

AutoFocus Stream Processing for Single-Clocking and Multi-Clocking Semantics

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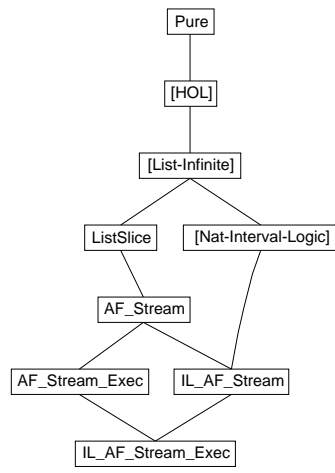
Abstract

We formalize the AutoFocus Semantics (a time-synchronous subset of the Focus formalism) as stream processing functions on finite and infinite message streams represented as finite/infinite lists. The formalization comprises both the conventional single-clocking semantics (uniform global clock for all components and communications channels) and its extension to multi-clocking semantics (internal execution clocking of a component may be a multiple of the external communication clocking). The semantics is defined by generic stream processing functions making it suitable for simulation/code generation in Isabelle/HOL. Furthermore, a number of AutoFocus semantics properties are formalized using definitions from the Nat-Interval-Logic theories.

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1 ListSlice: Additional definitions and results for lists

theory *ListSlice*
imports *ListInf*
begin

1.1 Slicing lists into lists of lists

definition

ilist-slice :: 'a ilist \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a list ilist

where

ilist-slice *f* *k* \equiv $\lambda x. \text{map } f [x * k..< \text{Suc } x * k]$

primrec

list-slice-aux :: 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a list list

where

list-slice-aux *xs* *k* 0 = []

| *list-slice-aux* *xs* *k* (Suc *n*) = take *k* *xs* # *list-slice-aux* (*xs* \uparrow *k*) *k* *n*

definition

list-slice :: 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a list list

where

list-slice *xs* *k* \equiv *list-slice-aux* *xs* *k* (length *xs* div *k*)

definition

list-slice2 :: 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a list list

where

list-slice2 *xs* *k* \equiv *list-slice* *xs* *k* @ (

if length *xs* mod *k* = 0 then [] else [*xs* \uparrow (length *xs* div *k* * *k*)])

No function *list-unslice* for finite lists is needed because the corresponding functionality is already provided by *concat*. Therefore, only a *ilist-unslice* function for infinite lists is defined.

definition

ilist-unslice :: 'a list ilist \Rightarrow 'a ilist

where

ilist-unslice *f* \equiv $\lambda n. f (n \text{ div } \text{length } (f 0)) ! (n \text{ mod } \text{length } (f 0))$

lemma *list-slice-aux-length*: $\bigwedge xs. \text{length } (\text{list-slice-aux } xs \ k \ n) = n$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice-aux-nth*:

$\bigwedge m \ xs. m < n \implies (\text{list-slice-aux } xs \ k \ n) ! m = (xs \ \uparrow \ (m * k) \ \downarrow \ k)$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice-length*: $\text{length } (\text{list-slice } xs \ k) = \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice-0*: $\text{list-slice } xs \ 0 = []$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice-1*: $list\text{-}slice\ xs\ (Suc\ 0) = map\ (\lambda x. [x])\ xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-less*: $length\ xs < k \implies list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k = []$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-Nil*: $list\text{-}slice\ []\ k = []$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-nth*:
 $m < length\ xs\ div\ k \implies list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k\ !\ m = xs\ \uparrow\ (m * k)\ \downarrow\ k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-nth-length*:
 $m < length\ xs\ div\ k \implies length\ ((list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k)\ !\ m) = k$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *less-div-imp-mult-add-divisor-le*
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *take-drop-eq-sublist-list*

lemma *list-slice-nth-eq-sublist-list*:
 $m < length\ xs\ div\ k \implies list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k\ !\ m = sublist\text{-}list\ xs\ [m * k..<m * k + k]$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-nth-nth*:
 $\llbracket m < length\ xs\ div\ k; n < k \rrbracket \implies$
 $(list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k)\ !\ m\ !\ n = xs\ !\ (m * k + n)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-nth-nth-rev*:
 $n < length\ xs\ div\ k * k \implies$
 $(list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k)\ !\ (n\ div\ k)\ !\ (n\ mod\ k) = xs\ !\ n$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *list-slice-nth-nth*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-eq-list-slice-take*:
 $list\text{-}slice\ (xs\ \downarrow\ (length\ xs\ div\ k * k))\ k = list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-append-mult*:
 $\bigwedge xs. length\ xs = m * k \implies$
 $list\text{-}slice\ (xs\ @\ ys)\ k = list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k\ @\ list\text{-}slice\ ys\ k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-append-mod*:
 $length\ xs\ mod\ k = 0 \implies$
 $list\text{-}slice\ (xs\ @\ ys)\ k = list\text{-}slice\ xs\ k\ @\ list\text{-}slice\ ys\ k$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *list-slice-append-mult*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-slice-div-eq-1*[*rule-format*]:

$$\text{length } xs \text{ div } k = \text{Suc } 0 \implies \text{list-slice } xs \ k = [\text{take } k \ xs]$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice-div-eq-Suc*[*rule-format*]:

$$\text{length } xs \text{ div } k = \text{Suc } n \implies$$

$$\text{list-slice } xs \ k = \text{list-slice } (xs \ \downarrow \ (n * k)) \ k \ @ \ [xs \ \uparrow \ (n * k) \ \downarrow \ k]$$

<proof>

thm *list-slice-append-mult*[*of take (n * k) xs n k drop (n * k) xs*]

<proof>

term *concat*

term *list-unslice*

lemma *list-slice2-mod-0*:

$$\text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k = 0 \implies \text{list-slice2 } xs \ k = \text{list-slice } xs \ k$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-mod-gr0*:

$$0 < \text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k \implies \text{list-slice2 } xs \ k = \text{list-slice } xs \ k \ @ \ [xs \ \uparrow \ (\text{length } xs \ \text{div } k * k)]$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-length*:

$$\text{length } (\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k) = ($$

$$\text{if } \text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k = 0 \ \text{then } \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k \ \text{else } \text{Suc } (\text{length } xs \ \text{div } k))$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-0*:

$$\text{list-slice2 } xs \ 0 = (\text{if } (\text{length } xs = 0) \ \text{then } [] \ \text{else } [xs])$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-1*: *list-slice2 xs (Suc 0) = map (λx. [x]) xs*

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-le*:

$$\text{length } xs \leq k \implies \text{list-slice2 } xs \ k = (\text{if } \text{length } xs = 0 \ \text{then } [] \ \text{else } [xs])$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-Nil*: *list-slice2 [] k = []*

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-list-slice-nth*:

$$m < \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k \implies \text{list-slice2 } xs \ k \ ! \ m = \text{list-slice } xs \ k \ ! \ m$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-last*:

$$[[\text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k > 0; \ m = \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k \] \implies$$

$$\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k \ ! \ m = xs \ \uparrow \ (\text{length } xs \ \text{div } k * k)$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-nth*:

$$[[\ m < \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k \] \implies$$

$$\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k \ ! \ m = xs \ \uparrow \ (m * k) \ \downarrow \ k$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-nth-length-eq1*:

$$m < \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k \implies \text{length } (\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k \ ! \ m) = k$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-nth-length-eq2*:

$$\llbracket \text{length } xs \text{ mod } k > 0; m = \text{length } xs \text{ div } k \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{length } (\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k \ ! \ m) = \text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-nth-nth-eq1*:

$$\llbracket m < \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k; n < k \rrbracket \implies$$

$$(\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k) \ ! \ m \ ! \ n = xs \ ! \ (m * k + n)$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-nth-nth-eq2*:

$$\llbracket m = \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k; n < \text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k \rrbracket \implies$$

$$(\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k) \ ! \ m \ ! \ n = xs \ ! \ (m * k + n)$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-nth-nth-rev*:

$$n < \text{length } xs \implies (\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k) \ ! \ (n \ \text{div } k) \ ! \ (n \ \text{mod } k) = xs \ ! \ n$$

<proof>

thm *less-mod-ge-imp-div-less*[of *n length xs k*]

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-append-mult*:

$$\text{length } xs = m * k \implies$$

$$\text{list-slice2 } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ k = \text{list-slice2 } xs \ k \ @ \ \text{list-slice2 } ys \ k$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice2-append-mod*:

$$\text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k = 0 \implies$$

$$\text{list-slice2 } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ k = \text{list-slice2 } xs \ k \ @ \ \text{list-slice2 } ys \ k$$

<proof>

thm *list-slice2-append-mult*

<proof>

lemma *ilist-slice-nth*:

$$(\text{ilist-slice } f \ k) \ m = \text{map } f \ [m * k .. < \text{Suc } m * k]$$

<proof>

lemma *ilist-slice-nth-length*: $\text{length } ((\text{ilist-slice } f \ k) \ m) = k$

<proof>

lemma *ilist-slice-nth-nth*:

$$n < k \implies (\text{ilist-slice } f \ k) \ m \ ! \ n = f \ (m * k + n)$$

<proof>

lemma *ilist-slice-nth-nth-rev*:

$$0 < k \implies (\text{ilist-slice } f \ k) \ (n \ \text{div } k) \ ! \ (n \ \text{mod } k) = f \ n$$

<proof>

lemma *list-slice-concat*:

```

    concat (list-slice xs k) = xs ↓ (length xs div k * k)
    (is ?P xs k)
  <proof>
  thm le-less-div-conv
  <proof>
  thm list-slice-div-eq-Suc
  <proof>

lemma list-slice-unslice-mult:
  length xs = m * k ⇒ concat (list-slice xs k) = xs
  <proof>

lemma ilst-slice-unslice: 0 < k ⇒ ilst-unslice (ilst-slice f k) = f
  <proof>

lemma i-take-ilst-slice-eq-list-slice:
  0 < k ⇒ ilst-slice f k ↓ n = list-slice (f ↓ (n * k)) k
  <proof>

lemma list-slice-i-take-eq-i-take-ilst-slice:
  list-slice (f ↓ n) k = ilst-slice f k ↓ (n div k)
  <proof>
  thm list-slice-eq-list-slice-take[of f ↓ n]
  <proof>

thm list-slice-append-mod
lemma ilst-slice-i-append-mod:
  length xs mod k = 0 ⇒
  ilst-slice (xs ∩ f) k = list-slice xs k ∩ ilst-slice f k
  <proof>
corollary ilst-slice-append-mult:
  length xs = m * k ⇒
  ilst-slice (xs ∩ f) k = list-slice xs k ∩ ilst-slice f k
  <proof>

end

```

2 AF-Stream: AutoFocus message streams

```

theory AF-Stream
imports ListSlice
begin

```

2.1 Basic definitions

2.1.1 Time-synchronous streams

datatype

$'a$ message-af = NoMsg | Msg $'a$

syntax (latex)

NoMsg :: $'a$ (ε)

Msg :: $'a$ (Msg)

syntax (HTML output)

NoMsg :: $'a$ (ε)

Msg :: $'a$ (Msg)

Abbreviation for finite streams

type-synonym $'a$ fstream-af = $'a$ message-af list

Abbreviation for infinite streams

type-synonym $'a$ istream-af = $'a$ message-af ilist

typ $'a$ fstream-af

typ $'a$ istream-af

thm not-None-eq

lemma not-NoMsg-eq: $(m \neq \varepsilon) = (\exists x. m = \text{Msg } x)$

<proof>

thm not-Some-eq

lemma not-Msg-eq: $(\forall x. m \neq \text{Msg } x) = (m = \varepsilon)$

<proof>

primrec

$the\text{-}af :: 'a$ message-af $\Rightarrow 'a$

where

$the\text{-}af (\text{Msg } x) = x$

By this definition one can determine, whether data elements of different data structures with messages, especially product types of arbitrary sizes and records, are pointwise equal to NoMsg, i.e., contain only NoMsg entries.

consts

$is\text{-}NoMsg :: 'a \Rightarrow bool$

overloading

$is\text{-}NoMsg \equiv is\text{-}NoMsg :: 'a$ message-af $\Rightarrow bool$

begin

primrec $is\text{-}NoMsg :: 'a$ message-af $\Rightarrow bool$ **where**

$is\text{-}NoMsg \varepsilon = True$

| $is\text{-}NoMsg (\text{Msg } x) = False$

end

overloading

$is_NoMsg \equiv is_NoMsg :: ('a \times 'b) \Rightarrow bool$

begin

definition $is_NoMsg_tuple_def :$

$is_NoMsg (p::'a \times 'b) \equiv (is_NoMsg (fst p) \wedge is_NoMsg (snd p))$

end

overloading

$is_NoMsg \equiv is_NoMsg :: 'a\ set \Rightarrow bool$

begin

definition $is_NoMsg_set_def :$

$is_NoMsg (A::'a\ set) \equiv (\forall x \in A. is_NoMsg x)$

end

record $SomeRecordExample =$

$Field1 :: nat\ message_af$

$Field2 :: int\ message_af$

$Field3 :: int\ message_af$

overloading

$is_NoMsg \equiv is_NoMsg :: SomeRecordExample \Rightarrow bool$

begin

definition $is_NoMsg_SomeRecordExample_def :$

$is_NoMsg (r::SomeRecordExample) \equiv Field1\ r = \varepsilon \wedge Field2\ r = \varepsilon \wedge Field3\ r = \varepsilon$

end

definition $is_Msg :: 'a \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

$is_Msg_def : is_Msg\ x \equiv (\neg is_NoMsg\ x)$

lemma $is_NoMsg_message_af_conv: is_NoMsg\ m = (case\ m\ of\ \varepsilon \Rightarrow True \mid Msg\ x \Rightarrow False)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $is_NoMsg_message_af_conv2: is_NoMsg\ m = (m = \varepsilon)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $is_Msg_message_af_conv: is_Msg\ m = (case\ m\ of\ \varepsilon \Rightarrow False \mid Msg\ x \Rightarrow True)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $is_Msg_message_af_conv2: is_Msg\ m = (m \neq \varepsilon)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

Collection for definitions for `is_NoMsg`.

$\langle ML \rangle$

declare

$is_NoMsg_tuple_def [is_NoMsg_defs]$

$is_NoMsg_set_def [is_NoMsg_defs]$

is-NoMsg-SomeRecordExample-def [*is-NoMsg-defs*]
is-Msg-def [*is-NoMsg-defs*]

thm *is-NoMsg-defs*

lemma *not-is-NoMsg*: $(\neg \text{is-NoMsg } m) = \text{is-Msg } m$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *not-is-Msg*: $(\neg \text{is-Msg } m) = \text{is-NoMsg } m$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *is-NoMsg* ($\varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af})$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *is-NoMsg* ($\varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af}), \varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af})$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *is-NoMsg* ($\varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af}), \varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af}), \varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af})$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *is-Msg* ($\varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af}), \text{Msg } (1 :: \text{nat}), \varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af})$)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *is-NoMsg* $\{\varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af}), \varepsilon\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *is-Msg* $\{\varepsilon :: (\text{nat message-af}), \text{Msg } 1\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *is-NoMsg* $(\mid \text{Field1} = \varepsilon, \text{Field2} = \varepsilon, \text{Field3} = \varepsilon \mid)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *is-Msg* $(\mid \text{Field1} = \varepsilon, \text{Field2} = \text{Msg } 1, \text{Field3} = \varepsilon \mid)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

2.1.2 Time abstraction

primrec

untime :: 'a fstream-af \Rightarrow 'a list

where

untime [] = []

| *untime* (x#xs) = (if x = ε

then (*untime* xs)

else (*the-af* x) # (*untime* xs))

lemma *untime-eq-filter*[*rule-format*]:

$\text{map } (\lambda x. \text{Msg } x) (\text{untime } s) = \text{filter } (\lambda x. x \neq \varepsilon) s$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

The following lemma involves *the-af* function and thus is some more limited than the previous lemma

corollary *untime-eq-filter2*[*rule-format*]:

$\text{untime } s = \text{map } (\lambda x. \text{the-af } x) (\text{filter } (\lambda x. x \neq \varepsilon) s)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm

untime-eq-filter
untime-eq-filter2

definition

untime-length :: 'a fstream-af \Rightarrow nat

where

untime-length s \equiv length (untime s)

primrec

untime-length-cnt :: 'a fstream-af \Rightarrow nat

where

untime-length-cnt [] = 0

| *untime-length-cnt* (x # xs) =

(if x = ε then 0 else Suc 0) + *untime-length-cnt* xs

lemma *untime-length-eq-untime-length-cnt*:

untime-length s = *untime-length-cnt* s

<proof>

definition

untime-length-filter :: 'a fstream-af \Rightarrow nat

where

untime-length-filter s \equiv length (filter ($\lambda x. x \neq \varepsilon$) s)

lemma *untime-length-filter-eq-untime-length*:

untime-length-filter s = *untime-length* s

<proof>

lemma *untime-empty-conv*: (untime s = []) = ($\forall n < \text{length } s. s ! n = \varepsilon$)

<proof>

lemma *untime-not-empty-conv*: (untime s \neq []) = ($\exists n < \text{length } s. s ! n \neq \varepsilon$)

<proof>

corollary *untime-empty-imp-NoMsg*[rule-format]:

[untime s = [] ; n < length s] \Longrightarrow s ! n = ε

thm *untime-empty-conv*[THEN iffD1, rule-format]

<proof>

lemma *untime-nth-eq-filter*:

n < *untime-length* s \Longrightarrow

Msg (untime s ! n) = (filter ($\lambda x. x \neq \varepsilon$) s) ! n

thm *untime-eq-filter*

<proof>

corollary *untime-nth-eq-filter2*:

n < *untime-length* s \Longrightarrow

untime s ! n = the-af ((filter ($\lambda x. x \neq \varepsilon$) s) ! n)

<proof>

lemma *untime-hd-eq-filter-hd*:

untime s ≠ [] ⇒

Msg (hd (*untime s*)) = hd (*filter* (λ*x*. *x* ≠ ε) *s*)

<proof>

corollary *untime-hd-eq-filter-hd2*:

untime s ≠ [] ⇒

hd (*untime s*) = *the-af* (hd (*filter* (λ*x*. *x* ≠ ε) *s*))

<proof>

lemma *untime-last-eq-filter-last*:

untime s ≠ [] ⇒

Msg (last (*untime s*)) = last (*filter* (λ*x*. *x* ≠ ε) *s*)

<proof>

corollary *untime-last-eq-filter-last2*:

untime s ≠ [] ⇒

last (*untime s*) = *the-af* (last (*filter* (λ*x*. *x* ≠ ε) *s*))

<proof>

2.2 Expanding and compressing lists and streams

2.2.1 Expanding message streams

primrec

f-expand :: 'a *fstream-af* ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a *fstream-af* (**infixl** ∘_f 100)

where

f-expand-Nil: [] ∘_f *k* = []

| *f-expand-Cons*: (*x* # *xs*) ∘_f *k* = (

if 0 < *k* then *x* # ε^{*k*} - *Suc* 0 @ (*xs* ∘_f *k*) else [])

definition

i-expand :: 'a *istream-af* ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a *istream-af* (**infixl** ∘_i 100)

where

i-expand ≡ λ*f k n*. (

if *k* = 0 then ε else

if *n mod k* = 0 then *f* (*n div k*) else ε)

primrec

f-expand-Suc :: 'a *fstream-af* ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a *fstream-af* (**infixl** ∘_{fSuc} 100)

where

f-expand-Suc [] *k* = []

| *f-expand-Suc* (*x* # *xs*) *k* = *x* # ε^{*k*} @ (*f-expand-Suc xs k*)

definition

i-expand-Suc :: 'a *istream-af* ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a *istream-af* (**infixl** ∘_{iSuc} 100)

where

i-expand-Suc ≡ λ*f k n*. (

if *n mod* (*Suc k*) = 0 then *f* (*n div* (*Suc k*)) else ε)

syntax (*xsymbols*)

-*f-expand* :: 'a *fstream-af* \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a *fstream-af* (**infixl** \odot 100)

-*i-expand* :: 'a *istream-af* \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a *istream-af* (**infixl** \odot 100)

syntax (*HTML output*)

-*f-expand* :: 'a *fstream-af* \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a *fstream-af* (**infixl** \odot 100)

-*i-expand* :: 'a *istream-af* \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a *istream-af* (**infixl** \odot 100)

translations

-*f-expand* *xs* *k* \equiv *CONST f-expand* *xs* *k*

-*i-expand* *xs* *k* \equiv *CONST i-expand* *xs* *k*

term *s* \odot_f *k*

term *s* \odot_i *k*

lemma *length-f-expand-Suc[simp]*: *length (f-expand-Suc* *xs* *k*) = *length xs* * *Suc* *k*
 <proof>

thm *f-expand.simps*

thm *i-expand-def*

lemma *i-expand-if*:

f \odot_i *k* = (if *k* = 0 then ($\lambda n.$ ε) else

($\lambda n.$ if *n mod k* = 0 then *f* (*n div k*) else ε))

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-one*: $0 < k \implies [a] \odot_f k = a \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0$
 <proof>

lemma *f-expand-0[simp]*: *xs* \odot_f 0 = []
 <proof>

corollary *f-expand-0-is-zero-element*: *xs* \odot_f 0 = *ys* \odot_f 0
 <proof>

lemma *i-expand-0[simp]*: *f* \odot_i 0 = ($\lambda n.$ ε)
 <proof>

corollary *i-expand-0-is-zero-element*: *f* \odot_i 0 = *g* \odot_i 0
 <proof>

lemma *f-expand-gr0-f-expand-Suc*: $0 < k \implies xs \odot_f k = f\text{-expand-Suc } xs (k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 <proof>

lemma *i-expand-gr0-i-expand-Suc*: $0 < k \implies f \odot_i k = i\text{-expand-Suc } f (k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 <proof>

lemma *i-expand-gr0*:

$0 < k \implies f \odot_i k = (\lambda n.$ if *n mod k* = 0 then *f* (*n div k*) else ε)

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-1[simp]*: *xs* \odot_f *Suc* 0 = *xs*
 <proof>

lemma *i-expand-1[simp]*: *f* \odot_i *Suc* 0 = *f*

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-length[simp]*: $\text{length } (xs \odot_f k) = \text{length } xs * k$
<proof>

lemma *f-expand-empty-conv*: $(xs \odot_f k = []) = (xs = [] \vee k = 0)$
<proof>

lemma *f-expand-not-empty-conv*: $(xs \odot_f k \neq []) = (xs \neq [] \wedge 0 < k)$
<proof>

lemma *f-expand-Cons*:

$$0 < k \implies (x \# xs) \odot_f k = x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0 @ (xs \odot_f k)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-append[simp]*: $\bigwedge ys. (xs @ ys) \odot_f k = (xs \odot_f k) @ (ys \odot_f k)$
<proof>

lemma *f-expand-snoc*:

$$0 < k \implies (xs @ [x]) \odot_f k = xs \odot_f k @ x \# \text{replicate } (k - \text{Suc } 0) \varepsilon$$

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-nth-mult*: $\bigwedge n.$

$$\llbracket n < \text{length } xs; 0 < k \rrbracket \implies (xs \odot_f k) ! (n * k) = xs ! n$$

<proof>

thm *f-expand-nth-mult*

lemma *i-expand-nth-mult*: $0 < k \implies (f \odot_i k) (n * k) = f n$
<proof>

lemma *f-expand-nth-if*: $\bigwedge n.$

$$n < \text{length } xs * k \implies$$

$$(xs \odot_f k) ! n = (\text{if } n \bmod k = 0 \text{ then } xs ! (n \text{ div } k) \text{ else } \varepsilon)$$

<proof>

thm *f-expand-nth-mult*

<proof>

corollary *f-expand-nth-mod-eq-0*:

$$\llbracket n < \text{length } xs * k; n \bmod k = 0 \rrbracket \implies (xs \odot_f k) ! n = xs ! (n \text{ div } k)$$

<proof>

corollary *f-expand-nth-mod-neq-0*:

$$\llbracket n < \text{length } xs * k; 0 < n \bmod k \rrbracket \implies (xs \odot_f k) ! n = \varepsilon$$

<proof>

thm *f-expand-nth-if*

lemma *f-expand-nth-0-upto-k-minus-1-if*:

$$\llbracket t < \text{length } xs; n = t * k + i; i < k \rrbracket \implies$$

$$(xs \odot_f k) ! n = (\text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } xs ! t \text{ else } \varepsilon)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-take-mult*: $xs \odot_f k \downarrow (n * k) = (xs \downarrow n) \odot_f k$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-expand-take-mult[no-vars]*

lemma *f-expand-take-mod*:
 $n \bmod k = 0 \implies xs \odot_f k \downarrow n = xs \downarrow (n \text{ div } k) \odot_f k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-drop-mult*: $xs \odot_f k \uparrow (n * k) = (xs \uparrow n) \odot_f k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-drop-mod*:
 $n \bmod k = 0 \implies xs \odot_f k \uparrow n = xs \uparrow (n \text{ div } k) \odot_f k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-take-mult-Suc*:
 $\llbracket n < \text{length } xs; i < k \rrbracket \implies$
 $xs \odot_f k \downarrow (n * k + \text{Suc } i) = (xs \downarrow n) \odot_f k @ (xs ! n \# \varepsilon^i)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-take-Suc*:
 $n < \text{length } xs * k \implies$
 $xs \odot_f k \downarrow \text{Suc } n = (xs \downarrow (n \text{ div } k)) \odot_f k @ (xs ! (n \text{ div } k) \# \varepsilon^{n \bmod k})$
 ⟨proof⟩
thm *f-expand-take-mult-Suc[of n div k xs n mod k k]*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-expand-nth-if*:
 $0 < k \implies (f \odot_i k) n = (\text{if } n \bmod k = 0 \text{ then } f (n \text{ div } k) \text{ else } \varepsilon)$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *i-expand-nth-mod-eq-0*:
 $\llbracket 0 < k; n \bmod k = 0 \rrbracket \implies (f \odot_i k) n = f (n \text{ div } k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *i-expand-nth-mod-neq-0*:
 $0 < n \bmod k \implies (f \odot_i k) n = \varepsilon$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *i-expand-nth-if*

lemma *i-expand-nth-0-upto-k-minus-1-if*:
 $\llbracket n = t * k + i; i < k \rrbracket \implies$
 $(f \odot_i k) n = (\text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } f t \text{ else } \varepsilon)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-expand-take-mult*

lemma *i-expand-i-take-mult*: $f \odot_i k \Downarrow (n * k) = (f \Downarrow n) \odot_f k$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-expand-take-mod*

lemma *i-expand-i-take-mod*:
 $n \bmod k = 0 \implies f \odot_i k \Downarrow n = f \Downarrow (n \text{ div } k) \odot_f k$

<proof>

thm *f-expand-drop-mult*

lemma *i-expand-i-drop-mult*: $(f \odot_i k) \uparrow (n * k) = (f \uparrow n) \odot_i k$

<proof>

lemma *i-expand-i-drop-mod*:

$n \bmod k = 0 \implies f \odot_i k \uparrow n = f \uparrow (n \operatorname{div} k) \odot_i k$

<proof>

lemma *i-expand-i-take-mult-Suc*:

$i < k \implies f \odot_i k \downarrow (n * k + \operatorname{Suc} i) = (f \downarrow n) \odot_f k @ (f n \# \varepsilon^i)$

<proof>

lemma *i-expand-i-take-Suc*:

$0 < k \implies f \odot_i k \downarrow \operatorname{Suc} n = (f \downarrow (n \operatorname{div} k)) \odot_f k @ (f (n \operatorname{div} k) \# \varepsilon^{n \bmod k})$

thm *i-expand-i-take-mult-Suc*

thm *i-expand-i-take-mult-Suc*[of $n \bmod k$ k $n \operatorname{div} k$ f]

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-nth-interval-eq-nth-append-replicate-NoMsg*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket 0 < k; t < \operatorname{length} xs; t * k \leq t1; t1 \leq t * k + k - \operatorname{Suc} 0 \rrbracket \implies$

$xs \odot_f k \downarrow \operatorname{Suc} t1 \uparrow (t * k) = xs ! t \# \varepsilon^{t1 - t * k}$

<proof>

thm *f-expand-take-mult-Suc*

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; t * k < t1; t1 \leq t2; t2 \leq t * k + k; t2 \leq \operatorname{length} xs * k \rrbracket \implies$

$xs \odot_f k \downarrow t2 \uparrow t1 = \varepsilon^{t2 - t1}$

<proof>

thm *less-mod-eq-imp-add-divisor-le*

<proof>

lemma *i-expand-nth-interval-eq-nth-append-replicate-NoMsg*[*rule-format*]:

$\llbracket 0 < k; t * k \leq t1; t1 \leq t * k + k - \operatorname{Suc} 0 \rrbracket \implies$

$f \odot_i k \downarrow \operatorname{Suc} t1 \uparrow (t * k) = f t \# \varepsilon^{t1 - t * k}$

<proof>

lemma *i-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; t * k < t1; t1 \leq t2; t2 \leq t * k + k \rrbracket \implies$

$f \odot_i k \downarrow t2 \uparrow t1 = \varepsilon^{t2 - t1}$

<proof>

thm *less-mod-eq-imp-add-divisor-le*

<proof>

lemma *f-expand-replicate-NoMsg[simp]*: $(\varepsilon^n) \odot_f k = \varepsilon^n * k$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-expand-const-NoMsg[simp]*: $(\lambda n. \varepsilon) \odot_i k = (\lambda n. \varepsilon)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-assoc*: $xs \odot_f a \odot_f b = xs \odot_f (a * b)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-expand-assoc*: $f \odot_i a \odot_i b = f \odot_i (a * b)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-commute*: $xs \odot_f a \odot_f b = xs \odot_f b \odot_f a$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-expand-commute*: $f \odot_i a \odot_i b = f \odot_i b \odot_i a$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-expand-append*

lemma *i-expand-i-append*: $(xs \smallfrown f) \odot_i k = xs \odot_f k \smallfrown (f \odot_i k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-eq-conv*:

