**thm** *finite-nat-iff-bounded*

<proof>

**thm** *inext-mono2-fin*

**lemma** *iprev-mono2-if-neq-iMin*:  $\llbracket n \in I; iMin\ I \neq n \rrbracket \implies iprev\ n\ I < n$

**thm** *iMinI*

**thm** *iprev-mono2*

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-neq-iMin*

**lemma** *iprev-neq-Max*:  $\llbracket finite\ I; \exists x \in I. x < n \rrbracket \implies iprev\ n\ I \neq Max\ I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *less-le-trans[OF iprev-mono2 Max-ge]*

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-neq-iMin-not-singleton*

**lemma** *iprev-neq-Max-not-singleton*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; I \neq \{\}; \neg(\exists a. I = \{a\}) \rrbracket \implies iprev\ n\ I \neq Max\ I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *not-in-iprev-fix*

*<proof>*

**corollary** *iprev-neq-Max-not-card-1*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; I \neq \{\}; card\ I \neq Suc\ 0 \rrbracket \implies iprev\ n\ I \neq Max\ I$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-neq-imp-iMin*:  $iprev\ n\ I \neq n \implies iMin\ I < n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-greater-conv*:  $(n \in I \wedge iMin\ I < n) = (iprev\ n\ I < n)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-fix-iff*:  $(n \notin I \vee (finite\ I \wedge Max\ I = n)) = (inext\ n\ I = n)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-fix-iff*:  $(n \notin I \vee iMin\ I = n) = (iprev\ n\ I = n)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-min-step*:  $\llbracket iprev\ n\ I < k; k < n \rrbracket \implies k \notin I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *contrapos-pn[of iprev n I < k k ∈ I]*

*<proof>*

**thm** *Max-ge[of {x ∈ I. x < n} k]*

*<proof>*

**corollary** *iprev-min-step2*:  $\neg(\exists x \in I. iprev\ n\ I < x \wedge x < n)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *min-step-iprev*:

$$\llbracket x < y; x \in I; y \in I; \bigwedge k. \llbracket x < k; k < y \rrbracket \implies k \notin I \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } y \ I = x$$

**thm** *ccontr*

*<proof>*

**thm** *nat-neq-iff*

*<proof>*

**thm** *iprev-min-step*

*<proof>*

**thm** *iprev-closed*

**thm** *iprev-mono2*

*<proof>*

**corollary** *min-step-iprev2*[*rule-format*]:

$$\llbracket x < y; x \in I; y \in I; \neg(\exists k \in I. x < k \wedge k < y) \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } y \ I = x$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *between-empty-imp-iprev-eq*:

$$\llbracket n \in A; \text{iprev } n \ A < n; n \in B; \text{iprev } n \ A \in B; B \downarrow > (\text{iprev } n \ A) \downarrow < n = \{\} \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{iprev } n \ B = \text{iprev } n \ A$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-le-mono*:  $\llbracket a \leq b; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } a \ I \leq \text{iprev } b \ I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iprev-min-step*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-less-mono*:

$$\llbracket a < b; a \in I; b \in I; \exists x \in I. x < a \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } a \ I < \text{iprev } b \ I$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iprev-min-step*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-less-mono-if-neq-iMin*:

$$\llbracket a < b; a \in I; b \in I; iMin \ I \neq a \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } a \ I < \text{iprev } b \ I$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-le-mono-rev*

**lemma** *iprev-le-mono-rev*:

$$\llbracket \text{iprev } a \ I \leq \text{iprev } b \ I; a \in I; b \in I; iMin \ I \neq \text{iprev } b \ I \rrbracket \implies a \leq b$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-less-mono-rev*

**lemma** *iprev-less-mono-rev*:

$$\llbracket \text{iprev } a \ I < \text{iprev } b \ I; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies a < b$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-restriction-inext-eq*:

$\llbracket \text{set-restriction interval-fun}; n \in \text{interval-fun } I; \text{inext } n \ I \in \text{interval-fun } I \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{inext } n \ (\text{interval-fun } I) = \text{inext } n \ I$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *inext-fix-iff*

**thm** *inext-fix-iff* [THEN *iffD1*]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *inext-fix-iff*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *inext-mono*

**thm** *le-neq-implies-less* [OF *inext-mono*, OF *not-sym*]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *not-ex-in-conv*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *set-restriction-inext-eq*

**lemma** *set-restriction-inext-singleton-eq*:

$\llbracket \text{set-restriction interval-fun}; n \in \text{interval-fun } I; \text{inext } n \ I \in \text{interval-fun } I \rrbracket \implies$

$\{\text{inext } n \ (\text{interval-fun } I)\} = \text{interval-fun } \{\text{inext } n \ I\}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-iprev*:  $iMin \ I \neq n \implies \text{inext} \ (\text{iprev } n \ I) \ I = n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *iMinI iprev-min-step*

**thm** *min-step-inext iprev-mono2 iprev-closed*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-inext-infin*:  $\text{infinite } I \implies \text{iprev} \ (\text{inext } n \ I) \ I = n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-inext-fin*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \neq \text{Max } I \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev} \ (\text{inext } n \ I) \ I = n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-inext*:

$n \neq \text{Max } I \vee \text{infinite } I \implies \text{iprev} \ (\text{inext } n \ I) \ I = n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-eq-infin*:

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I = \text{inext } b \ I; \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies a = b$

**thm** *arg-cong* [where  $f = \lambda x. \text{iprev } x \ I$ ]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-eq-fin*:

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I = \text{inext } b \ I; \text{finite } I; a \neq \text{Max } I; b \neq \text{Max } I \rrbracket \implies a = b$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *inext-mono2-infin-fin*

**lemma** *inext-eq-infin-fin*:

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I = \text{inext } b \ I; a \neq \text{Max } I \wedge b \neq \text{Max } I \vee \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies a = b$

**thm** *inext-eq-fin inext-eq-infin*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-eq*:

$\llbracket \text{inext } a \ I = \text{inext } b \ I; \exists x \in I. a < x; \exists x \in I. b < x \rrbracket \implies a = b$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-eq-if-neq-iMin*:

$\llbracket \text{iprev } a \ I = \text{iprev } b \ I; i\text{Min } I \neq a; i\text{Min } I \neq b \rrbracket \implies a = b$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-eq*:

$\llbracket \text{iprev } a \ I = \text{iprev } b \ I; \exists x \in I. x < a; \exists x \in I. x < b \rrbracket \implies a = b$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *greater-imp-iprev-ge*:  $\llbracket b < a; a \in I; b \in I \rrbracket \implies b \leq \text{iprev } a \ I$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-cut-less-conv*:  $\text{inext } n \ I < t \implies \text{inext } n \ (I \downarrow < t) = \text{inext } n \ I$

**thm** *le-less-trans*[*OF inext-mono*]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*[*of op ↓< op ↓>, simplified*]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-cut-le-conv*:  $\text{inext } n \ I \leq t \implies \text{inext } n \ (I \downarrow \leq t) = \text{inext } n \ I$

**thm** *nat-cut-le-less-conv inext-cut-less-conv*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-cut-greater-conv*:  $t < n \implies \text{inext } n \ (I \downarrow > t) = \text{inext } n \ I$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *cut-greater-mem-iff*[*THEN iffD2, OF conjI*]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*[*of op ↓> op ↓>, simplified*]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *inext-cut-ge-conv*:  $t \leq n \implies \text{inext } n \ (I \downarrow \geq t) = \text{inext } n \ I$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *nat-cut-greater-ge-conv*[*symmetric*]

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemmas** *inext-cut-conv* =

*inext-cut-less-conv inext-cut-le-conv*  
*inext-cut-greater-conv inext-cut-ge-conv*

**lemma** *iprev-cut-greater-conv*:  $t < iprev\ n\ I \implies iprev\ n\ (I\ \downarrow>\ t) = iprev\ n\ I$

**thm** *less-le-trans*[*OF - iprev-mono*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*[*of op ↓> op ↓<, simplified*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-cut-ge-conv*:  $t \leq iprev\ n\ I \implies iprev\ n\ (I\ \downarrow\geq\ t) = iprev\ n\ I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nat-cut-greater-ge-conv*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-cut-less-conv*:  $n < t \implies iprev\ n\ (I\ \downarrow<\ t) = iprev\ n\ I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *cut-less-mem-iff*[*THEN iffD2, OF conjI*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*[*of op ↓< op ↓<, simplified*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-cut-le-conv*:  $n \leq t \implies iprev\ n\ (I\ \downarrow\leq\ t) = iprev\ n\ I$

**thm** *nat-cut-le-less-conv iprev-cut-less-conv*

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *iprev-cut-conv* =

*iprev-cut-less-conv iprev-cut-le-conv*

*iprev-cut-greater-conv iprev-cut-ge-conv*

**thm**

*inext-cut-conv*

*iprev-cut-conv*

**thm** *inext-cut-less-conv*

**lemma** *inext-cut-less-fix*:  $t \leq inext\ n\ I \implies inext\ n\ (I\ \downarrow<\ t) = n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *contra-subsetD*[*OF cut-less-subset*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-min-step*

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-Max nat-cut-less-finite*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-cut-le-fix*:  $t < inext\ n\ I \implies inext\ n\ (I\ \downarrow\leq\ t) = n$

**thm** *nat-cut-le-less-conv*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-cut-greater-fix*:  $iprev\ n\ I \leq t \implies iprev\ n\ (I\ \downarrow>\ t) = n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *contra-subsetD*[*OF cut-greater-subset*]

⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *iprev-iMin*  
 ⟨proof⟩  
**lemma** *iprev-cut-ge-fix*:  $\text{iprev } n \ I < t \implies \text{iprev } n \ (I \downarrow \geq t) = n$   
 ⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *nat-cut-greater-ge-conv*[*symmetric*] *iprev-cut-greater-fix*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**definition**

*CommuteWithIntervalCut4* ::  $((\text{'a}::\text{linorder}) \ \text{set} \Rightarrow \text{'a set}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$   
**where**  
*CommuteWithIntervalCut4* fun  $\equiv$   
 $\forall t \ \text{fun2 } I.$   
 $(\text{fun2} = (\lambda I. I \downarrow < t) \vee \text{fun2} = (\lambda I. I \downarrow \leq t) \vee \text{fun2} = (\lambda I. I \downarrow > t) \vee \text{fun2} =$   
 $(\lambda I. I \downarrow \geq t)) \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{fun } (\text{fun2 } I) = \text{fun2 } (\text{fun } I)$

**definition** *CommuteWithIntervalCut2* ::  $((\text{'a}::\text{linorder}) \ \text{set} \Rightarrow \text{'a set}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

**where**

*CommuteWithIntervalCut2* fun  $\equiv$   
 $\forall t \ \text{fun2 } I.$   
 $(\text{fun2} = (\lambda I. I \downarrow < t) \vee \text{fun2} = (\lambda I. I \downarrow > t)) \longrightarrow$   
 $\text{fun } (\text{fun2 } I) = \text{fun2 } (\text{fun } I)$

**lemma** *CommuteWithIntervalCut4-imp-2*:  $\text{CommuteWithIntervalCut4 } \text{fun} \implies \text{Com-$   
 $\text{muteWithIntervalCut2 } \text{fun}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *nat-CommuteWithIntervalCut2-4-eq*:

$\text{CommuteWithIntervalCut4 } (\text{fun}::\text{nat set} \Rightarrow \text{nat set}) = \text{CommuteWithInterval-}$   
 $\text{Cut2 } \text{fun}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma**

*cut-less-CommuteWithIntervalCut4*:  $\text{CommuteWithIntervalCut4 } (\lambda I. I \downarrow < t)$   
**and**  
*cut-le-CommuteWithIntervalCut4*:  $\text{CommuteWithIntervalCut4 } (\lambda I. I \downarrow \leq t)$   
**and**  
*cut-greater-CommuteWithIntervalCut4*:  $\text{CommuteWithIntervalCut4 } (\lambda I. I \downarrow > t)$   
**and**  
*cut-ge-CommuteWithIntervalCut4*:  $\text{CommuteWithIntervalCut4 } (\lambda I. I \downarrow \geq t)$

**thm** *i-cut-commute-disj*

⟨proof⟩

**lemmas** *i-cut-CommuteWithIntervalCut4* =

$\text{cut-less-CommuteWithIntervalCut4 } \text{cut-le-CommuteWithIntervalCut4}$   
 $\text{cut-greater-CommuteWithIntervalCut4 } \text{cut-ge-CommuteWithIntervalCut4}$

**thm** *cut-greater-image*

**lemma** *inext-image*:

$\llbracket n \in I; \text{strict-mono-on } f \ I \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } (f \ n) \ (f \ ' \ I) = f \ (\text{inext } n \ I)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-mono2*

*<proof>*

**thm** *cut-greater-not-empty-iff* [THEN iffD2]

*<proof>*

**thm** *cut-greater-image*

*<proof>*

**thm** *iMin-mono-on2* [OF *strict-mono-on-imp-mono-on*]

**thm** *strict-mono-on-subset*

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-all-le-fix*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-image*:

$\llbracket n \in I; \text{strict-mono-on } f \ I \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } (f \ n) \ (f \ ' \ I) = f \ (\text{iprev } n \ I)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *iprev-mono2*

*<proof>*

**thm** *cut-less-not-empty-iff* [THEN iffD2]

*<proof>*

**thm** *cut-less-image*

*<proof>*

**thm** *Max-mono-on2* [OF *strict-mono-on-imp-mono-on*]

**thm** *strict-mono-on-subset*

**thm** *nat-cut-less-finite*

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-all-le-fix*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-image2*:

$\text{strict-mono } f \implies \text{inext } (f \ n) \ (f \ ' \ I) = f \ (\text{inext } n \ I)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *inj-image-mem-iff strict-mono-imp-inj*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-image2*:

$\text{strict-mono } f \implies \text{iprev } (f \ n) \ (f \ ' \ I) = f \ (\text{iprev } n \ I)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-imirror-iprev-conv*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \leq iMin\ I + Max\ I \rrbracket \implies$   
 $inext\ (mirror\text{-}elem\ n\ I)\ (imirror\ I) = mirror\text{-}elem\ (iprev\ n\ I)\ I$   
 <proof>  
**thm** *imirror-mem-conv*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *cut-less-Min-empty*  
**thm** *mirror-elem-Min*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *imirror-Max*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *cut-greater-Max-empty*[OF - order-refl]  
 <proof>  
**thm** *imirror-cut-greater'*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *imirror-bounds-iMin nat-cut-less-finite*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *cut-less-Min-not-empty*  
 <proof>  
**corollary** *inext-imirror-iprev-conv'*:  
 $\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \in I \rrbracket \implies$   
 $inext\ (mirror\text{-}elem\ n\ I)\ (imirror\ I) = mirror\text{-}elem\ (iprev\ n\ I)\ I$   
**thm** *inext-imirror-iprev-conv*[OF - trans-le-add2[OF Max-ge]]  
 <proof>

**lemma** *iprev-imirror-inext-conv*:  
 $\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \leq iMin\ I + Max\ I \rrbracket \implies$   
 $iprev\ (mirror\text{-}elem\ n\ I)\ (imirror\ I) = mirror\text{-}elem\ (inext\ n\ I)\ I$   
 <proof>  
**thm** *imirror-mem-conv*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *cut-greater-Max-empty*  
**thm** *mirror-elem-Max*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *imirror-iMin*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *cut-less-Min-empty*[OF order-refl]  
 <proof>  
**thm** *Max-ge*[of I n]  
 <proof>  
**thm** *imirror-cut-less*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *imirror-bounds-Max cut-greater-finite cut-greater-Max-eq*  
**thm** *imirror-bounds-Max*[OF cut-greater-finite]  
**thm** *Max-le-iff*  
 <proof>  
**thm** *cut-greater-Max-not-empty*[of I n]  
 <proof>  
**corollary** *iprev-imirror-inext-conv'*:  
 $\llbracket \text{finite } I; n \in I \rrbracket \implies$

$iprev (mirror\text{-}elem\ n\ I) (imirror\ I) = mirror\text{-}elem (inext\ n\ I) I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*inext-imirror-iprev-conv*  
*inext-imirror-iprev-conv'*  
*iprev-imirror-inext-conv*  
*iprev-imirror-inext-conv'*

**lemma** *inext-insert-ge-Max*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; I \neq \{\}; Max\ I \leq a \rrbracket \implies inext (Max\ I) (insert\ a\ I) = a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *le-neq-trans*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *iprev-insert-le-iMin*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; I \neq \{\}; a \leq iMin\ I \rrbracket \implies iprev (iMin\ I) (insert\ a\ I) = a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *le-neq-trans*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *cut-le-less-conv*

**lemma** *cut-less-le-iprev-conv*:

$\llbracket t \in I; t \neq iMin\ I \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow < t = I \downarrow \leq (iprev\ t\ I)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Max-ge-iff nat-cut-less-finite*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *neq-Max-imp-inext-neq-iMin*:

$\llbracket t \in I; t \neq Max\ I \vee infinite\ I \rrbracket \implies inext\ t\ I \neq iMin\ I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *neq-Max-imp-inext-gr-iMin*:

$\llbracket t \in I; t \neq Max\ I \vee infinite\ I \rrbracket \implies iMin\ I < inext\ t\ I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-closed*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-le-less-inext-conv*:

$\llbracket t \in I; t \neq Max\ I \vee infinite\ I \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow \leq t = I \downarrow < (inext\ t\ I)$

**thm** *cut-less-le-iprev-conv[of inext t I I]*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *iprev-inext[of t I]*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-ge-greater-iprev-conv*:

$\llbracket t \in I; t \neq iMin\ I \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow \geq t = I \downarrow > (iprev\ t\ I)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-greater-ge-inext-conv*:

$\llbracket t \in I; t \neq \text{Max } I \vee \text{infinite } I \rrbracket \implies I \downarrow_{>} t = I \downarrow_{\geq} (\text{inext } t \ I)$

**thm** *cut-ge-greater-iprev-conv*[of *inext t I I*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *iprev-inext*[of *t I*]

*<proof>*

**thm**

*cut-less-le-iprev-conv*

*cut-le-less-inext-conv*

*cut-ge-greater-iprev-conv*

*cut-greater-ge-inext-conv*

**lemma** *inext-append*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{inext } n \ (A \cup B) = (\text{if } n \in B \text{ then } \text{inext } n \ B \text{ else } (\text{if } n = \text{Max } A \text{ then } \text{iMin } B \text{ else } \text{inext } n \ A))$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *inext-append-eq1*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B; n \in A; n \neq \text{Max } A \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{inext } n \ (A \cup B) = \text{inext } n \ A$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *inext-append-eq2*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B; n \in B \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{inext } n \ (A \cup B) = \text{inext } n \ B$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *inext-append-eq3*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{inext } (\text{Max } A) \ (A \cup B) = \text{iMin } B$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-append*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{iprev } n \ (A \cup B) = (\text{if } n \in A \text{ then } \text{iprev } n \ A \text{ else } (\text{if } n = \text{iMin } B \text{ then } \text{Max } A \text{ else } \text{iprev } n \ B))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Max-in*[OF *nat-cut-less-finite*, THEN *cut-less-in-imp*]

*<proof>*

**corollary** *iprev-append-eq1*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B; n \in A \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{iprev } n \ (A \cup B) = \text{iprev } n \ A$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *iprev-append-eq2*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B; n \in B; n \neq \text{iMin } B \rrbracket \implies$

$iprev\ n\ (A \cup B) = iprev\ n\ B$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *iprev-append-eq3*:

$\llbracket finite\ A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; Max\ A < iMin\ B \rrbracket \implies$   
 $iprev\ (iMin\ B)\ (A \cup B) = Max\ A$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *inext-predicate-change-exists-aux*:  $\bigwedge a.$

$\llbracket c = card\ (I \downarrow \geq a \downarrow < b); a < b; a \in I; b \in I; \neg P\ a; P\ b \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \in (I \downarrow \geq a \downarrow < b). \neg P\ n \wedge P\ (inext\ n\ I)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *less-imp-inext-le*[of - b I]