$0 < k \implies (xs \odot_f k = ys \odot_f k) = (xs = ys)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-expand-eq-conv*:

$0 < k \implies (f \odot_i k = g \odot_i k) = (f = g)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-eq-conv'*:

$(xs' \odot_f k = xs) =$
 $(\text{length } xs' * k = \text{length } xs \wedge$
 $(\forall i < \text{length } xs. xs ! i = (\text{if } i \bmod k = 0 \text{ then } xs' ! (i \text{ div } k) \text{ else } \varepsilon)))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-expand-eq-conv'*:

$0 < k \implies (f' \odot_i k = f) =$
 $(\forall i. f i = (\text{if } i \bmod k = 0 \text{ then } f' (i \text{ div } k) \text{ else } \varepsilon))$
 ⟨proof⟩

2.2.2 Aggregating lists

term *list-slice*

definition

f-aggregate :: 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a list \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a list
 where

$f\text{-aggregate } s \ k \ ag \equiv \text{map } ag \ (\text{list-slice } s \ k)$

definition

$i\text{-aggregate} :: 'a \ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow ('a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{ilist}$

where

$i\text{-aggregate } s \ k \ ag \equiv \lambda n. \ ag \ (s \ \uparrow \ (n * k) \ \downarrow \ k)$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-0}[\text{simp}]$: $f\text{-aggregate } xs \ 0 \ ag = []$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-1}$:

$(\bigwedge x. \ ag \ [x] = x) \Longrightarrow$

$f\text{-aggregate } xs \ (\text{Suc } 0) \ ag = xs$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-Nil}[\text{simp}]$: $f\text{-aggregate } [] \ k \ ag = []$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-length}[\text{simp}]$: $\text{length } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag) = \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-empty-conv}$:

$0 < k \Longrightarrow (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag = []) = (\text{length } xs < k)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-one}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } xs = k \rrbracket \Longrightarrow f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag = [ag \ xs]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-Cons}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } xs = k \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$

$f\text{-aggregate } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ k \ ag = ag \ xs \ \# \ (f\text{-aggregate } ys \ k \ ag)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-eq-f-aggregate-take}$:

$f\text{-aggregate } (xs \ \downarrow \ (\text{length } xs \ \text{div } k * k)) \ k \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-nth}$:

$n < \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k \Longrightarrow$

$(f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag) \ ! \ n = ag \ (xs \ \uparrow \ (n * k) \ \downarrow \ k)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-nth-eq-sublist-list}$:

$n < \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k \Longrightarrow$

$(f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag) \ ! \ n = ag \ (\text{sublist-list } xs \ [n * k..<n * k + k])$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-aggregate-take-nth}$:

$\bigwedge xs \ m. \ \llbracket n < \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k; \ n < m \ \text{div } k \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$

$f\text{-aggregate } (xs \ \downarrow \ m) \ k \ ag \ ! \ n = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \ ! \ n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm *less-div-imp-mult-add-divisor-le*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-hd*:
 $\llbracket 0 < k; k \leq \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{hd } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag) = ag \ (xs \downarrow k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *list-slice-append-mod*

lemma *f-aggregate-append-mod*:
 $\text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k = 0 \implies$
 $f\text{-aggregate } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ k \ ag =$
 $f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \ @ \ f\text{-aggregate } ys \ k \ ag$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-append-mult*:
 $\text{length } xs = m * k \implies$
 $f\text{-aggregate } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ k \ ag =$
 $f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \ @ \ f\text{-aggregate } ys \ k \ ag$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-snoc*:
 $\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } ys = k; \text{length } xs \ \text{mod } k = 0 \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-aggregate } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ k \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \ @ \ [ag \ ys]$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-take*:
 $f\text{-aggregate } (xs \downarrow n) \ k \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \downarrow (n \ \text{div } k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *div-le-mono[OF less-imp-le]*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-take-mult*:
 $f\text{-aggregate } (xs \downarrow (n * k)) \ k \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \downarrow n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-drop-mult*:
 $f\text{-aggregate } (xs \uparrow (n * k)) \ k \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \uparrow n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-drop-mod*:
 $n \ \text{mod } k = 0 \implies f\text{-aggregate } (xs \uparrow n) \ k \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \uparrow (n \ \text{div } k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-assoc*:
 $(\bigwedge xs. \text{length } xs \ \text{mod } a = 0 \implies ag \ (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ a \ ag) = ag \ xs) \implies$
 $f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ a \ ag) \ b \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ (a * b) \ ag$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-aggregate-commute*:
 $\llbracket \bigwedge xs. \text{length } xs \ \text{mod } a = 0 \rrbracket \implies ag \ (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ a \ ag) = ag \ xs;$

$\bigwedge xs. \text{length } xs \bmod b = 0 \implies \text{ag } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ b \ ag) = \text{ag } xs \] \implies$
 $f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ a \ ag) \ b \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ b \ ag) \ a \ ag$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-0[simp]*: $i\text{-aggregate } f \ 0 \ ag = (\lambda x. \ ag \ [])$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-1*: $(\bigwedge x. \ ag \ [x] = x) \implies i\text{-aggregate } f \ (Suc \ 0) \ ag = f$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-nth*: $i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag \ n = \text{ag } (f \ \uparrow \ (n * k) \ \downarrow \ k)$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-hd*: $i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag \ 0 = \text{ag } (f \ \downarrow \ k)$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-nth-eq-map*: $i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag \ n = \text{ag } (\text{map } f \ [n * k..<n * k + k])$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-i-append-mod*:

$\text{length } xs \bmod k = 0 \implies$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (xs \ \frown \ f) \ k \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \ \frown \ i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-i-append-mult*:

$\text{length } xs = m * k \implies$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (xs \ \frown \ f) \ k \ ag = f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ ag \ \frown \ i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag$
 <proof>

thm *f-aggregate-Cons*

lemma *i-aggregate-Cons*:

$[\ 0 < k; \ \text{length } xs = k \] \implies$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (xs \ \frown \ f) \ k \ ag = [\text{ag } xs] \ \frown \ (i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag)$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-take-nth*:

$n < m \ \text{div } k \implies f\text{-aggregate } (f \ \downarrow \ m) \ k \ ag \ ! \ n = i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag \ n$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-i-take*:

$f\text{-aggregate } (f \ \downarrow \ n) \ k \ ag = i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag \ \downarrow \ (n \ \text{div } k)$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-i-take-mult*:

$0 < k \implies f\text{-aggregate } (f \ \downarrow \ (n * k)) \ k \ ag = i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag \ \downarrow \ n$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-i-drop-mult*:

$i\text{-aggregate } (f \ \uparrow \ (n * k)) \ k \ ag = i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ ag \ \uparrow \ n$
 <proof>

lemma *i-aggregate-i-drop-mod*:

$n \bmod k = 0 \implies$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (f \uparrow n) k \text{ ag} = i\text{-aggregate } f k \text{ ag} \uparrow (n \text{ div } k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-aggregate-assoc*:

$\llbracket 0 < a; 0 < b;$
 $\bigwedge xs. \text{length } xs \bmod a = 0 \implies \text{ag } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ a \ \text{ag}) = \text{ag } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-aggregate } f \ a \ \text{ag}) \ b \ \text{ag} = i\text{-aggregate } f \ (a * b) \ \text{ag}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-aggregate-commute*:

$\llbracket 0 < a; 0 < b;$
 $\bigwedge xs. \text{length } xs \bmod a = 0 \implies \text{ag } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ a \ \text{ag}) = \text{ag } xs;$
 $\bigwedge xs. \text{length } xs \bmod b = 0 \implies \text{ag } (f\text{-aggregate } xs \ b \ \text{ag}) = \text{ag } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-aggregate } xs \ a \ \text{ag}) \ b \ \text{ag} = i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-aggregate } xs \ b \ \text{ag}) \ a \ \text{ag}$
 ⟨proof⟩

2.2.3 Compressing message streams

Determines the last non-empty message.

primrec

$\text{last-message} :: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ message-af}$

where

$\text{last-message } [] = \varepsilon$

$| \text{last-message } (x \# xs) = (\text{if } \text{last-message } xs = \varepsilon \text{ then } x \text{ else } \text{last-message } xs)$

definition

$f\text{-shrink} :: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ fstream-af} \ (\mathbf{infixl} \ \div_f \ 100)$

where

$f\text{-shrink } xs \ k \equiv f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ \text{last-message}$

definition

$i\text{-shrink} :: 'a \text{ istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ istream-af} \ (\mathbf{infixl} \ \div_i \ 100)$

where

$i\text{-shrink } f \ k \equiv i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ \text{last-message}$

syntax (*xsymbols*)

$-f\text{-shrink} :: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ fstream-af} \ (\mathbf{infixl} \ \div \ 100)$

$-i\text{-shrink} :: 'a \text{ istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ istream-af} \ (\mathbf{infixl} \ \div \ 100)$

translations

$-f\text{-shrink } xs \ n \equiv \text{CONST } f\text{-shrink } xs \ n$

$-i\text{-shrink } f \ n \equiv \text{CONST } i\text{-shrink } f \ n$

syntax (*HTML output*)

$-f\text{-shrink} :: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ fstream-af} \ (\mathbf{infixl} \ \div \ 100)$

$-i\text{-shrink} :: 'a \text{ istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ istream-af} \ (\mathbf{infixl} \ \div \ 100)$

term $s \ \div_f \ n$

term $s \ \div_i \ n$

lemmas $f\text{-shrink-defs} = f\text{-shrink-def } f\text{-aggregate-def}$

lemmas $i\text{-shrink-defs} = i\text{-shrink-def } i\text{-aggregate-def}$

lemma $last\text{-message-Nil}$: $last\text{-message } [] = \varepsilon$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-one}$: $last\text{-message } [m] = m$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-replicate}$: $0 < n \implies last\text{-message } (m^n) = m$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-replicate-NoMsg}$: $last\text{-message } (\varepsilon^n) = \varepsilon$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-Cons-NoMsg}$: $last\text{-message } (\varepsilon \# xs) = last\text{-message } xs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-append-one}$:

$last\text{-message } (xs @ [m]) = (if\ m = \varepsilon\ then\ last\text{-message } xs\ else\ m)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-append}$: $\bigwedge xs.$

$last\text{-message } (xs @ ys) = ($

$if\ last\text{-message } ys = \varepsilon\ then\ last\text{-message } xs\ else\ last\text{-message } ys)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

corollary $last\text{-message-append-replicate-NoMsg}$:

$last\text{-message } (xs @ \varepsilon^n) = last\text{-message } xs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-replicate-NoMsg-append}$:

$last\text{-message } (\varepsilon^n @ xs) = last\text{-message } xs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-NoMsg-conv}$:

$(last\text{-message } xs = \varepsilon) = (\forall i < length\ xs. xs ! i = \varepsilon)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-not-NoMsg-conv}$:

$(last\text{-message } xs \neq \varepsilon) = (\exists i < length\ xs. xs ! i \neq \varepsilon)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $not\text{-NoMsg-imp-last-message}$:

$[\![\ i < length\ xs; xs ! i \neq \varepsilon \!\!] \implies last\text{-message } xs \neq \varepsilon$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-exists-nth}$:

$last\text{-message } xs \neq \varepsilon \implies$

$\exists i < length\ xs. last\text{-message } xs = xs ! i \wedge (\forall j < length\ xs. i < j \implies xs ! j = \varepsilon)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm $last\text{-message-NoMsg-conv}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $last\text{-message-exists-nth}'$:

$last\text{-}message\ xs \neq \varepsilon \implies \exists i < length\ xs. last\text{-}message\ xs = xs ! i$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *last-messageI2-aux*: $\bigwedge i.$

$\llbracket i < length\ xs; xs ! i \neq \varepsilon;$
 $\forall j. i < j \wedge j < length\ xs \longrightarrow xs ! j = \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $last\text{-}message\ xs = xs ! i$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *last-messageI2*:

$\llbracket i < length\ xs; xs ! i \neq \varepsilon;$
 $\bigwedge j. \llbracket i < j; j < length\ xs \rrbracket \implies xs ! j = \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $last\text{-}message\ xs = xs ! i$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *last-messageI*:

$\llbracket m \neq \varepsilon; i < length\ xs; xs ! i = m;$
 $\bigwedge j. \llbracket i < j; j < length\ xs \rrbracket \implies xs ! j = \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $last\text{-}message\ xs = m$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *last-message-Msg-eq-last*:

$\llbracket xs \neq []; last\ xs \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies last\text{-}message\ xs = last\ xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *last-message-conv*:

$m \neq \varepsilon \implies$
 $(last\text{-}message\ xs = m) =$
 $(\exists i < length\ xs. xs ! i = m \wedge (\forall j < length\ xs. i < j \longrightarrow xs ! j = \varepsilon))$

⟨proof⟩

thm *last-message-exists-nth*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *last-message-conv-if*:

$(last\text{-}message\ xs = m) =$
 $(if\ m = \varepsilon\ then\ \forall i < length\ xs. xs ! i = \varepsilon$
 $else\ \exists i < length\ xs. xs ! i = m \wedge (\forall j < length\ xs. i < j \longrightarrow xs ! j = \varepsilon))$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *last-message-not-NoMsg-eq-conv*:

$\llbracket last\text{-}message\ xs \neq \varepsilon; last\text{-}message\ ys \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $(last\text{-}message\ xs = last\text{-}message\ ys) =$
 $(\exists i\ j. i < length\ xs \wedge j < length\ ys \wedge xs ! i \neq \varepsilon \wedge$
 $xs ! i = ys ! j \wedge$
 $(\forall n < length\ xs. i < n \longrightarrow xs ! n = \varepsilon) \wedge$
 $(\forall n < length\ ys. j < n \longrightarrow ys ! n = \varepsilon))$

⟨proof⟩

thm *last-messageI2*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-0[simp]*: $xs \div_f 0 = []$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-1[simp]*: $xs \div_f \text{Suc } 0 = xs$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-Nil[simp]*: $[] \div_f k = []$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-length*: $\text{length } (xs \div_f k) = \text{length } xs \text{ div } k$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-empty-conv*: $0 < k \implies (xs \div_f k = []) = (\text{length } xs < k)$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-Cons*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } xs = k \rrbracket \implies (xs @ ys) \div_f k = \text{last-message } xs \# (ys \div_f k)$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-one*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } xs = k \rrbracket \implies xs \div_f k = [\text{last-message } xs]$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-eq-f-shrink-take*:

$xs \downarrow (\text{length } xs \text{ div } k * k) \div_f k = xs \div_f k$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-nth*:

$n < \text{length } xs \text{ div } k \implies$

$(xs \div_f k) ! n = \text{last-message } (xs \uparrow (n * k) \downarrow k)$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-nth-eq-sublist-list*:

$n < \text{length } xs \text{ div } k \implies$

$(xs \div_f k) ! n = \text{last-message } (\text{sublist-list } xs [n * k..<n * k + k])$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-take-nth*:

$\llbracket n < \text{length } xs \text{ div } k; n < m \text{ div } k \rrbracket \implies (xs \downarrow m) \div_f k ! n = xs \div_f k ! n$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-hd*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; k \leq \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies \text{hd } (xs \div_f k) = \text{last-message } (xs \downarrow k)$

<proof>

thm *list-slice-append-mod*

lemma *f-shrink-append-mod*:

$\text{length } xs \text{ mod } k = 0 \implies (xs @ ys) \div_f k = xs \div_f k @ (ys \div_f k)$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-append-mult*:

$\text{length } xs = m * k \implies (xs @ ys) \div_f k = xs \div_f k @ (ys \div_f k)$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-snoc*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } ys = k; \text{length } xs \text{ mod } k = 0 \rrbracket \implies$
 $(xs @ ys) \div_f k = xs \div_f k @ [\text{last-message } ys]$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-last-message*[rule-format]:

$\text{length } xs \text{ mod } k = 0 \implies \text{last-message } (xs \div_f k) = \text{last-message } xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *append-constant-length-induct*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-replicate*: $m^n \div_f k = m^n \text{ div } k$

⟨proof⟩

thm *last-message-replicate*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-f-expand-id*: $0 < k \implies xs \odot_f k \div_f k = xs$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-expand-f-shrink-id-take*[rule-format]:

$\llbracket \forall i < \text{length } xs. 0 < i \text{ mod } k \implies xs ! i = \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $xs \div_f k \odot_f k = xs \downarrow (\text{length } xs \text{ div } k * k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *append-constant-length-induct*[of k , rule-format]

⟨proof⟩

thm *f-expand-f-shrink-id-take*[of xs k]

corollary *f-expand-f-shrink-id-mod-0*:

$\llbracket \text{length } xs \text{ mod } k = 0; \bigwedge i. \llbracket i < \text{length } xs; 0 < i \text{ mod } k \rrbracket \implies xs ! i = \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $xs \div_f k \odot_f k = xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-take*:

$xs \downarrow n \div_f k = xs \div_f k \downarrow (n \text{ div } k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-take-mult*: $xs \downarrow (n * k) \div_f k = xs \div_f k \downarrow n$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-drop-mult*: $xs \uparrow (n * k) \div_f k = xs \div_f k \uparrow n$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-drop-mod*:

$n \text{ mod } k = 0 \implies xs \uparrow n \div_f k = xs \div_f k \uparrow (n \text{ div } k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *last-message-conv-if*

thm *f-expand-eq-conv*

lemma *f-shrink-eq-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& (xs \div_f k1 = ys \div_f k2) = \\
& (\text{length } xs \text{ div } k1 = \text{length } ys \text{ div } k2 \wedge \\
& (\forall i < \text{length } xs \text{ div } k1. \\
& \quad \text{last-message } (xs \uparrow (i * k1) \downarrow k1) = \text{last-message } (ys \uparrow (i * k2) \downarrow k2))) \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

thm *f-expand-eq-conv'*

lemma *f-shrink-eq-conv'*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& (xs' \div_f k = xs) = \\
& (\text{length } xs' \text{ div } k = \text{length } xs \wedge \\
& (\forall i < \text{length } xs. \\
& \quad \text{if } xs ! i = \varepsilon \text{ then } (\forall j < k. xs' ! (i * k + j) = \varepsilon) \\
& \quad \text{else } (\exists n < k. xs' ! (i * k + n) = xs ! i \wedge \\
& \quad \quad (\forall j < k. n < j \longrightarrow xs' ! (i * k + j) = \varepsilon)))) \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *f-shrink-assoc*: $xs \div_f a \div_f b = xs \div_f (a * b)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *f-shrink-commute*: $xs \div_f a \div_f b = xs \div_f b \div_f a$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-0[simp]*: $f \div_i 0 = (\lambda n. \varepsilon)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-1[simp]*: $f \div_i \text{Suc } 0 = f$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-nth*: $(f \div_i k) n = \text{last-message } (f \uparrow (n * k) \downarrow k)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-nth-eq-map*: $(f \div_i k) n = \text{last-message } (\text{map } f [n * k..<n * k + k])$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-hd*: $(f \div_i k) 0 = \text{last-message } (f \downarrow k)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-i-append-mod*:

$$\text{length } xs \text{ mod } k = 0 \implies (xs \frown f) \div_i k = xs \div_f k \frown (f \div_i k)$$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-i-append-mult*:

$$\text{length } xs = m * k \implies (xs \frown f) \div_i k = xs \div_f k \frown (f \div_i k)$$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-Cons*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } xs = k \rrbracket \implies (xs \frown f) \div_i k = [\text{last-message } xs] \frown (f \div_i k)$$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-take-nth*:

$$n < m \text{ div } k \implies (f \downarrow m) \div_f k ! n = (f \div_i k) n$$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-shrink-const[simp]*: $0 < k \implies (\lambda x. m) \div_i k = (\lambda x. m)$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-const-NoMsg[simp]*: $(\lambda x. \varepsilon) \div_i k = (\lambda x. \varepsilon)$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-i-expand-id*: $0 < k \implies f \odot_i k \div_i k = f$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-i-take-mult*: $0 < k \implies f \Downarrow (n * k) \div_f k = f \div_i k \Downarrow n$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-i-take*:

$$f \Downarrow n \div_f k = f \div_i k \Downarrow (n \operatorname{div} k)$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-i-drop-mult*: $f \Uparrow (n * k) \div_i k = f \div_i k \Uparrow n$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-i-drop-mod*:

$$n \operatorname{mod} k = 0 \implies f \Uparrow n \div_i k = f \div_i k \Uparrow (n \operatorname{div} k)$$

<proof>

thm *f-shrink-eq-conv*

lemma *i-shrink-eq-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} (f \div_i k1 = g \div_i k2) = \\ (\forall i. \operatorname{last-message} (f \Uparrow (i * k1) \Downarrow k1) = \\ \operatorname{last-message} (g \Uparrow (i * k2) \Downarrow k2)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *f-shrink-eq-conv'*

lemma *i-shrink-eq-conv'*:

$$\begin{aligned} (f' \div_i k = f) = \\ (\forall i. \text{if } f i = \varepsilon \text{ then } \forall j < k. f' (i * k + j) = \varepsilon \\ \text{else } \exists n < k. f' (i * k + n) = f i \wedge \\ (\forall j < k. n < j \longrightarrow f' (i * k + j) = \varepsilon)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *f-shrink-assoc*

lemma *i-shrink-assoc*: $f \div_i a \div_i b = f \div_i (a * b)$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-commute*: $f \div_i a \div_i b = f \div_i b \div_i a$

<proof>

2.2.4 Holding last messages in everly cycle of a stream

primrec

last-message-hold-init :: 'a fstream-af \Rightarrow 'a message-af \Rightarrow 'a fstream-af

where

last-message-hold-init [] $m = []$

| *last-message-hold-init* ($x \# xs$) $m =$
 (*if* $x = \varepsilon$ *then* m *else* x) $\#$
 (*last-message-hold-init* xs (*if* $x = \varepsilon$ *then* m *else* x))

definition

last-message-hold $:: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ fstream-af}$

where

last-message-hold $xs \equiv \text{last-message-hold-init } xs \ \varepsilon$

lemma *last-message-hold-init-length[simp]*:

$\bigwedge m. \text{length } (\text{last-message-hold-init } xs \ m) = \text{length } xs$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-init-nth*:

$\bigwedge i \ m. i < \text{length } xs \implies$
 (*last-message-hold-init* $xs \ m$) ! $i = \text{last-message } (m \# xs \ \downarrow \text{Suc } i)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-init-snoc*:

last-message-hold-init ($xs \ @ \ [x]$) $m =$
last-message-hold-init $xs \ m \ @$
 [*if* $x = \varepsilon$ *then* *last-message* ($m \# xs$) *else* x]
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-init-append[rule-format]*:

$\bigwedge xs \ m. \text{last-message-hold-init } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ m =$
last-message-hold-init $xs \ m \ @ \ \text{last-message-hold-init } ys \ (\text{last-message } (m \# xs))$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-length[simp]*: $\text{length } (\text{last-message-hold } xs) = \text{length } xs$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-Nil[simp]*: *last-message-hold* $[] = []$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-one[simp]*: *last-message-hold* $[x] = [x]$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-nth*:

$i < \text{length } xs \implies \text{last-message-hold } xs \ ! \ i = \text{last-message } (xs \ \downarrow \text{Suc } i)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-last*:

$xs \neq [] \implies \text{last } (\text{last-message-hold } xs) = \text{last-message } xs$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-take*:

last-message-hold $xs \ \downarrow \ n = \text{last-message-hold } (xs \ \downarrow \ n)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

lemma *last-message-hold-snoc*:

last-message-hold ($xs \ @ \ [x]$) =
last-message-hold $xs \ @ \ [\text{if } x = \varepsilon \text{ then last-message } xs \ \text{else } x]$

<proof>

lemma *last-message-hold-append*:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{last-message-hold } (xs @ ys) &= \\ \text{last-message-hold } xs @ \text{last-message-hold-init } ys &(\text{last-message } xs) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *last-message-hold-append'*:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{last-message-hold } (xs @ ys) &= \\ \text{last-message-hold } xs @ \text{tl } (\text{last-message-hold } (\text{last-message } xs \# ys)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *last-message-last-message-hold[simp]*:

$$\text{last-message } (\text{last-message-hold } xs) = \text{last-message } xs$$

<proof>

lemma *last-message-hold-idem[simp]*:

$$\text{last-message-hold } (\text{last-message-hold } xs) = \text{last-message-hold } xs$$

<proof>

Returns for each point in time the currently last non-empty message of the current stream cycle of length k .

definition

$$f\text{-last-message-hold} :: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ fstream-af} \text{ (infixl } \mapsto_f \text{ 100)}$$

where

$$f\text{-last-message-hold } xs \ k \equiv \text{concat } (\text{map } \text{last-message-hold } (\text{list-slice2 } xs \ k))$$

definition

$$i\text{-last-message-hold} :: 'a \text{ istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ istream-af} \text{ (infixl } \mapsto_i \text{ 100)}$$

where

$$i\text{-last-message-hold } f \ k \equiv \lambda n. \text{last-message } (f \uparrow (n - n \bmod k) \downarrow \text{Suc } (n \bmod k))$$

syntax (*xsymbols*)

$$-f\text{-last-message-hold} :: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ fstream-af} \text{ (infixl } \mapsto_f \text{ 100)}$$

$$-i\text{-last-message-hold} :: 'a \text{ istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ istream-af} \text{ (infixl } \mapsto_i \text{ 100)}$$

translations

$$-f\text{-last-message-hold } xs \ n \Rightarrow \text{CONST } f\text{-last-message-hold } xs \ n$$

$$-i\text{-last-message-hold } f \ n \Rightarrow \text{CONST } i\text{-last-message-hold } f \ n$$

syntax (*HTML output*)

$$-f\text{-last-message-hold} :: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ fstream-af} \text{ (infixl } \mapsto_f \text{ 100)}$$

$$-i\text{-last-message-hold} :: 'a \text{ istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ istream-af} \text{ (infixl } \mapsto_i \text{ 100)}$$

term $xs \mapsto_f \ k$

term $f \mapsto_i \ k$

lemma *f-last-message-hold-0[simp]*: $xs \mapsto_f \ 0 = \text{last-message-hold } xs$

<proof>

lemma *f-last-message-hold-1[simp]*: $xs \mapsto_f \ (\text{Suc } 0) = xs$

<proof>

lemma *f-last-message-hold-Nil[simp]*: $[] \mapsto_f \ k = []$

<proof>

lemma *f-last-message-hold-length[simp]*: $\text{length } (xs \mapsto_f k) = \text{length } xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *append-constant-length-induct[of k]*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-last-message-hold-le*: $\text{length } xs \leq k \implies xs \mapsto_f k = \text{last-message-hold } xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-last-message-hold-append-mult*:
 $\text{length } xs = m * k \implies (xs @ ys) \mapsto_f k = xs \mapsto_f k @ (ys \mapsto_f k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-last-message-hold-append-mod*:
 $\text{length } xs \bmod k = 0 \implies (xs @ ys) \mapsto_f k = xs \mapsto_f k @ (ys \mapsto_f k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-shrink-nth*

lemma *f-last-message-hold-nth[rule-format]*:
 $\forall n. n < \text{length } xs \longrightarrow xs \mapsto_f k ! n = \text{last-message } (xs \uparrow (n \text{ div } k * k) \downarrow \text{Suc } (n \bmod k))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-last-message-hold-take*: $xs \downarrow n \mapsto_f k = xs \mapsto_f k \downarrow n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-last-message-hold-drop-mult*:
 $xs \uparrow (n * k) \mapsto_f k = xs \mapsto_f k \uparrow (n * k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-last-message-hold-drop-mod*:
 $n \bmod k = 0 \implies xs \uparrow n \mapsto_f k = xs \mapsto_f k \uparrow n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-last-message-hold-idem*: $xs \mapsto_f k \mapsto_f k = xs \mapsto_f k$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-shrink-nth*

lemma *f-shrink-nth-eq-f-last-message-hold-last*:
 $n < \text{length } xs \text{ div } k \implies xs \div_f k ! n = \text{last } (xs \mapsto_f k \uparrow (n * k) \downarrow k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-shrink-nth-eq-f-last-message-hold-nth*:
 $n < \text{length } xs \text{ div } k \implies xs \div_f k ! n = xs \mapsto_f k ! (n * k + k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *last-message-f-last-message-hold*:
 $\text{last-message } (xs \mapsto_f k) = \text{last-message } xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-0[simp]*: $f \mapsto_i 0 = (\lambda n. \text{last-message } (f \Downarrow \text{Suc } n))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-1[simp]*: $f \mapsto_i \text{Suc } 0 = f$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-nth*:
 $(f \mapsto_i k) n = \text{last-message } (f \Uparrow (n - n \bmod k) \Downarrow \text{Suc } (n \bmod k))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-i-append-mult*:
 $\text{length } xs = m * k \implies (xs \frown f) \mapsto_i k = (xs \mapsto_f k) \frown (f \mapsto_i k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-i-append-mod*:
 $\text{length } xs \bmod k = 0 \implies (xs \frown f) \mapsto_i k = (xs \mapsto_f k) \frown (f \mapsto_i k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-i-take*: $f \Downarrow n \mapsto_f k = (f \mapsto_i k) \Downarrow n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-i-drop-mult*:
 $f \Uparrow (n * k) \mapsto_i k = f \mapsto_i k \Uparrow (n * k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-i-drop-mod*:
 $n \bmod k = 0 \implies f \Uparrow n \mapsto_i k = f \mapsto_i k \Uparrow n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-last-message-hold-idem*: $f \mapsto_i k \mapsto_i k = f \mapsto_i k$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-shrink-nth-eq-f-last-message-hold-nth*

lemma *i-shrink-nth-eq-i-last-message-hold-nth*:
 $0 < k \implies (f \div_i k) n = (f \mapsto_i k) (n * k + k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-shrink-nth-eq-f-last-message-hold-last*

lemma *i-shrink-nth-eq-i-last-message-hold-last*:
 $0 < k \implies (f \div_i k) n = \text{last } (f \mapsto_i k \Uparrow (n * k) \Downarrow k)$
 ⟨proof⟩

2.2.5 Compressing lists

Lists/Non-message streams do not have to permit the empty message ε to be element. Thus, they are compressed by factor k by just aggregating every sequence of length k to its last element.

definition

f-shrink-last :: 'a list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a list (infixl \div_{fl} 100)

where

$f\text{-shrink-last } xs \ k \equiv f\text{-aggregate } xs \ k \ \text{last}$

definition

$i\text{-shrink-last} :: 'a \ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{ilist} \ (\text{infixl } \div_{il} \ 100)$

where

$i\text{-shrink-last } f \ k \equiv i\text{-aggregate } f \ k \ \text{last}$

syntax (*xsymbols*)

$-f\text{-shrink-last} :: 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list} \ (\text{infixl } \div_l \ 100)$

$-i\text{-shrink-last} :: 'a \ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{ilist} \ (\text{infixl } \div_l \ 100)$

translations

$-f\text{-shrink-last } xs \ n \equiv \text{CONST } f\text{-shrink-last } xs \ n$

$-i\text{-shrink-last } xs \ n \equiv \text{CONST } i\text{-shrink-last } xs \ n$

syntax (*HTML output*)

$-f\text{-shrink-last} :: 'a \ \text{list} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{list} \ (\text{infixl } \div_l \ 100)$

$-i\text{-shrink-last} :: 'a \ \text{ilist} \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \ \text{ilist} \ (\text{infixl } \div_l \ 100)$

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-0}$ [*simp*]: $xs \ \div_{fl} \ 0 = []$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-1}$ [*simp*]: $xs \ \div_{fl} \ \text{Suc } 0 = xs$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-Nil}$ [*simp*]: $[] \ \div_{fl} \ k = []$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-length}$: $\text{length } (xs \ \div_{fl} \ k) = \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-empty-conv}$:

$0 < k \implies (xs \ \div_{fl} \ k = []) = (\text{length } xs < k)$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-Cons}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k;$

$\text{length } xs = k \rrbracket \implies (xs \ @ \ ys) \ \div_{fl} \ k = \text{last } xs \ \# \ (ys \ \div_{fl} \ k)$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-one}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } xs = k \rrbracket \implies xs \ \div_{fl} \ k = [\text{last } xs]$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-eq-f-shrink-last-take}$:

$xs \ \downarrow \ (\text{length } xs \ \text{div } k * k) \ \div_{fl} \ k = xs \ \div_{fl} \ k$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-shrink-last-nth}$:

$n < \text{length } xs \ \text{div } k \implies (xs \ \div_{fl} \ k) \ ! \ n = xs \ ! \ (n * k + k - \text{Suc } 0)$

<proof>

corollary *f-shrink-last-nth'*:

$$n < \text{length } xs \text{ div } k \implies (xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k) ! n = xs ! (Suc\ n * k - Suc\ 0)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-hd*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; k \leq \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies \text{hd } (xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k) = xs ! (k - Suc\ 0)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-map*: $(\text{map } f\ xs) \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = \text{map } f\ (xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k)$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-append-mod*:

$$\text{length } xs \bmod k = 0 \implies (xs @ ys) \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k @ (ys \div_{\mathcal{F}} k)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-append-mult*:

$$\text{length } xs = m * k \implies (xs @ ys) \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k @ (ys \div_{\mathcal{F}} k)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-snoc*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } ys = k; \text{length } xs \bmod k = 0 \rrbracket \implies \\ (xs @ ys) \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k @ [\text{last } ys]$$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-last*:

$$\text{length } xs \bmod k = 0 \implies \text{last } (xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k) = \text{last } xs$$

<proof>

thm *append-take-drop-id*[of $\text{length } xs - k\ xs$]

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-replicate*: $m^n \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = m^n \text{ div } k$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-take*:

$$xs \downarrow n \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k \downarrow (n \text{ div } k)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-take-mult*: $xs \downarrow (n * k) \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k \downarrow n$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-drop-mult*: $xs \uparrow (n * k) \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k \uparrow n$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-drop-mod*:

$$n \bmod k = 0 \implies xs \uparrow n \div_{\mathcal{F}} k = xs \div_{\mathcal{F}} k \uparrow (n \text{ div } k)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-assoc*: $xs \div_{\#} a \div_{\#} b = xs \div_{\#} (a * b)$
<proof>

lemma *f-shrink-last-commute*: $xs \div_{\#} a \div_{\#} b = xs \div_{\#} b \div_{\#} a$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-1[simp]*: $f \div_{!} \text{Suc } 0 = f$
<proof>

thm *f-shrink-last-nth*

lemma *i-shrink-last-nth*: $0 < k \implies (f \div_{!} k) n = f (n * k + k - \text{Suc } 0)$
<proof>

thm *f-shrink-last-nth'*

lemma *i-shrink-last-nth'*: $0 < k \implies (f \div_{!} k) n = f (\text{Suc } n * k - \text{Suc } 0)$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-hd*: $(f \div_{!} k) 0 = \text{last } (f \Downarrow k)$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-o*: $0 < k \implies (f \circ g) \div_{!} k = f \circ (g \div_{!} k)$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-i-append-mod*:

$\text{length } xs \bmod k = 0 \implies (xs \frown f) \div_{!} k = xs \div_{\#} k \frown (f \div_{!} k)$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-i-append-mult*:

$\text{length } xs = m * k \implies (xs \frown f) \div_{!} k = xs \div_{\#} k \frown (f \div_{!} k)$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-Cons*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{length } xs = k \rrbracket \implies (xs \frown f) \div_{!} k = [\text{last } xs] \frown (f \div_{!} k)$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-const*: $0 < k \implies (\lambda x. m) \div_{!} k = (\lambda x. m)$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-i-take-mult*:

$0 < k \implies f \Downarrow (n * k) \div_{\#} k = f \div_{!} k \Downarrow n$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-i-take*:

$f \Downarrow n \div_{\#} k = f \div_{!} k \Downarrow (n \text{ div } k)$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-i-drop-mult*: $f \Uparrow (n * k) \div_{!} k = f \div_{!} k \Uparrow n$
<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-i-drop-mod*:

$$n \bmod k = 0 \implies f \uparrow n \div_{il} k = f \div_{il} k \uparrow (n \operatorname{div} k)$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-assoc*: $f \div_{il} a \div_{il} b = f \div_{il} (a * b)$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-last-commute*: $f \div_{il} a \div_{il} b = f \div_{il} b \div_{il} a$

<proof>

Shrinking a message stream with *last-message* as aggregation function corresponds to shrinking the stream holding last message in each cycle with *last* as aggregation function.

lemma *f-shrink-eq-f-last-message-hold-shrink-last*:

$$xs \div_f k = xs \mapsto_f k \div_{fl} k$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-i-last-message-hold-shrink-last*:

$$0 < k \implies f \div_i k = f \mapsto_i k \div_{il} k$$

<proof>

end

3 AF-Stream-Exec: Processing of message streams

theory *AF-Stream-Exec*

imports *AF-Stream ListInf-Prefix SetIntervalStep*

begin

3.1 Executing components with state transition functions

3.1.1 Basic definitions

Function type for functions converting an input value to an input port message for a component

type-synonym

$$('a, 'in) \text{ Port-Input-Value} = 'a \Rightarrow 'in \text{ message-af}$$

Function type for functions extracting the output value of a single output port from a component value

type-synonym

$$('comp, 'out) \text{ Port-Output-Value} = 'comp \Rightarrow 'out \text{ message-af}$$

Function type for functions extracting the local state of a component from a component value

type-synonym

$$('comp, 'state) \text{ Comp-Local-State} = 'comp \Rightarrow 'state$$

Function type for transition functions computing the component’s value after processing an input for a single time unit

type-synonym

$$('comp, 'input) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} = 'input \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow 'comp$$
primrec $f\text{-Exec-Comp} ::$

$$('comp, 'input) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow 'input \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow 'comp$$
where

$$f\text{-Exec-Nil}: f\text{-Exec-Comp} \text{ trans-fun } [] \ c = c$$

$$| f\text{-Exec-Cons}: f\text{-Exec-Comp} \text{ trans-fun } (x \# xs) \ c = f\text{-Exec-Comp} \text{ trans-fun } xs \ (trans\text{-fun } x \ c)$$
definition

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-N} :: ('comp, 'input) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'input \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow 'comp$$
where

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-N} \text{ trans-fun } n \ xs \ c \equiv f\text{-Exec-Comp} \text{ trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n) \ c$$
primrec

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream} ::$$

$$('comp, 'input) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow 'input \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow 'comp \text{ list}$$
where

$$f\text{-Exec-Stream-Nil}: f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream} \text{ trans-fun } [] \ c = []$$

$$| f\text{-Exec-Stream-Cons}: f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream} \text{ trans-fun } (x \# xs) \ c = (trans\text{-fun } x \ c) \# (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream} \text{ trans-fun } xs \ (trans\text{-fun } x \ c))$$
primrec

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} ::$$

$$('comp, 'input) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow 'input \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow 'comp \text{ list}$$
where

$$f\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-Nil}: f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \text{ trans-fun } [] \ c = [c]$$

$$| f\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-Cons}: f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \text{ trans-fun } (x \# xs) \ c = c \# (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \text{ trans-fun } xs \ (trans\text{-fun } x \ c))$$
definition

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream} :: ('comp, 'input) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow 'input \text{ ilist} \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow 'comp \text{ ilist}$$
where

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream} \equiv \lambda \text{trans-fun } input \ c \ n.$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp} \text{ trans-fun } (input \downarrow Suc \ n) \ c$$
definition

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} :: ('comp, 'input) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow 'input \text{ ilist} \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow 'comp \text{ ilist}$$
where

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \equiv \lambda \text{trans-fun input } c \ n.$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun (input } \Downarrow n) \ c$

3.1.2 Basic results

lemma $f\text{-Exec-one}$: $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } [m] \ c = \text{trans-fun } m \ c$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-length}$ [rule-format , simp]:
 $\forall c. \text{length } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) = \text{length } xs$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-empty-conv}$:
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c = []) = (xs = [])$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-not-empty-conv}$:
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c \neq []) = (xs \neq [])$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-eq-f-Exec-Stream-last}$ [rule-format]:
 $\forall c. f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c = \text{last } (c \ \# \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $f\text{-Exec-eq-f-Exec-Stream-last2}$ [rule-format]:
 $xs \neq [] \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c = \text{last } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $f\text{-Exec-eq-f-Exec-Stream-last-if}$:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c = (\text{if } xs = [] \ \text{then } c \ \text{else } \text{last } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c))$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $f\text{-Exec-take-eq-last-f-Exec-Stream-take}$:
 $[xs \neq []; 0 < n] \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \Downarrow \ n) \ c =$
 $\text{last } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \ \Downarrow \ n) \ c)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $f\text{-Exec-N-eq-last-f-Exec-Stream-take}$:
 $[xs \neq []; 0 < n] \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } n \ xs \ c =$
 $\text{last } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \ \Downarrow \ n) \ c)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-nth}$:
 $\bigwedge n \ c. \ n < \text{length } xs \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n = f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \Downarrow \ \text{Suc } n) \ c$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-nth2}$:
 $n \leq \text{length } xs \implies$

$(c \# f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) \ ! \ n = f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \downarrow \ n)$
 c
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-N-all*:

$length \ xs \leq \ n \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } n \ xs \ c = f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-append*[rule-format]: $\forall \ c.$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) \ @$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ys \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-append-last-Cons*[rule-format]:

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) \ @$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ys \ (last \ (c \ # \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c))))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-append-last*[rule-format]:

$xs \neq [] \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) \ @$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ys \ (last \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c)))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-append-if*:

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) \ @$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ys \ ($
 $\text{if } xs = [] \text{ then } c \text{ else } last \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c)))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-append*:

$f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ys \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Cons*

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-Cons-rev*:

$xs \neq [] \implies$
 $(trans\text{-fun } (hd \ xs) \ c) \ \#$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (tl \ xs) \ (trans\text{-fun } (hd \ xs) \ c) =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c$

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Cons*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-snoc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \text{ @ } [x]) \ c = \\ & \quad f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c \text{ @} \\ & \quad [trans\text{-fun } x \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c)] \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *f-Exec-snoc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \text{ @ } [x]) \ c = \\ & \quad trans\text{-fun } x \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *f-Exec-N-append*[rule-format]:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } (a + b) \ xs \ c = \\ & \quad f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } b \ (xs \uparrow a) \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } a \ xs \ c) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

corollary *f-Exec-N-Suc*[rule-format]:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } (Suc \ n) \ xs \ c = \\ & \quad f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } (Suc \ 0) \ (xs \uparrow n) \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } n \ xs \ c) \\ & \textbf{thm} \ f\text{-Exec-N-append}[of \ trans\text{-fun } n \ Suc \ 0 \ xs \ c] \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

corollary *f-Exec-N-Suc2*[rule-format]:

$$\begin{aligned} & n < \text{length } xs \implies \\ & \quad f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } (Suc \ n) \ xs \ c = \\ & \quad \quad trans\text{-fun } (xs \ ! \ n) \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } n \ xs \ c) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

theorem *f-Exec-Stream-take*:

$$\begin{aligned} & (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) \downarrow n = \\ & \quad f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n) \ c \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

theorem *f-Exec-Stream-drop*:

$$\begin{aligned} & (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) \uparrow n = \\ & \quad f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \uparrow n) \\ & \quad \quad (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n) \ c) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-nth*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input \ c \ n = f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (input \ \Downarrow \ Suc \\ & \quad n) \ c \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-nth-Suc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input \ c \ (Suc \ n) = \\ & \quad trans\text{-fun } (input \ (Suc \ n)) \ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input \ c \ n) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-nth-Suc-first*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input } c \text{ (Suc } n) = \\ & (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (input } \uparrow \text{ Suc } 0) (\text{trans-fun (input } 0) c) n) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

thm *i-Exec-Stream-nth*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-nth-eq-i-Exec-Stream-nth*:

$$\begin{aligned} & n < n' \implies \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (input } \downarrow n') c ! n = \\ & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input } c n \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-append*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (xs } \frown \text{ input) } c = \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun xs } c \frown \\ & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input (f-Exec-Comp trans-fun xs } c) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-append-last-Cons*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (xs } \frown \text{ input) } c = \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun xs } c \frown \\ & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input (} \\ & \quad \text{last (c } \# \text{ f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun xs } c)) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-append-last*:

$$\begin{aligned} & xs \neq [] \implies \\ & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (xs } \frown \text{ input) } c = \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun xs } c \frown \\ & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input (} \\ & \quad \text{last (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun xs } c)) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-append-if*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (xs } \frown \text{ input) } c = \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun xs } c \frown \\ & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input (} \\ & \quad \text{if } xs = [] \text{ then } c \\ & \quad \text{else last (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun xs } c)) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-Cons*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun ([x] } \frown \text{ input) } c = \\ & [\text{trans-fun } x c] \frown i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input (trans-fun } x c) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-Cons-rev*:

$$[\text{trans-fun (input } 0) c] \frown$$

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } \uparrow \text{ Suc } 0) (\text{trans-fun } (\text{input } 0) c) = \\ & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } \text{input } c \end{aligned}$$

thm *i-Exec-Stream-append*[of trans-fun [input 0] input \uparrow Suc 0 c]
 ⟨proof⟩

theorem *i-Exec-Stream-take*:

$$\begin{aligned} & (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } \text{input } c) \downarrow n = \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } \downarrow n) c \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

theorem *i-Exec-Stream-drop*:

$$\begin{aligned} & (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } \text{input } c) \uparrow n = \\ & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } \uparrow n) (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (\text{input } \downarrow n) \\ & c) \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-take*:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag } \downarrow n = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((xs \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-take*:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c) k \text{ ag } \downarrow n = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((xs \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-take*:

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \implies \\ & i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } \odot_i k) c)) k \text{ ag } \downarrow n = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((\text{input } \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-take*:

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \implies \\ & i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } \odot_i k) c) k \text{ ag } \downarrow n = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((\text{input } \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

thm *f-Exec-Stream-drop*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-drop*:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag } \uparrow n = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((xs \uparrow n) \odot_f k) (\\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((xs \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c))) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-drop*:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c) k \text{ ag } \uparrow n = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((xs \uparrow n) \odot_f k) (\\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((xs \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-drop*:

$0 < k \implies$

$i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \odot_i k) c)) k \text{ ag } \uparrow n =$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((input \uparrow n) \odot_i k) ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((input \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c))) k \text{ ag}$

<proof>

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-drop*:

$0 < k \implies$

$i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \odot_i k) c) k \text{ ag } \uparrow n =$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((input \uparrow n) \odot_i k) ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((input \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag}$

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-Stream-nth-eq-i-Exec-Stream-nth*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-nth-eq-i-nth*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < n' \rrbracket \implies$

$f\text{-aggregate } (map f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \downarrow n' \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag } ! n =$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \odot_i k) c)) k \text{ ag } n$

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-nth-eq-i-nth'*:

$0 < k \implies$

$f\text{-aggregate } (map f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \downarrow Suc n \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag } ! n =$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \odot_i k) c)) k \text{ ag } n$

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-nth-eq-i-nth*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < n' \rrbracket \implies$

$f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \downarrow n' \odot_f k) c) k \text{ ag } ! n =$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \odot_i k) c) k \text{ ag } n$

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-nth-eq-i-nth'*:

$0 < k \implies$

$f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \downarrow Suc n \odot_f k) c) k \text{ ag } ! n =$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (input \odot_i k) c) k \text{ ag } n$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-last-map-nth-eq-f-Exec-Comp*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < length xs \rrbracket \implies$

$map f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c) \div_{\#} k ! n =$
 $f (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((xs \downarrow Suc n) \odot_f k) c)$

thm *f-shrink-last-map*

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-last-nth-eq-f-Exec-Comp*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c \div_f k ! n =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((xs \downarrow \text{Suc } n) \odot_f k) c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-nth*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag } ! n =$
 $\text{ag } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs ! n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n \odot_f k) c)))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-nth*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-aggregate } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c) k \text{ ag } ! n =$
 $\text{ag } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs ! n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n \odot_f k) c))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-map-nth*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $(\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c)) \div_f k ! n =$
 $\text{last-message } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs ! n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n \odot_f k) c)))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-nth*:

$0 < k \implies$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c)) k \text{ ag } n =$
 $\text{ag } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((\text{input} \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c)))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-nth*:

$0 < k \implies$
 $i\text{-aggregate } (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) k \text{ ag } n =$
 $\text{ag } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((\text{input} \downarrow n) \odot_f k) c))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-map-nth*:

$0 < k \implies$
 $((f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c)) \div_i k) n =$
 $\text{last-message } (\text{map } f (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (\text{input} \downarrow n \odot_f k) c)))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-snoc*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c \uparrow (n * k) \downarrow k =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs ! n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n \odot_f k) c)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm *f-aggregate-def*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-map-aggregate-append*:

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((xs \text{ @ } ys) \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag} = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag @} \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (ys \odot_f k) (\\ & \quad \text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c))) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-expand-map-aggregate-append*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((xs \text{ } \frown \text{ input}) \odot_i k) c)) k \text{ ag} = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag } \frown \\ & i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } \odot_i k) (\\ & \quad \text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c))) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-map-aggregate-Cons*:

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \implies \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((x \# xs) \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag} = \\ & \text{ag } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) c)) \# \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) (\\ & \quad \text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) c))) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-expand-map-aggregate-snoc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \implies \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ((xs \text{ @ } [x]) \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag} = \\ & f\text{-aggregate } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c)) k \text{ ag @} \\ & [\text{ag } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) (\\ & \quad \text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) c)))] \end{aligned}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-expand-map-aggregate-Cons*:

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \implies \\ & i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (([x] \text{ } \frown \text{ input}) \odot_i k) c)) k \text{ ag} = \\ & [\text{ag } (\text{map } f \text{ (f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) c))] \frown \\ & i\text{-aggregate } (f \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } \odot_i k) (\\ & \quad \text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) c))) k \text{ ag} \end{aligned}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm *f-Exec-Stream-nth*

lemma *f-Exec-N-eq-f-Exec-Stream-nth*:

$$\begin{aligned} & n \leq \text{length } xs \implies \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } n \text{ } xs \text{ } c = (c \# f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \text{ } c) ! n \end{aligned}$$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

theorem *f-Exec-Stream-causal*:

$$xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n \implies$$

$$(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c) \downarrow n = (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ys \ c)$$

$$\downarrow n$$

⟨proof⟩

theorem *i-Exec-Stream-causal*:

$$input1 \downarrow n = input2 \downarrow n \implies$$

$$(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input1 \ c) \downarrow n = (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input2 \ c) \downarrow n$$

⟨proof⟩

Results for *f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init*

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init computes the execution stream of a component with the initial value of the component at the beginning of the result stream.

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-length*[rule-format, simp]:

$$\forall c. \text{length } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) = \text{Suc } (\text{length } xs)$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-not-empty*:

$$(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c \neq [])$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Init-last*[rule-format]:

$$\forall c. f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c = \text{last } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c)$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Cons*[rule-format]:

$$\forall c. f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c = c \# f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c$$

⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Cons-output*:

$$\text{output-fun } c = \varepsilon \implies$$

$$\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) =$$

$$\varepsilon \# \text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c)$$

⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-Init-tl-eq-f-Exec-Stream*:

$$\text{tl } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) = f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-N-eq-last-f-Exec-Stream-Init-take*:

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun } n \ xs \ c =$$

$$\text{last } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n) \ c)$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-nth*:

$$n \leq \text{length } xs \implies$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c ! n = f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n) \ c$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-0*: $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ 0 = c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-hd*: $hd \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) = c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-Suc-eq-f-Exec-Stream-nth*:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ (Suc \ n) = f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-append*:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) \ @$
 $tl \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } ys \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c))$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-Init-append-last*:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) \ @$
 $tl \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } ys \ (last \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c)))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-f-Exec-Stream-append*:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) \ @$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } ys \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-take*:
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) \ \downarrow \ Suc \ n =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (xs \ \downarrow \ n) \ c$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-Exec-Stream-drop*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-drop*:
 $n \leq length \ xs \ \Longrightarrow$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) \ \uparrow \ n =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (xs \ \uparrow \ n)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \downarrow \ n) \ c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *take-Suc-conv-app-nth drop-Suc-conv-tl[symmetric]*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-drop-geq-not-valid*:
 $length \ xs \ \leq \ n \ \Longrightarrow$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) \ \uparrow \ Suc \ n \neq$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun arbitrary-input arbitrary-comp}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-nth*:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c \ n = f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun (input } \Downarrow n) \ c$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-0}$:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c \ 0 = c$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-Suc-eq-}i\text{-Exec-Stream-nth}$:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c \ (Suc \ n) = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input } c \ n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-}f\text{-Exec-Stream-Cons}$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-}i\text{-Exec-Stream-Cons}$:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c = [c] \ \frown \ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input } c$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-}i\text{-Exec-Stream-Cons-output}$:

$output\text{-fun } c = \varepsilon \implies$

$output\text{-fun } \circ \ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c =$

$[\varepsilon] \ \frown \ (output\text{-fun } \circ \ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input } c)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-append}$:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun (input1 } \frown \ input2) \ c =$

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input1 } c) \ \frown$

$((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input2 } (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun input1 } c))$

$\Uparrow \ Suc \ 0)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-append-last}$:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun (input1 } \frown \ input2) \ c =$

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input1 } c) \ \frown$

$((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input2 } (last \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input1 } c))) \ \Uparrow \ Suc \ 0)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-}i\text{-Exec-Stream-append}$:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun (input1 } \frown \ input2) \ c =$

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input1 } c) \ \frown$

$(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input2 } (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun input1 } c))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-take}$:

$(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c) \ \Downarrow \ Suc \ n =$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun (input } \Downarrow \ n) \ c$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-drop}$:

$(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c) \ \Uparrow \ n =$

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun (input } \Uparrow \ n)$

(*f-Exec-Comp trans-fun (input ↓ n) c*)
 ⟨*proof*⟩

thm *upt-conv-Cons*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

theorem *f-Exec-Stream-Init-strictly-causal:*

$xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n \implies$
 (*f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun xs c*) ↓ *Suc n* = (*f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun ys c*) ↓ *Suc n*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

theorem *i-Exec-Stream-Init-strictly-causal:*

$input1 \downarrow n = input2 \downarrow n \implies$
 (*i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input1 c*) ↓ *Suc n* = (*i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input2 c*) ↓ *Suc n*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

theorem *f-Exec-N-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Init-nth:*

$n \leq \text{length } xs \implies$
f-Exec-Comp-N trans-fun n xs c = *f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun xs c ! n*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Basic results for previous element functions

The functions *list-Previous* and *ilist-Previous* return the previous element of the list relatively to the specified position *n* or the initial element if *n* is 0,

definition

list-Previous :: 'value list ⇒ 'value ⇒ nat ⇒ 'value

where

list-Previous xs init n ≡
 case *n* of
 0 ⇒ *init* |
Suc n' ⇒ *xs ! n'*

definition

ilist-Previous :: 'value ilist ⇒ 'value ⇒ nat ⇒ 'value

where

ilist-Previous f init n ≡
 case *n* of
 0 ⇒ *init* |
Suc n' ⇒ *f n'*

abbreviation (*xsymbols*)

list-Previous' :: 'value list ⇒ 'value ⇒ nat ⇒ 'value ($\overset{\leftarrow}{-}$ - [1000, 10, 100] 100)

where

xs^{\leftarrow} *init n* ≡ *list-Previous xs init n*

abbreviation (*xsymbols*)

ilist-Previous' :: 'value ilist ⇒ 'value ⇒ nat ⇒ 'value ($\overset{\leftarrow}{-}$ - [1000, 10, 100]

100)

where

$f^{\leftarrow \text{init}} n \equiv \text{ilist-Previous } f \text{ init } n$

lemma *list-Previous-nth*: $xs^{\leftarrow'} \text{init } n = (\text{case } n \text{ of } 0 \Rightarrow \text{init} \mid \text{Suc } n' \Rightarrow xs ! n')$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *ilist-Previous-nth*: $f^{\leftarrow \text{init}} n = (\text{case } n \text{ of } 0 \Rightarrow \text{init} \mid \text{Suc } n' \Rightarrow f n')$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-Previous-nth-if*: $xs^{\leftarrow'} \text{init } n = (\text{if } n = 0 \text{ then } \text{init} \text{ else } xs ! (n - \text{Suc } 0))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *ilist-Previous-nth-if*: $f^{\leftarrow \text{init}} n = (\text{if } n = 0 \text{ then } \text{init} \text{ else } f (n - \text{Suc } 0))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-Previous-Cons*: $xs^{\leftarrow'} \text{init } n = (\text{init} \# xs) ! n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *ilist-Previous-Cons*: $f^{\leftarrow \text{init}} n = ([\text{init}] \frown f) n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-Previous-0*: $xs^{\leftarrow'} \text{init } 0 = \text{init}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *ilist-Previous-0*: $f^{\leftarrow \text{init}} 0 = \text{init}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-Previous-gr0*: $0 < n \Longrightarrow xs^{\leftarrow'} \text{init } n = xs ! (n - \text{Suc } 0)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *ilist-Previous-gr0*: $0 < n \Longrightarrow f^{\leftarrow \text{init}} n = f (n - \text{Suc } 0)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *list-Previous-Suc*: $xs^{\leftarrow'} \text{init } (\text{Suc } n) = xs ! n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *ilist-Previous-Suc*: $f^{\leftarrow \text{init}} (\text{Suc } n) = f n$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *list-Previous-def ilist-Previous-def*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Previous-f-Exec-Stream-Init*:

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c ! \ n =$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c)^{\leftarrow'} \ c \ n$

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Cons*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Previous-i-Exec-Stream-Init*:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c \ n =$
 $(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input } c)^{\leftarrow'} \ c \ n$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-hd*:

$$0 < \text{length } xs \implies \text{hd } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c) = \text{trans-fun } (\text{hd } xs) \ c$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-nth-0*:

$$0 < \text{length } xs \implies (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c) ! 0 = \text{trans-fun } (xs ! 0) \ c$$

<proof>

The calculation of the n-th result stream element from the previous result stream element and the current input stream element.