<proof>

**thm** *Max-gr-iff*[OF - in-imp-not-empty]

<proof>

**lemma** *inext-predicate-change-exists*:

$\llbracket a \leq b; a \in I; b \in I; \neg P\ a; P\ b \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \in I. a \leq n \wedge n < b \wedge \neg P\ n \wedge P\ (inext\ n\ I)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-predicate-change-exists-aux*[OF refl]

<proof>

**lemma** *iprev-predicate-change-exists*:

$\llbracket a \leq b; a \in I; b \in I; \neg P\ b; P\ a \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \in I. a < n \wedge n \leq b \wedge \neg P\ n \wedge P\ (iprev\ n\ I)$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *nat-Suc-predicate-change-exists*:

$\llbracket a \leq b; \neg P\ a; P\ b \rrbracket \implies \exists n \geq a. n < b \wedge \neg P\ n \wedge P\ (Suc\ n)$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *nat-pred-predicate-change-exists*:

$\llbracket a \leq b; \neg P\ b; P\ a \rrbracket \implies \exists n \leq b. a < n \wedge \neg P\ n \wedge P\ (n - Suc\ 0)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *inext-predicate-change-exists2-all*:

$\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; a \in I; b \in I; \neg P\ a; \forall k \in I \downarrow \geq b. P\ k \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \in I. a \leq n \wedge n < b \wedge \neg P\ n \wedge (\forall k \in I \downarrow > n. P\ k)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *inext-predicate-change-exists*[of a b I  $\lambda n.$  if (n = a) then P n else ( $\forall k \in I \downarrow \geq n.$  P k)]

<proof>

**thm** *cut-greater-ge-inext-conv*

⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *inext-neq-imp-less*  
 ⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *cut-greater-ge-conv-if*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *inext-predicate-change-exists2*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; a \in I; b \in I; \neg P a; P b \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \in I. a \leq n \wedge n < b \wedge \neg P n \wedge (\forall k \in I. n < k \wedge k \leq b \longrightarrow P k)$   
**thm** *inext-predicate-change-exists2-all*[of a b I  $\downarrow \leq b$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *nat-Suc-predicate-change-exists2-all*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; \neg P a; \forall k \geq b. P k \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \geq a. n < b \wedge \neg P n \wedge (\forall k > n. P k)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *nat-Suc-predicate-change-exists2*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; \neg P a; P b \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \geq a. n < b \wedge \neg P n \wedge (\forall k \leq b. n < k \longrightarrow P k)$   
**thm** *inext-predicate-change-exists2*[of a b UNIV]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-predicate-change-exists2-all*  
**lemma** *iprev-predicate-change-exists2-all*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; a \in I; b \in I; \neg P b; \forall k \in I \downarrow \leq a. P k \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \in I. a < n \wedge n \leq b \wedge \neg P n \wedge (\forall k \in I \downarrow < n. P k)$   
 ⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *iprev-predicate-change-exists*[of a b I  $\lambda n. \text{if } (n = b) \text{ then } P n \text{ else } (\forall k \in I \downarrow \leq n. P k)$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩  
**thm** *cut-less-le-iprev-conv*[symmetric]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-predicate-change-exists2*  
**corollary** *iprev-predicate-change-exists2*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; a \in I; b \in I; \neg P b; P a \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n \in I. a < n \wedge n \leq b \wedge \neg P n \wedge (\forall k \in I. a \leq k \wedge k < n \longrightarrow P k)$   
**thm** *iprev-predicate-change-exists2-all*[of a b I  $\downarrow \geq a$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nat-Suc-predicate-change-exists2-all*  
**corollary** *nat-pred-predicate-change-exists2-all*:  
 $\llbracket (a::nat) \leq b; \neg P b; \forall k \leq a. P k \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists n > a. n \leq b \wedge \neg P n \wedge (\forall k < n. P k)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nat-Suc-predicate-change-exists2*

**corollary** *nat-pred-predicate-change-exists2*:

$$\llbracket (a::\text{nat}) \leq b; \neg P b; P a \rrbracket \implies \\ \exists n > a. n \leq b \wedge \neg P n \wedge (\forall k \geq a. k < n \longrightarrow P k)$$

**thm** *iprev-predicate-change-exists2*[of a b UNIV]

*<proof>*

## 8.2 *inext-nth* and *iprev-nth* – nth element of a natural set

**term** *inext*

**primrec**

$$\textit{inext-nth} :: \textit{nat set} \Rightarrow \textit{nat} \Rightarrow \textit{nat}$$

**where**

$$\textit{inext-nth} I 0 = \textit{iMin} I$$

$$| \textit{inext-nth} I (\textit{Suc} n) = \textit{inext} (\textit{inext-nth} I n) I$$

**notation** (*xsymbols*)

$$\textit{inext-nth} ((- \rightarrow -) [100, 100] 60)$$

**notation** (*HTML output*)

$$\textit{inext-nth} ((- \rightarrow -) [100, 100] 60)$$

**term**  $(I \rightarrow a) + b$

**term**  $(I \rightarrow n) \in I$

**term**  $(A \rightarrow n) + (B \rightarrow n)$

**lemma** *inext-nth-closed*:  $I \neq \{\}$   $\implies I \rightarrow n \in I$

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-image*

**lemma** *inext-nth-image*:

$$\llbracket I \neq \{\}; \textit{strict-mono-on} f I \rrbracket \implies (f ' I) \rightarrow n = f (I \rightarrow n)$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-mono2*

**lemma** *inext-nth-Suc-mono*:  $I \rightarrow n \leq I \rightarrow \textit{Suc} n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-nth-mono*:  $a \leq b \implies I \rightarrow a \leq I \rightarrow b$

*<proof>*

**thm** *inext-mono2*

**lemma** *inext-nth-Suc-mono2*:  $\exists x \in I. I \rightarrow n < x \implies I \rightarrow n < I \rightarrow \textit{Suc} n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-nth-mono2*:  $\exists x \in I. I \rightarrow a < x \implies (I \rightarrow a < I \rightarrow b) = (a < b)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-nth-mono2-infin*:

$$\textit{infinite} I \implies (I \rightarrow a < I \rightarrow b) = (a < b)$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-Max-fix*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; I \rightarrow a = \text{Max } I; a \leq b \rrbracket \implies I \rightarrow b = \text{Max } I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-cut-less-conv*

**lemma** *inext-nth-cut-less-conv*:

$\bigwedge I. I \rightarrow n < t \implies (I \downarrow < t) \rightarrow n = I \rightarrow n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *order-le-less-trans*[OF *inext-mono*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-cut-less-conv*

⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*inext-cut-less-conv*

*inext-nth-cut-less-conv*

**lemma** *remove-Min-inext-nth-Suc-conv*:  $\bigwedge I.$

$\text{Suc } 0 < \text{card } I \vee \text{infinite } I \implies$

$(I - \{i\text{Min } I\}) \rightarrow n = I \rightarrow \text{Suc } n$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *card-gr0-imp-not-empty*[OF *gr-implies-gr0*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *cut-greater-Min-eq-Diff*[*symmetric*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *ssubst*[OF *inext-def*[*THEN meta-eq-to-obj-eq*], *rule-format*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-neq-iMin-not-card-1*

**thm** *inext-neq-iMin-infin*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *iMin-le*[OF *inext-nth-closed*, *rule-format*]

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *remove-Min-inext-nth-Suc-conv-finite*:  $\text{Suc } 0 < \text{card } I \implies (I - \{i\text{Min } I\}) \rightarrow n = I \rightarrow \text{Suc } n$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *remove-Min-inext-nth-Suc-conv-infinite*:  $\text{infinite } I \implies (I - \{i\text{Min } I\}) \rightarrow n = I \rightarrow \text{Suc } n$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *remove-Max-eq*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; n \neq \text{Max } I \rrbracket \implies \text{Max } (I - \{n\}) = \text{Max } I$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *remove-iMin-eq*:  $\llbracket I \neq \{\}; n \neq i\text{Min } I \rrbracket \implies i\text{Min } (I - \{n\}) = i\text{Min } I$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *remove-Min-eq*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; n \neq \text{Min } I \rrbracket \implies \text{Min } (I - \{n\}) = \text{Min } I$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *Max-le-iMin-conv-singleton*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies (\text{Max } I \leq i\text{Min } I) = (\exists x. I = \{x\})$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-less-Max*:

$\bigwedge I. \text{Suc } n < \text{card } I \implies I \rightarrow n < \text{Max } I$

**thm** *card-gr0-imp-not-empty*[*OF less-trans*[*OF zero-less-Suc*]]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Max-le-Min-conv-singleton*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *remove-Min-inext-nth-Suc-conv*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Max-le-iMin-conv-singleton*[*THEN iffD1*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *remove-Max-eq*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-less-Max*

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-less-Max'*:

$n < \text{card } I - \text{Suc } 0 \implies I \rightarrow n < \text{Max } I$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-Max-aux*:

$\bigwedge I. \text{card } I = \text{Suc } n \implies I \rightarrow n = \text{Max } I$

**thm** *card-gr0-imp-not-empty*[*OF less-le-trans*[*OF zero-less-Suc, OF eq-imp-le*[*OF sym*]]]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *card-gr0-imp-not-empty*[*OF less-le-trans*[*OF zero-less-Suc, OF eq-imp-le*[*OF sym*]], *rule-format*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-less-Max*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-Max-aux'*:

$\bigwedge I. \llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies I \rightarrow (\text{card } I - \text{Suc } 0) = \text{Max } I$

⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*inext-nth-card-Max-aux*

*inext-nth-card-Max-aux'*

**thm**

*inext-nth-card-less-Max*

*inext-nth-Max-fix*

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-Max*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; \text{card } I \leq \text{Suc } n \rrbracket \implies I \rightarrow n = \text{Max } I$

**thm** *inext-nth-Max-fix*[of - card  $I - \text{Suc } 0$ ]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-Max'*:

[[ *finite*  $I$ ;  $I \neq \{\}$ ;  $\text{card } I - \text{Suc } 0 \leq n$  ]]  $\implies I \rightarrow n = \text{Max } I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*inext-nth-card-less-Max*

*inext-nth-card-Max*

*inext-nth-card-Max'*

**lemma** *inext-nth-singleton*:  $\{a\} \rightarrow n = a$

**thm** *inext-nth-Max-fix*[OF *singleton-finite singleton-not-empty - le0*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-eq-Min-conv*:

$I \neq \{\} \implies (I \rightarrow n = i\text{Min } I) = (n = 0 \vee (\exists a. I = \{a\}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-gr-Min-conv*:

$I \neq \{\} \implies (i\text{Min } I < I \rightarrow n) = (0 < n \wedge \neg(\exists a. I = \{a\}))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-gr-Min-conv-infinite*:

*infinite*  $I \implies (i\text{Min } I < I \rightarrow n) = (0 < n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-cut-ge-inext-nth*:  $\bigwedge I b.$

$I \neq \{\} \implies I \downarrow \geq (I \rightarrow a) \rightarrow b = I \rightarrow (a + b)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *remove-Min-inext-nth-Suc-conv*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *remove-Min-inext-nth-Suc-conv*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-append-eq1*

**lemma** *inext-nth-append-eq1*:

[[ *finite*  $A$ ;  $A \neq \{\}$ ;  $\text{Max } A < i\text{Min } B$ ;  $A \rightarrow n \neq \text{Max } A$  ]]  $\implies$   
 $(A \cup B) \rightarrow n = A \rightarrow n$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *iMin-le-Max*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *Max-ge*[OF *inext-nth-closed*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *order-le-less-trans*[OF *inext-mono*]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-append-eq1*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-append-eq1*

**thm** *inext-append-eq2*

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-append-eq1*:

$$\llbracket A \ B. \llbracket \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B; n < \text{card } A \rrbracket \implies \\ (A \cup B) \rightarrow n = A \rightarrow n$$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *card-gr0-imp-finite*[OF le-less-trans[OF le0]]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-Max*[OF - - eq-imp-le[OF sym]]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-append-eq1*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-Max*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-append-eq3*

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-append-eq3*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B \rrbracket \implies \\ (A \cup B) \rightarrow (\text{card } A) = \text{iMin } B$$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *subst*[OF Suc-pred]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-append-eq1 inext-nth-card-Max' inext-append-eq3*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-append-eq2*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B; \text{card } A \leq n \rrbracket \implies \\ (A \cup B) \rightarrow n = B \rightarrow (n - \text{card } A)$$

**thm** *inext-nth-cut-ge-inext-nth*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-cut-ge-inext-nth*[symmetric]

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-append*

**lemma** *inext-nth-card-append*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } A; A \neq \{\}; B \neq \{\}; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B \rrbracket \implies \\ (A \cup B) \rightarrow n = (\text{if } n < \text{card } A \text{ then } A \rightarrow n \text{ else } B \rightarrow (n - \text{card } A))$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-insert-Suc*:

$$\llbracket I \neq \{\}; a < \text{iMin } I \rrbracket \implies (\text{insert } a \ I) \rightarrow \text{Suc } n = I \rightarrow n$$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *remove-Min-inext-nth-Suc-conv*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-cut-less-eq:*

$$n < \text{card } (I \downarrow < t) \implies (I \downarrow < t) \rightarrow n = I \rightarrow n$$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-append-eq1*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *less-card-cut-less-imp-inext-nth-less:*

$$n < \text{card } (I \downarrow < t) \implies I \rightarrow n < t$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inext-nth-less-less-card-conv:*

$$I \downarrow \geq t \neq \{\} \implies (I \rightarrow n < t) = (n < \text{card } (I \downarrow < t))$$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *cut-less-empty-iff inext-nth-closed*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *ssubst[OF cut-less-cut-ge-ident[OF order-refl], of  $\lambda x. x \rightarrow n < t - t$ ]*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-append-eq2[OF nat-cut-less-finite, of  $I t I \downarrow \geq t n$ ]*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-less-inext-nth-card-eq1:*

$$n < \text{card } I \vee \text{infinite } I \implies \text{card } (I \downarrow < (I \rightarrow n)) = n$$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-less-Max[THEN less-imp-ineq]*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-less-inext-nth-card-eq2:*

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; \text{card } I \leq \text{Suc } n \rrbracket \implies \text{card } (I \downarrow < (I \rightarrow n)) = \text{card } I - \text{Suc } 0$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-less-inext-nth-card-if:*

$$\text{card } (I \downarrow < (I \rightarrow n)) = ( \\ \text{if } (n < \text{card } I \vee \text{infinite } I) \text{ then } n \text{ else } \text{card } I - \text{Suc } 0)$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-le-inext-nth-card-eq1:*

$$n < \text{card } I \vee \text{infinite } I \implies \text{card } (I \downarrow \leq (I \rightarrow n)) = \text{Suc } n$$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *cut-le-less-inext-conv[OF inext-nth-closed]*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-le-inext-nth-card-eq2:*

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; \text{card } I \leq \text{Suc } n \rrbracket \implies \text{card } (I \downarrow \leq (I \rightarrow n)) = \text{card } I$$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *cut-le-inext-nth-card-if*:

$\text{card } (I \downarrow \leq (I \rightarrow n)) = ($   
 $\text{if } (n < \text{card } I \vee \text{infinite } I) \text{ then } \text{Suc } n \text{ else } \text{card } I)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**term** *iprev*

**primrec**

$\text{iprev-nth} :: \text{nat set} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$

**where**

$\text{iprev-nth } I \ 0 = \text{Max } I$

$| \text{iprev-nth } I \ (\text{Suc } n) = \text{iprev } (\text{iprev-nth } I \ n) \ I$

**thm** *inext-iprev*

**notation** (*xsymbols*)

$\text{iprev-nth} \ ((- \leftarrow -) \ [100, 100] \ 60)$

**notation** (*HTML output*)

$\text{iprev-nth} \ ((- \leftarrow -) \ [100, 100] \ 60)$

**lemma** *iprev-nth-closed*:  $\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \Longrightarrow I \leftarrow n \in I$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *iprev-image*

**lemma** *iprev-nth-image*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; \text{strict-mono-on } f \ I \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (f \ ' \ I) \leftarrow n = f \ (I \leftarrow n)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *iprev-mono*

**lemma** *iprev-nth-Suc-mono*:  $I \leftarrow (\text{Suc } n) \leq I \leftarrow n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-nth-mono*:  $a \leq b \Longrightarrow I \leftarrow b \leq I \leftarrow a$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-nth-Suc-mono2*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; \exists x \in I. x < I \leftarrow n \rrbracket \Longrightarrow I \leftarrow (\text{Suc } n) < I \leftarrow n$

**thm** *iprev-mono2*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *iprev-nth-closed*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-nth-mono2*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; \exists x \in I. x < I \leftarrow a \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (I \leftarrow b < I \leftarrow a) = (a < b)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-nth-iMin-fix*:

$\llbracket I \neq \{\}; I \leftarrow a = \text{iMin } I; a \leq b \rrbracket \Longrightarrow I \leftarrow b = \text{iMin } I$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *iprev-nth-singleton*:  $\{a\} \leftarrow n = a$

**thm** *iprev-nth-iMin-fix*[*OF singleton-not-empty - le0*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

### 8.3 Induction over arbitrary natural sets using the functions *inext* and *iprev*

**lemma** *inext-nth-surj-aux1*:  
 $\{x \in I. \neg(\exists n. I \rightarrow n = x)\} = \{\}$   
 (is ?*S* =  $\{\}$ )  
 is  $\{x \in I. ?P x\} = \{\}$   
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *iMinI-ex2*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩  
**thm** *iprev-closed*[*of iMin S i*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩  
**thm** *inext-iprev*[*of I iMin S*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩  
**thm** *iprev-mono2*[*of iMin S I*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩  
**thm** *not-less-iMin*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩  
**thm** *s-not-ex*[*of prev*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩  
**thm** *iMin-subset*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**term** *inext-nth*

**term**  $\lambda n. I \rightarrow n$

**lemma** *inext-nth-surj-on:surj-on* ( $\lambda n. I \rightarrow n$ ) *UNIV I*  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-surj-aux1*[*of I*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**corollary** *in-imp-ex-inext-nth*:  $x \in I \implies \exists n. x = I \rightarrow n$

**thm** *surj-onD*

**thm** *surj-onD*[**where** *A=UNIV, simplified*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**lemma** *inext-induct*:

$\llbracket P (iMin I); \bigwedge n. \llbracket n \in I; P n \rrbracket \implies P (inext n I); n \in I \rrbracket \implies P n$

**thm** *image-nat-induct*

**thm** *image-nat-induct*[**where** *P=P and f= $\lambda n. I \rightarrow n$  and I=I and a=n*]  
 ⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-closed*[*OF in-imp-not-empty*]

**thm** *inext-nth-surj-on*

⟨*proof*⟩

**thm** *inext-induct*

**lemma** *iprev-nth-surj-aux1*:

$finite\ I \implies \{ x \in I. \neg(\exists n. I \leftarrow n = x) \} = \{ \}$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Max-in*

<proof>

**thm** *inext-closed*[of *Max S I*]

<proof>

**thm** *iprev-inext*[of *Max S I*]

<proof>

**thm** *inext-mono2*[of *Max S I*]

<proof>

**thm** *Max-ge*[of *S next*]

<proof>

**thm** *s-not-ex*[of *next*]

<proof>

**thm** *Max-subset*[of *S I*]

<proof>

**term** *iprev-nth*

**term**  $\lambda n. iprev\ nth\ I\ n$

**lemma** *iprev-nth-surj-on*:  $finite\ I \implies surj\ on\ (\lambda n. I \leftarrow n)\ UNIV\ I$

<proof>

**thm** *iprev-nth-surj-aux1*[of *I*]

<proof>

**corollary** *in-imp-ex-iprev-nth*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; x \in I \rrbracket \implies \exists n. x = I \leftarrow n$