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-nth-gr0-calc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket n < \text{length } xs; 0 < n \rrbracket \implies \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c ! n = \\ & \text{trans-fun } (xs ! n) (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c ! (n - 1)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *list-Previous-def*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-nth-calc-Previous*:

$$\begin{aligned} & n < \text{length } xs \implies \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c ! n = \\ & \text{trans-fun } (xs ! n) ((f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c)^{\leftarrow' c} n) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-nth-0*:

$$(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c) 0 = \text{trans-fun } (\text{input } 0) \ c$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-nth-gr0-calc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < n \implies \\ & (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c) n = \\ & \text{trans-fun } (\text{input } n) ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c) (n - 1)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

The component state (and thus its output) at time point n is computed from the previous state (the state at time $n - 1$) for $(0::'a) < n$ or the initial state for $n = (0::'a)$ and the input at time n .

thm *ilist-Previous-def*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-nth-calc-Previous*:

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ n = \\ & \text{trans-fun } (\text{input } n) ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c)^{\leftarrow c} n) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-Suc-calc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & n < \text{length } xs \implies \\ & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c ! \text{Suc } n = \\ & \text{trans-fun } (xs ! n) (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c ! n) \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-Plus1-calc*:

$$\begin{aligned} n < \text{length } xs &\implies \\ f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ (n + 1) &= \\ \text{trans-fun } (xs \ ! \ n) \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n) & \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-gr0-calc*:

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket n \leq \text{length } xs; 0 < n \rrbracket &\implies \\ f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n &= \\ \text{trans-fun } (xs \ ! \ (n - 1)) \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ (n - 1)) & \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

At the beginning, the component state (and thus its output) for the execution stream with initial state is represented by the initial state, contrary to the *i-Exec-Comp-Stream* that does not contain the initial state.

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-0*

The component state (and thus its output) at time point $n + (1::'a)$ for the execution stream with initial state is computed from the previous state (the state at time n) and the previous input (input at time n), contrary to the *i-Exec-Comp-Stream*, where each state at time n represents the resulting state after processing the input at time n .

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-Suc-calc*:

$$\begin{aligned} i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ (Suc \ n) &= \\ \text{trans-fun } (\text{input } n) \ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ n) & \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-Plus1-calc*:

$$\begin{aligned} i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ (n + 1) &= \\ \text{trans-fun } (\text{input } n) \ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ n) & \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-gr0-calc*:

$$\begin{aligned} 0 < n &\implies \\ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ n &= \\ \text{trans-fun } (\text{input } (n - 1)) \ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ (n - 1)) & \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

Correlation between Pre/Post-Conditions for *f-Exec-Comp-Stream* and *f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1*:

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket n < \text{length } xs; \\ c\text{-}n &= (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c) \leftarrow' c \ n; x\text{-}n = xs \ ! \ n \rrbracket \implies \\ (P1 \ x\text{-}n \wedge P2 \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n)) &= \\ (P1 \ x\text{-}n \wedge P2 \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n)) & \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1*

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1*[OF - refl refl]

Direct relation between input and result after transition

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket n < \text{length } xs; \\ & \quad c\text{-}n = (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c) \leftarrow^c c \ n; \ x\text{-}n = xs \ ! \ n \rrbracket \implies \\ & (P \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (xs \ ! \ n) \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n)) = \\ & (P \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ x\text{-}n \ (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post2-Suc*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{Suc } n < \text{length } xs; \\ & \quad c\text{-}n = f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n; \ x\text{-}n1 = xs \ ! \ \text{Suc } n \rrbracket \implies \\ & (P \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (xs \ ! \ \text{Suc } n) \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ \text{Suc } n)) = \\ & (P \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ x\text{-}n1 \ (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n1 \ c\text{-}n)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post1*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket n < \text{length } xs; \\ & \quad c\text{-}n = f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n; \ x\text{-}n = xs \ ! \ n \rrbracket \implies \\ & (P1 \ x\text{-}n \ \wedge \ P2 \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ \text{Suc } n)) = \\ & (P1 \ x\text{-}n \ \wedge \ P2 \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n)) \end{aligned}$$

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Init-nth-Suc-calc*

<proof>

Direct relation between input and state before transition

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket n < \text{length } xs; \\ & \quad c\text{-}n = f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n; \ x\text{-}n = xs \ ! \ n \rrbracket \implies \\ & (P \ (xs \ ! \ n) \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n) \longrightarrow \\ & \quad Q \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ \text{Suc } n)) = \\ & (P \ x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket c\text{-}n = (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c) \leftarrow^c c \ n; \ x\text{-}n = \text{input } n \rrbracket \implies \\ & (P1 \ x\text{-}n \ \wedge \ P2 \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ n)) = \\ & (P1 \ x\text{-}n \ \wedge \ P2 \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1*

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1[OF refl refl]*

Direct relation between input and result after transition

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket c\text{-}n = (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c) \leftarrow^c c \ n; \ x\text{-}n = \text{input } n \rrbracket \implies \\ & (P \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{input } n) \ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ n)) = \\ & (P \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ x\text{-}n \ (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post2-Suc*:

$$\llbracket c\text{-}n = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c \ n; \ x\text{-}n1 = \text{input } (\text{Suc } n) \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (P \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{input} \ (\text{Suc} \ n)) \ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream} \ \text{trans-fun} \ \text{input} \ c \ (\text{Suc} \ n))) \\
& = \\
& (P \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ x\text{-}n1 \ (\text{trans-fun} \ x\text{-}n1 \ c\text{-}n)) \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post1*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \llbracket c\text{-}n = \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \ \text{trans-fun} \ \text{input} \ c \ n; \ x\text{-}n = \text{input} \ n \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \\
& (P1 \ x\text{-}n \wedge P2 \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \ \text{trans-fun} \ \text{input} \ c \ (\text{Suc} \ n))) \\
& = \\
& (P1 \ x\text{-}n \wedge P2 \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{trans-fun} \ x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n)) \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

Direct relation between input and state before transition

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post2*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \llbracket c\text{-}n = \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \ \text{trans-fun} \ \text{input} \ c \ n; \ x\text{-}n = \text{input} \ n \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \\
& (P \ (\text{input} \ n) \ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \ \text{trans-fun} \ \text{input} \ c \ n) \longrightarrow \\
& \quad Q \ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \ \text{trans-fun} \ \text{input} \ c \ (\text{Suc} \ n))) = \\
& (P \ x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \ (\text{trans-fun} \ x\text{-}n \ c\text{-}n)) \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

Basic results for stream prefixes

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-prefix*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& xs \leq ys \Longrightarrow \\
& \text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream} \ \text{trans-fun} \ xs \ c \leq \\
& \text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream} \ \text{trans-fun} \ ys \ c \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-prefix*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& xs \sqsubseteq \text{input} \Longrightarrow \\
& \text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream} \ \text{trans-fun} \ xs \ c \sqsubseteq \\
& \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream} \ \text{trans-fun} \ \text{input} \ c \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *f-Exec-N-prefix*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \llbracket n \leq \text{length} \ xs; \ xs \leq ys \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \\
& \text{f-Exec-Comp-N} \ \text{trans-fun} \ n \ xs \ c = \\
& \text{f-Exec-Comp-N} \ \text{trans-fun} \ n \ ys \ c \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

theorem *f-Exec-Stream-prefix-causal*[rule-format]:

$$\begin{aligned}
& n \leq \text{length} \ (xs \sqcap ys) \Longrightarrow \\
& \text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream} \ \text{trans-fun} \ xs \ c \downarrow n = \\
& \text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream} \ \text{trans-fun} \ ys \ c \downarrow n \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

thm *f-Exec-Stream-prefix-causal*

thm *f-Exec-Stream-prefix-causal*[OF order-refl]

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-prefix*:

$$xs \leq ys \Longrightarrow$$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs\ c \leq$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } ys\ c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-prefix}$:

$xs \sqsubseteq \text{input} \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs\ c \sqsubseteq$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } \text{input}\ c$
 ⟨proof⟩

theorem $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-prefix-strictly-causal}$ [rule-format]:

$n \leq \text{length } (xs \sqcap ys) \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs\ c \downarrow \text{Suc } n =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } ys\ c \downarrow \text{Suc } n$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-prefix-causal}$

thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-prefix-causal}$ [OF order-refl]

A predicate indicating whether a component is deterministically dependent on the local state extracted by the the given local state function.

definition

$Deterministic\text{-Trans-Fun} ::$

$(\text{'comp}, \text{'input})\ \text{Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow (\text{'comp}, \text{'state})\ \text{Comp-Local-State} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$Deterministic\text{-Trans-Fun trans-fun localState} \equiv$

$\forall c1\ c2\ x.\ \text{localState } c1 = \text{localState } c2 \longrightarrow \text{trans-fun } x\ c1 = \text{trans-fun } x\ c2$

thm $Deterministic\text{-Trans-Fun-def}$

lemma $Deterministic\text{-f-Exec}$:

$\llbracket Deterministic\text{-Trans-Fun trans-fun localState}; \text{localState } c1 = \text{localState } c2; xs$
 $\neq [] \rrbracket \implies$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs\ c1 = f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs\ c2$

⟨proof⟩

lemma $Deterministic\text{-f-Exec-Stream}$:

$\llbracket Deterministic\text{-Trans-Fun trans-fun localState}; \text{localState } c1 = \text{localState } c2 \rrbracket$

\implies

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs\ c1 = f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs\ c2$

⟨proof⟩

thm $Deterministic\text{-f-Exec}$

⟨proof⟩

lemma $Deterministic\text{-i-Exec-Stream}$:

$\llbracket Deterministic\text{-Trans-Fun trans-fun localState}; \text{localState } c1 = \text{localState } c2 \rrbracket$

\implies

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } \text{input}\ c1 = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } \text{input}\ c2$

⟨proof⟩

3.1.3 Connected streams

A predicate indicating for two message streams, that the ports, they correspond to, are connected. The predicate implies strict causality.

definition

$f\text{-Streams-Connected} :: 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$f\text{-Streams-Connected } outS \ inS \equiv inS = \varepsilon \# outS$

definition

$i\text{-Streams-Connected} :: 'a \text{ istream-af} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where

$i\text{-Streams-Connected } outS \ inS \equiv inS = [\varepsilon] \frown outS$

lemmas $Streams\text{-Connected-defs} =$

$f\text{-Streams-Connected-def}$

$i\text{-Streams-Connected-def}$

thm $nth\text{-Cons}$

lemma $f\text{-Streams-Connected-imp-not-empty}$:

$f\text{-Streams-Connected } outS \ inS \Longrightarrow inS \neq []$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Streams-Connected-nth-conv}$:

$f\text{-Streams-Connected } outS \ inS =$

$(length \ inS = Suc \ (length \ outS)) \wedge$

$(\forall i < length \ inS. \ inS \ ! \ i = (case \ i \ of \ 0 \Rightarrow \varepsilon \ | \ Suc \ k \Rightarrow \ outS \ ! \ k))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Streams-Connected-nth-conv-if}$:

$f\text{-Streams-Connected } outS \ inS =$

$(length \ inS = Suc \ (length \ outS)) \wedge$

$(\forall i < length \ inS. \ inS \ ! \ i = (if \ i = 0 \ then \ \varepsilon \ else \ outS \ ! \ (i - Suc \ 0)))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Streams-Connected-nth-conv}$:

$i\text{-Streams-Connected } outS \ inS =$

$(\forall i. \ inS \ i = (case \ i \ of \ 0 \Rightarrow \varepsilon \ | \ Suc \ k \Rightarrow \ outS \ k))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Streams-Connected-nth-conv-if}$:

$i\text{-Streams-Connected } outS \ inS =$

$(\forall i. \ inS \ i = (if \ i = 0 \ then \ \varepsilon \ else \ outS \ (i - Suc \ 0)))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-output-channel}$:

$\llbracket output\text{-fun } c = \varepsilon;$

$f\text{-Streams-Connected}$

$(map \ output\text{-fun} \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream} \ trans\text{-fun} \ xs \ c))$

$channel \rrbracket \Longrightarrow$

$map \ output\text{-fun} \ (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init} \ trans\text{-fun} \ xs \ c) = channel$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-output-channel}$:

\llbracket $output\text{-fun } c = \varepsilon;$
 $i\text{-Streams-Connected}$
 $(output\text{-fun } \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } trans\text{-fun } input\ c))$
 $channel \rrbracket \implies$
 $output\text{-fun } \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } trans\text{-fun } input\ c) = channel$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-output-causal}$:

\llbracket $xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n;$
 $output1 = map\ output\text{-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } trans\text{-fun } xs\ c);$
 $output2 = map\ output\text{-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } trans\text{-fun } ys\ c) \rrbracket \implies$
 $output1 \downarrow n = output2 \downarrow n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-output-causal}$

thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-output-causal}[OF - refl\ refl]$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-output-strictly-causal}$:

\llbracket $xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n;$
 $output1 = map\ output\text{-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } trans\text{-fun } xs\ c);$
 $output2 = map\ output\text{-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } trans\text{-fun } ys\ c) \rrbracket \implies$
 $output1 \downarrow Suc\ n = output2 \downarrow Suc\ n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-output-causal}$:

\llbracket $input1 \Downarrow n = input2 \Downarrow n;$
 $output1 = output\text{-fun } \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } trans\text{-fun } input1\ c;$
 $output2 = output\text{-fun } \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } trans\text{-fun } input2\ c \rrbracket \implies$
 $output1 \Downarrow n = output2 \Downarrow n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-output-strictly-causal}$:

\llbracket $input1 \Downarrow n = input2 \Downarrow n;$
 $output1 = output\text{-fun } \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } trans\text{-fun } input1\ c;$
 $output2 = output\text{-fun } \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } trans\text{-fun } input2\ c \rrbracket \implies$
 $output1 \Downarrow Suc\ n = output2 \Downarrow Suc\ n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Connected-strictly-causal}$:

\llbracket $xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n;$
 $f\text{-Streams-Connected}$
 $(map\ output\text{-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } trans\text{-fun } xs\ c))$
 $channel1;$
 $f\text{-Streams-Connected}$
 $(map\ output\text{-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } trans\text{-fun } ys\ c))$
 $channel2 \rrbracket \implies$
 $channel1 \downarrow Suc\ n = channel2 \downarrow Suc\ n$

⟨proof⟩

thm *i-Exec-Stream-causal*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Connected-strictly-causal*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{input1} \Downarrow n = \text{input2} \Downarrow n; \\ & \quad \text{i-Streams-Connected} \\ & \quad (\text{portOutput} \circ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input1 } c)) \\ & \quad \text{channel1}; \\ & \quad \text{i-Streams-Connected} \\ & \quad (\text{portOutput} \circ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input2 } c)) \\ & \quad \text{channel2} \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{channel1} \Downarrow \text{Suc } n = \text{channel2} \Downarrow \text{Suc } n \end{aligned}$$

⟨proof⟩

thm

f-Exec-Stream-Connected-strictly-causal

i-Exec-Stream-Connected-strictly-causal

A predicate for the semantics with initial state in result stream indicating for two message streams that the ports, they correspond to, are connected.

definition

f-Streams-Connected-Init :: 'a fstream-af \Rightarrow 'a fstream-af \Rightarrow bool

where

f-Streams-Connected-Init outS inS \equiv inS = outS

definition

i-Streams-Connected-Init :: 'a istream-af \Rightarrow 'a istream-af \Rightarrow bool

where

i-Streams-Connected-Init outS inS \equiv inS = outS

lemmas *Streams-Connected-Init-defs* =

f-Streams-Connected-Init-def

i-Streams-Connected-Init-def

lemma *f-Streams-Connected-Init-nth-conv*:

f-Streams-Connected-Init outS inS =
(length inS = length outS \wedge ($\forall i < \text{length inS}. \text{inS} ! i = \text{outS} ! i$))

⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Streams-Connected-Init-nth-conv*:

i-Streams-Connected-Init outS inS =
($\forall i. \text{inS } i = \text{outS } i$)

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-output-channel2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{output-fun } c = \varepsilon; \\ & \quad \text{f-Streams-Connected-Init} \\ & \quad (\text{map output-fun } (\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c)) \\ & \quad \text{channel} \rrbracket \implies \end{aligned}$$

$\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c) = \text{channel}$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-output-channel2*:

[[$\text{output-fun } c = \varepsilon$;
i-Streams-Connected-Init
 $(\text{output-fun } \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } \text{input } c))$
 channel]] \implies
 $\text{output-fun } \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } \text{input } c) = \text{channel}$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm

f-Exec-Stream-output-causal
f-Exec-Stream-Init-output-strictly-causal
i-Exec-Stream-output-causal
i-Exec-Stream-Init-output-strictly-causal

thm

f-Exec-Stream-Connected-strictly-causal
i-Exec-Stream-Connected-strictly-causal

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Connected-Init-strictly-causal*:

[[$xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n$;
f-Streams-Connected-Init
 $(\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } xs \ c))$
 channel1 ;
f-Streams-Connected-Init
 $(\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } ys \ c))$
 channel2]] \implies
 $\text{channel1} \downarrow \text{Suc } n = \text{channel2} \downarrow \text{Suc } n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Connected-Init-strictly-causal*:

[[$\text{input1} \Downarrow n = \text{input2} \Downarrow n$;
i-Streams-Connected-Init
 $(\text{portOutput} \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } \text{input1 } c))$
 channel1 ;
i-Streams-Connected-Init
 $(\text{portOutput} \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } \text{input2 } c))$
 channel2]] \implies
 $\text{channel1} \Downarrow \text{Suc } n = \text{channel2} \Downarrow \text{Suc } n$
 ⟨proof⟩

3.1.4 Additional auxiliary results

The following lemma shows that, if the system state is different at some time points with respect to a certain predicate P , then there exists a defined time point between these two, where the state change has taken place

lemma *f-State-Change-exists-set*:

[[$n1 \leq n2$; $n1 \in I$; $n2 \in I$;
 $\neg P (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (\text{input} \downarrow n1) \ c)$;
 $P (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (\text{input} \downarrow n2) \ c)$]] \implies

$\exists n \in I. n1 \leq n \wedge n < n2 \wedge$
 $\neg P (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (input \downarrow n) c) \wedge$
 $P (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (input \downarrow (inext\ n\ I)) c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-State-Change-exists*:

$\llbracket n1 \leq n2;$
 $\neg P (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (input \downarrow n1) c);$
 $P (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (input \downarrow n2) c) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists n \geq n1. n < n2 \wedge$
 $\neg P (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (input \downarrow n) c) \wedge$
 $P (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (input \downarrow (Suc\ n)) c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-State-Change-exists-set*:

$\llbracket n1 \leq n2; n1 \in I; n2 \in I;$
 $\neg P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input\ c\ n1);$
 $P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input\ c\ n2) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists n \in I. n1 \leq n \wedge n < n2 \wedge$
 $\neg P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input\ c\ n) \wedge$
 $P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input\ c\ (inext\ n\ I))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-State-Change-exists*:

$\llbracket n1 \leq n2;$
 $\neg P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input\ c\ n1);$
 $P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input\ c\ n2) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists n \geq n1. n < n2 \wedge$
 $\neg P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input\ c\ n) \wedge$
 $P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } input\ c\ (Suc\ n))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-State-Change-Init-exists-set*:

$\llbracket n1 \leq n2; n1 \in I; n2 \in I;$
 $\neg P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } input\ c\ n1);$
 $P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } input\ c\ n2) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists n \in I. n1 \leq n \wedge n < n2 \wedge$
 $\neg P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } input\ c\ n) \wedge$
 $P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } input\ c\ (inext\ n\ I))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-State-Change-Init-exists*:

$\llbracket n1 \leq n2;$
 $\neg P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } input\ c\ n1);$
 $P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } input\ c\ n2) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists n \geq n1. n < n2 \wedge$
 $\neg P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } input\ c\ n) \wedge$
 $P (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } input\ c\ (Suc\ n))$
 ⟨proof⟩

3.2 Components with accelerated execution

This section deals with variable execution speed components. A component accelerated by a (clocking) factor k processes streams expanded by factor k and its output streams are compressed by factor k .

3.2.1 Equivalence relation for executions

A predicate indicating for two components together with transition functions and a given equivalence predicate for their local states, that the components exhibit equivalent observable behaviour after expanding input streams and shrinking output streams by a constant factor, given that their local states are equivalent with respect to the specified equivalence relations.

typ ('comp1, 'input) *Comp-Trans-Fun*
typ ('input, 'input1) *Port-Input-Value*
typ ('comp1, 'output) *Port-Output-Value*

definition

Equiv-Exec ::

'input \Rightarrow
('state1 \Rightarrow 'state2 \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (* Equivalence predicate for local states *)
('comp1, 'state1) *Comp-Local-State* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'state2) *Comp-Local-State* \Rightarrow
('input, 'input1) *Port-Input-Value* \Rightarrow (* Input adaptor for first component *)
('input, 'input2) *Port-Input-Value* \Rightarrow (* Input adaptor for second component *)
('comp1, 'output) *Port-Output-Value* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'output) *Port-Output-Value* \Rightarrow
('comp1, 'input1 message-af) *Comp-Trans-Fun* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'input2 message-af) *Comp-Trans-Fun* \Rightarrow
nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'comp1 \Rightarrow 'comp2 \Rightarrow bool

where

Equiv-Exec

m equiv-states

localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2

trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2 \equiv

equiv-states (localState1 c1) (localState2 c2) \longrightarrow (

last-message (map output-fun1 (

f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun1 (input-fun1 m # $\varepsilon^{k1} - \text{Suc } 0$) c1)) =

last-message (map output-fun2 (

f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun2 (input-fun2 m # $\varepsilon^{k2} - \text{Suc } 0$) c2)) \wedge

equiv-states

(localState1 (f-Exec-Comp trans-fun1 (input-fun1 m # $\varepsilon^{k1} - \text{Suc } 0$) c1))

(localState2 (f-Exec-Comp trans-fun2 (input-fun2 m # $\varepsilon^{k2} - \text{Suc } 0$) c2)))

thm *Equiv-Exec-def*

term *Equiv-Exec m equiv-states equiv-input*

Predicate indicating for two components together with transition functions and a given equivalence predicate for their local states, that the equivalence

predicate is stable with respect to component execution, i.e., it determines the equivalence of components’ local states both for the initial states and after the components have processed an arbitrary input. The restricting version *Equiv-Exec-stable-set* guarantees stability only for inputs from a given restriction set, the not-restricting version guarantees stability for all inputs.

definition

Equiv-Exec-stable-set ::

'input set \Rightarrow
('state1 \Rightarrow 'state2 \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (* Equivalence predicate for local states *)
('comp1, 'state1) *Comp-Local-State* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'state2) *Comp-Local-State* \Rightarrow
('input, 'input1) *Port-Input-Value* \Rightarrow (* Input adaptor for first component *)
('input, 'input2) *Port-Input-Value* \Rightarrow (* Input adaptor for second component *)
('comp1, 'output) *Port-Output-Value* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'output) *Port-Output-Value* \Rightarrow
('comp1, 'input1 message-af) *Comp-Trans-Fun* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'input2 message-af) *Comp-Trans-Fun* \Rightarrow
nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'comp1 \Rightarrow 'comp2 \Rightarrow bool

where

Equiv-Exec-stable-set A

equiv-states localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2
trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2 \equiv

\forall input m. set input \subseteq A \wedge m \in A \longrightarrow

Equiv-Exec m

equiv-states localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2
trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2

(f-Exec-Comp trans-fun1 (map input-fun1 input \odot_f k1) c1)

(f-Exec-Comp trans-fun2 (map input-fun2 input \odot_f k2) c2)

definition

Equiv-Exec-stable ::

('state1 \Rightarrow 'state2 \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (* Equivalence predicate for local states *)
('comp1, 'state1) *Comp-Local-State* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'state2) *Comp-Local-State* \Rightarrow
('input, 'input1) *Port-Input-Value* \Rightarrow (* Input adaptor for first component *)
('input, 'input2) *Port-Input-Value* \Rightarrow (* Input adaptor for second component *)
('comp1, 'output) *Port-Output-Value* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'output) *Port-Output-Value* \Rightarrow
('comp1, 'input1 message-af) *Comp-Trans-Fun* \Rightarrow
('comp2, 'input2 message-af) *Comp-Trans-Fun* \Rightarrow
nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'comp1 \Rightarrow 'comp2 \Rightarrow bool

where

Equiv-Exec-stable

equiv-states localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2
trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2 \equiv

\forall input m.

Equiv-Exec m

equiv-states localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2
trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2

$$(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input } \odot_f k1) c1)$$

$$(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input } \odot_f k2) c2)$$

lemma *Equiv-Exec-equiv-statesI*:

$$\llbracket \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$$

$$\text{Equiv-Exec}$$

$$m \text{ equiv-states}$$

$$\text{localState1 } \text{localState2 } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}$$

$$\text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 k2 c1 c2 \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{equiv-states}$$

$$(\text{localState1 } (f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{input-fun1 } m \# \varepsilon^{k1} - \text{Suc } 0) c1))$$

$$(\text{localState2 } (f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{input-fun2 } m \# \varepsilon^{k2} - \text{Suc } 0) c2))$$

<proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-output-eqI*:

$$\llbracket \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$$

$$\text{Equiv-Exec}$$

$$m \text{ equiv-states}$$

$$\text{localState1 } \text{localState2 } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}$$

$$\text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 k2 c1 c2 \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{last-message } (\text{map } \text{output-fun1 } ($$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{input-fun1 } m \# \varepsilon^{k1} - \text{Suc } 0) c1)) =$$

$$\text{last-message } (\text{map } \text{output-fun2 } ($$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{input-fun2 } m \# \varepsilon^{k2} - \text{Suc } 0) c2))$$

<proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-equiv-statesI'*:

$$\llbracket \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$$

$$\text{Equiv-Exec}$$

$$m \text{ equiv-states}$$

$$\text{localState1 } \text{localState2 } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}$$

$$\text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 k2 c1 c2 \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{equiv-states}$$

$$(\text{localState1 } (f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } \text{NoMsg}^{k1} - \text{Suc } 0 (\text{trans-fun1 } (\text{input-fun1}$$

$$m) c1)))$$

$$(\text{localState2 } (f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } \text{NoMsg}^{k2} - \text{Suc } 0 (\text{trans-fun2 } (\text{input-fun2}$$

$$m) c2)))$$

<proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-le1*:

$$\llbracket k1 \leq \text{Suc } 0; k2 \leq \text{Suc } 0;$$

$$\text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$$

$$\text{Equiv-Exec } m$$

$$\text{equiv-states } \text{localState1 } \text{localState2 } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}$$

$$\text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 k2 c1 c2 \rrbracket \implies$$

$$\text{output-fun1 } (\text{trans-fun1 } (\text{input-fun1 } m) c1) =$$

$$\text{output-fun2 } (\text{trans-fun2 } (\text{input-fun2 } m) c2) \wedge$$

$$\text{equiv-states}$$

$$(\text{localState1 } (\text{trans-fun1 } (\text{input-fun1 } m) c1))$$

$$(\text{localState2 } (\text{trans-fun2 } (\text{input-fun2 } m) c2))$$

<proof>

thm *Equiv-Exec-le1*[*THEN conjunct1*]

thm *Equiv-Exec-le1*[*THEN conjunct2*]

lemma *Equiv-Exec-stable-set-UNIV*:

Equiv-Exec-stable-set

UNIV equiv-states

localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2

trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2 =

Equiv-Exec-stable

equiv-states

localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2

trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2

<proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-stable-setI*:

\llbracket *Equiv-Exec-stable-set A*

equiv-states localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2

trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2;

set input \subseteq A; m \in A $\rrbracket \implies$

Equiv-Exec

m equiv-states

localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2

trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2

(f-Exec-Comp trans-fun1 (map input-fun1 input \odot_f k1) c1)

(f-Exec-Comp trans-fun2 (map input-fun2 input \odot_f k2) c2)

<proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-stableI*:

Equiv-Exec-stable

equiv-states localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2

trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2 \implies

Equiv-Exec m

equiv-states localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2

trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2

(f-Exec-Comp trans-fun1 (map input-fun1 input \odot_f k1) c1)

(f-Exec-Comp trans-fun2 (map input-fun2 input \odot_f k2) c2)

<proof>

Reflexivity, symmetry and transitivity results for *Equiv-Exec*

lemma *Equiv-Exec-refl*:

$\llbracket \bigwedge c. \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState } c) (\text{localState } c) \rrbracket \implies$

Equiv-Exec

m equiv-states

localState localState input-fun input-fun output-fun output-fun

trans-fun trans-fun k k c c

<proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-sym*[rule-format]:

[[$\forall c1\ c2.$
 $equiv\text{-}states\ localState1\ c1\ localState2\ c2 =$
 $equiv\text{-}states\ localState2\ c2\ localState1\ c1$]] \implies
Equiv-Exec
 $m\ equiv\text{-}states$
 $localState1\ localState2\ input\text{-}fun1\ input\text{-}fun2\ output\text{-}fun1\ output\text{-}fun2$
 $trans\text{-}fun1\ trans\text{-}fun2\ k1\ k2\ c1\ c2 =$
Equiv-Exec
 $m\ equiv\text{-}states$
 $localState2\ localState1\ input\text{-}fun2\ input\text{-}fun1\ output\text{-}fun2\ output\text{-}fun1$
 $trans\text{-}fun2\ trans\text{-}fun1\ k2\ k1\ c2\ c1$
 <proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-sym2*:

[[$equiv\text{-}states\text{-}sym = (\lambda s1\ s2. equiv\text{-}states\ s2\ s1)$]] \implies
Equiv-Exec
 $m\ equiv\text{-}states$
 $localState1\ localState2\ input\text{-}fun1\ input\text{-}fun2\ output\text{-}fun1\ output\text{-}fun2$
 $trans\text{-}fun1\ trans\text{-}fun2\ k1\ k2\ c1\ c2 =$
Equiv-Exec
 $m\ equiv\text{-}states\text{-}sym$
 $localState2\ localState1\ input\text{-}fun2\ input\text{-}fun1\ output\text{-}fun2\ output\text{-}fun1$
 $trans\text{-}fun2\ trans\text{-}fun1\ k2\ k1\ c2\ c1$
 <proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-sym2-ex*:

$\exists equiv\text{-}states\text{-}sym.$
Equiv-Exec
 $m\ equiv\text{-}states$
 $localState1\ localState2\ input\text{-}fun1\ input\text{-}fun2\ output\text{-}fun1\ output\text{-}fun2$
 $trans\text{-}fun1\ trans\text{-}fun2\ k1\ k2\ c1\ c2 =$
Equiv-Exec
 $m\ equiv\text{-}states\text{-}sym$
 $localState2\ localState1\ input\text{-}fun2\ input\text{-}fun1\ output\text{-}fun2\ output\text{-}fun1$
 $trans\text{-}fun2\ trans\text{-}fun1\ k2\ k1\ c2\ c1$
 <proof>

lemma *Equiv-Exec-trans*:

[[*Equiv-Exec*
 $m\ equiv\text{-}states12$
 $localState1\ localState2\ input\text{-}fun1\ input\text{-}fun2\ output\text{-}fun1\ output\text{-}fun2$
 $trans\text{-}fun1\ trans\text{-}fun2\ k1\ k2\ c1\ c2;$
Equiv-Exec
 $m\ equiv\text{-}states23$
 $localState2\ localState3\ input\text{-}fun2\ input\text{-}fun3\ output\text{-}fun2\ output\text{-}fun3$
 $trans\text{-}fun2\ trans\text{-}fun3\ k2\ k3\ c2\ c3;$
 $equiv\text{-}states13 = (\lambda s1\ s3. ($
 $if\ s1 = localState1\ c1 \wedge s3 = localState3\ c3\ then$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{equiv-states12 } s1 \text{ (localState2 } c2) \wedge \\
& \text{equiv-states23 (localState2 } c2) \text{ } s3 \\
& \text{else} \\
& \text{equiv-states12 } s1 \text{ (} \\
& \quad \text{localState2 (f-Exec-Comp trans-fun2 (input-fun2 } m \# \varepsilon^{k2} - \text{Suc } 0) \text{ } c2)) \\
& \wedge \\
& \quad \text{equiv-states23 (} \\
& \quad \quad \text{localState2 (f-Exec-Comp trans-fun2 (input-fun2 } m \# \varepsilon^{k2} - \text{Suc } 0) \text{ } c2)) \\
& \text{ } s3) \text{]} \implies \\
& \text{Equiv-Exec} \\
& \quad m \text{ equiv-states13} \\
& \quad \text{localState1 localState3 input-fun1 input-fun3 output-fun1 output-fun3} \\
& \quad \text{trans-fun1 trans-fun3 } k1 \text{ } k3 \text{ } c1 \text{ } c3 \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *Equiv-Exec-trans-ex*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \llbracket \text{Equiv-Exec} \\
& \quad m \text{ equiv-states12} \\
& \quad \text{localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2} \\
& \quad \text{trans-fun1 trans-fun2 } k1 \text{ } k2 \text{ } c1 \text{ } c2; \\
& \text{Equiv-Exec} \\
& \quad m \text{ equiv-states23} \\
& \quad \text{localState2 localState3 input-fun2 input-fun3 output-fun2 output-fun3} \\
& \quad \text{trans-fun2 trans-fun3 } k2 \text{ } k3 \text{ } c2 \text{ } c3 \text{]} \implies \\
& \exists \text{equiv-states13. Equiv-Exec} \\
& \quad m \text{ equiv-states13} \\
& \quad \text{localState1 localState3 input-fun1 input-fun3 output-fun1 output-fun3} \\
& \quad \text{trans-fun1 trans-fun3 } k1 \text{ } k3 \text{ } c1 \text{ } c3 \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

A predicate indicating for a given local state extraction function and a given transition function, that components, whose states are equal with regard to the local state extraction function, are transformed into equal components, when the transition function is applied with the same input.

definition *Exec-Equal-State* ::

$$\begin{aligned}
& ('comp, 'state) \text{ Comp-Local-State} \Rightarrow \\
& ('comp, 'input \text{ message-af}) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow \text{bool}
\end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun} \equiv \\
& \quad \forall c1 \text{ } c2 \text{ } m. \text{localState } c1 = \text{localState } c2 \longrightarrow \text{trans-fun } m \text{ } c1 = \text{trans-fun } m \text{ } c2
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *Exec-Equal-StateD*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \llbracket \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun;} \\
& \quad \text{localState } c1 = \text{localState } c2 \text{]} \implies \\
& \quad \text{trans-fun } m \text{ } c1 = \text{trans-fun } m \text{ } c2 \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *Exec-Equal-StateD'*:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun} \implies \\
& \quad \forall c1 \text{ } c2 \text{ } m. \text{localState } c1 = \text{localState } c2 \longrightarrow \text{trans-fun } m \text{ } c1 = \text{trans-fun } m \text{ } c2 \\
& \langle \text{proof} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

lemma *Exec-Equal-StateI*:

$$(\bigwedge c1\ c2\ m.\ localState\ c1 = localState\ c2 \implies trans\text{-}fun\ m\ c1 = trans\text{-}fun\ m\ c2) \\ \implies Exec\text{-}Equal\text{-}State\ localState\ trans\text{-}fun$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Equal-State*: $\bigwedge c1\ c2.$

$$\llbracket Exec\text{-}Equal\text{-}State\ localState\ trans\text{-}fun; \\ localState\ c1 = localState\ c2; xs \neq [] \rrbracket \implies \\ f\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\ trans\text{-}fun\ xs\ c1 = f\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\ trans\text{-}fun\ xs\ c2$$

<proof>

thm *Exec-Equal-StateD*

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Equal-State*:

$$\llbracket Exec\text{-}Equal\text{-}State\ localState\ trans\text{-}fun; \\ localState\ c1 = localState\ c2 \rrbracket \implies \\ f\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\ trans\text{-}fun\ xs\ c1 = \\ f\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\ trans\text{-}fun\ xs\ c2$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Equal-State*:

$$\llbracket Exec\text{-}Equal\text{-}State\ localState\ trans\text{-}fun; \\ localState\ c1 = localState\ c2 \rrbracket \implies \\ i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\ trans\text{-}fun\ input\ c1 = \\ i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\ trans\text{-}fun\ input\ c2$$

<proof>

3.2.2 Idle states

definition *State-Idle* ::

$$('comp, 'state)\ Comp\text{-}Local\text{-}State \Rightarrow ('comp \Rightarrow 'output\ message\text{-}af) \Rightarrow \\ ('comp, 'input\ message\text{-}af)\ Comp\text{-}Trans\text{-}Fun \Rightarrow 'state \Rightarrow bool$$

where

$$State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ state \equiv \\ \forall c.\ localState\ c = state \longrightarrow \\ localState\ (trans\text{-}fun\ \varepsilon\ c) = state \wedge \\ output\text{-}fun\ (trans\text{-}fun\ \varepsilon\ c) = \varepsilon$$

thm *State-Idle-def*[*THEN meta-eq-to-obj-eq*, *THEN iffD1*]

lemma *State-IdleD*:

$$\llbracket State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ state; \\ localState\ c = state \rrbracket \implies \\ localState\ (trans\text{-}fun\ \varepsilon\ c) = state \wedge \\ output\text{-}fun\ (trans\text{-}fun\ \varepsilon\ c) = \varepsilon$$

<proof>

lemma *State-IdleD'*:

$$State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ state \implies \\ \forall c.\ localState\ c = state \longrightarrow \\ localState\ (trans\text{-}fun\ \varepsilon\ c) = state \wedge \\ output\text{-}fun\ (trans\text{-}fun\ \varepsilon\ c) = \varepsilon$$

<proof>

lemma *State-IdleI*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \bigwedge c. \text{localState } c = \text{state} \implies \\ & \quad \text{localState } (\text{trans-fun } \varepsilon \ c) = \text{state} \wedge \\ & \quad \text{output-fun } (\text{trans-fun } \varepsilon \ c) = \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun state} \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *State-Idle-step*[*rule-format*]:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } (\text{trans-fun } \varepsilon \ c)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-state*[*rule-format*]:

$$\begin{aligned} & \bigwedge c. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } c) \implies \\ & \text{localState } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } \varepsilon^n \ c) = \text{localState } c \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output*[*rule-format*]: $\bigwedge c.$

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } c); 0 < n \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{output-fun } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } \varepsilon^n \ c) = \varepsilon \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-output*[*rule-format*]:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } c); \\ & \quad \text{output-fun } c = \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{output-fun } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } \varepsilon^n \ c) = \varepsilon \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-output*[*rule-format*]:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{map output-fun } (\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } \varepsilon^n \ c) = \varepsilon^n \end{aligned}$$

thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output*

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-state*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\\ & \quad \text{localState } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c)) \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{localState } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ \varepsilon^n) \ c) = \\ & \text{localState } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } xs \ c) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-ge-state*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\\ & \quad \text{localState } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ \varepsilon^m) \ c)); \\ & \quad m \leq n \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{localState } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ \varepsilon^n) \ c) = \\ & \text{localState } (\text{f-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ \varepsilon^m) \ c) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-ge-state:*

\llbracket *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
 localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^m *c*));
 $m \leq n$ $\rrbracket \implies$

localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^n *c*) =
localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^m *c*)

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output:*

\llbracket *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
 localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* *xs* *c*));
 $0 < n$ $\rrbracket \implies$

output-fun (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* (*xs* @ ε^n) *c*) = ε

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-Stream-State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output:*

\llbracket *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
 localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* *xs* *c*)) $\rrbracket \implies$
map *output-fun* (*f-Exec-Comp-Stream* *trans-fun* (*xs* @ ε^n) *c*) =
map *output-fun* (*f-Exec-Comp-Stream* *trans-fun* *xs* *c*) @ ε^n

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-gr-output:*

\llbracket *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
 localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* (*xs* @ ε^m) *c*));
 $m < n$ $\rrbracket \implies$

output-fun (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* (*xs* @ ε^n) *c*) = ε

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-ge-output:*

\llbracket *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
 localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* (*xs* @ ε^m) *c*));
 output-fun (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* (*xs* @ ε^m) *c*) = ε ; $m \leq n$ $\rrbracket \implies$
output-fun (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* (*xs* @ ε^n) *c*) = ε

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr-output:*

\llbracket *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
 localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^m *c*));
 $m < n$ $\rrbracket \implies$

output-fun (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^n *c*) = ε

thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-gr-output*

<proof>

corollary *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-ge-output:*

\llbracket *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
 localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^m *c*));
 output-fun (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^m *c*) = ε ; $m \leq n$ $\rrbracket \implies$
output-fun (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^n *c*) = ε

<proof>

lemma *State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-output-last-message:*

\llbracket *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
 localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^m *c*));
 output-fun (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ε^m *c*) = ε ; $m \leq n$ $\rrbracket \implies$

$localState (f-Exec-Comp \text{ trans-fun } xs \ c) \] \implies$
 $last-message (map \ output-fun (f-Exec-Comp-Stream \ \text{trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ \varepsilon^n) \ c)) =$
 $last-message (map \ output-fun (f-Exec-Comp-Stream \ \text{trans-fun } xs \ c))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-output-Msg-eq-last-message:*

$\llbracket \neg \text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } ($
 $localState (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun } xs \ c);$
 $output-fun (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun } xs \ c) \neq \varepsilon;$
 $xs \neq [] \rrbracket \implies$
 $last-message (map \ output-fun (f-Exec-Comp-Stream \ \text{trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ \varepsilon^n) \ c)) =$
 $output-fun (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun } xs \ c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *last-message-Msg-eq-last*

⟨proof⟩

corollary *State-Idle-output-Msg-eq-last-message:*

$\llbracket \neg \text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } ($
 $localState (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun } xs \ c);$
 $output-fun (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun } xs \ c) \neq \varepsilon;$
 $xs \neq [] \rrbracket \implies$
 $last-message (map \ output-fun (f-Exec-Comp-Stream \ \text{trans-fun } xs \ c)) =$
 $output-fun (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun } xs \ c)$

thm *subst[OF State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-output-Msg-eq-last-message, rule-format]*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *State-Idle-imp-exists-state-change:*

$\llbracket \neg \text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } (localState \ c);$
 $\text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } (localState (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun } \varepsilon^n$
 $c)) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists i < n. ($
 $\neg \text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } (localState (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun}$
 $\varepsilon^i \ c)) \wedge ($
 $\forall j \leq n. i < j \longrightarrow \text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } (localState (f-Exec-Comp$
 $\text{trans-fun } \varepsilon^j \ c))))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *State-Idle-imp-exists-state-change2:*

$\llbracket \neg \text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } (localState \ c);$
 $\text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } (localState (f-Exec-Comp \ \text{trans-fun } \varepsilon^n$
 $c)) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\exists i < n. ($
 $(\forall j \leq i. \neg \text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } (localState (f-Exec-Comp$
 $\text{trans-fun } \varepsilon^i \ c))) \wedge$
 $(\forall j \leq n. i < j \longrightarrow \text{State-Idle } localState \ output-fun \ \text{trans-fun } (localState (f-Exec-Comp$
 $\text{trans-fun } \varepsilon^j \ c))))$
 ⟨proof⟩

3.2.3 Basic definitions for accelerated execution

Stream processing with accelerated components

definition

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output ::
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow (* \text{Acceleration factor } *)$
 $(\text{'comp} \Rightarrow \text{'output message-af}) \Rightarrow (* \text{Output extraction function } *)$
 $(\text{'comp}, \text{'input message-af}) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'input fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{'comp} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'output fstream-af}$

where

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k *output-fun* *trans-fun* xs $c \equiv$
 $(\text{map } \text{output-fun} (\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun} (xs \odot_f k) c)) \div_f k$

definition

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState ::
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow (* \text{Acceleration factor } *)$
 $(\text{'comp} \Rightarrow \text{'state}) \Rightarrow (* \text{Local state extraction function } *)$
 $(\text{'comp}, \text{'input message-af}) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'input fstream-af} \Rightarrow \text{'comp} \Rightarrow$
 'state list

where

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k *localState* *trans-fun* xs $c \equiv$
 $(\text{map } \text{localState} (\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun} (xs \odot_f k) c)) \div_f k$

definition

i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output ::
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow (* \text{Acceleration factor } *)$
 $(\text{'comp} \Rightarrow \text{'output message-af}) \Rightarrow (* \text{Output extraction function } *)$
 $(\text{'comp}, \text{'input message-af}) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'input istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{'comp} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'output istream-af}$

where

i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* $c \equiv$
 $(\text{output-fun} \circ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun} (\text{input} \odot_i k) c)) \div_i k$

definition

i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState ::
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow (* \text{Acceleration factor } *)$
 $(\text{'comp} \Rightarrow \text{'state}) \Rightarrow (* \text{Local state extraction function } *)$
 $(\text{'comp}, \text{'input message-af}) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{'input istream-af} \Rightarrow \text{'comp} \Rightarrow$
 'state ilist

where

i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k *localState* *trans-fun* *input* $c \equiv$
 $(\text{localState} \circ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun} (\text{input} \odot_i k) c)) \div_i k$

definition

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init ::
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow (* \text{Acceleration factor } *)$
 $(\text{'comp} \Rightarrow \text{'output message-af}) \Rightarrow (* \text{Output extraction function } *)$

$$\begin{aligned} & ('comp, 'input\ message\text{-}af) \textit{Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow \\ & 'input\ fstream\text{-}af \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow \\ & 'output\ fstream\text{-}af \end{aligned}$$
where

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \textit{ output-fun trans-fun xs c} \equiv \\ & (\textit{output-fun } c) \# f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \textit{ output-fun trans-fun xs c} \end{aligned}$$
definition

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init} :: \\ & \textit{nat} \Rightarrow (* \textit{Acceleration factor} *) \\ & ('comp \Rightarrow 'state) \Rightarrow (* \textit{Local state extraction function} *) \\ & ('comp, 'input\ message\text{-}af) \textit{Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow 'input\ fstream\text{-}af \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow \\ & 'state\ list \end{aligned}$$
where

$$\begin{aligned} & f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init } k \textit{ localState trans-fun xs c} \equiv \\ & (\textit{localState } c) \# f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \textit{ localState trans-fun xs c} \end{aligned}$$
definition

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init} :: \\ & \textit{nat} \Rightarrow (* \textit{Acceleration factor} *) \\ & ('comp \Rightarrow 'output\ message\text{-}af) \Rightarrow (* \textit{Output extraction function} *) \\ & ('comp, 'input\ message\text{-}af) \textit{Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow \\ & 'input\ istream\text{-}af \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow \\ & 'output\ istream\text{-}af \end{aligned}$$
where

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \textit{ output-fun trans-fun input c} \equiv \\ & [\textit{output-fun } c] \frown (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \textit{ output-fun trans-fun input} \\ & c) \end{aligned}$$
definition

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init} :: \\ & \textit{nat} \Rightarrow (* \textit{Acceleration factor} *) \\ & ('comp \Rightarrow 'state) \Rightarrow (* \textit{Local state extraction function} *) \\ & ('comp, 'input\ message\text{-}af) \textit{Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow \\ & 'input\ istream\text{-}af \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow \\ & 'state\ ilist \end{aligned}$$
where

$$\begin{aligned} & i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init } k \textit{ localState trans-fun input c} \equiv \\ & [\textit{localState } c] \frown (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \textit{ localState trans-fun input} \\ & c) \end{aligned}$$
lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-length[simp]}$:
$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \implies \\ & \textit{length} (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \textit{ output-fun trans-fun xs c}) = \textit{length } xs \\ & \langle \textit{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$
lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-length[simp]}$:
$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \implies \\ & \textit{length} (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \textit{ localState trans-fun xs c}) = \textit{length} \\ & xs \\ & \langle \textit{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemmas $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-length} =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-length}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-length}$

3.2.4 Basic results for accelerated execution

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Nil}[simp]$:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } [] \ c = []$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Nil}[simp]$:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } [] \ c = []$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Nil} =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Nil}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Nil}$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-0}[simp]$:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } 0 \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c = []$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-0}[simp]$:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } 0 \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c = []$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-0} =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-0}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-0}$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-1}[simp]$:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } (Suc \ 0) \ \text{output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c =$
 $\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-1}[simp]$:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } (Suc \ 0) \ \text{localState trans-fun } xs \ c =$
 $\text{map localState } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } xs \ c)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-1}[simp]$:
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } (Suc \ 0) \ \text{output-fun trans-fun input } c =$
 $\text{output-fun } \circ \ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input } c)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-1}[simp]$:
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } (Suc \ 0) \ \text{localState trans-fun input } c =$
 $\text{localState } \circ \ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input } c)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-eq-last-message-hold}$:
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \ \text{output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c =$
 $(\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs \odot_f \ k) \ c)) \ \longmapsto_f \ k \ \div \ \# \ k$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-eq-last-message-hold}$: $0 < k \implies$

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c =$
 $(\text{output-fun} \circ (i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c)) \mapsto_i k \div_{il} k$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-take}$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-take}$:

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \ \downarrow \ n =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (xs \ \downarrow \ n) \ c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-drop}$:

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \ \uparrow \ n =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (xs \ \uparrow \ n) \ ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \downarrow \ n \odot_f k) \ c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-take}$:

$0 < k \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ \downarrow \ n =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (\text{input} \ \downarrow \ n) \ c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-drop}$:

$0 < k \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ \uparrow \ n =$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (\text{input} \ \uparrow \ n) \ ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (\text{input} \ \downarrow \ n \odot_f k) \ c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-take}$:

$0 < k \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \ \text{localState trans-fun input } c \ \downarrow \ n =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \ \text{localState trans-fun } (\text{input} \ \downarrow \ n) \ c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-drop}$:

$0 < k \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \ \text{localState trans-fun input } c \ \uparrow \ n =$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \ \text{localState trans-fun } (\text{input} \ \uparrow \ n) \ ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (\text{input} \ \downarrow \ n \odot_f k) \ c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-expand-map-aggregate-append}$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-append}$:

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \ @$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } ys \ ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \odot_f k) \ c)$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Cons:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0 < k \implies \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (x \# xs) \ c = \\
& \text{last-message } (\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \\
& c)) \# \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ (\\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \ c)
\end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-one:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0 < k \implies \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } [x] \ c = \\
& [\text{last-message } (\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \\
& c))]
\end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-snoc:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0 < k \implies \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ [x]) \ c = \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \ @ \\
& [\text{last-message } (\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \\
& (\\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \odot_f \ k) \ c)))]
\end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-append:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (xs \ \frown \ \text{input}) \ c = \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \ \frown \\
& i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } \text{input} \ (\\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \odot_f \ k) \ c)
\end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Cons:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0 < k \implies \\
& i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } ([x] \ \frown \ \text{input}) \ c = \\
& [\text{last-message } (\text{map output-fun } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \\
& c))] \ \frown \\
& i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } \text{input} \ (\\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \ c)
\end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-append:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } (xs \ @ \ ys) \ c = \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c \ @ \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } ys \ (\\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \ \odot_f \ k) \ c)
\end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Cons:*

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0 < k \implies \\
& f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } (x \# xs) \ c = \\
& \text{localState } (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \ c) \ \#
\end{aligned}$$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \text{ (}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \text{) } c \text{)}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-one}$:

$0 < k \implies$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } [x] \text{ c =}$
 $[\text{localState } (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \text{) } c]]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-snoc}$:

$0 < k \implies$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } (xs @ [x]) \text{ c =}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \text{ c @}$
 $[\text{localState } (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } ((xs @ [x]) \odot_f k) \text{) } c]]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-append}$:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } (xs \frown \text{input}) \text{ c =}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \text{ c } \frown$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } \text{input } ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \odot_f k) \text{) } c \text{)}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Cons}$:

$0 < k \implies$

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } ([x] \frown \text{input}) \text{ c =}$
 $[\text{localState } (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \text{) } c] \frown$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } \text{input } ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (x \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \text{) } c \text{)}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-expand-aggregate-map-nth}$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-nth}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \text{ ! } n =$
 $\text{last-message } (\text{map } \text{output-fun } ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (xs ! n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \text{ (}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \downarrow n \odot_f k) \text{) } c \text{)}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-nth-eq-i-nth}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < n' \rrbracket \implies$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } (\text{input } \Downarrow n') \text{ c ! } n =$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } \text{input } c \text{ n}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-nth}$:

$0 < k \implies$

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } \text{input } c \text{ n =}$
 $\text{last-message } (\text{map } \text{output-fun } ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } n \# \varepsilon^k - \text{Suc } 0) \text{ (}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (\text{input } \Downarrow n \odot_f k) \text{) } c \text{)}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-nth-f-nth*:

$$0 < k \implies$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ n =$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun (input } \Downarrow \text{ Suc } n) \ c \ ! \ n$$

<proof>

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-nth-f-last*:

$$0 < k \implies$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ n =$$

$$\text{last } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun (input } \Downarrow \text{ Suc } n) \ c)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-nth*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; n < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n =$$

$$\text{localState } (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun } (xs \downarrow \text{Suc } n \odot_f k) \ c)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-nth-eq-i-nth*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; n < n' \rrbracket \implies$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun (input } \Downarrow \ n') \ c \ ! \ n =$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \ n$$

<proof>

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-nth-f-nth*:

$$0 < k \implies$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ n =$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun (input } \Downarrow \ \text{Suc } n) \ c \ ! \ n$$

<proof>

corollary *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-nth-f-last*:

$$0 < k \implies$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \ n =$$

$$\text{last } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun (input } \Downarrow \ \text{Suc } n)$$

c)

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-nth*:

$$0 < k \implies$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \ n =$$

$$\text{localState } (f\text{-Exec-Comp trans-fun (input } \Downarrow \ \text{Suc } n \odot_f k) \ c)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-causal*:

$$xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n \implies$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \downarrow n =$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } ys \ c \downarrow n$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-causal*:

$$\text{input1 } \Downarrow \ n = \text{input2 } \Downarrow \ n \implies$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input1 } c \downarrow n =$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input2 } c \downarrow n$$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Connected-strictly-causal*:

[[$xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n$;
f-Streams-Connected
(f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k output-fun trans-fun xs c)
channel1;
f-Streams-Connected
(f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k output-fun trans-fun ys c)
channel2]] \implies
channel1 \downarrow *Suc n* = *channel2* \downarrow *Suc n*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Connected-strictly-causal*:

[[$input1 \Downarrow n = input2 \Downarrow n$;
i-Streams-Connected
(i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k output-fun trans-fun input1 c)
channel1;
i-Streams-Connected
(i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k output-fun trans-fun input2 c)
channel2]] \implies
channel1 \Downarrow *Suc n* = *channel2* \Downarrow *Suc n*

⟨proof⟩

Complete execution cycles/steps of accelerated execution

definition

Acc-Trans-Fun-Step ::
 $nat \Rightarrow (* Acceleration factor *)$
 $('comp, 'input\ message\ af) \text{ Comp-Trans-Fun} \Rightarrow$
 $('comp\ list \Rightarrow 'comp) \Rightarrow (* Pointwise\ output\ shrink\ function *)$
 $'input\ message\ af \Rightarrow 'comp \Rightarrow$
 $'comp$

where

Acc-Trans-Fun-Step k trans-fun pointwise-shrink x c \equiv
 $pointwise-shrink (f-Exec-Comp-Stream\ trans-fun\ (x \# \varepsilon^k - Suc\ 0)\ c)$

definition *is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink* ::

$('comp\ list \Rightarrow 'comp) \Rightarrow (* Pointwise\ output\ shrink\ function *)$
 $('comp \Rightarrow 'output\ message\ af) \Rightarrow (* Output\ extraction\ function\ for\ consideration$
 $*)$
 $bool$

where

is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink pointwise-shrink output-fun \equiv
 $\forall cs. output-fun (pointwise-shrink\ cs) = last-message (map\ output-fun\ cs)$

primrec *is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink-list* ::

$('comp\ list \Rightarrow 'comp) \Rightarrow (* Pointwise\ output\ shrink\ function *)$
 $('comp \Rightarrow 'output\ message\ af)\ list \Rightarrow (* List\ of\ output\ extraction\ functions\ for$
 $consideration\ *)$
 $bool$

where

$is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\text{-}list\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ [] = True$
 $| is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\text{-}list\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ (f \# fs) = ($
 $\quad is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ f \wedge$
 $\quad is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\text{-}list\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ fs)$

definition $is\text{-}correct\text{-}localState\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink ::$
 $('comp\ list \Rightarrow 'comp) \Rightarrow (*\ Pointwise\ output\ shrink\ function\ *)$
 $('comp \Rightarrow 'state) \Rightarrow (*\ Local\ state\ extraction\ function\ *)$
 $bool$

where

$is\text{-}correct\text{-}localState\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ localState \equiv$
 $\forall cs. cs \neq [] \longrightarrow localState\ (pointwise\text{-}shrink\ cs) = localState\ (last\ cs)$

thm *Deterministic-Trans-Fun-def*

lemma *Deterministic-trans-fun-imp-acc-trans-fun:*

$Deterministic\text{-}Trans\text{-}Fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ localState \implies$

$Deterministic\text{-}Trans\text{-}Fun\ (Acc\text{-}Trans\text{-}Fun\text{-}Step\ k\ trans\text{-}fun\ pointwise\text{-}shrink)\ localState$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm *Deterministic-f-Exec-Stream*

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink-list-imp-is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink:*

$\llbracket is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\text{-}list\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ fs; output\text{-}fun \in set\ fs \rrbracket \implies$

$is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ output\text{-}fun$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink-list-eq-is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink-all:*

$(is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\text{-}list\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ fs) =$

$(\forall output\text{-}fun \in set\ fs. is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ output\text{-}fun)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink-subset:*

$\llbracket is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\text{-}list\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ fs; set\ fs' \subseteq set\ fs \rrbracket \implies$

$is\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\text{-}list\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ fs'$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm *Acc-Trans-Fun-Step-def*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-eq-Acc-Trans-Fun-Step-LocalState: $\bigwedge c.$*

$\llbracket 0 < k;$

$\quad Deterministic\text{-}Trans\text{-}Fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ localState;$

$\quad is\text{-}correct\text{-}localState\text{-}Pointwise\text{-}Output\text{-}Shrink\ pointwise\text{-}shrink\ localState \rrbracket \implies$

$f\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}LocalState\ k\ localState\ trans\text{-}fun\ xs\ c =$

$map\ localState\ (f\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\ (Acc\text{-}Trans\text{-}Fun\text{-}Step\ k\ trans\text{-}fun\ pointwise\text{-}shrink)$

$xs\ c)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm *Deterministic-f-Exec*