**thm** *surj-onD*

**thm** *surj-onD*[of - *UNIV I*, *simplified*]

<proof>

**lemma** *iprev-induct*:

$\llbracket P\ (Max\ I); \bigwedge n. \llbracket n \in I; P\ n \rrbracket \implies P\ (iprev\ n\ I); finite\ I; n \in I \rrbracket \implies P\ n$

**thm** *image-nat-induct*

**thm** *image-nat-induct*[**where**  $P=P$  **and**  $f=\lambda n. I \leftarrow n$  **and**  $I=I$  **and**  $a=n$ ]

<proof>

**thm** *iprev-nth-closed*[*OF - in-imp-not-empty*]

<proof>

**thm**

*inext-induct*

*iprev-induct*

#### 8.4 Natural intervals with *inext* and *iprev*

**lemma** *inext-atLeast*:  $n \leq t \implies inext\ t\ \{n..\} = Suc\ t$

<proof>

**lemma** *iprev-atLeast'*:  $n \leq t \implies iprev\ (Suc\ t)\ \{n..\} = t$

<proof>

**lemma** *iprev-atLeast*:  $n < t \implies iprev\ t\ \{n..\} = t - Suc\ 0$

<proof>

**lemma** *inext-atMost*:  $t < n \implies \text{inext } t \{..n\} = \text{Suc } t$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-atMost*:  $t \leq n \implies \text{iprev } t \{..n\} = t - \text{Suc } 0$

*<proof>*

**thm** *subst[OF iMin-atMost[of n]]*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-lessThan*:  $\text{Suc } t < n \implies \text{inext } t \{..<n\} = \text{Suc } t$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-lessThan*:  $t < n \implies \text{iprev } t \{..<n\} = t - \text{Suc } 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-atLeastAtMost*:  $\llbracket m \leq t; t < n \rrbracket \implies \text{inext } t \{m..n\} = \text{Suc } t$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-atLeastAtMost*:  $\llbracket m < t; t \leq n \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } t \{m..n\} = t - \text{Suc } 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-atLeastAtMost'*:  $\llbracket m \leq t; t < n \rrbracket \implies \text{iprev } (\text{Suc } t) \{m..n\} = t$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-nth-atLeast* :  $\{n..\} \rightarrow a = n + a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-nth-atLeastAtMost*:  $\llbracket a \leq n - m; m \leq n \rrbracket \implies \{m..n\} \rightarrow a = m + a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-nth-atLeastAtMost*:  $\llbracket a \leq n - m; m \leq n \rrbracket \implies \{m..n\} \leftarrow a = n - a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-nth-atMost*:  $a \leq n \implies \{..n\} \rightarrow a = a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-nth-atMost*:  $a \leq n \implies \{..n\} \leftarrow a = n - a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-nth-lessThan* :  $a < n \implies \{..<n\} \rightarrow a = a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprev-nth-lessThan*:  $a < n \implies \{..<n\} \leftarrow a = n - \text{Suc } a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-nth-UNIV*:  $\text{UNIV} \rightarrow a = a$

*<proof>*

## 8.5 Further result for *inext-nth* and *iprev-nth*

**thm** *inext-iprev*

**lemma** *inext-iprev-nth-Suc*:

$iMin I \neq I \leftarrow n \implies \text{inext } (I \leftarrow \text{Suc } n) I = I \leftarrow n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *inext-iprev-nth-pred*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; iMin I \neq I \leftarrow (n - \text{Suc } 0) \rrbracket \implies$

$inext (I \leftarrow n) I = I \leftarrow (n - Suc\ 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *iprev-inext-nth-Suc*:

$I \rightarrow n \neq Max\ I \vee infinite\ I \implies iprev (I \rightarrow Suc\ n) I = I \rightarrow n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *iprev-inext-nth-pred*:

$I \rightarrow (n - Suc\ 0) \neq Max\ I \vee infinite\ I \implies$   
 $iprev (I \rightarrow n) I = I \rightarrow (n - Suc\ 0)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-imirror-iprev-conv*

**lemma** *inext-nth-imirror-iprev-nth-conv*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(imirror\ I) \rightarrow n = mirror\text{-}elem (I \leftarrow n) I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *inext-nth-imirror-iprev-nth-conv2*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies$   
 $mirror\text{-}elem ((imirror\ I) \leftarrow n) I = I \rightarrow n$

**thm** *inext-nth-imirror-iprev-nth-conv*[OF *imirror-finite imirror-not-empty*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *iprev-nth-imirror-inext-nth-conv*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(imirror\ I) \leftarrow n = mirror\text{-}elem (I \rightarrow n) I$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *iprev-nth-imirror-inext-nth-conv2*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies$   
 $mirror\text{-}elem ((imirror\ I) \rightarrow n) I = (I \leftarrow n)$

**thm** *iprev-nth-imirror-inext-nth-conv*[OF *imirror-finite imirror-not-empty*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inext-nth-card-less-Max*

**lemma** *iprev-nth-card-greater-iMin*:  $Suc\ n < card\ I \implies iMin\ I < I \leftarrow n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *subst*[OF *iprev-nth-imirror-inext-nth-conv2*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *subst*[OF *mirror-elem-Max*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *subst*[OF *mirror-elem-imirror*, of *I*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *mirror-elem-less-conv*  
 ⟨proof⟩

```

thm inext-nth-card-less-Max
  <proof>

lemma iprev-nth-card-iMin:
  [[ finite I; I ≠ {} ; card I ≤ Suc n ]] ⇒ I ← n = iMin I
thm subst[OF iprev-nth-imirror-inext-nth-conv2]
  <proof>
thm subst[OF mirror-elem-Max]
  <proof>
thm subst[OF mirror-elem-imirror, of I]
  <proof>
thm subst[OF imirror-Max]
  <proof>
thm mirror-elem-eq-conv'
  <proof>
lemma iprev-nth-card-iMin':
  [[ finite I; I ≠ {} ; card I - Suc 0 ≤ n ]] ⇒ I ← n = iMin I
  <proof>

end

```

## 9 List2: Additional definitions and results for lists

```

theory List2
imports ../CommonSet/SetIntervalCut
begin

```

### 9.1 Additional definitions and results for lists

Infix syntactical abbreviations for operators *take* and *drop*. The abbreviations resemble to the operator symbols used later for take and drop operators on infinite lists in ListInf.

```

abbreviation (xsymbols)
  f-take' :: 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a list (infixl ↓ 100)
where
  xs ↓ n ≡ take n xs
abbreviation (xsymbols)
  f-drop' :: 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a list (infixl ↑ 100)
where
  xs ↑ n ≡ drop n xs
syntax (HTML output)
  f-take' :: 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a list (infixl ↓ 100)
  f-drop' :: 'a list ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a list (infixl ↑ 100)

term xs ↓ n
term xs ↑ n

```

**thm** *List.append-Cons*

**lemma** *append-eq-Cons*:  $[x] @ xs = x \# xs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *length-Cons*:  $length (x \# xs) = Suc (length xs)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *length-snoc*:  $length (xs @ [x]) = Suc (length xs)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 9.1.1 Additional lemmata about list emptiness

**lemma** *length-greater-imp-not-empty*:  $n < length xs \implies xs \neq []$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *length-ge-Suc-imp-not-empty*:  $Suc n \leq length xs \implies xs \neq []$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *length-take*

**lemma** *length-take-le*:  $length (xs \downarrow n) \leq length xs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *take-not-empty-conv*:  $(xs \downarrow n \neq []) = (0 < n \wedge xs \neq [])$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *drop-not-empty-conv*:  $(xs \uparrow n \neq []) = (n < length xs)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *zip-eq-Nil*:  $(zip xs ys = []) = (xs = [] \vee ys = [])$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *zip-not-empty-conv*:  $(zip xs ys \neq []) = (xs \neq [] \wedge ys \neq [])$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 9.1.2 Additional lemmata about take, drop, hd, last, nth and filter

**lemma** *nth-tl-eq-nth-Suc*:

$Suc n \leq length xs \implies (tl xs) ! n = xs ! Suc n$

**thm** *hd-Cons-tl*[OF *length-ge-Suc-imp-not-empty*, THEN *subst*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *nth-tl-eq-nth-Suc2*:

$n < length xs \implies (tl xs) ! n = xs ! Suc n$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *hd-eq-first*:  $xs \neq [] \implies xs ! 0 = hd xs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *take-first*:  $xs \neq [] \implies xs \downarrow (Suc 0) = [xs ! 0]$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *take-hd*:  $xs \neq [] \implies xs \downarrow (Suc 0) = [hd xs]$

*<proof>*

**thm** *last-conv-nth*

**theorem** *last-nth*:  $xs \neq [] \implies \text{last } xs = xs ! (\text{length } xs - \text{Suc } 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *last-take*:  $n < \text{length } xs \implies \text{last } (xs \downarrow \text{Suc } n) = xs ! n$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *last-take2*:

$[0 < n; n \leq \text{length } xs] \implies \text{last } (xs \downarrow n) = xs ! (n - \text{Suc } 0)$

**thm** *diff-Suc-less*[*THEN order-less-le-trans*]

*<proof>*

**thm** *last-take*[*of*  $n - \text{Suc } 0$   $xs$ ]

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.nth-drop*

**corollary** *nth-0-drop*:  $n \leq \text{length } xs \implies (xs \uparrow n) ! 0 = xs ! n$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *hd-drop*:  $n < \text{length } xs \implies \text{hd } (xs \uparrow n) = xs ! n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *drop-eq-tl*:  $xs \uparrow (\text{Suc } 0) = \text{tl } xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *drop-take-1*:

$n < \text{length } xs \implies xs \uparrow n \downarrow (\text{Suc } 0) = [xs ! n]$

**thm** *take-hd hd-drop*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *upt-append*:  $m \leq n \implies [0..<m] @ [m..<n] = [0..<n]$

**thm** *upt-add-eq-append*[*of*  $0$   $m$   $n - m$ ]

*<proof>*

**thm** *nth-append*

**lemma** *nth-append1*:  $n < \text{length } xs \implies (xs @ ys) ! n = xs ! n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *nth-append2*:  $\text{length } xs \leq n \implies (xs @ ys) ! n = ys ! (n - \text{length } xs)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-all-conv*:  $\text{list-all } P \ xs = (\forall i < \text{length } xs. P \ (xs \ ! \ i))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Fun.fun-eq-iff*

**lemma** *expand-list-eq*:

$\bigwedge ys. (xs = ys) = (\text{length } xs = \text{length } ys \wedge (\forall i < \text{length } xs. xs \ ! \ i = ys \ ! \ i))$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *list-eq-iff = expand-list-eq*

**lemma** *list-take-drop-imp-eq*:

$\llbracket xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n; xs \uparrow n = ys \uparrow n \rrbracket \Longrightarrow xs = ys$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *list-take-drop-eq-conv*:

$(xs = ys) = (\exists n. (xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n \wedge xs \uparrow n = ys \uparrow n))$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *list-take-eq-conv*:  $(xs = ys) = (\forall n. xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n)$

<proof>

**lemma** *list-drop-eq-conv*:  $(xs = ys) = (\forall n. xs \uparrow n = ys \uparrow n)$

<proof>

**abbreviation** (*xsymbols*)

*replicate'* :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a list (- [1000,65])

**where**

$x^n \equiv replicate\ n\ x$

**term** *length*  $x^{(a+b)}$

**thm** *List.replicate-Suc*

**thm** *List.replicate-app-Cons-same*

**lemma** *replicate-snoc*:  $x^n @ [x] = x^{Suc\ n}$

<proof>

**thm** *List.nth-replicate*

**lemma** *eq-replicate-conv*:  $(\forall i < length\ xs. xs\ !\ i = m) = (xs = m^{length\ xs})$

<proof>

**lemma** *replicate-Cons-length*:  $length\ (x \# a^n) = Suc\ n$

<proof>

**lemma** *replicate-pred-Cons-length*:  $0 < n \Longrightarrow length\ (x \# a^{n - Suc\ 0}) = n$

<proof>

**thm** *replicate-add*

**lemma** *replicate-le-diff*:  $m \leq n \Longrightarrow x^m @ x^{n - m} = x^n$

<proof>

**lemma** *replicate-le-diff2*:  $\llbracket k \leq m; m \leq n \rrbracket \Longrightarrow x^{m - k} @ x^{n - m} = x^{n - k}$

<proof>

**thm** *list.induct*

**lemma** *append-constant-length-induct-aux*:  $\bigwedge xs.$

$\llbracket length\ xs\ div\ k = n; \bigwedge ys. k = 0 \vee length\ ys < k \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P\ ys;$

$\bigwedge xs\ ys. \llbracket length\ xs = k; P\ ys \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P\ (xs @ ys) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P\ xs$

<proof>

**lemma** *append-constant-length-induct*:

$\llbracket \bigwedge ys. k = 0 \vee \text{length } ys < k \implies P \text{ } ys; \bigwedge xs \text{ } ys. \llbracket \text{length } xs = k; P \text{ } ys \rrbracket \implies P (xs @ ys) \rrbracket \implies P \text{ } xs$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *zip-swap*:  $\text{map } (\lambda(y,x). (x,y)) (\text{zip } ys \text{ } xs) = (\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *zip-takeL*:  $(\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys) \downarrow n = \text{zip } (xs \downarrow n) \text{ } ys$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *zip-takeR*:  $(\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys) \downarrow n = \text{zip } xs \text{ } (ys \downarrow n)$

**thm** *zip-swap[of ys]*  
 <proof>

**lemma** *zip-take*:  $(\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys) \downarrow n = \text{zip } (xs \downarrow n) \text{ } (ys \downarrow n)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *nth-zip*

**lemma** *hd-zip*:  $\llbracket xs \neq []; ys \neq [] \rrbracket \implies \text{hd } (\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys) = (\text{hd } xs, \text{hd } ys)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *map-id*:  $\text{map } id \text{ } xs = xs$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *map-id-subst*:  $P (\text{map } id \text{ } xs) \implies P \text{ } xs$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *map-one*:  $\text{map } f [x] = [f \text{ } x]$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *map-last*:  $xs \neq [] \implies \text{last } (\text{map } f \text{ } xs) = f (\text{last } xs)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *filter-list-all*:  $\text{list-all } P \text{ } xs \implies \text{filter } P \text{ } xs = xs$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *filter-snoc*:  $\text{filter } P (xs @ [x]) = (\text{if } P \text{ } x \text{ then } (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) @ [x] \text{ else } \text{filter } P \text{ } xs)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *filter-filter-eq*:  $\text{list-all } (\lambda x. P \text{ } x = Q \text{ } x) \text{ } xs \implies \text{filter } P \text{ } xs = \text{filter } Q \text{ } xs$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *filter-nth*:  $\bigwedge n. n < \text{length } (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) \implies (\text{filter } P \text{ } xs) ! n =$

```

  xs ! (LEAST k.
    k < length xs ∧
    n < card {i. i ≤ k ∧ i < length xs ∧ P (xs ! i)})
⟨proof⟩
thm filter-snoc
⟨proof⟩
thm Least-le-imp-le-disj
⟨proof⟩
thm nth-append1
⟨proof⟩
thm length-filter-conv-card
⟨proof⟩

```

### 9.1.3 Ordered lists

```

fun
  list-ord :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('a::ord) list ⇒ bool
where
  list-ord ord (x1 # x2 # xs) = (ord x1 x2 ∧ list-ord ord (x2 # xs))
| list-ord ord xs = True

thm list-ord.simps
definition list-asc :: ('a::ord) list ⇒ bool where
  list-asc xs ≡ list-ord (op ≤) xs
definition list-strict-asc :: ('a::ord) list ⇒ bool where
  list-strict-asc xs ≡ list-ord (op <) xs
value list-asc [1::nat, 2, 2]
value list-strict-asc [1::nat, 2, 2]
definition list-desc :: ('a::ord) list ⇒ bool where
  list-desc xs ≡ list-ord (op ≥) xs
definition list-strict-desc :: ('a::ord) list ⇒ bool where
  list-strict-desc xs ≡ list-ord (op >) xs

lemma list-ord-Nil: list-ord ord []
⟨proof⟩
lemma list-ord-one: list-ord ord [x]
⟨proof⟩
lemma list-ord-Cons:
  list-ord ord (x # xs) =
  (xs = [] ∨ (ord x (hd xs) ∧ list-ord ord xs))
⟨proof⟩
lemma list-ord-Cons-imp: [ list-ord ord xs; ord x (hd xs) ] ⇒ list-ord ord (x #
xs)
⟨proof⟩
lemma list-ord-append: ∧ys.
  list-ord ord (xs @ ys) =
  (list-ord ord xs ∧
  (ys = [] ∨ (list-ord ord ys ∧ (xs = [] ∨ ord (last xs) (hd ys))))))
⟨proof⟩

```

**lemma** *list-ord-snoc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{list-ord ord } (xs @ [x]) = \\ & (xs = [] \vee (\text{ord } (\text{last } xs) \ x \wedge \text{list-ord ord } xs)) \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-ord-all-conv*:

$$\text{list-ord ord } xs = (\forall n < \text{length } xs - 1. \text{ord } (xs ! n) (xs ! \text{Suc } n))$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-ord-imp*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \bigwedge x \ y. \text{ord } x \ y \implies \text{ord}' \ x \ y; \text{list-ord ord } xs \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{list-ord ord}' \ xs \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *list-strict-asc-imp-list-asc*:

$$\text{list-strict-asc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list}) \implies \text{list-asc } xs$$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *list-strict-desc-imp-list-desc*:

$$\text{list-strict-desc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list}) \implies \text{list-desc } xs$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-ord-trans-imp*:  $\bigwedge i.$

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{transP ord}; \text{list-ord ord } xs; j < \text{length } xs; i < j \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{ord } (xs ! i) (xs ! j) \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *trans-def*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-ord-trans*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{transP ord} \implies \\ & (\text{list-ord ord } xs) = \\ & (\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i < j. \text{ord } (xs ! i) (xs ! j)) \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-ord-trans-refl-le*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{transP ord}; \text{reflP ord} \rrbracket \implies \\ & (\text{list-ord ord } xs) = \\ & (\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i \leq j. \text{ord } (xs ! i) (xs ! j)) \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-ord-trans-refl-le-imp*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{transP ord}; \bigwedge x \ y. \text{ord } x \ y \implies \text{ord}' \ x \ y; \text{reflP ord}' \rrbracket \\ & \text{list-ord ord } xs \rrbracket \implies \\ & (\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i \leq j. \text{ord}' (xs ! i) (xs ! j)) \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *list-ord-trans-imp*

*<proof>*

**corollary**

*list-asc-trans*:

$(\text{list-asc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list})) =$   
 $(\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i < j. xs ! i \leq xs ! j)$  **and**  
*list-strict-asc-trans:*  
 $(\text{list-strict-asc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list})) =$   
 $(\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i < j. xs ! i < xs ! j)$  **and**  
*list-desc-trans:*  
 $(\text{list-desc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list})) =$   
 $(\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i < j. xs ! j \leq xs ! i)$  **and**  
*list-strict-desc-trans:*  
 $(\text{list-strict-desc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list})) =$   
 $(\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i < j. xs ! j < xs ! i)$   
 <proof>

**corollary**

*list-asc-trans-le:*  
 $(\text{list-asc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list})) =$   
 $(\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i \leq j. xs ! i \leq xs ! j)$  **and**  
*list-desc-trans-le:*  
 $(\text{list-desc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list})) =$   
 $(\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i \leq j. xs ! j \leq xs ! i)$   
 <proof>

**corollary**

*list-strict-asc-trans-le:*  
 $(\text{list-strict-asc } (xs::'a::\text{preorder list})) \implies$   
 $(\forall j < \text{length } xs. \forall i \leq j. xs ! i \leq xs ! j)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *list-ord-trans-refl-le-imp*