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-eq-Acc-Trans-Fun-Step-Output*: $\bigwedge c.$
 $\llbracket 0 < k;$
Deterministic-Trans-Fun *trans-fun* *localState*;
is-correct-localState-Pointwise-Output-Shrink *pointwise-shrink* *localState*;
is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink *pointwise-shrink* *output-fun* $\rrbracket \implies$
f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output *k* *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* *c* =
map *output-fun* (*f-Exec-Comp-Stream* (*Acc-Trans-Fun-Step* *k* *trans-fun* *pointwise-shrink*)
xs *c*)
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *Deterministic-f-Exec*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-eq-Acc-Trans-Fun-Step-LocalState*
thm *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-eq-Acc-Trans-Fun-Step-Output*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-eq-Acc-Trans-Fun-Step-LocalState*: $\bigwedge c.$
 $\llbracket 0 < k;$
Deterministic-Trans-Fun *trans-fun* *localState*;
is-correct-localState-Pointwise-Output-Shrink *pointwise-shrink* *localState* $\rrbracket \implies$
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState *k* *localState* *trans-fun* *input* *c* =
localState \circ (*i-Exec-Comp-Stream* (*Acc-Trans-Fun-Step* *k* *trans-fun* *pointwise-shrink*)
input *c*)
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-eq-Acc-Trans-Fun-Step-Output*: $\bigwedge c.$
 $\llbracket 0 < k;$
Deterministic-Trans-Fun *trans-fun* *localState*;
is-correct-localState-Pointwise-Output-Shrink *pointwise-shrink* *localState*;
is-Pointwise-Output-Shrink *pointwise-shrink* *output-fun* $\rrbracket \implies$
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output *k* *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* *c* =
output-fun \circ (*i-Exec-Comp-Stream* (*Acc-Trans-Fun-Step* *k* *trans-fun* *pointwise-shrink*)
input *c*)
 \langle *proof* \rangle

3.2.5 Basic results for accelerated execution with initial state in the resulting stream

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-length*:
 $0 < k \implies$
length (*f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init* *k* *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* *c*) = *Suc*
(*length* *xs*)
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init-length*:
 $0 < k \implies$
length (*f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init* *k* *localState* *trans-fun* *xs* *c*) =
Suc (*length* *xs*)
 \langle *proof* \rangle

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-Nil*:

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init k *output-fun* *trans-fun* $\llbracket c = [\text{output-fun } c]$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init-Nil*:

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init k *localState* *trans-fun* $\llbracket c = [\text{localState } c]$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-1*:

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init (*Suc* 0) *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* $c =$
 $\text{map } \text{output-fun } (\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{xs } c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init-1*:

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init (*Suc* 0) *localState* *trans-fun* *xs* $c =$
 $\text{map } \text{localState } (\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{xs } c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-1*:

i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init (*Suc* 0) *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* $c =$
 $\text{output-fun } \circ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init-1*:

i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState-Init (*Suc* 0) *localState* *trans-fun* *input* $c =$
 $\text{localState } \circ (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init } \text{trans-fun } \text{input } c)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-take*:

f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* $c \downarrow (\text{Suc } n) =$
 $\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k$ *output-fun* *trans-fun* $(\text{xs } \downarrow n)$ c
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Init-drop*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-drop'*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; n < \text{length } \text{xs} \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k$ *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* $c \uparrow \text{Suc } n =$
 $\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k$ *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* $c \uparrow n$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-take*:

$0 < k \implies$
 $\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k$ *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* $c \downarrow (\text{Suc } n) =$
 $\text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k$ *output-fun* *trans-fun* $(\text{input } \downarrow n)$ c
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-drop'*:

$0 < k \implies$
 $\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k$ *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* $c \uparrow \text{Suc } n =$
 $\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k$ *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* $c \uparrow n$

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Init-strictly-causal*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-strictly-causal:*

$$xs \downarrow n = ys \downarrow n \implies$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \downarrow \text{Suc } n =$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } ys \ c \downarrow \text{Suc } n$$

<proof>

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Init-strictly-causal*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-strictly-causal:*

$$\text{input1} \downarrow n = \text{input2} \downarrow n \implies$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } \text{input1} \ c \downarrow \text{Suc } n =$$

$$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } \text{input2} \ c \downarrow \text{Suc } n$$

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Cons*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Cons:*

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c =$$

$$\text{output-fun } c \ \# \ f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c$$

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Cons-output*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Cons-output:*

$$\text{output-fun } c = \varepsilon \implies$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c =$$

$$\varepsilon \ \# \ f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c$$

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Init-tl-eq-f-Exec-Stream*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream--Acc-OutputInit-tl-eq-f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output:*

$$\text{tl } (f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c) =$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c$$

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Previous-f-Exec-Stream-Init*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Previous-f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init:*

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n =$$

$$(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c)^{\leftarrow n} \text{output-fun } c \ n$$

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-output-channel*

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-eq-output-channel:*

$$\llbracket \text{output-fun } c = \varepsilon;$$

$$f\text{-Streams-Connected}$$

$$(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c)$$

$$\text{channel} \rrbracket \implies$$

$$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c = \text{channel}$$

<proof>

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-i-Exec-Stream-Cons*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-eq-i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Cons:*

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c =$
 $[\text{output-fun } c] \frown i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-}i\text{-Exec-Stream-Cons-output}$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-eq-}i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Cons-output}$:

$\text{output-fun } c = \varepsilon \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c =$
 $[\varepsilon] \frown i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Previous-}i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init}$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Previous-}i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init}$:

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ n =$
 $(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c)^{\leftarrow \text{output-fun } c \ n}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Init-eq-output-channel}$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-Init-eq-output-channel}$:

$\llbracket \text{output-fun } c = \varepsilon;$
 $i\text{-Streams-Connected}$
 $(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c)$
 $\text{channel} \rrbracket \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-Init } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c = \text{channel}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

3.2.6 Rules for proving execution equivalence

A required precondition is that the *equiv-states* relation, which indicates whether the local states of $c1$ and $c2$ are equivalent with respect to observable behaviour, is preserved also after executing an input stream, because the *equiv-states* relation should deliver valid results not only at the time point $0::'a$ but at every time point.

lemma $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set}[\text{rule-format}]$:

$\bigwedge c1 \ c2 \ i. \llbracket$
 $0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
 $\text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$
 $\forall \text{input0}. \text{set input0} \subseteq A \longrightarrow (\forall m \in A.$
 $\text{Equiv-Exec } m \text{ equiv-states}$
 $\text{localState1 } \text{localState2 } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}$
 $\text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 \ k2$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input0} \odot_f k1) \ c1)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input0} \odot_f k2) \ c2));$
 $(* \text{equiv-states relation implies equivalent executions}$
 $\text{not only at the beginning but also after processing an input } *)$
 $\text{set input} \subseteq A; i < \text{length input} \rrbracket \implies$
 equiv-states
 $(\text{localState1 } ((f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input} \odot_f k1)$
 $c1) \div_f k1 \ ! \ i))$
 $(\text{localState2 } ((f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input} \odot_f k2)$

$c2) \div_{\#} k2 ! i)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $f\text{-Exec-eq-}f\text{-Exec-Stream-last2}[\text{symmetric}]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $\text{Equiv-Exec-equiv-statesI}'$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

corollary $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$

$\text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$

$\wedge \text{input0 } m. \text{Equiv-Exec } m$

$\text{equiv-states } \text{localState1 } \text{localState2 } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}$

$\text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 \ k2$

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k1) \ c1)$

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k2) \ c2);$

$i < \text{length } \text{input} \rrbracket \implies$

equiv-states

$(\text{localState1 } ((f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input } \odot_f k1)$

$c1) \div_{\#} k1 ! i)$

$(\text{localState2 } ((f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input } \odot_f k2)$

$c2) \div_{\#} k2 ! i)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set}[\text{no-vars}]$

thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state}[\text{no-vars}]$

thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set}[\text{rule-format, no-vars}]$

lemma $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2; \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$

$\wedge \text{input0 } m. \llbracket \text{set } \text{input0} \subseteq A; m \in A \rrbracket \implies$

Equiv-Exec

$m \text{equiv-states } \text{localState1 } \text{localState2}$

$\text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2 } \text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 \ k2$

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k1) \ c1)$

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k2) \ c2);$

$\text{set } \text{input} \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies$

equiv-states

$(\text{localState1 } (f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input } \odot_f k1) \ c1))$

$(\text{localState2 } (f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input } \odot_f k2) \ c2))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $f\text{-shrink-last-nth}[\text{of } \text{length } \text{input} - \text{Suc } 0 \ f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input } \odot_f k1) \ c1 \ k1, \text{symmetric}]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set}[\text{rule-format, no-vars}]$

thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set}[\text{of } k1 \ k2 \ \text{equiv-states } \text{localState1} - \text{localState2} - A \ \text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-expand-shrink-equiv-state}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2; \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$

$\wedge \text{input0 } m.$

Equiv-Exec
 m *equiv-states* $localState1$ $localState2$
 $input\text{-}fun1$ $input\text{-}fun2$ $output\text{-}fun1$ $output\text{-}fun2$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $k1$ $k2$
 $(f\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $(map$ $input\text{-}fun1$ $input0 \odot_f k1$) $c1$)
 $(f\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $(map$ $input\text{-}fun2$ $input0 \odot_f k2$) $c2$)] \implies
equiv-states
 $(localState1$ $(f\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $(map$ $input\text{-}fun1$ $input \odot_f k1$) $c1$))
 $(localState2$ $(f\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $(map$ $input\text{-}fun2$ $input \odot_f k2$) $c2$))

thm *f-Equiv-Exec-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *i-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set*[*rule-format*]:
 $\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2; equiv\text{-}states$ $(localState1$ $c1)$ $(localState2$ $c2);$
 $\bigwedge input0$ $m. \llbracket set$ $input0 \subseteq A; m \in A \rrbracket \implies$
Equiv-Exec
 m *equiv-states* $localState1$ $localState2$
 $input\text{-}fun1$ $input\text{-}fun2$ $output\text{-}fun1$ $output\text{-}fun2$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $k1$ $k2$
 $(f\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $(map$ $input\text{-}fun1$ $input0 \odot_f k1$) $c1$)
 $(f\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $(map$ $input\text{-}fun2$ $input0 \odot_f k2$) $c2$);
 $range$ $input \subseteq A$] \implies
equiv-states
 $(localState1$ $((i\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $((input\text{-}fun1 \circ input) \odot_i k1)$ $c1$
 \div_{il} $k1$) i))
 $(localState2$ $((i\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $((input\text{-}fun2 \circ input) \odot_i k2)$ $c2$
 \div_{il} $k2$) i))

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *i-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state*:
 $\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2; equiv\text{-}states$ $(localState1$ $c1)$ $(localState2$ $c2);$
 $\bigwedge input0$ $m.$
Equiv-Exec
 m *equiv-states* $localState1$ $localState2$
 $input\text{-}fun1$ $input\text{-}fun2$ $output\text{-}fun1$ $output\text{-}fun2$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $k1$ $k2$
 $(f\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $(map$ $input\text{-}fun1$ $input0 \odot_f k1$) $c1$)
 $(f\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $(map$ $input\text{-}fun2$ $input0 \odot_f k2$) $c2$)] \implies
equiv-states
 $(localState1$ $((i\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $((input\text{-}fun1 \circ input) \odot_i k1)$ $c1$
 \div_{il} $k1$) i))
 $(localState2$ $((i\text{-Exec}\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $((input\text{-}fun2 \circ input) \odot_i k2)$ $c2$
 \div_{il} $k2$) i))

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm *f-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set*[*no-vars*]

lemma *f-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-output-set-eq*:
 $\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
 $equiv\text{-}states$ $(localState1$ $c1)$ $(localState2$ $c2);$
 $\bigwedge input0$ $m. \llbracket set$ $input0 \subseteq A; m \in A \rrbracket \implies$
Equiv-Exec
 m *equiv-states* $localState1$ $localState2$
 $input\text{-}fun1$ $input\text{-}fun2$ $output\text{-}fun1$ $output\text{-}fun2$ $trans\text{-}fun1$ $trans\text{-}fun2$ $k1$ $k2$

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k1) c1)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k2) c2);$
 $\text{set } \text{input} \subseteq A \text{] } \implies$
 $(\text{map } \text{output-fun1 } ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input } \odot_f k1) c1)) \div_f k1 =$
 $(\text{map } \text{output-fun2 } ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input } \odot_f k2) c2)) \div_f k2$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-last-nth-eq-}f\text{-Exec-Comp[symmetric]}$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set[of } k1 k2 \text{ equiv-states local-}$
 $\text{State1 - localState2 - } A \text{ input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2]}$
 <proof>

thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-output-set-eq[no-vars]}$

lemma $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-output-eq}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
 $\text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$
 $\wedge \text{input0 } m.$
 Equiv-Exec
 $m \text{ equiv-states } \text{localState1 } \text{localState2}$
 $\text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}$
 $\text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 k2$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k1) c1)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k2) c2) \rrbracket \implies$
 $(\text{map } \text{output-fun1 } ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input } \odot_f k1) c1)) \div_f k1 =$
 $(\text{map } \text{output-fun2 } ($
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input } \odot_f k2) c2)) \div_f k2$
 <proof>

thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-output-eq[no-vars]}$

lemma $i\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-output-set-eq}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
 $\text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$
 $\wedge \text{input0 } m. \llbracket \text{set } \text{input0} \subseteq A; m \in A \rrbracket \implies$
 Equiv-Exec
 $m \text{ equiv-states } \text{localState1 } \text{localState2}$
 $\text{input-fun1 } \text{input-fun2 } \text{output-fun1 } \text{output-fun2}$
 $\text{trans-fun1 } \text{trans-fun2 } k1 k2$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun1 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun1 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k1) c1)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp } \text{trans-fun2 } (\text{map } \text{input-fun2 } \text{input0 } \odot_f k2) c2);$
 $\text{range } \text{input} \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies$
 $(\text{output-fun1 } \circ$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun1 } ((\text{input-fun1 } \circ \text{input}) \odot_i k1) c1) \div_i k1 =$
 $(\text{output-fun2 } \circ$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \text{trans-fun2 } ((\text{input-fun2 } \circ \text{input}) \odot_i k2) c2) \div_i k2$
 <proof>

lemma *i-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-output-eq*:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
equiv-states (*localState1* *c1*) (*localState2* *c2*);
 \wedge *input0* *m*.
Equiv-Exec
m equiv-states localState1 localState2
input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2 trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2
(f-Exec-Comp trans-fun1 (map input-fun1 input0 \odot_f k1) c1)
(f-Exec-Comp trans-fun2 (map input-fun2 input0 \odot_f k2) c2) $\rrbracket \implies$
(*output-fun1* \circ
*i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun1 ((input-fun1 \circ *input*) \odot_i k1) c1) \div_i k1 =
(*output-fun2* \circ
*i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun2 ((input-fun2 \circ *input*) \odot_i k2) c2) \div_i k2
<proof>**

lemma *f-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-set*:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
equiv-states (*localState1* *c1*) (*localState2* *c2*);
Equiv-Exec-stable-set *A*
equiv-states localState1 localState2
input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2
trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2;
(* *equiv-states* relation implies equivalent executions
not only at the beginning but also after processing an input *)
set input \subseteq *A*;
i < length input $\rrbracket \implies$
equiv-states
(f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k1 localState1 trans-fun1 (map input-fun1
input) c1 ! i)
(f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k2 localState2 trans-fun2 (map input-fun2
input) c2 ! i)
<proof>

thm *f-Equiv-Exec-Stream-expand-shrink-equiv-state-set*[of

k1 k2 equiv-states localState1 c1 localState2 c2 A
input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2 trans-fun1 trans-fun2 input]
<proof>

lemma *f-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState*:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
equiv-states (*localState1* *c1*) (*localState2* *c2*);
Equiv-Exec-stable
equiv-states localState1 localState2
input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2
trans-fun1 trans-fun2 k1 k2 c1 c2;
(* *equiv-states* relation implies equivalent executions
not only at the beginning but also after processing an input *)
i < length input $\rrbracket \implies$
equiv-states

$(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k1 \text{ localState1 trans-fun1 } (\text{map input-fun1 input}) \text{ c1 } ! i)$
 $(f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k2 \text{ localState2 trans-fun2 } (\text{map input-fun2 input}) \text{ c2 } ! i)$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState}[\text{no-vars}]$

lemma $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-set-eq}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
 $\text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$
 $\text{Equiv-Exec-stable-set } A$
 $\text{equiv-states localState1 localState2}$
 $\text{input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2 trans-fun1 trans-fun2 } k1 \text{ k2 } c1$
 $c2;$
 $\text{set input } \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k1 \text{ output-fun1 trans-fun1 } (\text{map input-fun1 input}) \text{ c1} =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k2 \text{ output-fun2 trans-fun2 } (\text{map input-fun2 input}) \text{ c2}$
 <proof>

lemma $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-eq}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
 $\text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$
 Equiv-Exec-stable
 $\text{equiv-states localState1 localState2}$
 $\text{input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2 trans-fun1 trans-fun2 } k1 \text{ k2 } c1$
 $c2 \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k1 \text{ output-fun1 trans-fun1 } (\text{map input-fun1 input}) \text{ c1} =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k2 \text{ output-fun2 trans-fun2 } (\text{map input-fun2 input}) \text{ c2}$
 <proof>

thm $f\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-eq}[\text{no-vars}]$

lemma $i\text{-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-set}$:

$\llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2;$
 $\text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2);$
 $\text{Equiv-Exec-stable-set } A$
 $\text{equiv-states localState1 localState2 input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2}$
 $\text{trans-fun1 trans-fun2 } k1 \text{ k2 } c1 \text{ c2};$
 $\text{range input } \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies$
 equiv-states
 $(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k1 \text{ localState1 trans-fun1 } (\text{input-fun1 } \circ \text{input}) \text{ c1 } i)$
 $(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k2 \text{ localState2 trans-fun2 } (\text{input-fun2 } \circ \text{input}) \text{ c2 } i)$
 <proof>

lemma *i-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2; \\ & \quad \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2); \\ & \quad \text{Equiv-Exec-stable} \\ & \quad \text{equiv-states localState1 localState2} \\ & \quad \text{input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2} \\ & \quad \text{trans-fun1 trans-fun2 } k1 \ k2 \ c1 \ c2 \rrbracket \implies \\ & \text{equiv-states} \\ & \quad (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k1 \ \text{localState1} \ \text{trans-fun1} \ (\text{input-fun1} \circ \\ & \text{input}) \ c1 \ i) \\ & \quad (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k2 \ \text{localState2} \ \text{trans-fun2} \ (\text{input-fun2} \circ \\ & \text{input}) \ c2 \ i) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-set-eq*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2; \\ & \quad \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2); \\ & \quad \text{Equiv-Exec-stable-set } A \\ & \quad \text{equiv-states localState1 localState2} \\ & \quad \text{input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2 trans-fun1 trans-fun2 } k1 \ k2 \ c1 \\ & \ c2; \\ & \quad \text{range input} \subseteq A \rrbracket \implies \\ & \quad \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k1 \ \text{output-fun1} \ \text{trans-fun1} \ (\text{input-fun1} \circ \text{input}) \\ & \ c1 = \\ & \quad \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k2 \ \text{output-fun2} \ \text{trans-fun2} \ (\text{input-fun2} \circ \text{input}) \\ & \ c2 \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Equiv-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output-eq*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k1; 0 < k2; \\ & \quad \text{equiv-states } (\text{localState1 } c1) (\text{localState2 } c2); \\ & \quad \text{Equiv-Exec-stable} \\ & \quad \text{equiv-states localState1 localState2} \\ & \quad \text{input-fun1 input-fun2 output-fun1 output-fun2 trans-fun1 trans-fun2 } k1 \ k2 \ c1 \\ & \ c2 \rrbracket \implies \\ & \quad \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k1 \ \text{output-fun1} \ \text{trans-fun1} \ (\text{input-fun1} \circ \text{input}) \\ & \ c1 = \\ & \quad \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k2 \ \text{output-fun2} \ \text{trans-fun2} \ (\text{input-fun2} \circ \text{input}) \\ & \ c2 \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

3.2.7 Idle states and accelerated execution

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-nth*[rule-format]:

$$\begin{aligned} & \bigwedge^c i. \\ & \llbracket 0 < l; l \leq k; \text{Exec-Equal-State } \text{localState} \ \text{trans-fun}; \\ & \quad \forall n \leq i. \text{State-Idle } \text{localState} \ \text{output-fun} \ \text{trans-fun} \ (\\ & \quad \quad \text{f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \ \text{localState} \ \text{trans-fun} \ \text{xs } c \ ! \ n); \\ & \quad i < \text{length } \text{xs} \rrbracket \implies \end{aligned}$$

$f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ i =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ i$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Exec-State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-state}$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-nth}$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-nth[no-vars]}$

corollary $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-eq[rule-format]}$:
 $\llbracket 0 < l; l \leq k; \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun};$
 $\forall n < \text{length } xs. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n) \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c$
 <proof>

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-nth[rule-format]}$:
 $\llbracket 0 < l; l \leq k; \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun};$
 $\forall n \leq i. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \ n) \rrbracket \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \ i =$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \ i$
 <proof>

corollary $i\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-eq[rule-format]}$:
 $\llbracket 0 < l; l \leq k; \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun};$
 $\forall n. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \ n) \rrbracket \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c =$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun input } c$
 <proof>

lemma $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output--State-Idle-nth[rule-format]}$:
 $\llbracket 0 < l; l \leq k; \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun};$
 $\forall n \leq i. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ n);$
 $i < \text{length } xs \rrbracket \implies$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ i =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } l \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \ c \ ! \ i$
 <proof>
thm $\text{last-message-NoMsg-conv}$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output}$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-nth[of } k \text{ - } xs, \text{symmetric}]$
 <proof>
thm $f\text{-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-snoc}$
 <proof>

thm *f-Exec-Equal-State*
 ⟨proof⟩
thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output*
 ⟨proof⟩
thm *f-Exec-Stream-Equal-State*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output--State-Idle-eq[rule-format]*:
 [$0 < l; l \leq k; \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun};$
 $\forall n < \text{length } xs. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $\quad f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \text{ ! } n)$] \implies
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \text{ } c =$
 $f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } l \text{ output-fun trans-fun } xs \text{ } c$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output--State-Idle-nth[rule-format]*:
 [$0 < l; l \leq k; \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun};$
 $\forall n \leq i. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $\quad i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \text{ } n)$] \implies
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \text{ } i =$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } l \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \text{ } i$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output--State-Idle-eq[rule-format]*:
 [$0 < l; l \leq k; \text{Exec-Equal-State localState trans-fun};$
 $\forall n. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $\quad i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } l \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \text{ } n)$] \implies
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c =$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } l \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c$
 ⟨proof⟩

When a certain number l of steps suffices to reach an idle state from any other idle state, than for any acceleration factor $l \leq k$ the accelerated processing of every input message will be finished in an idle state.

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-all[rule-format]*:
 $\bigwedge c \text{ } xs. [0 < l; l \leq k;$
 $\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState } c);$
 $\forall c \text{ } m. \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState } c) \longrightarrow$
 $\quad \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $\quad \quad \text{localState (f-Exec-Comp trans-fun (m \# } \epsilon^l - \text{Suc } 0) \text{ } c));$
 $\quad i < \text{length } xs] \implies$
 $\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $\quad f\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun } xs \text{ } c \text{ ! } i)$
 ⟨proof⟩
thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-state*
 ⟨proof⟩
thm *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState-nth*
 ⟨proof⟩
thm *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-all[no-vars]*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-all*[rule-format]:

[[$0 < l; l \leq k$;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (*localState* *c*);
 $\forall c m. \text{State-Idle } \text{localState } \text{output-fun } \text{trans-fun } (\text{localState } c) \longrightarrow$
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ($m \# \varepsilon^l - \text{Suc } 0$) *c*))]] \implies
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState *k* *localState* *trans-fun* *xs* *c* *i*)
⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output--State-Idle-all-imp-eq*[rule-format]:

[[$0 < l; l \leq k$; *Exec-Equal-State* *localState* *trans-fun*;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (*localState* *c*);
 $\forall c m. \text{State-Idle } \text{localState } \text{output-fun } \text{trans-fun } (\text{localState } c) \longrightarrow$
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ($m \# \varepsilon^l - \text{Suc } 0$) *c*))]] \implies
f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output *k* *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* *c* =
f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output *l* *output-fun* *trans-fun* *xs* *c*
⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output--State-Idle-all-imp-eq*[rule-format]:

[[$0 < l; l \leq k$; *Exec-Equal-State* *localState* *trans-fun*;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (*localState* *c*);
 $\forall c m. \text{State-Idle } \text{localState } \text{output-fun } \text{trans-fun } (\text{localState } c) \longrightarrow$
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ($m \# \varepsilon^l - \text{Suc } 0$) *c*))]] \implies
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output *k* *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* *c* =
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output *l* *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* *c*
⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-all-imp-eq*[rule-format]:

[[$0 < l; l \leq k$; *Exec-Equal-State* *localState* *trans-fun*;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (*localState* *c*);
 $\forall c m. \text{State-Idle } \text{localState } \text{output-fun } \text{trans-fun } (\text{localState } c) \longrightarrow$
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ($m \# \varepsilon^l - \text{Suc } 0$) *c*))]] \implies
f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState *k* *localState* *trans-fun* *xs* *c* =
f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState *l* *localState* *trans-fun* *xs* *c*
⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-LocalState--State-Idle-all-imp-eq*[rule-format]:

[[$0 < l; l \leq k$; *Exec-Equal-State* *localState* *trans-fun*;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (*localState* *c*);
 $\forall c m. \text{State-Idle } \text{localState } \text{output-fun } \text{trans-fun } (\text{localState } c) \longrightarrow$
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
localState (*f-Exec-Comp* *trans-fun* ($m \# \varepsilon^l - \text{Suc } 0$) *c*))]] \implies
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState *k* *localState* *trans-fun* *xs* *c* =
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState *l* *localState* *trans-fun* *xs* *c*

<proof>

Converting inputs

lemma *f-Exec-input-map*: $\bigwedge c.$

f-Exec-Comp trans-fun (map f xs) c = f-Exec-Comp (trans-fun o f) xs c

<proof>

lemma *f-Exec-Stream-input-map*:

f-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (map f xs) c =

f-Exec-Comp-Stream (trans-fun o f) xs c

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-input-map*:

i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (f o input) c =

i-Exec-Comp-Stream (trans-fun o f) input c

<proof>

end

4 IL-AF-Stream: AutoFocus message streams and temporal logic on intervals

theory *IL-AF-Stream*

imports *Main IL-TemporalOperators AF-Stream*

begin

4.1 Stream views – joining streams and intervals

4.1.1 Basic definitions

The functions *f-join* and *i-join* deliver views of finite and infinite streams through intervals (more exactly: arbitrary natural sets). A stream view contains only the elements of the original stream at positions, which are contained in the interval. For instance, *f-join* $[0,10,20,30,40]$ $\{1,4\} = [10,40]$

consts

f-join :: 'a list \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a list (infixl \bowtie_f 100)

i-join :: 'a ilist \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a ilist (infixl \bowtie_i 100)

syntax (*xsymbols*)

-f-join :: 'a list \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a list (infixl \bowtie 100)

-i-join :: 'a ilist \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a ilist (infixl \bowtie 100)

syntax (*HTML output*)

-f-join :: 'a list \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a list (infixl \bowtie 100)

-i-join :: 'a ilist \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a ilist (infixl \bowtie 100)

translations

-f-join xs n \equiv CONST f-join xs n

-i-join f n \equiv CONST i-join f n

The function $i\text{-}f\text{-}join$ can be used for the case, when an infinite stream is joined with a finite interval. The function $i\text{-}join$ would then deliver an infinite stream, whose elements after position $card\ I$ are equal to initial stream’s element at position $Max\ I$. The function $i\text{-}f\text{-}join$ in contrast cuts the resulting stream at this position and returns a finite stream.

consts

$$i\text{-}f\text{-}join :: 'a\ i\text{list} \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a\ list \quad (\mathbf{infixl} \ \times_{i-f} \ 100)$$
syntax (*xsymbols*)
$$-i\text{-}f\text{-}join :: 'a\ i\text{list} \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a\ list \quad (\mathbf{infixl} \ \times \ 100)$$
syntax (*HTML output*)
$$-i\text{-}f\text{-}join :: 'a\ i\text{list} \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a\ list \quad (\mathbf{infixl} \ \times \ 100)$$
translations

$$-i\text{-}f\text{-}join\ f\ n \equiv \mathbf{CONST}\ i\text{-}f\text{-}join\ f\ n$$

The function $i\text{-}f\text{-}join$ should be used only for finite sets in order to deliver well-defined results. The function $i\text{-}join$ should be used for infinite sets, because joining an infinite stream s and a finite set I using $i\text{-}join$ would deliver an infinite stream, ending with an infinite sequence of elements equal to $s\ (Max\ I)$.

primrec

$$f\text{-}join\text{-}aux :: 'a\ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow iT \Rightarrow 'a\ list$$
where

$$f\text{-}join\text{-}aux\ []\ n\ I = []$$

$$| f\text{-}join\text{-}aux\ (x \# xs)\ n\ I =$$

$$(if\ n \in I\ then\ [x]\ else\ [])\ @\ f\text{-}join\text{-}aux\ xs\ (Suc\ n)\ I$$
defs

$$f\text{-}join\text{-}def : xs \times_f I \equiv f\text{-}join\text{-}aux\ xs\ 0\ I$$

$$i\text{-}join\text{-}def : f \times_i I \equiv \lambda n. (f\ (I \rightarrow n))$$

$$i\text{-}f\text{-}join\text{-}def : f \times_{i-f} I \equiv f \Downarrow Suc\ (Max\ I) \times_f I$$
4.1.2 Basic results**lemma** $f\text{-}join\text{-}aux\text{-}length$:
$$\bigwedge n. length\ (f\text{-}join\text{-}aux\ xs\ n\ I) = card\ (I \cap \{n..<n + length\ xs\})$$