<proof>

**thm** *list-ord-imp*

<proof>

**lemma** *list-ord-le-sorted-eq: list-asc xs = sorted xs*

<proof>

**thm** *list-asc-trans*

<proof>

**corollary** *list-asc-upto: list-asc [m..n]*

<proof>

**lemma** *list-strict-asc-upt: list-strict-asc [m..<n]*

<proof>

**thm** *list-strict-asc-imp-list-asc[OF list-strict-asc-upt]*

**lemma** *list-ord-distinct-aux:*

$\llbracket \text{irrefl } \{(a, b). \text{ord } a \text{ } b\}; \text{transP } \text{ord}; \text{list-ord } \text{ord } xs;$

$i < \text{length } xs; j < \text{length } xs; i < j \rrbracket \implies$

$xs ! i \neq xs ! j$

<proof>

**thm** *list-ord-trans*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-ord-distinct*:

$\llbracket \text{irrefl } \{(a,b). \text{ord } a \ b\}; \text{transP } \text{ord}; \text{list-ord } \text{ord } xs \rrbracket \implies$   
*distinct xs*

**thm** *distinct-conv-nth*

*<proof>*

**thm** *list-ord-distinct-aux*

*<proof>*

**thm** *list-ord-distinct-aux* [THEN *not-sym*]

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-strict-asc-distinct*: *list-strict-asc* (*xs::'a::preorder list*)  $\implies$  *distinct xs*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *list-strict-desc-distinct*: *list-strict-desc* (*xs::'a::preorder list*)  $\implies$  *distinct xs*

*<proof>*

#### 9.1.4 Additional definitions and results for sublists

**primrec**

*sublist-list* :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list

**where**

*sublist-list* xs [] = []

| *sublist-list* xs (y # ys) = (xs ! y) # (*sublist-list* xs ys)

**value** *sublist-list* [0::int,10::int,20,30,40,50] [1::nat,2,3]

**value** *sublist-list* [0::int,10::int,20,30,40,50] [1::nat,1,2,3]

**value** *sublist-list* [0::int,10::int,20,30,40,50] [1::nat,1,2,3,10]

**thm** *sublist-def*

**term** *map fst* (*filter* ( $\lambda p. \text{snd } p \in A$ ) (*zip* xs [0..*length* xs]))

**term** *map fst* ([*p*←(*zip* xs [0..*length* xs]). (*snd* p  $\in$  A)])

**lemma** *sublist-list-length*: *length* (*sublist-list* xs ys) = *length* ys

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sublist-list-append*:

$\bigwedge zs. \text{sublist-list } xs \ (ys \ @ \ zs) = \text{sublist-list } xs \ ys \ @ \ \text{sublist-list } xs \ zs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sublist-list-Nil*: *sublist-list* xs [] = []

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sublist-list-is-Nil-conv*:

(*sublist-list* xs ys = []) = (ys = [])

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sublist-list-eq-imp-length-eq*:

*sublist-list xs ys = sublist-list xs zs  $\implies$  length ys = length zs*  
 <proof>

**lemma** *sublist-list-nth*:

$\bigwedge n. n < \text{length } ys \implies \text{sublist-list } xs \text{ } ys ! n = xs ! (ys ! n)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *take-drop-eq-sublist-list*:

$m + n \leq \text{length } xs \implies xs \uparrow m \downarrow n = \text{sublist-list } xs [m..<m+n]$   
 <proof>

**thm** *sublist-list-nth*

<proof>

**primrec**

*sublist-list-if* :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  nat list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list

**where**

*sublist-list-if* xs [] = []  
 | *sublist-list-if* xs (y # ys) =  
   (if y < length xs then (xs ! y) # (*sublist-list-if* xs ys)  
   else (*sublist-list-if* xs ys))

**value** *sublist-list-if* [0::int,10::int,20,30,40,50] [1::nat,2,3]

**value** *sublist-list-if* [0::int,10::int,20,30,40,50] [1::nat,1,2,3]

**value** *sublist-list-if* [0::int,10::int,20,30,40,50] [1::nat,1,2,3,10]

**lemma** *sublist-list-if-sublist-list-filter-conv*:  $\bigwedge xs.$

*sublist-list-if* xs ys = *sublist-list* xs (filter ( $\lambda i. i < \text{length } xs$ ) ys)  
 <proof>

**corollary** *sublist-list-if-sublist-list-eq*:  $\bigwedge xs.$

*list-all* ( $\lambda i. i < \text{length } xs$ ) ys  $\implies$   
*sublist-list-if* xs ys = *sublist-list* xs ys  
 <proof>

**corollary** *sublist-list-if-sublist-list-eq2*:  $\bigwedge xs.$

$\forall n < \text{length } ys. ys ! n < \text{length } xs \implies$   
*sublist-list-if* xs ys = *sublist-list* xs ys

**thm** *list-all-conv*[THEN iffD2]

<proof>

**lemma** *sublist-list-if-Nil-left*: *sublist-list-if* [] ys = []

<proof>

**lemma** *sublist-list-if-Nil-right*: *sublist-list-if* xs [] = []

<proof>

**lemma** *sublist-list-if-length*:

*length* (*sublist-list-if* xs ys) = *length* (filter ( $\lambda i. i < \text{length } xs$ ) ys)  
 <proof>

**lemma** *sublist-list-if-append*:

$sublist\text{-list-if } xs (ys @ zs) = sublist\text{-list-if } xs ys @ sublist\text{-list-if } xs zs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sublist-list-if-snoc*:

$sublist\text{-list-if } xs (ys @ [y]) = sublist\text{-list-if } xs ys @ (if\ y < length\ xs\ then\ [xs\ !\ y]$   
 else  $\square$ )

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sublist-list-if-is-Nil-conv*:

$(sublist\text{-list-if } xs\ ys = \square) = (list\text{-all } (\lambda i. length\ xs \leq i)\ ys)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sublist-list-if-nth*:

$n < length\ ((filter\ (\lambda i. i < length\ xs)\ ys)) \implies$   
 $sublist\text{-list-if } xs\ ys\ !\ n = xs\ !\ ((filter\ (\lambda i. i < length\ xs)\ ys)\ !\ n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *take-drop-eq-sublist-list-if*:

$m + n \leq length\ xs \implies xs\ \uparrow\ m\ \downarrow\ n = sublist\text{-list-if } xs\ [m..<m+n]$

**thm** *take-drop-eq-sublist-list*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sublist-empty-conv*:  $(sublist\ xs\ I = \square) = (\forall i \in I. length\ xs \leq i)$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *sublist-singleton*

**lemma** *sublist-singleton2*:  $sublist\ xs\ \{y\} = (if\ y < length\ xs\ then\ [xs\ !\ y]\ else\ \square)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sublist-take-eq*:

$\llbracket finite\ I; Max\ I < n \rrbracket \implies sublist\ (xs\ \downarrow\ n)\ I = sublist\ xs\ I$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *append-take-drop-id*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sublist-drop-eq*:

$n \leq iMin\ I \implies sublist\ (xs\ \uparrow\ n)\ \{j. j + n \in I\} = sublist\ xs\ I$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *set-zip-rightD*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sublist-cut-less-eq*:

$length\ xs \leq n \implies sublist\ xs\ (I\ \downarrow\ < n) = sublist\ xs\ I$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *filter-filter-eq*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *sublist-disjoint-Un*:

$\llbracket finite\ A; Max\ A < iMin\ B \rrbracket \implies sublist\ xs\ (A \cup B) = sublist\ xs\ A @ sublist\ xs$

*B*

*<proof>*

**thm** *sublist-cut-less-eq*

*<proof>*

**thm** *sublist-append*

*<proof>*

**thm** *sublist-cut-less-eq*

*<proof>*

**thm** *sublist-take-eq*

*<proof>*

**thm** *sublist-drop-eq*

*<proof>*

**corollary** *sublist-disjoint-insert-left:*

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; x < i\text{Min } I \rrbracket \implies \text{sublist } xs \ (\text{insert } x \ I) = \text{sublist } xs \ \{x\} \ @ \ \text{sublist } xs \ I$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *sublist-disjoint-insert-right:*

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; \text{Max } I < x \rrbracket \implies \text{sublist } xs \ (\text{insert } x \ I) = \text{sublist } xs \ I \ @ \ \text{sublist } xs \ \{x\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sublist-all:  $\{..<\text{length } xs\} \subseteq I \implies \text{sublist } xs \ I = xs$*

*<proof>*

**corollary** *sublist-UNIV:  $\text{sublist } xs \ \text{UNIV} = xs$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *sublist-list-sublist-eq:  $\bigwedge xs.$*

*list-strict-asc ys  $\implies$  sublist-list-if xs ys = sublist xs (set ys)*

*<proof>*

**thm** *list-ord-append*

*<proof>*

**thm** *list-strict-asc-trans[unfolded list-strict-asc-def, THEN iffD1, rule-format]*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-sublist-list-if:  $\bigwedge xs. \text{set} \ (\text{sublist-list-if } xs \ ys) = \{xs \ ! \ i \mid i. i < \text{length } xs \wedge i \in \text{set } ys\}$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-sublist-list:*

*list-all  $(\lambda i. i < \text{length } xs) \ ys \implies$*

*set (sublist-list xs ys) =  $\{xs \ ! \ i \mid i. i < \text{length } xs \wedge i \in \text{set } ys\}$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-sublist-list-if-eq-set-sublist:  $\text{set} \ (\text{sublist-list-if } xs \ ys) = \text{set} \ (\text{sublist } xs \ (\text{set } ys))$*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *set-sublist-list-eq-set-sublist:*

*list-all  $(\lambda i. i < \text{length } xs) \ ys \implies$*

*set (sublist-list xs ys) = set (sublist xs (set ys))*

*<proof>*

### 9.1.5 Natural set images with lists

#### definition

$f\text{-image} :: 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{nat set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$  (infixr ‘ $f$ ’ 90)

#### where

$xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A \equiv \{y. \exists n \in A. n < \text{length } xs \wedge y = xs ! n\}$

#### abbreviation

$f\text{-range} :: 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ set}$

#### where

$f\text{-range } xs \equiv f\text{-image } xs \text{ UNIV}$

#### thm *Set.image-eqI*

**lemma** *f-image-eqI*[*simp, intro*]:

$\llbracket x = xs ! n; n \in A; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \Longrightarrow x \in xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A$   
 <proof>

#### thm *Set.imageI*

**lemma** *f-imageI*:  $\llbracket n \in A; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \Longrightarrow xs ! n \in xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A$   
 <proof>

#### thm *Set.rev-image-eqI*

**lemma** *rev-f-imageI*:  $\llbracket n \in A; n < \text{length } xs; x = xs ! n \rrbracket \Longrightarrow x \in xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A$   
 <proof>

#### thm *Set.imageE*

**lemma** *f-imageE*[*elim!*]:

$\llbracket x \in xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A; \bigwedge n. \llbracket x = xs ! n; n \in A; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P$   
 <proof>

#### thm *Set.image-Un*

**lemma** *f-image-Un*:  $xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } (A \cup B) = xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A \cup xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } B$   
 <proof>

#### thm *Set.image-mono*

**lemma** *f-image-mono*:  $A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A \subseteq xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } B$   
 <proof>

#### thm *Set.image-iff*

**lemma** *f-image-iff*:  $(x \in xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A) = (\exists n \in A. n < \text{length } xs \wedge x = xs ! n)$   
 <proof>

#### thm *Set.image-subset-iff*

**lemma** *f-image-subset-iff*:

$(xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A \subseteq B) = (\forall n \in A. n < \text{length } xs \longrightarrow xs ! n \in B)$   
 <proof>

#### thm *Set.subset-image-iff*

**lemma** *subset-f-image-iff*:  $(B \subseteq xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A) = (\exists A' \subseteq A. B = xs \text{ ‘}f\text{’ } A')$   
 <proof>

**thm** *image-subsetI*

**lemma** *f-image-subsetI*:

$\llbracket \bigwedge n. n \in A \wedge n < \text{length } xs \implies xs ! n \in B \rrbracket \implies xs \text{ 'f } A \subseteq B$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Set.image-empty*

**lemma** *f-image-empty*:  $xs \text{ 'f } \{\} = \{\}$

<proof>

**thm** *Set.image-insert*

**lemma** *f-image-insert-if*:

$xs \text{ 'f } (\text{insert } n \ A) =$   
 $\text{if } n < \text{length } xs \text{ then insert } (xs ! n) (xs \text{ 'f } A) \text{ else } (xs \text{ 'f } A)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *f-image-insert-eq1*:

$n < \text{length } xs \implies xs \text{ 'f } (\text{insert } n \ A) = \text{insert } (xs ! n) (xs \text{ 'f } A)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *f-image-insert-eq2*:

$\text{length } xs \leq n \implies xs \text{ 'f } (\text{insert } n \ A) = (xs \text{ 'f } A)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Set.insert-image*

**lemma** *insert-f-image*:

$\llbracket n \in A; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies \text{insert } (xs ! n) (xs \text{ 'f } A) = (xs \text{ 'f } A)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Set.image-is-empty*

**lemma** *f-image-is-empty*:  $(xs \text{ 'f } A = \{\}) = (\{x. x \in A \wedge x < \text{length } xs\} = \{\})$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Set.image-Collect*

**lemma** *f-image-Collect*:  $xs \text{ 'f } \{n. P \ n\} = \{xs ! n \mid n. P \ n \wedge n < \text{length } xs\}$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *f-image-eq-set*:  $\forall n < \text{length } xs. n \in A \implies xs \text{ 'f } A = \text{set } xs$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *f-range-eq-set*:  $f\text{-range } xs = \text{set } xs$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *f-image-eq-set-sublist*:  $xs \text{ 'f } A = \text{set } (\text{sublist } xs \ A)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *f-image-eq-set-sublist-list-if*:  $xs \text{ 'f } (\text{set } ys) = \text{set } (\text{sublist-list-if } xs \ ys)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *f-image-eq-set-sublist-list*:

$\text{list-all } (\lambda i. i < \text{length } xs) \ ys \implies xs \text{ 'f } (\text{set } ys) = \text{set } (\text{sublist-list } xs \ ys)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Set.range-eqI*

**lemma** *f-range-eqI*:  $\llbracket x = xs ! n; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies x \in \text{f-range } xs$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Set.rangeI*

**lemma** *f-rangeI*:  $n < \text{length } xs \implies xs ! n \in \text{f-range } xs$   
 <proof>

**thm** *Set.rangeE*

**lemma** *f-rangeE[elim?]*:  
 $\llbracket x \in \text{f-range } xs; \bigwedge n. \llbracket n < \text{length } xs; x = xs ! n \rrbracket \implies P \rrbracket \implies P$   
 <proof>

### 9.1.6 Mapping lists of functions to lists

**primrec**

*map-list* ::  $( 'a \Rightarrow 'b ) \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'b \text{ list}$

**where**

*map-list* [] *xs* = []  
 | *map-list* ( *f* # *fs* ) *xs* = *f* ( *hd* *xs* ) # *map-list* *fs* ( *tl* *xs* )

**lemma** *map-list-Nil*: *map-list* [] *xs* = []

<proof>

**lemma** *map-list-Cons-Cons*:

*map-list* ( *f* # *fs* ) ( *x* # *xs* ) =  
 ( *f* *x* ) # *map-list* *fs* *xs*  
 <proof>

**lemma** *map-list-length*:  $\bigwedge xs.$

$\text{length } (\text{map-list } fs \ xs) = \text{length } fs$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *map-list-empty-conv*:

$(\text{map-list } fs \ xs = []) = (fs = [])$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *map-list-not-empty-conv*:

$(\text{map-list } fs \ xs \neq []) = (fs \neq [])$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *map-list-nth*:  $\bigwedge n \ xs.$

$\llbracket n < \text{length } fs; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$   
 $(\text{map-list } fs \ xs ! n) =$   
 $(fs ! n) (xs ! n)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *map-list-xs-take*:  $\bigwedge n \ xs.$

$\text{length } fs \leq n \implies$   
 $\text{map-list } fs \ (xs \downarrow n) =$   
 $\text{map-list } fs \ xs$   
 <proof>

**thm** *arg-cong*  
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-list-take*:  $\bigwedge n\ xs.$   
 $(\text{map-list } fs\ xs) \downarrow n =$   
 $(\text{map-list } (fs \downarrow n)\ xs)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-list-take-take*:  $\bigwedge n\ xs.$   
 $(\text{map-list } fs\ xs) \downarrow n =$   
 $(\text{map-list } (fs \downarrow n)\ (xs \downarrow n))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-list-drop*:  $\bigwedge n\ xs.$   
 $(\text{map-list } fs\ xs) \uparrow n =$   
 $(\text{map-list } (fs \uparrow n)\ (xs \uparrow n))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-list-append-append*:  $\bigwedge xs1\ .$   
 $\text{length } fs1 = \text{length } xs1 \implies$   
 $\text{map-list } (fs1\ @\ fs2)\ (xs1\ @\ xs2) =$   
 $\text{map-list } fs1\ xs1\ @$   
 $\text{map-list } fs2\ xs2$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-list-snoc-snoc*:  
 $\text{length } fs = \text{length } xs \implies$   
 $\text{map-list } (fs\ @\ [f])\ (xs\ @\ [x]) =$   
 $\text{map-list } fs\ xs\ @\ [f\ x]$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-list-snoc*:  $\bigwedge xs.$   
 $\text{length } fs < \text{length } xs \implies$   
 $\text{map-list } (fs\ @\ [f])\ xs =$   
 $\text{map-list } fs\ xs\ @\ [f\ (xs\ !\ (\text{length } fs))]$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-list-Cons-if*:  
 $\text{map-list } fs\ (x\ \#\ xs) =$   
 $(\text{if } (fs = []) \text{ then } [] \text{ else } ($   
 $((\text{hd } fs)\ x)\ \#\ \text{map-list } (\text{tl } fs)\ xs))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-list-Cons-not-empty*:  
 $fs \neq [] \implies$   
 $\text{map-list } fs\ (x\ \#\ xs) =$   
 $((\text{hd } fs)\ x)\ \#\ \text{map-list } (\text{tl } fs)\ xs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-eq-map-list-take*:  $\bigwedge xs.$   
 $\llbracket \text{length } fs \leq \text{length } xs; \text{list-all } (\lambda x. x = f)\ fs \rrbracket \implies$

$map\text{-}list\ f\ xs = map\ f\ (xs \downarrow length\ fs)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-eq-map-list-take2*:

$\llbracket length\ fs = length\ xs; list\text{-}all\ (\lambda x. x = f)\ fs \rrbracket \implies$   
 $map\text{-}list\ f\ xs = map\ f\ xs$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map-eq-map-list-replicate*:

$map\text{-}list\ (f^{length\ xs})\ xs = map\ f\ xs$

⟨proof⟩

### 9.1.7 Mapping functions with two arguments to lists

**primrec** *map2* ::

(*\* Function taking two parameters \**)

(*'a*  $\Rightarrow$  *'b*  $\Rightarrow$  *'c*)  $\Rightarrow$

(*\* Lists of parameters \**)

*'a list*  $\Rightarrow$  *'b list*  $\Rightarrow$

*'c list*

**where**

$map2\ f\ []\ ys = []$

$| map2\ f\ (x \# xs)\ ys = f\ x\ (hd\ ys) \# map2\ f\ xs\ (tl\ ys)$

**lemma** *map2-map-list-conv*:  $\bigwedge ys. map2\ f\ xs\ ys = map\text{-}list\ (map\ f\ xs)\ ys$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map2-Nil*:  $map2\ f\ []\ ys = []$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map2-Cons-Cons*:

$map2\ f\ (x \# xs)\ (y \# ys) =$

$(f\ x\ y) \# map2\ f\ xs\ ys$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map2-length*:  $\bigwedge ys. length\ (map2\ f\ xs\ ys) = length\ xs$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *map2-empty-conv*:

$(map2\ f\ xs\ ys = []) = (xs = [])$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *map2-not-empty-conv*:

$(map2\ f\ xs\ ys \neq []) = (xs \neq [])$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map2-nth*:  $\bigwedge n\ ys.$

$\llbracket n < length\ xs; n < length\ ys \rrbracket \implies$

$(map2\ f\ xs\ ys\ !\ n) =$

$f\ (xs\ !\ n)\ (ys\ !\ n)$

**thm** *map-list-nth*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *map2-ys-take*:  $\bigwedge n\ ys.$

$length\ xs \leq n \implies$   
 $map2\ f\ xs\ (ys\ \downarrow\ n) =$   
 $map2\ f\ xs\ ys$

**thm** *map-list-xs-take*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *map2-take*:  $\bigwedge n\ ys.$

$(map2\ f\ xs\ ys)\ \downarrow\ n =$   
 $(map2\ f\ (xs\ \downarrow\ n)\ ys)$

**thm** *map-list-take*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *map2-take-take*:  $\bigwedge n\ ys.$

$(map2\ f\ xs\ ys)\ \downarrow\ n =$   
 $(map2\ f\ (xs\ \downarrow\ n)\ (ys\ \downarrow\ n))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *map2-drop*:  $\bigwedge n\ ys.$

$(map2\ f\ xs\ ys)\ \uparrow\ n =$   
 $(map2\ f\ (xs\ \uparrow\ n)\ (ys\ \uparrow\ n))$

**thm** *map-list-drop*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *map2-append-append*:  $\bigwedge ys1\ .$

$length\ xs1 = length\ ys1 \implies$   
 $map2\ f\ (xs1\ @\ xs2)\ (ys1\ @\ ys2) =$   
 $map2\ f\ xs1\ ys1\ @$   
 $map2\ f\ xs2\ ys2$

**thm** *map-list-append-append*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *map2-snoc-snoc*:

$length\ xs = length\ ys \implies$   
 $map2\ f\ (xs\ @\ [x])\ (ys\ @\ [y]) =$   
 $map2\ f\ xs\ ys\ @$   
 $[f\ x\ y]$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *map2-snoc*:  $\bigwedge ys.$

$length\ xs < length\ ys \implies$   
 $map2\ f\ (xs\ @\ [x])\ ys =$   
 $map2\ f\ xs\ ys\ @$   
 $[f\ x\ (ys\ !\ (length\ xs))]$

**thm** *map-list-snoc*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *map2-Cons-if*:

$map2\ f\ xs\ (y\ \#\ ys) =$   
 $(if\ (xs = [])\ then\ []\ else\ ($   
 $(f\ (hd\ xs)\ y)\ \#\ map2\ f\ (tl\ xs)\ ys))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *map2-Cons-not-empty*:

$$xs \neq [] \implies$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } xs \text{ } (y \# ys) =$$

$$(f \text{ } (hd \text{ } xs) \text{ } y) \# \text{map2 } f \text{ } (tl \text{ } xs) \text{ } ys$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *map2-append1-take-drop*:

$$\text{length } xs1 \leq \text{length } ys \implies$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } (xs1 \text{ } @ \text{ } xs2) \text{ } ys =$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } xs1 \text{ } (ys \downarrow \text{length } xs1) \text{ } @$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } xs2 \text{ } (ys \uparrow \text{length } xs1)$$

**thm** *map2-append-append*

**thm** *append-take-drop-id*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *map2-append2-take-drop*:

$$\text{length } ys1 \leq \text{length } xs \implies$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } xs \text{ } (ys1 \text{ } @ \text{ } ys2) =$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } (xs \downarrow \text{length } ys1) \text{ } ys1 \text{ } @$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } (xs \uparrow \text{length } ys1) \text{ } ys2$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.map-cong*

**lemma** *map2-cong*:

$$\llbracket xs1 = xs2; ys1 = ys2; \text{length } xs2 \leq \text{length } ys2; \llbracket \bigwedge x y. \llbracket x \in \text{set } xs2; y \in \text{set } ys2 \rrbracket \implies f \text{ } x \text{ } y = g \text{ } x \text{ } y \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } xs1 \text{ } ys1 = \text{map2 } g \text{ } xs2 \text{ } ys2$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.map-eq-conv*

**lemma** *map2-eq-conv*:

$$\text{length } xs \leq \text{length } ys \implies$$

$$(\text{map2 } f \text{ } xs \text{ } ys = \text{map2 } g \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) = (\forall i < \text{length } xs. f \text{ } (xs \text{ } ! \text{ } i) \text{ } (ys \text{ } ! \text{ } i) = g \text{ } (xs \text{ } ! \text{ } i) \text{ } (ys \text{ } ! \text{ } i))$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.map-replicate*

**lemma** *map2-replicate*:  $\text{map2 } f \text{ } x^n \text{ } y^n = (f \text{ } x \text{ } y)^n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *map2-zip-conv*:  $\bigwedge ys.$

$$\text{length } xs \leq \text{length } ys \implies$$

$$\text{map2 } f \text{ } xs \text{ } ys = \text{map } (\lambda(x,y). f \text{ } x \text{ } y) \text{ } (\text{zip } xs \text{ } ys)$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *map2-rev*:  $\bigwedge ys.$

$$\text{length } xs = \text{length } ys \implies$$

$$\text{rev } (\text{map2 } f \text{ } xs \text{ } ys) = \text{map2 } f \text{ } (\text{rev } xs) \text{ } (\text{rev } ys)$$

*<proof>*

end

## 10 InfiniteSet2: Set operations with results of type `inat`

```
theory InfiniteSet2
imports SetInterval2
begin
```

### 10.1 Set operations with `inat`

#### 10.1.1 Basic definitions

**definition**

*icard* :: 'a set  $\Rightarrow$  *inat*

**where**

*icard* A  $\equiv$  if finite A then Fin (card A) else  $\infty$

### 10.2 Results for *icard*

**lemma** *icard-UNIV-nat*: *icard* (UNIV::nat set) =  $\infty$   
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma** *icard-finite-conv*: (*icard* A = Fin (card A)) = finite A  
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma** *icard-infinite-conv*: (*icard* A =  $\infty$ ) = infinite A  
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**corollary** *icard-finite*: finite A  $\Longrightarrow$  *icard* A = Fin (card A)  
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**corollary** *icard-infinite[simp]*: infinite A  $\Longrightarrow$  *icard* A =  $\infty$   
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma** *icard-eq-Fin-imp*: *icard* A = Fin n  $\Longrightarrow$  finite A  
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma** *icard-eq-Infty-imp*: *icard* A =  $\infty$   $\Longrightarrow$  infinite A  
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma** *icard-the-Fin*: finite A  $\Longrightarrow$  the-Fin (*icard* A) = card A  
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma** *icard-eq-Fin-imp-card*: *icard* A = Fin n  $\Longrightarrow$  card A = n  
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma** *icard-eq-Fin-card-conv*:  $0 < n \Longrightarrow$  (*icard* A = Fin n) = (card A = n)  
 $\langle$ proof $\rangle$

**lemma** *icard-empty[simp]*: *icard* {} = 0

*<proof>*

**lemma** *icard-empty-iff*:  $(\text{icard } A = 0) = (A = \{\})$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *icard-empty-iff-Fin* = *icard-empty-iff*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *icard-not-empty-iff*:  $(0 < \text{icard } A) = (A \neq \{\})$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *icard-not-empty-iff-Fin* = *icard-not-empty-iff*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *icard-singleton*:  $\text{icard } \{a\} = \text{iSuc } 0$

*<proof>*

**lemmas** *icard-singleton-Fin*[*simp*] = *icard-singleton*[*unfolded zero-inat-def*]

**lemma** *icard-1-imp-singleton*:  $\text{icard } A = \text{iSuc } 0 \implies \exists a. A = \{a\}$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *icard-1-singleton-conv*:  $(\text{icard } A = \text{iSuc } 0) = (\exists a. A = \{a\})$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-insert-disjoint*

**lemma** *icard-insert-disjoint*:  $x \notin A \implies \text{icard } (\text{insert } x A) = \text{iSuc } (\text{icard } A)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-insert-if*

**lemma** *icard-insert-if*:  $\text{icard } (\text{insert } x A) = (\text{if } x \in A \text{ then } \text{icard } A \text{ else } \text{iSuc } (\text{icard } A))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-0-eq*

**lemmas** *icard-0-eq* = *icard-empty-iff*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Suc-Diff1*

**lemma** *icard-Suc-Diff1*:  $x \in A \implies \text{iSuc } (\text{icard } (A - \{x\})) = \text{icard } A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Diff-singleton*

**lemma** *icard-Diff-singleton*:  $x \in A \implies \text{icard } (A - \{x\}) = \text{icard } A - 1$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Diff-singleton-if*

**lemma** *icard-Diff-singleton-if*:  $\text{icard } (A - \{x\}) = (\text{if } x \in A \text{ then } \text{icard } A - 1 \text{ else } \text{icard } A)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-insert*

**lemma** *icard-insert*:  $\text{icard } (\text{insert } x A) = \text{iSuc } (\text{icard } (A - \{x\}))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-insert-le*

**lemma** *icard-insert-le*:  $\text{icard } A \leq \text{icard } (\text{insert } x A)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-mono*

**lemma** *icard-mono*:  $A \subseteq B \implies \text{icard } A \leq \text{icard } B$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-seteq*

**lemma** *not-icard-seteq*:  $\exists (A::\text{nat set}) B. (A \subseteq B \wedge \text{icard } B \leq \text{icard } A \wedge \neg A = B)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.psubset-card-mono*

**lemma** *not-psubset-icard-mono*:  $\exists (A::\text{nat set}) B. A \subset B \wedge \neg \text{icard } A < \text{icard } B$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Un-Int*

**lemma** *icard-Un-Int*:  $\text{icard } A + \text{icard } B = \text{icard } (A \cup B) + \text{icard } (A \cap B)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *card-Un-Int*

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Un-disjoint*

**lemma** *icard-Un-disjoint*:  $A \cap B = \{\} \implies \text{icard } (A \cup B) = \text{icard } A + \text{icard } B$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Diff-subset*

**lemma** *not-icard-Diff-subset*:  $\exists (A::\text{nat set}) B. B \subseteq A \wedge \neg \text{icard } (A - B) = \text{icard } A - \text{icard } B$

*<proof>*

**thm**

*Finite-Set.card-Diff1-less*

*Finite-Set.card-Diff2-less*

**lemma** *not-icard-Diff1-less*:  $\exists (A::\text{nat set}) x. x \in A \wedge \neg \text{icard } (A - \{x\}) < \text{icard } A$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *not-icard-Diff2-less*:  $\exists (A::\text{nat set}) x y. x \in A \wedge y \in A \wedge \neg \text{icard } (A - \{x\} - \{y\}) < \text{icard } A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Diff1-le*

**lemma** *icard-Diff1-le*:  $\text{icard } (A - \{x\}) \leq \text{icard } A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-psubset*

**lemma** *icard-psubset*:  $\llbracket A \subseteq B; \text{icard } A < \text{icard } B \rrbracket \implies A \subset B$

*<proof>*

**thm** *SetInterval2.card-partition*

**lemma** *icard-partition*:

$\llbracket \bigwedge c. c \in C \implies \text{icard } c = k; \bigwedge c1\ c2. \llbracket c1 \in C; c2 \in C; c1 \neq c2 \rrbracket \implies c1 \cap c2 = \{\} \rrbracket \implies$

$\text{icard } (\bigcup C) = k * \text{icard } C$

*<proof>*

**thm** *SetInterval2.card-partition*

**thm** *icard-eq-Fin-imp-card*

*<proof>*

**thm** *SetInterval2.card-partition*

*<proof>*

**thm** *finite-UnionD*

*<proof>*

**thm** *Union-upper*

*<proof>*

**thm** *infinite-super*

*<proof>*

**thm** *Big-Operators.setsum-constant*

**thm** *Big-Operators.setprod-constant*

**thm** *Big-Operators.setsum-bounded*

**thm** *Big-Operators.card-UN-disjoint*

**thm** *Big-Operators.card-Union-disjoint*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-image-le*

**lemma** *icard-image-le*:  $\text{icard } (f \text{ ` } A) \leq \text{icard } A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-image*

**lemma** *icard-image*:  $\text{inj-on } f\ A \implies \text{icard } (f \text{ ` } A) = \text{icard } A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.eq-card-imp-inj-on*

**lemma** *not-eq-icard-imp-inj-on*:  $\exists (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat})\ (A :: \text{nat set}). \text{icard } (f \text{ ` } A) = \text{icard } A \wedge \neg \text{inj-on } f\ A$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.inj-on-iff-eq-card*

**lemma** *not-inj-on-iff-eq-icard*:  $\exists (f :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat})\ (A :: \text{nat set}). \neg (\text{inj-on } f\ A = (\text{icard } (f \text{ ` } A) = \text{icard } A))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-inj-on-le*

**lemma** *icard-inj-on-le*:  $\llbracket \text{inj-on } f\ A; f \text{ ` } A \subseteq B \rrbracket \implies \text{icard } A \leq \text{icard } B$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-bij-eq*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-bij-eq[no-vars]*

**lemma** *icard-bij-eq:*

$\llbracket \text{inj-on } f \text{ } A; f \text{ ' } A \subseteq B; \text{inj-on } g \text{ } B; g \text{ ' } B \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\text{icard } A = \text{icard } B$

*<proof>*

**thm** *Big-Operators.card-SigmaI*

**thm** *Big-Operators.card-cartesian-product*

**lemma** *icard-cartesian-product: icard (A × B) = icard A \* icard B*

*<proof>*

**thm** *card-cartesian-product-singleton*

**lemma** *icard-cartesian-product-singleton: icard ({x} × A) = icard A*

*<proof>*

**thm** *card-cartesian-product-singleton-right*

**lemma** *icard-cartesian-product-singleton-right: icard (A × {x}) = icard A*

*<proof>*

**thm** *Finite-Set.card-Pow*

**thm** *Finite-Set.dvd-partition*

**thm** *Equiv-Relations.equiv-imp-dvd-card*

**thm** *Equiv-Relations.card-quotient-disjoint*

**thm**

*SetInterval.card-lessThan*

*SetInterval.card-atMost*

*SetInterval.card-atLeastLessThan*

*SetInterval.card-atLeastAtMost*

*SetInterval.card-greaterThanAtMost*

*SetInterval.card-greaterThanLessThan*

**lemma**

*icard-lessThan: icard {..} = Fin u and*

*icard-atMost: icard {..u} = Fin (Suc u) and*

*icard-atLeastLessThan: icard {l..} = Fin (u - l) and*

*icard-atLeastAtMost: icard {l..u} = Fin (Suc u - l) and*

*icard-greaterThanAtMost: icard {l<..u} = Fin (u - l) and*

*icard-greaterThanLessThan: icard {l<..} = Fin (u - Suc l)*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *icard-atLeast*:  $\text{icard } \{(u::\text{nat})..\} = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *icard-greaterThan*:  $\text{icard } \{(u::\text{nat})<..\} = \infty$

*<proof>*

**thm**

*SetInterval.card-atLeastZeroLessThan-int*

*SetInterval.card-atLeastLessThan-int*

*SetInterval.card-atLeastAtMost-int*

*SetInterval.card-greaterThanAtMost-int*

**lemma**

*icard-atLeastZeroLessThan-int*:  $\text{icard } \{0..<u\} = \text{Fin } (\text{nat } u)$  **and**

*icard-atLeastLessThan-int*:  $\text{icard } \{l..<u\} = \text{Fin } (\text{nat } (u - l))$  **and**

*icard-atLeastAtMost-int*:  $\text{icard } \{l..u\} = \text{Fin } (\text{nat } (u - l + 1))$  **and**

*icard-greaterThanAtMost-int*:  $\text{icard } \{l<..u\} = \text{Fin } (\text{nat } (u - l))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *icard-atLeast-int*:  $\text{icard } \{(u::\text{int})..\} = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *icard-greaterThan-int*:  $\text{icard } \{(u::\text{int})<..\} = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *icard-atMost-int*:  $\text{icard } \{..(u::\text{int})\} = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *icard-lessThan-int*:  $\text{icard } \{..<(u::\text{int})\} = \infty$

*<proof>*

**end**

## 11 ListInf: Additional definitions and results for lists

**theory** *ListInf*

**imports** *List2 ../CommonSet/InfiniteSet2*

**begin**

### 11.1 Infinite lists

We define infinite lists as functions over natural numbers, i. e., we use functions  $\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a$  as infinite lists over elements of  $'a$ . Mapping functions to intervals lists  $[m..<n]$  yields common finite lists.

**11.1.1 Appending a functions to a list**

**types**  $'a\ \text{ilist} = \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a$

**definition**

$i\text{-append} :: 'a\ \text{list} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist}$  (**infixr**  $\curvearrowright$  65)

**where**

$xs \curvearrowright f \equiv \lambda n. \text{if } n < \text{length } xs \text{ then } xs ! n \text{ else } f (n - \text{length } xs)$

**syntax (HTML output)**

$i\text{-append} :: 'a\ \text{list} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist}$  (**infixr**  $\curvearrowright$  65)

Synonym for the lemma *Fun.fun-eq-iff* from the HOL library to unify lemma names for finite and infinite lists, providing *list-eq-iff* for finite and *ilist-eq-iff* for infinite lists.