<proof>

lemma $f\text{-}join\text{-}aux\text{-}nth$ [*rule-format*]:
$$\forall n\ i. i < card\ (I \cap \{n..<n + length\ xs\}) \longrightarrow$$

$$(f\text{-}join\text{-}aux\ xs\ n\ I) ! i = xs ! (((I \cap \{n..<n + length\ xs\}) \rightarrow i) - n)$$

<proof>

thm $order\text{-}trans$ [*OF - iMin-le*[*OF inext-nth-closed*]]

<proof>

$$\mathbf{thm}\ order\text{-}trans[OF - iMin\text{-}Int\text{-}ge2]$$

<proof>

thm $iMin\text{-}insert$

<proof>

thm $inext\text{-}nth\text{-}insert\text{-}Suc$

⟨proof⟩
thm *order-trans*[OF - iMin-Int-ge2]
 ⟨proof⟩
thm *order-trans*[OF - iMin-le[OF inext-nth-closed]]
 ⟨proof⟩
thm *order-trans*[OF - iMin-Int-ge2]
 ⟨proof⟩

Joining finite streams and intervals

lemma *f-join-length*: $\text{length } (xs \bowtie_f I) = \text{card } (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-nth*: $n < \text{length } (xs \bowtie_f I) \implies (xs \bowtie_f I) ! n = xs ! (I \rightarrow n)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-join-aux-nth*[of n I 0 xs]
thm *back-subst*[OF - cut-less-Int-conv]
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-nth2*: $n < \text{card } (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs) \implies (xs \bowtie_f I) ! n = xs ! (I \rightarrow n)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-empty*: $xs \bowtie_f \{\} = []$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-Nil*: $[] \bowtie_f I = []$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-Nil-conv*: $(xs \bowtie_f I = []) = (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs = \{\})$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-Nil-conv'*: $(xs \bowtie_f I = []) = (\forall i < \text{length } xs. i \notin I)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-all-conv*: $(xs \bowtie_f I = xs) = (\{.. < \text{length } xs\} \subseteq I)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *psubset-card-mono*[OF finite-lessThan]
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *inext-nth-cut-less-eq*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-all*: $\{.. < \text{length } xs\} \subseteq I \implies xs \bowtie_f I = xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

corollary *f-join-UNIV*: $xs \bowtie_f UNIV = xs$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-union*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B \rrbracket \implies xs \bowtie_f (A \cup B) = xs \bowtie_f A @ (xs \bowtie_f B)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *inext-nth-card-append-eq1*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-singleton-if*:

$xs \bowtie_f \{n\} = (\text{if } n < \text{length } xs \text{ then } [xs ! n] \text{ else } [])$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-insert*:

$n < \text{length } xs \implies$
 $xs \bowtie_f \text{insert } n I = xs \bowtie_f (I \downarrow < n) @ (xs ! n) \# (xs \bowtie_f (I \downarrow > n))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-snoc*:

$(xs @ [x]) \bowtie_f I =$
 $xs \bowtie_f I @ (\text{if } \text{length } xs \in I \text{ then } [x] \text{ else } [])$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-append*:

$(xs @ ys) \bowtie_f I = xs \bowtie_f I @ ys \bowtie_f (I \oplus - (\text{length } xs))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *take-f-join-eq1*:

$n < \text{card } (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs) \implies$
 $(xs \bowtie_f I) \downarrow n = xs \bowtie_f (I \downarrow < (I \rightarrow n))$

thm *less-card-cut-less-imp-inext-nth-less*

⟨proof⟩

thm *cut-less-inext-nth-card-eq1*

⟨proof⟩

thm *f-join-nth*

⟨proof⟩

thm *cut-less-inext-nth-card-eq1*

⟨proof⟩

thm *inext-nth-cut-less-eq*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *take-f-join-eq2*:

$\text{card } (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs) \leq n \implies (xs \bowtie_f I) \downarrow n = xs \bowtie_f I$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *take-f-join-if*:

$(xs \bowtie_f I) \downarrow n =$
 $(\text{if } n < \text{card } (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs) \text{ then } xs \bowtie_f (I \downarrow < (I \rightarrow n)) \text{ else } xs \bowtie_f I)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *drop-f-join-eq1*:

$n < \text{card } (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs) \implies$
 $(xs \bowtie_f I) \uparrow n = xs \bowtie_f (I \downarrow \geq (I \rightarrow n))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *drop-f-join-eq2*:

$\text{card } (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs) \leq n \implies (xs \bowtie_f I) \uparrow n = []$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *drop-f-join-if*:

$(xs \bowtie_f I) \uparrow n =$
 $(\text{if } n < \text{card } (I \downarrow < \text{length } xs) \text{ then } xs \bowtie_f (I \downarrow \geq (I \rightarrow n)) \text{ else } [])$

<proof>

lemma *f-join-take*: $xs \downarrow n \bowtie_f I = xs \bowtie_f (I \downarrow < n)$

<proof>

thm *less-card-cut-less-imp-inext-nth-less*

<proof>

thm *inext-nth-cut-less-eq*

<proof>

thm *card-mono*[OF *nat-cut-less-finite cut-less-mono*]

<proof>

lemma *f-join-drop*: $xs \uparrow n \bowtie_f I = xs \bowtie_f (I \oplus n)$

<proof>

lemma *cut-less-eq-imp-f-join-eq*:

$A \downarrow < \text{length } xs = B \downarrow < \text{length } xs \implies xs \bowtie_f A = xs \bowtie_f B$

<proof>

corollary *f-join-cut-less-eq*:

$\text{length } xs \leq t \implies xs \bowtie_f (I \downarrow < t) = xs \bowtie_f I$

<proof>

lemma *take-Suc-Max-eq-imp-f-join-eq*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; xs \downarrow \text{Suc } (\text{Max } I) = ys \downarrow \text{Suc } (\text{Max } I) \rrbracket \implies$

$xs \bowtie_f I = ys \bowtie_f I$

<proof>

thm *f-join-nth2*

<proof>

corollary *f-join-take-Suc-Max-eq*:

$\text{finite } I \implies xs \downarrow \text{Suc } (\text{Max } I) \bowtie_f I = xs \bowtie_f I$

<proof>

Joining infinite streams and infinite intervals

lemma *i-join-nth*: $(f \bowtie_i I) n = f (I \rightarrow n)$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-UNIV*: $f \bowtie_i \text{UNIV} = f$

<proof>

thm *f-join-union*

lemma *i-join-union*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{Max } A < \text{iMin } B; B \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies$

$f \bowtie_i (A \cup B) = (f \downarrow \text{Suc } (\text{Max } A) \bowtie_f A) \frown (f \bowtie_i B)$

<proof>

thm *f-join-nth f-join-length i-take-length*

<proof>

thm *less-card-cut-less-imp-inext-nth-less*

<proof>

lemma *i-join-singleton*: $f \bowtie_i \{a\} = (\lambda n. f a)$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-insert*:

$$f \bowtie_i (\text{insert } n \ I) = \\ (f \downarrow n) \bowtie_f (I \downarrow < n) \frown [f \ n] \frown (\\ \text{if } I \downarrow > n = \{\} \text{ then } (\lambda x. f \ n) \text{ else } f \ \bowtie_i (I \downarrow > n))$$

thm *ssubst[OF insert-eq-cut-less-cut-greater]*

<proof>

thm *insert-is-Un*

<proof>

thm *i-join-union[OF singleton-finite]*

<proof>

thm *i-join-union[OF nat-cut-less-finite - singleton-not-empty]*

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-append*:

$$\text{infinite } I \implies (xs \frown f) \bowtie_i I = (xs \bowtie_f I) \frown (f \ \bowtie_i (I \oplus - \ \text{length } xs))$$

<proof>

thm *cut-less-empty-iff[THEN iffD1, THEN cut-ge-all-iff[THEN iffD2]]*

<proof>

lemma *i-take-i-join*: $\text{infinite } I \implies f \ \bowtie_i I \downarrow n = f \downarrow (I \rightarrow n) \ \bowtie_f I$

<proof>

lemma *i-drop-i-join*: $I \neq \{\} \implies f \ \bowtie_i I \uparrow n = f \ \bowtie_i (I \downarrow \geq (I \rightarrow n))$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-take*: $f \downarrow n \ \bowtie_f I = f \ \bowtie_i I \downarrow \text{card } (I \downarrow < n)$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-drop*: $I \neq \{\} \implies f \uparrow n \ \bowtie_i I = f \ \bowtie_i (I \oplus n)$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-finite-nth-ge-card-eq-nth-Max*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\}; \text{card } I \leq \text{Suc } n \rrbracket \implies (f \ \bowtie_i I) \ n = f \ (\text{Max } I)$$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-finite-i-drop-card-eq-const-nth-Max*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies (f \ \bowtie_i I) \uparrow (\text{card } I) = (\lambda n. f \ (\text{Max } I))$$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-finite-i-append-nth-Max-conv*:

$$\llbracket \text{finite } I; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies (f \ \bowtie_i I) = f \downarrow \text{Suc } (\text{Max } I) \ \bowtie_f I \frown (\lambda n. f \ (\text{Max } I))$$

<proof>

thm *f-join-nth f-join-length i-take-length*

<proof>

Joining infinite streams and finite intervals

lemma *i-f-join-length*: $\text{finite } I \implies \text{length } (f \bowtie_{i-f} I) = \text{card } I$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-f-join-nth*: $n < \text{card } I \implies f \bowtie_{i-f} I ! n = f (I \rightarrow n)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *i-take-nth*[of $I \rightarrow n \text{ Suc } (\text{Max } I) f$]
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-f-join-empty*: $f \bowtie_{i-f} \{\} = []$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-f-join-eq-i-join-i-take*:
 $\text{finite } I \implies f \bowtie_{i-f} I = f \bowtie_i I \downarrow (\text{card } I)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-f-join-union*:
 $\llbracket \text{finite } A; \text{finite } B; \text{Max } A < i\text{Min } B \rrbracket \implies$
 $f \bowtie_{i-f} (A \cup B) = f \bowtie_{i-f} A @ f \bowtie_{i-f} B$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-f-join-singleton*: $f \bowtie_{i-f} \{n\} = [f n]$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *f-join-insert*

lemma *i-f-join-insert*:

$\text{finite } I \implies$
 $f \bowtie_{i-f} \text{insert } n I = f \bowtie_{i-f} (I \downarrow < n) @ f n \# f \bowtie_{i-f} (I \downarrow > n)$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *nat-cut-less-Max-less*
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *take-i-f-join-eq1*:
 $n < \text{card } I \implies f \bowtie_{i-f} I \downarrow n = f \bowtie_{i-f} (I \downarrow < (I \rightarrow n))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *take-i-f-join-eq2*:
 $\llbracket \text{finite } I; \text{card } I \leq n \rrbracket \implies f \bowtie_{i-f} I \downarrow n = f \bowtie_{i-f} I$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *take-i-f-join-if*:

$\text{finite } I \implies$
 $f \bowtie_{i-f} I \downarrow n = (\text{if } n < \text{card } I \text{ then } f \bowtie_{i-f} (I \downarrow < (I \rightarrow n)) \text{ else } f \bowtie_{i-f} I)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *drop-i-f-join-eq1*:
 $n < \text{card } I \implies f \bowtie_{i-f} I \uparrow n = f \bowtie_{i-f} (I \downarrow \geq (I \rightarrow n))$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *drop-i-f-join-eq2*:

$\llbracket \text{finite } I; \text{card } I \leq n \rrbracket \implies f \bowtie_{i-f} I \uparrow n = []$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *drop-i-f-join-if*:

$\text{finite } I \implies$
 $f \bowtie_{i-f} I \uparrow n = (\text{if } n < \text{card } I \text{ then } f \bowtie_{i-f} (I \downarrow \geq (I \rightarrow n)) \text{ else } [])$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-f-join-i-drop*:

$\text{finite } I \implies f \uparrow n \bowtie_{i-f} I = f \bowtie_{i-f} (I \oplus n)$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-take-Suc-Max-eq-imp-i-f-join-eq*:

$f \downarrow \text{Suc } (\text{Max } I) = g \downarrow \text{Suc } (\text{Max } I) \implies f \bowtie_{i-f} I = g \bowtie_{i-f} I$
 ⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-take-i-join-eq-i-f-join*:

$\text{infinite } I \implies f \bowtie_i I \downarrow n = f \bowtie_{i-f} (I \downarrow < (I \rightarrow n))$
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *inext-nth-gr-Min-conv-infinite*

⟨proof⟩

thm *i-join-i-take*

⟨proof⟩

thm *cut-le-less-inext-conv[OF inext-nth-closed]*

⟨proof⟩

4.1.3 Results for intervals from *IL-Interval*

lemma *f-join-iFROM*: $xs \bowtie_f [n..] = xs \uparrow n$

⟨proof⟩

thm *f-join-nth2*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-join-iFROM*: $f \bowtie_i [n..] = f \uparrow n$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-iIN*: $xs \bowtie_f [n..,d] = xs \uparrow n \downarrow \text{Suc } d$

⟨proof⟩

thm *f-join-nth2*

⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-f-join-iIN*: $f \bowtie_{i-f} [n..,d] = f \uparrow n \downarrow \text{Suc } d$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-iTILL*: $xs \bowtie_f [..n] = xs \downarrow (\text{Suc } n)$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *i-f-join-iTILL*: $f \bowtie_{i-f} [..n] = f \downarrow \text{Suc } n$

⟨proof⟩

lemma *f-join-f-expand-iT-Mult*:

$$0 < k \implies xs \odot_f k \bowtie_f (I \otimes k) = xs \bowtie_f I$$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-expand-iT-Mult*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; I \neq \{\} \rrbracket \implies f \odot_i k \bowtie_i (I \otimes k) = f \bowtie_i I$$

<proof>

lemma *i-f-join-i-expand-iT-Mult*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{finite } I \rrbracket \implies f \odot_i k \bowtie_{i-f} (I \otimes k) = f \bowtie_{i-f} I$$

<proof>

lemma *f-join-f-shrink-iT-Plus-iT-Div-mod*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = 0 \rrbracket \implies$$

$$(xs \mapsto_f k) \bowtie_f (I \oplus (k - 1)) = xs \div_f k \bowtie_f (I \odot k)$$

<proof>

thm *diff-less-mono2*

<proof>

thm *iT-Div-card-inj-on*

<proof>

thm *mod-eq-imp-div-right-inj-on*

<proof>

thm *iT-Div-mod-inext-nth*

<proof>

thm *f-shrink-nth-eq-f-last-message-hold-nth*

<proof>

thm *less-card-cut-less-imp-inext-nth-less*

thm *less-le-trans[OF less-card-cut-less-imp-inext-nth-less]*

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-shrink-iT-Plus-iT-Div-mod*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; I \neq \{\}; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = 0 \rrbracket \implies$$

$$(f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_i (I \oplus (k - 1)) = f \div_i k \bowtie_i (I \odot k)$$

<proof>

lemma *i-f-join-i-shrink-iT-Plus-iT-Div-mod*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{finite } I; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = 0 \rrbracket \implies$$

$$(f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_{i-f} (I \oplus (k - 1)) = f \div_i k \bowtie_{i-f} (I \odot k)$$

<proof>

corollary *f-join-f-shrink-iT-Plus-iT-Div-mod-subst*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = 0;$$

$$A = I \oplus (k - 1); B = I \odot k \rrbracket \implies$$

$$(xs \mapsto_f k) \bowtie_f A = xs \div_f k \bowtie_f B$$

<proof>

corollary *i-join-i-shrink-iT-Plus-iT-Div-mod-subst*:

$$\llbracket 0 < k; I \neq \{\}; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = 0;$$

$$A = I \oplus (k - 1); B = I \odot k \implies \\ (f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_i A = f \div_i k \bowtie_i B$$

<proof>

corollary *i-f-join-i-shrink-iT-Plus-iT-Div-mod-subst:*

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{finite } I; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = 0; \\ A = I \oplus (k - 1); B = I \odot k \rrbracket \implies \\ (f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_{i-f} A = f \div_i k \bowtie_{i-f} B$$

<proof>

lemma *f-join-f-shrink-iT-Div-mod:*

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = k - 1 \rrbracket \implies \\ (xs \mapsto_f k) \bowtie_f I = xs \div_f k \bowtie_f (I \odot k)$$

<proof>

thm *mod-add-eq-imp-mod-0[THEN iffD1]*

<proof>

thm *f-join-f-shrink-iT-Plus-iT-Div-mod[unfolded One-nat-def]*

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-shrink-iT-Div-mod:*

$$\llbracket 0 < k; I \neq \{\}; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = k - 1 \rrbracket \implies \\ (f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_i I = f \div_i k \bowtie_i (I \odot k)$$

<proof>

thm *iT-Div-mod-inext-nth*

<proof>

lemma *i-f-join-i-shrink-iT-Div-mod:*

$$\llbracket 0 < k; \text{finite } I; \forall x \in I. x \bmod k = k - 1 \rrbracket \implies \\ (f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_{i-f} I = f \div_i k \bowtie_{i-f} (I \odot k)$$

<proof>

lemma *f-join-f-expand-iMOD:*

$$0 < k \implies xs \odot_f k \bowtie_f [n * k, \text{mod } k] = xs \bowtie_f [n \dots]$$

<proof>

corollary *f-join-f-expand-iMOD-0:*

$$0 < k \implies xs \odot_f k \bowtie_f [0, \text{mod } k] = xs$$

<proof>

lemma *f-join-f-expand-iMODb:*

$$0 < k \implies xs \odot_f k \bowtie_f [n * k, \text{mod } k, d] = xs \bowtie_f [n \dots, d]$$

<proof>

corollary *f-join-f-expand-iMODb-0:*

$$0 < k \implies xs \odot_f k \bowtie_f [0, \text{mod } k, n] = xs \bowtie_f [\dots n]$$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-expand-iMOD:*

$$0 < k \implies f \odot_i k \bowtie_i [n * k, \text{mod } k] = f \bowtie_i [n \dots]$$

<proof>

corollary *i-join-i-expand-iMOD-0*:

$$0 < k \implies f \odot_i k \bowtie_i [0, \text{mod } k] = f$$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-expand-iMODb*:

$$0 < k \implies f \odot_i k \bowtie_i [n * k, \text{mod } k, d] = f \bowtie_i [n \dots, d]$$

<proof>

corollary *i-join-i-expand-iMODb-0*:

$$0 < k \implies f \odot_i k \bowtie_i [0, \text{mod } k, n] = f \bowtie_i [\dots n]$$

<proof>

lemma *i-f-join-i-expand-iMODb*:

$$0 < k \implies f \odot_i k \bowtie_{i-f} [n * k, \text{mod } k, d] = f \bowtie_{i-f} [n \dots, d]$$

<proof>

corollary *i-f-join-i-expand-iMODb-0*:

$$0 < k \implies f \odot_i k \bowtie_{i-f} [0, \text{mod } k, n] = f \bowtie_{i-f} [\dots n]$$

<proof>

lemma *f-join-f-shrink-iMOD*:

$$0 < k \implies (xs \mapsto_f k) \bowtie_f [n * k + (k - 1), \text{mod } k] = xs \div_f k \bowtie_f [n \dots]$$

<proof>

corollary *f-join-f-shrink-iMOD-0*:

$$0 < k \implies (xs \mapsto_f k) \bowtie_f [k - 1, \text{mod } k] = xs \div_f k$$

<proof>

lemma *f-join-f-shrink-iMODb*:

$$0 < k \implies (xs \mapsto_f k) \bowtie_f [n * k + (k - 1), \text{mod } k, d] = xs \div_f k \bowtie_f [n \dots, d]$$

<proof>

corollary *f-join-f-shrink-iMODb-0*:

$$0 < k \implies (xs \mapsto_f k) \bowtie_f [k - 1, \text{mod } k, n] = xs \div_f k \bowtie_f [\dots n]$$

<proof>

lemma *i-join-i-shrink-iMOD*:

$$0 < k \implies (f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_i [n * k + (k - 1), \text{mod } k] = f \div_i k \bowtie_i [n \dots]$$

<proof>

corollary *i-join-i-shrink-iMOD-0*:

$$0 < k \implies (f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_i [k - 1, \text{mod } k] = f \div_i k$$

<proof>

lemma *i-f-join-i-shrink-iMODb*:

$$0 < k \implies (f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_{i-f} [n * k + (k - 1), \text{mod } k, d] = f \div_i k \bowtie_{i-f} [n \dots, d]$$

<proof>

corollary *i-f-join-i-shrink-iMODb-0*:

$$0 < k \implies (f \mapsto_i k) \bowtie_{i-f} [k - 1, \text{mod } k, n] = f \div_i k \bowtie_{i-f} [\dots n]$$

<proof>

4.2 Streams and temporal operators

thm *last-message-NoMsg-conv*

lemma *i-shrink-eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv*:

$$0 < k \implies ((s \dot{\div}_i k) t = \varepsilon) = (\Box t1 [t * k \dots, k - \text{Suc } 0]. s t1 = \varepsilon)$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv2*:

$$0 < k \implies ((s \dot{\div}_i k) t = \varepsilon) = (\Box t1 [..k - 1] \oplus (t * k). s t1 = \varepsilon)$$

<proof>

thm *last-message-conv*

lemma *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \dot{\div}_i k) t = m) = \\ & (\Diamond t1 [t * k \dots, k - \text{Suc } 0]. s t1 = m \wedge \\ & (\Box t2 [\text{Suc } t1 \dots]. t2 \leq t * k + k - \text{Suc } 0 \longrightarrow s t2 = \varepsilon)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-conv2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \dot{\div}_i k) t = m) = \\ & (\Diamond t1 [..k - 1] \oplus (t * k). s t1 = m \wedge \\ & (\Box t2 [1 \dots] \oplus t1 . t2 \leq t * k + k - 1 \longrightarrow s t2 = \varepsilon)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-cut-greater-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \dot{\div}_i k) t = m) = \\ & (\Diamond t1 [t * k \dots, k - \text{Suc } 0]. s t1 = m \wedge \\ & (\Box t2 [t * k \dots, k - \text{Suc } 0] \downarrow > t1. s t2 = \varepsilon)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-cut-greater-conv2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \dot{\div}_i k) t = m) = \\ & (\Diamond t1 [..k - 1] \oplus (t * k). s t1 = m \wedge \\ & (\Box t2 ([..k - 1] \oplus (t * k)) \downarrow > t1. s t2 = \varepsilon)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iSince-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \dot{\div}_i k) t = m) = \\ & (s t2 = \varepsilon. t2 \mathcal{S} t1 [t * k \dots, k - \text{Suc } 0]. s t1 = m) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iSince-conv2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \dot{\div}_i k) t = m) = \\ & (s t2 = \varepsilon. t2 \mathcal{S} t1 [..k - 1] \oplus (t * k). s t1 = m) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *iT-Mult-iAll-i-expand-nth-iff*:

$$0 < k \implies (\Box t (I \otimes k). P ((f \odot_i k) t)) = (\Box t I. P (f t))$$

<proof>

Streams and temporal operators cycle start/finish events

lemma *i-shrink-eq-NoMsg-iAll-start-event-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = 0); t0 = t * k \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \div_i k) t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (s t0 = \varepsilon \wedge (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (s t1 = \varepsilon. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t'). \text{event } t2))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *less-mod-eq-imp-add-divisor-le*

<proof>

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iSince-conv*

lemma *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iUntil-start-event-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = 0); t0 = t * k \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \div_i k) t = m) = (\\ & (s t0 = m \wedge (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (s t1 = \varepsilon. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t'). \text{event } t2))) \vee \\ & (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (\neg \text{event } t1. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t'). (\\ & \quad s t2 = m \wedge \neg \text{event } t2 \wedge (\bigcirc t'' t2 [0\dots]. \\ & \quad (s t3 = \varepsilon. t3 \mathcal{U} t4 ([0\dots] \oplus t''). \text{event } t4)))))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iSince-conv*

<proof>

thm *between-imp-mod-gr0[OF Suc-le-lessD]*

<proof>

thm *mod-0-imp-mod-pred*

<proof>

thm *le-imp-less-or-eq*

<proof>

thm *between-imp-mod-between[of k - Suc (Suc 0) k t Suc 0 i]*

<proof>

thm *mult-less-cancel2[THEN iffD1, THEN conjunct2]*

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-NoMsg-iAll-finish-event-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 1 < k; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = k - 1); t0 = t * k \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \div_i k) t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (s t0 = \varepsilon \wedge (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (s t1 = \varepsilon. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t'). (\text{event } t2 \wedge s t2 = \varepsilon)))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iUntil-finish-event-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 1 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = k - 1); t0 = t * k \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((s \div_i k) t = m) = (\\ & (\neg \text{event } t1. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t0). \text{event } t2 \wedge s t2 = m) \vee \\ & (\neg \text{event } t1. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t0). (\neg \text{event } t2 \wedge s t2 = m \wedge (\\ & \quad \bigcirc t' t2 [0\dots]. (s t3 = \varepsilon. t3 \mathcal{U} t4 ([0\dots] \oplus t'). \text{event } t4 \wedge s t4 = \varepsilon)))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *le-mod-add-eq-imp-add-mod-le*[*OF less-imp-le, rule-format, of t * k - k - Suc 0 k*]
 ⟨*proof*⟩
thm *between-imp-mod-le*[*of k - Suc (Suc 0) k t -, OF diff-Suc-less, OF gr-implies-gr0*]
 ⟨*proof*⟩
thm *between-imp-mod-le*[*of k - Suc 0 - Suc 0 k t Suc t1*]
 ⟨*proof*⟩
thm *mult-divisor-le-mod-ge-imp-ge*
 ⟨*proof*⟩

end

5 IL-AF-Stream-Exec: AutoFocus message stream processing and temporal logic on intervals

theory *IL-AF-Stream-Exec*
imports *Main IL-AF-Stream AF-Stream-Exec*
begin

5.1 Correlation between Pre/Post-Conditions for *f-Exec-Comp-Stream* and *f-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init*

thm
i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1
i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post2
i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post1
i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post2
thm *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1*
lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post1-iAll*:
 [*result = i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input c*;
 $\forall x-n c-n. P1\ x-n \wedge P2\ c-n \longrightarrow Q\ (trans-fun\ x-n\ c-n)$] \implies
 $\square\ t\ I. (P1\ (input\ t) \wedge P2\ (result\ \leftarrow^c\ t) \longrightarrow Q\ (result\ t))$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

Direct relation between input and result after transition

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post2*
lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post2-iAll*:
 [*result = i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input c*;
 $\forall x-n c-n. P\ c-n \longrightarrow Q\ x-n\ (trans-fun\ x-n\ c-n)$] \implies
 $\square\ t\ I. P\ (result\ \leftarrow^c\ t) \longrightarrow Q\ (input\ t)\ (result\ t)$
 ⟨*proof*⟩
lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post3-iAll-iNext*:
 [*result = i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun input c*;
 $\forall x-n c-n. P\ c-n \longrightarrow Q\ x-n\ (trans-fun\ x-n\ c-n)$;
 $\forall t \in I. inext\ t\ I' = Suc\ t$] \implies
 $\square\ t\ I. P\ (result\ t) \longrightarrow (\bigcirc\ t1\ t\ I'. Q\ (input\ t1)\ (result\ t1))$
 ⟨*proof*⟩

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post1*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post1-iAll-iNext*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{result} = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c; \\ & \quad \forall x\text{-}n \text{ } c\text{-}n. P1 \text{ } x\text{-}n \wedge P2 \text{ } c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \text{ } c\text{-}n); \\ & \quad \forall t \in I. \text{inext } t \text{ } I' = \text{Suc } t \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \\ & \quad \square t \text{ } I. (P1 (\text{input } t) \wedge P2 (\text{result } t) \longrightarrow (\bigcirc t1 \text{ } t \text{ } I'. Q (\text{result } t1))) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Direct relation between input and state before transition

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post2*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post2-iAll-iNext*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{result} = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c; \\ & \quad \forall x\text{-}n \text{ } c\text{-}n. P \text{ } x\text{-}n \text{ } c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \text{ } c\text{-}n); \\ & \quad \forall t \in I. \text{inext } t \text{ } I' = \text{Suc } t \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \\ & \quad \square t \text{ } I. (P (\text{input } t) (\text{result } t) \longrightarrow (\bigcirc t1 \text{ } t \text{ } I'. Q (\text{result } t1))) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Relation between input and output

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post3-iAll-iNext*

lemma *i-Exec-Stream-Init-Pre-Post3-iAll-iNext*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{result} = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun input } c; \\ & \quad \forall x\text{-}n \text{ } c\text{-}n. P \text{ } c\text{-}n \longrightarrow Q \text{ } x\text{-}n (\text{trans-fun } x\text{-}n \text{ } c\text{-}n); \\ & \quad \forall t \in I. \text{inext } t \text{ } I' = \text{Suc } t \rrbracket \Longrightarrow \\ & \quad \square t \text{ } I. (P (\text{result } t) \longrightarrow (\bigcirc t1 \text{ } t \text{ } I'. Q (\text{input}^{\leftarrow \varepsilon} t1) (\text{result } t1))) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Pre-Post2-iAll[OF refl]*

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

5.2 *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output* and temporal operators with bounded intervals.