**lemmas**  $\text{expand-ilist-eq} = \text{Fun.fun-eq-iff}$

**lemmas**  $\text{ilist-eq-iff} = \text{expand-ilist-eq}$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-nth}$ :  $(xs \curvearrowright f) n = (\text{if } n < \text{length } xs \text{ then } xs ! n \text{ else } f (n - \text{length } xs))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-nth1}$ [simp]:  $n < \text{length } xs \implies (xs \curvearrowright f) n = xs ! n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-nth2}$ [simp]:  $\text{length } xs \leq n \implies (xs \curvearrowright f) n = f (n - \text{length } xs)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-Nil}$ [simp]:  $[] \curvearrowright f = f$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-assoc}$ [simp]:  $xs \curvearrowright (ys \curvearrowright f) = (xs @ ys) \curvearrowright f$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm**  $\text{append-Cons}$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-Cons}$ :  $(x \# xs) \curvearrowright f = [x] \curvearrowright (xs \curvearrowright f)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm**  $\text{List.append-eq-append-conv}$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-eq-i-append-conv}$ [simp]:

$\text{length } xs = \text{length } ys \implies$   
 $(xs \curvearrowright f = ys \curvearrowright g) = (xs = ys \wedge f = g)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm**  $\text{List.append-eq-append-conv2}$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-eq-i-append-conv2-aux}$ :

$[ xs \curvearrowright f = ys \curvearrowright g; \text{length } xs \leq \text{length } ys ] \implies$   
 $\exists zs. xs @ zs = ys \wedge f = zs \curvearrowright g$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $i\text{-append-eq-i-append-conv2}$ :

$(xs \curvearrowright f = ys \curvearrowright g) =$

$(\exists zs. xs = ys @ zs \wedge zs \frown f = g \vee xs @ zs = ys \wedge f = zs \frown g)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.same-append-eq*

**lemma** *same-i-append-eq[iff]*:  $(xs \frown f = xs \frown g) = (f = g)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.append-same-eq*

**lemma** *NOT-i-append-same-eq*:

$\neg(\forall xs\ ys\ f. (xs \frown (f::(nat \Rightarrow nat)) = ys \frown f) = (xs = ys))$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.hd-append*

**lemma** *i-append-hd*:  $(xs \frown f) 0 = (if\ xs = []\ then\ f\ 0\ else\ hd\ xs)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.hd-append2*

**lemma** *i-append-hd2[simp]*:  $xs \neq [] \implies (xs \frown f) 0 = hd\ xs$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.eq-Nil-appendI*

**lemma** *eq-Nil-i-appendI*:  $f = g \implies f = [] \frown g$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.append-eq-appendI*

**lemma** *i-append-eq-i-appendI*:  
 $[ xs @ xs' = ys; f = xs' \frown g ] \implies xs \frown f = ys \frown g$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.map-ext*

**lemma** *o-ext*:

$(\forall x. (x \in range\ h \implies f\ x = g\ x)) \implies f \circ h = g \circ h$   
 <proof>

**thm**

*o-ext*

*o-ext[rule-format]*

**thm**

*List.map-ident*

*Fun.id-o*

**thm** *List.map-append*

**lemma** *i-append-o[simp]*:  $g \circ (xs \frown f) = (map\ g\ xs) \frown (g \circ f)$   
 <proof>

**thm**

*List.map-map*[of  $f g h$ ]  
*Fun.o-assoc*[of  $f g h$ , symmetric]

**thm** *List.map-eq-conv*

**lemma** *o-eq-conv*:  $(f \circ h = g \circ h) = (\forall x \in \text{range } h. f x = g x)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.map-cong*

**lemma** *o-cong*:

$\llbracket h = i; \bigwedge x. x \in \text{range } i \implies f x = g x \rrbracket \implies f \circ h = f \circ i$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.ex-map-conv*

**lemma** *ex-o-conv*:  $(\exists h. g = f \circ h) = (\forall y \in \text{range } g. \exists x. y = f x)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *someI-ex*

<proof>

**thm** *List.map-inj-on*

**lemma** *o-inj-on*:

$\llbracket f \circ g = f \circ h; \text{inj-on } f (\text{range } g \cup \text{range } h) \rrbracket \implies g = h$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.inj-on-map-eq-map*

**lemma** *inj-on-o-eq-o*:

$\text{inj-on } f (\text{range } g \cup \text{range } h) \implies$   
 $(f \circ g = f \circ h) = (g = h)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.map-injective*

**lemma** *o-injective*:  $\llbracket f \circ g = f \circ h; \text{inj } f \rrbracket \implies g = h$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.inj-map-eq-map*

**lemma** *inj-o-eq-o*:  $\text{inj } f \implies (f \circ g = f \circ h) = (g = h)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.inj-mapI*

**lemma** *inj-oI*:  $\text{inj } f \implies \text{inj } (\lambda g. f \circ g)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *o-inj-on*[unfolded *inj-on-def*]

<proof>

**thm** *List.inj-mapD*

**lemma** *inj-oD*:  $\text{inj } (\lambda g. f \circ g) \implies \text{inj } f$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.inj-map*

**lemma** *inj-o*[iff]:  $\text{inj } (\lambda g. f \circ g) = \text{inj } f$   
 <proof>

**thm** *List.inj-on-mapI*

**lemma** *inj-on-oI*:

$inj-on\ f\ (\bigcup\ (\lambda f. range\ f)\ 'A) \implies inj-on\ (\lambda g. f \circ g)\ A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.map-idI*

**lemma** *o-idI*:  $\forall x. x \in range\ g \longrightarrow f\ x = x \implies f \circ g = g$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm**

*o-idI*

*o-idI*[*rule-format*]

**thm** *List.map-fun-upd*

**lemma** *o-fun-upd[simp]*:  $y \notin range\ g \implies f\ (y := x) \circ g = f \circ g$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.set-append*

**lemma** *range-i-append[simp]*:  $range\ (xs \frown f) = set\ xs \cup range\ f$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.set-subset-Cons*

**lemma** *set-subset-i-append*:  $set\ xs \subseteq range\ (xs \frown f)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *range-subset-i-append*:  $range\ f \subseteq range\ (xs \frown f)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.set-ConsD*

**lemma** *range-ConsD*:  $y \in range\ ([x] \frown f) \implies y = x \vee y \in range\ f$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.set-map*

**lemma** *range-o[simp]*:  $range\ (f \circ g) = f\ 'range\ g$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.in-set-conv-decomp*

**lemma** *in-range-conv-decomp*:

$(x \in range\ f) = (\exists xs\ g. f = xs \frown ([x] \frown g))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

*nth*

**thm** *List.nth-Cons-0*

**lemma** *i-append-nth-Cons-0[simp]*:  $((x \# xs) \frown f)\ 0 = x$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.nth-Cons-Suc*

**lemma** *i-append-nth-Cons-Suc[simp]*:

$((x \# xs) \frown f) (Suc\ n) = (xs \frown f)\ n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *i-append-nth-Cons*:  
 $([x] \frown f)\ n = (case\ n\ of\ 0 \Rightarrow x \mid Suc\ k \Rightarrow f\ k)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *i-append-nth-Cons'*:  
 $([x] \frown f)\ n = (if\ n = 0\ then\ x\ else\ f\ (n - Suc\ 0))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm**  
*List.nth-append*

**thm**  
*i-append-def*  
*i-append-nth1*  
*i-append-nth2*

**thm** *List.nth-append-length*  
**lemma** *i-append-nth-length[simp]*:  $(xs \frown f)\ (length\ xs) = f\ 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.nth-append-length-plus*  
**lemma** *i-append-nth-length-plus[simp]*:  $(xs \frown f)\ (length\ xs + n) = f\ n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm**  
*List.nth-map*  
*Fun.o-apply*

**thm**  
*List.set-conv-nth*  
*Set.full-SetCompr-eq*

**thm** *List.in-set-conv-nth*  
**lemma** *range-iff*:  $(y \in range\ f) = (\exists x. y = f\ x)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.list-ball-nth*  
**lemma** *range-ball-nth*:  $\forall y \in range\ f. P\ y \Longrightarrow P\ (f\ x)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm**  
*List.nth-mem*  
*Set.rangeI*

**thm** *List.all-nth-imp-all-set*  
**lemma** *all-nth-imp-all-range*:  $\llbracket \forall x. P\ (f\ x); y \in range\ f \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P\ y$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *List.all-set-conv-all-nth*

**lemma** *all-range-conv-all-nth*:  $(\forall y \in \text{range } f. P y) = (\forall x. P (f x))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm**

*List.nth-list-update*  
*Fun.fun-upd-def*

**thm**

*List.nth-list-update-eq*  
*Fun.fun-upd-same*

**thm**

*List.nth-list-update-neq*  
*Fun.fun-upd-other*

**thm**

*List.list-update-overwrite*  
*Fun.fun-upd-upd*

**thm**

*List.list-update-id*  
*Fun.fun-upd-triv*

**thm**

*List.list-update-same-conv*  
*Fun.fun-upd-idem-iff*

**thm** *List.list-update-append1*

**lemma** *i-append-update1*:

$n < \text{length } xs \implies (xs \frown f) (n := x) = xs[n := x] \frown f$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-append-update2*:

$\text{length } xs \leq n \implies (xs \frown f) (n := x) = xs \frown (f(n - \text{length } xs := x))$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.list-update-append*

**lemma** *i-append-update*:

$(xs \frown f) (n := x) =$   
 $(\text{if } n < \text{length } xs \text{ then } xs[n := x] \frown f$   
 $\text{else } xs \frown (f(n - \text{length } xs := x)))$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.list-update-length*

**lemma** *i-append-update-length[simp]*:

$(xs \frown f) (\text{length } xs := y) = xs \frown (f(0 := y))$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.set-update-subset-insert*

**lemma** *range-update-subset-insert*:  
 $\text{range } (f(n := x)) \subseteq \text{insert } x \text{ (range } f)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.set-update-subsetI*

**lemma** *range-update-subsetI*:  
 $\llbracket \text{range } f \subseteq A; x \in A \rrbracket \implies \text{range } (f(n := x)) \subseteq A$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.set-update-memI*

**lemma** *range-update-memI*:  $x \in \text{range } (f(n := x))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 11.1.2 take and drop for infinite lists

The *i-take* operator takes the first  $n$  elements of an infinite list, i.e. *i-take*  $f$   $n = [f\ 0, f\ 1, \dots, f\ (n-1)]$ . The *i-drop* operator drops the first  $n$  elements of an infinite list, i.e.  $(i\text{-take } f\ n)\ 0 = f\ n$ ,  $(i\text{-take } f\ n)\ 1 = f\ (n + 1)$ ,  $\dots$

**definition**

$i\text{-take} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{list}$

**where**

$i\text{-take } n\ f \equiv \text{map } f\ [0..<n]$

**definition**

$i\text{-drop} :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist}$

**where**

$i\text{-drop } n\ f \equiv (\lambda x. f\ (n + x))$

**abbreviation** (*xsymbols*)

$i\text{-take}' :: 'a\ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{list}$  (**infixl**  $\Downarrow$  100)

**where**

$f\ \Downarrow\ n \equiv i\text{-take } n\ f$

**abbreviation** (*xsymbols*)

$i\text{-drop}' :: 'a\ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist}$  (**infixl**  $\Uparrow$  100)

**where**

$f\ \Uparrow\ n \equiv i\text{-drop } n\ f$

**syntax** (*HTML output*)

$i\text{-take}' :: 'a\ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{list}$  (**infixl**  $\Downarrow$  100)

$i\text{-drop}' :: 'a\ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a\ \text{ilist}$  (**infixl**  $\Uparrow$  100)

**term**  $f\ \Downarrow\ n$

**term**  $f\ \Uparrow\ n$

**lemma**  $f\ \Downarrow\ n = \text{map } f\ [0..<n]$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma**  $f\ \Uparrow\ n = (\lambda x. f\ (n + x))$

⟨proof⟩

Basic results for *i-take* and *i-drop*

**thm** *take-first*

**lemma** *i-take-first*:  $f \Downarrow \text{Suc } 0 = [f\ 0]$

*<proof>*

**thm** *drop-take-1*

**lemma** *i-drop-i-take-1*:  $f \Uparrow n \Downarrow \text{Suc } 0 = [f\ n]$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.take-take*

**lemma** *i-take-take-eq1*:  $m \leq n \implies (f \Downarrow n) \Downarrow m = f \Downarrow m$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-take-take-eq2*:  $n \leq m \implies (f \Downarrow n) \Downarrow m = f \Downarrow n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-take-take[simp]*:  $(f \Downarrow n) \Downarrow m = f \Downarrow \min\ n\ m$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.nth-drop*

**lemma** *i-drop-nth[simp]*:  $(s \Uparrow n)\ x = s\ (n + x)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-drop-nth-sub*:  $n \leq x \implies (s \Uparrow n)\ (x - n) = s\ x$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.nth-take*

**theorem** *i-take-nth[simp]*:  $i < n \implies (f \Downarrow n)\ !\ i = f\ i$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.length-take*

**lemma** *i-take-length[simp]*:  $\text{length}\ (f \Downarrow n) = n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.take-0*

**lemma** *i-take-0[simp]*:  $f \Downarrow 0 = []$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.drop-0*

**lemma** *i-drop-0[simp]*:  $f \Uparrow 0 = f$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-take-eq-Nil[simp]*:  $(f \Downarrow n = []) = (n = 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-take-not-empty-conv*:  $(f \Downarrow n \neq []) = (0 < n)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *last-i-take*:  $\text{last}\ (f \Downarrow \text{Suc } n) = f\ n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *last-i-take2*:  $0 < n \implies \text{last}\ (f \Downarrow n) = f\ (n - \text{Suc } 0)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *nth-0-i-drop*:  $(f \Uparrow n)\ 0 = f\ n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *take-replicate drop-replicate*

**lemma** *i-take-const[simp]*:  $(\lambda n. x) \Downarrow i = \text{replicate } i \ x$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-drop-const[simp]*:  $(\lambda n. x) \Uparrow i = (\lambda n. x)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.take-append*

**lemma** *i-append-i-take-eq1*:

$n \leq \text{length } xs \implies (xs \frown f) \Downarrow n = xs \Downarrow n$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-append-i-take-eq2*:

$\text{length } xs \leq n \implies (xs \frown f) \Downarrow n = xs \ @ (f \Downarrow (n - \text{length } xs))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-append-i-take-if*:

$(xs \frown f) \Downarrow n = (\text{if } n \leq \text{length } xs \text{ then } xs \Downarrow n \text{ else } xs \ @ (f \Downarrow (n - \text{length } xs)))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-append-i-take[simp]*:

$(xs \frown f) \Downarrow n = (xs \Downarrow n) \ @ (f \Downarrow (n - \text{length } xs))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.drop-append*

**lemma** *i-append-i-drop-eq1*:

$n \leq \text{length } xs \implies (xs \frown f) \Uparrow n = (xs \Uparrow n) \frown f$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-append-i-drop-eq2*:

$\text{length } xs \leq n \implies (xs \frown f) \Uparrow n = f \Uparrow (n - \text{length } xs)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-append-i-drop-if*:

$(xs \frown f) \Uparrow n = (\text{if } n < \text{length } xs \text{ then } (xs \Uparrow n) \frown f \text{ else } f \Uparrow (n - \text{length } xs))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-append-i-drop[simp]*:  $(xs \frown f) \Uparrow n = (xs \Uparrow n) \frown (f \Uparrow (n - \text{length } xs))$

*<proof>*

**thm**

*List.take-append*

*List.drop-append*

*i-append-i-take*

*i-append-i-drop*

**thm** *List.append-take-drop-id*

**lemma** *i-append-i-take-i-drop-id[simp]*:  $(f \Downarrow n) \frown (f \Uparrow n) = f$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ilist-i-take-i-drop-imp-eq*:

$\llbracket f \Downarrow n = g \Downarrow n; f \Uparrow n = g \Uparrow n \rrbracket \implies f = g$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ilist-i-take-i-drop-eq-conv*:

$$(f = g) = (\exists n. (f \Downarrow n = g \Downarrow n \wedge f \Uparrow n = g \Uparrow n))$$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *ilist-i-take-eq-conv*:  $(f = g) = (\forall n. f \Downarrow n = g \Downarrow n)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *ilist-i-drop-eq-conv*:  $(f = g) = (\forall n. f \Uparrow n = g \Uparrow n)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-take-the-conv*:

$$f \Downarrow k = (\text{THE } xs. \text{length } xs = k \wedge (\exists g. xs \frown g = f))$$

**thm** *the1I2*  
*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-drop-the-conv*:

$$f \Uparrow k = (\text{THE } g. (\exists xs. \text{length } xs = k \wedge xs \frown g = f))$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.take-Suc-Cons*

**lemma** *i-take-Suc-append[simp]*:

$$((x \# xs) \frown f) \Downarrow \text{Suc } n = x \# ((xs \frown f) \Downarrow n)$$

*<proof>*

**corollary** *i-take-Suc-Cons*:  $([x] \frown f) \Downarrow \text{Suc } n = x \# (f \Downarrow n)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-drop-Suc-append[simp]*:  $((x \# xs) \frown f) \Uparrow \text{Suc } n = ((xs \frown f) \Uparrow n)$   
*<proof>*

**corollary** *i-drop-Suc-Cons*:  $([x] \frown f) \Uparrow \text{Suc } n = f \Uparrow n$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *List.take-Suc*

**lemma** *i-take-Suc*:  $f \Downarrow \text{Suc } n = f 0 \# (f \Uparrow \text{Suc } 0 \Downarrow n)$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *List.take-Suc-conv-app-nth*

**lemma** *i-take-Suc-conv-app-nth*:  $f \Downarrow \text{Suc } n = (f \Downarrow n) @ [f n]$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *List.drop-drop*

**lemma** *i-drop-i-drop[simp]*:  $s \Uparrow a \Uparrow b = s \Uparrow (a + b)$   
*<proof>*

**corollary** *i-drop-Suc*:  $f \Uparrow \text{Suc } 0 \Uparrow n = f \Uparrow \text{Suc } n$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-take-commute*:  $s \Downarrow a \Downarrow b = s \Downarrow b \Downarrow a$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-drop-commute*:  $s \Uparrow a \Uparrow b = s \Uparrow b \Uparrow a$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *List.drop-tl*

**corollary** *i-drop-tl*:  $f \uparrow \text{Suc } 0 \uparrow n = f \uparrow n \uparrow \text{Suc } 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.nth-via-drop*

**lemma** *nth-via-i-drop*:  $(f \uparrow n) 0 = x \implies f n = x$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.drop-Suc-conv-tl*

**lemma** *i-drop-Suc-conv-tl*:  $[f n] \frown (f \uparrow \text{Suc } n) = f \uparrow n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-drop-Suc-conv-tl'*:  $([f n] \frown f) \uparrow \text{Suc } n = f \uparrow n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *i-drop-Suc-conv-tl i-drop-Suc-conv-tl'*

**thm** *List.take-drop*

**lemma** *i-take-i-drop*:  $f \uparrow m \downarrow n = f \downarrow (n + m) \uparrow m$   
 ⟨proof⟩

Appending an interval of a function

**lemma** *i-take-int-append*:

$m \leq n \implies (f \downarrow m) @ \text{map } f [m..<n] = f \downarrow n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-take-drop-map-empty-iff*:  $(f \downarrow n \uparrow m = []) = (n \leq m)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-take-drop-map*:  $f \downarrow n \uparrow m = \text{map } f [m..<n]$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *i-take-drop-append[simp]*:

$m \leq n \implies (f \downarrow m) @ (f \downarrow n \uparrow m) = f \downarrow n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.drop-take*

**lemma** *i-take-drop*:  $f \downarrow n \uparrow m = f \uparrow m \downarrow (n - m)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.take-map*

**lemma** *i-take-o[simp]*:  $(f \circ g) \downarrow n = \text{map } f (g \downarrow n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.drop-map*

**lemma** *i-drop-o[simp]*:  $(f \circ g) \uparrow n = f \circ (g \uparrow n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.set-take-subset*

**lemma** *set-i-take-subset*:  $\text{set } (f \Downarrow n) \subseteq \text{range } f$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.set-drop-subset*

**lemma** *range-i-drop-subset*:  $\text{range } (f \Uparrow n) \subseteq \text{range } f$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.in-set-takeD*

**lemma** *in-set-i-takeD*:  $x \in \text{set } (f \Downarrow n) \implies x \in \text{range } f$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.in-set-dropD*

**lemma** *in-range-i-takeD*:  $x \in \text{range } (f \Uparrow n) \implies x \in \text{range } f$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.append-eq-conv-conj*

**lemma** *i-append-eq-conv-conj*:

$((xs \frown f) = g) = (xs = g \Downarrow \text{length } xs \wedge f = g \Uparrow \text{length } xs)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.take-add*

**lemma** *i-take-add*:  $f \Downarrow (i + j) = (f \Downarrow i) @ (f \Uparrow i \Downarrow j)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.append-eq-append-conv-if*

**lemma** *i-append-eq-i-append-conv-if-aux*:

$\text{length } xs \leq \text{length } ys \implies$

$(xs \frown f = ys \frown g) = (xs = ys \Downarrow \text{length } xs \wedge f = (ys \Uparrow \text{length } xs) \frown g)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-append-eq-i-append-conv-if*:

$(xs \frown f = ys \frown g) =$

$(\text{if } \text{length } xs \leq \text{length } ys$

$\text{then } xs = ys \Downarrow \text{length } xs \wedge f = (ys \Uparrow \text{length } xs) \frown g$

$\text{else } xs \Downarrow \text{length } ys = ys \wedge (xs \Uparrow \text{length } ys) \frown f = g)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.take-hd-drop*

**lemma** *i-take-hd-i-drop*:  $(f \Downarrow n) @ [(f \Uparrow n) 0] = f \Downarrow \text{Suc } n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.id-take-nth-drop*

**lemma** *id-i-take-nth-i-drop*:  $f = (f \Downarrow n) \frown (([f\ n] \frown f) \Uparrow \text{Suc } n)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List.upd-conv-take-nth-drop*

**lemma** *upd-conv-i-take-nth-i-drop*:

$f (n := x) = (f \Downarrow n) \frown ([x] \frown (f \Uparrow \text{Suc } n))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nat.induct*[of  $\lambda n. P (f \downarrow n) n$ ]

**theorem** *i-take-induct*:

$\llbracket P (f \downarrow 0); \bigwedge n. P (f \downarrow n) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P (f \downarrow \text{Suc } n) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P (f \downarrow n)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *i-take-induct*