Temporal relation between uncompressed and compressed output of accelerated components.

thm *i-shrink-eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \Longrightarrow \\ & ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) \text{ } t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (\square t1 [t * k \dots k - \text{Suc } 0]. (\text{output-fun} \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input} \\ & \odot_i k) \text{ } c) \text{ } t1 = \varepsilon) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 < k \Longrightarrow \\ & ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) \text{ } t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (\square t1 [\dots k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus (t * k). (\text{output-fun} \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun} \\ & (\text{input} \odot_i k) \text{ } c) \text{ } t1 = \varepsilon) \\ & \langle \text{proof} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv*:

$0 < k \implies$
 $((i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output\ k\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ input\ c)\ t = \varepsilon) =$
 $(\Box\ t1\ [Suc\ (t * k) \dots, k - Suc\ 0].\ (output-fun \circ i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init\ trans-fun$
 $(input \odot_i\ k)\ c)\ t1 = \varepsilon)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-shrink-eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv*

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-cut-greater-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-cut-greater-conv*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; s = (output-fun \circ i-Exec-Comp-Stream\ trans-fun\ (input \odot_i\ k)$
 $c) \rrbracket \implies$
 $((i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output\ k\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ input\ c)\ t = m) =$
 $(\Diamond\ t1\ [t * k \dots, k - Suc\ 0].\ (s\ t1 = m \wedge$
 $(\Box\ t2\ [t * k \dots, k - Suc\ 0]\ \downarrow > t1 . s\ t2 = \varepsilon)))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-cut-greater-conv2*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-cut-greater-conv2*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; s = (output-fun \circ i-Exec-Comp-Stream\ trans-fun\ (input \odot_i\ k)$
 $c) \rrbracket \implies$
 $((i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output\ k\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ input\ c)\ t = m) =$
 $(\Diamond\ t1\ [\dots k - Suc\ 0] \oplus (t * k). (s\ t1 = m \wedge$
 $(\Box\ t2\ [\dots k - Suc\ 0] \oplus (t * k))\ \downarrow > t1 . s\ t2 = \varepsilon)))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iSince-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iSince-conv*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; s = (output-fun \circ i-Exec-Comp-Stream\ trans-fun\ (input \odot_i\ k)$
 $c) \rrbracket \implies$
 $((i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output\ k\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ input\ c)\ t = m) =$
 $(s\ t2 = \varepsilon.\ t2\ \mathcal{S}\ t1\ [t * k \dots, k - Suc\ 0].\ s\ t1 = m)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iSince-conv2*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; s = (output-fun \circ i-Exec-Comp-Stream\ trans-fun\ (input \odot_i\ k)$
 $c) \rrbracket \implies$
 $((i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output\ k\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ input\ c)\ t = m) =$
 $(s\ t2 = \varepsilon.\ t2\ \mathcal{S}\ t1\ [\dots k - Suc\ 0] \oplus (t * k). s\ t1 = m)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iSince-conv[OF - - refl]*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-Msg-iSince-conv*:

$\llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; s = (output-fun \circ i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init\ trans-fun\ (input \odot_i$
 $k)\ c) \rrbracket \implies$
 $((i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output\ k\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ input\ c)\ t = m) =$
 $(s\ t2 = \varepsilon.\ t2\ \mathcal{S}\ t1\ [Suc\ (t * k) \dots, k - Suc\ 0].\ s\ t1 = m)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-Msg-iSince-conv[OF - - refl]*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-iAll-iSince-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; s = (\text{output-fun} \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun} (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) t = m) = \\ & ((m = \varepsilon \longrightarrow (\Box t1 [t * k \dots, k - \text{Suc } 0]. s t1 = \varepsilon)) \wedge \\ & ((m \neq \varepsilon \longrightarrow (s t2 = \varepsilon. t2 \mathcal{S} t1 [t * k \dots, k - \text{Suc } 0]. s t1 = m)))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-iAll-iSince-conv2*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; s = (\text{output-fun} \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun} (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) t = m) = \\ & ((m = \varepsilon \longrightarrow (\Box t1 [\dots k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus (t * k). s t1 = \varepsilon)) \wedge \\ & ((m \neq \varepsilon \longrightarrow (s t2 = \varepsilon. t2 \mathcal{S} t1 [\dots k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus (t * k). s t1 = m)))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

5.3 *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output* and temporal operators with unbounded intervals and start/finish events.

thm *i-shrink-eq-NoMsg-iAll-start-event-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-iAll-start-event-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = 0); t0 = t * k; \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun} (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (s t0 = \varepsilon \wedge (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (s t1 = \varepsilon. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 [0\dots] \oplus t'. \text{event } t2))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-NoMsg-iAll-start-event-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = ((t + k - \text{Suc } 0) \bmod k = 0); t0 = \text{Suc } (t * k); \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun} (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (s t0 = \varepsilon \wedge (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (s t1 = \varepsilon. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 [0\dots] \oplus t'. \text{event } t2))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *iT-Plus-iUntil-conv*

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-NoMsg-iAll-start-event2-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{Suc } 0 < k; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = \text{Suc } 0); t0 = \text{Suc } (t * k); \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun} (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (s t0 = \varepsilon \wedge (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (s t1 = \varepsilon. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 [0\dots] \oplus t'. \text{event } t2))) \end{aligned}$$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-NoMsg-iAll-start-event-conv*

thm *mod-eq-Suc-0-conv*

<proof>

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iUntil-start-event-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iUntil-start-event-conv*:

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = 0); t0 = t * k; \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun} (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) t = m) = (\\ & (s t0 = m \wedge (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (s t1 = \varepsilon. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t'). \text{event } t2))) \vee \\ & (\bigcirc t' t0 [0\dots]. (\neg \text{event } t1. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t'). (\\ & s t2 = m \wedge \neg \text{event } t2 \wedge (\bigcirc t'' t2 [0\dots]. \end{aligned}$$

$$(s \ t3 = \varepsilon. \ t3 \ \mathcal{U} \ t4 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t''). \ \text{event } t4))))))$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-Msg-iUntil-start-event-conv:*

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = ((t + k - \text{Suc } 0) \bmod k = 0); t0 = \text{Suc } (t * k); \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \ \text{output-fun trans-fun } \text{input } c) \ t = m) = (\\ & (s \ t0 = m \wedge (\bigcirc t' \ t0 \ [0\dots]). \ (s \ t1 = \varepsilon. \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t')). \ \text{event } t2))) \vee \\ & (\bigcirc t' \ t0 \ [0\dots]). \ (\neg \text{event } t1. \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t')). \ (\\ & s \ t2 = m \wedge \neg \text{event } t2 \wedge (\bigcirc t'' \ t2 \ [0\dots]). \\ & (s \ t3 = \varepsilon. \ t3 \ \mathcal{U} \ t4 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t''). \ \text{event } t4)))))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-Msg-iUntil-start-event2-conv:*

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{Suc } 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = \text{Suc } 0); t0 = \text{Suc } (t * k); \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \ \text{output-fun trans-fun } \text{input } c) \ t = m) = (\\ & (s \ t0 = m \wedge (\bigcirc t' \ t0 \ [0\dots]). \ (s \ t1 = \varepsilon. \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t')). \ \text{event } t2))) \vee \\ & (\bigcirc t' \ t0 \ [0\dots]). \ (\neg \text{event } t1. \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t')). \ (\\ & s \ t2 = m \wedge \neg \text{event } t2 \wedge (\bigcirc t'' \ t2 \ [0\dots]). \\ & (s \ t3 = \varepsilon. \ t3 \ \mathcal{U} \ t4 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t''). \ \text{event } t4)))))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *i-shrink-eq-NoMsg-iAll-finish-event-conv*

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iUntil-finish-event-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-iAll-finish-event-conv:*

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{Suc } 0 < k; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = k - \text{Suc } 0); t0 = t * k; \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \ \text{output-fun trans-fun } \text{input } c) \ t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (s \ t0 = \varepsilon \wedge (\bigcirc t' \ t0 \ [0\dots]). \ (s \ t1 = \varepsilon. \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ [0\dots] \oplus t'. \ \text{event } t2 \wedge s \ t2 = \varepsilon)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-NoMsg-iAll-finish-event-conv:*

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{Suc } 0 < k; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = 0); t0 = \text{Suc } (t * k); \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \ \text{output-fun trans-fun } \text{input } c) \ t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (s \ t0 = \varepsilon \wedge (\bigcirc t' \ t0 \ [0\dots]). \ (s \ t1 = \varepsilon. \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ [0\dots] \oplus t'. \ \text{event } t2 \wedge s \ t2 = \varepsilon)) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *iT-Plus-iUntil-conv*

<proof>

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iUntil-finish-event-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iUntil-finish-event-conv:*

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = k - \text{Suc } 0); t0 = t * k; \\ & s = (\text{output-fun} \circ \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \ \text{output-fun trans-fun } \text{input } c) \ t = m) = \\ & ((\neg \text{event } t1. \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t0). \ \text{event } t2 \wedge s \ t2 = m) \vee \\ & (\neg \text{event } t1. \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t0). \ (\neg \text{event } t2 \wedge s \ t2 = m \wedge (\\ & \bigcirc t' \ t2 \ [0\dots]). \ (s \ t3 = \varepsilon. \ t3 \ \mathcal{U} \ t4 \ ([0\dots] \oplus t'). \ \text{event } t4 \wedge s \ t4 = \varepsilon)))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *i-shrink-eq-Msg-iUntil-finish-event-conv*[*unfolded One-nat-def*]

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--Init--eq-Msg-iUntil-finish-event-conv:*

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{Suc } 0 < k; m \neq \varepsilon; \bigwedge t. \text{event } t = (t \bmod k = 0); t0 = \text{Suc } (t * k); \\ & \quad s = (\text{output-fun} \circ \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Init trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c) \rrbracket \implies \\ & ((\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c) t = m) = \\ & ((\neg \text{event } t1. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t0). \text{event } t2 \wedge s t2 = m) \vee \\ & (\neg \text{event } t1. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t0). (\neg \text{event } t2 \wedge s t2 = m \wedge (\\ & \quad \bigcirc t' t2 [0\dots]. (s t3 = \varepsilon. t3 \mathcal{U} t4 ([0\dots] \oplus t'). \text{event } t4 \wedge s t4 = \varepsilon)))))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

5.4 *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output* and temporal operators with idle states.

thm

f-expand-nth-interval-eq-nth-append-replicate-NoMsg
f-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg
i-expand-nth-interval-eq-nth-append-replicate-NoMsg
i-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iSince-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Stream-Acc-Output--State-Idle-nth*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-State-Idle-conv:*

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket 0 < k; \\ & \quad \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\\ & \quad \quad \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c t); \\ & \quad t0 = t * k; \\ & \quad s = \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input} \odot_i k) c \rrbracket \implies \\ & (\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c t = \varepsilon) = \\ & (\text{output-fun } (s t1) = \varepsilon. t1 \mathcal{U} t2 ([0\dots] \oplus t0). (\\ & \quad \text{output-fun } (s t2) = \varepsilon \wedge \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } (s \\ & \quad t2)))) \end{aligned}$$

<proof>

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv*

<proof>

thm *subst[OF i-take-drop-append, rule-format]*

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-output*

<proof>

thm *State-Idle-imp-exists-state-change2*

<proof>

thm *if-not-P'*

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output*

<proof>

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-State-Idle-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-State-Idle-conv*[*OF - - refl refl*]

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-imp*:

$\llbracket 0 < k;$
 $s = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (input } \odot_i k) c;$
 $t0 = t * k;$
 $t1 \in [0.., k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus t0;$
 $\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState (s t1));}$
 $\text{output-fun (s t1)} \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ t = \text{output-fun (s t1)}$

<proof>

thm *le-iff-add*[*THEN iffD1*]

<proof>

thm *State-Idle-append-replicate-NoMsg-output-last-message*

<proof>

thm *last-message-Msg-eq-last*

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-eq-f-Exec-Stream-last2*

<proof>

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iSince-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-conv2*:

$\llbracket 0 < k;$
 $\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $\quad i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \ t);$
 $m \neq \varepsilon;$
 $t0 = t * k;$
 $s = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (input } \odot_i k) c;$
 $t1 \in [0.., k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus t0;$
 $\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState (s t1));}$
 $\text{output-fun (s t1)} \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ t = m) =$
 $(\diamond t1 [0.., k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus t0. ($
 $\quad \text{output-fun (s t1)} = m \wedge \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState}$
 $\quad \text{(s t1))))))$

<proof>

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-imp*

<proof>

thm *i-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg*

<proof>

thm *i-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg*

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output*

<proof>

Here the property to be checked uses only unbounded intervals suitable for LTL.

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-conv*:

$\llbracket 0 < k;$
 $\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $\text{ i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \text{ t);}$
 $m \neq \varepsilon;$
 $t0 = t * k;$
 $s = \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (input } \odot_i k) c;$
 $t1 \in [0.., k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus t0;$
 $\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState (s t1));}$
 $\text{output-fun (s t1) } \neq \varepsilon \rrbracket \implies$
 $(\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \text{ t} = m) =$
 $(\neg \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState (s t2))). t2 } \mathcal{U} \text{ t1 } [0..]$
 $\oplus t0. ($
 $\text{output-fun (s t1) } = m \wedge \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState}$
 $\text{ (s t1))}))$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-conv2*

<proof>

thm *i-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg*

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output*

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-imp2*:

$\llbracket \text{Suc } 0 < k;$
 $\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (}$
 $\text{ i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \text{ localState trans-fun input } c \text{ t);}$
 $m \neq \varepsilon;$
 $t0 = t * k;$
 $s = \text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (input } \odot_i k) c;$
 $t1 \in [0.., k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus t0;$
 $\text{output-fun (s t1) } = m;$
 $\bigcirc t2 \text{ t1 } [0..].$
 $((\text{output-fun (s t3) } = \varepsilon. t3 } \mathcal{U} \text{ t4 } ([0..] \oplus t2).$
 $\text{output-fun (s t4) } = \varepsilon \wedge \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState}$
 $\text{ (s t4))})) \rrbracket \implies$
 $\text{i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \text{ t} = m$

<proof>

thm *i-expand-i-take-mult-Suc*

<proof>

thm *i-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg*

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-state*

<proof>

thm *le-less-imp-div*

<proof>

thm *f-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr-output*

<proof>

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-conv2*:

\llbracket *Suc* $0 < k$;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k *localState* *trans-fun* *input* c t);
 $m \neq \varepsilon$;
 $t0 = t * k$;
 $s = i-Exec-Comp-Stream$ *trans-fun* (*input* \odot_i k) c ;
 \square $t1$ $[0.., k - Suc\ 0] \oplus t0$. \neg (
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (*localState* (s $t1$)) \wedge
output-fun (s $t1$) $\neq \varepsilon$) $\rrbracket \implies$
(*i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output* k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* c $t = m$) =
 $(\diamond$ $t1$ $[0.., k - Suc\ 0] \oplus t0$. (
output-fun (s $t1$) = m) \wedge
 $(\bigcirc$ $t2$ $t1$ $[0..]$.
 $((i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output$ k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* c $t2$) = ε \mathcal{U} $t4$ ($[0..] \oplus t2$).
 $(i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output$ k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* c $t4$) = ε \wedge *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (*localState*
 $(s$ $t4$)))))))))
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *last-message-conv*
thm *last-message-conv*[*THEN* *iffD1*]
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *i-expand-nth-interval-eq-nth-append-replicate-NoMsg*
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *i-expand-i-take-mult-Suc*
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *State-Idle-imp-exists-state-change*
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *less-diff-conv*[*THEN* *iffD1*, *rule-format*]
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *subst*[*OF* *add-commute*, *rule-format*]
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *i-expand-i-take-mult-Suc*
 \langle *proof* \rangle
thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-imp2*
 \langle *proof* \rangle

Here the property to be checked uses only unbounded intervals suitable for LTL.

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output-eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-imp*:

\llbracket *Suc* $0 < k$;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k *localState* *trans-fun* *input* c t);
 $m \neq \varepsilon$;
 $t0 = t * k$;
 $s = i-Exec-Comp-Stream$ *trans-fun* (*input* \odot_i k) c ;
 $(\neg$ *State-Idle* *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (*localState* (s $t1$))). $t1$ \mathcal{U} $t2$ $[0..]$
 \oplus $t0$. (
output-fun (s $t2$) = m) \wedge
 $(\bigcirc$ $t3$ $t2$ $[0..]$.
 $((i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output$ k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* c $t3$) = ε \mathcal{U} $t5$ ($[0..] \oplus t3$)).
 \rrbracket

$(\text{output-fun } (s \ t5) = \varepsilon \wedge \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } (s \ t5)))))) \implies$

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \text{ output-fun trans-fun input } c \ t = m$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-imp}[OF \ \text{Suc-lessD} \ \text{refl refl}]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $f\text{-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr-output}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-conv2}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-conv}$:

$\llbracket \text{Suc } 0 < k;$

$\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } ($

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState } k \ \text{localState trans-fun input } c \ t);$

$m \neq \varepsilon;$

$t0 = t * k;$

$s = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun } (\text{input } \odot_i \ k \ c);$

$\square \ t1 \ [0.., k - \text{Suc } 0] \oplus \ t0. \neg ($

$\text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } (s \ t1)) \wedge$

$\text{output-fun } (s \ t1) \neq \varepsilon) \rrbracket \implies$

$(i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output } k \ \text{output-fun trans-fun input } c \ t = m) =$

$((\neg \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } (s \ t1))). \ t1 \ \mathcal{U} \ t2 \ [0..])$

$\oplus \ t0. ($

$\text{output-fun } (s \ t2) = m) \wedge$

$(\bigcirc \ t3 \ t2 \ [0..].$

$((\text{output-fun } (s \ t4) = \varepsilon. \ t4 \ \mathcal{U} \ t5 \ ([0..] \oplus \ t3).$

$\text{output-fun } (s \ t5) = \varepsilon \wedge \text{State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun } (\text{localState } (s \ t5))))))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-conv2}$

thm $\text{subst}[OF \ i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-conv2},$

where $P = \lambda x. \ x]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-expand-nth-interval-eq-replicate-NoMsg}[of \ k \ t \ \text{Suc } t', \ OF \ - \ \text{le-imp-less-Suc} \ \text{le-add2}]$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $f\text{-Exec-State-Idle-replicate-NoMsg-gr0-output}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-imp}$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

thm

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-conv2}$

$i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-conv2}$

lemma $i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv2}$:

$\llbracket \text{Suc } 0 < k;$

$State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ (\$
 $\quad i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}LocalState\ k\ localState\ trans\text{-}fun\ input\ c\ t);$
 $m \neq \varepsilon;$
 $t0 = t * k;$
 $s = i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\ trans\text{-}fun\ (input\ \odot_i\ k)\ c\] \implies$
 $(i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\ k\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ input\ c\ t = m) =$
 $(\diamond t1\ [0\dots, k - Suc\ 0] \oplus t0.\ ($
 $\quad output\text{-}fun\ (s\ t1) = m \wedge$
 $\quad (State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ (localState\ (s\ t1)) \vee$
 $\quad (\bigcirc t2\ t1\ [0\dots].$
 $\quad\quad ((output\text{-}fun\ (s\ t3) = \varepsilon.\ t3\ \mathcal{U}\ t4\ ([0\dots] \oplus t2).$
 $\quad\quad (output\text{-}fun\ (s\ t4) = \varepsilon \wedge State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ (localState$
 $\quad\quad (s\ t4)))))))))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}Msg\text{-}with\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}conv2$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}Msg\text{-}with\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}conv2\ [THEN\ iffD1,$
 $OF\ Suc\text{-}lessD]$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}Msg\text{-}with\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}conv2$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}Msg\text{-}before\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}imp2$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}Msg\text{-}before\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}conv2\ [OF\ \text{-}\text{-}\text{-}\ refl$
 $refl]$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}Msg\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}conv2'$:

$\llbracket\ Suc\ 0 < k;$

$State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ (\$
 $\quad i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}LocalState\ k\ localState\ trans\text{-}fun\ input\ c\ t);$

$m \neq \varepsilon;$

$t0 = t * k;$

$s = i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\ trans\text{-}fun\ (input\ \odot_i\ k)\ c\] \implies$

$(i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\ k\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ input\ c\ t = m) =$

$((\diamond t1\ [0\dots, k - Suc\ 0] \oplus t0.\ ($

$\quad output\text{-}fun\ (s\ t1) = m \wedge State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ (localState$
 $\quad (s\ t1)))) \vee$

$(\diamond t1\ [0\dots, k - Suc\ 0] \oplus t0.\ ($

$\quad ((output\text{-}fun\ (s\ t1) = m) \wedge$

$\quad (\bigcirc t2\ t1\ [0\dots].$

$\quad\quad ((output\text{-}fun\ (s\ t3) = \varepsilon.\ t3\ \mathcal{U}\ t4\ ([0\dots] \oplus t2).$

$\quad\quad (output\text{-}fun\ (s\ t4) = \varepsilon \wedge State\text{-}Idle\ localState\ output\text{-}fun\ trans\text{-}fun\ (localState$
 $\quad\quad (s\ t4)))))))))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}NoMsg\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}conv$

thm $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}Msg\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}conv2$

lemma $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output\text{-}eq\text{-}iAll\text{-}iUntil\text{-}State\text{-}Idle\text{-}conv2$:

$\llbracket\ Suc\ 0 < k;$

$State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (\$
 $\quad i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState\ k\ localState\ trans-fun\ input\ c\ t);$
 $t0 = t * k;$
 $s = i-Exec-Comp-Stream\ trans-fun\ (input\ \odot_i\ k)\ c\] \implies$
 $(i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output\ k\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ input\ c\ t = m) = (\$
 $(m = \varepsilon \longrightarrow$
 $\quad (output-fun\ (s\ t1) = \varepsilon.\ t1\ \mathcal{U}\ t2\ ([0..] \oplus t0). (\$
 $\quad\quad output-fun\ (s\ t2) = \varepsilon \wedge State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (localState$
 $(s\ t2)))))) \wedge$
 $(m \neq \varepsilon \longrightarrow$
 $\quad (\diamond\ t1\ [0.., k - Suc\ 0] \oplus t0. (\$
 $\quad\quad output-fun\ (s\ t1) = m \wedge$
 $\quad\quad (State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (localState\ (s\ t1)) \vee$
 $\quad\quad (\bigcirc\ t2\ t1\ [0..].$
 $\quad\quad\quad ((output-fun\ (s\ t3) = \varepsilon.\ t3\ \mathcal{U}\ t4\ ([0..] \oplus t2).$
 $\quad\quad\quad (output-fun\ (s\ t4) = \varepsilon \wedge State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (localState$
 $(s\ t4))))))))))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

thm

i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-conv

i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-conv

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv*':

$\llbracket Suc\ 0 < k;$

$State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (\$
 $\quad i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState\ k\ localState\ trans-fun\ input\ c\ t);$

$m \neq \varepsilon;$

$t0 = t * k;$

$s = i-Exec-Comp-Stream\ trans-fun\ (input\ \odot_i\ k)\ c\] \implies$

$(i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output\ k\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ input\ c\ t = m) =$

$((\neg\ State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (localState\ (s\ t2))).\ t2\ \mathcal{U}\ t1\ [0..]$
 $\oplus\ t0.$

$(output-fun\ (s\ t1) = m \wedge State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (localState$
 $(s\ t1)))) \vee$

$((\neg\ State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (localState\ (s\ t2))).\ t2\ \mathcal{U}\ t1\ [0..]$
 $\oplus\ t0.$

$(output-fun\ (s\ t1) = m \wedge$

$(\bigcirc\ t3\ t1\ [0..].$

$\quad ((output-fun\ (s\ t4) = \varepsilon.\ t4\ \mathcal{U}\ t5\ ([0..] \oplus t3).$

$\quad (output-fun\ (s\ t5) = \varepsilon \wedge State-Idle\ localState\ output-fun\ trans-fun\ (localState$
 $(s\ t5))))))))$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-conv*

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-conv* [THEN iffD1,
OF Suc-lessD]

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-with-State-Idle-conv*

$\langle proof \rangle$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-imp*

⟨proof⟩
thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-before-State-Idle-conv*[OF - - - refl
 refl]
 ⟨proof⟩
lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv*:
 [Suc 0 < k;
 State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (
 i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k localState trans-fun input c t);
 m ≠ ε;
 t0 = t * k;
 s = i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (input ⊙_i k) c] ⇒
 (i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k output-fun trans-fun input c t = m) =
 (((¬ State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState (s t2))). t2 U t1 [0..]
 ⊕ t0.
 (output-fun (s t1) = m ∧
 (State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState (s t1)) ∨
 (○ t3 t1 [0..].
 ((output-fun (s t4) = ε. t4 U t5 ([0..] ⊕ t3).
 (output-fun (s t5) = ε ∧ State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState
 (s t5))))))))))
 ⟨proof⟩

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-State-Idle-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-iUntil-State-Idle-conv*:

[Suc 0 < k;
 State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (
 i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k localState trans-fun input c t);
 t0 = t * k;
 s = i-Exec-Comp-Stream trans-fun (input ⊙_i k) c] ⇒
 (i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k output-fun trans-fun input c t = m) = (
 (m = ε →
 (output-fun (s t1) = ε. t1 U t2 ([0..] ⊕ t0). (
 output-fun (s t2) = ε ∧ State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState
 (s t2)))))) ∧
 (m ≠ ε →
 (((¬ State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState (s t2))). t2 U t1 [0..]
 ⊕ t0.
 (output-fun (s t1) = m ∧
 (State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun (localState (s t1)) ∨
 (○ t3 t1 [0..].
 ((output-fun (s t4) = ε. t4 U t5 ([0..] ⊕ t3).
 (output-fun (s t5) = ε ∧ State-Idle localState output-fun trans-fun
 (localState (s t5))))))))))
 ⟨proof⟩

Sufficient conditions for output messages.

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv2'*

corollary *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-iEx-imp1*:

\llbracket *Suc* $0 < k$;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k *localState* *trans-fun* *input* c t);
 $m \neq \varepsilon$;
 $t0 = t * k$;
 $s = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \textit{trans-fun} (\textit{input} \odot_i k) c$;
 $(\diamond t1 [0.., k - \textit{Suc } 0] \oplus t0. (\textit{output-fun} (s t1) = m \wedge \textit{State-Idle } \textit{localState} \textit{output-fun } \textit{trans-fun} (\textit{localState} (s t1)))) \rrbracket \implies$
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* c $t = m$
 $\langle \textit{proof} \rangle$

corollary *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-iEx-imp2*:

\llbracket *Suc* $0 < k$;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k *localState* *trans-fun* *input* c t);
 $m \neq \varepsilon$;
 $t0 = t * k$;
 $s = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \textit{trans-fun} (\textit{input} \odot_i k) c$;
 $\diamond t1 [0.., k - \textit{Suc } 0] \oplus t0. (\textit{output-fun} (s t1) = m) \wedge$
 $(\bigcirc t2 t1 [0..].$
 $(\textit{output-fun} (s t3) = \varepsilon. t3 \mathcal{U} t4 ([0..] \oplus t2).$
 $\textit{output-fun} (s t4) = \varepsilon \wedge \textit{State-Idle } \textit{localState} \textit{output-fun } \textit{trans-fun}$
 $(\textit{localState} (s t4)))))) \rrbracket \implies$
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* c $t = m$
 $\langle \textit{proof} \rangle$

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv'*

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-iUntil-imp1*:

\llbracket *Suc* $0 < k$;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k *localState* *trans-fun* *input* c t);
 $m \neq \varepsilon$;
 $t0 = t * k$;
 $s = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \textit{trans-fun} (\textit{input} \odot_i k) c$;
 $(\neg \textit{State-Idle } \textit{localState} \textit{output-fun } \textit{trans-fun} (\textit{localState} (s t2))). t2 \mathcal{U} t1 [0..]$
 $\oplus t0.$
 $(\textit{output-fun} (s t1) = m \wedge \textit{State-Idle } \textit{localState} \textit{output-fun } \textit{trans-fun} (\textit{localState} (s t1))) \rrbracket \implies$
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output k *output-fun* *trans-fun* *input* c $t = m$
 $\langle \textit{proof} \rangle$

lemma *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-iUntil-imp2*:

\llbracket *Suc* $0 < k$;
State-Idle *localState* *output-fun* *trans-fun* (
i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-LocalState k *localState* *trans-fun* *input* c t);
 $m \neq \varepsilon$;
 $t0 = t * k$;
 $s = i\text{-Exec-Comp-Stream } \textit{trans-fun} (\textit{input} \odot_i k) c$;
 $(\neg \textit{State-Idle } \textit{localState} \textit{output-fun } \textit{trans-fun} (\textit{localState} (s t2))). t2 \mathcal{U} t1 [0..]$

$\oplus t0.$
 $(output\text{-}fun (s t1) = m \wedge$
 $(\bigcirc t3 t1 [0\dots].$
 $((output\text{-}fun (s t4) = \varepsilon. t4 \mathcal{U} t5 ([0\dots] \oplus t3).$
 $(output\text{-}fun (s t5) = \varepsilon \wedge State\text{-}Idle localState output\text{-}fun trans\text{-}fun (localState$
 $(s t5)))))) \rrbracket \implies$
 $i\text{-}Exec\text{-}Comp\text{-}Stream\text{-}Acc\text{-}Output k output\text{-}fun trans\text{-}fun input c t = m$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

List of selected lemmas about output of accelerated components.

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-iAll-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iEx-iAll-cut-greater-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-iSince-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-iAll-iSince-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-NoMsg-State-Idle-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv2*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv2'*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-conv'*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-iAll-iUntil-State-Idle-conv2*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-iUntil-State-Idle-conv*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-iEx-imp1*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-iEx-imp2*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-iUntil-imp1*

thm *i-Exec-Comp-Stream-Acc-Output--eq-Msg-State-Idle-iUntil-imp2*

end