**theorem** *take-induct*[rule-format]:

$\llbracket P (s \downarrow 0);$   
 $\bigwedge n. \llbracket \text{Suc } n < \text{length } s; P (s \downarrow n) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P (s \downarrow \text{Suc } n);$   
 $i < \text{length } s \rrbracket$   
 $\Longrightarrow P (s \downarrow i)$   
 <proof>

**theorem** *i-drop-induct*:

$\llbracket P (f \uparrow 0); \bigwedge n. P (f \uparrow n) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P (f \uparrow \text{Suc } n) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P (f \uparrow n)$   
 <proof>

**thm** *i-drop-induct*

**theorem** *f-drop-induct*[rule-format]:

$\llbracket P (s \uparrow 0);$   
 $\bigwedge n. \llbracket \text{Suc } n < \text{length } s; P (s \uparrow n) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow P (s \uparrow \text{Suc } n);$   
 $i < \text{length } s \rrbracket$   
 $\Longrightarrow P (s \uparrow i)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *i-take-drop-eq-map*:  $f \uparrow m \downarrow n = \text{map } f [m..<m+n]$

<proof>

**thm** *List.map-eq-Cons-conv*

**lemma** *o-eq-i-append-imp*:

$f \circ g = ys \frown i \Longrightarrow$   
 $\exists xs h. g = xs \frown h \wedge \text{map } f xs = ys \wedge f \circ h = i$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *o-eq-i-append-conv*:

$(f \circ g = ys \frown i) =$   
 $(\exists xs h. g = xs \frown h \wedge \text{map } f xs = ys \wedge f \circ h = i)$   
 <proof>

**corollary** *i-append-eq-o-conv*:

$(ys \frown i = f \circ g) =$   
 $(\exists xs h. g = xs \frown h \wedge \text{map } f xs = ys \wedge f \circ h = i)$   
 <proof>

### 11.1.3 zip for infinite lists

**term** *zip*

**definition**

$i\text{-zip} :: 'a \text{ ilist} \Rightarrow 'b \text{ ilist} \Rightarrow ('a \times 'b) \text{ ilist}$   
 where

$$i\text{-zip } f \ g \equiv \lambda n. (f \ n, \ g \ n)$$

**lemma** *i-zip-nth*:  $(i\text{-zip } f \ g) \ n = (f \ n, \ g \ n)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *zip-swap*

**lemma** *i-zip-swap*:  $(\lambda(y, x). (x, y)) \circ i\text{-zip } g \ f = i\text{-zip } f \ g$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *i-zip-i-take*:  $(i\text{-zip } f \ g) \ \Downarrow \ n = \text{zip } (f \ \Downarrow \ n) \ (g \ \Downarrow \ n)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *i-zip-i-drop*:  $(i\text{-zip } f \ g) \ \Uparrow \ n = i\text{-zip } (f \ \Uparrow \ n) \ (g \ \Uparrow \ n)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *List.map-fst-zip*

**lemma** *fst-o-izip*:  $\text{fst} \circ (i\text{-zip } f \ g) = f$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *snd-o-izip*:  $\text{snd} \circ (i\text{-zip } f \ g) = g$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *List.update-zip*

**lemma** *update-i-zip*:  
 $(i\text{-zip } f \ g)(n := xy) = i\text{-zip } (f(n := \text{fst } xy)) \ (g(n := \text{snd } xy))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *List.zip-Cons-Cons*

**lemma** *i-zip-Cons-Cons*:  
 $i\text{-zip } ([x] \frown f) \ ([y] \frown g) = [(x, y)] \frown (i\text{-zip } f \ g)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *List.zip-append1*

**lemma** *i-zip-i-append1*:  
 $i\text{-zip } (xs \frown f) \ g = \text{zip } xs \ (g \ \Downarrow \ \text{length } xs) \frown (i\text{-zip } f \ (g \ \Uparrow \ \text{length } xs))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *List.zip-append2*

**lemma** *i-zip-i-append2*:  
 $i\text{-zip } f \ (ys \frown g) = \text{zip } (f \ \Downarrow \ \text{length } ys) \ ys \frown (i\text{-zip } (f \ \Uparrow \ \text{length } ys) \ g)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *List.zip-append*

**lemma** *i-zip-append*:  
 $\text{length } xs = \text{length } ys \implies$   
 $i\text{-zip } (xs \frown f) \ (ys \frown g) = \text{zip } xs \ ys \frown (i\text{-zip } f \ g)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**thm** *List.set-zip*

**lemma** *i-zip-range*:  $\text{range } (i\text{-zip } f\ g) = \{ (f\ n, g\ n) \mid n. \text{True} \}$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *List.zip-update*

**lemma** *i-zip-update*:

$i\text{-zip } (f(n := x)) (g(n := y)) = (i\text{-zip } f\ g)(n := (x, y))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-zip-const*:  $i\text{-zip } (\lambda n. x) (\lambda n. y) = (\lambda n. (x, y))$

⟨proof⟩

#### 11.1.4 Mapping functions with two arguments to infinite lists

**thm** *map2.simps*

**definition** *i-map2* ::

(\* Function taking two parameters \*)

'a ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'c ⇒

(\* Lists of parameters \*)

'a ilist ⇒ 'b ilist ⇒

'c ilist

**where**

$i\text{-map2 } f\ xs\ ys \equiv \lambda n. f\ (xs\ n)\ (ys\ n)$

**lemma** *i-map2-nth*:  $(i\text{-map2 } f\ xs\ ys)\ n = f\ (xs\ n)\ (ys\ n)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-map2-Cons-Cons*:

$i\text{-map2 } f\ ([x] \frown xs)\ ([y] \frown ys) =$   
 $[f\ x\ y] \frown (i\text{-map2 } f\ xs\ ys)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-map2-take-ge*:

$n \leq n1 \implies$

$i\text{-map2 } f\ xs\ ys \Downarrow n =$

$\text{map2 } f\ (xs \Downarrow n)\ (ys \Downarrow n1)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-map2-take-take*:

$i\text{-map2 } f\ xs\ ys \Downarrow n =$

$\text{map2 } f\ (xs \Downarrow n)\ (ys \Downarrow n)$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-map2-drop*:

$(i\text{-map2 } f\ xs\ ys) \Uparrow n =$

$(i\text{-map2 } f\ (xs \Uparrow n)\ (ys \Uparrow n))$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *i-map2-append-append*:

$\text{length } xs1 = \text{length } ys1 \implies$

$i\text{-map2 } f\ (xs1 \frown xs)\ (ys1 \frown ys) =$

$map2\ f\ xs1\ ys1 \curvearrowright i-map2\ f\ xs\ ys$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *i-map2-Cons-left*:

$i-map2\ f\ ([x] \curvearrowright xs)\ ys =$   
 $[f\ x\ (ys\ 0)] \curvearrowright i-map2\ f\ xs\ (ys\ \uparrow\ Suc\ 0)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *i-map2-Cons-right*:

$i-map2\ f\ xs\ ([y] \curvearrowright ys) =$   
 $[f\ (xs\ 0)\ y] \curvearrowright i-map2\ f\ (xs\ \uparrow\ Suc\ 0)\ ys$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *i-map2-append-take-drop-left*:

$i-map2\ f\ (xs1 \curvearrowright xs)\ ys =$   
 $map2\ f\ xs1\ (ys\ \downarrow\ length\ xs1) \curvearrowright$   
 $i-map2\ f\ xs\ (ys\ \uparrow\ length\ xs1)$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *i-map2-append-take-drop-right*:

$i-map2\ f\ xs\ (ys1 \curvearrowright ys) =$   
 $map2\ f\ (xs\ \downarrow\ length\ ys1)\ ys1 \curvearrowright$   
 $i-map2\ f\ (xs\ \uparrow\ length\ ys1)\ ys$   
 <proof>

**thm** *o-cong*

**lemma** *i-map2-cong*:

$\llbracket xs1 = xs2; ys1 = ys2;$   
 $\bigwedge x\ y. \llbracket x \in range\ xs2; y \in range\ ys2 \rrbracket \implies f\ x\ y = g\ x\ y \rrbracket \implies$   
 $i-map2\ f\ xs1\ ys1 = i-map2\ g\ xs2\ ys2$   
 <proof>

**thm** *o-eq-conv*

**lemma** *i-map2-eq-conv*:

$(i-map2\ f\ xs\ ys = i-map2\ g\ xs\ ys) = (\forall i. f\ (xs\ i)\ (ys\ i) = g\ (xs\ i)\ (ys\ i))$   
 <proof>

**lemma** *i-map2-replicate*:  $i-map2\ f\ (\lambda n. x)\ (\lambda n. y) = (\lambda n. f\ x\ y)$

<proof>

**lemma** *i-map2-i-zip-conv*:

$i-map2\ f\ xs\ ys = (\lambda(x,y). f\ x\ y) \circ (i-zip\ xs\ ys)$   
 <proof>

## 11.2 Generalised lists as combination of finite and infinite lists

### 11.2.1 Basic definitions

**datatype** *'a glist* = *FL 'a list* | *IL 'a ilist*

**thm** *list.simps*  
**term** *nth*

**definition**

*glength* :: 'a glist  $\Rightarrow$  inat

**where**

*glength* a  $\equiv$  case a of  
 FL xs  $\Rightarrow$  Fin (length xs) |  
 IL f  $\Rightarrow$   $\infty$

**definition**

*gCons* :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist (infixr #<sub>g</sub> 65)

**where**

*x* #<sub>g</sub> a  $\equiv$  case a of  
 FL xs  $\Rightarrow$  FL (x # xs) |  
 IL g  $\Rightarrow$  IL ([x]  $\frown$  g)

**definition**

*gappend* :: 'a glist  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist (infixr @<sub>g</sub> 65)

**where**

*gappend* a b  $\equiv$  case a of  
 FL xs  $\Rightarrow$  (case b of FL ys  $\Rightarrow$  FL (xs @ ys) | IL f  $\Rightarrow$  IL (xs  $\frown$  f)) |  
 IL f  $\Rightarrow$  IL f

**definition**

*gmap* :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b)  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist  $\Rightarrow$  'b glist

**where**

*gmap* f a  $\equiv$  case a of  
 FL xs  $\Rightarrow$  FL (map f xs) |  
 IL g  $\Rightarrow$  IL (f  $\circ$  g)

**definition**

*gtake* :: inat  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist

**where**

*gtake* n a  $\equiv$  case n of  
 Fin m  $\Rightarrow$  FL (case a of  
 FL xs  $\Rightarrow$  xs  $\downarrow$  m |  
 IL f  $\Rightarrow$  f  $\Downarrow$  m) |  
 $\infty$   $\Rightarrow$  a

**definition**

*gdrop* :: inat  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist  $\Rightarrow$  'a glist

**where**

*gdrop* n a  $\equiv$  case n of  
 Fin m  $\Rightarrow$  (case a of  
 FL xs  $\Rightarrow$  FL (xs  $\uparrow$  m) |  
 IL f  $\Rightarrow$  IL (f  $\uparrow$  m)) |  
 $\infty$   $\Rightarrow$  FL []

**definition**

*gset* :: 'a glist  $\Rightarrow$  'a set

**where**

*gset* a  $\equiv$  case a of  
 FL xs  $\Rightarrow$  set xs |  
 IL f  $\Rightarrow$  range f

**definition**

$$gnth \quad :: 'a \text{ glist} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \quad (\text{infixl } !_g \ 100)$$
**where**

$$\begin{aligned} a !_g n &\equiv \text{case } a \text{ of} \\ FL \ xs &\Rightarrow xs ! n \mid \\ IL \ f &\Rightarrow f n \end{aligned}$$
**abbreviation** (*xsymbols*)
$$g\text{-take}' \quad :: 'a \text{ glist} \Rightarrow inat \Rightarrow 'a \text{ glist} \ (\text{infixl } \downarrow_g \ 100)$$
**where**

$$a \downarrow_g n \equiv g\text{take } n \ a$$
**abbreviation** (*xsymbols*)
$$g\text{-drop}' \quad :: 'a \text{ glist} \Rightarrow inat \Rightarrow 'a \text{ glist} \ (\text{infixl } \uparrow_g \ 100)$$
**where**

$$a \uparrow_g n \equiv g\text{drop } n \ a$$
**syntax** (*HTML output*)
$$\begin{aligned} g\text{-take}' \quad &:: 'a \text{ glist} \Rightarrow inat \Rightarrow 'a \text{ glist} \ (\text{infixl } \downarrow_g \ 100) \\ g\text{-drop}' \quad &:: 'a \text{ glist} \Rightarrow inat \Rightarrow 'a \text{ glist} \ (\text{infixl } \uparrow_g \ 100) \end{aligned}$$
**11.2.2** *glength*

**lemma** *glength-fin[simp]*:  $glength (FL \ xs) = Fin (length \ xs)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *glength-infin[simp]*:  $glength (IL \ f) = \infty$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gappend-glength[simp]*:  $glength (a \ @_g \ b) = glength \ a + glength \ b$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gmap-glength[simp]*:  $glength (gmap \ f \ a) = glength \ a$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *glength-0-conv[simp]*:  $(glength \ a = 0) = (a = FL \ [])$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *glength-greater-0-conv[simp]*:  $(0 < glength \ a) = (a \neq FL \ [])$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *glength-gSuc-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} (glength \ a = iSuc \ n) &= \\ (\exists x \ b. \ a = x \ \#_g \ b \wedge \ glength \ b = n) & \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

**thm** *i-take-first*

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gSuc-glength-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} (iSuc \ n = glength \ a) &= \\ (\exists x \ b. \ a = x \ \#_g \ b \wedge \ glength \ b = n) & \end{aligned}$$

*<proof>*

### 11.2.3 $@_g$ – gappend

**thm** *append-Nil*

**lemma** *gappend-Nil[simp]*:  $(FL []) @_g a = a$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *gappend-Nil2[simp]*:  $a @_g (FL []) = a$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *gappend-is-Nil-conv[simp]*:  $(a @_g b = FL []) = (a = FL [] \wedge b = FL [])$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *Nil-is-gappend-conv[simp]*:  $(FL [] = a @_g b) = (a = FL [] \wedge b = FL [])$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *gappend-assoc[simp]*:  $(a @_g b) @_g c = a @_g b @_g c$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *gappend-infin[simp]*:  $IL f @_g b = IL f$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *same-gappend-eq-disj[simp]*:  $(a @_g b = a @_g c) = (glength a = \infty \vee b = c)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** *same-gappend-eq*:  
 $glength a < \infty \implies (a @_g b = a @_g c) = (b = c)$   
*<proof>*

### 11.2.4 *gmap*

**lemma** *gmap-gappend[simp]*:  $gmap f (a @_g b) = gmap f a @_g gmap f b$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *map-map*

**lemma** *gmap-gmap[simp]*:  $gmap f (gmap g a) = gmap (f \circ g) a$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *map-eq-conv*

**lemma** *gmap-eq-conv[simp]*:  $(gmap f a = gmap g a) = (\forall x \in gset a. f x = g x)$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *map-cong*

**lemma** *gmap-cong*:  
 $[a = b; \bigwedge x. x \in gset b \implies f x = g x] \implies gmap f a = gmap g b$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *map-is-Nil-conv*

**lemma** *gmap-is-Nil-conv*:  $(gmap f a = FL []) = (a = FL [])$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gmap-eq-imp-glength-eq*:

$gmap\ f\ a = gmap\ f\ b \implies glength\ a = glength\ b$

*<proof>*

### 11.2.5 *gset*

**thm** *set-append*

**lemma** *gset-gappend[simp]*:

$gset\ (a\ @_g\ b) =$

$(case\ a\ of\ FL\ a' \Rightarrow set\ a' \cup gset\ b \mid IL\ a' \Rightarrow range\ a')$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *gset-gappend-if*:

$gset\ (a\ @_g\ b) =$

$(if\ glength\ a < \infty\ then\ gset\ a \cup gset\ b\ else\ gset\ a)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *set-empty*

**lemma** *gset-empty[simp]*:  $(gset\ a = \{\}) = (a = FL\ [])$

*<proof>*

**thm** *set-map*

**lemma** *gset-gmap[simp]*:  $gset\ (gmap\ f\ a) = f\ ' gset\ a$

*<proof>*

**thm** *card-length*

**lemma** *icard-glength*:  $icard\ (gset\ a) \leq glength\ a$

*<proof>*

### 11.2.6 $!_g$ – *gnth*

**thm** *nth-Cons-0*

**lemma** *gnth-gCons-0[simp]*:  $(x\ \#_g\ a)\ !_g\ 0 = x$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nth-Cons-Suc*

**lemma** *gnth-gCons-Suc[simp]*:  $(x\ \#_g\ a)\ !_g\ Suc\ n = a\ !_g\ n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nth-append*

**lemma** *gnth-gappend*:

$(a\ @_g\ b)\ !_g\ n =$

$(if\ Fin\ n < glength\ a\ then\ a\ !_g\ n$

$else\ b\ !_g\ (n - the-Fin\ (glength\ a)))$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nth-append-length-plus*

**lemma** *gnth-gappend-length-plus[simp]*:  $(FL\ xs\ @_g\ b)\ !_g\ (length\ xs + n) = b\ !_g\ n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *nth-map*

**lemma** *gmap-gnth[simp]*:  $\text{Fin } n < \text{glength } a \implies \text{gmap } f \ a \ !_g \ n = f \ (a \ !_g \ n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *in-set-conv-nth*

**lemma** *in-gset-cong-gnth*:  $(x \in \text{gset } a) = (\exists i. \text{Fin } i < \text{glength } a \wedge a \ !_g \ i = x)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

### 11.2.7 *gtake* and *gdrop*

**thm** *take-0*

**lemma** *gtake-0[simp]*:  $a \ \downarrow_g \ 0 = \text{FL } []$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *drop-0*

**lemma** *gdrop-0[simp]*:  $a \ \uparrow_g \ 0 = a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *gtake-Infty[simp]*:  $a \ \downarrow_g \ \infty = a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *gdrop-Infty[simp]*:  $a \ \uparrow_g \ \infty = \text{FL } []$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *take-all*

**lemma** *gtake-all[simp]*:  $\text{glength } a \leq n \implies a \ \downarrow_g \ n = a$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *drop-all*

**lemma** *gdrop-all[simp]*:  $\text{glength } a \leq n \implies a \ \uparrow_g \ n = \text{FL } []$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *take-Suc-Cons*

**lemma** *gtake-iSuc-gCons[simp]*:  $(x \ \#_g \ a) \ \downarrow_g \ (i\text{Suc } n) = x \ \#_g \ a \ \downarrow_g \ n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *drop-Suc-Cons*

**lemma** *gdrop-iSuc-gCons[simp]*:  $(x \ \#_g \ a) \ \uparrow_g \ (i\text{Suc } n) = a \ \uparrow_g \ n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *take-Suc*

**lemma** *gtake-iSuc*:  $a \neq \text{FL } [] \implies a \ \downarrow_g \ (i\text{Suc } n) = a \ !_g \ 0 \ \#_g \ (a \ \uparrow_g \ (i\text{Suc } 0) \ \downarrow_g \ n)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *drop-Suc*

**lemma** *gdrop-iSuc*:  $a \ \uparrow_g \ (i\text{Suc } n) = a \ \uparrow_g \ (i\text{Suc } 0) \ \uparrow_g \ n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *nth-via-drop*

**lemma** *gnth-via-grop*:  $a \uparrow_g (\text{Fin } n) = x \#_g b \implies a !_g n = x$

*<proof>*

**thm** *take-Suc-conv-app-nth[no-vars]*

**thm** *i-take-Suc-conv-app-nth*

**lemma** *gtake-iSuc-conv-gapp-gnth*:

$\text{Fin } n < \text{glength } a \implies a \downarrow_g \text{Fin } (\text{Suc } n) = a \downarrow_g (\text{Fin } n) @_g \text{FL } [a !_g n]$

*<proof>*

**thm** *drop-Suc-conv-tl*

**lemma** *gdrop-iSuc-conv-tl*:

$\text{Fin } n < \text{glength } a \implies a !_g n \#_g a \uparrow_g \text{Fin } (\text{Suc } n) = a \uparrow_g \text{Fin } n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *length-take*

**lemma** *glength-gtake[simp]*:  $\text{glength } (a \downarrow_g n) = \min (\text{glength } a) n$

*<proof>*

**thm** *length-drop*

**lemma** *glength-drop[simp]*:  $\text{glength } (a \uparrow_g (\text{Fin } n)) = \text{glength } a - (\text{Fin } n)$

*<proof>*

end

## 12 ListInf-Prefix: Prefices on finite and infinite lists

**theory** *ListInf-Prefix*

**imports** *\$ISABELLE-HOME/src/HOL/Library/List-Prefix ListInf*

**begin**

### 12.1 Additional list prefix results

**lemma** *prefix-eq-prefix-take-ex*:  $(xs \leq ys) = (\exists n. ys \downarrow n = xs)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *prefix-take-eq-prefix-take-ex*:  $(ys \downarrow (\text{length } xs) = xs) = (\exists n. ys \downarrow n = xs)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *prefix-eq-prefix-take*:  $(xs \leq ys) = (ys \downarrow (\text{length } xs) = xs)$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *strict-prefix-take-eq-strict-prefix-take-ex*:

$(ys \downarrow (\text{length } xs) = xs \wedge xs \neq ys) =$

$((\exists n. ys \downarrow n = xs) \wedge xs \neq ys)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *strict-prefix-eq-strict-prefix-take-ex*:  $(xs < ys) = ((\exists n. ys \downarrow n = xs) \wedge xs \neq ys)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *strict-prefix-eq-strict-prefix-take*:  $(xs < ys) = (ys \downarrow (\text{length } xs) = xs \wedge xs \neq ys)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *take-imp-prefix*:  $xs \downarrow n \leq xs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *eq-imp-prefix*:  $xs = (ys::'a \text{ list}) \implies xs \leq ys$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *le-take-imp-prefix*:  $a \leq b \implies xs \downarrow a \leq xs \downarrow b$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *take-prefix-imp-le*:  
 $\llbracket a \leq \text{length } xs; xs \downarrow a \leq xs \downarrow b \rrbracket \implies a \leq b$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *take-prefix-le-conv*:  
 $a \leq \text{length } xs \implies (xs \downarrow a \leq xs \downarrow b) = (a \leq b)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *append-imp-prefix*[*simp, intro*]:  $a \leq a @ b$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prefix-imp-take-eq*:  
 $\llbracket n \leq \text{length } xs; xs \leq ys \rrbracket \implies xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *prefix-length-le-eq-conv*:  $(xs \leq ys \wedge \text{length } ys \leq \text{length } xs) = (xs = ys)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *take-length-prefix-conv*:  
 $\text{length } xs \leq \text{length } ys \implies (ys \downarrow \text{length } xs \leq xs) = (xs \leq ys)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *append-eq-imp-take*:  
 $\llbracket k \leq \text{length } xs; \text{length } r1 = k; r1 @ r2 = xs \rrbracket \implies r1 = xs \downarrow k$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *take-the-conv*:  
 $xs \downarrow k = (\text{if } \text{length } xs \leq k \text{ then } xs \text{ else } (\text{THE } r. \text{length } r = k \wedge (\exists r2. r @ r2 = xs)))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *prefix-refl*:  $xs \leq (xs::'a \text{ list})$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *prefix-trans*:  $\llbracket xs \leq ys; (ys::'a \text{ list}) \leq zs \rrbracket \implies xs \leq zs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *prefix-antisym*:  $\llbracket xs \leq ys; (ys::'a \text{ list}) \leq xs \rrbracket \implies xs = ys$

*<proof>*

## 12.2 Counting equal pairs

Counting number of equal elements in two lists

**definition**

*mirror-pair* ::  $('a \times 'b) \Rightarrow ('b \times 'a)$

**where**

*mirror-pair*  $p \equiv (snd\ p, fst\ p)$

**lemma** *zip-mirror*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket i < \min(\text{length}\ xs)\ (\text{length}\ ys);$

$p1 = (\text{zip}\ xs\ ys)\ !\ i; p2 = (\text{zip}\ ys\ xs)\ !\ i \rrbracket \implies$

*mirror-pair*  $p1 = p2$

*<proof>*

**definition**

*equal-pair* ::  $('a \times 'a) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

**where**

*equal-pair*  $p \equiv (fst\ p = snd\ p)$

**lemma** *mirror-pair-equal*:  $\text{equal-pair}\ (\text{mirror-pair}\ p) = (\text{equal-pair}\ p)$

*<proof>*

**primrec**

*equal-pair-count* ::  $('a \times 'a)\ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$

**where**

*equal-pair-count*  $\llbracket \rrbracket = 0$

| *equal-pair-count*  $(p \# ps) = ($

  if  $(fst\ p = snd\ p)$

  then  $\text{Suc}\ (\text{equal-pair-count}\ ps)$

  else  $0$ )

**lemma** *equal-pair-count-le*:  $\text{equal-pair-count}\ xs \leq \text{length}\ xs$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *equal-pair-count-0*:

$\text{fst}\ (\text{hd}\ ps) \neq \text{snd}\ (\text{hd}\ ps) \implies \text{equal-pair-count}\ ps = 0$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *equal-pair-count-Suc*:

$equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ((a, a) \# ps) = Suc\ (equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *equal-pair-count-eq-pairwise*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket\ length\ ps1 = length\ ps2;$   
 $\forall i < length\ ps2. equal\text{-}pair\ (ps1 ! i) = equal\text{-}pair\ (ps2 ! i)\ \rrbracket$   
 $\implies equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps1 = equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *equal-pair-count-mirror-pairwise*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket\ length\ ps1 = length\ ps2;$   
 $\forall i < length\ ps2. ps1 ! i = mirror\text{-}pair\ (ps2 ! i)\ \rrbracket$   
 $\implies equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps1 = equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps2$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *mirror-pair-equal*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *equal-pair-count-correct*:

$\bigwedge i. i < equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps \implies equal\text{-}pair\ (ps ! i)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *equal-pair-count-correct*

**lemma** *equal-pair-count-maximality-aux*[*rule-format*]:  $\bigwedge i.$

$i = equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps \implies length\ ps = i \vee \neg equal\text{-}pair\ (ps ! i)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *equal-pair-count-maximality-aux*

**corollary** *equal-pair-count-maximality1a*[*rule-format*]:

$equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps = length\ ps \vee \neg equal\text{-}pair\ (ps ! equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps)$

**thm** *equal-pair-count-maximality-aux*[*of equal-pair-count ps ps, simplified*]

$\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *equal-pair-count-maximality1b*[*rule-format*]:

$equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps \neq length\ ps \implies$   
 $\neg equal\text{-}pair\ (ps ! equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *equal-pair-count-maximality2a*[*rule-format*]:

$equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps = length\ ps \vee (*\ \text{either all pairs are equal} *)$   
 $(\forall i \geq equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps. (\exists j \leq i. \neg equal\text{-}pair\ (ps ! j)))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *equal-pair-count-maximality1b equal-pair-count-le*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *equal-pair-count-maximality2b*[*rule-format*]:

$equal\text{-}pair\text{-}count\ ps \neq length\ ps \implies$

$\forall i \geq \text{equal-pair-count } ps. (\exists j \leq i. \neg \text{equal-pair } (ps!j))$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemmas** *equal-pair-count-maximality* =  
*equal-pair-count-maximality1a equal-pair-count-maximality1b*  
*equal-pair-count-maximality2a equal-pair-count-maximality2b*  
**thm**  
*equal-pair-count-correct[no-vars]*  
*equal-pair-count-maximality[no-vars]*

### 12.3 Prefix length

Length of the prefix infimum

**definition**

*inf-prefix-length* :: 'a list ⇒ 'a list ⇒ nat

**where**

*inf-prefix-length* *xs ys* ≡ *equal-pair-count* (*zip* *xs ys*)

**value** *int* (*inf-prefix-length* [1::int,2,3,4,7,8,15] [1::int,2,3,4,7,15])

**value** *int* (*inf-prefix-length* [1::int,2,3,4] [1::int,2,3,4,7,15])

**value** *int* (*inf-prefix-length* [] [1::int,2,3,4,7,15])

**value** *int* (*inf-prefix-length* [1::int,2,3,4,5] [1::int,2,3,4,5])

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-commute*[rule-format]:

*inf-prefix-length* *xs ys* = *inf-prefix-length* *ys xs*

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *equal-pair-count-mirror-pairwise*

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-leL*[intro]:

*inf-prefix-length* *xs ys* ≤ *length* *xs*

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *inf-prefix-length-leR*[intro]:

*inf-prefix-length* *xs ys* ≤ *length* *ys*

**thm** *inf-prefix-length-commute*[of *xs ys*]

⟨proof⟩

**lemmas** *inf-prefix-length-le* =

*inf-prefix-length-leL*

*inf-prefix-length-leR*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-le-min*[rule-format]:

*inf-prefix-length* *xs ys* ≤ *min* (*length* *xs*) (*length* *ys*)

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *equal-pair-count-0*

**lemma** *hd-inf-prefix-length-0*:

*hd* *xs* ≠ *hd* *ys* ⇒ *inf-prefix-length* *xs ys* = 0

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-NilL*[simp]:  $\text{inf-prefix-length } [] \text{ } ys = 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-NilR*[simp]:  $\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ [] = 0$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *equal-pair-count-Suc*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-Suc*[simp]:  
 $\text{inf-prefix-length } (a \# xs) (a \# ys) = \text{Suc } (\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *equal-pair-count-correct*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-correct*:  
 $i < \text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys \implies xs \ ! \ i = ys \ ! \ i$   
**thm** *order-less-le-trans*[OF - *inf-prefix-length-leL*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *nth-neq-imp-inf-prefix-length-le*:

$xs \ ! \ i \neq ys \ ! \ i \implies \text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys \leq i$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *equal-pair-count-maximality1b*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-maximality1*[rule-format]:  
 $\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys \neq \min (\text{length } xs) (\text{length } ys) \implies$   
 $xs \ ! \ (\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys) \neq ys \ ! \ (\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys)$

**thm** *equal-pair-count-maximality1b*[of zip xs ys]

**thm** *equal-pair-count-maximality1b*[of zip xs ys, folded *inf-prefix-length-def*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *equal-pair-count-maximality2b*

**corollary** *inf-prefix-length-maximality2*[rule-format]:  
 $\llbracket \text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys \neq \min (\text{length } xs) (\text{length } ys);$   
 $\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys \leq i \rrbracket \implies$   
 $\exists j \leq i. xs \ ! \ j \neq ys \ ! \ j$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemmas** *inf-prefix-length-maximality* =

*inf-prefix-length-maximality1 inf-prefix-length-maximality2*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-append*[simp]:

$\text{inf-prefix-length } (zs \ @ \ xs) (zs \ @ \ ys) =$   
 $\text{length } zs + \text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-take-correct*:

$n \leq \text{inf-prefix-length } xs \ ys \implies xs \ \downarrow \ n = ys \ \downarrow \ n$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inf-prefix-length-0-imp-hd-neq*:

$\llbracket xs \neq []; ys \neq []; \text{inf-prefix-length } xs \text{ } ys = 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{hd } xs \neq \text{hd } ys$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inf-prefix-length-maximality2*[of *xs ys 0*]  
 ⟨proof⟩

## 12.4 Prefix infimum

### definition

$\text{inf-prefix} :: 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \quad (\text{infixl } \sqcap \ 70)$

### where

$xs \sqcap ys \equiv xs \downarrow (\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \text{ } ys)$

**lemma** *length-inf-prefix*:  $\text{length } (xs \sqcap ys) = \text{inf-prefix-length } xs \text{ } ys$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inf-prefix-commute*:  $xs \sqcap ys = ys \sqcap xs$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inf-prefix-takeL*:  $xs \sqcap ys = xs \downarrow (\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \text{ } ys)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *inf-prefix-takeR*:  $xs \sqcap ys = ys \downarrow (\text{inf-prefix-length } xs \text{ } ys)$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inf-prefix-length-correct*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-correct*:  $i < \text{length } (xs \sqcap ys) \implies xs ! i = ys ! i$   
 ⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *inf-prefix-correctL*:

$i < \text{length } (xs \sqcap ys) \implies (xs \sqcap ys) ! i = xs ! i$

⟨proof⟩

**corollary** *inf-prefix-correctR*:

$i < \text{length } (xs \sqcap ys) \implies (xs \sqcap ys) ! i = ys ! i$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inf-prefix-length-take-correct*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-take-correct*:

$n \leq \text{length } (xs \sqcap ys) \implies xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n$

⟨proof⟩

**lemma** *is-inf-prefix*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket \text{length } zs = \text{length } (xs \sqcap ys);$

$\bigwedge i. i < \text{length } (xs \sqcap ys) \implies zs ! i = xs ! i \wedge zs ! i = ys ! i \rrbracket \implies$

$zs = xs \sqcap ys$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *hd-inf-prefix-length-0*

**lemma** *hd-inf-prefix-Nil*:  $\text{hd } xs \neq \text{hd } ys \implies xs \sqcap ys = []$

⟨proof⟩

**thm** *inf-prefix-length-0-imp-hd-neq*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-Nil-imp-hd-neq*:

$\llbracket xs \neq []; ys \neq []; xs \sqcap ys = [] \rrbracket \implies hd\ xs \neq hd\ ys$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *length-inf-prefix-append[simp]*:

$length\ ((zs @ xs) \sqcap (zs @ ys)) =$   
 $length\ zs + length\ (xs \sqcap ys)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *inf-prefix-append[simp]*:  $(zs @ xs) \sqcap (zs @ ys) = zs @ (xs \sqcap ys)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *inf-prefix-correctL inf-prefix-correctR*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *hd-neq-inf-prefix-append*:

$hd\ xs \neq hd\ ys \implies (zs @ xs) \sqcap (zs @ ys) = zs$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *inf-prefix-length-NilL*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-NilL[simp]*:  $[] \sqcap ys = []$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *inf-prefix-NilR[simp]*:  $xs \sqcap [] = []$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemmas** *inf-prefix-Nil = inf-prefix-NilL inf-prefix-NilR*

**thm** *inf-prefix-Nil*

**lemma** *inf-prefix-Cons[simp]*:  $(a \# xs) \sqcap (a \# ys) = a \# xs \sqcap ys$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**corollary** *inf-prefix-hd[simp]*:  $hd\ ((a \# xs) \sqcap (a \# ys)) = a$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *inf-prefix-le1*:  $xs \sqcap ys \leq xs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *inf-prefix-le2*:  $xs \sqcap ys \leq ys$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**thm** *min-le-iff-conj*

**lemma** *le-inf-prefix-iff*:  $(x \leq y \sqcap z) = (x \leq y \wedge x \leq z)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *le-imp-le-inf-prefix*:  $\llbracket x \leq y; x \leq z \rrbracket \implies x \leq y \sqcap z$

**thm** *le-inf-prefix-iff[THEN iffD2]*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**interpretation** *prefix*:

*semilattice-inf*

$op \leq :: 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow bool$

$op < :: 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow bool$   
 $op \sqcap :: 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list$   
 <proof>

## 12.5 Prefices for infinite lists

**thm** *prefix-def*

**term**  $\lambda x y. x \leq (y :: 'a\ list)$

**definition**

$iprefix :: 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ ilist \Rightarrow bool$  (**infixl**  $\sqsubseteq$  50)

**where**

$xs \sqsubseteq f \equiv \exists g. f = xs \frown g$

**thm** *prefix-eq-prefix-take*

**lemma** *iprefix-eq-iprefix-take*:  $(xs \sqsubseteq f) = (f \Downarrow \text{length } xs = xs)$

<proof>

**thm** *i-append-i-take-i-drop-id*

<proof>

**thm** *prefix-take-eq-prefix-take-ex*

**lemma** *iprefix-take-eq-iprefix-take-ex*:

$(f \Downarrow \text{length } xs = xs) = (\exists n. f \Downarrow n = xs)$

<proof>

**thm** *prefix-eq-prefix-take-ex*

**lemma** *iprefix-eq-iprefix-take-ex*:  $(xs \sqsubseteq f) = (\exists n. f \Downarrow n = xs)$

<proof>

**thm** *take-imp-prefix*

**lemma** *i-take-imp-iprefix[intro]*:  $f \Downarrow n \sqsubseteq f$

<proof>

**thm** *take-prefix-le-conv*

**lemma** *i-take-prefix-le-conv*:  $(f \Downarrow a \leq f \Downarrow b) = (a \leq b)$

<proof>

**thm** *append-imp-prefix*

**lemma** *i-append-imp-iprefix[simp,intro]*:  $xs \sqsubseteq xs \frown f$

<proof>

**thm** *prefix-imp-take-eq*

**lemma** *iprefix-imp-take-eq*:

$\llbracket n \leq \text{length } xs; xs \sqsubseteq f \rrbracket \Longrightarrow xs \Downarrow n = f \Downarrow n$

<proof>

**thm** *prefix-refl*

**thm** *prefix-trans*

**thm** *prefix-antisym*

**lemma** *prefix-iprefix-trans*:  $\llbracket xs \leq ys; ys \sqsubseteq f \rrbracket \Longrightarrow xs \sqsubseteq f$

*<proof>*

**thm** *take-length-prefix-conv*

**lemma** *i-take-length-prefix-conv*:  $(f \Downarrow \text{length } xs \leq xs) = (xs \sqsubseteq f)$

**thm** *prefix-length-le-eq-conv*

*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.prefixI*

**lemma** *iprefixI[intro?]*:  $f = xs \frown g \implies xs \sqsubseteq f$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.prefixE*

**lemma** *iprefixE[elim?]*:  $\llbracket xs \sqsubseteq f; \bigwedge g. f = xs \frown g \implies C \rrbracket \implies C$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.Nil-prefix*

**lemma** *Nil-iprefix[iff]*:  $\llbracket \sqsubseteq f \rrbracket$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.same-prefix-prefix*

**lemma** *same-prefix-iprefix[simp]*:  $(xs @ ys \sqsubseteq xs \frown f) = (ys \sqsubseteq f)$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.prefix-prefix*

**lemma** *prefix-iprefix[simp]*:  $xs \leq ys \implies xs \sqsubseteq ys \frown f$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.append-prefixD*

**lemma** *append-iprefixD*:  $xs @ ys \sqsubseteq f \implies xs \sqsubseteq f$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprefix-length-le-imp-prefix*:

$\llbracket xs \sqsubseteq ys \frown f; \text{length } xs \leq \text{length } ys \rrbracket \implies xs \leq ys$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.prefix-append*

**lemma** *iprefix-i-append*:

$(xs \sqsubseteq ys \frown f) = (xs \leq ys \vee (\exists zs. xs = ys @ zs \wedge zs \sqsubseteq f))$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *i-append-one-iprefix*:

$xs \sqsubseteq f \implies xs @ [f (\text{length } xs)] \sqsubseteq f$

*<proof>*

**lemma** *iprefix-same-length-le*:

$\llbracket xs \sqsubseteq f; ys \sqsubseteq f; \text{length } xs \leq \text{length } ys \rrbracket \implies xs \leq ys$

*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.prefix-same-cases*

**lemma** *iprefix-same-cases*:

$\llbracket xs \sqsubseteq f; ys \sqsubseteq f \rrbracket \implies xs \leq ys \vee ys \leq xs$   
*<proof>*

**thm** *List-Prefix.set-mono-prefix*

**lemma** *set-mono-iprefix*:  $xs \sqsubseteq f \implies \text{set } xs \subseteq \text{range } f$   
*<proof>*

**end**

**theory** *ListInfinite*

**imports**

*CommonSet/SetIntervalStep*

*ListInf/ListInf-Prefix*

**begin**

**end**